## PAGES

MISSING



Heinz Tomato Chutney is a delicious tomato product that imparts an appetizing relish to meats of all kinds.

There are 57 varieties of Heinz Pickles and Pure Food Products.

Canadian Agents:
H. P. Eckardt \& Go., Hudon, Hebert \& Cie, Toronto. Mantreal.

## Your Profit in

Selling Salt
depends for its real value upon the length of time that you hold the trade of the customer who buys it of you. The permanent customer pays you the biggest profit in the end. Salt is a small item, but it is just one of these "small items" that holds a customer's trade.

## Windsor Salt

is absolutely free from all impurities-it is a free-running, white, perfectly crystalized Salt that never varies from the one high standard that has made it famous as the "Salt of Quality." With it you can hold the trade of the most particular woman that ever lived. Leading wholesalers sell it.

[^0]
# , WHY PAY double price for . <br> <br> 31-CARB. SODA 

 <br> <br> 31-CARB. SODA}
when you can buy the Purest and Strongest English Soda

## HAND-IN-HAND Brand?

No Yankee humbug about this Soda. Best dealers sell this brand.

Do you want to please your customers?

SELL THEM
Moir, Wilson \& Co.'s
GENUINE SCOTCH
Kippered Herring Preserved Bloaters Herring and Tomato Sauce Herring in Mustard Sauce

FINEST QUALITY PACKED BEST DEALERS SELL THEM

## Two Articles Always in Season.

## Lazenby's Soup Squares

Used to the greatest extent where the quality is best known. Quick, convenient, delicious * little Soup Makers. 13 varieties. Trade-winners for the storeand trade-keepers, too.

## Lazenby's Jelly Tablets

For the holiday feasting, for the economical and particular housewife, for more business, these handy, highest quality, absolutely pure-flavored Tablets are unequalled. 13 varieties. Used by the best families in Great Britain and the Colonies. Quality counts! "The purest that can be."

IRTHUR P. TIPPET \& CO., Agents, Montreal and Toronto,

## MUSHROOM BRUSHMAKERS. .

It would be interesting to learn what has become of the number of Mushroom Brushmakers who have of late years come and gone like the "Ships that pass in the night." They make their appearance, flooding the market with a lot of inferior goods, demoralizing trade, and then disappear -usually sadder but wiser for their experience. Notwithstanding this they still spring up like the proverbial mushroom and with sublime assurance call themselves Brush Manufacturers.

Real Brushmaking requires a technical knowledge gained only by years of experience, and a safe rule to follow is to buy your Brushes from old=established manufacturers who are in the business to stay.

An idea of what real Brushmaking means may be gained from our catalogue of goods showing the large variety of qualities and sizes required to meet the demands of the public. Every dealer of experience knows that he must have a large assortment of brushes for his customers to choose from, as what will suit one will not suit another.

Our works have been established in Toronto for over 43 years, we have a personal know= ledge of every detail of manufacturing Brushes, our employees are thoroughly experienced in their various departments, we have ample capital for the requirements of our business, and through long years of practical buying in the world's best markets we are in a position to secure the highest possible value in our raw materials.

We therefore caution the trade not to be misled by high-sounding claims of Mushroom Brushmakers and accumulate a lot of stock which is not suited to the demands of the trade and which they may have to dispose of at a loss later on.

Every Brush we turn out we guarantee to be exactly as represented and our name and brand is a guarantee to all dealers handling them. <br> \title{
Bocckh Bros. \& Company
} <br> \title{
Bocckh Bros. \& Company
}

Manufacturers
Offices and Warerooms : 80 and 88 York St. and 12 Clarence St.
Factories: 158 to 168 Adelaide St. West.
Montreal Branch: 1 and 3 De Bresoles St.
Agencies at
TORONTO, ONT.
Winnipeg, Man.; Vancouver, B.C.; St. John's, Nfld.;
London, England ; Glasgow, Scotland.
Our goods are sold by all reliable dealers throughout the Dominion.
W. C. Macdonald, Actuary.
J. K. MACDONALD, Managing Director

## Dollars and Cents!

Sentiment doesn't go in business-it's the dollars and cents profit that you are after. You can't make a permanent profit unless you hold your tradequality counts more than quantity. I believe that the fact that my oldest cigar customers are my best ones goes a long way in proving that they are making PERMANENT profits, because they are holding their trade and adding to it constantly.

When I speak of

## Payne's Cigars

I refer particularly to my "Pharaoh" ten-cent cigar and my "Pebble" fivecent cigar, because I believe they are leaders in their lines. But I make many other brands, too-let me quote you prices or send you samples.
J. BRUCE PAYNE, MFR., Granby, Ont.

One of the many liberal features embodied in the UNCONDITIONAL ACCUMULATIVE POLICY issued by the

## Confederation Life Association.

HEAD OFFICE--TORONTO

the provision for Extended Insurance. After two full annual premiums ave been paid, the insured is entitled to Extended Insurance for the full mount of the policy for a term of years definitely stated therein. Paid-up ad Cash Values also guaranteed.
Rates and full information sent on application to the Head Office, Toonto, or to any of the association's agents.

HONEST from
BEGINNING to END

## Crown Brand

 Extracts
## The Greig Manufacturing Co.

456 St. Paul St., MONTREAL.

## EXTENDED INSURANCE.

## PLANNING AHEAD.

When there is no fishing the fisherman busies himself mending his nets. The wise business man utilizes tıme during the Summer months preparing for the busy Fall trade.
The grocer who aims to do a first-class trade will see to it that "Sterling" Brand Pickles stand among the first things on his list for sorting up for the early Fall. Remember that Exhibitions and Fall Fairs are ahead, when pickles are always wanted on the table.

> - See that your best trade
> -is made safe with "Ster-
> -ling" brand Pickles.
T. A. LYTLE \& CO.

124-I28 Richmond St. W., TORONTO, CAN.


## CLEAN, BRIGHT, WHOLE SPICES

TILLICHERRY PEPPER
AMBOYA CLOVES
PENANG MACE
MUSTARD SEED CELERY SEED

CARRAWAY SEED
CURRY POWDER
TURMERIC
BATAVIA CASSIA JAMAICA GINGER JAMAICA PIMENTO CAPSICUM

CORIANDER CARDAMON

FOR THE PICKLING SEASON.

## LICORICE . .

We manufacture everything in the Licorice line carried by the Grocery, Drug and Confectionery trades. We might mention-Y. \& S. Stick Licorice, all sizes; Acme Licorice Pellets; Y. \& S. Licorice Lozenges, in cans or glass jars ; A B C Blocks; Purity \& Dulce Brand one cent sticks; Bundled Licorice Root; Small Cigars, 300 to box, etc. In Pliable Licorice, Triple Tunnel Tubes, Mint Puff-Straps, Navy Plugs and Golf-Sticks 100 to box; Blow Pipes 200 to box. Write for illustrated catalogue.

## YOUNG \& STTYLIE

BROOKLYN, N.Y.

## Dunns Pure Mustards

are made from selected seeds; all shell is extracted. Sold in roc., $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. and $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{lb}$. tins. It will pay to write us at Hamilton, Ont.


## The Machine-Made Teas of

## CEYLON AND : INDIA

are absolutely free from adulteration of any kind.

They stand for what they are-Pure Tea and All Tea.

Why use teas weighted with coloring matter, seed pods, unidentified refuse, etc., when a pure article may be obtained?

Use less tea and infuse three to five minutes. Always use boiling water.

## HOLIDAYS, Aug. 7th to 19th.

Send a post card for free sample to
C. E. COLSON \& SON,


Rose \& Laflamme
Agents
MONTREAL.

Sole Agents,


THIS JOURNAL is the only one of its kind in Canada circulating extensively among Grocers and General Merchants in the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward sland, Newfoundland, Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, British Columbia and the Territories. In using HE GROCER you cover the field.

## THE BARGAIN COUNTER DELUSION.

ALOCAL organization, known as the Consumers' League of Chicago, has undertaken to show to the buying public the real conditions which exist in department stores.
Recently, Miss Annie Marion MacLean, of the University of Chicago, took a place as saleswoman in two such institutions, and her observations were published in the last number of The American Journal of Sociology.

Amongst other things said in this article, which speaks for itself, are these :
"The difficulty of finding employment was not so great as might be supposed. Owing to the holiday rush and the consequent need of large reinforcements to the original help, the employers were not insistent on experience as a requisite for the successful applicant. However, it was not until several visits had been made that I was promised a position at $\$ 3$ a week. Work was to begin the following Monday, which would give me just two weeks of the Christmas trade. Employment being promised, it seemed desirable to engage board in some home for workingwomen; for the unvironment which such a place would proide gave promise of the best results. I yas fortunate in finding a most satisfactory flace not far from the heart of the city, and ere I went as a workingwoman.

This home is deserving of more than assing mention. It provides board and odging, together with the use of pleasant jarlors and library, to workingwomen under ;o years of age for $\$ 2.50$ per week, if they ure content to occupy a single bed in a dormitory. These dormitories are thoughtfully planned and accommodate from io to 5 each. A large proportion of the 65
residents were saleswomen, and they, in the course of conversation, gave me much useful information. All classes of girls were there, and most of them received very low wages."
On beginning work Monday morning, Miss MacLean found that one of the difficult things was keeping track of the prices, which were frequently changed during the day. The penalty for selling under price was immediate discharge, while selling above price met with no disapproval.

- Every morning there were special sales Sometimes articles that had sold for \$1 would be reduced to 98 c ., with much blowing of trumpets, while, again 25 c . articles would be offered at a bargain for 40 c . 'to-day only." But we soon learned what things were to be 'leaders' from day to day, and the manager's brief instructions each morning were sufficient to keep us posted on the bargains. The charms of the bargain counter vanish when one has been behind the scenes and learned something of its history. The humor of it seemed to impress the clerks, for often knowing winks would be exchanged when some unwary customer was being victimized.

In this store no seats were provided for the employes.
" Oh, the weariness of the first morning ! The hours seemed days. 'Can I possibly stand up all day ?' was the thought uppermost in my mind, for I soon learned from my companions that abusive language was the share of the one who was found sitting down. Later in the week I found this to be true. One of the girls who was well nigh exhausted sat a moment on a little table that was for sale-there was not a seat of any kind in the room, and the only way one
could get a moment's rest was to sit on the children's furniture that was for sale on one part of the floor. The manager came along and found the poor girl resting. The only sympathy he manifested was to call out in rough tones: ' Get up out of that, you lazy huzzy! I don't pay you to sit around all day!' Under such circumstances it is small wonder that the stolen rests were few. By night, the men as well as women, were limping wearily across the floor, and many sales were made under positive physical agony.

- The days in the store were much the same, with their endless fatigue. At times the rush would be great; then again we would have nothing to do but stand around and talk. Thus we became surprisingly well acquainted in a short time. We talked about our wages and compared index sheets on every possible occasion. Some sold very little, and at the end of the week had no more than $\$ 3$. The mental anguish of some of the girls, when they saw at night how small their sales had been, is impossible to describe. One may elect to become a worker, and endure the hardships of the toil, and live the life of the laborer, and receive the same starvation wages, but he can never experience the abject wretchedness of not knowing where to turn when the last dollar is gone. Three dollars a week to a girl alone in the city means starvation or shame.'

Miss MacLean emphasizes the importance of bringing the saleswoman's wages " up to a point where she can live without the wages of $\sin$.'
" All the hardships of the shop girl's life fade into insignificance before this grave danger she has to face. Adequate support is the first necessity. Improved sanitary conditions and opportunity for rest may well

THE RISING SUN STOVE POLISH aHO THE SUN PASTE STOVE POLISH


MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass.

take a second place. They can be secured by legislation; the other must come from united action on the part of the buyers and the organization of the saleswomen themselves. The trades' union spirit should be fostered and the workingwomen taught the power of united effort.'

## FISHERIES OF NORWAY.

AMONG the cod and herring fisheries in the Lofoden Islands, off the northwest coast of Norway, it is said that as many as 7,000 vessels and 35,000 or 40 ,000 men are frequently engaged during the busiest time, which is during the latter part of March. About $\$ 175,000$ or $\$ 200,000$ worth of fishing tackle of various kinds is lost or rendered useless each year in these fisheries. There are a number of very unusual practices followed among the Lofoden fishermen. One of these is their provision for medical care. There are generally seven doctors appointed each year to look after the men engaged in this trade. These physicians attend about 8,000 or 9,000 patients every year, and there are often between 500 and 600 in the hospitals. Medical attendance is supplied to these fishermen free of charge, the doctors being paid out of the medical fund, which is kept up by levying a tax on all fish and fish products exported. There are several clergymen stationed permanently in different parts of this district, and four State chaplains are in attendance during the fishing season. Five libraries have been established, as well as four night schools, and, during the last few years, many fisherermen's homes have been opened in different places. There is an insurance company in the Lofoden Islands, and upon the payment of about 25 cents a year, a fisherman can have his life insured for $\$ 53$ or $\$ 54$ ( 200 kroner). The estimated number of fish caught among these islands every year is $15,000,000$ to $18,000.000$ cod, and $25,000,000$ medium-sized fish, the value of which when bought from the fishermen, is $\$ 1,500,800$ to $\$ 2,000,000$.-Commerce.

CANNED TOMATOES IN THE U. S. The Baltimore Trade says: "On account of the favorable prices now quoted for tomatoes, and the general belief among packers and brokers that the market is almost entirely cleaned up of spot goods, packers are making every effort to begin the canning of tomatoes, but we believe that the amount that they will thus secure will be very small and obtained at high cost. It is worthy of note that even with the offering of these new goods upon the market, the general tone of the quotations have strengthened for tomatoes; it has proven conclusively that the call for canned tomatoes is for consumption, which is depending upon an empty market. The anomaly in peaches apparently continues. While there is virtually no fruit upon the trees in the known peach regions there still come to town daily odds and ends of baskets of fruit to this market, which, on account of their small size and half ripe condition, bring only fair prices, but serve to make a quotation that would indicate that there is a peach crop in sight. Some of the packers have picked up what they could of these arrivals, and have been putting up seconds and pies with them. We would not be surprised if some ambitious dealers were willing to furnish labels and accept them as standards, when peeled and having a little syrup on them ; but even in the years of the best peach yield the peaches that come to market in baskets in July, in this section of the world, are never fit for anything but very ordinary seconds.'

## AGREED ON ONE THING.

A representative of The "Salada" Tea Company, while on the way to Halifax by boat the other day, became acquainted with a commercial traveler representing a large hardware concern in the Maritime Provinces, and was asked what firm he was representing. He answered: "Salada."
"Well," his acquaintance said, "that tea is all right; we use it at home. Why I
know we use it is rather curious. Last summer, our family, with several other families, made up a party and went camping on one of the islands near Chester. When they came to unpack the provisions, was found that each family had brought a supply of 'Salada' tea. It caused much amusement at all of them making the same choice, and it was remarked that if they all agreed on everything else as they did in regard to 'Salada,' there would not be much quarreling.'

## STARTING IN VANCOUVER.

The advance of the season does not seem to lessen the procession of business men from other towns and cities of the Dominion and elsewhere who are making their way to Vancouver to establish themselves on the ground floor and grow up with the city. There will soon be no possibility of getting in on the third storey, much less on the ground floor.

Among the many new firms which have been announced during recent weeks as about to commence business in Vancouver in a short time are the wholesale firm of Gault Bros., of Montreal, and the British Columbia Stationery Co., Limited, a new wholesale firm. A number of other wholesale warehouses have opened this season including a branch of the house of G. F. \& J. Galt, Winnipeg, one of the best wholesale firms not only in the West but in Canada.
New retail firms are numerous also and while it might be thought that business dif not require any further increase, all seem to to find room and to make things go.
The most recent announcement of an addition to the retail firms of the city is that of Geo. Clements, merchant tailor, Winnipeg, who will shortly establish a branch in this city, having secured premises in the new Johnston \& Kerfoot block on Hastings street. The firm, which have a first-class reputation in Winnipeg where they have been in business for many years, will open in their newly acquired premises just as soon as they are completed.- The Province.

## First Come First Served.

Some Teas "just as good as Kiji" have been offered on the market. They had to mention Kiji to sell their inferior stuff.

Well, our first lot will be here early in the week, need we say more ?

LUCAS, STEELE \& BRISTOL, wholesale Grocers, HAMILTON.
The leaders of all English Tobaccos.



## THE WEATHER

Last August was the driest for 30 years ; the indications for the present month are that this August will be very hot and dry also. When people are leaving town, sell them some "Réindeer" Brand Condensed Milk and Coffee.

\section*{NEW SEASON JAPAN TEA

this market. $1899^{\text {Crop. }}$ <br> First to <br> arrive in <br> GOAT BRAND JAPAN TEA} 0
0
0
5
5
0
0

Now in store. All orders will be filled promptly.

