

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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POLITICAL CRISIS NOW REGARDED AS OVER

Asquith's Absence Expected to be Extended For Another Ten Days—Things Quiet in Parliamentary Circles

SIR FREDERICK SMITH WILL SUCCEED CARSON

Loss of Life at the Dardanelles—Which Number 97,000—Cause a Lot of Uneasiness Amongst the Members

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Asquith's illness has had the effect of producing a greater air of calm in parliamentary circles than ever would have attended the resignation of Sir Edward Carson from the Attorney-Generalship. From present appearances there will be no more resignations from the Cabinet.

It is quite likely that Asquith's absence will be extended to nine or ten days, and this enforced cessation of political passions is expected to give time for reconciliation of differences. It seems that Carson had intended to make a public statement yesterday, but the Premier's illness resulted in Sir Edward deciding to postpone it until Asquith's return to the House.

Many conflicting statements are current concerning the real reason for Sir Edward's resignation. The Daily Mail affirms that it had nothing to do with the question of compulsory service.

Will Not Weaken Forces On Gallipoli Peninsula

Majority of British People Confident of Campaign Being Successfully Accomplished in the Balkans

ALL IS QUIET ALONG THE WEST

Allies Have Made New Diplomatic With Greece—Intend to Land More Forces at Saloniki

LONDON, Oct. 20.—It is known that the force in Gallipoli have not been weakened for the Balkan campaign, and while the task is difficult the majority of the British public is confident that it will ultimately be accomplished in the Balkans.

Austro-German and Bulgarian armies continue to claim progress against the Serbians, but, except in the north, where the Serbs are being forced back into the mountains, the various reports do not go far toward clarifying the situation. The Bulgarians have cut the railway between Uskub and Nish, so it is likely that, except in the extreme south, where they have the support of the Anglo-French troops landed at Salonika, the Serbs are falling back on stronger natural positions. Istip and Ketchana, it is said, have already been evacuated.

Italy, which singularly enough, is still technically at peace with Germany, has declared war on Bulgaria.

OFFICIAL

BRITISH (To The Governor of Newfoundland.)

LONDON, Oct. 20.—General French reports that enemy attacks between Hulloch and the Quarries were everywhere repulsed. The enemy attacked on a seven miles front east of Rheims, and were completely defeated.

Russia states that near Riga the Germans made progress. Desperate fighting continues. In the Styr region the Russians retook Chartorizk. Many prisoners and guns were taken in this region.

TURKISH.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 20.—The following official statement was issued by the Turkish War Office: "On the Dardanelles front our reconnoitering parties attacked the enemy Sunday night and threw them back to their main trenches, causing heavy losses. Local artillery and bomb engagements occurred at Avic Burnu and Seddul Bahr. Nothing of importance elsewhere.

Central Powers Have Decided to Attack Montenegro

LONDON, Oct. 20.—It is reported from Frankfurt that the Central Powers have decided to undertake still another campaign, this time against Montenegro.

According to this report, 20,000 Austrian and German infantrymen, with artillery, have arrived from Galicia at Sarajevo, in Bosnia, about 60 miles north of the Montenegrin border. These troops, the correspondent says, will soon be despatched.

Tennant, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for War, in Parliament yesterday, said that the recently announced figures, showing nearly 97,000 casualties at the Dardanelles, did not include the sick. This, he explained, was because the number of sick varied from day to day, and could not be counted.

Newspapers continue to laugh loud at the appointment of Major General Munro as successor to General Hamilton in the Dardanelles post.

Cabinet Ministers Bombarded by Questions

Not Much Information Given Out—Reprisals For Air Raiders Discussed

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Cabinet Ministers were again bombarded with questions in the Commons to-day, but for the most part they managed to escape the intended frontal attack. In the course of replies it developed that the officer who commanded the landing of the British troops at Gallipoli Peninsula, had been shelved, and that he holds no command in the army at present, but Tennant, the Parliamentary Under-Secretary for War, declined to give further information on the ground that it would be against public interest.

A suggestion made by Johnson Hicks (Unionist) of the policy of reprisals as a deterrent to Zeppelin raids, was frowned upon by the War Office. Tennant remarking that such a policy had always been subject to considerable controversy. The Royal Corps, he said, is a military organization in England for military operations against dastardly raids by the enemy on undefended towns and defenceless people, and it should not be allowed to divert its energies as a fighting force from its primary military purpose.

Bulgarian Forces Held at Vlasina

ATHENS, Oct. 21.—A despatch by the Russian Legation announces that the Bulgarian troops have not taken Vranja, as reported. They are said to have been held up by the formidable defence of Vlasina. However, they have succeeded in occupying the railroad north of the town. A great battle continues and remains indecisive. French troops guarding communications are said to have left Cievgoi, in the direction of Vranja.

The Serbian Legation denies that the Bulgarians have occupied Zajcar.

Allies Mark Time In The Balkans

SALONIKA, Oct. 21.—The Entente Allies are marking time, pending the concentration here of a sufficient number of troops for their operations in the Balkans. A large number of French troops have succeeded, thus far, in protecting the lower end of the Nish-Salonika railway. Banks and Legations are being removed to western Serbia, close to the Albanian frontier.

The Austro-German expedition is composed of a mixed force of about twelve divisions. The Austrians have advanced well up the Morava Valley and are endeavoring to effect a junction with the Bulgarians, who are making an attack north of the Nish-Zajcar sector. Army officers believe that the combined armies, when a junction has been effected, will not be satisfied with the opening of a route across Northern Serbia, but will attack Nish. Another serious attack is under way by the Bulgarians, with Uskub as its objective. It is admitted that a force has already occupied Istip. Prince Andreas, a brother of the King, accompanied by his wife, Princess Alice, has joined his regiment here.

The Italian offensive along the Tyrolean front, is here believed to be the beginning of the execution of a plan of General Cadorna, Chief of the Italian Staff, for an invasion of Austrian territory, which he declares always have held to be the best way of assisting Serbia. The results of this offensive movement, thus far, indicate that the Austrians may be obliged to triple their forces to meet it.

Premier Viviani Assures Allies France's Support

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The French Premier Viviani has telegraphed Sergius Sazanoff, Sir Edward Grey and Baron Sonnino, respectively foreign ministers of Russia, Britain and Italy, that at the moment of a change in the French Ministry he wished to declare to them that the modification did not involve any modification in the policy which France was pursuing in concert with the Allies. The three Ministers replied, thanking Premier Viviani, and assuring him of their cordial collaboration in the cause for which the Allies are fighting.

Zeps. Are Now Engaged in Commerce Defence

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 20.—Zeppelins are being used by Germany for the defence of its commerce against attacks by British and Russian submarines.

According to a despatch from Berlin, it is stated that the steamer Scotia, of Stettin, bound from Sweden to Stettin, with a cargo of ore, was pursued by a British submarine off Bornholm. In reply to wireless calls for assistance, Zeppelins suddenly appeared, whereupon the submarine submerged and disappeared.

Fifty Ambulances Lost When Huns Torpedo Steamer

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Fifty ambulances which the French Relief Fund of Great Britain recently handed over to a representative of the French Government in London has been lost at sea. The vessel on which they were being conveyed to France was torpedoed by a German submarine.

Don't forget to-night's Patriotic Concert in the Methodist College Hall for our wounded soldiers and sailors.

The Tragedy of Sir Lionel Carden

Pall Mall Gazette Says he Has Been Sacrificed and That Influence Has Been Worked Against Him

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Under the heading "The Tragedy of Sir Lionel Carden," the "Pall Mall Gazette," commenting on the death of the late British Minister to Mexico, severely criticizes both President Wilson and the British Government for the Huerta incident, 1914, relating how Sir Lionel Carden went to Mexico at the request of Sir Edward Grey, Secy. for Foreign Affairs and saved hundreds of British and American lives, only to be subsequently recalled, it declares, because he insisted upon the retention of General Huerta as Provisional President, at the Foreign Secretary's dictation.

"This proved to be the rock upon which he split," adds the "Gazette," "intrigues of the Washington administration proving too strong for him, he was not supported by his own government, so he was compelled to return to England, and like Regulus, he kept his oath, going out of Mexico much against his own will; also, like that brave Roman who went back to Carthage to face punishment, Sir Lionel returned home, only to find that influence had undermined his reputation and assailed his appointment. The forfeited appointment was a post at Rio Janeiro, which never materialized for him, and thus was sacrificed," continues the "Gazette," "one of our most able, active and accomplished public servants."

Will Prevent Able-Bodied Men Leaving England

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Immediate steps will be taken by British authorities, the "Evening News" understands to restrict the rush of able-bodied Britons of military age to the Colonies, Island of Jersey, Guernsey and Ireland, in order to escape military service.

It is perfectly obvious, the newspaper says that grave damage is being caused to the relations between the Mother Country and Dependencies if herds of slackers are allowed to pour into Canada, Australia, and India, which have given their best blood for the Empire.

Bulgars Forced To Spread Forces

PARIS, Oct. 20.—The Salonika correspondent of the Havas Agency sends the following despatch under Tuesday's date:

"French troops having received orders not to pass the Bulgarian frontier, Strumitza has not been occupied by the Allies. The Bulgarians are concentrating troops in haste in Doderuja, supposedly because Roumania appears to be leaning more towards the Entente. At the same time three divisions of Bulgarian troops are being concentrated on the Greek frontier.

Communications by the Uskub railway now are said to be definitely assured for the Allied troops.

Asquith's Condition Reported as Improved

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The condition of Premier Asquith was described by his physicians at noon to-day as satisfactory. The following bulletin was given out:

"The Prime Minister passed a satisfactory night. His condition is improved, but he will be confined to his room all day."

