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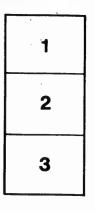
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DIRECTIONS

Navigating on Part of the N. E. Side of NEWFOUND-LAND, and in the Streights of BELL-ISLLE.

N. B. All Bearings and Courfes bereafter-mentioued, are the true Bearings and Courfes, and not by Compass.

N the N. E. Coaft of Newfoundland, about 2 Leagues from the Main, are two Islands, the Northermost of which is called Groias, the North-Isle Groias. Miles Distance from this North end are fome Rocks high above watet.

The Harbour of Corque bears N. W. by W. half W. 2 Leagues from the Croque. North-end of Groias Ifland, the Entrance is not eafily diffinguifhed by Starngers till you draw near it, then you will difcover a finall Ifland, or Rock clofe to the South-head of the Harbour, you may fland boldy in with the Land, there being no Danger but what fhews itfelf, and lies very near Shore; as foon as you are within the Heads you will open the two Arms, that to the S. W. is not fafe to Anchor in, being foul ground, and open to the N. E. Winds; you may run up into the N. W. Arm until you are Landlock'd, and Anchor where you pleafe, from 16 to 10 Fathom Water, every where very good Ground. This is an excellent Harbour very convenient for the Fifhery, and plenty of Wood and Water.

From the North-end of Gorias Ifland, along the Coaft to the White Iflands, the true Courie is N. by E. 12 Leagues, but to give these Islands, and the Braha Shoal a proper Birth, make a N. N. E. Course.

Between Croque and the Bay of Griguet are feveral good Harbours, with Courfe from excellent Fifting Conveniencies, particularly Great and Little St. Julian's Groiastothe Grand/way, Waterman's-Cove, Whites-Arm, Zealot, Fefbot, Goofe Cove, Craimiliere, St. Anthony, and St. Lunare, which are not yet accurately furvey'd, but are laid down in the Chart according to good Sketches and Obfervations, taken by Officers of the King's Ships on that Station; there is no Danger on the Coaft but what lies very near the Shore, except the imall Shoal of Braba, Braha Shoal, which lies directly off the Bay of the fame Name, 4 Miles from the Land, on

'The Bay of Griguet is fituated on the N. E. Coaft of Newfoundhard, in the Griguet Bay Latitude of 51° 32' North; it is form'd by Stormy Cape to the North, and and its con-Wbite.Cape to the fouth, and contains feveral good Harbours for Shipping of bours and all Kinds, wherein are many Fifting Conveniencies.

This Ifland lies in Girguet Bay, it is very high in the Middle, like the Back Camels of a Camel, and in failing along the Shore is difficult to be diffinguifhed from Ifland the Main.

The North Harbour lies within Stormy Cape, at the Entrance of which is a North Har-Rock above Water; you may go on either Side of this Rock, it being bold bour. too all round, and Anchor near the Head of the Harbour in 6 Fathom Water; in the Entrance that leads to the N. W. and S. W. Harbours, is a fmall rocky Island, which makes the Paffage into those Harbours narrow; the fafest Paf-

fage

fage is to the Northward of this Ifland, giving the Point at the Entrance of the N. W. Harbour a little Birth; as foon 35 you are within the Ifland you will open the two Harbours ; that of the N. W. which is the largeft, runs in N. W. N. W. Har- near 2 Miles; to fail up to the Head of the Harbour, the West-fide is the fafeft; you will at first have 14, 16, and 18 Fathom Water, and after you are a little within the Point will meet with a Bank whereon is 7 and 8 Fathonr; being over it, you will again have 16 and 17 Fathom, and as you approach the Head, will floalen your Water gradually to 5 Fathom, every where good " anchoring and fheltered from all Winds.

S. W. Har-The S. W. Harbour runs in near 2 Miles behind Camel's Island, it is but a narrow Arm, and hath in it from 10 to 4 Fathom Water; there is a Shoal at the Entrance, but neither it, or the Harbour are yet fufficiently examined, to give any Direction about it here.

The two Iflands of Girguet lay on the outfide of Camel's Ifland, and together form between them feveral small, but very snug Harbours for Fishing Vessels.

From Stormy Cape to Cape de Grat, on the Island of Quirpon is N. by E. Harbour Little Quirpon. diftant 3 Miles and a half; between which is the Harbour of Little Quirpon, formed by the Island of that Name; there is no Danger going in, but the Shore itfelf; its a small fafe fnug Harbour, where Fifthing Ships Moor Head and Stern.

Quirpon Island, which is the S.E. Point that forms the Entrance of the Island Quir-Streights of Bell-Ifle, is barren and mountanious; Cape de Grat on the S. E. Side, and the highest Part of this Island may be seen in clear Weather 12 Leagues.

WhiteIflands These Islands lay between Griguet and Cape de Grat, about 2 Miles and a half from the Land, they are but fmall and of a moderate Height; on the infide of them are fome Rocks, both above and under Water, but not dangerous, as they difcover themfelves even in fine Weather; and the Paffage between them and the Main, which is half a League wide, is very fafe.

De Grat and Pidgeon Coves.

Harbour of pon.

These Coves lay on the S. E. fide of the Island of Quirpon, and to the Northward of Cape de Grat, in the Mouth of which are fome fmall Iflands and Rocks above water; behind these Islands are Shelter for Shipping in 4 Fathom Water, and convenient Places for Fifhing.

