

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

VOL XXXIX

ST. JOHN N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5, 1901.

NO. 74.

BOOM IN MINING IN NOVA SCOTIA; BIG ENGLISH DEAL REPORTED.

Chimney Corner Coal Property to Be Worked on Large Scale Mabou and Burchell Mines Change Hands—The Halifax Strikers.

Halifax, June 3.—Word was received today that the Chimney Corner coal mine deal had gone through in England, and that the property would be worked on a large scale. The property, which consists of several miles of areas, was owned mostly by Halifax people. A New York mining operator became interested and was of the opinion that it could be worked as a company on the English market. He undertook to promote it and made two or three trips to England, returning Saturday last to New York. The English company is reported to be capitalized at \$2,000,000 and Halifax parties will retain an interest, some of them being directors. The shipping port owned by the Mabou and Burchell companies is reported to have sold a mile of sea some time ago to parties interested for about \$35,000.

Lemouise, of Quebec, who has been in the city some time interesting himself in mining matters, bought the Mabou and Burchell coal mines and re-sold them to the E. M. Upton Coal Co. Ltd., of Rochester, N. Y., one of the largest concerns in the United States. The firm expects to have three miles of railroad to connect the Mabou property with Mabou harbor for shipping purposes. Operations will start by September 1 and there will be shipping a little later of about 1,000 tons per day. The Burchell property is about 12 miles from North Sydney and it is expected to have an output from this mine of 300 tons per day by September. Lease is expected to come from New York on a steamer belonging to the Upton company in a few weeks to inspect the property.

The carpenters' strike still goes on. It is understood that some of the master mechanics granting an increase do so on condition the increase being granted generally.

The workmen on strike met this morning and reported nothing new. Employers who have acceded to the demands of the men are J. A. Goby, employing 16; Eli Evans, employing 9, and Hutchings, employing 6. The number of men involved is 159. The men have appointed a committee to wait on master builders tomorrow.

A severe thunder and lightning storm accompanied by heavy rain prevailed here from 8 o'clock tonight until midnight.

The customs receipts at Halifax for May were \$84,961, an increase of \$2,500 over the same period last year.

GIBSON UNSEATED, ACADIA CLOSING.

Election Court Wound Up Matter in a Half Hour.

ADMISSIONS MADE.

Respondent's Counsel Says Dinner Were Given Voters and Teams Engaged by Agents—Agreement by Both Sides to Refrain from Corrupt Methods.

Fredricton, N. B., June 3.—(Special)—The election court for the trial of the York petition opened this morning, Chief Justice Tuck and Justice Hamilton presiding. Rev. Joseph McLeod, the petitioner, was present with his solicitors, O. S. Crockett and H. P. McLeod; and A. J. Gregory, deputy clerk of the peace, and A. A. Stearns, solicitor for the respondent, Mr. Gibson.

The usual preliminaries were gone through with and Messrs. E. A. McKay, deputy clerk of the peace, and A. A. Stearns, solicitor for the respondent, were called to the stand to prove the publication of the notice for trial of the petition.

After this the counsel for the respondent informed the court that Mr. Gibson had upon inquiry learned that some irregularities in the conduct of the election on the part of his opponent and agents had taken place. The irregularities, Mr. Gregory explained, amounted to the furnishing of voters to friendly voters, at such dining places, and the conveyance of voters to and from the polls, these acts being corrupt within the meaning of the election act; and the fact that such dinners were given and teams conveyed to the polls could not be proved by the petitioner, therefore he would consent to the election being declared void.

Mr. Crockett then announced to the court that he would offer no evidence in support of the petitioner's claim to the seat, or in support of the personal charges against the respondent, to which Mr. Gregory replied that he would in that case offer the evidence on behalf of the respondent in support of the recommitment charges preferred against the petitioner, which were substantially the same as the charges made by the petitioner against the respondent.

Acting on the strength of the admissions and announcements, the chief justice declared the election void, and formally adjourned the court. No order was made by him as to the costs. The whole proceedings did not occupy more than half an hour.

The following document, containing the signatures of members of both political parties, is self-explanatory in the desirability of pure elections, and speaking, as far as they have authority for the Liberal and Liberal-Conservative parties in York county, hereby agree that in all elections, in the county, they will refrain from the use of illegal and corrupt methods, and that they will use their influence to the utmost to prevent their respective parties from using such methods.

Dated this 28th day of May, 1901.
Fred P. Thompson, E. Byron Winslow, Willard Kitchener, Jas. H. Crockett, W. T. Whitehead, C. E. A. Simonds, Jas. S. Neill.

KENT COUNTY COAL, SERIOUS AFFRAY AT TIEN TSIN

Company Being Formed With \$1,000,000 Capital.

RECENT DISCOVERIES

At Carlisle Making People Greatly Interested in the Prospects—Branch Railway to Be Built—Manganese Mining is Also Included.

Wolfeville, N. S., June 3.—(Special)—Acadia University commencement exercises began on Friday, May 31. The first event was a piano recital held in the evening of that day in the Alumnae Hall of Acadia University by two of the graduating class, Miss E. Portia Starr and Mr. W. L. Wright. The hall was filled to overflowing with invited friends.

On Saturday evening, a lecture was given in College Hall on the story of Evangelism, by Rev. A. T. Kempton, M. A., of Massachusetts. The lecturer profusely illustrated his microscopic views which added much to the charm of the evening.

Sunday, the baccalaureate sermon, in the Baptist church, was delivered to the graduating class by Rev. Prof. T. H. Patton, D. D., of Rochester, N. Y., from the text, Genesis 11 and Revelation 22:17. "Even so come the Lord Jesus." It was a sermon on the unfinished things of time, clearly and forcibly bringing out the progressiveness of life.

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Proceedings at Wolfville Full of Interest.

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MR. REID AT HOME.

Negotiating Settlement of Newfoundland Railway Difficulty.

SHIRT AND COLLAR TRUST.

\$20,000,000 Incorporation to Control the Country's Trade.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP WAR OVER

Former Passenger Rates Restored for Sixty Days.

WOULD LYNCH A BRUTE.

One Who Assaulted Child Has Narrow Escape.

AFTER FIGHT OF NINE HOURS

THE BOERS ARE BEATEN OFF.

WILLLOWMORE, CAPE COLONY, JUNE 2.—

Commandant Shepper, with 700 men, attacked Willowmore yesterday (Saturday) but was beaten off after nine hours of fighting.

CAPE TOWN, JUNE 3.—

Jamestown is threatened by Fouches' commando.

LONDON, JUNE 3.—

The war office made the following announcement tonight: "All the information received from Lord Kitchener respecting recent engagement in South Africa, has been communicated to the public."

SERIOUS AFFRAY AT TIEN TSIN AMONG INTERNATIONAL TROOPS.

British Fusiliers Attacked with Bricks and Bayonets by French --- Germans Join the Attack --- Figaro's Remarks Inopportune It Would Seem.

Tien Tsin, June 3.—There was a serious affray yesterday between international troops. Some British Fusiliers who were acting as police here and preventing French soldiers from house-breaking, were attacked with bayonets and bricks. The Fusiliers responded by firing into the air. This brought a number of Germans to the aid of the Frenchmen. They numbered together 200 men. Five Fusiliers fired again, this time killing a Frenchman and wounding three others. In subsequent fighting four Fusiliers, five Germans and one Japanese were wounded. The arrival of a German officer and a strong guard ended the fray.

Paris, June 4.—The Figaro, which breathes a sigh of relief at the departure of Count Von Waldersee from Pekin, says: "The long Chinese nightmare at last seems to be coming to an end. The marvelous concert of the powers was maintained to the last. It is a miracle. For a year French, British, German, Russian and American troops have been able to continue a campaign without turning their arms against each other. It is a fine triumph for civilization, but it is mainly due to the intimacy of France and Russia against which united force no nation dared attempt to prevail."

MACHINISTS' CONVENTION AT TORONTO.

The Big Meeting Opened Monday--Defalcations by Officers Lead to Protective Measures--The Strike Fever Assails Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 3.—(Special)—The strike fever struck Ottawa today and is almost epidemic.

Two hundred and thirty-five machine wood workers and two hundred carpenters struck work this morning, because their demands for improved conditions were not granted by the employers.

There are also 30 tinsmiths out in the city. Business conditions are said to favor the strikers.

Every factory in the city which employs machine woodworkers is affected and practically every contractor in the city who has dealings with the carpenters and joiners is short a number of men this morning, or else he has agreed to the demands of the union.

The machinists who went on strike on May 29th, are still out and the Amalgamated Steel Workers' Association, which went on strike on Saturday last, is yet awaiting a favorable answer from the employers. Thirty-four machinists are out and about 40 tinsmiths or metal workers are also idle. Two shops employing tinsmiths granted the demands of the union and their employees are at work.

The strikers are going to enlist the services of the deputy minister of labor. It is feared that the strike may extend to the building trades generally.

Toronto, June 3.—(Special)—The annual convention of the International Association of Machinists, held for the first time in Canada, opened today, with about 200 delegates from Canada, United States and Mexico. Addresses of welcome were given by Mayor Howard and members of the city council, after which the convention went into executive session. The order is growing fast, 30,000 members having paid the per capita dues this convention.

Many important matters are to come up. During the past two years the association lost \$83,429 through defalcations by officers and it is proposed to require all local and general officers handling funds to furnish bonds on their resignation. The convention will also vote on the question of abolishing piece work and increasing dues to 75 cents a month.

President O'Connell said the 10-hour day had gone for ever, and as a result of the strike inaugurated May 29th, 100,000 men would hereafter work only nine hours. The situation in affairs, according to latest news, he regarded as very satisfactory for the machinists. For all classes of labor employed in shipyards and on the industrial side, there was a nine-hour day was shortly to be granted.