T.<br>T. KINNEAR \& CO.,<br>48 front East, TORONTO

## CUTTING PRICES IN VANCOUVER.

THE same old trouble agitates the retail grocers of the city just at present. Someone began to cut prices. and now the fat is in the fire again. All sorts of ridiculous prices are quoted, and the very worst trouble of the whole situation is that those who wish to continue the sensible policy of selling a fair article at a fair price are compelled to fall in line, or lose trade. For instance, 20 lb . of granulated sugar for $\$ 1$ is practically a current quotation by retailers, and customers are not slow to avail themselves of the price. The wholesale quotation by the sugar refinery is $\$ 5.25$ per cwt., so that a very simple operation of arithmetic will show how big a fool the grocer is who sells at the price quoted and pretends to try and do a fair business.
It may be asked unthinkingly why grocers should not cut prices or quote any price they choose, as dry goods merchants and those in other lines are in the habit of quoting and advertising slaughter sales at rates that would give the grocers fits. The explanation is simple. Prices on staple dry goods and similar lines are not nearly so subject to fluctuation as the goods sold by grocers and provision merchants. Then, too, it is popularly believed, whether true or not, that other lines
have a much better margin of profit than groceries. Many of the articles sold for food are subject to frequent market changes, and, as a consequence, a fixed price is difficult to obtain-the price must vary with the cost. The problem of living has no greater factor than the food supply, and its cost is, of course, a question of serious import to the masses of the people. Add to this the keen competition in the grocery and provision trade and it will readily be believed that there is not a princely fortune to be made as a retail grocer.

These considerations have made it necessary for grocers always to try and have uniform prices. In Vancouver, the Retail Grocers' Association has fought a hard battle in the struggle to have business conducted on a fair basis-no attempt has been made to put prices up, but merely to prevent the absurd and unbusinesslike practices that are now going on. The association is to meet again and see if it is possible, out of the present condition of wreck, to build a structure that will stand.-The Province, Vancouver.

## AN IDEAL DRINK.

Under this heading, The West End states that barley water made with Robinson's
patent barley is obtainable at the leading London clubs gratuitously, and this authority argues that if aristocratic clubmen can call for barley water it is good enough for anyone. Hitherto barley water took hours to make, but by using Robinson's patent barley it is made in five minutes, hence its popularity. It has always been known as a splendid nutritious drink for invalids, but the great army of cyclists recognize it as the most cooling drink, hence it is equally acceptable for lawn tennis parties, golf meetings, cricket matches, etc. Keen, Robinson \& Co. having ascertained that barley water made with Robinson's patent barley is a specific for stone have presented a quantity of their preparation to the Stone Hospital, which has been thankfully accepted. Considering that it is pleasant, nutritious and cooling, it should be the drink for general adoption in summer and after.

Samples of the Robinson's patent barley can be obtained of Frank Magor \& Co., Montreal, sole agents for Canada.

The Kaslo correspondent of The Province, Vancouver, says: "S. McEachern and A. P. McDonald have gone to Moyle City with a general stock of merchandise, and will establish a store at that place in the expectation of doing considerable business.'

The Cranks
amongst your customersthose people who are so hard to please-can find no fault with Imperial Cheese.

The greatest epicures of the world have pronounced it perfect, and its quality never varies.

## A. F. MACLAREN \& CO., TORONTO



# IN See our samples. NEW SEASON'S Fine Panyong, Moning, and Peceo Congous. THE DAVIDSON \& HAY, LIMITED <br> Wholesale Grocers <br> TORONTO 

## BUSINESS CHANGES.

difficulties, assignments, COMPROMISES.

0H. DIONNE, general merchant, Montreal, has compromised at $20 c$. on the dollar, cash.
J. B. V. Lemay, general merchant, St. Jude, Que., has assigned.
J. \& P. Nadeau, general merchants, Grand Cascapedia, Que., have assigned.
A meeting of the creditors of Daniels \& Tilson, Burk's Falls, Ont., has been held.
Matthew W. Ridley, general merchant, Wales, Ont., has assigned to John G. Hay.
J. B. McNulty, general merchant, Ange Gardien, Que., has compromised at $50 c$. on the dollar, cash.
A. A. Jacques, general merchant, etc., Garthby, Que., has compromised at 30 c . on the dollar, cash.
Thomas A. Shaw, general merchant, Thornhill, Man., has assigned in trust to Alex. B. Bethune.
Robert Robertson, general merchant, Burnstown, Que., has assigned to R. C. McNab. His creditors meet on August il in Renfrew.
Charles Bowen, flour and feed dealer, Niagara Falls, Ont., has assigned to George E. Buckley, and a meeting of his creditors has been called for August I4.

PARTNERSHIPS FORMED AND DISSOLVED.
Laurin \& Smith, general merchants, Point Gatineau, Que., are dissolving partnership.

Diplock \& Lees, general agents, Vancouver, have dissolved, A. B. Diplock continuing.

Copartnership has been registered by E. V. Cowan and W. H. Cassaboom under the style of Cowan \& Cassaboom, general merchants, Rossway, N.S.
sales made and pending.
A. G. Smith, grocer, Dundalk, Ont., is advertising his business for sale.
The stock of $Z$. Poirier, grocer, Montreal, has been sold at 45 c . on the dollar.
Henry Gleiser, grocer, etc., Milverton, Ont., is advertising his business for sale.
N. Wilson, general merchant, Redwing, Ont., is advertising his business for sale.
The stock of C. A. Drolet, grocer, Quebec, has been sold at $37 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. on the dollar.

The stock of Bouchard \& Turcotte, general merchants, Magog, Que., has been sold.

The business of E . W. Wright, pork dealer, Halifax, is advertised for sale by tender.

The stock, etc., of H. H. Cossitt, wholesale and retail confectioner and fruit dealer,

Brockville, Ont., is advertised to be sold out under chattel mortgage on August 14.

## changes.

J. P. Nolan, grocer, Deseronto, Ont., has sold out to Charles R. Oliver.
T. M. Barry, grocer, etc., Marmora, Ont., has been succeeded by T. J. Barrie.

Alfred Argue, grocer, Lifford, Ont., has been succeeded by W. R. Hawkins.
Normandy Bros., bakers, St. Catharines, Ont., have sold out to Gratton \& Morris.
O. B. Koenig, general merchant, Welland, Ont., has been succeeded by Abram Taylor.
The Becquets Canning Co., St. Pierre les Becquets, Que., is applying for incorporation.
E. Brosseau, general merchant, St. Albert, N.W.T., has sold out to Herbert \& Perron.
Marie H. A. Tetreault has registered as proprietress of the business of Pierre Dennis, general merchant, St. Cesaire, Que.
A. Cameron \& Co., general merchants and furniture dealers, Oak Lake, Man., have sold their furniture stock to R. J. Grey. FIRES.
Paul Mallins, general merchant, Basteston, N.S., has been burned out ; loss estimated at $\$ 3.000$; no insurance.
The stock and buildings of The Winnipeg River Trading Co., dealers in general merchandise, Whitemouth, Man., have been destroyed by fire ; insurance, $\$ 9.400$.

## Our Roasted Coffees

are attracting the attention of the trade just now, on account of their delicious drinking qualities and low prices. If your coffee trade is not satisfactory let us have your order for a tin. We guarantee satisfaction.

100, 200 AND 300 AT 160., 22c. AND 28c.

## JOHN SLOAN \& CO.

Wholesale Grocers.

TORONTO

## THE TEA PORT OF HANKOW.

HANKOW, so long the chief source of supply of British tea drinkers, with 15 or 20 tea steamers in port at a time loading for London, has undergone a change in this decade. As Chinese teas deteriorated in quality and tea farmers became more careless and dishonest, Indian and Ceylon teas began to win favor, and, with the enormous increase of production in those two British dependencies, Chinese tea has lost its place in the British market, furnishing only one-ninth of England's import in 1896 . At that same time began the general awakening of Russia. At Hankow the Russian has come, and to stay, and the shadow of the Muscovite is over it all. The Russian is not only established at the gates of China, but also at its very heart, the invasion and absorption being as remarkable in this British settlement at Hankow as anywhere in Korea or Manchuria. Hankow is fast becoming a Russian city or outpost, a foothold soon to be a stronghold in the valley of the Yangtsze, which China has given her word shall never be alienated to any power but England. Some alarmists may even view the Siberian merchants at Hankow as emissaries, like those armed Russian monks who first established themselves in Caucasus
and Asia Minor in stronghold monasteries. Although the Russians have their own concession at Hankow, they do not care to build upon it and live there, amenable then to Russian laws and consular jurisdiction, to Russian restrictions and espionage, and the consulate and a few warehouses were the only buildings on the Russian concession in 1896. The Russians prefer the laws and the order of the British concession, crowding in upon it at every opportunity, competing for any house that comes into the market, and building closely over former lawns and garden space. They compete with and outbid the few British tea merchants who remain in these days of active Russian trade aggression. Only one tea steamer took a cargo to London in 1896 ; two more British firms closed out and left Hankow that year; and, still more significant, only one pony showed the colors of the one British racing stable at the autumn races. In the retail shops prices are quoted and bills made out as often in rubles as in taels or dollars, and the Russians have gradually assumed an air of ownership, of seigniorial rights, as complete as if they held the lease or diplomatic deeds to the place for 99 years.
This great tea market of foreign Hankow is a city of six weeks, only the heads of the great hongs, or their managers, occupying
their residences from May I to the midde of June each year. Leaf teas are fired aid shipped until September, and even late, and brick tea is made until January, but tie choice tea is all looked to in those $f e$, weeks. * * * With all the machin-s invented and used on tea plantations in India and Ceylon, a drier has only on e been used in China. All attempts towaris greater care and cleanliness in preparatic. have been as vain as attempts towarcs introducing machinery at the tea farm; themselves. Not declining trade or pricts -for the tea trade is not nearly what it was eight years ago-can stimulate the tea growers to any change, and only when the whole country is open to foreign trade and residence will each village or valley have its own tea factory to cure and pack the tea for final shipment on the spot.-Century.

## TWO RED-HEADED GROCERS.

A couple of retail grocers in the West are quarreling in print over the point as to which one is entitled to the honor of being called the "Red-headed Grocer." There are red-haired grocers elsewhere, but they are not so proud of their auburn locks that they want to fight with people who are envious of the coloring of the locks.-New York Merchants' Review.


## THE

The re the pres

Next week our travellers West and North will still be on their HIOIIDEYYE. If you need anything in Groceries write us or wire us, our expense.

WE PAY SPECIAL ATTENTION TO LETTER ORDERS. Drop us a line for some addressed post cards-FREE.
${ }^{\text {Tre }}$ EBY, BLAIN CO., umme
wholesale importing and Wholesact ming grocers. TORONTO

## the preservation of eggs.

The results of a series of experiments on the preservation of eggs are published in The Berlıner Markthallen Zeitung. Fresh eggs were treated by 20 different methods in June, and, after being allowed to remain eight months, were examined at the end of February. In only three of the methods employed did all the eggs remain sound. These were (1) covering with vaseline, (2) preserving in lime water, (3) preserving in a solution of silicate of potash. The treatment with vaseline, however, is a tedious business ; submersion in lime water induces a disagreeable flavor, and the use of silicate of potash renders the shell extremely brittle, so that it is expedient to pierce it with a needle before putting it into boiling water for cooking. Whichever be the process employed, it is desirable that only non-fertile eggs should be subjected to the process of preservation. Twenty per cent. of the eggs went bad that had been (1) covered with lard,(2) preserved in wood ashes, (3) varnished with shellac, (4) put in a mixture of boric acid and silicate of potash, or (5) treated with peimanganate of potash. Of eggs varnished wi h silicate of potash, or with collodion, 40 pe cent. turned out bad. Of eggs that had
been plunged for 12 to 15 seconds in boiling water, or immersed in a solution of alum, or in a solution of salicylic acid, 50 per cent. were found to be bad. Of eggs rubbed with salt, or preserved in bran, or covered with paraffin, or treated with a mixture of salicylic acid and glycerine, 70 per cent. went bad. Of eggs wrapped in paper 80 per cent., and of eggs kept in salt water loo per cent. were found to be bad.

## CANADIAN BUTTER IN ENGLAND.

In an article in The Grocers' Journal, London, England, dealing with the importation of butter into Great Britain, appears the following: "Canada has put forth great efforts this season to establish a firm hold on British estimation, and, with prices on a paying basis, is placing herself in line with those clients who are among the giants of the trade. The market has been favorable to the seller for a little while now, but the disappearance of Australian is not so keenly felt as it u ight be had this country not so many other sources to go to.'

## A GOOD WASHING TABLET.

There are many washing compounds on the market-some good; some bad. One of the really good ones is the new " Queen

City " tablets, which The Queen City Oil Co., Limited, Toronto, is putting on the market. In addition to their labor and wear saving qualities, these tablets have the quality of imparting to the clothes a soft smooth finish that makes ironing easier.

Full directions for their use are given with all tablets, and dealers should make it a point to always impress buyers with the fact that the best results cannot be obtained unless these directions are followed to the letter.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. W. G. A. Lambe is fishing at Belmont Lake.
Mr. Frank Sloan, sample-room manager for John Sloan \& Co., returned on Tuesday from a holiday spent in Muskoka. Hisface has a genuine Muskoka tan.

Mr. W. E. Murray, Toronto representative of The Canada Sugar Refining Co., is taking a well-earned holiday, and Mr. Thompson is peforming his duties in the meantime.
Mr. Stephen Hustwitt, Manitoba and Northwest representative for T. B. Greening \& Co., Hamilton, who has been in Toronto for the past two or three weeks, returned to his field of labor on Saturday last.


That's the principle on which the manufacture of UPTON'S MARMALADE is based.
By using the very finest oranges and the best of sugar, Thos. Upton \& Co. have succeeded in making their marmalade a standard for quality, by which other brands are judged.

## HENRY WRIGHT \& CO., TORONTO.

# THE PUREST AND BEST. RICHARD'S BRANDY <br> Distilled by Philippe Richard, one of the oldest established firms in Charente. 

Agents for Canada

## LAPORTE, MARTIN \& CIE.

 MONTREAL.

## Notice.

Having introduced ourselves, we now wish to make a few claims.

Your first consideration na turally is-to buy the best mill at the lowest price.

We Claim to have the easiest and quickest Grinders.

We Further Claim to have the most effective and accurate Adjustment.

We Again Claim that our Grinders will give you the longest service.

And for all this you pay nothing extra, even though we have patents on our mill.
\& TODHUNTER, MITCHELL \& CO., Toronto.
Agents $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { DEARBORN \&\& CO. St. John, N. B. } \\ \text { FORBES BROS }\end{array}\right.$
Coles Manufacturing Co.

## SOMETHING NEW



It is attractive, a good seller, and allows good profits.

Japan or Ceylon.
THE OZO CO., Limited Tel. Main 2537.

Montreal

MONTRE TORONT LONDON MANCHE NEW YO WINNIP:
in the cost price this year is difficult to say. It is worthy of note in this connection that the rate of consumption has been steady, for, despite higher prices and heavy shipments, there has been no accumulation of stock at leading centres in Great Britain. The stock declared in Liverpool on July 31 last makes this perfectly clear, the figure on that date being only 42,000 boxes, against 49,000 for the same date in 1898 .
The exports to date from Canada are 880,912 boxes, against 693,297 for the same period in 1898 , an increase of 187,615 , or almost 25 per cent.

That, in the face of this enormous increase in imports, there should be less accumulation of stock at Liverpool and other leading points testifies that the movement into consumption has been steady and uninterrupted by the higher prices. Whether it will continue so with cheese costing roc. and more at the factory in Canada is another matter, which only the future course of the market will demonstrate.
But, whethē̃r it will or not, the factorymen are so closely sold up that it will take strong reasons to make them let go of cheese at any material concession from current cost until more stock has gathered on their shelves.

This means that, unless they get their own figures, there will be a deadlock between buyers and sellers during the course of the next fortnight or three weeks.

## CEYLON TEA SHIPMENTS TO AMERICA.

Direct shipments of tea from Ceylon to the American continent continue to increase.

From a tea circular dated Colombo, June 24, it is learned that the shipments to America from January $I$ to that date aggregated $\mathrm{I}, 085,45 \mathrm{I} \mathrm{lb}$., against 800 , oio for the same period last year.
The total to all countries was also larger, being $55.971,424 \mathrm{lb}$. for 1899 , and 55,400 ,573 lb . for 1898 . Of the total, $45,233,566$ lb. went to Great Britain, against 44,604,546 lb . for the same period in 1898 . Germany increased her purchases from 131,831 lb. in 1898 to $196,843 \mathrm{lb}$. in 1899 ; Russia, from $\mathrm{I}, 198,555 \mathrm{lb}$. to $\mathrm{I}, 700,164 \mathrm{lb}$.; China, from $402,112 \mathrm{lb}$. to $450,188 \mathrm{lb}$. Australia, Africa and "other countries" showed decreases.

## THE PRICE-CUTTING EVIL

IT is the height of folly for merchants, either wholesalers or retailers, to cut prices. When at stocktaking, or any other time, there is a line of goods or the balance of a line of goods which promises to remain on the shelves, a merchant is warranted in reducing his figures to a price which will induce its sale. Indeed, it is the wisest thing he can do. But that is not cutting prices. It is only putting the market price on the goods, for the market price of an article is the figure at which it can be sold, whether the reduction made to reach that condition be 10 or 50 per cent.
Cutting prices is marking the selling price below the market value.

