

IN THE MINING FIELD

What is Going on in the Keremeos Country.

MENTION OF SOME OF ITS MINES

Properties are being made accessible by wagon roads—Railway and Capital Needed for its Development—its Townsite—Other Mining Notes.

Mr. R. W. Northey has returned from the Keremeos country, where he has been for the past four months. He was seen by a reporter Thursday and in speaking of his trip, said: "I have a very high opinion of the Keremeos section as a mineral country. I brought back with me a number of samples of ore, which show, in a measure, what the country is capable of producing. While we have not got any mines, properly speaking, there are several claims that can ship ore from the grass roots. The amount of development work necessary to place a claim on a shipping basis is very small. The Nickel Plate, which is the most advanced property in the camp, has enough ore on the dump to pay for the cost of the property, \$60,000, and a part of the development work that has been done upon it. Fera and Carpalotti, two Italians, who have a group of three claims close to the Nickel Plate, and which group was staked last summer, have \$300,000 worth of ore in sight between the two tunnels. They have no desire to sell, but if a buyer comes along their price is \$150,000. I hear that Mr. Rogers, the manager of the Nickel Plate, is after the property and that he has taken samples from the tunnel for assaying. I have very little doubt but what he will get it, as money is no object to his syndicate. "Mr. Nils Pearson's claims are looking splendid. He has uncovered from six to nine feet of solid ore, the average value being about \$35 in gold and copper. I have heard it stated, since I have been in Rossland, that the ledges over in the Similkameen are broken up, but if any one of them could see Pearson's ledge, as straight as a line for 500 feet, they would have a different opinion. Then again, the Shamrock, on the north slope of Rindaman mountain, on which two assessments have been done, has a 12-foot ledge of gold-copper ore which gives values of 9 per cent copper, \$5 in gold and some silver. This lead runs straight through the mountain, and on the south side the "Grand View" has it just as rich. I have staked two claims on this lead and have traced the ledge the whole length of both claims. "I have mentioned before the wonderful showing after the first shot on the Rocky Ryan, but I don't think I mentioned that about 20 feet east of the copper ledge they had a small ledge of the white arsenical iron which carries such high gold values in that camp. This white iron is solid for a width of 28 inches and is very rich in gold. It runs parallel with the copper ledge. Next to the Nickel Plate I think the Rocky Ryan the greatest property in the camp. "On the Redcliffe, in which I am interested, we have uncovered ten feet of solid black sulphides. It carries 15 per cent copper clear across the ledge. On one side of the ledge is lime and on the other there is about two feet of white arsenical iron. "When I passed through Pentiction on the way home they were just commencing work on the new wagon road from that place to the Nickel Plate mine, a distance of 23 miles. The government has appropriated \$4,000 for this road, and the Nickel Plate people have promised to put up the balance. They are desirous of getting in heavy machinery, which can now be easily transported after being landed at Pentiction, as the proposed road will have a very easy grade. Four thousand dollars has also been appropriated for a wagon road from the road which runs from Keremeos to Pentiction, to Fish Lake. This will necessitate only about five miles of road and the grade in no case will exceed three per cent. At Fish Lake it joins the wagon road coming from Pentiction. This will be of great benefit to the town of Ollalla, which is situated about three miles from the junction of the two roads. The government has also appropriated \$8,000 for the much needed wagon road from Keremeos to Pentiction, so that East Yale can have no cause for complaining of being neglected in the estimates. "There are several new townsites being laid out over there. The oldest of these, Keremeos, was platted last fall, and is at present in a thriving condition. There is a fine hotel, store, blacksmith shop, two lively stables, carpenter shop, several private houses and the office of the townsite company. Nearly all of the buildings are nicely painted, giving the town a smart appearance. The inhabitants petitioned the Dominion government to have the postoffice located there, and their wish was granted, but they have a mail only once a week. The price of lots range from \$75 to \$150. "At Ollalla, three miles north, they have a mail three times a week. There is also a deputy mining recorder's office, and the Ollalla people are seemingly justified in their opinion that their town will be the metropolis of Eastern Yale. It is very pleasantly located at the junction of Ollalla creek with Keremeos creek, where the water supply is abundant and never failing. At present the townsite is beautifully shaded with pine, fir and balsam trees, some of which reach to the height of 150 feet. The main street and several of the side streets have been cleared, but do not need grading as the formation of the land has already completed that desirable result. There is a large hotel, store, postoffice, several private residences, the office of the Keremeos Mining company and its large bunk houses and dining room and Chinese shacks. The ubiquitous Chinaman is there in force. He will wash clothes for 10c apiece, cultivate the company's large vegetable garden and also does its cooking. There are some splendid mining properties around Ollalla. The Bullion is the best of these. It is owned by the Keremeos Mining Syndicate, and besides the syndicate owns the Oulencie, Flagstaff, Searchlight, Surprise and Elkhorn. The ore from some of these properties is of a very high

A FLOURISHING MINE

The Le Roi No. 2 is on the Shiping List.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE JOSIE

The Property is Well Opened up—The Ore Shown on the Annie—The No. 1 Mine—The Guinea Gold Property.

For a long period the chief shippers of the camp were considered to be the Le Roi, War Eagle, Centre Star and Iron Mask. To this list must now be added the Le Roi No. 2. The principal claims on this property are the Josie and No. 1, both of which are now shipping ore. The Josie vein, which has been well developed, extends across the whole length of the claim, running nearly east and west and dipping into the hill at an angle of about 70 degrees. The width of the vein varies, and as at present there are very few stopes in the mine, its exact extent is not known. The property was developed anterior to its acquisition by the B. A. C. by a surface tunnel, which drifted into the slope of the hill to the east along the ledge. This started from a point very nearly in the middle of the property. At this point, when it was determined to open up the property in a regular manner, a shaft was sunk, which has since been continued down 500 feet, if measured vertically. As, however, it follows the ledge down its actual length is considerably more than this. From this central shaft drifts have been run east and west to the end lines of the property on the 100, 300 and 500-foot levels. These various drifts present but few ramifications, and with the exception of the west drift on the 300-foot level, are all about 600 to 700 feet in length. On the west drift alluded to extensions have been made exploring the vein into the Rockingham and into the Annie. In all cases the drifts have been run on ledge matter, crosscutting occasionally north and south to the hanging and foot walls so as to keep as far as possible in the middle of the ledge. At the hill slopes at this part of Red Mountain to the east as well as to the south, it follows that the workings at the eastern extremity of the property underlie the surface more deeply than do those at the western end. The eastern adjoins the Poorman, which is a portion of the property of the Le Roi No. 2. On this also there was some development done in the old days—a small shaft and some tunnels. These are now being linked to the Josie. The surface tunnel at the collar of the shaft of the Josie has been extended, so that at the present time it is below the old surface tunnel of the Poorman, which, entering the hill at a point higher than the tunnel of the Josie, lies directly above it. On the Poorman surface tunnel a stope has been opened, and on the Josie surface tunnel another stope has been cut on the same pay shoot almost directly below. These two are being connected by a raise through the ore shoot. From this lower stope the shipments are now being made. While the whole of these drifts are in ledge matter, yet is not claimed that the whole of the vein is commercially worth shipping. The pay shoot, which is now being opened, has its limit in the Poorman, but extends into the Josie, and is thought to be some 350 feet in length. Its width in the Josie surface tunnel is about 25 feet. On the same ore shoot in the workings below the surface tunnels the ore body has been opened up by a winze between the 100 and 300-foot levels. This winze is about 160 feet west of the stope above. It has been extended a few feet towards the 300-foot level, and a raise is now being made thence to meet it. It may be said, therefore, as this winze and raise are in ore, that the vein has been proved to a depth, at this portion of the workings, of over 600 feet below the surface. Stopping for reasons that will presently be explained, is confined to the points already mentioned, although the same ore is being broken down at the 300 level, where the limit in the Poorman is 15 to 20 feet in width. Thus it will be seen that in this pay shoot alone the ore contained will be not less than half a million tons to this level, and the profits can readily be seen. But the pay shoots of the Josie vein are not confined to this part of the ledge. Ore can be seen further westward towards the shaft, and at the shaft itself other ore bodies are exposed. Similar conditions are to be found on the west drifts. On the Annie, at the southwestern corner of the Josie, a surface shaft has been sunk on another and distinct ledge, which is known as the Le Roi north vein. This shaft is now down about 150 feet, and is following the ore body which lies from about the 200-foot level upwards. This ledge, like the Josie vein, dips into the hill northward, and while at the surface dipping at about the same angle, 70 degrees, has flattened at depth, which flattening may be permanent and may be only a flexure of the ore body. This shaft is bottoming in one of the richest veins hitherto discovered in the camp. It will be continued down to the 300 level of the Josie, and connection there made with the Josie workings. Any future stopes made here will be worked through the Josie tunnels, the waste coming up through the main shaft. The main shaft was sunk as a development shaft, and is only two compartments. It is the intention to widen it into a three-compartment, one being reserved for a ladder way and pipe lines and the others for the shipment of ore and the lowering of timbers. Stations will have to be cut at the various levels and station sets put in, all of which will delay shipment in considerable quantities for some time. The mine is supplied with a double-drum electric haul, which is working on a very well, and which is of power adequate for all its needs. Power for the machine drills is brought to the mine from the compressors on Black Bear. There is a six-inch pipe supplying air from a never plant, while a four-inch pipe also enters the mine from the older compressor. These two compressors are well known, are linked, and to them will be added the third, the foundations of which are in preparation now at the Nickel Plate. When this is installed there will be sufficient power to keep 100 drills at work, enough for the Le Roi, Le Roi No. 2 and Great Western mines. Besides the work done upon the Poorman, Annie, Rockingham and Josie, there is much more upon the No. 1, and altogether it may be said that the worth of

THE WINDEMERE COUNTRY.

A Promising Mining Section on Which Needs Transportation Facilities.

THE WINDEMERE COUNTRY.

There is considerable activity in the Windemere country this year on the part of the claim owners, but there has only been one buyer in there. The country needs transportation more than any other else in order that it may be opened up.

Mr. A. T. Caldwell is in the city from Fort Steele. He says—Mr. Caldwell, who is interested in the Caldwell Mines, limited, which owns six claims in the Bull River section of East Kootenay. He started yesterday that the development work has been done on one claim, the Old Abe, and 300 feet of tunnel work has been run upon it. Two tunnels open up the claims to a depth of 100 feet, but the lower tunnel can be extended 500 feet further, and this would give a vertical depth of 1,500 feet. Both the upper and lower tunnels run along the vein. The vein is from 10 to 12 feet wide with a paystreak of 36 inches, which averages over \$40 to the ton in silver, copper and lead. Mr. Caldwell has been superintending the development for the past eight months and expects to return to the property during the latter part of the week. He reports that in the Sand Creek country, about 10 miles northeast of Bull river, there are seven or eight claims which have been opened up a little this year. The showings here are excellent, both in copper and silver. Around Elko several good copper claims have been partly developed this year. Here the veins are wide, but the ore is not of as high grade as in the Sand Creek country. On the Upper waters of Bull river the Bull River Mining company is developing 14 claims. The leads are wide, the ore high grade and carries good values in copper and silver. Mr. Pollen is opening up the Estelle, on Tracy creek. He has one tunnel 700 feet long and considerable other work done. He would be shipping now were there transportation facilities. Starbord & Collett of Butte, Mont., have bonded the Red Lane in the Windemere country. This was bonded to Fraser & Chalmers for \$120,000, but owing to litigation they threw up their bond. There is considerable talk of a railway from Cranston, on Sand creek, through the Windemere country to Golden, which is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway. This would open up one of the best mining sections in British Columbia.

GUINEA GOLD MINES.

What is Being Done in the Way of Development.

A MINING DEAL.

Andrew Lairlaw Secures the Evening Star and Silby.

In a race to secure what competent mining men claim to be one of the most phenomenal surface showing prospects yet discovered in this district, Andrew Lairlaw today came out victorious. He has secured from J. K. and R. S. Fraser a 15-months' working bond on the Evening Star and Silby claims in Wellington camp for \$45,000. The Evening Star was located in 1895, and is situated convenient to Hartford Junction local mining operations, as well as the Miner-Graves syndicate, were eager to secure the property, but Lairlaw signed the agreement today and immediately after had the mines examined and sampled. The ore body is said to be 130 feet in width. Samples from open cuts and prospect shafts at a depth of 10 feet gave values mainly in copper, with some gold. Assays show from half to 19 per cent copper. Development will start immediately. Considering the showing, the terms of the bond are most reasonable.

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THE ROSSLAND MINER'S MAP

...OF THE... Rossland Camp

The mines and mining claims of the Rossland camp, and their buildings, such as shaft houses, compressor plants, ore houses, boarding houses, etc., are all on the map. All physical features of the surrounding country, such as mountains, hills, valleys, plateaux are shown just as they are. The winding of railways, wagon roads and trails are correctly represented.

Accurate The map is almost a photographic picture of the Rossland camp, with the exception that it is produced in colors and shows the country as it is in the early summer. No expense has been spared to make this map a really first-class production of artists, engineers and engravers. Two skilled, active and experienced men were constantly employed on the work for three months.

The Rossland Miner's Map It is the most complete and elaborate map of Rossland and the surrounding country that has been published. It is finely lithographed in several colors on the finest and most durable paper.

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THE MINING IMPROVEMENTS

The past week may an interlude before which will commence. Next Sunday it is hoped chronicled shipments in addition to those of Le Roi No. 2. It is the following week ranks of shippers the Western, as preparation are being pushed. Plate. In addition to this, saving effected. It is expected that by this present output of doubled, if not trebled that a vast army of gaged in the vicinity. The O...

