

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE

VOL. 8--No. 6. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, DECEMBER 8, 1881. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

BUSINESS NOTICES. The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, N.B., every Thursday morning...

General Business. PEOPLE'S HOUSE, NEWCASTLE. NEW GOODS. JUST RECEIVED.

100 LADIES' LONG JACKETS, they are nicely cut and beautifully trimmed.

50 DOZ. MEN'S DRAWERS AND LINDERS. 50 DOZ. WHITE, OXFORD, & FUY.

NOTICE. The subscriber will open up in a few days a very excellent line of...

Hotels. Metropolitan Hotel, Wellington Street, Chatham, N.B. J. F. JARDINE, PROPRIETOR.

DOMINION HOUSE, CHATHAM. The Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public...

BARKER HOUSE, Fredericton. I beg to announce to the travelling public that I have again secured...

Canada House, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK. M. JOHNSTON, PROPRIETOR.

CHATHAM RAILWAY. WINTER 1881-2. TRAINS BETWEEN CHATHAM & NEWCASTLE. GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH.

Trains leave Chatham on Saturday night to connect with Express going South...

HARDWARE!

800 Kegs Cut Nails and Spikes. 100 Boxes Wash, and Cloth Nails...

J. R. GOGGIN, General Hardware Merchant, Chatham. Patrons Home Manufacture.

Doors, Windows, Blinds, HOUSE FINISHING. Plans and Match Lumber, and Plan and Butt Clapboards.

General Hardware Merchant, Chatham. Patrons Home Manufacture. Doors, Windows, Blinds...

Notice. All persons having any legal claim against the estate of the late Miss Carroll...

General Business. 55 Quarter Casks Gin, 35 Octaves, do. 320 Green Cases, do.

LEE & LOGAN, 45 and 47. DOCK STREET - ST. JOHN. SPIRITS AND WINE.

HARNES S. Light Driving to the Heaviest Team Harness.

REFINED IRON. Lowmoor, Swede, Londonderry and English common Best Iron and Pig Iron.

TO BUILDERS. The subscriber begs to announce to his patrons and the public...

William Rae, Upper Water Street, Chatham, N.B. Italian, Sutherland Falls and Rutland Marbles.

WALL PAPER! AT THE MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE.

Traveler's Column. The Intercolonial EXPRESS COMPANY. FORWARDS Merchandise, Money and Packages.

W. & R. Brodie, GENERAL Commission Merchants AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS.

R. FLANAGAN, ST. JOHN STREET, CHATHAM. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN...

MILL FOR SALE. To be sold by Public Auction, on Thursday, Dec. 1st...

"HALT EYES FRONT!" IF YOU Want a Cook, Want a Clerk, Want a Teacher...

MILLINERY. 1881. FALL & WINTER, 1881. We are now showing the latest novelties in...

Manchaster House. PIANO Covers, Green and Crimson and Gold Embroidered.

Medical. JOHN M'CURDY, M.D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, CHATHAM, N. B. HEARTBURN OR SOUR RISING, PERISTALTIC LOZENGES.

DR. CHANNING'S Sarsaparilla FOR THE BLOOD. A FULLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF SYPHILIS.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE, For the Whiskers. This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard...

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE. For Internal and External Use. CELESTINE'S INFANTINE, Pure Laxative...

ALBERT LIME. THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT CO. Best Quality Selected Lime.

Tonsorial Artist, PHYSIOGNOMICAL HAIR DRESSER, Facial Operator, Cranium Manipulator & Capillary Abridger.

Canada House Building. Chatham, December 8th, 1880.

Miramichi Advance. A model of M. Trouve's electrical boat will be exhibited in an artificial basin at the Paris electrical exposition.

Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla. An extraordinary interest is manifested in the Polar regions this year...

Buckingham's Dye. This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard...

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE. For Internal and External Use. CELESTINE'S INFANTINE, Pure Laxative...

ALBERT LIME. THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT CO. Best Quality Selected Lime.

Tonsorial Artist, PHYSIOGNOMICAL HAIR DRESSER, Facial Operator, Cranium Manipulator & Capillary Abridger.

Canada House Building. Chatham, December 8th, 1880.

variety of meats by heat generated from the electric current. Pliny states that the coffin of the ancient Romans was generally of stone.

Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla. An extraordinary interest is manifested in the Polar regions this year...

Buckingham's Dye. This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard...

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE. For Internal and External Use. CELESTINE'S INFANTINE, Pure Laxative...

ALBERT LIME. THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT CO. Best Quality Selected Lime.

Tonsorial Artist, PHYSIOGNOMICAL HAIR DRESSER, Facial Operator, Cranium Manipulator & Capillary Abridger.

Canada House Building. Chatham, December 8th, 1880.

Notice. All persons having any legal claim against the estate of the late Miss Carroll...

General Business.

Vegetine.

CONDUCTORS TAKE IT.

Blotches, Pimples, Humors on the Face and Neck Disappear.

A Sovereign Remedy for Rheumatism!

MONTREAL, P. O., Oct. 17, 1879.

Dear Sir—I most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you are daily receiving in favor of your Vegetine.

I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years, also with blotches and pimples breaking out upon my face and neck.

A friend recommended Vegetine, and after using several bottles, I have been free from both rheumatism and the blotches on my face and neck, and have disappeared.

Vegetine is a most valuable medicine, and I have used it with good success, and I will recommend it to all who are troubled in the same way.

Yours truly, VICTOR PIROUX, Passenger Conductor Grand Trunk Railroad.

Vegetine.

Dr. Callier Surprised.

VEGETINE CURED HIS DAUGHTER.

Callier Street, Chatham, N. B., May 15, 1879.

Dear Sir—My daughter has been afflicted with rheumatism, affection of bladder and kidneys, and is of a nervous disposition, and after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Chatham, I at last resorted to the use of your Vegetine (without condition), and to my great surprise, my daughter is now perfectly cured. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medicine.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

Vegetine.

Worked Like a Charm—Cured St. John and Erysipelas.

75 COURT ST., ROSE, N. T., July 10, 1879.

Dear Sir—One year ago last my little boy had a breaking out of Erysipelas and St. John, his face being so swollen that he could not see, and he was in great pain. Noting your advertisement in the paper, I purchased a bottle of your Vegetine, and after using it a few days, he was cured, and I never saw anything like his case again.

