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GERMANS HURLED BACK WITH HEAVY LOSSES; ALLIES AGAIN HAMMERING TURKS' POSITIONS AT GALLIPOLI

Massed Attack on French Along Front of Over Five Miles in Champagne Results in Severe Check for Enemy Who Lost Heavily—Used Troops Brought from Russian Front—Another Big Drive by British and French Looked For Soon—Bulgarians Capture Pirot Which is Key to Nish.

ALLIES RENEW ATTACKS ON DARDANELLES FORTS

Turks Report British and French Warships Increase Activity But Claim Allied Transport Hit by Turkish Shell and Set on Fire.

Paris, Oct. 31, (2.55 p. m.)—German troops in important massed made a thoroughly organized attack last night along a front of nearly five miles in the Champagne district, and were subjected to a serious check, with heavy losses, the French war office announced today. It is asserted that the assaulting forces were hurled back along the entire front of the attack, the front extending from the vicinity of No. 195 to the position of "La Courtine," except that they succeeded in reaching the summit of Butte De Tahure.

Large numbers of dead bodies were left by the Germans upon the battlefield. The infantry engaged in the assault were chiefly troops recently transferred from the Russian front, according to the French official statement which reads as follows:

"The enemy bombardment reported last night in the Champagne developed with great violent on a front of about eight kilometres (about five miles) bounded by the woods on the side of Hill No. 195, Butte De Tahure, the village of Tahure, and the tranches to the south as far as and including the works of 'La Courtine.' This preparation was followed along the entire front by a thoroughly organized attack by important masses of infantry, formed in the major part from troops recently brought up from the Russian front.

"In spite of the vigor of the attack and the extreme ferocity of the assailants, the enemy was again subjected to a serious check. The assaulting waves, decimated by our fire on the entire front, succeeded only in attaining the summit of the Butte De Tahure.

"Everywhere else, and notably before the village, where the fighting was particularly stubborn, the Germans were compelled to fall back into their trenches. They left upon the scene of the struggle a very large number of dead bodies.

"There has been no very important action on the rest of the front"

FOUR ATTACKS ON FRENCH LINE IN ONE DAY

The official statement issued by the war office tonight reads as follows:

"In the course of spirited artillery actions in the region of Lombaertsyde our batteries demolished several enemy observation posts.

"In Artois an artillery duel has continued to the north and to the east of Souchez, being particularly marked in the neighborhood of the Bois-En-Hache.

"To the northeast of Neuville St. Vaast the struggle continues with great obstinacy for the possession of those sections of trenches where the enemy penetrated yesterday. We have retaken part of them.

"In Champagne the Germans, after a fresh artillery preparation, with the employment of large quantities of suffocating shells of large calibre, renewed their attacks in the region to the north of Le Mesnil. They attempted during the course of the day, four successive assaults."

Constantinople, via London, Oct. 31—A shell from a Turkish gun struck one of the transports of the Entente Allies off the Gallipoli peninsula and apparently set the vessel on fire, according to the Turkish official statement, issued by the war office today. The statement says:

"There has been increased activity by the enemy artillery in shelling points on the Dardanelles front. Some enemy vessels participated in the firing.

"Near Anafarta our artillery hit the forepart of a transport which withdrew enveloped in dense smoke. There have been minor events near Ari Warika and Seddul Bahr."

Germans Admit Reverse.

Berlin, Oct. 31.—(Via wireless to Sayville)—The storming of Height No 192, northwest of Tahure in the Champagne district and the capture of 1,100 metres (about 1,200 yards) of French trenches northeast of Neuville south of Souchez in the Artois region, was announced today by the German army headquarters. More than 1,400 French prisoners were taken and four machine guns captured.

"The loss in an attack by a superior force of French of a salient trench north of Les Mesnil in the Champagne is admitted."

Claim Milanovac Captured.

Berlin, Oct. 31.—(Via wireless to Sayville—The capture of Milonovac, more than 40 miles south of the Save river, in Serbia, and an adance by the army of Gen. Von. Gallwitz on both sides of the Morava Valley, was announced officially today. South of Srebrenic the Serbians were thrown from their positions. Six hundred more Serbians have been captured.

Fall of Pirot Admitted by Serbians.

Paris, Oct. 31.—Confirmation of the capture of Pirot by the Bulgarians is contained in an official statement by the Serbian war office, issued under date of Oct. 28 and received here today as follows:

"Severe fighting is continuing on the Moraba front, while the Timok army is taking up a new position n the rear.

"The army defending Pirot was compelled to withdraw behind this city.

"The presence of new Bavarian troops and Austrian mountain formations is reported."

(Continued on page 2)

Greek King Expresses The Sympathy of His People For France

Paris, Oct. 31.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas Agency sends the following under date of October 30:

"Referring to an interview between the French minister and the King yesterday the Cairi, the government organ, says the minister communicated to the King his government's viewpoint as to the development of the situation of the Balkans, and the decision of the Entente Powers regarding the ulterior action of their troops. The King is said to have listened kindly and to have expressed the sympathy of the Greek people for France. The newspapers opposed to the Venizelos party asert that the interview was purely formal, insisting that the diplomatic centre is now Bucharest."

Sir Chas. Tupper Will Be Buried Near His Old Home in Nova Scotia

British Warship Will Convey Remains Across Atlantic and Burial Will be at Amherst—Premier Borden, Hon. Mr. Hazen and Sir Geo. E. Foster Pay Tributes to Last of Fathers of Confederation.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—Sir Charles Tupper is dead. A cablegram from Sir George H. Perley, in London, to Sir Robert Borden, announces the death this morning of Sir Charles Tupper.

Charles Stewart Tupper, of Winnipeg, son of the late James Stewart Tupper, and grandson of the late Sir Charles, succeeds to the baronetcy. He is a son-in-law of Dr. Charles Morse, registrar of the exchequer court of Ottawa, and is about to leave for the front, having obtained a commission in the Cameron Highlanders. Sir Charles Tupper's death occurred at Bexley Heath, England. The official cablegram reads: "Sir Charles Tupper died peacefully this morning."

Ottawa, Ont. 31.—The last of the fathers of Confederation will be brought home to the county he loved so well and to which he gave of all his energy, intellect and enterprise. Sir Charles Tupper will sleep his last sleep in Amherst, his birthplace, the scene of his many politcal battles and victories. To Cumberland county will be brought the war horse of Cumberland; his battles are over, his work is done.

Britain will pay a last tribute to its greatest imperialist of the overseas dominions. That emblem of British imperialism, the mighty navy, will have the honor of bringing home the man who fought the battles for imperial unity. A warship will be sent to convey the remains of the great statesman to Halifax. Twenty years ago the battleship Dominion performed a similar duty when the body of Sir John Thompson was brought from London to the same city.

Canada will give a national funeral to the last of the fathers of confederation. And a grateful nation's tribute will not rest there, but it is understood that a national memorial to the great Nova Scotian, Canadian and Britisher will be erected in the capital. This will be done at once so that it may be completed and unveiled in 1917 on the fiftieth anniversary of the confederation of the provinces in which Sir Charles played a part not even second to Macdonald, Brown or Cartier.

No Canadian Had More Distinguished Career, Premier Borden Says of Him.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—"In Sir Charles Tupper passes away the greatest living Canadian, and the sole survivor of the Fathers of Confederation," said Sir Robert Borden.

"For nearly fifty years he was in the very forefront of public affairs, whether in his native province or in the Dominion.

"Premier of his native province, minister of finance, minister of railways and canals, high commissioner of Canada to London, prime minister of Canada, no Canadian has had a more distinguished public career.

"His remarkable resolution and courage in the face of any difficulty, however appaling, was sufficient to inspire the most doubtful followers. His wonderful vision enabled him to fortell the splendid possibilities of western Canada at a time when his prophecies were derided as airy vaporings He lived to see all such prophecies doubly fulfilled.

"He always placed the interests of country above those of party. On one occasion, when he was leader of the opposition in the federal parliament, I was present when news came to him that the government of the day intended to propose a certain measure which would stimulate the iron and steel industry of Canada. He said, with emphasis, 'I am glad of it, even if it gives them another four years of power.'

"In August last I called upon him at his residence, Bexley Heath, near London. Physically he was very feeble, but his mind was as clear and active as when I first knew him, and his interest in all that concerns the welfare of the Dominion and the Empire was never more active.

"He leaves behind him a notable record and a great name of which Canada will ever be proud."

Hon. Mr. Hazen's Tribute

Special to The Standard

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 31—Hon. J. D. Hazen paid the following tribute to Sir Charles Tupper.

"By the death of Sir Charles Tupper Canada has lost one of its most outstanding figures and the Empire one of its most loyal and distinguished citizens, for the deceased baronet was not only a great Canadian but a statesman of imperial mould and one of the Empire's great nation builders. In no part of Canada will his death be more deeply mourned and regretted than in those Maritime Provinces in one of which he was born and whose interests he always represented so faithfully and well. His conspicuous services to the state will, I am sure, be recognized and appreciated by all for he has been so long removed from active participation in party warfare that no partizan feelings will now influence the thoughts and opinions of his fellow countrymen with respect to his long and illustrious career. But for his loyal and courageous attitude the confederation of the North American provinces would not have taken place when it did, and it is a matter of history that the building of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the linking together of the Canadian provinces from the Atlantic to the Pacific was in large measure due to his energy and courage and his enthusiastic belief in Canada's future and the potentialities of the Canadian west and time has fully justified his optimism.

"Sir Charles politically was as brave as a lion and was never afraid to advocate any cause which he believed in the public interest, however unpoplar it might appear to be at the moment.

"I sat in the House of Commons with him previous to 1896, and can say from intimate knowledge that he was always anxious and willing to assist his friends with the wisest of advice and counsel and was personally one of the most delightful of men. In the language of an eloquent member of the House of Commons used last session in reference to Canada's Prime Minister, he has fully justified his right to occupy a niche in the temple of great Canadians."

Sir Geo. E. Foster

Special to The Standard

Ottawa, Ont., 31—Sir George Foster, the only member of the present cabinet who was in Sir Charles Tupper's cabinet, pays his tribute:

"Sir Charles Tupper's death though not unexpected and following many years of retirement from active public will none the less arrest wide public attention.

"For sixty years he has played a leading part in his native province, in the Dominion of Canada and in the wider councils of the Empire. To few men has it been given to more effectively mould and widely influence public opinion.

"In the early legislation of Nova Scotia, in the preparation for and completion of the scheme of confederation in the rounding out of the smaller union into the broad area of today, in establishing its industrial policy and providing its transport system by land and sea, in shaping the protective and preferential features of its fiscal system, and in laying the foundation of a broad and deep imperialism, his facile pen, his eloquent tongue, his rare courage, and indomitable persistence have been factors unsurpassed in any public man of this Canadian century.

"As a leader he was optimistic almost to a fault, daring almost to rashness, tireless as the hardiest hunter, never lacking in resources, and with it all joining a thoroughness of preparation and wisdom of political conception which carried him triumphantly through situations which would have dismayed and confounded men of smaller parts and lesser courage.

"As a speaker he was forceful to a degree, eloquent in phrase and picturesque in style, always ready in the quick turns of debate and impressive in personality and presentment.

"Taken all in all, we ne'er shall look upon his like again. But he has woven so much of his thought and personality into the fabric of our history that, come what may, Canada will never forget that he has lived, nor cease to feel the benefit of his long and fruitful service. Truly a great and rare figure has passed from the Empire stage."

SERBIA CONFIDENT AND WILL FIGHT TO THE VERY LAST MAN

Paris, Oct. 31 (4.20 p. m.)—Dr. M. R. Vesnitch, Serbian minister to France, on being informed of various reports concerning developments in the Balkans, issued a statement, in which he said:

"The Serbian army, assured of the efficacious aid of the Allies, will fight to the last man. Its chiefs are confident of the future, despite the efforts of the adversary, attacking on three fronts."

BATTALION COMING.

In a telegram to The Standard last night Hon. J. D. Hazen announced that the 52nd Battalion from Port Arthur had been ordered by the Militia Department to proceed to St. John to be stationed here during the winter.

Mr. Hazen promised members of the Board of Trade several weeks ago that a battalion would be here and arrangements to that end were made some time ago.

Operations In Balkan War Zone

London, Oct. 30.—The Saloniki correspondent of the Weekly Despatch, under date of Oct. 28 says:

"The French yesterday occupied the town of Strumitza. The battle began at five o'clock the previous evening, and lasted until 9 o'clock in the evening. The French drove the Bulgarians six miles beyond Strumitza. Thus, they are more than twelve miles from the railway."

Fierce Fighting in Progress.

Paris, Oct. 31.—The Athens correspondent of the Havas News Agency sends the following under date of Oct. 30:

A French official statement announces that there is no change on the French front in the Balkans. Fierce fighting is going on between the Bulgarians and the Serbians. Telegraphic communication between Nish and Saloniki has been interrupted.

More Allied Troops in Near East.

London, Oct. 31.—The Saloniki correspondent of Reuters Telegram Company sends the following despatch:

"The concentration of troops of the Entente Allies at various points, with the object of relieving the pressure on the Serbians, is proceeding. More transports are expected soon, and since the recent torpedoing of the British transport Marquette in the Gulf of Saloniki the precautions against submarines has been increased. (Deletion by censor.) Shipping has been safeguarded in the port of Saloniki, which reports an animated appearance.

The large number of refugees from Serbia and the influx of strangers, together with many officers belonging to the Allied armies, and the Red Cross units, have tended considerably to increase rents and food prices, and there is a shortage of several necessities, especially flour.

Greek King at Saloniki.

Berlin, Oct. 30, via wireless—The Overseas Agency tonight gave out the following item, contained in a despatch from Athens:

"King Constantine of Greece has arrived at Saloniki. He was received by Prince George. The general staff of the Entente troops was not present, in accordance with the king's desire.

HALF BILLION IN WAR ORDERS FOR DOMINION

Important Announcement by Lloyd George's Agent Before Leaving Ottawa.

CANADIAN MUNITIONS COMMITTEE FORMED.

New Body to Replace Shell Commission Will be Directly Under the Control of Lloyd George.

Special to The Standard

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 31—Mr. D. A. Thomas, representative to Canada of Lloyd George, British Minister of Munitions, before leaving for New York today en route for England after five months in this country, stated that about five hundred million dollars would be expended in the Dominion on munitions of war.

The Canadian Munitions Committee has been organized out of the Canadian Shell Committee and it will be directly under the control of Mr. Lloyd George. Members of the old committee who were interested in the manufacture of munitions have been retired and Mr. Lionel Hitchins, one of the British representatives, will be at its head. Before leaving Mr. Thomas issued a statement in which he said he would always look back with the greatest pleasure on the visit and hoped to return before very long to renew his acquaintance with the very many friends whom he had met here and take a hand in the development of the resources of the Dominion which he foresaw would take place in the near future.

Canada was doing well, both in the contribution of men and munitions to the needs of the Empire in this great crisis, and with the orders that had already been placed and the further very large orders that were now being allocated, the capacity of the Dominion though not fully utilized would be heavily drawn upon.

Criticisms of Shell Committee Unfair

Referring to the criticism that had been made on the work of the shell committee, Mr. Thomas said his relations with that body had been of a most friendly character and while it would be idle to deny that they had not always seen eye to eye on questions of policy, their differences have not been in any way personal. He considered that the committee had done excellent work under most difficult and trying circumstances, and more particularly General Bertram, their chairman, had placed the country under a heavy debt of obligation. General Bertram had worked like a Trojan night and day, and given his services freely to the state without fee or reward.

The shell committee was doing an enormous business, the size of which was hardly recognized by the public. It was probably the biggest business in the Empire today. It had grown enormously, almost out of recognition indeed, since its inception twelve months ago and when the small orders first entrusted to it were given out. Under these circumstances, the official announcement made by the Prime Minister on Friday last that he considered the time had arrived when the committee should be re-organized would cause no surprise.

The reconstitution of the committee would be arranged by Mr. Lionel Hitchins, whose wide business experience eminently fitted him for the work. Mr. Hichens had only reached Canada a few days ago and would naturally require a little time to familiarize himself with the position and to form his own judgment of the conditions prevailing before he proceeded actively in the matter. The lines which the reorganization would follow and the personnel of the committee would be determined by Mr. Hichens. The proposal of the Prime Minister was that the committee should be under the direct authority and control of the imperial ministry of munitions.

Mr. Thomas thought he should, in leaving, say that he considers the criticisms that have been levelled against Col. Cantley and other manufacturing members of the shell committee have been unfair and have been based on a misconception of their functions. The executive work of the committee, he said, has been discharged by General Bertram, latterly with the help of Col. David Carnegie. These two gentlemen have been responsible for advising the imperial authorities in the matter of prices and also for the alteration of orders after authorization in respect to covering prices and quantities has been received from London. Col. Cantley and the manufacturers on the committee have acted only in an advisory capacity and in this way their technical knowledge has been of great service. Further, Col. Cantley has expended considerable sums in experiments on shell steel and the results of the experiments have, he understands, been freely placed at the disposal of other manufacturers.

Another fact which should in fairness to the committee be made public, and it is this: General Bertram has in the allocation of orders for component parts made very substantial savings on the covering prices for complete rounds, etc., authorized by the imperial government. These savings already amount to a little short of fifteen million dollars or nearly ten per cent. of the total orders to which savings refer.

He has distributed the orders for the smaller shells in lesser quantities and over a wider field than Mr. Thomas, looking at the matter from the British taxpayers point of view, would have done, but in that General Bertram was guided by a wish to relieve industrial depression prevailing in Canada, over as wide an area as possible.

The profits of the manufacturers have, in Mr. Thomas' judgment, been higher than they were entitled to. This was perhaps difficult to avoid under the circumstances. Anyway, it is past history, as far as Mr. Thomas is concerned, and under the new system of competitive tendering which has now been adopted by the shell committee, or as he would prefer to call it in the future, "The Canadian Munitions Committee" there should in the future be no cause for complaint in this respect.

MORE CANADIAN TROOPS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

The Saxonia and Lapland Reached Other Side Friday With 161 Officers and 4,642 Men.

Ottawa, Oct. 31—The arrival in England of two more Canadian troopships, the Saxonia and the Lapland, with 161 officers and 4,642 men on board, is officially announced.

The Saxonia, which sailed from Canada on October 18, arrived at the English port of disembarkation on Friday last, with the following troops: Fortieth Nova Scotia Battalion, 40 officers and 1,090 men; 41st French-Canadian Battalion, 36 officers and 1,032 men; draft of Fort Garry Horse, 3 officers and 100 men; Royal Canadian Regiment, 2 officers and 67 men; Medical Corps, one officer and 55 men; detail two officers and six men.

The Lapland sailed on the 23rd and arrived in England on Saturday. She carried the following complement: 44th Manitoba Battalion, 36 officers and 1,076 men; 46 Saskatchewan, 36 officers and 1,115 men; draft of mounted rifles, one officer and 50 men; detail, four officers and one man.

Greek King Not Opposed

London, Nov. 1—A despatch to the Daily Telegraph from Bucharest says that last Wednesday at an audience granted Minister of the Interior Jonescu and M. Filipesco, leader of the Conservative party King Ferdinand declared that he was not opposed to the realization of the aspirations of the Roumanian people, and that in this matter he placed himself in the hands of parliament and the government.

WITH 950 ON ROLL 104th FILLING UP QUICKLY

SOLDIERS HAVE OIL STOVES IN THEIR TENTS

Men of 104th in camp are quite comfortable—More officers.

In addition to the officers of the 104th Overseas Battalion, C. E. F., announced by Lieut.-Colonel George W. Fowler at the meeting in Queen's rink on Thursday night, the following officers have been appointed:

Quartermaster, Capt. P. M. Rising.

Machine Gun Officer, Lieut. T. W. Barnes.

Lieut. H. A. Clark and Lieut. E. E. Smith.

A despatch from Sussex last night said: The 64th Battalion will leave Sussex for Halifax in the near future. An advance party will go by a special car, and the balance of the battalion will go on the following evening.

Saturday night's cold rain made it very unpleasant for the men, and the change to more comfortable quarters will be a source of considerable satisfaction.

The 104th Battalion has now in the vicinity of 950 men, and recruits are coming in rapidly. Through the generosity of Lieut.-Colonel Fowler, the soldiers of the 104th are suffering but little inconvenience from the cold and wet, as he has supplied each tent with an oil stove and other comforts which the men greatly appreciate and enjoy.

Lieut. Albert Eveleigh, of the 74th Battalion has been attached to the 104th and reported for duty. Lieut. Brooks of the 104th Battalion, left today for Halifax to take a course to qualify for captain.

Lieut. Corelli, of the R. M. C., Toronto, has been attached to the 104th as instructor.

FOOD SOURING IN STOMACH CAUSES INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" ends all stomach distress in five minutes.

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stubborn lumps; head dizzy and aches; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin and in five minutes you wonder what become of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal limit without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Diapepsin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug store. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gentle and easily that it is really astonishing. Please for your sake, don't go on and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's so unnecessary.

OBITUARY.

Miss Edith McCain.

On Sunday, Oct. 10th, Miss Edith McCain, of Florenceville, N. B., passed away in Calgary, Alberta, where she and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Allison McCain, had spent the past year with Mrs. Harry Saunders, a sister of the deceased. Miss McCain was at first stricken with neuritis, but although her condition was a serious one, good hopes were entertained for her recovery. Before recovering from this, however, she was seized also with pneumonia, and then despite all human aid, she gradually grew weaker until the spirit took its flight. She was in the twenty-fifth year of her age.

Her body was brought to Florenceville for burial and was accompanied by her parents. They arrived on the afternoon of Monday, Oct. 18th, and a large funeral procession accompanied the remains from the station to the family lot, a mile from the village. By the roadside in front of the cemetery, and before the body was laid to rest, a brief but impressive service was conducted by Rev. M. H. Manuel, assisted by Rev. E. C. Jenkins. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Roy Blair, William and Claude McCain, and the hearse was driven by Scott McCain, all cousins of the deceased.

Several months ago Miss McCain made public profession of her faith in Christ. By her kind and cheerful disposition she won a large circle of friends who now deeply sympathize with her parents and sister in their great loss.

Mrs. Mary P. Wetmore.

The death occurred on Saturday of Mrs. Mary Puddington Wetmore, widow of the late John Van Cott Wetmore, in the 81st year of her age. The deceased, who was very well known and highly respected, had been ill about six weeks. She is survived by four sons, W. N., of Seattle; H. E., of Canso, N. S.; W. E., of Springfield, Mass., and Lieut. Percy W., now on duty on Partridge Island with the composite battalion. The funeral will be held this afternoon from the home of Lieut. Wetmore, Lowell street, Lancaster. Service will be in St. George's church.

TWO PRIZES OF WAR ARRIVE AT HALIFAX

An American and a Dutch Steamer Have Been Seized.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 31.—Prize crews from warships have brought two steamers into Halifax. They are the American steamer Hocking and the Dutch steamer Hamborn, both from New York. The sheriff of the Admiralty court has taken charge of both steamers. The Hocking's register was recently changed from Danish to American.

ALLIES RENEW ATLACKS ON DARDANELLES FORTS

(Continued from page 1)

London, Oct. 31.—The Serbian fortress of Pirot, described as the key to Nish, is in the hands of the Bulgarians while the Austro-Germans, advancing from the north, are endeavoring to form a ring around Kraguyevatz, where the Serbian arsenal is situated. Thus, besides endangering both the Serbial war capital and the town where the Serbian munitions are manufactured, the central powers, with Bulgaria, are narrowing the gap through which the Serbian army in the northwest must escape.

Simultaneously, the Austrians are attacking Montenegro to remove, if possible, the danger of having an enemy army on their flank. Little has been said about the fighting between the Austrians and Montenegrins along the Drina river, but apparently it is of a most sanguary character, as it took the Austrians with far superior equipment more than a week to force a crossing of the river at one point alone, that south of Vishegrad.

The Anglo-French troops are firmly established along the southern end of the Nish railway, and crossing into Bulgaria, have occupied the hills surrounding Strumitza, although the capture of that town, which has been reported, is not officially confirmed.

Allied Fleet Hammering Bulgarian Towns.

The allied fleets, too, have again bombarded the Bulgarian towns on the Aegean Sea. While these efforts take some of the strain off heavily tried Serbia, there is no reliable information as to the movement of the greater forces, which, it is hoped, will save her. Reports continue to circulate, chiefly from German sources, of a Russian army which is to march across the Roumania to the rescue. But of the British and French reinforcements no news has been received. It is possible that, in addition to direct assistance, the allies will try indirect means, whereby the Austro-Germans may be prevented from sending reinforcements to Serbia.

Italy, on her part, has already undertaken this by a general offensive, and there is talk of another offensive on the western front. The Germans seem to have anticipated this, as on Saturday night they launched a general attack in Champagne, over a front of about five miles, in an effort to recover ground which the French recently took from them. They succeeded in recapturing the Butte De Tahure, but according to the French accounts, they were repulsed everywhere else, suffering extremely heavy losses, and to the north of Le Mesnil they actually lost one of their own trenches.

As usual, the attack was preceded by an artillery bombardment, and the French report speaks of masses of infantry being decimated. There has also been some fighting in Artois.

Despite the coming of winter, there has been more activity on the Russian front. True, there has been a lull in the fighting in Courland, where the Germans have apparently failed to take Riga or Dvinsk, or to improve to any marked degree their positions It is believed that they are preparing for another drive. It must be made soon, as snow is already falling, and the movement of heavy artillery is becoming more difficult.