The output for the len short of that of which the correct Le Roi 5,537, Le Roi 5,885 tons. An ore car Saturday afternoon, the gravity tramway only four cars being 15 or upwards. From the Le Roi No. 183 tons shipped, as previous week. The yard room at the allow of more ore necessary being shipped ready over 35,000 tons smelter year. This show a decided increase of the past seven days. The Centre Star will at the end of the week. Appended is a list last week and year of Le Roi... War Eagle... Centre Star... Le Roi No. 2... Evening Star... I. X. L... Monte Christo... Iron Colt... Giant... Spitzee...

Total. Le Roi... The shipment of ore from feeding along the ing nothing of part cord. The chief at mine is still on the where the ore body the stopping proceeded still some 50 feet of the top of the stope level above. The going laterally and dition to this stope the Centre Star things are expected, has not been opened. In addition there a westward, in which of shipping ore; so that there are now one level alone, now which have not been the mine gained be north Le Roi vein to the north, practically untouched low the 700-foot level 800 and 900-foot, keeping abreast of is being sunk from levels; the station having been cut and bered up. On the made with the h now beginning to shape. In conjunc hing mill, through on its way to the ce when coming up drawn up to a cert works, where the cally, and its contatated over a grizz anything under the ore will fall into will arrive today, of its kind in the The dirt falling th upon another griz vals, with the con stuff will pass thro will be kept separ of ore, the fine, course, which last crushing mill, will away to the camp wide belts of 24-in widths respectively 100 feet in length stand lines of ore ate the ore from travelling at the site, passes them. By the ore sorter front of them unc where it falls in is drawn off below the Josie road in on the waste jum out stopes. The den over the sam ten part is auto crushers and sam the mill samples are ready for the

the Le Roi No. 2, as represented by its capitalization, is fully borne out by the ore that is practically blocked out in these mines.

Mr. Hector Lamont is in the city from the Lardo, where he is interested in the Guinea Gold Mines of British Columbia. The properties of this company are situated on the Lardo, and are close to the claims of the Old Gold and Primrose Mining companies. In a shaft at a depth of 10 feet four feet of solid galena was encountered which gave returns of \$103 to the ton. In addition to this there is besides from 25 to 30 feet of concentrating ore. A tunnel is being driven in to tap the ledge at a depth of 80 feet. The properties are being made accessible by trail. The government has made an appropriation of \$5,000 for a trail from the headwaters of Duncan river to the Little Duncan river. This will shortly be widened to a wagon road. Next year the railway is to be extended into this section. A subsidy has already been given, and the assurance now is that it will be constructed. When this is done the Lardo country will thrive to a remarkable degree.

The foundations of the new compressor for the Nickel Plate are now being excavated on the side of Centre Star which just above the bridge on Third avenue. The building, which is to be of brick, will be erected just below the railway spur running to the ore bins. It is barely 300 feet from the substitution of the Kootenay power company, and there will be little trouble in getting in the necessary power wires.

Answers to Queries. Work on the Black Bear Properties is in Progress. Toronto, Aug. 10.—Editor Miner: Can you tell me what the Black Bear Mining company is doing with its properties in the Lardo country? SHAREHOLDER. The Black Bear Mining company has two claims, the Black Bear and Kangaroo. The ledge is 35 feet in width, and it has been opened by about 2,000 feet of shallow shafts and crosscuts. A crosscut tunnel to tap the vein at a depth of 300 feet is being driven. The ore runs from \$40 to \$70 to the ton. Four tons of ore is to be shipped shortly to the smelter in order that it may be given a thorough test. There are 75 tons of ore on the dump. Ten men are at work, and this force will be kept on development work during the winter.

The Wide West. Winnipeg, Aug. 20.—Editor Miner: I would like to have you inform me of the condition of the Wide West Mining company, which is operating some claims in the Lardo Country? YOUNG, etc. The Wide West Mining company owns three claims on Pool creek, which are being developed by a force of ten men. There are five leads in these claims. The ledges have been stripped on the surface, and now a crosscut tunnel is being driven to tap the leads at from 800 to 1,000 feet. The ore carries silver, copper and lead. The veins are from three and a half to six feet in width. The company is in good financial condition, and will carry on the work during the coming winter.

New Homes. A great many new homes are being built all over the town, and the carpenters are kept busily employed. There are upwards of 20 which can be counted in the west quarter of the city alone, and there are as many more in the east, and considerable building is also in progress on the Nickel Plate and in the north of the city generally.

C. P. R. Freight Sueds. Lumber has commenced to come in for the freight sheds of the Canadian Pacific railway in this city. The grading is finished, and everything is ready for construction. School of Mines Grant. Mr. J. B. Johnson yesterday received a telegram from Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, stating that the supplementary estimates provides \$2,500 for a school of mines at Rossland. Uncovered a Big Ledge. Mr. E. Terzick is in from Norway mountain, where he has been working on the E. R. Fraction. He has uncovered a vein which is 42 feet wide on the surface. The ore carries gold, silver, copper and lead. Assays show that it runs \$42.40 to the ton.

Catarrh for Twenty Years and Cured in a Few Days. Hon. George James, of Schanton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for 20 years, constant hawk-a, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. 50 cents Sold by Goodeve Bros."

SALE OF VALUABLE CLAIMS. Messrs. Bullen and Rumball Purchase Properties From Mr. Ritchie. It has been definitely announced that J. Fred Ritchie has sold the claims respectively named the X-Ray, Canuck and Big Fraction which adjoin the properties of the Richelieu and London Consolidated Mining companies situated on Silver Hill Mountain, Canyon Creek, Crawford Bay district and they will be immediately incorporated by Messrs. Bullen and Rumball under the title of the X-Ray Mining company with head office at Rossland. Development work will be at once proceeded with under the superintendence of Mr. Frank Oliver, late of the B. A. C. with a view to making shipments during the ensuing winter season.

Faulty Kidneys. Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you frequent headaches? Have you fainting vision? Have you dizzy feeling? Are you depressed? Is your skin dry? Have you a tired feeling? Any of these signs prove kidney disease. Experience has proved that South American Kidney Cure never fails. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

Cook's Cotton Boot Compound. It is successfully used monthly by over 2,000 Ladies. Safe, efficient. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Boot Compound. Take no other, as all mixtures, pills and ointments are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 10c per box; No. 2, 10c per box; No. 3, 10c per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two-cent stamp. The Cook Company, Windsor, Ont., No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

Controls Considerable Capital. Mr. Walter S. Lee, managing director of the Canada Permanent and Western Canada Loan company, Miss Lee, his daughter, and Captain John F. Michie of the Forty-eighth Highlanders, are at the Allan. They are from Toronto and are on a pleasure tour. They have been at the coast, and are now on their way home. The company of which Mr. Lee is the managing director has \$30,000,000 in funds under its control. The company was formed by a consolidation of the four oldest loan companies in Canada.

Two Years Abed. "For eight years I suffered as no one ever did with rheumatism; for two years I lay in bed; could not so much as feed myself. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. After three doses I could sit up. Today I am as strong as ever I was."—Mrs. John Cook, 287 Clinton street, Toronto. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

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THE MINING REVIEW

Economical Mining in Rossland Camp.

IMPROVEMENTS ON THE LE ROI

Progress Made Upon the Mines—The Centre Star and War Eagle Developments—Preparations for Shipment on Le Roi No. 2 and Great Western Mine.

The past week may be considered as an interlude before the big shipments which will commence some day this week. Next Sunday it is hoped that there will be chronicled shipments from the Centre Star in addition to those from the Le Roi and Le Roi No. 2. It is expected that after the following week there will join the ranks of shippers the Rossland Great Western, preparations for early shipment are being pushed on the Nickel Plate. In addition the Le Roi will have completed during September all preparations for shipping on a larger and more economical scale. The arrangement noticed in the appended review for the accurate sorting of ore will prevent waste getting into the ore shipments and at the same time save much ore that is now dumped on the waste heap. The system inaugurated will also save extra handling of ore, which will tend to extra expense in the cost of extraction. The cheaper the ore can be extracted and treated, the lower grade of ore can be handled at a profit and the vaster becomes the reserves of ore existing in the camp. It is in consideration of this that the Le Roi company has gone to the expense of putting improvements which have cost it \$500,000, but which will save if the enormous cost, equal to the capitalization of many a fine property, by the saving effected. It can confidently be expected that by this time next year the present output of the camp will have doubled, if not tripled, in volume, and that a vast army of miners will be engaged in the Rossland.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Week, Tons, Year. Rows include Le Roi, War Eagle, Centre Star, Iron Mask, Le Roi No. 2, Evening Star, I. X. L., Monte Christo, Iron Colt, and Giant.

Total... 5,357 111,000. Le Roi—The development and the shipping of ore from this mine are proceeding along the usual lines, there being nothing of particular moment to record. The chief stopping ground of the mine is still on the 700-foot level, where the ore body is being extracted as the stopping proceeds eastward. There is still some 50 feet to stop out between the top of the stop and the floor of the level above, but the stop at present is going laterally and is not raising. In addition to this stop there is another on the Centre Star end, from which great things are expected, but which at present has not been opened to its full extent. In addition there are the stopes to the westward, in which remain large stores of shipping ore; it is likely that there are immense reserves on this one level alone, not to touch upon those which have not been cleaned out above as the mine gained depth. In addition the vein to the north and the Black Bear vein to the north and to the south are practically untouched on any level. Below the 800-foot level are opened at the 800 and 600-foot, so that development is keeping abreast of shipments. The shaft is being sunk from the 800 to the 900-foot levels; the station at the latter point having been cut and is now being timbered up. On the surface progress is being made with the headworks, which are now beginning to assume the general appearance of a function with the main hoist there will be a crushing and sampling mill, through which all ore will pass on its way to the aerial tramway. The ore when coming up out of the mine will be drawn up to a certain point on the headworks, where the skip will tip automatically, and its contents will be precisely tated over a grizzly, which will allow of anything under three inches in width or length passing through. The coarser ore will fall into a crushing mill, which will arrive today, and will be the largest of its kind in the Dominion of Canada. The dirt falling through the grizzly falls upon another grizzly of narrower intention, with the consequence that the fine stuff will pass through while the medium will be kept separate. The three kinds of ore, the fine, the medium and the coarse, which last will pass through a crushing mill, will then be conveyed away to the sampling mill over three wide belts of 24-inch, 36-inch and 36-inch wide respectively. These belts are over 100 feet in length, and along them will stand lines of ore sorters, which will separate the ore from the waste as the belt, travelling at the rate of 60 feet per minute, passes them. The waste picked out by the ore sorters is thrown down in front of them under the travelling belts, where it falls into waste bunkers and is Josie road into ore cars and thrown on the waste dump or filled into cleaned out stopes. The belts deposit their burden over the sampling mill, where a certain part is automatically diverted into crushers and samplers, till at the bottom the mill samples of the ore finely broken are ready for the assayer. All of the re-

mainder passes into the upper bunker of the aerial tramway, where it is dropped into the travelling buckets, conveyed down the line and thrown into the lower bins, whence it is drawn off into the railway cars and conveyed to Northport. From the time that the ore leaves the shovel of the mucker in the stopes until such time as it reaches the Northport smelter it is not handled again, thereby effecting an enormous economy. Moreover the belt system and sampling mill at the headworks of the shaft allows of a very efficient sorting and a further economy of one handling, which would have in any other method to be undertaken at the smelter in order to get proper samples. There will be a great saving effected, but this the management declare is absolutely necessary in order to handle low grades of ore with profit. With the completion of the machinery now in contemplation there will have been a sum of approximately \$500,000 spent on improvements on the surface at this mine.

Le Roi No. 2.—There was a diminution of shipments from the mine during the past week, which was due to the lack of space in the yard of the Northport smelter. It is not to be expected that there will be a very material improvement in this matter until such time as the Northport smelter has been enlarged. In the Amie the shaft is proceeding downwards and is now about 150 feet in depth along the vein. This is about seven feet in width and is of good grade ore. On the Josie a stop is being started at the 300-foot level and also in the surface tunnel in what may be called the Poorman inasmuch as it is partly in that portion of the property and partly in the eastern end of the Josie. A third compartment of the shaft is being made and stations cut and timbered at the various levels. On the No. 1 drifting is in progress east and west on the 600-foot level and an intermediate level is being started between the 300 and 400-foot levels with the purpose of opening up two extra stopes. Another stop is also being opened on the 300-foot level itself. The gravity tramway is working fairly well, there but remains a small helper to place at the Josie connection.

Center Star.—Drifting is proceeding west on the first level on the body of ore there, and is now approaching the end line. A winze is being sunk here to connect with a raise from the level below. This will make the third connection with the second level. On the second level there are three raises and two cross-cuts under way in connection with the suit with the Iron Mask. There is in addition a large force of men stripping the ore body on the surface in order to develop the trend of the outcrop. The world is or upwards, the usual day output, on the Le Roi No. 2, there were only 188 tons shipped, against 328 in the previous week. There is not sufficient yard room at the Northport smelter to allow of more ore than is absolutely necessary being shipped. There are already over 35,000 tons of ore lying in the smelter yard. This week's end should show a decided increase on the output of the past seven weeks, in volume, and that a vast army of miners will be engaged in the Rossland.

Evening Star.—Drifting on the ledge on the 200-foot level is in progress. The intention is to drift southeast under the old showing on the No. 1 level, where the ore was shipped from during the early part of the year and the latter part of last year. As soon as the point is reached another 100 feet will be sunk. I. X. L.—The lower tunnel is in for a distance of 90 feet. It is expected that the lead will be tapped in the next 10 or 12 feet. The work on the mine is confined principally to the lower tunnel. Green Mountain.—Crosscutting on the 375-foot level is in progress. The crosscut has been driven in for a distance of 60 feet. Iron Mask.—The time of the trial of the suit between this mine and the Centre Star, now close approaching, every effort is being made to finish up the work laid out by the experts for the mine in order to establish the point contested by the Iron Mask. There are about 45 miners employed on this work at present. Douglas-Hunter.—Work on the lower tunnel continues. The showing of ore in this tunnel is larger and of a better grade than that met in the upper tunnels.