Your respectfully, ROBERT GRIDLEY.

Vegetine.

Remarkable Cure of Scrofulous Face.

WATERLOO, QUEBEC, June 10, 1879.

Dear Sir—I can testify to the good effect of your Vegetine. My little boy had a scrofulous face, and it was so swollen that he could not see, and he was in great pain. Noting your advertisement in the paper, I purchased a bottle of your Vegetine, and after using it a few days, he was cured, and I never saw anything like his case again.

Very respectfully, MRS. O. R. THACHER.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass., and Toronto, Ont.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTRAINDICATIONS.

HOPS, BITTERS, BEAUBLANCK, BRANDY, AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITY.

THEY CURE ALL Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Head, Liver, Gall Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Indigestion, and all other ailments.

SI COGNITUM GOLD.

Will be paid for a case they will not cure or take off for anything but a cure or a cure.

Ask your Druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you give up. Take one bottle, D. J. C. is an absolute and infallible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and all other vices.

Prepared and Bottled by DR. J. C. FLETCHER, 101 Water Street, New York, N. Y., and Toronto, Ont.

New Leather & Shoe Store.

The Subscriber, having disposed of his tannery, has retired from the business connected therewith, has opened a

Leather, Boot, Shoe and Findings Store.

In stock SOLE UPPER KIPP, CALF INSOLE LEATHER, AND SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS, BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

ON WATER ST. CHATHAM.

(North side, west Commercial Building) where he hopes to receive a fair share of the public patronage.

Parties having open accounts with the subscriber are requested to call and arrange the same.

Agent for Wilson's Wood Cutting Mill, Derby Street, Chatham, N. B., and Toronto, Ont.

TIN SHOP.

I have now opened the late James Grayburn factory occupied by the late James Gray, and with the kind patronage of former friends, am prepared to execute all work in

TIN, SHEET-IRON, GAS-FITTING.

Granite Ware, Japanned Stamped and Plain.

TINWARE always had, which I will sell for cash.

PLOUGH, Also, a nice assortment of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves, fitted with PATENT OVENS the latest style, which draw out for cleaning purposes.

Those wishing to buy cheap will do well to us.

Shop in rear of Custom House, Chatham, N. B.

A. C. McLEAN.

COFFINS & GASKETS

The Subscriber has on hand at his shop, a superior assortment of

ROSEWOOD, WALNUT AND OTHER COFFINS, which he will sell at reasonable rates.

WM. McLEAN, UNDERTAKER, Chatham, Nov. 1, 1880.

TURBINE WATER WHEEL.

FOR SALE.

ONE new Lath Turbine Water Wheel, 2 inch diameter, with 2 feet of EXTRA SHAFING, 1 inch diameter, CROWN WHEEL, FINISH, BLACK, and STEEL.

Chatham, N. B., 1st.

J. B. SNOWBALL.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every Thursday morning time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid) by the Publishers at the following rates:—

"Per annum in advance \$1.00.

"Per 6 months " .50.

"Per 3 months " .25.

Advertisements are placed under classified heads.

Advertisements, other than yearly or by the season, are inserted at eight per centum per line, for the first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion (for thirty-six lines per line) for each continuation.

Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of Five Dollars per line per year, and for the first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion (for thirty-six lines per line) for each continuation.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester, Hastings, New Brunswick, and in Bonaventure and Gaspé (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior advantages to advertisers. Address:—

Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham, N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, DECEMBER 8, 1881.

The Right of Free Speech.

We think a very large majority of the people of Canada will approve of the spirit of the following, which we find in the St. John Globe.

Sir John Macdonald talks of the "veiled treason" of independence.

This he absurd. England herself by her public men, and her press, has repeatedly said to us that we are welcome to say with her or to give up connection, just as it pleases us. But even if he did not say so, every man living in Canada, who so asked that may not consider her future, who would arrest her self-development and keep her chained for ever to European destinies. If it is in the interest and for the good of her people to remain by all means let them, but if there are those who think that better a Canada to be publicly presented to the world, than a Canada which is a mere puppet in the hands of a foreign power, then there is no man in this country who would not support them.

Everything that does not chafe with what Sir John and his party may please to say is treason to the country is, of course, wrong. Not to agree with them is to merit every political disability. As a leader Sir John may change his opinions or reverse his policy as often as he pleases, but that is only what Sir Philip Prowse has done, and Sir John has done the same. He has done the same. He has done the same. He has done the same.

Very respectfully, MRS. O. R. THACHER.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass., and Toronto, Ont.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

The Tories on the Alert.

The Tories are determined to leave no effort untried to save themselves from defeat in 1883, and from Ontario—where they are really weakest at the present time—to Prince Edward Island, they are making the greatest possible efforts to organize for the next election campaign.

The late "Convention" at Toronto resulted in the promulgation of a document which was to go out to the faithful only and become a powerful agent in securing the success of "the great digester"—Sir John—and his followers two years hence, but the Toronto Globe, with its usual enterprise left light in upon the "well laid plan," and published the secret paper, which we reproduce in another column. It is well worth reading and may serve to warn Liberals against the tactics of their opponents.

CLIFTON BREAKWATER, Gloucester, from what our Bathurst correspondent writes, needs an addition to it. The Government will, we hope give the matter attention.

REWARD FOR BRAVERY.—A handsome gold watch has been presented by the Government of Canada to the Mayor of St. John to be publicly presented to him by Mrs. Donald, wife of the late Rev. Dr. Donald, of St. Andrew's Church, for her son, first mate George W. Donald, of the British bark Carleton, of Maryport, for gallant conduct in rescuing the officers and crew of the bark "H. A. Parr," Yarmouth, N. S.

THE MARCHES AND PRINCESS.—The St. John Sun of Tuesday morning said,—"The Marquis of Lorne has every intention of returning to Canada and the Princess Louise will also return before spring."

Now, why should the Sun, this attempt to throw doubt on the declaration made by the Marquis at Ottawa on the eve of his departure, that he would return to Canada early in February. We believe that his Excellency did not mean to deceive the people of Canada, the Sun to the contrary notwithstanding. It is a little singular that the Sun's "Labouchere" should thus attempt to hint that the Marquis will not keep his word.

