

CARSON'S

Anti-Corrosion Paint

BEST AND CHEAPEST PAINT KNOWN,

Lasts three times as long as ordinary Paint.

See Testimonials.

Fennell & Chandler

Herring, Herring.

We have now in stock 200 Half Barrels of Herring. Write us for prices.

Special Price to Dealers.

We have also in stock 2,000 lbs. of prime

Codfish and Hake

TRY OUR **Eureka Blend Tea**

Sold only by us, price 25 cents per lb.

Highest market prices given for Eggs and Butter in exchange for Groceries.

Agents for Millview Carding Mills.

R. F. Macdigan & Co.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory.

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames

Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters, Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

HELD HIGH

In the Estimation of Practical Painters.

Every gallon of the

Sherwin-Williams PAINT

Will cover 300 or more square feet of surface in average condition, two coats to the gallon. Every gallon is a full standard measure. It is made to paint buildings with. It is the

Best and most durable House Paint made.

Covers most, wears longest, looks best, most economical, always full measure. Sold by

SIMON W. CRABBE.

Stoves and Hardware, Walker's Corner.

1 BIRD in the HAND

Is worth 16 in the wood,

AND 1 SUIT OF

Moncton Tweed

Will give satisfaction, when compared with

Questionable Kinds

As 16 compares with 1.

Prices \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$11.00 and \$12.75.

Tweeds, Flannel, Blanketing, Yarns and Stockinette.

THE HUMPHREY CLOTHING STORE,

Opera House Building.

A. WINFIELD SCOTT, Manager.

Sept. 23, 1903—6m

Faithful Tellers OF HOURS.

Has your old clock outrun its usefulness? Is it getting empty-headed and forgetful, so that it says "seven o'clock" when it ought to indicate "half-past," and makes similar vexatious mistakes the whole day long? Had you not better pension it off into honorable retirement and let us sell you a clock that will tell the hours faithfully? Every clock offered here is a time-keeper, and is sold with that understanding.

Eight-Day Solid Wood Clocks

We offer at \$3.25 to \$6.00, and Eight-Day Clocks finished in Black Imitation Marble at from \$6.00 to \$10.00, Nickel Alarms \$1.25 up. New Clocks just received. Also Musical Alarms, wake-you up with a tune, and very pretty little Gilt Clocks suitable for a present. Better looking clocks are not to be found except at very much higher prices.

E. W. TAYLOR,

Cameron Block.

Suggestions for Xmas Gifts.

Many people spend a good deal of their time worrying about what they will give their friends for Xmas, as they seem to have almost everything they need.

Did it Ever Occur to you

That a nice piece of Furniture would be just the thing? Perhaps your friend would like to have a comfortable Rocker she could call her own; or if your friend be a gentleman, a luxurious Morris chair in which he could enjoy a comfortable read or smoke. We have these, and hundreds of other things, just as useful that would add greatly to their comfort, and be constant reminders of your thoughtfulness.

JOHN NEWSON.

TEA, GROCERIES, Provisions

Large STOCK, Great Variety

Low Prices.

Quick Turn Over, Big Business.

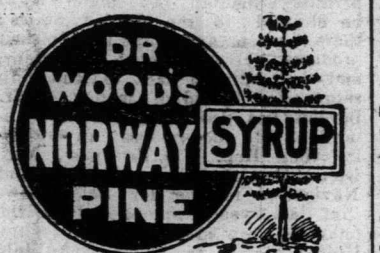
A few trial orders will convince you of our reliability.

Good Fat Herring

Now in stock in barrels and halves.

McKENNA'S,

Phone 226, Cor. Queen and Dorchester Sts.



Heals and Soothes the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes. Cures COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, HOARSENESS, etc., quicker than any remedy known. If you have that irritating Cough that keeps you awake at night, a dose of the Syrup will stop it at once.

USED FOR EIGHT YEARS.

I have used DR. WOODS' NORWAY PINE SYRUP for every cold I have had for the past eight years, with wonderful success. I never see a friend with a cough or cold but that I recommend it. M. M. Ellsworth, Jacksonville, N.B.

PRICE 25 CENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS:

Mrs. Richmond.—Is your daughter going back to cooking school this year?

Mrs. Bronxborough.—No; I'm going to keep her home until there are to cook some dishes that we can afford to eat.

All kinds of Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pain in the Chest, Wheezing, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Asthma, yield to the Lung-healing properties of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25c.

Gentleman (to peddler).—All these safety matches? Why, they won't light at all!

Peddler.—Well, wot could yer 'ave safer?

Sick With Worms.

Mrs. J. D. Mayo, South Sackville, P. Q., wrote the following: "One of my children took sick with worms and after trying everything without getting relief we procured Dr. Lyd's Worm Syrup which acted promptly and effectually."

Aunt Margaret.—They tell me Florence is your fiancée.

Dick.—No such thing; what stories folks do tell! She and me is engaged, and that's all there is to it.

Neuralgia.

"I had been suffering about six months with Neuralgia when I started taking Millburn's Rheumatic Pills. They did me more good than any medicine I ever used. Mrs. Annie Ryan, Sand Point, N. S.

"Yes, his painting attracts a great many people."

"Great artist, eh?"

"No, just a house painter. He puts out a sign, 'Fresh paint,' and every one touches it to see if it's dry."

Doctor the Horses.

Mrs. Thos. Thompson, Roland, Man., writes: "My husband would not be without Hagyard's Yellow Oil in the house, as he uses it a good deal for doctoring up the horses and considers it splendid." Price 25c.

Little Oliver was told that too much hot plum pudding would make her ill. Looking at the dish for a moment, she thought she saw her way out of the difficulty and exclaimed:—

"Well, give me another piece and sent for the doctor."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

For internal and external use Hagyard's Yellow Oil cannot be excelled as a pain relieving and soothing remedy for all pain.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

Don't Chide the Children.

Don't scold the little ones if the bed is wet in the morning. It isn't the child's fault. It is suffering from a weak kidney and bladder, and weak kidneys need strengthening—that's all. You can't afford to risk delay. Neglect may result in a lifetime of suffering and misery.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

strengthen the kidneys and bladder, then all trouble is at an end.

Mrs. E. K. Kline, a London, Ont., mother, living at 409 Gray St., says: "My little daughter, six years old, had weak kidneys since birth. Last February I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Strong's drug store. Since taking them she has had no more kidney trouble of any kind. I gladly make this statement because of the benefit my child has received from this medicine."

Items of Catholic Interest.

Recently, it is said, during a sleepless night, the Pope was greatly disturbed by the clash of weapons. Upon inquiry he was told that it was the guard being relieved. "Send them all to bed," he replied. "I am perfectly safe without them, and neither they nor I shall be any the worse for the chance of sleeping."

The Anglican Bishop of London has issued a New Year letter to his diocese, in which he deals with the duty of the Church of England in regard to education, especially in relation to the forthcoming County Council elections. The principles which are in danger and which, the Bishop says, churchmen must uphold are that the teaching of definite religious truth is an integral part of true education, that the religious truth taught the children should be the religion of their parents, and that it should be taught them by those who believe it.

