Board of Works

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LITERATURE

## Three Shots with a Revolver.

I.

Naturally, considering the nature of my calling, I have been always particularly attracted by the scores of stories—not, I am inclined to think, always based upon actual occurrences—which tell of the ingenious plots contrived by scoundrels to gain possession of other people's jewels, especially diamonds. In other cases such stories are, of course, but pure fiction. But as to those which profess to narrate facts, whether plain or colored, I have too much reason, from personal experience, to suspect that the real owners of jewels have, very often, more to do with their disappearance than easily imagined brigands, swindlers or thieves. Nevertheless, there is enough substratum of truth to make even purely invented stories of this kind probable. Mine is not an invented story; but my reason for telling it is not so much its truth as its supremely extraordinary character. Its like, in any single detail, never happened to anybody else in the world. Were it not for this I would assuredly refrain from adding to the pile of jewel-stories in which some jeweller's agent plays the part of hero or victim. For I was myself agent to a very great firm of jewellers in London—I need not say to whom—when there happened to myself the terrible experience, terrible almost beyond the power to describe, which I am, for the first time in my life, about to try to tell in words.

I remember, as if it were yesterday, how one of our partners called me into his private room and said to me:

"Morris, I must ask you to be good enough to start for Paris this very evening—that is to say, by the very first possible train. You know that parure of the Princess Mouranov that we had to put into new settings?"

"Of course I do."

"Well, you know the Princess as a customer; she is rather flighty, but she's too big a gun for us to disregard her whims. The parure is just out of hand, and was to have been delivered to her in Portland place to-morrow morning; but—it's just like her—she's taken it into her head to set off on a voyage to America, and, an hour after she took the whim into her head, she was off, so I hear. It's just like her, anyhow. I believe she goes to Patagonia, where her diamonds—that is to say, her parure—she thinks, will we indespensible to her. I shouldn't have thought so myself, but I suppose she knows. Anyhow, she's going to spend the whole of to-morrow in Paris, and her diamonds must be delivered to her there, and paid for—you understand. If we don't deliver the parure, she'll never forgive us; and if she dosen't pay before going off Heaven knows where, why, we shall never forgive ourselves. You'll have to be sharp, for it doesn't follow that she'll stay in Paris a whole day because she says she will; and you'd better avoid having to follow her, if you possibly can."

"Naturally! Where is Madame to be found?"

"At a place called Les Bosquets. It's outside Paris; but here's the address written down. I needn't tell you to be cautious—"

"Why?" asked I. "It all seems simple enough. I've only got to give the parure to the Princess—into her own hands, of course—receive the money, and take a receipt and come away. There will be no difficulty about the Princess's money, I suppose?"

"No. But, don't you see, I'm afraid you're still a trifle young, Morris. Those Mouranov diamonds are as well known to all the diamond-hunters in Europe—as they swarm abroad—as they are to me. Better than they are to you by a long way. By some means or other, you may take your oath, one of these gentry will know you to have the charge of them. It's no good taking precautions against that; they'll know all the same, and precautions are only a way of putting people on the trail. Take care you go to the right house, my friend. Take care that you see the right lady. Don't eat and don't drink, however much you may be pressed, till you're safe back at your hotel. Don't shut your eye till it is all over. If a strange woman speaks to you, cut her dead; if a strange man, knock him down. And—

"Well, what else? But I'll take care of myself, never fear."

"You're an unusually handsome man, you know," said he, with a wink and a knowing smile, "and I suppose, like all handsome men, you're a bit of a lady-killer—without meaning it, you know, and you're not a blind horse, whatever you may be. Paris is a lively place, you know, for a man of your make, with diamonds next his heart worth thousands of pounds. It is not the man I am afraid of in your case, it is the women."

Every man likes that sort of chaff, and I was really weak enough in those days to take an especial pride in what I could not help knowing to be my personal advantages. So I was in the best temper when I answered moderately,

"Well, sir, nobody knows everything about all women; but I do think I know enough about a few to guess a good deal what the rest may be up to. I don't think I'm likely to be come over that way. And I should think this little fellow," I added, showing him a new revolver, "will be enough for common odds, not in petticoats."

"Don't put yourself in a position that will oblige you to use it," said my employer.

"And you won't if you keep clear of the common odds—in petticoats, you know. I must be off now. Call at my house for the parure in an hour."

Full of confidence in my own resources, and proud of the trust that had been placed in me, and altogether in a well-satisfied and fearless frame of mind, I started with the Mouranov parure by the next train for Dover. The magnificent parure was safely packed by my employer himself before my own eyes, and I placed the pocket securely in a case which I fastened round my neck and waist under my clothes with a couple of light but strong steel chains. In effect, the parure was absolutely safe from secret theft—effectually from any violence short of downright murder. I had bidden my mother and sisters a hurried good-by, without telling even them of the invaluable charge I carried about me. And I arrived at one of the first hotels in Paris without the smallest adventure of any sort or kind. To imagine that any of the fraternity of diamond-hunters, male or female, had been watching my journey, or could even be aware of it, was simply absurd. To all with whom I came into any slight contact en route I must have been an ordinary Englishman, making an ordinary trip to Paris—nothing more. And, for that matter, except with booking-clerks and so forth, I don't think I had exchanged a word with a fellow creature all the way. That I had never once closed my eyes, I knew.

II.

I had just ordered some refreshment after my journey before proceeding to Les Bosquets, when—

"M. Alfred Morris from London?" asked one of the waiters.

"Yes," said I, though wondering how my name could possibly be known to him, seeing that I had but just arrived, and had not even written my name on the list of persons staying in the hotel. Was my "Yes" a piece of imprudence? I hardly know to this hour.

"A young lady," he said in English, "has been waiting for one hour to see monsieur."

A young lady, in Paris, waiting to see me! What could that mean? My employer's warning came instinctively to my mind. But I could not very well refuse to see her; indeed, it might prove important that I should see her. And certainly no possible harm could come of my seeing her in a large and crowded hotel.

"Mademoiselle waits in the *salon*," said the waiter. So to the *salon* I went, more curious than anxious about who the young lady might be who expected me in Paris and who knew my name so well.

She was a stranger—a young Frenchwoman, rather pretty and exceedingly well dressed, and yet with something about her that showed that she did not wholly belong to the *beau monde*, if that be the right term to use, for I don't pretend to be a French scholar.

"M. Alfred Morris, from London," asked she, in precisely the same words as the waiter, but in a voice and accent which made the words sound very differently indeed, and made the girl herself look really instead of only passably pretty. Indeed, hers was one of the sweetest voices I had ever heard.

"At your service, mademoiselle," said I, with a bow.

She smiled; and her smile was very sweet indeed. "I am truly fortunate," she said. "I was beginning to fear you would never come."

"And may I ask, mademoiselle, with whom—"

"Assuredly, monsieur. I am Mlle. Lenoir, principal *Demoiselle de Chambre* of Mme. la Princesse de Mouranov—"

"Ah!" sighed I, a little disappointed. It was no adventure, then—only the affair of the parure, after all. Still—well, considering everything, that was perhaps all the better. Adventures, till the receipts were exchanged, would certainly be *mal à propos*.

"Yes, of Mme. la Princesse de Mouranov," repeated she. "I am in all the confidence of Madame's toilet—you comprehend?"

She was speaking in very good English, with an accent that improved my native language, it seemed to me. "Madame received a telegram from London from your firm, saying you would be here to-day. It was a careful telegram, monsieur, and that was well. It is not prudent to let all the world know what you carry—without doubt nearest your heart, monsieur! Have I not reason—I? But madam has changed her plans—that is the habitude of madam. I always know what madam will do next, for it is always what she shall not say. She was for America last night; to-day she is for Biarritz. But she will want the pa—the affair monsieur knows of—all the same, all the more. Even so, she was going to Les Bosquets; in fine, she is not at Les Bosquets, but at the Villa Stefania, her own little house where she goes to be alone. Ah, madam will love to be alone at times—sometimes for one whole half-hour, monsieur! But she must have the parure on the instant and in her own hands, so I come from madam myself to conduct you to Villa Stefania without delay."

All this was fully in accord with all that I had ever heard of the eccentric restlessness of this great Russian lady, nor had I the faintest reason, after hearing of the telegram from my employers, to doubt the simple good faith of so pretty and altogether attractive a young lady as Mlle. Lenoir. Still there was one obvious precaution that I ought to take, and I did take it, for I wish to make it absolutely clear that I acted in all respects as the most prudent of men could have done.

"Mademoiselle will permit me to ask," said I, "simply as a matter of business form, if she has the written authority"——

"Of Madame la Princesse? Assuredly," said she, with a bright smile. "It is good to treat with a monsieur of the prudence of monsieur!" She handed me at once a little sealed note, perfumed and gracefully written, that ran as follows:

VILLA STEFANIA, Jan. 12.

M. Alfred Morris, on the part of Messrs. ——, will have the goodness to accompany the bearer, Mlle. Lenoir, to the Villa Stefania, without any delay, there to execute the commission with which he is charged. STEPHANIE DE MOURANOV.

I have that note still, to remind me of——. But the end has not yet come. Suffice it that doubt, under the circumstances, never entered my mind; nor, I dare to swear, would it have entered the reader's, had he to judge before the event, as I had to do.

I found Mlle. Lenoir an exceedingly pleasant companion on the way to Villa Stefania, which fancifully-named residence we reached in about an hour and a half, partly by rail and partly *en voiture*. I supposed it some eccentricity on the part of the Princesse that she did not, as she certainly might have done, send us a carriage to convey us the whole way. Perhaps she was one of those people who take a pleasure in little mysteries and pointless conspiracies. Mlle. Lenoir talked the whole time about all sorts of things and places, and I found her sympathetic, intelligent, and singularly well informed, as well as charming. I even began to flatter myself that I had made a by no means unsatisfactory impression upon mademoiselle.

Villa Stefania, where we arrived after darkness had fallen, I could not very distinctly see; but I made out that it was a small house, probably not long built, standing alone and apart from all other dwellings in a sort of shrubbery and approached through a tiny court past the lodge of the *concierge*. We were at once admitted with ut any ringing or waiting. Mademoiselle conducted me up a staircase and along a passage, both scarcely half lighted, into a room so dark that I could scarcely see where I was or anything at all.

"Imbeciles!" cried Mlle. Lenoir. "Not a light in the *salon*, not even a candle! That is how one is served when one has twenty servants, monsieur, each with his duties; we must have a twenty-first to do nothing but see that the sconces shall not be empty in the *salon*—unless, perhaps, it shall be some fancy of madame, for nobody to know you are here. I will see. Monsieur is a brave man? He is not afraid of being left alone in the dark till madame shall arrive? It will be in one moment, monsieur. Madame is anxious, very anxious, for the——"

I thought my being asked to wait in pitch darkness a little odd, but I could only say:

"It is many years since I believed in Bogy, mademoiselle."

"*Bien*. It shall not be long." And she was gone, closing the door behind her, if my ears told truly.

Without believing in Bogy, it is not a pleasant thing to be left alone in a strange room in the dark, all the same—fancies will come into one's head, especially when the seconds grow into minutes without counting themselves on a visible watch-face, and when one has on one's person diamonds worth many thousands of pounds. Everything was all right, of course; and yet I could not help wishing that the Princess Mouranov had received me at Les Bosquets by the light of at least one candle, if not of day. And, though I was but a tradesman's employee, common French courtesy should not have kept me quite so long waiting for a light, even though a fine lady might not be ready to see me the very instant I arrived. I felt my way to a very comfortable sofa, on which I sat down, and waited on, waxing impatient, and feeling rather like a prisoner condemned to the dark cell. Manners forbade me to doze or whistle, and——

But impatience was soon to change into something more.

III.

Was that sound of voices in the room or not? If not in the room, close to the room it must have been for I heard them plainly—sometimes darkness itself will strangely sharpen our ears, and there are certain words which once heard sharpen them yet more keenly.

I heard three voices. One was Mlle. Lenoir's. One was a strange woman's. The third was a man's

"Neatly trapped enough," said the last so slowly in the German manner that they brought their whole significance home to my dull British ears.

"But for the rest," said Mlle. Lenoir, "what ought one to do? If he goes back to England"——

"He must not go back to England," said the voice of the other woman—it was singularly cold, firm and clear. "He must not leave France; he must not leave Paris till we are safely gone. Those diamonds"——

"If the worst comes to the worst," said the man, "what then? We are man to man. If he does not behave himself he will have to reckon with me. These things are awkward, because of the police. But"——

"He will not resist," said Mlle. Lenoir. "And if he does"——

I thought I heard a sigh, so sharp had my ear grown. But from whom came the sigh? Whether from Mlle. Lenoir or the other woman I could not tell.

"If he does," said the man, "he it on his own head, whatever comes. You understand me, my friend. I do not like too much blood; but if there be resistance there must be—what there must be. He must not trace the diamonds, nor you."

It had passed through my ears to my sinking heart long ago. Fool that I had been to listen to a woman's story, however plausable it might seem! Some plot, invented and carried out with fiendish cunning, had brought me into a den of robbery and murder. I was to wait for death in that lonely house and that horrible dark chamber!

What in the name of heaven, in the name of desperate helplessness, was I to do? The voices grew confused, then ceased altogether. I was alone. Nobody knew me in Paris; nobody would miss me there. If I did not return my employers would have set me down as having run off with the jewels: my mother and sisters would believe me guilty, and break their hearts and starve. Could I escape from the house? Impossible—through unknown passages and a locked door!

Instinctively I felt for my revolver, useless as it must be in a dark room. The murderer, or the murderers, knowing the premises, could be upon me at any moment and have me down before I could know of their approach, and one must have some faint light for an aim. I had known that all sorts of atrocities are even more common in Paris than in London; but how could I dream that such a doom as this, all for believing the smooth tongue of a pretty serpent, would ever be mine? I say I felt for my revolver, though knowing all the while how vain a toy it would be now. A knife for close quarters would have been ten times its value, and that too would have been vain. I don't think myself less brave than other men, yet I could not help a groan of dispair at the thought that I was about to be murdered so helplessly, so hopelessly. How soon would it be?

I drew out my revolver, and in doing so a little fusee-box, with a few wax matches in it fell on the floor. One moment's light would be something, though the last gleam I was ever to see. I groped for the box, found it at my feet and struck one of the matches. Heaven! what met my eyes? The gleam of the flame had indeed come not a moment too soon.

Straight in front of me, coming towards me through an open door, was as evil-looking a ruffian as I had ever seen; a murderous ruffian, if ever there was one, hideously livid, and with eyes that glared towards mine. Thank heaven for that one gleam of light! It might be enough for a straight aim. No time must be lost. I am no fighting man, heaven knows. But—I fired.

For a moment the smoke clouded my eyes. But I heard a cry. The flame from my match had not wholly died. And by its light I saw—— Great heavens! I had not had one murderer to deal with. A whole gang of brigands were upon me and my diamonds. What was to be done?

Five more brigands at least were there. Well, I dared not pray for so hopeless a thing as life, but I would at least be true to my trust and sell it dearly. My name, my honor, might yet be saved. First to right, then to left I fired and fired again—twice—three times——

And then the match went out, and left me to the mercy of the robbers and cut throats into whose hands I had been drawn by a woman's words.

IV.

Suddenly a blaze of light filled the room, so bright that my eyes, till now blinded by darkness, were more blinded still.