The Paffage into this Harbour is on the N. W. fide of the Ifland of the fame Great Quir-Name, between it and Graves's Ifland, which is an Ifland in the Mouth of the Harbour; in approaching the Entrance you may make as free as you pleafe wich the Island Quirpon, there being no Danger but what shews itself usftil you come to the Entrance of the Harbour, where there are Shoals on your Larboard-fide, which you avoid by keeping Black-bead upon Quirpon open of all the other Land, until Cape Raven is brought over Noday Point, then haul in for the Harbour, keeping about half a Cable's Length from the Point of Graves's Ifland; it is every where good Anchoring within the faid Ifland, and Room and Depth of Water for any Ships, and good Ground; the beft Place is in 9 Fathom Water up towards the upper End of Graves Island, abreaft of Green Ifland, which lies about the Middle of the Harbour. The Paffage to the inner Harbour on either Side of Green Ifland, is very good for Ships of a moderate Draft of Water, through which you will carry three Fathom; and above the Island is exceeding good Anchoring in 7 Fathom; there is a Passage into this Place through little Quirpon, but it is too narrow and intricate for Veffels to attempt, unlefs well acquainted : In and about Quirpon are excellent Conveniences

bour.

bour.

Griguet Jilands.

pon.

veniences for great Number of Ships, and good Fifhing Grounds about those Parts : All the Land about *Griguet* and *Quirpon* is Mountanious, and appears a Barren Rock.

This Harbour, which lies a little to the W. ward of Quirpon, runs in S. S. W. Noddy Harbetween Noddy Point and Cape Raven, which form the Entrance of the Harbour. bour; there is no Danger in going in; the Passage in is on the West-fide of a finall Island that lies about three-quarters of a Mile within the Heads, and you Anchor as foon as above it in 5 Fathom Water; or with small Vessels you may. run up into the Bason, and Auchor in 2 and a half or three Fathom; within the Island on the East-fide of the Harbour is a Stage, and very convenient Rooms for many Fishing Ships.

In turning up towards Quirpon and Noddy Harbour, you may fland pretty Gull Rock, near to the Gull Rock and Maria Ledge, which are above Water, and both of MariaLedge, them about half a League from the Land of Quirpon; the Paffage between and N.W. them is also half a League wide, and very fafe, taking Care only to keep near Ledge. to Gull Rock to avoid the N.W. Ledge, which Ledge doth not appear but in bad Weather; in the Paffage between the N.W. Ledge and the Main, are many Rocks and fhallow Water.

The Courie from Bauld Cape, which is the northern Extremity of Quirpon Sacred to the Great Sacred Ist nd, is Weft 2 Leagues; this Courie will carry you the Islands. fame Diffance without Gull Reek, as you pass without Bauld Cape. Little Sacred Island lies E. S. E. from the Great Island 1 Mile, the Passage between them is very fate, and you may fail round them both; they are high and bold: Within them, to the S. W. is Sacred Bay, which is pretty large, wherein are Sacred Bay. a great Number of small Islands and Rocks above Water; the Land at the Bottom of this Bay is covered with Wood: This Place is reforted to only for Wood for the Use of the Fishery at Quirpon, Griguet, and Places adjacent, where Wood is fearce.

From Great Sacred Island to Cape Norman the Course is West 13 Miles, and Cape Onion. to Cope Onion, is S. W. by W. 2 Miles; this Cape is the North Point of Sacred Bay, it is pretty high and steep, near to which is a very remarkable Rock, called the Mewssione, like the Mewssione in Plymouth Sound; to the Southward of the Mewssione is a small Cove, where a Vessel may lie in Safety.

From Cape Onion to Burnt Cape, the Courfe is W. S. W. Diffance 5 Miles; Burnt Cape. the Shore between them is bold, and of a moderate Height; Burnt Cape appears white, and rifes gradually from the Sea to a tolerable Height: On the Eaft Side of the Cape lies the Entrance to the Bay Ha Ha, which runs Bay of Hain S. S. W. 2 Miles; when within Burnt Cape, you may anchor in fix or feven Ha. Fathom, open only to N. Winds; or you may run up into the Harbour, where you lie land-locked in 3 Fathom. Here is good Conveniencies for Fifthing-Ships, and Plenty of Wood for their Ufe. Cape Norman, from Burnt Cape bears N. W. by W. 4 W. 7 Miles. Between them is the Bay of Piftolet, Bay of Piftowhich runs in S. S. W. and extends feveral Miles every Way, with good an let. choring in moft Parts of it, particularly on the Weft-fide, a little above the Hands, which lie on the fame Side in 5 Fathom Water. The Shote about this Eay is tolerably well covered with Wood, Boats frequently come here for Wood from Quirpor.

This is a finall Harbour within the Iflands, at the N. W. Part of *Piftolet* Bay, Cook's **A** and 2 Miles to the S. E. of *Cape Norman*; to fail into it, you must take Care bour. and give the *Norman* Ledges which lie E. N. E. 1 Mile off the North Point, a

A 2

good

good Birth. In going along Shore, the Mark to keep without these Ledges is, to keep all the Land of Burnt Cape open without the outermost Rocks, which lie on the South Side of the Entrance to this Harbour; if you are going in, as foon as you judge yourfelf to be to the Southward of the Norman Ledges you must steer in for the Harbour, leaving the Islands on your Larboard-fide; you must keep the South Shore close on board, for fear of a Ledge of Rocks which fpits out from a finall rocky Ifland, on the other Side; as foon as you are within that Ifland, you muft haul over for the North Shore, and anchor in 4 or 5 Fathom Water. In this Harbour might be made feveral very convenient Fishing-Rooms, and in the Coves between it and Cape Norman might be built Stages for the Boats to refort to, and to cure Fifh.