Fifty-Two Persons Killed In Explosion

PARIS, Oct. 21.—Fifty-two persons are reported killed in an explosion this afternoon at a factory in Rue de Tolbiac, while one hundred, or more, were injured. Many of the victims are women workers in the factory, which was wrecked, as were other buildings in the vicinity.

SIR EDWARD CARSON EXPLAINS RESIGNATION

Found Himself at Complete Variance With Cabinet Over Near Eastern Question—Thought it Best to Resign

PAYS WARM TRIBUTE TO LATE COLLEAGUES

Owing to Premier's Absence From House Carson Makes Briefer Explanation Than he Had Intended Doing

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Carson announced in the Commons to-day that his resignation from the Attorney-Generalship was due to divergency of views with regard to Near Eastern affairs.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—Coming direct from Buckingham Palace, where he handed King George the seals of his office on his resignation from the Cabinet, Sir Edward Carson appeared in the Commons this afternoon and set at rest all conjectures regarding the reasons for his retirement.

Rising from his old seat in the front Opposition bench, the former Attorney-General, in a few words, made the House conversant with the cause of the present Ministerial crisis which he said was due entirely to the fact that he found himself at complete variance with the Cabinet on the question of Near Eastern policy. He felt, therefore, that his presence in the Cabinet would be a source of weakness, not of strength. Sir Edward added that he never had the slightest personal difference with any of his colleagues.

After expressing his regret at the absence of Premier Asquith, and stating for this reason he would give a briefer explanation than he intended doing, Sir Edward Carson said:

"I am well aware of the difficulties under existing circumstances, of making any full statement, or of saying anything that might be taken hold of as showing any signs of weakness or divergence from the main object we all have in view—the carrying on of the war, at all sacrifices, to a final and conclusive issue. I need hardly say that upon that issue there is not, and never has been, either in the Cabinet, in the House, or in the country, any disagreement or divergence of opinion thereat. The unity which the country wants is that steadfast unity of purpose to defeat our enemies and save our country."

Result South African Election Yet Uncertain

Nationalists Make Poor Showing—Labour Party Has Been Rent in Twain—Rowell Leader Defeated

UNIONISTS PROVE UNEXPECTEDLY STRONG

Smuts, Minister of Interior and Defense, Re-elected Over Nationalist and Labor Candidate

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 21.—General Smuts, Minister of Interior and Defence of the Union of South Africa, has been re-elected to Parliament by Pretoria constituency over the Nationalist and Labor candidates. The triumph of General Smuts in Pretoria is the only indication thus far of the probable outcome of the contest between the adherents of Premier Botha and J. B. M. Horig, former Minister of Justice.

The Unionists are proving unexpectedly strong, having already returned 30 members, which was total conceded party before polling began; the strong showing of Unionists just far is accounted for by the fact that returns from cities of Cape Province have been received before those of country districts, where South African and Nationalist parties dominate. The towns in other provinces, which have reported, voted heavily for General Botha's South African party.

FIRST NFD. REGIMENT

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

October 21, 1915. 1177—Private Thomas Crawford Gowans, 6 Carnell Street. Wounded dangerously, October 16. J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary.

and I entirely deny that fact, that though holding divergent views as to the best policy and methods to adopt in the various war theatres in order to bring it to a successful conclusion, is in any sense an element of disunion.

I have seen criticisms of myself and reasons for my resignation of a very petty and malicious character, attributing my motives to be of a party political nature. I do not desire to deal here with these ridiculous assertions, except to say now, in the presence of my late colleagues, that ever since I entered the Cabinet, I never heard a word of discussion or dispute on those party questions which divided us before the war. In every Cabinet meeting I attended, we all devoted our energies wholly and solely to the discussing questions which arose with reference to the prosecution of the war. I also desire to say that during the whole time I have been in the Cabinet I never had any personal difference either with the Prime Minister, whose unwavering courtesy I desire to acknowledge, or with any one of my late colleagues. May I also add that no one realizes more than I the great difficulties under which we labor, owing to the fact that our policy methods must at all times be adopted in concert and co-ordination with our various Allies and must also very frequently be framed with a view to consulting the sentiments and feelings of these neutral countries, with whom we remain on friendly terms. This often has been lost sight of by critics of our actions who cannot possibly know the difficulties which arise from time to time."

Swiss Protest

BERNE, Oct. 21.—The Swiss Government has instructed its Embassy in Berlin to lodge an energetic protest against a new violation of Swiss territory by German aviators. The protest was occasioned by the act of an aviator dropping eight bombs over Chaux-de-Fonds on Sunday, causing injury to four persons, and considerable damage to property.

Switzerland demands compensation and punishment of the aviator.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 20.—In addition to the four German steamers reported yesterday as having been torpedoed in the Baltic, four other German steamers were sent to the bottom by British submarines outside the southern Stockholm Archipelago during the last 24 hours.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY SCHOONERS



To freight Lumber from Botwood and Norris Arm to St. John's. Quick dispatch at both points. Apply

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Irish Who Took "Dublin Hill."

The Talk of the Army—Warm Tribute by a New Zealander

After describing some of the engagements which he has been through the officer continues:—

"I have just returned after an exciting time. Your Irish fellows are the talk of the whole Army. To me the last few weeks have been one long nightmare. But I must make you wise in regard to the doings of the Irish. Most of them, I believe, are freshies. The Empire can do with a heap more freshies of the Irish brand. Their landing at Suvia Bay was the greatest thing that you will ever read of in books by high-brows. Those who witnessed the advance will never forget it. Bullets and shrapnel rained on 'em, yet they never wavered. Officers got it here, there, everywhere, but the men never wavered. God! The men were splendid. They way they took the hill (now called Dublin Hill) was the kind of thing that would make you pinch yourself to prove it wasn't a cheap wine afterwards. How they got there. Heaven only knows. As the land lay, climbing into hell on an aeroplane seemed an easier proposition than taking that hill. This is how a chap named Enright (two fingers and a thigh bone broken) described it to me:—

"We reached the top of the hill to find Turks galore on the other side. We made a bayonet charge (I bet they did), and the Turks, after putting up some show, bolted. It was getting dark, so we returned to the top of the hill, and spent all night making trenches. But it was too hot. It was up there on that shell-swept hill that Enright and many more of them got it. A game that the Turks have taken to recently is blowing bugles and raising Cain, generally with a view, no doubt, to frightening them. They did that when attacking

trenches held by one of your lot—I think it was the Inniskillings. They came right close, too. Then the 'Skins' (if it was the 'Skins') got right into them with the bayonets. That was all right."

Splendid Bravery

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Special Values in Men's Tweed Suits

WE have just opened a splendid lot of Men's, Readymade Suits, that are especially selected for Fall Wear, in a handsome array of neat, dark patterns, and it will pay you to examine them before you buy your next suit—you'll be able to get the particular weave, design, quality, style and fit in the English, Canadian or American cut that will thoroughly please you, from our representative stock. Here are a few prices:

MEN'S TWEED SUITS—A good weighty quality, price considered, correctly cut in neat, dark patterns, splendid value, latest style; sizes 4, 5, 6, & 7. Price a Suit \$5.50.

MEN'S TWEED SUITS—A serviceable quality in dark, neat patterns, that for style, fit, finish and wear is hard to equal at the price. Sizes 4, 5, 6 & 7. Prices \$6.30 and \$7.00.

MEN'S TWEED SUITS—Handsome designs made of strong, finely woven, English tweeds in a variety of patterns—the kinds that most men like. Correct style, perfect fitting,—special care taken by the makers, with the fit of the shoulder and collar. Finished with a good quality of lining and inter-lining. Sizes 4, 5, 6 and 7. Prices \$9.00 and \$10.50.

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MEN'S FINE TWILL SERGE SUITS in dark Navy Blue—good quality, correct style, perfect fitting and excellent finish. Sizes 4, 5, 6 and 7. Prices \$11.00 and \$13.50.

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BECAUSE:—We have Expert cutters and give careful attention to Linings, Trimmings, and inner Constructions.

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trenches held by one of your lot—I think it was the Inniskillings. They came right close, too. Then the 'Skins' (if it was the 'Skins') got right into them with the bayonets. That was all right."

German Prison Camp at Mesenede Westphalia

Mr. Jackson of U.S. Embassy Makes His Report On Conditions There

CONDITIONS ARE FAIR

Food Good, Baths Provided and Prisoners Little Complained To Make

The Press Bureau issued this week copies of two reports from the United States Embassy upon visits made by Mr. Jackson to the camp for prisoners of war at Meschede, Westphalia, and to the officers' camp at Wahnbeck.

Mr. Jackson states that the Meschede camp was one of the first constructed, and its original cost was more than 1,000,000 marks. It is arranged for 10,000 prisoners. Russian prisoners were transferred to other camps some time ago, and many others have been sent off on working parties, so that at present there are only about 2,000 in the camp, most of whom are French, and most of whom are unfit for agricultural work. Of this number there are only thirteen British and Canadian soldiers, eight of whom are in the Lazarett. A few weeks ago about 130 British prisoners had been transferred to the camp at Giessen. With all the British soldiers—except three who are in the infectious ward of the hospital (adds the inspector)—I talked freely, out of hearing of any German, and none had any important complaint to make.

The food which I tasted was good, and the menu for the week was varied. The French cooks told me that the material furnished is good, and I saw that the kitchens are clean and well arranged. Meat is provided about three times a week. The canteens seemed well stocked. The baths are well arranged, each prisoner being obliged to bathe once a week.

