

The Acadian

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLAW,

VOL. XIV.—No. 41.

Our Country, with its United Interests.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, August 3, 1881.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

WHOLE No. 717.

WAVERLY HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MICHIGAN, N. B.
This House has lately been refurnished, and very possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travellers.
LIVERY STABLES, with GOOD OUTFIT, on the premises.
ALEX. STEWART,
Late of Waverly House, St. John's. Proprietor.
Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1879.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MICHIGAN, N. B.
NEW BRUNSWICK.
This Hotel is very pleasantly situated, has recently been fitted up in FIRST CLASS style, is in close proximity to the C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.
Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.
JOHN FAY, PROPRIETOR.
Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877.

CANADA HOUSE,
CHATHAM, N. B.
WM. JOHNSTON, Proprietor.
CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor to court and attention to merit the same in the future.
Good Stabling on the Premises.
18th, 1879.

AL HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
The Finest in the province, is now open, and will find well served, and comfortable rooms, and elegant furniture, and all other conveniences.
18th, 1879.

ARKS,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
The Finest in the province, is now open, and will find well served, and comfortable rooms, and elegant furniture, and all other conveniences.
18th, 1879.

ICE Findings.
The undersigned has for sale, and is constantly on hand, a large quantity of good ice, and is prepared to deliver it at any time, and in any quantity, and at the lowest price.
J. J. FORREST,
Attorney-at-Law,
Newcastle, N. B.

James P. Mitchell,
Attorney-at-Law,
Newcastle, N. B.
Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.
Office—Public Buildings and Castle Street.
Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.
July 17, 1879.

Wm. Logan,
Manufacturer of
Laundry Soaps and Mould Candles,
importer of Caustic Soda, Sal Soda, Bi-Carb Soda, Resin, Tallow, &c.
April 30, 1881.

Executor's Notice.
All persons indebted to the Estate of Alex. Ferguson are hereby notified to make payment to the Subscribers within three months from date, and all persons having any claim against the Estate are hereby requested to hand in the same, duly attested, with in the time to
JAMES ROBINSON,
Executor of the Estate.
Dorby, N. B., 10th, 1881.

BOARDS WANTED.
Having fitted up and refurnished the building in Newcastle, owned by C. E. McKee, we are prepared to accommodate a number of boarders on reasonable terms.
JOHN & WM. McKEE,
Newcastle, N. B., June 14th, 1881.

Law and Collection Offices
—OF—
ADAMS & LAWOR,
Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., Real Estate, & Fire Insurance Agents.
OFFICES: NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST. M. ADAMS. R. A. LAWOR.
July 18th, 1879.

JOHN R. MALTBY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c. &c.
OFFICE—Over the store of James Fish, Esq., Commercial Wharf.
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
February 9.

L. J. TWEEDIE,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c., &c.
CHATHAM, N. B.
July 10, 1877.

JOHN McALISTER,
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Conveyancer, &c.,
CAMPBELLTON, N. B.
May 5, 1879.

R. B. ADAMS,
Attorney-at-Law,
Notary Public, &c.
OFFICE UP STAIRS, NOONAN'S BUILDING, Water Street, Chatham.
July 21-17.

Professional Partnership.
The Subscribers have entered into partnership as Solicitors, Attorneys, Notaries, &c., under the style of Davidson & Davidson.
OFFICES—In Chatham in the old Post Office, and Newcastle over the store of J. W. Davidson.
ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, Q. C.
ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, Junr.
March, 1881.

W. WATSON ALLEN,
Barrister-at-Law, Etc.,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC., ETC.,
SANDS BUILDING,
71 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Collections made in all parts of Canada and the United States.

J. J. FORREST,
Attorney-at-Law,
CONVEYANCER, &c.
Collecting promptly attended to.
OFFICE—Chubb's Corner, St. John, N. B.
April 27, 1881.

SEELY & McMILLAN,
BARRISTERS, &c.,
71 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Geo. B. SEELY. T. H. McMILLAN.

DR. McDONALD,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE
IN DESMOND'S BUILDING,
LOWER WATER STREET.
CHATHAM, N. B.
Chatham, June 22, 1881.

PETER LOGGIE,
Wood Moulding & Planing
MILL,
Near the Ferry Landing,
CHATHAM.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
FINISHING
For House or Ship Work, manufactured to order.

VENETIAN BLINDS, Doors and Sashes.
Pine and Walnut Mouldings,
Jig Sawing and Planing, a Specialty.
Estimates and Specifications furnished on application.
Orders attended to with despatch.
P. LOGGIE.

ROBINSON'S BLOCK,
MONCTON, N. B.
Orders taken for direct shipments of flour from Mills in car load lots, and drafts made direct on consignees. Flour a specialty.
Imports of all kinds of Flour, and Retail Dealers in Flour, Meal, Pork, Seeds and Groceries, Paints, Oils, Glass, Nails and General Hardware, Groceries, Crockeryware, &c.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
Samples of all kinds of goods sent on application. Every description of country produce taken in exchange.
Aug. 3, 1880.

A. O. SKINNER'S
CARPET WAREHOUSE,
BRUSSELS AND TAPESTRY CARPETS;
WOOL AND DUTCH CARPETS;
UNION AND HEMP CARPETS;
OILCLOTHS AND LINOLEUMS;
MATS AND HEARTH RUGS;
MATTINGS OF ALL KINDS;
LACE CURTAINS AND CORNICES;
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.
Orders from the Country promptly attended to.
68 King Street, St. John.
may 25

FITTS & CROCKET,
PRINTERS, PUBLISHERS, BOOK-BINDERS AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Old Books rebound and made as strong as new; Music bound in first class style; all kinds of blank books made at reasonable rates. Send for our list of prices. Particular attention given to the manufacture of Ledgers, Journals and Day Books. Orders left at Advocate Office promptly attended to. We have on hand a large stock of the CANADIAN FAMILY COOK BOOK, price 10 cents. Every Family should have one.
Aug. 9, 1880.