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OTTAWA NEWS.

Ministry of Lord Minto Cabinet Meeting and Appointments.

Ottawa, June 3.—(Special)—The cabinet had a busy day of it. The ministers met in council at 11 o'clock, and with the exception of an hour for luncheon they sat until 6 p. m. Another meeting will be held tomorrow when most of the matters now pending will be disposed of. A number of appointments were put through at today's sitting.

George Henderson, of Vancouver, has been appointed a county court judge in the Vancouver district. This is the first position for which Henderson was made last session. Mr. Henderson was long time attorney general of the province.

George L. Taylor, of Bothwell, Ont., as been appointed police magistrate at White Horse, in the Yukon. This was also provided for last session.

Prof. E. H. Haines, an expert mineralogist, has been appointed superintendent of mines. Mr. Haines is a gentleman well qualified for the position. He is a member of the Royal Society.

William Pearce has been appointed inspector of survey. G. W. Dawson, ex-M.P. for Addington, becomes second inspector for penitentiaries.

Hon. Mr. Mills left in the afternoon for England and will be followed by Sir Louis Davies. They sail on Wednesday for Boston.

The programme for the tour of Lord and Lady Minto through the maritime provinces has been completed. Their excellencies will leave Quebec on July 10 on the government steamer Ontario, which will be specially fitted up for the occasion and will display the vice royal flag at the masthead. The following places will be visited in succession: Tadoussac, Bicouctini, Gaspé Basin, Dalhousie, N. S., Carleton Place, Charlottetown, P. E. I., Pictou, N. S., Bras d'Or Lakes, Sydney, Lunenburg, Halifax, Yarmouth, St. John's, Fredericton, St. Stephen, St. Andrews and Truro.

From Truro the vice royal party will return by the Intercolonial railway to Quebec.

At a meeting of the board of trade tonight it was decided to send out circulars to all the boards of trade in the Dominion asking their support for state owned British cables and telegraphs as advocated by Rev. Sanford Fleming.

Ottawa, June 3.—(Special)—Captain McWhinney, of the marine department, has returned from Kingston, where he was inquiring into the loss of the Empire State. This steamer became a wreck and about 90 passengers had a miraculous escape. Capt. McWhinney's report will be commendatory of the vessel, which was owned by a Kingston firm. The caution and soundness of the captain saved the passengers.

FIVE NEGROES TO BE HANGED

in Georgia, June 14—Special Trains to Take People to the Scene.

Tweel, Ga., June 3.—Five negroes, one of whom is a leading preacher among his own race, will be hanged on June 14. The features connected with the crime are fraught with exciting incidents. The negroes were members of a "Black Mafia," a secret organization which preaches the white people. They ambushed several white men. The prisoners' attorneys have exhausted all legal efforts in their behalf, and they now must go to the gallows. The railroads will run excursions to accommodate the crowds. One of the condemned, who is a preacher, will preach his own funeral sermon. Several white clergymen, and Bishop Turner of the African Methodist Episcopal Church South will assist in the religious services. Twelve negroes constituted the members of the "Mafia," and all were connected with the assassination. Five thousand dollars reward was offered for the arrests, but only five were captured.

BRITISH-AMERICAN CORPORATION

Goes Into Liquidation—Strong Scenes at Meeting.

London, June 3.—The shareholders of the British-American Corporation agreed at a meeting today to go into voluntary liquidation. The corporation was closely affiliated with the London and Globe Finance Corporation, Limited, that suspended in December last.

The meeting today was stormy. When the chairman said that owing to the failure of the London and Globe's default the British-American Corporation could not continue in business he was assailed with many hostile demonstrations.

THE CURFEW LAW.

Clergyman at Portland Wants One to Call Mothers from Club Meetings.

Portland, Me., June 3.—At the city government meeting tonight the curfew law was in favor of a curfew law but also believed in an ordinance that would compel mothers to be at home at the specified hour to care for and entertain their children instead of being away attending club meetings, etc.

Fear the Wily Chinese.

Washington, June 3.—The treasury department will send three immigrants to Porto Rico. It is feared the recent decision of the supreme court may stimulate Chinese immigration to Porto Rico with the idea that once there they cannot be denied admission to the United States.

Aged Woman Struck Down.

Kansas City, Mo., June 3.—While rocking a baby in her home this afternoon Mrs. Mary Schuler, 70 years old, was struck down with a "hatchet" by a negro. Mrs. Schuler's skull was fractured. The negro escaped and is being searched for. The motive was robbery.

LIBELLED FOR \$21,000.

Suit Against the Dominion Atlantic Railway Company for Injuries Received on the Prince Edward.

Boston, June 3.—In the United States district court John J. McCarron, formerly employed on the steamship Prince Edward, has filed a libel against the Dominion Atlantic Railway Company, the owners of the steamer, in which he seeks to recover \$20,000 damages for personal injuries and an additional \$1,000 for medical care.

McCarron started to work for the company on the Prince Edward, March 10, 1898, and 10 days later he met with the accident that is the basis of this proceeding. While the steamer was lying at Long Wharf, assistant Engineer Buckley directed McCarron to take down a hose from a gooseneck pipe. McCarron proceeded to carry out his order, when he claims, without warning, the ship's engines were reversed, permanently injuring him. He claims that the accident was due to the carelessness of those in charge and holds the company responsible.

NO NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE BOOTHES.

Commander Booth Tucker Says Report as to Such is Incorrect.

Cleveland, June 3.—Commander Booth Tucker, of the Salvation Army, declared today that there was no truth in the report to the effect that negotiations are in progress looking to the amalgamation of the Volunteers of America and the Salvation Army.

"Please say to the Associated Press," he continued, "that there is absolutely no proposal, either secret or otherwise for the amalgamation of the two movements."

Lord Pauncefoot to England.

Washington, June 3.—Lord Pauncefoot will leave here tonight and sail Wednesday for a stay of some months in England. Although a vacation, it will afford Lord Pauncefoot an opportunity for conferences with Lord Salisbury and Lord Lansdowne concerning pending questions, chief of which are those in connection with the Ishman canal.

BROWN AND BLACK NOW SAY "NOT QUILITY."

Incendiarism and Stealing Cases Before Judge Wedderburn—Trial by Jury Chosen.

Hampden, June 3.—(Special)—The two men, Brown and Black, arrested on charges of incendiarism and stealing, respectively, at Hammond, came up for trial before Judge Wedderburn today and pleaded not guilty and elected to be tried before a jury. Their cases will now be postponed until the daily sitting of the County court.

Watson and Welch, the two boys arrested on the charge of breaking into the post office at Penobscot, were brought to Hampden at noon today and placed in jail.

LIVED AT RED BEACH.

Robert Keating, Who Was Asphyxiated in Maine Hotel, Also Well Known in St. George.

Claire, Me., June 3.—Robert Keating, of Red Beach, was found asphyxiated in the Hotel North, Augusta, Me., bel in the Hotel North, Augusta, Me., on Saturday evening to bring home his son, who is sick at the insane asylum, in Augusta. Mr. Keating was about 35 years of age and leaves an invalid wife and several children. He lived for several years at the Hotel North, and was beloved by a large circle of friends at that place, and Red Beach.

Shovelmakers' Combine.

Pittsburg, Pa., June 3.—C. C. Loring, of Boston, who is one of the organizers of the American Steel & Wire Company, is in Pittsburg to interest the shovel manufacturers of Western Pennsylvania in a proposed combination of shovel plants of the United States. Eastern and Western shovel manufacturers, it is said, have agreed to the consolidation and Mr. Loring expects to secure the signatures of the manufacturers this week. The proposed combine is to be capitalized at about \$10,000,000 and will include sixteen of the largest shovel manufacturing concerns in the country.

IS YOUR CATARRH ANY BETTER?

You ought to treat it now, the weather is so favorable. In the winter you catch cold, nose and throat are kept inflamed, desire and bad breath, in fact I cannot say too much in its praise. It's just splendid in the winter, but in the summer it's different—everything favorable. Now there's an so effective—Catarrahzone. In the summer it cures catarrh in a very short time. You see it heats, then, removes the cough and bad breath, in fact I cannot say too much in its praise. It's just splendid in the winter, but in the summer it's different—everything favorable. Now there's an so effective—Catarrahzone. In the summer it cures catarrh in a very short time. You see it heats, then, removes the cough and bad breath, in fact I cannot say too much in its praise. It's just splendid in the winter, but in the summer it's different—everything favorable. Now there's an so effective—Catarrahzone. In the summer it cures catarrh in a very short time. 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THE WORLD OF SPORT.

WHAT IS BEING DONE BY THE ATHLETES EVERYWHERE.

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Wabawana, Wabawana, Grace M. By this time the Marjorie was very far astern and decided to give up the contest. On the return she was excluded completely out and Com. Robt. Thomson came alongside with his flagstaff and towed all the boats back to their moorings.

The officers of the day were Sidney J. Kerr, George E. Hoyle and Rear Commodore A. W. Adams. The officers were taken over the course on the Sionids, which had just returned from the race.

The race will be resumed next Saturday, at 2 p. m.

Trial of the Independence. Boston, June 1.—The incident weather this morning caused a postponement of the first trial spin of the Independence, as Capt. Duff did not wish to take the risk of having her sails stretched out of shape by being thoroughly drenched and then dried. The trial will take place Monday.

Mr. Lawson today said on the yachting controversy: "Everyone seems to be better posted than I. I know of nothing that has in any way changed or affected the status of my Independence since the publication of my letter of May 21st."

This refers to a despatch from New York saying that Mr. Lawson has agreed to turn the Independence over to the New York Yacht Club for the summer season.