"What madman is here?" cried a woman's voice—that other woman's, not Mlle. Lenoir's.

"O! O! O! My poor, dear, beautiful boudoir! Send for the gendarmes!"

Was I alive? I suppose so, since I could still hear and see. And how can I describe the scene that I beheld?

I was in an elegantly-furnished room. On my left hand, with clasped hands, gazed at me with a face full of amazement, was Mlle. Lenoir. On my right, looking at me with wild looks of anger, despair and terror, was a handsome lady, who resembled a queen of tragedy.

"O Amelie!" cried the latter.

"O Madame la Princesse!" echoed Mlle Lenoir.

"My favorite clock!" moaned the right hand lady.

"And three whole nights"—— mademoiselle was beginning, when I felt my arms grasped tightly behind my back, and a man's stern slow voice in my ear:

"Who are you? Are you a madman or brigand? What does this mean? Who are you that make havoc with the boudoir of Madame la Princess de Mouranov? Who, I say?"

I must confess it at last! I am a little near-sighted, and, by the dim light of the match, had mistaken the sixfold reflection of myself in the panels of an octagonal room lined with large mirrors for a band of murderers.

And that talk of death and diamonds behind the wall? Well, as I learned afterwards, the Princess Mouranov was, as it seemed half the world knew, busily occupied in flying from the pursuit of a husband from whom she was trying to keep not only herself but her famous diamonds. Her eccentric movements had baffled him for long, but the temporary sojourn of her parure with our firm had nearly put him on the traces. Read the talk by the light of this and you will understand—even the big talk of madame's last champion, a German Baron, who did meet the Prince in mortal fight with swords, and come off second best with a gash that went through his sword arm. Who has got the diamonds now I neither know nor care.

But as for revolvers—well, if you must keep such awkwards things at all, you can't spend three shots from one better than in obeying the precept:

Brisez le miroir infidele
Qui vous cache la verite.

Smash every lying looking-glass, whether it tells you are a murderer, or whether—as is more common—it tells you, as my own once upon a time used to tell me, that I was a handsome as well as a near-sighted man. Alas, since that terrible night no looking-glass dares to tell me that I am handsome any more, for I never saw an uglier ruffian in my life than my own double seeing by the light of that fusee.

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A friend recommended VEGETINE, and, after using several bottles, I have had no more trouble with rheumatism, and the blotches on my face and neck have disappeared. I have recommended VEGETINE to some of my friends who were troubled with rheumatism, and they have used it with good success, and I will recommend it to all who are troubled in the same way.

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Vegetine Cured his Daughter.

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Dear Sir—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of bladder and kidneys, and is of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my kill and the most eminent physicians of Selma, I at last resorted to the use of your VEGETINE (without confidence), and, to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

Respectfully,
T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

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Yours respectfully,
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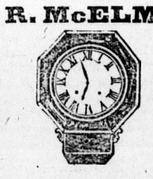

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june30 J. R. AYER.

Travellers Column.

Cumberland Hotel,

PARRSBORO', N. S.

TWENTY yards from Railway Station. Sample rooms. Livery stable.

sept7 THOS. MAHONEY.

UNION HOTEL,

(Formerly Ritchie's Hotel,)

Hopewell Corner, - - N. B.

G. W. SHAW, Proprietor.

HOUSE central. Guests treated kindly, and every attention paid to comfort. Terms moderate. july22

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

1881 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1881

ON and after MONDAY, the 6th June, the Trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

WILL LEAVE SACKVILLE:

Express for St. John and Quebec, 12.18 a.m.
Express for Halifax and Pictou, 4.00 a. m.
Express for Halifax and Pictou, 1.04 p. m.
Express for St. John,..... 2.12 p. m.

WILL LEAVE DORCHESTER:

Express for St. John and Quebec, 12.43 a.m.
Express for Halifax and Pictou, 3.35 a. m.
Express for Halifax and Pictou, 12.37 p. m.
Express for St. John,.....2.39 p. m.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.

Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., May 30th, 1881.

*The Great American Remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, LOSS OF VOICE, HOARSENESS AND THROAT AFFECTIONS.*

*Prepared from the finest Red Spruce Gum. (Delicious Flavor.) Balsamic, Soothing, Expectorant and Tonic. Superior to any medicine offered for all the above complaints. A scientific combination of the Gum which exudes from the Red Spruce tree—without doubt the most valuable native Gum for Medicinal purposes.*

*Every one has heard of the wonderful effects of the Spruces and the Pines in cases of Lung Disease.*

*In France the physicians regularly send their consumptive patients to the pine woods and order them to drink a tea made from the Spruce tops.*

GRAY'S SYRUP OF RED SPRUCE GUM.

*In this preparation the Gum never separates, and all its anti-spasmodic, expectorant, tonic, and balsamic properties are preserved.*

*This Syrup, carefully prepared at a low temperature, contains a large quantity of the finest picked Gum in complete solution.*

*Its remarkable power in relieving certain forms of Bronchitis, and its almost specific effect in curing obstinate hacking Coughs, is now well known to the public at large.*

*Sold by all respectable chemists. Price, 25 and 50 cents a bottle.*

*The words "Syrup of Red Spruce Gum" constitute our Registered Trade Mark, and our wrapper and labels are also registered.*

*KERRY, WATSON & CO.,*
*Wholesale Druggists,*
*Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,*
*Montreal.*

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having any legal claims against the Estate of the late G. B. Estabrooks, Hotel Keeper, will please file the same duly attested, with the undersigned, within three months from this date; and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

JANE L. ESTABROOKS,
Administratrix;
or THOMAS ESTABROOKS,
Administrator of Estate
of G. B. Estabrooks.

Sackville, N. B., Aug. 17th, 1881.

All persons having unsettled Accounts with the firm of G. B. Estabrooks & Sons are duly requested to make immediate settlement of the same with Thomas Estabrooks, who is authorized to receive all monies due and settle all accounts of the said firm.

THOMAS ESTABROOKS,
ARTHUR ESTABROOKS,
Surviving Partners.

Sackville, N. B., Aug. 17th, 1881.

MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on FRIDAY, 21st OCTOBER, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twice per week each way, between BAYFIELD and PORT ELGIN, from the 1st January next.

The conveyance to be made in a suitable vehicle drawn by one or more horses, subject to the approval of the Postmaster General.

The Mails to leave Port Elgin on Tuesday and Friday of each week at 7 o'clock, a. m., reaching Bayfield in three hours from hour of despatch. Returning, to leave Bayfield same days at 11 o'clock, a. m., reaching Port Elgin in four hours from hour of despatch.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Bayfield, Emigrant Settlement and Port Elgin.

JOHN McMILLAN,
P. O. Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, St. John, 9th Sept., 1881.

Acadia Post,
AND BORDERER.
Sackville, N. B., September 29, 1881.

## Surpluses and Deficits.

There was a man going home drunk, one time, and he said: "If I find my wife in bed I'll thrash her for going to bed and leaving the house dark and cold for me. If I find my wife setting up for me I'll lick her for burning up my wood and oil."

There was once an Opposition, and this is what it said: "If Tilley has no surplus we'll condemn him for his extravagance and improvidence in not making both ends meet. If he has a surplus we'll talk against him for oppressing and overtaxing the people." In the early part of Mr. Tilley's career, when, struggling with certain inherited deficits, he failed to raise money enough to pay all demands, the Grit press scolded. Afterwards, when he got fairly to work and was able to show a clean balance sheet, and a little to his credit at the bankers, they scolded again. The conduct of the husband above mentioned was explained by his drunkenness. No such charitable explanation can be given for the language of the Toronto *Globe* and the St. John *Telegraph*.

It is well to have a clear understanding, so Sir Albert Smith says, about surpluses and deficits; whereupon he gives some instructive definitions. We quote from his speech as revised for the *Transcript*: "A deficit only means that more money is being spent among and for the people, by the Government, than is taken out of the people."

This explanation is certainly a very pleasant one in view of the financial history of the last administration. But one inquiry is apt to come up and confuse matters. Whence cometh the monies which the generous Finance Minister, who believes in benificent deficits spends "among and for the people?" Not from the people; Sir Albert himself hath said it. There were times when the victorious Roman generals scattered wealth among the citizens; but they had brought it from conquered nations. Sir Richard has brought home no spoils from foreign lands. He did not, so far as is recorded in history, spend "among and for the people" any great part of his private fortune. Sir Albert must try again, and the next time he will admit that somehow and sometime people must pay up the expenditure. If they have money laid up ahead, as may be the case soon, they can stand a deficit for one or two years of bad crops and hard times. If they have nothing to their credit they must run on their future credit or else keep within their means. The former of these is the policy Sir Albert praises. But why should he censure the financier who asks the people to pay the money afterwards? If there have been deficits, must their not be surpluses to right things? Now we think of it, there is a nation which has adopted, and for many years followed the benevolent policy of deficits. Turkey for a long time has spent more money "among and for the people" than she took out of them. And the Sultan would do it yet, right along, only that the foreign capitalists, the English bankers, and the Rothchilds, are too narrow in their views to fairly appreciate the Sultan's methods. They refuse in their low, grovelling, selfish way to furnish any more money, holding that it is not good to give funds to a ruler who won't take enough out of the people to pay the interest of what he has "spent among and for the people." And so chill penury is freezing up the genial current of the Sultan's soul. There were a few years previous to the battle of Waterloo, when England spent "among and for the people" more than was taken out of them. Then a million or so could be used to buy up a constituency for the good of the Government. It was good for the people—some of them, for a while—but it has been rather worse for them ever since. Sir Albert is right. A deficit means that more is being spent among the people than they are paying. It means that by an by they will have to pay in more than they get back. The Minister may manage his circus for a while by letting people in without paying, but afterwards he will have to get out of the business or adopt Artemus Ward's plan, "No maam, your darter can't go in without payin' but she can pay without goin' in."

Sir Albert says, "A surplus means that more money is drawn from the people than is paid back." Canada has now a surplus, he complains. Well, what gets it? Every deficit must be preceded or followed by a surplus. Hence the need of one at present. Does Sir Albert expect to convince the people that they can be run in debt year after year and never pay anything and yet have their credit good? If Mr. Blake is to be our "Future Premier" and Sir Albert and Sir Richard his colleagues a little stock in trade to commence on will be needed in order to allow them to run the deficit-business with any comfort.

We take it that many good Liberals are not pleased to hear the growling about "that surplus." We cannot help thinking that repudiation principles are not yet taking strong hold in Canada. What else than repudiation can it mean, when a man calls it tyranny and oppresion to raise money to pay off two or three millions of our debt? It is all very well to say "don't go in debt." We are all ready in debt to some extent. And it happens that the ministry of deficits assisted in the incurring of the same, in fact did the lion's share of the business. Still with the exception of a part of the debts assumed at confederation; and some of the money expended by Mr. McKenzie in his erratic railway and canal policy, and the further amount represented by those aforesaid beneficent, our debt represents productive public works. There is, therefore, no great cause for anxiety if only we are able to convince outsiders that we are on a good footing. To do this it is clearly necessary that we should be in the habit of meeting our household expenses year by year. The present traffic is this year remarkably productive. Next year it will be less so inasmuch as sugar, which is now one of the most prolific sources of revenue, will be imported in smaller quantities, our people finding that they can refine it as well for themselves as any body else can do it for them. The importation of other manufactured goods will gradually diminish with the building of more factories and as a result we shall first have a gradual lessening of revenue from customs collected from this source. Meanwhile, it is pleasant to be able to point to our present financial position, and show that our people have contributed four or five millions more to the revenues than they did under the old regime, and have done it with less hardship than they felt before, when the duties and expenditures were such as led to the beneficent deficits.

## Our Local Fisheries.

Mr. Venning, Inspector of Fisheries for the Province, accompanied by Mr. Deacon, Overseer, visited Sackville on Friday last on a tour of inspection. The first result of their visit was to place the parish of Sackville in the district of Mr. Robert Gooden, Overseer. It is to be hoped that other results will follow, for no attention, whatever, has ever been given to the fisheries in this locality and the result of this neglect is seen in the almost total extinction of fish in our streams. For this state of things, the local officers point to the department at Ottawa, and the department allege that they are prevented by politicians from accomplishing anything. Any change proposed raises a hubbub amongst the people, the politicians interpose and the work is checked. Public sentiment is becoming more and more enlightened every year as to the benefits of protecting and cultivating the fisheries, and less opposition need be apprehended now than in the past. None but the most ignorant or selfish would anyway seek to obstruct the department in its enlightened measures.

Overseer Gooden has received orders to inspect the Sackville streams and report on their condition, particularly with respect to sawdust from mills, and fish-ways through mill dams. It is to be trusted the department will follow this, by requiring the practice of throwing sawdust in streams to be stopped and that fish-ways be put in, wherever the spawning grounds below the dams are deemed insufficient. It is time the law was vigorously enforced.

The department has in view a scheme for the re-stocking of the oyster-beds along the North Shore, and for that purpose, Overseer Deacon has had the old beds from Richibucto to Shemogue surveyed by Mr. Ovid Chapman. The Poirier bed, in Shediac, which from time immemorial has yielded an unlimited supply of oysters of a splendid quality, has at last become extinct and valueless. These beds will no doubt be replanted, and the public prohibited from fishing for a term of years. The department has two plans in view, neither one of which has yet been adopted, viz: to lease the beds to companies for terms of years, or to close half of the beds alternately for terms of years, re-planting each in succession. The POST has in previous numbers referred to the necessity of putting fish-ways in the dams on the Gaspereaux River, Westmorland, which in former years was fairly alive with alewives, and it is understood the department has taken steps to put in fish-ways.

## United States Cabinet Changes.

The sensation caused by the death of President Garfield does not prevent a good deal of curiosity as what will be the policy of his successor. It need not be said that during last winter and spring the President and Vice-President did not see eye to eye. Conkling is Arthur's friend and so is ex-President Grant. Blaine who was Garfield's right hand man, hates both Grant and Conkling. Arthur, with Conkling besides him, will not keep Blaine long in the Cabinet. He will, almost certainly, give an office to Conkling. Windom, the Secretary of the Treasury, will also be likely to be dispensed with, and it is not unlikely that the Cabinet will be entirely new. Arthur has a perfect right to do this. It is one of the President's privileges to choose his own administration. And the people of the United States, though just now they are tender about having anything undone that Garfield did, will not have much to say against the new President if he exercises his privilege judiciously.

The United States system of appointing officers does not add to the dignity of the nation. The ministers are chosen by the President and are responsible to no one but him. The President acts without any great responsibility to the people, as he cannot be any more than once, and is not often once, a candidate for re-election. Then their way of filling all the offices in the country with political partisans is essentially bad. Fortunately, the late President did not change a great number, else it is probable that Arthur would change them all again. As it is, his conduct, he will be closely watched, and the classes of Republicans will, no doubt, find many a cause for fighting in his measures. He has a hard row to hoe, at the best, and let us hope the better class of the people will assist rather than hinder him in the discharge of his duties.