Along the Styr the Germans are engaged in a counter offensive, and have recovered some territory which General Ivanoff took from them. Further south in Galicia the Russians have returned to the offensive, and according to Vienna, have made unsuccessful attempts to cross the Stripa.

The Turks report increased activity of the allied artillery and warships in the Dardanelles.

GOEBEN AND BRESLAU, BACK IN ACTION, ATTACK A RUSSIAN SQUADRON?

London, Oct. 30—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company sends the following:

"A private message received in Berlin from Bucharest says the Turkish warships Breslau, Goeben and Hamidieh attacked in the Black Sea, a Russian squadron of three battleships and several cruisers and destroyers. The result of the battle is not known."

The Breslau and Goeben, which were formerly German cruisers, have been renamed the S. Midulleu and Sultan Selim respectively.

Russian Warship Lost?

Berlin, Oct. 31, via wireless to Sayville—"A Turkish submarine attacked a Russian fleet in the western part of the Black Sea and torpedoed a battleship of the Panteleimon type," a Turkish official statement under date of Oct. 27 declares, according to an announcement by the Overseas News Agency today.

In a Russian communication issued on Oct. 28 in which an account was given of the bombardment of Varna, on the Bulgarian Black Sea coast by a Russian fleet it was stated that a Russian wireless station had picked up a telegram from a German station to Constantinople, asserting that a German submarine attack had resulted in "seriously damaging a Russian battleship of the Panteleimon type." The Russian statement declared this report was utterly without foundation, and that the fleet had returned to Sebastopol without sustaining the least damage. Submarines had attacked the fleet while it was bombarding Varna, but had been driven off without the Russians suffering any losses, the statement asserted.

CORONATION FESTIVITIES IN JAPAN BEGIN

Emperor Will Formally Occupy Throne of Nippon on Nov. 10th — Entertains Royal Princes and Diplomatic Corps.

Tokio, Oct. 31—A brilliant celebration today of the birthday of Emperor Yoshihito ushered in the coronation season, the most notable event of which will occur on Nov. 10, when the Emperor will formally accede to the throne of Nippon. The Emperor gave a luncheon in the palace to the royal princes and princesses and the diplomatic corps tonight. This was followed by a dinner given by Baron Kikujiro Ishii, minister of foreign affairs, the reception being attended by many Americans, it was decided last night to cancel the arrangements for a review of troops by the Emperor.

NINE PERSONS PUT TO DEATH IN BELGIUM ON CHARGE OF ESPIONAGE

London, Oct. 30.—Nine persons who were convicted on October 26, of espionage in Belgium were executed yesterday, according to the Amsterdam correspondent of Reuters who says this information was received in an official communication from Berlin. Ten other persons, including three women, were sentenced to penial servitude, it is stated.

TWO RECRUITS AT FINE MEETING IN ST. STEPHEN

Special to The Standard.

St. Stephen, Oct. 31.—The Bijou Theatre was filled to capacity at a mass meeting for recuriting purposes this evening at the close of the services in the churches. The chair was taken by G. W. Ganong, and seats on the platform were occupied by the Protestant clergy of the town, Premier Clarke, R. W. Grimmer, M. L. A., Mayor Balkam, of Milltown, Mayor Grimmer of St. Stephen; Major Laughlin and Captain Ryder.

Captain Rev. T. Harrison, chaplain of the 64th Battalion, who has conducted meetings in Campobello and Deer Island during the week with success, was heard in one of the most eloquent addresses ever delivered in the town. Major Laughlin also appealed to the young men of the town to enlist in the 104th Battalion.

Only two recruits were secured but the address of the chaplain left a deep impression that cannot fail to bear fruit before long. The men who signed on are William Towers and Ralph Webber, both of St. Stephen.

Held for Examination.

Ernest Kaminski, an eighteen-year-old German, was given quarters in a cell at police headquarters Saturday night and is being detained for examination by the officials.

Clarence Jameson, M. P. of Digby, N. S., was in the city yesterday at the Royal. He will leave for his home this morning.

VON TIRPITZ IN BAD GRACES OF THE KAISER

Head of German Navy who Fathered Submarine Warfare Against Innocents, No Longer Favorite with Emperor.

Amsterdam, Oct. 30—The Rotterdam newspaper Maasbode says that Admiral Von Tirptz, German minister of marine, has fallen into disgrace with Emperor William.

GEN. JOFFRE BACK IN FRANCE

London, Oct. 31, (6,40 p. m.)—Gen. Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, concluded his visit to England and returned to France Saturday night.

OLD LANDMARK IN WOODSTOCK IS WIPED OUT BY FIRE

Special to The Standard.

Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 31.—Glidden's stable, an old land mark, that has escaped numerous big fires, now owned by Arthur F. Glidden, was destroyed by fire tonight, fire breaking out in the hay mow about 10 o'clock. All the horses, harness and wagons were removed.

The night was free from wind which helped in saving the Victoria Hotel, Salvation Army Citadel and adjoining building.

The Daily Fashion Hint.

Tan cloth military suit adorned with tan braid. The skirt is held out by an overbinding fold. Tan hat with crown of fancy braid.

OLDER BOYS' CONFERENCE

Interesting session held during last few days—Some good advice.

The conference for older boys which has been in progress in the city since Friday came to a conclusion with a meeting in Leinster street Baptist church yesterday afternoon

The meetings were particularly successful and were well attended.

The first session was on Friday night when Dr. Brown, field secretary of the International Sunday School Association, took the delegates on a short trip to the Philippines. He spoke of the language and customs of the country and urged the boys to higher attainments.

Another session opened Saturday morning at 9.30 o'clock when Rev. J. C. B. Appel led the devotional exercises and gave a short address on each boy finding his own duty and keeping to it.

Aubrey Armstrong was elected president, Sam McCavour first vice-president, Rupert Irvine second vice-president, Horace Wetmore, secretary. Dr. Brown gave an address on the officers of an organized Bible class needs and the necessary qualifications.

P. J. Legge of the Y. M. C. A. gave a general efficiency test and the reasons for which they were inaugurated. H. D. Bonk, physical director of the Y. M. C. A., described the physical standard and made a number of good suggestions about carrying it out. T. H. Hutchison, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. gave a demonstration of charting by tests.

The Saturday afternoon session was held in the Y. M. C. A. building at 2.30. Rev. R. J. Haughton led the devotional exercises and spoke on living up to the highest mark possible. Following this were instructive ten minute papers by boys.

"Educational value of attending church and Sunday school."—Sam McCavour.

"How to hold boys in the Sunday school"—Paul Cross.

"What a boys' class can do"—Kenneth Willett.

After half an hour's discussion T. H. Hutchison repeated the demonstration of charting by the C. S. E. tests for the leaders of organized Bible groups. Meanwhile some of the other delegates went down to the gymnasium and tried some of the tests and demonstrated some group games while the others watched.

In the evening at 6.15 supper was served in the Y. M. C. A. by the Young Ladies' Aid. After the supper and some popular songs the following toasts were drunk:

"Our King and Empire," proposed by Charles Kee and responded to by Lawrence Manning.

"Our Job," proposed by Kenneth Seeley and responded to by Alex. McIntosh.

"The Ladies," proposed by Fred Stevens and responded to by Pearl Britney.

Rev. H. A. Cody gave a helpful and instructive address on the full type of manhood. The meeting broke up by singing the national anthem.

On Sunday morning the delegates attended the regular boys' Sunday morning meeting in the Y. M. C. A. before attending church.

On Sunday afternoon the last meeting was held in the school room of the Leinster street Baptist church. Rev. J. A. MacKeigan opened the service with prayer. Dr. Brown gave a fine address on the subject "What kind of a man are you going to be?" This last meeting was certainly the most important for the delegates as it was a pressing invitation to each to take a forward step in his life.

Had Palpitation OF THE HEART ALSO WEAK and DIZZY SPELLS.

When the heart begins to palpitate it will beat fast for several seconds, then slow, then start to flutter, and a feeling of utter depression will come over your whole system, accompanied by weak, fainting and dizzy spells, and if you should happen to wake up in the night with your heart palpitating, and that "all gone" sinking sensation, you feel as if you were surely going to die.

When you feel this way, you may be sure that both your heart and nerves are out of order, and what you require is a real good heart and nerve tonic; one that will build up and strengthen both the heart and nerve system.

For this purpose nothing can equal Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Mrs. J. S. Nicholls, Listowel, Ont., writes: "I was weak and run down, my heart would palpitate, and I would take weak and dizzy spells. A friend advised me to take your Heart and Nerve Pills, so I started at once, and found that I felt much stronger, and my heart was ever so much better in a short time. I cannot praise your medicine too highly for it has done me a world of good. My husband has also been bothered with heart trouble, ever since childhood, and finds great relief by using your valuable pills."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50 cents per box, 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT - TUESDAY - WEDNESDAY

"THE SHEPHERD OF THE HILLS"

From Harold Bell Wright's Famous Novel

Usual Popular Prices - Souvenir Matinee Wed.

By Attending Matinees You Will Avoid a Rush

IMPERIAL THEATRE

The Home of Supreme Pictures

GERALDINE FARRAR

Grand Opera Prima Donna

IN PROSPER MERRIMEE'S

"CARMEN"

Immortalized in Music by Bizet

PEOPLE IN THE PLAY:

Carmen, Spanish Gypsy, tool for Smugglers .. .. Geraldine Farrar
Don Jose, Soldier, object of Carmen's Wiles .. .. Wallace Reid
Pastia, Tavern keeper and smuggler .. .. H. B. Carpenter
Escamillo, Carmen's lover and Toreador .. .. Pedro de Cordoba
Morales, An officer of the Guard, ... William Elmer

Scenes in the Story—Seashore Hillsides of Spain, Smugglers' Haunts, Pastia's Tavern, The Breach in the Wall, Entrance to the Plaza del Toros, Seville, The Bull-Ring, Spirited Bull-Fight.

EXQUISITE MUSICAL SETTING BY THE IMPERIAL'S ORCHESTRA

First Time This Picture Shown in Canada

"THE GODDESS" — Chap. 10

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

Shows Start at 2 p. m., 3,30, 6.45 and 8.30 o'clock

KING'S DAUGHTERS' CONVENTION HERE

Miss Ella L Thorne elected president — Satisfactory reports presented.

The New Brunswick branch of the International Order of the King's Daughters and Sons met on Saturday for the biennial convention of that branch, there being both morning and afternoon sessions. Some of the reports could not be presented owing to the limited time available. Among other important business transacted was the adoption of a constitution and the election of officers and central council members for the coming two years. All the visiting delegates were from Fredericton. They were Miss Ella L. Thorne, Miss Jean Cooper, Mrs. C. C. Jones, Miss Sherman, Miss Stella Sherman, Mrs. McVey, Miss Alice Perley Mrs. D. Lee Babbitt, the Countess of Ashburnham, Mrs. T. H. Colter, Miss Isabel R. Everett, Miss Annie P. Ferguson, Miss Beertha Harvey, Miss Hazel K. Palmer, Mrs. F. A. Barbour.

Helpful Addresses.

Miss Ella L. Thorne, president of central council members, was in the chair at both sessions.

Miss Thorne's address teemed with helpful suggestions, carefully chosen Bible references and beautiful poetry which she used skilfully to emphasize her points.

Mrs. McVey of Fredericton was elected to act as recording secretary in the absence of that officer. Greetings were received from Miss A. M. Brown, Dominion president, and from Mrs. M. S. Savage, president of the Ontario branch.

An address of welcome was made by Mrs. Kirkpatrick, president of the St. John City Union of The King's Daughters, and the Countess of Ashburnham replied on behalf of the visiting delegates.

The report of the president and national council member, Miss Ella L. Thorne, indicated a steady growth of the order—one new circle and 92 new members having been added during the last three years, making 10 circles with a membership of 344.

The constitution which had been prepared by the executive was adopted practically without change.

The visiting delegates were entertained by The King's Daughters of St. John to lunch at the Clifton House.

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session was opened with a Bible reading by Mrs. W. H. Nice.

It was decided by the convention to devote the sum of $22 to buying chocolate for the soldiers at the front.

Encouraging reports were read from the St. John City Union by Miss Etta Barlow; the ministering circle, Fredericton, by Mrs. D. Lee Babbitt and Miss Alice Perley, and the Golden Rule Circle, Fredericton, by Miss Jean Cooper.

The balloting resulted in the following elections: President, Miss Ella L. Thorne; recording secretary, Mrs. O. L. Barbour; member of central council, Miss Ella L. Thorne; additional members of the executive, Mrs. J. S. Flaglor, Mrs. J. F. Bullock, Mrs. Puddington, Mrs. George Dishart and Mrs. Frank Likely, of St. John, and Miss Jean Cooper, Mrs. C. C. Jones, Mrs. F. A. Barbour and Mrs. B. C. Foster, of Fredericton.

An invitation to hold its next session in Fredericton, was extended to the convention and accepted. The convention closed with a prayer by Mrs. J. S. Flaglor, followed by the National Anthem.

NORTH SHORE MAN WOUNDED

W. McDonald, of Loggieville, Only New Brunswick Man in Casualty Lists Issued Yesterday.

Ottawa, Oct. 31—Two casualty lists were issued by the Militia Department today. Both are considerably shorter than those of the past week and the name of only one New Brunswick man is mentioned. W. McDonald of Loggieville, N. B., member of the 15th Battalion, is reported wounded.

Rusty Knives

When knives become rusty put the blades in sweet oil half an hour, then plunge them up and down in garden soil several times. Polish with fine emery cloth to make the blades brilliant.

DIED.

WETMORE—In this city, on October 30th, Mary Puddington, widow of the late John Van Cott Wetmore, in the 81st year of her age, leaving four sons to mourn their loss.

Funeral from the residence of her son, P. W. Wetmore, Lowell street, Lancaster, this, Monday, afternoon at 2.45 o'clock, to St. George's George's church. (No flowers by request.)

EAT LESS MEAT IF BACK HURTS

Take a glass of Salts to flush Kidneys if bladder bothers you.

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity; also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

IT ALIAN

Sir Chas. Tu The Father Passed Au

One of Most Distinguished Amherst, N.S., in 182 Sat in House of Com ed Sir Mackenzie Bo

HIS DISTINGUISHED CAREER.

—:—

- Born—July 2, 1821, at Amherst, N. S.
- Graduated M. D. at Edinburgh —1843.
- Married—1846.
- First elected Member for Cumberland, N. S., for Local Assembly—1855.
- Became Premier of Nova Scotia —1864.
- Delegate to Confederation Conferences—1867.
- Sworn to Privy Council of Canada—1870.
- Became Minister of Customs— 1873.
- Created K. C. M. G.—1879.
- Created G. C. M. G.—1886.
- Leader of Conservative Opposition—1896-1900.
- Prime Minister of Canada— 1896.
- Created Privy Councillor—1908.
- Died—Oct. 30, 1915.

The last survivor of the Fathers of Confederation, the Right Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., P. C., C. B., K. C. M. G., G. C. M. G., M. A., Hon. LL. D., Cambridge, Edinburgh, Acadia and Queens; M. D., was born July 2, 1821 at Amherst, N. S., the son of the late Rev. Charles Tupper, D. D., and of Miriam Lockhart Low, of Parrsboro, N. S.

The Tupper family were among the first settlers in Nova Scotia, the father of Sir Charles settling at Amherst, where the great statesman was born. The members of this branch of the family are direct descendants of Thomas Tupper, who emigrated to America in 1635, landing at Sangus, (now Lynn), Massachusetts. Sir Charles Tupper's grandmother was a woman of extraordinary talents. A number of descendants have been distinguished for their gifts, and especially for their aptitude for acquiring languages. Among them was the father of Sir Charles, who, in addition to his other remarkable endowments, had this special gift of languages.

Sir Charles was educaaed at the different schools of Amherst, and at Horton Academy. After graduating there he took up the study of medicine and graduated M. D. at Edinburgh in 1843. In the same year he was admitted a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, and commenced practice in his native county. From the beginning his superior talents, dominant personality and efficiency in his profession attracted attention. In his twelve years of practice, before he was called into the sphere of politics, mountainous obstacles became a level plain, and toil and exposure the highest enjoyment. With a spirit that knew no discouragement, saw no difficulties, and a body well seasoned by those twelve years of labor, he carefully examined the political arena into which he was invited as a contestant.

Three years after his graduation the young practitioner married Frances, daughter of Silas H. Morse, of Amherst, N. S., and to them were born three sons and one daughter.

Defeated Joseph Howe in 1855.

At the general elections of 1855, Dr. Tupper was elected as member for Cumberland to the Local Assembly, his victory being a notable one, for he defeated the late Hon. Joseph Howe, then leader of the Liberal party in Nova Scotia, and afterwards Lieutenant-Governor of the Province. On entering Parliament, the new member, conscious, it is said, of the weak points in the old Conservative programme, drew up and was allowed by his superiors to adopt a new and more prorgessive policy. It is also recorded of him that, like Disraeli, he educated his party, he brought them to take a more comprehensive view of affairs, and attracted to himself the more moderate men of the other side, and with so much effect, that, in the following year, the reconstructed party came into power, and 'the young doctor" as he was called, became Provincial Secretary.

From that time till the confederation of the provinces, he was, perhaps, the most prominent figure in local politics, having succeeded to the premiership in 1864. The conspicuous part he bore in the accomplishment of Confederation is well known. He attended the Charlottetown and Quebec conferences, and afterwards went to England, where the matter was finally settled at the Westminster Palace Hotel conferences.

For his services he was created a C. B. On the formation of the first government he was invited to take office, but declined in favor of Sir Edward Kenny, despite the honor, in order to devote himself to the better interests of the country, and to meet obstacles arising in other provinces of the Dominion. But his self-repression did not keep him long out of the Cabinet. He was sworn to the Privy Council in June, 1870, as President of the

ITALIANS WIN TRENCHES IN BAYONET CHARGE

Sir Chas. Tupper, The Last of The Fathers of Confederation, Passed Away Saturday in England

One of Most Distinguished Statesmen Canada Has Produced — Born in Amherst, N.S., in 1821, Entered Nova Scotia Legislature in 1855 and Sat in House of Commons Until 1870—Knighted in 1879—Succeeded Sir Mackenzie Bowell as Premier.

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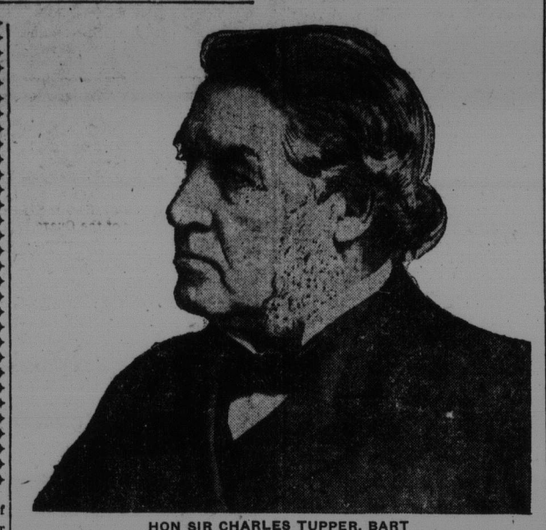

HON SIR CHARLES TUPPER, BART

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For his services he was created a C. B. On the formation of the first government he was invited to take office, but declined in favor of Sir Edward Kenny, despite the honor, in order to devote himself to the better interests of the country, and to meet obstacles arising in other provinces of the Dominion. But his self-repression did not keep him long out of the Cabinet. He was sworn to the Privy Council in June, 1870, as President of the Council, an honor, which, it was conceded, he fully deserved. Transferred to the Department of Inland Revenue in July 1872, he succeeded Sir Leonard Tilley as Minister of Customs in the early portion of 1873, and was still holding that office when the Macdonald administration resigned in the autumn of that year.

During the five years that the Conservative party was in opposition, Sir Charles, then Dr. Tupper, was Sir John A. Macdonald's principal organizer and adviser, and to no one was the Conservative party more indebted than to him for their retun to power in 1878. While in opposition he elaborated and brought before parliament the scheme of moderate protection for home industries known as the "National Policy," which was subsequently adopted and put into force.

In the new administration he became Minister of Public Works and afterwards created the Department of Railways and Canals, and was its first Minister. In 1879 he was created Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, an honor which was followed in 1886 by the bestowal of the Order of Knight Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George. In 1886 he was created Baronet and in 1908 a Privy Councillor.

As Minister of Railways and Canals he carried out the policy of the government in reference to the enlarging of the Welland Canal, the deepening of the St. Lawrence Channel, the improvement of the Intercolonial Railway, and the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. He retired from the ministry in 1884, and up to 1887 was the representative of the Dominion of Canada in London as High Commissioner. In January, 1896, he entered the Bowell administration as Secretary of State and on the retirement of Sir Mackenzie Bowell shortly afterwards, became Prime Minister of Canada.

Retired in 1900.

The Conservatives were defeated at the general elections in that year and Sir Charles became leader of the opposition till 1900, when, meeting defeat in his own constituency, he retired from public life. Since his retirement he has spent his time partly in Canada, at Vancouver, where his son Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper resides, and partly in England, where he has made his home at The Mount, Bexley Heath, Kent. For the past few years Sir Charles has been steadily growing more feeble in body, but even at ninety after a life of ceaseless activity, he took a keen interest in the affairs of the world, particularly in the political fortunes of the great Dominion in the shaping of whose destiny he played such a conspicuous part.

His last public appearance was at a dinner a few days before the coronation of King George, held in the Westminster Palace Hotel, London, in the very room, forty-four years before, the fifteen framers of the Confederation Act had passed upon the final draft of the agreement which made Canada a united Dominion. At this dinner, which was attended by Lord Strathcona and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, reference was made to the fact that Sir Charles was the last survivor of the Fathers of Confederation.

Sir Charles Tupper could give his attention to small undetakings even to their minutest details, but he could also seize national subjects of the largest proportions, of world-wide application and thoroughly examine them to the last analysis, never confusing one part with the other, never obscure, always clear, forceful and emphatic. His insight, passion and concentration were phenomineal. His plans were often far outreaching and daring, but never visionary or fanciful—always rational.

In this respect there has been no actor in Canadian history his superior. He waited not for occasions—he made them. In his acts of intrepid initation he was not ignorant of the swinging of the political pendulum. He saw no terror in the opposition benches; through the heat and dust of battle he discerned the goal, the accomplishment of a great purpose. The fear of man, fear that sometimes engenders submission or cowardice, was to him a mere sound, utterly without meaning. His courage was leonine and unyielding. Accumulations of the knowledge of Canadian and Imperial politics were packed away in his capacious memory, ever ready to serve him both in private and in public life.

The two aims Sir Charles always kept in view as a loyal subject to his sovereign, and as a jealous guardian of the honr of his people, have been the strengthening of the golden link which connects England with the first and greatest of her colonies, and the holding aloft of the standard of right of the nation, so that she may prove herself worthy of the proud position she has made her own.

The seeming incredibilities his great mind foresaw in the direction of a great Canada have been turned into realities. In 1860 a lecture on "The Political Condition of British North America" was delivered by Dr. Tupper in several towns of Nova Scotia. Of striking interest at the present time is the prediction contained in the following passage from his lecture:

"Who could doubt that under these circumstances, with such a federation of the five provinces (to which ultimately the great Red River and the Saskatchewan country might be added) as would give us the position due to our extensive resources and intelligent population, untrammeled either by slavery or the ascendancy of any dominent church—almost the last country where civil and religious liberty exists, British America, stretching from the Atlantic to the Pacific, would in a few years present to the world a great and powerful organization with British institutions, sympathies and feelings, bound indisolubly to the throne of England by a community of interests, and united to it by the Vice-royalty of one of the promising sons of our beloved Queen."

When Dr. Tupper was thus looking forward to a confederated Canada, administered by a son of Queen Victoria, the first Dominion Day was still seven years in the future, and the Duke of Connaught, now Governor-General, was a boy of ten years.

The funeral of Mrs. John H. Robinson, formerly of Moncton, took place on Saturday from Lancaster Heights. Burial services were conducted by Rev. Walter P. Dunham, and interment took place in Cedar Hill.

Piles

That Dr. Chase's Ointment actually cures even the worst cases of itching, bleeding and protruding piles we know for a certainty, because of experience with thousands of cases.

To prove this to you we shall send you a sample box free, if you enclose a two-cent stamp to pay postage, and mention this paper.

Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

NEW FRENCH CABINET HOLDS FIRST MEETING

New Premier pays tribute to Viviani for splendid example of patriotism in foregoing personal distinction for good of country.

Paris, Oct. 30—Premier Briand presented to President Poincare, at the palace of the Elysee, this morning, the members of the new cabinet. Immediately thereafter the first formal meeting of the cabinet was held, for an exchange of views of the diplomatic and military situation.

A meeting will be held on Monday to decide upon the terms of the ministerial declaration to parliament which will be submitted to President Poincare at a meeting with the cabinet on Tuesday. In presenting his colleagues to the President today, M. Briand paid a tribute to the abnegation of former Premier Viviani, whose cooperation, he said, would be of the highest value in assuring the success of the new combination. M. Poincare also expressed appreciation of M. Viviani's attitude.

It was agreed that Charles De Freycinet, vice president of the cabinet, should have the place of honor at the right hand of President Poincare at the cabinet table. Emil Combes will sit at the President's left hand. The premier will have the place opposite the President.

PUT TAX ON THE MUNICIPALITIES TO AID PATRIOTIC FUND

York and Sunbury Counties consider the question.