"The English Catholic Directory" for 1903 shows that there are 1592 Catholic churches, chapels and mission stations in England and Wales, and that there are 1056 Catholic public elementary schools under Government inspection. The churches, chapels and mission stations in Scotland number 362. In Great Britain there are 3,711 Catholic priests, 2,459 secular priests, and 1,252 regular or monastic priests, of whom many have recently arrived from France. In the estimates of the Catholic population it is noticed that whilst England and Ireland remain stationary, Scotland has increased by 81,100—from 433,000 to 514,000.

On the eve of his death the late Signor Zanardelli, ex-Prime Minister of Italy, was visited at the Zanardelli Villa, Maderno, near Cremona by Mons. Ronomelli, Bishop of that city, who had been telegraphically invited by Signor Zanardelli, a sister, who are very devout Catholics. His Lordship accompanied by his secretary and the parish priest, Don Franzini, despite the bad weather and torrents of rain, hastened at once to the villa, where he was most cordially received by the invalid, who expressed the great pleasure the visit gave him, so much so that he would not allow Monsignor to leave that evening, as was his intent, but kept him for the night.

In Rome the other day one Leopoldo Mestichelli, a jeweler, was arrested. While he was consigning three large brilliants to be weighed, he attempted to swallow a paper containing nine other diamonds, but did not succeed. Two hundred pearls and precious stones were sequestered in his house; his wife and friend, Bartolacci, were likewise arrested. The Quastara judged that the jewels were those stolen in Rome, and on further investigation all the jewels stolen from the altar of Our Lady in the Church of Sant'Andrè delle Fratte were found in his house. Besides the diamonds and pearls mentioned above (the latter the votive offering of the Countess Copevoro) there were some earrings with splendid solitaires a ring set with large rubies, and many emeralds. The police are still on the lookout for the accomplices in the other thefts in the various churches of the Eternal City.

A Catholic Missionary Describes the "Sleeping Sickness"

It is plain, says the New York Evening Post, that if white men are not generally subject to the sleeping sickness, which is working such ravages among the native population of Central Africa, they are certainly not exempt from it. A Roman Catholic priest, recently returned from the Congo, has died of it at Antwerp, and a commercial agent at Rotterdam Bishop Van Ronsle, who has lately returned to Europe, after fourteen years' residence in the Congo region, has published an interesting statement about the ravages of the disease in the New Antwerp district. As the representative of the Roman Catholic Church, he enjoyed the best opportunities for collecting information. His evidence supplements that given in the last English "Blue book" as to the depopulation of parts of Uganda. Speaking of the Bobangi tribes—i. e., the Bwembe, Bolobo, and Lukolela—who have been described as an "unfortunate, dying people," it is recorded that both in French and Congolese territory they are dying out through the ravages of sleeping sickness. Nowhere have the losses been greater than at St. Louis de Liranga, a French missionary station in the French Congo. Bishop

Van Ronsle writes: "It is a fact vouched for and recognized by the doctors, and by all who have observed the sleeping sickness, that this scourge once introduced into a district lays low, slowly but surely, all the inhabitants, and remains, whatever may be done, master of the soil." And again: "Once this malady has taken root among a population, it destroys it without mercy, whatever the conditions of wellbeing, peace, and tranquility of that population may be." He gives instances where families have been exterminated by the hundred.

Total Abstinence and Long Life.

Once upon a time—to be exact, in 1840—an Englishman, who was known as a crank because he was a teetotaler, applied for a life insurance policy from a London company. He thought that because of his abstinence from liquor he ought to be given a reduced premium rate. Instead, the company attempted to charge him an extra premium. It regarded him as a poor risk because he did not take a little wine for his stomach's sake.

The outcome was that the Englishman in his wrath founded a new life insurance company—the United Kingdom Temperance and General Provident Institution. This company offered special advantages to teetotalers, and while it insured moderate drinkers it kept the two classes of policy holders sharply separate from one another.

The officials of the company have steadily insisted that their experience justified the statement that the teetotalers had better chances for long life than the moderate drinkers, but many life insurance experts have doubted the truth of the assertion.

Now, however, the actuary of the company has made an exhaustive study of the facts, with results so convincing that even unfriendly experts cannot gainsay them.

For non-abstainers the "expectation of life" is shown to be practically identical with that, at corresponding ages, shown by the latest mortality tables based on the combined experience of the British life companies. For the abstainers, however, there is shown an expectation that is substantially 10 per cent. better throughout the working years of life.

For instance, at 35 years, and the abstainer's 38.8. At 40 years of age these figures become 27 and 30. At 50 they are 30 and 22 respectively.

The insured, both abstainers and non-abstainers, come from what the company calls the "lower middle classes." This is shown by the fact that their politics average practically the same size, about \$1,500 now, and about \$1,000 in the earlier years of the company's history.

Considering the large number of cases examined, and care that has been taken to eliminate all confusing or doubtful factors, the results of the investigation may be regarded as thoroughly reliable. They certainly give the drinking man, who values his life, much reason for reflection.—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Good Move.

We are always pleased to observe a movement toward temperance among Irish societies whether they be patriotic or social. Too many men of the old race in this country make loyalty to Ireland an excuse for promiscuous beer drinking. We read in an Irish paper that Mr. Alfred Shaughnessy, of Manchester, England, whose untiring and unostentatious service to the National cause in Manchester for many years past is thoroughly appreciated by all who knew him, has been joined by a number of young Irishmen in Hulme in an effort to start a temperance branch of the U. I. L. in that district. "Here, as in many other places," goes our Irish exchange, "there are numbers of Irishmen who feel that they cannot do their best for the cause of their country through the medium of clubs where drink is sold, and they have determined to see if a club without drink cannot be run in their districts. The new branch will be started early in the new year, and there are from thirty to forty young men who have expressed their intention of joining and working to make the new branch a useful addition to the organization in Manchester. There is no wish on the part of Mr. Shaughnessy and the promoters of the new branch to antagonize the existing branch, which they fully recognize caters for a class of Irishmen who might not be satisfied to belong to a temperance organization, but who are doing good work for their country under the existing circumstances. If there are sufficient Irishmen in the district who prefer to run the movement on temperance lines it will be ample justification for the new departure, and everyone who desires well for the Irish cause will wish the branch every success."—Exchange.

Another Victim.

Under the above heading, the Catholic Universe has the following:—

"Away out in Olfax, Wash., on New Year's Day, drink claimed another victim, Joe Richardson, a hanger-on around saloons, lost a bet and his life while attempting to win a bet that he could drink twenty glasses of beer. He swallowed seventeen in quick succession, and then fell dead at the bar of the Oxford saloon. Coroner Crawford was notified, but after viewing the remains and learning the circumstances concerning Richardson's death, decided an inquest unnecessary.

"Richardson was once a well-to-do farmer but took to drink and lost all. He had been sitting at a party around saloons for several years. He was fifty-one years old, and had no known relatives. He was buried by the county as a pauper.