Cape Norman is the Northermost Point of Land in Newfound'and, lies in

Cape Nor man.

bour.

the Latitude of 51 Deg. 38 Min. 23 Sec. North, it is of a moderate and even Height, and a barren Rock for fome Miles in the Country. From Cape Norman a W. S. W. Courfe, between 9 and 10 Leagues, will carry you a League without Green Mand; all the Shore between them is bold, and of a moderate and equal Height for feveral Miles into the Country; but a good way inland is Poat Hara Chain of high Mountains, lying parallel with the Coaft. Between ; and 4 Miles to the Weftward of the Cape is a Cove, wherein fmall Veffels and Boats may lie very fecure from all Winds, except N. E.; from this Place to Green Island there is no Shelter on the Coast. In turning between Cape Norman and Green Island in the Night, or Foggy Weather/ you may fland in for the Land with great Safety, into 25 Fathoin Water, until you are nearly the Length of Green Island ; you will then have that Depth of Water very near the Shore, and likewife on the outfide of the Ifland itfelf.

This Island lies three Quarters of a Mile from the Main, is two thirds of a Mile in Length, very low, narrow, and agreeable in Colour to the Name it bears; from the East End stretches out a Ledge of Rocks, three Quarters of a Mile to the Eaftward, whereon the Sea breaks in bad Weather. The Channel between the Island and the Main, wherein is 4 and 5 Fathom Water, is very fafe, and where veffels may anchor, if they find Occafion: The only Winds that can make a Sea here, are from the W. S. W. and E. N. E. ; to go in from the Westward, keep the Point of the Island on board for the deepest Water, which is 4 Fathom, and going in from the Eaftward, keep the Main

· on board. The Diftance from this Ifland to the opposite Part of the Coaft of Labradore, called Cafiles, or Red Cliffs, doth not exceed 3 Leagues and an half; they bear from each other N. W. and S. E. and is the narroweft Part of the Streights of Bell-Ifle.

From Green Island to Flower Ledge (which lies near half a League from the Courfes from Green Island Shore) a W. S. W. Courfe 3 Leagues will carry you half a League without the Ledge; from Flower Ledge to the Bay of St. Barbe, the Courie is S. S. W. 5 Miles, and to Point Ferolle S. W. 2 S. 7 Leagues. Five Miles to the West-

ward of Green Island is Sandy Bay, wherein small Veffels might ride in 3 and 4 Fathom Water, with Southerly and S. W. Winds. Between Green Island and Sandy Bay is Double Ledge, which ftretches off from the Shore near half a Mile, whereon is 8 and 9 Feet Water.

Savage Cove, which is 2 Miles to the Westward of Sandy Bay, is small, will admit only fmall Veffels and Boats, in the Mouth of which is a fmall low Island; the Paffage in (which is very narrow) is on the East-fide of the Island, and you must anchor as foon as you are within it, in 2 and a half, and 2 Fathom

Green

Ifland.

te Ferrolle Point.

Sandy Bay.

Double Ledge.

Savage, Miftaken, and Namelefs Cores.

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which is fomething larger than Savage Cove, but not near fo good, being fhoal Water in every Part of it. Namelefs Cove lies 1 Mile farther to the Weftward, wherein is very fhoal Water, and feveral funken Rocks. One Mile right off from the Eaft Point of this Cove lies Flower Ledge, Part of which juft appears Flower at Low-water; vou will have 10 Fathom Water clofe to the off Side of it. Ledge and Betwedn it and Mylaken Cove, half a Mile from the Land, lies Grenville-Ledge, Grenville whereon is 6 Fect Water. Flower-Cove (wherein is 2 Fathoms and a half Flower Cove Water) lies juft to the Southward of Namelefs Cove; it may be known by fome and Seal White rocky Iflands called Seal-Iflands, lying a little to the Weftward of it; iflands. you muft not come too near the outermoft of thefe Iflands, for fear of fome funken Rocks near it. A little within the Entrance lies a Rock above Water, and a Channel on each Side of it: This Cove lies in Eaft, as doth Namelefs-Cove, and you muft nind not to miftake one for the other. Between Seal-Iflands and the Main is a Paffage for Boats, and Conveniencies for a Seal Fifthery.

From Seal-Iflands to Ancher-Point, which is the East Point of the Bay of St. Anchor Barke, the Courie is S. W. by S. 1 League; there is no Danger but what lies Point. very near the Shore, until you are the Length of the Point, where lies a rocky Ifland, from which firetches out a Ledge of Rocks S. S. W. one third of a Mile, which you must be mindful of in going in or out of the Bay of St. Barke. A little within Anckor-Point is Anchor Cove, wherein is 3 Fathom Water; it is fo Anchor very fmall that there is no Room in it to bring a Ship up, unlefs it be little Cove. Wind or Calm; the fafeft way is to Anchor without and warp in; there is Room in it for one Ship, and is a very fnug and convenient Place for one Fifhing Ship and for a Seal Fifhery.