Owing to the fact that the camp is built on a hill side there is no suitable ground for games, but the commandant himself has provided "faust-bills" (footballs) which the men seem to appreciate. The men have planted gardens near the barracks, and in this they are encouraged by the authorities. The sick, it is further stated, have beds and a special diet, and attention appears to be paid to

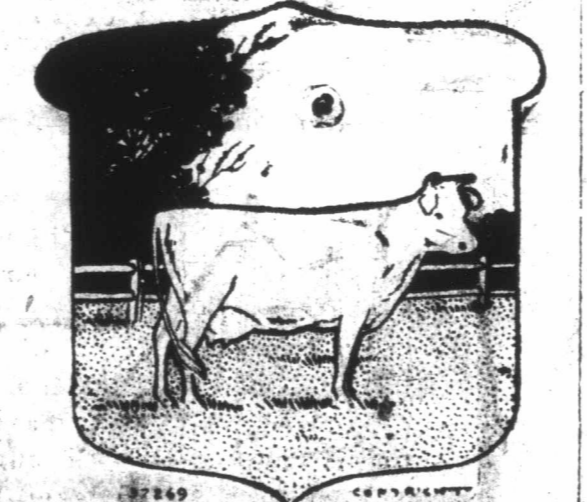
the tastes of the prisoners.

Regarding the officers' camp at Wahnbeck, Mr. Jackson says this was opened only eight weeks ago, and is as yet not entirely in order. The building is an old-fashioned hotel, lately frequented as a summer-resort by persons of moderate means. It contains 99 officers (8 British, 7 Belgian, 40 French and 44 Russian), all of whom were transferred from Osnabruck in June.

The officers' living-rooms are of various sizes, accommodating from three to ten each, which would be overcrowded in the winter, but which cannot be considered as overcrowded at this season when the windows are open most of the time. The officers were permitted to choose their own room-mates, and although all the Britishers do not room together, there was no complaint on this score. There is a piano in the building, the use of which is permitted.

The officers said the food was good. The baths are open at all times and permission to swim in the Weser at certain hours was given. There had been some delay in the receipt of letters and parcels, but this question was rectifying itself. The prisoners are encouraged to plant vegetables in individual garden plots, and many of them had done so. The garden, however, is not large, and the prisoners complain of space in which to exercise.

The commandant has already taken up this question with the authorities, and he is already arranging to have certain gymnastic apparatus provided. In general (concludes the inspector), the officers found their prolonged confinement irksome, but that is inevitable in the case of those who have been prisoners for almost a year.



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72nd Year Old French Veteran Now At Front

PARIS, Oct. 14.—According to the Paris Figaro the oldest volunteer in the French army is Aloide Verd, born in April, 1843, at Rompont (Ardeche). He already had celebrated his seventy-second birthday when he became attached to the recruiting bureau at Troyes. A detachment recently was sent from there to fill gaps in the ranks of the Forty-seventh Territorial regiment, and Verd was so insistent on going to the front with the younger men that the commanding officer finally consented to enlist him for active service.

The aged volunteer now is a soldier in the Seventh company of the regiment which is stationed somewhere in the trenches of the first line of defence. He is doing his duty efficiently as any of his comrades in arms, whose unbounded admiration the spy septuagenarian has won through his vivacity and never failing good humor.

Aloide Verd has seen war before. He fought the fathers of his present adversaries during the Franco-Prussian conflict in which he took part up to the ominous battle of Sedan, when he was made a prisoner and with thousands of others sent into captivity in Silesia.

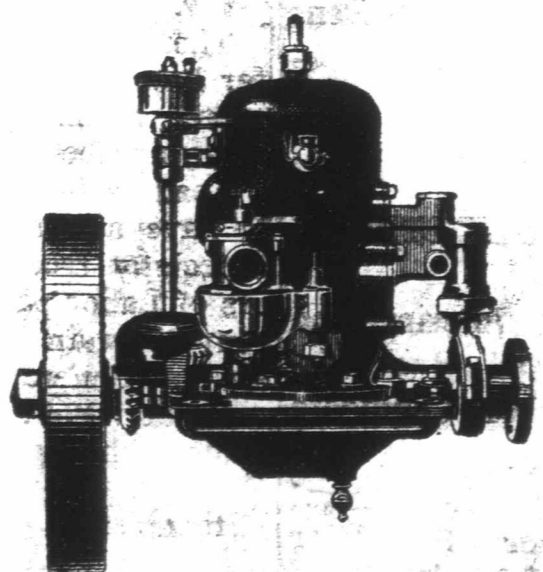
New World's Record For Egg-Laying

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—A new world's record for egg-laying competitions was established yesterday, when Lady Eglantine, a white leghorn, laid her 287th egg in 330 days at the Delaware college agricultural experimental station, Newark, Del. Lady Eglantine is contesting the fourth annual international contest, under the auspices of a newspaper of this city. The best previous record was 286 eggs in 365 days, made last year by a Plymouth Rock hen. The new champion is an American hen, bred from an English strain at the Eglantine farms, Greensboro, Md. Five hens of this strain have laid 1,138 eggs in 47 weeks. The average hen lays about 170 eggs a year.

Galliard Cut Unavailable Before '16

PANAMA, Oct. 13.—A careful survey of the slide area in the Galliard cut reveals the fact that there probably are 10,000,000 cubic yards of earth in motion which must be taken out by dredging operations before a permanent channel through the cut is possible. This is the conclusion reached by the canal engineers, who concede that there is now little hope of opening the waterway, even for the temporary use of shipping, much before the first of the year.

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All Lines of General Provisions.

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St. John's, Newfoundland.

LATEST WAR MESSAGES

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The "Cologne Gazette," a copy of which has been received here, publishes the report, which it says passed the Russian censor, that Japan has undertaken to supply Russia with munitions, in return for the complete cessation of the Island of Saghalien, 570 miles long and from 17 to 30 miles wide, and which lies between the east coast of Asia and the Northern islands of the Japanese archipelago. Russia owns the northern and Japan the southern end of the island.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—American and Spanish Ministers to Belgium intervened to have commuted the death sentence, which was passed by the German authorities at Brussels on Miss Edith Cavell, a British nurse, but their efforts were fruitless, so Lord Lansdowne told the House of Lords last evening. Lord Lansdowne added that the people of this country are being continually shocked by such incidents, the last one always being more shocking than the one before.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—An official announcement made today says the total number of British vessels, exclusive of fishermen, sunk by submarine to October, is 153, the number of fishing vessels sunk is 175.

Tells Strange Stories

The little girl, Eva Blanche Leonard who, as the *Mail and Advocate* stated yesterday, left her home, Cabot Street at 1 p.m. Tuesday, did not turn up till 6 a.m. yesterday. She tells conflicting stories as to where she had spent the time while absent. One of these is that she was invited into the country by a man with whom she says that she spent several hours, Tuesday night. The other is that she slept all that night under an old house on Freshwater Road and did not leave the basement in which she spent the night until after daylight yesterday.

Children Celebrate Trafalgar Day

This forenoon, about 200 children, all boys, with the exception of two little ones of the opposite sex, and wearing sailor uniforms mementoes of the day, marched to Government House in charge of a number of patriotic ladies, where they were received by His Excellency the Governor who warmly greeted the Patriotic little ones. His Excellency addressed them in simple language as to the meaning of the day they were celebrating, and was cheered by the children on concluding.

The processionists then paraded up Water Street, through the city and made an inique and impressing spectacle.

In the centre of the procession, drawn on a dray, was a miniature of Lord Nelson's Flagship, The Victory, showing the various signals displayed at Trafalgar, with other features of a national and patriotic character. Thousands watched the children pass by, and many regretted that the pupils of the schools were not given a holiday so that all could participate instead of a demonstration of 200 a procession of 2000, or more would have gladdened the sight of the lieges.

To-night's Concert

Those who attend to-night's concert in the Methodist College Hall in aid of the fund for our wounded soldiers and sailors will have the privilege of hearing a solo from Mr. W. F. Prizer, Manager of the Vacuum Oil Company of Boston.

Mr. Prizer has sung in Grand Opera for the Grand Opera Company of Boston, and has travelled with this Company to England. He is at present a soloist in one of the big churches in Boston, and has very kindly consented to have the Committee in charge of this evening's concert avail of his presence in St. John's to give our people an opportunity of hearing this fine vocalist.

With the massacres of the Armenians the Turks are striving for the freedom of the land on the same lines as the Germans are working for the freedom of the sea.—London Mail.

AT THE NICKEL

A CONSISTENT CONSTANT CLIENTELE AT THE NICKEL!

"THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY"
EPISODE 22.—THE WATERLOO OF THE CONSPIRATORS.
ARTHUR HUSKINS and DEWITT CAIRNS—in two great numbers.
Seventh Installment of "THE TREY O' HEARTS."
WONDERFUL—THRILLING—SENSATIONAL—the best episode yet.
"The Divine Spark That Had a Short Circuit"—One of George Ade's funny fables. "Ambrose's Fury"—A Keystone scream.
The world's greatest comedian, "CHARLIE CHAPLIN," will be seen every week at The Nickel The famous Pathe Weekly show once a week. NOTE—First performance on Wednesday evening at 7 sharp.

THE BRITISH THEATRE

NOTICE!

The Management of the **BRITISH THEATRE** having found that the Heating Apparatus is inadequate for the comfort of its patrons, are having new installments made which will necessitate its closing for a day or two. Watch this space for Reopening Announcement.

D.I. & S. Co. Very Busy

The work of getting No. 3 slope of the D. I. & S. Co. at Bell Island under way for ore development, is proceeding rapidly. This slope has not been worked for several years past and when it is being operated, it will greatly increase the output of the Company. The absolutely new slope on the western part of the Island, to which the *Mail and Advocate* recently referred, is also being got ready and all winter the D. I. & S. works will do a large mining business.

Many thousands of tons of ore will be in the stock piles, ready for shipment by next spring.