"Quite a number are traveling along the road upon which Richardson went to a drunkard's grave. Who can estimate the amount of misery, crime and sin that find their source and cause in drink? All drunkards are recruited from the ranks of the moderate drinkers, from those who thought they could drink or let it alone. The only safe way is to let it alone."

Down in Virginia, says Thomas Nelson Page, there was a preacher who had preached about infant baptism morning and night, until his congregation couldn't stand it any longer. They told him to preach something else or they'd have to find some one who would. He promised, and the next Sunday announced his text, "Adam, where art thou?"

"Dis, bredder, can be divided into foah heads," began the dominie. "First, every man is somewhere. Secondly, most men am where they ain't go no bus'ness to be. Thirdly, you'd better look out or you'll be gettin' there yourself. Fourthly, infant baptism. Now, bredder, I guess we might's well pass by the first three heads, and come immed'ly to the fo'th, infant baptism."

"Doubtless," comments the Catholic Universe, "many parents, learning a lesson from the appalling loss of life in that fire [in Chicago] will keep their children for some time from the theatre. Since the life is more than the raiment, the soul is of much more value than the body. Many parents do not consider that in bringing children to the theatres they endanger the spiritual life of their offspring. Few are the modern plays to which children or even adults can go without contracting some mental or moral stain. There appears to be no censorship exercised by parents on the matter, the manner, and the costuming of the plays. All things go with the thoughtless."

The Catholic press almost without exception has been a unit in defence of labor unions and the principles which underlies them, but recent manifestations of a violent and anarchistic spirit among certain unions is calling forth stern condemnation from the most influential Catholic papers. The Ave Maria, for instance, says in a recent issue: "Let no one be deceived by the declaration of union officials that violence is discontinued by all of them, and that all the rioting is the work of outsiders. We know for a fact that during strikes squads of men known as 'entertainment committees'—the biggest and bravest men to be found—are told off for duty as rioters, assassins and mischief-makers. In other words, organized labor has met injustice with anarchy, and of the two evils injustice is the lesser. There never was a time when the trade-unions stood in such sorry need of good advisers as at present."

At a White House reception a young, rosy-lipped, pointed, colonel of cavalry from the West wore his sword and a pair of big silver-plated spurs for the first time. Trained in the arts of peace he stumbled half a dozen times over his sword as he went forward to greet the President. "Young man," said General Corbin, who was watching the performance, "you'd be all right if you disabuse your mind of the thought that that thing you're wearing is a burden. It isn't. It's a sword."

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs. They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and some-times by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

"I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and became so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mrs. THOMAS LITTLE, Wallingford, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 27th 1904.

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

JAMES MCISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

Superior Business Ability, With a Vengeance.

The Patriot of the 21st contains an editorial under the caption, "Superior Business Ability," in which it purports to compare the financial transactions of the Conservative and Liberal Governments in this Province during twelve years of office respectively. It instances a number of departments of the public service in which, it claims, the Liberal Government spent considerably less than the Conservatives; but stops there, taking good care not to compare the total annual expenditure under each Government or the Provincial debt at the present time as compared with what it was when the Liberals came into power in 1891. Now, in order that our readers may be able to judge of the "superior business ability" of which the Patriot speaks, from actual facts, we will give in brief the figures relative to the annual expenditure, the taxes and the debt of the respective Governments during their twelve years of office. Before setting down the figures it may be well once more to recall the words of Mr. Frederick Peters when he became Leader of the Government in 1891. He declared that revenue and expenditure must meet and that the day of taxation was far off. Now let us see how he and the Grit Premiers who have succeeded him have lived up to these solemn declarations. The average annual expenditure of the Conservatives while in office was \$278,959 and when they went out of power at the end of twelve years, they left a debt against the Province of \$128,000. The average annual expenditure of the Grits for twelve years has been \$314,033, an annual excess of expenditure of \$35,124. The deficits during the twelve years of Grit rule amounted to \$491,117 an average annual deficit of \$48,000. The debt of the Province has been increased under Grit rule from \$128,000 to \$700,000, exclusive of the year 1903 for which we have no accounts yet. Probably last years deficit has been equal to any of its predecessors, somewhere in the vicinity of \$48,000. During the twelve years of Conservative rule about \$82,000 of taxes were collected; but during twelve years of Grit Government, the taxes collected amount to \$487,828, or an average of \$54,203 for nine years. From these figures, taken from the Government blue books, our readers will see that the Grits in office in this Province have in twelve years spent \$35,000 a year more annually than their Conservative predecessors; they have collected an average of \$54,000 a year in taxes for nine years, and notwithstanding all this, they have added from \$575,000 to 600,000 to the Provincial debt. And this is what the Patriot calls "superior business ability." Now, all we have to say is that if the Government effected such savings in certain public departments as the Patriot claims, the figures above quoted show these savings were not applied to closing the gap between revenue and expenditure; and if they exist anywhere outside of the Patriot writers imagination must have been lavished upon the Governments friends in the form of boudoir. Surely the facts here produced indicate that the Government's method of conducting public business indicate "superior business ability" with a vengeance.

The By-Elections.

THERE are altogether ten vacancies in the membership of the House of Commons; five in the Province of Quebec, two in Ontario, two in New Brunswick and one in Prince Edward Island. It would be most natural to suppose that the Government would bring on all these elections at once. Simultaneous by-elections was the doctrine preached by the Grits while in opposition, and being now in power with a strong Government majority they would surely be expected to practice the doctrine preached by them while in opposition. But our Grit friends are as inconsistent and contradictory in this particular as in everything else they preached in opposition and failed to practice in power. The Government have acted in the most cowardly manner in the by-elections. Not only have they failed to bring on all the elections simultaneously, but

they have ordered the two elections for the new ministers. Messrs. Emmerson in Westmoreland N. B., and Brodeur in Rouville, P. Q., to be brought on February 6th, and ten days later four other elections are to be held. These are for East Lambton and East Bruce in the Province of Ontario, St. John N. B., and West Queens, P. E. I. There is no account of the writs for the four remaining elections in the Province of Quebec. Are we to assume that this manner of bringing on the by-elections indicates the Government's consciousness of their waning prestige?

West Queens Election.

THE by-election for West Queens, set down for the 16th, February, is to be contested. Mr. Horace Hazard is the Government candidate and Mr. A. A. McLean is the Liberal Conservative standard bearer. Mr. McLean's card will be found in this day's Herald. Mr. McLean stands for the policy of Mr. Borden, our great Leader; he takes the field to condemn the Government for their increase of the ordinary annual expenditure to the enormous amount of \$63,000,000, after promising to reduce the same by several millions of dollars, and for increasing the volume of taxation to \$47,000,000. Above all he asks the electorate for their support in condemnation of the Government's action in saddling upon the people of Canada a liability of \$139,000,000, for the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway project. This is an undertaking never asked for by the people of Canada. The contract for this railway was declared by Mr. Blair "a sheer unjustifiable waste of public money." Now is the opportunity for the electors of West Queens to set the seal of their condemnation on this uncalled for and outrageous expenditure of millions upon millions of the people's money. Let them rise in their might and elect Mr. McLean as a protest against the Government's presumption and extravagance. The company have failed to carry out the very first requirement of the contract, the depositing of \$5,000,000 cash or Government securities, and now Parliament is called in order that the contract may be so modified as to be still more favorable to the company and disadvantageous to the tax payers of Canada. Are the electors of West Queens prepared to still further sacrifice the rights and the revenues of the Country to accommodate this ambitious company? If not let them cast their ballots for Mr. McLean.

