

The Mildmay Gazette

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, APRIL 26th, 1917

J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 In Advance.

MILLINERY...

If you will favor us with a call when contemplating to buy your new hat, we will be pleased to show and offer you Millinery that meets the requirements of Good Taste in Dress.

Our efforts do not stop at a sale, but we aim always to please and satisfy each and every one of our customers.

Prices very reasonable.

MISS SCHURTER.

Butter and Eggs taken same as Cash.

M. FINGER Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

Morning Train, southbound.....	7.17
Mail Train, northbound.....	11.09
Afternoon Train, southbound.....	3.35
Night Train, northbound.....	8.54

NEWS of the WEEK

Items of Interest to Everybody.

Bring us your butter and eggs and get cash for same. Weiler Bros.

Editor Widmeyer of the Aytoun Advance was in town on Saturday.

Rev. Mr. Currie of Mt. Forest will preach in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday afternoon.

Now is the time to put in your stock of flour, sugar, tea etc. We can save you a few dollars. Weiler Bros.

Rev. J. W. Cosens of Walkerton will conduct sacrament service in the Methodist Church on Sunday morning.

Mr. A. W. Kappheim of Hamilton attended the funeral of his grandfather, the late Mr. Louis Braun, last Friday.

Dog Lost—Young collie dog, answers to name "Pup". Finder will be rewarded by returning dog to Jos. L. Meyer at Ambleside.

A Cameo brooch was lost in the Evangelical church, Mildmay, on Sunday evening, April 22. Finder will kindly leave the same at this office.

Gunners B. B. Patten and Clarence Sieling of Mildmay, who have trained in England since last fall, have been transferred to France, and expect to engage in active service very soon.

Chas. E. Wendt's many friends here will be pleased to learn that he has been promoted to the rank of Corporal, and is now in charge of the bombing section of No. 2 Platoon, "A" Company, of the 160th.

Dr. W. P. Caven of Toronto was here on Monday in consultation with Dr. J. A. Wilson, in connection with Mr. John Hunstein's serious illness. Dr. Caven is Senior Professor in the Toronto Medical College.

The members of the Y. P. A. of the Evangelical Church assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Schuett on Tuesday evening, and presented Miss Marie Bilger with a handsome clock, the occasion being the eve of Miss Bilger's marriage.

The funeral of the late Louis Braun was held here last Friday morning, at which a large number of his old friends and neighbors were present. The remains were laid to rest in the Mildmay Evangelical cemetery, Rev. G. Burn of Hamilton conducting the funeral service.

Peter Ruetz of the 4th concession has a hen that has been doing her bit for the Empire this spring. During the past couple of weeks Mr. Ruetz has gathered seven eggs, each of which has measured 6x7½ inches. He has good reasons to believe that this is the accomplishment of one hen. The thrift and production campaign has surely started.

Married at Guelph.

A quiet wedding took place on Easter Monday, 9th inst., at the home of the bride's parents at Guelph, when Miss Pearl Robertson was united in marriage to Mr. Roy Schnurr, formerly teller in the Metropolitan Bank in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Schnurr have taken up residence in Toronto where he has a good position with the Goodyear Rubber Co.

Came Through the Somme.

Mr. G. Lambert this week received a letter from Lieut. (Rev.) W. A. Wilkinson, formerly pastor of the Mildmay Methodist church. Lieut. Wilkinson evidently saw most of the furious fighting of the Somme, which was declared to be the greatest struggle in the world's history, as he spent seventy-seven days in the trenches during that big campaign. He was well and happy and has escaped so far without any serious injury. His many friends here will rejoice to learn of this news.

No Collector for Normanby.

Normanby Tp. has dispensed with the services of a collector. Tax notices are mailed by the Clerk who is paid \$25 extra for his services and the ratepayers pay their taxes into a chartered bank and the bank receipts the bills. For the last 10 years there has not been a dollar returned to the county treasurer against lands in Normanby and the new system of having no collector is being tried as an experiment for 1917. The Tp. account is kept in the Royal Bank at Aytoun and there are also branches of this bank in Hanover, Durham, Mr. Forest and Clifford and a branch of the Bank of Hamilton in Neustadt.

Death of Gearance Pomeroy.

The death of Mr. Gearance Pomeroy of Carrick took place on Monday evening of this week after an illness extending to a period of several years. Mr. Pomeroy had been a sufferer with heart trouble and Bright's disease, and although he rallied about a year ago, and was able to his work, the improvement proved to be only temporary, and three weeks ago he was taken very ill again, and all that skilled medical aid could do proved of no avail. Deceased was born 57 years ago, and spent a great part of his life in this township. The funeral which took place (probably on Friday afternoon) to the Clifford cemetery. He leaves a widow and a large family to mourn his decease.

Hymenal.

A quiet wedding took place yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Bilger, when their eldest daughter, Miss Marie, was united in matrimony to Mr. Wesley Johnston of Kitchener. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. J. S. Burn of Mildmay. The bride who was unattended, was handsomely attired in a becoming nigger brown suit, with hat to match. Those present at the ceremony were—Mr. and Mrs. Johnston and Aileen Johnston of Kitchener, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bilger, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Schuett and Rev. J. S. and Mrs. Burn. The happy young couple left on the afternoon train on a wedding trip to Toronto and Hamilton, and on their return will take up residence at Kitchener.

Chaplain's Wife Drowned.

Shock, caused by her immersion in the icy waters of Kincardine harbor, caused the death of Mrs. William C. Minifie, wife of Capt. Dr. C. Minifie, late chaplain to the British army and who for some time has been touring Canada in the interests of the Belgian and French war sufferers. Three hours work by local doctors succeeded in resuscitating her husband, who leaped from the north pier to his wife's assistance, when she toppled over into the water shortly afternoon on Tuesday. Capt. and Mrs. Minifie were walking on the dock, when Mrs. Minifie's veil became unfastened. In attempting to recover it, her hat blew off. Capt. Minifie made an ineffectual attempt to rescue the hat before it was blown in the lake, and as he turned was horrified to see his wife fall over the side of the pier into the water. Pulling off only his gaiters and hat the captain in his heavy clothes, dove to his wife's assistance. He grasped her body and brought it to the side of the dock. Frank Tyler, who was on the dock, witnessed the accident and ran with a rope which held Dr. and Mrs. Minifie up until further assistance could be secured. When Mrs. Minifie was taken from the water, life was extinct. Dr. Minifie was rushed to a nearby residence, and after many hours work was resuscitated. He is now in Kincardine General Hospital, and is doing as well as can be expected. It is surmised that she fell over a pier in a fainting spell. For two years Dr. Minifie was a chaplain with the British forces at the front, and left that work to come to Canada in the interests of the war sufferers of France and Belgium. Capt. Minifie gave two addresses at Mildmay a short time ago.

Market Prices.

Wheat \$2.00 per bus; Oats 65c; Peas \$2 to \$2.10; Barley 90.

Bought Cement Mixer.

George Horst, who has been working at Breslau during the past winter, has returned to Mildmay and will go into concrete contracting this summer. He has purchased a good power, which arrived on Monday. He starts this week on the construction of a garage for Kolpin & Ermel at Walkerton.

A Fine Invention.

Mr. David J. Weber has just finished a very valuable invention in the shape of an electric incubator. By the use of a couple of electric light bulbs the eggs are kept at a nice warm temperature, and if the thermometer raises to an unhealthy degree, the current is shut off automatically by a gauge attached to the apparatus. Those who have seen the new invention declare that it is a wonder.

Baseball League Formed.

Mr. Alfred Weiler was at Neustadt on Monday evening, attending a meeting called to organize a baseball league. Four clubs were represented, namely, Aytoun, Moltke, Neustadt, and Mildmay, and it was decided to form a league with the following officers:—Hon. President—J. A. Johnston, Mildmay; President—C. Derbecker, Neustadt; Sec. Treas.—Chas. Wagner; Executive Committee—Messrs. Bantz, Weiler, and Moore. A meeting will be held at Mildmay on Friday evening to arrange a schedule of dates for the season's games.

Unfortunate Accident.

Mr. Gideon Schneider was the victim of a very serious and painful accident on Monday morning of this week. He was assisting Urban Schmidt to unload a shipment of feed, and while carrying a bag on his shoulder from the wagon to the warehouse, he lost his balance and fell off the plank walk to the sidewalk. He fell on his knee, and injured it so badly that he was unable to rise. He suffered intense agony until the arrival of the doctor, when he was conveyed to his home on a stretcher. The doctor found that Mr. Schneider's knee cap had been fractured and badly displaced by the fall. The fracture is a very serious one, and it will be a few months before Mr. Schneider will be able to walk again.

Anonymous Letter Writer Caught.

About two years ago a prominent and respected citizen of this town received an unsigned letter, which contained certain statements reflecting upon the character of his wife and daughter. The recipient of the letter naturally felt very indignant over being the victim of such a detestable, cowardly attack, resolved to discover the writer of the missive, if at all possible. The letter contained quite a number of slang phrases, and he adopted the plan of listening carefully to the speech of each person with whom he came into contact, for the purpose of detecting who employed that class of conversation. It was a long, tedious task, made more so by the writer having taken the precaution to hide her identity but eventually the persistent efforts of the amateur detective were rewarded. The person toward whom his suspicion finally became directed, was engaged in conversation as frequently as possible, and finally a specimen of her handwriting was secured. This specimen, together with the offensive letter, were sent to a handwriting expert at Toronto, and in due time back came the report that the two were written by the same hand. Armed with this evidence, the injured party personally charged the suspect with the offence, but the charge was denied with such vehemence that the matter was dropped for a little time. But the sense of injury he had sustained would not down, and the aggrieved party finally employed a detective, who arrived in town on Monday, and called to interview the person on whom suspicion rested. She (for the party is a female) again protested her innocence, calling upon her Maker to witness that she was telling the truth, but the detective was not to be put off in this manner and after considerable pressure the miserably creature finally gave in and confessed to writing the letter, and signed a written confession. She told the detective that she had no personal spite against the family whose name she had blackened, and could not tell what prompted her to pen the venomous missive. In the meantime, the case is not being prosecuted, but this may follow soon. We learn that there has been a good deal of this work going on in this village and vicinity during the past number of years, and the guilty ones would do well to mend their ways at once. We are glad that the perpetrator of this cowardly act was discovered, as these attacks whom she directed her poisonous attack are eminently respectable people.

Letter from the Battlefront.

France, Mar. 27, 1917.

Editor Gazette:—

Sitting on the edge of what I term my bed, feeling rather lonely and somewhat fatigued, thinking of all the folks down home who sometimes think of me, it struck me rather forcibly that a little letter to the Gazette would not be amiss. I do not suppose it is going to be an interesting, instructive or intelligent compilation, but at least it will intimate to you that I am still well and doing my bit.

Here in my little dugout, rudely but solidly constructed, though its appearance is somewhat rustic, an old, large sized oil drum, plentifully perforated, placed near me, is doing duty as a stove. The fuel I gathered this morning in a place which was "No man's land" not so very long ago; at all events my little domicile, though of rough and rugged appearance, my home made stove which emits more smoke than heat, at least shelters me from the cold, wind, rain and snow, which is and has been falling in abundance during the past fortnight.

Close by my side I have a parcel and a letter—just think of it! a parcel and a letter from my dear mother. Dear reader, can you imagine what that means? "Dear Mother", thousands of miles away, living under these circumstances, with the shells screaming overhead, the constant rattle and prattle of machine gun fire, the eternal booming of our heavies, the whizz bang batteries hurling their death dealing missiles at the treacherous Hun. I ask you again, can you imagine how fortunate I am this night. I can see my darling mother sitting in her favorite old squeaking rocking chair, with her old fashioned spectacles perched on her nose, true enough I can almost hear the steady and persistent clanking of the shining knitting needles she used in knitting those soft, velvety-like woolen socks which were also contained in the parcel. Lucky dog—nice dry socks for morning. My favorite brand in cigarette is Players—well this same parcel contained a plentiful supply and some real Canadian made chocolate. No one but a mother can tell what her boy prefers.

Now I might ask right here, who would not suffer all these discomforts and trials to fight for a country which gives support, happiness and health to women like that. Look back at what happened to Belgium. In all probability the same plight might have befallen Canada had not the ruthless Hun been checked in his ravaging, murderous wanderings when things were going his way if by chance any of the boys have not enrolled, let them do so at once. We have the Bosch on the hump, so come along and help to keep him humping until we drive him right to Berlin, where it will be the bump-a-de-bumps for the Kaiser and his flat-headed gang. You will pardon me, dear reader, for allowing my sentimental nature to get beyond control in the preceding part of this letter, but, honest, I just had to write precisely as I felt.

My domicile is shared by two others, one of whom hails from Lethbridge, Alta. and is intimately acquainted with the Schweitzer boys. Whenever we feel that the inner man is getting uneasy he constantly remarks "if we only had Schweitzer's cake and bread shop here." Owing to the fact that my illuminating plant, (a small candle) is about "napoo", (that being the Belgian word for finish), the machine guns singing their nightly lullaby, the fire smouldering, the fuel exhausted, I will retire. Soon I will be in a comatose condition, pleasantly dreaming of dear old Mildmay, and on the morrow if time and circumstances permit I will continue this letter.

Mar. 28, 9.30 p.m.—Yes, dear readers, everything is well, and I can continue, although at a very cruel hour this a.m. I was rudely awakened by two of Fritz's shells exploding in very close proximity to my dugout, just so close that the vibration caused a portion of the side of my house to fall in, partly covering my poor bed, but I set to work and cleaned it away, and I think there is still a lot of good honest sleep left in that same hard dirty little bed. It's been interred before, still I found it contained a lot of refreshing slumber. The explosion also scattered the earth in sufficient quantities to fill my stove pipe, or rather a hole in the roof which merely acts as a stove pipe. This I also speedily remedied.

As a general rule I am quite content with my lot, but for the life of me, I cannot see the philosophy of trying to wreck my happy little home. This letter, I can plainly see, will be ended right here, for the other occupants have arrived and seem quite happy and in a musical frame of mind. Hark! they have burst forth in song, so it's all off now. Wishing you and your readers all prosperity and happiness, I remain, your old friend.

Gr. A. W. HINSBROER.

The Evangelical Conference.

The annual Conference of the Evangelical Association, which opened here on Tuesday of last week, came to a close on Monday evening, when the report of the stationing committee was read. The Conference held its business sessions during the day, the evenings being devoted to public worship.