Grocers sell sugar, hardwaremen nails, drygoodsmen cottons at or below cost when the condition of the market demands that they should do otherwise.
But the trouble is that it is not the condition of the market that is their chart or compass.

It is the selfish desire to do all the business themselves and compel their competitors to go out of business.
The result is not only bad feeling, but bad profits for all concerned. You cannot plant thorns and produce grapes.
Instead of cutting prices to get business it would be infinitely better if merchants, both wholesalers and retailers, would stand together for better prices.

It is not necessary to have elaborate machinery for doing this. All that is wanted is that there shall be an understanding as to the margin of the selling price above the buying price.

Such an agreement would not make competition any the less; but it would prevent or diminish illegitimate competition.
Competition proper is the life of trade, for
it brightens and sharpens business and induces improved methods therein. It is competition improper, like cutting prices, which kills business.

## THE CURRANT MARKET OPENS.

A cable advice received on Wednesday announced the opening of the currant market in Greece. The first shipment of new fruit, it was stated, would be made on August 18.
The price of new fruit is about $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb. above the 1898 product.

## THE CANNED SALMON SITUATION UNCHANGED.

AMOST unsatisfactory condition of affairs still exists in regard to the salmon canning industry on the Fraser river.

Malcolm \& Windsor, Limited, Steves'on, B.C., write The Canadian Grocer, under date of August 2, as follows: "No change for the better in the salmon situation has taken place since we last addressed you. The run-if, indeed, the salmon may be said to be running at all, is still very poor, and the only item of encouraging news is the fact that the price has been reduced to 25c. per fish, by the canners utilizing the small amount of common sense seemingly left them still. The opinion is freely expressed on the American side, both in the papers and otherwise, that the sockeye run for this season is over. * * * Though the season is well advanced, there are not wanting. both canners and fishermen who think a fair run is still within the range of possibility, though, even if this should turn out correct, the total pack of the river is bound to be a small one., There are only 17 days left in this season for fishing, and the chances of a really heavy run now are somewhat remote. Taking the present situation, buyers of Fraser river sockeye at anything like $\$ 4.50$ are to be congratulated on their purchases."

The Province, Vancouver, under date of August 3 , is equally positive in regard to the failure of the salmon canning industry on the Fraser. It says :
" Up to this date, indications are that the sockeye salmon run of 1899 is to be recorded as another dismal failure. Last night's catch did not average over 20 to the boat and for some time the actual average all over the river has been very low, varying slightly day to day, but never rising to even a fairly good catch.

- Many fishermen, even old-timers, are thoroughly discouraged and are talking of throwing up the sponge in disgust, while some have already quit the river. These do not hesitate to say that the season is practically over and that there is no chance of any salmon run now. Even with a good run, say they, the catch would not be great for the fish would never get into the Fraser, the
salmon traps and semes in the Gulf just off the mouth of the river and south of the international boundary being an effective fence through which it is almost a physical impossibility for the fish to break."

A Puget Sound paper has the following to say in regard to the situation on the Fraser:
" The usually immense Fraser river pack is, this year, represented by a row of ciphers, and a cloud of bankruptcy and debt and discouragement hangs over the great canning establishments of British Columbia. Early in the season they hoped for the best, but their lawmakers had made war on the big industry in some respects and gave it a start down hill; labor was scarce and highpriced, and fishermen could not be found to attend the nets as in other years, and then the salmon refused to appear in any numbers, and the cup of financial woe of the Canadian cannerymen was running over. They sent steamers down here, one after another, offering 25 to $30 c$., and even more, for salmon, but there were none for sale. Their canneries were closed and the pack amounts to nothing.'

A fisherman is authority for the statement that traps on the Gulf off Point Roberts number 300. One Seattle firm has so many traps that it employs five tugs to attend to them and take away the fish.
Some doubt has arisen, however, as to whether the traps on the United States side of the Gulf are the only cause of the poor catch on the Fraser, for it seems that the creeks tributary to the Fraser are teeming with salmon. In regard to this particular feature, it is worth while quoting from The Province, Vancouver, of August 5
"Passengers arriving from the east on to-day's Imperial Limited," says The Province, " were very much surprised to hear that the mouth of the river was not teeming with millions of fish, for they say that all the small streams tributary to the Fraser are so full of salmon that a man could walk across them without wetting his feet. One passenger stated that on several of the streams crossed by the train the salmon were so numerous that hundreds of fish were forced out of the water and were lying on the banks. * * * Somehow
or other, the salmon have evaded the ne ;, and proceeded on their way rejoicing, $m \mathrm{~h}$ to the unfeigned sorrow of the fisherme $i$, whose annual incomes depend, to aty y large extent, upon their catches during $t \mathrm{e}$ season, when the elusive salmon are seekı $g$ the creeks in which they were spawned. it is now, those which have been sighted the creeks along the line of the C.P.R. a e perfectly safe from the nets and tie canners."

On the Skeena river the fishing is said to be excellent, and mail advices state that $u$, to July 28 the pack of salmon in British Columbia was as follows: Fraser rive ${ }_{i}$, 80,000 cases; Naas river, 6,500 cases Skeena river, 35 ,ooo cases ; Lowe Inle l , 4,500 cases; Rivers Inlet, 29,500 cases, and Alert Bay, 1,500 ; a total of 157,000 cases
According to the New York Journal of Commerce, there is now no question that the pack in the United States "will fall far short of the last year's output, some estimates placing the shortage at 200,000 cases, including both spring and fall packs."

That paper has also this to say regarding the Fraser river pack: "Later advices from the Fraser river indicate that conditions there are even worse than at first reported, the canneries in operation not being able to avail themselves of all even of the light run of salmon owing to the lack of fishing boats in commission this season, this being the result of the operation of a law passed last year, which makes residence in British Columbia necessary for the procuring of a license to fish, and thus excluding American fishermen."

## ADVANCE IN SICILY FILBERTS.

Sicily filberts, according to advices received in Toronto on Wednesday, are expected to be only about one-half las year's yield.
In consequence of this, prices have ad vanced in the primary market and th. tendency is still upwards.
In New York, there has been a shar advance in the price of 1898 crop nuts, 11 sympathy with the appreciation of the valuc of the coming crop. As a result of thi advance, it would cost $5 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. per lb. more fo: old nuts in New York than it would to im port new at to-day's figures.

## A COMMISSION MAN'S SORROWS.

WHEN an oversupply of fruit brings prices away down the commission man earns all the profits he gets out 0 is sales.
n experience of one dealer last week w.il illustrate. He had received on consi $i_{\text {ment }}$ io baskets of red currants, and th. supply and demand were such that no more than $35^{\circ} \mathrm{c}$. per basket could be got for the fruit. The commission charged is 10 per cent., which, on the io baskets, meant $35^{\circ}$. A carter had to be engaged to deliver them, at a cost of 25 c . The postage and cost of sending the shipper his money brought the charges up to 3 Ic ., leaving 4 c . to pay for handling and profit.
The price, however, was so low that he received soon after a hot letter from the shipper, who indignantly asked how he "dared" to sell his currants at such a price, and stating that he should have telephoned to inquire whether to sell or not at such a figure.

The idea of paying for telephone messages regarding a shipment that netted 4 c . profit strikes this particular commission man as unsatisfactory, to say the least.
The commission man's troubles do not all come from this side, however. The peaches coming in just now are providing another source of annoyance. They are treacherous-very deceptive in appearance. Sometimes a basket sent out early in the morning in good shape arrives at some country point in bad condition. Then, the retailer will make a request for an allowance of perhaps 25 or even 50 per cent., because of the bad condition of his fruit, whereas the commission man only received 1) per cent. of the price.

Thus, placed between buyer and seller, t: e commission men deserve, at least, consilerate treatment.

## THE APPLE CROP.

The National Convention of the Appleippers of the United States, which met at ctroit on Friday and Saturday last, was cll attended, there being over 250 deletes, many of them being from Canada. very State of the Union was represented.
The number of crop reports given to the onvention may be judged by the fact that
there were reports from 150 districts in Canada.

The gist of the reports is that the United States will have about double the number of apples for export that they had last year. The Canadian crop of fall apples is light, which is satisfactory to shippers, as the British crop is so good that the export demand will be light. Canada's crop of winter apples, however, is expected to be above the average, but prices are not expected to be high, on account of the anticipated large export from the United States.

## among toronto retailers.

## Displaying

There are many grocers in Toronto who handle bananas as a convenience for their customers rather than as a source of profit for themselves. The competition of the itinerant Italian has resulted in such close prices, and the waste is so great that the profits from the sale of this fruit aggregate very little. And from indications there is little hope for a better condition of things. This season there has been a greater percentage of second-class fruit sold in Toronto than ever before. This has been imported by the Italians themselves. They, last season, commenced importing in a small way, but this season have gone into the business in earnest. And most of their importations have been second qualities. Yet, the average Italian cartload of bananas one sees compares favorably with the average bunch found in a grocery store. The reason is simply that the grocer presents to the public the worst side of the banana, while the Italian presents the best side. The grocer may take cold comfort that the buyer often makes a mistake in buying from the Italian, but the average buyer is not attracted to bad-looking fi uit by the knowledge that it is better than it looks. I believe the Italian method of display is the best. He will take a bunch; cut from it all the bad and small stock, which he pats in one corner of his cart at 5 c . or so per dozen; then he cuts off the moderately good stock, which he turns best side up, and tickets at Ioc. a dozen. This leaves a small remnant of good stock for which he charges 15c. a dozer, The customer thus has a choice. Why should not the grocers follow this system? There cannot be the same objection to an outdoor display of bananas that there is to such displays of berries. On the other hand, therejs something gained by showing bananas this way that cannot be claimed in the case of other fruit.

The privilege of choice is always a consideration, and where bananas are offered at

10, 15 and $20 c$., it is but fair that a customer should take risks in buying the ioc. article. Almost any manner of display, however, would be better than hanging them up in bunches with all the bad spots showing.

The city travelers were not
Another Base satisfied with the result of the game of base ball they played with the retail grocers' team at the picnic two weeks ago. The grocers were ahead at he call of time, and so won the match, but the travelers had not by any means given up the match. The grocers intend, on Wednesday next, to run off at Toronto Island the events which were left over at the picnic because of lack of time, so it has been arranged to have then a full nineinnings' game. The teams to play will be almost the same as those which played at Hamilton.

The Rambler.

## BACK FROM A TRIP TO EUROPE.

Mr. Henry Wright, of A. F.-MacLaren \& Co., manufacturers of "Imperial" cheese, Tcronto, returned on Sunday last from a trip to Great Britain and France. Mr. Wright had a most enjoyable trip, and, judging from his appearance, it was a healthy one too.
"I noticed, he said in reply to a question, " that the merchants in Great Britain are giving more attention to Canadian products; in fact, they are eager to get information in regard to the requirements of the Dominion. The gieat trouble in the past is that goods have been sent forward from Canada as first-class which were really not so. The English people will only take products on their merits."
Mr. Wright brought back with him the ager cy for Maconochie Bros., manufacturers of pickles, preserves, etc.
Mr. J. E. Ganong, of "Surprise" soap fame, was Mr. Wright's companion"in his travels through Great Britain and France.

## hamilton grocers' association

At the regular monthly meeting of The Hamilton Retail Grocers' Association, held in the association's rooms, King street west, J. Fortin and Parkin Bros. were admitted to membership by President J. E. Boligan.
Various members of the association made reference during the meeting to the Toronto grocers' picnic which was held in Hamilton on July 26, and expressed pleasure at having met such a fine, orderly and pleasant crowd of people, and were much pleased that the trouble that occurred in Mountainview Park was all after the last of the Toronto people and their Hamilton grocer friends had departed.
 THE WAY" but the public pin their faith to the "SUPERIUR AKTICLE"


## CEYLON TEA

The demand for which is so great as to make the World's Tea Trade Marvel:
Toronto.
Montreal.
Boston.
Buffalo.
Detroit.
Pittsburgh.
Cleveland.

## Ivory, Bar

1-lb. bars.
$26-16-1 \mathrm{l}$. bars. $\} 60$ bars in box.
3-lb. bars.

## Ivory Bar Twin Cake

 12-0z., 100 cakes in box.Quotations for "Ivory Bar" and other brands of Soap furnished on application.
The BRAITFOOD SUAP WORIS CO.
Limited

## Seeded

 RaisinsFreshly done after you send in your order.
Quality guaranteed second to none. Write for quotations to
The Acme Fuiit Cleaning Co. 128 Queen Street, MONTREAL.
the cowal ramsay co., limited IMPORTERS OF TEAS RED CROSS TEA
in lead packets, and CLUBHOUSE
in 2 lb . Cartons, 50 and $100-\mathrm{lb}$. Tins.
These brands are registered, and the quality guaranteed by us.


## HORSE HAIR.

Have you any? We buy it. GEO. ROSSITER \& SONS 10-14 Pape Avenue

TORONTO
N.B. -20 years in use and everybody well
 TRADE MARK स RA, REGISTERED All respectable grocers from the Atlantic to the Pacific
keep it for sale, because it pays to do so, there being no old, unsaleable stocls in "Horseshoe Salmon."
Every consumer should use it because it is the BEST
and every can is warranted good, or money returned ; so and every can is warranted good, or money returned ; so
take no other, and be happy.

This Brand is packed from the fines J. H. TODD \& SON, Victoria, B.C. Who are also packers of the well and favorably known
brands of Beaver, Columbia and Tiger, all guaranteed good Red fish.
Geo. Stanway \& Co., Toronto, Agents for Ontario. W. S. Goodhugh \& Co., Montreal, "1 "Quebec.
J. Hunter White, Esq., $\underset{\text { Agent for Eastern Provinces. }}{\text { St. John }}$ Tees \& Persse, Winnipeg, for Manitoba and N.W.T.

# Grand Mogul ...Goods... 

Consist of Pure Ceylon Tea in Packages.
Pure Coffee in Packages.
Pure Cream Tartar in Packages.
Pure Baking Powder in Packages.
Pure Flavoring Extract in Packages.
Pure Soap in Cakes.
D. S. F. Mustard in Tins.

The sale of these goods shows the grocer over $42 \%$ profit averaged, a ready sale, splendid satisfaction. Can you get any other goods with so many advantages, so well advertised as Grand Mogul?



## GROCERY QUOTATIONS BY WIRE.

Should readers of this journal desire to secure between regular issues, the quotations on any staple line, they will, on application, be furnished by return mail or by telegraph; if by the latter method, at the cost of the person seeking the information.

## ONTARIO MARKETS

Toronto, August io, 1899. GROCERIES.

NO strikingly new features have developed on the local market during the last week. The civic holiday somewhat interfered with local trade, and, generally speaking, business, while fair for this time of the year, is quiet. As per agreement, the different wholesale houses in the Guild have withdrawn their travelers from western Ontario for a couple of weeks, but those travelers whose territory lies east of Manitoulin Island and west of North Bay are still "on the road." Canned goods are quiet, but firm. The demand for sugar has fallen off a little, although there is still quite a little movement. The tone of the sugar market is decidedly firm. Teas are quiet and firm. Foreign dried fruits are firm. The most interesting feature in connection with this line is the opening of the currant and Sultana raisin market.

## CANNED Goods.

There is a decidedly all-round strong feeling in regard to canned goods, although the volume of business is not large. Advices from the Coast are still most unsatisfactory, as far as the salmon pack on the Fraser river is concerned, and practically none of the canneries are offering. On the Northern rivers the packing industry is more satisfactory than on the Fraser. Where quotations are named the idea is $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 4.75$ f.o.b. the Coast for Fraser river fish. Local wholesalers are doing a little business in canned salmon for future delivery at $\$ 1.20$ to $\$ 1.25$ for Northern packs, and $\$ 1.35$ to $\$ 1.40$ ior Fraser river packs. For prompt shipment a fair sorting-up trade is being done in sockeye at $\$ 1.30$ to $\$ 1.50$, and there is a good business being done in cohoes at $\$ 1.05$ to $\$ 1.10$.
The condition of the market for canned vegetables is in much the same position as it was a week ago. If there is any tendency to change, it is in the direction of greater firmness. This is particularly true of peas and corn, although the talk of damage to
the tomato vine by drought, etc., has a tendency to strengthen prices in canned tomatoes. There are not at the moment many transactions between packers and wholesalers, and those reported are at pretty firm figures. We hear of 500 cases of corn changing hands at $771 / 2$ c. f.o.b. the factory. The purchaser was a Montreal firm. Wholesalers are, as a rule, quoting corn at 75 to 80 c. for future delivery. For present delivery, 95 c to $\$ \mathrm{I}$ is still the idea. The very lowest packer's quotation we hear of for canned peas is now 70 c . Wholesalers are still quoting 70 to 75 c . per dozen.

Canned meats of all kinds are still meeting with a fairly active sorting up demand at firm and unchanged prices.

Lobsters are meeting with a ready sale, at $\$ 1.65$ to $\$ 1.75$ for $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. flats ; $\$ 2.65$ to $\$ 2.75$ for $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{lb}$. talls, and $\$ 3$ to $\$ 3.25$ for I lb. flats.

## coffee.

Deliveries of Brazilian coffee continue heavy in the primary market, but prices are

firmer both in Europe and America. Locally, a quiet trade is being done at steady and unchanged prices.