Our Ottawa Letter.

BLAIR ENDORSED CONSERVATIVE POLICY.

The Liberal press has been deriving a lot of soulless comfort from Hon. A. G. Blair's letter to his St. John constituents, in which he imparted a farewell kick to the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme, and (as the Liberals claim) a hard knock at Mr. Borden's policy. On August 11th, 1898, Mr. Blair, in his famous speech on the G. T. P. deal, and at a time when the Railway Commission Chairmanship was not dangling before his eyes, endorsed the Conservative policy, announced a few days later, in the following strong language: "Now, my own view would be that if we wanted to pass railway legislation, if we wanted to do something of advantage for the transportation of the country, if we wanted to secure to our Canadian seaports the transportation of western products, we would have extended the Intercolonial to Georgian Bay by acquiring the Canadian Atlantic. Of course, Mr. Speaker, that involves a continuation of the principle to which I know a great many people are hostile. It would involve the government doing something to which many people are not well disposed." Now, Sir, addressing myself to the present theme of the construction of this railway from Quebec to the west, I am not going to say that it is a project that has not very much to recommend it, and perhaps a project which I would gladly see carried out, and which I would hold up both hands to support under proper conditions and in a proper way. If we could be satisfied that the country to be traversed by that railway from Quebec to the prairies is a fertile country which will invite and support a railway from a local point of view, then I should say, let us go ahead and build it as rapidly as the settlement of the country will call for it, and as rapidly as we can justify it under a proper administration of affairs. I would not put any obstacle in the way of the rapid construction of it, after you have possessed yourself of all information with regard to it; after you have found out what it is going to cost, what is the limit of the liability you assume, whether or not you can get a suitable route, and generally possessed yourself of that information which any ordinary business man would put himself in possession of before he would embark in any such undertaking. So far as the construction of the Quebec portion is concerned, I would heartily favor its operation by the government, provided they had taken these proper precautionary steps, which, however, they have not taken. My quarrel with the government so far as this portion of the undertaking is concerned, rests al-

most entirely upon the consideration that they are plunging headlong into this thing, in a most unwise, injudicious, and unbusinesslike way, when by a little pause, by a year or two of delay to get information, we might be put in possession of facts which would justify us in proceeding."

RANK POLITICAL BLACKMAIL.

That the Liberal party is rapidly losing all sense of decency is established by a recent article which appeared in the Montreal Transcript, one of the most heavily subsidized organs in the employ of the government. The incident is all the more aggravated because of the fact, that Hon. H. R. Emmerson, the newly installed Minister of Railways, is a shareholder in the paper. The Transcript took upon itself to refute a statement to the effect, that the firm of Rhodes, Curry & Company, of Amherst, were Conservatives. This concern operates one of the largest car works in Canada. Incidentally it has filled large orders for Intercolonial rolling stock. Mr. Emmerson's organ meets the reference to the political opinions of the members of the firm in question, by challenging any Tory newspaper to publish a statement to that effect, with the firm's signature attached thereto. It is a notification to Rhodes, Curry & Company and other firms, that no matter how superior their goods may be, nor how low their prices, they cannot hope to secure Intercolonial contracts, unless they think as Mr. Emmerson thinks. Hon. A. G. Blair always denied that such blackmail was practised on the government railways. Under Mr. Emmerson no time has been lost in continuing the Intercolonial a well oiled political machine. The Liberal party, however, has little to gain by such tactics, which are a disgrace to the country. Already the loss of so good a politician as Mr. Blair and the appointment of such a lightweight as Mr. Emmerson are having their effect. But the worst is yet to come.

SIR WILLIAM'S LATEST APPOINTMENTS.

AND still the cabinet changes continue. Hon. M. E. Bernier has resigned and the Inland Revenue department will, in future, be presided over by Honorable L. F. Poirer, who has been appointed to the House of Commons. The new appointee, it will be remembered, was discarded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier for Hon. Raymond, who resigned a year ago, and as the former is one of the weakest men in the cabinet, the throw down administered to Mr. Brodeur would indicate that another piece of dead wood is being used to patch up the sinking Laurier government. Perhaps the most serious feature of the latest cabinet changes is the appointment of Mr. Bernier to the Railway Commission. He is about as important a member of that important commission, as the Laurier government could select. As a cabinet minister he was a failure, perhaps holding rank with Hon. Sydney Fisher. He is now elevated to a position which should be adorned by a man of high administrative ability and a judicial mind. Mr. Bernier possesses none of these qualities, but by the force of political exigencies which required his retirement from the government, he has been raised to the rank of Hon. A. G. Blair who sold his principles for office. Sir Wilfrid is evidently losing his head. Both of his nominations to the Railway Commission are an insult to intelligent Canadians.

NO BODDLE! NO ELECTION!

For months Canada had been awaiting a definite announcement as to whether there would be general elections or a session. Up to January 7th, everything pointed to an election. On that day Messrs. Hays and Wainwright, of Grand Trunk Pacific fame, and Hon. A. G. Blair, who sold his principles for office, and with that interview came a sudden change of sentiment. After that the session was announced. The secret of the delay is to be found in the inability of the Liberal party to raise funds for election purposes. The Grand Trunk Pacific deal did not materialize, and success from that quarter was cut off. The contractors were approached and asked to fork out, in return for which they were promised fat contracts on the Grand Trunk Pacific. The proposition was actually advantageous to the favored contractors sought financial assistance from the bank, on the strength of the prospective gold harvest. But the banks could not see the point. They have no faith in the Cox deal and flatly refused to advance money. In connection with a scheme in which the whole financial world has not \$5,000,000 worth of confidence. And so it came to pass, that the election funds fell through. Then Messrs. Hays and Wainwright were compelled, but they, like the contractor, were unable to assist. These are the reasons why Canada sees another session of Parliament, isn't it a splendid and glorious privilege to be a legislator, under a Liberal government?

LIBERAL PARTY'S RAPID DECADE.