Special to The Standard

Fredericton, Oct. 31—A proposal was made at a public meeting held at city hall on Saturday of representatives of York county, city of Fredericton and Sunbury county to raise $25,000 to carry on the work of the Patriotic Fund in this district next year by assessment upon three municipalities according to valuation. The scheme will probably be submitted to the governing bodies of the municipalities for endorsation.

The services marking the 100th anniversary of the establishment of the Baptist denomination in Fredericton closed tonight at Brunswick street United Baptist church with a sermon by Rev. A. F. Newcombe, giving a complete and comprehensive historical sketch of the work of Baptists in this community during the century and tracing its growth from a small beginning to influential and powerful state of a denomination in Fredericton at present.

The 36th Battery members had their first church parade today. There were three parades, one for Christ Church Cathedral, another for St. Paul's Presbyterian church and a third for St. Dunstan's Roman Catholic church.

Gunner Charles Guthro of the 36th Battery has a son, Private Levi Guthro, with the 25th Nova Scotia battery in Flanders.

MY TERRIBLE HACKING AND SPLITTING COUGH WAS ENTIRELY CURED BY DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

Mrs. Clara Jackson, Huntsville, Ont., writes us under date of January 12th, 1915. "I take great pleasure in writing you concerning Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Last winter I contracted a very bad cough which troubled me all through the summer. This winter I started to take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and after taking three bottles I can truthfully say that I fell like another woman. "The terrible hacking and splitting cough, and the dry sensation in my throat is entirely cured. I would certainly recommend it to anyone troubled with bronchitis or lung trouble. I have not words too grateful to give you."

All obstinate coughs and colds yield quickly to the action of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, combining as it does all the ling healing virtues of the Norway pine tree, and the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other excellent herbs, roots and barks.

"Dr. Wood's" has been on the market for the past twenty-five years, and we claim that it is the best cure for a cough or cold that you can possibly procure. The thousands of testimonials we have received prove that our claim is right.

All we ask you is to see that you get "Dr. Wood's" when you ask for it, and don't accept some no-account substitute.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price, 25c and 50c.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

British Mine Sweeper Sunk in Collision, 100 Men of Crew Missing

Collided with another warship off Gallipoli Peninsula—Built in 1905 and carried 250 men beside crew

London, Oct. 30.—The British mine sweeper Hythe, has been sunk in a collision off the Gallipoli peninsula, Turkey, and 100 men are missing, according to an Admiralty announcement this afternoon.

The announcement was made today in an official statement: "During the night of Oct. 28-29, H.M.S. Hythe, an auxiliary sweeper, Lieut. Commander Arthur Bird, was sunk after being in collision with another of His Majesty's ships off the Gallipoli peninsula.

"At the time of the collision she had on board about 250 men in addition to her crew. One hundred are reported missing."

The Hythe was a merchant vessel taken over by the Admiralty for naval uses. She was a steamer of 509 tons gross, built in 1905 at Dumbarton.

Austrians Mowed Down In Attempt to Beat Back Italian Attack

Rome, Oct. 30.—The following official statement from general headquarters was issued tonight:

"The enemy's resistance on the Col Di Lana of Cordevole Heights is in process of weakening, owing to the repeated blows of our offensive.

"On the morning of Oct. 28 our troops attacked on the summit of Salesei (2,200 metres), a pivot of the enemy's defence, consisting of a redoubt and several rows of trenches. The enemy's lines of defence having been destroyed by our artillery our infantry threw themselves forward with bayonets, capturing the defences and taking 277 prisoners from the imperial chasseurs, of whom nine were officers. Our troops also captured nine machine guns, and a large quantity of war material.

"In the Monte Nero zone the enemy, on the night of Oct. 28 renewed his attack on our lines on the Vodil, and succeeded, after a hard struggle, in taking a part of them by assault. On the following morning our Alpine troops, by a violent counter-attack, retook the lost trenches and made fifty-seven prisoners, of whom one was an officer.

"In the Zagora section the enemy, in trying to drive us back, was mowed down by the accurate fire of our artillery. Progress of our troops in the heights of Podgora continues, although the enemy offers fierce resistance through the concentration of his big guns and the liberal use of asphyxiating bombs.

"On the Carso we have taken, by assault, another trincone (grand trench) in Monte San Michele zone, taking seventy-six prisoners, of whom two were officers. In the centre we have occupied small trenches and maintained progress, in spite of numerous enemy counter-attacks."

TRYING TO GET VESSELS TO TAKE NEW BRUNSWICK PRODUCTS TO ENGLAND

Provincial Government has taken matter in hand—Admiralty may release some ships for purpose early in year.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Oct. 31.—The Provincial Government is making an effort to secure better shipping facilities for manufacturers in New Brunswick, and more particularly for lumber merchants on the North Shore of the province.

While in Ottawa last week Premier Clarke interviewed members of the Federal government with a view to having some of the vessels recently released by the British Admiralty utilized at New Brunswick ports and become engaged in carrying a portion of unshipped lumber from North Shore to British ports.

There is a large amount of manufactured lumber on the North Shore unshipped, present freight rates being practically prohibitive, and it was thought that some arrangement could be made to have ships released by the Admiralty to carry this lumber at more moderate freight rates.

Premier Clarke was informed, however, that all these vessels will be engaged in carrying munitions and food supplies until the first of the new year at least, after which there is some prospect that some of them may be available.

Some further action may be taken in the matter at the meeting of the provincial government which opens here on Tuesday.

Customs returns given out by Collector L. C. MacNutt, show that duty collected during the month of October was $4,688.97, an increase of $972.13 over the same month last year.

REOPEN DORCHESTER SCHOOLS TODAY

Special to The Standard.

Dorchester, N. B., Oct. 31.—The situation caused by the prevalence of typhoid fever has greatly improved. There have been no new cases reported in the last twelve days. The school board has summoned the teaching staff back and all the schools will be opened tomorrow, November 1, after being closed for more than five weeks. All the sick so far as we can learn are making satisfactory progress toward recovery.

JAPAN AGAINST A MONARCHY IN CHINA JUST YET

Asks United States to use influence to have change deferred until European War ends.

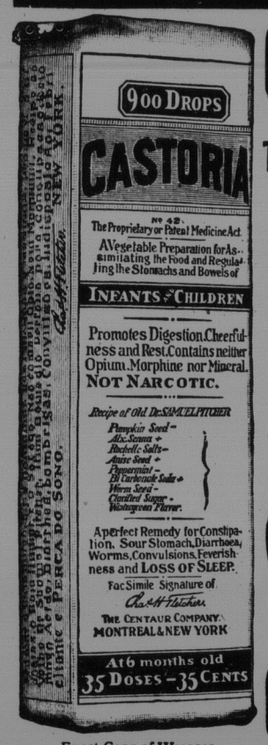
Tokio, Oct. 30.—The Japanese government has requester the American government to give its support in the representations which are being made at Peking for the purpose of postponing re-establishment of a monarchy in China until the European war is ended. Japan's policy was decided upon after consultation with Great Britain. The conversation began while Baron Ishi was in London several weeks ago, on his way from Paris, where he had served as Japanese ambassador to Tokio to assume the foreign affairs portfolio.

There is much interest here in the attitude of Germany in regard to the form of China's government. Contradictory reports have been received here concerning the position taken by German diplomats at Peking.

How Peking Government Views the Matter.

Peking, Oct. 30.—The Japanese government October 16, communicated to the Entente Powers and the United States a request that they act with it in attempting to bring about postponement of a change in the form of Chinese government. The United States and France abstanied from participation in the steps taken at Peking by Japan, Great Britain and Russia.

This phase of the situation is causing much speculation among Chinese officers some of whom express the belief that France and the United States are not willing to follow Japanese leadership in orinetal politics.



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REGAL Table Salt

is not affected by climate or weather changes. It never gets damp—never clogs the shaker—but is always dry and free running.

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The St. John Standard

Published by The Standard Limited, 82 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

H. V. MacKINNON, Managing Editor. ALFRED E. McGINLEY, Editor.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved"—H. M. The King.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THANK GOD FOR THE "COMMON BOYS."

The following story has reached this office:

"Two ladies, leaders in a certain fashionable set, were standing together in a local business establishment the other afternoon. The afternoon papers contained the names of several members of the 26th New Brunswick Battalion who had been killed on the battle lines in France. Reference was made to the casualty lists, and the older of the ladies asked the younger, her daughter, as to the identity of those killed or hurt. The younger replied: 'Oh, they were only common boys, no one we know!'"

The Standard regrets that the foregoing is authentic, and apologizes to its readers for its publication. But it appears that in this case publicity is desirable. We know that the statement quoted does not represent the feelings of the very large majority of the women of St. John; in fact, we are prepared to say that ninety-nine out of every one hundred woud instantly repudiate it.

"Only common boys," therefore, not worthy of notice. Did it occur to that young woman that it was the sacrifice of those "common boys" that made it possible for her and every other man and woman in St. John to live in comfort and security? Did it occur to her, that every young man in this country who has cast aside family ties, the responsibilities and pleasures of civil life and donned the levelling khaki is a hero infinitely to be preferred to the dressed automatons who have not yet realized the duty or the responsibility of their alleged manhood? Some of the men who marched away from their homes at the call of Empire might make sorry spectacles in that young woman's reception room; they might not be familiar with the latest dancing steps, or the approved methods of passing tea, but they were men, every one of them—and on the battlefield, to the accompaniment of whistling shells and death in horrid form have done men's work. Can the young woman who did not even trouble to mention their names because they were "only common boys, no one we know," say as much for some of her friends?

Thank God for the common boys, the boys who did not hesitate when the call came to do their duty as it presented itself. St. John is proud of every one of them and will not fail to manifest that pride and gratitude when the time comes even though they may not be on Miss ———'s visiting list. The very fact that a remark such as that quoted at the outset of this article could be made by any St. John woman is, however, plain evidence that all the missionary or educational effort should not be devoted to the heathen in foreign lands. There are, unfortunately, a few benighted ones in our own city to whom the light should come. Again Thank God for the "Common Boys."

SIR CHARLES TUPPER.

Although personally known to but few of the present generation of Canadians the memory of Sir Charles Tupper, who died on Saturday, will rank with that of the greatest of the sons of this Dominion and his achievements, first, as one of the prime movers in the project that resulted in the federation of the Canadian provinces into the present glorious whole, later as Prime Minister of Canada, and, more recently, as High Commissioner in England, will stand out as a particularly notable page in our history.

In the turbulent days preceding Confederation, when noble, high-minded men of all shades of political opinion took strong ground for or against the plan to make the Canadian provinces a nation Sir Charles was one of the most prominent and distinguished advocates of that project. In his own Province of Nova Scotia he met bitter opposition. The brilliant Joseph Howe was one of his most notable opponents and the correspondence passing between them forms an interesting chapter in the story of that time. In all Nova Scotia Sir Charles was the only champion of confederation who was successful in his appeal to the people and for many years he played a most important part in the history of the Dominion he had helped to create.

Since his retirement from Canadian public life he has done valuable work for this country as High Commissioner in England, a post he held for some years before the defeat of the Conservative Government in 1896. He returned to Canada in that memorable year and led the Conservative party for the last time. He then retired and for the last few years has been living in England.

A year or so ago he published his memoirs and although written at an age beyond the ordinary span of life they showed the author's wonderful intellectual powers to be unimpaired. A few weeks ago Mr. W. S. Fisher, of this city, paid a visit to Sir Charles and found him enjoying good health and possessing a keen memory and a very lively interest in all things Canadian.

His passing severs another link binding the present Canada to the past, removes another of the great men who lived when this Dominion was passing through the period of political birth and whose activities were largely responsible for the Canada of today. Literally, one of the Fathers of Confederation it was Sir Charles' privilege to live to see the dreams of that day transformed into glorious reality—from the Atlantic to the Pacific a happy, prosperous, contented people dwelling in harmony and concord under the shelter and protection of the Empire flag.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND.

Two statements in the October report of the Patriotic Fund should strike the reader with particular significance. One is that the receipts for the month fell considerably below the disbursements; the other has to do with the expense of handling the fund.

The total receipts of the Patriotic Fund for the month of October were $10,516.64. There are 749 families on the relief roll. They received an average of $15.14 each, or a total of $11,344.90. The amount of administration expenses was $191.28, making a grand total disbursement of $11,636.18.

This statement plainly shows that the people of New Brunswick are not doing their duty toward the Fund. During the past month it was necessary to expend more than $1,000 in excess of the amount received. That sum could be obtained from only two sources; either it was taken from a surplus the Fund might have had on hand from other months when the receipts were larger or the claims less, or else it was provided from subscriptions sent from other provinces. In either case the fact is that, so far as New Brunswick is concerned, the Patriotic Fund is not self-sustaining. This is not as it should be. It must not be forgotten that every soldier sent to the front from this province adds to the calls upon the fund, and those calls must be met.

It is not the privilege of every man to go on active service, but every man can at least help to pay for those who do go. There has been a disposition on the part of some to regard the Patriotic Fund as a charity. In no sense of the word is that description correct. Instead of a charity it represents the liquidation of a debt, or the payment of a premium for the insurance of our homes, our liberties, even our lives. The men who don the khaki and go to do their bit in the Empire's armies are defending the men and women of St. John just as surely as if the scene of their endeavors was transplanted to our own shores. The very least those who remain at home can do is to see that the dependents of the men who go to the front are kept in comfort while the bread-winner is doing the Empire's work.

The second phase of the October report of the Patriotic Fund worthy of special attention is the exceedingly small cost of administration. The total for that purpose was $191.28, of which $51.28 represents postage, telephone tolls, stationery and sundries. The administration cost of the Fund figures out at slightly more than one and one-half per cent., a showing that can hardly be equalled by any other office of the Patriotic Fund, or any of the large philanthropic funds of church or state. This speaks decidedly well for Mr. C. B. Allan, the secretary-treasurer of the fund, and must effectually dispose of the absurd stories in circulation in regard to extreme costs.

The Patriotic Fund is doing a necessary work, and one which the people of this province should strain every effort to assist. Its needs are great, and with every addition to Canada's fighting forces become greater. Therefore it is necessary that it should receive an increasing measure of support.

Two Little Hands.

(In memory of a little Belgian martyr)

'H'ilda," in Montreal Star.

The sound of battle reaches near and far,
Shaking the souls of men, who understand
That Might is fighting Right, with weapons damned,
But strong, with hatred of a sister land.

So ghastly is the carnage, as it grows!
We shut our eyes, but see earth's dying sons—
We shut our ears, but hear their weary moans,
Thro' sounds of weeping and beseeching cry—
Thro' boom of deadly guns that scarcely pause,
The cry goes up from earth, "Dear God, Oh Why?"
And then, "Oh, grant a Sign we serve Thy Cause!"

And lo, the Sign, soft shining thro' earth's gloom
A battle-gage so small, so fair, so frail;
No ancient knight such vision e'er beheld
Two Little Hands replace the Holy Grail!

Two Little Hands! Dear God, the world grows still,
And breathes an anguished prayer with pitying heart,
Turning in horror from that fiendish will
That rent these human flowers and stem apart.

Two Little Hands like broken blossoms white,
Torn from the fair form of a tiny babe!
Sinless, and powerless, 'gainst the enemy's might,
Full of all promise its Creator gave.

Two Little Hands—Dear God, what mother heart
Broke at such sight—and longed to avenge the wrong!
Up, Nations! Yours and God's the part
To avenge such crime and prove that Right is strong.

Two Little Hands shall guide the Allies well;
Two Little Hands shall seal the German fate.
Naught can o'ercome such battle-gage divine,
Wrought by a God of Love, and not of Hate.

DOES CATARRH BOTHER YOU? ARE YOUR NOSTRILS PLUGGED?

Why not give up that snuff and stop dosing your stomach? The one sure treatment is "Catarrhozone," sure to cure because it goes where the disease really is. Certain to cure in your case because it has restored tens of thousands worse than you are. Catarrhozone is a thorough cure because it destroys the causes as well as the effects of the disease. Relief is prompt, cure is quick with this powerful remedy which is guaranteed to cure Catarrh in any part of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes or lungs. To be really cured, use only Catarrhozone and beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine **Catarrhozone** which is sold everywhere, large size containing two months treatment, costs $1.00; small size 50c.; sample size 25c.

THE ACTIVITIES OF PATRIOTIC BODIES

TEA TO SOLDIERS' WIVES AND MOTHERS

The Soldiers' Wives' League are giving a tea next Wednesday afternoon in the Stone church school house to the wives and mothers of the men on active service. If there are any entitled to attend who have not yet received their tickets of admission they can do so on Monday and Tuesday afternoons from 3.30 till 4.30 o'clock at the office of the Patriotic Fund committee on Prince William street on presentation of their identification cards. No one will be admitted to the tea except on presentation of a tea ticket.

Bring Back The Stockings

Will all who have taken out stockings to fill with Christmas gifts for the Canadian soldiers overseas who have not yet made returns kindly do so at once to 29 Wellington Row as the boxes are now being packed for shipment.

For A Company

A musicale for the purpose of raising funds to send Christmas gifts to the members of A Company, 26th Battalion, will be held this afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. E. March, Coburg street. Those taking part are Guy Holly Tapley, tenor, Miss Knight, soprano, Miss Bayard and Mrs. Gordon Dickie.

Little Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE.

Me and my cuzzin Artie was going alawng today and we saw a lot of little ants carrying big peeces of bred down a hole, and we stopped and got down awn the pavemint and started to watch them, Artie saying, How wood you like to eet bred away down in a dark hole.

Not mutch. I dont even like to eet it up ware its lite if it aint got butter awn it, I sed.

Wich I dont, and jest then a man came alawng carrying a big sootcase, and he put the sootcase down and watched me and Artie watching the ants, and aftir a wile he sed, I trust you boys are profiting by the lessin that those little ants can teetch you.

Wat lessin, sed Artie.

The lessin of persistents, sed the man, heer those little ants, so small that thare hardly vizibil unless you get rite awn top of them, are carrying burdens 10 times larger than they are themselves, and you big boys coodent carry this sootcase a block, I admit its its not a lite sootcase, but jest think how hevvy those big peeces of bred must be to those little ants.

Aw, I bet I cood carry that sootcase as far as those ants cood carry those peeces of bred, sed Artie.

I bed I cood, to, I sed.

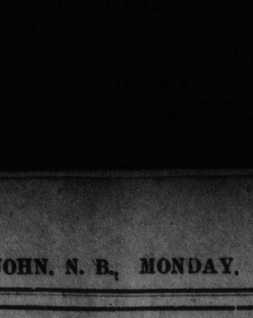
Its awl verry well to tawk, sed the man, but the proof of the pudding is in the eeting, and the proof of the sootcase is in the carrying, now jest to put you to the test and to see if you 2 big strawng boys are fit to be compared to those little ants, Ill awffer a prize of wun sent to wichevvir of you can carry this sootcase the furthest, who wunts to go ferst.

Me, sed me and Artie both togethir, and the man sed, Ill toss up the prize to decide. Wich he did, tossing up a sent and Artie saying tales and me saying heds, me winning, and I lifted up the sootcase and started to carry it, Artie and the man wawking in back of me, and it was a pritty hevvy sootcase, awl rite, and pritty soon my arm felt as if it was coming awf and I changed it to my uthir hand and pritty soon that arm felt the same way and I put the sootcase down

3 blocks, not haff bad, Im serprized, sed the man. Being Arties tern now, and he carried it 2 and a haff blocks and sed they were lawnger than wat mine was, and we was argewing about who had carried it the ferthest and the man sed, Well, this is awl the farthir I go and heer comes my car, heers the prize, split it up, I declare the contest a draw. And he picked up the sootcase and got awn a car with it and me and Artie stood thare rubbing our arms and looking at the sent the man had throo awn the pivemint and startid to think that if enybody had asked us to carry a sootcase that far for a haff a sent we woodent of did it.

Was Wounded in Leg.

A postcard received Saturday morning by Mrs. James Warnock, stated that her son, Private William C. Warnock, of the machine gun section of the 26th Battalion, was in the Australian hospital at Wimereaux, with a bullet wound through the left thigh. He was probably wounded at the same time as Lieut. A. D. Carter. His many friends will wish him a speedy recovery.



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Howard Watches are QUALITY watches. They are made by skilled workmen whose whole time is engaged in making fine watches. Come in and investigate. Let us show you these distinctive watches.

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Tempting, Tasty, Nutritious

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K. W. EPSTEIN & CO., Optometrists and Opticians,
Open Evenings. 193 Union Street.

Evening Classes
Will re-open for Winter Term Monday, Oct. 4th.
Hours, 7.30 to 9.30. Tuition Rates on application.
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Envelopes printed with Name and Address of Soldiers on Active Service supplied in lots of 100 or more. Call and see samples.
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With WEED CHAINS on all four tires you can steer your car with perfect ease over the most slippery roads. You'll have no kinked muscles, cramped fingers or racked nerves. In other words, two pairs of Weed Chains give a car better balance, pick the easiest way in the hardest going, and make it "100 p.c. Skid-proof."

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And women who are standing or walking a "Red Cross" Made of nice soft Vici and Lace, Goodyear high heel and good stout as flexible as a slippe years we have been selli goods we have always as represented, and our ing trade is an evidenc proving thoroughly satisf
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Remedy defective circulat temperature in any hot w
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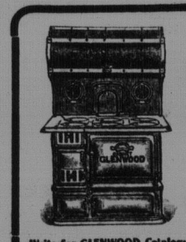

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For Boys a

"Names Want
How many correct names of bo which begin with the letter "D," such "David?" Write out as many of the using only one side, fill in the follo

UNCLE DICK,
THE STAND
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not later than Wednesday, Novembe than fifteen last birthday, may comp the greatest number of proper name Watch, or other article of similar v

STANDARD CO
For Boys a
Full Name.....
Address.....
Age Last Birth

ENLISTED WITH SIEGE BATTERY

A special service took place in Waterloo street United Baptist church, last night, when Leon Green, who has enlisted as a gunner in the Siege Battery was publicly presented by Deacon Jas. Patterson in the name of the church and Sunday school, with a handsome wrist watch. The pastor, Rev. F. H. Wentworth preached an appropriate sermon on "Truest Heroism," from the

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And women who are compelled to do standing or walking should wear a "Red Cross" Boot.

Made of nice soft Vici Kid in Button and Lace, Goodyear Welt, medium high heel and good stout soles that are as flexible as a slipper. During the years we have been selling Red Cross goods we have always found them just as represented, and our steadily increasing trade is an evidence that they are proving thoroughly satisfactory.

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Remedy defective circulation and increases the temperature in any hot water heating system.

Comparatively Inexpensive to Install

P. CAMPBELL & CO.
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GLENWOOD RANGE
It certainly does "MAKE COOKING EASY."
GLENWOOD RANGES are "Made in St. John" and Delivered DIRECT from FOUNDRY to KITCHEN.
D. J. BARRETT
GLENWOOD Ranges and Heaters, Kitchen Furnishings, Furnace Repair Work.
Write for GLENWOOD Catalogue. 155 Union Street, St. John, N. B.

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No More "Strong" Butter
Foley's Stone Butter Crocks
KEEP BUTTER SWEET
MADE IN ST. JOHN BY
James W. Foley & Co.
Sold by All Crockery Dealers

Interesting Contest For Boys and Girls

"Names Wanted" Contest

How many correct names of boys and girls can you write out, which begin with the letter "D," such as "Douglas," Dorothy" or "David?" Write out as many of these names on a piece of paper, using only one side, fill in the following coupon, and send in to

UNCLE DICK,
THE STANDARD,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

not later than Wednesday, November 10th. Any girl or boy not older than fifteen last birthday, may compete. To the one who sends in the greatest number of proper names, I shall award a Beautiful Watch, or other article of similar value.

STANDARD COMPETITION.
For Boys and Girls

Full Name.....

Address.....

Age Last Birthday.....

ENLISTED WITH SIEGE BATTERY

A special service took place in Waterloo street United Baptist church, last night, when Leon Green, who has enlisted as a gunner in the Siege Battery was publicly presented by Deacon Jas. Patterson in the name of the church and Sunday school, with a handsome wrist watch. The pastor, Rev. F. H. Wentworth preached an appropriate sermon on "Truest Heroism," from the text John xv.: 13: "Greater love hath no man than this that a man lay down his life for his friends."

Mrs. R. J. Green, in a few well chosen words, bravely told of her pride in her boy's offering his services for his King and country. Speeches were made by Deacons Thomas Robinson, E. H. Duval, M. Galley and Jacob Smith. The Boy Scouts also took part in the service and while Leon Green knelt and the pastor offered prayer, Scout Styles raised the Union Jack above the head of the soldier boy. The service closed with the singing of the National Anthem, the Boy Scouts saluting.

Y.M.C.A. WORK AT HOME AND IN THIS GREAT WAR

Rev. Dr. Morison devotes morning service to young men of the world.

On Sunday morning Rev. Dr. Morison devoted the sermon to the work of the Y.M.C.A. at home and in the war zone. There was a good congregation present and Dr. Morison's words were followed with much interest as he narrated the magnificent services that were being rendered to the Empire by this progressive organization.

Taking as his text Zech 2 and 4: "Run speak to this young man," Dr. Morison said in part:

"Think what a grand thing it is to be young, to have physical faculties fresh and vigorous, to have perceptive faculties bright and clear, to have receptive faculties strong so that truth can readily be apprehended and retained, to have natures not yet hardened by the strife of life, to have as the poet has said 'The best is yet to be,' to have turned but a few pages of the volume of life, to have the burden of regret as yet but a small burden. O what a glorious thing it is to be a young man!