## SUGARS.

The sugar market is decidedly firm. In New York the buyers of raw exceed the sellers, and an advance of $1-16 \mathrm{c}$. per lb . has been paid, while another $1-16 \mathrm{c}$. is being asked. The statistical position is strong, stocks in Europe and America at the end of last week being $1,404.265$ tons, against $1,664.040$ tons the corresponding period of 1898 . On the local market the demand is not as brisk as it was a week ago, but prices are firmer with an improved tendency. The Guild price is $\$ 4,65$ Toronto for St. Lawrence and Redpath refined sugars and $\$ 4.60$ for Acadia. Foreign granulated is quoted at $\$ 4.60$ Toronto.

## teas.

The situation of the tea market is strorg. Cable advices from Colombo, Ceylon, say that supplies are coming in very slowly and that low-grade teas are $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. per lb . higher. Samples of low grade Ceylon teas from London now being shown on this market are of poor quality, and the prices asked are
above the parity of prices quoted for teas on spot. Teas are coming forward a little more freely, and a little more business is being done by the brokers. Cables from Japan show a further upward tendency in the market there. Local brokers report a little more doing in Japan teas, but the volume of business is still light. The little business in Indian and Ceylon teas which has been done at the auctions in England is at firm prices. Pending the negotiations between the buyers and sellers in London, England, over the tea draft question, the Indian and Ceylon tea associations have withdrawn for a fortnight their new regulations refusing a continuance of the one-pound draft.
nuTs.
Cable advices received in Toronto on Wednesday stated that the crop of Sicily filberts will be one-half the average, and that prices are, in consequence, higher for the new crop.

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.
Currants-Cable advices received in Toronto on Wednesday state that the currant market has opened in Greece. The quotations named are about $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. above those now being asked for old fruit. The first shipment will be made about August 15 .
Sultana Raisins-A Smyrna cable of Wednesday reports the opening of the market for Sultana raisins at prices slightly higher than the opening figures of last year.
Valencia Raisins-Trade is quiet with prices firm.

Figs-The market has opened for Eleme figs, and layers in boxes will cost about $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. to import. The yield is estimated to be about 30,000 loads, against 12,000 loads last year.

Californian Apricots-Advices from California state that prices are high, with supplies scarce, the canners having taken a large part of the stock.
Prunes - Small sizes of Californian prunes are scarce, according to advices received from the Coast. The crop is running to the larger sizes.

GREEN FRUITs.
A brisk trade is being done at the fruit market. There is a glut of muskmelons, and prices have been forced down to 25 to 50c. per basket. Early peaches and pears are offering in larger quantities than are wanted, and it is frequently necessary to cut prices to clear out accumulations. Harvest and ted astrachan apples are about as plentiful as the demand would absorb.


## SURPRISE

has this, and it's CERTAIN to please them, for they know it is the purest and highest grade laundry soap on the market. A cake at 5 cents yields you a good profit and pleases the laundress. Freight paid on 5 box lots.

Branches- MONTREAL: Board of Trade Building.
MONTREAL: Board of Trade Building.
TORONTO: Henry Wrigt \& Co., $5^{1}$ Colborne St.
WINNIPEG: E. W. Ashey.
VANCOUVER: 430 Cordova St.
VANCOUVER: 43 Cordova St.
ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND.

Manufactured by

## THE ST. GROIX SOAP MFG. 60.

ST. STEPHEN, N.B.

Plums are offering more liberally, and prices are ioc, lower than a week ago. Lawtonberries are still very plentiful, and move freely at 5 to 6 c . The sale of native tomatoes is constantly increasing as prices are 5c. lower, and the supply is growing. Sales of bananas are very large. There has been a brisk demand for lemons lately. Last week a small boom was noted, but this week the demand has fallen somewhat, but is now active. There are very few oranges on the market, but there is enough, as the demand is very quiet.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EgGs-The receipts are larger than the demand, and to clear out accumulations it is often necessary to sell below the ruling price. A decline of $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. has brought the price this week to 12 to $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per doz.
Beans-There is little doing. Prices are nominally $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1$. Io for hand-picked and 80 to $90 c$. for ordinary stock.

Potatoes-New potatoes are offering more freely, and what is coming is of better size than lately noted. Prices are steady at 50 to 55 c . per bushel.

Vegetables - Cauliflower is 25 c . cheaper. Tomatoes have declined ${ }_{5 c}$. We quote: Cauliflower, 75 c . to $\$ 1$ per doz.; Rhubarb, 15 to 20c.; radishes, 15 c . per dozen bunches; corn, io to I5c. per doz.; vegetable marrow, 40 to 60 c . per doz.; green onions, 5 to 1oc. per doz.; celery, 50c. to 75 c . per doz.; lettuce, 20 to 25 c . per doz. bunches; cabbage, per doz., 30 to 50 c. ; parsley, 20 to 25 c . per doz. bunches; green cucumbers, 10 to 20c. per doz. ; new beets, 10 to 15 c . per doz. bunches; parsnips, 40 to 60 c . per dozen bunches; carrots, 20 to $30 c$. per doz. bunches; green peas, $\$ 1$
to $\$ \mathrm{I}$. Io per bag ; butter beans, $\$ 1.25$ per bushel ; tomatoes, 20 to 25 c . per basket. bUTTEER AND CHEESE.
BUTTER-The feeling throughout is decidedly firm. The export demand readily absorbs all surplus good creamery and dairy at advancing prices, and the local and shipping demand continues active. Dairy tubs are 1 to $11 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. and prints Ic . dearer. Creamery in packages is Ic . per lb . dearer. It is expected that the present high values will be maintained for some time.

Cheese - The demand, both locally and for export, is brisk, but with prices at a basis lower than is being paid at country cheese boards this week. Though prices that are now being paid are of a speculative nature, it is not considered that a material decline can be looked for. A few weeks of rain to improve pastures, and, as a result, an increase in the supply of milk, would, however, have a tendency to check the speculative spirit which is manifesting itself. A continuance of dry weather, however, will likely cause prites to advance still further. Some dealers are talking of 12 c . cheese.

## PROVISIONA.

There is a brisk demand for all provisions, and,'as packers' stocks are beginning to run short, prices are steadily strengthening. Canadian short and barrel pork is 50 c . per cwt . dearer. There is a scarcity of suitable hogs, too, the majority offering being un-finished-too small. All suitable animals are readily picked up by exporters, who are paying $\$ 5.50$ per cwt .; an advance of 25 c . in the past week. The prospects are that next season's pack will show fully as great an increase in quantity as any of the previous seasons have witnessed.

## FISH.

There is a general scarcity. The demand is good. We quote : Trout, $71 / 2$ to 8 c .; white fish, 7 to 8c. ; maskinonge, 8c. ; pickerel, $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; perch, 4 c . ; herrings, 4c. ; halibut, $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. ; steak cod, 7 c . ; haddock, 6c. ; cod in 1 -lb. blocks, $6 \frac{1}{2}$ to 7 c . per lb .; boneless fish, 4 to $41 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb.; boneless fish in $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{lb}$. blocks, $51 / 2$ to $6 c$.
GRAIN, FLOUR. BREAKFAST FOODS.
Grain-Wheat is moving moderately at 68 c . outside for both red and white. The local street market is fairly busy, a fair amount of wheat and oats offering. Peas are 2 to 3 c . cheaper ; barley and oats are ic. lower. We quote as follows: Wheat, white and red, 7 Ic .; goose, 68 c . ; peas, 60 to 62 c . ; oats, 34 to 35 c . ; barley, 43 to 44 c . ; rye, 51 to 53 c . No. I hard Manitoba wheat is unchanged at 8 oc . Toronto.

HIDES, SKINS AND WOOL.
Hides - A good business is being done at firm prices. We guote cowhides: No. 1, $81 / 2$ c.; No. 2, $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; No. 3, $6 \frac{1}{4}$ c. Steer hides are worth $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. more. Cured hides are worth 9c.
Skins-Deliveries are large. Prices are unchanged. We quote as follows: No. I veal, $8-\mathrm{lb}$. and up, 9 c . per lb .; No. 2, 7 c . ; dekins, from 30 to 35 c . ; culls, 15 to 20 c . Sheepskins are worth $90 c$. to $\$ 1$, and lambskins, 35 to 40 c .

Wool-There is a good business still being done. Prices are unchanged. We quote fleece at 14 to $14 \frac{1 / 4}{} \mathrm{c}$., and unwashed at 8 to 9 c .
sALT.
There is a good demand. Prices are upt changed. We quote at Toronto : Canadian salt, carload lots, $\$ 1$ per bbl., and 65 c . per sack of 200 lb .; less than carload lots,

## CHOICE GOODS THAT SELL AT SIGHT.

Half size sample mailed on receipt of 5 c . in stamps; or, to meet numerous requests, we will on receipt of value ( $\$ 3.60$ ) ship and prepay freight on I caddy to any part of Ontario. State name of your wholesaler in ordering.
W. B. BAYLEY \& CO., ontario Agents, 59-63 Front St. East, TORONTO

# Pearl Snaps. 

 A barrel of Fancy, Sweet Biscuits to retail at 25c. lb. Crisp, tender, and delicious. Perfect for picnics, unequalled for general use.Put up in moisture-proof barrel package.

Biscuit Manufacturers
J. McLAUCHLAN \& SONS,
owen sound.

## CANADIAN

Manufacturers and Shippers who are not represented in

## WINNIPEG

Will do well to correspond with me

## E. NICHOLSON

${ }_{124}$ Princess Street, Winnipeg, Man. Successor to W. F. Henderson \& Co. Wholeaale Commission Merchants and Established 1882.

16 years' experience.

## Toronto Salt Works

TORONTO, ONT.
Write us tor SALT of any kind.
Also SALTPETRE, car lots or less.

## OWAN'S

Hygienic Cocoa
Royal Navy Chocolate and
Famous Blend Coffee
are the favorities with all grocers.
THE COWAN CO., LImited, TORONTO
QUALITY NOT QUANTITY. OUR
HAMS and BACON
are unsurpassed for delicious flavor. TRY THEMM.
You will repeat your order.
The Wm. Ryan Co. Limited
70 and 72 Front St. Fast, TORONTO
Clemes Bros.
51 Front St. East TORONTO.
Fruit Commission Merchants.
$\$ 1.05$ per bbl, and 70c. per sack. At the wells, we quote F.O.B., barrels, 7oc. sacks of $200 \mathrm{lb} ., 45 \mathrm{c}$. English coarse salt 47 to 49 c. Toronto per sack of 154 lb .

## MARKET NOTES.

Canadian short cut barrel pork is 500 . per cwt. dearer.

Canadian tomatoes are now selling at 20 to 25 c., a decline of 5 c .

The currant, Sultana raisin and Smyrna fig markets have opened.
Low-grade teas are cabled about $1 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. dearer in Colombo, Ceylon.
All makes of both dairy and creamery butter are $I$ to $11 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb. dearer. Eggs are $1 / 2$ c. per dozen cheaper.

## QUEBEC MARKETS.

Montreal, August io, 1899. GROCERIES.

THE trade in general groceries has been fairly brisk, and prominent in this connection is the brisk demand for new pack canned goods of all sorts for forward delivery, values on these generally ruling firm. Sugar has been steady at the rise noted, and the cutting between houses has ceased, an agreement having been arrived at again. Syrups and molasses show no change, while coffee and spices furnish nothing noteworthy. Valencia raisins are not to be had here in any quantity, and advices in regard to new crop currants are rather bullish in character. Inquiry for new Japan tea is active, but old meets a dragging sale. Green teas are scarce and Ceylons are steady. Green fruits furnish nothing striking, and produce is generally strong in tone.

SUGAR.
The recent unsatisfactory position in refined sugar has been remedied by an agreement arrived at with the firms here, who have ceased to cut prices. Demand since the rise noted last week has been active, and prices are firm at $\$ 4.55$ for granulated and $\$ 36$ to $\$ 4.30$ for yellows per 100 lb ., as to quality at the factory. Advices from New York note brisk business in refined, while in raw sugar there the feeling is firm. The European market for beet sugar is strong, and prices for nearby options are strong, August being quoted at 10 I . $11 / / \mathrm{d}$. The tendency, however, with regard to

## SMOKED MEATS

QUALITY COUNTS.
The MAPLE LEAF Brand combines all the qualities demanded by the highest class trade.
There is nothing better. If you are not already customer of ours a sample order will convince you.

## D. GUNN, BROTHERS \& CO.

Pork Packers and Commission Merchants 76-78-80 Front 8t. E. - - TORONTO

Curers of the MAPLE LEAF Brand Smoked
Meats and Pure Lard.

## CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED

 Our specialtiesPOULTRY, BUTTER, EGGS, HONEY.
We buy Dried Apples. Send us samples and we will offer you.

Correspondence Invited.
Rutherford, Marshall \& Co.
68 Front Street East, Toronto.

## In Baking Powder THREE STANDARDS ARE:

## WHITE SWAN i-lb. Tin, asc.

ROYAL CANADIAN
i-lb. Tin, isc.
QUEEN'S FAVORITE Flib. Tian, Ioc.
Supplied through the trade.
SMITH \& SCOTT, Mfrs.
TTORONTO
GROCERS, MAKE MONEY!

## BE UP-TO-DATE



Show you in figures the weight of the purchase, also the
price and the amount paid.
Handsomoly Finishod. AgATE BEARINOS Send for Catalogue
C. WILSON \& SON

69 Esplanade St. E., TORONTO, ONT,
luture options is downward, as the new crop will be offering by the end of September or beginning of October, so that September delivery is quoted easier at 1os. 9d.

SyRUPS.
Business in syrups continues very slow with prices nominally quoted at $13 / 4$ to $21 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per lb at the factory.

## MOLASSES.

There has been some inquiry for round lots of Barbadoes molasses during the past few days, but little business has resulted because buyers and sellers are apart in their views. To arrive, round lots have been placed at $34 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$., but, possibly, goods on spot could be had for less money. Demand in a jobbing way is active, and several car lots have been moved at 35 c ., and single puncheons at 36 c . Offers of Porto Rico have been made at $311 / 2$ to $321 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.

## DRIED FRUITS.

The stock of Valencia raisins on spot is now completely exhausted, only a few small lots beng held in first hands, and, as a result, holders are very firm, though no quotable change is to report. Sales of fine offstalk are noted at 4 c . and undergrades at $33 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Mail advices in regard to currants state that the crop is estimated to be 20 per cent. short of last year, and that prices are firm in consequence at iIs. 6 d. c.i.f. for provincials, Montreal.

## CANNED GOODS.

An active inquiry is experienced for new pack vegetables, especially for corn, which is strong, packers in some cases asking an advance of 5 c . per dozen, and nothing is obtainable under 75 c . Fair-sized sales of tomatoes are noted at 75 c ., peas at 70 c . and beans at 65 to $70 c$. These prices are, of course, to arrive in round lots. On spot, tomatoes sell at 75 c ., corn at 90 c . and peas and beans at 75 to $77 \frac{1 / 2}{2}$ c. per dozen, in a jobbing way.
There has been no change in new pack canned fruits. Business is fair, and prices are steady as follows: Apples, $3 \mathrm{lb} ., 75 \mathrm{c}$.; preserved, $\$ 1.40 ;$ I gal. tins, $\$ 2$; pears, 3 lb ., $\$ 1.80$; plums, 3 lb ., $\$ 1.6 \mathrm{o}$; greengages, 3 $\mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.75$; yellow peaches, $3 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.25$; pumpkins, 3 lb ., $\$ 3.65$; strawberries, preserved, $\$ 1.35$; do., in syiup, $\$ 1.15$; raspberries, preserved, $\$ 1.40$; do., in syrup, $\$ 1.15$.

There is nothing new to report in new pack canned salmon. A fair trade continues, and prices are firmly held at $\$ 4.75$ for "Clover Leaf" and $\$ 4$ for Lowe Inlet f.o.b. Coast. There has been some inquiry for new French sardines, and several good orders have been booked. Prices are: Small quarters, $\$ 7.50$ to $\$ 8$; ordinary, $\$ 7.75$ to $\$ 8.25$; full quarters, $\$ 10.50$ to $\$ 11$; American do., $\$ 1350$ to $\$ 14$; boneless, bigh
halves, $\$ 22$ to $\$ 23$; low do., $\$ 18.50$ to $\$ 19.50$; high quarters, $\$ 16$ to $\$ 17$, and low do., $\$ 10.50$ to $\$ 11.50$.

## RICE.

There is a fair demand for rice, and prices are steady. We quote : B standard, $\$ 3.40$ to $\$ 3.50$; Patnas, $\$ 4.121 / 2$ to $\$ 4.75$; Japans, $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 5$, and Caroline, $\$ 6$ to $\$ 7$.

## -

COFPEES.
The market continues quiet, with a few sales reported of Maracaibo at prices ranging from $81 / 2$ to $91 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and some Santos at $7 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}$. for the green bean in bags.