ESQUIMAUX BREAKWATER.—We again direct the Dominion Government's attention to the subject of the proposed Breakwater at Esquimaux. Our Representative had the written assurance of the Department of Public Works that a survey would have been made last season, but the promise was, for some reason, not kept. In matters of this kind the Government is not to be considered, for the fishermen of this County, as well as those of Gloucester and Kent, are largely interested in the proposed work and the lives of many of them are endangered as long as it continues to be neglected.

The General Elections.

PRIVATE HINTS TO LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVES.

AN INTERESTING DOCUMENT.

A document of a most important character, and marked private, has been issued by the leaders of the Tory party, for the use of the party under their opponents' policy. In New Brunswick, therefore, Sir John cannot stifle discussion and the free expression of opinion on public questions by the old Tory cry of "treason." Some of his friends have gone so far as to charge his disgrace of 1873 to treason on the part of his opponents, but it was the spontaneous expression of the sense of the people's sense of outrage, before he had opportunity to stifle it, and although he has succeeded in causing them to act as if he had forgotten his true character, he will find that when he attempts to cry, treason! for the purpose of stifling discussion, it will only have the effect of drawing the people give the more attention to the subject he wishes them to avoid.

Those to whom they are entrusted and never allow them to pass out of their hands.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

1. Constitution of the Liberal-Conservative Association (as of Consistency).

2. The Association shall consist of all persons who are in favour of the Liberal-Conservative party, and express their willingness to become members of the Association (and pay an annual fee of \$1.00).

3. The officers of the Association shall be:—President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Vice-President.

4. Being one for each municipality in the electoral division, which shall be elected at the annual meeting, which shall be held on the day of the divisions appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

5. Each vice-president shall, as soon as convenient after the annual meeting in each year, call a meeting of the members of the Association in his municipality, at which there shall be appointed by the meeting, a committee of such number as the meeting shall see fit for each polling sub-division (school section or other division as thought best), and one of such committee shall be appointed chairman.

6. The vice-president residing in each municipality, with the chairman and members of the committee, so appointed shall form the Executive committee for such municipality.

7. It shall be the duty of each chairman:—(1) To see that his division is represented in the voters' list, and to appeal against, and have struck off, all names of opponents improperly included thereon.

(2) To promote the circulation of Conservative newspapers and literature.

(3) To secure as large a membership of the Association as possible.

(4) To see that his division is thoroughly canvassed, and the party vote entirely polled at elections.

(5) To report the result of his work quarterly to his vice-president.

8. It shall be the duty of each vice-president to have a meeting of the executive committee held immediately on the day of the assessment roll by the assessor.

Private Hints to Liberal-Conservatives.

An interesting document.

A document of a most important character, and marked private, has been issued by the leaders of the Tory party, for the use of the party under their opponents' policy. In New Brunswick, therefore, Sir John cannot stifle discussion and the free expression of opinion on public questions by the old Tory cry of "treason." Some of his friends have gone so far as to charge his disgrace of 1873 to treason on the part of his opponents, but it was the spontaneous expression of the sense of the people's sense of outrage, before he had opportunity to stifle it, and although he has succeeded in causing them to act as if he had forgotten his true character, he will find that when he attempts to cry, treason! for the purpose of stifling discussion, it will only have the effect of drawing the people give the more attention to the subject he wishes them to avoid.

Those to whom they are entrusted and never allow them to pass out of their hands.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

1. Constitution of the Liberal-Conservative Association (as of Consistency).

2. The Association shall consist of all persons who are in favour of the Liberal-Conservative party, and express their willingness to become members of the Association (and pay an annual fee of \$1.00).

3. The officers of the Association shall be:—President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Vice-President.

4. Being one for each municipality in the electoral division, which shall be elected at the annual meeting, which shall be held on the day of the divisions appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

5. Each vice-president shall, as soon as convenient after the annual meeting in each year, call a meeting of the members of the Association in his municipality, at which there shall be appointed by the meeting, a committee of such number as the meeting shall see fit for each polling sub-division (school section or other division as thought best), and one of such committee shall be appointed chairman.

6. The vice-president residing in each municipality, with the chairman and members of the committee, so appointed shall form the Executive committee for such municipality.

7. It shall be the duty of each chairman:—(1) To see that his division is represented in the voters' list, and to appeal against, and have struck off, all names of opponents improperly included thereon.

(2) To promote the circulation of Conservative newspapers and literature.

(3) To secure as large a membership of the Association as possible.

(4) To see that his division is thoroughly canvassed, and the party vote entirely polled at elections.

(5) To report the result of his work quarterly to his vice-president.

8. It shall be the duty of each vice-president to have a meeting of the executive committee held immediately on the day of the assessment roll by the assessor.

Private Hints to Liberal-Conservatives.

An interesting document.

A document of a most important character, and marked private, has been issued by the leaders of the Tory party, for the use of the party under their opponents' policy. In New Brunswick, therefore, Sir John cannot stifle discussion and the free expression of opinion on public questions by the old Tory cry of "treason." Some of his friends have gone so far as to charge his disgrace of 1873 to treason on the part of his opponents, but it was the spontaneous expression of the sense of the people's sense of outrage, before he had opportunity to stifle it, and although he has succeeded in causing them to act as if he had forgotten his true character, he will find that when he attempts to cry, treason! for the purpose of stifling discussion, it will only have the effect of drawing the people give the more attention to the subject he wishes them to avoid.

Those to whom they are entrusted and never allow them to pass out of their hands.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

1. Constitution of the Liberal-Conservative Association (as of Consistency).

2. The Association shall consist of all persons who are in favour of the Liberal-Conservative party, and express their willingness to become members of the Association (and pay an annual fee of \$1.00).

3. The officers of the Association shall be:—President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Vice-President.

4. Being one for each municipality in the electoral division, which shall be elected at the annual meeting, which shall be held on the day of the divisions appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

5. Each vice-president shall, as soon as convenient after the annual meeting in each year, call a meeting of the members of the Association in his municipality, at which there shall be appointed by the meeting, a committee of such number as the meeting shall see fit for each polling sub-division (school section or other division as thought best), and one of such committee shall be appointed chairman.