California.—Drifting is in progress on the 200-foot level. The drift has been driven in for a distance of 105 feet. The long crosscut tunnel has been driven 735 feet.

Eat What You Like.

Give the digestive organs some work to do. These functions need exercise, as much as any part of the human anatomy. Dr. Von Star's Pineapple Tablets afford you can eat anything that's wholesome and palatable—60 in a box, 35 cents. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

PROPOSED MINERAL TAX.

Full Text of the Bill Introduced by Hon. J. H. Turner.

The bill recently introduced by the Hon. J. H. Turner, minister of finance, in the local legislature is to hand. It is entitled "An Act to Amend the Assessment Act," and contains the provision for levying a two per cent tax on the output of mines, which has raised some objections in certain quarters. The way in which the tax is levied is as follows: The value of the output of a mine shall be ascertained by the mine owner or manager of the mine, certified by the assessor of the district, and forwarded to the minister of finance, who shall be entitled to a refund of one per cent of the tax paid thereon, but to the extent only of the amount deemed to come within the meaning of exemption.

14. The owner or manager of every mine shall be liable to pay the tax imposed hereby, in addition to any other statements which may be required under the provisions of this Act and amendments, transmit within seven days from the end of any quarter or period, as the case may be, to the assessor for the district in which the mine is situated, a statement showing: (1) The amount of ore, minerals or mineral-bearing substances shipped or sent from, or treated on, the mining premises during the preceding quarter or period; (2) The amount of ore, minerals, or mineral-bearing substances shipped or sent from the mine during the preceding quarter; (3) The name of the smelter or mill and locality to which the same are sent; (4) The cost per ton for transportation to smelter or mill; (5) The cost per ton for smelter or mill charges; (6) The amount of ore, minerals, or mineral-bearing substances treated on the mining premises during the preceding quarter or period; (7) The value of the ore treated on the mining premises, exclusive of the charges for freight or treatment; (8) The value of ore treated on the mining premises, exclusive of the charges for treatment."

Pill Sense. It stands to reason that Dr. Agnew's Little Liver Pills will crowd out of the market many of the nauseous old-timers. A better medicine at less than half the price is all the argument needed to keep the demand what it has been—phenomenal—40 doses 10 cents. They cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, and allay all stomach irritations. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

AMONG THE MINES

Boundary People Tender Mr. Miner a Banquet.

GREAT SUCCESS OF HIS PLANS

Low Grade Ore of the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides Made to pay a Profit—Smelter a Success—Mr. Cranston Tells About the Lardeau Country.

Mr. A. W. Ross of Columbia is in the city on a business visit, and Monday in speaking about matters in Grand Forks and vicinity, said: "We are going to give a banquet to Mr. C. S. Minor, president of the Granby smelter company, on Thursday evening for the purpose of showing our appreciation of his services to the mining interests of the Boundary district. That the Miner-travels syndicate has an abiding faith in the mines of the Boundary section is shown by the fact that work on none of their mines ceased during the labor troubles of last spring. Nearly all the other properties operated in the Boundary section either closed down or reduced the number of their men. Many predicted that the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides, while they had vast bodies of ore, would never pay for mining, freight and treatment, but that the water power, which is cheaper than steam, second, Knob Hill and Ironsides ores are self-fixing; they use only coke in its reduction and no lime whatever, hence less coke is required per ton in its treatment than with ore which requires a flux; third, only about 200 pounds of coke to the ton of ore is required, and fourth, the time and cost of roasting ore is saved. With these advantages the cost of smelting is reduced to the minimum. This means that the vast bodies of low grade ore found in the Boundary district can be mined and reduced at a profit. This coming winter the management of the smelter intends to put in two more furnaces, thus increasing its capacity to between 1,000 and 1,500 tons per day. With the cheapest of treatment there is certainly a good profit on each ton of ore treated. It is now predicted that the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides will, with more development and additional plant become two of the greatest mines in the continent. The ore body in the Knob Hill is so great that it is blocked out in sections 200x200 feet.

"The B. C. mine intends to ship from 200 to 250 tons of ore per day to the Trail smelter, so that by the middle of September this mine, with the Ironsides and Knob Hill will be shipping in the neighborhood of 850 tons daily. Then on the W. Brandon & Golden Crown will also be making shipments, that the Boundary district by October, will be shipping close to 1,000 tons per day. It is hoped that a number of Rossland people will be present at the banquet on Thursday evening. This would give them an opportunity of inspecting the Granby smelter.

"I expect to see Columbia the center of a very large city, covering a large portion of the Kettle river valley.

"During the past winter and spring a series of circumstances combined to make times dull and to depress the mining industry. These were the war, the labor troubles, smallpox, an unstable government and the closing down of the mines. Now the war is as good as over the labor troubles are at an end, the quarantine is established, the mines are running full blast, and everything is on the up grade with the prospect of a rising market as firm as circumstances seem restorable. Under the circumstances it seems palpable that we will have good times during the coming fall and winter."

A Promising Section.

Mr. J. R. Cranston has returned from a visit to the property of the Lardeau Mines, limited, which are located at the head of Lexington creek, a tributary of the Fish river in the Lardeau country. There is a good surface showing on this property. A tunnel has been driven 65 feet to tap the main vein. It is expected that it will intersect the vein in the next 20 feet. This is what is known as the Sitting Bull lead. There are about 20 claims on this same lead. It is a characteristic of the leads of this section that the veins are continuous and run across the country for miles. They all show good ore on the surface, and if as promising in depth as they are at and near the surface the section will be a large producer of mineral. On Lexington mountain it has long been known that there are a number of white quartz deposits. Within the past few months these have been staked and opened up a little. The leads are from 10 to 15 feet in width and carry free gold in paying quantities. These are some of the properties have been proven to a considerable depth. Among these is the Beatrice, from which considerable ore of a high grade has been shipped.

Republic is Prospering.

Mr. George E. Pfunder has returned from Republic, where he has commenced operations on the Richmond group. Cabins are being put up and other preparatory steps are being taken to get the property ready for beginning at least a year's steady development work. Republic, he says, is destined to make a great camp. The big mill and reduction works of the Republic company will be ready by October 1st. Mr. Pfunder, who has had considerable experience with mills, is confident that the Republic mill will be a success. The customs mill will begin operations in the next two or

YIMR DOINGS.

Activity Is Being Displayed in This District—An Important Deal.

There is a good deal of business in mining and real estate being transacted in Erie, Selma and Ymir, and the whole district in that neighborhood is making a new activity. Several properties are proposing to do some extensive development and some shipping in the near future, in addition to those which are placed on the list. Among these may be mentioned the Eldorado, which has been successfully floated. It is stated on good authority that the Keystone has been sold by Messrs. Shurt-kworth to a Spokane syndicate for \$30,000, and that work will be commenced shortly under these new auspices. It is also probable, says the same authority, that the Ida D. will snip this week. A ten-stamp mill has just been ordered from the Jencks Machine company by the Yellowknife, which is to be in operation this fall.

Kingston Elects Officers.

The statutory meeting of the Kingston Gold Mines, limited, non-personal liability, was held upon the return of Prof. F. R. Blochberger from the company's property in the Lardeau, where Mr. Blochberger went to look after the development work. All the provisional trustees were present and general business was transacted. The directors and officers for the ensuing year were elected and the board of directors and officers are made up of the following gentlemen: Sam. H. Davis, president, Portland, Or.; D. M. McLaughlin, vice-president, Portland, Or.; F. Schofield, second vice-president and acting president, Rossland; Prof. F. R. Blochberger, L. L. B., secretary and assistant treasurer, Rossland; Harry Howard, assistant secretary, Portland, Or.; C. H. Vanhoutsen, treasurer, Portland, Or.; B. Fallows, M. E., Portland, Or.; Prof. Frank Rigler, Portland, Or.; George F. Heidert, New York. The registered office of the company is the secretary's office in the Bank of Montreal, Rossland, while the branch office is 327 Chamber of Commerce, Portland, Ore. As the company is composed of first-class men of Portland and New York, who stand high in their respective communities this company may be looked upon as one which will do a great deal for the development work on its properties in the Lardeau. The mines are situated in the famous Fish River basin, adjoining and in close reach of properties like the Brunswick, Eva, Iron Dollar, etc., and with proper development work will come to the front very rapidly. There is a high grade steel galena lead running through the full length of the property, and in place from the grass roots, and recent development work disclosed an immense quartz lead of 23 feet in width with no walls in sight yet. The managing director, Prof. Blochberger, is getting things in shape and development work will be pushed vigorously this season.

Rich Lardeau Ore.

The returns of the Triune's maiden shipment of ore to the Trail smelter has been given to the Lardeau Eagle. There were 380 sacks of ore, the gross weight of which was 42,180 pounds, the net weight was 39,695 pounds, or 305 pounds less than 20 tons. The ore sized up in these proportions: Gold, \$237.58; silver, \$4,885.85; lead, \$358.96. Total gross value, \$5,482.39; net value, \$4,885.85. The shipment was accompanied by A. Ferguson, one of the owners, and V. Lade, one of the lessees. They got \$29 an ounce for their gold and 61 cents per ounce for their silver. It is safe to say that every ton of Triune ore shipped this season will net at least \$275 a ton, after paying \$47 a ton for freight and treatment. The Triune, it must be remembered, is only about ten weeks' old, and the lessees have over 200 tons blocked out after having driven less than 125 feet of tunnel.

Election of Officers.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Okanogan Gold Mines, limited, was held yesterday and the following electors were elected: Hon. T. Mayne Daly, Messrs. Ross Thompson, J. Fred Ritchie, G. M. King, K. K. Peiser, C. S. Wallis, Judge Frederick Schofield. The directors met and elected the following officers: President, Hon. T. Mayne Daly; vice-president, Judge Frederick Schofield; Mr. K. K. Peiser having expressed his intention of leaving the city for a short time, he notified the directors that he could no longer hold the office of secretary-treasurer of the company. The directors passed an exceedingly flattering resolution in which he was commended for his faithful services and appointed Mr. Edward Baillie secretary-treasurer.

MINING NOTES.

The job derrick for the facilitating of ore shipments on Thursday next from the Centre Star dump will be erected today. Superintendent B. Desmond handed over yesterday the charge of the Le Roi No. 2 to Mr. R. Angus, who arrived last Friday from Montana. The mine is in good shape, and it is expected will soon be a considerable shipper. Mr. Desmond is at present in charge of both the Rossland Great Western and of the Kootenay mines. Both of these will be shipped after no great interval. It is indeed probable that the former will ship next week or during the week following. Air connections were made yesterday afternoon supplying the travelling crane in place in front of the inclined shaft at the Centre Star, with power. The crane is suspended on heavy girder runners about 18 feet above the floor, and can be moved right up over the shaft and run back some 20 feet from it. Side-ways the winch travels upon two runners bolted together, which themselves will begin operations in the next two or

of. In this way the winch can be brought over any part of the platform immediately in front of the shaft and over either compartment of the shaft. In addition to these two motions it has a third, which is vertical. A double steel block is suspended from the winch and can be attached to the machinery, steels or timber which may be desired to lower into the skip for taking below.

A Letter From Marcus Moses.

Mr. Joseph Stillwell of the Clifton, has received a letter from Cape Nome from Mr. Marcus Moses, formerly of the Collins House of this city. Mr. Moses says that he is doing well. By his speculations and his salary, \$25 per day, he expects to clean up about \$10,000 during the season. He reports that there are a number of former residents of this city there. The letter states that there was a terrific storm there on the 5th of August, and a number of vessels were driven ashore and some 20 lives lost. Messrs. Clark and Keilum, formerly of this city, recently opened an undertaking establishment in Nome, and so far have only had one funeral. The plan adopted is to dig a hole in the sand and to bury those who die without a coffin. This kills the undertakers' business. A number of assaults, robberies and murders have occurred there recently now that the days are short and the nights long and dark. This is so much the case that it is dangerous for a man to venture out alone.

Minor Railway Accidents.

At Bonington Falls station on Friday afternoon a work train met a freight train and a head-on collision resulted. One engine was damaged badly and the other was a total wreck. A brakeman was severely injured. The accident was caused by a misunderstanding of orders. A freight train was derailed yesterday at China creek hill on the Columbia & Western which delayed the passenger train which left here yesterday morning for several hours. No other track nor the train were seriously damaged.

Left For the East.

Mr. H. C. Cook who has been in the employ of Messrs. Goodeve Bros. for the past two years, left last evening for the east. He intends taking a full course in the Ontario College of Pharmacy at Toronto. Mr. Cook's many friends in this city wish him every success.

Superintendent of the Le Roi No. 2.

The new superintendent of the Le Roi No. 2 has arrived in camp, and will probably take charge today or tomorrow. It has lately been under the control of Superintendent Desmond of the Rossland Great Western and Kootenay Mines companies. Mr. R. Angus has registered with his wife and family at the Kootenay as coming from Madison, Wisconsin, but he is well known as an expert mining man of Montana. He has lately occupied the position of superintendent for the Iron Mountain company and has been residing at Butler, Montana.

Mr. A. Brann, assistant superintendent of the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia railway, who has been in this vicinity for the past week, and during which time he made a trip to the Boundary country, left for his home at Whatcom last evening. He was the guest of Mr. Keith Lackey while in the city.

Mr. P. Burns of Calgary, the wholesale butcher, is paying a visit to Rossland.

