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A building expert in Toronto affirms that if the warehouse in which com-Fireproof menced the conflagration in that Wood. city had been fitted throughout with fireproof wood, it is almost certain that no conflagration would have occurred. He argues that fireproof wood would have so far retarded the progress of the fire as to have enabled the fire brigade to confine it to the building where it originated. When a fire breaks out every moment is of great consequence, as, in a few minutes, a fire comes under the control of the fire brigade, or so de-

velops as to be beyond their power to subdue.

Life Assurance And Patent Medicines.

Life assurance and patent medicines seem to have no natural connection, but, owing to a statement made by Mr. Bok, the State Analyst of Massachussets,

one life company has required its medical examiner to ask each applicant for a policy: "What patent medicines have you used during the last five years?" and others are reported to be considering the same step. The Analyst in his report, No. 34, gives the per cent, of alcohol in each one of thirty-six patent medicines. In fourteen of them the volume is from 12 to 20 per cent., in seventeen from 20 to 30 per cent., in five from 30 to 47.5 per cent. Beer contains only from 2 to 5 per cent. of alcohol. Most patent medicines, according to the Analyst for Massachusetts, contain a much larger per cent. of spirit than port, sherry or any wine, and some are declared by him to be "stronger than whisky."

A Trap For Rebaters.

The Insurance Commissioner of Kentucky is requiring every life agent in that State to take an affidavit in following terms:-

"Have you, by any scheme or in any manner taken any note with the intention of returning same without being fully paid, or have you discounted any note of the assured to the assurer, or made any promise or in any way tried to violate Section 656 of the Kentucky statutes, known as the anti-rebate law?"

2. "Have you through any person or persons in any wav attempted to rebate any premium to any person in Kentucky since January 1, 1904?"

3. "Have you insured the life of any resident of Kentucky outside this State since January 1, 1904, with the intention of violating the anti-rebate law of Kentucky?'

4. "Have you, since January 1, 1904, given any part of your commission to any person in Kentucky not a licensed agent of the company you represent to assist you in procuring insurance?"

"If your answer be yes to the last question, give the name of the person or persons you agreed to divide the commission with, with their post office addresses.

If an agent refuses to answer, his license will be suspended; if he confesses to have broken the law by rebating, he is liable to a fine of \$500; and if he is detected in giving a false answer, he will be punished for perjury.

The meshes of this net seem to leave no loop-hole for a rebater to escape through.

Special

Assistant-Attorney General I. C. Melville, of Colorado, has furnished the Advisers. insurance department of his State with an opinion of considerable interest to

life underwriters covering the practice of certain companies of appointing "special advisers." The "Standard" calls attention to this opinion and says: "These special advisers are usually prominent men in a town who help local representatives solicit business, by advertising the company among their personal acquaintances, giving agents the benefit of their knowledge of the standing and habits of prospective policyholders and in various other ways acting as a sort of passive promoter of good business. For this, annual compensation is received, and, in case they are policyholders of the company

said compensation is applied on the insurance thereby reducing its cost price.

This system prevails in Indiana, Michigan, Rhode Island and Pennsylvania, and it has been asked if such a method is not in violation of the anti-rebate laws and the laws forbidding discrimination between policyholders of the same class. The matter has been before the courts and has been referred to the attorney-general in a number of States, Michigan it was held that the advisory contract was only a subterfuge to evade the law, while in Indiana and Rhode Island the contract was held to be entirely distinct and separate from the insurance contract, and, therefore, not in violation of the statute. In Pennsylvania, the attorney-general advised the insurance department that such boards were illegal, because they were not in accordance with the antidiscrimination act.

In the opinion of Assistant Attorney Melville, the contracts of the Security Trust and Life of Pennsylvania, the company in question, are in no way a violation of the law relating to discrimination, inasmuch as the appointment of a local adviser in no way necessitates the taking out of a policy by the appointee; that such an officer could be made valuable to a company, and should be compensated for the services required. He finds, however, that an adviser is an agent under the meaning of the Colorado law, and that as such he should be compelled to take out a license and pay a fee therefor.

Subjects For Insurance Papers. The Insurance Institutes of Great Britain and Ireland have arranged a system of having papers read before the members by visitors from other parts of the country.

By this means information regarding a much wide, range of subjects is laid before the members of each Institute, than could be done were the contributors of papers wholly selected from the locality where they are read. Owing to the short distance between the cities in the old land as compared with Canada, this system can be operated more economically in every respect than would be possible on this continent. But it is worth considering by the respective executives of the Insurance Institutes of Canada and the United States whether a systematic interchange of papers might be arranged to be read, when the author could not attend, by the local secretary, or other officer.

Such a system of interchanging papers would bring a much wider range of subjects before the members than is practicable when all papers read are contributed by local authors.

Papers on the following subjects read before the Insurance Society of New York, would be found instructive, and some of them deeply interesting, by all engaged in insurance.

"Mill Fire Protection;"
"Chemicals in Fires and Chem-

ical Causes of Fires;"
"Hazards of Gasolene and
Acetylene;"
"Tests in the Underwriters

Laboratories;"
"Schedule Rating;"

"The Adjustment of Fire Losses;"
"Insurance Companies before the Courts;"

"General Surveying;"

"Gas Leakage as Related to the Cause and Spreading of Fires;"

"Explosions as a Fire Haz-

ard;"

"Electricity as a Fire Haz-

"The Chief Factor in Loss Adjustment;"
"Policy Forms—Their Equa-Importance with Rates and

Commissions:

"Fighting Fires and Fire Fighting Apparatus;" "Electrical Wiring and Equip-

ment;"
"Lightning Hazards;"
"Automatic Sprinkler Systems;"
"The Telephone System;"

"Ignition, Flame and Explosion;"
"Theatre Hazards."

Each of the foregoing papers was contributed by an expert of eminent rank. The, above suggestion, we submit, is worthy of consideration.

DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA IN TEN YEARS.

Enlargement of Trade and Banking Business— 1895 to 1904.

Within the last ten years the progress made by Canada as shown by the development of its foreign trade and the expansion of banking resources and business, has been, probably, without precedent amongst the nations of the world, when the respective populations and the population of this Dominion are taken into account.

The table accompanying this is sufficient to convince the most pessimistic that Canada has developed commercially and financially in recent years to such extent as to render her position one of remarkable strength and promise as compared with what it was some years ago. The table on page 703 includes only the years of the last decade, but if a comparison is made with earlier years, the contrast is still more striking between the condition of Canada then and now.

A few items showing the increases since 1871, will present this contrast in a highly impressive manner:—

	1903-4.	1871.	Increase.	Rates '71 to	
Imports	252,759,154	96,092,971	155,666,183	38 1	D. C.
Exports	220,617,477	71,724,950	148,892,527		**
Total Foreign					
trade	473,376,631	167,817,921	305,559,710	35	**
Capital of banks.	78,738,355	41,305,600	37,432,755	52	46
Dep'ts of banks.	439,821,274	48,400,000	391,421,274	11	**
Dis'ts of banks	428,068,887	86,864,943	341,203,944	20	**
Circulation	58,649,870	22,200,000	36,449,870	37	"
Dep'ts in Savings					
Banks	105,300,000	10,336,000	94,964,000	10	**
Mineral produc-					
tions	64,970,730	6,043,868	58,926,862	9	**
Public revenue	69,348,084	19,375,036	49,973,048	27	44
Public expendi-					
ture	61,746,571	19,293,478	42,453,093	31	**
Fire Ins. in					
force1	,140,812,752	228,453,784	912,358,968	29	**
Life Ins. in	1 × 20 10 10				
force	548,436,200	45,825,935	502,610,265	8	**
Population	5,500,000	3,700,000	1,800,000	67	41

The one fact that the deposits in the various classes of banks and savings institutions are now close upon five hundred millions of dollars, as against less than sixty millions in 1871, is a conclusive answer to those who depreciate the financial progress and resources of the country. Since 1871 the people of this Dominion have provided five hundred and twenty-five millions of dollars to enlarge the funds available for carrying the business of the country, besides, probably as large a sum which has been invested in industrial enterprises. The other fact that our exports are now three times the volume and value they were in 1871, and imports about the same proportion, shows Canada to have a power of growth which gives assurance of extensive development in the

MORTALITY OF LIFE POLICYHOLDERS.

The deaths of policyholders in the Mutual Life of New York, in 1903, numbered 4,946, whose average age was 53.20 years. Two of the oldest were in their ninety-sixth year. "The American Exchange and Review" gives the mortality statistics as follows, to which we have added the percentage of each group to the total:—

Age at Death.		1902.	1	1903.
		Per cent.	1	Per cent.
Under 30 years	318	7.06	365	7.36
30 to 39 "	676	15.02	770	15.57
50 to 49 "	917	20.38	984	19.89
50 to 59 "	868	19.29	995	20.11
60 to 69 "	835	18.46	913	18.50
70 to 79 "	641	14.24	691	13 97
80 years and upward	244	5.42	228	4.60
Totals	4,499		4,946	100

It is remarkable how nearly alike are the percentages in each year, the differences, though slight, show the percentages of deaths to the total were lower in 1902 than in 1903 in the group of ages below sixty-nine years, and higher in the groups from sixty-nine, years and upwards.

The numbers respectively dying within insurance periods among the insurants of the Mutual Life of New York, were as follows:—

		1902.	1903.	P. cent.
1st year of insurance		302	303	6.12
2nd " "		279	284	5.74
3rd to 5th "		611	728	14.71
Total 1st to 5th year	r	1,192	1,315	26.57
6th to 10th year of insura	nce	912	941	19.02
11th to 20th " "		984	1,211	24.48
21st to 30th " "		544	522	10.55
31st to 59th " "		867	957	19.34
Total		4,499	4,946	

TABLE ILLUSTRATING THE DEVELOPMENT OF CANADA SINCE 1894.

CANADIAN TRADE	Year to 29th Feby., 1904.	Year to 29th Feby., 1908.	Year to 29th Feby., 1902.	Year to 29th Feby,, 1901.	Year to 29th Feby., 1900.	Year to 29th Feby., 1898.	Year to 29th Feby., 1895.	Increase 1904 over 1895.
Imports.	8	8	8	8	8	\$	8	8
Totals, merchandise	243,979,277	208,361,440	18,691,276	171,911,002	166,230,031	117,696,353	100,523,242	143,456,035
" coin & bullion	8,779,897	5,354,710	4,833,544	5,717,512	6,490,333	3,091,764	5,222,573	3,557,304
Grand Total Imports	252,759,154	213,716,150	191,746,304	177,628,514	172,720,364	120,788,117	105,745,815	147,013,339
Exports.								
Totals, merchandise	219,914,934	224,322,719	201,174,090	185,222,691	161,190,491	157,074,313	106,988,692	112,926,242
" coin & bullion	702,543	443,093	2,617,881	3,064,767	7,358,974	3,491,187	2,432,744	
Grand Totals, Exports	220,617,477	224,765,812	203,791,971	188,287,458	168,549,465	160,565,500	109,421,436	111,196,041
Total Foreign Trade	473,376,631	438,481,962	395,538,275	365,915,972	341,269,829	281,353,617	215,167,251	258,209,380
Increase per cent, in 10 Years	54.5 per ct.							
Bank Items.								
Capital Paid up	78,738,355	73,591,509	68,041,136	66,560,838	63,876,310	62,294,922	61,687,571	17,050,78
Reserve Fund	50,971,115	45,023,697	37,567,753	35,092,654	30,261,307	27,580,999	27,545,341	23,425,77
Circulation	58,649,870	55,746,498	49,450,094	45,905,942	41,699,231	35,823,923	28,815,434	29,834,43
Deposits on demand	104,112,729	105,304,362	94,864,660	92,182,219	92,509,743	78,939,572		
Deposits payable after notice	335,708,545	297,523,165	268,835,336	228,070,765	174,696,918	140,799,375		
Total Deposits	439,821,274	402,827,527	363,699,996	320,252,984	267,206,661	219,738,947	179,639,113	260,182,16
Current Loans and Discounts	428,068,887	363,764,728	318,289,632	295,269,266	271,858,731	211,659,749	195,622,126	232,446,76

The large number of deaths amongst policyholders who had been insured only from one year to five years, is a convincing argument in favour of life assurance.

It is a very striking exhibit of the uncertainty of human life, as it is also an illustration of risk in ail life policies.