The Bay of St. Barbe lies between Anchor-Point and St. Barbe-Point, which BaySt.Barbe. is the S. W. Point of the Bay; they lay from each other S. by E. and N. by W. half a League; it lies in S. E. about 2 Miles from Anchor/Point. To fail into the Bottom of the Bay or Harbour, muft give Anchor-Point a good Birth, and all the East-fide of the Bay, to avoid the funken Rocks, which lay along that Shore; the Bay will not appear to be of any Depth, and you must be well in before you can different the Entrance into the Harbour, which is but narrow, you must then fleer in S. S. E. keeping in the Middle of the Channel, and Anchor as foon as you are within the two Points, in a fmall Cove on the Weft-fide in 5 Fathom Water; the Bottom is Sand and Mud, and you lay Landlocked. Near this Place branches out two Arms or Rivers, one called the South and the other the Eaft; in the Eaft River is 3 Fathom Water a godd way up, but the other is Shoal; in these Rivers are plenty of Salmon; and their Banks are flored with various Sorts of Wood. Between the S. W. Point of the Bay, and Weft Point of the Harbour is a Cove, wherein are funken Rocks, which ftretcheth off a little without the Line of the two Points; in the open Bay is 7, 8, and 9 Fathom Water, but no fafe Anchorage, because of the N.W. and W. Winds, which blow right in, and cause a very great Sea.

About 1 League to the S. W. of the Bay of St. Barbe lies the Bay St. Gene-Bay St. Gene-Bay St. Generative; in and before this Bay lie feveral fmall Islands, two only of which are of neverive. any confiderable extent; the Northermost of these two which is the largest, called Current-Island, is of a moderate height, and when you are to the N. E. of it, the West Point will appear bluff, but is not high; if to the Westward it will

will appear flat, and white like Stone Beach; near half a Mile S. W. by S. from this Point is a Shoal, upon which is 3 Fathom Water; the other Island (called the Goofeberry-Ifland) lying to the Southward and within Current Ifland. hath a Crofs on the S. W. Point of it, from which Point flretches out a Ledge of Rocks, near half; a Mile to the Southward; on the South Point of this Ledge is a Reck that just covers at High water; the best Channel into the. Bay is to the Southward of thefe Iflands, between the Rocks above-mentioned and a fmall Ifland lying South from it, (which Ifland lies near the South-Shore) this Channel is very narrow, and hath not lefs than 5 Fathom at Low-water in it, the Courfe in is F. by N. before you come the Length of the afore-mentioned Rock, you mult be careful not to approach too near the S. W. end of Goofeberry-Ifland, nor yet to the Main, but keep nearly in the Middle between both; if you get out of the Channel on either Side, you will immediately fall into 3 and 2 Fathom Water, as foon as you are within the finall Ifland abovementioned, you must haul to the Southward, and bring St. Geneverve-Head . (which is the S. W. Point of the Bay) between the finall Ifland and the Main, in Order to avoid the middle Bank, you may either Anchor behind the fmall Ifland, in 5 and 6 Fathom Water, or fleer over with the faid Mark into the Middle of the Bay, and Anchor with the S. W. Arm open in 7 and 8 Fathom Water; it is very good Anchoring in molt Parts of the Bay, and pretty Convenient for Wooding and Watering; the inuggeft Place is in the S. W. "Arm, the Channel-going into which is narrow, and 4 Fathoni deep, There is a Channel into the Bay between Current-Ifland and Goofcberry-Ifland, wherein is not lefs than 3 Fathom Water, it is but narrow and lies close to the N. E. end of Goofeberry Ifland; there also is a Channel for Boats to the Eastward of all the Iflands. The middle Bank is a Shoal lying in the Middle of the Bay, that nearly dries at Low-water, it is pretty large and hath not lefs than 4 Fathom Water all round it.

6

Four Miles to the Westward of the Bay of St. Geneveive is the Harbour of Old Ferolle, Old Ferolle, which is a very good and fafe Harbour, formed by an Ifland called Ferolle Ifland, lying parallel with the Shore. The best Passage into this Hasbour is at the S. W. end of the Ifland, paffing to the Southward of a fmall Ifland in the Entrance, which Ifland is very bod too: When you are within this Ifland you muft haul up N. E. and anchor behind the S. W. end of Ferolle-Island in 8 and 9 Fathom Water, where you lie Land-lock'd in good Ground ; you may also anchor any where along the Infide of the faid Island, and find a good Channel up to the N. E. end thereof, where there is an exceeding good Place for Fifhing Ships to lie in like a Baton, in 5 and 6 Fathom Water, formed by three Iflands lying at the N. E. end of Ferolie-Ifland ; there is also a narrow Channel into this Place from the Sea of 2. Fathom at Low-water, between the Northermost of these Islands and the Main ; here is convenient Places for many Fifting Ships, and plenty of Wood and Water; on the outfide of these Islands are fome Ledges of Rocks a fmall Dittance off.

Dog-Ifland.

From the S. W. end of Ferolle-Ifland to Dog-Ifland is W. S. W. between 4. and 5 Miles; Dog-Ifland is only divided from the Main at High-water, is much higher than any Land near it, which makes it appear when you are a good way to the Eaftward to be fome Diftance from the Main.

Bay of St. Margaret.

From Dog Illand to Point Ferolle is W. S. W. 3 Miles; between them is the Bay of St. Margaret, which is large and fpecious, with feveral Arms and Iflands in the Bottom of it, abounding with great Plenty of Timber of the Spruce and

Fir

Fir kind, and watered by fmall Rivers; it affords good Anchorage in many-Rarts of it, particularly on the West-fide which is the best Place, as being the clearest of Danger, and most convenient for Wood and Water.