## Funeral Sermons.

The death of President Garfield was a subject for many thousands of sermons last Sunday. Probably there was not a preacher in the United States who did not make special reference to that event. From our Canadian papers we learn that special sermons were preached in all our principal churches and memorial services held in all our cities and many towns. Beecher and Talmage preached characteristic sermons. The latter took for his text: "So the dead which he slew at his death were more than they which he slew in his life." "The eleven weeks of his dying," said he, "were mightier than the half century of his living. My object this morning is for inspiration and comfort to show that our President's expiration has done more good than a prolonged administration possibly could have accomplished. Had he died one month before he was shot down by the assassin he would not have had his administration fairly launched. Had he died six months from now by that time his advanced policy of reform would have destroyed the friendship of many of his followers. Had he died many years from now he would have been out of office and in the decline of life." He showed how this tragedy had united the discordant States. Of course he did it in his own queer way. "South Carolina and Massachusetts stand up and be married. Alabama and New York, stand up and join hands in betrothal. Georgia and Ohio, stand up while I pronounce you one. Whom God hath joined together let not man put asunder. No living man could have accomplished this." Beecher paid a noble tribute to the memory of the dead. Of the assassin he said: "If death is to follow this crime, let it be by the due process of law. Assassination is a poor protest against assassination. Indignation had its day now let the law have its day. I have a right to speak of Guiteau. He was one of us, or, rather, he was among us, but not of us. He sat in our classes; he united with the throng in our sanctuary. I cannot dismiss him without a sense of sorrow and mourning. Let us hope no crime may be committed by a wanton crowd urged on by a wanton sentiment to which so many of us have contributed by our own breath."

At the churches here, the occasion was improved. Rev. Mr. Shenton paid a fitting tribute to the President, after which he spoke of the ring and spoils system of politics, as tending not only to lead to such tragedies as this, but as destroying individual liberty of conscience in matters of public interest.

On Monday flags were at half mast over several of our buildings.

## English Slanderers.

The London *Truth* and *World* have been saying uncomplimentary things about Canada. They agree that the whole country is sterile and cold; that over the greatest part of the Dominion, the ground never thaws in summer; that horses and cattle freeze to death as a matter of course; that the poor choice of death by cold or by hunger is all that is left to the average Canadian; and that we are always borrowing money of which we will neither pay principal nor interest, and building railroads where nobody will go. The *World* is edited by a novelist who don't know enough to refrain from exercising his vocation in his editorial columns. He, Mr. Yates, has been in America, we believe, but all the same he knows no more of the North-West than Hannibal did. He is plausable, somewhat as Jules Verne is and has about as much regard for fact as that writer. As for *Truth*, the editor, Labouchere, knows better than believe the falsehoods he tells, but he is only extending his operations, having lied about everything in Europe.

OUR "devil," who has a taste for statistics, says he has been counting, and that there were in the *Transcript*, this month, one editorial on the tariff, one on an agricultural subject, and *nine* on C. Milner's land claim, with to-day's issue yet to hear from. He hopes to add to-day to his collection enough to finish the dozen on the last topic. He says, he has difficulty in recognizing these articles at sight, as they are like some clever advertisements, begining away off on remote topics under deceptive titles, and then coming to a common focus, at the last springing the $63,000, like a bear trap, on the unsuspecting reader. You can never be sure that "prickly comfrey" is not a dark disguise for a drive at "that bill of particulars," and beneath such an innocent heading as "cotton warp" there may be treasured up dark designs on "Station Lands." The refrain comes in at the end like "the house that Jack built" in the children's poem. Our "devil" has hit on the expedient of reading the leaders of the *Transcript* backwards. He gets at the pith of the matter sooner and "they go about as well that way as any way," he says. The whole matter is none of the Post's funeral. We devote ourselves to public matters of importance; we do not fight the battles of private men unless they are not able to fight their own. C. Milner, Esq., is quite able to fight his own, we imagine, to the satisfaction of the *Transcript*, and if he thinks worth while he will probably do it.

## The Hopewell Meeting.

The *Telegraph* reporter has changed eyes. He saw everything double when Mr. Blake was here, but now he scarcely sees single. Some 400 people sauntered into the meeting, largely ladies. They stayed around a while and went out, leaving Mr. Tilley speaking to the chairman and a reporter or two. Such is the substance of the *Telegraph's* report. There is not much doubt about the number present. It was not an open air meeting. The Hall seats 700 and had the aisles full. Our correspondent, who has no special sympathy with the Conservative party, says there were 600. He plainly was not informed as to the size of the Hall.

## The Dominion Exhibition.

It is no longer to be doubted that Halifax is not a fit place for the Dominion Exhibition. The people of that slow old city are in a chronic state of inactivity over public matters. A Halifax managing committee is, to use a favorite comparison of a rustic friend, "as much slower than a snail as a snail is slower than chain lightning." They knew long enough before hand that they were to have the work to do. They ought to have known the nature and extent of that work. They should have known that exhibitors never come up to time with their goods or their entries, and should have been prepared with a small army of intelligent assistants, to get things in place when they did come. The articles came. The men in charge stood dumbfounded, looking at them much in the same way that Hamlet examines Yorick's skull. People came to see the exhibition, depending upon the programme as published. They found not much but Dr. Johnston's definition of higgledy piggledy "a conglomerated mass of heterogenous matter." Time passed on. Cole's circus came to town, and visitors, finding they could see nothing else, went to the circus. The fortunate circus men carred away $15,000 or so, and showed them a man riding on a bicycle held on to a rope by two able bodied men, a half dozen or so of horses, and an alleged managerie. But stones are worn away by steady dropping, and even a Halifax committee man cannot help getting something done if he keeps at it. So they have at last got thing in something like order. Yesterday the formal opening took place.

The formal opening always takes place a little before the closing. There were 6,000 people present. Governor Archibald presided. The Governor of P. E. Island the Mayors of St. John and Halifax, the Commander of the Forces, the Vice-Admiral, several Judges, and M. P's., and M. P. P's., both of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, &c.

Mayor Tobin's address was read by Dr. Lawson. The speech was an able one, worthy of the occasion. Governors Archibald and Haviland both spoke, followed by Hon. Mr. Wedderburn and Hon. Mr. Holmes. Mr. Richey, M. P., presented the Royal Humane Society's medal to John Morash for saving three lives in Halifax harbor at different times.

The Show is a fine one. Among the noticable exhibits are some cattle by Mr. —— Etter, of Westmorland, and some butter by Mr. Albert Fawcett, of this place. This latter has attracted a good deal of attention. Our foundries, boot and shoe business, etc., are unrepresented. Mr. Fawcett says he had not time to prepare an exhibit, and besides he has a pile of diplomas now on hand, while cash prizes never pay expenses, these latter being no inconsiderable items.

### Special to Chignecto Post.

HALIFAX, Sept.- 28.—The Exhibition promised to be a flat failure last week, but is now running out to be a respectable success. The buildings and grounds were visited by about 8,000 people to-day. A larger attendance is anticipated to-morrow. No exhibit of domestic industries, and a very inadequate one of Nova Scotia. The floor is not fully occupied and much space is wasted by goods of no special merit. Gold, coal and other minerals make a magnificent show. Stairs' rope-walk makes a most imposing exhibit. The carriage collection is large and varied. Live stock show is more numerous and superior to the show at St. John last year. The short horns and cattle from the Island Stock Farm took the leading prizes in grade cattle. J. L. Black took a prize for his two-year-old steers. McLellan, of Albert, took first prize for his three-year-olds. It was the largest collection of Ayrshires, Devons and Jerseys ever made in the Maritime Provinces. The Percheron horses were much admired. The poultry show was very large and fine. The machinery hall was a wretched failure. The buildings, sheds and pens are most ample, convenient and give satisfaction.

## The Scott Act in Sackville.

The committee for enforcing the Scott Act has concluded to carry out the law. At the Court of Commissioner Cahill, Mr. Thomas Estabrooks was fined $50 last week. It is understood that the cause will be carried up to the highest courts and the validity of the Act in Westmorland be tested. It is certainly not creditable to us, as Canadians, that we have had a law on our statute books for three years and yet have no idea whether the framers of the law had or had not the power to make it. Just now there are nearly a dozen houses in Sackville where liquor is sold. This uncertainty about the validity of law produces lawlessness. It is of primary importance that citizens should know that the enactments on the Statute books are binding on them. Any looseness and uncertainty about one law leads to disrespect for other laws. It is much better that liquor should be sold openly without the shadow of restriction than that there should be imaginary restrictions which no one heeds. Surely it is time the matter were inquired into thoroughly and if the Act be *ultra vires*, or if it be not in force in this County, let us have another, or else let us profess to be doing what we are doing that is allowing everybody to sell liquor who wishes.

A large number of rumsellers have been fined this year, in this county, but we doubt if a dollar of fines has been collected from any.

THE Grand Trunk Railway's report for the half-year ending June 30th gives a very satisfactory showing. The gross receipts amounted to over one million pounds and the profits to £358,000. First and second preference stockholders receive devidends at the rate of five per cent.

THE Wallace Ross and Hanlan race is probably settled. Hanlan wishes to put up more money than Ross cares to risk, but that will be arranged in due time. It is not yet known where or when the race will take place. The stakes will be as much as $2,000 a side.

## Personals.

—Sir Leonard Tilley has been elected corresponding member of the American Geographical Society.

—Gen. B. F. Butler has been visiting the oil regions of Cape Breton, and is expected to visit Bangor on his return.

—David Graham Drummond Ogilvy, Earl of Airlie, a representative peer of Scotland, and member of Her Majesty's household, died on Sunday of congestive chills.

—The king of the Sandwich Islands is travelling through the United States. Mrs. Kalakava will probably have a big bill run up at dress makers when he gets home.

—Ismail Pacha, ex-Khedive of Egypt, and an extremely uninteresting person, is staying at Vichy in the villa formerly occupied by Napoleon III. With him are eight of his wives and twenty-seven attendants.

—The Sultan is said to have a singular dislike to foreign embassadors, and Mr. Goschen declares that there is only one way of making one's self acceptable to the sovereign, and that is never to require anything from him.

—Dr. Quinn, one of the California's millionaires, keeps twenty ships busy transporting his wheat to England. He owns 55,000 acres of rich grain land, 45,000 of which are in wheat this year. One continuous furrow is seventeen miles in length.

—The Queen turned her back on Lady Burdette Coutts and refused to recognize her at the Prince of Wales garden party. Even if Her Majesty don't choose to marry young men herself one would think she need not be mad because another old lady does.

—Lorenzo Delmonico, who has provided swell dinners for so many years, is dead. He managed to scrape up three million dollars in the boarding house business. Very few hotels in Westmorland pay so well as this, and yet Lorenzo gave fully as good living as any of them.

—Mr. Healy, an Irish member of Parliament, had occasion to say, not long since, that there were murders with which Englishman sympathized, as, for instance, that of Charles II. But being corrected in his history, he remarked that "an Irishman can not be expected to be up in English history."

—Henry Murat, Count of Colorado, at one time a millionaire and the leader of fashion in the West, and who spent $60,000 in one brief visit to Europe, slept the other night on the floor of a Blake-street barber shop, in Denver, because the proprietor could not find it in his heart to eject the now shattered old man.

—James Gordon Bennett of the New York *Herald* spent last Sunday in St. John. He was cruising in his steam yacht "Polynia" and got out of coal about Eastport. He has a son of the poet Longfellow with him. The St. John people who have been on board the "Polynia" and have seen what good times Bennett has, were anxious that he should stay longer.

—Jean Ingelow's life is more beautiful than her poetry. Her face is well-known among the wretched poor of London, and three times a week she gives a dinner to the sick poor and the discharged convalescents from hospitals who either are unable to work or have not yet found employment. She once said: "I find it one of the greatest pleasures of writing, it gives one more money for such purposes than fall to the lot of most women."

—Lord Lorne has won distinction as a "crack shot," and is travelling in the North-West with a formidable collection of guns. The camp equipage is of the simplest, and the Governor-General, it is said, "roughs it" with his guide, and spends little time on his toilet of flannel shirt and trousers and hobnailed shoes. At Rapid City a British colonel in perfect afternoon attire appeared to read an address of welcome to Lord Lorne. The Governor-General, in gaiters and flannel shirt, faced him galantly, alone on a raised platform, in full view of his admiring friends, and came out of the unequal contest far better than they dared to hope.

—Johnny Skae, for many years indentified with the mining interests of the Comstock, and who at the time of the Sierra Nevada boom could have sold out for millions, went on a glorious drunk in San Francisco, says the *Chronicle*, and made himself so hilarious on Kearstreet that officer Rainsbury was compelled to arrest him on a charge of intoxication. The only property in the fallen Comstock King's pocket was a bunch of keys, and so utterly poverty-stricken was he that he was unable to produce $5 bail, and was compelled to dose off the effects of his potations until some sympathizing friend, who heard of his misfortune, appeared and bailed him out. Checkered as the typical life in the West is, it furnishes few such examples of misadventure as that of a man who, in two years, reached such extremes of affluence and poverty that he might have written his check for ten millions, and could not pay $5.

A LONG BRANCH, N. J., despatch of 27th inst., says:—The County Prosecuter has decided to file before the Grand Jury an indictment against Guiteau as a precautionary measure so that if the Washington authorities deem it best to have the trial in New Jersey there shall be no gap left for the escape of Guiteau by legal quibbles under the law of the District of Columbia.

THE Ameer of Afghanistan has beaten Ayoob Khan in a pitched battle on the 22nd. The victorious Ameer will march at once upon Herat. The war will probably be brought to a close soon without further British help. The prevailing opinion all along has been that Ayoob has been backed up by the Czar of Russia.

THE Electors of Westmorland who wish to see one of the proofs of Sir Albert's economy as Minister of Marine will find the "Glendon" at Dorchester.

New Advertisements.

TEA. TEA. TEA.

100 CHESTS,

From London direct. Choice Quality, at 24c., 28c., and 35c.

☞The best value in the Province. Wholesale and Retail.

J. L. Black.

Londonderry Iron, &c.

12 TONS.

FULL ASSORTMENT OF SIZES.

60 BOXES

Horse Nails—7, 8 and 9 Dwt.

The LOWEST ever offered, and BEST Quality made in the Dominion.

J. L. Black.

FLOUR. FLOUR.

LANDING THIS DAY:

250 Bbls. "Tea Rose,"

CHOICE FAMILY EXTRA.

☞Inquire the Price—it is the Lowest! Wholesale and Retail.

J. L. Black.

KEROSENE OIL.

JUST RECEIVED:

125 Bbls. U. S. Refined Oil.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

J. L. Black.

Choice Molasses

JUST RECEIVED:

1 Car Load Molasses.

Now being stored and for sale Wholesale or Retail at Lowest Rates.

J. L. Black.

COTTON WARPS!

JUST RECEIVED:

125 Bundles Cotton Warps.

J. L. Black.

MAPLE SUGAR.

2,200 LBS.

Nice Quality Maple Sugar,

Just received, and for sale Cheap.

J. L. Black.

Sugar! Sugar!

3 Casks Porto Rico Sugar,

CHOICE QUALITY.

J. L. Black.

Ladies' Dress Silks, &c.

Black Silks, Rare Bargains.

BLACK CASHMERES.

Black Lustres, Linings, &c.

50 Pieces PRINTS, Choice Patterns.

Men's Strong Shirtings.

MEN'S SUITINGS, &c.

PRICES VERY LOW.

J. L. Black.

FURNITURE!

NOW IN STOCK:

ASH BEDROOM SUITS—very nice;
PAINTED BEDROOM SUITS;
ASH BEDSTEADS;
ASH BUREAUS, with or without glass;
ASH SINKS and TOILET TABLES;
PERFORATED CHAIRS;
PERFORATED ROCKERS;
CANE SEAT CHAIRS & ROCKERS;
WOOD SEAT do. do.
CENTRE TABLES;
LEAF TABLES, LOUNGES;
TOILET STANDS, CRIBS, &c.