## SPICES.

There is a small jobbing trade reported in spices, and values are firm but unchanged. We quote: Singapore black pepper, $121 / 2$ to 13c., and Singapore white, $191 / 2$ to 20 c . Penang pepper, $171 / 2$ to 18 c ., and West Coast, 12 to 13 c . Pımento, 11 to 12 c . Nutmegs, 28 to 44 c ., as to quality. Cassia, 9 to IOC.; Jamaica ginger, $191 / 2$ to 20c.; Cochin tips ginger, 6 to $6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{C}$.; Zanzibar cloves, 9 to Ioc.; nutmegs, 40 to 55 c ., and mace, 45 to $50 c$.

## teas.

The tendency with regard to new crop teas is very firm, in sympathy with the strong advices from abroad. Cables from Shanghai state that Congous are firmer, the advance since July 18 being 2 c . per lb . Business is active in new crop Japans, and several 300 and 400 package lots have changed hands lately at 16 to 17 c . The scarcity already noted in Pingsueys continues, and the lowest price at which they are obtainable is irc. Old Japan tea meets with a rather slow sale, and round lots have been offered at $111 / 2$ to 12 c . here. Ceylons are quiet but steady.

## GREEN FRUITS.

The green fruit business has been fairly active. Domestic fruits have been in limited supply and raspberries have been readily purchased at $71 / 2$ to $81 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Domestic tomatoes are now coming on the market and are offered at 50 c . Western tomatoes command 35 to $40 c$. per basket. There have been few Mississippi tomatoes offering this week. Arrivals of bananas are light and there is a good demand at goc. to $\$ 1.50$ per bunch, as to quality. The orange market is about the same as last week. Sales range all the way from $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 4$. Lemons are quoted at $\$ 2$ to $\$ 3$ per box, as to quality. There is very little sale for Canadian pears, peaches, and plums, as they are of the early varieties, and traders do not care to handle them when there are lots of other fruits on the market. Prices range between 40 to $50 c$. per basket for pears, 35 to $50 c$. for peaches, and 50 to $60 c$. for plums. Receipts of Californian fruit have been heavy, but, as there is a good
demand, supplies are rapidly cleared at $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.75$ for pears, $\$ 1.10$ to $\$ 1.40$ for peaches, and $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 2$ for plums.

FISH.
The fish market is largely nominal at pre sent. We quote: Fresh haddock and cod at 3 to 4 c . for haddock, and 3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. for cod; British Columbia salmon, 12 to 13 c . halibut, 13 to 14c.; salt fish: Green cod, $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 4.50$ for No. 1, and $\$ 5$ for No. I large per barrel ; dry cod, $\$ 4$ Nova Scotia herring, $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 4.50$ in barrels; Cape Breton, $\$ 4.75$ in barrels No. I Labrador salmon, $\$ 14$ to $\$ 15$; sea trout, $\$ 9.50$ to $\$ 10$; lake trout, $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 4.50$ per keg of 100 lb .; No. I green haddock, $\$ 4$ to $\$ 4.25$.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

EGGS-There was a better local demand for small lots and a moderately active trade was done at firm prices. We quote: choice candled stock at 15 to $151 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; ordinary at $121 / 2$ to 13 c . ; and No. 2 at 10 to IIc. per dozen.

Maple Product-There was no change in maple product. Supplies are small and the tone is firm. We quote: Syrup, in wood, $61 / 2$ to 7 c . per lb., and at 85 to 90 c . per tin. Sugar, at $81 / 2$ to $9 c$. per lb.

Honey - Business in honey continues very quiet and prices are unchanged. We quote: White clover comb, in I-lb. sections, 9 to 10c.; dark, 7 to 8 c .; white extracted, $71 / 2$ to 8 c ., and dark, $41 / 2$ to 5 c .

Beans - In beans the feeling is steady, but the demand is still slow. We quote : Choice hand-picked, 95 c . to $\$ 1$ per bushel ; primes, 85 to $90 c$.

Potatoes-Receipts of new potatoes are more liberal, and the tone of the market is easier. The demand is fair, and sales are reported at $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.05$ per bbl.

Ashes - There were no changes in the market for ashes. The demand is slow and business quiet. We quote: First sorts, $\$ 3.70$ to $\$ 3.75$; secunds, $\$ 3.50$, and first pearls, $\$ 5.25$ to $\$ 5.50$ per 100 lb .

## FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour-A fair jobbing trade was transacted in flour on local and countiy account, but buyers show no disposition to lay in large stocks. The tone of the market is steady and prices show no change. $4 /$ quote as follows: Winter wheat patents, $\$ 3.75$ to $\$ 3.90$; straight rollers, $\$ 3.30$ to $\$ 3.40$; in bags, $\$ 1.60$ to $\$ 1.65$; Manitoba patents, $\$ 4$ to $\$ 4.20$; strong bakers', $\$ 3.60$ to $\$ 3.80$.

Grain-There was nothing new in the situation of the local grain market to day. Business in all lines was exceedingly quiet. A small trade was done in oats on local account at $33 \%$ to $33 \frac{3}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ex store. The feeling in Manitoba wheat in Winnipeg was

## We represent the following firms: ardine, Matheson \& Co., <br> AMOY, FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI The Japan Tea Exportiog Co., Itd., kobe, Japan The Japan Tea Piring $\mathrm{C}^{\circ} \mathrm{o}$, Ltd., уоконама The Pormosa Trading Co., Formosa Whittall \& Cor, Mcleod \& Coin oalcutta, india

 Robert Ward \& CO., viotoria, b.c. Cooperative Packers' Association .fRESNo, oal. f. De PaLuquemunear samu J. W. Doane, Santos and Rios Coffees In buying from us you only pay one comm
Consumer and Wholesaler. S. H. EWING \& SONS

Wholesale Only
96 King Street, montreal


TOW THOR TEA, LIMITED H. B. HUNGERFORD, Agent,

318, 320, 322 St. Paul Street, Montreal.
weaker and prices closed $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. lower on the day.
Meal-The demand for meal is slow and the market is featureless. Rolled oats are quoted at $\$ 3.671 / 2$ per bbl., and at $\$ 1.721 / 2$ per bag.

Feed-The tone of the feed market is firm for bran, and prices are fully maintained at the recent advance. The demand continues good, but the offerings are still light. We quote: Ontario bran, in bulk, $\$ 13$ to $\$ 13.50$, and shorts, $\$ 14.50$ per ton ; Manitoba bran, $\$ 12.50$ to $\$ 13$; shorts, $\$ 15$ to $\$ 16$; mouille, $\$ 18$ to $\$ 25$ per ton, including bags.

Hay-In baled hay a fairly active trade continues to be done, and as supplies are just about equal to the demand prices are firmly held. We quote: Choice No. $1, \$ 8$ to $\$ 8.50$; No. $2, \$ 5.50$ to $\$ 6$, and clover, $\$ 4.75$ to $\$ 5.25$ per ton, on track.

PROVISIONS.
There is nothing new to note in this branch of the trade. The demand for all lines is somewhat limited at present; in consequence, the market is quiet, but the undertone is firm. We quote as follows : Heavy Canadian short cut mess pork, $\$ 16$; short cut back, $\$ 15.50$; selected heavy short cut boneless mess, $\$ 16.50$; and heavy long cut mess, $\$ 15$ per barrel. Pure Cana. dian lard in pails, 7 c . to 7 K c . per lb . ; and
compound refined $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. to $53 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per lb . Hams 12c. to $131 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and bacon $111 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. to $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb .

CHEESE AND BUTTER.
Cherse-The market maintains its firm tone, and, naturally, with last week's high cost at country points, sellers want the advance to-day and will not hear of concession. In fact, nominally it was a io to $101 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. market for finest Western, though buyers are reluctant to concede that range, while Eastern makes were $95 / 8$ to $97 / 8 \mathrm{c}$. At the wharf, this morning, between 6,000 and 7,000 boxes were sold, the ruling price being $93 / \mathrm{c}$., but a fraction more was realized in some cases. The public Liverpool cables was unchanged at 46 s .
BUTTER - The butter market continues strong in tone, and buyers have to meet sellers if they want to secure supplies. Private cables are noted from Glasgow offering 94s. for a round lot of finest creamery, but the shipper could not work it as the limit was too low for this market. Finest creamery in round lots for export is quoted at 20 to $201 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and Western dairy, $14^{1 / 2}$ to 15c. In a jobbing way finest creamery fetches 2 IC .; seconds, 20 to $201 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and Township dairy, $161 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.

## montreal notes.

A denial has been received from headquarters of the report that "Clover Leaf"
canned salmon was sold in the West at $\$ 4.50$. They give $\$ 4.75$ as the inside price.

Domestic Canadian fruit of the early varieties meets a very slow sale here.
The cutting between jobbing houses on refined sugar has ceased in this market.
There has been another distinct advance this week both in the price of cheese and butter.
New Labrador salmon have been offered at $\$ 1$ I to $\$ 12$ for No. I, but, so far, we hear of no business.
There is an active inquiry experienced for new Japan tea, but old Japan stock has a dragging saie.

## NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS.

Office of The Canadian Grocer,
St. John, N.B., August 10, 1899.

JLY and August are always considered two quiet months, and there is nothing happening to change this general opinion. There is no particular activity. In staples, markets are steady. Flour, after rather lower figures, seems to be in a firmer position. The condition of lumber rather makes the times here either good or bad, there being nothing that so affects the entire Province or brings as much money to the people, and it is of particular advantage,

## See that you have this on your <br> CLUB Chewing TOBACOO.

## It is always reliable, uniform in make and flavor AND pays you anetter profit than other Chewing Tobaccos.

Put up 5s and tos to the LB. Price, 4lc. Ib.

For Sale by your wholesaler.<br>THE JOLIETTE TOBACCO CO., Joliette, Que.<br>F. W. HUDSON \& CO., Ontario Agents, TORONTO, ONT.

as the returns are distributed among such a large number in a direct way, to say nothing of those affected indirectly, which, it might be said, includes all. While there is a good price ruling in England, the high freight charged at present affects the export. In the American market, there is but a fair demand. Holders here are inclined to hold for higher figures. First shipments of China tea for this season have just been received via C.P.R.
Oil-In burning oil increased demand is noticed. There has been no change in price for some time, there being little competition. The new company is pushing forward its new warehouse, and promises to make it warm for the Imperial people. Cod oil is still very low, and the fishermen are inclined to hold back in hopes of better prices, so that, at present, receipts are light. Lubricating oils keep low, while in paint oil; unusually high prices continue to be the order of the day.
SaLT-Expected arrivals of Liverpool coarse salt are not to hand this week, but are daily expected. Stocks are ample for present needs. The demand at this season continues quite active. There is increased demand noticed for Canadian the salt. We quote as follows: Liverpool coarse,

45 to 48 c .; English factory-filled, 90 c . to $\$ 1$; Cana dian fine, $\$ 1$ per bag; cheese and butter salt, julk, $\$ 2.50$ per bbl.; $5-\mathrm{lb}$. bags, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 3.25$ per bbl.; $10-$ lb. bags, $\$ 2.85$ to $\$ 3$ per bbl.; $20-\mathrm{lb}$. wood boxes, 20c. each; 10-lb. wood boxes, 12c. each; cartons, $\$ 2$ per case of 2 doz.; English bottled salt, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.30$ per doz.; mineral rock salt, 6 oc. per Ioo lb.

Canned Goods-The particular interest which has attached itself to this line for some weeks has somewhat fallen off. Considering the general condition of the market, retailers have bought at low prices, the wholesale trade being satisfied with very small margins. Corn has been resold at less than the packers' last price. I say last price, as it is about impossible at present to buy any. In spot corn, the market is very bare. A small quantity of old was received from the West this week, which somewhat relieved matters. New peas, strawberries and pumpkins continue to arrive. In spot goods, gallon apples and peaches are scarce. All lines seem pointing upwards. Meats are higher. Salmon is hard to buy, many packers having withdrawn quotations. Lobsters are so high as to be out of this market. Baltimore packers are short on
oysters. Prices are higher, and some packers are entirely out of stock. Pineapples are in the same condition, and prices have been advanced.
Green Fruits-The demand for bananas has kept up rather better than was expected, which has resulted in rather light stocks. Californian fruits are active, particularly pears. Prices are quite high. Grapes, so far, to hand are of but fair quality. In apples there is an improved demand, as the quality improves ; price is still quite high Oranges are quiet and of but fair quality. Lemons now here are also of but fair quality. With the receipt of new lots higher prices will rule. Melons are quiet, weather being too cool for active sales. Cherries about done. Raspberries and blueberries are quite plentiful. Shipments west continue large. Fair prices are being received, the dry season across the line helping the market. Market is now being supplied with native tomatoes and cucumbers.

Dried Fruits - Increased interest is shown, but few prices have yet been received. Raisins are a light stock. Prices are likely to rule about as last season. In Californians, it is thought they will be landed rather below last season's figures, the market there opening high. In prunes, the report

## AMERICAN SUGAR. <br> We quote in oar loads (mired oars if you wish), Standard Granulated and Bright Yellow Sugars, FREIGHT and DUTY PREPAID, as follows:

Brockville, Berlin, Belleville, Brampton, Brantford, Chatham, Cobourg, Delhi, Guelph, Lindsay, Napanee, ${ }^{\text {y/ }}$ Peterboro', Prescott, Port Hope, Port Perry, Simcoe, Sarnia, Stratford, St. Catharines, St. Marys, St. Thomas, Woodstock.-Standard Granulated, $\$ 4.55$ per hundred ; Bright Yellow, $\$ 3.65$ per hundred.
Barrie, Collingwood, Goderich, Listowel, Meaford, Orillia, Owen Sound.—Standard Granulated, $\$ 4.571 / 2$ per hundred; Bright Yellow, $\$ 3.671 / 2$ per hundred.
Dundalk, Markdale, Orangeville, Pembroke, Renfrew, Shelburne, Sault Ste. Marie.-Standard Granulated, $\$ 4.60$ per hundred ; Bright Yellow, $\$ 3.70$ per hundred. or 16 's, at 63 cents per pound.
57 Front St. E., Toronto.

The Following Brands Manufactured by

## he American Tobacco Co.

OF OANADA, LImited.
Are sold by all the Leading Wholesale Houses UT TOBACCO

OLD CHUM.
SEAL OF NORTH CAROLINA. OLD GOLD. GARETTES $\qquad$
RIOHMOND STRAIGHT CUT. SWEET OAPORAL.
ATHLETE,
DERBY
APPLES.
NOTICE to packers in
Maritime Provinces and Maritime Provinces and elsewhere: Brand all arrels with the name of variety of apple, name of hipper, etc., and remember that it will pay you to rite to us for prices of stencil brands. HAMILTON STAMP AND STENCIL WORKS Hamilton, Ont.

JAWSONN $\begin{gathered}\text { commission } \\ \text { Co., Limited }\end{gathered}$
FRUIT, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Cor. Market and Colborne Sts.,

TORONTO.
We make a specialty of handling

## Domestic Fruit

Consignments personally and promptly attended to. All Foreign Fruits in season.
FRUIT AUCTION SALES
Write us for particulars of sales... We are making special
offorts
ofo make these sales mutually proftabie.
They are efforts to make these sal
held gery Wednesday.

McWILLIAM \& EVERIST
Wholesale Commission Merchants.
25 and 27 Church St., TORONTO, Oan.
Tolephone 645 .
SELL . . .

## GOOD WILL SOAP.

$35 \%$ profit at six for a quarter. Vanluven \& Co., Napanee, Ont.

## Clark's Pork and Beans-Plain

cost less than with TORIATO, please many customers as well-some better.

Try Some.

## Helpepper

Its searching pungency is too much for the bold Rat, timid Mouse, or creeping Cockroach-they all quit.

LEEMING, MILES \& CO., $\underset{\substack{\text { General Agents for } \\ \text { Canada, }}}{\text { MONTREAL. }}$

## SLEE, SLEE \& CO., Limited

Tower Bridge Works,
London, Eng.
Makers of Pure Malt, Wine and Concentrated Vinegars. In Bottles and Casks.
Prices and samples on application to
CLARK, RAE \& CO., 48 king street west, TORONTO, ONT.
Six GOLD Medals
GRIMBLE \& CO., Limited, London, N.W., Eng.


The Leader Lawn Swing
Children's Delight, Satısfying to all, Perfectly Safe, Very Strong, Most Restful and Invigorating. ORDER NOW.
THE DOWSWELL MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED, HAMILTON, ONT.
from California is that there will be a good crop, and prices on new goods that have been received are quite low, but as foreign and Oregon prunes are expected to rule high, being a very short crop, it will likely mean a firm market throughout. Currants, it is thought, will open rather higher than last season. Evaporated apples are scarce, and higher figures are quoted. Onions have a good sale at even figures. All nuts are high, and full figures are likely to be asked for new goods. In figs, the outlook is firm. Few Californians are used here, last season seeing the first.
SUGAR-If there is any change values are higher. The sale of yellows is reported small, granulated being more largely used than ever. Local refinery has practically all the business.
Molasses-Just at present there is little doing. Conditions point to higher figures. Market is a very firm one, stocks being light, particularly Barbadoes. That chiefly held is Porto Rico.

Produce-It is very satisfactory to see the prices our cheese factories are getting for their early cheese. In both June and July they are well cleaned up at good prices, though better results would have obtained had cheese been sold in open competition, as in the West. Prices here have ruled well under Western figures, but there is increased cost to get to point of shipment. The city market is dull. In eggs, the price is well maintained. Receipts are not large, and sales are fair. Butter is dull ; receipts exceed the demand, and only best will bring fair returns.