Meanwhile the Independence is playing hide and seek at the state dock, Boston. The ends of the wharf have been fenced off and the public excluded tomorrow. People swarming over the wharf at East Boston while the yacht was being fixed, interfered so much with the work that it was decided to remove her. Now she lies tied up to the wharf, protected against the tender which is the crew's boat.

The standing and running rigging is now complete and even the masts are on board. The most important details of a cup race consist of a Spanish poodle, eight months old, brought from Santiago, and a knowing setter named Bird.

Constitution Ashore. Bristol, R. I., June 2.—The Constitution left here this morning about 9 o'clock for Newport. The wind died out and the tender Mount Morris took the yacht in tow as far as Sandy Hook, Prudence Island, where the tow line was cast off and the Constitution broke out her head sails and started to beat down to Newport in a light southwest wind, which had sprung up.

Soon after the Constitution left Bristol Harbor, Mr. Duncan's launch undertook to cut off the yacht by going around the north of Castle Island beacon, and in running too close, went about half its length on the shoal, where it remained for nearly seven

FARM GARDEN

POULTRY GROWING.

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ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper at \$1.00 per inch. Advertisements of Wants, For Sale, etc., 50 cts. for insertion of six lines or less.

Notice of Births, Marriages and Deaths 50 cts. for each insertion.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of complaints to the miscarriage of letters alleged to contain money remitted to this office we have to request our subscribers and agents when sending money for the Telegraph to do so by post office order or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

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Write plainly and take special pains with names. Write on one side of your paper only. Attach your name and address to your subscription as an evidence of good faith.

Write nothing for which you are not prepared to be held personally responsible.

THIS PAPER HAS THE LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following Agents are authorized to canvass and collect for the Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz: Wm. Somerville, W. A. Ferris.

Subscribers are asked to pay their subscriptions to the agents when they call.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph, St. John, N. B., June 5, 1901.

A LEADER'S MISTAKE.

The opposition leader, speaking at Toronto, showed that it is an easy matter to say things which are not supported by the facts. It may be that he did not intentionally overlook the record—indeed, he does not seem to be the kind of man who would willfully be insincere—but he nevertheless gave his party credit where he should have imposed blame, he rejoiced in virtues when he should have deplored faults. This, however, is after all the tendency of the partisan spirit on either side. It accounts for the disposition of Liberals to defend and applaud the government, as well as for the senseless denunciation by Conservatives of everything emanating from ministerial sources.

Mr. Borden's greatest mistake was when he said: "It has been a tradition of the Conservative party to look beyond any province, beyond any question of race and creed, and consider the Dominion as a whole. It has not been forgotten." He must have known that this tribute to his party was not merited, and it is an evidence of either his folly or his temerity that he could make such a statement in Toronto. He could only be excused on the assumption that during the late election campaign he never once read the Toronto Mail and Empire or the Toronto World. These leading organs of the Conservative party, as everyone knows, wrote about scarce anything else than race and religion, and the former has let but few days pass since that it has not appealed to anti-French and anti-Catholic prejudices. If it were not for Mr. Tarte and the tri-color and the premier's nationality it would apparently have nothing to talk about.

Mr. Borden, too, must have quit reading the Ontario Conservative papers and the Montreal Gazette before the award was made to New Brunswick, and the commissioners had reported upon the claim of Nova Scotia. Had he continued to peruse the editorial columns of these organs of Conservative opinion he would have found the purely provincial view magnified to undue proportions and the Dominion view disregarded entirely. The Toronto Mail and Empire, for example, saw in the New Brunswick award a sufficient reason for declaring that O. L. riot paid it all, and that confederation was practically a failure. Neither it nor any of the other opposition journals took anything but the narrowest and most sectional view of the matter.

The traditions of the party may be to the contrary; but this was not the only instance in which party traditions have been either forgotten or ignored.

It is scarcely possible that the government view of the claims preferred by the maritime provinces is entirely wrong and that presented by the Conservative press is entirely correct. If the Dominion aspect were the only one regarded, it is probable the opposition press would have seen some merits in these claims of the eastern provinces. The fact is, notwithstanding Mr. Borden's boast to the contrary, the journals of his party are doing their utmost to create animosities. This may be the product of chagrin, or it may be due to the notion that such tactics will pay in the long run. It is pleasant to hear their leader talk as he did at Toronto; but he was nevertheless inaccurate. It may be his own wish that there should be more of this sectionalism; but it is useless to ignore a fact that is as manifest as it is serious.

A BAD BEGINNING.

The Borden demonstration at Toronto was anything but a success. The party was only partially filled, and there was a decided lack of enthusiasm. That the meeting was not well attended and more cheerful could not be attributed to the Conservative leaders and press of Toronto for it was well advertised and the faithful were called upon to rally to the support of their new leader.

It is quite evident that the speech of Mr. R. L. Borden, M. P., was not up to the expectations of the Conservative rank and file, as many left the hall during its delivery. There appeared a consensus of opinion that the new leader was not capable of enlivening the party followers with the confidence which is expected of a leader. The audience was familiar with the extravagant praise bestowed upon the new leader by the Toronto press of Toronto and expected to meet an orator who would send an electric thrill through the entire audience present, but the current did not materialize and the people are not satisfied. It is quite plain that the Conservatives of Toronto are disappointed at the result of the Borden meeting. The tone of the paper is far from joyful; if anything rather melancholic. The Toronto Telegram, Conservative, says: "The weakness of the Borden-Monk leadership is its absolute failure to excite enthusiasm anywhere. The circumstances of the time and country may forbid any outburst of enthusiasm on behalf of the opposition."

Last autumn the people of Ontario were introduced to a modern Moses who was to be their future leader in the person of Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, but he fell flat even during the heat of a campaign, and since his defeat at Brandon is not suggested as a possible figure in the political arena of Canada. Seven months later the same people have another Moses before them, and he has evidently failed to find the promised land of political success or even to suggest strong hope of the dailymanna of political preference for which the ardent party workers are hungering after five years of want in opposition. It is not an auspicious beginning even in a city which might be considered the ultra Tory hive of Canada.

RECIPROCITY AND TRADE.

Germany's threat of a tariff war as a measure of protection against the peaceful invasion of American products has set the world thinking of the waste of effort caused by the erection of hostile trade tariffs which restrict the possibilities of foreign trade. An illustration of this has been afforded by Germany's restrictions on the importation of American grain and pork products, and more recently in the local tariff raised by Russia to American iron and steel manufactures. These restrictions have brought home to the people of the United States the annoyance and waste caused by burdensome trade restrictions, so that today the leaders of thought and energy in the neighboring republic are beginning to abandon their extreme views on tariff restrictions, and to consider whether it would not be more profitable to adopt the sensible principle of fair trade.

Fair trade of course does not necessarily mean free trade, but rather implies a tariff for revenue as opposed to a tariff for protection. The manufacturers of the United States are reaching out more and more every day for the great foreign markets of the world. It is coming home more and more with the increased production of the American economists that one of the extension of world power in trade. Foreign trade can only be maintained by a reciprocal exchange on fair terms of the products which each nation can to the best advantage sell to the other. Germany cannot continue buying largely of American grain and pork if her manufacturers are unable to make a fair exchange in goods either with that country or some other. And as barriers after barriers are raised in one nation and another the problem of the fair exchange becomes more and more difficult of realization.

The same principle applies in a some-thing such as China. A great deal of non-

sense has been written of the enormous possibilities for trade which the cessation of the war in that unhappy empire must immediately cause. China, like other countries, can only buy in proportion as her people can sell, for the wealth necessary to purchase imports must come from the development of her exports. In a sense a nation's trade is a system of barter, and the greater her possibilities of production the greater her ability to purchase. One-sided national trade is impossible for any length of time.

It is therefore an economic axiom that the fewer the barriers the easier becomes this system of national barter and exchange, and the sooner the principle is put into active force the better for the world's teeming millions.

MR. BORDEN'S FAILURE.

Mr. Borden may talk in pleasing generalities about the principles to which his party is wedded in respect of the race and creed, but it would be a useless thing to look for an exposition of that principle in the columns of the Conservative press. He is probably sincere himself, as we remarked a day or two ago, but he fails to impress his judgment upon the journals which are popularly supposed to exemplify both the traditions and the policy of his party. To that extent he is a discredited leader, and excreted by those who should be the first to uphold him.

It was at Toronto that he spoke so boldly and confidently about the adherence of the Conservative party to the tradition of knowing neither race nor creed, and yet the echo of his voice had scarcely died away before the chief Conservative organ, published in that city, was proving to everybody that he had spoken rashly. Following closely upon the issue which published his speech there appeared in the Mail and Empire the following: "With Colonel Girouard a knight and Colonel Leonard a C. P., Borden is scarcely in a position to rail at the British Empire and the 'bigots.'"

This is plainly intended to suggest the thought that Mr. Tarte is disloyal to the Empire, and regards the British people as bigots. Mr. Tarte is a minister of the crown, and to impute such a charge ought to be regarded as a very grave matter. It is in the nature of Mr. Borden's oratory to either repudiate these two journals as being recreant to the tradition about which he boasts the most, or in time they will repudiate him.

In the same issue from which the above was clipped, the following suggestive appeal to anti-Catholic prejudices also appeared: "The announcement that Mr. Henri Bourassa, M. P., is shortly to enter a monastery and spend the remainder of his life as a monk is unexpected. Yet, it is not altogether surprising. Mr. Bourassa has been very much disappointed in so far as worldly affairs are concerned. He labored energetically for his party, and his labors, exposing the anti-British view, and strengthening the race creed, were well understood that after all he had done for the monarchy, it is to be expected that he would be disappointed. It is, of course, sheer nonsense to assert that Mr. Bourassa was prompted by the premier to the course which he took in the recent election campaign, but it is part of the tactics of the opposition press to accuse the other side of being the real offenders in respect of the race and creed cry. We know nothing about Mr. Bourassa's movements, and care nothing. It is an erratic politician who has ceased to be of service to any cause or any party. But it is just as well to let the Mail and Empire invent the announcement referred to in order to slander the premier and the government, which it is seeking to keep alive in Ontario. We do not hold Mr. Borden accountable for this, yet he ought to see how feebly he is impressing the organs of his party with the duty of maintaining the ideals about which he talks so acceptably."