The experience of the Ætna Life in 1903, as reported in the journal of the company, was as follows, showing the cause of death and number of deaths in each period:—

	Ages.					
Cause of Death.	Under 30	From 30 to 50.	From 50 to 70.	Over 70.	Totals	
Typhoid	12	25	15	3	55	
Consumption	19	50	27	5	101	
Cancer	1	12	52	22	87	
Rheumatism		1		1	2	
Diabetes		6	7	5	18	
Apoplexy and paralysis.	1	27	111	80	219	
Heart diseases	3	32	119	97	251	
Pneumonia	5	23	37	30	95	
Grippe, etc	1	6	26	36	69	
Appendicitis	10	10	2		22	
Digestive diseases	2	17	45	21	85	
Bright's disease	2	8	64	34	108	
Accidental	6	36	24	11	77	
Snieide	2	12	3		17	
Various	9	28	46	97	180	
Totals	73	293	578	442	1,386	

That out of 1,386 deaths in 1903 there were 470, or over one-third, attributable to diseases of the heart and nerves is significant. These diseases are caused by habits of the same class as those which develop digestive diseases, Bright's disease, and ailments of other bodily organs, which are apt to be unduly strained by the stress and strain and other conditions of modern life.

THE ADVANTAGE OF LIFE ASSURANCE TO MEN OF MODERATE WEALTH.

To which class in the community is life assurance most desirable and beneficial for themselves and their families, is a difficult question to answer. But that there are some differences in the extent of the benefits conferred by life assurance from a class point of view may be admitted. There is only one class of persons who have any reasonable claim to be regarded as entirely above the need for such advantages as life assurance confers. This class is composed of those who have wealth represented by properties of fixed value as producers of income, to such a large extent as will enable those by whom it is inherited, or devised by will, to maintain the social position they occupied before the testator's death.

There are, however, numerous wealthy men who will be able to leave some members of their family in circumstances of affluence, or of such comfort, financially, as they enjoyed before being bereaved, but whose estate is not large enough to provide amply for the needs of ail the family and connections without some sacrifice of the family's social status.

The ambition to found a family by leaving a large property to one son, or some chos a heir, is not so common amongst rich men on this continent as it is in England, but even here this desire for posthumous distinction is not unknown, as it is too near being a natural instinct to be confined within geographical limits.

To wealthy men life assurance opens up the opportunity of discriminating heavily in favour of some one heir or a small circle, without making such discrimination unjust, or cruel, as it sometimes is, towards others of the family. A rich man might justly leave his personal property to some one heir, or a few favoured ones, and by having life assurance proportionate to his means, he could leave a handsome sum to other members of the family, who, under ordinary circumstances, would suffer a severe financial reverse of fortune were no such special provision made for them as is possible by life assurance.

A case in point occurred last year, not in Canada, when a man of some wealth, chiefly in land, wno lived in a family mansion, died and left his estate between his widow, his eldest son, three daughters and two sisters. The necessity of selling and dividing the property left them all in far less easy circumstances than those to which they had been accustomed for many years. Had he insured his life for such a sum as he could easily have afforded to do, the heirs all round might have kept the estate intact and maintained the family mansion as it had been for several generations. To the estate of many a wealthy man life assurance would be a very great benefit as a "cash reserve" against contingencies and a "cash resource" which would enable the conditions of a will to be carried out without sacrificing real estate, or breaking up a family home, or leaving some bereaved relative, or defendant, less adequately provided than was expected, and natural justice demanded.

The field for extending life assurance amongst men of property is a very extensive one, one which has been much neglected, one which would richly repay the most strenuous, skilful and persistent efforts to bring it under the beneficent influences of life assurance. Many a family reared in comparative affluence might have been saved the humiliation and acute distress of being thrown out of an ancestral home and deprived of their social standing had the owner of the estate had the foresight and the good judgment to protect his family by a life policy proportionate to his income and moral obligations.

BANK STATEMENT FOR APRIL.

The bank statement for April last is somewhat remarkable for the number of items which show a decrease during the month, no less than twenty-one of the totals being less than at the end of March. The aggregate of these decreases was sufficient to reduce the total assets and liabilities. The gross assets were reduced from \$675,843,963, as they stood at the end of March, to \$669,706,579 at end of April, a reduction of \$6,137,384. The gross liabilities were drawn down from \$535,249,114, to \$529,019,028, a decrease of \$6,230,086. This is a very unusual movement. Last year the assets in March rose to extent of \$6,785,208, and the liabilities increased \$4,636,824. The larger in-

creases and decreases during follows:—	April	were as
ionows;—	Increase in April.	Decrease in April.
Due from banks in United Kingdom		2,931,812
Due to " "	1,217,641	
Due from " elsewhere		1,926,747
Call loans outside Canada		4,577,523
in Canada		782,240
Current loans in Canada	5,629,485	
Circulation		1,110,249
Deposits on demand		2,371,985
" payable after notice	3,131,489	

It is evident that the decline in the assets and in the liabilities were in each case chiefly attributable to the movement of the business outside Canada, as

outside Canada 5,842,433

STATISTICAL ABSTRACT FOR APRIL, 1904, OF THE CHARTERED BANKS OF CANADA. Comparison of Principal Items, showing increase or decrease for the month and for the year.

Assets.	Apr. 30,	Mar. 31, 1904.	Apr. 30,	Dec	es se or rease in nonth.	De	crease or crease in year.
Specie and Dominion Notes	\$47,065,338	\$47,228,379	\$40,365,722	Dec.	\$163,041	Inc.	\$6,699,616 735,138
Deposit to Secure Note Issues	3,130,844	3,130,844	2,802,931		o change	Inc.	327.913
cons to other Ranks in Canada secured	602,305	707,322	745,556	Dec.	105,017	Dec.	143,251
Deposits with and due from other Bks. in Canada	5,207,827	5,493,626	3,973,653	Dec.	285,799	Inc.	1,234,174
Due from Banks, etc., in United Kingdom	2,551,004	5,482,816	2,759,586	Dec.	2,931,812	Dec.	208,582
One from Banks, etc., elsewhere	10,211,489	12,138,236	13,176,513	Dec.	1,926,747	Dec.	2,965,024
Covernment Securities	10,576,950	10,441,895	11,8:0,052	Inc.	135,055	Dec.	1,313,102
anadian Municipal and other Securities	14,557,913	14,503,221	14,789,750	Inc.	54,692	Dec.	231,837
Railway Bonds and Stocks	39,318,835	38,784,865	37,902,014	Inc.	533,970	Inc.	1,416,821
Total Securities held	64,453,698	63,729,981	64,671,816	Inc.	723,717	Dec.	218,118
Call Loans in Canada	36,771,611	37,553,851	46,661,402	Dec.	782,240	Dec.	9,889,791
Call Loans outside Canada	36,426,920	41,004,443	38,267,156	Dec.	4,577,523	Dec.	1,840,236
Total Call and Short Loans	73,198,531	78,558,294	84,928,558	Dec.	5,359,763	Dec.	11,730,027
Loans and Discounts in Canada,	409,196,073	403,566,588	353,170,949	Inc.	5,629,485	Inc.	56,025,124
Loans and Discounts outside Canada	18,872,814	18,523,514	32,671,376	Inc.	349,300	Dec.	13,802,562
Total Current Loans and Discounts	428,068,887	422,090,102	385,845,325	lnc.	5.978,785	Inc.	42,223,562
Aggregate of Loans to Public	501,267,418	500,648,396	470,773,883	Inc.	619,022	Inc.	30,493,535
Loans to Provincial Governments	2,974,624	2,500,670	2,695,158	inc.	473,654	Inc.	279,466
Overdue Debts	2,002,808	2,390,807	1,880,777	Dec.	387,999	Inc.	122,031
Bank Premises	6,383,194	9,238,012	8,173,742	Inc.	145,182	Inc.	1,209,452
Other Real Estate and Mortgages	1,476,374	1,462,935	1,624,042		13,439	Dec.	147,668
Other Assets	3,843,270	4,931,790	6,317,900	Dec.	1,088,520	Dec.	2,474,630
Total Assets	669,706,579	675,843,963	634,702,038	Dec.	6,137,384	Inc.	35,004,541
Liabilities.							
	58,649,870	59,760,119	55,877,647	Dec.	1,110,249	Inc.	2,772,223
Notes in Circulation	2,971,661	3,415,633	2,557,887	Dec.	443,972	Inc.	413,774
Due to Provincial Governments	5,565,280	5,823,831	3,564,145	Dec.	258,551	Inc.	2,000,835
Deposits in Canada payable on demand	104,112,729	106,484,714	110,474,577	Dec.	2,371,985	Dec.	6,361,848
Deposits in Canada payable of demand	301,044,721	297,913,232	265,437,364	Inc.	3,131,489	Inc.	35,607, 57
Total Deposits of the Public in Canada	405,157,450	404,397,946	375,911,941	Inc.	759,504	Inc.	29,245,509
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada	34,663,824	40,506,257	36,276,446	Dec.	5,842,433	Dec.	1,612,622
Total Deposits	439,821,274	444,904,203	412,188,387	Dec.	5,082,929	Inc.	27,632,887
Loans from other Banks in Canada	677,305	680,491	745,061	Dec.	3,186	Dec.	67,656
Deposits by other Banks in Canada	3,885,643	4,028,681	2,803,514	Dec.	143,038	Inc.	1,082,129
Due to Banks and Agencies in United Kingdom	7,492,560	6,274,919	10,836,344	Inc.	1,217,641	Dec.	3,343,784
Due to Banks and Agencies elsewhere	1,031,550	1,329,125	1,201,748	Dec.	297,575	Dec.	170,198
Other Liabilities	8,923,812	9,032,039	12,693,227	Dec.	108,227	Dec.	3,769,415
Total Liabilities	529,019,028	535,249,114	502,387,336	Dec.	6,230,086	Inc.	26,631,692
Capital, etc.							
Canital said up	78,738,355	78,727,552	75,458,729	Inc.	11,283	Inc.	3,279,636
Capital paid up	50,971,115	50,892,024	46,258,442	Inc.	79,091	Inc.	4,712,673
MESELVE Pullet		10,871,685	11,795,442	Inc.	161,995	Dec.	761,762
Liabilities of Directors and their firms	11,033,680						

the gross amount of the balances "due" to the banks by foreign banks and outside agencies and customers was \$9,372,581 less in April than in March, and the gross amount "due" by the banks to banks and agencies and customers outside Canada was \$7,357,649 less than in April.

The two Canadian items of chief importance are the current loans and discounts and the deposits, both of which were increased in April, the former to extent of \$5,629,485, and the latter, \$759,504. Both these compare unfavourably with April, 1903, in which month the current loans and discounts expanded to extent of \$6,878,300, and the deposits were enlarged by \$3,856,350. The circulation also last month was reduced by \$1,110,249, as compared with a decrease in April, 1903, of \$2,405.837. considering the significance of these reductions, it should be remembered that last year the winter broke up fully a month earlier than it did this year, so that, whatever stimulus is given and addition made to banking business by the advent of Spring were delayed last month to a very unusual degree.

The increase made in the past year, since April 1903, in current loans and discounts in Canada was much larger than any on record for that period, the expansion having been from \$353,170,949 to \$409,196,073, showing the unprecedented increase of \$56,025,124, which is five millions more than the increase between April, 1902, and April, 1903, despite the winter being so prolonged this year and the obstructions to traffic so widespread and so embarrassing to merchants and exporters.

THE NEW LOAN OF THE REPUBLIC OF CUBA.

INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN BONDS.

The Republic of Cuba has issued a prospectus for a new loan of \$35,000,000 at 5 per cent., payable half-yearly. Subscriptions are invited at 97 per cent., and accrued interest. The bonds representing this loan are dated March 1, 1004, and will mature March 1, 1944. The loan is stated to be secured by the Customs receipts of the Republic, and a special permanent tax upon a variety of manufactured articles. Under the constitution of Cuba, as embodied in an Act of United States Congress, "the Cuban Government shall not assume or contract any public debt to pay the interest upon which and to make reasonable Sinking Fund provision for the ultimate discharge of which, the ordinary revenues of the Island of Cuba, after defraying the current expenses of the Government, shall be inadequate."

The prospectus of this loan does not state the purposes to which the money is intended to be devoted. It is also to be noted that, under the circumstances attending the erection of Cuba into an independent Republic, the future financial needs of this "protégé" of the United States were not provided for by loans guaranteed by the United

States Government, Cuba was wrested from Spain by and subjected for years to the absolute control of the American Government. Three years ago the soldiers of the United States were withdrawn from Cuba, and the Island was left to shift for itself, the right, however, being reserved by the United States to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence and the maintenance of a Government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty." The question may be asked: "Why did not the United States Government guarantee the Cuban Loan, and so save the Cubans half-a-million or more a year in interest charges? Why, too, should it have been deemed necessary to offer these bonds at 97 per cent. when they bear interest at five per cent? The bonds of Canada at 3 per cent, stand at the same figure as these Cuban bonds at 5 per cent., the 3 1-2 per cent, bonds of Nova Scotia are at the same figure, as also are the 3 1-2 per cent. bonds of this city. Manifestly, when 5 per cent. is offered for bonds to be issued at a discount, the character of the security is somewhat different to the ordinary class.