6. The vice-president residing in each municipality, with the chairman and members of the committee, so appointed shall form the Executive committee for such municipality.

7. It shall be the duty of each chairman:—(1) To see that his division is represented in the voters' list, and to appeal against, and have struck off, all names of opponents improperly included thereon.

(2) To promote the circulation of Conservative newspapers and literature.

(3) To secure as large a membership of the Association as possible.

(4) To see that his division is thoroughly canvassed, and the party vote entirely polled at elections.

(5) To report the result of his work quarterly to his vice-president.

8. It shall be the duty of each vice-president to have a meeting of the executive committee held immediately on the day of the assessment roll by the assessor.

Private Hints to Liberal-Conservatives.

An interesting document.

A document of a most important character, and marked private, has been issued by the leaders of the Tory party, for the use of the party under their opponents' policy. In New Brunswick, therefore, Sir John cannot stifle discussion and the free expression of opinion on public questions by the old Tory cry of "treason." Some of his friends have gone so far as to charge his disgrace of 1873 to treason on the part of his opponents, but it was the spontaneous expression of the sense of the people's sense of outrage, before he had opportunity to stifle it, and although he has succeeded in causing them to act as if he had forgotten his true character, he will find that when he attempts to cry, treason! for the purpose of stifling discussion, it will only have the effect of drawing the people give the more attention to the subject he wishes them to avoid.

Those to whom they are entrusted and never allow them to pass out of their hands.

DRAFT CONSTITUTION FOR LIBERAL-CONSERVATIVE ASSOCIATION.

1. Constitution of the Liberal-Conservative Association (as of Consistency).

2. The Association shall consist of all persons who are in favour of the Liberal-Conservative party, and express their willingness to become members of the Association (and pay an annual fee of \$1.00).

3. The officers of the Association shall be:—President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Vice-President.

4. Being one for each municipality in the electoral division, which shall be elected at the annual meeting, which shall be held on the day of the divisions appointed as hereinafter mentioned.

5. Each vice-president shall, as soon as convenient after the annual meeting in each year, call a meeting of the members of the Association in his municipality, at which there shall be appointed by the meeting, a committee of such number as the meeting shall see fit for each polling sub-division (school section or other division as thought best), and one of such committee shall be appointed chairman.

6. The vice-president residing in each municipality, with the chairman and members of the committee, so appointed shall form the Executive committee for such municipality.

7. It shall be the duty of each chairman:—(1) To see that his division is represented in the voters' list, and to appeal against, and have struck off, all names of opponents improperly included thereon.

(2) To promote the circulation of Conservative newspapers and literature.

(3) To secure as large a membership of the Association as possible.

(4) To see that his division is thoroughly canvassed, and the party vote entirely polled at elections.

(5) To report the result of his work quarterly to his vice-president.

8. It shall be the duty of each vice-president to have a meeting of the executive committee held immediately on the day of the assessment roll by the assessor.

General Business.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR.

Our Stock of Christmas and New Year CARDS is now open for inspection, and consists of

English, German and Prang's American Cards.

All in Styles and Patterns. Also

AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS, CUTS, SALICERS, CHILDREN'S TOY MUS, DOLLS, PICTURE BOOKS, ETC.

DAILY EXPLODED.

New Hats, Goggles, Mantle Cloths and new Hat Finishes.

W. S. LOGGIE, Chatham, Nov. 30, 1881.

New Advertisement.

I have opened

BLACKSMITH SHOP

HENDERSON STREET,

formerly occupied by James Hays, where I intend carrying on general Blacksmith Work.

Small and large parties of work, and Guarantees good satisfaction, or the money refunded.

RICHARD D. STAPLETON.

MAT HOOKS.

First Class MAT HOOKS, For Sale at

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE.

Scantling Wanted.

TENDERS for heavy or extra Scantling are wanted, according to Specification to be seen at the "History of the County," Chatham, until the 15th December inst.

Sewing Machines.

Branch Office of The Singer Manufacturing Company, Corner St. John & Duke Sts., CHATHAM, N. B.

THE GENUINE SINGER SEWING MACHINE OF NEW YORK.

Over Four Millions in Use!

OVER HALF A MILLION SOLD IN 1880.

THE GENUINE SINGER SEWING MACHINE has been awarded the highest honors in every more than two hundred times at Great World's Fair at Philadelphia, and in every part of the United States.

Why? Because it is the best. Machines sold throughout the world in 1880 were "Singer." The reason for this is that "Singer" is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy to use, and so durable, that it can be used by any one, and it will last for years.

It is the only machine that is so simple, so easy

POOR COPY

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, DECEMBER 8 1881.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

A STRAY STEER is advertised by Mr. Leighton Derby.

A YOUNG MAN was drowned while skating on the Kennebecasis the other day.

MR. WILLIAMS of photographic fame advertises the establishment of his headquarters at Chatham.

THE RIVER is closing up slowly. Horses are crossing at Chatham, but the ice is none too safe yet.

THE P. E. ISLAND BANK will not cause any loss to the holders of its notes, but some time will elapse before the notes can be redeemed.

BLACK BROOK BRIDGE is to be rebuilt and tenders for the work, according to plan and specification, is seen at the office of A. Davidson, Esq., M. P. P. are invited until Saturday of next week, 17th inst.

AN OLD RESIDENT of Napan, Mr. Robert Brimmer, is among those who have recently died and been followed by the grave by a large number of friends. Mr. Brimmer was 71 years of age and up until a short time of his death took an active part in the duties of life.

BREWER OF THE HOOD.—We were shown yesterday, portions of a carcass of pork raised in Chatham which was diseased very badly with cysticercus colliculosus. The globular parasites seen in the meat are to the size of a pea, and are very numerous in the butchery, and such meat, when eaten, is dangerous to human beings as well as the lower animals which partake of it.

NEW TANKS.—Mr. J. A. Desmond, the contractor for the new Fire Department tanks, is making good progress with the work entrusted to him. The one in the lower part of the town is about finished and that on Church Street is being put in place. Each of these important reservoirs is 30 feet long 10 feet wide and 9 feet deep, thoroughly framed together, placed and caulked.