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WE TREAT AND CURE

ALL CHRONIC, BLOOD, NERVOUS, SKIN AND PRIVATE DISEASES; also STOMACH, HEART, LIVER, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND THROAT TROUBLES, and FEMALE COMPLAINTS. IF YOU HAVE ANY AILMENT RECENTLY CONTRACTED, do not delay in seeking the skilled aid of doctors who will make you sound and well in a short time. Dr. W. Norton Davis & Co. can do this for you. If your trouble has been treated by incompetent doctors until it has become chronic and dangerous, do not despair, but consult Dr. W. Norton Davis & Co. It has been by curing just such difficult troubles that they have built up a great business and become famous all over the northwest.

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Rossland Weekly Miner.

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THE MINERAL TAX.

The boards of trade in the Kootenays are filing emphatic protests against the doubling of the tax on the output of the mines. It is held that the metalliferous mines are already contributing more than their fair share to the provincial treasury. The real estate tax, personal property tax provincial revenue and all the other forms of general taxation are borne by the miners in common with the other taxpayers of the province, while the different forms of mining taxation falls upon them exclusively. The mining industry is just recovering from a long period of depression, brought on by the war and other causes, and the present time is most opportune for doubling the tax on the output of the mines. Outside of this consideration, in our judgment, the provincial authorities are making a serious mistake in overtaxing mining. It is an industry which should be fostered and so built up, and the province would show wisdom if it depended more upon the incidental advantages which would accrue to the commonwealth and less on a direct tax. It is an admitted fact that one of the greatest needs of the province is money from abroad with which to develop the wonderful wealth in the virgin mineral ground. The more royalty exacted from the miners and the larger the taxes and restrictions placed upon them the less the chance of capital coming in. Other things being equal the mining investor will go where there is no tax to be paid on the mineral which he extracts from the earth. The outcome of legislation of the character proposed is certain to keep capital out of the country, and without outside money the development of the mineral resources will come to what is practically a standstill. It is not a good nor wise policy, therefore, to increase the present tax, which is large enough.

MINING AND SMELTING PROBLEM.

The mining world will watch with interest the outcome of the problem which the Old Ironsides and Knob Hill mines and the Granby Smelting Company have before them in making ores which run a little over \$8 per ton pay. The mines and smelter are practically owned by the same people, and therefore are acting in harmony to work out the question involved to a successful issue. The conditions are favorable. The ore bodies in the two mines involved are of great extent, and in one there is said to be a solid acre of ore ready for the stopers. In all the departments of the mine the idea, kept constantly in view, has been to put in such labor-saving appliances that the ore could be extracted at the minimum cost. The closest attention will be paid to details, and the appliances will be added to and improved from time to time to get the cost of extraction even under what it is at present.

A visit to the smelter of the Granby Company is sufficient to convince the most skeptical that no expense has been spared to make the plant as complete, substantial and effective as it is possible. Here, as much as possible, the ore handled automatically. In addition to this the machinery is operated by electricity which is generated from water power from a plant owned by the company. This will save the company a large sum annually, and will consequently considerably cut down the cost of smelting.

The management of the Le Roi recently announced that the cost of mining, including advance work, superintendence, transportation, smelting and raising was \$12.00 per ton. The ore from the Le Roi for one month recently gave an average gold value of \$16.60 to the ton and netted a profit of \$8.60 on each ton. The cost of \$8 per ton for mining, reduction, etc., was made under favorable conditions. The Le Roi has wide ore bodies, is not handicapped for want of money, and in addition to this, practically the same people own the smelter and the mine. The worst handicap was an insufficient plant, but this has since been remedied by the installation of a larger plant, and the cost of mining reduction of the ore, etc., will in time be brought under \$8 per ton by the Le Roi management.

In the case of the Old Ironsides, Knob Hill and the Granby smelter, we believe, owing to the greater width of the ore bodies that ore can be mined from 50 cents to \$1 per ton cheaper than it can be here. With the water power at the smelter and other labor-saving devices, it seems evident that ore can be smelted there at from 50 cents to \$1 per ton cheaper than at the smelter at Northport. It is claimed that the ore from the Knob Hill and the Old Ironsides does not need to be roasted. This will effect another small saving.

Under these circumstances there is every reason to suppose that the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides ore will yield a profit just as soon as the smelter gets into good working order of at least \$1.50 to the ton. If this is the case the stockholders are assured of good profits, as there are many hundreds of thousands of tons in these two mines.

GOLD CAUSED THE PROSPERITY.

Gold has been the basis of the remarkable growth of Western Australia in the past few years, says the New York Sun. Few countries have ever had so large an expansion in population and business interests in so short a time. No other gold fields, in recent years, have had so large a development except the unequalled mines of the Witwatersrand in the Transvaal. The modest beginning of the gold industry was in 1886, when 302 ounces were produced. Twelve years later the gold output was 4,050,183 ounces and Western Australia headed the list of gold producers in Australasia. The figures for 1899 are not yet at hand, but for the first nine months of the year the gold output was 1,160,000 ounces, valued at \$22,000,000; and in September the yield was 167,076 ounces, valued at \$3,174,450, being \$30,000 more than the best previous monthly record. There has been no pause yet in the steady growth of the industry. Western Australia is now one of the largest gold producers in the world.

Thus the colony, always poor and obscure till the last decade began, has suddenly become a most prosperous field for mining, agriculture and commerce. Energy, capital and skill find profitable employment in a region which, 12 years ago, was almost unknown. The borderland beyond the sandy western coast was not discovered until that late day because it was in the midst of a Sahara. The treasure house of the colony was well guarded by thirst and famine, evils that have now been overcome by the railroads that bind all the great mining centers with the coast and carry enormous quantities of stores and implements to the men at the front.

A WISE MOVE.

Ability of a superior nature is quickly recognized, and if a man shows that he has an extraordinary capacity in any given direction he is nearly always given an opportunity to put it to use. It will be remembered that Mr. Ralph Smith, M. P. P. from Nanaimo, came to Rossland and did a great deal toward settling the labor troubles which existed here in the early part of the year. Mr. Smith, as the president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Council, and as the elected representative of labor in the provincial parliament, enjoyed the confidence of organized labor to the fullest degree. He entered heartily and earnestly into the settlement of the differences that existed here. He is primarily gifted with common sense, is a diplomat in negotiation, and can see the merits and demerits of both sides of a question. With the assistance of Messrs. Curtis and Lute, and the conciliatory spirit shown by the officers and members of the Miners' union, and also by the managers of the mine, the differences were adjusted in a short time and work resumed. This was a happy settlement of trouble that might have lasted for many months and greatly injured this camp and its residents. Mr. Smith showed such ability on that occasion that he has been summoned to Ottawa to give the Dominion government his advice in placing the new labor bureau on a working basis. He will leave for the east to perform the task assigned to him as soon as the provincial legislature adjourns. We believe that the federal authorities have made a wise move in giving Mr. Smith this task to perform. They might go a step further and put him at the head of the bureau, as he would be the right man in the right place. There is no man in Canada who more thoroughly possesses the confidence of organized labor or who better deserves this confidence than he does.

SHIRT WAISTS FOR MEN.

For a long time women fair have copied portions of man's costume, including his hat, collar, necktie, etc., until, at times, when in a crowd it was difficult to tell which was man and which woman. In the east during the present summer some men have copied the shirt waist, which is so dear to femininity, and this fact has excited considerable discussion and considerable prejudice. In many instances the male wearers of shirt waists were not received in public with the popularity which they, as the leaders of a new fashion, thought they were justly entitled to. In some instances, at first, in the higher class hotels and restaurants, they were refused entertainment while they wore a garment of this sort, and, as a consequence, some suits for damage have been commenced against offending bonifaces who refused to serve guests of the male persuasion, a part of whose attire consisted of the shirt waist.

It will be remembered that the first man who carried an umbrella in the streets of London was mobbed, and yet thousands of these useful articles can now be borne through the thoroughfares there without attracting the least bit of adverse criticism or even the "arf of a brick." It is ever thus with the reformers, the leaders of thought and the users of new articles of attire. A man has a perfect right to wear a shirt waist if he so desires. If, however,

one of the male residents of Rossland were to appear on Columbia avenue today in a handsome majenta, orange sky-blue or even a scarlet shirt waist, bedizened with bright buttons or other gewgaws, what would the result be? We doubt if he would escape without personal violence, and would doubtless have stale eggs thrown at him during his promenade. This would be so, notwithstanding the fact that this is one of the most orderly and law-loving towns in the Dominion of Canada. There are innovations, it seems, which cannot be introduced too suddenly, and we believe that the first sight of a man wearing a shirt waist is one that for the moment shocks the public sense and impels the mildest citizen to pick up and throw stones and sticks at the man he sees wearing one; and yet this is a free country, in which an individual can go bareheaded if he has not the wherewithal with which to purchase headgear.

There must, indeed, be some potent reason for the antipathy which the eastern public has manifested against masculinity attired in fantastically colored shirt waists. The prejudice doubtless has its foundation in the fact that the garment has been one which had been exclusively worn by women, and it is as much of a shock at first to see a man with one of them on as it would be to see him in a gorgeous ladies' hat, with a superstructure of curls, feathers and other "fixings" three feet high, or to observe him in public wearing one of his sister's, his cousin's, or his aunt's dresses. The people of the east have, to a certain extent, become reconciled to the innovation, and it is said that in the fashionable watering places on the American side of the line the ladies may be seen wearing their bathing suits, not only on the sands, but at the hotels, out riding and on trips to the postoffice. The men sit around in shirt waists, while the female fashionables linger on the piazzas in the evening clad in fancy bathing suits. The shirt waist for men in summer may be a fashion that has come to stay in the effete east, but we doubt if it will ever become fashionable in the Kootenays.

WORTHY OF HONOR.

The aphorism that peace hath her victories no less renowned than war is well exemplified in the case of Mr. S. H. C. Miner, the head of the Granby Smelting syndicate and the Granby Smelting company. The people of the Boundary are to tender a banquet on Thursday as a sort of recognition for the great things he has done for them. This tribute to Mr. Miner, will only partly pay the immense obligation which the people of the Boundary and of the entire mining section of British Columbia are under to Mr. Miner and his associates. He is not only an eminent financier, but a captain of industry. Look at what the syndicate of which he is the head has accomplished during the short period which it has been operating in the Kootenays. By the aid of his own large fortune and his capacity as a leader of men of means he has organized a syndicate which has but few equals in Canada in the largeness of its resources and the daring of its enterprises. This company has acquired properties in the Rossland camp, in the Boundary, in the Slokan and elsewhere in the British Columbia. To acquire properties with this company meant that they would be developed. In carrying on this work no expense has been spared and the company has expended many hundreds of thousands of dollars in the way of opening up its mines and supplying them with the best machinery. Through good and evil report, through good and bad times it never altered nor lessened the forces which it had employed, but kept steadily on towards the goal, that of making its mines productive.

The ores of some of the syndicate's leading mines are of a low grade—low, that it was problematical if they could be made to pay. People told the members of the syndicate openly that they were chasing phantoms in their efforts to make ores of this sort realize profits and pay dividends. This only stimulated them to greater effort. They erected one of the most complete smelters in the Kootenays, equipped it with the latest labor saving devices and provided it with water power and all sorts of up to date machinery. The ore from two of their mines is now being treated in their smelter and the first week's run has demonstrated that ore which runs a small fraction over \$8 to the ton can be treated at a profit. Thus has one of the principal goals, which Mr. Miner and his associates were striving for, been successfully reached.

The two mines in question, which ten days since were of problematical value, now that it is known that their ores will yield a profit, are worth a fabulous sum and are destined to take their places among the larger mines of this continent. Mr. Graves has demonstrated to the people of the Boundary that ores of a value of \$8 per ton, where there are large and permanent bodies, are valuable. What one company has accomplished another can do likewise, but to Mr. Graves and his associates belongs the honor of being the pioneers, and of risking large sums of money on ventures where the result might have been a failure.

The results means much for the Boundary and for the entire mining section of British Columbia. There are millions of tons of low grade ore, which the success of the syndicate has demonstrated to be profitable within the range of profit. The

resultant benefit to the mining industry here is almost incalculable. A commendable feature of the operations of the syndicate has been its freedom from stock jobbery. There has been no undue attempt to inflate the value of stocks by the methods employed by some; on the contrary, most of the shares disposed of were sold to those who purchased for investment. The syndicate's operations have been conducted with the end in view of making its profits out of mining and not by the manipulation of the shares in the several companies under its control. This was an excellent feature and one that gave it the full confidence of the investing public.

Under the circumstances it is no wonder that the people of the Boundary will unite in doing honor to Mr. Miner at the banquet on Tuesday night, for he has done in a short time by the vigor of his personality, the daring of his enterprise, and his faith in the permanency and wealth of the section what it might have taken years to accomplish were the task left, as it might have been, to men of less ability, foresight, courage and resource. The Miner, in common with the rest of the people of the Kootenays, doffs its hat to Mr. Miner and his associates and hope that their profit will be as great in their mining ventures as their faith, ability and large investments entitle them to. They are the sort of men who are the most successful in a mining country.

THE LIBERAL CONVENTION.