The most important item of business before this Conference session was the newly proposed Presiding Eldership plan. The standing committee submitted a report, recommending seven Presiding Elders who shall be given an appointment and supervise a small district. The plan was to station all the ministers and then elect a Presiding Elder from each district. The proposed system caused an interesting discussion. Some argued that we should adopt the new scheme. Others argued that we would become involved in difficulties. Because the Conference was so divided as to the merits and demerits of this vital question, it was decided that we submit the proposed plan to a committee, who shall place the scheme before the Board of Bishops and report at next annual Conference. Thus, for another year we remain with the present system of three Elders, who were stationed upon the same districts that they served during the past year.

All the week night services were largely attended, and on Sunday the church was literally jammed at all the services. Bishop Breyfogel, preached a German sermon in the morning. In the afternoon the ordination of five students took place, after which a stirring missionary address was given by Rev. Mr. Wiener, chairman of the Conference Mission Board. In the evening Bishop Breyfogel again occupied the pulpit and delivered one of the most eloquent orations ever listened to in that church. The Bishop is a remarkably able man, and his kindly and courteous manner made him many warm friends. The missionary collections and pledges on Sunday amounted to \$3152.

The Conference formally closed on Monday evening with the singing of "God Save the King," and the National Anthem of the United States.

The following is a list of the appointments—Aldboro, J C Morlock; Arrprior, L Wittich; Kitchener, J P Hauch; A Y Haist; Blenheim, N R Ernst; Campden, W Drier; Fullarton, J A Schmitt (charge of Sebringville); Gainsboro, A F Stoltz; Golden Lake and Killaloe Mission, W S Henrich and E H Dorsch; Hamilton, A E Pletsch; Hespeler, A T Nash; Milverton, E H Bean; Morrison, to be supplied; New Hamburg, W O Hehn; Niagara, H A Keller; and J D Fanner; North East Hope N H Reibling; Pembroke, J W Sippell; Rainham, G L Gross and J B Dendis; Rainham, L H Pletsch; Sebringville, W E Beese; South East Hope, C R Kauth; Tavistock, A D Gischler; Toronto, W J Zimmerman; Bridgeport, S R Knechtel; Chesley, S M Hauch; Crediton, E D Becker; Dashwood, F Meyer; Elmira, G F Braun; Elmwood, O G Hallman; Hanover, A W Sauer; Listowel, H H Leibold; Maitland, W A Campbell; Mildmay, J S Burn; Normanby, S E Schradler; Parry Sound, S Schlotzhauer; Port Elgin, E M Gischler; St. Jacobs, M L Wing; Stratford, W J Yaeger; Walkerton, J H Grenzbach; Waterloo, Emil Burn; Wallace, D H Brand; Zurich, F B Meyer; Beausejour and Morris, E Schroeder; Disbury, L P Amacher; Edmonton, J S Domm; Good Hope, G W MacCracken; Hanna, C S Finkbeiner; Happy Land, F E Martin; Irvine, J K Schwalm; Kenaston Geo. Bearcroft; Medicine Hat, K Gretzinger; Melville, L K Eidt; Rhein and Esk, W H Wagner; Neudorf, H J Holtzmann; Pakowki, J Golding; Penant, E G Block; Regina, A Clemens; Rosthern, J G Damm; Siebertville and Mayton, D Martin; Warner, to be supplied; Winnipeg, J G Burn.

NEUSTADT

Mr. and Mrs. Windom Glebe and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lang spent Sunday at Ed Zettler's.

Mr. L. O. Bitzer of New Hamburg renewed old acquaintances in town for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Koehler of Clifford were Sunday visitors in town.

Mr. Walter Diebel and sister Florence attended the wedding of their brother Oscar in Aytoun last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Walden are spending the week with their daughter Mrs. Atkins in Toronto.

Mrs. (Capt.) J. C. Eager left on Monday for Toronto and other places.

Mrs. James and two sons after having spent about four months with Jno. Schillings left on Wednesday again for

(Continued on page 8.)

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War-Time Savings.
The economical housewife gives us the benefit of some of her discoveries.
"The other day I made an apple pie, she says, which looked a perfect success, but, alas, when I attempted to slip it off the plate I found that the under crust had not baked well. As the top crust was beautifully brown I simply turned it upside down, and covered off the undone crust and covered the apples with a nice meringue, and the members of my family were delighted."

We do not use stove polish on our stoves, as we find it economical to save all our old stockings, sew them together and use them moistened with coal oil for cleaning the stoves. Care must be taken, however, that the stove is not hot when cleaned.
When I put my roast away to serve cold I wrap it while warm in cheese cloth; both the flavor and the moisture are retained, and, speaking of cheese-cloth, if you will wrap a double piece, wet in vinegar, around that piece of cheese, when you get ready to use it again it will not be hard, mouldy or dry.

Should you wish to keep cream for future use add two or three lumps of sugar, cover and set away in a cool pantry.

Omelet is cheaper and much more tender made with water than milk. Before eating canned foods put a bright, clean, steel knife into the can as soon as opened. Leave for a minute, and if ptomaine is present it will be seen on the knife. Throw the contents out and you will escape poisoning.

Do not melt your butter if too hard to serve; just fill a bowl with boiling water, let this stand until the bowl is very hot, throw out the water and turn the hot bowl over your butter. This will not impair the taste or waste the butter.

In making croquettes always use three tablespoons of boiling water to one egg in which to dip them. Beat the water and egg well together and you will find that it answers the purpose just as well as two eggs. Cut your stale bread up in small pieces and crisp in a corn popper, and your croquettes will be made.

When I use half a lemon I place the remaining half on a small saucer, cut side downward, and cover with a tumbler. I also warm a lemon before squeezing, and I find that I get more juice. As potatoes grow old I add a teaspoonful of lemon juice to the water in which they are boiled, and they do not grow dark white cooking.

It is not necessary to use a lot of tea in order to have it strong; just add a teaspoonful of sugar; this opens the leaves and makes it stronger. When a fowl seems tough I add a pinch of soda or a little vinegar to the water in which it is cooked, or I cover it tightly and bake-it a whole morning in a moderately hot oven, after adding lard, boiling water, salt and pepper and sprinkling with flour.

Food Values.

In the present state of the food market it is a wise economy to serve two or three vegetables at dinner and less meat. Those which have the

stood. "Am I still a rich man?"
"The statement is correct, sir," returned Mr. Harker respectfully. "You will find that you have in reality benefited by his cunning and astuteness, even after the racing debts are fully paid."

Adrien laid the book on the table. "I am grateful," he said gravely. "But I would leave this room penniless, and gladly, if by so doing I could bring one life back to us." Then, almost overcome by his emotion, he abruptly left the room.

On the morrow, despite all efforts to hush the matter up, the news went flying through the land: Adrien Leroy, the well-beloved of Vanity Fair, had been betrayed by his friend and confidant. Great was the sensation when all the facts came out into the full light, and it was known that Adrien had been saved by the traitor's own daughter, who had given her life that his might be spared.

Mr. Harker was well rewarded for the part he had taken in exposing Jasper Vermont, and preserving the Leroy's from the pitfalls and ruin he had dug for them. All the forged bills were promptly burnt, and there remained only those real amounts that Adrien had signed, and which, all put together, only amounted to but a minute fraction of the supposed sums owing by the young man.

Jessica was buried in Windleham churchyard; the funeral was attended by all the Leroy's, as well as by many of the countryfolk, for her sad little story had become known. Ada Lester was also present; she paid her last visit to the neighborhood of Barmington on that day, and, with a tact most unusual to her, refrained from attracting any attention so far as the Leroy's were concerned.

Well placed now in money matters, and proprietress of the "Casket" Theatre, she settled down to learn the art of acting as well as dancing, and eventually married her business manager. She also undertook to look after her sister, who, however, died shortly afterwards, without ever regaining her memory, or learning of the fate which had befallen the man whom she had once loved, or the daughter of whose existence she had forgotten since the day of her birth.

(To be continued.)

highest food value are the legumes, peas, beans and lentils, which contain starch, protein and mineral matter. The green vegetables have a large proportion of water, and are principally useful on account of the mineral salts which they contain. Potatoes and other root vegetables are about one-half water, and the dry matter consists of starch, sugar, protein, mineral matter and fat.

A Cure for Floor Stains.

Should you accidentally spill shoe-blackening on a wooden floor, put a handful of corn-meal on the spot immediately and rub in briskly. Sweep off; not even a sign of the stain will be seen. This will also answer for fruit juices or almost any liquid that leaves a stain. It will also greatly aid in taking up kerosene oil and other grease spots.

Maple-Sugar Recipes.

Colonial Bread Cake.—Two cupfuls risen bread-dough, one-half cupful butter, one and one-half cupfuls maple-sugar, two eggs, one-half teaspoonful soda, one-fourth teaspoonful cloves, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful mace, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one cupful seeded raisins, one-fourth cupful sliced citron. Take dough, when ready to shape into loaves, add other ingredients, and mix and beat with hands. Turn into tube cake-pan, and when light (it should not quite double in bulk) bake in oven at a little lower temperature than for bread. When cold pour maple frosting over cake and decorate with pecan or hickory nut meats.

Maple Frosting.—One cupful maple-sugar, one-half cupful boiling water, whites of two eggs, one-half teaspoonful vanilla. Cook sugar and water without stirring, until syrup threads when dropped from spoon. Pour syrup in a fine stream onto whites of eggs beaten until foamy, beating constantly meanwhile. Set saucepan on range for a moment and continue beating until egg is cooked. Add vanilla, set over cold water, and beat occasionally until cool enough to spread.

Maple Cookies.—One cupful maple-sugar, three tablespoonfuls butter, one egg, one cupful sour cream, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-half teaspoonful soda, flour, maple-sugar. Cream butter and sugar, add well-beaten egg, cream. Sift soda and salt with a little flour, then add to mixture enough more flour to make of right consistency to drop from spoon. Care should be taken not to get the mixture too stiff. Grate maple-sugar on top of each cookie and bake in moderate oven eight minutes. Cookies should be kept in an air-tight receptacle.

How To Use Skim Milk.

Many people do not realize how nutritious skim milk is. They imagine that because it so generally has little or no commercial value it is hardly fit for human food. As a food it is not so valuable as whole milk and cannot take the place of the latter in the diet of children. Nevertheless, skim milk can be used to great advantage in combination with other food materials, especially in cooking, and is altogether too valuable to be wasted.

The uses of skimmed milk are many and in cooking it adds to quality as well as to food value. If used in place of water in bread it adds about as much protein to one pound of bread as there is in an egg. Skim milk used in place of the usual half milk and half water, of course increase the quantity of protein in a loaf by the amount that is contained in half an egg. To cook a cupful of cereal in three cupfuls of skim milk instead of three of water adds as much protein as that contained in three eggs.

There are many dishes which may be described as vegetable milk soups, usually made by combining milk and the juice and pulp of vegetables. This mixture is then thickened with flour and starch and enriched with butter or other fat. If a fire is kept all the time and the cost of fuel need not be taken into consideration, the following method is recommended as a means of utilizing skim-milk: Chop the raw vegetable or cut it into small pieces. Put it with the skim milk into a double boiler and cook until the vegetable is tender. The mixture can then be thickened and enriched as described above. By this method no part of the vegetable is thrown away and the liquid of the soup, instead of being part milk and part water, is all milk. A soup so made, therefore, usually has about twice as much protein as that made in the other way, and has the additional advantage of a particularly good combination of a mineral substances, for milk is rich in calcium and phosphorus and the vegetables are rich in iron.

Inside Information.

The lady bank clerk had completed her first week, and a friend asked her how she liked the work.

"Oh, it's beautiful!" said the girl. "I'm at a branch where nearly all the people we know have accounts, and it's so nice to see how little money some of your friends have in the bank!"

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Amazing Advances Made During Lifetime of "The Oldest Inhabitant."

Recently, a Mrs. Hastings, native of the State of Massachusetts, U. S. A., celebrated her 104th birthday. The first railway in that part of the world, the Boston and Albany, was not built until twenty years after she was born. George III was King of England, Napoleon was Emperor of France, Madison was President of the United States, and the war of 1812 was in progress when Mrs. Hastings began her extraordinarily long life.

She was twenty-five before she ever saw a match. Nor until that age had she ever seen a cook stove. An open fireplace and the hanging crane were universally used. Often has she gone to a neighbor to borrow fire which she carried home by means of her

lighted candle.

The amazing progress of the world is best measured by such a person's life. Mrs. Hastings was well toward womanhood before she saw a gas-light.

The first steamship did not cross the Atlantic until she was old enough to go to school. Men still went to war on horseback or walked. There was no railroad, telephone, telegraph, airship, aeroplane or phonograph. She was past threescore before she saw an electric light. She was beyond fourscore before any of us rode in an automobile. When she was a girl asphalt paving was unknown. She was a woman long before anybody dreamed of an elevator. At her birth, Cooper had not written his first Leatherstocking story. The very oldest of that coterie of renowned authors, including Emerson, Mrs. Stowe, Hawthorne and Whittier, were only children when she was born.

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS

Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health? Pains and op-

pression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache, dizziness, are sure signs of indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.



At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WITTS & Co. LIMITED, Craig Street West, Montreal.

Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

London.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weakness? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing, say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me!" A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read the print without glasses. It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense

of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituents are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely used by them. The manufacturers guarantee to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time if an eye can even read the print without glasses. In many instances or return the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." The Value of this medicine will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses.

FIVE ROSES FLOUR
FOR BREADS - CAKES
PUDDINGS - PASTRIES

YOUR neighbour,
famous for her
baking—maybe she
uses Five Roses.



THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

CHAPTER XXVI.—(Cont'd).

When he arose from his knees his face had lost all its old languid self-possession; it was a graver, more earnest light in his eyes, and as his lips pressed the hand of the dead girl they muttered a farewell vow, which was never to be forgotten from that hour till his last.

Lady Constance, bravely overcoming her own pain and horror at the double tragedy—for Jasper's body had been recovered and brought back to the house an hour after the death of Jessica—had retired with poor, remorseful Ada to her own rooms, where she did her best to soothe and comfort the unhappy woman overwhelmed with remorse at her previous neglect of the girl, Ada blamed herself bitterly for not watching her enemy more closely, and thus protecting all concerned from danger.

Meanwhile, the last painful duty had to be done. In the Blue Room were seated in expectant silence Lord Barmington, Mortimer Shelton, and Mr. Harker. On the table lay the papers which Mr. Harker had brought with him, amongst them the all-important roll which Jessica had rescued from the street. The three men were waiting now for Adrien, with patient

respect, knowing the cause of his absence.