DESTRUCTION.—S. D. Barton and Thomas Reed, Esqrs., of St. John, have been in town for more than a week. Together with John Ellis, Esq., they compose a Board of Arbitration appointed at the last session of the Council Court by His Honor Judge King, to settle a disputed account, involving a large amount of money between J. B. Russell, Esq., plaintiff, and Hon. W. Mainland, Esq., defendant. Their labors here were about closed last evening.

OLD MAIL AND MESSENGER.—This is the cheapest old mail in the market. It is comically illustrated, and complete in every respect. It will settle the old bachelor question as readily as the old maid, and with as much facility as the more elaborately finished pack, which retail at four times its price, put up in neat pasteboard cases. Sent by any adrest postage paid on receipt of price, 20 cents. H. G. Marr, Moncton, N. B.

HUNTING.—Messrs. Chas. A. D. Miller and Maurice Lafone had a very successful caribou hunt last week, on the Battibogue plains, with Mr. John Conroy as guide. They secured four splendid specimens, and as they are about to leave for England will, no doubt, have the satisfaction of presenting some of their friends at home with samples of their skill with the rifle. Mr. Carroll of St. John, is understood, to mount the heads.

DIPHTHERIA.—When the regular winter weather—clear and fairly cold—set in last week, it seemed as if the epidemic of diphtheria in Chatham and its vicinity and a feeling of relief from what almost seemed like a threatened plague had taken the place of the general fear which had begun to manifest itself before that time. We have heard of several cases for a week and hope that the record may be equally clear for a long time to come.

HOLIDAY BOOKS.—A splendid line of books for Holiday Presents are just opening at the Miramichi Book Store, Chatham. A full line of Books, including St. James, Byron, Burns, Moore, Poe, Thackeray, Hemans, Goldsmith, Keats, Shelley, Keble, Tennyson, among the works of fiction are Scott's and Marryat's novels, Gulliver's Travels, Robinson Crusoe, Scottish Chiefs, Grimm's German Tales, Chatterbox of the Abbey, Wanderings in Ceylon, Assop's Fables, etc.

OBITUARY.—Mr. Thomas Ulcock, one of our best known and most respected young citizens, died on Thursday last after a protracted illness, and was buried on Sunday at St. Paul's Churchyard. The funeral was largely attended by citizens of all classes and sympathy with the mourning family is very general. At the morning service in St. Mary's Church, the Rector referred to the sad event and paid a deserved tribute to the estimable character of the deceased, who, in all the relationships of life, had acquitted himself worthily.

FORWARDING.—Shippers of fish by way of St. John, cannot do better than by sending their consignments to be forwarded by the International Steamship Company's boats, which leave St. John every Monday and Thursday morning during the winter season at eight o'clock. Indeed, this has become the favorite route, because of the promptness and regularity with which the business is done at both ends of the company's line, and the avoidance of mixed responsibility which arises when sending by any other route between New Brunswick and Boston.

THE AMERICAN NEWSPAPER ANNUAL, published by N. W. Ayer & Son, Advertising Agents, Philadelphia, is to be had. It is carefully prepared, so far as such works can be, and may be taken as giving full and correct details respecting all newspapers published in the United States and Canada, so far as they may be of interest to advertisers. Indeed, the general reader would, no doubt, find a great deal to interest him in its pages. No doubt, Messrs. Ayer have made a good deal of money out of the work, as newspaper proprietors have supported it liberally in the way of taking up its advertising space—an evidence that they, like all other intelligent business men realize that advertising pays all round.

THE SUN of Monday last represented Chatham as suffering much worse than the facts warranted from diphtheria and said that "the Health Officer" had recommended the closing of the public schools. Now, with the Sun in form as to the "Health Officer" referred to and who he sent the "recommendation" of? Perhaps the Sun will also let us know whether the

"Health Officer" referred to has mustered up courage enough to recommend the closing of the public schools in the middle of the town and the numerous "slop basins" over drains in so many back yards. If the Sun can find a "Health Officer" doing his duty in Chatham it is more than our own people can do. But, then, the Sun is noted for discovering things which do not exist.

LOST AND FOUND.—A. E. Killam, Esq., lost a package of Maritime Bank notes containing \$1,000 one day last week while on his way to St. Martin's. The Bank advertised the loss and a reward of \$100 was offered to the finder if he would return the money. A brakeman on the St. Martins and Upland Railway had, however, picked up the package in the car in which Mr. Killam went to St. Martins and left it in the hands of the Station Master at Hampton, without even knowing who the loser was, or that it had been advertised. He also declined to receive the reward offered.

THE DEATH OF MR. D. M. PATERSON, for some time foreman in the Advance Printing Office, took place on Monday morning last. He went from work, as usual, on Tuesday evening of last week and, on Wednesday morning next word to the office that he was unwell. During that afternoon he grew worse, when medical advice was procured, and it was discovered that he was suffering from diphtheria, a case of the malignant type. From the first, Dr. Benson, and several other medical gentlemen, had little hope of his recovery and he died as above stated, leaving a widow and three children—the youngest being but five weeks old. Deceased was for seven years a member of Battery No. 7, Garrison Artillery, six of whose members, in uniform, acted as pall bearers at the funeral, which took place on Tuesday at three o'clock, and was largely attended. The interment was in the Methodist Cemetery, Chatham.

BATHURST NOTES.

SEB. ALPA AND CLIFTON BREAKWATER.—The Seb. Alpa still lies stranded at Clifton Breakwater. She was owned by the Messrs. Whidden of Antigonish, N. S. Her cargo, which was completed, consisted of 240 tons of granite, for Lombard & Co., of Boston. Both vessel and cargo were damaged. Surveys were held on the vessel, and cargo resulting in both being ordered to be sold. The cargo was bought by the agent of the Underwriters, who have taken the vessel off the owners' hands. They are now attempting to place her on an even keel with a view of getting the cargo out and floating her in the spring. The fact of two schooners being lost in Chatham within a fortnight has directed considerable attention towards the Breakwater, and as to its usefulness. The main part of the structure runs direct North from the main land with an ell at the outer end running westward—almost due East and West—leaving vessels exposed to the North-west gales, during over her, freighting as it fell.