7

Between St. Margaret's Bay and Point Ferolle, is a finall Bay called New Ferolle. Ferolle, which lies in S. S. W. about 1 Mile, and is quite flat all over, having not quite 3 Fathom in any Part of it, and in fome Places not more than 2, and open to the N. E. Winds; there is a Stage on each Side of the Bay, and Room for as many more.

Point *Terolle* is fituated in Latitude 51° 02' North, is 2 Miles in Length, PointFerolle, of a moderate Height, and join to the Main by a low Neck of Land, which divides *New Ferolle* Bay from the Bay of *St. John's*, which makes it appear like an Ifland, at a Diffance; all the North-fide of the Point is very bold too, having 20 Fathom Water very near it; but from the S. W. Part firetches out a Ledge of Rocks into the Bay of *St. John's*.

This Part of the Coaft may be eafily known by a long Table-Mountain, in the Country above the Bay of \mathfrak{P} . John's the Weft-end of this Mountain, from-the Middle of the Point Ferolle bears S. by E. and the Eaft-end S. 50° 30'. E.

In turning between Green-Ifland and Point Ferolle, you ought not to ftand Remarks benearer the Shore (until you are to the Weftward of Flower Ledge) than half a tween Green League, unlets well acquainted; you will have for the molt Part at that Pland and Diffance off 20 and 24 Fathom Water; after you are above the Ledges, that is, to the Weftward of them, the Shore is much bolder, but the Soundings not quite to regular; you will have in fome Places 15 and 16 Fathom Water clofe to the Shore, and in others not above that Depth 2 Miles off; the Land between Green-Ifland and St. Barbe, next the Sea, is very low and in fome Places woody. The Land between the Buy of St. Barbe and Point Ferolle, is higher and hilly, the moft Part covered with Wood, and watered with Numbers of Ponds and fmall Rivers.

In the Harbour of Griguet, Quirpon, and Nody Harbour, it flows Full and Ofthe Tides. Change about E. by N. in the Bay of Piftotet, and Places adjacent E. by S.

In all which Places it flows up and down, or upon a Perpendicular; Spring-Tides 5-Bar and Nip-Tides 3 Fect.

At Green Fland S. E. Bay St. Barbe, and Bay St. Geneveive S. S. E. Old and New Ferolle about S. by E.

In all which Places it flows up and down, or upon a Perpendicular; Spring-Tides 7 Feet, and Nip-Tides 4 Feet

Before Quirpon in fettled Weather, the Tide or Current fets to the Southward nine Hours out of twelve, and fironger than the other Stream; in the *Streights* the Flood in the Offing fets to the Westward two Hours after it is high Water by the Shore, but this Stream is fubject to Alterations in blowing Weather.

A On the Coaft of Labradore, a little way in-land from Labradore Harbour, Our Ladies or Bay *Phillipeaux*, is a very remarkable Mountain, forming at the Top three Bubbies. round Hills called our *Ladies Bubbies*. This Mountain bears from the Bay of *St. Barbe* N. W. a quarter N. from the Bay of *St. Geneveive* N. 30° W. and from Deg-Island N. 14° 45' Weft.

Bell Isle which lies at the Entrance of the Straights, to which it gives Name, is about 7 Leagues in circuit and pretty high; on the N W. Side of it is a Bell-Isle. very fmall Warbour fit for fmall Craft, called Lark-Harbour within a little

Ifland

Island that lies close to the Shore; and at the East Point of the Island is a fmall Cove, that will only admit Fifhing-Shallops; 2. Miles N. by E. from this Point lies a Ledge of Rocks, part of which appears above Water, and / on which the Sca always breaks very high, you will have 20 Fathom close to this Ledge, and 55 Fathom between it and the Ifland; all about this Ifland is irregular Soundings, but you will not find lefs than 20 Fathom home to the Ifland, excepting on a fmall Bank lying N. W. 4 Miles from the N. E. end, whercon its faid is only 5 Fathom.

Red Bay.

Labradore.

Red-Bay on the Coast of Labradore, about 8 Leagues to the Westward of Chateaux is an exceeding good Harbour, with excellent Conveniencies for the Fifhery.