Those who are familiar with the financial records of tropical and South American republics would not regard a loan to the just fledged Republic of Cuba as a desirable investment for funds of a trust nature. Financiers have not forgotten the failure of the National Bank of Argentina in 1891; nor the financial troubles of Chili in 1898; nor the crises in Brazil in 1897 and 1900; nor the defaulting of Nicaragua in 1894, when interest on the State debt was forced down from 6 per cent, to 4 per cent,; nor the facts that the Republic of Costa Rica, in 1887, was in arrears of interest on its debt, to an amount equal to over three-quarters of the principal, and defaulted in 1895.

The high rate of interest, 5 per cent., is very tempting, but every judicious investor is rather "repelled" than attracted by the promise of an exceptionally high rate of interest. Interest "rates" and security "values" are like balanced buckets in a well, as the former rises, the latter goes down, that is, as interest exceeds the average rate ruling for sound securities, so, proportionately, rises the exceptional "risk" of such securities.

The Island of Cuba has great natural resources, but its reliability as a debtor has yet to be tested. It is, however, to be hoped that its future growth and prosperity, under a stable government, will enable all the obligations of the Republic to be punctually met.

A GALLANT LECTURER is Dr. Allard, who, in a recent address before a company of ladies in Boston, said: "Woman is equal to man in every way but physical strength, and mentally, morally and spiritually his superfor." He predicted that, "in ten years, the life insurance rates for women would be lower than for men."

THE TORONTO CITY TREASURER'S BUDGET.

The annual statement of the City Treasurer, Toronto, shows the civic tax per head this year, for all purposes, to be \$14.41, as compared with \$19.68 in 1893. Considering the extensive building operations that have been carried on in Toronto in recent years, and the rise in value of all real estate within the city limits, it is remarkable to find the total assessment this year to be \$141,668,154, which is nearly the same amount as eight years ago. The reaction, after a boom, spent its force in 1900, when the city assessment was \$124,932,000. After that year values began to rise until the total assessment reached the above amount, \$141,668,154. This sum will be reduced by the conflagration. In his report the Treasurer, Mr. Coady, says:-

"It is less expensive for the city to carry out enterprises requiring large amounts of money in depressed times than when times are good and money is dear. It is also of greater benefit to the artisans and the workingmen generally, to reserve public works not urgently required until other work is scarce, and then they come as a boon to our citizens. If it were possible to lay by a small surplus annually in prosperous times to relieve the pressure of taxation in times of depression, and so equalize the years of plenty and scarcity, it were a good thing also.

MONTREAL STREET RAILWAY.

The passenger earnings of the Montreal Street Railway in April, were \$184,205, an increase over April, 1902, of \$14,855; the miscellaneous earnings were \$1,567, against \$2,035 a year ago, leaving a net increase of \$14,386. The advantage of this was offset by an increase of \$17,496 in operating expenses, and of \$1,119 in fixed charges.

For the seven months since 1st October, 1903, the net earnings were \$1,309,152, an increase over April, 1903, of \$119.574. The operating expenses and fixed charges were \$138,353 "more" than in same period 1902-3, so that the surplus for the seven months, from 1st October last, to end of April last, was \$18,778 less than in the same period 1902-3. The net surplus was \$291,011.

The large increase in operating expenses appears to have been caused by exceptional expenditures in repairing and improving the track. As the traffic develops, the wear and tear of rails and roadbed becomes heavier, and more costly rails, etc., have to be laid down. That the traffic is increasing is shown by the passenger earnings since October last having increased over eleven per cent. over the previous term, from October, 1892, to April, 1903. The company is also placing a number of more commodious cars on the lines, which promise to be very popular, and, no doubt, attractive to passengers who respond quickly to the additional convenience, provided. The present management is fully alive to this, and will have its enterprise rewarded.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Last year was one of the most prosperous in the history of the Standard Life, the business of which grows in volume and the financial strength of which increases year after year, evidencing respectively the great popularity of the company and the sagacity of its management for a long term of years.

The Standard has been what its name implies; it has set a standard for the regulation of other companies, whose vitality and progress have been promoted proportionately to their efforts to work up to their examplar.

Last year the business accepted reached the large figure of \$12,039,580, after proposals had been declined for an additional \$3,857,000, an amount which shows how carefully the risks are selected. In 1902 the amount of assurance accepted was \$9.913,838, so that in 1903 there was an increase over this amount to extent of \$2,125,742. The new policies yielded \$492,475 in premiums, and from new annuities there was \$645,370 derived. Although the business had so largely increased in the past years the death claims in 1903 were only \$3,477,895, as against \$3,73,760 in 1902. The endowments matured amounted to \$372,350.

The Standard has assurance in force to extent of \$138,246,610, showing an increase of \$6,811,691 since 1902. The accumulated funds are \$55,071,585, the increase last year having been \$3,277,223, as compared with the increase of \$1,659,169 in 1902.

Owing to the war being over in South Africa the company's business in those colonies was much increased, and doubtless, the very high reputation of the Standard is helpful in establishing confidence in British rule. We note that the company has opened a branch at Barcelona, Spain. The average rate of interest earned on its funds last year was was \$4.02 against \$4.13 in 1902.

The Standard has assets in Canada valued at \$14,403,098, the excess of assets in Canada over liabilities in Canada being \$6,663,519. These figures show how closely it is associated with this country and what confidence in its stability and prospects is shown by the management. The 15th division of profits will be made amongst policies in existence as at 1st November, 1905.

The retirement of Mr. Spencer Thomson from the management is referred to in a separate article. The business of the Standard in Canada is steadily progressing under the watchful care and active efforts of Mr. D. M. McGoun.

OVERDONE SERVICE.—It is said that at a recent fire in New York, of no alarming proportions, in a business building, there were present 32 fire engines, 10 trucks, and two water-towers. Better, however, too much help than too little, it was an easy matter for the brigades to return to their several stations as soon as they found they were not needed.

RETIREMENT OF MR. SPENCER THOMSON FROM THE MANAGEMENT OF THE STANDARD LIFE.

At the last annual meeting of the Standard Life Assurance Company, in Edinburgh, it was announced that Mr. Spencer Thomson had retired from the management owing to his desire for rest. Mr. Thomson became manager of the Standard in 1874, he has therefore borne the cares and the responsibilities of that office for thirty years, in which period he has rendered distinguished services to this eminent company.

In alluding to this matter the chairman said: "The names of "Standard" and "Thomson" have been linked together in the traditions of the life-assurance world for a longer period than any of us can personally recollect." Mr. Thomson's father was, practically, the founder of the Standard. He was appointed secretary in 1835, was afterwards manager, from which position he retired in favour of his son.

Mr. Spencer C. Thomson was born in 1842, in 1864 he graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge, and at once joined the actuarial department of the Colonial, which was absorbed by the Standard. He rose rapidly to be assistant-actuary, joint actuary, assistant manager, and finally manager and actuary. Mr. Thomson in an address to the Actuarial Society of Edinburgh, said: "The daily routine of a life assurance office is "not" based on a network of mathematical theorems, involving an increasing series of calculations made by aid of the differential calculus, but proceeds on a foundation of common sense, illuminated by the result of the study of actuarial principles as a directing light."

Under Mr. Thomson's management the assurances in force of the Standard have risen from \$88,896,000 to \$138,246,610, and the funds from \$24,105,000 to \$55,071,885

\$24,105,000 to \$55,071,585.

Mr. Spencer C. Thomson has richly earned a period of rest, which, we hope he will have health to enjoy for all the years he may desire.

FIRE AT LEDOUX'S CARRIAGE FACTORY, MONTREAL.

By the fire which occurred at the above factory on the 20th instant, the following companies are interested:—

	Building.	Contents,
Ætna	\$3,000	
Sun	4,000	
Home	4,000	
British America	4,000	
London Mutual	2,500	
Scottish Union and National	1,000	
	\$18,500	
Royal		4,500
Montreal Mutual	*******	5,000
Richmond & Drummond & Yamaska		2,000
	\$18,500	\$11,500

The loss to Messrs. Ledoux & Co., on building and stock is estimated at from \$80,000 to \$90,000.

The estimated loss to owners of carriages stored

and left for repairs is about \$20,000.

QUERIES COLUMN.

In order to furnish our readers with information, we propose to devote this column to replies to correspondents. Letters should be addressed to "The Chronicle, Enquiry Department, Montreal."

Answers will only be given to such communications as bear the writer's name, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith, and only to questions referring to matters of general interest, in regard to which the Editor of Queries' Column will exercise his own discretion.

1194. F. H. B., Quebec.—The Canadian Pacific Railway Company paid a dividend of 2 1-2 per cent. in 1897—in 1900 it was put on a 5 per cent. basis and the stock now pays 6 per cent. per annum. The highest point touched by the stock was 145 1-4 on September 3, 1902. The lowest in recent years was 84 3-4 on 26th September, 1900.

1195. H. B. J., Montreal.—We believe the last dividend paid on Con. Lake Superior preferred stock was 1 3-4 per cent. paid in September, 1902.

1198. A. M. D., Renfrew.—The new issue of \$880,000 common stock of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company brings their issued capital up to \$7,000,000, of which \$2,000,000 is preferred, and \$5,000,000 common stock. The bonds of the company are now selling in the neighbourhood of 109.

1197. S. T. D., London.—The Omaha Water Company is the successor of the American Water Works Company. The authorized issue of the consolidated 5 per cent. bonds of 1946, is \$6,000,000. Of late there has been quite an active demand for these bonds. The nominal quotation is about 82 1-2.

1199. J. B. C., Toronto.—It is stated that the finances of the United States Rubber Company are in a much better condition than they have been before, and higher prices are confidently predicted for both the common and preferred. It is said that the dividend of 1 1-2 per cent, recently declared will be a quarterly one, which would put this stock on a 6 per cent, basis.

1201. J. M. P., Hamilton.—The minority holders of Rutland Railroad Stock are getting together and several meetings have been held, and plans are being perfected for the protection of their interests. It is believed that they can materially strengthen their position by acting in concert.

PROTECTION OF THEATRE AUDIENCES is to be provided by a Bill before the Legislature of Massachusetts, which provides that one fireman shall be on the stage at each performance, that all scenery and wood work shall be fireproofed, all stage gas jets protected by wire netting, that only safety matches shall be kept in the building, that standpipes shall be placed on the stage and the water turned on during every performance.

PROMINENT TOPICS.

Notice has been published of the transfer from Toronto to this city, of the Head Office in Canada of "The Trust and Loan Company of Canada."

This company, whose assets exceed \$7,000,000, is the pioneer loaning company of the Dominion, having been incorporated by Royal Charter as far back as the year 1845.

Its Head Office for many years was at Kingston, Ontario, from which it removed in the year 1872 to Toronto, and now, after a domicile in that city of over thirty-two years, it is transferred to the Commercial Capital of the Dominion.

The Montreal office was originally opened in 1853, the offices of the company being located at that date at 74 St. Francois Xavier Street, since which they have been removed to 26 St. James

* * * *

The Hon. A. B. Morine, leader of the Opposition in Newfoundland, recently gave an address before the Canadian Club, Toronto, on the movement to bring the Island into Confederation. He knew no party lines in connection with this subject. There were men in favour of confederation in both the island parties, and there were men against it in both. In his view the first political party which took up the question in earnest would reap the credit for its enterprise.

The benefits to Newfoundland would be freer and cheaper imports, and better lighthouse system, quicker communication with Great Britain, and the general improvement of the mining and railway policy of the Island.

"What were the advantages to Canada? There was the increased market. The Dominion at large would benefit in securing the control of its own fisheries. Newfoundland, said Mr. Morine, holds the key to the fishing situation in the Dominion. Although it was a matter chiefly affecting the maritime provinces, all Canada was interested, as it involved the control of the United States market. If Newfoundland's overtures to the United States were accepted, it would be of inestimable advantage to them, while a deadly blow would be struck at the Dominion. Should the fisheries be controlled by one power, it could dictate a policy to the United States upon the fisheries question, and they would either have to take down their tariff walls or cease to catch fish. "I believe," said Mr. Morine, "this policy could be carried out."