THE CAPTAIN.—The Captain of his vessel to the extreme cold prevailing at the time. It is estimated that there was sixty or seventy tons of ice clinging to the bows of the "Alta" when she sank—coming by the spray from the sea breaking over her, freighting as it fell.

THE MESSRS.—The Ladies of the Methodist congregation held a tea meeting in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday Evening, 29th ult. A small table at the head of the room contained a number of articles suitable for Christmas presents, which met with a ready sale. Tea was served from 6 to 8 p. m., and was well patronized. There was a large crowd in attendance, among the younger portion of which order was sadly wanting and there seemed to be nobody present whose duty it was to enforce it. The appointment of one or two stewards to keep order and to see that the enjoyment of such entertainments as well as their success. The proceeds netted \$120, which is to be applied to paying off the church debt.

ST. GEORGE'S.—The Ladies of St. George's Episcopal, purpose holding their semi-annual Bazaar on Thursday, the 28th inst. They intend making this the largest of any yet held by them, and will offer for sale the finest lot of fancy goods suited to the season ever offered before in Bathurst. There will also be a tea in connection with the sale.

SOCIABLES.—The Ladies of the Presbyterian Church have arranged for a set of Sociables during the winter. The first comes off at the residence of Anthony Rainey, Esq., on Thursday Evening next, when all will be welcome.

RACE COURSE.—The horse fanciers of our town have had a race course laid off on the ice in the harbor for the purpose of deciding the vexed question as to who is the owner of the "Maud S." of Bathurst. As there are many aspirants to the honor, it is expected a programme of races will be announced for an early day. The ice is in very fair condition.

Bathurst, 6th Dec., '81.

Registree Notes and News.

JAQUET RIVER, Dec. 1st 1881. Editor of Advance, Chatham.

SIR.—In the absence of any correspondence from the ambitious towns of Dalhousie and Campbellton, and in order that Registree news may reach the public through your valuable paper, I venture to send you a few items which may be of interest.

Our chief industries are, of course, frozen up. The mills have been kept full at work throughout the season, and large quantities of lumber have been shipped. When the new steam mill at Campbellton is in proper working order, as it will be next season, it will add very materially to the production of sawn lumber.

It has been rumored several times during the past year that another steam mill is likely to be built ere long at or near Dalhousie, and, in fact, this locality has also been mentioned, but, as yet, nothing has come of it. Certainly there is ample room in the County for the profitable investment of Capital in this branch of industry.

Our Spool Factory has been rebuilt and will, no doubt, do a large business in the near future. Mr. Becket, the resident partner of the firm, and sole manager here, is an energetic and sagacious business man. The Company have shown commendable enterprise in the rapidity with which they resumed work after the destructive fire of July last. There is a large quantity of the lumber they used in the County, and it is not unlikely that other parties may also establish factories in the salmon fishery of the past summer was, to some extent, a failure, but still, large quantities were caught, and old fishermen predict a good run next season.

Your readers are, no doubt, tired of the hull-bait raised by the investigation at Metapedia, which seems to have been very ingeniously directed from the real grounds, the present system of artificial breeding, to an enquiry into the correct-

ness of Mr. Mowat's accounts. There seems to be a very general opinion that a breeding establishment is not required for the Registree fish, and that, practically, it is, as conducted, of not the slightest benefit to other rivers.

The rumor of an early dissolution of Parliament, which obtained currency some short time ago, seems to have exerted a magic influence on several ambitious individuals, who began to feel their way to the front. The future has led out to a great extent, still it is said that Jno. McAllister, Esq., Attorney of Campbellton, is likely to test the County in opposition to the present member, Mr. McAllister, a gentleman of amiable character, and will likely poll a strong vote in the parish in which he resides—as Campbellton appears desirous of eclipsing the shiretown, but his chances for success outside of that parish are very questionable, in fact they may be put down as a very slight indeed. His very recent conversion to Protectionist views is hardly likely to commend him to the people of a County which was so overwhelmingly in favor of Free Trade 3 years ago. Mr. McAllister's course has been straightforward and consistent. He has always worked with untiring energy for the benefit of his constituents; his character is irreproachable, and it is undeniable that in this section of the County he stands as well as ever with the electors. It is hardly possible that Dalhousie Parish, already suffering the disadvantages arising from the shiretown being cut off from Railway connection, will give him a less hearty support in '83 than it did in '78.

Local Election matters are not attracting much attention. Mr. Barbic, who is, at least, consistent in his opposition to the present aspirant for a Government, will, likely, be a candidate. No doubt there will be the usual "scrimmages" next summer. The names of two popular Dalhousie gentlemen holding office in various positions have been mentioned in connection with political movements, but as there is no authority for using their names, I will not now further refer to them.

Mr. Kenny, our resident Representative (7) will, it is said, not again allow us to have the benefit of his services.

The "Charybdis" Again.

The Toronto Globe's Ottawa correspondent says,—"It is now a year since, with a great flourish of trumpets, Sir James Tilley announced to his constituents that a man-of-war, to be used as a training ship, had been donated by the Imperial Government, and he had the good fortune to be able to secure it being located at St. John, N. B., as a special boon to the great ship-wrecking city. It took nine months to get the rotten hulk to St. John, and \$10,000 of public money have been expended on her already, and Captain Scott pointed out in his official description of the vessel, that it would take scarcely ten men to weigh the anchor. The other day the attempt was made by about fifty men, with the result of parting the cable and losing the anchor in the sea. No attempt has been made to carry out the original design of a training ship. No other vessel has been appointed, no organization attempted. A blundering Minister and Acting Minister have succeeded in having the vessel moored in different places where she was found to be always in the way, and several times doing damage to other vessels. The history of Canada affords no more significant instance of ministerial blundering and in-capacity than the story of the Charybdis.

Government to do anything with the vessel, it is at a ready sale. For opposite Taylor's Store, everything choice, Low Prices, too, the popular voice.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to inform the public of Chatham, that she is prepared to execute Millinery in all its branches, and has the latest styles in bonnets and hats.

MILLINERY.

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to inform the public that she is prepared to execute Millinery in all its branches, and has the latest styles in bonnets and hats.