Presently the door opened, and the young man entered. Lord Barmington held out his hand without a word, and his son, as silently, grasped it; then, with a sigh, he seated himself at the table, prepared to learn to what extent he had been robbed by the man he trusted so fully.

Without comment, Shelton passed him paper after paper, all drawn up in the clear writing of Mr. Harker; Adrien, with deep humiliation, examining them all. With another sigh he dropped the last one upon the table and looked up.

"It is like some hideous dream," he said in a low, shocked voice; "Jasper Vermont, then, was not only a traitor to me, but a forger and thief. I can scarcely believe it—though, of course, it is impossible to get away from these proofs. He must have even bribed that jockey to lose the race, as the man hinted. That he could so have used my trust and confidence to gain money, and by crime, when he could have had it for the asking, seems past belief."

His father looked pityingly at him; he knew only too well what a blow this was to the young man.
"I believed in him to the last," continued Adrien, in the same low tones.
"I believed him true, in spite of all your warnings."

He turned to his friend.
"Shelton," he said, "I cannot thank you as I should like, nor indeed, you either, Mr. Harker. I am deeply grateful to you all for what you have done for me. Truly a man should take heed of his self-conceit, lest he fall, as I have done."

He dropped his head on his hands, and his father turned to him affectionately.

"You do not ask if the evil this man has worked can be remedied, Adrien," he said, in a softer tone than he had ever been known to use. "You do not ask whether anything can be regained?"

"I am willing to pay the penalty of my folly," said Adrien, in a low tone; "and if only it can be arranged that you, too, do not suffer, I shall not mind."

"Not even if it should leave you penniless?" asked his father.
Adrien raised his head with a mournful smile.

"But for one reason, I am indifferent," he said.

His father's face lit up.
"Yes," he said, "I think I know that reason. Mr. Harker, will you be so good as to place Mr. Leroy in possession of the facts which you have already given me. I am almost too tired to speak, after the strain of these last few hours."

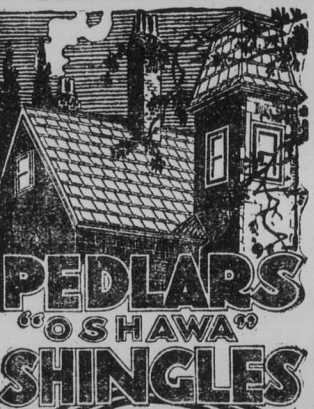
Adrien looked at him remorsefully; for the old man had indeed undergone much suffering during the last eventful weeks.

Mr. Harker laid a small book upon the table.

"This will do so better than I can, gentlemen," he said. "It is a list of the various investments in which Mr. Jasper Vermont placed the wealth he had so fraudulently amassed. His expenses were small; and the investments which were made with Mr. Leroy's money, and which he hoped, of course, to put to his own use, amount to a large sum. When realised, they will cover the enormous embezzlements, when the forged bills are destroyed."

Adrien took up the book and glanced through it.

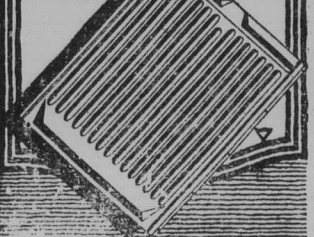
"Is this true?" he said, with an earnestness that all present under-



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ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

MILLIONS of colds start with wet feet, which could and should be prevented by wearing rubbers, rubber farm shoes or high rubber boots.

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MADE IN CANADA

RATIO OF CANADIAN DEAD TO WOUNDED 1 TO 5

Over 2,000 Hit on the First Day of the Battle for Vimy Ridge So Slightly Injured They Walked to Dressing Stations.

A despatch from Canada, Headquarters in France, says:—Now that the lists of casualties from the actions of the last week are beginning to appear in the Canadian press, it may bring solace to the sad hearts to know how carefully the wounded were handled, and how reverently the dead were buried. Hospital arrangements were made to handle far more than the number actually wounded. Extra ambulances were provided at the front, and many supplementary dressing stations were opened. There was little congestion anywhere. Over 2,000 who were wounded on the first day were so slightly hit that they were able to walk back to the stations without aid.

Despite the extraordinary condition of the ground over which the advance was made, the stretcher-bearers found and brought out practically all the wounded before nightfall each day. In only a few cases, where the wounded lay in deep shellholes and had not sufficient strength to make their presence known to the search parties, did they remain in the field overnight.

It is believed that this prompt handling has resulted in a material reduction under the heading, "Died of Wounds." Similar systematic care

was shown in the disposal of the dead, who are now believed to bear the remarkably low ratio of one to five wounded.

There are two important military cemeteries on the Canadian front, at Carency and Ecoivre. These are connected with the trenches by light railways, and the dead customarily are brought there for burial. For the operations of last week additional burying grounds were opened near the front of the line, so that the work of the burial parties might be more quickly done. Each body of our men is given individual burial, and every part of the dead is placed in a simple wooden cross, giving his name, rank and identification number. Even if these crosses should be removed, the records of the burial are so complete that the location of every body can be indicated. The dead are wrapped in blankets before being committed to the earth by the men's own units, and the burial service is read by a clergyman of the dead soldier's own denomination. The army chaplains are so distributed as almost invariably to permit of this reverence for the dead, which is one of the marked characteristics of the British and Canadian troops.

TO GET AFTER SLACKERS FROM U. S. AND BRITAIN

Negotiations Reported to Be in Progress Between the Two Governments.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—It is understood in Government circles here that negotiations are in progress between the British and United States Governments with regard to the recruiting, possibly under some form of compulsion, of the British subjects who have gone to the United States since the war began, and who thereby sought to escape war service. While no definite agreement has yet been reached between Washington and London, it is expected here, according to a semi-official statement given out on Wednesday, that some arrangement will be reached whereby the slackers who fled either from Canada or Great

Britain will be made subject to virtual conscription by British agents. They will probably have a choice of enlisting with the Canadian or British armies, or of going into some other form of direct war service. The Canadian and British authorities have kept a fairly accurate list of the names and addresses of the men who have emigrated since the war began.

MUNITIONS ORDERS RECEIVED BY CANADA

A despatch from Ottawa says:—A statement to the Minister of Finance by J. W. Flavell, chairman of the Imperial Munitions Board, shows the total value of orders received to be \$850,000,000, munitions shipped to March 30 were valued at \$470,000,000, and disbursements to that date totaled \$543,000,000. Employees direct and indirect number over 250,000, and 630 factories and plants are in operation.

CANADIAN STEAMER STADACONA TORPEDOED BY SUBMARINE

The Master, Captain Allen, of Halifax, Made Prisoner and Taken on Board U-Boat.

A despatch from Halifax says:—The steamer Stadacona, of the Canadian S. O. Co., has been torpedoed. Captain C. O. Allen, Halifax, was master. The crew landed in England. Captain Allen was taken prisoner on board the submarine. Captain Allen, who is one of the noted master mariners of the sailing days in Nova Scotia, retired from seafaring over fifteen years ago and settled down on a large orchard property in the Annapolis Valley. When the war broke out the captain felt that at sea he could be of service to his country, and accepted command of the

steamer Wanola. Later he was transferred to the Rosedale, and after coming home last November and disposing of his orchards he was sent to England to take command of the Stadacona. Since the outbreak of the war he has been constantly sailing to ports in the war zone, and on two occasions had narrow escapes during German air raids on an English port. At Havre on one occasion, through a misunderstanding at his inability to speak French, he was held for a number of hours on suspicion of being a German spy. The Stadacona was on a voyage from Dunkirk to Marseilles.

MUFFINS, CRUMPETS, TEA CAKES ARE PROHIBITED IN BRITAIN

New Order of Controller Hits Popular London Tea Shops Very Severely.

A despatch from London says:—The Food Controller, Lord Devonport, has issued an order, effective Tuesday next, prohibiting thereafter the sale of light pastries, muffins, crumpets or tea cakes. Cakes, buns, scones and biscuits can only be sold if they conform to the drastic restrictions re-

specting the amount of wheat flour and sugar used. Tea shops, which are so popular in London and elsewhere in England, will suffer severely by the new order.

The War Office has ordered a return made by May 1 of all horses, mules, cattle, sheep, pigs and agricultural implements in Great Britain.

Markets of the World

Wheat
Toronto, Apr. 24—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.57; No. 2 do., \$2.52; No. 3 do., \$2.47; No. 4 wheat, \$2.42; nominal, track Bay ports.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., \$2.10; C.W., \$1.90; extra No. 3, \$1.75; No. 3 yellow, \$1.65; American corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.54; nominal subject to embargo, track Toronto.
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 74 to 76c; nominal; No. 3 white, 73 to 75c, nominal, according to freights outside.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$2.35 to \$2.37; No. 3 do., \$2.32 to \$2.35, according to freights outside.
Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.
Manitoba flour—First patents, in lute bags, \$1.70; second patents, in lute bags, \$1.60; strong bakers, in lute bags, \$1.50 Toronto.
Barley—Malting, \$1.35 to \$1.37, according to freights outside.
Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, \$1.10 to \$1.20, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment.
Milled Flour—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, \$29; shorts, per ton, \$41 to \$43; middlings, per ton, \$44 to \$46; good feed, four per bag, \$2.80 to \$2.90.
Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, \$1.50 to \$1.55; mixed, per ton, \$1.50 to \$1.55; track Toronto.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$7 to \$8, track Toronto.
Country Produce—Wholesale
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 42c; creamery prints, 43 to 45c; solids, 42 to 45c.
Eggs—New-laid, in cartons, 37 to 38c; out of cartons, 35c.
Dressed poultry—Chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 24 to 26c; ducks, 22 to 25c; squabs, per doz., \$4.00 to \$4.50; turkeys, 30 to 35c.
Cheese—New, large, 27 to 27½c; twins, 27 to 27½c; triplets, 27 to 28c; old, 28 to 30c.
Honey—White clover, 24-lb. tins, 144 to 150c; 5-lb. tins, 144c; 10-lb., 134c; 10-lb., 104c. Comb honey—extra fine and heavy weight, per doz., \$2.75; select, \$2.50 to \$2.75.
Maple syrup—Imperial gallon, \$1.60 to \$1.75.
Potatoes—On track Ontario, per bag, \$3.50; New Brunswick Delawares, per bag, \$4.00; Albertas, per bag, \$3.50 to \$3.75.
Beans—Imported, hand-picked, per bush, \$4.25; Canadian, hand-picked, \$3.75 to \$4.00; Canadian primes, \$3.00 to \$3.25; Lima, per lb., 13 to 13½c.
Provisions—Wholesale
Smoked and cured meats and lard are quoted to the trade by Toronto wholesale dealers as follows:—
Smoked hams—Lams, medium, 28 to 29c; do, heavy, 24 to 25c; cooked, 39 to 40c; rolls, 24 to 25c; breakfast bacon, 29 to 30c; lard, plain, 33 to 35c; butterless, 25 to 26c.
Lard—Pure lard, hercs, 25 to 25½c; tubs, 25 to 25½c; 25 to 25½c; compound, 24 to 24½c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 21 to 22c per lb.; clear bellies, 20 to 20½c.
Montreal Markets
Montreal, Apr. 24—Oats—Canadian western, No. 2, \$1.10; do, No. 3, 75c; do, No. 4, 70c; feed, 75c; barley—Manitoba feed, \$1.11; buckwheat—No. 2, \$1.35; Flour—Manitoba spring, No. 2, \$1.75; do, extra No. 1, \$1.85; do, extra No. 2, \$1.70; do, strong bakers, \$1.70; winter patents, choice, \$1.50; do, straight rollers, \$1.40; do, No. 2, \$1.45; bran, \$0.45; rolled oats—Barrels, \$8.25 to \$8.50; do, bags, 50 lbs., \$4 to \$4.25; bran, \$0.45; shorts, \$4.75 to \$4.85; middlings—\$4 to \$4.17; Moultrie—\$1.90 to \$2.04; Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$13.50; Potatoes—per bag, car lots, \$3.25 to \$3.50.
Winnipeg Grain
Winnipeg, Apr. 24—Cash prices:—Wheat—No. 2, \$2.35; do, No. 3, \$2.25; No. 4, \$2.15; No. 5, \$2.05; No. 6, \$1.95; No. 7, \$1.85; No. 8, \$1.75; No. 9, \$1.65; No. 10, \$1.55; No. 11, \$1.45; No. 12, \$1.35; No. 13, \$1.25; No. 14, \$1.15; No. 15, \$1.05; No. 16, \$0.95; No. 17, \$0.85; No. 18, \$0.75; No. 19, \$0.65; No. 20, \$0.55; No. 21, \$0.45; No. 22, \$0.35; No. 23, \$0.25; No. 24, \$0.15; No. 25, \$0.05.
United States Markets
Minneapolis, Apr. 24—Wheat—May, \$2.24; July, \$2.20; cash, No. 1 hard, \$2.50 to \$2.55; No. 1 Northern, \$2.13 to \$2.17; No. 2, \$1.95 to \$1.98; No. 3, \$1.80 to \$1.85; No. 4, \$1.65 to \$1.70; No. 5, \$1.50 to \$1.55; No. 6, \$1.35 to \$1.40; No. 7, \$1.20 to \$1.25; No. 8, \$1.05 to \$1.10; No. 9, \$0.90 to \$0.95; No. 10, \$0.75 to \$0.80; No. 11, \$0.60 to \$0.65; No. 12, \$0.45 to \$0.50; No. 13, \$0.30 to \$0.35; No. 14, \$0.15 to \$0.20; No. 15, \$0.05 to \$0.10; No. 16, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 17, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 18, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 19, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 20, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 21, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 22, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 23, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 24, \$0.00 to \$0.05; No. 25, \$0.00 to \$0.05.
Live Stock Markets
Toronto, Apr. 24—Extra choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12.25; choice heavy steers, \$11.25 to \$11.75; good heavy steers, \$10.50 to \$10.90; butchers' culls, \$9.50 to \$10.50; do, good, \$10.40 to \$10.80; do, medium, \$9.25 to \$10.40; common, \$8.75 to \$9.50; butchers' bulls, \$9.25 to \$10.75; do, good, \$9.25 to \$10.50; butchers' cows, \$8.50 to \$10.25; do, good, \$8.75 to \$9.50; do, medium, \$7.75 to \$9.25; stockers, \$7.50 to \$9.35; feeders, \$6.50 to \$10.25; runners and cutters, \$5.50 to \$6.25; milkers, good to choice, \$8.50 to \$11.00; do, com and med, each \$4.00 to \$6.00; springers, \$5.00 to \$11.00; light ewes, \$10 to \$14.50; sheep, heavy, \$8.50 to \$9.50; calves, good to choice, \$12.50 to \$14.75; spring lambs, each \$8 to \$12; lambs, choice, \$14.25 to \$16; do, medium, \$10.50 to \$12.50; does, fed and watered, \$16.40 to \$16.50; do, weighed off cars, \$16.55 to \$16.75; do, cobs, \$16.75.
Montreal, Apr. 24—Choice steers, \$12.25 to \$12.50; good steers, \$10.50 to \$11.50; common steers, \$9.50 to \$10; butchers' cows, \$9 to \$11; bulls, \$9.50 to \$12; choice milk-fed calves, \$8 to \$11; common, \$5 to \$7; sheep, \$10 to \$11; yearling lambs, \$14.50 to \$15.50; spring lambs, \$8 to \$12; hogs, \$17 to \$17.50.
Willie Wants to Know.
"Pa."
"Yes, my son."
"Is the trough of the sea what the ocean greyhounds drink out of?"