ALL AT LOWEST PRICES.

J. L. Black.

NEW CARPETS!

3 PIECES BRUSSELS—very nice;
14 Pieces TAPESTRY;
8 " ALL-WOOL;
4 " UNION;
8 " JUTE;
2 " HULL MATTING;
6 " ENG. OIL CLOTH.

J. L. Black.

New Advertisements.

Fall Tweeds!

OUR STOCK OF

Fall Tweeds, Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings

is now complete, and contains everything requisite for a first class trade. We have a splendid line of SCOTCH TWEEDS to which we invite attention. We are better prepared than ever before to give SATISFACTION to our customers. Mr. HONSLER still has charge of the

TAILORING DEPARTMENT,

which is a sufficient GUARANTEE that all who patronize us will obtain perfect SATISFACTION. ☞Call and examine the Stock.

sept28 J. F. ALLISON.

GENT'S FURNISHINGS.

A large Stock on hand, consisting of

Shirts and Drawers,

(large stock, cheaper than ever)

LINEN COLLARS and CUFFS;
WHITE DRESS SHIRTS;
FLANNEL SHIRTS;
LINED KID GLOVES and MITTS;
SCARFS and NECKTIES, &c.

All at Lowest Prices.

sept28 J. F. ALLISON.

LADIES' MANTLES.

JUST OPENED:

1 Case Ladies' Mantles.

These will be found to be well and fashionably made, and are marked very LOW. We also invite attention to our Stock of

General Dry Goods,

which we CAN OFFER to our customers as LOW as any in the trade.

TRADE SOLICITED.

sept28 J. F. ALLISON.

GROCERIES.

OUR Stock of GROCERIES is always kept replenished, and we are now offering GOOD value in

Choice PORTO RICO SUGAR;
" BARBADOES MOLASSES;
" CONGOU TEA;
" JAVA COFFEE;
" AMERICAN KEROSENE OIL.

Also, full Stock of Spices, Essences, Soaps, Confectionery, &c., &c.

We sell above Goods very Low for Cash. Wanted, Butter, Pork, Eggs, Feathers, Poultry, Oats, Socks, Mitts, Homespun Cloth, and all kinds of Country Produce, for which Goods will be given in exchange at Cash Prices.

sept28 J. F. ALLISON.

THE DENMARK

Retort Soft Coal Burner

OR SELF FEEDER.

I HAVE much pleasure in calling the attention of the public to this most remarkable STOVE, which by its extraordinary QUALITIES effects a complete REVOLUTION in the method of burning SOFT COAL—a matter of great consideration in this country, where we have abundance of soft coal at our very doors.

The perfection of COMBUSTION and ILLUMINATION far surpasses any stove ever before invented. There is no possible escape of gas into the room as it is completely consumed while passing through the flame. It is also a

Most Powerful Heater

and can be readily controlled. The lack of this feature has been one of the chief faults with all Soft Coal Stoves, and is completely overcome in the DENMARK. A fire can be kept in it for TWENTY-FOUR HOURS without replenishing. I have now one in operation in my shop, and ask for it a thorough inspection. I am satisfied it only requires to be seen to be admired by all.

I have arranged with E. COGSWELL & Co., the Manufacturers in the Maritime Provinces, for the exclusive sale of this Stove (in two sizes) for the Parishes of Sackville, Dorchester, Westmorland and Botsford. I have also a full line of

Cooking, Hall, Parlor and Office STOVES

manufactured by the same firm, all of which I offer at LOWEST market rates and on reasonable terms.

HARVEY PHINNEY,
Sackville, N. B., Sept. 28, 1881. } Stove Dealer.

New Goods!

We are Receiving this Week:

50 SACKS COMMON SALT;
10 Sacks FINE SALT;
10 Casks BOSTON OIL;
15 Casks LIME;
25 Barrels CORNMEAL;
5 Barrels OATMEAL;
4 Caddies NAPOLEON TOBACCO;
1 Box SMOKING TOBACCO;
AMBER SYRUP, &c.

ALSO ON HAND;

40 M. GOOD SHINGLES.

All of which we offer at very Low Rates.

BAIRD & GEORGE.

sept28

Salt! Salt!

IN STORE:

100 Bags of Salt,

FOR SALE CHEAP.

GEO. L. READ,
sept28 Upper Sackville.

New Advertisements.

New Goods. New Goods.

Latest Novelties.

JUST RECEIVED:

NEW PLUSH, all fashionable colors;
New Amber Plush, in assorted colors;
New Amber Satins, in assorted colors;
New Amber Ribbons, all widths,
New Black Straw Hats, latest styles;
New Amber Buttons, in different colors;
Immense Stock Set and Ivory Buttons;
New Frillings;
New Black and Colored Satins;
New Black Silk Velvets;
New Black Brocaded Silk;
New Black Fringes;
New Wool Scarfs;
New Scotch Tweeds and Suitings;
New Yarns, all colors, &c., &c.

At Lowest Living Profits.

sept22 GEO. E. FORD.

Furniture. Furniture.

ON HAND:

DOMINION Conical Spring Mattrasses
New Ash Bedroom Suits;
Parlor and Dining Chairs;
Spring Beds;
Hair Cloth Sofas; Spring Lounges;
Bedsteads, in new Styles;
Pine, Ash, Butternut and Walnut Extension Tables;
Walnut Dining Chairs, with Cane and Perforated Seats;
Wood and Cane Seat Nurse and Arm Rockers;
Walnut Centre Tables;
Hair, Flock and Excelsior Mattrasses, different sizes;
Ash Side-Boards, Sinks, Bureaus, &c.

For Sale Cheap.

Sept22 GEO. E. FORD.

NEW GROCERIES!

JUST RECEIVED:

FRESH BROMA and CHOCOLATE;
New Java Coffee;
Raisins, Currants;
Canned Tomatoes, Salmon, Lobsters, Mackerel, Finnen Haddie, &c.;
Colemar's White and Blue Starch;
Fresh Biscuits, all kinds;
Corn Starch, Sago, &c., &c.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

sept22 GEO. E. FORD.

BOOTS! BOOTS!

Men's Boots,
Ladies' Boots,
Misses' Boots,
Children's Boots,
Infant's Boots.

I HAVE just opened and have in Stock the largest and best Assorted Stock of Boots and Slippers ever offered in this place, and we dont hesitate in saying the cheapest. Those in want of fine and medium quality Boots and Slippers will save money by calling at

sept1 GEO. E. FORD'S.

N. B.—We keep fine French and American Kid Boots and Slippers, Dry and Oil Goat Boots which we can recommend and offer very cheap. G. E. F.

HEEBNER'S

Level Tread Horse Powers

LITTLE GIANT

Thresher and Cleaner.

Double and Single Geared with Patent Speed Regulator.

WILL thrash and clean 600 bushels in a day. The best in the world.

Send for Illustrated Catalogues with testimonials.

☞Sold on easy terms.

GEO. E. FORD.
Sackville, Sept. 1st, 1881.

NEW GOODS!

SEPT. 24th, 1881.

NEW HENRIETTA CLOTH (half silk);
NEW COLORED CASHMERE (beautiful shades);
NEW DEBEIGE (very fine shades);
NEW BLACK CASHMERE (superior extra);
NEW GOSSIMERE VEILING (wool);
NEW ULSTER CLOTH.

C. A. BOWSER.

New Fall Goods

1 CASE BLACK CASHMERE;
1 case Black Persian Cord;
Metz Cord Lustres;
Plain and Fancy Dress Goods;
1 case Turkey and Linen Tabling;
Towels and Toweling;
1 case Ulster and Mantle Cloths;
1 case Ladies' Mantles;
1 case Wool Nap Cloth;
1 case Wool Tweeds;
1 case Flannels in Tartan, Grey, Blue, Scarlet, Fancy and White;
20 pieces Angola Shirtings;
1 case Winceys, Plain and Fancy;
25 pairs Wool Blankets;
1 bale Hemp, Felt and Stair Carpets;
1 bale Print and Quilt Cottons;
1 bale Grey Cotton; 1 do. White Cotton;
1 bale Park's Warps;
1 case Fringes, Laces, Frillings;
Buttons, Shirts and Smallwares;
Linen and Cotton Sheeting, 68 to 72 in.

FOR GENTLEMEN.

48 dozen Shirts and Drawers, in Scotch and Canadian;
Navy Blue Shirts,
White and Regatta Shirts;
Cardigan Jackets, Coats, Pants, Vests;
Regters, Over-Coats, Ulsters;
Tweed Covered Rubber Coats;
10 dozen Wool Caps.

HARDWARE.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

LOCKS, KNOBS, HINGES, GLASS;
PUTTY, ZINC, PAINTS and OIL;
NAILS, AXES, HAMMERS, &c., &c.

☞The above Goods were bought LOW, and will be sold at BOTTOM PRICES. COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods.

JOHN E. HICKEY.
Sackville, Sept. 28th, 1881.

Brussels, Tapestry, Wool, Hemp and

# FELT CARPETS!

A Large, New and Beautiful Lot just Opened.

DOUGLAS & CO.

AMHERST, N. S.



NEW

MILLINERY!

NEW

DRESS GOODS!

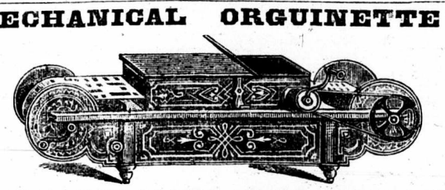
ARRIVING DAILY AT

W. D. MAIN & CO'S.

AMHERST, N. S.



MECHANICAL ORGUINETTE!



AN AUTOMATIC REED ORGAN.

PRICES, $10, $12, $14 AND $16.

G. C. FAWCETT, AGENT, - - UPPER SACKVILLE, N. B.

D. LANGELL'S ASTHMA & CATARRH REMEDY.

Having suffered years between life and death with ASTHMA or PHTHISIC, treated by eminent Physicians and receiving no benefit, I was compelled during the last five years of my illness to sit on my chair day and night gasping for breath; my sufferings were beyond description. In despair I experimented on myself by compounding roots and herbs and inhaling the medicine thus obtained. I fortunately discovered this WONDERFUL CURE for ASTHMA, or CATARRH, warranted to relieve the most stubborn case of Asthma in FIVE MINUTES, so that a patient can lie down to rest and sleep comfortably. Any person not fully satisfied after using one bottle of a box can return the remainder to the proprietor and the money will be refunded, or send me your address for a trial package FREE OF CHARGE. Should your druggist not keep the remedy, I can send it by mail on receipt of the price $1.00. For sale by all Druggists. Address D. LANGELL, Proprietor, Wooster, Ohio, or ALBERT IRGMAN, Manager, 46 Astor House Offices, New York City.



IN STORE,

And for Sale at Very Lowest Prices:

Raw and Boiled Oils,

Paints, of all kinds,

MACHINE OIL, PUTTY, &c.,
2 TONS ASSORTED NAILS,
HORSE SHOE NAILS,
50 M. LATHS, WHITING,
CROCKERYWARE,
COARSE AND FINE SALT,
LARD, MOLASSES, SUGAR,
AMBER SYRUP, RAISINS,

Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Apples, Dates, Onions.

POT BARLEY,
SPLIT PEAS,
TOMATOES.

Brooms, Pails, Wash-Tubs, Shovels, Rope from ¾ in. to 3 in., Pitch Forks, Cartridges, Sporting and Blasting Powders, &c., Brushes, and a full line of best quality

GROCERIES.

sept14 BLAIR ESTABROOKS.



A DOMESTIC SCENE

IN TWO PARTS.

PART I.

TIME, 5 p. m. Enter husband, who produces a small package which he hands to his wife.

Wife—Well, George dear, what does this package contain?

Husband—Having some business down Bridge Street this afternoon, I dropped into Knapp Bros' new store to note the improvements they had been making. While there they gave me a sample of tea, which they desired me to take home to you, at the same time remarking that "they knew you were a thorough judge of good tea." So there it is.

Wife—Well, I am certainly much obliged to them, and shall, indeed, be glad to give it a fair trial. Oh dear! such tea as you have been buying lately. I'll call Bridget, and tell her to steep some for supper. (Calls) Bridget, come here.

Bridget—Yis, ma'am.

Wife—Bridget, here is some tea which I wish to have steeped for supper. Scald the tea-pot thoroughly, and do not let it boil. I do so dislike boiled tea.

Bridget—Leave me alone for that, ma'am. Faix and it's mesilf 'll be moighty glade to git a good cup o' tay. (Smells the tea.) Begorra, it shmells well, onyhow. (Exit Bridget).

PART II.

(Husband and wife seated at supper table).

Husband—Well, wife dear, we'll try the flavor of the tea.

Wife—I trust it will be as good as represented.

Husband (tasting)—Eureka! Eureka! Found at last! Just exactly as they told me. The best tea I have tasted for years.

Wife (tasting)—The exact thing! How delicious the flavour is! From this time forward buy your tea at Knapp Bros'.

Husband—So I shall. I shall go at once and order a full supply; and more, I shall tell all my sisters, and my cousins, and my aunts" about it, and advise them to buy no other. (Curtain drops).

50 BBLS. EXTRA FLOUR.

sept14 KNAPP BROS.



NOTICE.

PERSONS meddling with an APPLE TREE on my farm on the Dorchester Road, run the risk of getting a few shot put into them.

sept14 MRS. RUFUS FILLMORE.



WANTED AT MILLTOWN, N. B. on the St. Croix Cotton Mill, 52 BRICKLAYERS. Permanent employment and good wages. Enquire of

R. E. PATTERSON,
sept22tf Contractor, Milltown, N. B.



Bargains. Bargains.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE NOW IN STOCK A FULL

Assortment of Goods

IN THE FOLLOWING LINES:

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockeryware, Staple & Fancy Groceries,

Flour and Meal, &c.

Which will be sold at LOWEST RATES for CASH or PROMPT PAY in Produce.
☞Store next door to Weldon House.

DOBSON & PALMER.

Dorchester, Sept. 5th, 1881.



Headquarters for Portable Saw Mills and Grist Mills, Waterous Engine Works Co., Brantford, Ontario, or W. H. Olive, St. John, N. B.



T. BAIRD & SONS.

THE Subscribers beg to announce that they have largely added to their Stock, and now offer, at the LOWEST possible prices, almost every variety and the BEST quality of

Foreign and American Dry Goods,

Hardware,
Paints and Oils,
Groceries,
Crockeryware,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Nails, &c.,

AT THE OLD STAND.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, they continue to spare no pains in supplying the wants of their customers.

PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

☞SHAD, by the half-barrel, constantly on hand.

T. BAIRD & SONS.

Sackville, July 14th, 1881. tf



REWARD.

A LIBERAL REWARD will be given for information that will lead to the detection and conviction of the parties who trespassed on my Marsh at Au Lac and stole cranberries therefrom and destroyed the grass and damaged a hay stack.

sept14 C. G. PALMER.



Marsh for Sale.

14 ACRES of MARSH on the West Marsh; 7 acres of Broadleaf adjoining, known as the Humphrey Marsh.

WM. MORICE.

Sackville, Jan. 15th, 1881.