"The ancient Greeks always enthused whenever they thought of the period of youth. The historian Plutarch tells us of how at the annual feasts it was the custom to have three male choirs, a choir of old men, a choir of middle-aged men and a choir of young men.

"The choir of old men with their grey locks and trembling voices began the chorus with the words 'Once in battle bold we shone,' then the middle-life took up the sentence 'Try us our vigor is not gone,' and when they had concluded the youths full of energy caught up the chorus 'The palm remains for us alone.'

"We are not surprised that D'Israli wrote 'The history of heroes is the history of youth.' In all ages of the world life and work a very large place has been occupied by young men.

"Open the word of God and within its sacred pages you will discover in what way young men ever forged to the front. Thus it was with Joseph, David, Josiah, Samuel, Solomon, Daniel, Paul, and Timothy and even with Jesus himself. Turning from the sacred to the profane page, the names of men who have immortalized themselves while yet young crowd upon us. Among warriors there are Alexander the Great, who conquered the world before he was thirty. Napoleon only 27 when he led his grand campaign into Italy. George Washington about the saem age when he covered the retreat of the British troops at Braddock's defeat and was appointed to the command of all the Virginian forces.

"Among philosophers we have Francis Bacon discovering the futility of the Aristotelian philosophy when a mere lad and publishing a learned work when only 19 years old. David Hume planning his treaties on Human Nature before he was 21. Pascal issuing a treatise on conic sections when he was only 16.

"Among orators we have Demosthenes second to none pleading his own case at 17 years of age and taking a conspicuous part in public life at 22. We have Cicero pleading the case of Quinctius at the bar when he was only 26 years of age.

"Among musicians we have Mozart playing before the Emperor of Germany when 6 years of age. Handel composing a set of Sonatas at the age of 10 years. Mendelssohn distinguished as a famous musician when he was 16.

"Among the poets we have Dante who published his Vita Nuova at 27 years of age. Keats publishing his Endymion at 22, Campbell his Pleasures of Hope at 21, Percy Bysshe Shelley his Queen Mabat at 18, and Thomas Moore writing for the Dublin Magazine when he was only 14 years of age.

"Among theologians we have Innocent 14th, the greatest of Popes, when he was only 37 years of age. We have Ignatius Loyala founder of the great Jesuit Order writing his 'Spiritual Exercises' when he was only 30 years old. We have John Calvin, who published his institutes at 26 years of age. We have John Wesley, fellow and tutor of Lincoln College, Oxford, at 23. We have John Kitto contributing essays to the Plymouth Journal when 19 years old.

"Orators, theologians, statesmen, authors, musicians, warriors — all young men, who have won and kept the crown. Were it necessary to complete satisfactorily the list for the purpose of evidence by bringing it down to the memories of contempories I might point to the late Wm. E. Gladstone, Lord Wolsely, Henry M. Stanley, Charles H. Spurgeon, all of whom had engraved their names high in the Temple of Fame while they were yet young men."

After sktching the history of the organization and work of the YM.C.A. since its founding in London in the year 1844, Dr. Morison paid high compliment to the Y.M.C.A. for the most useful part which its officers have fulfilled among the Canadian soldiers during the present war both at Valcartier and at the various camps in England as well as at the front and indicated how without distinction of race or religion their representatives had taken a keen and practical interest in all the men providing them not only with the good words of religion but also supplying them with writing materials and games as well as ministering in countless other ways to their greater comfort and well being.

In concluding Dr. Morison commended the Y.M.C.A. to the hearty support of the citizens of St. John in their noble efforts to serve the boys at the front and asked the cordial and hearty support of the people towards the raising of such funds as are needful to continue carrying forward this most important work, full statistics of which have already been published by the officiary and which have already appeared in the press.

COLONEL FOWLER ADDRESSES MEN WHO ARE LEAVING SOON TO JOIN RANKS OF HIS BATTALION

Fine demonstration in Queen's Rink Saturday night—Meeting in Opera House yesterday—Commercial Travellers set out to raise at least a platoon.

HONOR ROLL

Sunday—
Albert George Densford, Devonshire, Eng...
Saturday—
William J. Mabee, St. John.
Henry Mullett, Gondola Point.
George Mooney, Enniskillen, Queens county.
John Ross, St. John.
George F. McLeod, Carleton.
John Webb, Annidale, Queens county.
Harold Keleher, Carleton.
W. Frank Lipsett, St. John.
Robert W. Chetley, St. John.
Frank Campbell, St. John.
Lorenzo Parks, St. John.
Alfred Hemings, St. John.

There was a fairly large gathering at the recruiting meeting held in the Opera House yesterday afternoon. R. G. Haley presided and Sergeant Knight gave an address. Mr. Russell, of the Partello Stock Company, a South African veteran, sang a song of his own composition entitled "Canada's Reply to the World," offering to dedicate it to the 104th Battalion. Another song being requested he sang another original number, "Down Below," expressing, as he put it, the Devil's opinion of the war. Walter Brindle sang "The Deathless Army." After the meeting three men offered their services, but two of these did not succeed in passing the medical examination. They were William Smith of the west of England and Roy Ebbert Dunham of St. John.

Sergenta Knight

In introducing Sergenat Knight the chairman said he thought the Sunday recruiting meetings were justifiable in view of present conditions; indeed he would like to see every house of God used for recruiting purposes on that day. "We are after more men," he said, "and you know that it is estimated that 4,000 more are required as New Brunswick's share. This campaign must go on and it seems to me that an opportunity now presents itself to every eligible man to take a part which is not likely to occur again in the present generation. The boys are calling us and we must fill up the gaps. I am sure this call will find a lodgment in some of your hearts."

Sergeant Knight said in part: "I wish everyone in St. John of the proper age was ready to do their part in this war. Many are wondering how long it is going to last. Some had hoped that all wars had ceased. Some day that time will arrive, but until then God holds each man and woman responsible. We are fighting for more things than just to defeat Germany. We are fighting for a better, a more righteous Empire, and I want to say that Canada can never come out of the struggle and remain as she was before she went into it. We will be a better people. Some have said we will go back into the old rut. It was a good day for England when she declared she would fight for righteousness and truth. I believe we are already on a higher plane than we were before.

"The boys in the trenches are not there very long before they think of higher things. One day I was carrying a wounded man to the dressing room. He had before being laid low been careless of his relation to God, but in his pain his cry was to Him and a plea for forgiveness. Your pals when they come back will, many of them, be changed men. It is time to think seriously about this Canada of ours, we have forgotten God's share in the programme. I believe we are now lined up on the right side and I believe God is with us. I am glad to belong to a nation fighting on God's side. He is calling on you and me to deliver from the oppressor, to avenge bloodshed.

"I have coaxed much, talked nicely, sometimes also harshly, but I have said nothing but what I have thought right, because I like to see a man living right and doing right. I can't understand how any fit man between eighteen and forty-five can walk about the streets, careless of the serious conditions prevailing, without the finger of conscience pointing accusingly at him. If you are occupying a comfortable seta you have no right to cast any slur on any man who has volunteered for the front. You have no right to say 'he went because he hadn't a job.' I have a list of men in St. John which I will not publish yet, who, themselves fit for service have taken the jobs of men who have enlisted. I can't understand any employer accepting such men. A Nova Scotia member of parliament said recently that he didn't think it his business whether a mam enlisted or not; it was not his affair. Then, in God's name to whom does it belong? I want to say that some of you are just as responsible to God as is a member of parliament.

"If you only knew how tense the struggle is now you would wake up. If you, yourself, can't go have you tried to get someone else to do so? Are you going to help in finishing the work of bringing Canada's men up to 250,000? If you do this we may have pecae next yera. There is great danger and the Empire is depending on you, and yet still some hold back. All kinds of excuses are made. In St. John you have small imitations of men. I met one, a clergyman, the other day at tea. He discussed the war at length and after he had finished a lady remarked to me that she thought him a 'model man.' I agreed, but because of the way with which he dealt with the issue was constrained to add 'you see a model is a small imitation of the real article.'

"It is time we did less talking and more work. I believe God means us to have the victory. It is for us, as a nation, to do our part and prove God; then peace won't be far off. Are you ready? Will you join now? The men who have joined during the past week are tip-top men. Will you go with them tomorrow. Play the man—be men."

A pleasing feature of the meeting was the fine stage decorations. The flags used were kindly loaned by R. H. Dockrill.

The Travellers.

The Maritime Commercial Travellers' Association met in the Board of Trade rooms, Prince William street, Saturday evening, to discuss the possibility of forming a travellers' platoon, or company, in connection with the 104th Battalion. A circular letter, containing a personal appeal for the formation of such a platoon or company had been sent to all members of the association beforehand, and copies of the same letter were distributed about the room in which the meeting was held. W. A. Stewart, chairman of the association, occupied the chair. The meeting was opened by a brief speech from Mr. Stewart, introducing Col. Fowler, who was then called upon to speak.

Colonel Fowler.

"I did not come here," he said, "to make a speech, but to give you men a plain straightforward talk. This letter which has been placed in my hands expresse exactly the state of the case, so I can do no more about that. I know the travellers to be a good class of men, and our chief object is to make the 104th as fine a body of men as ever stepped on the ground. But before we go any further, let me say that the number 104th was chosen so as to make the regiment as purely a New Brunswick unit as possible, and that is the number of a famous New Brunswick regiment that did splendid work, so that the men in the present 104th will have something to live up to. All the men now enlisted are of a fine class, we have tried to get as good as possible, and I think we have met with fairly good success, so far, at least.

"Now, I would like to have as many travellers in my regiment as I can get. I would like to see a whole company of them formed, but, if that is too much, I want to see at least a platoon. If you form more than one platoon, and not enough for two, I promise you that the rest of that platoon will be filled up with men who are of a character as good as yourselves.

"The officer in direct command of the platoon or platoons you form, will be chosen from among you, if you so wish.

"As to the location of the platoon, I can say nothing definite at present, but as far as we know now, two companies will be stationed in Sussex, one in Fredericton, and one in Woodstock, for the winter, but in the spring, the whole battalion will assemble at Sussex for drill. But it may be possible that, if the majority of the men are from St. John, the platoon will be stationed there for the winter."

Several of the men assembled had questions to ask, and Col. Fowler explained these points as far as it was in his power to do so, and it is hardly possible that any of the men left the meeting with any point in doubt save the direct question of whether to join the platoon or not.

T. H. Estabrooks, chairman of the recruiting committee, then explained that the apparent lack of action on the part of employers was not due to the employers themselves, for they could not very well say to their men, what they would do if they enlisted. That would be too much like suggesting that the men should enlist. But, he explained, if the men would ask the employers what they would do, there was hardly any doubt that every one of them would do something to increase the income of the families of men who had enlisted.

L. P. D. Tilley, M. L. A., was then called upon to speak. He told the men what his views on the matter were, saying that they agreed exactly with those of the former speakers. He then invited Col. Fowler to come up to the reception that was being given to the recruits in Queen's rink, to address the men, who were to be in his command very shortly.

The meeting was then brought to a close by giving hearty cheers for Col. Fowler. At the last meeting of the association, the names of six members who had offered to go with such a platoon, if it were formed, were read. At this meeting, the names of six more were handed in. The names of all who have now volunteered with this platoon are as follows:

James Turnbull.
A. C. Turner.
W. R. Wilson.
J. V. Kierstead.
J. F. Whitely.
M. Malaney.
F. White.
K. Carleton.
A. E. Corbett.
H. J. Leaman.
W. W. Cumming.
H. S. Leonard.

In Queen's Rink

A fine demonstration was given in the Queen's Rink Saturday night when citizens assembled to bid farewell to the men who have joined the 104th Battalion and will go to Sussex this week. The band of the regiment was present and took part in the programme. Men prominent in civic life were in attendance and spoke words of appreciation for the men who are going to fight for a just cause. Members of the Scotch Boys' Brigade were there too, and gave a demonstration of drill.

During the evening Lieutenant-Colonel George W. Fowler appeared in the rink. He was greeted by a storm of applause and cheers. He was immediately called upon to speak to those present. He said he had little to say, but he wished the men of St. John to know that he was thankful for the treatment accorded him at the meeting Thursday night. He was proud to think that this city had given so many of her sons and he hoped the recruiting would continue unabated.

He hoped that real men would come with the 104th Battalion. There was nothing to be afraid of. The German people were not the great geniuses some people were wont to imagine. They were not leaders in the sciences, nor in other lines. They simply were followers, commercializing the ideas of other peoples. Germans did not excell in the manly pursuits. None of them had won renown as fighters. They were good organizers but that was about all.

Colonel Fowler had talked to men back from the front and they all agreed that man for man the Germans were no match for the Canadian. The Canadians were used to relying upon themselves and this training proved beneficial in a battle.

In conclusion Colonel Fowler asked for all who could join the 104th. He promised them all the consideration that good soldiers should have. His speech was well received and the crowd was particularly liberal with applause.

During the evening refreshments were served and smokes passed around.

ORGAN MUSIC PRESENTED TO THE CHURCH

Rev. Dr. Morison makes gift on behalf of a friend in Montreal.

An unique and pleasing incident took place at the morning service of the First Presbyterian church, West Side, yesterday when the minister, Rev. Dr. Morison invited the elders to accept for the church three volumes of music for the organ beautifully bound in Morrocco.

This music was all personally selected by a friend of Dr. Morison's, one of the best known citizens of Montreal, after conference with the organist of the American church in that city, who himself is a Glasgow man and one of Scotland's greatest organists.

In making this presentation to the Kirk Dr. Morison took occasion to express his high appreciation of the interest and kindness of the Montreal friend through whose great generosity it had been made possible for him to convey these exquisite and costly volumes to the session of his church.

After service these volumes were much admired by members of the congregation.

This magnificent treasury of organ music was accepted on behalf of the church and session by Messrs. James Scott and John Cruikshank, who conveyed to Dr. Morison and his Montreal friend the thanks of the church.

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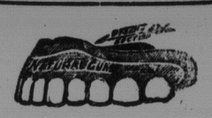

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St. John, N. B.

Cattle Found.

Yesterday afternoon the police found thre head of cattle wandering at large on City Road and placed them for safe keeping in John McBrine's stable, Maymarket square, where they await their owner. Two head of cattle found on Friday around the same part of the city are still in the same stable waiting for someone to come and claim them.

CORRESPONDENTS' CORNER

BARN AT HOPEWELL HIT BY LIGHTNING AND BURNED

Hillsborough, Oct. 30.—Mrs. Robinson, of Riverside, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Berrie last week.

Mrs. Frank Taylor visited friends in Moncton this week.

Mrs. Chas. Osborne, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. Edward Jones, returned this week to her home, Forest Hill, Mass.

The Ladies' Village Club met on Wednesday of this week in the club room. Mrs. Karl S. Duffy read.

Miss Minetta Steeves was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Steeves at Albert Mines this week.

Mr. J. A. Dawson, who has held a position with the Bank of Nova Scotia, Sussex, but who recently enlisted for overseas service, spent a few days of this week at his home, Dawson Settlement.

Mrs. W. Calhoun left this week for Red Beach, Maine, where she will spend a few weeks guest of friends.

During the time when the electric storm, which raged this morning, was at its heaviest, the barn owned by Mr. Thomas A. Steeves, was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. The loss of the barn containing a large hay crop will be felt greatly by its owner.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, Oct. 30.— The funeral of the late Richard E. Sutton, of Boston, who left Nelson, N. B., about six years ago was held today from the residence of T. W. Fleet, Nelson. Deceased was 43 years old, and died on the 27th. Deceased is mourned by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John M. Sutton of Cross Creek; a sister, Mrs. Alex. McLoggan, of Cross Creek; his widow, formerly Miss Kelso, and two sons, Richard and Kelso.

Golden Link Lodge No. 201 L. O. B. A., held a very successful piano recital last night. Among those who took part were Misses Jean Loggie and May Kerr of Chatham; Miss Marion Dickson, of Napan; Harry Shaw and Miss Ella O'Donnell, of Newcastle; Masters Stewart and Johnstone Gethie, Misses Annie Alexander and Gladys and Marion Sleeth.

In St. James' Hall last night the Junior Women's Club presented the church and Sunday school with a new piano. A fine programme was rendered. Among those who took part being Mrs. D. W. Stothart, Mrs. P. Russell, Misses Clara Russell, Marion Macarthur, Elvah McCurdy and Helen MacMichael, A. E. and H. Shaw, Archibald Russell and Jack Nicholson. Refreshments were served. E. A. McCurdy received the piano on behalf of the trustees.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, Oct. 30.—At the last session of the I. O. G. T. the following officers were elected:

Chief Templar—E. Newcomb.
Vice-Templar—Joanna West.
Secretary—Gertrude MacDonald.
Marshal—James Wright.
Deputy Marshal—Nina Steeves.
Fin. Secretary—Sara Smith.
Treasurer—Mrs. Fred J. Smith.
Chaplain—Mrs. A. W. Bray.
Organist—Miss Gertrude MacDonald.
Assist. Secretary—Bessie Wright.
Guard—Weldon Stevens.
Sentinel—Willie Wright.
Assist. Chief Templar—Ora A. Mitton.

A quantity of pound fruit cakes, etc. are being collected for shipment next week for the boys of the "fighting 26th" by the Albert and Hopewell Hill Women's Institutes and Patriotic Leagues.

Downey Bros. have moved the Killam mill this week from Chemical Road to Caledonia. Their cut this winter will be in Memel taken from the Robinson and Wright property.

A public meeting of the Loyal Orange Association under the auspices of the Grand Orange Lodge of New Brunswick was held last evening. The speaker of the evening was Samuel Wilson.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, Oct. 27.—Miss Minnie Esterbrooks, who spent several days in town last week, guest of her sister, Mrs. Oulton, has returned to New York.

Miss Blanche Bishop spent the week-end in Moncton guest of her aunt, Mrs. Scurr.

Mr. Allen Landry of Halifax is spending his vacation here guest of his father Judge Landry.

Mr. Elton Cochrane and party of Amherst spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Roy Bishop, who was taken to the Amherst hospital, last week, is able to be home again, much improved in health.

Mrs. John Palmer who was taken to the Infirmary St. John, a few weeks ago, has returned home. Mrs. Palmer's many friends will be glad to learn that she is much improved in health.

A motor party consisting of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hickman, Will and Jack Hickman, Miss Alice Hickman and Miss Lila Foster motored to Moncton on Monday and were guests of friends.

Miss Ruth Kingston, who has been attending typhoid patients here for some time, leaves next week for Amherst, N. S., where she will take up a position in the Highview hospital.

Miss Imogene Chapman of St. John spent a few days here last week guest of her brother Mr. Fred Chapman, Government Terrace.

Rev. S. W. Schurman of Hillsboro, N. S., was in town this week.

Mr. Vernon Stotard, paying teller of the Royal Bank here, has been transferred to Sackville, N. B.

Mr. Frank Buck, of Sussex, is in town, guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. DeMille Buck.

Miss Geraldine Kirk, who was the guest of the Misses Piercy last week, has returned to St. John. Miss Kirk is training for a nurse in the general hospital there.

Private Edgar Allain of Amherst spent Sunday last in town, guest of his sister, Mrs. L. MacDonald, Government Terrace.

WELSFORD

Welsford, Oct. 30.—Harvest festival services took place in the Anglican churches on Sunday last. The churches were nicely decorated for the occasion with grain, vegetables, fruits, plants, flowers and greenery. There were special psalms, lessons and hymns and suitable sermons were preached by the rector. The weather was ideal and there were good congregations at St. Luke's church in the morning, St. Peter's church in the afternoon, and Armstrong's Corner in the evening.

News has been received that Private George William Taylor of Hoyt Station has been wounded at the front. He is a nephew of Mr. Harry Woods, M. L. A.

Privates Heber and James Howe, writing from France state that they are well and happy. Private Edward Wheaton, Clarendon, now with the 104th Battalion at Sussex, writes home interstingly about his training in Sussex.

Miss Eileen Colston, who has been renewing old acquaintances here has returned home to St. John. Whilst here she was the guest of Miss Alice Nason.

Mr. and Mrs. David Duke and family, Gagetown, and Mr. and Mrs. David Charters and family of St John West are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Howell's, of Clarendon.

A well attended recruiting meeting was held in Olinville on Tuesday evening last, and in Clones on Wednesday afternoon and Armstrong's Corner in the evening when the speakers were Mrs. Coy, Fredericton, and Lieut. Clements. In conjunction with the Armstrong's Corner meeting a pie social took place and the sum of $38 was realized for Red Cross purposes. At the Olinville meeting one recruit offered himself in the person of Sandford Cochrane.

This morning a shipment for Red Cross purposes, the donation of the inhabitants of Welsford, is being sent. The local branch of the Soldiers' Comfort Association are also shipping this morning to the boys at the front sixty personal Christmas boxes, and thirteen other boxes.

Mr. Stanley Nason left on Wednesday morning for Halifax to join the Army Service Corps.

PENOBSQUIS HAS GIVEN A SPLENDID EXAMPLE IN RECRUITING

Penobsquis has lined up strong on the honor roll. There are now two men from Cardwell on the firing line, viz, John Bunnell and Wm. Brentinall, Howard Myers is guard on Vanceboro bridge, that Horn tried to blow up a short time ago. The names of the other men who have gone to Sussex are Arthur N. McLeod, nephew of Chief Justice McLeod; W. E. Hall, Gordon Williams, Arthur Hayward, Oscar Brentinall, Geo. Weldon, nephew of Dean Weldon of Halifax; Corey Gray and Welton Gray, James Cook, Stewart Moore, Kenneth Moore, James Mortinaw, Chas. Mullett. At Valcartier, Wm. Chambers. Others from Cardwell are expected to go to add their names to the honor roll at a later date, thus bringing up the Cardwell roll to a splendid total. Cardwell may well feel proud of the part her sons are playing in the fight for liberty and Empire.

Geo. Weldon, private in 104th Battalion was in the village today and was given a hearty welcome.

The many friends of Mrs. Walter Murray are glad to know she is able to sit up after a severe attack of typhoid fever.

Miss Clara Weldon, Moncton, has returned home after a short visit to her uncle.

Edward McLeod, of Petitcodiac is in the village visiting his brother Winslow McLeod.

Mrs. Albert Pugsley is here from Salem, Mass., on a visit to her mother Mrs. Salone Gross. Mrs. Gross intends going back shortly to spend the winter with her.

R. C. Gross and wife and daughter spent a few days here the guests of Mrs. Salone Gross and Samuel Godard of Springdale.

Mrs. Wm. Teakles is on a visit to her old home, River Glade, Westmorland county.

W. E. Wallace is laying the foundation for a splendid dairy barn. It will be on the basement principle and will, when completed, be up-to-date in all requirements.

Chas. Upham has a plant here in the village for turning out the concrete blocks for the barn, which is certainly a credit to him. L. J. Murray is looking after the carpenter work and plans. Mr. Wallace is the owner of a very choice herd of Holstins cattle and ships his milk to St. John. He was also the means through Col. Fowler, M. P., of having a siding placed on his farm, doing away with the long haul to Penobsquis station. The freight on milk shipped from here is about $800 per year.

Moses Wortman was in the village today finishing up the season's work on roads. He has been commissioner in Caldwell this season and speaks of the generosity of the local members and government in the grant that is now all laid out on highways. In all about 35 or 40 miles have been gone over with the road machine. The roads are in an excellent condition under his management.

MARYSVILLE

Marysville, Oct. 82.—A very pretty wedding took place at the Baptist parsonage, Gibson, on Wednesday afternoon, when Miss Hazel Moore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Moore was united in marriage to Mr. Edward Peterson, both of Marysville. The ceremony was performed in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends of the contracting parties. The bride was unattended and wore a travelling gown of drab serge, with a black picture hat. After the ceremony the happy couple left by the C.G.R. express for Bathurst to spend their honeymoon. At Marysville a crowd of their friends entered the train and showered them with rice.

Mr. James Murray of Antigonish, N. S., who is visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Robert Murray of Gibson,, spent yesterday with friends here. Robert Murray is now in France with the Canadian artillery having left here with the 23rd battery.

Major C. G. Pincombe arrived home today from a trip to Sussex.

The high school girls gave a patriotic concert Saturday evening the proceeds of which will be devoted to purchasing Christmas luxuries for the soldiers at the front.

Mrs. Duncan Robinson of Marysville has returned home from a visit to her daughter, Mrs. B. J. Peterson, Bathurst, N. B.

MIDDLE SACKVILLE

Middle Sackville, Oct. 30—Mrs. Dennis Burke came home on Monday from an extended visit with friends in Boston, Mass. and Fredericton, N. B.

Mrs. Chas. Holmes, who spent the summer with her cousin, Mrs. Will Campbell, has returned to her home in Amherst, N. S.

Mr. Steeves of Hillsborough is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Fred. Estabrooks.

Mr. and Mrs. Taddy Bourke are being congratulated on account of the arrival of a little son on Tuesday.

Division No. 40, Sons of Temperance, celebrated their 67th anniversary on Tuesday evening. The Band of Hope was invited to attend. A good programme consisting of music and readings was given by the band members, also several speeches by the older members of the division. Refreshments were served and a social hour closed a very enjoyable evening.

Mrs. Bliss Ayer is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Anno, Shemogue.

For the Tired Business Man

After the strain of the long business day with its nerve-racking and brain-wearing trials and troubles, there will be wholesome and refreshing stimulation if you will take a glass of

READY'S EXTRA STOUT.