GREAT DEEDS OF CANADIANS

One Kills Half Gun Crew and Bayonets Remainder

Canadian Headquarters in France (via London).—Where all the soldiers have been heroic it is difficult to single out actions which stamp the men who perform them as the brave, but from the records which may result in the decoration of some of the heroes of the battle of Vimy Ridge it is not permitted to make mention of examples of conspicuous valor and place honor where it belongs. A private, during the fierce struggle for the hill the second day of the battle, earned a decoration if ever a man did. The advance was made in a blinding snow storm, which fortunately carried the wind into the faces of the enemy in their carefully-guarded position on the hill slope. As our men advanced they were met by a murderous machine gun fire, guarded and operated by a group of a dozen of the enemy. Our men were fozzen fast as the hail of lead from the machine gun swept the hillside. Then, with utter disregard for his own safety, this private rushed forward, tackling alone the barrier to our victory. Making progress from shell hole to shell hole, he reached a point within thirty yards of the enemy gun. He threw a bomb that distance, which killed or wounded part of the machine gun crew; then, with a final rush, he rushed the position and bayoneted the five men remaining with the gun. This splendid deed of gallantry saved the situation and the lives of many men.

WORKMEN WIN BERLIN STRIKE

Important Concessions Made by the Government

A despatch from Copenhagen says: German papers received here on Friday night deal with the Berlin hunger strike, which is now reported at an end, giving details which were not included in the earlier news telegrams. The Berlin Tagblatt estimates the number of men on strike at 300,000. Vorwaerts says that 210,000 were involved. Work was stopped in 300 munition factories. As a result of the strike a commission of laborers was formed, which, after conference with Dr. Vermuth, the President of the Berlin Substitution Commission, obtained a promise that in future it would be consulted in all food questions. The Laborers' Commission also received a guarantee that stocks of the most important foodstuffs would be provided for the next few months. Accordingly, work was resumed tonight, the laborers' meeting last night having declared the food authorities' promises satisfactory.

GEN. VON BISSING DIES IN BELGIUM

A despatch from London says:—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says that according to a Brussels despatch Gen. von Bissing, German Governor-General in Belgium, died Wednesday evening. General Baron Moritz Ferdinand von Bissing was appointed Governor-General of Belgium in November, 1914, in succession to General von der Goltz. He was born in 1844. During his rule in Belgium, General von Bissing has come into prominence many times, notably in connection with the execution of Miss Edith Cavell, the English nurse, frequent clashes with Cardinal Mercier, Primate of Belgium, and the deportation of Belgians. It was reported in 1915 that he had ordered the round-up of spies and persons suspected of working against the Germans in Belgium, and that scores of executions followed the carrying out of this order. Several times by his order Belgian cities and towns were fined heavily for alleged breaking of rules laid down by him. He had been ill off and on for more than a year.

ENEMY WITHDRAWAL ON AISNE CONTINUES AND VILLAGE CAPTURED

British Hold High Ground; French Inflict Heavy Losses on the Enemy; Many Prisoners Captured; Four Villages Taken.

A despatch from London says:—The southern part of the Hindenburg line in France continues to crumble or fall back before the forces of General Nivelle. Thursday witnessed additional important gains by the French at numerous points from Soissons eastward to the old Champagne, and also the capture of men and guns. In the latter region north-west of Auberive the French captured strong-fortified German trenches on a front of a mile and a quarter and made prisoner 150 Germans. Northeast of Soissons the village of Aisy, Jouy and Laffaux and Fort de Conde were captured by the French, while to the east, near Hurbise, another point of support fell into their hands and with it 500 prisoners and two cannon. Violent artillery actions are in progress between the Somme and the Oise, in Champagne, near Le Mort Homme, in the Verdun sector, and in Belgium around Dixmude. The French War Office reports that Wednesday night the Germans threw twelve divisions of fresh men into the fray between Soissons and Auberive in an attempt to hold General Nivelle's forces back, but that their efforts were unavailing. A despatch from British Headquarters in France says: The great value of the recent advance lies in the fact that we have everywhere driven the enemy

from high ground and robbed him of his observation. Now all are in our hands. From them we can sweep observation over a wide expanse of country to Douai and beyond, while they shut out all the enemy's view of our movements on this side. Nevertheless all this ground is a continuous alternation of slopes and dips. It is not as if the high ground always commanded a view of the level plain. Everywhere there are hidden folds and creases, lesser ridge beyond lesser ridge. It is not necessarily easy to contrive a rapid advance. Attack down the forward slopes of the high ground under the exposed fire of the lesser slopes beyond is often extremely difficult now. On the general front except north of Lens and south of St. Quentin there must intervene a laborious period in the advancing of the present positions. The enemy still has a strong short line running through Oppy, north-east of Arras and southwards some 3,000 yards. Behind that again is the stronger famous Droquer-Quent line, or what the Germans know as the Wotan line, which is a part of the even more notorious Hindenburg line running south-eastward to St. Quentin from a junction near Quent. These are undoubtedly formidable, but as above this the Quent end of the Hindenburg line is already ours, if it be the plan of the general staff to break it by a frontal attack, there is not the slightest doubt we shall succeed.

GERMAN OFFICER SANK ON KNEES BEGGED CAPTOR FOR MERCY

General Morale of the Kaiser's Army Typified by Two Significant Incidents.

A despatch from London says: The London Times correspondent with the French army telegraphs that conditions overhead and under foot are as bad as possible. In the course of his despatch, which merely amplifies the present detailed French communiques, he says: "The bombardment that has continued incessantly for days along the front to an extent of 100 miles, added to the formidable length of the English front north of St. Quentin, is, perhaps, the most appalling thing the world has ever seen. . . I heard today of a captured German officer who went down on his knees when taken to beg for mercy. I saw a French officer who, with two men, had taken 60 prisoners, walking about places where he was exposed, not only to shell fire, but to machine gun bullets, as coolly as if he had been in the Place de l'Opera. The difference between the two men exactly typifies the difference between the general morale of the bombarding force that is attacking and the bombarding force that is being attacked. Not in one place or two, but all along the line the French have shown this morale superiority."

HORSES PURCHASED FOR CANADIAN ARMY.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In all, 26,015 horses have been purchased in Canada for the Canadian army since the war began, according to a return tabled in the Commons on Friday. The total cost of the animals was \$4,398,850. The return stated that the Canadian Government had no information as to the number of horses bought in Canada for Great Britain and the allied nations.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYS 232 FOOD INSPECTORS.

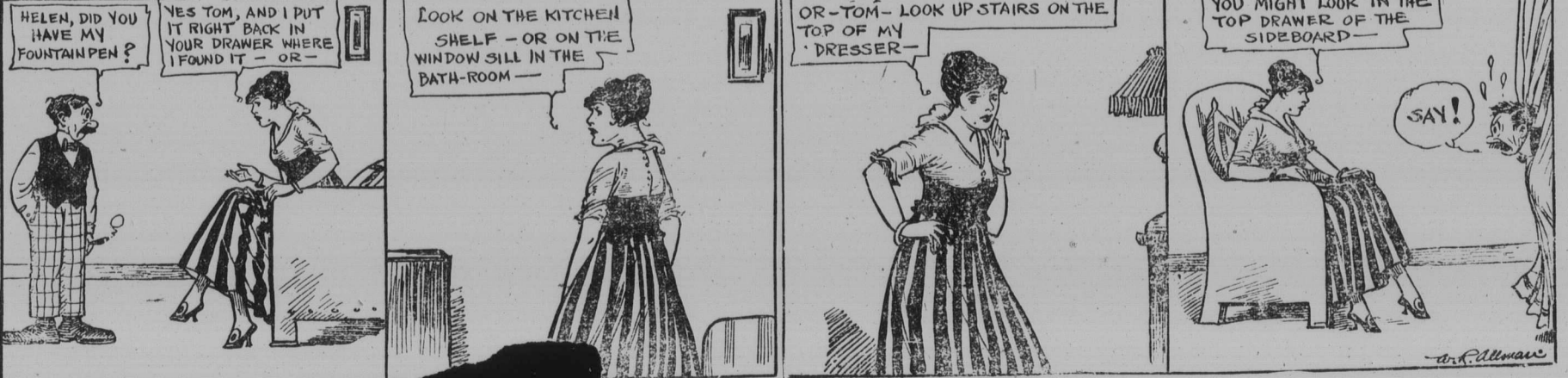
A despatch from Ottawa says: There are now 197 food inspectors employed by the Department of Agriculture, and 35 employed by the Department of Inland Revenue, according to an answer given Mr. Sinclair.

BURNING OF RUMANIA TOWNS FORESHADOWS A RETIREMENT

Signs That Germany is About to Abandon Some of the Conquered Territory.

A despatch from Petrograd, says:—A report received here from Jassy, the seat of the Rumanian Government, says the Germans have burned the towns of Braila and Fokshani. The despatch says Rumanian military circles consider that this foreshadows a German retirement. Braila and Fokshani are both important railroad towns in Rumania. Braila lies on the Danube to the south of Galatz, while Fokshani is situated on the railway line about midway between Bucharest and Jassy.

The Doings of the Duffs.



Shorthorn Cattle & Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
In Oxfords:—
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.
Choice young stock of both sexes on hand.

H. H. Pletsch

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Elora Street North
MILDMAY.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario. Has opened up his offices next to C. Schurter's, 511-513, Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Aylton every first and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and Newburg every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN
Walkerton

SPRING TERM

at the

NORTHERN Business College
OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

Opens on Monday, April 3rd

Students are admitted any time. Young women should begin making preparation at once to fill the places of the office men who have enlisted.

Write for particulars and circular.

C. A. FLEMING, F.C.A. PRINCIPAL
G. D. FLEMING, SECRETARY
For 35 yrs.

R. H. FORTUNE.

AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington, Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements can be made at this office.

A Safe, Sure and Quick Route to a good business position is via the

ELLIOTT Business College.

Yonge and Charles Sts. TORONTO, ONT.

Should not be compared with a great many business colleges in this country. It occupies a far higher level and does far better work. This is one reason for the enormous demand from business firms for our graduates. Many business colleges apply to us for teachers. Right now is an excellent time to enter. Open all year. Catalogue free.

W. J. Elliott, Principal.

Public Highways.

Having been requested by several of our subscribers to publish the laws and regulations regarding the governing of travel upon the public highway, we herewith print a few of the latest as revised at the last session of parliament

(1) When a person travelling or being upon a highway in charge of a vehicle meets another vehicle, he shall turn to the right allowing one-half of the road.

(2) If he meets a person on a bicycle he should allow him sufficient room to pass.

(3) A person travelling in a vehicle or on horseback is overtaken by a vehicle or horseman travelling at a greater speed, the person shall turn to the right and allow the other to pass.

(4) The person overtaking shall turn to left, so as to avoid collision, and the person so overtaken shall leave more than one-half the road.

(5) A person travelling on a bicycle overtaking a vehicle, horseman or a person travelling at a greater speed, must turn to the right and allow such vehicle or horseman to pass.

(6) A person travelling on a bicycle overtaking a vehicle, horseman, or a person travelling upon foot, must give audible warning before attempting to pass.

(7) A person having a load of such nature that he is unable to turn out, the person either meeting or overtaking shall turn out.

(8) When a portable engine is met or overtaken by a vehicle drawn by a horse, the driver of the engine shall turn out if practicable and shall remain stationary until the vehicle has passed and if requested shall assist the driver of the vehicle to pass.

(9) The driver of a portable engine meeting a vehicle must stop four rods from such a vehicle and remain so until the vehicle has safely passed such engine.

(10) Between sunset and sunrise the driver of a portable engine must carry a light ahead of such engine and must also have red light in front and a green light in rear, no noise or whistling when vehicle is passing.

(11) In driving on highway in an intoxicated condition, driving furiously or using blasphemous language shall be fined.

Heavy Fines.

A number of young men in and near Warton, leased the kitchen of a farmer's house in Amabel Tp. for a dance on March 14th. At this dance several bottles of liquor were brought by one young man and two who were at the party became intoxicated. One of them was under 21 years of age. He gave a straight forward evidence and was believed by Magistrate Miller who heard the case as was also the man and his wife at whose home the dance took place. The evidence of the others was considered thoroughly unreliable by the Magistrate who soaked the young fellow who brought the whiskey to the dance \$200 and costs and \$50 and costs for giving it to a minor. The two who were drunk were each fined \$10 and costs. The information was laid by Inspector White. O. E. Klein of Walkerton was the prosecuting attorney and these charged with breaking the Ontario Temperance Act were defended by Lawyer Tucker of Owen Sound.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

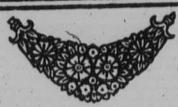
There are 100% more children born to the poor than to the rich in each thousand and homes. The people best able to care for children refuse to allow them in their homes.

Southampton council took a progressive step at its meeting when it provided that taxes be made collectable twice yearly, in July and December. Also the constable will look after the dog taxes, and all dogs must wear tags.

Writing from Florida to the Warton Echo Judge Klein reminds us that Bruce County is 50 years old and Canada is 50 years old, and that if we should end this summer, we should have a grand re-union in the county.

A speaker at a farmers meeting recently expressed the opinion that the prosperity of the country town is just as important to the farmer and at much a part of his life and pleasure and comfort as good roads, telephone and rural mail delivery. On the basis of service alone the country town merchant can justify his place in society, but as long as he is rendering service to the farmers, fairness demands, said he that the merchant should be permitted to make his expenses and a reasonable profit. He thinks that the team spirit can be planted, grown and cultivated in a community as a farmer grows his corn and that making the most of one's neighbourhood means co-operation between the town and the farm, based upon a recognition of their common interests and dependence upon each other. "Not out of sympathy for the merchant," but from pure selfishness from cold, hard business necessity, the farmer must save his town".