NOVA SCOTIA.

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND, \$1,000,000. DEBTS PAID, \$75,000. BRANCHED OFFICES: MONTREAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, and all points in the Province.

STERLING EXCHANGE Bought and Sold. American Drafts Negotiated. Collections made at all accessible points. Interest allowed on special deposits.

OFFICE—Bathurst, formerly occupied by R. R. Clark, Commercial Wharf. Hours—10 a. m. to 5 p. m. S. M. MARRISON, Agent. Newmarket, May 23, 1881.

LAND IN GLENELG FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers for sale that lot of land in the Parish of Glenelg, County of Northumberland, situated on the Southern bank of the Bay de Veis River granted to the late Robert Clark and lying on the Southern shore of the Bay, containing 200 acres, and adjoining the Globe, "et cetera."

Is it a Joke on Sir Leonard?

The Pall Mall Gazette perpetrates a joke on the British Fair Traders, which, with slight alterations of place and products might be applied to Canada. It is in the form of a prospectus, and is headed "Sociables and Grampian Tea Company (limited)," which, it says, is being promoted by an enthusiastic fair trader and advocate of the cause of fair trade. It declares that "this company is formed for the purpose of producing, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready, and expending labour, and therefore with the greatest advantage to the producer classes of the country," an article to replace the cheap tea now imported from China. It is calculated that tea can be produced on the slopes of Snowden and the Grampians at an expenditure of five guineas per pound, at least for the common sort, while the fine kinds will cost still more. "As nearly the whole of the amount spent will be paid for actual labor in tending the plants, keeping up the fires in the glass houses, getting ready

The Auctioneer's Story.

BY IMOGENE H. SYKES.

This is a strange world! And yet I never thought so until my attention was called to the fact by a little incident that befell me one day, and set me off thinking so hard that I seemed to grow out of my own head and reach a great height, and then look down on my other self with compassion. I don't know that it made me any wiser, but at least, it made me more attentive to my fellow-beings—more thoughtful of their joys and sorrows—and that accounts for some things, I reckon.

I had cried dozens of parubrokers' sale, in my time, and never thought anything about them, unless it was that old Two to One or Give and Take was doubling their money, and making a pretty penny, even with ten per cent. commission taken off.

But I had never thought of the story connected with any one article of the sale—of the heartaches, and despair, and woman's tears. It was but a joke to me, who had known the time when to "spout" a watch, or pistol, or some light trinket, in order to carry on a frolic, or help a poorer chap than I was, was but the impulse of the moment, and carried no further weight than the relief from empty pockets at the moment.

But, as I said before, something made me think, and ever since I have had the same heart to cry away the goods of the poor creatures that want and misery have driven into two to one's clutches.

The city of B—is a splendid market for our business. The trade done there by one house alone would equal any banking, commission or other business in the place, and by the same token, the parubrokers equal us in power and profit, and give us some of our biggest sales.

An odd lot came into the warehouse one day, consigned to us by Clutchem & Keep, a shrewd firm of new beginners, and as it fell to my duty to assort and label the goods, it thus also fell to my fate to have a part in the following story.

The consignment consisted mainly of glass and silver-ware, pictures and bronzes, as Clutchem & Keep were rather first-class in their business, and did not yet condescend to clothes and family Bibles; but in the lot I came across a few pieces of furniture, which attracted my attention from the fact of our having an order from a Western house to pick up all the antiques and oddities alike, for a bric-a-brac firm.

Here were about a dozen specimens of clawlegs, stiff-backs, and otherwise uncomfortable household articles, in the shape of chairs, dressing-glasses and cabinets, and I at once labelled them sold, that they might not get into next day's sale, but be forwarded at once to our Western house.

superstitious, too; for it seemed to me as if a ghostly pageant was crossing and recrossing that dim mirror, and the old screen shook as if sighs or sobs were coming from it.

"Thank you! I am looking for a cedar cabinet," said the lady, gently, "which was among the articles I parted with to Clutchem & Keep, and the lot it was sent here for sale. I wish to redeem it at any price."

She stopped suddenly as my face changed. A cedar cabinet! I remembered it at once. The hurt on my hand recalled it, also that it had been labelled for that day's sale.

I tried to think to whom I had sold a cabinet that day; then it flashed on me that there had not been one in the catalogue. Had I made a mistake and sent it West with the bric-a-brac lot? If so, it could be recovered. I felt glad for my error, but the poor little woman mistook my silence, and broke down completely, sobbing so pitifully that I knew then that some great cause was hidden beneath her desire to reclaim the old cabinet.

"It is more to me than life or death!" she cried out, passionately, looking straight before her. "It means my children's honor! Listen, and you may be influenced by my great need to find this cabinet for me. I believe it contains the certificate of my marriage and my children's baptism, without which I cannot lay claim to my husband's interest in the above business, I shall continue the same on my own account, and shall, until further notice, make Good Photographs, at the

Unprecedented Low Price of \$1.00 Per Dozen. Pictures framed to order. Call and see for yourselves. E. H. THOMSON, Duke Street, Near Canada House, Chatham, N. B., Aug. 23rd, 1881.

SEWING MACHINE. I respectfully inform my friends and patrons, that I have by no means given up handling the old cabinet.

WANTER SEWING MACHINES. and may be found at the Studio above named, where all orders shall receive prompt attention. Dispensing attended to as usual. J. Y. MERRILL, Chatham, April 30, '81.

SUGAR, FRUIT, ONIONS, &c. LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. Have Received— 45 BLS EXTRA C SUGAR 10 Boxes ORANGES 10 Lemons 10 BLS ASTRAL OIL 100 Boxes LONDON LAYER, Loose Macaroni and Pasta 200 Boxes LONDON LAYER, Loose Macaroni and Pasta 25 BLS ALMONDS, 25 BLS ALMONDS, 25 BLS ALMONDS, 75 and 80 King Street, St. John.

General Business.

Dissolution.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing under the name of MERSEREAU & THOMSON has been dissolved this day by mutual consent and the business of

Photographing and Picture Framing will be continued by Mr. E. H. Thomson, at the old stand, and all bills due the late firm are payable to him, and all debts owed by him will be paid by him. J. Y. MERRILL, E. H. THOMSON, Chatham, N. B., Aug. 23rd, 1881.