Portia Sails West

The S.S. Portia sailed west at midnight, taking a full freight and as passengers:—
R. T. Keeping, C. Benteau, Mrs. Ball, J. R. Cheesman, Mrs. Butl, R. K. Holden, D. Devine, W. Matthews, J. P. Maher, Geo. French and 40 in steerage.

Why Decasse Resigned

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Theophile Decasse, the foreign minister, who retired last week, in his letter of resignation did not invoke poor health as the reason for leaving the Cabinet, but said there were dissensions between himself and other ministers in regard to French foreign policy, says the Radical. This letter, which Premier Viviani refused yesterday to read to the Chamber of Deputies, recalls certain facts, discussion of which the censor forbids.

GERMANY BRANDED

London Daily Mail.
Wriggle as she may, Germany will never escape from the indelible infamy of her betrayal of Belgium. The world has already passed, and will never change, its judgement upon that crime. It does not need to be assured that Belgium never plotted against Germany or that Great Britain never took a single step except such as an honest and prudent trustee was bound to take. The facts stand, and by them Germany is branded forever. She broke her word. We kept ours. There is nothing more to add.

When at the next baseball match, whether as spectator, player or umpire, try a stick of Coca-Cola Gum. If you are a spectator, it will add to your interest, and if you are a player it will help you to play a better game.—aug30.liw.tif

Joffre Optimistic Allies Success

To Meet the German Counter-Attack, the Allies Have Erected Strong Defensive Works—They Have Constructed Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Line Defenses

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—A news agency despatch from Berlin published here this afternoon says:

"In the scale of human hazards, the Allies have eighty chance in one hundred of scoring a decisive victory over the German when the general offensive begins."

This statement was made by General Joffre to his life-long bosom friend, the editor of the *Despache De Toulous*.

General Joffre told his friend that he now had at his disposal 3,000,000 French troops on the line or on the road to be sent there at a moment's notice, without counting about 700,000 British and 60,000 Belgian troops, co-operating with him. Ammunition has been pouring in in steady streams, he asserted, and in addition to supplies at the front, the Allies have a reserve of 15,000,000 shells for emergency use.

Every German trench, all special defences, earthworks, blockhouses and kindred structures, have been patiently plotted by draughtsmen men work with photos taken by aviators in systematic flights daily, week after week, from the sea to the Alps. These blueprints have been transferred to ranged canvasses, and the range worked out by artillery officers.

To meet the German counter-attacks, the Allies have erected strong defensive works. They have constructed fourth, fifth and sixth line defences, arranged on a scale positively awe-inspiring. In short, everything is ready for the great move.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Germanizing Poland Has Now Begun

Russian Signs in Streets and Hotels Now Replaced by German Ones—Russian Language to be Eliminated

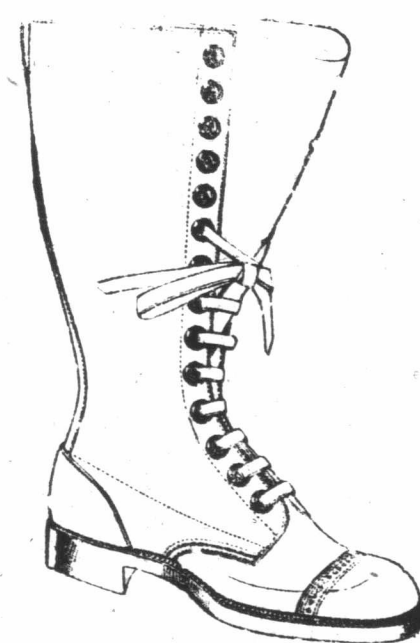
BERLIN, Oct. 13.—In all the cities and towns of Poland now under German occupation active steps are being taken to Germanize them thoroughly. To this end all efforts are at present being directed to have the German language supplant the Russian. In Lodz, Warsaw and other towns all the Russian signs on the streets and in street cars and buses have been removed and German signs put in their places. In the restaurants and hotels all the menus are now printed in German, and the German language is spoken where formerly the Russian prevailed.

Beginning with the first week in October with the reopening of the schools in Lodz and Warsaw, the teaching of the German language will be begun, with the object of bringing up the younger generation to speak German first and to instil in them German culture. In fact, a widespread propaganda has been organized by German officials for the elimination of the Russian language entirely from the conquered sections of Poland.

NOT IN THE DICTIONARIES

None of the dictionaries seem to be on the fact that "ambassador means a military agent who is ready to stick a knife under the fifth rib of his host while holding him by the beard and asking "Art thou in health my brother?"—Louisville Courier Journal.

Hand Made!



Our Hand-made Waterproof Boots, for Fall and Winter wear, are now ready. We are showing as usual, good honest footwear. Mail orders receive prompt attention. All orders filled same days as received.

- Men's 16-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. Price \$6.50
- Men's 14-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. Price \$6.00
- Men's 12-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. Price \$5.00
- Men's 10-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. Price \$4.60
- Men's 8-inch Bellows Tongue Boots. Price \$4.40
- Men's 6 1/2-inch Ordinary Tongue Boots. Price \$3.00
- Boys' 10-inch Waterproof Boots. Price \$4.00
- Boys' 8-inch Waterproof Boots. Price \$3.60
- Boys' 7-inch Ordinary Wtrprf. Boots. Price \$2.40
- All Hand-Pegged and Hand-Sewn \$1.50 extra.

F. Smallwood, The Home of Good Shoes.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

ROSSLEY'S EAST END THEATRE.

St. John's Leading Vaudeville, Dramatic and Picture Theatre.
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS TO-NIGHT:
ATLANTIS---FISK and JACK,
Spectacular Novelty and Lightning Change Artists.
In Thrilling, Daring and Sensational Feats.
Something never seen here in the History of St. John's. Magnificent Costumes. See Dainty Atlantis on the huge globe. Don and Risk in Marvellous Act.
TO-NIGHT, GREAT CIRCUS ACT.
Balancing, Juggling, Electrical Novelty on Rolling Ball, Spectacular Dance, something wonderful.
ALL NEW PICTURES, GREAT CONTEST ON FRIDAY NIGHT. LOTS OF FUN. TICKETS SELLING FAST.
NOTE:—Don't let the Children miss Saturday's Matinee. the greatest sight ever seen here.

OURS---Rossley's West End Theatre.

5 COMPLETE NEW FILMS.
All New. Never seen anywhere.
The finest in town.
Miss Aneta, Latest New York Songs
2 Shows Nightly---7.30 and 9 p.m. prompt

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE

"THE FAMILY BLACK SHEEP."
A Comedy Drama in 2 Reels, produced by the Kalem Company, featuring Marguerite Countout.
"THE WARD OF THE MISSION."
A great Biograph feature. The cast includes Augustus Anderson and Robert Nolan.
"THE VOLUNTEER BURGLAR."
A Melo-Drama by the Essanay Company.
"A COUPLE OF SIDE ORDER FABLES."
By George Ade, America's foremost Humorist.
DAN DELMAR, The Popular Crescent Vocalist,
SINGING NOVELTY SONGS and BALLADS.
Good Music, a Comfortable & well Ventilated Theatre
COMING—"A SIREN OF CORICA."—COMING
A SPECIAL FEATURE IN 3 REELS.

To Awe Populace At Constantinople

Saloniki, Oct. 7th.—According to a traveller from Constantinople, the Torgut Mels and the Hamidieh are the only big Turkish warships remaining in seaworthy condition. The chief value of these is to threaten Constantinople and keep the suffering and disaffected population in awe throughout the empire. Things have come to such a pass through hunger, oppression and the outraged religious feelings of the people, that a general uprising, it is reported, would follow the slightest relaxation of the German grip upon the country.

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!

Men's, Women's and Children's.
A full range BEST BRANDS just opened.

LADIES'
Low Shoe Rubbers—55c., 70c. and 75c.
Storm Rubbers . . . 65c. and 85c.
Low Shoe Rubbers, high heel 75c.
Storm Shoe Rubbers, high heel 85c.
Low Shoe Rubbers, high heel, Tan \$1.00

MEN'S
Low Rubbers \$1.00 and \$1.05
Storm Rubbers 85c., \$1.00, \$1.10 and \$1.20

BOYS' and YOUTHS' Low and Storm
8 to 10 56c. to 60c.
11 to 2 60c. to 85c.
3 to 5 70c. to \$1.00

LADIES' LONG RUBBERS
Ladies' Long Rubbers \$2.30

MEN'S LONG RUBBERS
\$3.00, \$4.50 and \$4.75

CHILDS' and MISSES' LONG RUBBERS
5 to 10 \$1.80 to \$2.00
11 to 2 \$2.00 to \$2.20

BOYS' and YOUTHS' LONG RUBBERS
9 to 13 \$2.10 to \$2.30
1 to 5 \$2.30 to \$2.50

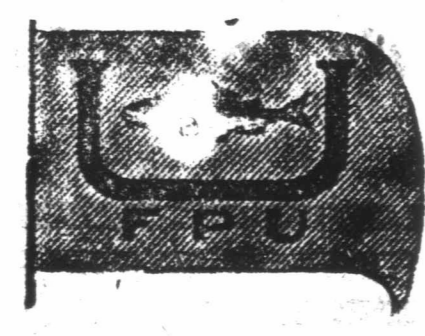
SCHOOL RUBBERS

CHILDS' and MISSES'
Low and Storm, 6 to 10—49c. to 60c.
Low and Storm, 11 to 2—54c. to 85c.

STEER BROTHERS.

ON CONSIGNMENT
Two Cars Best
P.E.I. HAY.
 Buy Now as the prices must advance owing to increase of freights.
J. J. ROSSITER
 Real Estate Agent

Our Motto: "SUUM CUIQUE."



"To Every Man His Own."