After considerable delay Senator Domville, on the 19th inst., succeeded in securing a vote in the Senate in favour of a select committee of five being appointed "to investigate the position of the Mutual Reserve Life Fund Association of New York, in Canada, with power to send for papers, persons, telegrams, and records, to employ clerical services, and with leave to report from time."

Until this committee reports, no further action can be taken in this connection.

Motes and Items.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

THE BANKS IN WINNIPEG, writes a correspondent, are all doing a rushing business.

"CONFLAGRATION RESERVE" is suggested to be used in fire company statements.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA has opened an office in Granton, Ont., as a sub-agency of Simcoe.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., has voted to grant \$10,000 to a brass manufacturing company as an inducement to locate there

Ottawa Clearing House.—Total for week ending 19th May, 1904: Clearings, \$1.909,746; corresponding week last year, \$2.025,641.

LONDON STREET RAILWAY ÉARNINGS.—Week ending May 7, 1904, \$2,963.31; corresponding week, 1903, \$2,472.52; Increase, \$490.79, or 19.8 per cent.

ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS passed through a metallic ceiling, caused serious trouble by the electricity escaping through a rent in the insulating case of the wires.

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.—Total for week ending May 26, 1904: clearings, \$14,582,519; corresponding week, 1903, \$23,515,298; corresponding week, 1902, \$22,527,703.

SECRETARY GARROW, of the Underwriters' Adjustment Company, Toronto, now places the total insurance on property destroyed in the recent conflagration at \$9,000,000.

THE REV. B. A. CHERRY, who sought to secure value of goods insured in the Norwich Union, that were burnt, is now in the penitentiary on a charge of arson. A case of biter being bit.

Baltimore Rates have been advanced 20 per cent, on all schedule rated risks, except standard sprinklered risks and distillery warehouses with their contents. Why are the latter favoured?

THE CITY AND DISTRICT SAVINGS BANK has commenced work on a building to be used as its branch in the East end of this city, and portion rented for offices. The edifice is to be fireproof throughout.

Too MANY ADJUSTERS FOR ONE Loss is protested against by the New York "Commercial Bulletin," which points out that thirty adjusters appeared recently to settle the loss on a manufacturing plant at Camden, N.J.

AN INSURANCE AGENT BLUE-BEARD.—One, Sladden, late manager of the Pacific Mutual Life, Kentucky, who is in gaol, charged with forgery, is suspected of having got rid of four wives in a manner to defraud insurance companies.

THE MAIN CAUSE OF THE BALTIMORE FIRE is said by Mr. Robert Atkinson to have been an explosion of smoke from materials burning slowly in the basement of the warehouse, from which the fire spread to other buildings.

Insurance Commissioner Host is having a remarkable degree of journalistic attention just now. He is suing three newspapers for libel and demands \$100.000 from each. Mr. Host is reported to be considering other suits to be taken against the leading papers of New York. Politics are said to be at the root of these unpleasant proceedings. Canada is fortunate in having an insurance department wholly outside the political sphere.

THE LATEST UNDERWRITING IDEA is, abolishing preferred classes of risks by making all undesirable.

A Novel Offer.—Lloyds, London, is reported to have offered several American fire companies in payment of a flat premium of \$7,500 to assume without limit all losses sustained by the direct writing office, in a conflagration beyond \$100,000. No company has accepted this strange offer.

A CONFLAGRATION EXHIBIT.—The underwriting profits of all the fire insurance companies, which report to the New York Insurance Department, domestic and foreign, aggregated in ten years to end of 1903 a less amount than what it is estimated they have lost by the Baltimore conflagration.

THE MARYLAND CASUALTY COMPANY has undertaken to protect the Exposition Corporation, St. Louis, against all claims arising from accidents to visitors. The streets and aisles of the Exhibition grounds and building are said to be so wide and the general arrangements so well designed as to reduce the chances of accident to a minimum.

Got a Lesson in Good Time.—At Dubuque, Iowa, some of the traders began to be ambitious of having an insurance company all to themselves, as a sort of local luxury. Risks were to be written below the rates of the stock companies. While this scheme was "a ripening," a fire broke out, which inflicted heavy losses on the organizers, who, wisely, took the hint and dropped the local insurance scheme. Had it been in operation and their properties insured in it the probabilities are that some insolvencies would have occurred at Dubuque.

MR. COADY, City Treasurer, Toronto, has prepared a statement showing the growth of the local street railway. The figures for last month are as follows:—

		Gross Receipts	City's percentage.
March,	1904	\$184,444	\$18,444
44	1903	161,379	15,791
**	1902	141,765	11,341
**	1901	125,192	10,013
**	1900	117,782	9,422
- 14	1899	103,076	8,462

An increase of about 80 per cent. in the receipts in five years is very remarkable.

WISE SAYINGS re LIFE ASSURANCE.—Life assurance is the cheapest and safest mode of making a certain provision for one's family.—Benjamin Franklin.

By the discovery of life assurance man is enabled to save in the most scientific manner, and to acquire at once a position which he could only otherwise reach by long years of studious saving.—LORD SELBORNE.

The first years of a man's life must make provision for the last.—Dr. Samuel Johnson.

I believe insurance to be one of the very best ways of saving that a man can select.—Sir WM. HARCOURT.

After some experience I have come to the conclusion that, were I a rich man, there are only two things in which I would invest my wealth—land and the various forms of life assurance.—RIDER HAGGARD.

"I do not care how small the income of a man is, he should never spend the whole of it, especially if he has a wife and children. He should at least save enough to pay every year the premium on a good life policy. No man is worthy of the name who does not do this at least, at the price of whatever privations he has to submit to. Some pleasure may be derived from high living, but certainly no happiness. I will go further, and say that while

there may be pleasure in self-indulgence, pleasure of a few minutes, there is invariably happiness in self-abnecation, forethought, and devotion to others, and lasting happiness, too. And what should make a man always prefer happiness to pleasure is that it lasts ever so much longer."—MAX O'RELL.

Accident Underwritings.—At the next meeting of the International Association of Accident Underwriters, papers are to be read by presidents of the two largest companies engaged in the business. Accident insurance is bound to grow more and more in popular favour, and with a continuance of the present energetic methods of soliciting, it is necessary for managers to keep in perfect accord as to practices and develop business only along the lines of perfect safety. In this direction, the International Association can be of the greatest possible use.—"The Standard."

PERSONALS.

Mr. T. Bradshaw, secretary and actuary of the Imperial Life, arrived in Montreal yesterday, on official business, and returned same day to Toronto.

THE IMPERIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY has made an important addition to its Ontario field staff, having appointed Mr. Jos. Lawson as District manager at Guelph. Mr. Lawson was for some time general agent at Ottawa for the Great West Life Insurance Company.

Mn. E. W. Cox, general manager of the Canada Life, is at present in England, on business in connection with his Company. The business of the Company in Great Britain, has made considerable headway, and it now has twenty-six established branches there. Mr. Cox will be absent from Canada nearly three months.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for views expressed by correspondents.

NEW YORK STOCK LETTER.

New York, May 25, 1904.

During the week just ending, several matters of interest have developed, but none of very great importance. The Stock Market, within narrow limits, has had its ups and downs. On last Friday, it began to strengthen, and on Saturday became strong and active, with an average rise of 11/2 to 2 per cent. This strength and activity were carried over in to Monday's business, but as London did not respond to the advances here, the market fell off and is now about where it was on Fridal last. It is hardly likely that it will move very much either way, until after the political conventions have been held. These will be out of the way in about six weeks; the Republicans holding theirs in Chicago on June 21. and the Democrats theirs in St. Louis, on July 6. It will then be known who the candidates are, and the plans for the campaign will begin to develop.

In the meantime, the general business of the country is going forward steadily, and considering all things in very fair volume. Climatic conditions have been such that the prospects for the winter wheat crop have materially improved, the spring planting is very nearly finished and will show an increased acreage for both wheat and corn, and with normal weather an average crop of all kinds may reasonably be expected.

So far, while general business shows very considerable contraction, there is no evidence whatever, of any special trouble in the mercantile community, the returns as to failures showing only a very slight increase.

One of the most disquieting factors is the strike of freight handlers now in progress in this city. If this should spread and become a general sympathetic strike, the consequences would be very serious. There is no question whatever, but that sooner or later every State in the Union will have to take the stand which Colorado has done, and rid itself of the walking delegate and boss of the Unions.

The returns of earnings now being made by the railroad show the heavy expenses of the past winter, and that a very considerable portion of the business, which they did not then get was not held back, but was actually lost. Some of the larger systems are calculating that the great increase in passenger traffic induced somewhat by the St. Louis Exposition will, to a large extent, offset the loss in freight.

Last returns from the Wabash system show that the decrease for the third week of May is something over \$12,-000, but it also shows that the increase from July 1, to date, is over \$1,500,000. The Pennsylvania is reported to have laid off a large number of men, and the Erie has not only laid of many hands, but is cutting down expenses wherever it is possible to do so; in fact, this is true of all the roads, but after an extensive trip in the Southwest, by Mr. Loree, of the Rock Island, and a wide knowledge of the Northwestern situation, Mr. J. J. Hill and Mr. Loree, both, look for a continuance of good business by the railroads in the different territories.

The closing of the Conversion syndicate in the United States Steel Corporation matter marks an epoch in the history of that company, and to the great credit of the manager of that syndicate, it has been closed up with a profit to those interested in it. The credit for this will become more apparent as time goes on. While this conversion was going on the greater the difference between the market price of the bonds and the price of the Preferred Stock, the greater would be the profit in purchasing the latter and selling the former, and this is undoubtedly one of the reasons why the Steel stocks have been depressed, and now that this reason no longer exists, and with the removal of the pressure from this quarter, the stocks should, with any general improvement in the markets have their full share of any advance.

The anthracite coal trade tonnage is far beyond that of last year and the returns to the roads handling this class of, business is very satisfactory. What the investigation now going on before the Inter-State commerce commission in the complaint of W. R. Hearst, against the various coal carrying railroads charging them with a violation of the Sherman Act, will amount to it is hard to tell, but, so far, it has had little or no effect upon the stocks of the various corporations. In this connection it must be remembered that the position of the coal-carrying roads has greatly improved during the past three or four years in that the local business and general merchandise traffic has so increased that a curtailment of the coal traffic would not be as seriously felt as it would have been some years ago.

The cotton market has been active and looks as if it would continue to hold a very considerable share of speculative attention. Reports regarding this staple are that the outlook for a large crop is good. It is thought, however, that, owing to the lateness of the season the first bale will not be received before the second week in June.

Exports of gold still continue, but it looks as if the movement was very nearly over. That we have been able to send out such an amount, nearly \$60,000,000, with no dis-

turbance whatever of the money market attests at once the wisdom and skill of the firm handling the Panama payments and the great financial strength of the country.

The market has been very dull all day, but closes at about the best figures.

T. C. DELAVAN.

20 Broad Street, New York City.

STOCK EXCHANGE NOTES.

Wednesday, p.m., May 25, 1904.

The local Exchange was closed on Monday and Tuesday of this week, in connection with Victoria Day, and the week was, therefore, a short one, but even allowing for this, transactions are the smallest in any week this year. In no stock did the transactions run over 400 shares and several were not traded in at all. Quotations have, however, held firm in spite of the extreme dullness, and in some cases the closing to-day is at a higher level than last week. While trading continues in its limited and apathetic condition, it is almost impossible to express an opinion as to its probable course, beyond repeating the fact that the dividend paying stocks in the local market are selling at prices which make them apparently adsolutely safe purchases. As far as developments affecting the Stock Market this week are concerned, they are for the most part satisfactory. Sterling exchange rates are lower, and in consequence the gold shipments have slackened, and for another matter the bank statement on Saturday last in New York was a very satisfactory one.

The Mackay Company stocks, once the market commences to become active, will, no doubt, figure largely in the trading, and the Preferred Stock around 67 should be a fair investment, as it is likely to continue a 4 per cent. stock. Recently, a demand for the Commercial Cable Company Bonds sprang up, and a small block sold some days ago at 92¾. Enquiry for them continues, but there are very few of them offering in this market at present.

While the Stock Markets generally continue in the doldrums, the Bond Market and the demand for bonds is improving. The manner in which several of the offerings, which have recently been put out, were subscribed for, is encouraging, and the evident inclination for investment to follow this channel has been taken advantage of by those who have the intention of floating bonds.

There is no change in the local money market, and supplies are ample with the rate for call loans remaining at 5 per cent. In New York the rate for call money to-day was 1½ per cent., while the quotation in London was 1½ to 1½ per cent.