Always uniform in purity, flavor and quality, brewed in Eastern Canada's most modern and sanitary brewery.

Ready's Breweries, Ltd.
St. John

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"California Syrup of Figs" Can't harm tender stomach or bowels.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

HARTLAND

Hartland, N. B., Oct. 28.—After the experience last February, when there was a genuine flood on the section of the village to the eastward of the railway tracks property owners and tenants got busy and now, through the efforts of B. F. Smith, M.L.A., the government has taken the matter up and the necessary precautions will be arranged for this fall. On Wednesday Mr. J. P. Feeney, one of the civil engineers in the government employ, was here looking over the ground and as a result of his visit he will recommend that a catch basin be placed at the foot of Bradley hill, with a two foot pipe to the river; that a drain be run from the rear of the Grant property to the river; and that the roadway at the head of Maple street be crowned to prevent the water running down that street. This work will all be done by the government and the C.P.R. will co-operate by placing extra culverts under its tracks to connect with the new drains.

At his home at Coldstream, on Monday, there passed to his rest an old and respected resident in the person of Mr. John Ross.

Miss Miller of Lewiston, Me., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Belyea at Coldstream.

Produce prices here on Wednesday were: Butter, 27c.; eggs, 28s.; potatoes, $1.75; chickens, 13c. lb.; dressed pork, 10c.; oats, 35c.; hay, $14.

Mrs. Andrew Aiton is visiting friends in St. John and Harvey.

Last Wednesday Rev. F. L. Orchard performed the ceremony which united in marriage Mr. Russell Nickerson of Jackstown and Miss Mary A. Bragdon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Bragdon of Grafton.

Mrs. J. M. Mallory of Middle Simonds has had as visitors for some time Mrs. Frances Temple and little daughter of Lewiston, Me.

On Saturday Mrs. Wilmot B. Rideout and Mrs. Henry Ginson returned from a pleasant trip to Boston. Before leaving the "hub" and while waiting for the train, some smooth chap spiritled away a valuable suit case filled with clothing belonging to Mrs. Ginson.

Mr. Arthur Shaw, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. N. Shaw, of Victoria and brother of Lieut. W. B. Shaw now at the front, has enlisted with Col. Fowler's battalion for overseas service.

Rev. J. M. Mallory announces the engagement of his sister, Florence E. Lamoreaux, of Bristol, to Mr. Perley Wasson of Windsor, the wedding to take place next month.

The Red Cross Society have elected officers as follows. Mrs. J. T. G. Carr, pres.; Mrs. P. Graham, vice-pres.; Annie Davis, sec.; Mrs Thos. Hammond, treas.

Mrs. Hugh McGregor of St. Andrews is a guest at the home of Mr. Frank Hagerman.

Word has been received by Mr. T. G. Simms from his son, Curtis, who is with Magee's heavy battery, that he had been in the hospital fifteen days as the result of a kick from a horse but that he was now all right and able to resume duty.

The United Baptist Sunday school has appointed as delegates to the provincial S. S. convention to be held in St. John next week Mrs. G. C. Watson and Miss Clara Hagerman. Mrs. Allan Ward and Mrs. M. L. Hayward are alternates.

Rubber Boots

The "New Process" Rubber Boots, in regular height, "Storm King and Thigh These have been tested out and have been found to be most durable.

"If it's made of Rubber we have it."

ESTEY & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail,
40 Dock Street.

Classified Advertising

One cent per word each insertion. Discount of 33 1-3 per cent on advertisements running one week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum charge 25 cents

EUROPEAN AGENCY

Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Oilmen's Stores, etc., etc.

Commission 2½ p.c. to 5 p.c.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Sample Cases from £10 upwards.
Consignments of Produce Sold on Account.

WILLIAM WILSON & SONS
(Established 1814.)
25 Abchurch Lane, London, E. C.
Cable Address: "Annupale, London."

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST LAND REGULATIONS

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Application must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent also 50 acres; extra cultivation. Pre-exemption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C. M. G.,
Deputy of the Minister of Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

BEWARE

Don't feed your horses new hay for a month yet, or until the new crop is well seasoned.

We have lots of good old hay on hand.

Please give us a call.

A. C. SMITH & CO.
Union Street - West St. John
Telephones—W-7 and W-81.

STEAM BOILERS

The following new "Matheson" built boilers, are on hand at our Works, and are offered for immediate shipment:—

2—"Inclined" type on skids, 50 h. p.
1—Locomotive type on skids, 20 h.p
Also "Used."
1—Return Tubular type ..40 h. p.

Complete details and prices will be mailed upon request.

I. MATHESON & CO. Limited
Boiler Makers
New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

Onions. Onions. Onions

Landing, Five Cars
ONTARIO ONIONS.
Sale Low While Landing.
A. L. GOODWIN

Manilla Cordage

Galvanized and Black Steel Wire Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oils, Paints, Flags Tackle Blocks and Motor Boat Supplies. Gurney Ranges and Stoves and Tinware.

J. S. SPLANE & CO.
19 Water Street.

HALT

At BRINDLE'S for Hand Made Boots, Long Boots and Waterproof Boots for Farm and Country. Repairs while you wait.

227 Union Cor. Waterloo Streets,
367 Haymarket Sq. Cor. Gilbert's Lane
ST. JOHN.

WANTED.

WANTED—Young or middle-aged man of good character, with selling ability, exclusive territory, 20 per cent. commission, state qualifications, references and district preferred. Box E. G. M., The Standard.

WANTED—Experienced hotel clerk. Give references, experience and salary wanted. Apply Dufferin Hotel, St. John.

OFFICIE BOY WANTED—Parent please make application, addressing it to Box 328 City.

WANTED—Superintendent and Matron wanted for the Boys Industrial Home, St. John East. Apply with references to I. Olive Thomas, Secretary, 42 Princess St.

WANTED—A portable saw mill for winter's cut of hardwood. Address John S. Eagles & Co., 39 Canterbury street, Saint John, N. B.

MALE HELP WANTED.

AGENTS—Salary and commission to sell Red Tag Stock. Complete exclusive lines. Specially hardy. Grown only by us—sold only by our agents. Elegant free samples. Write now to Dominion Nurseries, Montreal.

WANTED NOW, reliable men to sell Pelham's Peerless Fruit Trees, flowering shrubs, berry bushes, etc. Our agencies are valuable and terms generous. Write Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ont.

FOR SALE.

Farm Land at Hammond River for sale by Auction at Court House, Hampton, December 3rd, 1915, at 2 p. m.

Farm land known as the Campbell Estate, situate in the Parish of Rothesay, bounded easterly by the Hammond River; southerly by lands owned by James McMann, Julia Langstroth and John Higgins; northerly by land owned by Mrs. Thomas Gilliland; and westerly by the land of Wm. Meenan, containing about 125 acres of upland and intervals, and being all the property of the late Charles Campbell, situated in said Parish of Rothesay.

Terms of sale: Ten per cent. down and balance within thirty days on delivery of deed.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1915.

JESSE K. FRASER,
H. F. PUDDINGTON, Trustee.
Barrister, St. John, N. B.

SAW MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE OR RENT—Steam and water power plant in Victoria county is being offered at a very low cost for immediate sale. Suitable terms can be made for renting and sawing out this seasons' cut of spruce and hardwood. Capacity about three million feet. For further particulars write P. O. Box 376, St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—Baby chicks, ducklings and hatching eggs Poultry and fruits form a paying combination. Strawberry plants, 100, 70c; 1,000, $5; currants, 10c.; gooseberries, 15c.; raspberries 5c.; rhubarb, 10c.; and perennial flowers, roses, dahlias, etc. Carriage prepaid. Catalogue forwarded on application. Chas. Provan, Langley Fort, near Vancouver.

TO LET.

ROOMS TO LET—Several nice rooms, heated, electric light, 168 King street east.

LOST.

$5.00 REWARD—Lost gold watch fob, about size of $20 gold piece, with letters B. H. S. Return to Dufferin Hotel.

LOST—On Thursday night, Oct. 28th, or Friday morning, Oct. 29th, between Union street, Carleton and King street, city via car line, a purse containing sum of money and valuable papers. Finder rewarded on return to Standard office.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL—Coal mining rights may be leased for twenty-one years, renewable at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres can be leased to one applicant. Royalty, five cents per ton. In unsurveyed territory the tract must be staked out by the applicant in person, and personal application to the Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands for the district must in all cases be made, and the rental for the first year must be paid to the Agent within thirty days after filing application.

QUARTZ—A person eighteen years of age and over, having made a discovery may locate a claim 1,500 feet by 1,500. Fee $5. At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year, or paid to the Mining Recorder. When $500.00 has been expended or paid and other requirements complied with, the claim may be purchased at $1 an acre.

PLACING MINING CLAIMS are 500 feet long and from 1,000 to 2,000 feet wide. Entry fee $5. Not less than $100 must be expended in development work each year.

DREDGING—Two leases of five miles each of a river may be issued to one applicant for a term of 20 years. Rental, $10 a mile per annum. Royalty, 2 1-2 per cent, after the output exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

HOTELS.

When visiting CHIPMAN, N. B. Be sure and stay at

CHIPMAN HOUSE
W. B. Darrah, Proprietor.
Tastefully Furnished. Excellent Table.

CLIFTON HOUSE.
H. E. GREEN, Proprietor.
Corner Germain and Princess streets
ST. JOHN, N. B.

"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
One of St. John's first class hotels for transient and permanent guests.
Prince William Street.

QUEEN HOTEL
Mrs. M. Hatfield.....Proprietress
PRINCESS STREET.
St. John, N. B.
$2.00 AND $2.50 A DAY.

ROYAL HOTEL
King Street,
St. John's Leading Hotel
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO
T. B. Reynolds, Manager.

VICTORIA HOTEL
Better Now Than Ever.
87 King Street, St. John, N. B.
ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.
Proprietors.
A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

HOTEL DUFFERIN
FOSTER & COMPANY, Proprietors.
King Square, St. John, N. B.
J. T. Dunlop, Manager.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

RICHARD SULLIVAN & CO.
Established 1878.
Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchants, Agents for
MACKIES' WHITE HORSE CELLAR SCOTCH WHISKEY.
LAWSON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH WHISKEY,
SIMPSON'S HOUSE OF LORDS SCOTCH WHISKEY,
KING GEORGE IV. SCOTCH WHISKEY.
AUK'S HEAD BASS ALE.
PABST MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER.
GEO. SAYER COGNAC BRANDIES.
Bonded Stores, 44-46 Dock Street,
Phone 839.

WHOLESALE LIQUORS.

William L. Williams, successors to M. A. Finn, Wholesale and Retail Wine and Spirit Merchant, 110 and 112 Prince William street. Established 1870. Write for family price list.

M. & T. McGUIRE.
Direct importers and dealers in all the leading brands of Wines and Liquors; we also carry in stock from the best houses in Canada, very Old Ryes, Wines, Ales and Stout, Imported and Domestic Cigars.
11 and 15 Water Street.
Telephone 578.

NERVES, ETC., ETC.

ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrical Specialist and Masseur. Treats all nervous diseases, weakness and wasting, neuasthenia, locomotor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc., etc. Facial blemishes of all kinds removed. 27 Coburg Street.

THE UNION FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS, LTD.
ENGINEERS AND MACHINISTS.
Iron and Brass Castings.
WEST ST. JOHN, Phone West 15

J. FRED WILLIAMSON
MACHINISTS AND ENGINEER.
Steamboat, Mill and General Repair Work.
INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B.
'Phones, M-229; Residence M-1724-11.

WATCH REPAIRERS.
W. Bailey, the English, American and Swiss watch repairer, 138 Germain street. Work guaranteed.

PATENTS.

"PATENTS and Trade-marks procured, Fetherstonhaugh and Co., Palmer Building, St. John."

Musical Instruments Repaired
VIOLINS, MANDOLINS
and all string instruments and Bows repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS,
81 Sydney Street.

ENGRAVERS.

F. C. WESLEY & CO.
Artists, Engravers and Electrotypers,
59 Water Street, St John, N. B.
Telephone 982.

JUST RECEIVED:
A select assortment of
JEWELRY
My stock is now complete for your inspection.
ERNEST LAW, 3 Coburg St.
Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

You are Invited to Inspect
VAN GUILDER HOLLOW WALL DWELLING
(Built like a Thermos Bottle.)
Now Being Constructed by Us on Lancaster Avenue.
SANDY & ALLISON,
Builders' Supplies.

Th

READ IT H

INTR
EARLE WILLIA
ANITA STEWAR
WRITTEN BY G
(One of the most note
Dramatized i

Author of "The Perils of

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Synopsis of Previous Chapter.

After the tragic death of John Ames his prostrated wife, one of America's great beauties, dies. At her death Prof. Stillitee agent of the interests, kidnaps the beau three-year-old baby girl and brings her in a paradise where she sees no man, thinks she is taught by angels, who inst her for her mission to reform the world. the age of eighteen she is suddenly th into the world where agents of the inter are ready to pretend to find her.

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Tommy rescues Celestia from Still They hide in the mountains. Later Sill gets Celestia back, and takes her to York places her in Belleview Hospital, w her sanity is proven. Returning to get he finds she has left with Tommy, who h her in New York, but finds her nee living with the Douglas family. He fol Celestia to a factory where she addre the workers. A fire breaks out and To saves her.

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Celestia attends a fashionable ball at clay's home. She at once becomes the c of attraction. Society accepts her mere in a manner that greatly pleases the Tr virate.

Tommy goes to the Pennsylvania with Carson and Cracowitz, after Mr. clay had refused to see them. Arrivin the mines Tommy prevents an outb among the miners, but fails in brin about a state of peace. Instead he ge trouble, which would have resulted in being lynched, only for the timely arriva Celestia, who saves him.

10TH INSTALLMENT

Although Kehr had been instructed to Celestia every chance to settle the st and to hinder her in nothing, he was determined to bring about his own kin a settlement if possible. Close-fisted narrow he was nevertheless a man with liefs and principles for which he was only willing to sacrifice his fortune, bu life if necessary. To Kehr a man agreed to work certain hours for cer wages and then went back on his agree was no more to be considered or tre with than a mad-dog. To his finger he was capitalistic and believed in p erty. At his finger tips he had innume examples of contented laborers who become affluent, and of discontented labo who had finished up in jail.

"Once," he would say, "labor did the work possible for the least possible Then labor did a fair amount of work a fair amount of pay, but nowada, if wishes to do the least amount of work sible (and the worst kind of work), an receive therefore so much pay that can be no return on the capital which ploys labor. Where are we drifting to an eight hour a day and a raise, why six with a raise? Why not four? None? My men want to breakfast in and receive their pay envelopes at the time. I wasn't like that. I went to for wages that a dog could hardly have on. But I saved, and waited, and I wo as hard as I could without complaining now look at me!

"Any healthy-minded, able-bodied y American can get rich in less than no if he will work as hard as he can, sa portion of what he earns, and keep his closed to the fools and devils who p laziness and discontent."

Conditions at Bitumen had come to su pass that Kehr could see no possibili compromise. The country was suff from what amounted to a coal famine, the fault lay, so Kehr honestly felt, w group of two-legged animals who d know enough to come in out of the rai

All over the country, so Kehr hon thought, labor was rearing its head that of a venomous snake. Already it bitten many innocent people, and some dead and some were ruined for life. you don't argue with a venomous s You either kill it or you run from it. was not the kind of man who runs anything. He had a big stick, and possibly could, he was going to hit one good crack over the head. Anyway plans were all inorder. He had goade strike leaders until they were read order an attack on his stockade, and he grimly ready and even eager for that to begin. Tommy had thwarted him Now they had sent Celestia to thwart again.

Still he received her with politeness told her that he was glad she had com

"I'm glad you've come, young lady cause I know your theories, and I'm gl have the chance of showing you how practical they are in the face of an a condition. You want labor and capit be friends and to work hand in hand. a gunman be friends with a Bishop?"

"Why yes," said Celestia, "when the so they understand each other. But a will come when there won't be any men."

"Nor any walking delegates, nor any who spend more than they can earn then begin to holler murder and se dynamite. Now you just sit down in chair, and I'll tell you in a nutshell history of the last few years that ha up to the present situation. To begin I was a day laborer myself in these fields—"

Celestia raised her hand in protest.

"Don't tell me your side of the qua she said; "tell me theirs. When your very hard against a man, the best w often it is to say all the favorable t you can think of about him. I'd like to tell me all the good things you can of about Gunsdorf and then I shall him and ask him to tell me all the things he can think of about you."

"From neither of us," said Kehr sr "will you hear any good of the other."

"Then," said Celestia, smiling gent stall have to do the talking for you

"You can change me into a breakfast as easily as you can change Gunsdorf a human being."

"Some day you and Gunsdorf will hands and you'll both admit that you both wrong."

HOTELS.

visiting CHIPMAN, N. B.
e sure and stay at
PMAN HOUSE
B. Darrah, Proprietor.
y Furnished. Excellent Tab

CLIFTON HOUSE.
E. GREEN, Proprietor.
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St. John's first class hotels
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SON'S LIQUEUR SCOTCH
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euasthenia, locomotor ataxia,
sis, sciatica, rheumatism, etc.,
Facial blemishes of all kinds re-
. 27 Coburg Street.

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GINEERS AND MACHINISTS.
Iron and Brass Castings.
T ST. JOHN, Phone West 15

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WATCH REPAIRERS.
Bailey, the English, American
Swiss watch repairer, 138
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ERNEST LAW, 3 Coburg St.
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You are Invited to Inspect
AN GUILDER HOLLOW WALL
DWELLING
(Built like a Thermos Bottle.)
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Lancaster Avenue.
SANDY & ALLISON,
Builders' Supplies.

The Goddess

READ IT HERE NOW—THEN SEE IT ALL IN MOVING PICTURES.

The Serial Beautiful

Presented By This NEWSPAPER IN COLLABORATION With The VITAGRAPH CO. of AMERICA

INTRODUCING
EARLE WILLIAMS - - - Tommy Barclay
ANITA STEWART - - - - The Goddess

WRITTEN BY GOUVERNEUR MORRIS
(One of the most notable figures in American Literature)

Dramatized into a Photo-Play by
CHAS. W. GODDARD
Author of "The Perils of Pauline" "The Exploits of Elaine"

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Mr. Barclay reads the account and sends for Tommy. After a long interview Barclay is unable to change Tommy's views. Barclay and Stilliter send for Celestia. She comes to Barclay's office at their request, and before an assemblage of prominent men which Barclay has brought together, makes her first speech in which their policies are strongly brought out.

Celestia attends a fashionable ball at Barclay's home. She at once becomes the center of attraction. Society accepts her message in a manner that greatly pleases the Triumvirate.

Tommy goes to the Pennsylvania mines with Carson and Cracowitz, after Mr. Barclay had refused to see them. Arriving at the mines Tommy prevents an outbreak among the miners, but fails in bringing about a state of peace. Instead he gets in trouble, which would have resulted in his being lynched, only for the timely arrival of Celestia, who saves him.

10TH INSTALLMENT

Although Kehr had been instructed to give Celestia every chance to settle the strike, and to hinder her in nothing, he was still determined to bring about his own kind of a settlement if possible. Close-fisted and narrow he was nevertheless a man with beliefs and principles for which he was not only willing to sacrifice his fortune, but his life if necessary. To Kehr a man who agreed to work certain hours for certain wages and then went back on his agreement was no more to be considered or treated with than a mad-dog. To his finger tips he was capitalistic and believed in property. At his finger tips he had innumerable examples of contented laborers who had become affluent, and of discontented laborers who had finished up in jail.

"Once," he would say, "labor did the most work possible for the least possible pay. Then labor did a fair amount of work for a fair amount of pay, but nowadays labor wishes to do the least amount of work possible (and the worst kind of work), and to receive therefore so much pay that there can be no return on the capital which employs labor. Where are we drifting to? If an eight hour a day and a raise, why not six with a raise? Why not four? Two! None? My men want to breakfast in bed and receive their pay envelopes at the same time. I wasn't like that. I went to work for wages that a dog could hardly have lived on. But I saved, and waited, and I worked as hard as I could without complaining. And now look at me!

"Any healthy-minded, able-bodied young American can get rich in less than no time, if he will work as hard as he can, save a portion of what he earns, and keep his ears closed to the fools and devils who preach laziness and discontent."

Conditions at Bitumen had come to such a pass that Kehr could see no possibility of compromise. The country was suffering from what amounted to a coal famine, and the fault lay, so Kehr honestly felt, with a group of two-legged animals who didn't know enough to come in out of the rain.

All over the country, so Kehr honestly thought, labor was rearing its head like that of a venomous snake. Already it had bitten many innocent people, and some were dead and some were ruined for life. Now you don't argue with a venomous snake. You either kill it or you run from it. Kehr was not the kind of man who runs from anything. He had a big stick, and if he possibly could, he was going to hit labor one good crack over the head. Anyway, his plans were all inorder. He had goaded the strike leaders until they were ready to order an attack on his stockade, and he was grimly ready and even eager for that attack to begin. Tommy had thwarted him once. Now they had sent Celestia to thwart him again.

Still he received her with politeness, and told her that he was glad she had come.

"I'm glad you've come, young lady, because I know your theories, and I'm glad to have the chance of showing you how impractical they are in the face of an actual condition. You want labor and capital to be friends and to work hand in hand. Can a gunman be friends with a Bishop?"

"Why yes," said Celestia, "when they get so they understand each other. But a day will come when there won't be any gun men."

"Nor any walking delegates, nor any fools who spend more than they can earn and then begin to holler murder and set off dynamite. Now you just sit down in that chair, and I'll tell you in a nutshell, the history of the last few years that has led up to the present situation. To begin with I was a day laborer myself in these coal fields—"

Celestia raised her hand in protest.

"Don't tell me your side of the quarrel," she said; "tell me theirs. When your heart is very hard against a man, the best way to soften it is to say all the favorable things you can think of about him. I'd like you to tell me all the good things you can think of about Gunsdorf and then I shall go to him and ask him to tell me all the good things he can think of about you."

"From neither of us," said Kehr grimly; "will you hear any good of the other."

"Then," said Celestia, smiling gently; "I shall have to do the talking for you both."

"You can change me into a breakfast-food as easily as you can change Gunsdorf into a human being."

"Some day you and Gunsdorf will shake hands and you'll both admit that you were both wrong."

"You admit that he's wrong?"

"Yes, Mr. Kehr, and you too."

She rose and smiled upon him.

"I am to come and go as I please?"

"If you go among those devils over there in the town I won't be responsible for the consequences."

"But I've been among them already. They were going to hang a man, but they listened to reason."

"What man?"

A vision of Mrs. Gunsdorf's face floated through Celestia's mind, and caused her eyes to narrow a little, and look quite stoney.

"A man of no importance," she said lightly. "But I shan't go back to the town to-night. What is the pass word?"

He told her.

"I shall talk with some of your men to-night. And to-morrow I hope you will have a change of heart."

She smiled so sweetly at him, that his crabbed old heart actually warmed toward her, and then she set out alone in the electric-lighted darkness to explore the strong place which capital had set up against rebellious labor.

Kehr must have had a military ancestor from whom he had inherited a talent for making defensive warfare as nasty as possible. From the outside his stockade surrounding several acres of ground presented no great obstacle to an attack in force. It was not as high as it might have been, nor as thick or strong. The tops of the logs of which it had been built were not even pointed. It did not seem to have been pierced with a sufficiency of holes for rifles. Indeed Mr. Kehr's stockade was not so much a defense as a temptation. His real defenses began just inside. For twenty feet the ground was pitted like a sieve, in each pit a pointed stake had been planted, upright. Within this ring of mischance were vicious entanglements of barbed wire.

In Mr. Kehr's plan of defense the stockade would be surrendered after a mere show of resistance, the strikers swarming over the top would become entangled among the staked pits and the barbed wire, like flies in a spider's web, and then Kehr could make them sorry that they had ever been born. He had two machine guns placed on an eminence from which they could sweep the whole inner ring of the stockade. He had plenty of rifles, plenty of ammunition, and what was more important he had plenty of men which could be relied on to shoot down their fellow men.

If by any chance the stockade and the entanglements were carried, the assailants would be confronted by an inner stockade, higher and stronger, built around a spring and well stocked with provisions. But the attack, Kehr felt, if it ever did come to a head would end bloodily and ingloriously in the barbed wire. Labor would have had a much needed lesson, and whatever the consequences to himself, he would not have lived in vain.

Four feet from the top of the main stockade on the inner side was a shelf-like walk of heavy planks, from which sentries could look out upon the world beyond.

Celestia's first act of exploration was to climb a ladder which gave access to this narrow way and start along it. Almost instantly the white apparition was challenged by a sentry.

Celestia gave the pass-word, and made the man tell her what his hours and duties were.

"Do you really mean," she said, "that if you saw a man out there, and asked him his business, and got no answer, that you would try to shoot him?"

"If I saw him in this light," said the sentry, "he'd be so near that I wouldn't have to try. I couldn't miss him."

"And he might be a deaf man who didn't hear your challenge. I don't think you'd shoot him would you? Wouldn't you just shoot somewhere near him to frighten him?"

She looked the man steadily in the face.

"Wouldn't you?"

"I got no business talking to anyone, when I'm on duty."

"Wouldn't you?"

The man made a snuffling noise.

"If I hear you fire," said Celestia, "I shall know that you didn't shoot to kill, shan't I?"

The sentry, an alert young fellow to begin with seemed now to have fallen into a kind of trance.