Fish-Fresh fish continues scarce, but salmon, halibut, and mackerel are received in a retail way. Cod, haddock, and shad are rather more plentiful. In dry cod, firm figures rule. There is but a fair movement, either in receipts or sales. Quality is fair. It is difficult, if not impossible, to get extra price for extra quality. Smoked herring are slow sellers, the rather higher price affecting the demand. There have been some very nice kippers received. Pollock are firm at the price quoted. In pickled shad there is light business. We quote : Large and medium dry cod, $\$ 3.75$ to $\$ 4$; small, $\$ 2.50$; pickled shad, $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 5$, as to quality; haddies, $41 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb .; smoked herring, $6 \mathrm{y} / 2$ to $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., halibut, to to 12 c . per lb.; fresh haddock and cod, $2 c$.; shad, Ioc.; boneless fish, 4 to 5 c .; pollock, $\$ 2.25$ per 100 ; salmon, 15 to 16 c .; pickled herring, $\$ 2.25$ per half bbl.

Provisions-In pork, there is a fair sale at about even figures. The increased number of grades makes it the more difficult to gauge values. Beef is firm with sales light. Little is being done in smoked
meats. Lard has fair sale at rather firmer figures.

Flour, Feed and Meal - In flour, a rather improved business is noticed. While values have ruled low, a somewhat firmer feeling developed at the close of the week, and higher prices would not be altogether a surprise. Feed is still scarce and high. Beans seem to have gone back to old figures, the little flurry not being sustained. Oats are firm, and oatmeal shows no change, though tendency is lower. There is but a fair business doing. Hay is rather improved in value, and the outlook is for better figures. This will be most welcome and have a good effect throughout the country, as for some time price has been very low. We quote as follows : Manitoba flour, $\$ 4.65$ to $\$ 4.80$; best Ontario, $\$ 3.85$ to $\$ 4.10$; medium, $\$ 3.60$ to $\$ 3.75$; oatmeal, $\$ 4.00$ to $\$ 4$. 10 ; cornmeal, $\$ 2.25$ to $\$ 2.30$; middlings, $\$ 21$ to $\$ 22$; oats, 41 to 43 c.; handpicked beans, $\$ 1.05$ to $\$ 1.10$; prime, 95 to $\$ 1.00$; yellow-eye beans, $\$ 1.90$ to $\$ 2$; split peas, $\$ 4$. Io to $\$ 4.15$; round, $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 3.40$; pot barley, $\$ 4$. 1o to $\$ 4.15$; hay, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.50$; timothy seed, American, $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.75$; do., Canadian, $\$ 1.80$ to $\$ 2.25$; mammoth clover, $71 / 2$ to 8 c.; alsike, $71 / 2$ to 8c.; red, $71 / 4$ to $73 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.

## St. JOHN NOTES.

Thos. Gorman received some particularly fine dry cod this week.

Mr. A. L. Goodwin received a large shipment this week of " Diamond G" brand of peanuts shipped by The GwattneyBunkley I'eanut Co.

Mr. J. M. Wiley, representing Armour \& Co., Chicago, called on the trade this week, Armour \& Co. are making Boston the headquarters for all eastern business, with Mr. Wiley as manager of the office there.

Mr. Robert Meighen, president of The Lake of the Woods Milling Co., called on the trade this week in company with the local representative, Mr. Hastings. This company is doing an increasing business in this section. Mr. Meighen's particular business east was to attend the annual meeting of the New Brunswick Railway Company, of which he is president.

Mr. J. Hunter White, representing Aram Hamparzum, Smyrna, has the following regarding the coming fig crop: "Our crop shows better results than that of last year, which was ruinous. Even the new one will not be considerable, as can now be seen more accurately. Quantity will be between 30,000 and 35,000 loads, or the half of a regular crop.'

Mr. F. J. Blackburn, of H. P. Eckardt \& Co.'s traveling staff, left on Thursday for a holiday trip to Atlantic City.

## HINTS TO BUYERS.

LUCAS, STEELE \& BRISTOL'S travelers have been off the road all week, and will also be off next week They pay no business calls anywhere.

New pack pineapple is in store with The Eby, Blain Co., Limited.

Don't forget that "silent traveler" of Lucas, Steele \& Bristol's.
John Sloan \& Co. report a good demand for "Beaver" brand lobster.

The Eby, Blain Co., Limited, are offering a snap in Japan tea, and invite correspondence.

Don't forget that Lucas, Steele \& Bristol control "Empire" brand of teas, coffees, spices, baking powders, etc.

The Eby, Blain Co., Limited, have passed another shipment of "Anglo-Saxon" condensed milk into stock.

Don't forget Lucas, Steele \& Bristol's fast freight service when in a hurry. If you haven't a time table, write for one.
T. B. Escott \& Co. have an assortment of fruit jars on hand, which they are offering to the trade at reasonable prices.

The Eby, Blain Co., Limited, report large sales of Hecker's Farina, Hill's Manioca and Fruit Puddine, with glass dish premiums.
" Grape Nuts and Postum Cereal have come to stay," say The Eby, Blain Co., Limited. "Every case brings a repeat order."
" We have any number of inquiries for gem jars," say The Eby, Blain Co., Limited, " and we strongly advise any who have not bought to send for quotations at once."
"Our travelers will take their holidays until August 21, and we shall be glad to hear from our customers by mail or wire. We have some special bargains for the next two weeks," write T. B. Escott \& Co.
T. B. Escott \& Co. write: "The demand for 'Grand Mogul' goods has been very large, the handsome profit reaped by the retail grocer in pushing the sale of these goods, together with the advertising, explains the immense sale. Our Mr. Hazard, now in British Columbia, is meeting wist? splendid success. Mr. McBain, late of Listowel, will represent us permanently in that territory."

## Royal Snaps


Please ask for samples and price of best Elnger Snap in Canada.
THE HOME CAKE CO. QUELPH, OMT.

## CHBREMTMABGET QHNTATIRNS



| Montreal, Quebec. |  | Toronto, Hamilton. |  | St. John, Halifax. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ....... | ....... | 16 | 17 | 14 17 | 16 18 |
|  |  | 14 | 16 | 15 | 16 |
|  |  | 11 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
|  | 20 | 18 19 | 19 21 | 18 19 | 19 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

CANNED GOODS

## CONCERNING FOOD DUTTV is the first consideration.

Our Culinary Starches contain no chemicals, being refined with Pure Spring Water only.
"Crystal Maize" Corn Starch. Challenge Prepared Corn.
${ }^{\text {me }}$ Brantford Starch Co., memase BRANTFORD, ONT.


## The Standard Stove Polish

 \% for the World Tiger Stove Polish

For sale in two sizes, a 5 and ro-cent size. The packages are large and handsome, and give a good profit to the dealer. The polish does not dry or rust in the tins, but will impart a beautiful and lasting shine. Sold by all wholesale dealers, and by The F. F. Dalley Co., Limited, Hamilton, Ont., Canada.

THE

Wilson, Lytle, Badgerow Co. MANUFAOTURERS OF White Wine, Cider and Malt WIIEEGAS.

IN BOND

The superiority of our Vinegars consists in their . . . . . . TORONTO.

## "Don't Pay Freight on Water."

Concentrated Grape Wine VINEGAR Vinegar--absolutely pure--guaranteed in every particular the superior of the common spirit vinegars.

No Combine in this--phake your own Combine and save the money you are paying the Vinegar Combine and the railway companies. Repeat orders from old customers prove satisfaction. Write for prices and samples. Don't load yourself up with high-priced goods.

Sole Canadian Importers

## W. H. SEYLER \& CO.

118 King St. East.

TRAINING STORE ASSISTANTS.

THERE is no way of procuring com,petent successors of the present generation of grocers except by practical training of the present generation of clerks under the eyes of their present employers, says New York Grocers' Review. Thusit is that the methods usually employed for that purpose ought to assume considerable importance in the eyes of the public, for it is useless to expect good service from people insufficiently prepared for their duties.

It is the badly-trained and ill-informed class of dealers who are responsible for much of the reckless cutting and the pushing of inferior goods that are so common, and also for many of the failures that threaten the entire business edifice, and which could have been prevented if the victims had been properly equipped for the arduous struggle. It is the well-trained class of grocers whom the public may thank for improvements of stores, methods and service, and for the maintenance of the standard of quality.
If the latter class are less numerous than the other, who can wonder ? There is not much inducement for grocers to instruct their employes very carefully, when the clerks are liable to leave at a few hours' notice. The rudiments, and perhaps a little more, he will impart for his own sake, in order to make the newcomers of some use, but further than that the grocer cannot always afford to go. Exceptionally bright and ambitious young men may make their own way with very little assistance, but the more ordinary clerks, who greatly outnumber the others, require a good deal of boosting-and seldom get it.

In most of the countries of Europe the grocers are regarded as tradesmen, like cabinetmakers, tanners, builders, smiths, jewelers, etc., and a certain apprenticeship is served, a cash premium being paid by the boy's legal guardians. The grocer binds himself to teach the trade to his apprentice, and the latter pledges himself to abide with the master grocer until the legal term has expired.
This system may ultimately be adopted here, and then the problem of how to make grocers will find a solution.

## BRIGHT OUTLOOK IN BRITAIN.

Wm. J. Marshall, of Rutherford, Marshall \& Co., produce and commission merchants, Toronto, returned from his trip to Great Britain on Monday.
" The trip has been a satisfactory one, said Mr. Marshall to The Canadian GrgCER, " I visited London, Liverpool, Bristol, Glasgow, and the principal intermediate
points. This practically covers Great Britain."
"What is the outlook for produce prices ?"
"There is every reason for looking for a general firmness in prices until Christmas. In most of the industrial centres the men are working at night as as well in the daytime. In the agricultural sections, too, there is a bright outlook. From what I could see and gather I believe that Canadian cheese and butter will be in excellent demand for the rest of the year, with prices as high or higher than they are to-day.

## INQUIRIES AND ANSWERS.

SLot machines wanted.
A well-known firm in Canada write : "Can you, or any of your readers, tell us where in Canada we can get slot machines made. We know where they can be bought of foreign make, but we prefer those made in Canada ?"
[Can any of our readers supply the desired information?-The Editor.]
bamboo furniture.

In reply to a recent request in this column for the names of the manufacturers of bamboo furniture, A. E. Richard, Breslau, Ont., writes that he has been making furniture of this description since October, 1898.

It was inadvertently stated in a former issue that the American Rattan Co. was situated at Walkerville. It should have read Walkerton.

## TRADE CHAT.

Inland revenue officers seized about 13 lb . of smuggled American tobacco at Magog, Que., the other day.

The E. Girardot Wine Co., Limited, has been incorporated with headquarters and works in Sandwich, Ont.
L. Gross, of Toronto, has moved to Preston, Ont., where he has purchased the bakery, etc., of J. Soutar.

The Toronto Fruit Vinegar Company, Limited, has been granted power to increase its capital stock from $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 50,000$.
Shippegan, N.B., has been declared a Customs port, and a port warden has been appointed by the Dominion Government.

At the monthly meeting of the St. John, N.B., Board of Trade, it was advocated that the board should make an effort to have Mediterranean steamers with spring fruit cargoes make St. John their port.

Two burglars entered the grocery store of Shoebottom \& Co., London, on Tuesday night, leaving a pal outside on guard. On the appearance of the patrolling policeman the guard decamped, but the thieves inside were caught.

GOOD STATIONERY IN BUSINESS. $T \mathrm{~T}$ is wonderful what good stationery will do, remarks The Keystone. A man may wear a ragged coat, have his twe kissing mother earth each time he steps, conduct his business in a "rusty" looking office, but if the letterheads and envelopes he sends to his correspondents are of excellent quality and workmanship, they immediately transform all the "realties" into broadcloth and mahogany. It cannot be otherwise.
Good stationery is sure to make good impressions. It is sure to make the man that receives it think that the man who sent it is about the right thing. Elegance in stationery means influence in business. Half the world would have confidence in the man without a cent of capital upon which to conduct business if his correspondence was done on the right kind of letterheads. The other half of the world, if they lacked confidence, would nevertheless think that there was something behind the man using such stationery.

Stationery of correct style and quality will never cover up ignorance when displayed in spelling or writing. It will, however, discount these imperfections to this extent : Bad writing or spelling on good stationery will gain attention, and that promptly. Bad spelling and writing on bad stationery give the immediate impression that the writer is a "curious boy," and, 10 to 1 , the letter is turned down. Not always, but I'd dislike to count the times such is the case. You will lose by cheap stationery.

## A GREAT HELP TO RETAILERS.

Nowadays, it is only those institutions in business life which have the capability of devising something out of the ordinary run of things, that achieve any pronounced success, remarks an exchange. The firm that runs along year after year, following the beaten tracks worn deep by the routine of business is reasonably sure to find its balance sheet showing an increasing deficit as time goes on, instead of a healthy growth. In other words, it is brains that move.

## KEEP FLOUR OUT OF THE SUN.

Flour that has been exposed to the sun ${ }^{\text {b }}$ will not make good bread. It has been proved by numerous experiments that flour cannot bear the action of the sun, even when not exposed directly to its rays. When flour is exposed to the heat of the sun an alteration takes place in the gluten similar to that produced by the heating of the stones. For this reason it is advisable that the transportation of flour should take place, if possible, on cool days, or by night, as well as that flour should be stored in a cool place, says a milling paper.

# A SPECIAL NUMBER 



- which it will pay every manufacturer and wholesale dealer to go into. and every retail dealer to read.

The Special Autumn Number of THE CANADIAN GROCER will be issued Friday, October 20. We will eclipse all past efforts in the production of this number. Those acquainted with our record will know what this means and the high standard we have set.

It will be handsomely and artistically gotten up and beautifully printed in colors. A special feature this year will be "Canada, from Ocean to Ocean," a well-written descriptive article, illustrated with a score or more engravings printed in colors, showing pastoral and industrial life in every Province.

The cover design is a beautiful pastoral scene, printed by the new three-color process, and will be by all odds the finest piece of color work ever attempted by any newspaper published in the Dominion.

It will contain valuable special articles, the usual budget of interesting trade news, and will deal fully with the products and trade of the Dominion ; articles on the Milling, Canning, Provision, Fruit and Tobacco businesses, illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of mills, factories, fruit and tobacco farms. The Dominion Government will distribute a number of copies through the High Commissioner's office in London and Emigration offices abroad, and, as we will send a large number through our own office in London to grocers and provision dealers in all the large centres of Great Britain, every product, trade and industry of Canada should be represented in the advertising pages of this progressive and representative Canadian trade paper.

ORDERS FOR ADVERTISING SPACE AND EXTRA COPIES SHOULD REACH US WITHOUT DELAY.

## BAD DEBTS.

THE losses by bad debts in the retail branches of business can only be roughly estimated, and we do not mean to attempt even that, although we will hazard the suggestion that they must amount annually to a total of many millions of dollars, remarks New York Merchants' Review. For nine-tenths of these losses the retailers themselves are chiefly responsible. We admit that the collection laws are bad, that many consumers are dishonest in their dealings with retail merchants, and that the dealers, or the retail grocers at least, are generally so hard-worked that they can hardly give the time to the credit department which its importance demands.

But, admitting all these things, there remains a large burden of blame which the retailer himself must shoulder.

Notice the different treatment of the credit question by wholesaler and retailer. When a new applicant for credit approaches a jobbing firm, the latter will want some information regarding his ability to pay, before granting the credit desired. And when the retailer applies to a second wholesale firm, the second firm will resort to the first for information and get it. Thus the wholesalers are protected against the worst features of the credit system, and yet have no such protective organizations as the retailers.
Now, how is it with the retailers, in a great many cases? Let an empty house be taken in any city, and, at the first signs of occupancy, the local dealers will begin to call in quest of the patronage of the newcomer. They don't wait for him to call upon them and ask for credit. They go to
him and offer it, and, if, as quite frequently happens, the first grocer gets bitten, the next one will be just as confiding, and go through a similar experience. Even a third dealer has been known to share the same fate without the thing getting out, for, incredible as it may appear to the uninitiated, the habit of the class of dealers who so frequently are victimized by dead beats is to keep quiet as to past experiences and néver dream of asking for information of other dealers.

If the wholesale trade followed such a policy, there would either soon be an end to the credit system, or else the wholesale branch would have to be dispensed with as a distributing agency.

Why cannot the non-associated grocers help each other as the wholesalers do ? Why must every member of the retail trade, in the spirit of the countryman who has been deceived by a traveling show, rather welcome the financial embarrassment of his fellow dealer than protect him by volunteering information ?
It is a question worthy of serious consideration whether the "dead beat" in his fullest effloresence is not in a great measure the creation of his creditors-a Frankenstein which owes existence to the grocer, butcher and baker, and which pursues them to their ruin. The pressing offers of credit which come to the new arrival in a neighborhood from the local dealers, tend to loosen the fibre of the most rigid honesty, and to soften the resolutions of those to whom integrity and economy are novelties tending to become irksome. Who can be surprised if the crop of dead beats increases?