The quotations for money at continental points are as

	Market.	Bank.
Paris	. 2,5	3
Berlin	. 31	4 91
Amsterdam		3½ 3½ 3½
Vienna	0.5	21
Brussels	. 28	02

C. P. R. closed with 1174 bid, a gain of % of a point over last week. The trading was very small and only 185 shares changed hands during the week. The earnings for the third week of May show an increase of \$84,000.

The Grand Trunk Railway Company's earnings for the third week of May show an increase of \$47,905. The stock quotations as compared with a week ago are as follows:—

First Preference	To-day. 1011 851
Third Preference	381

Montreal Street was not bid for at the close to-day and was offered at 212. The total transactions for the week involved 50 shares, the sales being made at 209 and 209\%. There were no transactions in the New Stock, nor was there any quotation for it at the close to-day. The earnings for the week ending 21st inst. show an increase of \$5,323.30, as follows:—

	Increase.
\$5,104.52	*#2,371.10
7,041.62	*80.33
7.062.21	267 86
7,070.40	426.42
6,296.27	*575.01
6,482 33	70.53
7,964.36	7,583.93
	7.062.21 7,070.40 6,296.27 6,482 33

Toronto Railway is slightly firmer and closed with 100½ bid, a gain of 1 point for the week, but only 49 shares entered into the week's business. The earnings for the week ending 21st inst. show an increase of \$3,842.59, as fol-

		- Ban
Sunday	\$4,258.49 6,195.14 5,914.49 6,379.01 6,389.73 6,310.23	Increase. *\$198 13 492.67 256 82 603.76 879.18 635.77
Saturday * Decrease.	5,310.23 9,251.21	1,172.52

. . .

Twin City was the most active stock in this week's market, but even at that only 362 shares were traded in. The closing bid was 94% which is a gain of % of a point for the week. The earnings for the second week of May show an increase of \$7.096.50.

The only transaction in Detroit Railway was a broken lot of 5 shares, and the closing bid was 61%, a loss of % point for the week.

There were no transactions in Halifax Tram, and the closing bid was the same as a week ago at 92.

Toledo Railway sales involved 50 shares, and the stock closed with 18½ bid, a loss of ½ point on quotation for the

Mackay Common closed with 2234 bid, a gain of % of a point for the week, but only 25 shares were sold. In the Preferred Stock 50 shares were traded in, and the close was unchanged from a week ago with 67 bid.

R. & O. remains firm and 200 shares figured in this week's business, the closing bid being 8634, a gain of 34 point for the week.

Montreal Power, while inactive remains very steady. The total trading this week amounted to 124 shares, and the closing bid shows a decline of ¼ point at 73¼.

There were no sales in Dominion Steel Common, and 10% was bid for the stock at the close. The Preferred Stock was traded in to the extent of 50 shares, which changed hands at 31½, and 31½ was bid at the close, which

is a gain of 1½ points over the quotation last week. The bonds are also somewhat stronger and the closing bid was 68, at which price the last sales were made. The total business of the week amounted to \$9,000.

Nova Scotia Steel Common closed with 73½, a gain of ¼ point for the week, on sales of 280 shares. The Preferred Stock was traded in to the extent of 35 shares, the last sales being made at 114, as compared with 117 recently. The best bid at the close was 112. In the bonds of this company \$5,000 were traded in, the price realized being 109.

Dominion Coal Common was inclined to be weak, and closed with 63% bid, a loss on quotation of 1 point for the week. Only 15 shares entered into this week's business. The Preferred Stock closed with 110½ bid and 96 shares were traded in during the week.

	Per cent.
Call money in Montreal	5
Call money in New York	11
Call money in London	11 to 11
Bank of England rate	3
Consols	90 3 9 1 8 9 1 8 9 1 2
Demand Sterling	9,5
60 day-' Sight Sterling	91

Thursday, p.m., 26th May, 1904.

The market to-day continued dull and featureless, with prices about steady. Nova Scotia Steel sold at 74½ and then reacted to 74, closing with 73¾ bid. Dominion Coal Preferred was slightly stronger at 110¾, while Dominion Coal Iron Preferred sold for a broken lot at 32. Dominion Coal Common was traded in to the extent of 150 shares at 64, and closed with 64¾ bid. Montreal Street changed hands at 209, and Dominion Iron Bonds to the extent of \$4,000 at 68½. A broken lot of Trinidad at 75, Montreal Switch Preferred at 86, and Merchants Cotton completed the day's business. Merchants Cotton sold one shore at 35 and 4 shares at 40. The annual meeting of this Company takes place to-morrow. It is stated that their past fiscal year has not been a very favourable one.

A meeting of the Payne Mining Company took place today, and in view of the encouraging report of the engineer respecting the outlook from the strike made on the No. 8 level, it was decided to issue \$90,000 5 year bonds bearing 8 per cent. interest in order to prosecute the business of the mine. The Directors have subscribed, we understand, for \$20,000 of these Bonds.

It was announced to-day that one of the members of the New York Stock Exchange had been suspended for 5 years for contravention of the rules regarding commissions.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE SALES

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1904. MORNING BOARD.

No. of hares.	Price.	No. of Shares.	Pr ce.
30 Montreal St. Ry 10 Dom. Coal Pref 40 N. S. Steel	110%	75 N. S. Steel 1 Merchants Cotton 4 Merchants Cotton	25

AFTERNOON BOARD.

to Coal Com	75	10 'ron Pref 27 Coal 'ref 14 Switch Pref	IIOM
-------------	----	--	------

MAY 27, 19	904	INS	OKANCE	AND F	INANCE CHI	KONICI	LE.	400		713
The gross			the Grand			TORONTO	STREET	RAILWAY.		
Canadian P	Pacific, Ca	anadian N	orthern,	Duluth,	Month	1902.	1903		104	Increase
South Shore					April	132,947	162,2		,763	21,487
real, Toron					May	145,195	174,5		11-3	14-1
treet railwa					June	132,266	177,5	93		
					July	162,072	192,6			
ble, compar			onding per	riod for	August September.	165,165	185,8			
1902 and 190	03, were as	tollows:			October	155,150	237,0 183,8			
	GRAND T	RUNK RAILW	AV.		November.	151,033	174,0			
Vear to date		1903.	1904.	Decrease	December,	169,620	199,1	55		
April 30	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE			\$1,429,695	Week ending	. 1902.	190	3. 19	04	Inc
Week ending	1902.	1903.	1904.	Increase	May 7	30,46	7 35,6			6,399
May 7	601,865	673,720	647,978 Dec	c. 25,742	14	29.17				3,568
14	579,916	619,570	656,669	37,099	21	31,18				4,993
21	563,040	647,923	695,828	47,905	Twi	N CITY R	APID TRA	NSIT COMP	ANY.	
	CANADIAN	PACIFIC RAI	TWAY		Month,		1902.	1903.	1904.	Inc.
Year to date		1903.	1904.	Incress	January		\$270,485		\$329,354	19,270
pl. 30 \$1				Increase	February		243,150	280,947	310,180	29,233
ipi. Jointin				. \$330,000	March		277,575	317,839	338,580	20,741
		AFFIC EARNI		THE REAL PROPERTY.	April		261,456	315,465	332,615	17,150
Week ending	1902.	1903.	1904.	Increase	June		308,131	346,018		
fay 7		904,000	925,000 877,000 Dec	35,000	July		335,715	362,702		
21		867,000	951,000	84,000	August		321,842	363,379		
				04,000	September	*****		370,349		
		AFFIC EARNI	NGS.		November		302,634	346,673		
Month.	1902.	1903.	1904.	Inc.	December	*******	329,686	375,452		
ebruary		\$ 910,771	\$357,652 Dec 82,541 "	660,200	Week endi		1902.	1903.	1904.	Inc.
farch		1,258,564	850,854 "	407,710	May 7		62,269	71,485	77,399	5,914
pril	. 1,291,706	1,403,173	3-1-34	40/1/10	14		62,384	71,606	78,702	7,096
day		1,383,357			HALI	IFAX ELE	CTRIC TRA	MWAY CO.	LTD.	
uly		1,246,055				Ra	ilway Rece	eipts.		
ugust		1,318,527			Month.		1902.	1903	1904.	Inc
eptember		.,434,			January		\$10,764	\$10,867	10,677	
October	. 1,616,134	1,654,027			February		8,498	9,322	9,894	572
November		1,477,981			March	*******	9,761	10,195	11,152	957 612
ecember	1,672,442	1,581,145			April		10,026	10,533	11,145	612
Total	. 14,651,255				June		11,126	11,844		
	-41-3-1-33				July		14,835	15,942		
	CANADIAN N	ORTHERN RA	ILWAY.		August		17,177	16,786		
	GROSS TR	AFFIC EARNI	NGS.		September		17,494	18,494		Art Age
July 1st, 190	o2 Ju	ly 1st, 1903			October		11,382	12,055		
to		to			November December		9,946	11,220		
Apl. 30, 19		pl. 30, 1904	Incre							
\$1,799,550 Week ending.		,551,100	\$751,		May 7		2,684	2,240	1904.	Inc.
fay 7	. 53,4		0,300	f. coo	14		2,610	2,362	2,595 2,640	355 278
14		500 5	7,300	2,700			hting Rece		1.40	-/0
21			3,700	9,500		Life		To the second second	Too.	les
					Tanana .		1902	1903	1904	Inc.
	LUTH, SOUTH				February			11,924	16,317	2,454
Week ending.	1902.	1903.	1904.	Decrease	March			10,523	12,718	2,303
lay 7		51,445 53,387	42,696	8,949	April	****		10,156	12,116	1,960
.4	52,001	33,307	41,549	12,338	May	****	8,403	9,020		West Mark
	MONTREAL	STREET RAI	LWAY.		June		7,055	8,368		
Manth					Angust		7,330 8,028	8,351		
Month.	1902.	1903. \$ 168,883	1904	Increase	August September		9,139	10,781		
ebruary	132,159	139,065	\$ 182,386 167,023		October	I	1,528	13,186		
farch	154,895	168,987	183,689	27,958	November	I	2,838	14,200		
pril	152,525	170,050	184,905	14,855	December	· · · · I	5,816	16,611		
(ay	173,902	170,778*			1	HAVANA E	LECTRIC R	AILWAY CO	0.	
une		205,454			Month.	1902.		1903.	1904	Increase
uly	194,194	212,337 208,586			Jan	187,597		The state of the s	1130 709	
eptember.	189,150	212,156			Feb	87,014		104,647	130,579	
ctober	179,433	204,452			March	101,951		120,389	144,921	
ovember.	170,834	187,930			April	98,435		119,974		1100
ecember.	173,042	187,780	****	I	May	120,712		130,925		
Week ending		1903.	1904.	Increase	June	91,223		122,125		
	37,431	45,515	46,769	5,726 3,684	July	104,565		127,918		
	39,468		47,022 De		Sept	105,959		128,323		
					Oct	106,139		125,031		
	TORONTO S	TREET RAIL	WAY.		Nov	102,349		122,415		
Month.	1902.	1903.	1904.	Increase	Dec	104,791		127,644		
anuary	\$ 127.125	\$ 161.028	\$ 170.260	\$17.422	Week ending	1903		1904.	The state of the	Increase.

1903 23,383 28,417 27,916

1904. 31,586 32,314 31,466

Increase. 3,206 3,897 3,55

Week ending May 2...... 10......

TORONTO STREET RAILWAY.

Month.	1902.	1903.	1904.	Increase
January	\$ 137,135	\$ 161,938	\$ 179,360	\$17,422
February	128,233	146,539	168,904	22,365
March	141,681	159,943	183,643	23,700

STOCK LIST

Reported for THE CHRONICLE by R. Wilson-Smith & Co., 160 St. James Street, Montreal.

Corrected to May 25th, 1904, P. M.