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The labor problem seems to be approached in such an obstinate spirit from the standpoint of capital and labor that the commercial world is making but little headway in the peaceful adjustment of its difficulties by arbitration. The millennium is not yet at hand so far as the labor question is concerned. The spirit of distrust between employer and employed seems to take the place today of the almost paternal relation which formerly existed under the old-fashioned apprentice system.

We have not heard a word lately about the memorial to be erected to the brave New Brunswickers who died at their post of duty in South Africa. Surely all our spontaneous enthusiasm to these brave lads has not ended in the hurrahs which greeted their comrades who were able to return from the field of battle. St. John and New Brunswick is neglecting an opportunity of which it should be proud in the slow returns to the call for subscriptions. Let everyone who cheered the outgoing and returning citizen soldiers remit some little donation to His Worship Mayor Dunlop for the enduring memorial to those who will never return to receive their country's thanks.

The World's Woes.

This world is an endless vale of woe. Where man but wakes to slumber, Contentment never yet was found Below the arching sky. The thin man mourns because the flesh is thin upon his bones. The lad with the double chin Looks in her glass and groans. The childless man would give his all To have a little one. The man with seven boys would be Overjoyed if he had none. A down breaks the maiden's lips. Therefore she weeps about. The strong man's heart is sore because His hair is falling out. Chicago Record-Herald.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

E. A. Fitzgerald, the famous mountain climber, who went to South Africa as a non-commissioned officer of the Imperial Yeomanry, has entered the regular army. As a reward for conspicuous services in the field he has been commissioned a lieutenant in the Fifth Dragoon Guards.

Mr. H. Leonard Brassey, the new president of the (English) Jockey Club, a title which implies social as well as sporting distinction, is the son of the late Mr. Brassey, the nephew of the first Lord Brassey, and the grandson, therefore, of Sir Thomas Brassey, the founder of his family's great fortune. He has an already distinguished cousin in Captain the Hon. Thomas Almut Brassey, who acted as private secretary to Earl Spencer, a First Lord of the Admiralty, and who, last year, was appointed acting civil commissioner of the Government in the West Kent Yeomanry Cavalry, and is now a lieutenant in the 1st Dragoon Guards.

General Sir Henry Wylie Norman, the new Governor of the Chelsea Hospital, is the eldest son of the late Mr. James Norman, of Calcutta, and was born in London in 1826. At the age of 18 he entered the army, and saw much service, including that rendered throughout the mutiny. He has been A. G. in India; assistant secretary to the Duke of Cambridge; military secretary to the Councils of the Viceroy of India and of the Indian Secretary of State; governor of the Madras Presidency; and chairman of the West India Royal Commission. His G. C. B. dates back more than a quarter of a century, and he is also a Knight of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. He has been industrious, now and again, with his pen; and when he had time for recreations, he gave it by preference to yachting.

Major General Dartnell, who has received a K. C. B. for his services in South Africa, was born in London, Ontario, the son of the late Dr. George Russell Dartnell, Deputy Inspector-General of Army Hospitals and formerly surgeon of the 1st Royals. General Dartnell was scarcely in the army as an ensign in the 96th Regiment in 1855 and was subsequently adjutant of the force, serving with it in the Central India campaign during the capture of Chandernagore, and led the only successful attack on the fortress of the Mahrattas. He was mentioned in despatches, and received a brevet majority. Subsequently he served in the Bhootan expedition as A. D. C. to Major-General Tombs. General Dartnell retired from the army in 1884, and in 1874 became major commanding the Natal Volunteers and Mounted Police force, a position he has held ever since. In 1879 he led the left flanking force of Lord Chelmsford's column from Isandlwana in the Zulu war and is mentioned by name in "Mr. Rider Haggard's novel, 'The Witch's Head.'" In 1881 he received the decoration of a C. M. G. General Dartnell has recently been in command of a column operating in the Eastern Transvaal under General French, his services having been "lauded" to the Imperial authorities by the Natal government.

The youngest king in Europe was 15 on the 17th May. It was the birthday of Alfonso Leon Fernando Maria Santiago Isidore Paschal Antonio Marcan, King of Spain, and duke, count and lord of several other places. His titles are an epitome of the rise and fall of Spain, and embrace territory belonging to at least six other countries. They will not, however, mean much when he comes to rule his "dear" nation. It is almost pathetic to think of this boy, who will soon be king in practice, as a bankrupt empire resting on his shoulders. His father, the late King, had been dead six months when he was born, and he was proclaimed King of Spain before his father's body had been laid to rest. He was born on this day in 1856. He was proclaimed King of Spain before his father's body had been laid to rest. He was born on this day in 1856. He was proclaimed King of Spain before his father's body had been laid to rest. He was born on this day in 1856.

Count William Bismarck, brother of Prince Herbert Bismarck, who died recently at Berlin, was the youngest son of the famous chancellor, and was born at Frankfurt-on-the-Main on August 1, 1852. His brother Herbert, the present German Chancellor, was three years earlier. Wilhelm was the more popular of the two brothers. They both participated in the war with France, and were decorated with the Iron Cross for their gallantry. Count Bismarck, after having entered the legal profession, and began his civil career as a co-defendant at the District Court of Berlin. In 1877 he was promoted to the rank of assessor, and in 1880, he was raised to that of government councillor. In October, 1879, he was appointed to the post of minister of the conquered provinces of Alsace-Lorraine. Soon after he entered the German parliament, but was defeated for election as member of the Reichstag in October, 1881, by a Liberal candidate by 5,000 votes. In February, 1880, he was appointed president of the province of Hanover, a position which he resigned when his father was dismissed from office, and later in the same month was promoted to the rank of major of cavalry on the staff of the army.

Native of Flowery Kingdom Captures Vanderbil Medals. At Vanderbilt University, as a culmination of founder's day celebration, a custom instituted in honor of the benefactor, Cornelius Vanderbilt, the medal in oratory, the highest honor in the university, was awarded to Charles Van Marshall, of Son Chow, China, and a great demonstration of approval by the audience. His subject was "Miracle of the Twentieth Century," and he gave an eloquent appeal for his country, placed among the greatest nations, who so long had misunderstood her. Marshall has been here three years, but goes home this summer via Europe.

Don't Waste Your Money.



Begin today—don't waste another cent on clothes. "But how do I know what is best for me?" You don't. You tell us what you like; we tell you how it is going to wear, etc. If it doesn't turn out to be as good as it looks, or disappoints you in any way, be fair enough to come back and give us a chance to make it right.

Men's Sack Suits

Of stylish cut and popular fabrics in tweeds of fancy checks and plaids and blue serge, \$5, \$6, \$7

Men's Worthy Suits.

Newest patterns and effects, in mixed tweeds; also blue serge and black worsteds. The proper cut in coats, splendidly tailored, perfect fitting, thoroughly guaranteed. Such suits as elsewhere would cost you all of \$10 marked here for \$8

Men's Stylish Spring Suits,

4-button sack style and cutaway. Fabrics, linings, fit and finish the equal of anything obtainable elsewhere at \$12. Our price - \$10

Men's Very Well Spring Suits

In the favorite sack styles, and with every touch and turn of custom-made suits. Fancy tweeds, all-wool serges and worsteds. Hundreds to choose from and every size. The price - \$12

OTHER PRICES, \$13.50, \$15, \$18, \$20.

GREATER OAK HALL

King Street, Corner Germain. SCOVIL BROS. & CO., St. John, N. B. Wool taken in Exchange for Goods.

Frederickton News.

Frederickton, June 1.—There is a great scarcity of logs owing to so much lumber being hung up, there being about 50,000,000 feet stacked in the headwaters. Bank logs which have come to Springhill have sold as high as \$10 a thousand. At present, however, deals are selling at only \$10 and mill owners are offering \$9 for logs. There is a tremendous log jam at the Aroostook falls. The water is very low and the logs are piled up 30 feet high with hardly a possibility of getting any of the 150,000,000 or more of lumber above the falls out this season.

BOY SURVIVES 10,000 VOLTS.

Lad's Marvellous Escape from Death After Grasping Live Wire. Hartford, Conn., June 1.—Arthur Budds, nine years old, climbed on the roof of a barn in Albany avenue this afternoon to see the circus parade. He caught hold of an electric light wire and immediately swung off into the air, smoke rising from the wire where he was clutching it. A policeman vaulted the boy's hold by pounding his hands, and the little body dropped apparently lifeless, the lad having received 10,000 volts, for that is the current on this, the main cable of the Hartford Electric Company, which brings the electricity from the big plant in Farmington to the distributing station in this city. The cable is insulated, but the insulation is not sufficient to guard against such an accident.

IF YOU CATCH COLD.

Many things may happen when you catch cold, but the thing that usually happens first is a cough. An inflammation starts up in the bronchial tubes or in the throat, and the discharge of mucus from the head constantly pours down the throat. It is, of course, beyond question that in many cases the irritation started in this way results in lung troubles that are called by serious names. It is in this irritated bronchial tube that the germ of consumption finds lodgment and breeds. Great numbers of persons disregard cough at first, and pay the penalty of neglect. Cough never did any one any good. It should be suppressed promptly. Adamson's Bronchial Cough Balsam is a well known remedy, and it is the surest and quickest cough cure known today. It does not derive by dragging the throat. It softens the irritated parts and breaks them, then the cough stops of its own accord. The action of this medicine is so simple that it seems like nature's own provision for curing a cough. Every druggist has it. Be sure to get "P. W. Kinsman & Co." blown in the bottle.

