







LIKE THE EVERGREEN, SO SHALL OUR FRIENDSHIP BE.

Some liken their love to the beautiful rose. And some to the violet sweet in the shade; But the Flower Queen dies when the Summer-day goes.

The perfume it carries is deeply concealed. Not a breath of rich scent will its branches impart.

But how lasting and pure is the odour revealed. In the inn and desert recess of its heart! It grows in night and it liveth right long;

And the longer it liveth the nobler the long; Then health to the Cedar—the true and the strong, Like the Evergreen so shall our Friendship be!

It remaineth unscathed in the deluge of light, When the flood of the sun-tide is pouring around;

And as firmly and bravely it meeteth the night, With the storm and laden, and the thunder-cloud crowned;

And so shall all changes that Fortune can bring, Find our spirit unaltered and staunch as the tree.

Then a health to the Cedar—the Evergreen King— Like that Evergreen so shall our Friendship be!

ELIZA COOK.

Large Plates of Glass. These large plates of glass, so common in the show windows of stores, constitute one of the most costly, as well as beautiful ornaments.

These immense panes are made in France, and the process of their manufacture is thus described by the New York Mirror.

bed off, and the next improvement was to make the beads hollow. The making of these beads is carried on even to this day in Venice.

The beads are all blown separately. By means of a small tube, the insides are delicately coated with a pearly liquid, and a wax coating is placed over that. It requires the scales of four thousand fishes to produce half a pint of the liquid, to which small quantities of sal ammonia and isinglass are afterwards added.

The First Striking Clock. In the time of Alfred the Great, the Persians imported into Europe a machine which presented the first rudiments of a striking clock.

There is a greater loss in suffering vegetables to stand thick, than most cultivators are aware of. It does require considerable nerve to commit indiscriminate slaughter upon fine growing plants.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

Many horses are injured by carelessness or improper management in shoeing. To learn how to fit a shoe accurately to the horse's foot, so that it shall properly protect the foot, and at the same time avoid the liability to injure it, is no mean acquisition.

The feet of horses differ so much, that it requires great judgment, and a thorough knowledge of their anatomical structure, to shoe each horse in a manner best calculated to promote the intentions of nature.

This sometimes arises from over-exercion, or moderate work, which produces general debility, and of course the whole functions are more or less disturbed.

When the appetite fails, though the food is good, and the horse has only moderate work, the diet should be changed; a small quantity of straw, cut up with what is called cut feed, would be serviceable; but if the horse has been worked hard, rest, probably, is the only remedy necessary.

GRAIN CRADLES.—Received ex Admral from Boston—12 Grain CRADLES, for sale by JARDINE & CO. Extra 31.

becomes red and tender, which makes him fearful of eating hay or unground corn, from the pain it gives him. In all such cases, the horse should be kept on scalded shorts, or cut feed, until the soreness of the mouth is removed.

In old horses, when the laminae are down to a level with the front nippers, the part should be washed with a strong solution of laural alum; or make a decoction of powdered bloodroot, and wash the part night and morning.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

When we consider the vast quantity of lime that is annually used, it seems reasonable to suppose that some means ought to be taken to restore that element to the soil, if it does not already contain a sufficient amount.

Groceries! Groceries! JAMEL MACFARLANE, MARKET SQUARE. In Store—(Bond, or Duty paid.)

101 HDS. and 10 Tons Prime Mats in the Mill. 25 Hds. Porto Rico Molasses. 50 Hds. Cuba and Porto Rico SUGARS. 100 Chests Congo, Souchong, and Pekoe Sou-chong TEAS.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE, Market Square, St. John, N. B. Per Sarah Louisa, and Commodore. A further supply of ELECTRO PLATED Goods consisting of

CANDLESTICKS, Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Silver, Castors, Snuffers and Trays, Butter Coolers, Toast Racks, Brass Candlesticks, Children's Cups, (Sugar Bowls, new styles.)

INDIA-RUBBER BOOTS & SHOES. Received by the schooner London, from New York, and Per Admral, from Boston.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea. On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston: 200 B ARRELS Superior Canada FLOUR.

6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns; 250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.

Groceries, Liquors, &c. Landing per "Sir Harry Smith," from London: 30 HDS. GENOVA.

LONDON HOUSE, MARKET SQUARE, December 30th, 1851. Just received per Steamer "Asia," via Halifax:

GLAZED HATS.—Just received from Halifax, per "Loyal"—7 cases containing 60 doz. Glazed Hats, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail.

EXHIBITION CLOTHS! GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wm. St. May 29th, 1852. GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received

Havana Cigars and Tobacco. FIVE THOUSAND HAVANA CIGARS, and Five boxes superior Chewing Tobacco

RUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT. THIS PAINT is entirely free from any injurious properties whatever; it is healthful in manufacture—healthful in use—healthful in appearance.

Pipes, Pipes, Pipes. In course of landing, ex the Barque Oromoco, from Glasgow:

200 BOXES TOBACCO PIPES, 5 to 10 gross each, of first quality and best description, put up expressly to suit the St. John market.

HARDWARE. HAS received by late arrivals from England and the United States, extensive additions to his former Stock of HARDWARE.

Tea, Clover Seed, &c. Landing, ex "Loyal," from Halifax: 15 CHESTS Fine Congo TEA.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea. On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston: 200 B ARRELS Superior Canada FLOUR.

6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns; 250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.

Groceries, Liquors, &c. Landing per "Sir Harry Smith," from London: 30 HDS. GENOVA.

LONDON HOUSE, MARKET SQUARE, December 30th, 1851. Just received per Steamer "Asia," via Halifax:

GLAZED HATS.—Just received from Halifax, per "Loyal"—7 cases containing 60 doz. Glazed Hats, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail.

EXHIBITION CLOTHS! GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wm. St. May 29th, 1852. GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received

Havana Cigars and Tobacco. FIVE THOUSAND HAVANA CIGARS, and Five boxes superior Chewing Tobacco

HARDWARE, &c. Received ex "Albion," "Cambria," "Samuel," and "Devon," from Liverpool, "Sir Harry Smith" from London, and "Oromoco," from the Clyde.

12 SMITH'S BELLOWS, 13 ANVILS, 24 VICES, 1 case Smith's HAMMERS and SLIDERS; 2 cases TRACES; 1 case Ox CHAINS; 1 do. Halter Chains and Buck Bands.

Bay State Mills Manufactures. The Subscriber has just received per Steamer "Admiral," from Boston:

A FEW simple Packages of Fancy CASSIMERE—a new and superior style of Goods; also of Scarlet and Red Twilled FLANNELS.

Flour, Tobacco, and Tea. On Consignment ex "N. Noyes," from Boston: 200 B ARRELS Superior Canada FLOUR.

6000 PIECES, principally low prices and new patterns; 250 assorted cane and wood seat Rocking and other CHAIRS.

Groceries, Liquors, &c. Landing per "Sir Harry Smith," from London: 30 HDS. GENOVA.

LONDON HOUSE, MARKET SQUARE, December 30th, 1851. Just received per Steamer "Asia," via Halifax:

GLAZED HATS.—Just received from Halifax, per "Loyal"—7 cases containing 60 doz. Glazed Hats, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail.

EXHIBITION CLOTHS! GOLDEN FLEECE, Prince Wm. St. May 29th, 1852. GILCHRIST & INCHES have just received

Havana Cigars and Tobacco. FIVE THOUSAND HAVANA CIGARS, and Five boxes superior Chewing Tobacco

Supernine Flour & Clover Seed. Landing ex "Rainbow," from New York: 50 BRLS. Canada Supernine FLOUR.