

The Union Advocate

VOL. LI

NEWCASTLE, N. B. TUESDAY, OCTOBER 29 1918

NO 44

Food will win the war; don't waste it.

Left-overs are made palatable and nourishing by the addition of **BOVRIL** in a small quantity of

GR STERLING JARDINE ILL.
Mrs Joseph Jardine received a telegram from Ottawa on Thursday informing her that her son Gunner Sterling Jardine had been admitted to Kennel Park Hospital on October 21st seriously ill. Gunner Jardine had only recently arrived in England and his parents and many friends

are naturally uneasy about his condition.

Mr. William Hill of Fredericton is spending a few days at his home here. Bert McCormack was removed to the Miramichi Hospital Saturday and Vaughan Long Sunday.

Our Loss By Fire

Practically our entire plant was destroyed by fire this morning and this issue is produced under difficulties. We ask you to overlook errors, etc. We expect it will take about three weeks before preparations are made.

Card of Thanks

Mr Perley Russell and family desire to thank their many friends for the kindness and sympathy shown them during their recent sad bereavement.

Miss Macrina Murphy student nurse at Houlton Me is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Martin Murphy

WEEPING ECZEMA SOON RELIEVED

A Perfect Treatment For This Distressing Complaint

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—"I had an attack of Weeping Eczema; so bad that my clothes would be wet through at times.

For four months, I suffered terribly. I could get no relief until I tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and 'Sootha Salva'. The first treatment gave me relief.

Altogether, I have used three boxes of 'Sootha Salva' and two of 'Fruit-a-tives', and am entirely well."

G. W. HALL.
Both these sterling remedies are sold by dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

'Fruit-a-tives' is also put up in a trial size which sells for 25c.

The Influenza Epidemic

The epidemic of influenza which struck this County about three weeks ago has grown with appalling rapidity and every day sees some new victims added to the already long lists of deaths from this disease.

During the past week 705 new cases have been reported and with 1118 previously reported cases, the total for the County at 1823 with 55 new cases of pneumonia and 25 deaths for the week.

Through the efforts of Dr. Desmond the District Medical Health Officer Dr. Williams has been sent to Backville to assist Dr. Beaton while another physician has been sent to Cranville and it is likely that assistance will also be secured for Rogersville. An appeal for nurses has been made but due to the ravages of the disease in other localities they are not available.

The Dominion Government have given permission for the use of Marm Hospital at Douglstown and it will likely be in the course of a few days.

The local doctors are kept very busy visiting the sick in all parts of the County but the public are urged to show a little consideration for the medical profession by allowing them to secure their much needed rest and only in rare cases should the busy physician be roused from his sleep between one and six a m which only gives them time to refresh their tired nerves.

FREE LOVE DECREE

OF THE BOLSHEVIKI
Russian maidens under the jurisdiction of certain provincial Bolsheviki Soviets become the "property" of the State when they reach the age of 18 years and are compelled to register at a government bureau of "free love" according to the official Gazette of the Vladimir Soviet and workers and soldiers deputies which recently published G. A. Soviet's decree on the subject.

Under the decree a woman having registered "has the right to choose from among men between 19 and 50 a cohabitant husband."

The consent of the man chosen is not necessary the decree adds the man chosen having no right to make any protest.

A similar privilege of choosing from among the registered women is given every man between 19 and 50 (without the consent of the women).

This provision is described as "in the interest of the State. Opportunities for choosing wives and husbands is to be presented once each month. Children born of such marriages are to become the property of the State."

Joseph H. O'Brien B. A. of Acadia, who has been ill some two weeks was removed to the Miramichi Hospital Sunday.

War News

On the western battlefield the British French and Americans have continued to make further slight gains against the Germans; in the Italian theatre both the British and Italians have scored successes while in Asiatic Turkey the British have captured Aleppo in Syria and are driving ahead on both banks of the Tigris in Mesopotamia with the Turks unable to check them.

The fall of Aleppo and the continued advance up the Tigris are moves of such strategic value that it is not unlikely Turkish opposition shortly will be entirely overcome both in the Holy Land and Mesopotamia.

The French armies fighting on the forty mile front mile front between the Oise and the Aisne rivers are keeping up their offensives against the Germans and have made additional gains taking several villages and compelling the enemy to fall back at various points.

In the region southeast of Valenciennes around Le Quesnoy the Germans have delivered violent counter-attacks against the British. Their efforts to throw back Field Marshal Haig's men from the positions they hold were unsuccessful and heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy by machine gun and rifle fire.

The Americans have begun the second month of their operations in the region of Verdun by keeping up their attacks against the Germans from the Meuse to the wooded country north of Grand Pre. Some further progress has been made notwithstanding continued strong opposition by German machine gunners from behind the natural fortifications which abound throughout this district. American airplanes also are continuing their bombing operations behind the German lines their latest effort in this respect having been made against the territory around Briquesmay north of Grand Pre in which 140 airplanes took part sixty of them being bombing machines.

Since the Americans began their operations northeast of Verdun more than forty-five villages have been liberated an advance to an average depth of ten miles has been made and more than 20,000 Germans have been taken prisoner.

General Ludendorff Commander of the German army has resigned. The following reply has been sent to President Wilson's note:

"The German government has taken cognizance of the answer of the president of the United States. The president is aware of the far-reaching changes which have been carried out and are being carried out in the German constitutional structure and that peace negotiations are being conducted by a people's government in whose hands rests both actually and constitutionally the power to make the deciding conclusions."

OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS

The proceeds of this Loan will be used for War purposes only, and will be spent wholly in Canada.



THE MINISTER OF FINANCE OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA offers for Public Subscription the

Victory Loan 1918

\$300,000,000. 5½% Gold Bonds

Bearing interest from November 1st, 1918, and offered in two maturities, the choice of which is optional with the subscriber as follows:

8 year Bonds due November 1st, 1928

35 year Bonds due November 1st, 1953

Principal payable without charge at the Office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the Office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria.

Bonds may be registered as to principal or as to principal and interest, at any of the above-mentioned offices.

Interest payable, without charge, half-yearly, May 1st and November 1st, at any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Principal and interest payable in Gold

Denominations: \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000

Issue Price: 100 and Accrued Interest
Income Return 5½% per Annum

Free from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The proceeds of the Loan will be used for war purposes only, including the purchase of grain, foodstuffs, munitions and other supplies, and will be spent wholly in Canada.

Payment to be made as follows:

10% on application; 20% January 6th, 1919;
20% December 6th, 1918; 20% February 6th, 1919;
31.16% March 6th, 1919.

The last payment of 31.16% covers 30% balance of principal and 1.16% representing accrued interest at 5½% from November 1st to due date of the respective instalments.

A full half year's interest will be paid on May 1st, 1919, making the cost of the bonds 100 and interest.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at the time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest at the rate of 5½% per annum.

The Loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada, and both principal and interest are a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

The amount of this issue is \$300,000,000, exclusive of the amount (if any) paid for by the surrender of bonds of previous issues. The Minister of Finance, however, reserves the right to alter the whole or any part of the amount subscribed in excess of \$300,000,000.

Conversion Privileges

Bonds of this issue will, in the event of future issues of like maturity, or longer, made by the Government, during the remaining period of the War, other than issues made abroad, be accepted at 100 and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscription to such issues.

Payments

All cheques, drafts, etc., covering instalments, are to be made payable to the Credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture, and the allotment to cancellation. Subscriptions must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the amount subscribed. Official Canvasers will forward subscriptions or any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank will accept subscription and issue receipts.

Subscriptions may be paid in full at time of application at 100 without interest; or on any instalment due date thereafter together with accrued interest to time of making payment in full. Under this provision, payment of subscriptions may be made as follows:

If paid in full on or before Nov. 16th, 1918, pay without interest, or 100%
If remaining instalments paid on Dec. 6th, 1918, balance of 20% and interest, (\$20.48 per \$100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Jan. 6th, 1919, balance of 20% and interest, (\$20.80 per \$100.)
If remaining instalments paid on Feb. 6th, 1919, balance of 20% and interest, (\$21.04 per \$100.)
If remaining instalment paid on Mar. 6th, 1919, balance of 30% and interest, (\$31.16 per \$100.)

Denomination and Registration

Bearer bonds, with coupons, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, and \$1,000, and may be registered as to principal. The first coupons attached to these bonds will be due on May 1st, 1919.

Fully registered bonds, the interest on which is paid direct to the owner by Government cheque, will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, or any multiple of \$100,000.

Payment of Interest

A full half year's interest at the rate of 5½% per annum will be paid May 1st, 1919.

Form of Bond and Delivery

Subscribers must indicate on their application the form of bond and the denominations required, and the securities as indicated will be delivered by the bank upon payment of the subscription in full.

Bearer bonds of this issue will be available for delivery at the time of application to subscribers desirous of making payment in full. Bonds registered as to principal only, or fully registered as to principal and interest, will be delivered to subscribers making payment in full, as soon as the required registration can be made.

Payment of all instalments must be made at the bank originally named by the subscriber.

Non-negotiable receipts will be furnished to all subscribers who desire to pay by instalments. These receipts will be exchangeable at subscriber's bank for bonds on any instalment date when subscription is paid in full.

Form of Bonds Interchangeable

Subject to the payment of 25 cents for each new bond issued, holders of fully registered bonds without coupons, will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert into fully registered bonds without coupons, at any time, on application to the Minister of Finance or any Assistant Receiver General.

Forms of application may be obtained from any Official Canvaser, from any Victory Loan Committee, or member thereof, or from any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank.

Subscription Lists will close on or before November 16th, 1918

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
Ottawa, October 28th, 1918.

Behind the Gun the Man Behind the Gun the Dollar
Make Your Dollars Fight the War

New Arrivals in Winter Apparel



The New cold weather fashions are now ready for your inspection at this store. The display is one of unusual interest, embracing as it does the newest and most popular of the season's models—Here is a carefully selected stock of:

SUITS, COATS, DRESSES

Verified as to Style and Quality and offered in a sufficient variety to insure complete satisfactory selections—You would do well not to delay your buying, come early and see the display in all its Newness and Freshness.