SIR Wilfrid Laurier has been forced to call to the cabinet Hon. Henry R. Emmerson, whose report in Parliament has been one of disappointment to his most ardent admirers. Mr. Emmerson has been in the cabinet since the death of A. G. Blair, but for whose good offices the new minister would never have been heard of. The selection of Mr. Emmerson to cabinet rank is another admission that the "business administration" of which Sir Wilfrid Laurier boasted in 1897, is fast falling to decay. Mr. Emmerson can never bring to the Premier's assistance the master mind of his predecessor. Hon. Raymond Poirer has been lately failed in his efforts to supply the grain and industry, which Hon. J. Israel Paris took with him when he resigned. Mr. Poirer, Hon. Sydney Fisher, a few days ago, at a banquet in Montreal, hardly attracted passing attention. Hon. Mr. Bernier goes to the Railway Commission. "Jim" Sutherland, as he is always has been a useful organizer, nothing more. Hon. Clifford Sifton, has become wealthy, but has lost his grip in the west. Sir Richard Cartwright is likely to retire at an early date. Sir William Mulock and Mr. Fielding are fighting for Sir Wilfrid Laurier's position, which is shortly expected to become vacant. Mr. Fitzpatrick is still a member of Fitzpatrick, Fargate, Boy and Cannon, of Gwynor Green and Quebec bridge (\$3,000,000) take off. Sir Wilfrid, himself, is wondering what the country thinks of him, and is afraid to risk an enquiry. Such is the present standing of the great business aggregation which Sir Wilfrid, B. H. Emmerson and Mr. L. P. Brodeur are the latest ornaments.

BUILD UP CANADA!

Mr. E. L. Borden has been addressing monster meetings in the Eastern

Townships, Ontario and the West he has received an enthusiastic reception. At Magog 1,000 workmen from the cotton and print mills cheered the Conservative leader to the echo, as in his forestal style he impressed upon them the necessity of building up Canada, by preserving to her the right to develop her own natural resources, and fish on Canadian soil the products of her forests, mines, and fields.

The Conservative leader does not believe in the Laurier policy which permits Canadian raw materials to be shipped to the United States; there to be manufactured into finished products by expatriated Canadians, and then shipped back to Canada in return for Canadian money. Mr. Borden has good ground for his contention. He has no less an authority than Hon. Wm. Patterson, Minister of Customs, who in his Trade and Navigation returns for 1903, shows that last year, among others the American raw materials were sent to the United States to be made up into marketable merchandise:—Copper, fine, contained in ore, matte, regulite, etc. 27,928,491 lbs. Lead in ore..... 16,367,566 lbs. Nickel in ore, etc..... 9,032,554 lbs. Iron in the concentrate..... 3,242,680 cwt. Pulp wood, value..... \$1,795,768

Canada then turned round and bought abroad a million of dollars worth of the finished products of these articles. Why not manufacture them in Canada? Why not make this the greatest paper producing country in the world? That is what the Conservative party wants, and Mr. Borden's receipt is a pretty good indication that Canadians are awakening to the fact that their industries are being neglected.

The C. M. B. A. Grand Council.

(Kingston Freeman Jan. 13th.) The Grand Council of the C. M. B. A. were in session at the head office in Kingston during the past week. It is stated that the business of the past year was the most successful in the history of the Association. The growth in membership has been very satisfactory throughout. Every Province in the Dominion has contributed its quota to the ranks of the C. M. B. A. The jurisdiction of the Association now includes every Province in the Dominion—and its financial affairs were never in such a healthy condition. The members are certainly congratulated on the fact that all death claims are being met and other expenses paid with practically the same rate as existed a quarter of a century ago. Upon the selection of its officers the C. M. B. A. has occasion to rejoice. The ablest men among the Catholics of Canada are guiding its destinies. The head of the Association is the Hon. M. F. Hackett, a gentleman of the highest character, the whole Dominion as an orator and a brilliant lawyer; a man of affairs and withal possessing a genial kindness of heart that renders him beloved by all with whom he associates, he makes the ideal leader of this great Association. In the important office of Solicitor is the Hon. Frank R. Latchford, Minister of Public Works for the Province of Ontario—a man of great strength of character, an able lawyer, recognized by all for his public and private rectitude. Hon. Mr. Latchford since he first occupied the above most important position, has brought both strength and security to the C. M. B. A. The Grand Trustees of this Association are in a manner provincial representatives and they are representative in every sense of the word. Ontario has on the Board Mr. George Lynch-Staunton, of Hamilton, and the Rev. Father O'Riannon, of Paris. Mr. Lynch-Staunton is easily one of the greatest of Ontario lawyers, and his presence on the Board is a source of strength in every respect. Father O'Riannon is an earnest and eloquent advocate of the C. M. B. A. and one who is ever ready to make any sacrifice for the cause he has at heart. From down by the sea coast to the Advisory Board of the C. M. B. A., two of the ablest men in the land famous for the talent of her sons. Mr. J. A. Chisholm, of the firm of Borden, Ritchie & Chisholm, of Halifax, has done valiant service for the Association. At the Board meetings his advice is sound and practical while his work as an organizer is evidenced in the rapid growth of the Association since Mr. Chisholm was selected. In proportion to her population Nova Scotia leads the van in new members. New Brunswick gives to the Trustee Board Mr. George V. McInerney, St. John, known throughout the Dominion as an eloquent and forcible speaker, an able barrister and a man of sterling character. Two important officers, those who have to do with the real management of the Association are Mr. Kingston, Mr. John J. Behan being Grand Secretary and Dr. Edward Ryan, Supervising Medical Examiner. Both these gentlemen are so well-known to the membership at large, they need no introduction. Mr. Behan, though only recently appointed, has already given evidence of special tact and ability in the administration of his work. It is not too much to remark that the high standing of the C. M. B. A., at its low rate of assessments, is in a large measure due to the firmness and care with which Dr. Ryan has conducted his work.

Good old Quebec sends Charles D. Hebert, of Three Rivers, to the Board of Trustees. He is thoroughly devoted to his work and has been of great value to the Society. His services in Quebec are now bearing fruit and 1904 will see the Association flourish in that Province. With such an able body of men at its head the C. M. B. A., cannot fail of success. Loyal to the interests of the C. M. B. A., devoted to their work, the grand officers have justly earned the love and confidence of the entire Association—and, it should be the aim of every member to emulate the enthusiasm of the grand officers and to make the year just opening a banner one in the history of Canada's greatest and foremost society—the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.

THE PATRIOT, WHEN STATING THAT MR. MCLEAN POLLED 212 VOTES LESS IN THE BY-ELECTION OF 1902 THAN MR. STUART POLLED IN THE GENERAL ELECTION OF 1900, SHOULD HAVE TOLD ITS READERS THAT MR. FARGUHAR POLLED 487 VOTES LESS IN 1902 THAN DAVIES DID IN 1900.

We can save you money on hardware.—Fennell & Chandler.

The quality that makes every article in our stock a bargain.—Fennell & Chandler.

And Still They Come.

Crowds to the right of us, Crowds to the left of us, Crowds all around us, For Bargains they clamored. Bravely our clerks worked and well, Tho' oft'times they wished Bargain Sales were in—Well What is the use though? they wondered, Ours did not start the row, Ours hadn't to, nohow And w're going to do or die— Die, or serve this twice six hundred.