"I guess," he said, "I'd do anything you said, if you looked at me while you said it."

Celestia smiled and passed on. She made the whole tour of the stockade, instilling merciful feelings into the heart of each sentry that she met. At last, just as the moon was rising and flooding the world with light, she came back to the first sentry. It was easy to see that he was glad she had come back. He drew a long breath and his eyes brightened.

"Why," she asked, "have almost all the trees been cut down?"

"So's we can see the strikers a long way before they get to us."

"Then why have they left that one big grove, so near the stockade? They could take shelter in that, and if they had a small cannon—"

"But they haven't."

"They ought to have, oughtn't they? If it's to be a fair fight. But there won't be any fight, will there? Still you haven't told me why all the trees have been cut down except that one grove—see it's got a fine old stone wall around it. If I were the Captain of the strikers—"

"It was left standing especial," said the sentry, "by Mr. Kehr's orders. And he knows why it's been left, even if nobody else does. I'm dead certain of one thing. Anybody who thinks he's safe in that grove will be making a great big mistake."

"But why? A bullet can't go through a stone wall or a big tree."

"Do you know what a blast is?"

"I think so."

"Well, suppose the strikers occupied that grove in numbers and began to fire on us. Suppose just then every tree in the grove blew to pieces and fell on 'em, and the stone wall sailed up in the air and fell on 'em, and the earth they stood on opened up and swallowed 'em, and shuts its mouth on 'em afterward and wouldn't let 'em out?"

"Is that what it's for?"

"I don't know, ma'am. You asked me what it's for, and I don't know. I'm only telling you what it might be for. What it would be for, if I was old man Kehr."

"How would he make it all blow up?" asked Celestia.

"By electricity. He'd have a switch somewhere that connected up all the detonators in the grove."

"What is a switch?"

The sentry explained as well as he could, and after wishing him good night, Celestia went slowly away, deeply pondering. Once, twice and again before descending from the platform she paused to look thoughtfully at the grove, and she could not but feel that the sentries guess as to why it had not been razed to the ground was probably correct. If so, where should she look for the switch which was to detonate the dynamite? In some building, of course, guarded day and night. It would not be a building in which men ate or slept, but one that was either empty, or only used for storage purposes or rarely visited.

While she pondered on this, she heard herself sharply challenged, and found herself face to face with a black-bearded man who stood with his back to a sheet-iron door in the side of a small sheet-iron house, that had no windows.

Celestia gave the word for the night and asked the man what he was guarding.

He shook his head.

"But I want to go in and see for myself," said Celestia. "Mr. Kehr told me that I could go wherever I liked."

"Door locked," said the man simply, "and Mr. Kehr don't want anyone fooling round this building."

"Haven't you got the key?"

His eyes were beginning to feel the magic of her eyes, and his ears of her voice.

"I have not."

"But you know where it is?"

"What if I do?"

"Why you'd tell me and I could get it and open this door."

The man tried to laugh roughly and failed.

"Where is it?" she asked.

There was a short battle of eyes, and Celestia as usual conquered.

"Mr. Kehr said you could go where you liked?"

Celestia simply nodded and continued to look the man in the eyes. He hesitated a moment, and then leaned over and lifted a large flat stone. Under the stone, a bright nickel-plated key shone in the moonlight.

"Thank you," said Celestia. And she took the key and opened the iron door of the little iron house and went in.

"For God's sake," said the man, all trembling now at what he had done, "don't touch anything. Only look!"

"Then," said Celestia, "come and show me what there is to see. It's all dark in here."

The man followed her hastily into the building and struck a match.

"That there!" he said in a whisper; "that's a switch. That's all there is to see. Now come out. Please do."

The match had gone out. Celestia followed the sentry into the open air, and while he relocked the door, and rehid the key, she thanked him very graciously as if he had done her some small gracious favor. Well, she had seen the switch and just before the match went out, she had read these words painted on a rectangle of white cardboard:

"Don't touch. Dynamite."

"And what," she said sweetly, "are your orders about that switch? What will be the occasion of setting off the dynamite?"

The sentry affected not to hear.

"You have to tell me," said Celestia.

After a moment's silence, he said:

"I'm only to close the circuit only on a direct order from Mr. Kehr. I don't know why I'm to close it. Or what will happen if I do."

"When you do," said Celestia, "lots of poor wives will be left without husbands, and lots of poor babies will be left without fathers."

The sentry shuddered.

"So you won't obey that order, will you?"

"An order is an order, ma'am."

"I am giving you an order."

"I take my orders from Mr. Kehr."

"The order I am giving you is from God. Look at me."

He looked at her, and after a time, whether the order came to him from God or not, he knew that he must obey it.

Celestia strolled away in the moonlight. "Soon," she thought, "I shall have arranged that there shall be no defense; I must also arrange that there shall be no attack. No wonder they sent me—so many human beings don't seem to be human."

Then she lifted her sweet voice, and called for Freddie the Ferret, but he did not answer to his name. He had gotten himself left behind in the town, and she was worried about him. But not very much. She thought that he might have followed her and been let into the stockade. But this couldn't be so, or he would have answered. At least he had nothing to fear from the sentries. She had told them about him, and they would pass on the word, and anyway they weren't going to shoot to kill. Furthermore Freddie had a delightful faculty of landing on his feet.

Since returning from the town she had not seen Stilliter. She wondered what he was doing and why she couldn't like him.

If Celestia had had a square deal from Kehr she might have reduced the hostile feelings of the strikers and the strike breakers to nothing and brought about peace in Bitumen. But it was written that while she slept soundly in the little house which had been set aside for her use, Kehr who never slept in times of danger, went on a midnight tour of inspection, and made certain discoveries which filled him with anger and anxiety. The very first sentry whom he talked to made a damaging confession.

"Seen nothing to-night?" Kehr asked.

"Only the lady, sir."

"What lady?"

"The lady in white."

"Oh."

"Yes, sir."

The sentry gave the appearance of one who wishes to speak, but is afraid.

"Well, what is it?"

"After talking with her, sir, I think I ought to be relieved. My orders is to shoot to kill. After talking with her, sir, I couldn't do it."

"You wouldn't obey my orders?"

"I couldn't, sir."

"When you have been relieved, you will report yourself at the guard house. You are a prisoner."

"Yes, sir."

Kehr returned to his headquarters and gave orders that all the men then on sentry duty should be relieved, and sent to him. From all he obtained similar confessions to that made by the first sentry. One by one he interviewed every man in his command, and found, to his great relief that only those on duty at the time when Celestia had made her tour of inspection had been tampered with. These he had locked up. Then he sent for Professor Stilliter.

"She's made a fine beginning," he said. "Give her time and she'd corrupt every man in the post. After that if we were attacked it would be a massacre—of us. Old man Barclay's off his nut. I am willing to give her a free rein to settle this strike, according to orders, but I won't have her jeopardizing my life, or the lives of those under me."

"To-morrow," said Stilliter, "she will go among the strikers and pull their teeth. Give her rope—she'll settle all this turmoil out of hand and make everybody love each other."

"To-morrow," said Kehr, "she will find herself locked in her house."

"I shall consider it my duty to break down the door and let her out."

"Her house will be guarded and you will approach it at your peril."

"I have orders from Barclay—so have you."

"His orders would be different if he was on the spot."

"They would be the same. Restrain Celestia by force, and take the consequences."

"This place," said Kehr, "is under martial law. I shall probably send her away to-morrow. In the meanwhile don't you attempt to interfere."

"I'll telegraph Barclay."

"You will not. You will go to your room and stay there till you are told you may come out."

Celestia challenges the sentry and opens the door

Stilliter turned angrily on his heel, opened the door of Kehr's office and found himself confronted by two men with rifles.

"Escort Professor Stilliter to his room," said Kehr, "and see that he doesn't leave it without orders from me."

Early the next morning Gunsdorf, Carson, Cracowitz and Tommy Barclay arrived before the gate of the stockade under the protection of a white flag, and were admitted presently, after being blindfolded, to a parley with Kehr.

"Barclay," Gunsdorf explained, "comes on a private matter. He wants to thank the lady who saved his life yesterday. If that isn't possible he wishes permission to go back to his friends in town."

"You others have come on business. Well, I'll listen to you once more—if I can. Barclay may see the lady."

Tommy was blindfolded once more, and escorted to Celestia's house. He was pushed in, told to take off the bandage over his eyes, and heard the door lock behind him.

He found himself in a plain little sitting room about twelve feet square. Two doors opened from it, but both at the moment were closed. Of Celestia there was neither sight nor sound. Tommy seated himself in a plain chair, and waited. Half an hour passed. Then he began to call to her, at first softly and then more loudly:

"Celestia—oh Celestia—where are you? It's Tommy."

Presently he heard himself answered in a sleepy voice.

"What is it? I've just waked up."

"Don't trouble then—later will do. I came to thank you for yesterday, and to ask why you wouldn't speak to me. I couldn't sleep. I had to come."

"I'll come in a little while," said Celestia. "Do you mind waiting?"

After what seemed an eternity to Tommy she came.

"Oh, Celestia," he said, "you hurt me so. Why wouldn't you speak to me?"

"I don't quite know," she said hesitatingly, "but I will now. Only I don't want to be thanked. I want to forget all about that. We can talk as we go. I am going to talk to the strikers this morning. Already some of the men here feel more peaceful. The main thing is that there mustn't be any blood shed until I have had a chance to make everybody see everything in a true light. You stopped one attack on the stockade. That was fine!"

"It was common sense."

"It was fine! Shall we start now?"

"Have you had breakfast?"

"Some of the strikers will give me a cup of coffee. That's all I need."

She smiled radiantly upon him, and went to the door of the house.

"It's locked."

"Yes, I know."

Celestia raised her voice.

"You! without there! Open the door!"

A stern voice answered her:

"Orders are to keep the door locked and shoot anybody who tries to leave the house."

"That doesn't apply to me."

"It applies to you, and to the other prisoner."

"Come round to the window. We can talk better there."

"Orders are not to talk with the prisoners or to look at them, unless they try to come out. Then the orders are to shoot at sight."

"Yes, but just come to the window a moment. I don't think you understand."

There was no answer. She turned swiftly to Tommy:

"What does it mean?"

"This, I think," said Tommy; "Kehr wants the stockade attacked. He is afraid I will prevent the attack, and that you will prevent the defense. So he's locked us both up. Gunsdorf and a committee of strikers are with him now. They will make certain unreasonable demands. He will refuse. When they return to the town the attack will begin. And if they don't return to the town by eleven o'clock, the attack will begin."

Celestia pondered this for a few minutes. Then she said:

"We'll need all our strength. Have you had breakfast?"

"I couldn't eat till I'd seen you and you'd spoken to me."

Celestia laughed and once more approached the door.

"How about breakfast?" she called.

"Orders are to supply breakfast on demand."

"Can you make it breakfast for two?"

"Certainly."

Ten minutes later the door was opened, a steaming tray was slid along the floor through the opening, and the door was once more closed and locked.

Almost in silence for they were both very hungry, Celestia and Tommy ate a hearty breakfast.

Once again as at the Octagon fire, Celestia and Tommy found themselves in agreement. Each was bent upon saving life.

Celestia knew of the fighting temper the strikers were in, and told Tommy of Kehr's preparations for making the defense of the stockade a shambles of those who should attack it. She told him, too, how she had made a beginning of softening hearts, but seeing that she had been locked up she feared that the softened hearts had owned up to Kehr and been put where they could do no mercy.

"But Tommy," she said, "they wouldn't be such fools as to attack in broad day, would they?"

"They are very strong numerically, and very weak in the head. Their cause is just enough, but they always present it to notice in unjust ways. Their every passion seems to them an argument. Labor is its own worst enemy. What labor needs is friends, friends of education and experience, dispassionate men and women with no axe to grind. If they succeed in rushing this stockade and massacring everybody in it, what earthly good will it do them? None. And they don't see it. They think capital will be so frightened that it will simply curl up its toes and yield to their every demand. Why Celestia there are men in that town so ignorant—you wouldn't believe it! There are grown men over there who think that all the forces of American capital are impounded in this stockade, and that if these forces are scotched Capital will no longer have anyone to take up the glove for it. Gunsdorf's a wise old fellow. But he's not in this game because he loves labor, but because he loves Gunsdorf. Carson is a fanatic—an honest fanatic. Cracowitz is an out and out anarchist. It's a pity, because fundamentally theirs is the side of justice. I wish I could hear what they are saying to old man Kehr. I'm afraid it won't be a soothing interview for anyone."

"They came with you?"

Tommy nodded.

"I begged them not to come, but Gunsdorf would do it. I think—"

"What?"

"I think that if there is an attack on the stockade Gunsdorf doesn't want to be mixed up in it—technically. I think he intends to make Kehr so angry that Kehr will throw him and his companions into the lock-up, white flag and all. Gunsdorf's not returning at the given time, eleven o'clock will be the signal for the attack; and good Lord how the poor fools will be slaughtered."

"If you could get to them, and tell them about Gunsdorf?"

"They might not believe me, but if I could get to them I'd certainly try it."

"He has no right to lock us up," said Celestia. "I wonder how many men are guarding this house?"

It was only a matter of moments to ascertain that there were but two. The house being one of a row that had windows only at the front and the back.

"We might get away over the roofs," Tommy suggested.

They ascended to the second floor, and found a ladder which led to a trap door in the roof. But Tommy found it impossible to open this. It was either nailed down, or held by some weight too heavy for him to budge.

They returned to the parlor and sat for a while in deep thought. Whatever Celestia's thoughts may have been they succeeded in bringing into her eyes a harsh cold look, and when she spoke at last it was no longer in the same easy friendly voice.

"I've got an idea," she said, "but I don't like it. That woman put it into my head."

"What woman?"

"You know."

"Mrs. Gunsdorf?"

Celestia nodded.

"That man out in front," she said, "is a human being. If he heard a woman screaming for help, he would try to help her, wouldn't he?"

"Celestia!"

"Oh you mustn't be frightened," said Celestia coldly. "You will be hiding behind that door. When he rushes in to save me, you will have to seize him and keep him quiet until we can get away. But you mustn't hurt him."

"Suppose the other sentry comes too?"

"He won't hear. I'll only scream—in moderation."

Tommy laughed aloud, and Celestia forgetting about the Gunsdorf woman laughed too.

"We must get out of the stockade somehow," said Celestia.

"How will we keep him quiet, after we've gone?"

"You must hold him so that he has to look at me. When men look at me, they have to do what I say."

"I know that," said Tommy, "all except me."

"All except you."

"I suppose," said he, "it's because I love you so."

"Love! I begged you to marry me and you wouldn't."

"Oh Celestia, how could I? I haven't a cent in the world."

"What does money matter! But this isn't the time to argue about love. This is the time to think about saving life."

The sentry who guarded the front of the house heard a sound of shades being drawn, and found that the room to the left of the front door, had as it were closed its eyes. For a moment the sentry smiled cynically. Then remembering the one glimpse he had had of Celestia, and her wonderful look of candor and innocence, the smile faded from his face, and its place was taken by an expression of anxiety. Just at that moment the door knob was turned violently this way and that, and as suddenly was still again. Then the sentry heard a voice—a woman's voice—a half choked voice, full of fear and horror that half moaned and half said: "D-o-n't! D-o-n't!"

Then there was a sound of a heavy body being dragged away from the door.

The sentry didn't hesitate a moment. He unlocked the door, flung it open and leaped into the hallway. He was in time to see Celestia's heels bump over the threshold of the parlor door as Tommy, half laughing and half ashamed dragged her in from the hall.

The sentry leaped to the rescue of those heels and their beautiful owner.

The situation with which he found himself confronted in the parlor was not, however, in the least what he expected.

Against the opposite wall stood the female prisoner—laughing. The male prisoner was nowhere to be seen.

The gallant sentry's lower jaw dropped and hung loosely.

Celestia stopped laughing and came a step forward, looking the sentry squarely in the eyes. He had been warned not to look at her, but he couldn't help himself.

"I hope you are not going to shoot anybody with that gun."

"No, ma'am."

"Then put it down."

He did so.

"Come here!"

He approached close to her.

"Will you do me a favor?"

"Yes, ma'am." He had to say it.

"Promise?"

"I promise."

"I want you to wait in this room in the most comfortable chair and not leave it for an hour. Will you do that?"

The man was completely hypnotised. He moved languidly to the easiest chair, seated himself, closed one leg over the other and began to rock slowly backwards and forwards.

"Come, Tommy," said Celestia.

They closed the parlor door after them and slipped cautiously out of the house.

But there was no need of caution.

The platform along the stockade was lined with Kehr's men, and the attention of these was engaged with matters outside the stockade and beyond.

"By George!" exclaimed Tommy. "They must be expecting an attack."

They ran across the open space to the main gate of the stockade, and were halted by a sentry. Fortunately the pass word of the night before had not been changed. Celestia gave it, and asked the man to open the gate. He had orders to let no one leave the stockade.

"What, no one!"

He found himself looking into a pair of profound eyes, that somehow or other seemed to muddle his brain.

"You must open it—for me!"

He hesitated, then turned slowly, and began to fumble with the somewhat complicated fastenings of the gate. A few moments later Tommy and Celestia were in the open.

About two hundred yards distant was the grove surrounded by a stone wall which Kehr had not razed with the rest of the timber. It was swarming with men.

Celestia turned the color of ashes. And without a word she darted toward the grove as fast as she could run followed by Tommy. As they ran Tommy took out his handkerchief and waved it above his head as a flag of truce.

Cries to stop reached them from the top of the stockade, but they ran on.

"Shall I bring them down, sir?"

"No," said Kehr. "Damn them!"

His face was convulsed with rage and disappointment. He saw Celestia spring to the top of the stone wall and begin to speak to the men who swarmed in the grove. And his fury knew no bounds. But mingled with it was a cold streak of caution. He had but to make a certain signal with his arm, and the men in that grove, and Celestia and Tommy and the stone wall and the grove itself would fly heavenward in one awful discharge of dynamite; but that signal he dared not give.

Tommy and Celestia were safe in the shadow of Gordon Barclay's protecting wings.

"Listen to me," Celestia was crying, "and believe me. You've got to believe me. You think you are sheltered here. The whole grove is mined. One spark of electricity and you will all be blown to pieces."

The men hesitated, and looked at her in wonder. Tommy came to her aid.

"Do you think Kehr would leave this cover for your benefit? It's a trap. If you've got any sense at all, you'll get out before you are blown out."

Kehr, watching from the stockade, saw his victims beginning to escape. They left the grove in twos and threes, sullenly but not slowly. Celestia still standing on the top of the wall had turned and faced the stockade, her hands on her hips.

So standing the sun shone full upon her, and she gleamed with a brightness and glory that seemed hardly to belong to this earth.

Even Kehr was moved. True courage always moved him. And in his flinty heart was a certain sense of relief. It would have been horrible to blow so many men to pieces—dogs and fools though he honestly thought them.

(To be continued)

LATEST FINANCIAL AND SHIPPING NEWS AND NOTES

SHIPPING

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

November Phases of the Moon.

New moon, 7th .. .. .. 3h 52m p.m.
First quarter, 13th .. .. 7h 3m a.m.
Full moon, 21st .. .. 1h 36m p.m.
Last quarter 29th.. .. 6h 11m p.m.

Date.	D. of W.	Sun R'ses.	Sun Sets.	H. Water a. m.	H. Water p. m.	L. Water a. m.	L. Water p. m.
1	Mn	7.08	5.08	6.14	6.33	...,	12.20
2	Tu	7.10	5.07	7.12	7.31	0.51	1.17
3	Wd	7.11	5.05	8.04	8.26	1.47	2.15
4	Th	7.13	5.03	8.52	9.16	2.42	3.10
5	Fr	7.14	5.00	9.37	10.03	3.34	4.00
6	Sat	7.15	5.01	10.21	10.48	4.22	4.46
7	Sn	7.17	4.59	11.04	11.32	5.08	5.31

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Saturday, Oct 30, 1915.

Sch Harold B Cousens, 360, Gayton, Perth Amboy, coal.

Sch J Frank Sea, 236, Ingalls, Philadelphia, coal.

Sch Henry H Chamberlain, 205, Wasson, New York, coal.

Sch John G Watters, New York, coal.

Sch W E and W L Tuck, New York, coal.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Newcastle, Oct 29—Ard: Str Sandon Hall, Rowlands, New York.

Quebec, Oct 26—Passed: Strs Tropea, London for Montreal; Kelvingrove, Glasgow, for do.

Sld Oct 27: Str Virginian, Hall, S Nazarie.

Halifax, Oct 28—Ard: Bktn Sigyn (Sw), Jonsson, Manchester, to load deals shipped by John E Moore & Co, for U K.

BRITISH PORTS.

Glasgow, Oct 27—Ard: Str Carthaginian, Montreal.

Liverpool, Oct 26—Ard: Str Metagama, Montreal.

Sld Oct 27—Str Bay State, Boston.

London, Oct 27—Sld: Str Cambrian, Boston; Oct 28: Str Alconda, Walls, Botwood, Nfld.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Navre, Oct 25—Ard: Str Glenellah, McLeod, Sydney, C B.

City Island, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Catherine, Perth Amboy for St John, N B.

Perth Amboy, N J, Oct 28—Ard: Schs Elma, New York; General Laurie, do.

Port Reading, N J, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Elma, Miller, New York.

New York, Oct 28—Ard: Schs Colin C Baker, St George; Jessie Ashley, Maitland; Thomas Winsmore, Cheverie.

Rockland, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Peter Schultz, Nova Scotia port for New York.

Eastport, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Willie L Maxwell, Beavor Harbor.

Sld Oct 28: Sch Sortensia, Jonesboro.

Gloucester, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Nevis, Boston.

Vineyard Haven, Oct 28—Ard: Sch Harry W Lewis, Guttenzurg for St John, N B.

Portland, Oct 28—Sld: Strs Anglo-American, English port; Bland Hall, Avonmouth; Sch J Howell Leeds, St John, N B.

Rockland, Oct 28—Sld: Schs Eskimo, Boston; Catherine, Portland.

New York, Oct 28—Ard: Schs Colin C Baker, St George, N B, via Norwalk, Conn.

Boston, Oct 28—Cld: Schs A J Sterling, St John, N B; Percy C, Shelburne, N S; Laura E Melanson, Gilberts Cove, N S.

MARINE NOTES.

RECENT CHARTERS.

Str Aries, Portland to Bristol Channel, 20,000 qrs grain, 12s 6d, option London, 13s, November; Str Rollesby, 28,000 qrs grain, Portland to Leith, 12s 3r, Nov-Dec; Str Quarydene, Portland to Avonmouth, 31,000 qrs grain, 12c, option part oats, 9s 6d, and barley, 10s 6d, option London, 6d additional, late Nov; Sch Allan wilde, Fernandina to north side Cuba, lumber, $8.

THE FLORA CONDON.

Portland Argus: The disabled Sch Flora Condon, which has been lying at Brown's wharf for the past week, was on Thursday towed across the harbor and grounded out on the flats alongside the marine railway at South Portland, where a survey will be held on her, after which she will probably haul out for repairs.

SCHOONER ABANDONED.

New York, Oct 30—The Str Mesba, from London, reported that on Oct 23 sh encountered the lumber-laden Russian schooner Salme, abandoned and waterlogged. As the wreck was dangerous to navigation, the Mesba captain set her on fire. The Salme was bound from Campbellton, N B, for Liverpool.

Building Operations.

James Carleton, Building Inspector, makes the following report for the month: Building permits for the month of October, this year, are $36,350. Number of building permits for the month of October, last year, were $32,550. Number of building permits for month of October, last year, were 10. Total for year to end of above month is $283,150. Total for corresponding period last year was $447,450.

STOCKS STRONG WITH BRISK DEMAND FOR INVESTMENT SHARES

War shares, strong at outset, fell behind old timers some of which recorded highest quotations in a year—Exchange again weak.

New York, Oct. 30—There was a continuance today of the brisk demand for railway and other investment shares which marked yesterday's active session. Stocks were strong from the outset, though receding fractionally at intervals under heavy profit-taking. Total sales exceeded 700,000 shares, with a broader distribution of operations. War shares were most conspicuous in the initial dealings, but that group gave way to such seasoned shares as the Harrimans and Hills, Norfolk and Western, New York Central, Reading and Chesapeake & Ohio. Union Pacific rose 2⅜ to 139½; Southern Pacific, 2¼ to 102 and Chesapeake rose 3 to 62¾. Some of these prices represented the highest quotations for a year or more. Canadian Pacific was under the pressure of realizing sales on yesterday's substantial rise.

United States Steel was again the cynosure of speculative attention, opening with 7,500 shares at 88, an advance of half point, and its maximum since 1910. Later it made a further gain of 88¼, but at that level enormous selling orders stopped the rise. Steel closed at 87⅞, but some private sales at a slight advance over that price were reported after the session's close.

Metal shares were in further demand, Anaconda Copper advancing a point to the new high price of 83⅞. Utah Inspiration and Guggenheim were active at moderate advances. Unofficial quotations showed another advance in the price of refined copper here and abroad.

Automobile stocks afforded some diversion, General Motors rising almost forty points, to the new record of 395 and Willys-Overland rose 12 to 262. Maxwells, Studebaker, Baldwin Locomotive and General Electric gained 2 to 3 points. Bethlehem Steel was again reactionary, a single sale of 100 shares showing a loss of 15¼ at 524¾.

There was a sudden renewal of weakness in exchange demand, sterling losing most of its recent recovery on the withdrawal of important buying interests.