The proceedings of the Liberal convention, which is to be held at Revelstoke on the 8th of September for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the Yale-Cariboo constituency for the Dominion house, will be watched with more than usual interest by the people of the interior of the province, and it is desirable, therefore, that the meeting should display wisdom in their choice of a standard bearer. It is fairly well recognized throughout the Dominion that the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is certain of another lease of power and if this expectation is realized it is of the utmost consequence to us that we should have as our representative at Ottawa a man who is in sympathy in his party leanings with the government and possesses their confidence. It would be well in addition to this that he should be a man who has already sat in the house and who is recognized by the ministry as one possessed of a knowledge of the country and who is able to place its needs before the executive. To send either an opponent of the government or a man whose acquaintance with the riding is limited to one or two localities and who would, therefore, not be able to represent the constituency as a whole would be a serious blunder on the part of the electors. The danger of sending one opposed to the present government, which, as we have said, will undoubtedly be re-elected for at least another parliament is we think, very small. It is hardly to be questioned that the candidate of the Liberal convention, whoever he may be will be returned. The real danger to be feared from the convention is the selection of some good party man who may not have a general knowledge of the constituency or be large enough in his views to subordinate local interests to the interests of the riding as a whole. There are really so few men in the constituency who possess this comprehensive grasp of the requirements of this great mining district that it is really difficult to get candidates such as would be regarded as universally acceptable. For these reasons we would again urge the people of this constituency and we think they would receive very cordial conservative assistance in their efforts, to use every influence possible to induce Mr. Hewitt Bostock to allow himself once more to be placed in nomination. We think that Mr. Bostock at the present time and until a division of the constituency as it is now constituted is made is the ideal man to represent the riding. He is possessed of great wealth, has abundance of leisure to devote to public affairs, and has no private interests to serve. If he has ambition to fill a position in the cabinet we know of no possible representative from British Columbia who could better serve the province in such a position. His time will be absolutely devoted to the promotion of his constituents' prosperity and from his knowledge of the interior of the province, of the great mining districts of Kootenay and Cariboo, would be able to serve the constituency as intelligently as he would disinterestedly. If sufficient pressure were brought to bear on Mr. Bostock it is more than likely that he would consent to be a candidate again for this constituency, and we certainly think that this pressure ought to be employed. With him as their candidate the Liberals would not only be serving their party and the government, but would be doing the very best possible for the riding, as his election would be placed beyond a peradventure.

A NELECTRICAL FAKIR.

Teala, who nearly always stops at the newspaper office while on the way to the patent office and gets so lost in the up his marvels that he sometimes forgets admiration of the reporter who writes up his marvels that he sometimes forgets gets all about securing a patent, now War Eagle, and B. A. C. mines, signifying their desire to join in welcoming

without loss. Teala seems more bent on getting up marvelous stories for the sensational newspapers than anything else. He is eminently impractical. He is always on the ebullient of discoveries which he never completes. Edison is as different from him as the day is from the night. He has done a thousand times more for practical science than Teala has. While it is true that Teala has made a few useful inventions, it is also so that the inventions and discoveries that he promised to make and never finishes are a legion. He is the Falstaff of inventors, and the latter's rages in buccannery, etc., are few indeed when compared with the fake inventions of Nikola Tesla. He loves notoriety more than he does even electrical discoveries.

THEY SHOULD KEEP HIM.

This news seems too good to be true, but it is solemnly announced in the Winnipeg Free Press that Mr. Joseph Martin is to go to Manitoba for the purpose of stamping two or three constituencies against the Laurier government. After that he is to go to Toronto and deliver another series of addresses against the government. If the people of either Manitoba or Ontario can only be induced to keep Mr. Martin what a great thing it would be for this province.

GOLD PRODUCTION.

The phenomenal commercial record of the year ended June 30, as shown in the annual report of the chief of the treasury bureau of statistics just issued, has been accompanied by an equally striking record with reference to gold production, says an exchange. The gold mined in the United States during the year ending Dec. 31, 1899, exceeds that of any year in our history, and for the first time surpasses the record established in 1853, when the mines of California made their highest record of \$65,000,000. The gold production of the United States was in 1899, according to the estimate of the director of the mint, \$75,500,000, while no prior year had shown so high a total as that of 1853, \$65,000,000, though the total for 1898 was \$64,465,000. The very rapid increase in production in this country and elsewhere, during the past few years brings the gold product of the half century now ending to the enormous total of \$6,965,631,000, or more than twice as much as during the 350 years preceding that period. The gold production of the world from 1492 to 1853 amounted to \$3,129,780,000, while that of the period 1851-1899 was \$6,965,631,000. The rapid increase in production in this country and the large excess of exports over imports have been accompanied by a corresponding increase in money in circulation in the United States, which, on July 1, 1900, stood at \$26.50 per capita as compared with \$25.38 in July, 1899, and \$24.74 the year preceding, and in 1893 at \$21.15.

NEW SCHOOL HOUSE.

An Enquiry Addressed to the Minister of Education. A telegram was sent by the Board of Trade on Monday last to the Minister of Education at Victoria enquiring as to the site of the new school house and as to whether an eight-roomed building would eventually be erected.

On the visit of the Rossland delegates of the Associated Boards of Trade of the Kootenays to the coast recently they were promised, among other things, that there would be an eight-roomed school house built for the accommodation of the Rossland scholars. It was stated that if it was found to be impossible to give Rossland an eight-roomed school house this year a four-roomed building would be provided for, which would be built in such a manner as to allow of the addition of more rooms next year. The late instructions as to the procuring of tenders for the proposed edifice did not seem to be altogether compatible with the verbal promises made to the delegates. Further when the question of site had arisen the Minister of Education had listened to the representations of the school trustees, urging that the present site of the lower school house was ineligible, first because it was situated within the horse shoe loop of the railway and rendered access without crossing the track impossible except from a thinly inhabited portion of the city; secondly because the school house situated on a slope rendered the formation of fairly level play ground expensive and difficult, and had said that he would come to Rossland himself and select a more suitable site. A proposed location has been made further west beyond the railway track, which would exactly reverse the conditions prevailing with regard to the present spot.

It was to the clearing up of these points as to what the city might expect as to its additional school rooms and as to the selection of a more eligible site that the telegram sought information from the Minister of Education. No answer has as yet been received and it is probable that the question will be dealt with by letter.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Proceedings Were of a Purely Formal Character.

At the meeting of the city council held last evening at 8 o'clock at the city hall, the mayor and all his aldermen were present with the exception of Alderman McCrea. The proceedings of the council last night were of a purely formal character, there being nothing in the nature of civic business coming up for discussion. A proposal was made by Alderman Clute to change the name of Lincoln street to Queen street. This was introduced as a bylaw. After the adoption of the minutes of the previous meeting, communications were read from the management of the War Eagle, and B. A. C. mines, signifying their desire to join in welcoming

the visit of the Governor-General and throw the mines open to the gubernatorial party.

The board of works report included a recommendation that all obstructions on sidewalks be forthwith removed. A side walk was recommended on the north side of Le Roi avenue between Monte Christo and Butte streets and also to be bridged up Third and Fourth avenues between Washington and St. Paul streets.

It was moved by Alderman Clute and seconded by Alderman McKenzie, that the city engineer be instructed to report on the condition of the sewer at the back of the opera house. It was moved by Alderman Clute and seconded by Alderman McKenzie, that a bylaw be introduced changing the name of Lincoln street to Queen street. The meeting then adjourned.

CITY DECORATIONS.

The Fire Hall Boys Are Building an Arch Over Columbia Avenue. The fire boys are building a double arch across Columbia avenue at its intersection with Lincoln street. It will be made of wood, which is donated by E. A. Rolf and covered with evergreens. Across the top of the arches "Welcome" will be inscribed and on a final arch in the middle it is proposed to place the motto of the Earl of Minto or if that cannot be learned a picture of Her Majesty.

PUGILISTIC PRATTLE.

Brown and McKinley to Meet Thursday—A Challenge.

The long talked of and long looked for boxing contest between George Washington Brown, of Rossland, and Bill Jennings McKinley, of Trail, is slated to come off at the International on Thursday evening. In addition to this, Mr. James Hayden, the manager of the Spokane & Northern Telegraph company, has arranged to run a special wire into the hall, and the reports of the McCoy-Corbett fight will be given. This in itself is worth the price of admission. Considerable rivalry exists between those two ebony pugilists as to which is the netter man. This is positively the last appearance of the two "gemmen ob color" in the fistie arena, as the winner will doubtless pack his Saratoga and go south. The contest will be conducted under Marquis of Queensberry rules, the men are in good condition, there is some feeling between them, and a lively encounter is certain to be the outcome. Mr. Williams visited the Miner office last evening and issued a challenge on behalf of Ed. Cuff, for a glove contest with any man in British Columbia, Jim Fell preferred, for the gate receipts and a side bet of from \$100 to \$500. The contest can take place either in public or in private. Cuff knocked out Ed Dillon at Republic in one round on Sunday last.

FROM THE RECORDS.

- Certificates of Work. Aug. 17—To Olaf Everson for the same on the John Bull. Aug. 17—To Olaf Everson for the same on the Mountain Queen. Aug. 17—To John Hammer for John Hammer on the Elizabeth. Aug. 17—To D. M. Clark for Nettie Greenly on the Big Dan. Aug. 20—To E. Wright for the same on the Wright. Aug. 20—To J. G. Boehmler for the same on the Annie. Aug. 20—To J. G. Boehmler for the same on the Standard. Aug. 20—For work done upon the Annie. Aug. 20—To J. G. Boehmler for the same on the C. P. for work done upon the Annie. Aug. 20—To J. G. Boehmler for the same on the Bonanza. Aug. 20—To Albert Jefferson for the same on the Dominion. Aug. 20—To J. D. Sanders for the Mt. Sicker and B. C. Development Co., Ltd., on the Essie. Aug. 20—To Charles Pinnio for the same on the Low. Aug. 20—To John Gloya for the same on the Stockton. Aug. 2—To Ner Smith for Phil A. Silverstone on the Texas fraction. Aug. 21—To Jens Olsen for the same on the Lucky Streak. Aug. 23—To D. R. English for B. Scully on the Nome. Aug. 23—To Olaf Everson for Julia Kane on the Los Vages. Aug. 23—To Olaf Everson for the same on the Golden Gate. Aug. 23—To James Finnegan for G. H. Sucking et al on the Abaccorne Fraction. Aug. 23—To James Finnegan for J. S. Clute, Jr., on the Mayflower. Aug. 23—To James Finnegan for J. S. Clute, Jr., on the Last Chance. Aug. 23—To James Finnegan for J. S. Clute, Jr., on the Bon Accord. Aug. 23—To James Finnegan for J. S. Clute, Jr., on the Shandon Bell. Aug. 23—To John Gloya for George W. Urquhart on the Noble One. Aug. 23—To W. O'Brien for J. Kennedy on the Sheridan. Aug. 23—To W. O'Brien for the same on the Sheridan. Aug. 23—To W. O'Brien for the same on the Grant. Aug. 24—To H. A. Harris for H. A. Harris et al on the Little Velvet Fraction. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the E. R. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the Jessie F. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the Mammoth for work done on the E. R. and Jessie F. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the Norway King for work done on the E. R. and Jessie F. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the Boy for work done on the E. R. and Jessie F. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the Jessie F. Fraction. Aug. 27—To E. Terzich for E. Terzich et al on the E. R. Fraction. Aug. 27—To Harry Daniel for the same on the Cliff No. 1 Fraction. Bills of Sale. August 21—Stockton, 14; John W. Aught to John Leppesh, \$1. August 22—Little Velvet Fraction, all; Daniel Harris to Hugh A. Harris, \$1. August 22—Doc L., 12; Homer F. Libby to Valance C. Simons, \$1. August 22—Rusty Jim, 12; Alice Libby to Valance C. Simons, \$1. August 23—None, all; B. Scully to D. R. English, \$1.

THE STARS WERE

NELSON INTERMEDDLED THEM BY A SCORE

It Was an Interesting Which Was Lost by Star Players.

An evenly contested was played at Nelson the Rossland Stars and dist., the score being Nelson. About two witnessed the match with the quality of the game. However it play was local and m was done at this time, the box for Nelson an being steady and kept time. The battery for played a shut out game been for the miserable at times would have seen The work of Leighton good.

In the fifth inning L three times, Goninau drive to pitcher which let the runner to first while trying to steal drove hard grounder side. McCleod puts it down thrown out at first. Campbell knocked an tello and retires at first. Second Inning—Mc ball for two bags. T Pownell made a sacrifice McCreeary to third, atmosphere three tin Mollstocker reached fir ror, stole second and Molllet was stuck on one to short and was McCleostocker scoring. First on balls and wa first second.

Third Inning—Fur sphere three times; G and stole to second; Goninnu bag, scoring Costello while trying to find Harris hit first, and puts it in Tonk dropped, being two second and reaches ball. Henderson was Led reaches first and Strong second o went out on strikes grounder to Tonkin, as first. Fourth Inning—M one to second and first. Tonkin was llimped to first and wild pitch. Pownall and was thrown out the ball down the side.

Mollstocker went but was thrown out second. Molllet ma second. Whittell dro was thrown out at left to third. McCa by striking out. Fifth Inning—Fur three times, up into Chambers. The same to third. Strong reached fil kin. Henderson was took a long lead, b to cut him off, ret by from McCleod, n play in the game. To second on Harris while Chambers wa Sixth Inning—J for Rossland. Gon third, Harris foll McCreeary couldn't Campbell made stocker advanced went out to Coste the other runners ball to Goninau w ball to Goninau w brilliant play. Whi tello tried to catch and Campbell sco second and reach Harris. McCrelan second. Strong to bases. Henderson only hit for two land, Whittell an stole third. McCle balls. On error scored. McCleod w Mollstocker wen Leighton, retiring making the score.

Seventh Inning out. Pownall rea Campbell and trel went out. C at first by shorta Molllet fanned. ed and dragged hi to second on a n and Strong both in their bats. Eighth Inning—E compliment by se inning. Furlong of Campbell, tri was caught. Cos other of Campbell second. Leichto scoring Costello, cocoon and too second. Harris scoring. Leighton made a hit adv and on McCleod and McCreeary took a walk. C reary was cau was fast and no stole third. Po to second and to Tonkin scoring, fly to third. T estine's score Nelson's favor. Henderson k Costello immed play, throwing i made a hit to found its way to was some found, giving should have been any ordinary o two bager. C Goninau who McCleostocker se was thrown o Ninth Inning

August 30, 1900
THURSDAY, August 30, 1900
THE STARS WERE DEFEATED
NELSON INTERMEDIATES DEFEATS THEM BY A SCORE OF 7 TO 9.