WILLIAM WYSE,
GENERAL DEALER,
Auctioneer & Commission Merchant,
CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
Merchandise and Produce received on Commission.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.
NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.
AUCTION SALES, and all Business in connection therewith, attended to promptly.
July 15, 1879.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
International Steamship Co'y.
On and after this date, and until further notice, will leave Newcastle for St. John, N. B., on the 15th inst., with good berth in forward Cabin.
To Portland, - - \$3.00.
To Boston, - - \$5.50.
H. W. CHISHOLM,
Agent.
St. John, June 6th, 1881.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.
The following Properties belonging to the Estate of the late William Mason, of Newcastle, are offered for Sale:—
THE LOT AND HOUSE
thereon on the corner of Castle and Henry Streets near the Ferry.
THE WATER LOT,
with buildings thereon, on Castle Street, adjoining the Ferry Slip.
THE LOT,
with House, Barn and Out-buildings thereon, situated on Henry Street, now occupied by Mr. John G. Keith.
Ten desirable and pleasantly situated
BUILDING LOTS
situate between the residence of A. A. Davidson, Esq., and T. W. Crocker, Esq.
A LOT OF LAND
in rear of the Railway Buildings, consisting of between six and seven acres, in a good state of cultivation.
The above properties are offered for sale on liberal terms. Apply to
WILLIAM MASSON,
Executor of the Estate.
Newcastle, August 10, 1880.

ELIGIBLE FARM BY AUCTION.
The subscriber will offer by Public Auction on the premises, situate at Belvedere, in the County of Gloucester, at 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 8th day of August next, that DWELLING HOUSE, (nearly new), SHOP and BARN, and containing altogether 66 acres.
Terms made known at Sale.
ANDREW MURPHY,
Belvedere, 2nd June, 1881.

Job Printing, plain and in colors, in first class style at this establishment.

J. W. Forster,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
RICHIBUCTO, N. B.
Always in stock, Flour of various grades, Cornmeal, Oatmeal, Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Cigars, and a variety of goods, which will be sold low at wholesale.
CONSIGNMENTS received and disposed of promptly.
AUCTIONS attended to throughout the County.
Richibucto, April 7, 1881.

E. BROAD & SON,
Manufacturer of Superior
CAST STEEL AXES,
and every description of
Edge Tools,
MILLTOWN, N. B.
April 20, 1881.

MILLINERY.
NEW SPRING STOCK.
JUST RECEIVED a full assortment of MILLINERY Goods, in all the new Shades and Shapes.
Ladies' Trimmed and Un-trimmed Hats.
Also—Wool of all kinds, an assortment of STATIONERY, Music and Fancy Articles. SHOP—Near opposite the Telegraph Office.
S. A. JARDINE.
Newcastle, April 12, 1881.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.
DRESSMAKING.
THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully inform the public that she has received a number of the above
POPULAR PATTERNS.
All orders will receive the most careful and prompt attention.
ANNIE DEWEY.
Newcastle, April 26, 1881.

NEWCASTLE
Millinery Establishment.
The Subscriber, returning thanks to the people of Newcastle and vicinity for past favors, wishes to inform the public that she has now opened at her Shop and Residence an excellent stock of FIRST-CLASS MILLINERY, which she will dispose of at Lowest Cash Prices.
A continuance of the patronage so kindly extended in the past is respectfully solicited. All orders will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
For sale by Post Office.
Shop, few doors from Post Office.
MRS. M. J. QUIGLEY.
Newcastle, May 22.

OILS, LAMPS, &c.
RECEIVED a large supply of CHANDLERY, and AMERICAN TABLE LAMPS, with latest Burners.
BRACKET, STUDENT & HAND LAMPS, in great variety.
Burners and Glass Shades all sizes.
WICKS, PAPER and GLASS SHADES and Lamp fixtures of all kinds, also for sale by the dozen.
American and Canadian Oil.
For sale by
I. R. CAMERON,
St. John, Jan. 14 Prince Wm. St.

PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.
THE subscriber offers for sale, the north westerly three fourths of Building Lot No. 19, situate on the easterly side of Henry Street, in the Town of Miramichi (formerly known as the Vanstone property) with the Barn thereon.
For particulars apply to A. A. Davidson, Esq., Newcastle.
Jas. H. WILBUR.
March 4, 1880.

BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.
Capital, - - \$1,000,000.
Reserve Fund, 275,000.
DRAFTS GRANTED ON
MONTREAL, NEW YORK, BOSTON, and all points in the LOWER PROVINCES.
Sterling Exchange Bought and Sold. American Drafts Negotiated.
Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on special deposits.
OFFICE—Rooms formerly occupied by R. E. Call, Commercial Wharf.
Hours—10 a. m. to 5 p. m. SATURDAY, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.
F. R. MORRISON, Agent.
Newcastle, May 23, 1881.

PATENTS
obtained for new inventions, or for improvements in old ones. Caveats, Trade Marks and all patent business promptly attended to.
INVENTIONS THAT HAVE BEEN REJECTED, we can secure patents in less time than those who are remote from Washington and who must depend upon the mails in all transactions with the Patent Office.
When Inventors send model or sketches we make search in the Patent Office and advise as to its patentability free of charge. Correspondence confidential, prices low, and no charge unless patent is obtained.
We refer to Hon. Postmaster General D. M. Key, Rev. F. D. Power, to officials in the U. S. Patent Office, and especially to our clients in every State of the Union and in Canada. For special references, terms, advice, &c. apply to
C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

Genuine Farina Cologne.
Rimmel's Lavender Water;
Cologne's Violet Water;
Rimmel's Toilet Water;
Rimmel's Toilet Cream;
St. Thomas Bay Rum.
T. B. BARKER & SONS.
St. John, July 15.

IMPORTATIONS FOR SPRING & SUMMER, 1881.
The subscriber is receiving this week the final instalments of a fine stock of
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
purchased in English and Canadian markets for spring and summer. These goods have been carefully selected, and upon examination (which is respectfully invited) will be found to compare favorably with any other house in the trade, both as regards
QUALITY AND PRICE.
It is impossible to enumerate the great variety of goods kept in stock, but would invite particular attention to the very full lines of
DRESS MATERIALS,
with Trimmings to match,
a well as a large assortment of MILLINERY GOODS.
D. MORRISON.
Newcastle, April 19.

NAVY BLUE FLANNELS,
—FOR—
Bathing Suits, Boating Shirts, &c.
CRICKETING FLANNELS!
For Baseball & Cricketing Suits.
NAVY BLUE SERGES,
FOR MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR.
Navy Blue Estamenes,
In Fine Grades, for Ladies and Children.
We have a Splendid Assortment of the above Goods, and having sold the same for a number of years, can strongly recommend them.
Manchester, Robertson & Allison,
27 and 29 King Street.
St. John, N. B., July 15, 1881.