An unusual range of Ladies' and Children's Caps, Scarfs and Sets—Priced from 50c to \$3.00

Our Sweater department will surprise you—Prices far below present values.

J. D. G. G.

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Freemont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE LARILLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.



In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

GEO. M. McDADE, LL.B.
Barrister-at-Law
Solicitor, Conveyancer, Etc.

BENSON'S BOOKSTORE
WATER ST. CHATHAM, N. B.

CHANCERY SALE

There will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION in front of the COURT HOUSE at RICHMOND, in the County of Kent, on Friday the 27th DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1918, at the hour of FOUR O'CLOCK in the AFTERNOON, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court, Chancery Division made and dated the 26th day of September 1918 in an action thereon pending between Ernest Frederick Sullivan, Ernest Edward Shaw, and Edmund Freeman PLAINTIFFS—vs—The Swedish Canadian Lumber Company Limited; Eastern Trust Company; Billett, Campbell & Grenfell; Allan A. Davidson; and The Swedish Canadian Lenders Limited, DEFENDANTS the lands, premises and property in said Decree, described as follows:

The property comprised in a mortgage made by the Defendant, The Swedish Canadian Lumber Company Limited to the Defendant Billett, Campbell & Grenfell, dated September 3rd 1912 and more particularly described and enumerated as follows:—

No. of License	Square Miles	Situation & Description
2360	2 1/2	East of Mouth of Calms River
2361	2	East of Mouth South West Branch Miramichi River
2362	3	East of Mouth west Miramichi River
2363	3	Muzroll's Brook
2364	3	South of Muzroll's Brook
2365	3	South of Muzroll's Brook
2366	2	Muzroll's Brook

Also a one-third interest in the following timber licenses issued in the name of the Royal Trust Company and A. A. Davidson; being the interest standing in the name of A. A. Davidson No. of Square Miles Situation & Description

1724	2	Beaver Brook Station I C R
1725	3	Beaver Brook Station, head of North West Mill Stream

being the license number and description of the licenses expiring August 1st 1918.

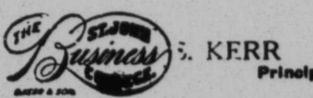
With the approbation of the undersigned Master of the Supreme Court pursuant to the Judicature Act 1909 and Amending Acts. The foregoing described property will be sold in one block. All parties have leave to bid.

For terms of Sale and further particulars apply to the Solicitor for the Plaintiff, or the undersigned Master.

DATED this 19th DAY OF OCTOBER, A. D. 1918
POWELL & HARRISON
Plaintiff's Solicitor.
F. J. ROXBOROUGH, ESQ.
A MASTER OF THE SUPREME COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF KENT.
44-111-1

WATCH THE DAILY PAPERS

for announcement of when Board of Health permits reopening of schools. Meantime hold yourself in readiness to start promptly.



THE PULMONARY TONIC
Recognized as the standard of medicinal preparations, for diseases of the Throat, Bronchi and Lungs. It acts as an antiseptic to the respiratory organs and supplies to the whole system, the energy necessary to conquer the disease.
DR. ED. MORIN & CO., Limited
Quebec, Canada.



CHANGE OF TIME TABLE

On and after Thursday Oct. 17th, The Steamer "Max Aitken" will cancel the afternoon trip between Newcastle and Chatham. The new schedule will be as follows:
Leave Redbank for Newcastle and Chatham at 4.45 a. m.
Leave Newcastle for Chatham at 11 a. m.
Leave Chatham for Newcastle and Redbank at 12.20 p. m.
Leave Newcastle for Redbank at 2.30 p. m.
Newcastle Steamboat Co. Ltd.
Oct. 17th 1918.

COWS FOR SALE

Three Holstein, good milkers. Reason for selling, shortage of feed.
Apply
HARRY JONES
43-44
Phone 109-32

TAROL CURES

**COUGHS
COLDS
BRONCHITIS
WHOOPIING COUGH
GRIPPE**

OBITUARY

MR. HENRY W. SMITH
The death took place at South Telegouche on Oct. 15th of Mr. Henry W. Smith after a long illness. The deceased is survived by his widow four sons and five daughters. The sons are Robert of Vancouver, George of Seattle; Wilbur of Seattle and Pte Harrison now overseas. The surviving daughters are Mrs. James Taylor of North Andover Mass; Mrs. Albert Coughlin of Blackville; Jessie with a Red Cross unit in England; Mrs. Geo. Ward of South Telegouche and Elva at Blackville.

MRS HAROLD WILLISTON
The death of Mrs. Harold Williston of Bay du Vin, occurred at her home there on Tuesday last; after a weeks illness of pneumonia. The deceased was a daughter of the late Joseph L. and Minnie Williston of Bay du Vin was 29 years of age. She is survived by her husband; four brothers: Albert; in the West; Wesley and George recently returned from overseas and Rag of Bay du Vin; also one sister Mrs. F. F. Powell of Black River. Another brother Duncan Williston was killed in action about a year ago.
The funeral took place on Wednesday afternoon to the new church yard of St. John the Evangelist; Bay du Vin; Rev. W. J. Bate of Newcastle conducting the funeral services.

PRIVATE JULES MALLEY
The funeral of the late Private Jules Malley who died in St. John on Wednesday from pneumonia took place to St. Patrick's cemetery at 10.30 a. m. on Friday morning. The late Private Malley was a member of the Depot Battalion and was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Malley of Chatham Head and was nineteen years of age. Besides his parents he leaves four sisters Misses Teenie Margaret Mary and Agnes Malley at home and three brothers John Albert and Edmund all at home.

MRS DOUGLAS WOOD
The death of Mrs Douglas Wood occurred Wednesday night after an illness of three weeks of pleuropneumonia. Deceased was formerly Miss Minnie Chambers and is survived by her husband a well-known C. G. R. engineer and eight children the youngest three weeks old also her mother Mrs Mary Chambers; one brother James at present overseas; also two sisters Mrs. Win. Kitchin and Mrs John Arsenault of Newcastle. She was thirty years old. Much sympathy will be felt for her husband and family of small children who are bereft of a mother's care. Mr. Wood is confined to his bed with influenza.

The funeral was held Thursday afternoon at four o'clock. Interment in Miramichi cemetery. Services were conducted by Rev. W. J. Bate.

CLIFFORD HOWE
The death of Clifford Howe twenty two years of age of Nordin occurred Wednesday night of pneumonia followed influenza. He contracted the disease in the lumber woods a few days ago. The funeral took place Thursday afternoon under Presbyterian and Orange auspices. The deceased was a young man of sterling character. He leaves his parents Mr. and Mrs David Howe; one sister Miss Iris who teaches school at McKelveyville and three brothers Charles Burton and William all at home.

MRS HUBERT KIRKPATRICK
The death of Mrs. Hubert Kirkpatrick of Douglastown occurred at her home there on Wednesday night following an attack of influenza. The deceased was formerly Miss Mina Statures of Woodstock N. B. had been married less than a year. She was 22 years of age and besides her husband she leaves her mother Mrs Moses McDonald of Gratton Carleton Co.

MRS CHARLES WILLISTON
The death of Mrs. Charles Williston one of the most respected ladies of Douglastown occurred Thursday after a long illness. She was sixty-three years of age. She leaves her husband and three children—John with the Royal Bank in Prince Edward Island; Mrs. Samuel Craig Newcastle and Mrs. Robert Gray of Douglastown. Mrs Williston formerly was a Miss Godfrey of Blakk River.

MISS DORA HOLMES
The death of Miss Dora Holmes daughter of Mrs. William Malley of Nordin occurred yesterday of influenza. She was eighteen years of age and a young lady of much promise. She leaves her mother stepfather and several sisters and stepbrothers.

JOHN LEACH
The death of John Leach cook at Manderville's boarding house Millerton occurred on Thursday morning from hemorrhage. The deceased young man was 21 years of age and unmarried. He is survived by his father Wm Leach of Casilla stepmother and one brother William of Casilla three sisters Mrs. Am Kingston Ellenstown; Mrs. Alexander Miller and Miss Ella of St. John.
The funeral took place on Friday morning to St Thomas cemetery Redbank.

MRS MYRLE KIRKPATRICK
The death of Mrs. Myrtle Kirkpatrick wife of Leslie Kirkpatrick of Douglastown occurred Thursday noon after a very short illness of pneumonia. She was the daughter of Mr and Mrs Daniel Williston of Bay du Vin and was 21 years of age. Besides her husband she leaves two children a boy and a girl the oldest of her three children having died of the influenza a few days ago.

FRANK L. SWIM DIES AT HOSPITAL
The death took place at Victoria Hospital; Fredericton on Wednesday night of Frank Lloyd Swim; second son of Frank D. Swim ex-M. L. A. of Doaktown. The deceased was twenty-three years of age and was completing his fourth year in the Medical College of McGill University. Mr. Swim was a young man of unusual promise. He was graduated from Acadia University with the A. B. degree in 1915; and had passed his first years of medical training with high honors. The remains were taken to his late home in Doaktown on Thursday morning where interment was made. He is survived by his parents; and two brothers; Earl and William K. Swim.

MR. AND MRS HENRY HARD LOSE THEIR ONLY CHILD
A Malden Mass.; paper of October 12th; says:—Maria B.; infant daughter of Mr and Mrs Henry Hard; 47 Mt. Vernon St.; passed away at her home with pneumonia complications; aged 9 months and 21 days. She was an only child. Burial was this afternoon at the Holy Cross.
Mrs. Hard formerly was Miss Irene Kane of Newcastle; N. B. She visited her home here during the past summer, and her many friends will regret to hear of the death of her little daughter.

MISS MARY ANNE LAWLOR
The death occurred at her home here on Thursday afternoon of Miss Mary Ann Lawlor an aged and respected resident after a short illness. The funeral took place on Saturday morning to St. Mary's cemetery where interment was made.

CHEVRONS ON BOTH SLEEVES
Orders have come that warrant and non-commissioned officers must wear their stripes on both sleeves. This is the rule in England and the order arose by reason of the fact that returned men were compelled by Canadian regulations to remove their stripes from the left sleeve after coming back to Canada.