Native of Flowery Kingdom Captures Vanderbil Medals.

At Vanderbilt University, as a culmination of founder's day celebration, a custom instituted in honor of the benefactor, Cornelius Vanderbilt, the medal in oratory, the highest honor in the university, was awarded to Charles Van Marshall, of Son Chow, China, and a great demonstration of approval by the audience. His subject was "Miracle of the Twentieth Century," and he gave an eloquent appeal for his country, placed among the greatest nations, who so long had misunderstood her. Marshall has been here three years, but goes home this summer via Europe.

WAR TO SAVE IRELAND.

Served His Connection With the Roman Catholic Church Because He Could Not Preach Peace. New York, June 3.—The Curander Erruria which has been anchored in the fog all night off Sandy Hook came up to her dock early this morning. Among the most prominent passengers were William Berford, a member of the Waterford, Ireland, family of that name who is on his way to the Northwest Territories; R. H. MacGill, of New Zealand, who was a surgeon in the Second Gordon Highlanders in the Boer war, and the Rev. E. J. Hardy, M. A., of Dublin, Ireland. Mr. Hardy belongs to the Church of England, is a chaplain in the British army, and the author of several books. Another passenger was the Rev. Thomas Vincent Finn, a graduate of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic College at Carlow, Ireland. He said that he had been ordained as a priest and had had charge at New Ross and Blackwater. He explained that he had severed his connection with the Catholic church because he believed that only war could save his country from being depopulated.

THE NEWS AT SUSSEX.

Brown and Black Will Be Before Judge Wedderburn Monday—A Coming Wedding. Sussex, N. B., May 31.—On Monday the prisoners, Brown and Black, who were committed for trial for arson and larceny respectively, will appear before Judge Wedderburn at Hampton.

Revolution Reported Crushed.

Kingston, Jan., June 2.—It is reported here that the revolution in Santo Domingo has been completely crushed at its inception. A number of the prominent rebels have been shot or imprisoned. Among the latter is a son of the late President Hereaux, who is said to have been the leader of the movement.

COURT NEWS.

Argument was heard before Judge McLeod yesterday on the salvage claim of Captain George Dickson against the owners of the cargo of the schooner Comrade, which went ashore last fall at Goose Creek. The question is as to the amount of salvage and the costs to be allowed Captain Dickson; L. A. Curry, K. C., and A. A. Stockton, K. C., for Captain Dickson, and Hon. Wm. Pugsley and Mr. A. P. Barnhill for the owners.

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EVENTS OF CITY LIFE.

THE PASSING NEWS OF A DAY BRIEFLY TOLD.

Concerning People, Places An' Things of More than Ordinary Interest, Recorded in a Short Readable Form—Notes of The News.

Saturday. C. W. Robinson, M. P. P., will address the Liberal club of Sackville on Tuesday evening.

It is reported that the census returns for the city show an increase of only about 400 inhabitants. St. Martin's parish has increased in population by about 200 souls.

It is understood it is the intention of the drug clerks to follow the example set by the hardware clerks and give a band concert in Rockwood Park a little later on in the season.

Tomorrow, Sunday, the Sunday school of Centenary church will hold their annual picnic at 10 o'clock in the morning at the church at 7 o'clock. An interesting programme has been provided.

The Evangelical Alliance will meet on Monday, June 3rd, at 10 a. m. in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A., when the Rev. J. D. Freeman will read a paper on "The Place of Christ in Modern Theology."

Mr. William Stack died quite suddenly last evening at his son's residence, No. 49 Erin street. Deceased was a mason by trade and 82 years of age. He leaves two sons and five daughters.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Art Association will be held in the studio, Palmer's Chambers, Prince street, at 3.30 this afternoon. Nominations of officers for the coming year will take place and other important business will be brought up. All members are particularly requested to attend.

The Rev. Dr. Morrison has received a very tempting invitation to Detroit with a cheque covering all traveling expenses. Dr. and Mrs. Morrison leave for the west, June 10th, for one month's vacation. Dr. Morrison has decided not to preach during his vacation but to devote his time to what he may be able to enter vigorously upon the important work in St. David's upon his return.

Mr. Edward Sinclair, the Newcastle lumber operator, died at his home on Thursday evening last. Deceased was 39 years of age and one of the most popular men on the North Shore. He received his business training in the office of Messrs. Gilmore, Barron and Co., and eventually entered the employ of Hon. Peter Mitchell, at that time a lumber merchant and ship builder. Later, Mr. Sinclair started in business for himself and eventually conducted one of the largest lumber concerns in the upper part of the province. He leaves three sons and three daughters. The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock in the morning at the residence of Mrs. Lillian Rosen, of this city, to Mr. Wm. Webber, of Weymouth. Following the ceremony a reception will be held at Leeman's hall.

Messrs. Ruddick's tug Joseph started for the mouth of the Nashuaque yesterday afternoon with half a dozen large saws in tow. These will be freighted with lumber from the Gibson mills for St. John.

The marriage of Miss Maud L. Wyman, daughter of Mr. Joseph R. Wyman, of Yarmouth, N. S., and Mr. Frank L. Little, eldest son of Mr. John Little of Rosedale, Toronto, will take place on June 5, in Yarmouth—Toronto Star.

An Ontario paper states that Richard Davidson, manager of the Imperial Bank at Prince Albert, N. W. T., who recently connected with the bank at Ontario from New Brunswick, "where he was a member of one of the leading families."

Yesterday morning it was expected that there would be a strike of the Italians recently brought from Boston to work on the hay presses at Sand Point. They went out on strike but it was only 15 minutes when they returned to work.

There are still a number of iron moulders out on strike here from the St. John Iron Works and Fleming's foundry. Yesterday afternoon the local secretary received from headquarters the usual amount of money to pay the men a week's allowance, \$7.

The regular monthly meeting of the Natural History Society will be held this evening. A number of papers will be presented and the report of the delegate to the Royal Society will be read. All who are interested in the summer camp are requested to attend the meeting as the arrangement regarding the camp will be discussed.

Sunday morning last in the Hebrew synagogue a meeting of the Jewish Relief and Immigration Society was held. It was found that the total income of the society from the 1st of September to 1st of April last had been \$285.75 and the total expense \$284.65, leaving a balance of \$29.10. The officers of the society are Mr. A. Poyas, president; S. Habimawsky, secretary; D. Kowensky, treasurer; L. Goldberg, manager. The next election will be in the coming September.

A cheese factory was opened at Gagetown yesterday, by a local company composed of the leading farmers of that thriving parish. A new building has been erected, of ample capacity, and work has been started. This will provide a profitable opportunity for the farmers and the dairymen to dispose of their surplus milk to good advantage. Regular milk routes have been established so the milk can be delivered to the company at the farm gates. It is expected that the product of some 300 cows will be available. Milk will also be sent across the river from the adjoining parish of Cambridge. If the cheese factory is successful in the summer operations, a butter-making plant will be put in, and the factory utilized for butter making in the winter months when cheese making is impossible.

Although an enthusiastic sailor, King Leopold II. of Belgium, does not own a yacht. He chatters the Alberta, a roomy and comfortable steam craft, 300 feet long, formerly owned by an American.

BISHOP SWEENEY'S WILL.

Proceedings Yesterday in Probate Very Interesting--Bishop Had No Stated Salary --- Court Supports Mr. Carleton in Objections Relative to Bonds.

In the probate court yesterday afternoon the hearing of the evidence in proof of the will made by the late Bishop Sweeney was continued. An adjournment of the case had been taken last Thursday to allow His Lordship Bishop Casey to make a search for any papers in connection with the property on the corner of Union and Sydney streets in this city.

Dr. Pugsley resumed the cross-examination of His Lordship Bishop Casey. His lordship stated he had deputed Mr. Carleton to make the search and was informed by him that there was nothing in the will account to show the existence of any but Episcopal property.

Mr. Carleton ruled there was no need to produce books or papers referring to episcopal property that did not enter into the scope of this inquiry. After some cross-firing by the respective counsel, Judge Trevelyan stated the evidence produced seemed to establish a prima facie case in proof of the will as legally executed, and suggested that an undertaking might be given by Mr. Carleton that he should be permitted to examine the books and accounts. Dr. Pugsley acceded to this if an adjournment were made which would give him sufficient time to make an examination of the accounts.

Mr. Carleton, K. C., stated there were absolutely no books of account, except episcopal books, and he was willing to produce these privately to Dr. Pugsley but objected to bringing them into court, as his honor had ruled there was no necessity of producing them. If, on private examination, Dr. Pugsley found any items referring to the private estate of the late bishop, then any book containing such private entries would be produced.

Dr. Pugsley made a lengthy argument in support of his contention that there must be some means of determining what was the personal and private property of the late bishop apart from that which he held in his name for the episcopal corporation. He insisted that in 1895 when the bishop made his will, he declared certain books were his own private property outside of an episcopal corporation, and he was in the habit of carrying them in his private office. Dr. Pugsley thought surely these particular books could be traced if disposed of the proceeds might be had no desire to shut off any proper inquiry, but it seemed to him unreasonable that adjournment after adjournment should be allowed.

His Lordship Bishop Casey produced the contents of the two cheque books of the Bank of British North America which were put in evidence on the insistence of Mr. Carleton. The bishop also produced the accounts of the property on the corner of Union and Sydney streets, St. John, to which Dr. Pugsley took exception, claiming they were not the original record of daily entries, but merely a record of the receipts from the real estate; and if successful only so much of the will could be in force as provided for the Roman Catholic bishop of St. John holding property in excess of sufficient to pay \$4,000 a year.