*Job Work, of every description, neatly done, at low rates at this Office.*



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fall Tweeds | J. F. Allison. |
| Gent's Furnishings | do. |
| Ladies' Mantles | do. |
| Groceries | do. |
| The Denmark | Harvey Phinney. |
| New Goods | Baird & George. |
| Salt | George L. Read. |
| New Goods | C. A. Bowser. |
| New Fall Goods | John E. Hickey. |
| Portable Saw Mills, &c | W. H. Olive. |

Special Notices.

White Wine and Cider Vinigar, fresh, at John E. Hickey's.

Go to John E. Hickey's for your Flannel and Winceys.

Blankets and all kind of Wove Goods, cheap, at John E. Hickey's.

Ladies' Mantles, Mantle and Ulster Cloth, cheap, at John E. Hickey's.

Wanted, $500 on ample real estate security. Address A. D., at this office.

Tea, Coffee, Broma, Chocolate, fresh and best quality, at John E. Hickey's.

The best Flower Stands in the country, handsome, portable, cheap, for sale by J. C. Cole, Amherst.—tf.

Horse, Cut and Clinch Nails, Zinc, Paint, Oil, and all kinds of Hardware, cheap, at John E. Hickey's.

The place to buy Silk Handkerchiefs, Ties, Cuffs, Collars, White and Regatta Shirts, is at John E. Hickey's.—3in.

Buy your Shirts and Drawers, Reefers, Ulsters, Over-Coats, and all kinds of Clothing, cheap, at John E. Hickey's.

Dress and Mantle Making.—All orders attended to with strict attention. Rooms over Geo. E. Ford's Store.—J. E. OGDEN.

Mr. J. H. Bates, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building) New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the CHIGNECTO POST a our best rates.—tf

**The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich.**, will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. mar25

Buy First-Class ORGANS and SEWING MACHINES from G. C. Fawcett, Upper Sackville, who sells cheaper than travelling agents, and takes old Machines in exchange at $10.00 and upwards each. Williams Singer Sewing Machines, a specialty.

We have opened a department of TELEGRAPHY. First class instruction guaranteed. Send for circulars. Our students are boarded for $3 per week.

FRAZEE & WHISTON,
Halifax Business College,
119 Hollis St.


## Local and other Matters.

THE Fredericton *Capital* is out as a weekly edition. It pans out well.

GEO E. FORD has received a lot of new goods this week. Advt. next week.

THE new iron bridge across the Nappan River, Cumberland, is about completed.

REMEMBER the Bazaar, &c., at the new R. C. Church, Dorchester, on Monday next, 3rd October.

THE Moncton Cricketers go to St. John on Saturday for a match. The Sackville students propose to challenge the Monctonians on their return.

THE work of adding to the endowment fund of Mt. Allison Institutions is progressing well. The sum of $42.000 is secured, besides promises of yearly subscriptions.

FIRE.—A dwelling house at Upper Sackville belonging to the estate of the late John Morrice was destroyed by fire on Saturday last. Insurance $500.

THE Monctonians beat the Shediac boys at a match game of cricket last Saturday. Boyer and Condon, of Moncton, and J. C. Webster, of the Shediac boys, did good work.

DEAL SHIPMENTS.—The following is the shipments, from Bristol, for this season: Wm. Avard, 300,000 feet; Hazen Lowther, 350,000 feet; Robert Anderson, 220,000 feet; Copp Bros., 1,500,000 feet.

SOME fools have been destroying ornamental trees at the residences of Dr. Moore and Mr. Thompson Trueman. The idiots are unknown, but will probably, if caught, be punished in a way that will do them half as much good as some brains would.

LUTHER MORRISON, of Leicester, Cumberland Co., lost two children by diphtheria and another one is very low, not expected to live. His brother, James Morrison, Esq., went over and stayed Tuesday night of last week with them, and on Thursday night was seized with the disease and died on Sunday night. He was a man of sterling character and will be missed. He leaves a wife and two children.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON.—The country about here is now engaged in harvesting its picnics. They turn out well this year. One at Mapleton, for the good of the school, was pleasant for young and old. A Temperance picnic, last Friday, further up the mountain was more pretentions. Representatives from all the neighboring societies were present. The affair was accompanied by a literary and musical entertainment, consisting of speeches, songs, recitations and dramatic performances. —Crops are now about all secured. The weather has become a matter of indifference to farmers.—Preparations are being made for a brisk season in the woods.

## General News.

—Frederick Latham shot his wife and her father, in the head, then himself in New York, last week.

—Great damage has been done to the crops in Scotland by continuous rains of twenty-four hours' duration last week.

—A locomotive on the Missouri Pacific Road exploded on Wednesday, killing four men and wrecking the engine and a dozen cars.

—The French fishermen in Newfoundland are enforcing their alleged rights by outrages on the British fishermen. The authorities are taking action for redress.

—Great Britain exported 2,747,505,600 yards of cotton piece goods for the seven months ended July 31, against 2,464,024,300 yards during the corresponding time last year, and increase of 283,481,300 yards.

—Mary McCaffey, an old lady living alone at Woodstock, was burned to death by her clothes taking fire, at midnight, on Monday. Her calls for help were heard, but she had barred the door, and before assistance reached her it was too late.

—A sandstone quarry has been opened at Baie des Chaleurs, N. B. Several vessels have been loaded and sent to Montreal this season with grindstone from it. It is stated that the quality of the stones is far superior to those from Ohio.

—An advertiser in the Halifax *Chronicle* recommends his hotel to the travelling public. He grumbles at the sessions refusing licenses to sell liquor, and closes by saying that he runs a temperance hotel and will be a candidate for the local house at next elections.

—The New Glasgow *Plain Dealer* says: Messrs. Duncan Rankin, of Hardwood Hill, and James Conn, of Westville, have discovered a valuable seam of ore in the vicinity of Tatamagouche. A sample of it assayed $2.62 in silver per ton (2000lbs) beside 66.44 per cent. of copper.

—On account of the default of the Lake George Antimony Mining and Smelting Company in carrying out their agreement with the owners of the mine, B. R. Lawrence, on the 18th inst., entered upon the mining premises occupied by the company, and took possession of the same, leaving Mr. W. Boddy in charge for the owners.

—A car load of gunpowder exploded at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on Tuesday, at the close of the memorial services for President Garfield. The round house, repair shops, and a number of other buildings were destroyed and 40 or 50 freight cars. A hole was dug in the ground 15 feet deep and 45 feet across. Windows were broken for 20 miles each way.

—Luke Stewart & Co., Ship Brokers, Baltimore, write on 22nd inst., as follows:—Our freight market still continues dull and lifeless, with nothing offering on grain, while petroleum rates have suffered a still further decline and have still a downward tendency. For grain we quote rates nominal: Steam, 3s. 3d. to 3s. 4d. ½ to Cork for orders or Continent; sail, 3s. 3d. to 3s. 6d. to Cork for orders or Continent; 3s. to 3s. 3d. to E. C. Ireland or Bristol Channel; 3s. 3d. to 3. 6d to Continent; and 4s. 3d. to 4s. 6d. to St Malo or Bayonne, according to size. Petroleum, 3s. 1½d. to 3s. 3d. to Continent, Havre or Hamburg; 3s. 10½d. to 4s. to Tricote or Fuime. Coastwise coal freights are a shade weaker owing to absence of orders.

## Shediac News.

—There is a strong feeling in the community at present that we should have a change in our representation at the next Council Board, and trains are freely mentioned of those who are likely to contest for place and power, with the present occupants.

—There is a large fleet of ships at Point du Chene at present. More than we remember to have seen in at this season of the year, for a long time. No less than ten large square rigged vessels, besides a fleet of schooners lie in and around our harbor's mouth, and there is a boom at the Point.

—We understand the Directors of our Skating Rink Club, at a recent meeting, resolved to collect all amounts due from delinquent subscribers, by the strong arm of the law, but we hope those most interested will not allow matters to be pushed to extremities, but will pay up cheerfully and enable the directors to free their useful institution of debt.

—Shediac is about to suffer a loss socially, by the removal of Rev. O. S. Newnhan, who has resided there for the past four years, and who, by his many social and manly qualities has won a host of friends. Not only his own congregation regret the loss, but all of the other denominations feel that a good man and neighbor, is about leaving us. He goes to St. John, where, we understand, he takes charge of one of the city congregations. On Thursday last the brethren of the Shediac Council of the Royal Arcanum, of which Bro. Newnhan is a worthy member, invited him to an oyster supper at Mr. McDonald's saloon, where speeches were made and toasts drank in pure cold water, and a pleasant hour spent. Bro. Newnhan's parting address to his brethren was very fine. We understand the branch of his congregation, residing at Point du Chene, have presented him with an address and purse of money, and we also hear that those of his care residing here are following the good example set them by the Point, and the totals will be a handsome sum.

—The N.P. is doing its legitimate work in this place, as well as elsewhere in our Dominion, and new enterprises are springing into existence, which will create labor, develope our resources, and help on the good cause when the great struggle for power comes in 1883. In addition to factories already in existence here, there is another about being started, the object of which is to make a patent liquid blueing for laundry purposes, and also for use as ink. The Messrs. Ferdinand J. and Sylvain E. Hebert having secured the patent right for the Dominion, are about commencing to manufacture it largely, and we wish them and the success their enterprise merits. We may say that the Messrs. Hebert have been strong supporters of the power that be, in this county, heretofore, but have lately seen the error of their ways and are now trying to benefit, not only themselves, but their neighbors as well, by the protection afforded them under the N. P.

JAS. R. AYER wants fifteen men to sew Moccasins. Smart men can make from $8 to $10 per week. Advt. next week.

## Dorchester Items.

—The "N. J. Palmer," the new schooner, Captain Swayne, will finish loading at the wharf by to-day and will leave about Saturday.

—An unusually pleasant picnic was held on Sheriff Chapman's grounds on Thursday last, by retired Sunday school pupils.

—Ryan, who was sent to gaol from Sackville by Justice Read on the 12th inst., was released on Tuesday on a habeas corpus obtained by Beckwith from the Chief Justice.

—The Catholics of Dorchester intend holding a Bazaar with Fancy and Refreshment Tables, in their new Church, on Monday next, 3rd October. Doors opened at 4 p. m. Tea served from 5½. As great pains are taken to make the affair an enjoyable one, no doubt there will be a large attendance.

—The schooner "Flora McLeod," Chambers, captain, arrived at Rockland Saturday to load deals for St. John. There being no wind and the tide running very strong, she went up under the bridge, carrying away her mainmast close by the deck, tearing her sails and doing considerable other damage to her rigging. The bridge was not damaged any. She is being remasted where she lies.

## Cocagne Items.

—Any one wanting a stew of the celebrated Cocagne oysters cannot do better than call on Mr. Dennis Goguen, where they will be served to his best at short notice.

—A very large bear was captured by Messrs. Cormier and Goguen the other day. This animal has been preying on the sheep, in this neighborhood, for the last two years, and in spite of all guns set by Messrs. Sellick and others, still kept on its way till at last he was enticed into a large trap.

—The blow from the North on Thursday the 22nd damaged quite a few of the schooners belonging to this place. The "Manchester," owned by Simon Bourgeois, Esq., merchant, lost windlass and other gear, while the "Mary C." Captain Bourque, had jib and sails torn, and others more or less hurt in their way up the Straits.

—The circus in Moncton is taking off some of our Cocagne gents. Let us hope they will return as they went, or else, stay till morning. No doubt some of the ladies would have been pleased to see Mr. Cole, and his Mammoth pavillon had they got an invitation to accompany their friends, but selfishness seems to be the rule and not the exception in this as many other cases too numerous to mention.

## Advocate Harbor Items.

—A post office at West Advocate is likely soon to become an established fact.

—Mr. Fred. Moore, of Parrsboro', has rented the business stand of E. Morris & Son, and is about to fill up the store with Dry Goods and Groceries.

—As other places have been favored with the presence of "great men" this summer, the people of Advocate have no reason to complain, the Minister of Railways, the Supervisor of Highways and Census Commissioner, having paid them a visit.

—The Rev. Mr. Stewart, Baptist Minister, now residing at Parrsboro', and formerly of St. Georges, N. B., who has been visiting the Church at Advocate, monthly, is about to retire from the field. This is much regretted by all as the rev. gentleman has, by his genial manner and eloquent preaching, made himself very popular.

—The high tides of August caused considerable damage to the hay and grass on the Advocate marsh, they having made several breaches in the dykes and carried on the marsh a great amount of mud and drift. The wet season has not been favorable to farming operations, consequently there is considerable hay to be done yet on the marsh. Wheat, of which there has been considerable sown, is partially rusted, and will not, in many cases, be half a crop. Potatoes were killed quite early with the blight and will be a light crop. Oats and buckwheat promise a large yield.

—Two fine schooners, the "Mabel" and "Laura Brown," have been built and launched here this season, and are now actively engaged in the U. S. trade. Work has been resumed on John E. Suthergreen & Son's new brig. This vessel was timbered up and decked last autumn; but owing to the loss at sea of Capt. Wesley Suthergreen, last winter, who was interested in its building, work was not begun as early this season as intended. It is purposed to launch the last of next month. At Eatonville ship building is languishing, nothing but a wood boat being built there, and but few men employed. The export of deals to St. John, piles to the States, and a vast quantity of ship-timber to the shipyards of Hants County, with the building of the above mentioned vessels, has caused labor to be in good demand and the times to be quite brisk.

—Mr. Isaac Spicer's steam mill at Apple River blew up on the 9th inst. The ends were blown out of the boiler and the body of it was thrown vertically over one hundred and fifty feet, and nearly as far horizontally. Fortunately the men were in another part of the mill from that containing the boiler (eating their dinner) and nobody was hurt. Mr. Spicer, himself, was sitting in a scow at the time near the mill, and hearing the explosion, had the presence of mind to throw himself into the water, just in time to escape a piece of shattered boiler, which struck and smashed the scow where he had been sitting. It is but a few months since Mr. Young lost his mill at the same place by incendiarism, and it is to be regretted that the incendiaries are not yet serving the country at Dorchester.

## Salisbury Notes.

—The clergymen of the different denominations of this village have arranged to hold union prayer meetings once a month in addition to the usual weekly gatherings held by the several congregations in the respective churches.

—A number of the Salisbury people attended Sir Leonard's meeting, at Hopewell Corner, last Monday, thus showing their appreciation of the present political state of things. On Tuesday the crowd was drawn in the other direction. "The live lion stuffed with straw" has its attractions as well as the N. P. A few, however, desiring to see sights more important than Cole's circus affords, have this week gone to the Halifax exhibition.

—Mr. Gilbert Dodge and Miss Ida Kay, daughter of the enterprising proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, of this place, were, by the Rev. Mr. Willis, united in "the holy bonds of matrimony," on Tuesday. A large number of friends were invited to witness the ceremony. The happy couple left Salisbury by the afternoon express followed by the kind wishes of a large circle of friends. They intend visiting P. E. Island and Nova Scotia before settling down to the joys and sorrows of wedded life.

## Bostford Items.

—Wild geese, duck and plover are reported to be plentiful on the marshes.

—The Inspector of Schools has made his annual visit here and reports schools as doing good work.

—Harvesting is progressing favorably in this part of the county. The weather of late has been very fair for haying and late grain. Farmers are afraid that the potato crop will not be very good, on account of the blight which struck quite early.