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING
Save your Hair! Get a small bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

This, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is sure evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf. There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—tomorrow—any time—will surely save your hair.
Get a small bottle of Danderine's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Says your Hair! Tr. Ct.

NO TIME TO WAVER
It is possible that Germany's peace offensive may cause wavering, not among our gallant armies but among our civilian population. Who can tell what the effect on the world would be of a great oversubscription in the approaching Victory Loan campaign in Canada? That would be a magnificent answer for Canada to make to the enemy's new campaign of winning insincerity.

"When the Hun first used his poison gas on the battlefield it was a lone Canadian division that saved the situation. It may be possible for Canadians at home to render a similar service now."

"The watchword therefore for the Victory Loan organization and for the Canadian people until unconditional surrender by the foe is accomplished fact is not to relax but to redouble every effort."

"There is this further consideration that supposing peace could be declared to-morrow on terms satisfactory to the allies, Canada's war expenditure would continue for at least another twelvemonth and consequently the necessity for raising the full amount of the loan would be none the less urgent."

E. R. WOOD Chairman
Dominion Victory Loan Committee.

IT REALLY DOES

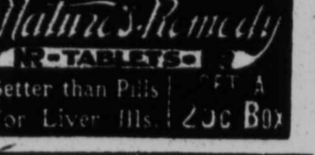
end pain, prevent festering and heal. This is why those who have once used Zam-Buk will never use any other ointment.
Miss Viola Hubley, of Upper Goshen, N.B., writes: "My sister had sores on her foot that commenced like boils and then discharged. She suffered such intense pain that she could not wear her shoes and had to remain in the house. We commenced using Zam-Buk and the pain soon disappeared. Then the sores stopped discharging and before long the places were entirely healed over. We shall never be without Zam-Buk again."
For eczema, blood-poisoning and piles, cuts and burns Zam-Buk is equally good. All dealers, 50c box.



Quit Laxatives, Purges; Try NR
NR Tonight—Tomorrow Feel Right.

It is a mistake to continually dose yourself with so-called laxative pills, cathartics, oil, purges and cathartics and force bowel action. It weakens the bowels and liver and makes constant dosing necessary.
Why don't you begin right today to overcome your constipation and get your system in such shape that daily laxating will be unnecessary? You can do so if you get a 25c box of Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) and take one each night for a week or so.
NR Tablets do much more than merely cause prompt early bowel action. This medicine acts upon the digestive as well as eliminative organs—promotes good digestion, causes the body to get the nourishment from all the food you eat, gives you a good, early appetite, strengthens the liver, promotes business, regulates kidneys and bowel action and gives the whole body a thorough cleaning out. This medicine will not have to take hold in your system. An occasional NR Tablet will keep your body in condition. You can always feel your best. Buy Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) to improve this. It is the best bowel medicine that you can use and costs only a few cents, containing enough to last ten to fifteen days. Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) is guaranteed and recommended by your druggist.

DICKINSON & TROY
Druggists & Optician
"The Rexall Store" NewCastle, N. B.



A Cure for Bad Breath
"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclear bowel." If your teeth are good, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Siegel's Curative Syrup at druggists, 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath. 50c. and \$1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine.

THE FALL TERM of the FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

Will Open on MONDAY, AUG 26, 1918
There is a greater demand for our graduates than ever. Get particulars regarding our courses of study, tuition rates, etc., and prepare to enter on our opening date Descriptive pamphlet on request. Address:
W. J. OSBORNE, Principal,
Fredericton, N. B.

LOOK!

If you were told of a new discovery for the treatment of coughs, colds and bronchitis, as certain in its action on all chest troubles as antibiotic is on diphtheria, or vaccination on small-pox, wouldn't you feel like giving it a trial?
Peps is the discovery!
Peps are little tablets, containing certain medicinal ingredients, which, when placed upon the tongue, immediately turn into vapour, and are at once breathed down the air passages to the lungs. On their journey, they soothe the inflamed and irritated membranes of the bronchial tubes, the delicate walls of the air passages, and finally enter and carry relief and healing to the lungs.
In a word, while no liquid or solid can get to the lungs and air passages, these Peps fumes get there direct, and at once commence their work of healing.

FREE TRIAL Cut out this article, write across it the name and date of this paper, and mail it (with 1c. stamp to pay return postage) to Peps Co., Toronto. A free trial packet will then be sent you. All druggists and stores sell Peps, 50c. box.

Peps

DALTON'S
Livery Sales and Exchange Stables
Edward Dalton, Prop.
McCalum Street.
Phone 47



Chas. Sargeant
First Class Livery
Horses for Sale at all times.
Public Wharf Phone 61

W. J. DUNN
HACKMAN
Black to and from all trains and boats. Parties driven anywhere in town. Orders left at Hotel Miramichi will be attended to.
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
Phone 109-27

Electrical Work
Electrical work in all kinds promptly done by THE CANADIAN GEAR WORKS, LTD.
45-0

J. A. CREAGHAN, LL.B.
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries
24-0 MONEY TO LOAN
Morrison Bldg. Newcastle

Dr. J. D. McMillan
DENTIST
Lounsbury Block, Newcastle
4. B. Out
at Monday of each month.


BECAUSE THEY FIND SATISFACTION HERE

Many of the most particular families in Newcastle buy their meats and groceries regularly at this store. To satisfy our customers in every respect in our first consideration. And we do satisfy them by selling them the best and freshest Groceries, Meats, Vegetables and Fruits; by charging fair prices; and as according every customer fair and courteous treatment.
We would like you to become one of our satisfied customers. In this store you will find a carefully selected stock of groceries, fresh meats in variety, and the season's range of vegetables and fruits.

You can telephone your orders. Our delivery system assures prompt service.

H. S. MILLER
GROCERIES, MEATS, ETC.
Orr, Castle and Pleasant St.
Telephone 22

Outdoor Workers




need the warmth and health protection that they get in the fine, big, heavy

ATLANTIC UNDERWEAR

Farmers, Lumbermen, Fishermen, Sailors, Miners, Teamsters, Steel Workers—know about the warmth, the health protection, the easy comfort, the sturdy service of Atlantic Underwear.

Ask your dealer to show it to you. This Trade Mark is on every garment to guarantee long wear.

ATLANTIC UNDERWEAR LIMITED
MONCTON, N.B.



THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869.
LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

Capital Authorized	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up	12,911,700
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	14,564,000
Total Assets	335,000,000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

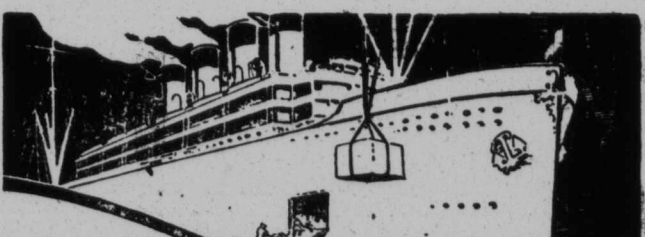
340 Branches in Canada and Newfoundland
37 Branches in the West Indies

LONDON, ENGLAND: NEW YORK CITY:
Bank Bldg., Princess St. E. C. Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

BUSINESS ACCOUNTS CARRIED UPON FAVORABLE TERMS
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT AT ALL BRANCHES
SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

In the Bank's Steel Lined Vault, rented at from \$5.00 per annum upwards. These boxes are most convenient and necessary for all possessing valuable papers such as Wills, Mortgages, Insurance Policies, Bonds, Stock Certificates, etc.

Newcastle, N. B., Branch — E. A. McCurdy, Manager




Following the sun with

WRIGLEYS


Vision, for a moment, those far off ports beyond the trackless seas—
From Arctic ice, to the torrid lands beneath the Southern Cross—
From towns tucked in the mountains, to the busy river's mouth—
WRIGLEYS is there!

There, because men find comfort and refreshment in its continued use.
Because of its benefits and because

MADE IN CANADA
SEALED TIGHT—KEPT RIGHT



The Flavour Lasts!
"After Every Meal"



Influenza: Its Treatment and Cure

Interesting Facts About Disease That is now Sweeping Canada

(Commission of Conservation Press Service Ottawa Oct. 15 1918)

Influenza which is now sweeping over Canada from one end of the other is a very old disease. It was known in ancient times and as early as 1319 it over-ran the whole civilized world. For centuries it has periodically swept over various parts of the world. The last great world epidemic was in 1889-1890 when it was generally known by the French name of la grippe. The disease has always travelled from east to west.

SYMPTOMS

The symptoms are similar to those of a heavy cold; more or less severe headache cold in the head and throat fits of sneezing flushed face, chills aches and pains in the back and limbs pain in the eye-balls and behind the eyes general physical depression and temperature rising to between 101 and 104 degrees.

HOW TO PREVENT IT

As it is such an old disease doctors have naturally learned a great deal about its prevention and treatment. The first principle of prevention is to keep away from those infected and the second to build up the germ-resisting parts of the body by eating nourishing foods dressing comfortably getting lots of sleep and by living in the open air and in bright well-ventilated rooms as much as possible. The mouth throat and nose should be systematically and frequently disinfected by antiseptic inhalations sprays and washes. Such preparations as chloroxone and Isterine are well adapted for this purpose.

In fighting previous epidemics doctors found quinine a useful preventative. One grain of sulphate of quinine mixed with (but not dissolved in) a wineglassful of cold water makes an excellent antiseptic gargle. The anti-microbial properties of quinine are well known and its use as described above at once relieves the symptoms of sore throat which result from the strain of the fight between the white blood corpuscles and the invading germs in the tonsils—the body's first line of defence. Quinine is also given internally with success as a preventive. In one of the more recent outbreaks in Europe an experiment was tried in which the men of one squadron of a regiment of cavalry were each given 7½ grains of quinine in ¼ ounce of whiskey daily for 22 days whilst those of the other squadrons had from 22 to 44 cases each of influenza whilst the squadron treated with quinine developed only 4 cases. Inhalations of oil of mountain pine and the like are also valuable as preventives.