THE SPIRIT OF SPRING



There is no season of the year in which the craving for the new takes such a firm hold on the average person as the springtime, because the spirit of Spring is essentially newness. Hence the desire for new clothes, which manifests itself at this time.

New Blouses for the Ladies

New Models, Distinctive and Moderate in price in Voile or Silk.

Men's Caps and Raincoats

Men's Caps in newest designs A big variety to choose from at 60c to \$1.25.

Raincoats for the wet and cool weather. Don't endanger your health when you can get a good shower proof coat from \$5 to \$11.00.

Grocery Specials

Sunkist Oranges

The luscious juicy kind at 20, 30, and 40c per doz.

Figs of finest quality at 3 1-2 lbs for 25c.

Prunes, large size at 15c per lb.

Dried Peaches, extra special, 2 lbs for 25c.

Richards pure and quick Naptha Soaps at 5c per bar.

Schneider's Sausages are as good as ever. "A try—tells why."

Smoked Pork Sausage, Bologna, Ham Sausage, and Wieners.

Think of buying fine rugs at \$12 to \$30. We had to buy early to be able to offer such rugs as these at the price, with costs advancing. They are all extra special values compared with to days market prices. Also a fine line of Japanese rugs and mats to choose from.

Terms—Cash or Produce

Highest market values paid for Produce

HUNSTEIN & KNECHTEL

GENERAL MERCHANTS

In The Spring

Now is the time to bring to your aid Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (in tablet or liquid form). This wonderful remedy helps to restore stomach to its natural health and strength and to secure proper flow of the digestive juices, a good appetite and full digestion of the food you eat. It invigorates the liver, regulates the bowels and purifies and enriches the blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is absolutely free from alcohol and injurious drugs. Its ingredients are printed on wrapper. You can be certain it is a true blood-maker, tissue-builder, and a restorative nerve tonic and that it will produce no evil after-effect. Thousands—probably many of your neighbors—are willing to recommend the "Discovery" because it has made them stronger in body, brain, nerve. Buy it in liquid form tablets; or send Dr. Pierce, Invaldis' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., ten cents for trial package.

A MOTHER'S ADVICE.

Prince Rupert, B. C.—"I take great pleasure in announcing to you my heartfelt thanks for the benefit our boy Arthur, aged seven, has derived from your medicine Golden Medical Discovery." He is a different boy altogether after taking five bottles. His tongue used to be coated and his stomach and bowels always out of order, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured him. We will recommend your medicine to whomsoever we can as we think there is none better."—Mrs. Otto Nelson, 836 2d Ave.

The High School Entrance Examinations will take place this year on June 20, 21 and 22.

In 1882 the population of Bruce County was 65,218, while in 1916 it was only 48,189.

Featured in This Issue

Doings of the Duffs.

A humorous story in picture form.

The Fashions.

Newest Ideas in Women's Wear.

Farm Crop Queries.

Questions answered by Prof. Henry G. Bell.

Housewife's Corner.

Tested Recipes and Helpful Hints for the busy Housewife.

Serial Story.

Your Problems.

A Question and Answer Department for Women.

Because of the activities of fake magazine agents, the postal authorities are warning the public to beware of this type of swindlers. Bogus subscription agents were operating in Western Canada for some time, purporting to be representatives of the Canadian Subscription Co. The postal declares that it has evidence that this form of swindle is being revived. The fake agents in most cases offer subscriptions to well known publications at far below the regular rates, provided a cash payment is made in advance.

Herd of moose have been delaying traffic causing considerable trouble to railroad men on the Grand Trunk Pacific in Jasper Park, Alberta, Canada. The superintendent at Jasper says that the snow drove the moose to the right of way. "When passing over the line with the plow," he said, "I counted over fifty moose in different places on the track. We had considerable delay in stopping to avoid killing them."

The Federal Government, acting under the provisions of the war measures act has abolished the duty on wheat, and flour and wheat products and has thus taken advantage of the standing offer of the United States of reciprocal free trade in these commodities.

Secretary Lansing, of the U. S., is reported as having said that "We are in this war with both feet", and judging from the way they are setting about it, he is about right. On Saturday the House of Representatives passed a bill authorizing the raising of seven billion dollars for war purposes. Three billions of this vast sum is to be loaned to the Allies and two billions used for equipping the United States navy and preparing an army to take part in the war. A pleasing fact is that in the House of 389 members, there was not one vote against the bill. They are "in it with both feet". This was a magnificent stroke, and best the country can do in its present state of unpreparedness. To show that Uncle Sam is not going to be a "profligate" in the war the money is to be loaned to the Allied countries at the

rate of interest paid at home. It is expected that it can be raised at 3%, which is much lower than Britain and France have been paying on their loans of late.

Professor C. A. Zavitz, speaking to the Royal Canadian Institute on Saturday night, stated that the children ought to be taught how they could tell what was good grain, the quality the grain should possess to have good features. In their education they should know about these things, the common things about them, and which were of the greatest interest. If they were taught this they would improve enormously the output of the Province, and they would do it without the expenditure of any extra energy or labor, by selecting the best seed they could get.

S.O.S. FURS Safety First

Nothing is more important to the Fur Shipper than doing business with an Honest—Reliable—Responsible—Safe Fur House.

"Ship to Shubert"

the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in American Raw Furs, where you will always receive an Accurate and Liberal A. S. S. Sortment, the Highest Market Prices and the usual "Shubert" Effort, Speedy, Courteous service.

Write for the latest edition of "The Shubert Shipper" containing valuable market information you must have.

25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. DEPT. C417, CHICAGO, U.S.A.

A. B. SHUBERT, Inc.

Germania Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1878

HEAD OFFICE - AYTON

The Oldest, Cheapest and Safest Company in the Province.

Amount at risk, over 10 million dollars.

This Company pays market cash value for live stock killed by lightning.

J. M. Fischer

Agent - Mildmay

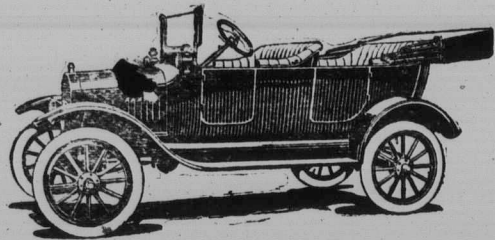
During its 50 years of experience this Bank was never in a stronger position and more able to safely guard your savings than it is today.

Capital \$7,000,000.
Reserve \$7,000,000.

Accounts invited—large or small—\$1 will start.

Merchants Bank of Canada

MILDMAY BRANCH - H. G. WRIGHT, MANAGER.



"MADE IN CANADA"
The 1917 Ford Touring Car \$495.00

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.
 The average man can easily afford a Ford car. It is the most inexpensive car to drive.
 20 to 25 miles on a gallon of gasoline is an every-day occurrence. 33 miles is frequently reported by Ford owners. Yearly repair expenses of less than one dollar are not unusual. The car is light in weight, and tires give more mileage on a Ford than on any other car.
 You can buy a Ford for yourself and one for your wife for the price of one car at \$1000. You can run both Fords at about the same expense as for one larger, heavier car.
 You can always sell a "used" Ford at a good price. You have to accept a big reduction for a "used" larger car.
 Come in and see the new models.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch
 MILD MAY - ONTARIO



Giant Flowering Carnation

FREE!

Address a postcard to us now and receive by return mail a copy of our new illustrated 50-page catalogue of Garden, Flower and Field Seeds, Root Seeds, Grains, Bulbs, Small Fruits, Garden Tools, etc.

SPECIAL—We will also send you free a packet (value 15c) of our choice

Giant Flowering Carnation

This carnation is a great favorite; the flowers are large and fragrant and the plants do well outdoors. Transplanted into pots in the early fall they bloom profusely from October till the end of May. Extra plants are easily propagated from them by cuttings, "pipings" or layering.

Send for our catalogue and learn of our other valuable premiums. 18

Darch & Hunter Seed Co., Limited, LONDON, CANADA

CREAM.. WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received, send our patrons a statement of the weight, test and butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing.

Write for cans to-day.

PALM CREAMERY

TRELEAVEN & RANTON

PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice Cream. Write for prices and terms.

There are all kinds of weather but only one kind of

PURITY FLOUR

Always the same
 More Bread and Better Bread



160th Are Champion Athletes.

The Bruce Overseas Battalion has been winning numerous honors in the athletic contests at Whitley Camp. They did the best bayonet fighting that has been done in the brigade, also won out in a tug-of-war with the 134th team, who were never beaten before, and Pte. Geo. S. Stewart, of Paisley, carried off the championship in the heavyweight wrestling bouts. In the finals George was matched against Sergt. Kemp who held the Canadian overseas forces championship in the heavyweight class. Sergt. Kemp is 6ft. tall, and had an advantage of 10 pounds in weight. Needless to say, the 160th soldiers and officers were greatly pleased with the outcome of this contest.

New Recruiting Scheme Mooted.

The scheme to start a recruiting campaign in Bruce under the auspices of the old 32nd Regiment for the purpose of raising drafts to reinforce the 160th at the front from time to time, is, we believe, about to be abandoned, and instead a big recruiting campaign is to be launched in Bruce by returned soldiers and officers, who will make a general canvass of the country for reinforcements for Bruce's crack battalion. The new recruiting scheme has much to commend it, and should meet with general favor throughout the county, for nobody is more likely to ask a man to go to the front, than those who have been there themselves and done their "bit." If example is better than precept these battle-scarred veterans are peculiarly privileged to give young eligibles the "come-on" sign. Headquarters for the new recruiting scheme will be established in Walkerton, and, we understand, it will be worked along the same lines as that so successfully adopted in the raising of the 160th.

When You Fix up the Lawn

Pretty soon it will be time to spruce up your lawn a bit, and fill in the bare spots. It is a simple matter to make grass grow, even when the ground has been tramped hard, if you dig up the soil and work it well before putting in the seed. Scatter the seed evenly, and then cover it with a thin layer of fine loam. This last is most important, for the seed that is left exposed will not germinate, even if the birds do not devour it all. I repeatedly see this done, and the result is always the same. In buying seed, it pays to buy by the pound rather than to use the prepared seed in packages. The Ontario Agricultural College experts at Guelph have worked out a formula which they recommend. It is as follows: equal parts by weight of Kentucky Blue Grass (or Canadian) Red Top Grass and White Dutch Clover. I have used this for several years with great success, and have had it grow luxuriantly in the worst kind of soil. If sown in the fall it will be as strong as other grass in the lawn by midsummer.

A Shattered Romance.

A local spinster, who announced a few weeks ago her approaching marriage to a Brant farmer, is now threatening to sue her alleged sweetheart for damages caused by lacerations to her affections, as well as to her purse string through his non-performance of the agreement to marry her, which she claims he made. The affair took an astonishing turn on Thursday last when her intended who according to her announcement, was to have led her to the altar at Easter, was a participant in matrimonial proceedings with another spinster of the town. She professes to be the victim of gross fickleness and threatens to air her sorrows in court. Telescope.

The substance used to make match tips now costs seven hundred dollars a ton. Two years ago they cost thirty seven dollars a ton. It would be dismal enough to live in a matchless world yet a hundred years ago the friction match was as undreamed of as the electric lamp.

The 1917 Chevrolet

The great number of Chevrolet cars in use throughout this country is an indication of their splendid record last year. They have made good under all conditions. They stand up, and they give the owners perfect satisfaction and good service. They can be operated at the lowest possible cost, and practically free from repairs. No car in the world has the "pep," the "get away" that the Chevrolet possesses. In traffic they are handled at ease by lady drivers and when speed and power is wanted you have it in abundance. The Chevrolet has overhead valves which insure the power, and saves more gasoline per mile than any other make. This car is strong and firmly built with cantilever springs, and has no side motion. No other car is as easy on tires, and nothing will give you so much pleasure at so little cost. The Chevrolet is the lowest priced car built in Canada and has all the equipments of the higher priced machines. When you buy a Chevrolet you do not require to put on extras, it is fully equipped. Order your car now and make sure of delivery, and have the full summer's enjoyment. Price only \$695 f. o. b. Oshawa. Sold by Herrgott Bros.

Selling Short Measure.

A Walkerton matron who purchased a half gallon can of maple syrup from a farmer the other day had grave doubts about the measure she was getting and although the agriculturalist declared that his cans each contained two Imperial quarts she did a little measuring of her own and found it a good half pint short. As she measured it from an Imperial tin quart measure, there can be no doubt about the syrup being shy, and as the same party is said to have done a land-office business hawking it around Walkerton at 90c. per half-gal can, the buyers at this would have been stung over 11c. on the shortage of each can, or in other words they would have beaten out of one-eighth of their purchase every time they bought a can. If this stunt had been pulled off in Toronto, where they salt parties with stiff fines for selling "short," we see where somebody would have paid dearly for marketing such tins. Syrup at 90c. a half gallon is a mighty good figure, but if they must charge the price they should deliver the goods. The consumer, who can hardly make ends meet, is certainly in no condition to be trimmed on his purchase.

Reports that a curative serum for infantile paralysis has been perfected by the Mayo Brothers of Rochester, Minn., reached here to-day. For some time it has been rumored that Dr. Rosenow, who with Doctors Towle and Wheeler of the Mayo Hospital, succeeded last summer in isolating the germ of infantile paralysis, had perfected a cure for the disease. Since the definite discovery of the germ Dr. Rosenow and others of the Mayo staff have been trying to find a cure, and it is reported that they not only produced a vaccine which has immunized monkeys, but have developed from horses inoculated with the germ a serum which is expected to arrest infantile paralysis when it attacks human beings.

Free Land Grants.

The soldiers' land settlement act which will provide for a free grant of Dominion land to veterans of the Imperial forces, occupied with a provision for a loan to be advanced under supervision, of \$1,500 or \$2,000, will be presented to the House of Hon. Dr. Roche, minister of interior, who with Hon. Martin Burrell, minister of agriculture, has had charge of its preparation. It is understood that its terms were settled and approved by the prime minister before leaving for England and a full memorandum of its provisions was furnished J. Bruce Walker of the department of the interior, who went to England for the purpose of representing Canada on the Imperial immigration.

The department of Agriculture has given out that seed potatoes will not be scarce this spring. Alberta last year produced over 5,000,000 bushels of potatoes, and an increase is looked for this year.

"The Elite Millinery."

New Spring Millinery.

Correct and exclusive styles at extremely low prices.

Mrs. R. Schwalm.

Produce taken same as cash.