—The merchants of this place are doing a good business. Formerly people went on trading expeditions to adjacent trading posts, but now we make it our boast that we can do as well here—yea, better—than elsewhere. Egg buyers, travelling merchants, and organ grinders, are not an uncommon sight of late.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Jacob Allen took place on the 22nd inst. She died in Sackville, having been there under the treatment of Dr. Moore. During the last few years her health has been very poor. She leaves a husband and family and a large circle of relatives to mourn their loss. Much sympathy is felt for them in their bereavement.

—The two schools, in Districts Nos. 5 and 6, taught by Messrs. Goodwin and Hamilton, united and held a picnic on the farm owned by Mr. Thomas Butler, last week. The fineness of the day and picturesqueness of the place were all that anyone could wish. The large number in attendance were interested by a committee, who did all in their power to make it a success. Swings were erected on *natural* swinging posts. A number took part in this exercise. Happily no accident happened of serious consequences, though one young man got injured a little by the swing rope catching his neck. An interesting programme was followed to, consisting of music, dialogues and speeches. Having exhausted the literary part of it, we retired to another part of the field to fill out the other part as well as to fill ourselves. After tea a foot race took place, with six competitors. The winner of the prize was Mr. S. Spence, who was loudly applauded. We think—yes, we know—that we express the unanimous feeling of the people, when we say that they were well pleased with the proceedings and looked upon the time as enjoyably and profitably spent.

## Westmorland Circuit.

DORCHESTER, Sept. 28.—Charles Pope vs. George H. Dunlap was taken up on Thursday last, after the Tower Outhouse case was disposed of. The action was for damages done by defendant to property occupied by plaintiff under a lease from defendant's father. The jury found for the plaintiff $100. Jos. H. Dickson for plaintiff, and Harvey Atkinson for defendant.

On Friday morning Doe on the demise of W. S. Torrie vs. Susan R. Wilbur was taken up. As no one appeared, to confess lease, entry and ouster, John Doe was nonsuited. Knapp appeared for plaintiff.

John McKenzie et. ux. vs. Geo. H. Patterson was then called on. W. J. Gilbert for plaintiff, and Hanington and C. A. Palmer for defendant. The plaintiff claimed that defendant had assaulted his wife by taking her hand in his and compelling her to sign a receipt for certain insurance moneys then due her, and for trespassing in his house at the same time. Verdict for defendant.

Since Saturday afternoon the trial of Gilbert Seaman vs. John Bishop, senior, John Bishop, junior, and Titus K. Dixon has been in progress. The action is on a promissory note drawn by defendants in favor of a John McIver in payment for a schooner, and the note was endorsed to plaintiff. The defendants are trying to establish fraud on the part of the payees of the note, and say the consideration was bad. This will not be closed before to-morrow. Blair and Emmerson for plaintiff, and Hanington and Oulton for defendants.


Bogus and Counterfeit.

There is no genuine Hop Bitters made or sold in Canada, except by Hop Bitters M'f'g Co., of Toronto, Ont., nor can there be, for the sole and exclusive right to use the name Hop Bitters is secured to said Company by the laws of Canada, by two registered trade marks, and it is a heavy penalty for any one to use the name Hop Bitters or make or sell anything pretending to be like it. Druggists and consumers should remember this and shun all spurious, injurious stuff made by others or elsewhere. Hop Bitters is the purest and best *medicine* made. sept21


## The Finance Minister in Albert County.

(From a Correspondent.)

At two o'clock, on Monday, the excursion party, together with Sir S. L. Tilley, left the Hillsboro' Station for Hopewell, where all arrived at half-past three. It was estimated that there were about 150 on board when we left, and this number was, no doubt, increased to 200 by the time we reached Hopewell. Probably this number was increased to about 600 persons in and around the hall, where Sir S. L. Tilley delivered his address. Precisely at four o'clock the chairman, M. B. Palmer, Esq., called the meeting to order. C. A. Peck, Esq., then read an address of welcome, in which he called Sir S. L. Tilley's attention to a former visit at the opening of the Albert Railway, and made reference to the National Policy, the building of the Pacific Railway, and the general financial prosperity of the country. Rev. T. A. Blackadar also read an address on behalf of Invincible Lodge of Templars, in which a hope was expressed that the Scott Act would be preserved. Sir S. L. Tilley, in reply, referred to his nervousness still, though in the habit of public speaking for more than thirty years. He next referred to the unjust criticisms and the high compliments which he frequently received, and thought when both were considered, the account was about properly balanced. After referring to former visits, he said the present was to fulfil a partial promise made over a year ago. In complimenting the ladies, he spoke of their presence as indicating a great change in political meetings. Reference was made to the fact that at other public meetings, which he had addressed, Mr. Blake had preceded him; but not so at this meeting. He wished to digress and refer to the funeral ceremonies of the President of the United States, which were probably just than taking place; and express his sorrow both for the family and nation. He said Canada and the United States had an imaginary boundary line, but in their present sorrow no such line of separation could be found. He explained the great advantage of the Reciprocity Treaty, and how that in 1866 it was abolished through the desire of the United States Government, who at once imposed a duty of 20 per cent. on all imported goods. Canada, on the other hand, remained without imposing duties for 13 years. "As soon as our American neighbors will take off their duties, we will do the same." A voice said: "Take it off to-morrow." If our friend had power to speak for our neighbors, I would answer on behalf of the Government, that it should be to-morrow. He denied that the tariff taxed the many to enrich a few. He said population and capital were necessary to make a great country, and have made this what it is.

Answers were given to Mr. Blake's charges that cheap cotton and woollen goods pay more duty than the higher priced goods purchased by the rich, and also declared that sugar was much cheaper on account of the tariff which had caused refineries to be erected. After referring to the manner in which Canadian flour can be obtained from Boston in bond without any duty, he compared the general management of politics under the present and late Governments, and then after explaining the causes of the increasing expenditures, he closed by extolling the present financial standing of Canada in England, and the present disposal of the Pacific Railroad to the Syndicate. At six o'clock the speaker closed, when an unanimous vote of thanks was passed and three hearty cheers given both to Sir Leonard and the Queen.

## Gold Mining in Nova Scotia.

(Halifax Mining Review)

The gold yield of our mines from 1862 to 1880 inclusive was, by the official reports, 310,606 ozs., 5 dwts., 5 grs.: value, at $20 per ounce, $6,212,125; the labor was 3,030,883 days at $1.25, equal to $3,788,604; the royalty, 2 per cent. on the oz. at $18, was less than $124,242, as many gold claims are free; we have, therefore, a balance of $2,299,279 to represent returns on capital, wear and tear of machinery and supplies, and as these two last items would amount to a mere trifle of the sums stolen in the days when a lax system prevailed, while the labor on machinery was assessed in the days' labor, we may assume fairly that the whole $2,299,279 belonged and went to capital.

The capital of the companies or associations engaged actually or nominally in gold mining in this province, was in 1870, (at which time the speculative mania ceased) according to an article read before the Geological Society of London by Professor Hind, $2,124,000, and all who know anything of the history of the working of these companies are well aware that the most of this capital represents not only extravagance and blunders, but also fictitious stock values.

## Temperance Notes.

—Mr. Samuel Morley, M. P., who is now in this country, has given one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to the temperance cause in England within the past few years.

—The Committee appointed by the Dominion Alliance for the defence of the Scott Act before the Privy Council has agreed to ask Mr. Maclaren, Solicitor of the Quebec branch, to represent the Alliance in the case if the necessary funds be raised. Assurance that the money will be forthcoming have come from Ontario, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island. The Committee have, however, determined not to act until one-half at least of the two thousand dollars asked for is in their hands. Eminent English Council have been engaged by the liquor dealers.

SUBSCRIBE to CHIGNECTO POST.


The best preparation known it the market for restoring gray hair to its original color is Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Renewer.

Is it Possible.

That a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., make so many such marvelous and wonderful cures as Hop Bitters do? It must be, for when old and young, rich and poor, Pastor and Doctor, Lawyer and Editor, all testify to having been cured by them, we must believe and doubt no longer.—*Post.*

A CARD

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D New York City.*

From Dean Gray, Jr., Esq., of Westfield, Mass.

"About a year since I was attacked with a severe and distressing cough, followed by emaciation, night sweats, and other symptoms of approaching disease.

"I tried many remedies to no avail, and so alarming did my case appear, that my friends entertained serious fears of my recovery.

"At this juncture I purchased a bottle of WISTAR'S BALSAM, and at once began to mend; and by the time two bottles had been exhausted I had entirely gained my health and strength. I shall always keep it in my family."

50 cents and $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

PEOPLE tormented by the many disagreeable sensations produced by dyspepsia, or are thin, nervous and weak, should use the standard tonic—Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine. They will find it agreeable and beneficial. It enriches the blood, by aiding digestion and assimilation; soothes and invigorates the nervous system, and imparts a healthy appetite. When used as a remedy for bilious and intermittent fever, it produces the happiest results, if taken between the attacks. Convalescence is hastened, and untimely decay of the physique and constitution is arrested by it. The spirituous constituent, sherry wine, is of the best quality, and the aromatics combined with it, renders its flavor additionally pleasant. They who use it gain flesh as well as strength, and it exerts a cheering influence upon the mind. It promotes a healthy secretion and flow of bile, sound repose and regularity in the action of the bowels. If judiciously used it may be taken without apprehension of any ill result by persons of the most delicate constitution. A fair trial is all that is needed to prove the genuineness of its claims to public confidence, and to the truth of the general verdict in its behalf. No article of its class commends itself so strongly to nervous invalids who require building up—none is so well adapted to fortify the system against the dangers which threaten the debilitated. It should not be mistaken for a mere stimulant of appetite, which many so-called tonics simply are. It so regulates the stomach that it is enabled to perform its various functions with regularity and vigor, and its action is not only thorough but prompt. Ask for the "Quinine Wine of Northrop & Lyman." Sold by all druggists. For sale in Sackville by A. Dixon.


## Religious Services.

Baptist Services for next Sunday:—Preaching at Bethel, 11 a. m.; Salem, 3 p. m.

Tantramar Methodist Mission. Services for Sunday, Oct. 2nd:—Anderson, 2½ p. m.; and Cookville, 6½ p. m.—A. D. McCully. Westcock, 7 p. m.—J. Wilson.

Methodist Services, Oct. 2nd:—Sackville, 11 a. m.—Rev. J. Burwash; 7 p. m.—Rev. L. Stevens. Upper Sackville, 3 p. m.—Rev. Dr. Stewart. Middle Sackville, 7 p. m.—Rev. C. Paisley.

## *MARRIED.*

At the residence of the bride's parents, on 20th inst., by the Rev. D. S. Carpenter, Mr. John E. Crossman, of Woodlawn, Dorchester, to Miss Mary Smith, of Sackville.

On the 21st inst., by Rev. D. A. Steele, Frederick Estabrooks, to Ida M. Wheaton, both of Sackville.

At Amherst, on 17th inst., at the residence of Albert J. Hill, C. E., by the Rev. D. A. Steele, Nathaniel Curry, Esq., of Rhodes, Curry & Co., to Mary E., youngest daughter of the late David Hall, Esq., of Annapolis.

At Amherst, on 20th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, by the Rev. D. A. Steele, assisted by the Rev. W. George, Mr. Arthur Blair, to Minnie, daughter of the late John Hillson, Esq.

At the R. C. Church, Bathurst, on the 18th inst., by the Rev. W. Varitty, Mr. Joseph Doucett, I. C. R., to Rosa Ann, fourth daughter of Mr. Joseph Roy, of Petit Roche.

At St. Paul's Church, Newburryport, Mass., on 17th inst., by the Rev. E. L. Drown, Rector, Dr. J. H. Baker, of Boston, to Helen M., daughter of Mr. W. B. Spiller, of St. John.

## *DIED.*

At Salem, A. C., on 6th inst., Fannie M. Steeves, aged 19 years.

At Leicester, N. S., on 20th inst., of diphtheria, Edva Ann, aged 11 years; on 22nd, Sadie Augusta, aged 4 years, children of Mr. Luther Morris.

At Moncton, Sept. 25th, Lilly Marshall, infant daughter of Richard H. and Hester J. Gaddis, aged four months.

At Moncton on the 25th inst., Alice Maud, aged 12 years, 6 months, daughter of Philo and Lizzie Brown.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

COASTWISE.

ARRIVED.

At Moncton, 24th inst, schrs Ranger, and Wild Hunter, from Portland.

At Point du Chene, 20th inst, bark John Black, Pringle, from Greenock, to M Wood & Sons; 24th, bark Mexican, from England.

SAILED.

From Dorchester, 21st inst, schr E Chambers, for New York.

From Hillsboro, 22nd inst, schr Bertha J Fellows, Clark, for Newark.

OTHER PORTS.

ARRIVED.

At New York, 23rd inst, schr Clara Chase, from Dorchester.

At Philadelphia, 20th inst, bark Lewis, Adams, from Bremen.

At Boston, 20th inst, brig Zingu, Burns, from Dorchester; schr Impudence, Baker, from Dorchester; 21st inst, schr Welcome Home, Peck, from Moncton.

At Salem, 22nd inst, schr Medora, Bennett, from Moncton.

At Baltimore, 22nd inst, bark Arabia, Easton, from Liverpool.

At Fortress Monroe, 20th inst, bark Annie Maud, Edwards, from Dundalks.

At Philadelphia, 24th inst, brig Willie, Woods, from Whitehavens.

At Antwerp, 24th inst, ship George H Oulton, Hamilton, from Baltimore.

SAILED.

From Boston, 24th inst, schrs Clarine, for Alma; Vescello, for Dorchester.

From Philadelphia, 23rd inst, ship Lillie Soullard, Corning, for Amsterdam.

From Fortress Monroe, 23rd inst, bark Annie Maud, Edwards, for Wilmington.

From Boston, 24th inst, schr Manzanilla, for Sackville.

From Pauillac, 23rd inst, bark Lewis Smith, Wright, for America.


TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowers Rates for advertising in 1,000 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

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**Drug Store**

## Drugs, Chemicals, &c.

NOW on hand at the DORCHESTER PHARMACOPOLIUM, a large and well selected Stock of

**DRUGS, CHEMICALS,**

Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Hair Oils, Combs, Brushes, Sponges, Toilet Soaps, Razors, Razor Strops, Shaving Soaps, Shoulder Braces, Trusses, Elastic Stockings, Rubber Bibs, Aprons, &c., Tobaccos, Cigars, Pipes, Confectionery, Wines and Liquors.

A FULL LINE OF

**PATENT MEDICINES,**

consisting of Campbell's Quinine Wine, Northrop & Lyman's Quinine Wine, Hanington's Quinine Wine, English Hop Bitters, American Hop Bitters, Fellows' Dyspepsia Bitters, Attwood's Jaundice Bitters, Baxter's Jaundice Bitters, Egar's Cod Liver Cream, Putner's Emulsion Cod Liver Oil, &c., Scott's do., Robinson's do., Mathison's do., Radway's Resolvent, Radway's Relief, Radway's Pills, Vegetine, Carboline, Enamelline, Pond's Extract, Wilson's Cherry Balsam, Golden Elixir, Minard's Liniment, Johnson's Liniment, Pendleton's Liniment, Phosphozone, August Flower, German Syrup, Cocoaine, Holman's Liver Pads, Peristaltic Lozenges, &c., &c.

Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, in great Variety.