Chambers and was thrown out at first. Costello batted to Whittell and was put out on first. Leighton hit to short-stop and was retired at first. The score: Stars—Rossland, A B R H S H P O A E.

BLIND JOHN ROBERTS. IS NOT CREDITED.
London, Aug. 29.—A special despatch from St. Petersburg contains the somewhat remarkable assertion that Russia, almost immediately, will notify the powers that she considers the relief of Pekin legations as the final accomplishment of the military task of the allied forces.

Germany will claim Shantung as indemnity for the murder of Von Ketteler, and Japan will take Corea if she can get it, or if not Amer. What the British policy will be in this event, is not known.
Feels Keenly the Aspersions.
New York, Aug. 29.—Russia's attitude has been greatly misrepresented. Her operations in northern China are conducted solely for the purpose of restoring peace and order and are absolutely unselfish.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—There is no doubt that General Chaffee will be appointed brigadier general in the regular army upon the retirement next week of General Joseph Wheeler. It is stated at the war department that the distinguished services which General Chaffee has rendered in China entitle him to this consideration.
Troops Landed in China.
Berlin, Aug. 29.—The German naval commander at Taku telegraphs that according to the returns asked for by the following troops have been landed up to August 18th: American, 155 officers and 4,470 men; British, 189 officers and 5,942 men; French, 115 officers and 2,903 men; Italian, 13 officers and 977 men; Japanese, 573 officers and 19,508 men; Russian, 275 officers and 11,906 men.

Earl Li's Credentials.
Latest Phase of the Diplomatic Tangle Over China.
Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—The latest phase of the diplomatic tangle involving the powers now interested in China is the form of Li Hung Chang's credentials. The point of attack on the credentials is now the authority of the titular Chinese government to issue any credentials worthy of recognition.
PARTITION OF CHINA.
Russia, Germany and Japan Have Made Selections.
New York, Aug. 29.—Since Russia is quietly assimilating Chinese territory south of the Amur river, in some quarters it is thought that the landing of Japanese troops at Amoy is the Japanese answer to these Moscow's moves.

Humming Bird, B. C., Gold Mines, Ltd.
Owners of the Humming Bird Mine, Near Grand Forks, B. C.
Title Perfect. Crown Granted. Mines in Full Operation.
Over \$8,000 worth of work done. Result between 700 and 800 tons of ore now being shipped, which assays as follows: \$24.80 gold per ton; \$28.80 do; \$42.90 do; \$18.40 do; \$16.60 do; \$17.60 do; \$19.20 do; \$28.80 do; \$34.72 do; \$30.40 do.

WE HAVE FOR SALE
LOT 15, BLOCK 32, East Le Roi avenue.
ONE 6-ROOM HOUSE; also one three-room house newly built, hard finish, on one large lot in a very desirable locality, paying 20 per cent on the investment.

ROSSLAND WEEKLY MINER

THE PROGRAM FOR LABOR DAY

A NUMBER OF INTERESTING EVENTS HAVE BEEN ARRANGED

Good Prizes Are to Be Awarded—A Pleasant Time is Assured All Who Participate.

At a meeting of the program committee of the Labor Day celebration, held last evening a program of sports was decided on. The time of the sports and the details of the route of the parade were not decided on, but will be at a meeting to be held this evening in the Miners' Union hall. The events are interesting and the prizes large enough to satisfy the contestants. With such a program well carried out on September 3rd a day of enjoyment will be had by old and young.

Following are the rules and prizes for the several contests: Hub and huc race for British Columbia championship—First prize, trumpet value \$75 and \$125 in cash; second prize, \$50.

Run 200 yards, carts or equus weight, not more than 3 men on team, the first cart across finish line winner.

Wet Test Hose Race—First prize, \$50; second, \$50. Run 100 yards by hydrant, lay 250 feet of hose, break coupling, attach nozzle and throw water, all connections two full turns. Not more than 13 men on team. First shot.

Coupling Contest (double)—Two men, three lengths of hose to be laid from hydrant, make all connections and throw water, nozzle to be carried from start. First prize, \$15; second prize \$10.

Judges, timekeepers and starters to be selected by captains of competing teams. Following are the prizes for the miscellaneous sports: Rock Drilling Contest—First prize, \$125 cash and trophy valued at \$50; second prize, \$50.

Beef Dressing Contest—For a purse of \$175. The entries so far for this contest are Frank E. French of Rossland, Chas. Miller of Spokane, Dell Reed of San Francisco.

Floats—Best union float, \$35 first prize, \$15; second prize, best business float, first prize, \$35; second, \$15.

Best Decorated Business House—First prize, \$35; second, \$15.

Tug of war for a purse of \$50.

Foot Races—100 yards tree for all, first prize, \$25; second, \$15.

100 yards union men's handicap—First prize, \$25; second, \$15.

200-yard race, free for all—First prize, \$30; second, \$15.

Fifty yards prospector's race, contestants to carry a 25-pound pack, for \$25.

Dog race, \$5 to the winner.

Bicycle race for boys under 16 years, for a purse of \$15.

Drilling contest for boys under 16 years—First prize, \$15; second, \$10.

Drilling contest for boys under 12 years—First prize, \$10; second, \$5.

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling

Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Uleers, Blotches and all Eruptions of the Skin.

It is soothing and quieting, and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rash, during teething time; 35 cents a box. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

The New School House.

Word has been received by the Rossland school trustees from the chief commissioner of lands and works that it has been decided to build a four-roomed school house after the plans prepared by Mr. John Honeyman last February, and that tenders were to be advertised immediately, to be returnable to the lands and works department in Victoria not later than September 5th.

The school trustees are somewhat in a quandary. What they desired was an eight-roomed building to be erected by the provincial government before the municipality took over the schools. If they do not accept what they are offered they may not get anything. On the other hand, if they do accept, there is every probability that an eight-roomed building will not be forthcoming until the citizens erect one for themselves at their own expense.

There is this much to be said in favor of acceptance, and that is that the plans made by Mr. Honeyman admit of the addition of another four rooms at a later period.

A NEW LODGE INSTITUTED.

Rossland Odd Fellows Participate in the Opening Ceremonies.

The 10 members of the Rossland Lodge No. 36, I. O. F., who went to Grand Forks on Friday for the purpose of assisting in the instituting of the Gateway Lodge No. 45, I. O. F., returned last evening. They are well pleased with their visit and the reception which was tendered them by the members of the Gateway lodge. At the conclusion of the instituting ceremonies a banquet was tendered the visitors at the Yale hotel, and a pleasant time was had in discussing the viands and in speeches and songs.

Yesterday before the train left teams were placed at the disposal of the visitors, and the smelter, the new dam and other points of interest around Grand Forks were inspected.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing term: N. G. F. E. Cooper; V. G. A. G. Clements; R. Sec. G. T. Park; P. Sec. A. E. Savage; Treas. F. Clark; R. S. N. G. I. A. Dinmore; L. S. N. G. T. S. Power; R. S. V. G. H. Grant; L. S. G. M. C. Davidson; R. S. E. E. Benson; L. S. R. Thomas; L. G. D. D. Moore; O. G. G. R. Robertson; Chap. W. H. Bradshaw.

"Thought It Meant Death Sure."

Mrs. James McKim of Dunnville, Ont., says her almost miraculous cure from heart disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. Until I began taking this remedy I despaired of my life. I had heart failure and extreme prostration. One dose gave me quick relief and one bottle cured me. The sufferings of years were dispelled like magic. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

Mr. Joseph Fynnly, manager of the Australian Comedry company, is in the city.

A TOUR OF INQUIRY.

The Dominion Labor Commissioner is Here on a Visit.

Mr. E. P. Bremner, Dominion labor commissioner arrived in the city Thursday. He is making a tour of the Kootenay country for the purpose of looking generally into the labor situation. For the past two months he has been on a tour of the Pacific coast, where two differences have arisen that of the longshoremen and the fishermen, and both of these, he was glad to say, "had been settled."

"I think," he said, "there is no doubt the present government is endeavoring to do all within its power to lessen the friction where disputes have arisen between capital and labor and to better the condition of the worker. This has been done by the agents of the government acting as mediators and peacemakers. In view of the fact that so many disputes have arisen between capital and labor in this province that the government thought it was very necessary to appoint a labor commissioner for British Columbia. The matter of appointing labor commissioners for the other provinces is under consideration. Among the important measures in favor of labor passed by the government, are the conciliation act, the fair-wage resolution and the increase in the head tax on Chinese. It is very certain, too, from the representation made by the Laurier government to Japan that the authorities there prohibited its subjects from leaving the country. Mr. Shimizu, the Japanese consul at Vancouver, was informed a few days since that the prohibition went into effect on July 31. Those, however, who were on the sea at that time will be allowed to land. There will be no more emigration to Canada until the bars are raised by the government of Japan. There is no doubt that the presence of the Japanese here was an unmix ed evil. This was so because there was not enough labor or them here and because their competition was unfair to the white workers of the country. Sir Wilfrid has promised further relief on the Chinese question. From what I have said it is palpable that the government is doing a great deal for the workers of Canada and it is determined to go still further with the good work."

Mr. Bremner said in conclusion: "I would like to hear from both sides as to any existing or future differences between capital and labor, either now or at any future time, and will use my best endeavors to bring about an amicable solution of the trouble."

Mr. Bremner will remain in the city for several days.

REVELSTOKE CONVENTION.

Delegates and Alternates Elected From Rossland Association.

At the solicitation of a number of Liberal associations in the electoral district of Yale-Cariboo, the Revelstoke association issued a call to the Liberals of Yale-Cariboo and Kootenay to assemble in convention at Revelstoke on September 5th, for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest the constituency in the forthcoming Dominion general election and to such action as may insure the return of the nominee of the convention.

Representation in the convention will be on the basis of ten delegates for each provincial electoral district within the constituency of Yale-Cariboo. This division of representation will not preclude the attendance of as many bona fide Liberals as can be present.

In accordance with the call issued by the Revelstoke association, the Rossland body met last night and elected delegates and alternates to represent this constituency at the convention. Four delegates were chosen, and in addition there were six alternates appointed so that in case the Boundary or the Trail associations did not send their full quota the Rossland alternates would be able to supply their place. There was a resolution passed unanimously by the Rossland association, instructing its delegates to lose no effort to persuade the present member, Mr. Hewitt Postock, to again run for the constituency.

The names of the delegates appointed are Messrs. J. Martin, D. E. Kerr, H. Roy and R. W. Grigor. The alternates appointed are Messrs. Smith Curtis, A. J. McMillan, Wilson Pyper, A. C. Sinclair, C. E. Cornell and J. E. Saucier.

Arrangements have been made for reduced hotel and transportation rates, particulars of which may be ascertained by application to J. A. Smith, box 218, Revelstoke.

ANOTHER SCHOOL HOUSE.

Educational Department Will Erect a Commodious Structure.

It now seems certain that the school facilities are to be increased by the addition of an eight-room school house. Yesterday Mr. J. Honeyman received a telegram from Mr. F. C. Gamble, public works engineer, requesting him to forward the specifications for the plans for an eight-room school house, which he prepared and forwarded to the department in April last, so that tenders for construction might be called for. Mr. Honeyman immediately sent a reply to the effect that when he sent the plans that the specifications were with them. The original intention was to have built the school house on the lots owned by the school department on the corner of Kootenay avenue and Earl street, adjoining the present school. Considerable objections are made to this location for the reason that it is within a loop made by the tracks of the Columbia & Western railway. This compels the scholars who attend the school, to cross the tracks, and this is dangerous, and especially for the smaller children. Mr. Smith Curtis thought if the proper representations were made the department would purchase lots in another place. A new site has been recommended, and it is hoped that it will be purchased by the school department. In any event, the facilities of the schools of the city are to be increased by the addition of an eight-room school house.

Mr. James Wilson, superintendent of the western division of the Canadian Pacific telegraph lines with headquarters at Kamloops, has just returned from a trip through the Boundary country, and leaves today for the Slovan country.

Messrs. E. J. Roberts, H. A. Jackson and F. S. Forest of Spokane, are staying at the Allan.

Subscribe for The Rossland Miner.

AN EVENT IN PUGILISM.

Jim Fell Offers to Take a Very Large Contract.

The epidemic of pugilism that has been raging in Rossland during the past few weeks will reach a climax in a few days, if the challenge issued by Jim Fell yesterday is accepted. The Canadian heavyweight found his victorious bout with Bill Williams last Wednesday night so monotonous that he is desirous of engaging in a tussle with three opponents—"one down, 'tother come on"—but all at one and the same time. It only stipulates that no boots or shoes shall be worn, as the use of the pedal extremities will be allowed; four-ounce gloves and a rough and tumble fight. The dramatic personae will be very similar to that of Jerome's "Three Men in a Boat," even the dog being in evidence. But, instead of three men in a boat, it will be "three men in a scrimmage," with the dog thrown in. Fell's opponents (provided the contest comes off) are three well known characters in the city, being no less personages than Spud Murphy, weight 255 pounds; Jerry Spellman, weight 170 pounds, and Jerry's big dog, "Wag," which weighs 15 pounds. The only obstacle to the fight coming off is, we understand, the difficulty of raising a purse of \$500. Spud and Jerry declining to undergo the rigors of training for a less sum than \$250 each. They are magnanimous enough to allow Fell half the gate receipts and will pay for the cordials and stimulants required after the battle to restore the heavyweight champion to consciousness. Spud Murphy has no objection to training for 21 hours, as he is beginning to think that he is getting a trifle fat, while Jerry says that half that time will put him in trim to "fell" an ox. It has not been decided whether the dog shall wear gloves or fur mitts. This will be the greatest event in pugilistic circles ever seen in this city, and will certainly draw a full house. Spud says he and Jerry will only have to press the button; the dog will do the rest.