Every day the crowds attending our Great Bargain Sale are getting larger and larger. Saturday evening the store was thronged with delighted buyers who evidently knew THEY WERE IN THE RIGHT SHOP. And no wonder when they secure here stylish new Dress Goods, purchased last autumn, in Tweeds, Chevoits, Fancy Mixtures, Black Fancys, Colored Silks, Colored Silk Velvet and Velveteens, besides fancy Velvets for Cushions and Fancy Work—all at HALF-PRICE. Then all our SILK WAISTS, including that elegant lot we opened a few days before the sale began are selling at 67 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Besides all our SKIRTS, including 75 new ones, in the Spring Styles and no two alike. Ladies say they are the dressiest skirts ever shown here, and a decided Bargain; these also go at 1-3 off; also all

Ladies' Cloth Jackets

In stock, while a few of the largest sizes we will clear at HALF-PRICE. All

Trimmed Millinery Half Price,

And still a nice lot of those FURS in Collars, Muffs, etc., which we will clear at HALF-PRICE. Other Furs 1-3 off. These are only a few of the many Bargains we are offering.

At Half Price.

So here goes for 20, 40 or 60 days, if necessary to hold our trade

Come Here for Genuine Bargains, As ancient goods are dear at any price.

- 1500 yds. Dress Goods
500 yds. Ulster Cloths
450 yds. Silk Velvet
265 yds. Fancy Blouses, Silk
25 Fur Muffs, 30 Fur Collars
Lot of Men's Ready-made Clothing Wrappers, Silk Shirtwaists
Lot of Jackets, Gloves, Ribbons, White wear
Men's Clothing, Men's Hats and Caps
Men's Fur Coats, Caps, Mitts
Ladies' Mitts, Caps, Ruffs
Sleigh Robes
Wool Shawls, Rugs, Tams
Ladies' Skirts, Waterproofs
Blankets, Bachelors
Stamped Linens, Cushion Covers
Men's Winter Shirts
Prints, Wristbags, Purses.

All goods not mentioned 10 to 20 per cent. off.

Samples given and goods sent on approval as usual.

SENTNER, TRAINOR & CO.,

The Store That Saves You Money.

MEET ME AT THE ALWAYS BUSY STORE

GREAT January Sale!

STANLEY BROS.

Discounts from 20 to 33 1-3 per cent.

Everything Goes. Nothing Reserved

Stanley Bros.

BIG

SLAUGHTER

SALE

NOW ON 25 to 50 per cent. off.

Everything in the Store Samples Given.

F. Perkins & Co.

Sunnyside. Phone 223.

Slaughter Prices

Dry Goods and Clothing

We are slaughtering all goods which we do not want...

The above goods will be sold at from 25 to 50 per cent discount.

J. B. McDonald and Co.

Leaders of Low Prices.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The C. P. R. steel bridge known as 'Snow Bank Bridge'...

The Howe Memorial commissioners met in Halifax on Friday...

The large parish church at St. Cune-gonde, Monreal...

FIFTEEN lives were lost in the wreck of the four masted schooner...

Col. Arthur Lynch, convicted of treason and sentenced to imprisonment...

A despatch has been received from St. Johns Nfld. saying...

A new building in course of erection by the city of Ottawa...

Reports from St. Petersburg of an alarming nature concerning the situation in the far East continue...

COMMUNION White, of the North West Mounted Police, Ottawa...

Two identical telegrams originating with Seoul and Chongju, M. P. London...

The appointment of the members of the Railway Commission...

A SPECIAL despatch from Dawson City to Vancouver on the 22nd says...

Arctic fun at Freeport, forty miles north of Stillsburg...

S. G. ARCHIBALD a young lawyer of Montreal has been appointed...

THE Chicago Inter-ocean says Chicago millionaires are organizing...

In consequence of the difficulties encountered by the steamer...

The most destructive cyclone that ever swept that section...

As intimated in our last issue, the winter steamers met many difficulties...

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE.—At a regular meeting of our Branch...

Resolved, that we, the members of St. Mary's Branch...

Resolved, that we, the members of St. Mary's Branch...

Resolved, that a copy of this resolution be sent to Mrs. Ready...

Resolved, that we, the members of St. Mary's Branch...

Resolved, that we, the members of St. Mary's Branch...

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

"Honest goods at honest prices."—Fennell & Chandler.

"We have the largest assortment of spangled wares in the city."

A concert and banquet in aid of the funds of St. Joseph's Church...

An explosion occurred in the Harwich mine of the Alleghany Coal Co.

The Foreign Office, London, reports the news of the massacre...

WORD comes from Halifax that Chief Justice McDonald has resigned...

DEAR SIR.—It affords me much pleasure to communicate herewith...

The resolution reads: The Canadian Committee of Arrangements...

Resolved.—That the Canadian Committee of Arrangements...

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Resolved.—That the Canadian Committee of Arrangements...

Thanks the Grand Trunk.

The Grand Trunk Railway System are in receipt from the Canadian Committee of Arrangements...

At Farmington, Lot 42 on Jan. 12th, after a lingering illness...

At West River, on Jan. 23rd, after a short illness of pneumonia...

At Cardigan Bridge, King's Co., on Saturday, the 16th of January...

At West River, on Saturday 23rd inst., after an illness of a few weeks...

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At West River, on Saturday 23rd inst., after an illness of a few weeks...

At Cardigan Bridge, King's Co., on Saturday, the 16th of January...

The Most Nutritious.

Epps's Cocoa An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact...

Epps's Cocoa Giving Strength & Vigor.

To the Electors of the City of Charlottetown.

At the request of many citizens I have decided to offer as a candidate for the Mayoralty.

I take this opportunity of soliciting the votes of the citizens.

If elected I shall exert myself to promote the interests of the city to the best of my ability.

Yours respectfully, FREDK F. KELLY.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC Publications.

"The New Highway to the Orient."

"Westward to the Far East."

"Fishing and Shooting in Canada."

"Time Table with Notes."

"Around the World."

"Climates of Canada."

"Quebec—Summer and Winter."

"Montreal—The Canadian Metropolitan."

"Houseboating on the Kootenay."

"Across Canada to Australia."

"Banff and the Lakes in the Clouds."

"The Yoho Valley and Great Glacier."

"The Challenge of the Rockies."

"Western Canada."

"British Columbia."

"Tourist Cars."

Write for descriptive matter, rates, etc to C. B. FOSTER.

Worlds Fair, St. Louis, Apl. 30th to Dec. 1st, 1904.

CARD.

To the Electors of West Queen's.

GENTLEMEN.—After months of preparation for a general election...

Although the pronounced policy of the Liberal party when in opposition...

At the last session of Parliament the Liberal Conservative party fought strenuously against the imposition upon the country of the Grand Trunk Pacific Deal.

I have been honored by my party in this riding as their standard bearer and it being the determination of the Liberal Conservative Party and of our respected leader, Mr. B. B. Borden, that the seat should be contested, I am a candidate for your suffrage.

At the last session of Parliament the Liberal Conservative party fought strenuously against the imposition upon the country of the Grand Trunk Pacific Deal.

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Happy New Year!

Time says, "Move on old 1903, for 1904 stands waiting at the door." Let it be so—for a year, at best, is but a twinkle on the Calendar of Time.

Welcome to 1904

New Year's resolutions are NOW in order. Start right in everything. Start right toward the right Clothing, Hat and Furnishing store.

