

number of valuable suggestions on the subject of internal improvements, from which we extract the following:—

The fact stands in the face, that at the present time, while highly remunerating prices are being offered for every description of agricultural produce, the back settler can scarcely realize a bare profit; and this because the expense of bringing it to where it will meet with ready purchasers swallows up the greater part of the profit. We naturally ask ourselves why the least of industrious agriculturists and loyal settlers, whom a spirit of enterprise first induced to peopled and cultivate our forests, should not be put on an equal footing with their fellow subjects? and the justice of this inquiry brings conviction, for us, we assume, the question, we shall find that to encourage a proper settlement of the interior of the colony, it is to ensure the means of its prosperity and advancement. When means of the settler and responsible settler, who are now located in the narrow strip, first came to the country, they had opportunities of possessing themselves of lands in the front upon advantageous terms; but with wonderful perseverance they cleared their lands, and in the meantime, and penetrated into the depth of the forests. Had they not thus done—had they not thus thrown down on the borders of the great Lakes, the index of early settlers would have left those who followed them no other choice but to take to the woods.

We feel persuaded that the prosperity of Upper Canada, and the welfare of the people, is to be found in the development of her abundant resources. The peopling of the country, in her central regions, consists in having the face of the country, as well as the borders, well stocked with the best and most improved stock. The grand desideratum, in having the face of the country, as well as the borders, well stocked with the best and most improved stock, and then we may reckon that the strength of the land, now improved with forests, and rich in every variety of soil for the purposes of agriculture, will replenish the markets of the Old and New World.

The Seminoles in Florida are still bent upon war. The visit of a negotiating party, among whom were several friendly Creeks, that had been made to their principal camp, proved altogether fruitless. In reply to the persuasions of a Creek, to make peace with the Americans, the Seminole Chief is represented to have said:— "We have had a great many fights, in all of which we have succeeded. Several parties of white men have intruded into our country, and we have killed them, and shall serve you in the same way. The whites caused the war—they made their own bed, and now they must lie on it. We are ready to fight a great deal more. It is said that you Creeks have some towns here to get negroes. We have plenty of them."

A late number of the Albany Argus contains some interesting information, which, it states, was obtained from an official source, showing "the quantity of flour, wheat, and barley delivered from the canal at Albany, West Troy, and Waterford, on the Hudson River, and at Schenectady, the termination of the Mohawk and Hudson Railroad." The information was collected with a view to ascertain what effect the alleged failure of the crops in the western part of the State of New York "had upon the business of the Erie Canal, as compared with the last year, and how far the diminution of the great staple article of wheat, since the new crop began to come in, has probably tended to the diminution of the canal tolls for the same time."

Up to the first of September, it appears, that there has been an increase in the deliveries at the places above mentioned, during this year, over those of the same period last year, as follows:—In barley, of more than 9,000 bushels; in flour, of more than 73,000 barrels; and in wheat, of more than 214,000 bushels. The Argus goes on to state that, assuming the first of September as the period when the new crop began to seek market, a comparative statement, from the 1st of September to the 21st of October, in the years 1835-36, shows a falling off, since the 1st of September in the present year, in barley, of 212,825 bushels; in flour, of 62,078 barrels; and in wheat, of 26,947 bushels.

A statement, however, exhibiting the total amount of the deliveries up to the 21st of October, in each year, embracing both the above statements, gives an increase in the flour of 11,000 barrels; in the wheat, of 187,000 bushels; and a decrease in the barley of 202,000 bushels. The writer concludes by saying:— "It is possible that the period assumed for the coming in of this year's crop is not early enough; that the high price of flour may have led to its earlier preparation for market, and that that cause may account for some of the increase in the flour and wheat on the 1st of September, and for the subsequent falling off."

Had we the only life, it is evident that the continued falling in October, notwithstanding the present high prices, augurs unfavorably for the fall and spring business in these great staples. The New York money market shows no symptoms of improvement. It appeared by the late accounts to be in a worse state than it was a week ago. Saturday's Express says:— "The rates of interest are very high, and confidence naturally impaired. Some of our best firms, unable to continue with the storm, have been compelled to yield to it, notwithstanding their means were abundant to meet all their demands. Our banks have been compelled to be more rigid than usual in the demands—it is only because necessary to support up their credit, and curtail most of their business. Wall Street for the whole week has been 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 per cent. per cent. We see no immediate prospect of relief in our money affairs, unless the Government from Washington."

The Standard, from the New York Journal of Commerce, may interest our mercantile readers. It says:— "The House of Representatives, in a bill reported on the 21st of October, has provided for the relief of our money affairs, unless the Government from Washington."

they sold a cargo of molasses to the defendants which was to arrive, and upon the condition that the defendants took all risks as to quality, and further that the molasses as delivered, was in the same state as when received from the plantations. The defence alleged that although all this was true, still the article delivered was molasses and water, and was in any proper sense the article intended to be sold under the same name, and that in having water mixed with it it was not one of the risks intended. The Court charged, that it was not necessary that the molasses should be of any particular quality, but that it must be merchantable molasses of some quality. The verdict of the jury sustained the defence.

A public dinner was given on the 25th ultimo in Kingston to the Hon. Mr. MACAULY on the occasion of his leaving his native town to assume the duties of Surveyor General of Upper Canada, to which office he was lately promoted.