BANKS.	Capital subscribed	Capital paid up,	Reserve Fund.	Per centage of Rest to paid up Capital.p	Par value of one share.	Market yalue of one share.	Dividend for last half year	Revenue per cent. on investment at present prices.		When Dividend payable,
							Per Cent.	Per Cent.	Asked. Bid.	
British North America	4,866,666 8,700,000 3,000,000 3,000,000	4,866,666 8,700,000 3,000,000 2,467,350	1,946,666 3,000,000 8,000,000 1,450,000	40,00 34,48 100.00 59.59	243 50 50 100	363 75 77 00	3 3 2 4	4 80 4 54	125 154	April Oct June Dec Jan.Apl.JulyOct. January July
Hamilton	2,236,300 2,000,000 3,000,000 1,500,000	2,236,170 2,000,600 2,995,316 1,500,000	1,892,244 1,050,000 2,650,000 400,000	85.00 52.50 96.67 26.66	100 100 100 30	138 00 213 00 33 00	5 84 5 3	5 07 4 69 5 45	138 110	June Dec June Dec June Dec May Nov
Merchants Bank of P. K.I	343,976 6,000,000 1,000,000	343,976 6,000,000 1,000,000 2,923,085 14,000,000	266,136 2,900,000 1,000,000 2,720,778 10,000,000	77.40 48,33 100,00 93.90 71,56	32.44 100 100 50 100	160 00 100 50 250 00	4 3j 4j 5	4 37 4 39 4 00	160 201 200 250 243	January July June Dec. April Oct. June Dec.
New Brunswick Nova Scotia Oniario	500,000 2,000,000 1,500,000	500,000 9,000,000 1,500,000 2,484,920 999,282	775,000 3,100,000 500,000 2,401,428 440,000	155.00 155.00 33.33 96.50 42.12	100 100 100 100 20	211 00	6 5 3 44 3	4 26	iii iii	January July February Aug June Dec. June Dec. March Sept
People's Bank of N. B	180,000 846,537 2,500,000	180,000 823,301 2,500,000 3,000,000 1,300,000	900,000 8,192,705 325,000	94.44 36.00 161.00 25.00	150 100 100 100 100	126 50 210 00	4 1½ 3 4 1½*	4 76 3 80	126j 210	January July June Dec, February Aug. Feb.MayAug.Nov
Standard	1 000 000	1,000,000 200,000 329,515 268,325 2,974,260	925,000 45,000 75,000 10,000 3,174,260	92.50 22,50 22,76 3,77 106,77	50 100 100 100 100	225 00	5 2j 3 5 & 1†	4 88	225	June Dec. April Oct. February Aug. June Dec.
Traders. Union Bank of Halifax. Union Bank of Canada,X.D. Western. Yarmouth.	2,00 0,000 1,336,150 2,500,000 500,000	1,997,457 1,332,125 2,506,00 438,889 300,006	450,000 928,790 1,040,000 217,500 50,000	23,50 68,13 40,00 50,00 16,66	100 50 100 100 75	135 00	24 24 25 25 26	5 18	135	June Dec Aug, Aug Dec, Feb. Aug.
MISCRILANGOUS STOCKS. Bell Telephone	84,500,000 15,000,000	5,895,370 2,700,000 1,475,000 84,500,000 13,333,300 12,500,000	3,947,232	25,53 34,75	100 100 100 100 100 100	145 75 35 00 117 50 62 00	2° 1° 5 3 1}° & 1	5 51 11 42 5 10 6 40	145} 142 35 32 117j 117j 62 61j	Jan Apl.Jul Oct Jan Apl.Jul Oct, January July April Oct, Jan.Apl.July Oct, Mh.June Spt. Dec
Dominion Coal Preferred	3,000,000 15,000,006 3,083,600 20,000,000	20,000,000	592,844		100 100 100 100 100	110 50 64 25 40 00 11 00 32 25	3	7 27 9 37	1104 643 632 40 11 108 323 313	Jan. July Jan. July Mar.Jun.Sep.Dec. April October
Duluth S. S. & Atlantic	12,000,000 10,000,000 1 500,000 1,500,000 2,250,000	12,000,000 10,000,000 1,350,000 1,500,000 2,250,000	107,178	8.00	100 100 100 100 100	96 00	i j*	5 20	96 92	Jan.Apl.July Oct
Intercolonial Coal Co	1,600,000 5,000,000 34,853,200 29,338,000 1,500,000 14,000,000 7,000,000	34,853,200 29,338,000 1,500,000 14,000,000	90,474		100 100 100 5 100 100 100 100 100	23 00 68 50	34	7 00 5 83		Jan. Feb. August Jan.Api. Jul. Oct
Montreal Cotton Co	2,500,000 17,000,000 6,000,000 2,000,000 7,000,000	2,500,000 17,000,000 6,000,000 2,000,000 7,000,000	798, 92	13.81	100 100 50 40 100 100	110 C0 74 50 106 00	2 j* 16 2 j* 26 1 j	8 18 5 40 4 71	212	Feb. May Aug. Nov
North-West Land, Com. do Pref. N. Scotia Steel & Coal Co, Cm. Ogilvie Flour Mills Co. Pfd. Pfd.	1,467,681 5,642,926 3,090,000 1,030,000 1,250,000	5,642,922 3,090,000 1,030,000 1,250,000	5 0 0 0 0		25 100 100 100 100 100	76 00 114 50 200 00 122 50	65 3 2*	7 89 5 73	76 731	March. April October Jan. Apl. Jul. Oct Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec do do
Richelien & Ont. Nav. Co	2,505,800 500,000 12,000,000 6,000,00 15,010,0	2,505,600 500,000 12,000,000 6,000,000 15,010,000 8,000,000 992,300	39,642 0 1,086,287 0 2,163,50	7.98 8.10 7 14-41	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	87 00 120 00 21 00 102 00 55 00 100 00 200 00	3 11* 11* 12*	6 89 5 00 4 90 5 26 6 00 3 60	87 86 120 21 18 102 100 95 94 100 75 200 160	Jan. Apl. Jul.Oe Feb.MayAug.No Dec.Mar.Jun.Se May Nov.

*Quarterly. †Bonus of 1 per cent. 1 Monthly, Trice per Share \$Annual,

STOCK LIST-Continued.

annum	Amount outstanding.	When Interest due	Where Interest payable.	Date of Redemption.	Latest quota- tions.	REMARKS.	
	\$18,000,000	1 Jan. 1 Apl. 1 July 1 Oct.	New York or London	{ 1 Jan., 2397.	96 96		
6 5	2,000,000 200,000			2 Apl., 1902 1 May, 1917	98		
. 6	1,200,000 2,551,000 £ 308,200	1 Meh. 1 Sep.	Bank of Montreal, Montreal	1 Apl., 1925 1 Meh., 1913 1 Jan., 1916	109	Redeemable at 110 Redeemable at 110	
. 5	\$ 7,876,000	1 Jan. 1 July	Bank of Montreal, Montreal	1 July, 1929	68	Redeemable at 110 & accrued interest	
5 5	\$ 600,000 344,000 1,200,000 1,000,000 880,074	1 Apl. 1 Oct.		1 Jan., 1916. 1 Apl., 1918. 1 July, 1921.	106± 100	Redeemable at 106	
44	/292,000 681,383 1,500,000	1 Feb. 1 Aug.	" Montreal	1 Meh., 1908 . 1 Aug., 1922. 1 May, 1922.	102		
	2,500,000 1,000,000		of Nova Scotia, Mo't'l or T'r'nto	1 July, 1931 1 June, 1932.	105 112	Redeemable' at 11 after June 1912.	
5	£ 130,900 \$ 675,000 600,000 2,509,953	1 Apl. 1 Oct. 1 May 1 Nov. 1 Jan. 1 July	Bk.of Montreal, Mont'l or London Bank of Montreal, St. John, N.B	1 Meh., 1915 Oct., 1914 1 Msy, 1925 1 July, 1914 31 Aug., 1921	108	Redeemable at 110 Redeemable at 110 5 p.e. redeemable yearly after 1905	
	340,000 1,000,000 700,000 5,185,000 4,000,000	1 Jan. 1 July 1 Jan. 1 July 1 Jan. 1 July	***************************************	1 Jan., 1927 1 July, 1912 1 July, 1909			
	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4 2,000,000 5 200,000 6 2,551,000 6 2,551,000 7 5 8 7,876,000 7 5 8 600,000 7 5 1,200,000 7 5 1,200,000 7 6 1,200,000 7 6 1,200,000 7 6 1,200,000 7 6 1,000,000 7 6 1,500,000 7 7 1,000,000	\$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	6	2,000,000 2 Apl. 2 Oct. Bank of Montreal, Mnotreal. 2 Apl. 1902.	6	

INSURANCE PUBLICATIONS, &c.

The Insurance & Finance Chronicle, Montreal.

All Standard Insurance Books sold at Publishers' Prices, plus the duty.

The Insurance and Finance Chronicle.—A weekly journal devoted to the interests of Insurance and General Financial affairs. Established in January, 1881. Annual Subscription \$2 0 Bound Volumes, per vol		1 50
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THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

THE SEVENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company was held at Edinburgh, on Tuesday, 29th day of March, 1904, A. R. C. Pitman, Epilo, W. S., in the Chair.

HELDONIS (SEE CONTROL OF A PROPERTY OF A	
Amount Proposed for Assurance during the year 1903 (6454 Proposals)	\$15.896.530
Amount of Assurances Accepted during the year 1903, and for which 5408 Policies were issued	12.039.580
Premiums on New Policies issued.	
Bushasa Balas of 171 Non- handida	492,475
Purchase Price of 171 New Annuities.	645.370
Claims by Death under 1028 Policies, during the year 1903, inclusive of Rongs Additions	3.477.895
Claims under Matured Endowments and Endowment Assurances during the year 1903,	0,211,000
157 Policies inclusive of Ropus Additions	
157 Policies, inclusive of Bonus Additions	372,354
Subsisting Assurances as at 15th Nevember 1903, amounted to	138.246.610
the number of existing Policies being 57,351.	-55,510,610
Annual Revenue	0.010.000
	6,950,980
Accumulated Funds	
	55,071,585

EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORT.

Once more the Board of Directors have the pleasure of reporting to their Co-Proprietors that the progress of the Company goes on uninterruptedly.

The Aggregate of New Sums Assured placed on the books during the year again exceeds the total for the previous year, and is the largest amount recorded in the history of the Office,

The Claims by Death, on the other hand, notwithstanding the increased business, are lower than in 1902.

During the same period the Company's Funds have been increased by the very considerable amount of £371,000 and now exceed ELEVEN MILLIONS STERLING.

The supervision of the Investments in which these Funds are placed receives the anxious care of the Directors, and they are glad to state that throughout the year they have found favourable opportunities of making new Investments for such Monies as were available for that purpose.

The ratio of the Interest yielded by the whole of the Company's Funds, including Balances in the hands of Agents or otherwise unproductive, has increased during the year from £4, 1s. to £4, 2s. 7d. per cent, which will, doubtless, be recognised as a very satisfactory return on so large a sum.

The Board cofftinues to devote much attention to the development of the various branches at home and abroad, and in the case of the great majority of these the progress during the year has been satisfactory. In South Africa, and in India more especially, the increase of the business, which had been temporarily checked by the Boer War, has been very marked, aided also in the case of India by the reduction in the rates of premium which had become justified by the improved mortality stratistics shown in recent years, as reported at last Annual General Meeting.

The important branches in India and Ceylon have, since the close of the books, been visited by Mr. Oliver, Secretary at the Head Office, who was, it will be remembered, for many years in the service of the Company in that part of the world, and his report will very shortly be considered by the Board.

In further extension of the business, the Board proposes to open a Branch Office for Spain at Barcelona.

During the course of the year the Manager Mr. Spencer C. Thomson, intimated to the Board his desire to resign on 15th May next, after forty years' service with the Company, twenty-nine and a half of them as Manager, and as his successor the Directors have appointed Mr. Leonard W. Dickson, C.A., whom they have known for some years as one of their colleagues, and to whose judicious and progressive conduct of the Company's business they look forward very confidently.

Mr. Cameron, at present Joint Actuary of the Company, will assume the duties and title of "Actuary" on the Manager's retirement.

The Board regret to report the death, since last Annual Meeting, of the Earl of Stair, K.T., one of the Deputy-Governors of the Company, who was universally esteemed by all classes in Scotland. The vacancy thus caused amongst the Honorary Office-Bearers of the Company will shortly be filled up.

The Board also regret to announce the death during the course of the year of their oldest colleague, Mr. James Hope, who over a very long period of years took the greatest interest in the Company's affairs. In his place Mr. C. M. Pelham Burn has been appointed an interim Director, and confirmation of his appointment is now requested. Mr. J. Edward Hope is also proposed for election as a member of the Board in room of Mr. Leonard W. Dickson. who vacates his seat on 15th May next, on assuming the duties of Manager on the retirement of Mr. Spencer C. Thomson at that date.

In moving the adoption of the Report, the Chairman said:-

"The Report which has just been read states so fully the progress of the Company and the leading features of its year's history, that I think I need do little more than propose its adoption."