York or Cha-York or Chateaux Bay on the Coaft of Labradore, lies W. N. W. a quarter W. teaux Bay on 5 Leagues and a half from the Weft-end of Bell Isle, and N. W. half N. 8 Leagues and a half from the Island of Quirpon. In croffing the Streights from Quirpon to Chatcaux Bay, it is adviseable to fall in with the Coaft, a little to the W. ward of the Bay, unlefs the Wind be E. erly and clear Weather, as 6 there is not the least Danger to the W. ward, but to the E. ward are feveral low rocky Iflands. This Bay may be known by two very remarkable rocky Hills on Coffle and Henley Islands, which Islands lie in the Mouth of the Bay, those Hills are flat at top, and the fleep Cliffs, round them have fomething the Refemblance of Caffle Walls ; , but as these Hills are not diffinguishable at a Diftance, becaufe of the high Land on the Main within them, the beft Marks for knowing the Bay, when in the Offing, is as follows; all the Land to the Weftward of it is high, of a uniform even Figure, terminating at the Weft-fide of the Bay with a confpicuous Nob, or Hillcock ; about Chateaux Bay, and to the Eastward of it is hilly, broken Land, with many Islands along Shore, but there is no Islands to the Westward of it ; to fail into the Bay you leave both the Islands, on which stand the two Castle Hills on the Starboard-fide; and for large Ships to keep clear of all Danger, they must keep Point Grenville (which Point is known by a Beacon upon it) on with the Weft Point of Henley Ifland, which Point is a fmooth black Rock," and may be known by a fmall black Rock just above Water, about a Cable's Length without it) until you . are abreaft of the East Point of Whale Island ; then to avoid the middle Rock, on which is only 9 Feet, and which lies nearly in the Middle between the Eaft Point of IVbale Ifland, and the faid black Point of Henley Ifland; you muft haul over either clofe to the little black Rock, lying off the faid Point of Henley Island, or elfe borrow on the Whale Island, but not too near it, it being flat a little way off; when you are to far in as to open the narrow Paffage into Temple Bay, in order to fail up into Pitt's Harbo r, haul to the Weftward, until you bring the outer Point of Caftle Ifland a little open with Wha'e Ifland ; that Mark will lead you up into Put's Harbour, which is large and fpacious, with a good Bottom in every Part of it, and covered from all Winds; you lie in 10 or 14 Fathom; here is excellent Conveniencies for the Fifhery, and Plenty of Timber at Hand; formerly Ships from France carried on a most valuable Fifhery at this Place for Whale, Cod and Scals. There is a good, though narrow l'affage into the Northward of Henley Ifland, through which you carry 3 Fathom and a half Water; 1 Mile to the Eaftward of Henley Iflands lies Seal Iflands, from them to Duck Iflands 3 Miles and a half; between Seal Islands and Duck Island is Bad Bay, "which is open to the Easterly Winds, and full of Rocks, fome above and fome under Water.

Bad Bay.

Croffing

Croffing the Streights from Quirpon to Chateaux, you will meet irregular S undings. Soundings from 20 to 30 Fathom on the Newfoundland Side, and in Places near the Shore, you will have 30 to 40 Fathom; in the Middle of the Streights in the Stream of Bell Isle, is from 20 to 30 Fathom, and between that and Chateaux Bay from 45 to 80 Fathom; within a Mile of the Coaft of Labradore, to the Weftward of Chateanx Bay, you will have 25, 30, and 35 Fathom; further up the Streights, as fat as Cape Norman and Green Island, you will have 49 and 45 Fathom in the Middle, lefs towards Newfoundland, and more towards the Coaft of Labradore.

About 7 Miles to the Eaftward of Seal Iflands is St. Peter's Iflands, a Par-St. Peter cel of fnjall barren Rocks; within them is St. Peter's Bay, which is a good Bay open only to the S.E. Winds.

Cape Charles makes with a high Hill fleep towards the Sea, and floping in- Cape Charles land, for that when you are to the Westward of Chalecux, Cape Charles will make like an Ifland:

From St. Peter's Iflands to Cape Charles Ifland the Courfe is N. E. half N. D flance near 4 Leagues; between them lies Niger Sound, which is an Inlet NigerSound. 2 Leagues deep, before which lies feveral Islands. You may pass to the Northward or Southward of any of those Islands into the Sound; the Courfe in is N. W. the beft Anchorage is on the North fide in 9 Fathom Water.

From Cape Charles to the Battle Islands (which are the outermost of the Ca- Caribou and rilou Iflands) the Courfe is N. by E. half E. 4 Miles, and from the Norther-Battle most of the Battle Islands to Point Lewis is N. N. W. & W. 5 Miles; between Blands. the Battle Islands and the great Caribou Island is a good Harbour, for finall Veffels; the South entrance is very narrow and hath only three Fathom Water; this Entrance is not eafily diffinguished by reason of a small Island before it; the North Entrance is much wider paffing to the Weftward of the three finall No thermost of the Battle Islands; you may anchor from 5 to 10 Fathom Water. This Place is much reforted to by the Savages, and is by them named Ca-tuc to. And Cape Charles they call Ikkegaucheasteuc.

Between the Caribou Islands and Cape Lewis lies St. Lewis's Bay, in which St. Lewis are many Iflands and Inlets which have not yet been examined.

From the North-Part of Gape Lewis at a quarter of a Mile from the Shore are two flat Rocks, and also feveral funken Rocks, all which are within that Diftance from the Shore; round this Point is the Entrance of a finall Cove running in S. S. W. half a Mile, named Deep Water Creek, but very narrow Deep Water and hath from 20 to 40 Fathom Water in it.

From the North Part of Point Lewis to the South Head of Petty Harbour Petty Har-Bay, the Courfe is North 1 Mile and a half ; it is a high bold Shore ; from the bour. South Head to the North Head of this Bay the Courfe is N. + E. 1 Mile and half; this Bay runs up W N. W. 1 Mile; in it is 20 to 40 Fathom Water. At the Bottom of it is Petty Harbour; the Entrance is to the Northward of a low Point of Land which that's the Harbour in from this Sca, to as not to be feen till very near it; the Entrance is very narrow, it is not above 50 Fathom broad, there is 5 Fathom in the Middle, and 3 Fathom close to the Sides; the narrow Part is but fhort, and after you are within the Entrance the Harbour becomes wide, running up W. by N. a Mile and half, and a third of a Mile broad, wherein Ships may anhor in any Part from 12 to 7 Fathom,

and lie intircly Land-locked. From the North Head of Petty Harbour Bay to Point Spear the Courfe is N. half E. 2 + Miles; betwixt them is Barren Bay and Spear Harbour; Carren Bay is to the Northward of the North Head of Petty Harbour Bay, in it is no Shelter.