HOW TO TREAT IT

When a person is struck by influenza only one course lies open. That is to take to bed with the least possible delay and call a doctor. Rest warmth and quiet are three sovereign remedies of the primary disease and the best preventive of its more deadly complications of which pneumonia is the most frequent. While there is no specific for influenza yet there are many drugs which play a useful part in relieving it such as quinine aspirin and various tonics anti-neuralgic antiseptic and heart medicines to be prescribed by the physician in charge.

WHAT TO EAT

The dietetic rules which apply to any fever apply equally to influenza. Liquid foods at first, a little later on a gradually ascending scale from lightly boiled fresh eggs to chicken roast joints etc. Water cold or hot may be sipped or "egg water" may be given. This excellent dish is prepared by blending with a pint of cold water the whipped whites of from 2 to 4 eggs flavored with salt or cinnamon. Then the animal broths may be given. There are many cases in which even the lightest foods are spurned with loathing and common sense must be used in adapting diet to the particular case in hand.

CATARH CANNOT BE CURED WITH LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Regard Lord Kitchener's Fate

Commissioner Mapp Says His Loss was Due to Russian Emprress

Information which made it possible for German submarines to sink the vessel on which Lord Kitchener was lost, was furnished the German Government by the former Czarina of Russia according to an assertion made by Henry W. Mapp, Salvation Army commissioner who has just returned from Russia.

Mr. Mapp declared he learned in Russia that the Czarina maintained a private wire in her apartments at the white palace at Petrograd over which she transmitted to the German government all information in regard to the military plans of the Allies which was received by Russia as an ally.

"When Kerensky first came into control of the revolutionary government he had the interest of Russia at heart" Mr. Mapp said "but he soon succumbed to German pressure"

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

APPOINTMENTS GAZETTED

The following provincial appointments in connection with the public health act gazetted.

Hon. W. F. Roberts M. D. to be designated to administer the public health act 1918 as minister of health.

Upon recommendation of Hon. W. F. Roberts M. D. the following appointments to the bureau of health under the provisions of the act:—George G. Melvin M. D. to be chief medical officer; H. L. Abramson M. D. to be chief of laboratories; J. A. Wade of St. Andrews J. F. L. Brown M. D. of Woodstock and F. J. Desmond M. D. of Newcastle to be district medical health officers.

Major Dr. J. A. Lozier To Command Hospital

Former Chatham Doctor to Receive Important Appointment

(Standard)

It is reported in military circles that a district general hospital is to be established in this city within the next few days. The need for such an institution has been felt most keenly here during the past two years but it is only now that action has been taken in order that such a hospital be secured.

One of the military hospitals now in operation in the city will no doubt be used for the purpose of treating venereal diseases and it is reported that Major A. J. Lozier of the local medical staff will be placed in command of the new hospital.

Military authorities point out that the necessity of such an institution is of a two fold character first to protect the patient and second to protect the public.

While the action of the military authorities in the establishment of this hospital is not directly due to any recent increase in the prevalence of the disease it is pointed out that hopes are entertained that the disease may be almost completely stamped out of the army and the soldiers given every possible measure of protection.

Major Lozier who will no doubt have command of the new hospital is a well known Chatham doctor who spent several months with Colonel (Dr.) Murray McLaren C. M. S. of this city in No. 1 General Hospital at Etaples. He then returned to Canada and went overseas a second time as medical officer of the 165th French-Canadian Battalion. He has been in Canada now for several months and attached to the medical staff of this district.

MODERN STRATEGY

All life-time is a school of strategy—a game of war upon germs and tendencies which, unless thwarted, weaken the system and invite disease. Modern health-strategy dictates the use of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

as a reliable means of thwarting the enemies of strength. Scott's is Nature's ally and its rich tonic and strength-supporting properties are known, with satisfaction, to millions. Build up your strength with the nourishing qualities of Scott's Emulsion.

Scott & Bown, Toronto, Ont.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WAS TOO STRONG

Three members of the Eol Guard Reserve were before Magistrate Lawlor in Friday charged with dispensing beer containing more than 2% alcohol. They were each given a five day sentence in the County Jail.

GOES TO MONCTON

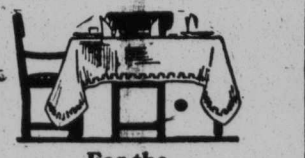
Mr. Walter J. Jardine for a number of years Manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia here but lately at Paspebiac Quebec has been transferred to the management of the

Mancton Branch.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher



For the Informal Occasion

SUNDAY night supper—
or when intimates drop in unexpectedly—EDDY'S Paper Serviettes are quite appropriate. They lend a certain refreshing, picnic flavor to the occasion, like when you are seated on the grass, and somebody starts telling stories. And besides they save your linen serviettes—and that's an item nowadays.

Ask your dealer for a package of Eddy's Paper Serviettes today. You'll find them useful and economical.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also makers of the Famous Eddy Matches and Indestructible Fibers.



Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France.

To Mrs. R. D. BAMBURCK:
The Rectory, Yarmouth, N.S.

Dear Mother:—
I am keeping well, have good food and well protected from the weather, but have some difficulty keeping uninvited guests from visiting me.

Have you any patriotic druggists that would give something for a gift overseas—if so do you know something that is good for everything? I do—Old MINARD'S Liniment.

Your affectionate son,
Don.

Manufactured by the
Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd.
Yarmouth, N.S.

Men's Fall and Winter Overcoats

Underwear in Fall and Winter weight

Men's and Boys' Suits

Hats and Caps for Men and Boys

Russell & Morrison

MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS
PHONE 50

Published Every Tuesday after-
noon, at Newcastle, New Brunswick,
by The Miramichi Publishing Co
Limited.

Advertising rates quoted upon re-
quest.

R. A. N. JARVIS,
Editor and Manager,

Tuesday, October 29, 1918

A TOWN MARKET

A matter of without importance
to the town of Newcastle and sur-
rounding districts and one of that
has not been receiving the attention
it should is that of the establishment
of a country market for the town of
Newcastle. Under the present state
of affairs neither the farmer nor the
consumer is given a fair deal in the
trade of produce and if Northumber-
land is to become the farming center
it is destined to be steps must
be taken at once to bring the farmer
and his customers closer together.

At the present time a farmer who
has some eggs or butter or other
produce to sell drives into town
with it and all the way puzzles over
and over in his mind what his
chance will be; whether he will get
all it is worth or whether he will
be able to dispose of them or not;
and after visiting a number of
houses without a sale almost gives
up in disgust. While somewhere in
another section of the town a con-
sumer looks in vain for the very
goods the farmer has for sale.

It has always been thus in New-
castle and will continue so until a
market is established; until a central
place in the town has been selected
where the farmers must take their
produce and the consumer go to
purchase the same.

Then the farmer will get the full
value for his wares the consumer
get what he wants and a satisfied
community is the result which al-
ways spells prosperity.

We have at our Town Council
board a body of bright business men
and we commend for their consid-
eration and action the establishment
of a Country market the same as
exists in the city of Fredericton and
other progressive communities.

MAKING THEM THINK

The Cashier, the personal and con-
fidential organ of the cashiers' sec-
tion, Association of Stock Exchange
Firms, New York the initial number
of which appeared recently, deals
largely with the activities of the
organizations and prints the following
entitled: "Worth Thinking over"
appertaining to the recent Liberty
Loan campaign:

Take a look at Canada--
Whenever you feel pessimistic over
the prospects for business, new war
bonds taxes market prices etc.

After four years of war and after
producing 500,000 soldiers which on
the basis of population would be
equal to our sending about 8,000,000
men to the colors.

Canada's bank clearings have in-
creased 40 per cent--bank deposits
50 per cent--value of crops 70 per
cent--mining output 75 per cent--
production of steel 100 per cent--ex-
ports 150 per cent--Beh. production
200 per cent--wood pulp output and
shipbuilding upward of 1,000 per cent
Canadians subscribed \$418,000,000
to the last Victory Loan which on
the basis of population would be
equal to a \$600,000,000 issue of Lib-
erty Bonds!

Editorial

Through training and ex-
perience, our buyers know
where to buy, what to buy
and how to buy it!

We are continually in
touch with the commercial
centres, and not a style-
change or price-opportunity
escapes us. That's one rea-
son why our values are al-
ways good.

Yet only the best known,
most reliable manufacturers
and wholesalers are on our
list, for we take every pre-
caution to protect our cus-
tomers from the mediocre
merchandise that seems to
flood the markets these days.

Advertisement



**The Bridge to the
British Market**

The Victory Loan is a bridge
over which the farmers of Can-
ada drive their hogs, their cattle,
their grain and all their surplus
crops to the profitable British
market.

For, the money raised by the Victory
Loan enables Canada to give credit
to Great Britain. And only by means
of that credit can Great Britain buy
the products of Canada's farms.

Therefore, when you come forward
at your country's call and loyally
lend your money that Canada may
continue her vigorous prosecution of
the war, you are also benefitting

yourself and the whole farming
community.

It is the duty of every earnest
Canadian not only to invest heavily
in Victory Bonds 1918, but to work
among his neighbors to make the
loan a success.

Before the subscription lists close,
every man should realize the sterling
character of the investment; the
good interest return of 5 1/2%; the
undoubted security offered in the
Bonds of this wealthy nation; and
the vital importance to all classes of
people, particularly to the farmers,
of the Victory Loan 1918.

**Buy
Victory Bonds**

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS ON HARVEST LEAVE.

Attention is directed to a recent announcement published
in the Press by the Military Service Branch, Department
of Justice, regarding extensions to be granted to men
EXEMPTED AS FARMERS.

It is pointed out that this **DOES NOT IN ANY WAY
AFFECT MEN WHO HAVE BEEN ORDERED BY THE
REGISTRAR TO REPORT TO Depot Battalions and who
have thereafter received leave of absence from the Military
Authorities.**

Once a man has been ordered to report for duty by the
Registrar he leaves the jurisdiction of the Registrar and comes
under that of the Department of Militia and Defence, and is to
be considered as a soldier. This applies to men of the 20 to 22
Class who have been ordered to report by the Registrar in
virtue of the cancellation of exemptions by Order-in-Council of
the 20th April last, as well as to those ordered to report in the
usual way on refusal of claim for exemption, or on expiration
of exemption granted.

All men, accordingly, who have been ordered to report, and
are therefore **SOLDIERS**, and who have subsequently been
granted harvest leave by the military authorities, **MUST,
NOTWITHSTANDING THE NOTICE ABOVE RE-
FERRED TO, REPORT ON THE EXPIRATION OF
THAT LEAVE, unless they are notified to the contrary by
their Commanding Officer or by general notice published by
the Department of Militia and Defence.**

DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE.

Teacher Wanted

Female Teacher for Town of
Newcastle.
Applications will be received by
the undersigned up to November
5th.

J. E. T. LINON,
Sec. Sch Trustees

Mr's Katie Hart of Millerton is
visiting Miss Nellie Duggan Camp-
bellton.

Mr. Blair McLean is visiting
his parents Mr and Mrs. Henry Mc-
Lean.

**IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS,
FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED**

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated
cleanse little bowels with "Cal-
ifornia-Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving
"California Syrup of Figs," because in
a few hours all the clogged-up waste,
sour bile and fermenting food gently
moves out of the bowels, and you have
a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to
take this harmless "fruit laxative."
Millions of mothers keep it handy be-
cause they know its action on the stom-
ach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of
"California Syrup of Figs," which con-
tains no harmful substances. Children of
all ages and all grown-ups.

**Ever Taste
Crushed Coffee?**

If you have, you've wondered
at the entire absence of even a
hint of bitterness. It is because
the small, even, clean, *crushed*
grains of Red Rose Coffee are
entirely free from bitter chaff or
dust. You taste the true, rich
coffee flavor--and that alone.

Red Rose Coffee is of such a
quality that no egg is necessary
to clear it. It is as easily made
as Red Rose Tea, and pours out
of the pot bright and clear, with
a fragrance that fills the room,
and your heart with joy. It's
the class, is

**Red Rose
Coffee**



An Advertisement by Charles Dickens



CHARLES DICKENS is one of the world's great teachers. Here is what he has to say in one of his books:

"My other piece of advice, Copperfield," said Mr. Micawber, "you know. Annual income £20, annual expenditure £19. 19. 6—result, happiness. Annual income £20, annual expenditure £20. 0. 6—result, misery. The blossom is blighted, the leaf is withered, the God of Day goes down upon the dreary scene, and—in and in short you are forever floored. As I am."

The saving of a part of one's income was always a good policy.

Prudent men and women have always maintained a margin of saving.

But to-day we must go farther in our efforts to save than ever before.

To-day it is a matter of the gravest importance that each Canadian seek ways and means to economize by cutting down expenditures for unnecessary things, saving the money he spends on things he could do without, so that when the Nation needs to borrow money he will be in a position to do his full duty.

There is war-shortening work waiting for every dollar that can be saved.

IF Charles Dickens were writing to Canadians to-day he would probably give us advice to this effect:

"My other piece of advice, Canadians, you know. No matter what percentage of your annual income you have previously saved, your efforts to-day should be to save more. The advantage of so doing is threefold: By the practice of economy you conserve the material and labor which must be devoted to the grim task before us; you cultivate the priceless habit of thrift; you gather more and more money to lend to the Nation for the prosecution of the war to a quick and certain Victory."

Published under the authority of the
Minister of Finance of Canada

20



With Acknowledgments to Luke Fildes, R.A.

TO every home there comes a time when every thought, every hope, every prayer for the future centres on the recovery of one loved one. In that hour of anguish, every means to recovery is sought—the highest medical skill, trained nurses, costly treatment. Does the price matter?

It may be so great as to stagger the imagination—a sum beyond the possible.

But does anyone ask, "Can we do it?" Money or no money, they do it. And somehow they pay.

It may mean doing without things they think they need. It may mean privations, sacrifices, hardships. They make unbelievable savings, they achieve, the impossible, but they get the money to pay.

* * *

To-day in this critical period of our nationhood, there is imperative need for MONEY—vast sums of money. Only one way now remains to obtain it.

The nation must save, every community, every family, every individual Canadian must save.

If anyone says "I cannot save" let him consider to what extent he

would pinch himself to relieve the sufferings of a loved one at home; and surely he would not pinch less for our fighting brothers in France.

Without suffering actual privations, nearly every family in Canada can reduce its standard of living, can practice reasonable thrift, can make cheerful sacrifice to enrich the life-blood of the nation.

You who read this, get out pencil and paper NOW. Set down the items of your living expense. Surely you will find some items there you can do without.

Determine to do without them.

Start TO-DAY. Save your money so that you may be in a position to lend it to your country in its time of need.

Published under the authority of the
Minister of Finance of Canada.

29

Nothing in the World is as Safe

BUY VICTORY BONDS!



The Dreaded Message

IT is the women that have suffered most in this terrible war—

"For men must work
And women must weep."

Theirs has been the worry and anxiety. The watching and waiting in constant dread of what might happen.

Because mental suffering is far more distressing and debilitating than physical pain and discomforts women have had the greatest burden to bear.

The strain has been both severe and long, and the result is an alarming increase in diseases of the nerves. Nervous headaches, neuralgic pains, nervous prostration and exhaustion, restlessness, irritability and melancholy.

These are some of the indications of nervous breakdown.

The building up of an exhausted nervous system is oftentimes a somewhat tedious process, but with the persistent use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food you can be sure that restoration is both natural and lasting.

Get out into the fresh air as much as possible. Seek the companionship of healthy, cheerful people, and depend on this food cure to enrich the blood and sup-

ply to the depleted nerve cells the nourishment essential for their restoration.

Mrs. S. N. Hurst, Barrie, Ont., writes:

"About thirteen years ago, owing to a shock I had received, my nerves simply got the better of me. I could not sleep at night nor work in the day time. I suffered from a trembling sensation in my stomach, which kept up continually. I doctored for about a year and a half without getting any benefit. Then someone advised me to try Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I did so, and at first was nearly discouraged, but as I was finishing the first box I found I was getting a little better. I then continued the treatment until I had taken six boxes, and during this time seemed to be getting stronger and better as time went on. The trembling in my stomach ceased, and I was able to eat and sleep without any difficulty. I am very grateful for having been advised to use Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, as I had about given up hopes of ever getting any relief. I therefore gladly recommend the use of this treatment to any one suffering from nervous trouble of any kind."

In order to be sure of getting the genuine Dr. Chase's Nerve Food it is only necessary to see the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, on the box you buy. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.75, all dealers, or Edmansson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Remarkable Exploits of Canadians

Some of the exploits were performed by Canadian gunners during the battle of Cambrai. In storming the Canal du Nord on the morning of September 27, it was of the utmost importance to have the field artillery right up in support, as failure to make a good crossing near half past midnight would have meant the loss of the northern line. A lieutenant with a personal reconnaissance party took his section of machine guns in front of even the most exposed positions. He kept up the supply there until the bridges were built. Throughout the fighting since August 8 this officer has on every occasion pushed forward ammunition dumps into the thick of the battle, thus enabling the artillery to give immediate support to advancing infantry lines.

On September 8, a captain of a battery followed up the barrage near Stilly and established his "O-pip" on the right flank of the infantry. Seeing them held up by machine gun fire he went forward laying the telephone wire and then directed the fire of the battery on houses where an enemy post was entrenched. The battery at this point had an exposed dump of some thousand yards and were being heavily fired upon by machine guns. Seeing that they had lost their officers, he led the assault, calling upon the infantry to follow, and though wounded in the leg, persisted so long as he was able to hobble.

A sergeant of the 1st Canadian Signal Company drove the first vehicle across the Canal du Nord, established a post with the centre and laid lines under continual heavy fire to brigade and battery positions. Three times in half an hour he reentered himself.

wireless aeriels which were shot down during these operations. The signalers showed an utter contempt of death in making and preserving lines of communication.

Mrs. John Whalen of Chatham left on Friday for Halifax where she will reside in future. Her husband was being employed in that city.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER AND BOWELS

Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath—Candy Cathartic.

No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get relief with Cascares. They immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry off the constipated waste matter and poison from the intestines and bowels. A 10-cent box from your druggist will help your liver and bowels clean, sweet and clear for months. They make you feel like a new man.

Increased Cost of Getting Lumber

Estimated will Cost \$5.00 per
Thousand More This Year
Than Last

(Friday's Gleance)

J. Trazer Gregory is authority for the statement that will cost \$5 more per thousand to get logs this year than it did last.

Mr. Gregory was asked what the prospects for the coming season were and answered that as far as his own operations were concerned, it was his intention to get out a full cut and arrangements to that end had already been completed. He said he thought most of the St. John mills intended to get out a full cut even at the increased cost as they had sold practically all this season's cut and had been able to ship a considerable quantity of the cut.

On the North Shore east in Maine he understood none of the mills intended to cut more than half the usual quantity of logs. This was due to a number of reasons the chief being the difficulty in shipping out the manufactured product and the big increase in the cost of lumbering operations.

This year there has been a big increase in wages paid and the cost of provisions had also taken a big upward slant as a result of which he figured the cost in getting out logs would be at least \$5 per thousand feet and possibly more.

Mr. Gregory said he did not look for some little time after the war and with lumber and all building materials at the present price he believed the Government would be forced to enter the building game and provide houses for the returning soldiers as under present conditions unless rents were greatly advanced there would not be any speculative building because it would not pay.

He thought lumber would probably be cheaper in English market after the close of the war but this would be brought about by a decrease in the freight and in the freight and insurance charges. Before the war a normal freight for lumber was fifty shillings per standard today it was five hundred shillings per standard and as Lumber became available this must come down. But so far as the local market was concerned he did not look for any material reduction in the price of the finished article for at least two years after the close of the war.