The Mail and Advocate
 Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Co. Ltd., Proprietors.
 Editor and Business Manager
JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., OCT. 21, 1915.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

That Verdict

ELSEWHERE we publish a letter from a Union member in Bay-de-Verde District that expresses the average opinion of the Outport elector regarding the decision of the Jury which heard the Kean libel last week. That friend sent \$20 for 20 shares in the Union Publishing Co.

Many other such letters are received. What is the use of St. John's effort to muzzle *The Mail and Advocate*, backed as it is by at least 75 per cent of Outport feeling. Such verdict will but strengthen and extend the Outport man's antagonism to St. John's interests. Instead of injuring Coaker or this paper or the F.P.U. it will but strengthen them.

The friends of Ab. Kean here fail to remember that Outport men know him as he is, and not as he appears to a few toadies at St. John's.

Outport men considered that if Kean had not been near the Newfoundland on March 30th and 31st, 1914, that the 79 heroes of the Newfoundland's crew would not have perished on the ice within a mile or two of five powerful ice-breakers.

That is a point a few at St. John's have not quite realized.

When such men cannot behold the tremendous responsibility resting on Kean through the signing of the arrest petition last Winter, when 10,000 electors asked the Governor to incite the Crown to arrest and try Kean for manslaughter in connection with the massacre of 79 fellow-countrymen—any man not as dense as prejudice and animosity can manufacture—would have seen where Kean stand by those petitions.

They have endeavoured to restore Kean's reputation by a verdict of \$1800 and they have succeeded once more in arousing that feeling of bitterness in Outports which greets Kean's action when ever publicly proclaimed.

LET THE RECITS WAIT.

Canadians enlisting for active service must necessarily march in plain clothes, the visible supply of khaki being required to uniform the heroic figures of this country's ever-growing army of honorary colonels.—Toronto Telegram.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

The Industrial Outlook

THE OUTLOOK for our Toilers at the moment is by no means very rosy. We have had one of the worst Labrador fisheries within living memory, though it is true that we have never had such prices offering for Labrador products.

The up-the-shore fishermen have fared rather better than usual; but we must make provision for the hundreds of fishermen who have returned from the far north without sufficient to pay for their summer's outfit. There are at present in Notre Dame and Bonavista Bays especially many who have not the wherewithal to pull them through even till the end of November.

Within the past fortnight some men have got away to Millertown and other logging sections up-country; but it is feared that several who are anxious to get to the lumber-woods will be unable to secure employment there. We think that it would be advisable for all our fishermen who wish to seek employment in the logging camps to make enquiry before they leave their homes, as otherwise, they may be liable to spend a considerable amount in railway and other expenses which they can ill afford.

We feel sure that the managers of the up-country plants would be only too pleased to furnish information as to the possibilities of securing employment either at Bishop's Falls, Badger, or Grand Falls. We have always found the managers at these sections very courteous and obliging; and we believe that, were our men to make enquiries, they would receive due attention. This is a matter which should be considered.

We would also advise our men who have any idea of going across Cabot Straits to seek employment either at Sydney or New Glasgow to do likewise. Whilst work is procurable at these plants, it is just possible that men who go here without knowing the precise conditions, may be disappointed. Both these plants have recently received large orders for munitions; but it should be understood that this special work needs a number of skilled mechanics.

We consequently strongly advise our men to look ahead and not to incur the expense of leaving without having some definite information regarding the possibility of securing employment. Whilst it is regrettable to see so many of our men forced to seek employment, we believe that under existing conditions it were the wisest course to pursue. We do not wish to see them in any sense dependents; as we know they can make good when ever and wherever they get work.

We have had so many exhibitions of Government coddling, that it were wise for our Toilers not to depend on the Administration which has been guilty of a policy of systematic humbugging ever since they have been in power. Were the Government alive to the situation, there really should be no need of our young fellows to get away from the country to secure employment.

What an awful showing to the people by Premier Morris. For years he has been gulling the Toilers with "propositions"; but he has now been weighed in the balance and found wanting. There will be a tremendous exodus this Fall from the Outports, and even from St. John's. We expect to see the Government organs telling us that "it is all on account of the war"; but the fact is that the outbreak of the war has been the salvation of the Morris Government up to the present.

We are getting the largest prices ever paid for our soft fish, (not through any efforts made by Morris to protect the interests of our Fishermen Toilers); and Great Britain has furnished us a loan in order to keep us afloat as a British Colony.

How the Fishermen Toilers Regard the Kean Verdict

Shows How Coaker's Work on Behalf of the Toilers is Appreciated in the North. A Slap in the face to Kean, Crosbie, Squires, Mosdell and Enemies of Coaker and the F.P.U.

W. F. Coaker, Esq., M.H.A., Pres. F.P.U., St. John's.

DEAR SIR,—Enclosed please find Twenty Dollars (\$20) for 20 shares of \$1 each in the Union Publishing Company.

I see that the enemies of the Union are doing their best to crush it, and I think that every Union man should do his best to aid you in your fight against the oppression of the poor unfortunate working class, by those men

who are really the servants of the very people they try to oppress. Keep at your noble work; success must surely reward earnest and honest effort.

Respectfully yours,

—S. A. C.

P.S.—Prohibition is getting a very live issue around here now. Mr. I. C. Morris gave a splendid address here in the Methodist Church last night (Sunday).

A solid vote will be polled here in favour of Prohibition.—S.A.C. Bay-de-Verde, Oct. 18, '15.

Bishop Power

THE COUNTRY will regret to learn that His Lordship Bishop Power, of St. George's, will be leaving Newfoundland to take up responsible duties in connection with the Roman Catholic Church in Canada.

We congratulate Bishop Power upon his advancement by the Church. His ability has been recognized and appreciated, and if his health permits we feel sure his advancement will be rapid. His health has not been good for some time and is probably responsible for his transfer to Canada.

The West Coast people will greatly regret His Lordship's transfer, as he was beloved by his people.

The position he has been appointed to is one of great responsibility and activity. Archbishop McNeil of Toronto—whom Bishop Power succeeded at St. George's—will have in Bishop Power a strong pillar of the Faith and an ardent worker in Christ's vineyard, as well as a loyal and devoted friend. Newfoundland's loss is Canada's gain in this respect.

Our Herring Packers

THE HERRING SEASON on the West Coast and in Notre Dame Bay will open shortly; and from recent reports, some American vessels are already heading for Bay of Islands, for cargoes. The demand for herring is now greater than it has been within living memory; and we should get text to the markets if we wish to get a share of trade.

Recent quotations of Scotch herring in the American market, as we have stated in our columns, are the highest ever known; and we should make an effort to secure some of the orders which formerly were placed with Scotch herring packers. The shortage of herring in the American markets is abnormal; and there is absolutely no reason why we should not get hold of a long sheaf of orders. The price to be obtained should attract a large number of fishermen to the herring business this Fall; and before they venture into it, they should understand what is required essentially to ensure success.

First, there is the question of the package. This should be well and substantially made, and capable of undergoing a good deal of rough handling in transit. Unless the packages are strong, well-coopered, and made of material free from knots and shakes, it were worse than useless to go into the packing business at all. Such packages will mean loss of money to the packer, and will have detrimental results for the trade.

Secondly, the herring must be uniform in size, well-cleaned; and spent fish should on no account be packed. No amount of pick-

ling will make a first class article from spent fish. Cleanliness is essential; and unless packers attend to this very important detail, the labor of the packer will have been in vain.

Our people do not seem to realize that the buyer is the most important element in the herring business. He knows just what he needs, and it is useless for us to try to explain to a purchaser that our views are superior to his. He is paying the money, and he should get just what he requires.

The tight, well-coopered, and clean package will bring satisfactory results; but if we fail to deliver the goods as the consumer, or the purchaser requires, we had better not embark in the business.

Many fishermen are under the impression that "a barrel of herring" is a "barrel of herring anyhow"; but numbers of men engaged in the herring business for the past few years know to their cost that the purchaser has his own ideas as well as his own tastes in the matter of pack.

We should try to get down to the small package; and were we to do this we should have no difficulty in marketing to the best possible advantage every barrel of herring caught around our coast during the fall and winter.

Unless our fishermen begin to realize the requirements of the various markets, we cannot hope to compete with the Scotch, Iceland, or Norwegian packs. There is money in the herring business; but the fishermen should try to get down to practical business, and until they do this, they will be labouring without practical results.

F. P. U. Notes

The Diadem, Capt. White of Greenspond, with a load of fish from Greenspond Union Store is discharging at Baird's.

The schr. Augustus, Capt. Fancy, with a load of fish from Seldom Union Store is discharging at Baine Johnson's.

The schr. Lizzie Guy, Capt. M. Guy, is loading supplies for Catalina Union Store.

The schr. Dorothy B. Captain Squires, is taking supplies for the Union Store at Keels.

The schr. Betty is loading supplies for the Union Stores at Joe Batt's Arm and Tilting.

THE ALLIES' GREATEST ASSET.
 Great Britain emphasizes the immensity of her financial resources not only in the meeting of her own direct expenses, but also by loaning \$230,000,000 to other nations, and \$28,000,000 to Canada, Australia and South Africa. It is becoming increasingly evident that the marvelous financial power thus illustrated sustained as it is by an uninterrupted commerce, is the greatest single asset in the possession of the allies.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Economic Argument

IT IS a recognized principle that only productive industries are a source of stable civic and national wealth. Now if we measure the liquor industry (?) by this standard, it is the very antithesis of being productive; for it is actually destructive, not merely industrially but morally and physically.

This can readily be demonstrated; and we have already established our case regarding the moral and physical effects of the liquor trade. Our statements in the premises have been made not off our own bat but we have quoted the most eminent authorities. Anybody who has heard Dr. Geisel discuss the liquor question cannot honestly contravene our arguments; she speaks as "one having knowledge," if not authority.