Spear Harbour.

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Port Char-

Spear Harbour is to the Southward of Spear Point, this is a very good Harbour; coming from the Northward about Point Spear, you will open two Islands in the Bottom of a small Bay; the best Passage in, is betwixt the two Iflands, and to keep the North Ifland clofe on Board, there is 4 Fathom along fide of it, after you are half a Cable's Length within the Islands steer for the Middle of the Harbour, and anchor in 7 or 8 Fathom, there is good Room to moor; finall Veffels may go on either Side of the Islands; there is 2 Fathom at low Water ; but obferve in coming from the Southward, you will only diffinguish one Island, for the Northermost Island will be shut in under the Land to as not to be differned till you get within the Heads.

From Point Spear to the Entrance of the I bree Harbours the Courfe is W N.W. about 3 Miles between them there are feveral finall high Iflands laying within half a Mile of the Shore called Spear Iflands; they are all bold too, and there is 20 Fathom within them, N. N. E. + E. from the S. E. Head of the Entrance of the 3 Harbours, lies two finall Islands close together, called Double Island, about as high as they are broad; and about half a Cable's Length to the Eaftward of them Iflands are 2 funken Rocks, on which the Sea breaks in bad Weather. Nearly in the Middle of the Entrance of the Three Harbours lies 2 Iflands close together, which mostly appear as one Island by being fo close together; they are fleep too; Ships may pais on either fide of them in 12 and 14 Fathom, and anchor within them in Queen Road in 16 Fathom; by the S E. end of the Iflands is the wideft Paflage, and room for Ships to work in or out.

The first and Southermost Harbour within Queen Road is Sophia Harbour; Sophia Harit runs up S. by E. 1 Mile and half, and has from 15 to 10 Fathem Water for that Diffance; then it tends away round a low Point to the Eaffward, and becomes a Mile broad; but thence is very fhoal Water, and only fit for imall Veffels.

Port Charlotte is the middle Habour, and a very good one for any Ships; there is a low flat Ifland on the Starboard-Side of the Entrance, and from this Ifland runs a Reef of Rocks a third of the Channel over to the South fide, to avoid which keep the South fide neareft on board, for it is fleep too, having 9 Fathom close to the Shore, therefore keep the South fide nearest till you are a quarter of a Mile within the Entrance, then you may anchor in any Part of the Harbour betwixt 12 and 17 Fathom, only giving the Starboard-fide a Birth of half a Cable's Length to avoid a fmall Reef that lays along that Side.

Mecklinburg Harbour is the Northermost of the three, and lies up N. W. half W. and W. N. W. 2 Miles; in the lower Part of this Harbour is 20 Fathom, but "in the upper i'art is no more than 12 Fathom room for Ships to moor; to fail up to the Head keep the Larboard-fide neareft, to avoid the Ledge of Rocks that lay along the Starboard-fide about 30 Fathom from the hore. These Rocks lay within the narrowest Part of the Harbour, and above the low Point on the Starboard fide; the beft Anchorage is at the Head of the Harbour.

St. Francis er Alexes River.

From the Iflands at the Entrance of the Three Harbours to Cape St. Francis, the Courfe is N. half E. about 5 Miles; between them is the Entrance into

St. Francis or Alexes River, betwixt 2 low Points about a Mile across; this River runs up about 10 Leagues, where the Water is fresh and a very strong Tide ; in it are many Bays, Harbours and Islands ; the first Part of this River runs up W. N. W. 3 Miles and a half. There are 4 Islands within the Entrance, 2 of which are on the Larboard-fide, and further up 2 on the Starboard fide; the outermost Island on the Larboard-fide, which is about a Mile within the Entrance, is a high round Island in the Shape of a Sugar Loaf with the top Part cut off; and is a very good Mark to fail in by; there is a Ledge of Rocks about half a Cable's Length from the S. E. Point of the Entrance; and E. S. E. half a Mile from the faid Point there is a flat Rock always above Water, with a Ledge of funken Rocks half a Cable's Length to the N. E. from it; and half a Mile without this flat Rock, on the fame Line with the Point, there is another flat Ifland with a Ledge of funken Rocks a Cable Length to the N. E. from it; in failing into this River, to avoid these Ledges, kcep to the Northward of the flat Islands till you bring the Sugar-Loaf Island, which is within River, a third of the Channel over from the S. E Point ; that Mark will keep you clear of the Ledges ; and to the Northward of them, you may either fail or work in, taking Care not to fhut the Sugar Loaf Island in with the N. W. Point, and bring it no nearer the S. E. Point then a third of the Breadth of the Channel; after being within the Points, there is no Danger but what is to be feen ; there is Anchorage within the 2 Islands on the Larboard-fide in 12 and 14 Fathom, but you will lay open to the N. E. the Veft Place to anchor within the first Part of the River, is in Ship's Harbour, which Ship Haris on the Larboard-fide about 2 Miles and a half from the Engrance where the bour. Course into it is S. S. W. 1 Mile and a half; at the Entrance it is + of a Mile broad, at the Head it is broader; there is 12, and 15 Fathom Water, and good Anchorage in fecurity against all Winds; at 3 Miles and a half from the Entrance the Courfe of the River is W. by S. 7 Miles, in the Middle of it are feveral great and finall Iflands : Sailing up along the South fide of the Iflands there is no Danger, and not lefs than 40 or 50, Fathom Water, but on the Starboard or North fide of the Iflands there is much lefs Water, and Anchorage all the Way up in 12 and 17 Fathoin. The Courfe up the third Part of the River is W. S. W. 4 Miles"; here is only two Iflands, on the Larboard or South fide of which is very good Anchoring in 12 Fathom; on the North fide is 30 Fathom Water; the Land about here is very high and well covered with Wood; here the Water is fresh, and 7 Miles further up is a Barr, on which there is not above 3 Feet at low Water, the River above that Barr runs W. and W. N W 6 Miles, but the Head of it is not yet known; by the rapid Stream probably it comes from great Lakes afar off.