Bonds showed increased strength on the moderate turnover of about $3,000,000 par value.

United States bonds were unchanged on call during the week.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Chicago, Oct. 30—Wheat, No. 2 red, 1.10 to 1.12; No. 3 red, 1.06 to 1.09; No. 3 hard, 97 to 1.01.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 64¾ to 65; No. 3 yellow, 64½ to 64¾; No. 2 white, 64 to 64¼.

Oats—No. 3 white, 36½ to 37; standard, 39¼ to 39½.

Rye—No. 2, 1.03.

Barley—54 to 63.

Timothy—5.00 to 7.75.

Clover—11.00 to 18.00.

Pork—14.12; lard, 8.97 to 9.02; ribs, 10.37.

WEDDINGS.

Scribner-Taber.

A very pretty wedding, which was witnessed by a large number of the friends of the contracting parties, took place on Saturday afternoon at Bloomfield Station, at the Baptist church, when Miss Myrtle N. Taber, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Taber, of this place, became the wife of Mr. Ernest Scribner, of Kingston.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. O. N. Chipman, Hampton. The church was nicely decorated with potted plants, etc., by the girl friends of the bride. The bride entered the church on the arm of her father as the wedding march was being played by Miss Gilford of St. John.

The bride was becomingly gowned in a travelling suit of navy blue, with hat to match. They were unattended.

Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. Frank H. Pickle, on behalf of the members of the church, presented the bride with a handsomely bound Bible. The bride responded with a few well chosen words of thanks.

After the presentation and while the wedding march was being played, the bride and groom left the church, entering the carriage which was waiting for them and in which they drove to St. John. From there they will visit different places of interest on the St. John river. Best wishes are extended to Mr. and Mrs. Scribner for a long and happy married life. Upon their return they will reside in Kingston.

PRODUCE PRICES ON MONTREAL MARKET

Montreal, Oct. 30—**CORN**—American, No. 2 yellow, 77.

FLOUR—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, 5.85; seconds, 5.35; strong bakers, 5.15; winter patents, choice, 5.60; straight rollers, 4.90 to 5.00; bags, 2.30 to 2.40.

MILLFEED—Bran, 21 to 22; Shorts, 23 to 24; Middlings, 29 to 30; Moullie, 33 to 34.

HAY—No. 2, per ton, car lots, 17 to 18.

POTATOES—Per bag, car lots, 95 to 1.10.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET SALES

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan.	12.24	12.15	12.23
Mar.	12.45	12.34	12.43
May	12.59	12.48	12.57
July	12.63	12.55	12.62
Dec.	12.10	11.95	12.08

Auction Sales.

The sale of stocks by auction brought many investors to Chubb's Corner Saturday. Auctioneer R. F. Potts conducted the sales. The N. B. Telephone stock was first offered and ten shares sold at 123 1-2, and 73 shares brought 122 1-2. Ten shares of Bank of Nova Scotia sold for 257 per share; 25 shares of Ready's Breweries, common stock, was knocked down at 20, and 16 shares of the preferred sold at 82; a $500 bond of the Breweries brought $450.

Auctioneer Webber offered for sale a two family house 19 Merritt street, together with a freehold lot adjoining. Also a barn. The property was sold to Wm. Lunny at $550.

Sleeper Walked.

About ten o'clock Saturday night, the police answered a telephone call to Yerxa's grocery store, Main street, to look after a man who was sleeping in their barn, on Erin street. When the policeman arrived, however, the man had gone.

CLOSING LETTER OF N. Y. MARKET BY E. & C. RANDOLPH

New York, Oct. 30—The market has been very active with decided strength in the railroad stocks, particularly in the issues of western roads like U. P., S. P. and Great Northern, whose advances had not previously kept pace with the upward movement. In some of the most active industrials like U. S. Steel and the Coppers, there has been heavy realizing, but the selling produced very small recessions in prices. The improvement in the bond market during the month just closing has been quite pronounced, and the investment buying is now extending from that department into the better class of railroads. The average price of twenty-five roads bonds rose about three points in October, and the demand continues very active. The Erie statement for September has just made its appearance and meets the most optimistic expectations. This showing is more remarkable as the gains are made over a month last year when business was considerably better than for some time before as a result of the renewal of export shipments which for weeks had been practically shut off by the outbreak of the war. Sales 718,558. Bonds $2,790,000. E. & C. RANDOLPH.

MONTREAL MARKET

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

	Bid.	Ask.
Ames Holden Com.	13	14¼
Ames Holden Pfd.	..	55
Brazilian L. H. and P.	54⅞	55
Canada Car	106¾	107
Canada Cement	38¾	39
Canada Cement Pfd.	..	90½
Can. Cotton	38	40
Crown Reserve	50	60
Detroit United	69⅞	70
Dom. Bridge	231	233
Dom. Iron Pfd.	92	95
Dom. Iron Com.	49¼	49½
Dom. Tev. Com.	74	75
Laurentide Paper Co.	194½	195
Lake of Woods	..	135
MacDonald Com.	..	10½
Minn. and St. Paul	123	125
Mt. L. H. and Power	240¾	241
N. Scotia Steel and C.	95¾	95¾
Ottawa L. and P.	..	120
Ogilvies	131	133
Penman's Limited	60	60½
Quebec Railway	18¾	18¾
Shaw. W. and P. Co.	136	137
Sher. Williams Co.	..	55
Spanish River Com.	4	5
Steel Co. Can Com.	36	36½
Steel Co. Can. Pfd.	87¾	88
Toronto Rails	111	111⅝
Tucketts Tobacco	..	29
Winnipeg Elect.	..	180

Accept No Substitute for Convido. No other port has the ripe, generous flavor and delicate aroma of the genuine.

Use Convido Port

Protect yourself by remembering the name.

Sold in bottles only, at all good wine merchants, cafes, etc.

D. O. ROBLIN, Sole Agent in Canada, Toronto.

STOCK QUOTATIONS ON N.Y. EXCHANGE

(McDOUGALL & COWANS)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Am Beet Sug	66½	66½	66¼	66¼
Am Car Fy	87¼	88¼	87	87
Am Loco	71	71	70½	70½
Am Woolen	55	55	54½	54⅞
Am Smelt	94	94⅝	93½	94¼
Anaconda	83½	83⅞	82¾	83⅝
Am Tele	124½	124¾	124½	124¾
Atchison	108⅝	108¾	109¾	108½
Am Can	63¼	63½	61½	62
Balt and O Co	94¼	94⅞	94¼	94⅞
Brook Rap Tr	87	87⅝	87	87¼
C F I	58½	58¾	57½	58¼
Ches and Ohio	60¼	62¾	59⅝	62¾
Chino	52½	52⅞	52½	52⅞
Cent Leath	59¼	59¾	59	59⅝
Can Pac	183⅞	184¼	183	183⅛
Cruc Steel	86¼	87	85¼	85½
Erie Com	43	43⅝	42⅝	42⅛
Gr Nor Pfd	124⅝	125½	124¼	125¼
Lehigh Val	81⅞	81¼	80⅝	80⅝
Miss Pac	5⅜	5½	5	5⅜
NY NH and H	82	83⅛	82⅝	82½
N Y Cent	103⅝	103⅝	102½	103
Nor Pac	114⅞	115⅝	114¼	115¼
Penn	60⅛	60⅝	69⅞	70¼
Press Stl Car	73¾	73¾	72	73¼
Reading Com	84¼	84⅝	82¾	83¼
Rep Steel	54¾	55	54¼	54¾
St Paul	95	95	94¾	94¾
Sou Pac	100	102	100	101¾
Sloss	61¼	61¼	61	61¼
Studebaker	172¼	173¼	168	172
Un Pac Com	137½	139½	137⅝	139⅛
U S Steel Com	88	88¼	87⅝	87⅞
U S Steel Pfd	117	117	116⅞	117
U S Rub Com	55½	56½	56¼	56¼
Westing Elec	72½	73¼	72⅝	72¾

MONTREAL TRANSACTIONS

(McDOUGALL & COWANS)

Morning

Montreal, Saturday, Oct. 30th—

Can. Locomotive—25 @ 57¼, 35 @ 57½, 25 @ 57¼, 125 @ 57¾, 5 @ 58, 15 @ 57, 45 @ 56, 175 @ 56½.

Brazilian—225 @ 55, 100 @ 54¾.

Carriage Factories—50 @ 50.

Steel Co. of Canada—25 @ 36½, 25 @ 36½, 25 @ 36¼, 25 @ 36¾, 25 @ 36½, 450 @ 37, 90 @ 37¼, 25 @ 36½, 75 @ 36¾.

Cement Com.—50 @ 38½, 50 @ 38¾, 180 @ 39, 135 @ 39½, 120 @ 38¾, 55 @ 39¼.

Steel of Canada Pfd.—5 @ 88½, 160 @ 88.

Dom. Iron—1,670 @ 50, 250 @ 49⅞, 395 @ 50¼, 385 @ 49⅞, 75 @ 49½.

Shawinigan—35 @ 136½, 30 @ 136, 225 @ 137.

Montreal Power—430 @ 241.

Bell Telephone—24 @ 142, 5 @ 142½, 4 @ 143, 15 @ 144, 44 @ 145.

Canada Car Com.—135 @ 107½, 235 @ 107, 5 @ 107¼, 50 @ 106¾.

Toronto Railway—70 @ 111¼, 30 @ 111⅝, 10 @ 111.

Canada Car Pfd.—30 @ 119½, 390 @ 119.

Detroit United—50 @ 68¼, 100 @ 68, 5 @ 68½, 50 @ 69, 150 @ 70.

Laur. Pulp—25 @ 195.

General Electric—30 @ 123½, 50 @ 123¾, 10 @ 123, 25 @ 121¼, 20 @ 121½, 25 @ 121.

N. S. Steel—25 @ 95½, 750 @ 96, 185 @ 95½, 260 @ 96¼, 385 @ 96½, 400 @ 97, 50 @ 97¼.

Quebec Ry.—75 @ 19, 70 @ 18½, 100 @ 18¾.

Lyall—300 @ 32.

Dom. Bridge—50 @ 232, 245 @ 233, 275 @ 232, 25 @ 231¾, 75 @ 231½, 25 @ 230, 50 @ 228, 50 @ 227, 25 @ 226, 150 @ 227½, 130 @ 228, 5 @ 228½, 25 @ 229, 100 @ 230.

C. Cottons—55 @ 37, 25 @ 39, 50 @ 40.

Penmans—135 @ 06.

Winnipeg Grain Close

Oct.—101⅝.
Nov.—98⅝.
Dec.—94¼.
May—99¼.

THE STANDARD has secured, at a price which will appeal to all, a number of very fine portraits of

SIR ROBERT L. BORDEN

THESE are beautifully made engravings, said to be the best likeness of the Premier in existence, and are printed on a heavy paper suitable for framing.

THESE Portraits may be secured from Teh Standard on payment of thirty cents, by mail, or twenty-five cents delivered at this office. They will also be given, as long as the supply lasts, as premiums for bona fide new subscriptions. The shipment is limited, and any desiring these portraits should apply at once.

STEAMSHIPS.

Majestic Steamship Co.
Steamer Champlain

On and after Oct. 12, stmr. Champlain will leave Public Wharf, St. John on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at ten o'clock for Hatfield's Point and intermediate landings. Returning on alternative days at 1 p. m.
R. S. ORCHARD, Manager.

The Steamer Victoria

Will leave St. John (Old May Queen wharf) every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8.30 a. m. for Fredericton; will leave Fredericton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a. m. on and after Wednesday, Oct. 13.
THE VICTORIA S. S. CO. LTD.
Warehouse 'Phone M. 2680. H. G. Harrison, Manager.

CHANGE OF TIME.
Fall and Winter Time Table of the
GRAND MANAN S.S. CO.
Grand Manan Route—Season 1915-16
After October 1st, 1915, and until further notice, a steamer of this line will run as follows:
Leave Grand Manan Mondays at 7.30 a. m. for St. John, via Eastport, Campobello and Wilson's Beach.
Returning leave Turnbull's Wharf St. John, Wednesdays at 7.30 a. m., for Grand Manan, via Wilson's Beach, Campobello and Eastport.
Leave Grand Manan Thursdays at 8 a. m. for St. Stephen, via Campobello, Eastport and St. Andrews.
Returning, leave St. Stephen Fridays at 7.30 a. m. for Grand Manan, via St. Andrews, Eastport and Campobello.
Leave Grand Manan Saturdays at 7.30 a. m. for St. Andrews.
Returning same day, leaving St. Andrews at 1 p. m., calling at Campobello and Eastport both ways.
Atlantic Standard Time.
L. C. GUPTILL, Manager, Grand Manan.

FURNESS LINE

From London.		From St. John.
Oct. 28	Rappahannock	Nov. 13
Nov. 27	Shenandoah	Nov. 23

WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

DONALDSON LINE
Montreal to Glasgow
S.S. "ATHENIA".... .. .. Nov. 9.
S.S. "CASSANDRA" .. .. Nov. 16.
(Dates subject to change.)
Passage rates on application to
The Robert Reford Co., Ltd
Agents, St. John, N. B.

BRIDGES
Buildings and All Structures of Steel and Concrete
Designs, Estimates and Investigations
T. CUSHING, M. Sc. (M. I. T. Boston)
Civil Engineer
Creighton Ave., - Crafton, Pa., U. S. A
Work in Maritime Provinces Specially Solicited.

W. Simms Lee, F. C. A.
Chartered Accountant and Auditor.
Queen Building 177 Hollis St. HALIFAX, N.S. Box 723

Charlottetown Electric Co.
6% BONDS
Price 95
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SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Excursion Tickets
Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.
SAN FRANCISCO
and LOS ANGELES, Cal.
Oon sale daily to November 30th. Good to return until December 31st
$115.70 from St. John, N.B.
Good going and returning direct. Going via Chicago, Returning via Vancouver, or vice versa, $17.50 additional.
AUTUMN—The Time to See the CANADIAN ROCKIES at their best
W. B. Howard, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
INTERCOLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY
OCEAN LIMITED (Daily).
Departs Halifax 8 a. m.
Departs Moncton 2.25 p. m. Arrives Montreal 8.05 a. m. following day.
MARITIME EXPRESS.
(Daily except Sunday).
Departs Halifax 3 p. m.
Departs St. John 6.10 p. m.
Arrives Montreal 6.30 p. m. following day.
Panama Pacific Exposition, San Francisco. For latest information regarding fares, routes, time tables, etc., consult City Ticket Agent.
THE NATIONAL
A New Train via a New Route through a New Country.
Between Eastern and Western Canada via Grand Trunk, Temiskaming and N. O. Ry. Transcontinental Ry.
Dep Toronto 10.45 p.m. Tues Thurs Sat
Arr Winnipeg 3.50 p.m. Thurs, Sat Mon

STEAMSHIPS.

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water.
INTERNATIONAL LINE.
Steamships Calvin Austin and Governor Cobb
Leave St. John, Mon., Wed., and Fri., at 9 a. m., for Lubec, Eastport, Portland and Boston. Return leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mon., Wed., and Fri., at 9 a. m.
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Steamships North Land and North Star
Reduced Fares in Effect.
$3.00 to New York
Reduced Stateroom Prices.
Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tues., Thurs., and Sat. at 6.00 p. m.
City Ticket Office, 47 King Street.
A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John, N. B.
A. E. FLEMMING, T. F. & P. A., St. John, N. B.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)
Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:—
Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a.m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay, or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.
AGENT—Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co., St. John, N. B.
'Phone 2581. Manager, Lewis Connors, Black's Harbor, N. B.
This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester.		From St. John.
Nov. 13	Manchester Inventor	Dec. 4
Nov. 20	Manchester Engineer*	Dec. 6
Nov. 27	Manchester Merchant	Dec. 18
Dec. 4	Manchester Miller	—
Dec. 11	Manchester Citizen	Jan. 1
Dec. 18	Manchester Shipper*	Jan. 3
Dec. 25	Manchester Corporation	Jan. 15

Steamers marked (*) take cargo to Philadelphia.
Steamers and dates subject to change.
WM. THOMSON & CO., Agents, St. John, N. B.

Crystal Stream Steamship Co.
ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE
The steamer D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 8.30 a.m., returning ALTERNATE DAYS, leaving Fredericton 7.30 a.m.
The "D. J. Purdy" and "Majestic" can be chartered at any time for Excursions and Picnics.
ST. JOHN-WASHADEMOAK ROUTE
The steamer "MAJESTIC" will sail from North End for Cole's Island and intermediate points every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at ten a.m., returning alternate days, leaving Cole's Island at six a.m.
D. J. PURDY, Manager.
Warehouse No. 304.

ELEVATORS
We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.
E. S. STEPHENSON & CO. St. John, N. B.

Germans Rob Of Boots and For Sol

Petrograd, Oct. 30—The following official statement was given out by the Russian war office tonight:

"There is nothing important to report on the whole front, from the Gulf of Riga to the Pripet. There were some operations by our light and heavy artillery in the districts of Jacobstadt and Dvinsk, and against the village of Nurvlantzy, west of Lake Obole.

"An attempt by the Germans to advance on the left bank of the Dvina, northeast of Jacobstadt, was easily repulsed. The Germans are stripping the population of clothing and boots, which they are sending to Vilna.

"In an action north of the village of Lubtcha, on the Upper Nieman, a German detachment was annihilated by some Russian forces which cap-

PAY LAST TRIBUTE OF RESPECT TO THE LATE JOHN RYDER

Special to The Standard.

St. Stephen, Oct. 31.—The funeral service of John Ryder was held this afternoon at Trinity church, the rector Rev. Wm. Tomalin, officiating. The edifice was crowded to the doors by representatives of all classes and creeds who sought to show respect to the memory of one of the best citizens the town has known.

In an excellent sermon, the rector paid a fitting tribute to the life of the deceased and mentioned that Mr. Ryder was the last to pass away of the male members of the founders of Trinity church, that one of his last expressed wishes was a desire to be spared to worship once more in the church where he had been for so many years a faithful attendant.

The procession to the grave was one of the longest seen here in recent years and was headed by Short's military band. The fire departments of Calais, St. Stephen and the two Milltowns and Frontier Lodge K. of P., with delegates from the lodges in Calais and Milltown marched in procession. Michael Regan, the last surviving member, represented the first volunteer fire company formed in St. Stephen, of which John Ryder was the captain, and Postmaster Sullivan, the last surviving charter member, represented the first cornet band formed here, of which Mr. Ryder was the leader. The mayor and town council attended in a body and other bodies were represented.

FINE PATRIOTIC MEETING HELD AT CAMPOBELLO ISLAND

A splendid patriotic meeting was held in the Inn Hall at Welchpool, on Wednesday evening. Excellent music was furnished by the young ladies of the place. George M. Byron occupied the chair. Stirring addresses were delivered by Captain Harrison, W. F. Todd and J. F. Calder.

At the close of the meeting Mr. Chester Eagles, principal of the Welchpool school, offered his services to his country. Mr. Eagles has endeared himself to the people of the community, both as an efficient teacher and as one of the leading young men, and while all regret his departure, yet at the same time there is only one praise for the manly stand he is taking

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Bringing Up

Germans Rob Civiliians Of Boots and Clothing For Soldiers' Use

Petrograd, Oct. 30—The following official statement was given out by the Russian war office tonight:

"There is nothing important to report on the whole front, from the Gulf of Riga to the Pripet. There were some operations by our light and heavy artillery in the districts of Jacobstadt and Dvinsk, and against the village of Nurviantzy, west of Lake Obole.

"An attempt by the Germans to advance on the left bank of the Dvina, northeast of Jacobstadt, was easily repulsed. The Germans are stripping the population of clothing and boots, which they are sending to Vilna.

"In an action north of the village of Luibtcha, on the Upper Nieman, a German detachment was annihilated by some Russian forces which captured a few prisoners, horses and carts, and lost only two killed and one wounded.

"South of Baranovichi, in the district of Gorodichtche, our artillery brought down a German aeroplane which fell in our lines. The pilot and observer were captured.

"The desperate fight for the village of Hondi, on the left bank of the Styr, west of Czartorysk, continues. Up to the present we have taken officers and more than three hundred men prisoners.

"Caucasus front:

"Outpost engagements have occurred on the whole front from the Black Sea to the River Servitche. Near the town of Bassankala and the village of Keprikey our aeroplanes threw bombs on magazines and Turkish detachments."

PAY LAST TRIBUTE OF RESPECT TO THE LATE JOHN RYDER

Special to The Standard.

St. Stephen, Oct. 31.—The funeral service of John Ryder was held this afternoon at Trinity church, the rector Rev. Wm. Tomalin, officiating. The edifice was crowded to the doors by representatives of all classes and creeds who sought to show respect to the memory of one of the best citizens the town has known.

In an excellent sermon, the rector paid a fitting tribute to the life of the deceased and mentioned that Mr. Ryder was the last to pass away of the male members of the founders of Trinity church, that one of his last expressed wishes was a desire to be spared to worship once more in the church where he had been for so many years a faithful attendant.

The procession to the grave was one of the longest seen here in recent years and was headed by Short's military band. The fire departments of Calais, St. Stephen and the two Milltowns and Frontier Lodge K. of P., with delegates from the lodges in Calais and Milltown marched in procession. Michael Regan, the last surviving member, represented the first volunteer fire company formed in St. Stephen, of which John Ryder was the captain, and Postmaster Sullivan, the last surviving charter member, represented the first cornet band formed here, of which Mr. Ryder was the leader. The mayor and town council attended in a body and other bodies were represented.

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Recruiting Officer Ryder, of St. Stephen, is attending these meetings and is very earnest and energetic in his efforts to procure volunteers.

FOURTH SON FROM FREDERICTON FAMILY JOINS THE COLORS

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, Oct. 31.—Four sons of Mr. and Mrs. David Lifford of this city have enlisted for overseas service, the fourth having been sworn in as a member of the 104th Battalion on Saturday. He is Harry Lifford, who returned home from Sussex where he has been engaged as a stonecutter for the past few months. He will leave for Sussex again on Monday this time to don khaki.

The four young men are sons of a soldier father David Lifford Sr. having served 21 years in the 22nd Regiment, the last of British reiments to be stationed in Fredericton. Mr. Lifford obtained his discharge from the 22nd while they were in this city and for twelve years was employed on the household staff of Lieutenant Governors of the province, serving under the late Governors Wilmot and Tilley.

One of the four sons, Private Joseph Lifford, of the 12th battalion, is now in a military hospital at Reading, England, recovering from wounds sustained at the front over six months ago. He was in the trenches only three days when he was wounded, and in a letter just received at his home here, says that he is now slowly recovering from the fifth operation on his wounded leg. Another brother, Private John Lifford, is now in the trenches in France, and the third brother, Private David Lifford, is with the 8th Rifles.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Victoria.

O V Kennedy, St George; T B Cronk, do; C K Fotheringham, Toronto; W J Hood, Brampton; J E Keith, Sussex; Henry Hill, Halifax; D F Lister and wife, McAdam; N E Gutelius, Brownville; A Crandlemire, Vanceboro; W J Cooney, Megantic; F E Courtney, St John; Jas Turnbull, Sussex; E Gagnier, Montreal; Jas W Day, Halifax; F Cairns, Hamilton; A G McManus, Sussex; D T Hall, do; E D Trueman and wife, Port Hood, N S.

Royal.

J Lorgane, New York; R W L Tibbitts, W Cruickshank, Fredericton; W Thomson, Ottawa; D F Maxwell, St Stephen; I B Wentworth, New York; M B Ellis, P M Anderson, J Gilpin, H W Livingston, Toronto; Mr and Mrs F C Baird, Truro; E C Dean, J R Jago, E A Bell, Halifax; Mrs B C Foster, Mrs. F I Morrison, Fredericton; Mr and Mrs F Edwards, R E Denison, Boston; R M Barbour, Sussex; C Jameson, Digby; C M Smith, Palmyra; W I Crane, C Capehart, New York; John McMillan, Montreal; Mr and Mrs W A Kearney, Galt; H J Knight, Halifax; A N G Wilson, Ottawa; E H Clapp, F M Santell, Boston; W P Pickhart, C Kricke, New York; W B Green, H B O'Neill, N W Seward, J McMillan, Montreal; M Shim, New York; D Hayden, Ottawa; C G Pincombe, 104th Batt, Sussex.

Out Again.

Thomas Hazlewood was arrested Saturday morning on the charge of a common assault on Mrs. Ernest Cannon. He was taken before the police court and allowed to go with the Scotch verdict, "You're guilty, but don't do it again."

SPORTING GOSSIP

OLD COUNTRY GAMES ON SATURDAY

BRITISH GAMES

Midland Section

Bradford 3, Bradford City 1.
Derby County 3, Grimsby Town 2.
Hull City 2, Leicester Foss 2.
Lincoln City 3, Notts County 0.
Notts Forest 5, Barnsley 0.
Sheffield Wednesday 2, Huddersfield Town 1.

Lancashire Section

Burnley 4, Oldham City 0.
Liverpool 0, Manchester United 2.
Preston North End 0, Southport 5.
Stoke 3, Everton 2.
Bury 3, Rochdale 1.
Manchester City 1, Bolton Wanderers 2.
Stockport County 2, Blackpool 1.

London Combination

Brentford 2, Croydon Common 1.
West Ham United 2, Millwall A. C., 1.
Tottenham Hotspur 3, Watford 0.
Crystal Palace 1, Clapton Orient 1.
Queens Park Rangers 2, Fulham 1.
Chelsea 3, Woolwich Arsenal 1.