Such a Resolution Will Bring You Here.

We wish you all a Happy New Year, and we expect to see you soon.

PROWSE BROS., Furnishers and Clothiers.

New Wall Paper

WE HAVE JUST OPENED UP OUR New Wall Paper for 1904

The patterns and colorings are away ahead of anything ever seen here before.

Don't buy before seeing our line.

TAYLOR'S Book and Wall Paper Store.

Burns' Anniversary Concert.

The annual Burns' Anniversary Concert under the auspices of the Caledonian Club, held in the Opera House on Monday evening...

PROGRAMME. PART I. 1. Overture—"Gems of Scotland."

2. Vocal Solo—"The Standard on the Braes of Muir."

3. Quartette—"My Love is Like a Red, Red Rose."

4. Instrumental Quintette—"Annie Laurie."

5. Vocal Solo—"Fair Fa' the Gloamin'."

6. Vocal Solo—"O for the Bloom of My Own Native Heather."

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. Brown's Block, Charlottetown.

GEORGE HADRILL, Secretary.

McLean & McKinnon

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GREAT Discount Sale

OF HIGH GRADE Boots & Shoes

I offer all my stock of foot wear, amounting to \$5,000, at discounts ranging from 10 to 25 per cent.

CONROY, THE SHOE MAN,

Pownal Street and Sunnyside, Charlottetown.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel & Chandler.

A Prayer.

BY REV. F. J. BOWNE.

"But they constrained Him; saying: Stay with us, because it is towards evening, and the day is far spent." St. Luke XXIV: 29.

Pope Pius X. on Lay Activity.

From the publication of our first encyclical, addressed to the Bishops of the world, echoing what our glorious predecessors have laid down with regard to Catholic action by the laity, we have declared that movement laudable and even necessary in the present conditions of the Church and of civil society.

It causes us no little regret, however, that some disagreement arising amongst them excited too keen polemics which, if not opportunely repressed, might divide the Catholic forces and render them less powerful for good.

Leo, XIII. of saintly memory, our illustrious predecessor, luminously traced the standards of popular Christian action in the famous encyclicals "Quod Apostolici Muneris" of the 28th of December, 1878; "Rerum Novarum," of the 15th of May, 1891, and "Graves de Communi," of the 18th of January, 1901; and again in a particular instruction given to the light through the Sacred Congregation of Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs on the 27th of January, 1902.

And we, who not less than our predecessor see the great necessity there is that the popular Christian action should be rightly directed and conducted, desire that those wise standards should be fully and exactly observed and that no one should venture to depart from them in the least degree.

In order the more easily to keep them alive and present to the mind, we have deemed it well to collect them, as it were, into a compendium in the following paragraphs, as the fundamental rule of popular Christian action, taking them from the writings of Leo XIII. These directions should be the constant rule of conduct for Catholics.

FUNDAMENTAL RULE OF POPULAR CHRISTIAN ACTION.

I. Human society as God has established it is composed of unequal elements, just as the members of the human body are unequal, to make them all equal is impossible and would mean the destruction of society itself (Encycl. "Quod Apostolici Muneris").

II. The equality of the various social members consists only in this, that all men derive their origin from God the Creator; have been redeemed by Jesus Christ and according to the exact standard of their merits and demerits to be judged a rewarded or punished by God (Encycl. "Quod Apostolici Muneris").

should mutually aid one another to attain their ultimate end in heaven and their material and moral welfare here on earth and (Encycl. "Quod Apostolici Muneris").

IV. Over the goods of this world man has not only the right of simple use, like the brutes, but also the right of fixed proprietorship; proprietorship on only over the things that are used and consumed, but also over those things that are used without being consumed (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

V. Private property, the fruit of labor or industry, or a grant or donation by another, is an exceptional right of nature; and every one can dispose of it as he thinks fit (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

VI. In order to remove the differences between the wealthy and the working classes it is necessary to distinguish justice from charity. There is a right of redress only when justice has been violated (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

VII. As to the proletariat and the worker, the following are obligations of justice; to give wholly and faithfully the service that was agreed upon freely and according to equity; not to inflict damage on the property nor injury on the person of the employer, even in the defense of his own rights to abstain from acts of violence and never to convert that defense into revolt (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

VIII. As to the capitalists and employers, the following are obligations of justice; to give a fair wage to the workers; not to interfere prejudicially with their just savings either violently or by fraud or through usury open or concealed; to give them freedom to fulfill their religious duties; not to expose them to corrupting temptations or the danger of scandal; not to alienate them from the family spirit and the love of thrift; not to impose upon themselves work disproportionate to their strength or ill-suited to their age or their sex (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

IX. It is an obligation of charity for the rich and property owners to succor the poor and needy according to the Gospel precept; which precept is of such grave obligation that on the day of judgement account will be specially taken of its fulfillment, as Christ Himself has said (Matt. xxvi.) Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

X. The poor need not be ashamed of their poverty nor disdain the charity of the rich, bearing in mind the action of Christ the Redeemer, who though He could have been born amidst riches became poor in order to enable poverty and to enrich it with incomparable merits for heaven (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

XI. To the solution of the labor question capitalists and workers themselves can contribute much by means of institutions designed to extend timely help to those in want and to bring together and unite the two classes. Amongst such institutions are the mutual aid societies, the many private insurance societies, the societies for the benefit of children, and above all the art and

RUTS

The walking sick, what a crowd of them there are: Persons who are thin and weak but not sick enough to go to bed.

"Chronic cases" that's what the doctors call them, which in common English means—long sickness.

To stop the continued loss of flesh they need Scott's Emulsion. For the feeling of weakness they need Scott's Emulsion.

It makes new flesh and gives new life to the weak system. Scott's Emulsion gets thin and weak persons out of the rut. It makes new, rich blood, strengthens the nerves and gives appetite for ordinary food.



trade societies (Encycl. "Rerum Novarum").

XII. To this end is especially directed popular Christian action or Christian Democracy with its numerous and various works. This Christian Democracy then should be understood in the sense already authoritatively stated, which very far from being that of "Social Democracy" has for basis the principles of the Catholic faith and morals, especially the principle of not trespassing in any way upon the inviolable right of private property (Encycl. "Graves de Comuni").

XIII. Moreover, Christian Democracy should never mix itself in politics and should never serve political parties or objects; this is not its province; but it ought to be beneficial in its action in the interests of the people, founded on the right of nature and the precepts of the Gospel (Encycl. "Graves de Comuni"; Instr. of the S. C. of Extr. Eccl. Affairs).

XIV. The Christian Democracy in Italy should abstain altogether from participation in political action of any kind which, in present circumstances, for reasons of the highest order, is forbidden to every Catholic (Instr. of Extr. Eccl. Affairs).

XV. In accomplishing its purposes Christian Democracy should be most strictly dependant on ecclesiastical authority, showing complete submission and obedience to the Bishops and their representatives. It is not meritorious zeal or sincerity to undertake work good and excellent in itself when it is not approved by one's own pastor (Encycl. "Graves de Comuni").