If we examine the fiscal or economic side of the case we must also come to the conclusion that everything is against the continuance of reign of Booze in our midst.

1. The immediate attendants upon his liquid majesty in this city number approximately 100 people, inclusive of the many barmaids, yes, barmaids in this supposedly respectable city of St. John's.

Now let us suppose (we, of course place the highest figures) that the average annual salary of the attendants at bars and liquor establishments is \$600. This represents \$60,000 per annum. Who pays this? The consumer. What does the consumer get in return for this expenditure?

Let us take, first the case of consumers of local beers. These consume some tons of Twenty-Mile Pond water, some extracts of hops and—other things. We don't wish to specify them; but they cost little.

Secondly, let us instance the case of imported beers and similar concoctions. What does the consumer get? He pays for tons of waters from the Liffey, the Trent, and possibly from the saline troughs of the Zuyder Zee, and, of course the hops, other things, and the preservatives. These products cost at the pints of manufacture approximately five cents per bottle,—the local consumer pays just Twenty-Five for his pint of imported beer.

But this is not all. Our wage earners consume large quantities of foxy fluid which called rum. This is in many cases a doctored product, which we get sometimes from London, but usually from the West Indies. Low grades of rum are really the product of molasses which even the niggers wouldn't care to use! The consumer in this case pays largely for a large quantity of aqua pura (this is the druggists' terminology for water. Why can they not get their supply of water pure and unfiltered from their taps, or even from the city hydrants?)

The liquor interests will tell us, of course, that they pay licenses, city taxes, buy automobiles, patronize the social functions of the city, give alms to the poor, sub-

scribe to the various charities, etc. Yes, we admit all these benefactions; but we still contend that the so-called benefactions and assessments are actually being gathered from the very class of people to whom such largesses are given. The actual value of the liquor trade is really nil. On the contrary it brings its trail woes unnumbered; and the life blood of our labouring classes is literally being coined into dollars and cents to enrich the dealers who strut about "in purple and fine linen."

But much of the gains of the traffic are actually invested in our industries? Very little. None, as far as we know in the greatest of our industries—Fishing.

There are presumably some of the interested parties whose names figure as stock-holders in certain manufacturing companies. But we contend that nearly all these organizations have their being guaranteed by an almost pro-

hibitive system of taxation, or they are directly subsidized.

Our local products are not sold any cheaper than the imported article; and in many cases our best fishermen will not purchase locally manufactured lines, twines, etc. Hence, we contend that this phase of the economic arguments is absolutely without either utility or weight. The fact remains that the liquor trade as a factor in our fiscal life is like an Algebraic X.

In Days Gone By

October 21

The Battle of Trafalgar, 1805.
 First Convent School opened in Newfoundland, 1833.
 Big snow storm, 1875.
 Zera, the Ventriloquist performed in the Atheneum, 1879.
 Dean Cleary (well known on the Southern Shore) died, aged 86. He was for 52 years a priest.
 The Battle of Elanasslaige, 1899.
 The Record newspaper issued, 1860.

NOTICE!

To the F.P.U. Councils of Twillingate District:

IN VIEW of the conditions prevailing in this District at present, I think it advisable to cancel our proposed Annual District Meeting at Exploits. The usual Annual Meeting will be held at the Supreme Council, which meets at St. John's next month.

W. B. JENNINGS,
 District Chairman.

TO THE READING PUBLIC!

To keep in touch with the War, Politics and the many other questions of present moment, the Outport man needs a good paper, a daily paper to report the news, a weekly paper to interpret the news. The weekly edition of THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, official organ of the Fishermen's Protective Union, will be sent to any address in Newfoundland and Canada, from now until the end of 1916 for FIFTY CENTS.

Can you afford to be without this Paper?

Reid-Newfoundland Co.

SOUTH COAST SERVICE

S.S. GLENCOE will sail from Placentia on Friday, October 22nd, after the arrival of the 8.45 a.m. Train from St. John's, calling at the usual ports of call between Placentia and Port aux Basques.

NOTICE

St. John's Prohibition Campaign

MEETINGS of the Canvassing Committee and the Sub-Committees under Ward Commanders will be held each night at the Headquarters, 7.30 to 9.30; Executive Meetings each night at Headquarters, 9.30; and General Public Meetings of Voters every Monday and Wednesday night in the T. A. Armoury at 8.30 p.m., when addresses will be given by prominent platform speakers and workers.

P. G. BUTLER,
General Secretary,
St. John's Prohibition Com.

Oct 20, 11

Buy GOODS Manufactured in NEW-FOUNDLAND & keep the Fathers at work

At Lowest Prices

Gasolene "Veedal" Motor Oil

In Casks and 1 and 5 gallon Tins.

SMITH CO. Ltd.

J.J. St. John

To Shopkeepers:

100 dozen ROYAL PALACE Baking Powder at 50c dozen tins.

500 Dozen TOILET SOAP 1 dozen in a Box, 35c dozen.

500 Dozen BLACK PEPPER, at 10c lb.

150 Dozen ELECTRIC PASTE, the best Blacklead on the market, 48c dozen.

J.J. St. John
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Rd

Thoughtful People

Are stretching their Dollars by having us renovate the old garments, and make up remnants of cloth.

C. M. HALL
Genuine Tailor and Renovator,
848 THEATRE HILL

MR. R. CALLAHAN FOR PROHIBITION

Regards Drink as the Greatest Evil of the Day—Tells of Many Disgusting Sights Which Have Lately Come Under His Notice Recently

AT A MEETING of the Prohibition Committee held on Monday evening last, Mr. R. Callahan, in seconding the vote of thanks, said:

"I was never meant for a public speaker. I may be good enough to talk and argue a point in a small circle. Anyhow, I am going to say something by referring to a few instances that came under my notice within the last few weeks, which call for some consideration.

"A poor woman came into my store last week, and asked me if I bought a stove from a man. She said she was out working all day and when she went home in the evening her stove was gone and her husband got drunk with the money that he pawned the stove for. That was the cold reception that met the poor woman's eye after her hard day's work; and it is the worse case that came under my notice in this country.

"A few days before that, another woman came in, looking for second-hand pieces for her stove; as she could not afford to buy new ones, I asked her what put her stove in such a condition, and she said her husband came home drunk, kicked up a racket, took the hatchet and smashed the stove in pieces.

"Another instance: As I was going home over Barter's Hill one evening I noticed a crowd of boys following three drunken men, who were trying to carry another one a little worse than themselves. When they got to the junction of LeMarchant Road they had to drop him, and he layed senseless on the ground. A cabman appeared on the scene; and asked who sent for him. One big fellow said: 'I did.' The cabman said: 'Who is going to pay me?' and the fellow said: 'Call at a certain Government office for payment.' The sober cabman took the drunken man in his arms and landed him on his doorstep. The three drunken men were incapable of doing so. Then the cabman hauled off his coat to get satisfaction from the big fellow, who made tracks West, for the Poor House.

"Yet another instance: As I was going along LeMarchant Road a few weeks ago there was a great crowd half way up Boncloddy Street. I made inquiries from a man coming down as to what was wrong. He said: 'Come up and you will see a sight.' Here was a man in the centre of a ring lying on his back dead drunk to all reason, and a dog standing beside him ready to jump at any one who would approach his master.

"Here was a case, viewed by hundreds, of the man below the beast. The dog had more sense than the man. Then the words of the great Father Tom Burke came home to me when he said: 'I saw men dead drunk, lying in the gutter, could not move hand nor foot, dead to all shame. The dogs came along and smelled them, cocked their nose, wagged their tail and walked away. The dogs could walk, the men could not; they were below the beast.'

"Those were words of a great man and the same comes under our notice on our streets every day.

"Those are a few of the many instances. They may be simple; but nevertheless they are true facts that no right thinking man can shut his eyes to.

"The hatred against drink is grafted into my very bones. I never drank it, but I have seen the evil and the poverty that is brought about from it. It is nei-

ther good for man nor beast. I have no hatred against the men who are in the business; God forbid, they are more to be pitied than blamed to be in such a business that is surrounded by crime, misery and sin. Some of them are fine fellows, friends and customers of mine; but it is no business for a man with a spark of red blood in his veins to be connected with.

"It is the meanest, lowest and most contemptible occupation on the face of God's earth to-day. There would be no poverty in this country if it was not for drink, people hungry, are now begging from door to door, while their fathers and big brothers are bumbling for rum, instead of providing for the hard winter that is ahead of them. If they, and we know they are, hungry now what will be their condition in the depth of winter, with cold, hunger and misery staring them in the face?"

"I am into this fight heart and soul. I have sons on the hockey field, the baseball field and the football field. I have a son on the field of battle, now at Gallipoli; and I am on this battle field myself, helping to fight the greatest enemy of man and our country.

"It gives me much pleasure indeed to second the vote of thanks to the two speakers."

Love and War

PARIS, Oct. 16 (Correspondence).—Last week the Prince of Wales, while taking tea in an inn at a British station near Ypres, was shot in the arm by a French corporal. The attendant at the inn is an attractive-looking young woman, who was passing as an unmarried girl under the name of Barthou, but, as a matter of fact, she is married to a corporal in a French hussar regiment named Huguet.

Mlle. Barthou had many admirers among the British staff officers, among whom the inn became a popular resort for tea or other refreshments when any of the staff had to visit this part of the British lines. News of this state of affairs reached the husband, who became furiously jealous. Huguet wrote to his wife to say that stories about her flirtation with British officers had reached him, and if he found out that they were true, and that she had been unfaithful to him, he would shoot her and then shoot himself.