"The salient points are, as you have heard, the continued increase in the new business, which now amounts to nearly \$2,500,000, a total reached by very few offices eitherin this country or elsewhere, and secondly, the large increase in the aggregate funds, now amounting to \$55,000,000, and the profitable rate of interest upon them. That the new business has not been got together carelessly and without full investigation by the fact that assurances to the amount of \$3,500,000 were proposed and not placed on the Company's books, mainly owing to the risks being declined by the Board as in one way or other undesirable.

"The proprietors will remember that not long ago a plan of Assurance without Medical Examination was inaugurated, not as a class of business to be greatly pressed, but to meet the case, under strict rules, of persons who from nervousness or for other reason might be unwilling to undergo medical examination. The system, though no very large amount of business has been done under it, is serving the purpose for which it was intended, and I am glad to report that no claim has yet arisen under these policies. I mention this because some of the public seem to think that the Board, by taking up this class of business, are following a risky course. On the contrary, our impression is that this class of business, owing to the care taken in its selection, will prove just as profitable as any other placed upon the Company's books.

"The improved opportunities of investment, which were referred to in last year's Report, still continue, with the resulting very satisfactory increase in the return from the aggregate funds of which you have already heard. The investments in which our Eleven Millions are placed are very well distributed throughout various classes of securities at home and abroad, so that local depression in one locality is generally compensated for by prosperous times in another, an advantage which the "Standard" has very favourable opportunity of profiting by through the valuable connections it has formed in many parts of the world.

"Already the next Quinquennial Investigation is beginning to loom large, and preparations have commenced for the valuation of liabilities under the Company's policies, and in view of the progress made since the last Valuation in 1900, the Board look forward with considerable confidence to the results to be declared two years hence.

"In all respects, the position of the Company to-day is, indeed, most favourable, and the agents at home and abroad need not hesitate to recommend it to their friends and clients, as offering a policy which, while affording undoubted protection, contains, at the same time, most liberal conditions, and gives the fullest benefits otherwise that the premium is able to provide. The changes about to be made in the personnel of the Company's staff have been alluded to in the Report,

"After a tenure of the Managerial Office by Mr. Thomson, and his father, the late Mr. William Thomas Thomson, for the period of sixty-seven years, a term which must, I should say, be a record in the history of Joint Stock Companies, the period arrived when, owing to Mr. Thomson beginning to find the heavy duty of management too onerous for him, the appointment of a new manager had to be considered, and the Board believe they are fortunate in having secured for the post the services of Mr. Leonard W. Dickson, Chartered Accountant, who has sat along with them as a colleague for some years, and who in that way has acquired an intimate knowledge of the Company's business, which will serve him in good stead on his taking up the reins of office.

"But, Gentlemen, I feel that we cannot pass from this subject without referring to the invaluable services rendered to the Company by our Manager. The names of "Standard' and Thomson' have been happily linked together in the traditions of the life-assurance world for a longer period than any of us can personally recollect.

"While Mr. William Thomas Thomson was practically the founder of the 'Standard,' Mr. Spencer Thomson specially merits our gratitude, because, succeeding his father in a goodly heritage, he has made it the work of the best years of his life to conserve and to increase the business of this Company. The extent to which he has been successful is amply proved by a comparison of the figures of 1903 with those of 1874, the year in which Mr. Thomson was promoted to his present position.

"The new business in 1874 consisted of 1671 policies for \$5,443,000, while the new business in 1903 amounted, as you have heard to-day, to 5,408 policies for \$12,033,500, or an increase of 224 per cent. in the number of policies, and 121 per cent. in the sums assured. The increase in the number of policies as compared with the increase of sums assured, is interesting, and shows how largely the responsibilities of administration have grown. During the same period our accumulated funds have increased from \$24,150,000 to \$55,162,000, an increase of 129 per cent.

"These facts speak for themselves, and I am sure that you will all agree with the Board that our warmest thanks are due to Mr. Spencer Thomson, and that you will join with us in cordially wishing him every happiness in his retirement."

The Manager in replying said:-

"Before we proceed to another subject, I would ask the Chairman's permission to say a few words,

"There has been an unwritten custom observed at the Meeting of this Company, and one which has been very much honoured in the observance since I have had the honour of being in its service, that on occasion of the Annual Meetings, which, I may state, I have attended consecutively for forty-one years, the Manager takes no part in the proceedings beyond the formal duties assigned to him. But to-day is for me no ordinary one, and, after the very kind way in which the Chairman has referred to the long connection of my father and myself with the Office, I must beg leave to take this opportunity of thanking the Shareholders and Directors in a very few words for, the uniform forbearance and kindness they have shown me during all these long years, and of assuring them of my further constant and warm interest in the Company as long as I am spared to live.

"Of the staff, past and present, and the cheerful and ready assistance I have ever had from them, I cannot say too much. The Chairman has given a few figures showing the considerable progress of the business during my term of office.

"It is, I suppose, hardly possible to avoid giving the Manager more than his due share of the credit for good results of management, and the Manager has not often the opportunity of stating publicly, as I for my part now personally-desire to do, how very greatly I have been indebted for any success I may have achieved to the officials and staff of the Company at home and abroad—and not only for their able and efficient work, but for their friendly and hearty, co-operation with me at all times and seasons, as in a labour of love in which we are all deeply interested.

"For this I thank them, one and all, very heartily, and I hope and have every confidence that they will extend to my successor the same goodwill that they have shown to myself, and will take the same great interest as ever in the development of the Company and the maintenance of its position and prestige as one of the leading Life Assurance Institutions of the Empire, I may say of the world."

The Chairman then concluded by moving the adoption of the Report, which was unanimously approved of.

\$5 taken as equivalent to £1.

EDINBURGH, 3 GEORGE ST., March, 1904.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

Revised every Wednesday, by CUMMINOS & Co., 20 Broad Street, New York City.

	Capital	Last Dividend	Date	Range f Highest	or 1903 Lowest	Range Highest	for 1904 Lowest	Wednesd Bid	ay, May 2: Asked
Amal. Copper Co	\$153,887,900 30,000,000 30,000,000 25,000,000 50,000,000	p.e.	Feb. 29, '04 May 2 '04 May 2, '04 Apr. 20, '04 Apr. 5, '04	751 411 92 301 52 981	37 18½ 64 11½ 39½ 87½	50 21 72 23 51 94	16 66 16 46 89	49 i 16 i 69 i 18 i 50 i 96 i	50 16 70 15 50 96
American Sugar Refining Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	36,968,000 102,000,000 114,199,500 47,874,000 59,227,000	2 2 2 2 2	Apr. 2, '04 Dec. 1, '03 Feb. 2, '03 Mar. 1,'04 Mar. 1,'04	132 ± 89 101 ± 103 ± 96 ±	108 -54 -87 71 85	130 75 94 86 90	123 64½ 889 74 89.	126 683 92 773 901	126± 69 92± 78 91±
Brooklyn Rapid Transit Go	38,770,000 15,000,000 27,260,800 65,000,000 60,533,400	i j 2 2 2 1	Feb. 1, '04 Feb. 1, '04 Apr. 2, '64 Nov. 26, '02	70 78 188 1374 544	31½ 50 149 117 28	51 67 162½ 121 36½	38 63½ 153 110½ 29	47½ 65 156 117½ 30	47 8 65 4 160 117 5 30 4
Dicago & Alton Dicago & Eastern III. Dicago & Eastern III., Prefd Dicago & Great Western Dicago Milwaukee & St. Paul	19,542,800 6,197,800 6,830,700 21,315,500 55,821,800	3 1½ 3½	Jan. 2, '04 Jan. 2, '04 Apr. 22, '04	37 214 136 281 1831	20 § 194 110 13 133	124 184 187	1184 1184 14 136	37½ 121 14½ 139½	38 140 141 140
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha	21,403,300 39,116,300 13,000,000 17,000,000	3 84 ::	Feb. 20, '04 Jan. 2, '04	162 223 19 34 g	11 1 15°2 8 21	148 172 14 26	135 162 5 171	135 168 6 144	140 170 61 142
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Dieveland, Lorain & Wheeling, Prefd Colorado Fuel and Iron Colorado Southern Commercial Cable	28,000,000 5,000,000 23,000,000 30,995,000 13,333,300	2 ij 2	Mar. 2, '04 Apr. 15, '02 Apr. 1, '04	97 118 81‡ 31 175	674 65 26 11 140	80 63 33 19 190	68 75 28 14 162	69 75 29 15‡ 180	69½ 80 29½ 15½ 200
Detroit Sonthern, Com	7,000,000 6,000,000 35,000,000 26,200,000 38,000,000	11	Mar. 15, '04 Apr. 20, '04	191 381 182 272 411	7½ 16 150 225 18½	141 25 1671 275 221	8 17 150 220 18	8 15 153 266 19§	9 18 153 268 20
Denver & Rio Grande, Pref'd	44,345,800 12,000,000 112,280,700 42,860,100 16,000,000	2) 2	Jan. 15, '04 Feb. 29, '04	894 19 424 73 57	65 6 22 64 44	74 10½ 29 70 48½	644 61 21 58 34	66 64 234 58 341	68 71 231 58 34
focking Valley	10.421,600	14 3 	Jan. 18, '04 Mar. 1, '03	105 ± 148 ± 45 ± 75 ± 51 ± 61 ± 61 ± 61 ± 61 ± 61 ± 61 ± 6	65 · 126 · 16 · 35 · 22j	764 1345 22 404 32	59 125 164 83 26	59 129½ 16½ 33 28½	60 130 18 36 29½
long Island	12,000,000 55,000,000 48,000,000 52,000,000 47,953,100	1	Mar. 2, '96 Feb. 10, 04 Apr. 1, 03 Apr. 15, '04	813 1284 154 141 273	46 96 128 101 8§	56 110 145 125 13	43 101 140 107 6	43 107 143 109 7	107 ± 144 109 ± 7½
áinn, & St. Louis		2 21	Jan. 15, '04 Apr. 15, '04	109 78 29 63	40 47 16 34	68 66j 18 42	40 56 141 31	40 62 154 34	55 62½ 16 35 j
dissourt Pacific New York Central New York Chicago, St. Louis, Com Od. do. do.	14,000,000	1)	Jan. 20, '04 Apr. 15, '04 Mar. 1, '04 Mar. 1, '04	115½ 164 44½ 120 86¾	86 113 20 105 70	96 120½ 28½ 110 67	87 113½ 25 100 60	90 114½ 25 101 57	90} 1142 28 112 65
New York, Ontario and Western	58,113,900 66,000,000 23,000,000 202,178,450 20,000,000	1 2 3	Dec. 19, '03 Feb. 19, '94 Nov. 39, '03 Dec. 1, '99	35 764 924 157 401	191 541 834 112 17	24 62 90 128 32	19 56 85 113 24	21] 554 85 1134 26	21½ 56½ 90 113½ 27
teading. teading. First Prof'd. teading. Second Prof'd. teading. Second Prof'd. took Island. tutland, Prof'd. t. Lawrence & Adirondack.	68,728,600	2 2 i	Mar. 10, '04 May 10, '04 Jan. 15, '03 Mar. 1, '02	68 88 78 53 72	33½ 74 60 20 30	471 801 61 27 35	39 77 67 19 30	427 78 60 21	43 79 63 21}
it. Louis & San Fran		1 ::	Mar. 2, '03 Mar. 1, '04	89 77 28 64 68	50 43 12 30 39	49 16 36 561	40 121 29 42	43j 12j 31 45j	45) 13 32 45)
conthern R. R. Texas Pacific. Coledo, St. Louis & Western. do. Twin City Rapid Transit.	119,900,000 38,760,000 9,995,000	:	Feb. 15, '04	374 43 31 47 125	164 21 16½ 25 79	23 27½ 29 37½ 95	18 204 22 32 874	20] 21 21 37] 94]	203 213 25 383 95
Union Pacific, Daion Pacific, Pref'd Union Bastes Steel, United States Steel, Wabash		2 2 1	Apr. 1, '04 Apr. 1, '04 Dec. 30, '02 Feb. 15, '04	108± 95 39± 89± 82±	68 85 10 49 1 16 1	90 94 12 59 22]	72 861 86 54 151	82 i 91 94 53 16	83 912 92 537 162
Watash Pre'd Wostern Union Wheeling & Lake Erie Com do. 1st, Pre'd Wisconsin Central do. Pre'd	97,370,000	14	Apr. 15, '04	521 93 271 61 284 544	30 801 131 40 141 34	41 89½ 19 51 21¼ 48	33 86 144 41 164 38	33} 86 15 42 16} 38,	34 87 16 43 17 38

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A.B.C., Chronicle Office.

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY

It is hereby notified, for information, that the Board of Directors of the TRUST & LOAN COMPANY OF CANADA have, from the 31st March last, Removed the Head Office of the Company in Canada from 25 Toronto street, Toronto, to 26 St. James street, Montreal.