The Campress and Vacuum Washer and Rinser.

The Machine that has solved the wash-day problem.

Every Home needs one. Guaranteed to wash CLEAN one tubful of heavy Quilts or Blankets in ten minutes.

Will wash equally well one tubful of your finest Lace Curtains in the same length of time and not injure them in the least.

A child 12 years old can work one with ease. You will bless the day you ever got one. Only \$2.00. Will last 20 years.

For sale at Geo. Lambert's Flour, Feed and Produce Store.

GEO. LAMBERT.

Mildmay

Ontario

SELECT JEWELLERY

Diamond Rings, Cut Glass Necklaces, Silverware Brooches, Watches and Clocks

Fancy China and Glassware

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION.

C. Wendt

Jeweler



To City, Town and Village Dwellers in Ontario.

Keep hens this year

EGG and poultry prices, the like of which seldom or never been experienced, certainly make it worth anyone's while to start keeping hens. By doing so you have fresh eggs at the most trifling cost. At the same time you have the splendid satisfaction of knowing that you are doing something towards helping Britain, Canada and the Allies achieve victory this year.

Increased production of food helps not only to lower the high cost of living, but it helps to increase the urgently needed surplus of Canada's food for export. It saves money otherwise spent for eggs and poultry at high prices, and saves the labor of others whose effort is needed for more vital war work.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture will give every possible assistance by affording information about poultry keeping. Write for free bulletin which tells how to keep hens (address below).

"A vegetable garden for every home"

Nothing should be overlooked in this vital year of the war. The Department earnestly invites everyone to help increase production by growing vegetables. Even the smallest plot of ground, when properly cultivated, produces a surprising amount of vegetables. Experience is not essential.

On request the Department of Agriculture will send valuable literature, free of charge, giving complete directions for preparing soil, planting, cultivation, etc. A plan of a vegetable garden, indicating suitable crop to grow, best varieties and their arrangement in the garden, will be sent free to any address.

Address letters to "Vegetable Campaign," Department of Agriculture, Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Ontario Department of Agriculture
 W. H. Hearst, Minister of Agriculture

Parliament Buildings

Toronto 11

Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



Henry G. Bell

Question—G. H.:—If I plow in a full crop of clover, would I have to do this in the summer to get the full benefit of it, or would it be as good if I let it grow on till the fall? Or, on the other hand, would it be as good if I took a crop and plowed in the aftermath? I have no stock except fowls and two horses, therefore little stable manure. However, I intend to use a lot of phosphate.

Answer:—At the present price of food and its universal scarcity in most sections, I would advise G. H. to feed the first crop of clover and plow in the aftermath. If he does not have enough stock to consume the clover it will pay him to make the hay and sell it, and to buy feed and plant food in the form of fertilizers. Since he has little manure I would advise him to use a fertilizer containing 2 to 4% ammonia, 8 to 12% phosphoric acid, and if he intends to plant potatoes, truck or root crops, from 1 to 3% potash. This will supplement the plant food in the soil and that turned under in his clover. It is very questionable, and especially at the present price of practically all farm feed and produce, if anyone can plow under a full crop of clover or any other cover crop, for that matter. Apply the fertilizer at the rate of 200 to 400 lbs. per acre.

Question—H. B.:—What distance apart should the rows of Indian corn be planted, and what distance in the rows? How many kernels should be put in a hill? I wish to get as much ripened corn as possible.

Answer:—The farther south we go the farther apart the rows of corn

and the greater the distance between the hills. For instance, in the Southern part of the United States the rows are frequently five feet apart and four feet between the hills. As we come North this is reduced to at least 36 inches and some men even plant closer.

The number of kernels to the hill and the distance apart depends very largely on the type of corn and the fertility of the soil; ordinarily the richer the soil the closer the corn can be planted.

H. B. says he wishes to get as much ripened corn as possible. If he does not care for the size of ears he can plant much closer than if it is large ears that he desires. The Nebraska Experiment Station, U. S. A., found that 3, 4 or 5 stalks to a hill gave practically the same yield but the weight of ears was less with four than with three and still less with five than with four. One plant to the hill gave but two-thirds as much corn as did three plants. Two plants gave 10 bushels less to the acre than did 3, 4 or 5. The corn was planted in hills three feet eight inches apart each way.

I would recommend that H. B. plant his corn 36 inches apart each way, unless the soil is extremely fertile when he might plant a little closer, and plant three to four kernels to the hill. If he wishes to drill it, the stalks should be ten to twelve inches apart in the row, unless the soil is exceptionally fertile, when this distance may be reduced to 8 to 10 inches.

RENNIE'S QUICK-GROWING SEEDS

- Early Valentine Bush Beans, ready to pick in 35 days, 4 ozs. 15c, lb. 40c
 - Early Model Blood-red Table Beet Pkg. 10c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c
 - First and Best Cabbage, solid heads Pkg. 10c, oz. 30c, 4 ozs. 90c
 - Early Gem Red Table Carrot Pkg. 5c, oz. 25c, 4 ozs. 65c
 - Citron for Preserving, red seeded Pkg. 5c, oz. 15c, 4 ozs. 40c
 - Early Malcolm Sweet Table Corn Pkg. 10c, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. \$1.90
 - Prize Pickling Cucumber (great cropper) Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c
 - Earliest Wayhead Head Lettuce Pkg. 10c, oz. 30c, 4 ozs. 90c
 - Early Hackensack (Sugar) Musk Melon Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c
 - Richard Seddon Bush Garden Peas 4 ozs. 15c, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. \$1.75
 - Select Yellow Dutch Onion Sets Pkg. 5c, lb. 35c, 5 lbs. \$1.70
 - Earliest Scarlet Olive Radish Pkg. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 ozs. 30c
 - Extra Early Milan Turnip (earliest grown) Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c
 - Giant White Feeding Sugar Beet, for cattle 4 ozs. 15c, 1/2 lb. 25c, lb. 45c.
 - Rennie's Giant Yellow Intermediate Mangel 1/2 lb. 25c, lb. 45c
 - Rennie's Derby Swede Turnip, for stock feed 1/2 lb. 37c, lb. 70c
 - Improved Jumbo Swede Turnip (Elephant) 1/2 lb. 37c, lb. 70c
 - Rennie's Kangaroo Swede Turnip (very hardy) 1/2 lb. 35c, lb. 65c
 - High Grade Compton's Early Yellow Flint Seed Corn Bus. \$3.25, 5 bus. for \$16.00.
 - High Grade White Cap Yellow Dent Seed Corn Bus. \$2.75
 - Earliest Six Weeks Seed Potatoes Peck \$1.00, bus. \$3.50
 - Extra Early Eureka Seed Potatoes Peck \$1.00, bus. \$3.50
- Seed Corn and Potato Prices do NOT include freight charges.

Pakro Seedtape. "You plant it by the yard." 2 pkts. for 25c. Ask for descriptive list.

Rennie's Seed Annual Free to All.

Cotton bags 30c. each extra.

Order through your LOCAL DEALER or direct from RENNIE'S SEEDS Wm. RENNIE Co., Limited King and Market Sts., Toronto Also at MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER



INTERNATIONAL LESSON APRIL 29.

Lesson V. Jesus Welcomed As King —John 12. 12-26. Golden Text—John 12. 13.

Verse 12. The common people (margin)—John is sharply distinguishing the masses from the "classes."

13. The branches—Specially associated with Tabernacles, the most joyous of the Feasts. Hosanna—"Save!" (Psa. 118. 25), a prayer addressed to God. It had come to be used rather like our "Hurrah!" but with a religious tone, like "God bless you!" He that cometh—The Messianic name. In the name—Join with Bless.

14. Found—Mark tells us how. This was a case of deliberate fulfillment of prophecy; he would claim before the people the peaceful royalty that the angel suggested. The horse being the symbol of war—it was used for nothing else—the ass represented peace; there is no suggestion of lowliness about it, however true it is that he came in humility (Matt. 21. 5).

15. See Zech. 9. 9. The context is all concerned with the abolition of war. Is not this the kind of "Second Coming" that we are called to think and pray and work for? It is an intensely practical ideal—which is more than can be said for some "Second Advent" dreams.

16. Glorified—For John this "glory," or complete self-revelation, culminates on Calvary.

17. The crowd that saw the great Sign is busy telling those who had not seen it.

18. Here is the turning point of the story. The Pharisees are everywhere; their real enemies, who won their purposes by making the powerful but apathetic hierarchy do

their foul work for them (John 11. 47-53). Here they are pictured as in despair. No more vivid evidence could be given of the completeness of his triumph. They little knew that the appalling deed they contemplated was to be the Divine way of truly enthroning him over the world—a vaster world than they could see!

Hogs

The man who keeps cows is well fixed for raising hogs. Hogs will eat alfalfa hay, and pay well for it. Tia was proved the past winter on many farms where economy was practised by substituting hay for part of the corn and tankage or other millfeed which it was customary to feed.

It is essential that the brood sow be fed a well balanced, succulent, nutritious, milk-producing ration while suckling the litter. Dairy by-products, such as skim-milk, buttermilk or whey together with meals such as shorts, ground oats, barley, oil cake and the like, are all highly suitable for the feeding of the sow at this season. These are also splendid feeds for the litter at weaning time. If dairy by-products are not available, digester tankage may to some extent supplement these feeds.

Kitchen slops, ground barley and shorts formed the greater part of the ration of a pig which took first prize at a recent show. The pig had the run of an alfalfa pasture, with a stream at the foot of the hill in the same lot.

The Height of Boastfulness.

Isn't Blower inclined to be just a little boastful?" "Boastful? Well, I guess yes. After a beggar has touched Blower for a nickel, he will tell you that he has just been giving a little dinner to an acquaintance of his."

SWEET CHERRIES: SOILS AND VARIETIES

G. A. Robertson, St. Catharines.

Sweet cherries are yearly increasing in popular favor; and this popular favor will increase or diminish only as the product put on the market is good, thereby increasing the demand; or poor, thereby decreasing the consumption. Not many years ago the sweet and so-called sour varieties were marketed at practically the same price per basket; the sweets are much more difficult to produce and to market than the common or sour varieties; and an impetus was given to planting the sour cherry at the expense of the sweet; since then the sour cherries have decreased steadily in price and the sweet have increased until now a sweet cherry orchard in full bearing is a decided asset to any farm.

Location: Sweet cherries should be planted on a deep, dry, well drained soil. No other tree fruit will respond any better to good treatment, but planting on an unsuitable soil is disastrous, and a wet subsoil will prove fatal. Therefore, when choosing a location, a high, dry, sandy, or gravelly knoll is best, and a proper system of underground drainage will prove beneficial. Close proximity to a town where a requisite number of good pickers may be had, and frequent and rapid shipping facilities is desirable.

Sweet cherries bloom very early, varying in the last few years from say as early as the 22nd of April, and sometimes as late as the 19th of May. Most of our popular varieties bloom

heavily and set freely; when in full bloom a few hours of hot sunshine assisted by the presence of myriads of bees will set a fair crop. This may be followed by a week or ten days of cold wet weather, with perhaps a few degrees of frost, but if properly set the calyx of the blossom forms a little blanket to protect the tender fruit, and this drops only as the cherry swells or as the stem of the improperly fertilized fruit shrivels and drops; hence planting an orchard near a body of water which will modify the temperature, will often insure a crop when a few miles inland the few degrees difference in temperature may shorten it materially, if not destroying it entirely for the season.

Varieties: In choosing the varieties from a commercial standpoint, annual bearing is the most desirable, and coupled with this a fruit that is good size, color and flavor and also good in shipping quality. The tree should be a rapid grower, strong and hardy. The varieties that so far I have tried that conform to this standard named in the order of ripening are: Black Tartarian, Sweetest, Bigarreau (white), Eikhorn and Windsor. I have also fruited Liberty which ripens after the Windsor, and is producing being of good size and flavor, and I may also add Blue, 1/3 of these being grown in the West, the latter ripening about the same time as Eikhorn, and is an excellently flavored cherry.



Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed. Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

A. M. S.:—1. In the vacant spots in your flower border plant perennial phlox in white, pink and yellow. They like the sun. It is always wisest to buy large plants. 2. Spraying is the best way to water plants. This not only keeps them clean, but, as you know, plants absorb moisture through the pores of their leaves, and they are therefore much benefitted by spraying. 3. Dahlia roots should not be put into the ground until the weather is settled and the ground warm. They are very liable to rot in wet and cold ground. 4. Did you ever try cannas for the large bed in the centre of your lawn? Cannas being large plants need space to show up to the best advantage, and require very rich loamy soil and heat. The flowers are very showy, but are not suitable for cutting as they are so tender and easily bruised. If the bed is eight or ten feet in diameter, place a ricinus (castor oil plant) in the centre, surround with two circles of cannas, say, the inner circle King Humbert, outer Alphonse Bouvier; and geraniums for the base or outside circle. As the canna is a tender plant it cannot be transferred to the permanent bed before June 1st. It flowers during July, August and September. Be careful to cut out all dried blooms and seed pods. It encourages freer blooming.

K. McL.:—1. Here is a remedy for brittle nails which I hope you will find effective: Oil of pistache, 1/2 ounce; refined table salt, 1/2 dram; powdered resin, 1/2 dram; powdered alum, 1/2 dram; white wax, 1/4 dram; carmine, 1/4 dram. Rub well into the nails at bedtime, also after bathing the hands. 2. Lotion for red, oily nose: Sulphur precipitate, 1 dram; spirits of camphor, 1 dram; glycerine, 1 dram; rose water, 4 ounces. After bathing the nose in very hot water, mop the lotion on with absorbent cotton. 3. The amount of water required by the body daily is sufficient to balance the loss through the skin, kidneys, lungs and other excretory organs. This has been shown to be about two and one-half quarts, the amount depending much upon the temperature of the air

and the amount of work done. Part of this water is derived from the food. 4. A good ointment for dry skin is made of lanolin, two ounces; boroglyceride, one ounce; cold cream, six ounces. 5. Whether one should drink hot or cold water before breakfast depends upon whether the gastric juice is too acid or not sufficiently acid. If one's stomach does not make enough hydrochloric acid, she should drink a little cold water half an hour before meals, because this will stimulate the gastric glands. If one has too much acid she should take a glassful of hot water half an hour before eating.