The court sustained Mr. Carleton's objection to the question. It was held that the intention was to show that the episcopal corporation was already in receipt of income amounting to more than \$4,000 outside of the receipts from the real estate; and if successful only so much of the will could be in force as provided for the Roman Catholic bishop of St. John holding property in excess of sufficient to pay \$4,000 a year.

On this point Dr. Pugsley urged that his intention was to show that the episcopal corporation was already in receipt of income amounting to more than \$4,000 outside of the receipts from the real estate; and if successful only so much of the will could be in force as provided for the Roman Catholic bishop of St. John holding property in excess of sufficient to pay \$4,000 a year.

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BOOMING UNCLE SAM

Matters of United States Trade With France.

Washington, June 2.—In a further series of extracts from the forthcoming volume two of Commercial Relations, dealing with United States Trade in France, Consul Cover of Lyons, says: "The houses of this district which some years ago furnished fine French hardware to the United States have almost entirely lost that trade within the last two decades and they are enabled to hold their own market here only by a protective tariff. American saws and other wood cutting instruments are pronounced the best in the world. Agricultural implements of American pattern and bearing an American name are met with in every county fair and are highly prized. (Consul Tourge, of Bordeaux, says: "The fastest time made by any railway, it is said, is on the road between this city and Bayonne, where a run of 123 miles is made every day in 128 minutes. It is quite to the credit of American mechanics that the honor of making this run is accorded to American locomotives."

Consul Britain, of Nantes, notes the development of the trade in American machinery in western France. During the past season, he says, about 800 reapers, mowers and horse hay rakes arrived at that port. American mowers give good satisfaction and the increased prices asked for farm labor will stimulate the sale of such machinery in the future. The American mower was a common sight in the fields last summer. In regard to the advantage gained by exhibiting machines, the consul says: "Last month a representative of a New England factory made an exhibition of most choicest in one of the Nantes stores, and during the afternoon about 20 of various sizes were sold. The Nantes house has since sold more than 200 of these machines."

"If some company were to make an exhibit of wringers and show their working, I am satisfied it would be found a profitable enterprise. There are no wringers sold here in a few heavy English machines."

NINE INJURED; ONE PERHAPS FATALLY. Street Car Collides With Railway Train With Bad Results.

McKeesport, Pa., June 2.—By a collision between a car on the United Traction Company's line and a train of the McKeesport and Belle Vernon branch of the Pennsylvania and Lake Erie railroad at McKeesport today, nine people were more or less seriously injured, one perhaps fatally.

A three-month-old child of James Monetteville, of McKeesport, contusion of the right temple.

Edna Fey, aged six years, of Duquesne, badly cut about the head.

James Jordan, of McKeesport, contusion of the right leg.

John Smith, of McKeesport, severely cut about the head.

James McQuaid, of McKeesport, badly bruised about the body.

Conductor Irwin Montgomery, spine injured, bruised and cut about the head and body, contusion of right arm and left leg cut; may die.

Happenings in Amherst. Amherst, May 31.—It is wonderful how easily some of the foreign element who locate in our towns acquire civilized habits. Selman, Desiak, an Armenian peddler, was yesterday arrested, charged with fraudulently converting to his own use goods entrusted to him by a fellow countryman, Habud Koory. It seems the accused was entrusted with goods on sale, to be paid for or delivered on demand. The demand was made, but neither goods nor money was forthcoming, hence the action. The case will be tried before U. E. Casey, J. P.

The population of Cumberland is being known and, judging from some sections, Cumberland is a right. One enumerators reports from Parbrova a family of 19, both parents and 17 children living, two dead. Of the 17 living five are married with families of their own.

E. Perkins, of St. John, is in town today.

T. S. Howe, a native of Amherst, for some years the successful editor of the Lunenburg Progress, spent some days in town this week renewing old acquaintances of his youth. Mr. Howe noted many striking evidences of improvement and, of course, credits it to the liberal government, of which he is a strong supporter.

The many form of our popular representative, H. J. Logan, M. P., is once more seen upon the streets of Amherst, after his work in Cumberland's behalf at Ottawa. Both Liberals and Conservatives are right that Mr. Logan is the right man in the right place.

Hon. Senator Dickey has also returned. He was accompanied by his son, Mayor Dickey, who went to Ottawa to meet his brother. The senator is looking remarkably well.

In Dr. von Miquel, who has been raised by Emperor William to a seat in the Prussian House of Lords, the lower house loses one of the most eloquent ministers who ever addressed it.

CANADIAN LIVE STOCK.

The Northwest Will Make an Exhibit at the Pan-American.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 3.—The Northwest territories of Canada have decided to make a live stock exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition.

Superintendent Converse wrote to the government of the Northwest territories urging them to make an exhibit. This morning he received a reply from Charles W. Peckership, of Regina, deputy commissioner of the department of agriculture, stating that the government had decided to confine its efforts to making a creditable live stock exhibit.

Northwestern Canada will send from 50 to 100 range led ewethers to the sheep exhibit; also four carloads of range led four year old steers to the cattle show of the Galloway and Shorthorn breeds, not eligible for registration.

It is proposed to make horses the leading feature of the Northwestern Canadian live stock exhibit. It will include a four-in-hand team of bronchos, a carload of range horses, selected teams of heavy draft and coach horses and hackneys, one or two thoroughbred, cavity chagrers and gentlemen's saddle horses.

It is the intention to sell all these exhibits at auction after the exhibition.

Two Men Drowned. Watertown, N. Y., June 3.—A special to the Standard from Massena says: While going to work about 8 o'clock last evening James Cowles, captain of the hydraulic dredge Yankee, and Thomas Cogan, a deck hand, were drowned in the canal by having their canoe capsized. A severe bedflood storm was raging at the time. The bodies were recovered this morning.

Although an enthusiastic sailor, King Leopold II. of Belgium, does not own a yacht. He chatters the Alberta, a roomy and comfortable steam craft, 300 feet long, formerly owned by an American.

D. A. KENNEDY,

(Successor to WALTER SCOTT), 32, 36 King Square, St. John, N. B.

MONEY FOUND.

Everybody likes to Find Money, or at least to save it. If you buy your DRY GOODS here you can save Twenty-five Cents on every dollar you spend.

- Here is a Money-Saving List: Ladies' Corsets, 30c pair. Lace Curtains, 20c pair. Matt Rugs, only 60c each. Towelling, 6c yard. Hosiery, only 10c pair. Grey Cotton, 4 1/2c. White Cotton, 5c. Men's Shirts, 25c each. Men's Overalls, only 50c pair. White Hamburg, 3c yard. Ladies' Handkerchiefs, 3c each. Ladies' Undervests, 7c each. Table Linen, 22c yard. Ladies' Blouses, 45c each. Ladies' Belts, only 10c.

PRACTICAL TEMPERANCE

Rev. F. L. Carney Outlines a Plan of Personal Work.

At St. Dunstan's church, Sunday morning, Rev. Father Carney delivered a stirring discourse on temperance, pointing out the evil effects caused by the use of intoxicating liquors, and the many bright and promising careers which were blighted by alcoholic drink.

The reverend gentleman said that it was his intention to visit the homes of all his new parishioners and inquire if such an evil existed in their midst and if so he would have them take the pledge. He believed his duty was to go out into the highways and byways as well as preach in the church. He had a deadly hate for intemperance and he was going to do all in his power to stamp out the evil. Rev. Father Carney said he was going to inquire into other evils as well, and if there were any stray sheep in his flock he was going to try and lead them back to the fold.

The reverend gentleman's eloquent and forceful sermon made a deep impression upon his hearers, and is freely and favorably commented upon about the city today—Fredericton Gleaner.

Weddings. A dainty wedding took place at 7.30 p.m. last evening at the residence of Mr. J. C. Cain, 218 Duke street, when his daughter, Miss Ellen, was united in marriage to Mr. Geo. W. Dunlavy, of Messrs. Schofield & Co., shipping agents. Rev. J. A. Richardson officiated. After the ceremony a bridal luncheon was served at the home where Mr. and Mrs. Dunlavy will take up their residence. They were the recipients of many valuable gifts, which included a handsome remembrance from the groom's associates in Messrs. Schofield & Co.'s office.

On April 13th, at St. Mary Abbots cathedral, London, England, Miss Mary, only child of the late Mr. J. C. Cain, of this county, N. B., was married to Mr. Stanley Stewart Heritage, son of the late Judge Heritage, of London. Canon Penney, assisted by three curates, performed the ceremony. The young couple left for an extended tour through Europe. They will make their home in Paris.

The marriage of Miss Mabel Pyke, daughter of late G. A. Pyke, and George Howard, son of the late "Gat" Howard, of South African fame, takes place at her mother's residence, 5 South street, at 1 o'clock, Wednesday, 5th inst. The wedding will be a quiet one on account of recent deaths in both families. Rev. T. C. Mellor will perform the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. Howard will leave for New York and the west, returning by the way of Buffalo. They will reside near Ottawa—Halifax Recorder.

Woodstock, June 3.—(Special)—A very popular marriage was solemnized in St. Luke's church at 5 o'clock this morning. The contracting parties were Percy Graham, manager of the People's Bank, Hartford, and Miss Cora Ebbel Smith, youngest daughter of George P. Smith.

Venerable Archbishop Neale officiated. The bride and groom were unattended. The bride attended in a gray travelling suit, and the bridegroom in a dark suit. The bride was accompanied by her father, and the groom by his brother. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride's father, 100 St. John street. The bride and groom will leave for New York and the west, returning by the way of Buffalo. They will reside near Ottawa—Halifax Recorder.

South African War. "Another remarkable thing is the fact that both sides have adhered with substantial fidelity to a tacit agreement not to employ in this fight the savage natives all around them. But for this the war would have been more horrible than it has been and might have been ended before this."—Baltimore Sun.