Scottish League

Rangers 3, Celtic 0.
Motherwell 1, Hearts 3.
Kilmarnock 1, Partick Thistle 1.
Clyde 4, St. Mirren 1.
Third Lanary 1, Ayr 1.
Airdrieonians 3, Queens Park Rangers 0.
Morton 4, Raith Rovers 0.
Aberdeen 1, Hamilton 3.
Falkirk 2, Dundee 0.

MORE ABOUT BALL PEACE.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 30.—Beyond the statement that the outlook for peace in baseball was more favorable now than at any time since peace negotiations were first proposed. Charles Weeghman today advanced little furtherther concerning the move to end the war, as published yesterday. He did say, however, that the death of R. B. Ward probably was the only thing that prevented the conclusion of peace immediately following the meeting of Federal Leaguers and representatives of organized ball held in Philadelphia during the world's series.

"Should any eleventh hour event spoil the plans for peace, Harry Sinclair, of the Newark Club, will go ahead with his plans to put a team in New York," said Mr. Weeghman, "and the Federal League is prepared to go ahead with the 1916 schedule."

It was said that the whole question of peace hinges on the sale of the New York Nationals to Mr. Sinclair, and certain newspapers here said today that their sale, which would include the team and the lease of the grandstand, would involve about $2,000,000. A sum in the neighborhood of that amount has been practically agreed upon, according to an officer in the Chicago Federals.

TALL PITCHER FOR YANKEES.

Edward H. Love, left-handed pitcher, better known in baseball on the Pacific coast as "Slim Love," comes to the New York American League club by draft from the Los Angeles team. He is 6 feet 7½ inches tall. Carl Weilman, of the Browns; "Slim" Sallee, of the Cardinals, and Loudermilk, of the Browns, will have to step in the rear when the subject of height comes up for discussion next summer. Love is only twenty-four years old and weighs 200 pounds.

PRINCETON WHITEWASHES WILLIAMS

AMERICAN FOOTBALL

Princeton 7, Williams 0.
Cornell 45, Virginia 0.
Lafayette 17, Pennsylvania 0.
Dale High 29, Gettysburg 0.
Bowdoin 7, Bates 0.
Dartmouth 26, Amherst 0.

LIGHTNING STRIKES BARN KILLING 3 HORSES AND OTHER LIVE STOCK

Crew aboard Calais, Me., schooner mutiny, beating up captain.

Special to The Standard.

St. Stephen, Oct. 31.—A very severe electrical storm passed over this section at about five o'clock Saturday morning, and though of brief duration did some damage at Waweig, twelve miles from here, the barn on the premises of Robert Hawthorn was struck and set on fire and completely destroyed. Three horses were killed by the lightning. Eleven sheep, some pigs, ten tons of hay and some other property was destroyed, the loss being estimated at $1500, with no insurance.

The Calais schooner Wm. Cobb, Captain Lewis Holmes, left Calais Saturday afternoon and while being towed to the ledge four miles down river, trouble broke out between the captain and some members of the crew. Two drunken negroes, Richard Bowden and George Skinnessy, assaulted the captain and beat him up quite badly; they then jumped on board the tug and were brought back to Calais where they were placed under arrest. The affair will be aired in the Calais police court Monday morning.

STUDEBAKER SHORTENS HOURS OF LABOR.

Detroit Plants Go Under Eight Hour Schedule Nov. 1, Notwithstanding Factories are Now Going at Fullest Capacity in Endeavors to Supply Demand for Cars.

Consistent with constant endeavors to better conditions for its employes, The Studebaker Corporation has announced an eight hour working schedule, to be in force in the Detroit plants starting with November 1st.

There would seem to be evidence in plenty that Studebaker devotes about as much time and energy to matters concerning the personal welfare of employes as to the betterment of its manufactures. In efforts to improve working conditions and environments for its employes the policy has been always to anticipate where changes appeared desirable.

Notable among the accomplishments in this direction has been the system of medical examinations which every applicant for employment must undergo before being given work. This is a protective feature as much for the benefit and good of the workmen as for Studebaker, and gives assurance that a man is physically fit for the nature of his employment. That the examination is not a mere matter of form has been shown by its acceptance without requiring further examination by the insuring company in issuing a general policy covering the lives of Studebaker factory men.

Recently a sum approximating $60,000 was expended for placing the toilet rooms of the different Studebaker plants in improved and a highly sanitary condition.

In connection with each one of the numerous plants of The Studebaker Corporation is maintained a modern hospital, completely equipped to the smallest detail for rendering emergency service when an employe has suddenly been taken ill, or has become injured.

Said Vice-president Heaslet in discussing this new order: "Studebaker has been prompted in taking this step by humane purposes, more than for any other reason that might make it advisable. With the demands upon the production by the sales department for cars, cars and more cars, I personally, as well as every department head, in order to meet that demand, would be agreeable to working 15 hours out of the 24, taking my rest in nine hours, instead of the reverse, which is now the case as respects Studebaker working hours. But we are hopeful that under a shorter hour system at labor the men will be able to accomplish as much then, as now, for there is always a taxing strain from long hours. Studebaker has also, through its welfare work, endeavored to encourage better home living, on the principle that to better the man betters his work, making him not only more valuable to his employer, but it acts equally well in promoting his worth to himself and adding to his contentment.

"As a fitting climax to all of Studebaker's endeavors in the way of better pay and more healthful factory surroundings, now comes this shortening of the hours of labor. Its good results are not only to be hoped for but can be expected."

The Studebaker plants are the first automobile factories in the City of Detroit to adopt the eight hour working schedule.

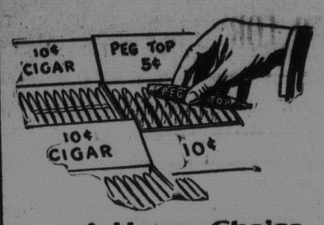
Harbor Revenue.

The harbor revenue for the month of October was $4,519.22, compared with $4,447.19 in the corresponding period last year. The increase for the month was $71.32, which is considered very satisfactory in view of the fact that October is always a poor month. It is expected that the increase next month will be much greater.

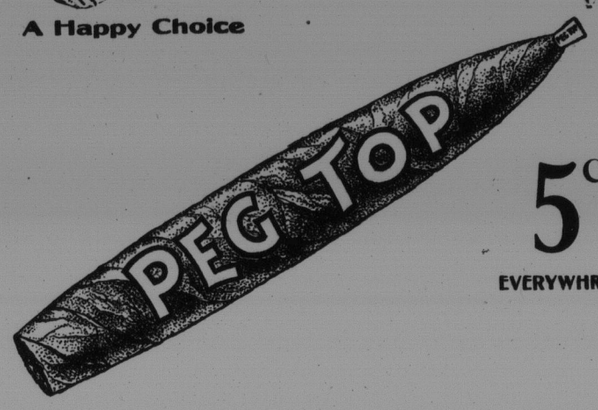
Dominion Supreme Court.

Maritime provinces cases will be taken up in the Dominion Supreme Court on Tuesday next. A case from New Brunswick to be heard is Jones vs. Burgess, in which Mr. Justice White gave a verdict for the plaintiff. The New Brunswick Court of Appeal sustained this judgment, and appeal was then taken to Ottawa. Dr. R. F. Quigley, K. C., and D. Mullin K C, for plaintiff; F R. Taylor for defendant.

THE PEG PRINTED "PEG TOP" GUARANTEES ITS QUALITY



A Happy Choice



5c EVERYWHRRE

Very often you pay 10c for a cigar not worth 5. Why don't you try the "Peg Top?" It costs you only 5c and is better value for the money than most cigars sold at 10c. Known and appreciated wherever good cigars are smoked.

QUALITY MAINTAINED FOR OVER 30 YEARS

L. O. GROTHE LIMITED, MAKERS, MONTREAL 1

IN YOUR CITY HOME

These bright autumn days will be made even more enjoyable if in your cellar is included a package of **Red Ball Ale or Porter.** Nothing can be more refreshing or invigorating, nothing more nutritious than these forms of natural food.

By express, prepaid, to any address.

RED BALL BRAND TRADE MARK REGISTERED

SIMEON JONES & CO.
Brewers
St. John, N. B.

Bringing Up Father

THE WEATHER

Forecasts

Maritime — Fresh westerly winds, fine and mild.

Washington, Oct. 31.—Forecast: Northern New England—Fair Monday, warmer, rains at night or Tuesday; fresh southwest winds.

Toronto, Oct. 31.—The weather today has been fine and mild throughout the Dominion. The disturbance which was centred in Maine yesterday morning caused gales with rain during the night in the Maritime Provinces.

Temperatures.

	Min	Max
Prince Rupert	44	41
Victoria	48	54
Vancouver	48	54
Moose Jaw	30	35
Winnipeg	36	46
Port Arthur	40	56
Parry Sound	36	60
Toronto	36	62
Kingston	34	54
Ottawa	32	50
Montreal	36	48
Quebec	38	46
Halifax	44	48

Around the City

Obstructing Footpath.

John C. Berry was arrested on Saturday by Detective Barrett on the charge of obstructing the footpath by standing on the corner of Waterloo and Union streets.

Back to Island.

Ernest Fulton was taken in charge by the police and detained on request of a non-com. from the artillery stationed on Partridge Island. He was later handed over to an escort and taken back to the island.

Three Charges.

Saturday afternoon James McInerney was arrested by Patrolman Armstrong. The prisoner was given in charge by his wife, Lillian, for being drunk, assaulting and beating her in view of the police in their home on White street.

Escaped Patient.

A man named John Elliott wandered into the police headquarters on Saturday night and requested protection for the night, which was given him. It was learned shortly after that the man was an escaped patient from the Provincial Hospital.

Tribute to Fallen Soldiers.

A rather unusual but interesting token of respect for the Canadian soldiers who have fallen on the field of battle was shown in St. David's church at the evening service yesterday, when at the close of the last hymn, Rev. J. A. MacKeigan, pastor of the church, requested that all present remain standing while the organist played the Dead March in Saul.

Three Alarms.

The fire department were given three runs Saturday and yesterday on the western side of the harbor. In the afternoon No. 7 hose responded to a still alarm for a slight fire in the "Night Owl," a lunch wagon near the corner of Rodney and Union streets. The damage done was slight. Shortly after seven o'clock Saturday evening some small boys, who were out for some Hallowe'en fun, used an old horn with burning okum and managed to fill a house occupied by a fortune teller at the Old Fort with smoke. When the door was opened and the smoke poured out some person thinking the place on fire sent in an alarm from box 115. The services of the department was unnecessary. At 12.20 o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm was sent in from box 221 for a chimney fire in Manassa Hogan's house on Watson street. There was no damage done.

HEALTH AND VIGOR CAMPAIGN NOW ON

Interesting lecture yesterday marks start of series of meetings.

The opening lectures of Dr. Chas. E. Barker of Washington, D.C., formerly physical adviser of ex-President Wm. H. Taft, were given yesterday in the Imperial Theatre to two appreciative audiences. These lectures deal with the "Art and Science of Living" and can be classed under a "Health and Vigor Campaign."

Judge McKeown presided in the afternoon and gave a few introductory remarks. Rev. J. H. A. Anderson led in prayer and a male choir under the leadership of E. S. Peacock, gave sacred selections. T. H. Hutchinson, general secretary of the Y.M.C.A., spoke briefly on the work done by that institution towards enlisted men. He explained that all the collecions, over and above the expense of the lectures, would be given towards soldiers funds.

Dr. Barker took for his afternoon subject "A Mighty Conqueror," dealing with the morals of man. Before beginning his lecture Dr. Barker mentioned the great struggle in which Great Britain is engaged.

In the evening Mayor Frink presided and Dr. Barker made a deep impression with his advice on how to be always happy.

ANOTHER WAREHOUSE FOR THE SAND POINT WHARVES

Minister of Marine and Fisheries arranged for added facilities at this port—C. P. R. will have direct steamers from this port to Liverpool.

The facilities at this port are to be further enlarged and announcement has been made that in addition to the warehouses now under construction at West St. John, another shed 80 by 350 feet is to be built on No. 15 pier. Rhodes Curry & Co. have received instructions to go ahead with the new shed at once.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has been urging on the government the need of these additional facilities and it was through his efforts that the contracts have been let.

The steamship companies have announced many sailings from this port and it is expected that this season's business will be the greatest in the history of the port.

Direct Service.

It has been announced that the C. P. R. steamers Missanabie and Metagame will sail direct from St. John to Liverpool, with no stop at Halifax, either going or coming. The following table shows the proposed sailings of the ships:

	From Liverpool..	From St. John.
Missanabie	Dec. 3	Dec. 13
Metagama	Dec. 17	Jan. 1
Missanabie	Jan. 7	Jan. 22
Metagama	Jan. 21	Feb. 5
Missanabie	Feb. 11	Feb. 26
Metagama	Feb. 25	Mar. 11
Missanabie	Mar. 17	Apr. 1
Metagama	Mar. 31	Apr. 15

The shipping agents for all the different lines are not yet able to give out the exact date of sailings of the different ships and those published are liable to change. The Manchester Line have given out the sailings of seven ships of that line as follows:

Manchester Inventor, Dec. 4th; Manchester Merchant, Dec. 18th; Manchester Miller, ——; Manchester Citizen, Jan. 1st; Manchester Shipper, Jan. 3rd; Manchester Corporation, Jan. 15th. The steamers Manchester Engineer and Shipper will take cargoes to Philadelphia.

The Furness Line.

Sailings for London by Furness Line ships are given as the Rappahannock on Nov. 13 and the Shenandoah on November 23rd.

ST. JOHN BOYS HAVING GOOD LUCK IN FIGHT

Letter from Pte. Miller tells of few casualties—Two weeks in trenches.

Dated from "the trenches," October 13 Private H. D. Miller, stretcher bearer, 26th Battalion, 5th Brigade, 2nd B. E. F., D Company, 16th Platoon, writing to a friend in St. John says: "I've had a great time since leaving St. John and, believe me, London is some burg; lots of nice ladies who treated us chaps great. We had some pretty stiff training; however, our marching has come to a close now. As you possibly already know we have been fighting two weeks and are just like old vets now. At first we were kept busy ducking our heads. A chap new at the game imagines every bullet is meant for him, but that feeling gradualy dies away.

"Our battalion is having pretty good luck so far; only a few casualties, and I hope our luck sticks with us. I have a little dug out, or cave, dug into the side of the trench where I stay most of the time. We call it the stretcher bearers' dog house; but it's nice and cosy considering. I can read, write, smoke or sleep so long as there are no casualties. I am writing this in the dog house and there's hardly a shot fired from either side, although I can hardly say it's like this all the time, because the minute it's dark the battle begins and lasts till dawn. Every day quiet and every night very noisy. Our chaps are corkers, laughing and joking just as cool as if they were at a picnic. We have been highly praised by more than one officer for the way we handle ourselves. Am in the best of health and am very glad I came. I would like to tell you more but that's not allowed. From your pal, Dusty."

TWO WOUNDED SOLDIERS HERE

Pte. Stevens of West St. John and Pte. Lawrence of Digby.

Two Canadian soldiers invalided home arrived in the city early yesterday morning. They were Private Stevens of West St. John and Private Lawrence, of Digby, N. S. Private Stevens was injured by a fall at Shorncliffe and was given three months leave of absence. Private Lawrence joined the 26th in St. John and was transferred to the 12th Battalion with a draft of men. He was in action and received injuries from gas. He will go to his home in Digby this morning.

The soldiers were met at the train on arrival here by C. B. Lockhart, M. P. P., and A. O. H. Wilson. They speak very highly of the treatment they received since their injuries. Nurses, doctors and officials vied with each other in showing kindnesses. Private Stevens hopes to return to the front if he improves sufficiently during his leave permit. Private Lawrence after a visit to friends in Digby, will return to Quebec where he has accepted a government position.

MILFORD HOUSE COMPLETELY DESTROYED

Michael Walton lost practically all his furniture last night.

A two story frame dwelling off the main road at Milford, owned by George Cushing, and occupied by Michael Walton, was burned to the ground last evening. Mr. and Mrs. Walton had been out visiting during the afternoon and about seven o'clock Mr. Walton returned home and lighted a fire in the stove for the purpose of taking the chill off the house before his wife arrived home. The fire had been lighted only a short time when Mr. Walton found that the roof was on fire, the flames from a defective chimney having caught the roof round the chimney. In a very short time the house was all ablaze and the residence filled so quickly with smoke that Mr. Walton and a few neighbors had little time to save the furniture. As a result only a sewing machine, some chairs, pictures and a few other minor articles were carried from the burning building.

The greater part of the furniture in the building, including a piano, a new range and other new furnishings were destroyed.

Mr. Walton has six hundred dollars insurance in the Atlas Company. It is said that Mr. Cushing has the building insured.

As there was no water handy the burning dwelling and it is out of the fire district nothing could be done to try and save the house.

The flames brightly illuminated the sky and the fire could be seen very plainly from the city. As it was thought to be a much larger fire than a house a large number of people went over from the city to view it.

CROWNING BARGAIN FEATURE IN LYONS SILK VELVET HATS AT MARR'S SALE TODAY.

A money-saving offer which bids fair to be the crowning feature of Marr's 19th anniversary sale is presented for today's shoppers at the firm's show rooms in Charlotte street, where a special line of the famous Lyons silk velvet hats, regular $5.00 values are offered at only $1.00 and $2.00 each during this sale, which continues this week. In this select assemblage are embodied the most favored styles and colorings in the realm of modish millinery, the quality being of an exceptionally high grade.

It has also been announced by the Marr management that, for the benefit of those living out of town, the dainty ostrich feather boas—shown in black-and-white, white-and-black, pink, blue and natural—will be sent by mail, postage paid, to any address on receipt of $1.50 each, this being exactly half their regular price.

The present week only remains in which to grasp the extraordinary saving opportunities presented in the nineteenth anniversary sale at Marr's.

OFFICE BOY WANTED—Parent please make application, addressing it to Box 328 City.

MR. HAZEN'S FAREWELL TO SOLDIER BOYS

Interesting Event at Valcartier on Thursday—Other St. John people present.

An interesting account of Hon. J. D. Hazen's farewell to the boys of the 55th Battalion at Valcartier last Friday was given to The Standard last evening by Dr. Thomas Walker, Dr. Walker, Senator Thorne and George Blake, chief of the St. John Fire Department, were the guests of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries on the occasion of his visit to the Quebec training grounds. Mrs. Hazen accompanied the minister. The party left Ottawa on Thursday and proceeded to Valcartier in Mr. Hazen's private car. On their arrival at that place they were taken to the camp in automobiles and there Mr. Hazen said farewell to the 55th on behalf of the people of New Brunswick.

The batatlion was formed up in hollow square formation and the minister addressed them from his automobile. He told them he was there, in company with his guests, representing the people of this province. He felt a great pride in being there to express the heartfelt interest of those at home. He had no doubt but they would live up to the mark set by those other gallant lads who had gone from Canada before them. They could be sure that he, with the people of New Brunswick would watch their course with interest and anxiety, and would pray for their safe return. At the conclusion of Mr. Hazen's address he was cheered vociferously, and was visibly affected, by the sincerity of the ovation he received. He walked down the lines and had a cheery word and hearty handshake for every man. The men were deeply touched by the interest shown by the minister, as the representative of the people of New Brunswick.

Dr. Walker spoke of the fine condition of the men of the 55th, and was very favorably impressed with the camp, which he describes as an ideal training ground for troops. He saw many familiar faces in the ranks and was somewhat surprised at the number of French-Canadian men in the battalion. The doctor said there had been very little sickness among the men and attributed this, as due in some measure, to the soil, which he describes as of a sandy nature. He said all moisture was quickly absorbed and the grounds would dry rapidly even after a severe rain. The streets at the camp were particularly good and would do credit to a city. Dr. Walker and his companions enjoyed the trip immensely, and were very glad of the opportunity to inspect the camp.

THE PATRIOTIC FUND DURING LAST MONTH

Report on receipts and expenditures for part of New Brunswick.

The report of work for October by the St. John branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, including the city and county of St. John. Kings, Queens, Albert and part of Westmorland follows:

Total subscriptions received during October	$10,516.64
Total disbursed during month	11,636.18
Amount paid out for relief	11,344.90
Amount paid out for administration expenses	191.28
This includes postage, telephone, stationery and sundries	51.28
Number of families on roll receiving assistance in Oct	749
Average per family per month	15.14

Cost of administration slightly over 1 1-2 per cent.

This latter, I believe, will compare favorably with cost of administration of any of the large philanthropic funds of either church or state, and is much below the cost of other offices of the Canadian Patriotic Fund of similar size and importance.

CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND,
C. B. ALLAN, Sec'y-Treas.
St. John, N. B., Oct. 30, 1915

Sale of Printed Wrapperettes.

F. A. Dykeman & Co. are placing on sale for quick disposal a big lot of printed flannelettes at 10 cts. a yard. They are the regular 15 ct. quality and are suitable for house dresses, wrappers, children's dresses, kimonos or waists. There is a large assortment of patterns, and as all dyed goods have recently advanced very much in price these are really a bargain. They are also showing a big lot of heavy weight velours, regular 40c. quality at 29 cents a yard. These are more especially for kimonos and dressing jackets.

Drawing Instruments

To the draughtsman or manual training student, our extensive line of Drawing Instruments will appeal strongly, embracing, as it does, a widely varied assortment of Drawing Sets, Xylonite Triangles, Brass Protractors, Engineers' Triangle Scales, Slide Rules, Tee Squares, Bow Pens, Drawing Pens, etc

See Our (Lower) Market Square Window

Market Square — W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD. — King Street

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.

Saturdays our stores will be open until 10 p.m.; open at 8 a.m.; close 6 p.m., excepting Saturday 10 p.m.

Ladies Who Desire a New, Up-to-the-Minute Street Costume of Coat and Skirt

should see our late arrivals of Grey Mixed Tweed, Brown Mixed Tweed and Heather Suits at . . . . . $11.00, $15.00 and $18.00

Also a Special Number of Cheviot Cloth Skirt and Coat Costumes at . . $15.00

Two Model Suits only of New York's great color "African Brown." These model suits are only in two sizes, 36 and 38 Price $33.00

OUR WINTER COATS for Ladies, in Plush and Pile Cloths, have been the talk of the city. No such values or styles ever before in any collection.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

Window and Door Glass

The large variety of Window and Door Glass we carry makes it comparatively easy to please any customer.

English, Belgian and American Window and Door Glass in 16 oz. and 24 oz. Weights

Japanese, Cathedral and Ribbed Glass for front doors. Wine, Amber and White.

If interested at all it will pay you to see our line.

Glass Department—Second Floor.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Stores Open 8.30. Close at 6 o'clock. Saturdays 10 p. m.

THIS SEASON'S FURS

A Large Exhibit of the Newest and Most Attractive Styles Affording Fine Opportunity for Pleasing Choice

In the choosing of Furs quality is of first importance if your purchase is to give good service. We guarantee the quality, style and workmanship of all our furs, so that you may select from our immense assortments of this season's best styles with perfect confidence as to the worth and wear of what you buy. Here are suggestions from our large exhibit which may help you to decide.

POPULAR SMALL TIES			
BLACK MARTEN TIES	Each	$ 5.00 to	$ 20.00
MINK TIES	Each	23.50 to	50.00
ERMINE TIES	Each	21.50 to	30.00
WOLF TIES	Each	8.75 to	18.75
FOX TIES	Each	21.75 to	36.00
PERSIAN LAMB TIES	Each	19.00	
ELECTRIC SEAL TIES	Each	5.50 to	10.00
BALTIC SEAL TIES	Each	17.25 to	32.00
FASHIONABLE STOLES			
BLACK MARTEN STOLES	Each	$26.00 to	$ 71.00
MINK STOLES	Each	27.50 to	107.00
WOLF STOLES	Each	15.00 to	25.00
FOX STOLES	Each	26.50 to	71.50
RACCOON STOLES	Each	17.50 to	25.00
PERSIAN LAMB STOLES	Each	50.00 to	78.75
PIECED PERSIAN STOLES	Each	18.00 to	23.00
BALTIC SEAL STOLES	Each	38.75	
BLACK MUSKRAT STOLES	Each	21.50 to	28.75
BEAVER STOLES	Each	36.00 to	42.50
FITCH STOLES	Each	50.00	
WHITE FOX STOLES	Each	36.00	
RED FOX STOLES	Each	18.00	
LATEST MUFF SHAPES			
BLACK MARTEN MUFFS	Each	$21.50 to	$ 50.00
MINK MUFFS	Each	36.00 to	122.50
WOLF MUFFS	Each	19.50 to	24.00
FOX MUFFS	Each	41.00 to	65.00
RACCOON MUFFS	Each	17.50	
PERSIAN LAMB MUFFS	Each	32.00 to	41.00
PIECED PERSIAN MUFFS	Each	12.25	
BALTIC SEAL MUFFS	Each	26.50 to	32.00
FITCH MUFFS	Each	68.00	
WHITE FOX MUFFS	Each	50.00	
RED FOX MUFFS	Each	25.00	
ERMINE MUFFS	Each	50.00 to	71.50
ELECTRIC SEAL MUFFS	Each	13.75 to	21.50

FUR DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR.

NEW OSTRICH TIES

We have just opened a special new lot of Ostrich Ruffs in the following colors:

White, Black; White and Black, Black and White, each $4.50
White, Black, White and Black, each $3.00
Black, White and Black, each $2.25

SILK DEPARTMENT—SECOND FLOOR.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited