

Bible where the living preacher cannot go... In these living preachers cannot go...

8. We should avoid the natives of every opportunity to meet the natives of every...

Another fact worthy of notice is, that here we meet with persons, both male and female...

Provincial Wesleyan THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1859.

In consequence of the official relation which the papers assume to the Conference of Western States...

Methodism in the Army. The meeting held at Centenary Hall on the 21st of March last, to receive the Report of the Wesleyan Chaplaincy at Aldershot...

The mission has been in operation less than two years. In that time it has gradually risen from humble beginnings to a position of great importance and most encouraging usefulness.

We do not know of any step taken by the British Conference in which more of wisdom and of the spirit of Christianity has been displayed than in the establishment of this mission at Aldershot.

The speech of Mr. Osborn, from which we have been tempted to draw so largely, was followed by one from the veteran Major General Alexander.

"Such an occurrence," he said "indeed might be happening every day to any one of their fellow Christians who might be in the army."

"It was a very noble fact," he said, "that the great work of God called Methodism had been from the beginning mixed up with the army, and that Methodism had derived so great an advantage from the army."

The list, too, might be enlarged by the names of the good Local Preachers and Class Leaders in various ranks, who diligently employed their influence amongst their comrades and also in the general society, and rendered valuable services of a spiritual character, to civilians.

It was not, indeed, required of the soldiers to cast a few grains of incense on the altar, but to pay respect and adoration, as far as that went, to that idolatrous host which was taken from the altar and carried in procession through the streets.

Alas, it is the same story everywhere—Rome is rapidly rising to ascendancy, both in England and in her Colonies, by force of her own persistent efforts, and through the treachery of politicians.

We must relieve the picture, thus darkened by the portentous shadow of Popery, by a passage from Dr. Ryle's closing address. Among other causes for gratulation which he enumerated,

"No sooner has the Spring's voyage terminated, than another ordeal awaits the members of various circuits,—the Summer's trip to Labrador; and its character may be partially learned from the fact that for several years the part consisted of a long and arduous journey."

Our Legislature, among other business, is just now discussing the desire of the large majority of Wesleyans in the District, as set forth in various petitions from the several Circuits, demanding a subdivision of the Protestant educational grant.

Revival Intelligence. Extract of a letter from the Chairman of the Annapolis District, in which he speaks of you that the good work has extended to Margaretville. I was there the whole of last week holding meetings two, and in some instances three, times a day.

Letter from Newfoundland. We have glanced over the rich pages of the Wesleyan News and again for some notice of the weather in Nova Scotia during this, to us, long and tedious winter; but that otherwise communicative organ has persisted in refusing a solution of our query.

With such a prospect it was perfectly natural that our speculating men should feel anxious respecting the success of the sailing voyage, and the prospect of a profitable business followed by keen anxiety, the barbers being constantly filled with ice by easterly winds during the first week in March.

Such excitement! Telegraph operators are employed in reporting arrivals and counts of latest arrivals. Merchants are pacing the streets with eager looks, and diligently comparing statements, while every new particular is being anxiously discussed.

According to the unofficial but very positive statement which appeared on Monday, the 12th inst., Austria has discovered the hostile intentions towards Sardinia which the emissaries of that Power, notoriously the real instigator of war, have imputed to him.

But after prayerful reflection, she would not incur the fearful responsibility of deciding against his conscience, and told him to go to the harem, and she would go with him. To the astonishment of the Legislature, declining the nomination, and announcing his retirement from political life.

What renders the case more remarkable, is the fact that before the declaration of the United States Senatorship, by a legacy left him in England, he became possessed of an ample fortune.

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Improved appearance, and sterling worth must recommend it. A.L.R.N. Newfoundland, April 6th, 1859.

The Congress on Italian Affairs.

The Monitor of yesterday assigns to Russia the credit of having proposed the assembling of a Congress on the affairs of Italy in some neutral city, to which the plenipotentiaries of the five Great Powers...

Both these cases are of recent occurrence. Of course, Catholics, residing in sections where such things would not be allowed, will deny it too, and call them "Protestants."

A Remarkable Life. A late number of the New Orleans Christian Advocate contains an interesting sketch of a man, who came in boyhood from Scotland to Galveston Island; studied law, became a successful practitioner; served in the wars against the Mexicans and Indians, as a comrade of Samuel Walker and Adolpho Gillespie; was taken prisoner by the Mexicans and narrowly escaped perishing; became a leader of the public affairs of his State, while at the same time he was an active "abolitionist" in the Methodist Church; and finally, in the year 1857, was generally designated in all parts of the State as the first choice of his party to succeed General Houston in the Senate of the United States.

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alliance with England, to be cordial and friendly, ought to be the result of the policy which is the best part of English policy—a respect for treaties, and such a desire for liberty among the Continental nations as expresses itself not by violent interference and menaces, but by unselfish advice and the example of liberty at home.

Romanism as it Was and Is.

A correspondent of the New York Observer, writing from Chester, Ill., gives the following. "Some months ago, one of our Sabbath school scholars—a little girl of seven or eight years—died. Her parents were Roman Catholics, although sending their children—two boys and two girls—to our schools; and when their daughter died, they sent to the priest—living at the old town of Kaskaskia, seven miles above us—to come and bury her. He did not come, but they got our Episcopal minister, an aged and excellent man, to perform the necessary rites. The child was buried in the Catholic burying ground, and the Roman Catholics were so incensed, that they came near putting the minister out of the grounds, and threatened to dig the hole and throw the body into the street, if the priest did not remove it. Afterwards the father abused him in the church, and when the father, who had left the church and waited for him at the door, remonstrated with the priest for abusing him and his family, some of the others drew knives and threatened to cut him in pieces if he did not leave the church."

In the same paper, another correspondent writing from Bayfield, Wisconsin, relates a case of "Bible burning" thus: "A Roman priest went into the house of an Indian family belonging to the Protestant Mission at Bad River, under the patronage of the American Board, and in the absence of the woman, took their Bible, which Mr. Wheeler, the missionary, had given them, and committed it to the flames. Some Sunday school books and religious tracts have been burned in Bayfield, at the instigation of this same priest."

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Hungary; two or three of whom were executed, and the vigilance of Austria rendered his schemes abortive.

Provincial Legislature.

House met at 12 o'clock, April 19, 1859. Hon. Atty General by command, laid on the table the Calendar of King's College, Windsor, for the past year, which, through some inadvertence in the day-book presented to go before the Education committee.—A letter from the Hon. Prov Secretary, by command, laid on the table the report for St. Mary's College, Potosi Academy, Mount Allison Academy, and the Free Church Academy.

The house resolved itself into committee on bills. As to a bill concerning the Common of Halifax, the committee divided in opinion, a portion of them thought, that as the matters referred to, were about to be litigated upon, they could not recommend any legislation. They also reported against the bill, which related to the city of Halifax, on the same grounds as the casting vote of the chairman.

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