INCREASE IN MINERAL TAX.

The Rossland Stock Exchange Protests Against It.

The members of the Rossland stock exchange are opposed to the doubling of the mineral tax as proposed by the government. At a meeting Thursday last an address was made in length by the members. It was contended that the increase of the tax at the present time is impolitic. The mining industry is burdened all that it should be and is only just recovering from the effects of previous legislation. The piling on of these burdens on the mining industry tends to drive capital out of the country. It is an infant industry in the province and should be fostered by the government until it becomes strong and vigorous. The following resolution was adopted and the secretary was instructed to forward it by wire to the minister of mines at Victoria: Rossland stock exchange respectfully submit that any increase in taxation of mines is most undesirable at the present time, as tending to paralyze the industry which is only just recovering from the effects of previous legislation.

F. W. ROLT, President.

CHARLES E. BENN, Secretary.

Work on the Firehall.

The stone foundations of the firehall are about finished and the floor is now being laid. A start has been made with the sewer to the firehall which will join the main drain at Washington street. A water main, six-inch, will be laid at the same time.

DYSPEPSIA AND HEADACHE.

An Elderly Lady Tells of Her Cure Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After a Score of Other Remedies Had Failed.

Dyspepsia causes more genuine distress than most diseases that afflict mankind. In this country, from one cause or another, its victims are numbered by the hundreds of thousands, and those afflicted always feel tired, worn out and miserable, and are subject to fits of melancholy or ill temper without apparent cause. It is obvious that the human body, in order to perform its functions, must be properly nourished, and this cannot be done when the food is improperly digested. Those who suffer from indigestion should exercise care as to diet, and only easily digested foods should be taken. But more than this is required—the blood needs attention in order that the stomach may be strengthened, and the secretion of the gastric juices properly carried on. There is no other medicine offered the public that will act so promptly and effectively as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Proof of this is given in the case of Mrs. F. X. Dorr, of St. Sauveur, Que. In conversation with a reporter, Mrs. Dorr said: "For quite a number of years I have been a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia, accompanied by the headache that almost invariably comes with this trouble. I suffered from terrible pains in the stomach, bloating, belching wind. All food seemed to disagree with me, and as a result of the trouble, I was very much run down, and at times I was unable to do even light housework. I am sure I tried a score of different medicines, but without success, and as I am sixty years of age, I had come to believe that it was hopeless to expect a cure. A friend who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with good results, urged me to try this medicine, and my husband brought home a couple of boxes. Before they were finished I felt much better, and we then got another half dozen boxes, and these completely restored my health, and I now feel better than I have done for years, but actually feel younger. I very cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to similar sufferers."

If your dealer does not keep these pills they will be sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by address, sending Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets—Medical science by accident discovered the potency of the pineapple as a panacea for stomach troubles. The immense percentage of vegetable pepsin contained in the fruit makes it an almost indispensable remedy in cases of Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and the whole train of ailments that follow. One tablet after each meal will aid digestion and cure most chronic cases. 60 in a box, 35 cents. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

Subscribe for The Rossland Miner.

LICENSE AUTHORIZING AN EXTRA PROVINCIAL COMPANY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

"Companies' Act, 1897."

Canada: Province of British Columbia.

No. 187.

This is to certify that the "Rossland Great Western Mines, Limited," is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia and to carry out or effect any or all of the objects hereinafter set forth to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situated in England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is £500,000, divided into 100,000 shares of £5 each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situated in Rossland, and Bernard Macdonald, whose address is Rossland, B.C., is the attorney for the Company.

The objects for which the Company has been established are: (1) To search for, prospect, examine and explore mines and ground supposed to contain mineral, precious stones and metals, and to obtain information in regard to mines, mining claims, mining districts and localities; to purchase, take on lease or concession, or otherwise acquire for any interest therein, and to hold, sell, dispose of and deal with lands or hereditaments of any tenure, gold, silver, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, stony, coal or other mines, mining, water, timber and other rights, and generally any property supposed to contain minerals or precious stones of any kind and undertakings connected therewith, and to explore, work, exercise, develop, finance and turn to account the same:

(2) To search for, win, quarry, assay, crush, wash, dress, reduce, amalgamate, smelt, refine and prepare for market metallic ores and minerals, and precious stones, and for this purpose to buy or otherwise acquire buildings, plant, machinery, implements, appliances and tools; to buy, sell, manipulate, export and deal in ores, minerals and metals of all kinds and precious stones; and generally to institute, enter into, carry on, assist or participate in any mining and metallurgical operations and undertakings connected therewith.

(3) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, turn to account, dispose of and deal in real and personal property of all kinds, and in particular lands, buildings, hereditaments, business concerns and undertakings, mortgages, charges, annuities, patents, patent rights, copyrights, licenses, securities, grants, charters, concessions, leases, contracts, equipment, maintenance, improvement, working, management or control of works, undertakings and operations of all kinds, both public and private, and in particular roads, tramways, railways, telegraphs, telephones, cables, ships, lighters, harbors, piers, docks, quays, wharves, warehouses, bridges, viaducts, aqueducts, reservoirs, embankments, waterworks, water-races, canals, navigation, drainage, saw-mills, crushing mills, smelting works, iron, steel, ordnance, engineering and implement works, hydraulic works, gas and electric lighting, electrical works, power supply, quarries, collieries, coke ovens, foundries, furnaces, factories, carrying undertakings by land and water, fortifications, markets, exchanges, mints, public works, private buildings, newspapers and publications as establishments, breweries, wineries, distilleries, hotels, residences, stores, shops, and places of amusement, recreation or instruction, whether for the purposes of the Company or for sale or hire to or in return for any consideration from any other companies or persons:

(5) To undertake and carry on any business transaction or operation commonly known as a business, and to act as promoters of companies, bankers, underwriters, concessionaires, contractors for public and other works, capitalists or merchants, and to carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects of the Company, or which may be thought calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights:

(6) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, manipulate, exchange, turn to account, dispose of, and deal in agricultural, plantation, forestal, fishing and trading rights; and in all or any properties of farms, plantations, forests, fisheries, and the earth, including animals, birds, provisions, furs, skins, spirits, cotton, wool, silk, fibres, tobacco, coffee, tea, sugar, timber, rubber, oils, chemicals, explosives, drugs, dye-stuffs, nitrates, petroleum, bullion, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, coal, stone, and merchandise and commodities of all kinds, either for immediate or future delivery, and whether in a crude state or manufactured, or partly manufactured or otherwise; and to advance money at interest upon the security of all or any such products, merchandise and commodities, and to carry on business as merchants, importers and exporters:

(7) To transact and carry on all kinds of agency and commission business, and in particular to collect moneys, royalties, revenues, interest, rents and debts, to negotiate loans; to find investments; and to issue and place shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or securities:

(8) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of and deal in shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or obligations of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise:

(9) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and securities of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, or of any persons whomsoever, whether corporate or unincorporated:

(10) To guarantee the title to or quiet enjoyment of property, either absolutely or subject to any qualifications or conditions, and to guarantee companies or per-

LICENSE AUTHORIZING AN EXTRA PROVINCIAL COMPANY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

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(5) To undertake and carry on any business transaction or operation commonly known as a business, and to act as promoters of companies, bankers, underwriters, concessionaires, contractors for public and other works, capitalists or merchants, and to carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects of the Company, or which may be thought calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights:

(6) To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, manipulate, exchange, turn to account, dispose of, and deal in agricultural, plantation, forestal, fishing and trading rights; and in all or any properties of farms, plantations, forests, fisheries, and the earth, including animals, birds, provisions, furs, skins, spirits, cotton, wool, silk, fibres, tobacco, coffee, tea, sugar, timber, rubber, oils, chemicals, explosives, drugs, dye-stuffs, nitrates, petroleum, bullion, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, coal, stone, and merchandise and commodities of all kinds, either for immediate or future delivery, and whether in a crude state or manufactured, or partly manufactured or otherwise; and to advance money at interest upon the security of all or any such products, merchandise and commodities, and to carry on business as merchants, importers and exporters:

(7) To transact and carry on all kinds of agency and commission business, and in particular to collect moneys, royalties, revenues, interest, rents and debts, to negotiate loans; to find investments; and to issue and place shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or securities:

(8) To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of and deal in shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or obligations of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise:

(9) To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and securities of any company, whether British, Colonial or Foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, or of any persons whomsoever, whether corporate or unincorporated:

(10) To guarantee the title to or quiet enjoyment of property, either absolutely or subject to any qualifications or conditions, and to guarantee companies or per-

sons interested or about to become interested in any property against any loss, actions, proceedings, claims or demands in respect of any insufficiency or imperfection or deficiency of title, or in respect of any incumbrances, burdens, or outstanding rights:

(11) To furnish and provide deposits and guarantee funds required in relation to any tender or application for any contract, concession, decree, enactment, property or privilege, or in relation to the carrying out of any contract, concession, decree or enactment:

(12) Generally to carry on and transact every kind of guarantee business and indemnity business, and to undertake obligations of every kind and description, and also to undertake and execute trusts of all kinds:

(13) To receive moneys, securities and valuables of all kinds on deposit, at interest or otherwise, or for safe custody, and generally to carry on the business of a safe deposit company:

(14) To lend money to such parties and on such terms, with or without security, as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company; and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of or companies having dealings with the Company; and to draw, accept, endorse, discount, issue, buy, sell and deal in bills of exchange, promissory notes, drafts, bills of lading, coupons, warrants, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and to buy, sell and deal in bullion, specie and coin:

(15) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money for the purposes of the Company, in such manner and upon such terms as may seem expedient, and to secure the repayment or payment thereof by redeemable or irredeemable bonds, debentures or debenture stock (such bonds, debentures and debenture stock being made payable to bearer or otherwise, and issuable or payable either at par or at a premium or discount), or by mortgages, script certificates, bills of exchange or promissory notes, or by any other instrument or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes to charge all or any part of the property of the Company, both present and future, including its uncalled capital, and to allot the shares of the Company, credited as fully or partly paid up, or bonds, debentures or debenture stock issued by the company, as the whole or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or any valuable consideration:

(16) To make donations to such persons and in such cases, and either of cash or other assets, as may be thought directly or indirectly conducive to any of the Company's objects or otherwise expedient; and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general or other object:

(17) To enter into any arrangement with any Government or authorities, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such Government or authority any rights, concessions, charters and privileges which may be thought conducive to the Company's objects or any of them:

(18) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property, or goodwill and liabilities of any company, corporation, society, partnership, or persons carrying on or about to carry on any business in which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which is in any respect similar to the objects of this Company, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, or possessed of property deemed suitable for the purposes of this Company, and to enter into partnership or into any arrangement with respect to the sharing of profits, union of interests, or amalgamation, reciprocal concession, or co-operation either in whole or in part, with any such company, corporation, society, partnership, or persons:

(19) To dispose of, by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, forfeiture, or otherwise, absolutely, conditionally, or for any limited interest, all or any part of the undertaking, property, rights, or privileges of the Company, as a going concern or otherwise, to any public body, company, society, or association, or to any person or persons for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for any stocks, shares, debentures, debenture stock or securities, or property of any other company:

(20) To promote or form, or assist in the promotion or formation of any other company or companies, either for the purpose of acquiring, working, or otherwise dealing with all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of this Company, or of effecting any modification of this or any other property, with power to assist such company or companies by paying or contributing towards the preliminary expenses, or providing the whole or part of the capital thereof, or by taking or subscribing for shares, preferred, ordinary, or deferred, therein, or by lending money thereto, upon debentures or otherwise; and further, to pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses of and incidental to the formation, registration, advertising, and establishment of this or any other company, and to the issue and subscription of the share or loan capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for, or placing or guaranteeing the placing of, the shares, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of this or any other company; and also all expenses attending the issue of any circular or notice, or the printing, stamping, and circulating of proxies or forms to be filled up by the shareholders of this, or connected with this or any other company; and to undertake the management and secretarial or other duties, and business of any company, on such terms as may be determined:

(21) To obtain, or in any way assist in obtaining, any Provisional Order or Act of Parliament, or other necessary authority, for enabling this or any other company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of this or any other company's constitution; to procure this or any other company to be legalised, registered, or incorporated, if necessary, in accordance with the laws of any country or state in which it may, or may propose to, carry on operations; to open and keep a colonial or foreign register or registers of this or any other company in any British colony or dependency, or in any foreign country, and to allocate any number of the shares in this or any other company to such register or registers:

(22) To give the call of shares and to confer any preferential or special right to the allotment of shares, on such terms and in such manner as may seem ex-

pedient:

(23) To distribute any of the property or assets of the Company among the members in specie, or otherwise:

(24) To do all or any of the above things in any part of the globe, either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees, or otherwise, with power to appoint a trustee or trustees, personal or corporate, to hold any property on behalf of the Company, and to allow any property to remain outstanding in such trustee or trustees:

(25) To do all such other things as are incidental or may be thought conducive to the attainment of the above objects, or any of them, and so that the word "Company" in this Memorandum shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or incorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this Memorandum shall, save as herein otherwise expressed, be regarded as independent objects, and accordingly shall be in nowise limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph) by reference to the objects indicated in any other paragraph, or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and simple a manner, and construed in as wide a sense, as if each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a separate distinct, and independent company:

THURSDAY, August 30, 1900

News from the Boundary

ALL SHARES BOUGHT.