XVI. In order that this Christian Democracy should have unity of direction in Italy it should be guided by the Opera dei Congressi and by the Catholic committees; which Opera has for so many years deserved as well of the Church, and to which Pius IX. and Leo XIII., of saintly memory, entrusted the duty of directing the general Catholic movement, always under the auspices and direction of the Bishops (Encycl. "Graves de Comuni").

XVII. In all that concerns religious interests and the action of the Church in society Catholic writers, like the rest of the faithful, should yield full submission of intellect and will to the Bishops and the Roman Pontiff. They should take care, above all, not to anticipate on any grave subject, the judgement of the Apostolic See (Instr. of the S. C. of Extr. Eccl. Affairs).

XVIII. Christian Democratic writers, like all Catholic writers, should before publication submit to the censorship of the Ordinary all writings respecting religion, Christian morals and natural ethics, by virtue of the Constitution "Officiorum et Munerum" (art. 41). In accordance with the same Constitution (art. 42), ecclesiastical even before publishing writings of a merely technical character should previously obtain the consent of the Ordinary (Instr. as cited).

XIX. They should moreover make every effort and every sacrifice to ensure charity and harmony prevailing amongst them, avoiding every offense and reproach, before publishing anything in the newspaper, the Ecclesiastical Authority should be consulted, and it will take such steps as justice will suggest. Being set right by it, the disputants should promptly obey without shuffling and without making public complaint, the right of recourse to superior authority being reserved in the usual way and where the case demands it. (Instr. as cited).

XX. Finally, let Catholic writers in championing the cause of the proletariat and the poor refrain from adopting language which might inspire amongst the people aversion to the higher classes of society. Let them not speak of redress and justice when the case is one merely of charity as explained above. Let them remember that Jesus Christ desires to unite all men by the bond of reciprocal love, which is the perfection of justice and which carries the obligation of adapting itself to mutual well-being. (Instr. as cited).

XXI. These fundamental rules we must proprio and with sure knowledge renew in every part by our apostolic authority, and we order that they be sent to all Catholic committees, associations and unions of every kind. These societies should keep them posted up at their premises and read them often at their meetings. We order also that the Catholic papers publish them in full, and declare that they intend to observe them; and let them observe them religiously, otherwise let them be seriously admonished. If, after admonition, they do not amend, they will be forbidden by the ecclesiastical authority.

XXII. As words and vigorous action are of no value unless they are constantly preceded, accompanied and followed by example, the necessary characteristic by which all the members of every Catholic society should be conspicuous is the open manifestation of the faith, with holiness of life, purity of manners and the

scrupulous observance of the laws of God and of the Church. And this because it is the duty of every Christian, and also "that he who is on the contrary part may be afraid, having no evil to say of us." (Tit. ii, 8.)

From this our solicitude for the common good of the Catholic movement, especially in Italy, we hope for abundant and happy fruit, with the Divine blessing.

Given at St. Peter's, Rome, on the 18th December, 1903, the first year of our Pontificate.

PIUS X., POPE.

Religious Maxims.

SUNDAY. The name of Jesus is all-powerful to fill the heart with joy; it is compared to oil; as oil gives light, alleviates pain, and affords nourishment, so does the name of Jesus, when we call upon it. All graces are combined in this holy name: "There is no other name under heaven given to men, whereby we must be saved." (Acts iv. 12.)

Of all names cherished, earthly or divine; Not one is half so beautiful as Thine, And he who in his deep and dark distress Repeats it o'er with reverent tenderness, Needs not the crown of gold, the sceptre bright, Nor seraph's song. All power and strength and light Are his—his heart, a rose-embowered place, Meets for the dwelling of the Lord of Grace.

MONDAY. Come what may, hold fast to love, Though men should rend your heart, let them not embitter or harden it. We win by tenderness, we conquer by forgiveness.

TUESDAY. Let me to-day do something that shall take A little sadness from the world's vast store, And may I be so favored as to make Of joy's too scanty sum a little more.

WEDNESDAY. Learn the new commandment of the Son of God. Not to love merely, but to love as He loved. Go forth in this spirit to your life's duties; go forth, children of the Cross, to carry everything before you, and win victories for God by the conquering power of a love like His.

THURSDAY. Every kind word or act, if spoken or done to our neighbor because we see our Lord in him, is a meritorious work. Our Lord Himself said that a cup of cold water given in His name shall not go unrewarded. St. Francis was kind to the beasts and birds that God had made, and he even called them his brothers and sisters.

FRIDAY. Wealth and power have this inevitable danger as their shadow, of forgetfulness of God and ingratitude; and when men are once sunk in ingratitude to God, as we know from St. Paul's account of heathendom in the Epistle to the Romans, they may soon find their way even to the abomination of idolatry, actual as well as moral.

SATURDAY. The greater the tenderness and tact wherewith a reprimand is administered, the more effect it produces. If our admonition is to be of use, it must fall on the heart like a gentle rain upon the earth; for it is the still, quiet rain that sinks into and fertilizes the soil, whereas a violent, sudden downpour only breaks up the surface of the ground, and then rushes away.—Sacred Heart Review.

Heart Palpitated. FAINT AND DIZZY SPELLS. FELT WEAK AND NERVOUS. COULD SCARCELY EAT. TWO BOXES OF MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Cured Mrs. Edmond Brown, Inwood, Ont., who she had almost given up hope of ever getting well again.

MISCELLANEOUS. It was at one of our Boston schools the other day that the word "catch" came up in a lesson. The little girl that was reciting did not recognize the word, and another small damsel was asked to define it. "Catch," she said. "Why, catch means just to catch."

Liver Troubles, biliousness, sallow complexion, yellow eyes, jaundice, etc, yield to the creative powers of Laxa-Liver Pills. They are sure to cure.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

Mr. Stroodfront.—What! Ask me to serve on a jury! Me? Oh— Caller.—But this is for a jury at the pool show.

After a night with "the boys" there is no better remedy to clear the head and settle the stomach than Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders. Price 10c. and 25c. at all dealers.

Smithers.—Do you know anyone who has a horse to sell? She.—Yes, I expect old Brown has.

Smithers.—Why? She.—Well, papa sold him one yesterday.

Laxa Liver Pills are a positive cure for Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all stomach and liver complaints. They neither gripe, weaken nor sicken. Price 25c. at all dealers.

A good physician—The doctor of divinity. I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Diphtheria.

JOHN D. BOUTILLIER. French Village. I know MINARD'S LINIMENT will cure Croup.

J. F. CUNNINGHAM. Cape Island. I know MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best remedy on earth.

JOSEPH A. SNOW. Norway, Me. Intuition is the inability to find a reason for one's opinions.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders are easy to take, harmless in action and sure to cure any headache in from 5 to 20 minutes.

When love comes in at the door, log o' files out of the window.

Worms cannot exist either in children or adults when Dr. Low's Worm Syrup is used. 25c. All dealers.

Don't carry your troubles along life's highway and don't allow other people to dump theirs on your shoulders.

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JAS. LONERGAN, Proprietor. June 25, 1902.—tf

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