**ALEX. McKAY,**
aug24 Druggist.

## CATTLE

—FOR—

## Shipment to England.

THE Hon. Judge Peters, of Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Messrs. J. & W. F. Harrison, of St. John, having decided to throw into one, their properties at Grimross Island, on the St. John River, offer the same to a desirable tenant or company for a term of years at a moderate rental. This property, from its desirable location and richness of soil, bounded by the river on one side, and Gagetown Creek on the other, and containing a large quantity of high interval adapted for producing the best quality of hay, grain and roots of all kinds, as well as a very wide range of the richest pasturage, and containing about **900 ACRES** in all, also embracing about 20 acres of upland near the centre of the farm, on which to erect suitable, which would at all times be far above the highest freshets, and having already barns in good order, suitably located on the interval, capable of holding a large quantity of hay. Possesses advantages for raising cattle for the English market, unsurpassed if at all equalled in the Maritime Provinces or probably in the Dominion. For full particulars, apply to

HON. J. H. PETERS, Ch'town, P. E. I.
J. & W. F. HARRISON, St. John, N. B.
T. S. PETERS, St. John, N. B. 3m

ROSE-BELFORD'S

## Canadian Monthly,

AND NATIONAL REVIEW.

EDITED BY G. MERCER ADAM.

1881. Tenth Year of Publication. 1881.

AS one of the founders of THE CANADIAN MONTHLY, and having been more or less connected with it since its first appearance in 1872, the present writer feels a just pride in emphasizing the fact that with the next issue the publication will enter upon its *nineteenth volume*. That the periodical still lives and makes progress, however slow, is, in view of the mutability of literary ventures in Canada, something, at least, to be thankful for. With a publication of its character, and with a field limited at best, and encroached upon by foreign serials, it was hardly to be expected that, if saved from disaster, its progress would be rapid. That it has maintained itself and won a creditable reputation, as has been said, is matter, at any rate, for congratulation. Those now connected with it feel, however, that the time has come when they may reasonably expect that from now onward the progress of the Magazine will be more marked, and that a heartier support will be given to the undertaking, to justify the continuance of efforts made, not only for its precautions on old lines, but for its enlargement and improvement, and above all for the remuneration (as formerly) of its writers. With the development of national thought, with increasing interest in native literature, and the return, withal, of 'better times,' it is believed that these expectations will be realized, and the desire of Editor and Publishers be attained. Collectively, the friends of the publication can make this matter assured. Individually, each can aid in bringing about the desired result. The press, too, can be very helpful. Whatever is accomplished, to the favour and interest of a Canadian public, the publishers again commend their enterprise.

THE EDITOR.

25 WELLINGTON ST. WEST, TORONTO, Nov. 1880.

A GREAT CAUSE OF HUMAN MISERY

**Is the Loss of**

## MANHOOD



We have recently published a New Edition of **Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay** on the *radical and permanent cure* (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.

The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and *radically*.

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## Look Here. Look Here

R. CURRY

HAS resumed business in rooms in the Western Union Telegraph Building, opposite John E. Hickey's store, Main St., Sackville, where he is prepared to carry on the **Watchmaking Business** in all its branches. All work done at short notice. He hopes, by strict attention to his business and by low prices, to receive a share of public patronage. aug24

## Furniture, Bedding, &c.

**S. W. PALMER**

HAVING made a specialty of these Goods, and searched the manufactories of the Dominion for the BEST ARTICLES at the LOWEST PRICES, is now enabled to offer these Goods as

**Cheap and Many of Them Cheaper**

than they can be had at retail elsewhere in the Dominion.

Walnut and Haircloth Parlor Suits;
Sofas, Easy Chairs, Lounges—in Damask, Repp and Cretonnes;
Bedroom Suits—from the neat Little Dolly Varden to finest Walnut;
Bedsteads, Bureaus, Sinks, Washstands;
Toilet Tables, Folding Cribs, Cradles;
Extension Dining Tables (ash or walnut);
Ash Dining Chairs, Double and Single Back Chairs, Child's Chairs;
Large Arm, Nurse's, Misses' and Children's Chairs;
Wood and Cane Seat Rockers;
Haircloth, Repp, and Cane Seat Chairs;
Dominion Wire Spring, Dominion Conical Spring, Whiteside's Patent Spring, Tucker's Patent and the Universal Spring Mattrasses;
Hair, Moss, Wool Flock, Wood Top and Excelsior Mattrasses, of every size and quality;
Flock Bolsters and Pillows, &c.;
Counterpanes, Comfertables, Sheets, &c.

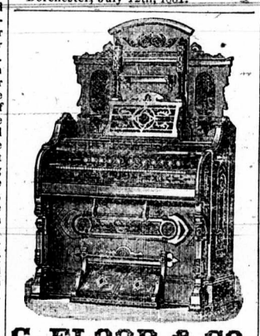
**All at or Below Manufacturers' Prices.**

ALSO FULL LINES OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Spices, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Confectionery, Crockery and Glassware, Crocks, Jars, Ploughs, Cultivators, &c.

☞ Prices as low as the lowest in the market. Call and see for yourselves.

S. W. PALMER.
Dorchester, July 12th, 1881.



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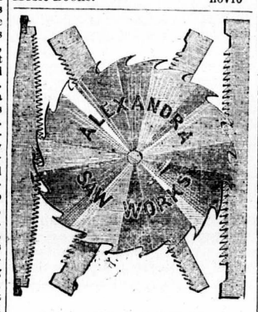
Of every description. Price List mailed free on application. SHEET MUSIC and MUSIC BOOKS. nov10




ALEXANDRA

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## J. W. BARNES & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED,

**New Blk Silks & Chenille Fringes,**

Black Silk Girdles,
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Wool DeBeiges,
French Merinos,
Table Linens, &c.
Ladies' and Children's Jerseys,
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**Cambric & Sateen Costumes,**

WILL BE SOLD AT

**Greatly Reduced Prices.**

**London House, Retail,**

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## NEW GOODS!

**262 Cases and Bales**

CONTAINING:

BLACK BROADS and DOESKINS;
Worsted Coatings, Prints;
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Men's White and Fancy Shirts and Collars; Ladies' Corsets;
Shirts and Drawers;
White and Colored Blankets;
Grey, White and Scarlet Flannels;
Fancy Tweeds and Doeskins;
Smallwares, Cotton Flannels, &c. &c.

## T. R. JONES & CO.

ST. JOHN, N. B.


**$72** A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly Outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

**$5 to $20** per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address—STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. m16

**$66** a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine

**$2** Watches. Stem Winders $2.50. White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $4. Solid gold $15. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 152 Nassau St. N.Y.


## Flour & Meal.

BAIRD & GEORGE.

**50 Kegs Cut Nails.**

BAIRD & GEORGE.

FULL STOCK OF

## CHOICE GROCERIES.

BAIRD & GEORGE.

VERY CHOICE

## Barbadoes Molasses.

BAIRD & GEORGE.

OPENING THIS WEEK:

## 3 Cases Dry Goods.

BAIRD & GEORGE.

**Gent's Straw & Felt Hats.**

BAIRD & GEORGE.

GOOD QUALITIES OF

**Ladies' Kid Gloves, 75c. per Pair.**

BAIRD & GEORGE.

THE PETERS COMBINATION

## LOCK COMPANY,

MONCTON, N. B.

MANUFACTURERS OF

## Builders' Hardware

—AND—

## SHELF HARDWARE,

FROM

## Brass, Bronze, and Iron,

INCLUDING

LOCKS, KNOBS, HINGES, LATCHES, SASH FASTENERS, CUPBOARD LATCHES & BOLTS, DOOR BELLS, DOOR SPRINGS, PLATES, &c., &c., &c.

BRASS CASTINGS and Manufactures in all kinds of BRASS GOODS solicited.

**Electro, Nickle, Gold and Silver Plating.**

Bronzing, Lacquering, and Japaning, of all kinds solicited.
Old Forks, Spoons, Table Service, Harness Mounting, &c., replated. Particular attention given to special orders.
Moncton, Dec. 29, 1880. jan6

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON,

WOULD respectfully intimate that they have now a Full Stock of

**English, Scotch and Canadian**

## TWEEDS;

Meltons, All Wool Cheviots, Navy, Myrtle and Seal Brown Victoria Twills, and a large assortment Ladies' Ulster Cloths; also the Celebrated

**Rothesay Tweeds**

In all Shades.

27 KING ST. - - ST. JOHN, N. B.

## Best Value in the Market.

LONDON

**Layer Raisins!**

WE HAVE ON HAND ABOUT

**200 Boxes London Layer Raisins,**

One year old. In good condition.

☞ Balance of a Consignment, which we will sell LOW to close.

STEPHENS & FIGGURES,
Wholesale Grocers,
sept22 St. John, N. B.

## MINERAL PAINT!

Mineral Paint from Beech Hill Mine.

**Fire Proof and Durable.**

HIGHLY commended by all who have used it. Samples can be obtained from

WM. MORICE,
aug4 UPPER SACKVILLE.

## PLAIN QUESTIONS.

DO YOU KNOW how to draw a Note of hand?
DO YOU KNOW what is required to make it legal?
DO YOU KNOW the difference between Premium and Discount?
DO YOU KNOW that merchants have been ruined by not understanding this one simple thing?
DO YOU KNOW the force of Compound Interest?
DO YOU KNOW the responsibilities of partnership?
DO YOU KNOW how to ascertain the rate of Exchange?
DO YOU KNOW the meaning of the term "General Average?"
DO YOU KNOW how to keep books so as to show your actual gain or loss?
DO YOU KNOW how to change your books from Single to Double Entry?

☞ If you cannot fully answer all these questions in the affirmative, do not attempt to do business, for you are never sure of success; but enter at once upon a course of instruction at the

**British American Business College,**
**112 & 114 King St., West, Toronto.**

SCHOOL RE-OPENS SEPT. 5TH.

For circulars and information address the Secretary.

**NORTHERN TEXAS** offers greater attractions in the way of good, cheap lands, healthy country, mild climate, abundance of timber and water, diversity of products, than any other region now open to settlement. In this rapidly developing section, the **Texas & Pacific Railway** has in operation over 800 miles of road, along which are to be had, at low prices and on easy terms, millions of acres of good and cheap Railroad and Government lands, but recently opened for settlement. For circulars and maps giving truthful information, address W. H. ABRAMS, Land Commissioner, T. & P. Railway, Marshall, Texas.

**$777** A YEAR and EXPENSES to agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. Vickery, Augusta, Me.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in **1,000 good** newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

## Love Making in Chicago.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"I am very rich, my darling," she said softly, punctuating her sentences with soft, warm kisses. "Already I have $100,000 worth of four per cents. registered in my name, and when the leaves are turning red in the golden October days, and the fields are laughing in the rich abundance of a bountiful harvest, I shall cut off the coupons. And when papa dies he will leave me nearly $200,000 more. Yes, my sweetheart, I am a very happy girl," and a fair young head nestled confidingly on the shoulder of the strong limbed, hazel-eyed young man to whom this avowal was made. He looked tenderly down at the brown tresses and the invisible net that bound them to the fair forehead. Gently lifting the beautiful face to his, he pressed a passionate kiss on the full, red lips that seemed only made for osculation.

Turning his head away, Herbert Ainsleigh appeared for a moment to be wrapped in thought. Then kissing Miriam with a rich, warm, two for-a-quarter kiss, he said: "Do you love me, Birdie?"

She gave answer by placing her white arms around his neck, and throwing herself madly on his shirt front.

"Do not hug so hard, darling, an' you love me, or my collar stud will raise a carbuncle on the back of my neck," he said in low, mellow tones.

"It is only the deep, passionate longing of my love, Herbert. It recks not of carbuncles. But you are right. Too much pressure on the cervical vertebra will cause an exostosis. My professor of anatomy told me that."

"And we will be married in the fall, my sweet?"

"Yes, Herbert, in the rich, hazy, sensuous days of Indian summer, when the low note of the farmer's boy seeking the lost cow is heard as he sits on the vine-embowered stile and blasphemes until the fire fly leaves for a cooler spot. You must take all my money, Herbert; it must be yours to do as you will with it; to attain the glorious fame that awaits you; for I know that my love's name will some day be known through the length and breadth of the land. Surely, you have an ambition?"

"I have," said Herbert, kissing her while she caught her breath.

"And you will not let any false pride stand in the way of using my money to attain the height you fain would reach?"

"No, darling, I will not. You say you have $100,000 in four per cents. It is enough. To-morrow I will act, and in less than a day my name will be as familiar throughout the world as that of England's proud Queen."

"Oh, Herbert, what will you do?"

"I shall purchase Maud S."

* * * * *

Two minutes later a human form fell with a dull thud on the front porch of the haughty pork-packer's residence. It was Herbert Ainsleigh. The old man had fired him out.—*From "Hints to Parents," by Halstead M.*

HALL was in San Francisco prison as a convicted swindler serving a sentence of 150 days, his crime being that of obtaining a gift of $225 from Crocker, the California railroad millionaire, by pretending to be blamelessly destitute. A muscular friend called on Hall, who said it was a shame to be locked up when he could go free by paying a fine of $300, if he had the chance to get $1,600 which they buried in a certain spot. The friend thereupon advanced the $300, on promise of reimbursement as soon as the hidden treasure could be reached. But when they had arrived at the place in question, and a few spadefuls of earth had been removed, Hall confessed that he had lied, and that no money was there. "What satisfaction can I get out of you?" asked the angry man of muscle. "I don't know," was the reply, "unless you thrash me; and you are welcome to that, for I deserve it." The whipping was given on the spot, and so soundly that Hall's life was endangered.

A LEIPZIG journal, devoted to the glass interest, states that the cracking of lamp chimneys may be prevented by placing them in a pot filled with cold water, adding a little cooking salt, add after the mixture has been allowed to boil well over a fire, to have the articles cool slowly. Treated in this way, glass will be found to resist cracking, even if exposed to very sudden change of temperature, and the chimneys become very durable by passing through such an operation. The process is, in fact, simply one of annealing, and it results that, the slower the operation is carried on, especially the cooling portion of it, the more effective will it be.

LOUISVILLE *Courier-Journal*:—"Our whole governmental machinery is handed over to those who can make the most of it; the average citizen is busier now than ever making money and he cares for nothing else. But he will some day. Society will go from bad to worse, the lawless will organize and murder will be systematic instead of spasmodic. Passion will give place to greed, and the industrious citizen will be forced to divide with those who have been 'governing him.' Communism such as Paris knows, Nihilism like that of Russia, will become domiciled in America if we tolerate murder and rapine much longer."

### How to get Sick.

Expose yourself day and night, eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised; and then you will want to know

### How to get Well.

Which is answered in these words—Take Hop Bitters!—*Express.*

A SCOTCH paper advertises boys' jackets as defying anything to beat them.

## A Queer Divorce Case.

From the Springfield Republican.

Judge Wetmore the other day, in the St. John, (N. B.) Divorce Court, granted David Pugh a divorce from Charlotte Emma Pugh, a vinculo, and declared the marriage void upon the ground that the defendant was a sister of a deceased wife of the plaintiff, and justifying the plaintiff in instituting proceedings, the wife having left her husband's home some years ago, and having rejected his entreaties to return. The husband was directed to pay costs. The parties knowing their inability to lawfully contract marriage in New Brunswick, met in Houlton, Me., where such marriages are permitted by the laws of the State, and were married, intending to live in New Brunswick. They lived together as husband and wife for years, and had several children, but the wife's Canadian conscience became awakened to the impropriety of the marriage, and under the pretence of visiting friends in the United States she went to Rochester, N. Y., and refused to return home, alleging that she had expected that at the time of her marriage her husband would sell out his property in New Brunswick and remove to the United States. It was claimed for the defendant that being domiciled in a State were such marriages were allowable, she was entitled to hold the contract valid, but the Court found against this contention.