## BALL-BEARING DRAWERS.

The best things are very often the simple ones. Retailers all know how much trouble is often caused by drawers which stick, 位ic when they don't stick they squeak, which means swearing and sweating-if not a church member. Sweating and swearing mean loss of energy, which may be avoided, says a contemporary, in the matter under consideration in the following simple way : " Secure a half-dozen good-sized marblesjust common playing marbles. Make three round holes in the end strip of wood sup. porting the drawer, one hole at each end of the strip and one in the middle. Drop your marbles into these holes. Tack a grooved strip of hardwood on the lower part of the drawer just above the marbles. You may then load your drawers down with cast iron and you will need only one handle on your drawer and two fingers on your hand to work the drawer back and forth. In fact, with ball-bearing drawers, as here described, the heavier and larger the drawer the easier it works.

## THE LITTLE THINGS.

"See to the little things and the big things will take care of themselves, remarks a contemporary. The only way it is really possible to attend to little things properly, that is, if one desires to attend to them, is not to trust to the memory in doing the work, no matter how good it may be. A pad should be carried in the pocket; on this mark down whatever you may think of as soon as it occurs to you. One by one attend to the things recorded, and whenever something on the list has been attended to run a pencil through the memorandum.

## CANADIAN ADVERTISING is best done by THE E. DESBARATS ADVERTISING AGENCY, Montreal.

"ill cool the blood and make you really
coovl. It's the drink for warm days It's the drink for warm d
w. P. DowNEy, Sole $\Delta$ gent.
 "eriy Rhymes for Thiroty Times." Sent free.

## Bottled Fun

PULL THE CORK AND LET IT RUN. NOTHING LIKEIT UNDER THE SUN. HIRES' ROOTBEER

Order one gross Rootbeer and get
a present of 24 bottles Carbonated.
W. P. DOWNEY, 20 and 22 St. Peter St. Sole Canadian Agent

MONTREAL


## "QUEEN CITY" TABLETKS <br> WASHING

 MADE MADE articles keep clean and wear longerFor sale by Grocers, Druggists, and General stores.
QUEEN CITY OIL COMPANY, Limited
SAMUEL ROGERS, President. TORONTO, ONT.

## Anglo-British Columbia Packing Co.'s Blood-Red Sockeye Salmon are Best Quality.

PRICES ON 1899 PACK NOW READY.



All these Brands are Finest Quality Sockeye. We give special prominence to "Sovereign" Brand, as it is Choicest Fraser River Salmon; white and gold embossed label ; tins tissue wrapped. For select trade. Delivery on contracts guaranteed.


## Anglo-British Columbia Packing Company

# NEW SEASONS <br> Monino unnoud NOW IN STORE. 

Perkins, Ince \& Co. TORNNTO.

NEW SEASON'S "Golden Leaf" JAPANS

We have now in stock 50 C ., 40 c . and ${ }_{25} \mathrm{c}$. lines; also Nibs and Siftungs-all fully up to the usual high standard of cup quality. See our travellers or write for samples.

GEOREE FOSTEA \& SOUS
Wholesale Grocers, BRANTFORD, ONT.

## East India

## Pickle

 SpiceBrightest, Cleanest, Best combination of choice Whole Spices, giving that piquant flavor relished by connoisseurs.

Largest 5 and 10c. packages. Best value in bulk.

## Todhunter, Mitchell \& Co. <br> —TORONTO.

# at your then he. in that the grocer: a   

TRADE IN OTHER COUNTRIES THAN OUR OWN.

MAIL advices from London state that the crop of Persian dates is large, estimated at about 650,000 boxes.

Advices from Portland state that the French Consul at that city is seeking information as to the prospect for securing supplies of Oregon French prunes this year for shipment to Berdeaux, France.

Letters just received from the other side state that the crop of Naples walnuts will be about one third smaller than last year and that the Grenoble crop will be very short. Marbots and Cones promise to be aboundant and of fine quality.

## CALIFORNIAN DRIED FRUITS.

The San Francisco Trade Journal of July 28, reviews the situation in dried fruits thus: " Fruit drying of all kinds, except prunes. is well under way, with that of apricots well advanced and peaches coming on quite fast. It is quite generally conceded that the apricot pack will be around 500 carloads; but no one has, as yet, ventured to estimate on peaches, but it seems quite reasonable to assert that it will be fully twice as much as any former season, and with reasonable figures it will all go out. The pack of apples will be from 20 to 30 per cent. more than in 1898, while that of pears will be away behind. The prune pack will be about 10 per cent. more than 1898 , with the fruit running mostly to large sizes. This will naturally cause small sizes to bring, proportionately, better prices.'

## THE COFFEE SITUATION.

The market for Brazil grades of coffee has been quiet and unsettled. The crop movement has been large, and estimates for the entries during August at Rio and Santos were large $-1,550,000$ bags. Some business has been transacted with Brazil on a lower basis ; still, there has been no pronounced pressure to sell, and no pronounced weakness has developed. The spot market for invoices has been dull, as there has been nothing in the situation to stimulate a demend from jobbers; prices have been without decided changes, closing at $53 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for

Rio No. 7 and $6 \frac{1}{8}$ to $6 \frac{1}{4}$ c. for No. 4. Mild grades have been steady, and a moderate volume of business has been transacted at unchanged prices, closing at 7 to $71 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for fair Cucuta and $73 / 4$ to 8 c . for good ditto. East Indian growths have been dull and unchanged. -New York Journal of Commerce, August 5.

CALIFORNIAN RAISINS 25 PER CENT. SHORT
Fresno advices to July 27 to The California Fruit World are as follows : "The clearing of decks for handling the coming raisin crop is in progress. The outlook is for good prices, and growers and packers are not bothering themselves with this problem just yet. T. C. White said today that, from reports received at the association headquarters, the raisin crop will be about 25 per cent. short this year, and this is considered to be about the status of the crop.'
[Telegraphic advices have since confirmed the above reference to the shortness of the crop. -Editor Grocer.]

## TEA IN NE U YORK.

The tone of the market has held steady. There has been a limited amount of activity to the line business, the country trade in some instances showing more of a disposition to anticipate their wants. The market for invoices has been steady and some business has been transacted at fair prices. The offerings for next week's auction sale are stuall.-New York Journal of Commerce.
currants in great britain.
Business in currants on the spot has been confined to very narrow limits, but there are not lacking signs that stocks in both dealers' and retailers' hands are as light as they can conveniently be, and, in face of the well authenticated reports of a good crop, both as regards quality and quantity, it would obviously be bad policy to overstock even at the present very moderate prices. Under the circumstances, it is somewhat difficult to understand the object the holders of 1898 crop of provincial fruit in Greece have in view in advancing their prices, unless they hope by approximating rates more nearly to
those asked for new fruit to create a demand for the latter. Up to the present, no sale of 1899 crop have been reported in London, but merchants show some disposition to slightly modify their ideas of value, and, instead of a difference of 3 s . per cwt . between old and new Provincial, there is now only about Is. 6d. to zs. -Produce Markets' Review, London, July 29.

SALMON AND LOBSTERS in LONDON.
There is very little change to report in the salmon market, and trade has been quite of a hand-to-mouth character. This is so far satisfactory, as it shows that retailers are working with very small stocks, and sooner or later an improvement in the demand may be looked for. Prices in first hands are very firm, and few parcels are to be found under market value. From advices just to hand the pack of lobsters is estimated to be about half what it was in 1898, and calls are exceptionally scarce; flat and $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$. tins are in fair supply, but holders are not at all anxious sellers, as they feel assured that sooner or later higher prices will be realized. The unsatisfactory part about this trade is that the goods in many instances are badly packed, and it behoves buyers to be very careful in selecting, and to look with distrust on any parcels that are offered below market rates. -Produce Markets' Review, July 29.

## THE PRICE OF SALMON.

The great scarcity of salmon so far this season has been marked by unprecedented high prices paid to fishermen for fish. But, as in all things, there is a limit, and with salmon it seems to be 25 c . per fish. Beyond that, it would seem as if it were impossible for canners to go. Not that even that price can be paid and money made. As a matter of fact, the cannes have lost money on every case of fish that have been put up this year. The attitude of the canners is very well illustrated by an incident whilom/ occurred recently at one cannery on the Fraser. Some of the men who are operating under the licenses held by the cannery in question, and who also use boats and nets belonging to the cannery, came to their employers and said that there were other canneries paying 30 and 35 c . a fish, and that they would like to get the same. "All right," was the reply, "take the fish where you can get most for them." When it was to their own men the canners were forced to speak, it can readily be seen that canning salmon at 35 c . is not at all profitable.

## EDDY'S

## HOUSE, HORSE, SCRUB = STOVE

 BRUSHES are pronounced by those who have used them to be without an equal. They are made by a new process and will outlast any other kind on the market.We intend to push this Branch of our Business vigorously, and it will be to the best interests of our friends in the Trade to see that they are fully stocked with Brushes of our make.

## The E. B. EDDY C0., Limited <br> HULL <br> MONTREAL. TORONTO.

Quebec,<br>Halifax,<br>Hamilton,<br>Winnipeg,<br>London,<br>Victoria,<br>Kingston,<br>St. John, N.B..<br>Vancouver,<br>St. John's, Nfld.

## MANITOBA MARKETS.

## Winnipeg, August 7, 1899.

GREAT preparations are going forward for the annual picnic of the Caterers' Association, which will be held on Thursday next, to Rat Portage. No less than five trains will leave Winnipeg at hours between midnight on Wednesday and $80^{\circ}$ clock on Thursday morning. The town of Rat Portage has offered very special inducements to the association, and all are looking forward to a delightful outing. As the distance is a long one, sleepers are provided, so that, for a small additional cost, those who wish can go to bed in Rat Portage and wake up in Winnipeg, ready for the next days wons. This is the only holiday of the fear for many of the trades -such as bakers, milkmen, fruiterers and the like. The president of the association this year is Mr. W. H. Stone, one of the most progressive of the retail grocers of the city. Mr. Stone is a Somerset man, and learned his business thoroughly in England ; he has been some 12 years in Winnipeg, and is a man who believes firmly in advertising, is in favor of union among men of like business, and is strongly opposed to trading stamps and like inventions. His election was a unanimous one, in his absence from the meeting.

Business is steady. Retail trade is some what quiet owing to the absence from the city of many households. There are a few changes for the week, but very few.
Mr. David Brown English, representative of Jos. Tetley \& Sons' package teas, left for home Friday evening, after a three weeks' visit to the West. He expressed himself as highly satisfied with the general conditions of things in the West.

Sugar has advanced ${ }_{5 c} \mathrm{c}$. per cwt . during the week. It is questionable, however, whether jobbers will realize that addition. The market is fairly active at the present time.

Canned Goods-This situation has not altered in the least during the week. The whole question is unsatisfactory in the extreme, and salmon seems to have joined the fruit and vegetables in that particular. Some factories are quoting an advance on salmon and inability to fill orders, while others have lowered the price 25 c . per case. No one, at present, seems to know " where they are at."

Cured Meats-This market has been a rapidly-advancing one. Within the last week small meats have advanced ic. per lb . and it appears as though there would be a still further advance in breakfast bacon. This article, in the eyes $n f$ those who should
know, is too low for the price of hams. Some appear to think that hams have reached their limit, and, although scarce, the demand will not be so great at the higher price as it was at the lower. Side meat is very firm and slightly advanced. Taking everything into consideration, it is not likely there will be any decline before November at earliest, and many consider the advance likely to be permanent. Lard, owing to the low price of dairy butter, is low and fluctuating. Latest quotations are $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.60$ for $20-1 \mathrm{~b}$. pails.

Teas-New China teas will arrive next week. The crops appear to be exceedingly good and the price will probably be about the same as last year for opening.

Evaporated Fruits - Apricots have advanced from $1 / 4$ to $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., according to quality, but it is not certain that this advance will be maintained. Peaches, on the other hand, are comparatively cheap, and the offerings are heavy. Peeled peaches are not yet offering. Prunes are at about the same figure as they have been for the last six weeks, prices ranging from 5 to $91 / 2$ c.; for instance, 110 's are worth 5 c . and 40 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{s}, 9^{1 / 2} \mathrm{c}$.

Butter-The position of dairy butter has not altered during the week. The bulk is still going into cold storage, and the price ranges from 10 to 12 C . at country points; 12c. has been paid for occasional lots of choice dairy for immediate resale. In creamery butter the market has improved. There has been an advance of $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and the tone of the market is firmer. The quotations are now 16 c . factories, with $161 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. for small lots in 28 lb . packages.

Cheese-This market is good. The price has advanced $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and there would appear a good demand for the make, which is larger than in former years. The quality, on the whole, is improving, although some of the factories are still putting cheese on the market before it is cured.
EgGS-This market dropped during the week to $12 \frac{1}{2}$ per doz., but has again stiffened, and I3c. is being paid to-day. The supply is abundant.

Green Fruits-This market has been short during the week, but is again fully supplied. New Ontario apples will arrive about Tuesday. Californian plums and peaches are quoted at from $\$ 1.45$ to $\$ 1.50$. Bananas are scarce and the quality not up to the mark. Price ranges from $\$ 2.25$ to $\$ 2.50$, according to size of bunch. Apples are $\$ 4.25$ per barrel ; muskmelons, 75 c . per basket ; watermelons, $\$ 2.75$ per dozen ; grapes, 75 c . per basket ; blueberries, 6 c . per lb.; tomatoes, 75 c . per crate. Lemons and oranges are without change.

## Empire Smoking Tobacco

5, 10 and 15 cent Plugs.

Big Plugs
Little Money

Empire is a fine, cool smoke, and is sure to please. It is the largest, cheapest and best in Canada.


Granby, Que.

| Tobacco That sells |
| :---: |
| and pays the dealers from 25 to 45 per cent. profit is what we have to offer you. |
| Our Plug Chewings are: |
| POMMERY, highest grade, bright, 3 ¹/2's. |
| SMILAX, bright pounds. HOLLY, bright, 3 's and 8's. |
| BLACK BASS, Navy, all styles. |
| Our Plug Smoking Brands are: |
| MONARCH, $3^{1 / 2}$ 's. MARIGOLD, ROUGH and READY, 8's. |

## TDISTIDN

INDO-CEYLON TEA.
There are other ways to retain people as steady customers besides giving them good tea, but you will agree with us that there is no way so easy.

Monsoon pleases in a way that no other tea can--absolutely pure, wholesome and delicious.

We grow all our own teas.
THE MONSOON TEA CO.
Toronto and Montreal.

# MDNTODN 

INDO-CEYLON TEA.


## A FRONTIER GROCER.

Mr. G. R. Morden, representing The John Calder Co., Hamilton, has given The GroCER the interesting cut herewith shown, which gives an idea of a successful frontier store. The proprietor, Old John Black, is a regular reader of The Canadian Grocer, and, in short, an up-to-date business man. The sign itself is a bright idea, and the successful dealer in "groceries and guff" stands in the picture between the NorthWest Mounted Policeman and his horse.

Old John has given the following interesting facts regarding his career. He has
self-made man, has a steadily increasing business, and The Grocer sincerely wishes that it may continue to grow.

## HOW A TRADE PAPER HELPS.

Some time ago one of our successful business men in the supply line, when asked why he patronized trade papers so largely, to the neglect of other methods, made the following reply: " Men who do not read their trade papers are usually poor customers. If I sell them a lot of machinery they do not know how to use it, and report

## SPOILING A GOOD FARMER.

A Chicago business man, according to exchange, recently utilized a rather uniq e method of dismissing an employe. s bookkeeper had formerly been a farmer a d had come to Chicago to enter the busint s world. His employer had thought hin promising, but after a month's trial d... covered his mistake. Then he wonder 1 how he could get rid of him.
" John," said he one day, " you never let anyone beat you at plowing while you were on the farm, did you ?'
" No, sir,' replied John.

lived in the Northwest for 42 years, and is now well-known through that vast tract of country. For a number of years he was in the employ of the Hudson's Bay Co., but in 1885 he decided to start store for himself in Fort releod.
With a self-satisfied smile on his face, John remarked that he himself had hewed and placed the logs of his first little store, with a frontage of 12 feet. "Now," he said, " our store extends just seven times as far along the street, and our business has grown in proportion." Indeed Old John Black's store is one of the prominent features of Fort Macleod to-day. He is a
a failure, or we have to run after thèm, lose time and money to get them agoing, and make the sale stick. But those who read and are posted know how and succeed. Such men would not read circulars, if I were to mail circulars to them. They see my ad. regularly in the trade paper, and know I have an established business, and when they want anything in my line write me, and don't whine about prices, or what time they can get from others, buy, try, and have no trouble and pay the bill. Give me such a class of customers as I get by such judicious advertising all the time." National Baker.
" And no one ever got ahead of you hoeing potatoes ?'
" No, sir."
" Well, I think my conscience won'tin :me keep you here, John. I'm afraid I d. spoiling a mighty good farmer.'

## CANNED SALMON ON A DOG'S TAIL

Cheap advertisement is not always effec ive, and the salmon canner who hoped $t$ bring his pack into demand by tying labeled can to a spaniel's tail for coursin purposes on Cordova, Abbott and Wate streets has learned his mistake. The canine traveled too fast to allow passers-b to catch the brand.-World, Vancouver.