As a matter of fact, the stories that had reached Huguet were grossly exaggerated. The British staff officers treated Mlle. Barthou properly and between none of them and the pretty Bretonne was there any levity of conduct, or undue familiarity. One young officer, indeed, on the staff who had fallen very much in love with her, proposed to her, and had ceased, after her refusal to marry him, to visit the inn.

On Saturday last the husband obtained 24 hours' leave from the trenches and unexpectedly turned up at the inn where his wife was employed at about 5 in the afternoon. The Prince of Wales, a young officer, indeed, on the staff, and another officer were having tea in the inn at the moment. It appears that Huguet watched his wife talking to the prince and his companion for some minutes, and they were seized with a blind rage. He rushed into the room, and without a word of warning fired two shots in rapid succession, one at his wife and another at the two staff officers. Then he turned the weapon on himself.

The two officers sprang at him, but the corporal fired before he could be seized and wounded himself in the neck. The Prince of Wales was wounded in his arm, just above the wrist. The corporal was taken to a field hospital by the Prince of Wales in his motor car, where the prince also had his wound dressed.

The prince then proceeded to headquarters and reported the whole incident to the commander-in-chief. The corporal, under military law, is liable to be shot, but no official notice will probably be taken of the incident. The corporal's wife almost immediately after the incident left the inn and went to the hospital where her husband was taken, and is looking after him herself.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

'Times' Corresp. On Life in Berlin

Germans Think They Have the War Won—Food Dear in Berlin; But as Yet no Signs of Poverty

PRESENT POTATO CROP BROKE ALL RECORDS

German Capital is Gay and Quite an Optimistic Feeling is Evident on all Sides

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Times publishes an article by its neutral correspondent, who arrived in Britain from Germany last week, describing the night life in Berlin as abnormally gay, "as if it were meant as a display of popular confidence." The correspondent continues:

"No matter with whom you talk, high or low, civilian or soldier, you cannot help seeing their supreme confidence, I talked with several Government officials and all tried to impress upon me the fact that Germany has no fears with regard to the future. An under secretary of the Foreign Office, whose knowledge of Britain and the British people was gained in the course of long residence in London, said to me:

"The majority of Germans think that Britain has gone to the dogs. They know the British people as a

comfort-loving race. They read James Henry Thomas's speech in Parliament, and they heard about the Welsh coal miners' strikes; they read Lloyd George's preface to his book, "Through Terror to Triumph." Naturally they think the country is on the brink of revolution. Our people realize that things are hardly as desperate as they appear, but we also know that a country which depends on a voluntary system is bound to have every kind of trouble. "If I know Britain rightly she is not satisfied with the men at the head of her Government. We appreciate the value of freedom as do the British, but there are times when our form of government has advantages over every other, and this is one of them.

"We think we have the war won, but we are not deluding ourselves. A tremendous task is yet to be accomplished. Fortunately we are well prepared and the future may have still surprises in store for those who still think that Germany will be crushed.

"Do the British people use that expression now? It hurts them more than it does us."

The correspondent asserts that many need rubbers badly, but that the supply of cotton is by no means exhausted and will last many months. Old tin cans are collected for military purposes, but it is foolish, he says, to suppose that brass and copper utensils are being stripped. No metal is wasted or allowed to remain without serving a useful purpose, but "Germany is far from being in dire need of metals." The correspondent continues:

"Food in Germany is much dearer than it was a year ago, but there are no signs of extreme poverty. The charges in the restaurants are not higher than in London. You can get in the best ones practically anything. "Germany will not freeze nor starve in the winter. Coal is stored along the railroads between Berlin and Holland show that the mines have been busy during the summer. There is an abundance of potatoes; the present crop is said to have broken all records. It looked as if the Government had ordered every farmer to plant potatoes, and nobody disobeys."

Many Germans Lost in Marshes

Russian Mounted Rangers Operate Successfully and Cause Great Havoc Amongst German Detachments

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Important German detachments are enmeshed in the immense marshes of Pinsk, in the Russian Province of Minsk, where the rivers have overflowed, owing to the daily torrential rains, says a despatch from Petrograd to the Havas News Agency. The Pinsk marshes cover an area of more than 1,000 square miles in the basins of the Pripiet, Strumen through them.

Styr and Gory Rivers, which flow Hundreds of Germans are reported to have been lost in the bogs with their artillery, automobiles, and convoys. Many deserters are said to be roving about the country in bands.

A hatted proprietor named Sabounevicz has organized a powerful detachment of partisans, among them many Circassians, who are hunting down the German bands. Sabounevicz's men, mounted on small horses, are said to be operating with extraordinary rashness. Sweeping down upon a village where the General Staff of a German division was quartered, the despatch adds, the officers were dispersed, panic-stricken.

These "Marsh Wolves," as the Germans call them, have thus far evaded the two squadrons of Hussars which have been assigned to capture them.

Russian mounted partisan rangers are operating boldly and successfully in the central marshes of the Pinsk district, their operations reaching almost to Brest-Litovsk. A sudden night attack which they made on the staff of an Austrian detachment caused confusion in the Austrian ranks.

These partisans have made a number of prisoners throughout a wide extent of territory, availing themselves of their superior knowledge of the by-paths. The most successful band, under the certain leader, has been dubbed by the Germans the "Marsh Wolves." This band includes Russians of the neighborhood, Poles, police officers, and Caucasian mountaineers.

"We Get the Best Value for Our Money at the Union Trading Company's Store"

Is the testimony of the many purchasers who visit it. Why? Because the Union Trading Company is satisfied with SMALL PROFITS to get big returns, and not only to satisfy itself but to SATISFY its customers by giving them the BEST VALUES at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Men's Jersey Overshirts A Special Line; correct in style, shape and finish. In 65c Green color only.	Men's All Wool Tweed Pants With back pocket, back strap, two sidepockets, raised seam on leg. In Brown Color only. Regular \$2 value. \$1.75	Men's Silver Grey, Fleece Lined Underwear Good Nap, assuring warmth and comfort; all sizes. 65c
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Boys Navy Serge Suits
30 Boys' three garment Navy Serge Suits, Rugby style, excellent quality well made, and fast in colour. Sizes: 6, 7, 8 and 9. Special Sale Price **\$4.60**

Men's Leather Lined Box Calf Blucher Boots Sizes 6, 7, 8, only. \$3.30 Reg. \$3.60 value.	The "WINNER" Rubber Heel Wear Twice as Long as Leather Women's and Boys' sizes. 20c Per pair. Men's sizes. 22c Per pair.	Rubber Footwear Men's, Women's, Boys' and Girls' Long Rubbers. Men's, Women's, Boys' and Girls' Low Rubbers. Men's, Women's, Misses' and Childs' Gaiters.
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Children's Winter Dresses In Shepherd Checks, with Laced trimming 60c Collar. In Dark, Fancy, Green and Brown Tweeds. 70c In Saxe Blue Cloth with Velvet Collar and Belt. \$2.00 up	Children's Winter Coats In Tan Color Melton Cloth with deep Collar. \$1.60 up Misses' Winter Coats In Tan, Saxe Blue and Navy with Military Collar. \$1.85 up
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Men's Flannel Shirts Made according to standard regulation size in a nice assortment of stripes and \$1.40 fancies.	Children's Heavy Ribbed Underwear At unbeatable prices. 15c up According to size.	Children's HATS In Tweed and Navy 22c each Serge.
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FISHERMEN'S UNION TRADING CO'Y.

Last Night's Prohibition Rally at the T. A. Hall

Large and Enthusiastic Audience Greeted Various Speakers Who Gave Short but Stirring and Interesting Addresses

CONVASSERS MEETING GOOD RECEPTION

Question of Revenue and Prohibition Dealt With—Expected 28,000 Voters Will Vote "Yes" on November 4th

LAST NIGHT the T.A. Armory was filled to overflowing for the great Prohibition rally scheduled to take place there. The chair was filled by Dr. Mosdell who gave a general review of the situation to date and introduced Mr. W. White, the first speaker of the evening.

It afforded him great pleasure to testify to the splendid work being done by the Convassing Committee, who are receiving a warm welcome from the people as they visit the city's homes.

He dealt with the question of shortage in the revenue as claimed by the advocates of liquor would follow Prohibition, and showed that this would be made up by the spending of more money for necessities, which would naturally result from the increased earning power of all. The revenue derived from liquor is largely expended in the carrying out of laws and maintenance of institutions, made necessary by the traffic, the amount so expended in the United States being 63 per cent.

Arguments, as to revenue are perhaps best refuted by the statements of the Russian Government, showing no shortage after the abolition of vodka but a great increase in the savings of the people. Who, he said, can estimate the cost of drink on the basis of unhappiness, poverty and misery in the home. Medical and life insurance men were against drink and in fact nothing whatever could be advanced in its favour.

Mr. John M. Devine was the next speaker and in speaking of the revenue question raised quoted the words of the immortal Gladstone used on a memorable occasion. "Give me a sober nation and I will look after the revenue."

Prohibition stands for prosperity while liquor is the anarchist of the world and its red flag is dyed with the blood of women and children. Rum is unnecessary as statements by the greatest medical men show. It terrible effects on brain and body are to be seen on all sides, and it has caused more damage than all diseases combined.

Prohibition has proved beneficial in many parts of the world, and now it is up to us to decide if it would be good for Newfoundland. The answer is yes, without the least doubt.

Mr. W. F. Coaker, M.H.A., then followed in a telling speech in which he laid special stress on the losses sustained by people in business by having drinking men in their employ, the false arguments involving Confederation advanced by the friends of the saloon and the cry as to the curtailment of the people's liberties in the promulgation of Prohibition.

Mr. Coaker received a vote of 18,000 would be received in favour of Prohibition between Brigus and St. Barbe district. Conception Bay is swinging in line and with the support of the city and points to the Westward the total will possibly be 28,000.