L. EDYE, Commissioner.

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Amount of Canadian Securities Deposited with the Dominion Government for the protection of policy \$1,800,000.00 holders in Canada...

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This Company has more premium-paying business in force in the United States than any other Company, and for each of the last to years has had more New Insurances accepted and issued in America than any other Company.

The Number of Policies in force is greater than that of any other Company in America, greater than all the Regular Life Insurance Companies put it gueber for one and can only be appreciated by comparison. It is a greater number than the Combined Pontalion of Greater New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Besten and St. Louis.

Significant Facts

This Company's policy-claims paid in 1903 averaged in number one for each minute and a third of each business day of 8 hours each, and, in amount, \$89,00 a minute the year through.

THE DAILY AVERAGE OF THE COM-PANY'S BUSINESS DURING 1903.

359 per day in number of claims

6,297 per day in number of Policies

\$1,303,559.06 per day in New insurance written \$98,582.76 per day in Payments to Policy holders and addition to Reserve.

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Assurance Fund and all other Liabilities

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Surplus Outstanding Assurance

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New Assurance Income

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Excelsion Insurance Company

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ASSETS, ONE MILLION DOLLARS

Insurance in force, over
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RA Death Rate Unparalleled.
Low Expense Rate
ate of Interest on Invested Assets with one exception the highest.
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This Company commenced business in Canada by depositing \$300,000 with the Dominion Government or security of Canadian Policy-holders.



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Surplus to Policyholders \$3,581,016.53

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INCORPORATED 1794

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over all liability of CAPITAL and RE-

INSURANCE..... 2,452,410

Losses Paid since Organization, - \$115,662,995 EQUAL TO

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Cash Capital, Total Assets \$1,000,000.00 1,864,730.13

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INCORPORATED IN 1861.

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Capital\$2,000,000
Cash Assets, over3,546,000
Annual Income, over3,678,000
LOSSES PAID SINCE ORGANISATION, \$37,000,000

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CLAIMS PAID 1903, 1,7511, FOR \$72,973.75

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#1903

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HSSUTANCE

Insurance writte	n \$1,092,750 131,526,90	Insurance in force An increase of	\$3,607,346
Total Assets	\$407,219.23	An increase of	\$75,174.52
Goverm't Reserv	e \$241,639.32	An increase of	64,347.63
Death claims	\$10,385.00		\$2.315.00
Expenses	\$48,477.45		\$6,105.02
		procedure of the second second second second second second second	

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THE NORTHERN LIFE.
Hoad Office, London, Ont. JOHN MILNE, Managing Dir. The Northern Life has some good Districts open for live energetic agents

The Royal-Victoria Life Insurance Co.

of Canada. K

HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL The Guaranteed Capital and Accumulated Assets of the Company for the protection of Policyholders amount to

\$1,200,000.00

STEADY PROCRESS OF THE COMPANY

Cash Income	(1899 \$ 1901	68,435.85 104,406.87 145,871.70
Accumulated Assets	1899 8	232,616.64 301,594.94 398,512.27
Insurance in force	(1899 8 1901 1903 1903 1903 1903 1903 1903 1903	1,707,807,00 2,702,456.00 3,928,115.00

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INVESTMENTS UNDER CANADIAN BRANCH,

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DEPOSITED WITH CANADIAN GOVERNMENT, over

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Assurances effected on first class lives Without Medical Examination

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	INCOME	Net Assets exclu- sive of uncalled Capital	Life Assurances in force
1893	\$1,240,483,12 3,986,139.50	\$4,001,776 90 15,505,776 48	\$27,799,756.51 75,681,188.87
Increase	\$2.745.656.38	\$11.503.999.58	\$47.881.432.36

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THE ONTARIO BANK.

Dividend No. 93.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of three per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable, at the Bank and its Branches, on and after Wednesday the First day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

from the 17th to the said and the Irin inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House in Toronto, on Tuesday the 21st day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board.

C. McGILL,
General Manager.

Toronto, April 21, 1904.

THE BANK OF TORONTO.

DIVIDEND NO. 96.

Notice is hereby given that a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. for the
current half-year, being at the rate of
TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, upon
the paid-up Capital of the Bank, has
this day been declared, and that the
same will be payable at the Bank and
its Branches on and after Wednesday,
the first day of June next.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be
closed from seventeenth to the thirtyfirst days of May, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

D, COULSON,
General Manager.

The Bank of Toronto, Toronto,
27th April, 1994.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid Up) ...

\$2,471,310.00 2,389,179.00

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IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT, for the HALF-YEAR, ending 31st day of May, 1994, upon the Capital Stock of this Institu-tion, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after WEDNESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT.

WEDNESDAY, THE FIRMS.

JUNE NEXT.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank on Wednesday, the 15th June, 1994. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE,

General Manager.

Bank of Montreal.

ESTABLISHED 1817. INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

\$14,000,000.00 CAPITAL (all paid up)
Reserved Fund, ...
Undivided Profits, ... 373,988.00

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

SIR W. C. MACDONALD. R. B. ANGUS, Esq. JAMES ROSS, Esq.

R. G. REID, Esq. HON. ROBERT MACKAY. E. S CLOUSTON, General Manager.

H. V. MERFDITH, Assistant General Manager and Manager at Montrea

A. MACNIDER, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches.

BRANCHES IN CANADA.

C. W. DEAN, Assistant Manager. MONTREAL.

Lower Provincee. Point St. Chs. Lewer Fratinese,
Chatham N. B.
Predericton, N. B.
St. John, N. B.
St. John, N. B.
Armstrong,
Glace Bay, N. S.
Glace Bay, N. S.
Sydney, N. S.
Sydney, N. S.
Yarmouth, N. S.
(EEEE

Montreal,
W. E. Br.
Seigners
St. Br.

FOR MONTRALE, BIRCHY COVE ONTARIO. Manitoba ONTARIO Manitoba Brandon, Gretna, Portage La Prairie. Winnipeg, North West Ter. Lindsay, London, Almonte, Belleville, Brantford, Brockville, Ottawa, Paris, Arnia, arnia, arnibeg, arnibeg, arnia, arnia Chatham, Perth, Collingwood, Peterboro Cornwall, Picton, Deseronto, Sarnia, Fort William Stratford, Goderich, Guelph, Hamilton, Kingston,

Kingston, Wallaceburg St. John's, Bank of Montreal; Birchy Cove Bay of Islands, Bank of Montreal.

In Great Britain: London, Bank of Montreal.

In Great Britain: London, Bank of Montreal.

In Great Britain: London, Bank of Montreal.

In The United States: New York, R. y, Herden and J. M. Greata, Agorita, 99 wall Street; Chilcago, Bank of Montreal. J. W. de C. O'Grady, Monager; Spokane, Washi, Bank of Montreal.

Bankers in Great Britain: London, The Bank of Regland, The Union Bank of London and Smith's Bank Ltd., The London and Vestminster Bank, Ltd., The National Provincial Bank of Ragland, Ltd.; Liverroot, The Bank of Liverpoot, Ltd.; Scotland, The Britain Linen Company Bank, and Branches.

Bankers in the United States: New York, The National City Bank, The Bank of New York, New York,

The Bank of British North America

Established in 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 184

- \$4,866,667. Capital Paid Up 1,946,666. Reserve Fund

LONDON OFFICE: 5 GRACECHURCH STREET, E.C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

H. BRODIE
JOHN JAMES CARTER
RICHARD H. GLYN
RICHARD H. GLYN
REDERIC L'UR
E. A. HOARE
W. S. GOLDBY, Manager H. J. B. KENDALL FREDERIC LUBBOCK GEORGE D. WHATMAN

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Montreal, A. R. Rllis, Local Manager, J. R. Ambrose, Sub. Mgr. Seva Scotia British Columbia Quebec Montreal "St. Catherine Ontario Halifax
erine Manitoba
Street Winnipeg Ashcroft Greenwood Kaslo Rossland London Brantford Hamilton Toronto Longueuil (Sub branch) Brandon Reston Vancouver Sorthwest Territories. Victoria Toronto Junction Weston
(Sub-branch)
Midland
Fenelon Falls
Bobcaygeon
Kingston
Ottawa, Quebec Levis Calgary Yorkton (Sub-branch) Yukon Terr. (Sub-branch New Branswick St. John Fredericton Rosthern Duck Lake Battleford Estevan Dawson

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SAN FRANCISCO
210 Sansome Street, H. M. J. McMichaebl and A. S. Irland (Actg.) Agents
CHICAGO.
Merchants Loan and Trust Co.

LONDON BANKERS: The Bank of England. Messrs. Glyn and Co LONDON BANKERS: The Bank of England. Messrs. Glyn and Co FOREIGN AGENTS: Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool. Scotland—National Bank of Scotland, Limited, and branches. Ireland—Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, and branches; National Bank, Limited and branches. Australia—Union Bank of Australia. New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia. India, Chiua and Japan—Mercantile Bank of India, Limited. West Indies—Colonial Bank. Paris—Credit Lyonnais. Lyons—Credit Lyonnais. See Issues Circular Notes for Travellers available in all parts of the world. »Drafts on South Africa may be obtained at the Bank's Branches.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID-UP CAPITAL

REST

\$8,700,000

3,000,000

HEAD OFFICE : TORONTO

HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

B. E. WALKER, General Manager. ALEX. LAIRD, Ass't Gen. Manager

100 Branches in Canada, United States and England.

Montreal Office : F. H. Mathewson, Manager

London (England) Office: 60 Lombard Street, E.C. S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

New York Agency : 16, Exchange Place Wm. Gray and H. B. Walker, Agents,

This Bank transacts every description of Banking Business, including the issue of Letters of Credit and Drafts on Foreign Countries, and will negotiate or collect bills on any place where there is a bank or banker.

Bankers in Great Britain.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND, THE BANK OF SCOTLAND, LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD. PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000 Pald Up 3,000,000 Reserve Fund 2,850,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President.
W. M. RAMSAY,
H. MARKLAND MOLSON, LT. -COL. P. C. HENSHAW,
Wm. C. McIntyre,
J. P. Chrohoun,
H. C. McIntyre,
JAMES ELLIOT, Gen. Manager,
A. D. Durnford, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches.

H. Lockwood, W. W. L. CHIPMAN, Asst. Insp W. H. DRAPER, Inspector. BRANCHES

Acton Vale, Que.
Alvinston, Ont.
Arthabaska, Que.
Arthabaska, Que.
Arthabaska, Que.
Brockville, Ont.
Brockville, Ont.
Claigary, Alta.
Chesterville, Ont.
Chicoutimi, Que.
Chicotonin, Que.
Montreal, Que.
Sundo, Ont.
Montreal, Que.
Simcoe, Ont.
Market & Hapbrobanch
Market & Hapbrobanch
Market & Hapbrobanch
Market & Hapbrobanch
Simcoe, Ont.
Simths Falls, Ont.
Sorel, Que.
Sundheries St.
Branch

St. Marys, Ont.
St. Thomas, Ont.
Toronto, Ont.
Dundas Street
Stock Yards Bch
Toronto Jct., Ont.
Trenton, Ont.
Vancouver, B.C.
Victoriaville, Que
Wales. Wales, Waterloo, Ont. Winnipeg, Man. Woodstock, Ont,

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN AND COLONIES:

London and Liverpoci-Parr's Bank, 1.td. Ireland-Munster and Leinster Bank, 1.td. Australia and New Zealand-The Union Bank of Australia 1.td. South Africa-The Standard Bank of South Africa, 1.td.

France—Societe Generale, Germany—Deutsche Bank, Belgium, Ant-werp—La Banque d'Anvers. Chita and Japan—Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp'n. Cuba—Banco Nacienal de Cuba.

Banking Corp'n. Cuba—Banco Nacienal de Cuba.

New York—Mechanics' Nat. Bank, National City Rank, Hanover National Bank, The Morton Trust Co. Boston—State National Bank, Kidder, Peabody & Co. Portland, Maine—Casco Nat. Bank. Chicago—Pirst National Bank. Cleveland—Commercial Nat. Bank. Philadelphia National Bank. Bank Philadelphia National Bank. Betroit—State Savings Bank. Buffalo—Third National Bank. Milwaukee—Wisconsia National Bank Bank of Milwaukee. Minneapolis—First National Bank. Toledo—Second National Bank. Butte Montana—First National Bank. Toledo—Second National Bank. Butte Montana—First National Bank. San Francisco—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Portland, oregom—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Portland, oregom—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Seattle, Wash.—Seattle National Bank.

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