# Enameline Thellodem STOVE POLISH 

We present herewith cuts showing the three different forms of package in which Enameline is put on the market. The enormous amount of advertising being done to familiarize housekeepers with the name enables merchants to make quick sales. Don't load up with unknown brands-that's dead stock.
J. L. PRESCOTT \& CO., New York.


New Season's Jams.
OUR ORDERS ARE NOW ON THE WAY.

## SOUTHWELL'S Kentish Whole Fruit JAMS and JELLIES also MARMALADES.

GIVE EVERY SATISFACTION TO DEALER AND CUSTOMER.

FRANK MAGOR \& CO., 16 St John Street, MONTREAL. Sole Agents for Canada.

## Current Market Quotations for Proprietary Articles

| uotations for proprietary articles, br are supplied by the manufacture nts , who alone are responsible for uracy. The editors do not supervise t change is made, either an advance or $e$, it is referred to in the market re $\checkmark$ matcer of news, whether manufact uest it or not. <br> BAKING POWDER. <br> PURE GOLD. <br> 3 oz. cans, 4 and 6 <br> doz. in case.....$~$ 4 oz cans, 4 and <br> doz. in case ...... <br> 6 oz cans, 2 and 4 <br> doz. fin care <br> 8 oz, cans, 2 and 4 <br> 12 doz . cans, 2 and 4 <br> doz. in case 6 oz. cans, 2 and 4 <br> doz. in case <br> $21 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. cans, 1 and 2 <br> b. cants, 1 doz. in case.. <br> doz. in case <br> h. cans, 1 doz. in case ................. <br> 'ook's Friend- <br> in in 2 and 4 doz. boxes. $\qquad$ <br> 1. in in 6 <br> 12 , in 6 <br> 3. in 4 <br> und tins, 3 doz. in case <br> z. tins, <br> b. tins, <br> Diamond- ib. tins, 2 doz. in oase ib. tins, 3 <br> W. H. GILLARD <br> 1b. tins, 3 $\qquad$ per doz. <br> lb. tins, 4 <br> THE F. F. DALLEX GO. $\mathrm{am}, 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. ting, 4 to 6 doz |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |




## Quality Wins Trade

Price is an argument with some people，but＂quality＂wins trade and keeps it．
Edwardsburg Starch proves its right to be called the Starch of quality by the unequaled test of time－time tests all things．Suppose you sell a customer a Starch that is yet in the experimental stage－you take more chances in selling it than the customer does in buying it．If a customer＇s trade is worth having，it is worth keeping．It is a poor way to keep it by running the chances of shaking their confidence in the quality of goods you sell－truly＂quality wins trade．＂Edwardsburg Starch is pure starch！Edwardsburg Starch keeps trade！ It pays to buy（and to sell）－

## Edwardśburg Starch．

The Edwardsburg Starch Co．，Limited， Cardinal，Ont．

## 

CHOCOLATES \＆COCOAS．

| Cocoa－EPPS 8 ． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Case of 141 lbs ．each |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| cadbury＇s． |  |  |
| Co．，Agents．per doz |  |  |
| oa es |  |  |
| Mexican chocolate， $1 / 4$ and $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$ ．pkgs． 040 Rock Chocolate，loose． $\qquad$ |  |  |
| Nibs，11－1b．tins．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 0 ¢ ${ }_{5}$ |  |  |
| TODHUNTER，Mitchell \＆co．＇s． |  |  |
| Chocolate－per lb |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Leandon Pearl 12 and 18 ＂．．．． $0^{0} 22$ |  |  |
| Rock Ronden＂1＂ |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| Mott＇s Broma．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．per lb． 030 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mott＇s Prepared Co |  |
| Mott＇s Homeopathic $\mathbf{C}$ |  |
| Mott＇s Break |  |
| Mott B No． 1 Chocol |  |
| Mott＇s Breakfast Chocola | O 48 |
| Mott＇s Diamond Chocolate | 3 |
| Mott＇s French－Can．Chocol |  |
| ott＇s Navy or Cook |  |
| Mott＇s Cocoa Nibbs | 035 |
| Mott＇s Cucoa Shells |  |
| Vanilla stic |  |
| Mott＇s Confectionery Chocolate． 021 |  |
| tt＇s Sweet Chocolate Liquors． 019 |  |

## Fine JAPAN RICES

JAPAN GLACE,
JAPAN MIKADO,
POLISHED CRYSTAL,
SNOW JAPAN,
JAPAN ICE DRIPS.
MOUNT ROYAL MILLS BRANDS
D. W. ROSS CO'Y., AGENTS,

MONTREAL
PAILS
"SUITABLE FOR"
Baking Powders Cocoanuts Confectionery Mustards Spices
Washing Compounds ALL KINDS OF WOODENWARE KEPT IN STOCK.

Manufactured by
Cane \& Sons Mig. Co., Limited
Newmarket, Ont
BOECKH BROS. \& COMPANY
Toronto, Ont.

## E. T. STURDEE

Mercantile Broker,
Manufacturers' Agent,
st. JOHN, N.B.
Etc., Etc
Wholesale trade only.
DON'T PAY FREIGHT
ON WATER
CONCENTRATED GRAPE WINE
VINEGAR, best and most economical
Vinegar made. One gallon Concentrated makes $25 / 27$ gallons Standard VinegarGreat saving in weight and freight. Write
for sample. gents-
W. H. SEYLER \& CO.

Room ioo, Board of Trade, TORONTO
Agents for HEINRICH FRANCK SOHNE \& CO. German Chicory, Coffee, Extracts and Essences Ludwigsburg, Germany Flushing, n.y.


ASK FOR
MOTT'S


Cow Brand Baxing Soda
is making wonderful progress in regard to sales. The demand increases every month. book, which has been mailed at the rate of 5,000 per week for some months past.

GROCERS:-Do not let your stock run out; every wholesale house carries all sizes of
packages. packages.

JOHN DWIGHT \& CO. TORONTO AND MONTREAL.


## Free

Send for particulars regarding free Automatic Selling Machine for the sale of Adams' Tutti-Frutti Gum.

## Globe Automatic Selling Co.

13 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont.

## Wheat Marow! Wheat Marrow!

SATISFYING FULLY, RECUPERATING QUICKLY, DIGESTING EASILY.
The best properties of Choice Winter Wheat are given in this article. Ask your grocer for a $2-\mathrm{lb}$. package.

## Manufactured by <br> THE EXPRESS ROLLER MILLS

WM. MACK, Proprietor. CORNWALL, ONT.

## Buy Grest Brand Extracts

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Noted for their
Purity
Strength and Flavor

THE LONDON COFFEE \& SPICE CO.

INDURATED FIBRE WARE. $1 / 2$ pail, 6 qt.... E. B. EDDY 00 Star Standard, 12 qt Round-botto

Fibre Butter Tubs $(30 \mathrm{lbs}$ Nests of $3 .$.
Keelers No.

Milk Pans.
"1 re, raund bottom
Handy Dish.
Water Clo.....
Digh Pan, No. 1.
Barrel Covers and Trays
Railroad or Factory Pails
JAMS AND JELLIES OURHELL's GOODS. per Orange ${ }^{\mathrm{Fr}}$ Orange Marmalade.... Slear Jelly Marmalade Raspberry
A pricot
Apricot
Black Curra
Other Jarmant W. F
Red Currant Jell


## lear glase pots

Rascberry, strawberry
orange. lemon, vanilla,
pineapple, cherry, pineapple, cherry, calve
foot and graee fruit,
doz. cases, 90 c. per doz.
P. Gh icings.

Chocolate 2 do
81.25 per doz. 81.25 per doz.

Lemon, white, pink, canary and Kerneline
Raspberry, Strawberry, Red
$1-1 \mathrm{~b}$. glass jars, 2 doz , in case, per doz $\$ 100$


LICORICE.
YOUNG \& 8MYLIE's LIBT. Fancy boxes (36 or 50 sticks) per box. "Acme" Pellets, 5 lb, pans, per can.
Tar Licorice and Toliu Wafers, 5 ib cans, per can
Licorice Lozenges,

8, 51 lb. glass jars
Purity" Licorice, $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 100 \text { sticks } \\ & \text { sticks }\end{aligned}$
Dulce, large cent sticks, 100 in box
We MINCE MEAT.
Nicholson's,
per gro 3 doz., net
er $1 / 4$ gross case.
MUSTARD.
D. S. F., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. tins, per doz. ${ }^{\text {doz }}$.
" 1 lb. ting,
In Jars- ${ }_{\text {Durham, }}^{4} 4 \mathrm{lb}$. jars, per ${ }^{\text {ja }}$
F. .D.. $1 / 1 / \mathrm{lb}$ tins $1 / \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. Crown Brand -(Greig Mfg. Co.


the f. f. dalley co.
Dalley's Mustard, bulk, puree per 1 b. $\$ 025$
Dalley's Mustard, $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. tins, 2 doz. in

Dalley's Superine Durham Mustard 1/1 lb. tins, 4 doz. in case, per doz.

$1 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. glass tumblers.
1 gailon tins, per gal. ............... Celery Salt, 2 oz . btlis, sil. tops, per doz
Curry Powder, 2 oz. bottles, silver ORANGE MARMALADE. 1-lb. glass jars, T. UPTON \& doze Co. per doz . $\$ 100$ -ilver pails, 6 pails in crate, per $1 \mathrm{lb} . . . \quad 0 \quad 071 / 4$ PICKLES--STEPHENS


## SODA.-COW brand.  Case of 1 taining per box Case of $/ 1$ taining per box Case of lbs. (con <br> lbs. (containing 30 1 lbs and fo $0^{1 / 2} 10$ packages) per box ${ }^{\text {pkgs }}$ (containing 96.00 pkgs), pe SOAP. <br> ```Eclipse (Twin-bar), per box ......... Special 0``` discount for larger quantities BRANTFORD SOAP WORKS

 ilver Gloss, 6 - lb . tin canisters.
Ewards'g Silver Gloss, $1-1 \mathrm{~b} . \mathrm{pkg}$ Kega Silver Gloss , large crystali Benson's Satin, 1 -lb. cartons
No. 1 White, bbls. and kege.. Beason's Enamel, per box.. Culinary Starch$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Canada Pure Corn................ } & 0 & 041 / 2 \\ \text { Rice Starch- }\end{array}$ Rice Starch-

Edwardsburg No. 1 white, 1-1b.cart. 009
Edwardsburg No. the f. f. dalley co.
 Culinary, Toledo Corn
Starch, ${ }^{10}$ pkgs. Lo box,


EINGBFORD'S OSWEGO STARCH



 For puddings, custards, etc.


ONTARIO $\left.{ }^{\text {STARCH }}\right\}_{6}^{38-1 \mathrm{lb} .}$ to $45-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes, STARCH IN Silver Glose. BARRELS ) Pure $\qquad$ $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 71 / 5 \\ 0 & 61 / 5\end{array}$ TEE BRANTFORD BTAROH CO., LTD.
 tinest Quality White Laundry-
3 lh . canisters, cases 3 lbs .. 3 lb canisters. cases 36 lbs
4 lb canisters, cases 48 lbs Bbls,, 175 lbs.
Kegs, 100 lbs

1 lb . fancy cartoons, caser 30 lbs .
6 ib. trunk, brass catch. 8 in case 007
61 b trunk lock and key 8 in
 $\begin{array}{llll}\text { K egs, extralarge crystals, } 1001 \mathrm{lbs} & 0 & 07 \\ 0 & 06\end{array}$


Brantiord Gloss-
11 lb fancy boxes
cases 36 lbs.......071/2 Canadian Electric
starch-
40 packages in case
$\ldots . . . . . . .$.
$3 \geqslant 0$
bxs. 45 cartong per case...... 3 Culinary Starch-Chal Prep. Corn-
1lb. packgs
boxes 401 b No. 1 Pure Prepared Corn-
1 lb pkgs., boxes 40 lbs STOVE POLISH.


No. $\begin{aligned} & \left.4-3 \text { dozen in case (nett cash) } \quad \text {. } \quad \begin{array}{r}84 \\ 6-3 \\ 7 \\ 70 \\ 50\end{array}\right)\end{aligned}$





Tiger 8tove Polish, $1 / 4$ gross boxes, large
per gross, $\$ 7.20:$ small, per gross, 84.50 . Stovepipe Varnish, 4 oz. bottles...... 100 Buston Brunswick Black, 8 oz. bots. . 175


TEAS. alada oeylon Wholesale. Reta

```
Brown Label, I's.
```





Ceylon Tea, in $1-\mathrm{lb}$. and $1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}$ lead package Black Label, black or mised. Blue Label, r
Green Label
Red Label ". $\quad 40 \mathrm{c}$..

erms, 3 per cent. of $\begin{aligned} & 80 . . . . . . . . . \\ & 30 \text { days. }\end{aligned}$
CROWN BRAND.
(Ceylon in lead packages)



## TOBACCOS.

 empire tobacco co.$\qquad$



 WOODENWARE. the E. b. EDDY co.

## Washboards, $X$

Vaverly
Planet.
Planet. ........
Rneciai al ninhe..
Matches-

## $\underset{\text { Telegraph }}{\text { Telephone }}$

Telephone
Tiger
Tmpire
Empire, Aslide box)
Rafety, Capital 100.
Parlor, Eagle, 200 s.
100 s.
". Victoria....
Flamers............

THE CANADIAN GROCER

Tillon minitan



$\qquad$
B. a. Wecossom a som. Montrea.
D. Wiseson co. Matront

AnvUEP, TIPp, toog
ARE YOU i Buyen of
Hardware, Metals, Paints, Olls, etc.?


The Modean pubustina co. United


THE DOMINION BANK

 Drprenone






 The Torouto Patent Agency Eforter


We malte them in all shapes and sizes We have
G Gilh and Root Backetio - Satciel Lunch Earkets. *) Ctothes Basklets. Butcher Baskets.
in frects all linds; and besider being very' neat in appearance they are very strons and durable:
$\qquad$
Qakivile Basket Co. oakville ont.
 Brefs on all pert of the Uritod Suact Crent Brintio
ind tand Chinend of crodia inued twilableat all poigts in Europe chinand $\bar{c}$

3, 3, on zath Gemerar manasom:

Densons addresaing advertisers will kdindy mention having seen their advertisement in The Canadian Grocer.
CPFIIL GIIV BUSIIESS GOLIEKL.
A. D. Orimen, V. A. Frinelpal.


 BUY
Star Brand cotton CLOTHES LINES
-AND -

## COTTON TWINE

Cotton Lines are as cheap as Sisal or Manila For thlo by all Wholenala Dealors see that you get them.

## -2. Dewar's Famous Scotch <br> Geo. 1. Foy owa be had from

Geo, J. Foy : Co.
Jame Turper \& Co. Hamilton, and all first-class houses.

Is HonestCoods and luat the Thlige on Which to Make or Extand a Business.


The Best Crocers make a point of Keeping it atways in Stock.

## Specials for Fall Trade now Patterns in <br> DINNER WARE noo oattors in <br> TOILET WARE <br> CHINA TEA SETS <br> JARDINIERES, BERRY SETS GERMAN CHINA FANCY GOODS COLORED GLASS FANCY GOODS

## Why Throw Money Away

on trashy imitations of Wethey's Condensed Mince Meat ? Get the real thing. It costs less in the end, for it
 pleases your customers every time. Makes them come back for more. Beware of imitations, for none of them come up to the original-of that yo may be assured.

## J. H. WETHEY

Sole Manufacturer
ST. CATHARINES

## Crosse \& Blackwell, Limited

New Season's -

## Candied and Drained Peels

LEMON ORANGE CITRON MIXED (O.L. \& C.)
In 7-lb. Tins, In 7-lb. or 10-1b. Wood Boxes, In 1-Ib. Cartoons
C. E. COLSON \& SON,
$C H A=1$ ClARK, President.

## ESTABLISHED 1849.

...BRADSTREET'S...
Capital and Surplus, $\$ 1,500,000$.
Offices throughout the civilized world.
Executive Offices: Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, New York City, U.S.A.
THE BRADSTREET COMPANY gatbers information that reflects the financial condition and the controlling Hecmees of every seeker of mercantule credit. Its business may be definee as of the merchants, by the merchants, onsidered too great, that the result may justify its claim as an authority on all matters affecting commercial affairs and mercantile credit It offices and connections have been steadily extenced, and it furnishes information concerning mercantile persons throuqhout the civilized world. Subscriptions are based on the service furnished, and are available only by
ceputable wholesale. jobling and manufacturing concerns, and by respectable and worthy financial, fiduciary and business pporations. Specific may be of its Offices. Correspondence

THE BRADSTREET COMPANY
TORONTO OFFICE: Cor. Jordan and Melinda Sts. THOS. C. IRVING, Superintendent.

MONTREAL.
OAKEY'S d. and 1s. Canisters.
' WELLINGTON' KNIFE POLISí
JOHN OAKEY \& SONS, LIMITEI manufacturers of Emery, Black Lead, Emery, Glass and Flint Cloths and Papers, etc. Wellington Mills, London, England Asont: John forman, 644 Craig stree MONTREAL


[^0]:    THE WINDSOR SALT CO, Limited, Windsor, Ont.