Delinquent Morrison Stock Eagerly Picked Up.

Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 22.—(Special).—At the sale of Morrison stock... Out of 350,000 odd shares originally advertised for sale...

praise were heard on every hand, and Mr. Graves came in for a large share of the congratulations.

THE PYRITIC SMELTER.

Exact Location Has at Last Been Chosen.

Greenwood, B.C., Aug. 25.—(Special).—The past week has been a most important one in the history of the Boundary Creek district...

BOARD OF TRADE.

Greenwood, Aug. 22.—(Special).—A special meeting of the council of the board of trade was held today to consider a request from Nelson to co-operate with the boards at Kaslo, Roseland and Nelson in protesting against the proposed increase of tax...

A BIG STOCK SALE.

Fred Oliver Buys Heavily Into the Morrison. Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 22.—(Special).—Of the 86,656 shares of delinquent Morrison stock offered for sale here yesterday...

Visitors at Greenwood.

Greenwood, Aug. 22.—(Special).—Tonight's train from the East brought in James Penulana, M. E., of London, England...

VISITED GRAND FORKS.

Greenwood Sunday School Excursion Largely Attended. Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 21.—(Special).—The Presbyterian Sunday school picnic to Grand Forks today was most successful.

VISITING THE MINE.

Many Prominent Operators Are at Greenwood.

Greenwood, Aug. 23.—(Special).—Today's arrivals included a prominent party of English capitalists interested in the Snowshoe mine in Greenwood camp.

Other mining men here are Prof. S. F. Emmons, of Washington, D. C., one of the most noted geologists on the continent.

At the Imperial hotel are F. M. Jodon, of Portland, Ore., a mining engineer, who is said to represent F. Aug. Heinz...

Greenwood, Aug. 24.—(Special).—J. Wilson, of Vancouver, superintendent of the C. P. R. telegraph service, returned here this evening from a hurried visit to Kimberley camp.

Organizing a Branch. Greenwood, Aug. 25.—(Special).—S. H. Smith, of Toronto, inspector of the Equitable Savings, Loan and Building Association...

BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS. Satisfactory Returns from the Buckhorn Ore Treatment.

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GOVERNMENT INSPECTION. Cause of the Delay of the C. P. R. in Giving Midway Service.

Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 25.—(Special).—H. J. Forde, of Winnipeg, Dominion government inspector of railways, arrived here today to inspect the balance of the main line of the Columbia & Western between here and Midway...

HAS FIFTEEN EMPLOYEES. Greenwood's New Steam Laundry in Successful Operation.

Greenwood, Aug. 24.—(Special).—Among the recent industries just started here is the Greenwood steam laundry. Today the correspondent of the Miner visited the laundry which is established at the corner of Government and Providence streets.

WENT TO GRAND FORKS. Greenwood Odd Fellows Help Install a New Lodge.

Greenwood, Aug. 23.—(Special).—About 20 members of Boundary Valley Lodge No. 38, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, on today's train for Grand Forks.

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STOCK DEALINGS.

Miners at Phoenix Buying Shares in the Knob Hill.

Greenwood, Aug. 24.—(Special).—L. C. Crawford, the mining broker, was down from Phoenix today and was feeling quite jubilant over the revival of the stock market.

Visited Kimberley Camp. J. Wilson, of Vancouver, Will Develop the Volunteer.

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Atlantic S.S. Lines

From Montreal. Sept. 8. Allan Line—Nunidia. Sept. 15. Dominion Line—Cambrian. Sept. 1. Dominion Line—Vancouver. Sept. 15. Beaver Line—Louisiana. Sept. 7. Beaver Line—Lake Champlain. Sept. 14. From New York. White Star Line—Oceanic. Sept. 5. White Star Line—Teutonic. Sept. 12. Cunard Line—Umbria. Sept. 12. Cunard Line—Campania. Sept. 8. American Line—St. Paul. Sept. 8. American Line—St. Louis. Sept. 12. Red Star Line—Southwest. Sept. 5. North German Lloyd Line—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Sept. 4. North German Lloyd Line—Lahn. Sept. 11. Anchor Line—Pampania. Sept. 1. Anchor Line—City of Rome. Sept. 8. Allan State Line—State of Nebraska. Sept. 8. Cunard Line—Ivernia. Sept. 8.

THE MILWAUKEE

A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the Great Railway running the "Pioneer Limited" trains every day and night between St. Paul and Chicago, and Omaha and Chicago.

O.R. & N.

THE ONLY LINE EAST VIA SALT LAKE AND DENVER. TWO TRAINS DAILY. SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE.

Table with columns: Leaves, Spokane Time Schedule, Arrives. Lists routes and times for various destinations like Portland, Seattle, and Vancouver.

Steamer Lines. San Francisco-Portland Route. STEAMSHIP SAILINGS FROM ASTORIA.

MONTHLY SAILINGS BETWEEN PORTLAND AND the principal ports of China and Japan under the direction of Dowell, Carrill & Co., general agents.

Snake River Route. Steamers between Riparian and Lewiston leave Riparian Aug. 10 and 12, and alternate days, at 5:40 a. m., returning leave Lewiston Aug. 11-13 and alternate days at 7 p. m.

Operating Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company. Limited. Kaslo & Slocan Railway-International Navigation & Trading Company.

LARDO-DUNCAN DIVISION. Steamer Argenta leaves Kaslo Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 a. m. for the head of navigation on the Upper Duncan River.

North Coast Limited. E. W. RUFF, Agt. R. M. Ry. Roseland, B. C. J. W. HILL, General Agent, Spokane, Wash. A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, Portland, Oregon.

Canadian Pacific Nav. Co

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 51-Taking Effect June 15th, 1900. Victoria to Vancouver-Daily, except Monday, at 7 a. m. Vancouver to Victoria-Daily at 1:30 o'clock p. m., or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate points, via Vancouver, every Saturday at 11 p. m.



Four Fine Fast Trains Each Way Minneapolis and St. Paul Chicago and Milwaukee EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

THE "North-Western Limited" steam heated, electric lighted, with electric berth lights, compartment sleepers, buffet library cars, and free chair cars is absolutely the finest train in the world.



NONE BETTER SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS PALACE DINING and OBSERVATION CARS-NEALS LA CARTE. Direct connection at St. Paul, without change of depot, with all trains for Chicago, Toronto, Montreal, New York and all points west and south.

During the season of navigation East bound trains connect at Duluth with the magnificent steamships North-West and Northland, of the Northern Steamship Company line operated in connection with the Great Northern Railway.

Spokane Falls & Northern RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY. The only all-rail route between all points east, west and south to Roseland, Nelson and all intermediate points; connecting at Spokane with the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and O. R. & N. Co.

Table with columns: Leave, Day Train, Arrive. Lists train schedules for various routes and times.

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including fragments like 'y of the property', 'August 30, 1900', and 'ACTURED BY'.

News from the Boundary

IN WELLINGTON CAMP.

Rich Showing on Evening Star—Strike on Winnipeg.

Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 26.—(Special).—By the bonding of the Evening Star and Silby for \$45,000 by Andrew Laidlaw attention has been directed to the possibilities of south Wellington camp.

The nature of the development is surface trenching and shallow prospecting shafts. The ore body is fully 100 feet in width between the formation of line on the west and porphyry on the east.

While in Wellington camp the respondent paid a hundred visits to the Winnipeg mine. He was shown over the underground workings by Mr. N. Tregear, the superintendent.

Ore is also being taken out from what is known as the "railroad vein." The workings are at a depth of 35 feet. Carload shipments from this vein netted the company \$17.50.

On the adjoining property the Brandon & Golden Crown, the correspondent was informed that the south crosscut at the 300-foot level encountered an excellent vein in width.

On the War Eagle, in Greenwood camp, sinking on the east vein in the old shaft is still in progress.

GREENWOOD PERSONALS. Greenwood, Aug. 27.—(Special).—M. L. Sorrigier and George W. Raibhel, of Chicago, representing capital for investment in Boundary mines, are here looking over the district.

MOLSON'S CELEBRATION. Big Crowd Expected There on Labor Day. Molson, Wash., Aug. 27.—(Special).—Labor Day, Sept. 3, will be a red letter day for this town, as also for the Myer's creek district.

THE STOCK REVIEW

A More Hopeful Feeling Permeates the Market.

SALES OF WEEK 92,200 SHARES

The Brokers Feel Certain That a Better Market is Not Far Off—Some of the Shares are Showing Slight Advances in Prices—Other Notes.

What has been long looked for by the stock brokers and investors for many months, the resumption of shipments by the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate properties, will soon begin.

At the present time 20 men are employed on the property. Most of these are tramway men, and the balance are miners, working on a new tunnel which has been planned to crosscut the vein at the 500-foot level.

TOO MUCH LAW. City of Greenwood Has to Face Law Suits for Damages.

Greenwood, Aug. 27.—(Special).—Owing to the absence of the Mayor and two aldermen there was barely a quorum present at tonight's meeting of the city council.

There is an unexpected hitch in the Smelter Negotiations. There is an unexpected delay in the consummation of the arrangements as to a smelter site which are in progress between the War Eagle and Centre Star and the C. P. R. smelter at Trail.

MINING BREVITIES. Greenwood, B. C., Aug. 28.—(Special). The shaft on the Arlington-Burns group, Deadwood camp, has reached a depth of 42 feet.

CAPE NOME Miners are Being Returned at the Government's Expense. Seattle, Wash., Aug. 28.—United States army transport Lawton arrived this evening from Nome with 220 passengers, two-thirds of whom are destitute miners returned at the expense of the government.

Star, 4000 at 8 1/2c; Princess Maud, 2c.

Wednesday's Sales. Giant, 5000 at 2 1/4c, 5000 at 2 1/2c, 5000 at 2 1/2c; Tamarac, 1000 at 5c; Rambler-Cariboo, 1000 at 2c; Evening Star, 5000 at 8 1/2c, 1000 at 8 1/2c.

Table with columns: Name, Price, and other details for various mining stocks like Athabasca, B. C. Gold Fields, Big Three, etc.

J. L. WHITNEY & Co Mining Brokers.

Mining Properties Bought and Sold. Up-to-date regarding all stocks in British Columbia and Washington.

Work on the Molly Gibson. Active operations are again being commenced at the Molly Gibson mine under the direction of Superintendent Norman Carmichael.

At the present time 20 men are employed on the property. Most of these are tramway men, and the balance are miners, working on a new tunnel which has been planned to crosscut the vein at the 500-foot level.

MINERAL TAX

Kootenay is Being Milked too Much—Green's Petition—The Fraser Coal.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 24.—(Special).—On the increase of the mineral tax Curtis made a strong attack upon the government policy. Kootenay was, he claimed, being milked too much.

THE WAR EAGLE.

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TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The Matches Have Now Approached Their Final Stages. Two events were played off yesterday afternoon, the final mixed doubles and one of the semi-finals in the handicap singles.

UMATILLA MINING COMPANY.

It is Expected That It Will Resume Work on Its Properties. The annual statutory meeting of the Umatilla Gold Mining company was held in the office of the secretary, Prof. F. R. Blochberger in the Bank of Montreal building recently in order to elect its officers for the ensuing year.

of a misunderstanding between the British Columbia and Washington stockholders. Mr. Blochberger settled the differences and reorganized the company into a British Columbia corporation.

ANOTHER EFFORT

Garçon of Vancouver Brings up Again the Kettle River Railway Bill.

Victoria, Aug. 24.—(Special).—Garden, senior member for Vancouver, today, on a technicality, secured the restoration of the Grand Forks and Kettle River bill. This is J. E. Stratton's enterprise, and a strenuous fight will be made to secure its passage.

THROWN OUT

Kettle River Railway Charter Disallowed—Stevenson Strike.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 23.—(Special).—Grand Forks and Kettle River Railway charter was thrown out of the legislature last night on a midnight division.

THE SIMILKAMEEN.

The Bonding of the Princess May—Some Interesting Strikes.

R. Stevenson is jubilant over a recent assay of ore from the Jubilee claim, on Copper Mountain. The returns show a value of \$104 in copper and gold.

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THE LE ROI ACCIDENT.

Brother-in-law of the Deceased, Daniel Caldwell, Arrives in Town. Mr. Frank L. Todd, the brother-in-law of the unfortunate miner, Daniel Caldwell, who lost his life in the Le Roi mine on the seventh level in the beginning of this month, has arrived in the city from his home in Cameron, West Virginia.

FROM OTHER CAMPS

(Continued from Page 1.)

The crosscut to the south at the 300-foot level of the Golden Crown, also in Wellington camp, lately passed through a fine vein of ore seven to eight feet in width and carrying good values. This is regarded as the most satisfactory development that has yet taken place in the mine since it demonstrates that the ore in which two stopes have been worked at the 100-foot level with excellent results during the past few months, lives down to the 300-foot level and still going down strongly.

Manager Frank Sears, of the Earthquake group, is feeling very much elated over the fine showing being made on that property by the development now being done. Two shifts are now at work in the shaft, which is now down 65 feet on the new lead and constant increase in the value of the mineral is noticeable.

A wine is being sunk on the first vein in the crosscut north from the shaft at the 300-foot level of the Winnipeg mine, Wellington. Although but little depth has yet been gained in the wine, the vein has already widened from two to four feet of good looking ore. A car load is being shipped to Trail to ascertain its value.

There seems to be a little kamloops district, entirely not quite so marketable summer. A local prospector is setting down the Lardreau district more rapidly to the railroad through the area is hoped will be put to rest. A big find is in Chicago. In East Kootenay to the rapid progress North Star and St. E. many other properties hopes are being entered show of reasonableness. Shipments of about a week's shipment of 3.5 a camp that is practicing reports of its mines showing is reported in

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