LOOK THIS WAY! And learn that having bought Mr. Merseau's interest in the above business, I shall continue the same on my own account, and shall, until further notice, make Good Photographs, at the

Unprecedented Low Price of \$1.00 Per Dozen. Pictures framed to order. Call and see for yourselves. E. H. THOMSON, Duke Street, Near Canada House, Chatham, N. B., Aug. 23rd, 1881.

SEWING MACHINE. I respectfully inform my friends and patrons, that I have by no means given up handling the old cabinet.

WANTER SEWING MACHINES. and may be found at the Studio above named, where all orders shall receive prompt attention. Dispensing attended to as usual. J. Y. MERRILL, Chatham, April 30, '81.

SUGAR, FRUIT, ONIONS, &c. LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. Have Received— 45 BLS EXTRA C SUGAR 10 Boxes ORANGES 10 Lemons 10 BLS ASTRAL OIL 100 Boxes LONDON LAYER, Loose Macaroni and Pasta 200 Boxes LONDON LAYER, Loose Macaroni and Pasta 25 BLS ALMONDS, 25 BLS ALMONDS, 25 BLS ALMONDS, 75 and 80 King Street, St. John.

R. C. PRAYER BOOKS. A varied assortment of ROMAN CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS, just received at the

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. WILL BE SOLD AT MODERATE PRICES. Chatham, June 14, 1881.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

The Comet of 1881. JAMES C. FAIREY'S DRY GOODS HOUSE FURNISHING STORE.

36 CASES AND BALES OF DRY GOODS, 200 PACKAGES OF FURNITURE, Received for the Fall and winter Trade. "Comet House," Newcastle Oct. 10, 1881.

Golden Ball, Shoe Store. FURNITURE EMPORIUM. The Golden Ball Shoe Store is the oldest established in Miramichi. It is now fifteen years since we commenced business exclusively in the above line, and we can now point with pleasure, to hosts of patrons, who have invariably purchased from us during that length of time.

A Few Splendid Parlor Suites, in Raw silk and in Hair Cloth. Chatham, July 14th 1881. FOTHERINGHAM & CO.

A. & R. LOGGIE, BLACK BROOK. Have received and are selling low, a large and well selected stock of

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. Bibles and Church Services SELLING AT COST.

ROMAN CATHOLIC PRAYER BOOKS, IN VARIETY AT MODERATE PRICES. INK STANDS! INK STANDS!

MECHANICAL ORGUMENTE. An Automatic Reed Organ. THE ORGUMENTE may now be called a celebrated instrument. In tone it is akin to the Cabinet Organ, but the organ must be re-arranged by an artist in order to produce music; the ORGUMENTE is on the other hand entirely mechanical in its action, and at trifling expense it can be made to furnish an unlimited supply of all kinds of music.

Photograph Frames. MISS H. CLARK, begs to inform the ladies of Miramichi, that she is prepared to attend to any orders in the above line with which she may be favored. Room up-stairs, Mr. Thomas Kingstons, West Street, Chatham.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

NEW GOODS!! J.B. SNOWBALL'S. Just received per late Steamers from the Manufacturers.

New Ulster Cloths, For Gents Ladies and Children: Boys' Woollen Knickerbocker Hose, Very Heavy. A very large stock of

German and Canadian Clouds and Promenade Scarfs. Ladies' Berlin Wool Shawls, Ladies' Berlin Wool Jackets, Ladies' and Children's Wool Scarfs.

Irish Frieze, For Heavy Overcoats. Irish and Scotch Tweeds, Newest Styles.

Moscow Homespun, Costume Cloths, Wool Serges, French Cashmeres, French Merinoes, Black Scicillians, Black Grecian Cords, Colored Cloth Debeiges, 100 pairs Best White ENGLISH BLANKETS, 50 pairs Best Twilled

Canadian White Blankets. A few pairs of Super Extra BATH BLANKETS, at reduced price ALL CHEAP FOR CASH! Chatham, Oct. 18, 1881.

\$36,000.00 WORTH OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS TO BE SACRIFICED!!! Sutherland & Creaghan, Newcastle. Received ex "Nova Scotia" "Australia" and other Steamships from London, Manchester and Glasgow, Great Britain:

CHRISTMAS CARDS. NEW-YEAR CARDS. THE MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. The Largest and Cheapest Assortment of CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR CARDS!

FRANG'S, DE LA RUE'S, CANTON'S, MARCUS WARD'S and leading German makes which, being directly imported, will be offered at about twenty per cent below the prices charged by the Grocers, Haberdashers and Provision Dealers.

Manufacturers, Builders, etc.

CHAMPION PORTABLE SAW MILLS. The FIREPROOF CHAMPION PORTABLE SAW MILL.

MIRAMICHI STONE WORKS. NORTHESK, MIRAMICHI New Brunswick. Joseph Goodfellow - - - Proprietor.

THE CHATHAM UNDERTAKER. The Subscriber having been the first in Chatham to establish the Undertaking business, and keep on hand the best

T. S. SIMMS & Co., St. John, N. B. MANUFACTURERS OF All Kinds of Brushes, AND CORN BROOMS, REMINGTON FIRE ARMS

REMINGTON GREEDMOOR RIFLE. Columbia Range, Washington, D. C. Oct. 1878, by Mr. Partello.

REMINGTON AGRICULTURAL CO., ILLION, N. Y. MANUFACTURERS OF THE LOWMAN PATENT CAST STEEL SHOVELS, SCOOPS

REMINGTON ELECTRO-PLATING. KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS, TEA-SETS, TRAYS, CAKE and BREAD BASKETS, SLEIGH BELLS, and other articles

I. MATHESON & Co. Engineers & Boiler Makers New Glasgow, N. S. Estimates Furnished for Engines and Boilers, Mill and other Machinery. Notice to Mill Owners

THRESHING MACHINES' WOOD CUTTERS. SMALL & FISHER. WOODSTOCK, N. B. MUSIC. Miss Favery having returned to Miramichi will be glad to receive Pupils for Instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Riverside Cottage, Chatham.