FRANK MARTIN, a handsome young murderer, was under sentence of death in the jail at Laclede, Mo. Time hung heavily upon his hands, and for deversion he wrote tender notes to the Sheriff's daughter, Maggie. She did not reply to the first half dozen, and he was on the point of ceasing to write when he was surprised by a sentimental missive. Their lovemaking progressed rapidly thereafter, and of course they soon began to plot for Frank's escape. One night the girl unlocked his cell, and he saw that she was in boy's clothes with her hair closely cropped. She put pistols in his hands, led him out of the prison to where two saddled horses were in readiness, and together they rode away. This happened last November. The pair have just been caught in Tennessee, where they had married under assumed names and settled down to farming.

IN regard to offensive odors in hot, dry summers, Dr. Domett-Stone recommends for their counteraction chloride of lead, as superior to carbolic acid. It is prepared thus:—Half a drachm of nitrate of lead, dissolved in a pint or so of boiling water, to be mixed in a pail of water, in which two drachms of common salt have been dissolved. A cloth dipped in the mixed solution and hung up in any place where bad odors prevail will make and keep the atmosphere sweet.

### The Most Valuable Gift—Restoration of the Health.

During the past ten years the Great Shoshonees Remedy has faithfully redeemed every promise and guarantee made to the public. Alarming and apparently hopeless cases of Lung Diseases, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Afflictions of the Kidney and Chronic Complaints of every description, including Scrofula and Skin Diseases of life-long duration, have been permanently removed and eradicated. Those who volunteered their testimony to the efficacy of the Remedy are not bogus people in unheard-of localities of foreign states, but respectable citizens of this Dominion, easy of access and open to question, upon whose verbal recommendations we are willing to rest the reputation of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. If you are afflicted do not delay until medicine may be powerless to aid you. No injurious effects can possibly follow the use of these Indian Remedies, as they contain no minerals, by which the fate of the invalid is so often sealed under the form of some temporary sedative or stimulant. These Indian Remedies are widely known and still possess the public confidence after the lapse of sufficient time to test their efficacy.

The Shoshonees Vegetable Sugar Coated Pills have won for themselves the most favorable reputation of any pill before the public. Their efficacy has been fully proved as a remedy for Biliousness, Sick Headache, and inactivities of the stomach. Price of the Remedy in pint bottles $1; Pills 25 cts. a box.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

ELECTRICITY! THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL! WORTH TEN TIMES ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.—Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat. One bottle has cured bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old standing cough. It positively cures catarrh, asthma and croup. Fifty cents worth has cured crick in the back, and the same quantity lame back, of eight years' standing. The following are extracts from a few of the many letters that have been received from different parts of Canada, which, we think, should be sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical:—J. Collard, of Sparta, Ont., writes, "Send me 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, have sold all I had from you, and want more now, its cures are truly wonderful."—Wm. McGuire, of Franklin, writes, "I have sold all the agent left, it acts like a charm—it was slow at first, but takes splendidly now."—H. Cole, of Iona, writes, "Please forward 6 dozen Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, I am nearly out, nothing equals it." —J. Bedford, Thamesville, writes, "Send me at once a further supply of Eclectric Oil, I have only one bottle left. I never saw anything sell so well and give such general satisfaction."—J. Thompson, Woodford, writes, "Send me some more Eclectric Oil, I have sold entirely out. Nothing takes like it."—Miller & Reid, Ulverton, P. Q., write, "The Eclectric Oil is getting a great reputation here, and is daily called for. Send us a further supply without delay."

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of *S. N. Thomas* is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and *Take no other.* Sold by all medicine dealers. Price 25c. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion. NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

### A Blessing in Disguise.

No one would suppose that the introduction into a family of a bottle of *Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor* would be the means of restoring peace and prosperity. Corns are painful, and the constant consciousness of this upon even the best natured produces nervous depression, ill temper, recklessness, leading to a desire to spend their time away from the bosom of their family. In order to avoid the evil above mentioned always keep a bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor on hand. Sold everywhere.

## T. BAIRD & SONS.

THE Subscribers beg to announce that they have largely added to their Stock, and now offer, at the LOWEST possible prices, almost every variety and the BEST quality of

**Foreign and American Dry Goods,**

Hardware,
Paints and Oils,
Groceries,
Crockeryware,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Nails, &c.,

**AT THE OLD STAND.**

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, they continue to spare no pains in supplying the wants of their customers.

**PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE**

☞ SHAD, by the half-barrel, constantly on hand.

T. BAIRD & SONS.
Sackville, July 14th, 1881. tf

**TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.**

## FALL TRADE, 1881.

Received ex English Steamers during the month of August:

A Large and Cheap Stock of GOODS for Fall Trade.

Camp Blanketing, Tweeds, Coatings;
Presidents, Beavers, Napped Cloths;
Nicund Cloths, for Mantles;
An extraordinary cheap line in Double and Treble Milled Meltons;
French Cashmeres, Cloth Mantles;
French Buttons and Braids;
Black, Colored and Gold Velveteens,
Shirtings, Prints, Flannels;
Smallwares and Fancy Goods;
A large stock of Silk, Lavantine, Zanilla and Alpaca Umbrellas, much below regular prices;
Grey and White Cottons, &c.

**A. EVERITT,**

Wholesale Warehouse: Masonic Building, 94 AND 96 GERMAIN STREET, St. John, N. B.

## Intercolonial Railway,

**REDUCED FARES.**

THE DOMINION EXHIBITION will be held in the Regal Exhibition Grounds, City of Halifax, Nova Scotia, from the 21st to the 30th September, 1881. Excursion Tickets will be issued from the 19th to the 28th September, available to return until and including Saturday, the 1st October, at the following rates of fare:—

From St. John, N. B.....$ 5.00
" Quebec..... 11.00
" Charlottetown..... 4.00

and from all other Booking Stations at one first class fare.

For particulars of rates, see posters at all Stations.

D. POTTINGER,
Chief Superintendent.
Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., September 12th, 1881.

## Dominion Exhibition,

**HALIFAX,**

**SEPTEMBER 21st, 1881.**

NEW BRUNSWICK Exhibitors will be refunded freight on Exhibits forwarded with the approval of the President, Vice-President or Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, upon production of Certificates from Exhibition Authorities.

JULIUS L. INGHES,
Sec'y. Board of Agriculture.
Office for Agriculture, Fredericton, August 23rd, 1881

## Brandram's Paints.

A FULL STOCK OF

**Brandram's Celebrated Paints,**

**White and Coloured.**

Just received per steamship "Caledonia" from London, and

**For Sale Very Low.**

M. WOOD & SONS.
Sackville, Sept. 15, 1881. 3m

**CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**

THE subscriber in thanking his customers and the public generally for past favors, is pleased to inform them that he has taken as a partner Mr. FRED. C. PALMER, of this place; that they will continue Business at the Old Stand, next door to the Weldon House, and trust that by keeping a good Assortment of Goods in the various lines required, and attending to business, to merit a continuance of a fair share of patronage of Dorchester and vicinity. The style of the new firm is DOBSON & PALMER.

M. R. DOBSON.
Dorchester, Aug. 31st, 1881.

## STARTLING DISCOVERY!

**LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.**

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

**NOTICE TO SHEEP RAISERS.**

THE subscriber has for sale a superior lot of Grade Cotswold RAM Lambs, suitable for breeding from. Apply at once to

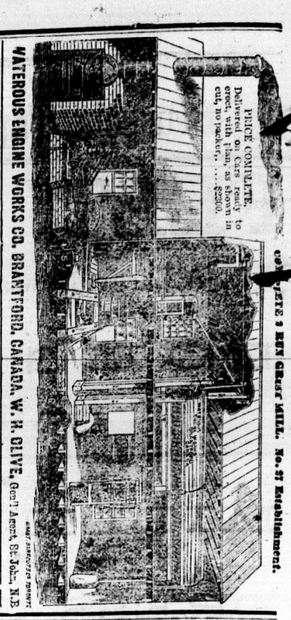
THOS. H. GILBERT.
Dorchester, Aug. 22 1881.

SUBSCRIBE TO

## CHIGNECTO POST.

Only $1 per Annum, in Advance.

Plain and Ornamental Printing Executed at Lowest Rates.




VARIETIES

—Don't argue with a fool, listeners will say there are two of you.

—Lord Palmerston, during his last attack of gout, exclaimed, playfully: "*Die*, my dear doctor! That's the *last* thing I think of doing."

—An Irishman, coming to Dublin to spend his Christmas, took the stage in preference to the railway, because, as he said, he could ride four times as long for the same money.

—"Ralph," said a mother to her seven-year-old boy, "you must not interrupt me when I am talking with ladies. You must wait till we stop and then you can talk." "You never stop," said the boy.

—"Does the dentist kiss you when he pulls your teeth, pa?" "No, my son? why?" "Oh, nothing; only he kissed ma, and she said it took the ache all away; and I guess it did, for she laughed all the way home."

—An Englishman was boasting to a Yankee that they had a book in the British Museum which was owned by Cicero. "That ain't nothin'," retorted the Yankee; "in the museum in Boston they've got the lead pencil that Noah used to check of the animals with that went into the ark."

—There was a Presbyterian minister who married a couple of his rustic parishoners, and who felt exceedingly disconcerted, on his asking the bridegroom if he were willing to take the woman for his wedded wife, by his scratching his head and saying. "Ay, I'm wullin' but I rather hae her sister."

—Mike—"It's the Irish that do all the invintin' in these days, sure." Jonathan—"Irish be darned; the Irish don't invent anything to speak of; it's the Americans that invent everything." Mike—"Thin perhaps you can tell me why the Irishman's name, Pat, is always next to the date on all new inventions. Divil of an American name can ye find on wan, at all!"—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

—During a trial for assault in Arkansas, a club, a rock, a rail, an axe-handle, a knife, and a shot-gun were exhibited as "the instruments with which the deed was done." It was also shown that the assaulted man defended himself with a revolver, a scythe, a pitchfork, a chisel, a handsaw, a flail, and a cross dog. They jury decided that they'd have given a dollar apiece to have seen the fight.

—A country rector, going up to preach at Oxford in his turn, complained to Dr. Routh, the venerable Principal of Maudlin, that the remuneration was very inadequate, considering the travelling expenses and the labor necessary for the composition of the discourse. "How much did they give you?" inquired Dr. Routh. "Only five pounds," was the reply. "Only five pounds!" repeated the doctor. "Why, I would not have preached that sermon for fifty."

—A travelling dentist in Australia advertises a new method of extracting teeth, "without the aid of chloroform or laughing gas." When a patient calls upon him for treatment, he places him in a chair and makes a fixture of him with straps and bands. Then he puts the forceps to the bad tooth and gives it a terrific jerk inward. "That," he says, "is the way that Dr. Smith does it." He gives it another yank in the opposite direction, remarking, "And that is the way that Dr. Jones goes to work." By this time the tooth is quite loose. With a gentle pull he forces it out, saying, "But this is the way that I do. Send your friends to me and I'll convince them of the superiority of my method."

—One Sunday, lately, during the afternoon service, a snake about 20 inches long, attracted no doubt by the strains of music, entered the little church at Acton Vale, Que. After gliding down the aisle a few yards it raised its head, and stopped as if charmed and listened. While in this position it received a kick, which sent it across the aisle, somewhat shattered in its nerves. Then a gentleman present went and stamped on it. However it escaped through the pews, and the consternation among the ladies began to be apparent, when the commotion was put an end to by the clergyman leaving the reading desk, seizing and triumphantly bearing the roughly used innocent reptile to the door. As this occurred during the singing of the Canticle, the service was not interrupted.

**For Sale and to Let.**

## FOR SALE.

A House nearly new, completely finished and painted, with Kitchen, Wood-house and Barn attached, all shingled and finished, with three acres of Land well fenced, on which is a Garden and Orchard of Fruit Trees inclosed with board fence. It is situated on the "Chapman Farm" and fronts on the Woodville Road. Good land adjoining sufficient for a small or large farm can be obtained at a low rate. For full particulars and terms of payment, apply to S. W. Palmer, Esq., Dorchester, or to the undersigned on the premises.

JAMES W. BOWSER.
Dorchester, March 2nd, 1881.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

The Premises in Jolicure known as Wry's Corner, consisting of two acres of land, dwelling house, store, outbuildings, &c.

Possession given immediately. Apply to

EDWARD COGSWELL.
Nov. 24th, 1 80.

**Valuable Building Lots**

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at private sale, in lots to suit purchasers, part of the homestead of Christopher Humphrey, late of Sackville, farmer, deceased. This property is situate on the main road, a short ditance from the Station and Wesleyan Academies, and forms an eligible property for investment, Terms liberal; good title given.

WILLIAM MORICE,
Executor and Devisee.
Sackville, Dec. 30, 1879. jan

## Sale of Farm.

THE subscribers will sell at Public Auction, on the premises, on MONDAY, 10th OCTOBER next, at 10 a. m., 100 ACRES of cleared LAND and 40 ACRES under plough, belonging to the Estate of the late Patrick Savage, lying on the Emigrant Road, in the Parish of Botsford. Terms liberal.

WM. SAVAGE,
TIMOTHY SAVAGE, } Executors.
Botsford, July 6th, 1881. 3m

**FOR SALE.**

The subscriber offers for sale his new two-storey Dwelling HOUSE with half an acre of LAND. This valuable property is situated on the road leading to Memramcook in the vicinity of the railway station and all principal business, and commands a beautiful view of the penitentiary and surrounding country.

Terms made known on application to

DEMILL BUCK.
Dorchester, Feb. 14th, 1881.

## Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber will sell the FARM at Wood Point, containing 17 acres, with House and Barn on the same, formerly belonging to Wallace Campbell. Terms liberal. Possession given immediately.

WM. GILLESPIE.
Wood Point, Sept. 30th, 1879.

## THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

**Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.**

In diseases of the pulmonary organs a safe and reliable remedy is invaluable. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is such a remedy, and no other so eminently merits the confidence of the public. It is a scientific combination of the medicinal principles and curative virtues of the finest drugs, chemically united, of such power as to insure the greatest possible efficiency and uniformity of results. It strikes at the foundation of all pulmonary diseases, affording prompt relief and rapid cures, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily. In ordinary **Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh,** the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In **Whooping-cough** and **Consumption** there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

Low prices are inducements to try some of the many mixtures, or syrups, made of cheap and ineffective ingredients, now offered, which, as they contain no curative qualities, can afford only temporary relief, and are sure to deceive and disappoint the patient. Diseases of the throat and lungs demand active and effective treatment; and it is dangerous experimenting with unknown and cheap medicines, from the great liability that these diseases may, while so trifled with, become deeply seated or incurable. Use AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and you may confidently expect the best results. It is a standard medical preparation, of known and acknowledged curative power, and is as cheap, as its careful preparation and fine ingredients will allow. Eminent physicians, knowing its composition, prescribe it in their practice. The test of half a century has proven its absolute certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints not already beyond the reach of human aid.

**Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,**
**Practical and Analytical Chemists,**
**Lowell, Mass.**

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

*Job Work, of every description, neatly done, at low rates at this Office.*