Asphyxiated in Hotel. Augusta, Me., June 2.—Robert Keating, of Red Beach, Me., was found dead in bed at Hotel North this afternoon, the cause being turned on full heat. Keating came here to see his son, who is sick at the insane hospital. It is believed that death was accidental.

Not So Trifling. A striking example of the great guilt dwelling on fact and hecaty is this dwelling of a supposed fortune of one million down to the comparatively trifling sum of ten thousand dollars.—Boston Transcript.

Body Recovered. (Chatham, June 2.—The remains of little Willie Lawlor, the 15-year-old boy who was drowned while skating December last, was found today near Wagon's bridge and were interred in the Roman Catholic cemetery this afternoon.

Mr. Hill's "Business" Imagination. It is a frequent complaint that our present materialistic and scientific age is driving out the imagination. Yet we hear a great deal about "the scientific imagination" and "the business imagination." A good illustration of the latter is the case of the late Mr. Hill, the president of the Great Northern, on the business problem of the future, the control of the traffic of the Pacific Ocean. Mr. Hill's imagination was not a mere fancy, but a practical one. He engaged in farming, fisheries where he sold the enormous amount of produce thus brought into the market, and finds the only outlet for the wants of the millions who inhabit the Orient. All this he did in order to provide for the future of the Great Northern, on the business problem of the future.—Vaterebury Amalgam.

The more idle a woman's hand the more occupied her heart.

Have You Got Rheumatism?

You Can Be Cured; FREE. A Scientific Discovery Which Will Revolutionize the Treatments of Rheumatism.

82 Years Old, Cured of Rheumatism After Suffering for 42 Years. I discovered a harmless, sure and infallible cure that every suffering sufferer may learn about if I will gladly mail a trial box free. This is no humbug or quack, but a scientific remedy that enabled me to get a person to abandon crutch and cane. In Lynn, Mass., I cured an old gentleman 82 years of age, after suffering over 40 years. In Birmingham, Ind., I cured a lady who had cured fifteen of her neighbors. In Marion, Ohio, I enabled Mrs. Mina Scott to abandon her crutches. Rev. C. J. Bond of Hartford, Wis., certifies that this remarkable remedy cured two members of his congregation, one who had suffered for over 25 years. In Bolton, N. Y., I cured an old gentleman 85 years of age. Never before had remedy been so highly endorsed as this, among the eminent people who endorse it. Doctor Quereau, of the University of Medicine, whose endorsement bears the official seal of the United States Council, no matter what the trial box, also the most authoritative book ever gotten up on the subject of rheumatism, absolutely free. It will tell you all about your case. You get the trial box and book free upon request. Write to me at once and I will send you the trial box and book free. Address: John A. Smith, 259 Germania Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis., U.S.A.

Love may be blind, but in financial matters it has a sensitive touch.

IN THE LIGHT OF A LIE.

I have suffered, and so have you, And to-night, if you were but standing here, I'd give you an answer straight and true, If you'd ask me again if I loved you, dear! —Laura C. Holden.

She was a little out of breath when she came into the drawing-room. There was a faint, unusual flush on her ordinarily pearl-fair cheek, and her eyes looked large and restless. She had evidently dressed hurriedly. The lace on her bosom looked as though hastily adjusted, and the flowers at her belt were pinned awry. "I am late," she apologized. She had come up the room's long hallway, and lifted her lips for his customary evening salutes. "I am sorry to have kept dinner waiting. It is unpardonable. It shall not occur again."

He murmured a few deprecating words, and they went into dinner together. All during dinner in the rich, old, dark-paneled room, where the golden sunset light poured through softening draperies of thin crimson silk, she was very gay, very entertaining. She always was vivacious, especially when she had anything to conceal under a tide of clever talk or a sparkling shower of wit. And David Farnham was a good listener—an excellent listener.

When one of his few friends, handsome, reckless, improvident Ross Lenard, had ended his fit of remorse over disastrous mining speculations by putting a bullet in his brain, a letter found near him asked that David Farnham would look after the "little girl." Farnham had accepted the trust with the quiet consciousness natural to him in matters great or unimportant. He had seen the girl to the best school. He had arranged that her vacations should be safely and pleasantly spent? He had noted precisely as though she were a blood relative, legally entitled to his protection from school, a quite bewitchingly fair and accomplished young woman, he was temporarily dismayed. Whatever was he to do with such a charming enchantress? For a year she lived with a widowed sister of his. All her mother's people were across the ocean, and being strangers to her she refused to go to them. Farnham went gradually at intervals to see his ward, and was in every way solicitous for her comfort. But daily the realization grew on him that she was not as well and carefully guarded as she should be. In his perplexity he asked her to marry him. Now, months after their marriage, strange emotions thrilled him when he recalled the manner of her reply. She had turned her head away for a moment. Then she had looked up at him, her face flaming red. Her eyes met his full and steadily.

"Yes—if you are sure you want me—yes," she said. Life had been a good deal like a fairy story to him since then. He was lord of a palace, and the beautiful princess was his only life. In all his uneventful, hard-working life he had never imagined what it might be to live in paradise; but that gate should ever swing wide for him had not entered into his imaginings.

"It was a delightful drama," she went on, apropos of the malice of the afternoon. "It is likely to have a long run. Almost every one who is left in town was there."

"I passed the theatre as the crowd was coming out," he said. "I had an impetuous business engagement, so could not cross over; but I think I saw you as you left. I'm almost sure it was you, but you know how near-sighted I am. You wore white, did you not—a white coat and hat?" "Yes," she said, in a breathless sort of way. She laid down her hand and looked over at him. "Yes."

He slipped slowly, almost retrospectively, at his Bergony. "I thought I could not be mistaken. I was sorry I had not time to make sure—to meet you. Besides, you were not alone. You had the carriage. And—there was some one with you coming out, was there not? A tall man. You were not alone. I was not positive, but it looked like Andrews. Was it Andrews?"

Her fork fell on her salad plate with a little tinkling clatter. "I don't know you are not so near-sighted, after all," she laughed. "That was Andrews?" "Yes," she answered. That sudden rose color again stained her cheek. Her bright, eager gaze never left his face. "It—it was Col. Andrews?"

Then she was off in the sparkling narration of the chief comedy scene in the play, telling it with delicious humor, inimicable mimicry, and scintillant flashes of original comment. And all was made merrier by the gleaming laughter of purple-blue eyes, the little airy gestures of white, perfect hands.

And David Farnham, eating his fruit and cracking his walnuts, listened and looked, his slow, sweet smile deepening around his firm lips.

And she was his—his, David Farnham's—his wife this exquisite girl, with the moor-drifts of her stammering life behind, and the wild rose garden of her beautiful life before. He put his hand to his throat at the thought. For an instant something hot under his eyelids blurred the flowers, the damask, the glittering silver of the table, even the radiant, glowing, gracious young vision beyond.

"Come," she cried, "I shall play for you." And play she did, while he smoked and listened, wild, merry, capricious music that gradually merged into a little sobbing minor strain. Slower it grew and fainter. Suddenly it ended in a false chord. Then there was silence.

David Farnham rose—crossed the room. He laid his hand on his wife's shoulder. She looked up at him. "Evelyn?" "Evelyn!" he said. "Evelyn!" The pang of bitter recollection cut him to the heart. He was too old, too grave, too sad for her. It had been all a terrible mistake. And she—she was finding it out!

For in that long, penetrative look he saw that she was weak, and white, and spent. All the light and bloom of her beauty had been blown out as though by an extinguishing breath. A passion of sorrow slumbered in her eyes, and on her lashes the tears stood large and bright. "David," she stood up. She put her arms around his neck and hid her face against his breast. "I wonder how—how well you love me, David?" "How well?" he repeated, hoarsely. "God—Evelyn! How well!" The answer seemed to satisfy her, for, although she did not offer to kiss him, the clasp around his neck tightened. Then she turned away and went out of the room, and up the stairs, the rustle of her silken gown coming back to him with a murmuring sound that grew momentarily more indistinct.

He heard the door of her room close. Ten hours later, opening his paper alone at the breakfast table, he started to his feet, aghast—dismayed. "Andrews!" he cried. "Andrews!" There it was, confronting him in bold black and white. "DEATH OF COL. FOREST ANDREWS." "Unexpected demise of a well-known citizen at noon yesterday."

So his friend was dead! But—what was that? At noon—yesterday! At noon? Why, he had been at the matinee. He had come out with Evelyn. She had seen and spoken with him. She—she had said so—that it was he who was with her. Oh, there must be an error—somewhere? He pushed away his plate; he could not eat. He drank his coffee and went into the library. Evelyn paused on the threshold at sight of his bent head, his agitated countenance. He turned at sound of her exclamation. She was just from her sleep—her bath. The profuse folds of her white gown were gathered by blue ribbons at her throat. The bright hair was braided in girlish fashion and hung loose. She had never looked to him so youthful—so innocent. Obanaghman's couplet of his sweet-heart came to him: "Deafening she looks like a tall garden lily, Fresh from the night, and perfect for the day."

"David," she cried. "What is it?" In silence he held out the paper to her. "At noon, yesterday," he said. She read the paragraph. She went white as her gown. He thought she was going to faint; but she laid the paper down, turned to the open door, closed it, came back and stood before him. "If you will not look at me," she said, in a low voice, "perhaps—perhaps I can tell you."

The grim silence was for a space unbroken. Then she spoke: "I did not meet Col. Andrews yesterday. I did not see him yesterday, but I was told you should think it was he whom I was with. I went to the matinee to meet another man. He is the height and general appearance of your friend, but younger—much younger. That is how you were mistaken. You may have heard his name—not that it matters now. I met him during the last year at school. He made me think I cared for him; he made love to me, and I—I wrote some foolish letters. They are not letters it would hurt you to read—even now; they were only the silly letters of a foolish and inexperienced girl. When later I came to know you better, to know you well, I knew that I could never be quite happy as the wife of any other man. I was hoping, I was praying for months before you spoke, that you would ask me—what you did."