BUDA.
BUDA.
BUDA.
JUST RECEIVED:
25 Bbls. above Choice
Patent Flour.
For Sale Low by
A. J. BABANG & CO.
Moncton, June 18.

SEEDS! SEEDS!
JUST RECEIVED AT THE
Newcastle Drug Store,
a fresh supply of
Garden & Flower Seeds.
Viz.—Beans, Peas, Carrots, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Green Corn, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Onions, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Pumpkins, Squash, Spinach, Tomato, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, also Purple Top Swedels, and Yellow Snowball Turnips, and I have the best assortment of
Flower Seeds ever imported into Miramichi.
—ALSO—
Flower Pots
in all sizes.
E. LEE STREET, Proprietor.
Newcastle April 12, 1881.

NOTICE.
To the Harbor Master, Pilots, Owners, Masters, and persons in charge of Vessels entering or leaving the River Miramichi:
The Department of Public Works of Canada, being about to resume operations at the Horse-shoe, for the improvement of the Channel, at the entrance to the Miramichi River, will from this date have the
DREDGE "ST. LAWRENCE"
engaged in performing the dredging required, and the said Dredge will have a number of Anchors, Cables and Lines for mooring purposes deposited in the channel and on either side of the channel, all of which when put down will be buoyed.
As, whilst working, it is not possible to shift or remove the Dredge, Vessels will be required to give it a wide berth, so as to avoid collision and damage.
By Order,
HENRY F. PERLEY,
Chief Engineer,
Dept. Public Works.
St. John, N. B., July 18, 1881.

TABLE SALT.
25 BBL. CHOICE TABLE SALT
IN 5 POUND BAGS.
For sale low by
JAMES E. MASTERS,
St. John, July 15.

VEGETINE
WILL CURE
SCROFULA.
Scrofulous Humor.
VEGETINE will eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula and Scrofulous Humor. It has permanently cured thousands in Boston and vicinity who had been long and painful sufferers.

Cancer, Cancerous Humor.
The marvelous effect of VEGETINE in case of Cancer and Cancerous Humor challenges the most profound attention of the medical faculty, many of whom are prescribing VEGETINE to their patients.

Canker.
VEGETINE has never failed to cure the most intractable case of Canker.

Mercurial Diseases.
The VEGETINE meets with wonderful success in the cure of this class of diseases.

Salt Rheum.
Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, &c., will certainly be cured by the great alterative effects of VEGETINE.

Erysipelas.
VEGETINE has never failed to cure the most inveterate cases of erysipelas.

Pimples and Humors on the Face.
Reason should teach us that a blotchy, rough or pimply skin depends entirely upon an internal cause and no outward application can ever cure the defect. VEGETINE is the great blood purifier.

Tumors, Ulcers or Old Sores
are caused by an impure state of the blood. Cleanse the blood thoroughly with VEGETINE and these complaints will disappear.

Catarth.
For this complaint the only substantial benefit can be obtained through the blood. VEGETINE is the great blood purifier.

Constipation.
VEGETINE does not act as a cathartic to debilitate the bowels, but cleanses all the organs enabling each to perform the functions devolving upon it.

Piles.
VEGETINE has restored thousands to health who have been long and painful sufferers.

Dyspepsia.
If VEGETINE is taken regularly, according to directions, certain and speedy cure will follow its use.

Faintness at the Stomach.
VEGETINE is not a stimulating bitter, which creates a distasteful appetite, but a gentle tonic, which aids nature to restore the stomach to a healthy action.

Female Weakness.
VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretory organs and allays inflammation.

General Debility.
In this complaint the good effects of the VEGETINE are realized immediately after commencing to take it; as debility denotes deficiency of the blood, and VEGETINE acts directly upon the blood.

Vegetine
IS THE BEST
SPRING MEDICINE.
Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.
July 30-4w.

Miscellaneous.
(St. John Globe).
The Acadian Convention.
MEMORANDUM, JULY 20.
This is a gala day for Memramook. It is estimated that there are five thousand and visitors present, of which 1500 are from P. E. I. Special cars were required to bring the P. E. Island contingent down.

The day's exercises began with High Mass, conducted by Rev. Father Richard, and then came the special services of the consecration of the new bells for the chapel, with a sermon from Father Labbe. We noticed among the distinguished visitors who sat as sponsors for the bells: J. D. Rheame, president of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, Quebec, & J. J. Choinard, secretary of the same Society; Rev. M. Montminy, Quebec; Pascal Porier, Esq., Ottawa; Rev. H. Girouard, Rev. M. Pelletier, Madawaska, Sir A. J. Smith, Sir Hector Langevin, A. G. Blair, M. P., and Jos. L. Black, M. P., occupied conspicuous positions in the audience.

At four p. m. the convention was inaugurated in the square to the left of the College. The Hon. P. A. Landry, gave the opening Address, who after a few words of welcome, said:—
Why are we reunited here today? Why are these distinguished strangers here siding with by their sympathy and their wisdom? For one thing only, it is the welfare of the Acadian French. The advancement of our race. Perhaps it may be asked if we, as Canadians, require these special efforts for our advancement? Do we realize the fact that in the race for education we are behind? Do we realize that our neighbors are more prosperous than we—that we are in a manner their inferiors? Yes, gentlemen, these things are patent to us, and as a skillful doctor makes a diagnosis of his case before prescribing the medicine, so we investigate the causes that keep us behind before we attempt to remove them. This, then, is why we are here. We wish to unitedly consult over the causes that retard our material progress. History tells us that our fathers, when they reached the shores of Acadia, possessed all the qualities requisite to success there. Their language in danger, their patience in difficulty, their devotion and heroism in the defence of all that was dear to them, have never been questioned. Have we, then, their descendants, lost those good qualities which so distinguished them? We say no. We affirm that their virtues and their language are our heritage. It is not time, then, for us to take advantage of our resources and of our disposition to better our condition? We recognize our inferior position, and, moreover, we recognize a laudable ambition to emerge from it. We wish in this reunion to recall the toils of our pioneer fathers in order to better appreciate their success and victories and so strengthen our hopes for the future. Their triumphs were in having passed through trial without parallel in modern history. Our glory is in having loyally preserved the faith of our ancestors and remaining faithful to their traditions and their language—the beautiful language of Jean Racine and Pierre Corneille, of Fenelon and of Bossuet. We have not forgotten! What do I say? Forgotten! It has hardly become enfeebled, though for years in constant contact with people whose tongue and customs are foreign to its spirit. These historic facts we wish to celebrate. We wish to utilize the fraternal sentiments that exist among the Acadians, and by our reunions know each other better and cement the union that already exists. We are descendants of a little people, once conquered, dispersed and despoiled in a shameful manner. As a conquered race we became accustomed to a deprecatory tone, to walk with bowed heads as it were, and to consider ourselves unable to compete by talent or merit with our more favored neighbors. In this we wish to change our position. We wish by this convention to estimate our resources. Subjects as we are of a good and gracious Queen, we live in a free and privileged country, where all may aspire to the highest positions and expect the loftiest degree of social and political advancement. We wish to develop this patriotic sentiment, the dearest heritage of a Frenchman. It is by union that our influence will be felt, and we can by these means advance our social and political and industrial interests. I ask you, is not a worthy aim for us to strive to be united? The majority of us each year witness from time to time with pleasure the exercises of our good college of St. Joseph or St. Louis. How many have not felt tears of gratitude spring up in witnessing the educational triumphs of our boys at such times? This keen emotion, those heart throbs, are the tributes you pay to the Acadian regeneration. The tears are tears of joy and do honor to our race.

Dealing with the idea advanced by some that the French race in America could never equal the English in power and influence Mr. Landry held that it was their duty to go on, to make sacrifices, in order to accomplish as much as possible, leaving generation after generation to take up the work, and in the end the harvest will be reaped. He added:—
We would not be worthy sons of those Acadian heroes who suffered all, sacrificed all, to transmit to us civil and religious liberty, if we faltered in the face of difficulties, if we hesitate to do good because we are not sure to draw all the fruit to ourselves, we can never be called on to suffer as our fathers suffered. Their names are transmitted to history; their descendants every day grow in influence. Our enthusiasm, however, is not to stir up discord. Peace and harmony reign in the breasts of our great Confederation family, French and English, in spite of the difference of speech and faith. May it always be so. As Acadians, however, we have traditions and aspirations which are our own. We are behind our neighbors, and this fact makes us seem inferior. Perhaps we have involuntarily aided the education that the sons of our country are now receiving. We are not diligent enough in cultivating our homes. We are too indifferent to literature. Note the reforms we have made in matters that seemed irredeemable before 1874. This convention of 1881 will further the good work then begun, and each subsequent convention will be one step further. On each page of our history we can find something to be proud of. With our English fellow-subjects we wish to join as good citizens and as Christians. Providence has given us as much influence as we have, and our countrymen only lack the same opportunities to develop our natural talents to compete for the gifts of the gods with them side by side. The time of persecution is passed. The spoliation of 1776 left us wanderers without resolution. By perseverance and toil and the homes we were deprived of. But our misfortunes have made us slow in procuring the education that the sons of our countrymen enjoy. Little by little, however, we have advanced and to-day there seems dawning for us a brighter future. Our numbers in Acadia after the expulsion did not exceed ten thousand, composed of little groups concealed in the forests and ignorant even of each other's existence. To-day we number more than 100,000 souls. Formerly we were represented in nothing. To-day we have men from amongst us in influential and honorable positions. In our Province, we have a member in the Dominion and three in the Local House, two sheriffs, four lawyers, five doctors, a school inspector, a municipal school inspector and a great number of Justices of the Peace. P. E. Island has two Acadians in the Local House, one being Attorney-General and the other has already occupied the position of Speaker. In Nova Scotia there are two Acadians in the Local House. I was pleased to visit the beautiful school of the present convention. They have not even superior schools. Why could not we here extend the hand to our less favored brethren? I asked them if they were young men, and you give me with force and ambition, enough families who wish their sons advanced, enough men to warrant educational advancement; and, gentlemen, if the present convention only gives an impetus in this one direction we will feel that we have attained an inestimable success, the memory of which will long redound to our credit.

Sir Hector followed, speaking nearly an hour. During his remarks he said the Convention had no political significance. He claimed that the French Canadians are now thoroughly loyal to British institutions and British laws, and he looked forward with great hope to the future of the country, as the rival of the United States, adding:—
"And how does their constitution compare with ours? Far inferior. Note the double honorific Senators seek to make the civil service a party machine. See the political strife engendered by their quarrels."

After the Convention met for additional reports from Committees. Before proceeding the President introduced M. Choinard, President of the Canadian Institute of Quebec, who stated that he had received instructions to name Hon. P. A. Landry, R. F. Richard and Rev. Pere Lefebvre as honorary members of that society. Dr. Dionn, of the Catholic Circle of Quebec, read a letter nominating Rev. Father Lefebvre, Rev. M. Dironard, Rev. M. Bourgeois, Hon. P. A. Landry, G. A. Girouard, Esq., M. P., and Hon. M. Arsenau, corresponding members of the last named Society. The Quebec Contingent withdrew in a body to take the train homewards.

A Daniel Come to Judgment.
Protest from a Canadian Preacher Against Accepted Opinions.
New York, July 23.—The Rev. C. A. Johnson, (colored), preacher of Hamilton, Canada, editor of *The British Lion*, lectured last night in the coloured church, 15th-street. The subject was, "Does the sun move, or the science of heavenly bodies, and the revolutionary powers of the earth and sun?" He said he was not of opinion that the earth revolves. He could not see why the division of day and night could not be produced by other causes than the revolutionary powers of the earth. He also doubted very much about this earth being round. He thought the ancients knew as much perhaps about it as we, and they said the earth was flat, in support of his belief that the earth is not round. He quoted from St. John's revelation, which speaks of a number of angels standing at the four corners of the earth. How could the earth be round if it had corners? He would not say how many corners the earth had, but said, "I know no better way than to take the Word of God as we find it." The lecturer was disposed to believe that the planets are inhabited like the earth. As to the views of the Rev. Mr. Jasper, of Richmond, that the sun moves, the lecturer said "very many people thought that Mr. Jasper was rather astray when he made the assertion that the sun moves. I have been content to believe just as Mr. Jasper believes. One proof that he was right is the motion of the spots on the sun. Let anyone observe these spots and they will be seen to move, and the rate of their motion will determine the sun's motion and that of the moon. Joshua commanded the sun and moon to stand still in the heavens. Would Joshua have done that if they were already still? Again—when King Hezekiah had no confidence in the Lord, and the Lord moved the sun back ten degrees, then we see that the sun rises and sets. The scriptures speak of "from the rising of the sun to the going down thereof," that means actual motion. Study up this subject, my brethren, and you will find it very hard to get over the plain teachings of the Scriptures."

Memramook, July 21.
Addresses in the open air were given on education by Hon. P. A. Landry, M. Biron, Rev. M. Pelletier and M. Choinard. Dr. Dionn, of Quebec, spoke on the subject of the national press, followed by Pascal Porier, Postmaster of the House of Commons, G. A. Girouard followed, reading several letters and telegrams of regret.

Hearty cheers were given for the Canadian brethren, the Acadians, and Canada and the press.
After the Convention met for additional reports from Committees. Before proceeding the President introduced M. Choinard, President of the Canadian Institute of Quebec, who stated that he had received instructions to name Hon. P. A. Landry, R. F. Richard and Rev. Pere Lefebvre as honorary members of that society. Dr. Dionn, of the Catholic Circle of Quebec, read a letter nominating Rev. Father Lefebvre, Rev. M. Dironard, Rev. M. Bourgeois, Hon. P. A. Landry, G. A. Girouard, Esq., M. P., and Hon. M. Arsenau, corresponding members of the last named Society. The Quebec Contingent withdrew in a body to take the train homewards.

Protest from a Canadian Preacher Against Accepted Opinions.
New York, July 23.—The Rev. C. A. Johnson, (colored), preacher of Hamilton, Canada, editor of *The British Lion*, lectured last night in the coloured church, 15th-street. The subject was, "Does the sun move, or the science of heavenly bodies, and the revolutionary powers of the earth and sun?" He said he was not of opinion that the earth revolves. He could not see why the division of day and night could not be produced by other causes than the revolutionary powers of the earth. He also doubted very much about this earth being round. He thought the ancients knew as much perhaps about it as we, and they said the earth was flat, in support of his belief that the earth is not round. He quoted from St. John's revelation, which speaks of a number of angels standing at the four corners of the earth. How could the earth be round if it had corners? He would not say how many corners the earth had, but said, "I know no better way than to take the Word of God as we find it." The lecturer was disposed to believe that the planets are inhabited like the earth. As to the views of the Rev. Mr. Jasper, of Richmond, that the sun moves, the lecturer said "very many people thought that Mr. Jasper was rather astray when he made the assertion that the sun moves. I have been content to believe just as Mr. Jasper believes. One proof that he was right is the motion of the spots on the sun. Let anyone observe these spots and they will be seen to move, and the rate of their motion will determine the sun's motion and that of the moon. Joshua commanded the sun and moon to stand still in the heavens. Would Joshua have done that if they were already still? Again—when King Hezekiah had no confidence in the Lord, and the Lord moved the sun back ten degrees, then we see that the sun rises and sets. The scriptures speak of "from the rising of the sun to the going down thereof," that means actual motion. Study up this subject, my brethren, and you will find it very hard to get over the plain teachings of the Scriptures."

Strawberries.

It is certainly a wonder that some of our Northern people do not go into the business of cultivating strawberries for sale. There is nothing to hinder strawberries of the finest description being raised to supply the local demand instead of having to import them from other sections of the Province. There can be no question as to their being money in it, looking at the prices paid for those imported. Our soil and climate must be suited to the growth of this luxurious fruit or the wild ones would not be obtained in such quantities. Our thoughts have been most pleasantly drawn to this subject by a sample dish we have been favored with by Mrs. John Niven, of this town. These were raised from plants procured two years ago, and are of the variety known as "Royal George," and are simply immense. Some of the samples were favored with must have weighed at the very lowest calculation between three and four inches, and were the largest we have seen on this side of the Atlantic, and far superior in size to any imported. Mrs. N. reports the yield as large in quantity as well as in size.

The President.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 1.—The President slept well during the night, and this morning is cheerful and expresses himself as feeling better than at any time since the hurt. After the slight rise of yesterday afternoon his temperature became again normal early in the evening, and so continues. He appears stronger and has evidently made great progress towards recovery during the last few days.

I. O. O. F. Extension at Halifax.

An exchange says that speedy progress is being made in the work of extending the International to West's Wharf. The track has been laid as far as the south gate of the dockyard, and the ballasting is almost completed. N. Glennon, engineer, whose superintendence the extension work is being done, expects to see a train pass over the line to the head of West's Wharf by the middle of the present week.

Great Run of Salmon.

A British Columbia despatch says that the run of salmon in Fraser river surpasses all precedent or calculation. Steamers and row-boats are laden to the guards. The fish are arriving at canneries faster than they can be packed. Hands are scarce and labor high. Many fish are thrown away as they cannot be packed. One boat just arrived, brings 100,000 salmon. Eight canneries require \$500,000 capital are in full operation.

Male, &c.

Orders taken at this office by J. J. Smith, for any style of the Mechanical Sewing Machine, which will be sold here, or at any address, at the lowest price. The instrument can be obtained in sample instrument can be sent to any residence. Mason & Co., 27, North Street, Halifax, N.S., are the sole agents for the Province, and will send you a full address, postpaid.

Seattle, is now trying to buy as many of our people as possible, by a call on the part of the United States Senators, and positions to be lightly prized. They are the highest offices below the Executive to which a citizen can aspire. Conkling and his friend Platt were the representatives in the Senate of the greatest State in the Union. The former had several years to serve. The latter had just won the prize after a hard contest and had the full term of years to his credit. Both threw down these great prizes, in full confidence that the New York Legislature would, by re-electing them, endorse their action and condemn the President. The result is that both Conkling and Platt have been left out in the cold, and two straight supporters of the Garfield administration go to Washington as Senators from the Empire State.

While the Grit press continues to reproduce the figures of the United States authorities as indicating an enormous emigration from Canada to that country since the present Government assumed power, the report of the chief of the Immigration Department of Ontario for the first six months of the current year shows that 23,878 immigrants from the United States had passed through the United States. Every one of these immigrants were classed as "Americans" and returned as such. It thus is made to appear that at an enormous expenditure of money, going on from the Dominion of Canada.

Sir James Fisher let out a secret the other day, which was that the surplus revenue for the fiscal year will be \$2,500,000. When the Grits were insisting upon a revenue tariff, they little understood the true effect of the Tilley Tariff to fill up the enormous financial chasm they had erected. But then they were always bunglers in finance, and mixed and muddled their figures in a manner which would astonish the lowest boy in the third form.—London Free Press.

London, July 23.—Edinburgh advises give accounts of a fearful storm on Thursday last on the coast of the Shetland Islands, which lie northeast of Scotland, in latitude 62° north, and are inhabited chiefly by a hardy race of fishermen. The islands during the summer are visited by tourists, but during the greater part of the year, few visitors come to them. The storm is described as having been extremely severe. Many fishing boats were destroyed, and more than 100 lives were lost.

ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT, July 26.—The French Catholic Bishop of Massara and four missionaries, who were on a tour of inspection of the Catholic missionary stations in Abyssinia, were captured by the natives, who pillaged and burned the church and mission house, robbed the prisoners of their clothes and sent them into the interior.

London, July 23.—The most Rev. Daniel McCarthy, Roman Catholic Bishop of Kerry, is dead. His residence was at Killarney. He was consecrated Bishop on the 29th of May, 1878.

We do not often make any editorial mention of the proprietary medicines advertised in our columns, but we believe it to be duty we owe to our readers to call attention to the advertisement of Dr. Ayer's Ague Cure which appears in issue of our paper.

We know from sad experience that more disheartening than the proaches and periodical attacks and misanthropic disorders. The remedy, as pointed out by Dr. Ayer & Co., has many years, and has proved a potent for disorders of this nature, which, a safe and harmless one to the system, composed entirely of vegetable ingredients, without either quinine or mineral salts, and is a most valuable medicine. Our Western people owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Ayer for the production of this valuable medicine. Its timely use will save much suffering, and we recommend it with the greatest confidence in its ability to do all that is promised for it.—Athena, Ark., June 1881.

Died. MacLeod, on the 29th ult., Bessie MacLeod, youngest daughter of Wm. and Mary Archer, aged 1 year 11 months 20 days.

Eaten Up By A Bear.

A TERRIBLE STORY.

Kingsport, O., July 25.—An account has been received of the terrible tale which befell a settler named Wilson, near the Mississippi, about seven miles from the point where the Kingston and Pembroke Railway strikes that river. A farmer of that region had set a trap a short distance from his house, and was surprised shortly afterwards to find the chain broken, and the trap gone. As it was afterwards proved, a large sized bear had got his leg in the trap and had broken away with it, carrying it a considerable distance. The unfortunate settler Wilson started out from his house in quest of some lost cattle, taking his little boy with him. They had penetrated quite a distance into the woods, when the latter, in getting over a fallen tree, stepped, without seeing him, upon the bear's piece of the trap still attached to the animal's leg. The bear already exasperated with the trap, sprang up and seized the man, who, being empty handed, was perfectly powerless to resist. Seeing that his own fate was inevitable, he shouted to his boy to run home, which the little fellow did, alarming his mother and the neighbors with the terrible news of his father's peril. Several men soon hastened back with him to the spot, but only in time to find the brute gnawing at the flesh of poor Wilson's remains.

Mr. Blake As A Figure-Head.

In Parliament on the 15th of April, 1880, Mr. Blake said of the expenditure on the Pacific Railway:—"Thus the ends make up together \$77,000,000, the centre and the past expenditure, \$42,000,000, making a total of \$119,000,000, and that wholly exclusive of the legitimate and necessary charge which must be added in all cases, the charge for interest on construction."

On the 15th July, 1881—a year and three months later—a friendly report on his St. John speech says:—"The proof is proved by a cold analysis of the bonus to the company ** that the company were getting over \$10,000,000 in cash, lands and completed works for a total work calculated by the Government to cost only \$37,000,000." Thus in 1880 he represented the cost as costing the Government \$120,000,000—a difference in his representation to the public of \$83,000,000. This appears to be a mere trifle in Mr. Blake's eyes, and not worth the trouble of considering or explaining. Perhaps "one of the greatest lawyers, orators and statesmen that Canada can boast of" will yet condescend to notice this little trifle of \$83,000,000.—St. John Sun.

New York Senatorships.

The election of Mr. Lapham as United States Senator in Mr. Conkling's place completes the victory of Garfield's Administration over Conkling and his "Stalwart" supporters. The United States Senators are now in positions to be lightly prized. They are the highest offices below the Executive to which a citizen can aspire. Conkling and his friend Platt were the representatives in the Senate of the greatest State in the Union. The former had several years to serve. The latter had just won the prize after a hard contest and had the full term of years to his credit. Both threw down these great prizes, in full confidence that the New York Legislature would, by re-electing them, endorse their action and condemn the President. The result is that both Conkling and Platt have been left out in the cold, and two straight supporters of the Garfield administration go to Washington as Senators from the Empire State.

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THE COAL TRADE.—The average number of cutters employed in the various mines in Cape Breton County last year was 661; the number at present is over 1000, which is a most remarkable increase. The exports this year will be the largest on record.

The cattle epidemic in Russia is supposed to be the Siberian plague, as in one case a peasant caught the disease and died.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY RECEIPTS.—The Intercolonial Railway receipts for June were \$147,097, against \$135,076 for the same month last year. The increase for the month is therefore \$12,021. The increase for the first six months of this year has been \$87,300. The receipts for June consisted of \$53,009 for passengers and mails, and \$74,088 for freight.

THE COMET.—At least, a Comet—was visible to the naked eye on Saturday evening, and with a good opera glass could be distinctly made out. It is near and to the south west of the polar star.—St. John Globe.

A healthy man never thinks of his stomach. The dyspeptic thinks of nothing else. In a dyspeptic a constant and painful pain in the man who finds himself suffering will spend a few cents for a bottle of *Loposa*, from Brazil, the new and remarkable compound for cleansing and toning the system, for assisting the digestive apparatus and the liver to properly perform their duties in assimilating the food. Get a 10 cent sample of *Loposa*, the new remedy, of your druggist, E. Lee Street. A few doses will surprise you.

MR. GEORGE SEWELL, of Monmouth, N. B., writing from Moncton, N. B., under date of May 7th, 1878, says:—"Dear Sir.—In January last I came to Moncton from Monmouth to consult a physician, as I was in the last stages of Consumption. When I arrived here I had at one time to my bed, and was so low that I could not get up. A physician was called who pronounced my case as hopeless; that I might live a week or two, but not certainly more. A last resort he recommended 'Robinson's Compound with Lacto-Phosphate of Lime.' I purchased a bottle and after taking a dose, as it is called, I felt a good, hearty meal. I have continued taking it ever since and am rapidly improving. I am confident that had it not been for your Oil I would have been in my GRAVE TO DAY. You are at liberty to use in this way any wish, as I am anxious to let others, who are afflicted in the same way, know in the hope that they too, may receive the same benefit."

Remains, dear sir, yours respectfully, &c. ROBINSON'S PHOSPHORISED EMULSION OF PURE LIVER OIL WITH LACTO-PHOSPHATE OF LIME is prepared solely by Robinson Bros., Pharmaceutical Chemists, 100, N. B. St. For the full particulars and General Directions. Price \$1.00 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.00. July 20, 1881.

Boschee's German Syrup. Can now be purchased right at home, it is the most successful preparation ever introduced to our people. It works like a charm in all cases of Consumption, Pneumonia, Hemorrhages, Asthma, severe Coughs, Croup and all other Throat and Lung Diseases. No person has ever used this medicine without getting immediate relief, yet there are a great many poor, suffering, skeptical persons going about our streets with a suspicious cough, and the voice of consumption, looking from their lungs that will not try it. If you die, it is your own fault, as you can go to your Druggist, E. Lee Street, and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it; three doses will relieve any case. Regular size only 75 cts.

ZOPERA, FROM BRAZIL.—In wonderful affinity to the digestive apparatus of the human stomach, its most surprising effect upon a torpid liver, its power in cleansing and toning the system, can be tested with a 10 cent sample bottle.—E. Lee Street. June 8-81.

NOTICE.—The Canada Advertising Agency, No. 26 King St. West, Toronto, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this Paper.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Russell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 100, N. B. St. For the full particulars and General Directions. Price \$1.00 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.00. July 20, 1881.

AFTER AN ATTACK OF FEVER, MEASLES, Diphtheria, or any wasting disease, HASTINGS' PEPPERMINT CURE is the best medicine to take. It gives lasting strength. DR. HASTINGS' CURE is often attended with most serious results. Hastings' Blackberry Cordial gives relief at once and cannot harm the youngest infant. Price 25 Cents.

HORNER'S Anti-Bilious Pills. SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER. Loss of Appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part. Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine. If these warnings are unheeded, serious diseases will soon be developed. HORNER'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

New Advertisements.

Excursions to R. The **Anchor, CAPT. BEAVER,** Cheap Excursion **TORONTO** on THURSDAY, August 4th, 1881, leaving Chatham at 10 a. m., and returning to bank at 4 p. m.

Fare 25 Cents for Round Trip. Newcastle, Aug. 1, 1881.

NOTICE. Parties having claims against the signed are requested to render same within ten days, and parties indebted to undersigned will find their accounts in office of Mitchell, Attorney at Law, to whom are requested to make payment on or before MONDAY, 15th inst., otherwise legal proceedings will be taken.

W. WATT. Newcastle, August 1, 1881. 3-3w

FOR SALE A PLEASURE BOAT. 35 ft long, 3 feet 6 inches wide, built by J. H. Smith, of Chatham, N.S.

AMERICAN OIL. Just received per shipper Guiding Star 25 bbls. above Water White

New Advertisements.**COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.**

The undersigned non-resident ratepayer of School District No. 2, Parish of Lunenburg, in the Co. of Northumberland, is hereby required to pay his School Rates for said District for the year 1880, as set opposite his name below, together with the costs of advertising (\$2.50) within two months from this date, to the undersigned, at Lunenburg, Northumberland, otherwise legal proceedings will be taken to recover the same.

1880. STEPHEN HOVEY, Sec. to Trustees. Lunenburg, August 1, 1881.

Potato Bugs.

IN STOCK: 1,000 LBS. PARIS GREEN. For sale by T. B. BARKER & SONS. St. John, July 27.

EXTRACT LOGWOOD.

JUST RECEIVED: 125 Boxes Extract Logwood. For sale low by T. B. BARKER & SONS. St. John, July 27.

Imperial Wood Measures.

JUST RECEIVED: 300 Sets Wood Measures; 10 Dozen Half Bushels; 10 Dozen Ball Boxes; 50 Crank Churns; 25 Cashers. W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square. St. John, July 27.

MASONIC HALL.

ONE NIGHT ONLY! WEDNESDAY, 3RD AUGUST.

HEALY'S

Hibernian Minstrels! Irish Brigade Band and Orchestra

Remodeled and Enlarged for the present Season.

More Acts Than Ever Before, EVERYTHING NEW.

2 Irish Red Men! 15 Vaudeville Artists!

The Beautiful Scenery of Ireland.

The entire Company appearing in Original Songs, Dances and Sketches.

POPULAR PRICES. ADMISSION 25 and 50 Cents. Reserved Seats on sale at E. L. Street's Drug Store, July 27-29.

BRIDGE NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS Marked "Tenders for Repairs of Bridge and Breast Work at John's Falls," on the Eglar River, according to Plan and Specification to be seen at the Subcontractor's residence, Molus River, will be received until noon, on SATURDAY, the 6th Day of AUGUST next, at which time Tenders will be opened.

The Supervisor does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

The Tenders to give the names of two responsible persons willing to become Sureties for the faithful performance of the Contract.

THOMAS STEVENSON, Supervisor. Molus River, July 23, 1881.

HOP BITTERS.

JUST RECEIVED: 144 CASES Hop Bitters. 6 cases Bitter. 4 cases Wye's Bitter. 2 cases Wye's Bitter. 1 case Cash. 2 cases Cash. 1 case Cash. 6 cases Cash.

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SHERIFF'S SALE.

TO BE SOLD at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of JULY, next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.

All the Estate, Right, Title and Interest

of Thomas Sutherland in and to all those pieces, parcels or lots of land situate, lying and being on the South side of the South West Branch of the River Miramichi, in the Parish of Bloufleur and County of Northumberland, and bounded as follows, viz:—Northerly or in front by the South West Branch of the said River Miramichi; Easterly by lands owned and occupied by John McGraw; Westerly by lands owned by George Sutherland, and on the rear by vacant Crown Lands, being all of the Lots, numbers 21 and 22, owned by the said Thomas Sutherland, and on which he at present resides, except that portion of Lot number 22 conveyed to the said George Sutherland by the defendant the said Thomas Sutherland; and being the same Lots originally granted to George Sutherland, deceased, containing 200 acres more or less.