It is stated that the Hon. Mr. MACAULY has been appointed Commissioner to the Lower Province in the room of the Hon. Mr. MARGLAND.

The New York papers state that the American and Atlantic Insurance Companies of that city presented Captain Cox, of the British brig Mary Ann, with a chronometer of the value of \$500, as a testimonial of their approbation of his conduct in saving his vessel, when ashore on the coast of Florida, and in opposing the wreckers in their endeavors to take the vessel and cargo to Key West.

There has been a falling off in the tolls collected on the New York canal, from the 1st to the 10th of October, of 3,025 dollars, compared with the same period last year.

The receipts of the Utica and Schenectady Railroad, from the 2d of August to the 29th of October (31 days) amounted to 115,000 dollars. The last Utica Whig says, that it is believed that the company will be able to make a dividend, on the 1st of February next, of eight per cent. on the capital invested— one and a half million of dollars.

Land speculations are apparently as plentiful and extensive as ever in the West. The Detroit Free Press of the 16th ultimo, states that in the ten days in which the land office at Ionia was open, 156,327 dollars were received; of which amount 81,326 dollars were in gold and silver.

A fire, which destroyed property to the value of about two hundred thousand dollars, took place in Newark, New Jersey, on the afternoon of Friday last.

A large and splendid new theatre in Cincinnati, was burned to the ground on the 21st ultimo.

It is said that SHAKESPEARE'S Plays are in course of translation into the Dutch language in blank verse. MACHET and the Tempest have been translated by Mrs. HENRI MOULIN, and he is now engaged upon Othello.

Yesterday a plaster was brought to our office, that had been stuck on the face of a girl, in the service of Mr. JAMES HENRY, on the previous evening, as she was returning from the grocery store of Mr. PETER DUNN. One of the two ruffians who did it, seized the girl, while the other stuck the plaster, as he thought, on her mouth. It only, however, covered about half, and by her screams she caused the fellows to make off.

Upon the most favorable construction, which it is possible to put upon this act, supposing that nothing criminal was intended, there is something so unmanly and barbarous in playing off such a joke, as to stamp it with deep criminality.

On Monday evening, we received a note intimating a marriage between a Mr. FORER and a Miss ROBINSON, of this city, apparently signed by Mr. FORER, which was inserted in the usual manner yesterday. We have since ascertained that the signature was a forgery, and that the whole was what unscrupulous people would call a hoax.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MORNING COURIER. Sir,—I confess that I regard with no little surprise the unaccountable torpor and lethargy of the public mind, at a crisis so extraordinary and unparalleled as the present, when the vital and active functions of the body politic are absolutely suspended, and there seems to remain no hope of their restoration, without resorting to organic changes in the Constitution, or in some manner, out of the ordinary course, in quest of an efficient remedy.

With a view to draw forth, if possible, the dormant energies of the mind, and more especially the faculties of the writer of this letter, has been induced to submit the following views to public discussion. It will be admitted, I presume, by all candid and competent judges, that there exists, at this moment, an imperative necessity for the adoption of some decisive measure, in order to put an end to the anomalous state of anarchy, in which this Province is now so happily reduced.

On Tuesday the 18th instant, about one o'clock in the morning, between Long Point and Burlington's Rapids, a man named Michael M-Naughton, while in custody, and under charge of Mr. E. Traveller, constable, being suspected of an attempt at burning the house of John Little, Bytown, jumped from on board the steamboat Rideau, which was conveying him to the Jail at this place, into the Canal, but it is not known whether he effected his escape or was drowned. If M-Naughton was so fortunate as to escape with a watery grave, it must have been with the greatest difficulty, as he was handcuffed at the time he took his leave.—Barrett's Courier.

A soldier of the 94th Regt. on his way to Kingston from Bytown was saved from a watery death through the accidental assistance of a Captain of the steamboat Carleton. The man, who was intoxicated, fell overboard below Hartwell's Lock, and although there were nearly one hundred persons on board, yet no one discovered until the boat had made some way. Being a stout swimmer, he made good headway, and was picked up on the boat's passing.—British Whig.

FRANCE. The Courier Francaise says, that if the rumors generally spread about are to be believed, the Emperor is not in the slightest degree probable that he will suffer the constitutional rights of that branch to be touched upon, or even temporarily suspended, or any additional weight to be thrown into the scale of the Council, or of the Executive Government. In point of fact, it is not in any defect or blemish in the frame of our Constitution, that the present derangement have originated; they are wholly attributable to errors and corruptions in the administration—and to the spirit of faction, fomented and aggravated by the continuance of collisions growing out of misgovernment in connection with national party, and sectarian prejudices.

The census are external, accidental; and their operation can only be transient. Our present troubles are the cause of such a proportion meeting with any sympathy in that quarter, or even being listened to with patience. If, in their present humor, the House of Commons do not feel disposed to recommend a compliance with the urgent demand of the House of Assembly, for a selective Legislative Council, it is not in the slightest degree probable that they will suffer the constitutional rights of that branch to be touched upon, or even temporarily suspended, or any additional weight to be thrown into the scale of the Council, or of the Executive Government. In point of fact, it is not in any defect or blemish in the frame of our Constitution, that the present derangement have originated; they are wholly attributable to errors and corruptions in the administration—and to the spirit of faction, fomented and aggravated by the continuance of collisions growing out of misgovernment in connection with national party, and sectarian prejudices.

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