The After Effects Of Dreaded La Grippe

Worse Than the Disease Itself—
Victims Left Weak, Nervous
and Worn Out

La Grippe or Spanish influenza as the epidemic now sweeping over all America is called is one of the most dangerous diseases known to mankind. Anyone who has felt its pang is not likely to forget the trouble. La Grippe or influenza starts with a slight cold and ends with a complication of troubles. It lays the victim on his back it tortures him with fever and chills headaches and backaches. It leaves him a prey to pneumonia bronchitis consumption and other deadly diseases. Its after effects are often more serious than the disease itself. It is quite possible to avoid la grippe by keeping the blood rich and red by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—a tonic medicine which enriches the blood and strengthens the nerves. If however the disease attacks you the patients should at once go to bed and call a doctor before complications set in. That is the only safe thing to do. But to recover your strength after the severity of the attack has passed you will find Dr. Williams' Pink Pills an unsurpassed tonic. Through the use of this medicine all the evil after effects of this trouble will be banished. This has been proved in thousands of cases throughout Canada where in previous seasons la grippe has attacked them. Among the many thus restored to full health is Miss Irene Botes Portsmouth Ont. who says:— "I take much pleasure in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills because I have proved their worth in my own case. Last winter I had a severe attack of la grippe and it left me weak and all run down. I had severe pains in the chest and under the arms palpitation of the heart and attacks of neuralgia which left me with the feeling that life was scarcely worth living. I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and began their use only on the principle that I would try anything that might better my condition. I had only been using the pills a couple of weeks when the pains began to leave me. Gradually my strength returned my appetite improved and in a little more than a month I felt all my old time vigor had returned. I am sincerely glad I was persuaded to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I shall always have a good word to say for them."

Your Very First Baking

with Beaver Flour, will show you the difference between this perfect blended wheat flour—and the usual western spring wheat flours.

The light, flaky Pie Crusts, Cookies and Doughnuts—the delicious, "homey" nutlike flavor of the Bread and Rolls—will be doubly welcome after the tough, almost tasteless bread made with western spring wheat flour.

BEAVER FLOUR MILLED OF BLENDED WHEAT

Is the choicest Ontario fall wheat, strengthened with western spring wheat; and is equally good for bread and pastry. Order a trial barrel today.

DEALERS—write us for prices on Feed Course Grains and Cereals. 207
THE T. H. TAYLOR CO. LIMITED,
CHATHAM, Ont.



"Canada Food Board Flour Mill License No. 10"

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only cure the disastrous after effects of la grippe but are also a specific for all troubles due to poor blood such as anaemia rheumatism indigestion women's ailments and the generally worn out feeling that affects so many people. You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville Ont.

SAPPER THOMAS YOUNG GASSED
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Young of Douglstown have received word that

their son Sapper Thomas J. Young had been gassed on the 12th instant and had been admitted to the 53rd General Hospital at Boulogne. Sapper Young had been wounded in November 6th last. He went overseas with the 132nd and afterwards joined the Canadian Engineers.

PEI POTATOES

A Shooner loaded with potatoes from P E I was in port last week and disposed of a large cargo. The price paid was \$3.00 per barrel at the boat

NR Tonight—
Tomorrow Feel Right
Get a 25 Box

DICKISON & TROY, Druggists and Opticians, Newcastle, N. B.
"The Rexall Store"

NOW

Is the time to prepare for
the cold winter months.

Was Your House Cold

last winter? Perhaps your
Furnace needs repairs, or
you need a new one. We
have the best in the heating
line, be it

STOVES, RANGES, OR FURNACES

CALL AND LET US TALK IT OVER.

B. F. Maltby

LUMBER

FOR

Ship-Building

We are open to contracts for immediate delivery and also for delivery during coming winter of

Yellow Birch, Maple and Spruce

in lengths 20 feet and up, 13 inches at top end, also Spruce Knees.

Specifications, Furnished by applying to:

MARITIME FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.
CHATHAM, N. B.

or at the Ship Yard at Nordin.

INTERNATIONAL SHIP BUILDING CORPORATION

If for the past four years you have enjoyed home comfort while others have been fighting on the battlefield, show now your keen appreciation by buying

**VICTORY BONDS
TO YOUR LIMIT**

CANADA MUST HAVE MONEY TO WIN THE WAR

**KING COLE
TEA**

"YOU'LL LIKE THE FLAVOR"

The Kaiser as I Knew Him For Fourteen Years

By ARTHUR N. DAVIS, D. D. S.

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The fact that Germany was a treaty with Serbia which required her to take up arms if Serbia were attacked and that she had failed to meet her obligations in that respect was naturally of no significance to the Kaiser, to whom treaties were but scraps of paper.

The keynote of the Kaiser's military program lay in the fact that he realized that it was necessary for him to win in order to hold his throne. I feel quite sure that if the allies were willing to concede to Germany all the territory she has conquered—Belgium, Serbia, Poland, Roumania, Russia and part of France, and restore all her colonies, upon condition that the Kaiser step down from the throne, he would reject the proposition without a moment's hesitation.

"Your country would like to make a republic out of Germany," he commented, "a republic like France, perhaps, going down and down all the time—a country ruled by lawyers. And he mentioned half a dozen of the great French statesmen who were members of the legal profession. "It's a sad thing for a country when it gets into the hands of the lawyers. France and Italy are already controlled by them, and America and England are rapidly following their example."

The Kaiser regarded the German people as his own property to do with as he liked. When I referred to the "German people" in conversation he would delicately correct me by referring in his reply to "my people." When, for instance, I said on one occasion, "I understand, your majesty, that the German people are anxious for peace," he answered, "Yes, Davis, my people are strongly in favor of peace, but they want a German peace—not an allied peace!"

He believed that just as the universe is ruled by God so should the earth be dominated by an earthly ruler and that God had selected him for the task. To displace him in favor of a republican form of government, to substitute a ruler elected by the people for a monarch designated by God was in his opinion the basest sort of sacrilege, and the unfortunate part of it all was that the majority of his people coincided with him. They preferred to be ruled by a hand of iron rather than to rule themselves. Some day they may be awakened to the blessings of self-government, but up to the present time they have not shown the slightest indication that they would prefer to rule than be ruled, and because they submit so willingly to the Kaiser's domination he has become obsessed with the idea that the rest of the world should follow suit.

CHAPTER VII.

The Japanese. According to the talk of the German diplomats before the war the expectation was that Japan's power would be used against America at the first opportunity. Whether the object of this campaign was to stir up trouble between Japan and America or only to awaken this country to a sense of the danger which the Germans professed to believe threatened her I don't know, but I do know, however, that prospect of a Japanese-American war seemed to worry the Germans considerably more than it worries us.

The day England declared war against Germany, August 5, 1914, the Prince von Pless called to see me professionally.

"There will be two wars fought," he said, oracularly. "The present one, by which we shall gain control of the continent of Europe forever, and then a war with the yellow races, in which we shall probably have your country to assist us!"

That this opinion was more or less general in Germany may account for the fact that from the time war was declared until August 23, 1914, when Japan declared war against Germany, the Japanese residents in Berlin were made the subject of the most sickening attentions. It was reported, that Japan was going to attack Russia, and the Germans could not do enough to show their newly born admiration for the yellow race which they had hitherto so deeply despised. The Japs were carried through the streets on the shoulders of the populace and kissed and cheered wherever they appeared in public.

And then Japan declared war against Germany! Instantly there was a wild demonstration in the streets of Berlin, which would have resulted most disastrously for the Japs who had so respectably been hailed as friends but for the astonishing fact that every single Jap had succeeded in getting away from Berlin before the news of Japan's entry into the war became generally known.

In the absence of Japanese agents which is said their agent, the Ger-

mans did everything they could to make life miserable for those who resembled Japs. The few Chinese who were there were terribly treated either because they were taken for Japs or because they were of the same race. The Kaiser's Prince Traidow, who was one of my patients, told me that when his wife and children went out on the streets the crowds followed them and jeered, referring to the Japanese as monkeys and using other opprobrious epithets. They even went so far as to spit in Princess Traidow's face, and the minister finally decided to send her and the children to Switzerland, although he himself remained at his post.

I saw the Kaiser shortly after the Japanese declaration of war, and he was very bitter against the United States because of that development. "What is your president thinking of to allow a yellow race to attack a white race! Now the Japanese are attacking Kiau-Chau, and America could have prevented it. All that America had to do was to raise a finger and Japan would have known enough to keep her place!"

He spoke in this strain on several subsequent occasions.

When Kiau-Chau fell he again criticized the United States for not having stopped Japan.

"How can your president allow Japan to increase in power at the expense of a white race?" he asked indignantly. "Now China is lost to the world forever. America is the one power that could have prevented it, but now Japan has got her fingers on China and she is lost to us forever!"

After we were in the war, the Kaiser expressed to me his opinion that our object in taking this step was fourfold:

"First," he said, "Wilson wants to save the money you have loaned to the allies. Second, he wants to have a seat at the peace table. Third, he wants to give your army and navy a little practical experience—unfortunately at our expense. And fourth, and principally, he wants to prepare for the war with Japan which he knows is inevitable. The Japanese are the ones which your country must look upon as its real enemies."

A German officer of high standing told me just before I left Berlin that America had made the great mistake of sending ammunition, guns and supplies to Russia, via Japan, because Japan had just retained the finely made American articles and had dumped on Russia a lot of good-for-nothing material of her own in their place. "My advice to America," he declared, "is to cut the throat of every Japanese in America and get rid of the internal danger." He did not suggest cutting the throats of all the undesirable Germans who were in America and who had already demonstrated that they were far more dangerous than the Japanese had ever been.

CHAPTER VIII.

The Kaiser's Confidence of Victory. About twelve years ago I attended the German military maneuvers at Liegnitz, in Silesia, having been invited by some journalistic friends of mine to accompany them in the motor along the press. The military representatives of England, France, America and other countries were there with the Kaiser's staff to witness the display of Germany's military power. Apparently they were very much impressed, for I heard afterwards that one of the French officers who had been present had written a book in which he said: "With such an army, Germany could annex France in six months!"

I happened to mention this fact to the Kaiser shortly afterwards and his significant comment was: "Six months! I should hope so. It wouldn't take that long!"

The confident belief that when "Der Tag"—"the day"—finally arrived, Germany would crush her enemies and accomplish her object within a few months at the outside was held not only by the Kaiser but by the people generally and their conduct when the war broke out clearly disclosed it.

When Germany's man power was mobilized, no one in Germany believed it would be very long before they would all be back and every effort was made to make their few weeks of active service as little irksome as possible. "Liebesgaben," gifts of love, consisting of clothing and food of every description, were forwarded to them by their relatives and friends in the most lavish manner, although, of course, at that time the German commissary was able to satisfy all the soldiers' requirements.

One of my patients told me that she had sent seventeen hundred pounds of sausages to one regiment within a week, and when I asked her why she had been so generous she replied that her chauffeur was a member of the regiment!

The extent to which the country's resources were squandered in those early months is evidenced by the fact that the soldiers had such an excess of ill-fitting woolen wearing apparel that they used many of the knitted articles as carriages and covers for their horses. No one had the slightest idea that the time might come when the whole nation would be clothed in paper!

At this late day it can hardly be necessary to establish how thoroughly prepared the Germans were for the war, but an incident which occurred in the early days of the conflict may not be out of place to show the self-satisfied and confident attitude which all the Germans assumed.

Two officers sitting at a table in an out-of-door cafe shortly after the war began overheard one of several ladies who were passing remark: "Look at



those officers sitting there drinking. Why are they not at the front fighting?" One of the officers got up and, approaching the ladies, said: "Our work was completed months ago. We worked from early morning till late at night on plans which our armies are now carrying out. It is our time to rest."

The resistance that France would be able to put up was always very lightly estimated, and if the intervention of England was at all taken into consideration, the comparatively small army she could place in the field was regarded as but a drop in the bucket compared with the ultra-modern German hordes that were ready to sweep across the border. How could England's 80,000 men cope with Von Kluck's 500,000 or the hastily mobilized French armies resist the thoroughly prepared, equipped and well-disciplined German warriors?

It really can be developed over and over again that the Germans firmly believed that they would bring the allies to their knees within a comparatively few weeks and that the conquering German armies would celebrate Sedan day, September 2, in Paris. What actually happened is, of course, too well known here to require recital, but I know that the Germans were kept in absolute ignorance of the marvelous resistance the allies were able to put up in those critical days of August and September, 1914, and to this day the majority of Germans have not heard of the hat of the Marne!

Just after the English passed their conscription law I was called to see the Kaiser at the great army headquarters, which at that time were at Pless. Although the war had then lasted two or three times as long as the Germans had expected, and, of course, too well known here to require recital, but I know that the Germans were kept in absolute ignorance of the marvelous resistance the allies were able to put up in those critical days of August and September, 1914, and to this day the majority of Germans have not heard of the hat of the Marne!

"How foolish for England to start conscription now," he declared. "She thinks she can accomplish in a few months what it has taken Germany a hundred years to attain. Armies and navy and merchant marine constantly growing and the dollar replacing the pound as the unit of the world's finance. No, Davis, England will soon be sick of the war and will look with fear upon America's growing power!"

The French army, too, was generally belittled, and the Russians were believed to be absolutely negligible. The French army was so poorly equipped, it was pointed out, that the officers had to go from one front to the other on foot, and on the Russian front, only the first-line men had guns, the others being armed with clubs!

Eventually, officers and soldiers returning from the western front on furlough or passing through the country en route to the east, brought the other brought the report of the defeat before Paris. Soldiers who participated in that disastrous retreat wrote from the new trenches to their friends and relatives telling of the terrible experiences they had undergone, when they went for days without food, and raw potatoes and turnips which they picked from the fields.

When these reports finally spread through Germany the people began to realize that their generals in the west were not meeting with the same success that Von Hindenburg had had in the east, and Von Hindenburg became the idol of the people immediately, a fact that was very distasteful to the high command.

The Kaiser's dislike of Von Hindenburg was of long standing. He had never forgiven that general for the mistake he made during military maneuvers in peace time when by a brilliant stroke of strategy he had succeeded in capturing the Kaiser's forces, including the Kaiser and his whole staff!

I have referred in a previous chapter to the Kaiser's unbounded confidence after the Italian collapse in 1917. "Now, we've got our allies," he exclaimed, with an air of conclusiveness which emphasized the Kaiser's heretofore.

After the capture of Roumania, he exhibited a similar degree of exultation. He believed that in that achievement he had successfully solved the food problem—the one element which constantly darkened the Kaiser's horizon.

"Now the allies will never succeed in starving us," he said to me in my office shortly after the Roumanian drive. "This is the success which we have been waiting for. Their wonderful agricultural possibilities will supply

WAR NEWS

Tuesday

The fall of Valenciennes to Marshal Haig's forces is imminent. Despite the desperate resistance of the Germans the British have entered the city on the west, while to the north they have made a deep thrust into the great Raisnes Forest and are moving in the direction of Conde near the angle of Scheldt.

Although the progress of the Allied forces in Belgium and French Flanders has slowed down; appreciable gains have been made. Holland and Brussels on the Scheldt; south of Tournai are now in the hands of the British.

In the northern battle area; the Belgians have reached the Lys Canal along their entire front.

The French are still moving actively to the north of Laon and have now completed the occupation of Chalamand Grandp. To the southward of Ghent they are firmly established to the east bank of the Lys river; having made crossings at several points. Around Le Cateau activity has diminished greatly. The same is true of the American northwest of Verdun.

Wednesday

The attack of the British Third and Fourth Armies on a wide front south of Valenciennes today is of vital strategic importance. The allied salient here menaces the German line all the way to Holland and if it is widened it will have a tremendous effect also on the enemy front to the south.

Two thousand prisoners were taken by the British early in today's attack.

In their attack Tuesday southeast of Ghent the British captured Molvhoek and gained the west bank of the Lys from Machelen to Driesch. They had to fight hard for all their gains.

The new and most important attack today was a general one and was delivered by strong forces of British Third and Fourth Armies. The British forged ahead towards the Scheldt Canal and the tributary line along which the enemy is endeavoring to protect the flank of his grand retirement.

The stiffest fighting of the American offensive west of the Meuse was under way today. The line is swaying back and forth. In the region of Grand Pre on the western end of the front the Americans tried back repeated violent German counter-attacks.

The evacuation of Ghent Belgium is in full swing according to a dispatch to the Telegram from Sasvan Ghent. The last boats in Ghent are being hastily towed toward Selraete near the Dutch frontier south of Sasvan Ghent.

Wednesday

Over the entire front held by the British further gains have been made by Field Marshal Haig's men from the region south of Le Cateau to the Scheldt River. At some places enemy positions to a depth of more than three miles were penetrated. Numerous villages were taken and several thousand prisoners and man/guns were captured.

Thursday

On several of the most important sectors in France—from the region of Valenciennes to the east of Le Cateau; north of Laon between the Oise and the Sambre Rivers and on the front from the Meuse River to the vicinity of Grand Pre—battles of a sanguinary character are being fought. In these the British, French and American troops everywhere are making progress against the stubbornly resisting Germans.

In Belgium the allied forces, owing to the rapid retreat of the enemy and the flooded conditions of the lowlands have not yet been able to come into full fighting contact with the Germans; but doubtless a few days more will see them again hard against their quarry and driving him farther toward his own frontier.

From the region of Valenciennes to the east of Le Cateau; north of Laon; between the Oise and the Sambre rivers; and on the front from the Meuse river to the vicinity of Grand Pre; battles of a sanguinary character are being fought. The Allies are everywhere making progress.

In Belgium the Allied forces; owing to the rapid retreat of the enemy and the flooded condition of the lowlands; have not yet been able to come into full fighting contact with the Germans.

South of Valenciennes; the British Third and Fourth armies; with which Americans are co-operating have continued successfully to press onward with Meuse and Maubouze their objectives. Valenciennes is gradually being enveloped.

South of the Oise River the French are making sharp thrusts against the enemy with the intention of clearing out the entire triangle between Flavigny and Mont Cornet and taking all the railroad lines within this region and also blotting out the salient that still exists there. The Germans are strongly counter-attacking on all the fronts of attack.

North of Grand Pre and north of Verdun in the sector lying between the Meuse river and north of the Ar-

gon, to Forest the Americans have cut further and deeply into the enemy's line.

Lemons Make Skin White, Soft, Clear

Make this Beauty Lotion for a Few Cents and See for Yourself

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out roses, the freckles and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quart pint of skin and complexion lotion at the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

MILK PRICES

This is the time of year when the producers of milk are liable to force the question of price upon our attention. From several parts of the Province enquiries have come to me with reference to the action of the Food Board in regulating the retail price of milk. The Food Board does not fix any price at which the producer must sell his milk; nor does it limit his profits in any way even if he retails to consumers the milk he produces. The Board does not require milk dealers to be licensed by it but it does limit the spread or margin of the milk distributor to five cents a quart above the cost of the supply to him laid down at his dairy or place of business and it further provides that no dealer operating on a margin or spread lower than the maximum can increase the same without the written consent of the Food Board. Any dealer so doing makes himself liable upon conviction therefore to a penalty from one hundred to one thousand dollars or to imprisonment of not both fine and imprisonment.

The regulation recently enacted to prevent the undue enhancement of the cost of living gives to any city

or other council power to appoint a Fair Price Committee with adequate power to investigate and determine fair retail prices for milk bread substituted fish fuel or other necessities of life. We pride ourselves upon our local self-government which has been evolved to attend to matters of this character. It is a great mistake to seek to lift upon the Federal Government by the medium of the overworked Food Board matters of such fundamental municipal concern.

With reference however to price increase it is well to bear in mind that a depreciating currency is an advancing cost of commodities is world-wide and the inevitable result of war. Some commodities advance more than others because the war intensifies the demand for them; food supplies are of this character. Our farmers have responded loyally to the demand for increased production and there should be among them a sense of their responsibility to their country and a determination not to take advantage of the present excessive demand to drive a hard bargain. But obviously the present conditions have greatly increased the cost of production and any severe measure's restraining prices is liable to decrease a production that is already inadequate.

Mr. Clynns the British Food Controller recently fixed the price of milk to the farmer in that country higher than it had previously been and naturally very much higher than the price in Canada. In answer to criticism he says "Milk is an indispensable food for which substitutes could not be found and one upon which children must very largely depend." He was anxious to "milk supplies" free from the risk of break-down because of the price being fixed too low. It was necessary to have "adequate supplies of the indispensable food."

IF YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mother can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

F A L REPAIRS

CONCRETE & MASONRY

Your furnaces lined with this will mean minimum coal bills this winter

STORMTIGHT PLASTER and LIQUID CEMENTS

Your Roofs, exposed Walls and Foundations treated with these makes you prepared for wind, rain or snow. FIREPROOF and ACIDPROOF.

LAPIDOLITH CONCRETE HARDENER

will make your Concrete Walls and Floors dustproof and moistureproof.

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Buy Now—Prices are going to be still higher.

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CAN BE SECURED AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES

AT THE

ADVOCATE OFFICE

Influenza

should be carefully guarded against. A mild spray and gargle mixture of water and

JOHNSON'S

Anodyne LINIMENT

for the nose and throat with an occasional dose taken internally may safeguard you from serious results and halt the evil in its first stage. This famous old physician's prescription is an

Enemy to Germs

GOODS FOR HALLOWE'EN

We Have
Hallowe'en Post Cards, Novelties and Masks

The supply is somewhat limited—buy early

FOLLANSBEE & CO.

Just Arrived For Early Fall Wear NEOLI SOLE BOOTS

FOR—
Men Women Children
McPherson Make—Good to Wear and easy on the Feet
BEST OF QUALITY LOWEST IN PRICE
See Them—You'll Surely Buy

Walter Amy NEWCASTLE

IF IT'S ANYTHING IN China, Groceries, Provisions, Tinware, Flour or Feed Crockeryware, Etc.

We Have it and at Lowest Prices
GIVE US A CALL

THOS. RUSSELL RED STORE Public Wharf Phone 79

Don't Give Your FUR AWAY—GO TO

JOHN O'BRIEN
And get the best prices. We have the best market You lose money if you don't come to us.

Wanted
Experienced girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. D. C. HARRIS, Newcastle, N.S.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

OPERATION FOR BEAVERBROOK
It is announced in London as explanation of the absence from a dinner engagement of Lord Beaverbrook that he is about to undergo a throat operation.

CHARLES B. ARBEAU KILLED
Charles B. Arbeau, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Arbeau, Blackville, was killed in action; Oct. 15. He went overseas in January, 1918; a member of the Depot Battalion. He was sent into the trenches on Aug. 17th. He is survived by his parents; two younger brothers at home and six sisters.

FATHER TRUDEL GOES TO ST. MARGARET'S
Rev. Father Joseph Trudel of Shippanan who has been curate to Rev. Father P. W. Dixon of St. Mary's Church here the last two years with much success has been appointed Parish Priest of St. Margaret's and is succeeded by Rev. Father Albert of St. Charles Kent Co. Before leaving Newcastle Rev. Father Trudel was the recipient of an address and well-willed purse presented on behalf of the congregation by Messrs. John Kinzston and Murdoch Weddiss.

WEEK-END MARKET
There were a large number of tams collected at Phoenix Square Frederickton on Saturday morning in spite of the rainy weather. Meat was plentiful this morning, veal lamb beef and pork being on hand. Lamb sold for \$1.25 to \$2.50 a quarter veal 22 cents a pound pork 24 cents a pound beef 14 cents by the hind quarter butter at the usual price 45 to 50 cents eggs 55 to 60 cents a doz potatoes \$3 a barrel carrots \$2 a barrel turnips \$1.20 a barrel apples \$1.75 to \$2.75 a barrel.

VEREKER—LYNCH
A very pretty wedding took place Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock in St. Patrick church Nelson when Miss Josephine Lynch became the bride of Mr. Frank Vereker. Marital mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Power. The bride wore a brown tailored suit with hat to match and was attended by Miss Cecilia Nowlan as bridesmaid who wore a pretty costume of blue. The groom was supported by his brother Mr. Byron Vereker. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of the bride where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was partaken of and the happy couple left on the afternoon train for a trip to St. John and Fredericton. They will reside in Nelson—Gazette.

Mr. Daniel Donovan of Moncton spent the week end in town

Hurrah! How's This
Cincinnati authority says corns dry up and lift out with fingers.

Hospital records show that every time you cut a corn you invite lock jaw or blood poison, which is needless, says a Cincinnati authority, who tells you that a quarter ounce of a drug called frezone can be obtained at little cost from the drug store but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus. You simply apply a few drops of frezone on a tender, aching corn and soreness is instantly relieved. Shortly the entire corn can be lifted out, root and all, without pain. This drug is sticky but dries at once and is claimed to just shrivel up any corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. If your wife wears high heels she will be glad to know of this.

Ladies' Colored GAITERS

We have a nice line of Ladies' Colored Gaiters, White, Fawn, Light and Dark Grey.

We also have several lines of Ladies' Black Gaiters, in short and high lengths

A New Line of Ladies' Tan Boots
With and without Neolin Soles

MACMILLAN SHOE STORE

Mrs. B. F. Maltby
We regret having to chronicle the death of Mrs. B. F. Maltby which occurred this morning after a short illness of pneumonia. Mrs. Maltby was of a kind and lovable nature and had hosts of friends who will regret to learn of her untimely death. Besides her husband two children survive.

MISS MARY WILLISTON
Miss Mary Ann Williston daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Williston Bay du Vin died of influenza in the epidemic hospital on Thursday. She was seventeen years old and besides her parents leaves three sisters and four brothers. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon.

DAVID SINCLAIR
The death of David Sinclair of Chatham Head occurred Sunday Deceased was 64 years of age. He was a native of the Bay Chaleur county and before removing to Chatham Head had lived many years in Newcastle. He leaves a widow; formerly Miss Sarah Cassidy of Newcastle; and the following children: Robert; Florence (Mrs. John Rowe); Blanche; Hazel and Dorothy all of Chatham Head.

RAY CHAMBERS
The death of Ray oldest child of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Chambers of Halcomb occurred Thursday night after a lingering illness. He was 21 years old. He is survived by his parents and the following brothers and sisters who are all at home Pearl (Mrs. John Tezer) Maud Harold Norman Agnes Norma Lulu William Abigail Freda Delbert Verna and Quentin. The funeral was held Friday morning interment on the Baptist cemetery at Littleton.

WILLIAM TAYLOR
The death of William Taylor oldest child of Mrs. James Taylor of Nordin occurred on Sunday of Spanish influenza following an illness of several years standing. He was 21 years old. He leaves his widowed mother and the following brothers and sisters several of whom are also ill with influenza: Jean; Nellie; James; Hazel; Joseph; Arthur and Chesley. This is the eighth death from influenza this month in Douglstown and Nordin. The funeral was held last evening interment in St. Mark's cemetery; Rev. Alex. Firth conducting the services.

The funeral took place last Sunday afternoon; Oct. 27th at the church of England burial ground; Bay du Vin; of Orville Lawrence Williston; aged nine years; son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. A. Williston of same place. Deceased had been ill for two weeks with Spanish Influenza. The services were conducted by the Rev. W. J. Bato of Newcastle.

The Fall Weather Hard on Little Ones

Canadian fall weather is extremely hard on little ones. One day it is warm and bright and the next wet and cold. These sudden changes bring on colds, cramps and colic and unless baby's little stomach is kept right the result may be serious. There is nothing to equal Baby's Own Tablets in keeping the little ones well. They sweeten the stomach regulate the bowels, break up colic and make baby thrive. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. Brockville Ont.

Mr. Joseph Luffy, of Fredericton visited his home here last week.

HEATING STOVES

"RETORT" HEATERS—These are probably the most popular heaters on the market, very neat and bright in appearance, good heater, durable, convenient, safe, no chance for coals or sparks to get out. Drafts can be closed tight so as to completely control fire. Can use hard or soft coal or wood. Satisfactory in every way. FOUR SIZES—FOUR PRICES.

"BOX STOVE"—Five Sizes.

"RED CLOUD"—A good Coal Stove.

"TWILIGHT HERARD"—Parlor stove fitted for either coal or wood.

"AIRTIGHT" Sheet Steel Stoves, a very quick heater for wood only. TWO SIZES.

"CHARM UNIVERSAL" Sheet Steel body, large opening in top large door in end, just the stove for burning large sticks of wood.

All the above stoves have proved satisfactory in the past and we can confidently recommend them.

D. W. STOTHART, Newcastle

SPECIAL SALE OF— Men's High Grade Work Boots

This is your opportunity to get a pair of first class Boots at a bargain price, while the lot of about 100 pairs last, they are good looking and good fitting boots and the price on all footwear is going to be higher, so stock up now.

G. M. LAKE, - - Newcastle, N. B.

THE HARNESS AND SHOE-PACK MAN

An Ounce of Preventative is Worth A Pound of Cure

Do Not Wait Till Its Too Late, We Have The Preventative

Cough and Cold Cures, Disinfectants, La Grippe, Sore Throat Remedies, etc., etc.

CALL IN—NOW IS THE TIME FOR PRECAUTION

Morris Pharmacy

Influenza is Dangerous

Be prepared against the dreaded SPANISH INFLUENZA—Have a bottle of the most modern Antiseptic in your home—Use it as directed for solutions for spraying Throat and Nose, sprinkle on your clothes and in other ways to keep you free from disease.

CAMPHENOL is its name—and sold only in this town by us
Prices.....10c, 25c, 50c

Recommended and adopted by the city Board of Health of Boston and New York.

DICKISON & TROY,

C. M. DICKISON Optician JOHN H. TROY Druggist

GRAVENSTEIN APPLES

We have them now and they are good—No. III, a nice family Apple small but clean at \$3.50—Domestic equal to No. 1 at \$4.50

ONTARIO GRAPES—A large shipment to arrive this week, Concord Niagara, Red Roger and Delaware also a few basket Quince.

OVERSEAS MAILING BOXES—Three sizes, one price: 15c, the best Overseas Box offered.

SAUSAGES—We are receiving them three times a week, they are Hopkin's and always fresh 28c—Cape Cod Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, Squash, Cabbage, Carrots, Beets, Turnips and Potatoes.

TEA—Our bulk Tea at 50c, 60c and 70c is pleasing your neighbor, it will please you—Mann's Chatham Bread at 13c, Robinson's St. John Bread at 14c Rolls and Colonial Cake.

SEABLES GROCERY