Also, ALL THE ESTATE, RIGHT, TITLE AND INTEREST of the said T. Sutherland, in and to all that other lot piece or parcel of Land in the Parish of Bloufleur, abutted and bounded as follows, viz:—On the upper or Westerly side by Land granted to George Weaver, on the lower or Easterly side by Land owned and occupied by Kieran Bow, in front by the Queen's Highway and in rear by vacant lands—being the upper or Western half of that part of Lot number Fourteen in said Parish of Bloufleur lying on the North side of the Queen's Highway aforesaid, and being the lot of Land and Premises formerly occupied by Peter Sutherland, deceased, and being the said Thomas Sutherland, by Frederick Weaver, by Deed dated the 6th day of September, A. D. 1870, containing 50 acres more or less.

Also, All the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Thomas Sutherland, in and to all of that other piece, Lot or tract of land lying and being on the north side of the South West Branch of Miramichi River, in the Parish of Blackville, known and designated by Deed dated the 6th day of September, A. D. 1870, containing 150 acres, more or less, and conveyed to the said Thomas Sutherland, by Hugh Ferguson and Janet his wife, by Deed dated the 6th day of May, A. D. 1864.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Wm. Muirhead, and out of the Supreme Court by John McLaggan against the said Thomas Sutherland.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff of North'd County. Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, 1st March, A. D. 1881.

The above

METEOROLOGICAL.

Reported for the Dominion Gov't by
G. A. Blair, Esq.

JULY.

DATE.	Time.	Height of Bar.	Thermometer.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Thermometer.
Sun.	7.45 a.m.	29.82	68.5	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.82	68.5	78.6	55.5	
Mon.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
Tues.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
Wed.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
Thurs.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
Fri.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
Sat.	7.45 a.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	
"	1.45 p.m.	29.84	69.2	78.6	55.5	

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

By Road Appropriations for 1881.

COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

NEWCASTLE.

UPPER DISTRICT.

Alexander Atkinson.

On C. I. R. to North Park Parish line, \$20 00

Do. to Storen's, 10

Do. to Jones' mill, including repairs to bridge, 35

From N.W. bridge at Sinclair's to Main road, 10

From Casey's road to Storen's, 10

The Sweeney road, 10

The March road, 20

From C. I. R. to J. Johnston's farm, 15

Wm. Withersell road, 15

The Lorne road to rear lots, 10

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

John Woods, \$10 00

Moerfeld road, past S. Brown's, 10

Back road from I. Woods' to R. Bank, 15

Back road from I. Woods' to Colter's, 15

Back road from Colter's to Bathurst road, 15

From Bathurst road at Mrs. Creighton's to James Colter's, 10

Road from P. Hays', Upper Douglas, to Bear road, 15

O'Keefe road, 40

Rosebank road to rear lots, 20

LOWER DISTRICT.

James Connell, \$10 00

On old Bathurst road from Grant's to Wall's, 10

From Bathurst bridge to Russell's mill, 10

Lynd's to Russell's, 10

From Clark's to Bathurst road, 10

From Clark's to M'Hardy's, 10

From new line to old road at M'Hardy's, 10

From M'Hardy's place, 10

From M'Hardy's place, 10

From M'Hardy's place, 10

ROGERVILLE.

Michael Savoy.

To repair road leading from Carleton station along I. C. R. to Barnaby River station, \$100 00

To repair road leading from Carleton station along I. C. R. to dividing line between Kent and Rogerville, 50

To divide line between Kent and Rogerville, 50

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STEPHEN PEABODY.

Towards building bridge over O'Leary's brook, \$100 00

From Railroad bridge to D. Goodfellow's lower line, 30

Special, \$180 00

Jeremiah Sullivan.

To expend on the Jardine road, 40 00

LUDLOW.

John Murphy.

On Porter's Brook bridge and road, \$10 00

From County line to Price's, north side river, 30

From M'Elwee's to Big Hole brook, 20

On road known as M'Carthy road, 10

Special, \$70 00

John Campbell.

On account of building bridge, 100 00

ALNWICK.

UPPER DISTRICT.

James Burchill.

On the two Indian roads at R. Chapel, \$10 00

Road from Great road, past M. Knight's to Chas. Hickey's, 10

On Mormon road, 5

On Hall and Mahony road, 10

On M'Alpine road, 10

On Coniff and M'Donald road, 5

On Morrison's road, 5

On Bowler road, 10

O'Leary and M'Carthy road, 10

On Delaney road, 5

On Egan road, 5

On Church road, 5

To pay James Burchill over-expenditure in 1880, 28 66

Daniel Maher's road, 10

Special, \$128 66

James Bowie.

Towards building bridge over Oyster river, (front), 80 00

MIDDLE DISTRICT.

John L. Robicheau.

Peter Davidson road, \$10 00

White road, 5

James Breen road, 5

E. Robicheau and A. Savoy road, 5

Fair Isle to River deCash road, 5

Fair Isle to Neguac, 5

On road from Dalhousie to the White and LeBreton road, 5

Savoy road, Lower Neguac, 5

Philise Breen road, 5

On road from Dalhousie to Samuel Breen road, 5

Joseph Savoy road, 5

Jaie Savoy road, 5

Indian Brook road, 10

James Robicheau road, 10

Stymest road, Lower Neguac, 10

Road to shore, 10

Thomas Savoy road, 10

Frank Breen road, 10

To pay for building the Beggs and Indian Brook bridges, 290 80

Special, \$430 80

LOWER DISTRICT.

William Hierlhy.

On Malpe road, \$10 00

M'Leod's mill to Stymest's road, 10

James M'Callum's road, 10

Bridge over Gaspereaux brook, on road leading to M'Robie's road, 10

Johnston and Gratton road, 10

Road from No. 8 School house to Neguac, 10

Stewart's and Johnston's road, 5

Ross and Edmundson road, 5

Murdock M'Kenzie's road, 5

M'Callum and Dick road, 5

Road from Stymest's to Neguac, 10

Hierlhy road, south side Taboulinas, 10

On French cove, south side, 10

On road to Blake's mill, 10

On road to Patric's mill, 15

On road to Cabintec bay, 15

Special, \$183 00

Hugh Cameron.

To pay for over-expenditure, 96 00

HARDWICK.

On road from Dalhousie to the White and LeBreton road, 5

Savoy road, Lower Neguac, 5

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