"Your money had nothing to do with this desire; he is wealthy, too. It was only that I wanted you—you! And I knew, too, that when you said at last that you did not love me as a man should love the woman whom he does the honor to ask to be his wife. If I hesitated in that moment, you know the reason now. Then I said to myself, 'You can make him love you! I may take years, but you can make him love you! I have tried—my best and daily I have been happier and happier as I fancied I was succeeding. I could not tell you about that first absurd romance of mine. I thought you would deem me trivial—that it would lower me in your sight, and I could not bear that. But still it seemed to me disloyal to you that any other man should have letters of mine in his possession, so I wrote to him when I heard he had come back from Europe, and asked him to send them to me. He said he would give them to me if I would meet him and tell him with my own lips that I was mistaken in once thinking I had cared for him, and that I had married you for no other reason than that I loved you. This I did yesterday. Even he could no longer doubt why I had become your wife. The letters are on the cabinet in my room; they are yours to read or destroy. Now, I have told you all!"

Sounds of busy life came from without of rolling wheel, of speeding hoof, of children laughing at their play. But David Farnham only knew with great and glad rejoicing that the one cloud had faded from his sunlight, that the roses were redder than ever in his way, that the music of his life rang strong and true. He breathed the fragrance of the mignonette she wore as he caught her to him. "David, are you sure you understand? I—I told you!" "Dear," in his voice an infinite thankfulness, an infinite content. "You love me! For that I did not dare to hope—believe, I did not dare!" [Kate M. Cleary in the Household.]

Respect always a silent woman. Great is the wisdom of the woman that holdeth her tongue.—Chinese Proverb.

NORTH END LIBRARY.

Directors Have Written to Andrew Carnegie for Financial Aid.

About a week ago the directors of the North End Free Public Library sent a communication to Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the Scottish-American millionaire and donor of public libraries in general requesting that he might bestow a donation of money on the North End library. The rumor that Mayor Daniels had made an appeal on behalf of the city library to the great Scottish philanthropist has evidently led to a similar determination on the part of the North End library directors.

HIGH DIVER AT BUFFALO FATALLY INJURED.

Did the Whirlwind Ride and Dive, But Struck Shallow Part of Tank.

Buffalo, June 3.—Teddy Oliver, 19 years old, was perhaps fatally injured while doing his act in a midway show at the exposition grounds tonight. Oliver's turn was to ride a bicycle off the edge of a platform 40 feet high and dive into a pool of water below.

The water in the basin into which Oliver made his dive is 18 feet deep in the center, the bottom slanting upward to the edge of the pool where it is only five feet deep. As he reached the edge of the platform his wheel swerved to the right and Oliver was thrown head foremost into the shallow water on the outer edge of the pool. He struck on his head and shoulders and sunk. Carl P. Bennett, an insurance man of Bangor, Me., jumped into the water and brought Oliver to the surface. He was unconscious and it is said his injuries may prove fatal.

St. John Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Country Market—Wholesale and various commodity prices like Beef, Bacon, Butter, etc.

PROVISIONS

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price, including items like Pork, Beef, Mutton, etc.

FISH

Table with 2 columns: Fish and Price, including Codfish, Herring, etc.

GRAIN

Table with 2 columns: Grain and Price, including Oats, Potatoes, etc.

TOBACCO

Table with 2 columns: Tobacco and Price, including Black, Bright, etc.

RICE

Table with 2 columns: Rice and Price, including Aracan, Patna, etc.

SUGAR

Table with 2 columns: Sugar and Price, including Granulated, White, etc.

OILS

Table with 2 columns: Oil and Price, including American Water White, etc.

ECZEMA

And Every Form of Torturing Disfiguring Skin and Scalp Humours Cured by Cuticura

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price, including Canadian Water White, Lard, etc.

RAISINS

Table with 2 columns: Raisin and Price, including London Layers, Black, etc.

APPLES

Table with 2 columns: Apple and Price, including Apples, bbl, Dried, etc.

MOLASSES

Table with 2 columns: Molasses and Price, including Barbados, New, etc.

FLOUR AND MEAL

Table with 2 columns: Flour and Price, including Cornmeal, Middlings, etc.

COFFEE

Table with 2 columns: Coffee and Price, including Condensed, 1 lb cans, etc.

MATCHES

Table with 2 columns: Match and Price, including Gross, 1000, etc.

CANDLES

Table with 2 columns: Candle and Price, including Mottled, per lb, etc.

TEARS

Table with 2 columns: Tear and Price, including Congo, per lb, etc.

NAILS

Table with 2 columns: Nail and Price, including Oak, 50 dz, etc.

OAKUM

Table with 2 columns: Oakum and Price, including English Navy, etc.

PAINTS

Table with 2 columns: Paint and Price, including White lead, etc.

IRON, ETC.

Table with 2 columns: Iron and Price, including Chain cables, etc.

LIME

Table with 2 columns: Lime and Price, including Casts, etc.

TAR AND PITCH

Table with 2 columns: Tar and Price, including Domestic coal tar, etc.

COALS

Table with 2 columns: Coal and Price, including Old Mines Sydney, etc.

LUMBER

Table with 2 columns: Lumber and Price, including Spruce deals, etc.

NEW YORK

Table with 2 columns: New York and Price, including Boston, etc.

Men's Spring Overcoats.

Two special lines in new mode shades—the latest colorings for this season—beautifully tailored and correct in every particular, \$12.00 and \$13.50.

The newest shade of olive green Covert Overcoats, \$12.50. New Raglan Overcoats—very fashionable, \$16.50 and \$20. Other prices in Men's Spring Overcoats, \$8.50 to \$14.00.

No garment is allowed to leave our establishment unless it is a perfect fit.

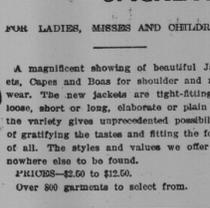
M. R. & A'S UNRIVALLED \$10.00 SUITS FOR MEN.

Manchester Robertson & Allison

DOWLING BROTHERS, 95 King Street. The Largest Retail Distributors of Ladies' Ready-Made Jackets, Capes and Blouse Waists in the Maritime Provinces.

New Spring JACKETS.

A magnificent showing of beautiful Jackets, Capes and Bows for shoulder and neck wear. The new jackets are tight-fitting or loose, short or long, elaborate or plain and the variety gives unprecedented possibilities of gratifying the taste and fitting the forms of all. The styles and values we offer are nowhere else to be found.



Ladies' Costumes. JACKET AND SKIRT READ TO WEAR. OVER 100 SAMPLE SUITS TO BE SOLD HALF THEIR VALUE. We have purchased from a leading manufacturer over one hundred sample costumes in plain and checked homespun, blue, grey and black covert cloth, and fine checked vicunas in browns and greys, in sizes 32 to 38 bust measure. The jackets are mostly lined with silk. All to be sold at half their value. \$10.00—\$5.00, \$7.50 and \$10.00.

DOWLING BROTHERS, 95 King Street.

HUSBAND ARRESTED, KING EDWARD MEETS THE TRUST KING BUT MISSED THE LIBRARY DONOR

Wife Found Murdered; He is Suspected.

Kansas City, Mo., June 2.—W. H. Klensmire, whose wife was yesterday found murdered near their home at Holton, Kas., buried in a shallow trench, was arrested in Kansas City, Kas., today. Marks on the body, which is believed to have been buried since May 19, indicated that her skull had been crushed with a club, and suspicion was directed against the husband, who disappeared on that date.

When arrested today, Klensmire was at the station waiting to take a train, as he said, for Holton. When told that he was wanted on suspicion of murdering his wife, he refused for a time to talk. Then he declared that his wife had committed suicide on May 12. On the following morning, he said, when he found the body hanging from the rafters in the house, he took it to the trench and buried it.

Following the finding of the body, the mysterious murder in 1892, of Paul Swicklick, Mrs. Klensmire's brother, who carried \$80,000 life insurance in favor of the Klensmires, was brought forth as a suspicious circumstance and this led to coupling Klensmire's mysterious disappearance with the killing of his wife.

Killed in Bangor Railway Yard.

Bangor, Me., June 1.—A man killed in the railway yard here Saturday morning remains unidentified, although several persons say that he told them he belonged to Holyoke, Mass. He told several that he intended to start a ride west on the recently opened express Friday night, and his body was found on the main line a few hours after the train passed over of Bangor station. He was about 25 years old, with dark, curly hair, white skin; wore striped trousers, blue vest with white spots, and light colored heavy box overcoat. The coroner's inquest, held today, is adjourned to Monday, in order that the crew of the midnight express may testify.

Taking Biological Station to Canso.

St. Andrews, June 3.—(Special)—Cruiser "Canso" sailed this afternoon with the marine biological station in tow. She will proceed as far as Shelburne from that point it will be towed to Canso by the Latusdowne.

Philippines Elected to Spain's Parliament.

Madrid, June 3.—Among those who were recently elected to parliament are three Filipinos, resident in Spain. They purpose to bring up the question of the condition of the Philippines, alleging that the situation is worse than before the war.

Settled in Marriage at Last.

Boston, June 3.—Sophie Malaga, young Syrian girl, who, eight months ago, was taken away from her home in Syria, was this week married to a man from whom she fled, her former husband, having been annulled by both churches.

The Confession of Faith.

Philadelphia, June 3.—Rev. Dr. W. H. Roberts, clerk of the Presbyterian General Assembly, today received a telegram from Rev. Dr. Henry C. Minton, moderator, announcing that all members of the assembly had agreed to revise the confession of faith, had accepted and would serve. The first meeting of the revision committee will be held at Pittsburg, June 11.