H. M.:—If your little girl's school reports are not so good as you would like, the reason may lie in her physical condition. It is not at all likely that she is wilfully lazy and inattentive. The first step would be to have the family physician make an examination for eye defects, adenoid growths, dental diseases, and things of that kind. If she is free from all of these, it will be necessary to look elsewhere for the cause of her failure to do well at her studies. In the first place, is she properly nourished? Does she take just the right quantity of food at meals and of the kind suited to her age? She should not be permitted to nibble between meals or to have too much candy. Too much food causes poisoning of the brain, while too little or of unsuitable variety causes the brain to function freely owing to lack of nourishment. In the second place, are you allowing her to have too much "fun" out of school? If she remains up late at night, in a well-ventilated room, she will be unfit for school work because of physical exhaustion. As to automobile rides, it is true that they furnish plenty of fresh air which is good, of course, but long and frequent rides keep the child in a state of nervous tension and excitement, which is the reverse of good. In short, the manner in which you are bringing up the child must be scrutinized to discover the cause of her backwardness at school.



The Rainy Day.

I want the sun to shine again, I want the rain to stop. It marches like the feet of men— Drop-drop, drop-drop, drop-drop!

I do not like the rain a bit, I do not like the mud. The cows all turn their backs to it, And sadly chew their cud.

I press my nose against the pane Until my nose is flat, But all I see is just the rain— Pat-pat, pat-pat, pat-pat!

I want the children out again, I want the weather fine. I don't know how to wait till then— I want the sun to shine.

When I Spank My Dolls.

From my dolls I have chosen three (whom I consider sisters) of whom I am going to write a story. Emmeline, who is the oldest, is a lovely girl with long, dark curls. Unfortunately she has a dark temper. The next in size is Winifred, who is quite different from Emmeline. She has short light curls that shine in the sun like gold. Winifred has a very loving disposition. The youngest daughter, Laura, has short, brown curls. She is a sweet, mischievous little girl.

One Wednesday we had planned to go on a picnic. Wednesday dawned bright and clear. We were all dressed, the lunch was packed, when Winifred suddenly exclaimed: "Where is Laura?" "Where was she? The naughty girl! I will tell you."

Little Laura had been told by her mother never to go near the flypaper. Now Laura had not meant to disobey. She just thought she would like to catch the flies on the flypaper before she went on the picnic.

She knew where a sheet of flypaper was, so she went into the parlor, which was dark at that time. Little Laura climbed over a cushion on the floor and the fell. Her head went into something sticky. Now she knew!

Laura was frightened. She ran upstairs and hid in a closet her pretty brown curls one sticky mass. They hunted everywhere. At last Emmeline looked in the closet where poor Laura was hidden. "Laura! Broodie! You're a nice girl. What has happened?" she cried. With that she pulled Laura out and was shaking her in a high temper, when I, their mother, came in. Emmeline turned and when she saw me she let go Laura and looked very much ashamed. Laura was frightened and asked me if she was going to be spanked, but I said, "No, Laura,

you do not deserve to be spanked. Emmeline does."

I then took Emmeline, who was crying, and spanked her and put her to bed.

Laura came and told me the story. Then I took her and Winifred to the barber shop, where Laura's curls were cut off. When I returned, Emmeline said: "Mother, aren't you going to punish Laura?" "Look at her, Emmeline, and tell me if you do not think she is punished enough," I answered.

Emmeline looked at Laura, who was standing there feeling the head which the barber had robbed of its curls. She was crying. Emmeline really felt sorry for Laura and promised that she would not have "temper" again and she didn't. Laura was never mischievous again. We all missed the picnic that day!

LEANING TOWERS OF BOLOGNA.

Intended For Fortified Homes By Builder in Past Ages.

Italy is a land of many leaning towers, among which the Tower of Pisa and the fallen campanile at Venice are the best known. The strangest of the leaning towers, however, are the Torre Asinelli and the Torre Garisenda in Bologna, which were erected in 1109 and 1110 A.D. The builders intended them for fortified homes, of which Bologna at one time possessed as many as two hundred. The gloomy, smooth-walled brick towers standing side by side make a strange impression upon the person who looks up at them from the ground. Dante, in his Inferno, compared the giant Anteus, who was bending toward him, to the Torre Garisenda "when a cloud passes over it."

The Torre Asinelli is three hundred and twenty feet high and contains a rough staircase of four hundred and forty-seven steps. At the summit, which is four feet out of plumb with the base, you have a fine view of the city. The lean is unintentional, and was probably caused by the sinking of the foundations. Torre Garisenda is one hundred and thirty-three feet high, sixteen feet lower than the Leaning Tower of Pisa, and it is ten feet out of plumb, only three feet less than the Tower of Pisa.

When Otto Garisenda began to build in 1110 A.D., he apparently wanted his house to surpass his neighbor Asinelli's in solidity; and so he intentionally made his tower out of the perpendicular. He found it impossible, however, to complete the tower at that angle, and had to cease work on it before it attained the height of its companion.

It has been shown that heredity in a plant seed is not so important as good soil and cultural methods. Good seed, good soil and good tanning count for more in crop producing than fancy variety.

The Dairy

That some source of sediment in milk does obtain even under the most rigid conditions possible in a cow stable is evident from an examination of any sediment disk through which the average milk has been passed, and there is no doubt that thorough straining will add to the cleanliness of the product even after all possible precautions have been taken. The presence of slime in the separator bowl after skimming is another sign that some dirt has found its way into the milk between the time of its secretion and its arrival in the machine provided the receiving or supply car has been clean up to the time when separating started.

The separator no doubt removes a great deal of the foreign matter that occurs, but is incapable of throwing out much of the undesirable bacteria that accompanies the dirt which enters the milk at milking time, so the importance of cleanliness in caring for the cow and for the milking utensils is very great indeed.

The assurance that milk delivered at the dairy, where pasteurization takes place, is free, or reasonably free, of sediment, should be worthy of consideration by the wholesale purchaser who, in his turn, should reap a benefit from the ultimate consumer to whom he can guarantee this milk as having been clean, and thus safe from the time it leaves the cow's udder until it arrives at the consumer's residence.

The farmer's part of the undertaking to supply pure, wholesome milk must start with the taking of precautions previous, even to the secretion, of the milk. He should satisfy himself fully that his cows are entirely healthy; and in order that the small amount of dust that will inevitably get into the milk pail may be as harmless as possible, he must provide for a plentiful supply of sunlight in his stables. Then if the cattle are always kept as clean (or a little cleaner) all the year round, as they would keep themselves on a good, well-drained pasture field, and the milkers obliged to wear well-washed clothes, and take a bath frequently, the chances of the milk being satisfactory are pretty good. Of course, aeration of the milk and thorough cooling must also be attended to.

Small Fry.

The teacher believed in keeping the youngsters in touch with the history of the times, and was beginning a lesson upon the Russian Royal Family.

"Now, who can tell me what the Russian monarch is called?" "The Czar," followed the class. "Right! And what is his wife called?"

"There was a pause; then two or three ventured: "The Czarina."

"Good!" said the teacher. "Now I wonder if you know what the Czar's children are called."

Poultry

Sell off all hens in their third year, as soon as the rush of laying is over. The last call for hatching is now on. Chicks hatched after the first week in May cannot be expected to prove good winter layers.

Brood chicks that are closely housed and fed too heavily are very likely to develop weight too fast in proportion to their strength.

It will cost the farmer no more money to raise pure-bred poultry than it will to grow scubs.

Turkeys do best when kept separate from chickens. If the two are kept together the turkeys are likely to take chicken diseases.

Dampness, lice and filth are deadly foes to poultry of any kind.

Since hens on range produce more eggs at a lower cost and fewer young hens die than do those kept in confinement, poultrymen are urged to provide outside yards with plenty of green feed for laying hens. Hens on range produce 15 to 44 per cent. more eggs at a feed cost of 15 to 26 per cent. less per dozen than hens kept in confinement.

In Spring fowls require more careful attention than at any time in the year. All the accumulated debris of winter lies on the surface. Then comes a warm spell, and the surface of the ground gets muddy, while the filth of winter sticks to everything that touches it. This is the time to keep the hens dry and to give them straw to stand on and to work in during the day.

Horse Sense

There are two forms of strangles or distemper, viz., regular and irregular strangles. The symptoms of regular form are: cough, unthriftiness, fever, difficulty in swallowing, nasal discharge, swellings between jaws or about throat, which form into abscesses. In irregular form the same symptoms occur, with less difficulty breathing, and the abscesses may form any place, externally or internally.

Attend to comfort, apply poultices of antiphlogistine to throat, lance abscesses as soon as ready, give 2 or 3 drams hyposulphite of soda out of a spoon 3 times daily, do not drench. If breathing becomes very difficult send for veterinarian.

Go easy with the horses at the start and see that collars fit.

Mares in foal should be given regular work but not overwork.

Farm horses usually could haul larger loads on the country roads if wagon tires were wider, and less damage is done to roads by wide tires.

Different horses require different kinds of foods, the same as different people; study each horse and see what kinds of food he does best on.

It is a lot better and cheaper to feed and care for stock so that they will be in good health, than to pay a doctor to get them back to the standard after they once get down.

Man's Staff of Life is the whole wheat grain—not the white, starchy centre of the wheat—make no mistake about that—but be sure you get the whole wheat grain in a digestible form.

Shredded Wheat Biscuit contains all the tissue-building, energy-creating material in the whole wheat, steam-cooked, shredded and baked. A perfect food for the nourishment of the human body. A better balanced ration than meat, or eggs, or starchy vegetables, supplying the greatest amount of body-building nutriment at lowest cost. For breakfast with milk or cream, or for any meal with fruits. Made in Canada.

New Spring Modes

The designers have returned to kimono sleeves and the body-and-sleeve-in-one effects. Many of the new blouses and dresses are made in these styles; and a good many show the short sleeves, which have a fair promise of being taken up for spring and summer, though not to the exclusion of long sleeves. The most favored type of long sleeve at present is fitted closely from the elbow to the wrist. At the elbow, or above it, there is fullness, the sleeve being shaped in a point extending away from the elbow.

The Puff in Skirts
A feature of the new skirts which appears to be very acceptable is the puff at the lower edge produced by a gathering of the edge to a foundation. Evening dresses are especially graceful in this style, whether made of taffeta, satin, charmeuse or the other soft silks. This is a very delightful



764
Youthful Evening Frock with Puffed Skirt

effect for young girls and is used very frequently for their party frocks. The illustration shows how full of charm are misses' dresses in this style, and that a great deal of this charm lies in its simplicity. The model is developed in soft rose charmeuse, with chiffon of the same shade embroidered



Scientific facts prove the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee is harmful to many, while the pure food-drink—

POSTUM

is not only free from drugs, but is economical, delicious and nourishing.

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is highly recommended by physicians for those with whom tea or coffee disagrees.

Postum is especially suitable for children.

"There's a Reason"
Sold by Grocers.

with gold threads forming the simple little bodice. Orchid and sea-foam green are among the other evening colors which make exquisitely pretty frocks for the younger set.

Fans, slippers and stockings to match the dress are some of the details which one should be mindful of in planning party frocks to be in perfect harmony.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

NEAR BANKRUPTCY.

Germany Bled White in Food and Finance—Finish Near.

The biggest question in the world to-day is: How long can Germany stand it? writes Oscar King Davis, an American correspondent, who recently left Berlin. Is she starving? Is she going bankrupt? Is she running out of raw materials? Is she exhausting her man power? The question has other variants, but they all mean the same thing, How long can Germany hold out against the pressure of the allied blockade, against the economic warfare waged by Great Britain, as well as against the military warfare waged by all the Entente powers?

The answer to this question carries with it for most of the world the answer to the question of how long the war is going to continue. For it is only in Germany and the countries allied to her that one finds any substantial confidence that Germany may yet prove to be the victor in the struggle. Outside of Germany one does not find the same readiness to believe in the possibility of economic or military exhaustion for the Entente allies that is constantly expressed with vigor and enthusiasm, if not with conviction, in Berlin and other German centres.

The conclusion reached by Mr. Davis from his personal observations in Germany is that, bled white and near bankruptcy, the nation can go barely a year at the best. The armies are well fed and the rich do not suffer, but the children of the poor go hungry.

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE SPRING

Do Not Use Harsh Purgatives—A Tonic is All You Need.

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That is the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, appetite fickle, sometimes headaches, and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble.

Do not dose yourself with purgatives, as so many people do, in the hope that you can put your blood in the right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in spring is a tonic that will make new blood and build up the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine makes new blood which clears the skin, strengthens the appetite and makes tired, depressed men, women and children bright, active and strong. Mrs. Maude Bagg, Lemberg, Sask., says: "I can unhesitatingly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a blood builder and tonic. I was very much run down when I began using the Pills, and a few boxes fully restored my health."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PORCELAIN MONEY.

Metal Coinage is By No Means the Only Kind in Use.

Most people have come to regard coins as being necessarily made from metal of some sort. This, however, is by no means invariably the case. Porcelain money is in use to-day in Burma and Siam, and feather money, manufactured from the short red feathers from beneath the wings of a species of parrot, is the ordinary currency of the Santa Cruz islanders.

The Loyalty Islands, which lie in the Pacific to the east of Australia are famous for their fur money. The fur, which is taken from behind the ears of the so-called "flying-fox," in reality a large fruit-eating bat, is woven into cords of various lengths, and these constitute the ordinary currency of the islanders.

Iron money was put into circulation in Germany on October last. In Mexico cardboard money is in use, owing to the disappearance of metal currency due to the unsettled state of the country. Cardboard pennies and halfpennies to the value of \$350,000 were also issued at Toulouse, in France, in September, 1916.

The Height of Boastfulness.
"Isn't Blower inclined to be just a little boastful?"
"Boastful? Well, I guess yes. After a beggar has touched Blower for a nickel, he will tell you that he has just been giving a little dinner to an acquaintance of his."

Tells Just What They Did For Her

Well Known Lady Makes a Statement Regarding Dodd's Kidney Pills.

She Had Numerous Troubles, All of Which Came From Diseased Kidneys and Found a Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Ayre's Cliff, Que., Apr. 16th.—(Special).—Mrs. W. Coules Macdona, of The Farm, a member of one of the oldest families living in this neighborhood has consented to give the public the benefit of her experience with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started from overwork," Mrs. Macdona states, "and I suffered for two years. I was treated by a doctor, but the results were not satisfactory. My joints were stiff, I had cramps in my muscles, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I was heavy and sleepy after meals. I had bad headaches, my appetite was fitful and I was always tired and nervous. I was depressed and low-spirited, I had a bitter taste in my mouth, in the mornings and I was often dizzy.

"I perspired with the least exertion and I often had sharp pressure or pain on the top of the head. Then rheumatism was added to my troubles. I have taken just two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they have done me good, not only in one way, but in many. Even my rheumatism is much better."