One Mile to the Northward of St. Frances River there is a Harbour called Merchant-man's Harbour ; betwixt the River and this Harbour there are 2 or 3 Merchantfunken Rocks laying a Cable's Length off from the fecond Point from the Ri mens Harver; there is no Danger in failing into this Harbour; it runs in first W N. W. bour. and then W. about a Mi'e, it is 2 Cable Lengths wide at the Entrance, and 3 at the Head of it, where Ships may anchor in 12 Fathom Water.

To the Northward of this Harbour, round a fmall Point, there is an Inlet which runs up W. N. W. 5 Miles, where it turns to the Southward into St. Francis River; it is about one third of a Mile broad at the Entrance, and continues the fame breadth about 2 Miles up, and then becomes very broad. with an Island in the Middle shaped not unlike a Leg; there is no Danger in

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this

there is Anchorage in 12 or 13 Fathom. At about 3 Miles and a half within the Entrance, the lower Part of Leg Island forms 3 very good Harbours, with 7 and 12 Fathom Water in them : on the North fide of Leg Island there is a large Space about a Mile broad and 2 Miles long, in it is from 60 to 80 Fathom Water; from which to the N. W. is a Paflage into Gilbert's E.iver, Gilbert's which runs up from thence W.N.W. 6 Miles, and is about half a Mile broad, and from 50 to 60 Fathom Water in it; then Gilbert's River divides into two Branches, one to the W. N.W. 7 or 8 Miles, the other S. S. W. 6 Miles, the Head of which is within a Mile of St. Frances River; both thefe Branches are full of fmall Iflands, Rocks and Shoals on each Side, but in the Middle is good Anchorage all the way up from 10 to 20 Fathom; this River has also a Paffage Hare Island. out to Sca to the Northward of Cape St. Francis, between Hare Island and Fishing Islands; from St. Frances Island to the North end of Hare Island is . W. N. W. 2 Miles and a half ; within Hare Island there is a finall Harbour, to fail into it you must pass round the North end of Hare Island, there is from 12 to 5 Fathom Water within this Harboyr, and no Shoals in it; but the best Fishing-ships Harbour hereabouts is Fishing Ship Harbour, which is formed by 3 Islands lay-Harbour. ing along the Shore a Mile to the Northward of Hare Island; the best Passage into it is betwixt the 2 Westermost Islands, that Entrance bears from Hare Ifland N.W. There is no Danger in this Paflage; thips may fail right in N. W. up to the Head of the Harbour, and anchor in 12 Fathom; there is good Room for any Ships to moor ; there are two other Paffages to this Harbour, one to the Westward from the Entrance of Gilbert's River, the other to the Eaftward paffing to the Northward of all the Fifbing Iflands, and hath 7 Fathom through, but this is a very narrow Paflage and difficult for those not acquainted. From the Northermost Filbing Island to Cape St. Michael the Courfe is N. by W. 3 W. Diftance 6 Miles; this Part of the Coaft is bold too and very high Land.

Occafional Harbour.

River.

Two Miles to the Southward of Cape St. Michael lies Occafional Harbour, which may be eafily known by two large Rocks called Twin Rock, which lies about two thirds of a Mile without the Entrance, they lay close together, Ships may pass on either Side of them; the Entrance to this Harbour is betwixt 2 high Lands, and runs up S.W. about 2 Miles, then W.N.W. there is no Danger in this Harbour, both Sides are fleep too; and about 2 Miles up there is good Anchorage in 7 and 10 Fathom; the Winds betwixt the high Land at the Entrance always fets right into the Harbour or right out.

St. Michael's Bay.

From Cape St. Michael's to Cape Bluff the Courfe is N. by W. 4 Leagues; these 2 Capes forms the great Bay of St. Michael, which contains a great Number of Islands, Inlets, Rivers, &c. which are not yet known. Cape Bluff is

Cape Bluff a high bluff Land, and may be feen 15 or 16 Leagues; the best Place yet known for large Ships to anchor within St. Michael's Bay, is on the South fide, that is, first keep Cape St. Michael Shore on Board, then keep along the South fide of the first Island you meet with, which is called Long Island, till you come near as far as the Weft end of it, and there anchor from 12 to 20 Fathom; you will there lay Land-locked, and may work out again to Sea on either Side of Long Island. At the Entrance of this Bay is a large square Island, within which are many fmall Iflands which form feveral Harbours.

The Land from Cape Bluff to the Northward lies N. N. E. 5 or 6 Leagu s, and makes in feveral high Points.

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