Mrs. Macdona's symptoms all showed that her kidneys were wrong. If you have similar symptoms try Dodd's Kidney Pills.

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That Explain It.

"Where did you get those scratches on your face?" asked the thin man.

"Car turned turtle," replied the fat man gruffly.

"Loose tire?"

"No, tight chauffeur!"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.
"Father," said a little boy one day, "where are atoms?" "Atoms, my son! You mean Athens, surely?" "No, father—atoms, the place where things are blown to."

When Your Eyes Need Care

Use Murine Eye Medicine. No Smarting—Fits Fine—Acts Quickly. Try It for Red, Weak, Sore Eyes and Irritated Eyelids. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practices for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes 2c and 50c. Write for book of the Eye Free. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago, Adv.

To save labor in building roads a cart has been invented that spreads stone evenly as it is dumped.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Christianity is not world-renouncing in the ordinary sense, since it teaches that God made the world and made it very good.

ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.
Heals all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

SAVING THE SUFFERERS.

Celluloid Found Extremely Useful in Alleviating Pain.

Celluloid and shrapnel are two substances that occupy the attention of our Red Cross hospitals to-day, for the former has been found of valuable assistance in the dressing of wounds caused by the latter.

Acute pain is almost always Tommy's portion while his wound is being dressed. The removal of a lint bandage from an open, sensitive wound is particularly painful, and experts are striving to lessen suffering in this respect. They have now found that celluloid placed over an open wound not only proves of great comfort to the patient, but is also particularly helpful for dressing purposes generally.

Quite a simple device it is, too. A sheet of perforated celluloid, softened in acid and of convenient shape and size, is placed over the open wound, while lint bandages take their place above it. When the dressing is required to be changed the bandages are first removed and the celluloid comes away quite easily, without adhering to the wound.

Not one of the least dangers connected with wounds is gangrene, or septic poisoning. Here again celluloid proves helpful. A saline-lint dressing is placed over the perforated celluloid for purifying purposes. The salt liquid flows freely through the perforated holes, while, on the other hand, the wound is enabled to discharge any septic matter quite freely. The patient is put to very little discomfort, for the celluloid, through constant soaking, is rendered both soft and pliable.

UNLUCKY QUILL PEN.

Used by Francis Joseph of Austria and His Brother Maximilian.

Among the many stories of omens that centre round the Hapsburg family is that of an unlucky quill pen. It was used by Francis Joseph when signing his first proclamation as Emperor of Austria. No sooner had he signed the document than the pen fell from his hand, spluttering ink all over the floor.

"I hope this may not prove an unfortunate omen for your Majesty," said the Court Chamberlain as he picked it up. Maximilian, the brother of Francis Joseph, who was also present, asked for the pen as a memento of an historic occasion, and it was given to him straightaway.

Several years later, with the very same pen, he signed the proclamation appointing himself Emperor of Mexico—a proclamation which, as is well known, led to his death very shortly afterwards. He was executed by the Mexicans, and his wife went mad with grief.

It is not on record into whose possession the pen has now passed.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS AN EXCELLENT REMEDY

When the baby is ill—when he is constipated, has indigestion; colds, simple fevers or any other of the many minor ills of little ones—the mother will find Baby's Own Tablets an excellent remedy. They regulate the stomach and bowels thus banishing the cause of most of the ills of childhood. Concerning them Mrs. Paul Dinette, Chenerville, Que., writes:—"I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all mothers as I have used them for my little one for constipation and diarrhoea and have found them an excellent remedy." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

The game of golf goes back at least five centuries. One of the pictures in a Dutch illuminated Book of Tours, now in the British Museum, is a painting of three men putting at a hole in the turf as in modern golf. Although the Dutchmen did play and paint golf, they did not write about it, so there are no records describing the game.

For Stiff Neck

Apply Sloan's Liniment without rubbing to the sore leaders and the pain will soon be relieved. For rheumatic aches, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, bruises, strains, sprains and muscle stiffness, have a bottle handy. Quickly penetrates and soothes, cleaner than musky plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin. At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

Many potato diseases are carried over from one year to the next in the seed. It is, therefore, important that seed be used which is as nearly free from disease as possible. When there is any evidence of common scab or russet scab, blackleg, etc., the seed should be disinfected before it is planted.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

If a regiment of 1,000 men, with equipment of 60,000 pounds marches 10 miles, it does as much work as laborers raising a weight of 260,000 tons a distance of one foot.

GILLETT'S LYE



Rural Delights.

Brown, the typical Londoner, was spending his week's holiday at a farm. As he was retiring for the first night the farmer's wife stopped him. "Now, what time d'you get up, sir?" I suppose, being a Londoner, you ain't very fond of early rising?" "Early rising? No fear! None of that for me! I never get up very early in town. I like bed." "Very good, sir! In that case, we won't have breakfast till half-past four to-morrow morning!"

All Fighters.

Two holiday-making Newcastle lads discovered a wasp's nest the contents of which they immediately proceeded to investigate. Soon they were kept very busy with the enemy, who charged every inch of the way, and they withdrew for a short time for consultation. "All tell ye," Jack said to his mate, "taak about fightin' for your home, thors' not a conshehenshus objector amang them!"

PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.



Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards. This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.

Over a river in Mexico there is a 150-foot bridge that is composed entirely of mahogany, worth at the present price of the wood almost \$2,000,000.

MONEY ORDERS

PAY your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

It is more blessed to give than to receive, but the majority of us know it merely from hearsay.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

"There, there!" said Mrs. Blue-Myrrh, picking up her little boy who had hurt his toe, "don't cry. Be a man, like mamma!"



For Stiff Neck

Apply Sloan's Liniment without rubbing to the sore leaders and the pain will soon be relieved. For rheumatic aches, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, bruises, strains, sprains and muscle stiffness, have a bottle handy. Quickly penetrates and soothes, cleaner than musky plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin. At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

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NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND Hand, \$12.00 up. Send for special price list. Varsity Cycle Works, 413 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

"Clean All" BOILER COMPOUND For All Boiler Feed Waters Cyclone Shaking and Dumping Grate Bars for all requirements Canadian Steam Boiler Equipment Co., Limited Tel. Gerrard 3660 20 McCoe St. Toronto

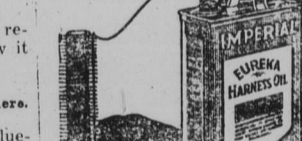
BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed Mailed free to any address by the Author H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis FOR

ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6M free. ABSORBINE, JR., for making the antiseptic liniment for Burns, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Venous Ulcers, Always Painful and Incurable. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle of druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 515 Lyman Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

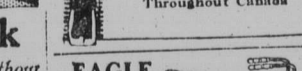


MAKES HARNESS LIABLE

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

softens harness, makes it tougher, stronger. Penetrates into the leather, closing the pores to water-leather's greatest enemy. THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited Branches Throughout Canada

EAGLE MOTOR STYLE



Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full line of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls—Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts for Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.

FOR DISTEMPER

Sure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are afflicted or "exposed." Liquid given on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings, and is a fine kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Sowing Time Is Here.

We presume that you are making a garden this Spring.

These warm, sunny days tell you that it is time to commence work.

We're interested because we supply the seed.

We can supply the seed for the beds of Lettuce, Radishes, Carrots and all the other vegetables as well as all kinds of flower seeds.

They are the same dependable kinds, Rennies and Ferry's, that gave you such excellent sales of action last year.

When you are ready to sow, call around. We have

Packet seeds, all kinds	5 and 10c.
White Icicle Radish, in bulk, per oz.	0c.
Black Spanish Radish, " " "	8c.
Nasturtium seed, tall " " "	7c.
Nasturtium seed, dwarf " " "	7c.
Sweet Peas mixed " " "	8c.

The Star Grocery.

The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffter

Terms—Cash or Produce.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

Heavy steers—Choice, \$11.50 to \$12; good, \$11 to \$11.25.
Butcher steers and heifers—Choice, \$11.25 to \$11.50; good, \$10.75 to \$11; medium, \$10 to \$10.50; common, \$9 to \$9.75.
Cows—Choice, \$9.50 to \$10; good, \$9 to \$9.25; medium, \$8.25 to \$8.75; common \$7.88.
Canners and cutters—\$5.50 to \$6.25.
Bulls—Choice, \$10 to \$10.50; good, \$9 to \$9.50; medium, \$8 to \$8.50; common \$7 to \$7.50.
Stockers and feeders—Best, \$9.50 to \$10; medium, \$8.50 to \$9; common, \$6.75 to \$8.25; grass cows, \$6.75 to \$8.15.
Milkers and springers—Best, \$90 to \$115; medium, \$65 to \$85; common, \$50 to \$60.
Lambs—Spring lambs, \$7 to \$14 each; yearling lambs, choice, 14c to 16c lb; culls, 9c to 12c lb.
Sheep—Light, 11c to 14c lb; heavy, 8c to 9c lb.
Calves—Choice, 11c 13c lb; medium 9c to 10c lb; common, 6c to 8c lb; heavy, fat, 7c to 9c lb.
Hogs—Fed and watered, \$17.50; weighed off cars, \$16.75.
Less \$2 to \$2.50 off sows, \$4 to \$6 off stags, \$1 off light hogs, and \$2 off thin feeder pigs, and half of one per cent., government condemnation loss.

NEUSTADT (continued on page one)

their home in Winnipeg.
Mr. C. Huether of Hanover was in town on business.
Mr. Henry Gaiser who for the last few years had conducted a grocery store is now selling out his entire stock.
Word from Winnipeg. All O. K. Winnipeg from Wally.
Rev. Mr. Bartell of Akron, N. Y. preached a very interesting sermon in St. Peter's Lutheran Church on Sunday afternoon. People came from all the neighbourhood to hear him.
Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Sander and family attended the funeral of Mrs. Sanders mother, Mrs. Wilkie in Walkerton last Thursday.
Ask the sports about Gowanstown?
Mr. J. Pofuss of Walkerton spent Sunday with Fred Loos. Mr. Loos is this week doing some painting in Walkerton.
Mr. and Mrs. Julius Widmeyer spent Friday afternoon at W. Heuthers.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Wittich, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wittich, and Mr. and Mrs. Weigel attended the funeral of Mr. Fred Weigel Jr. in Elmira last Saturday.
Miss Ida McDermott milliner of Hanover was in town last Thursday showing a range of Spring Millinery.
Miss Edna Diebel of near town was operated on, on Wednesday for appendicitis at her parents' home. We wish her a very speedy recovery. Her many friends will be sorry to hear this.
A special meeting was held at Russels Hotel on Monday evening for the purpose of organizing a Baseball league. A league was formed between Mildmay, Neustadt and Moltke representatives being here from each town. It was decided that this league be called, "The Saugen League". Officers elected were: Hon. Pres. J. A. Johnston, Mildmay, Pres. C. Derbecker, Neustadt, Secy. Treas. Chas. Wagner, Moltke. A committee was then picked out. The managers of each team being elected for committee namely: Fred Weiler, Mildmay, Garnet Moore, Neustadt, and Will Baetz Moltke. Another special meeting will be held in Mildmay on Friday evening for making rules and regulations and drawing up of a schedule. Three cheers for "The Saugen Baseball League".
Lang & Wepler merchants are painting their store front at present.
Miss Florence Diebel assistant milliner at Mrs. Kreigners is home for about a week or so.
Watch for posters about a Grand Ball to be held in town before long.

...Helwig's Weekly Store News...



New Spring and Summer Materials

Pongees
Voiles, Silks
Batiste
Muslins
Ducks
Ginghams

Our wash goods, both made up and in the bolt, are delicate and dainty, just as women love for them to be; yet they will stand the wear of the wash tub.

We price our wash goods as low as we can for the exquisite quality we give. Our store is the place for your wash goods and everything else you need. Come! See!

36 inch wide Print

This is a splendid wearing cloth, 36" wide. Color, navy, cadet, greys, black and white, and blue and white checks, all fast dye. 20c a yd.

Plain White Voile

Very fine weave voile. 40 to 45 inches wide. Price, 35c, 40c, and 50c per yard.

Spot Batiste

White ground with colored spots, in black, copen, and green, 40" wide. Price per yard, 25c.

Serpentine Crepe 35c

This line comes in ecru ground with wide stripes Rose, Copen and Green. Very suitable for skirts, middies, or used as a trimming. 35c yd

Plain Colored Voile

Colored Voile, very fine weave, for blouses and dresses. Colors, Cadet, Old Rose, Pink and Sky. 50c per yd.

Batiste and Voile

Very desirable cloths for the hot weather wear, in all the newest shades and designs. Price per yd, 25c, 35c, 38c up to \$1.00.

White Pique

White Pique in fine and wide cord. Splendid cloth for skirts, middies, suits or double width. 35c, 40c, and 50c per yd.

We sell Ladies Home Journal Patterns, 10c and 15c.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,



We are Pushing Paint

The painting season is at hand and we are ready to take care of your requirements with

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT, PREPARED

It is the best and most economical paint you can buy for your property.

Come in and look at color cards and have a paint talk with us.

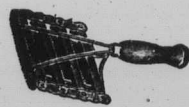
GARDEN TOOLS

We have Tools of every description to make gardening easy.

Spades and Shovels price \$1 up.

Hoes 40c to 60c

Rakes 40 to 75c.



Curry Combs and Brushes. A good variety, prices ranging from 15 to 30c.



JAPALAC

Renew everything from Garret to Cellar.

Made in 18 colors, wears like iron. Price 30, 35 60c \$1 tin.



Clip your horses this spring. Use the celebrated Stewart power Clipper. Price \$8.50

Make use of our Electric Vacuum Cleaner. We rent it by day or hour. You will be delighted with results.

Liesemer & Kalbfleish

THE CORNER HARDWARE.

Allred Weiler

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Edward Weiler

Good Quality SPRING GOODS Choice Patterns

Men's New Spring Shirts, Ties, Collars, Braces, Felt Hats, Caps, Underwear, Belts, Socks, Hose Supporters, Arm Bands, Handkerchiefs, Spring Walking Coats, Raincoats, Suitings, Ready-made Suits, etc.

Light and dark Prints, Ticking, Duck, Light and dark Flanellettes, Towelling, Bleach cotton, Factory cotton, Embroideries, Laces, Ladies House Aprons, Children's Dresses, Shirtings, Scrim, etc.

Choice Patterns in Ladies' Spring and Summer Motoring Caps.

New Patterns in Linoleums and Rugs.

Fresh Stock of Groceries always on hand.

Cash Paid for Butter, Eggs, Onions, etc.

—Terms—
Cash or Produce

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