A vote of thanks proposed by Mr. J. W. Taylor and seconded by Mr. S. Woods was accorded the speakers by acclamation.

An appeal which must have touched all present was contained in a letter from a Volunteer for Prohibition and adding that this might be the last request he would make him. The letter was read by the Chairman, who announced that a meeting of young voters would be held next Monday night, after which the meeting closed.

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

Trafalgar Day Good Success

Street Present Patriotic Appearance as Young Ladies Sell Badges

THE YOUNG LADIES dressed in their neat uniforms of blue with the cocked hat of the last century and wearing Nelson's immortal command to his ships at Trafalgar, are doing a roaring trade to-day selling on Water and other streets emblems of the day we celebrate.

The whole city is wearing the white ribbon with the celebrated legend—"England Expects Every Man to do His Duty." It is being distributed by the ladies from motor Cars and carriages, and as high as Five Dollars has been given for one of these simple but patriotic favours.

Cameras for moving picture films are snap-shooting the street scenes and it is a lively time long Water Street.

OUR THEATRES

NICKEL'S FINE SHOW.

The Nickel theatre was crowded at all the performances yesterday and everyone was delighted with the entire show. The general opinion is that it was one of the best ever given at the Nickel. "The Million Dollar Mystery" is always attractive. The episode yesterday was even more exciting than the others and it was very closely followed. The "Trey O'Hearts" was also very cleverly staged and was very favourably commented on. Messrs. Huskins and Cairns sang in a very pleasing way and were warmly applauded by all present. This evening the programme will be repeated and we advise all our readers to attend. No one should miss it.

ROSSLEY'S.

There is a complete change of programme at Rossley's tonight. "Atlantis, Pisk and Jack in a great electrical spectacular and novelty act, one of their big circus acts—marvellous, thrilling, daring and sensational. Patrons have a great treat in store. This beautiful novelty will be seen at both shows. Every trick will be given same as the first show. These artists carry one ton of stage rigging and have the most perfect apparatus for their tricks. They have several wonderful drop curtains, which add to the effects. On Trafalgar night, Miss Atlantis in her spectacular serpentine and butterfly dances. Her beautiful costumes will show up many faces known to all. Don't miss the wonderful sight. Nothing like this performance ever has been seen here. The pictures, too, are beautiful and need no mention, for since Mr. Rossley has got his new service they are beyond compare. The tickets for Friday night's contest are going fast and those wishing good seats had best secure tickets early, as possible. There will be a splendid matinee on Saturday for the children. Don't let them miss it.

We have a splendid stock of Ferro, Gray, Fulton and Meitz & Weiss Kerosene Motor Boat Engines, spark coils and all repair parts. A. H. MURRAY, Bowring's Cove.—oct19,10i

TRAFALGAR DAY

British Red Cross Society and The Order of St. John

A tag will be given to all contributing, to indicate that they have given what they could to succour the Sick and Wounded Soldiers and Sailors

DO YOUR DUTY

The following names were added yesterday, bringing the number on the roll up to 2,439:— Caleb G. Bishop, St. John's, Wm. Geo. James, St. John's, Jos. Clarke, Whitbourne, Nathaniel Jones, Whitbourne, Stephen Clarke, Marystown. The men were engaged at drill in the armory during the day.

St. John's Boys Heard From

Mr. Saml. Joy Gets Interesting Letters From His Sons—Both of Whom Are Serving in the Navy

MR. SAMUEL JOY, of New Gower Street, by Sunday's mail again had interesting letters from his sons Will and Albert.

The former who is in the Dardanelles, deplures the fact that a cake baked for him by his mother in February last and sent forward did not reach him until 4 months had elapsed, and needless to say it was then so dry and hard that he had to throw it away to his intense disgust.

He had letters from John Fitzgerald and other friends with our regiment on Gallipoli Peninsula and was glad to hear from them.

He was very pleased to get the local papers, especially The Mail and Advocate, which has always interested him, and his great want is a supply of our own good cigarettes which had been forwarded but which he says he did not receive.

Another letter under date Sept. 15th was received from him also. He wrote from H.M.S. "Osiris," at Malta, and says he volunteered to transfer to this ship with a few others from H.M.S. "Cornwallis."

He enquired particularly about Joseph Butler, a friend who was wounded there and wished to know if he had reached home.

Albert Joy is on the patrol boat "Lillybrook," in the North Sea, and also writes very interestingly. Both boys are in the best of health and wish to be remembered to all friends at home.

Newfoundland Fox Exchange at 276 Water Street pays highest prices for raw furs.

NEW BAKERY PROJECTED

WE learn that a movement was recently started amongst a certain section of our business people to start a big bakery business in the city. It has nothing whatever to do with a similar undertaking launched a few years ago but which did not materialize. The new venture is we learn being capitalized at \$200,000, stock is quickly being bought up and it will confine itself altogether to the baking of bread and biscuits, and a cake bakery will be built at a site to be selected later.

Algerina Arrived Last Night

The S.S. Algerina arrived here at 10 last night to the Furness Withy Co., after a run of 13½ days. The ship since leaving London had heavy head winds and the nearer she progressed towards this coast, the more stormy it became so that speed was greatly reduced by reason of the heavy gales and high seas encountered. She came through with little or no damage and brought 100 tons cargo.

The ship brought one passenger—one of our Naval Reservists—invalidee home.

Dog Killing Poultry

There is a dog now loose on Portugal Cove Road, which of late has caused much destruction to poultry, owned by farmers and others of the place. Many hens and ducks have been killed and some sheep attacked. None seems to know who owns the ferocious brute and the people should shoot him.

Our Volunteers

The following names were added yesterday, bringing the number on the roll up to 2,439:— Caleb G. Bishop, St. John's, Wm. Geo. James, St. John's, Jos. Clarke, Whitbourne, Nathaniel Jones, Whitbourne, Stephen Clarke, Marystown. The men were engaged at drill in the armory during the day.

Smith Company's New Offices

Firm Has Now One of the Best Suite of Offices Along the Street—Wharf and Store Enlarged

Last week the office staff of the Smith Company, Limited, removed from the old office, near the wharves of the company, to the new suite of offices in the upper part of the building, which fronts on Water Street. Possibly there is not in St. John's a more handsome, better equipped or more elaborate suite of offices than these. The walls and ceilings are done in beaver board, relieved with artistic cornices and ceiling and wainscoting of oak. A massive counter runs the whole length of the public office and the apartment is lit with electricity, is well ventilated and has every accessory that might help to the prompt despatch of the business and official work.

The private office of Mr. Hickman, the general principal of the Smith Co here, is not yet finished, but this also will be a handsome apartment. The storage capacity of the company, the wharves and other departments, have been extended and enlarged, and taken all round, the premises is now one of the best of its kind in the city, and Mr. Hickman and the Smith Co. deserve congratulations.

Obituary

WILLIAM O'ROURKE.

There passed peacefully away at his home, Hamilton Street, at 9.30 Thursday night after a short illness, William O'Rourke. Deceased was a cooper by trade, and up to the time of his illness was employed with the firm of Monroe & Co., where he was highly respected. He leaves to mourn a wife, three sons, the Rev. J. O'Rourke, of New Orleans, Thomas in Boston, and William with the First Newfoundland Regiment, also five daughters, Sister Lorenda of the Convent, Indiana, one in Boston and three in the city and one brother and a large circle of friends. The funeral took place today at 2.30, from his late residence 101 Hamilton St. interment being at Belvedere Cemetery.

NOTICE—The undersigned is prepared to accept Typewriting at Shortest Notice. All work neatly and promptly executed. Apply "A.B.C." this office.—oct19,14i

St. John's Municipal Board PUBLIC NOTICE

THE WATER will be turned off from New Gower Street from Callahan Glass & Co's. to Springdale Street between the hours of 7 o'clock and Midnight tonight.

By order, JNO. L. SLATTERY, Sec.-Treas. oct21,1i

WEDDING BELLS

WHELAN—ROCHE The marriage of Miss Annie Roche of Branch, to Mr. Edward Whelan of Placentia, took place last evening at the residence of Mr. J. W. McNeily, Rev. S. J. Whelan, of North River, officiating. The bride wore a gown of grey crepe de chene, trimmed with pearl with veil and orange blossoms, and was attended by Miss Kelly Power, who was attired in cream serge. The best man was Mr. Paul Kelly. The bride was given away by Mr. J. W. McNeily. About 50 guests were present and enjoyed themselves up to the wee small hours. The groom's present to the bride was a gold pendant, and to the bridesmaid a brooch. The presents were costly and numerous, including many cheques. Mr. and Mrs. Whelan will reside on Henry Street. Mr. Whelan is one of the most popular and efficient members of the police force and the Mail and Advocate extends to the bride and groom heartfelt felicitations.

If you want a Ferro Kerosene Engine call at A. H. MURRAY'S demonstrating room, Bowring's Cove.—oct19,10i

OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

A. S. WADDEN wishes to announce to his Patrons and the General Public, that his New Store 368 Water Street West (2 doors West of old stand) is now open with a full line of Tobacco, Cigars, Cigarettes, Fruits, Confectionery, etc. All orders personally attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A. S. WADDEN 368 Water Street West

Cabman Injured In Collision

John Neville Gets Thrown From Carriage—Receives Severe Injuries—Collided With Runaway Team

LAST EVENING while the driver of Mr. Frank MacNamara's team was at the railway station on business the horse he drove wandered away and went West, turning down Hamilton Avenue at a smart trot, and of course with no one driving it.

Cabman John Neville was driving home as the team came towards him on Hamilton Avenue and did his best to avert a collision, but without avail.

The other horse and team came into violent collision with his carriage, he was thrown to the street and rendered unconscious for a while and was taken into Mr. Harnden's house near, where Dr. Burden attended him, after which he was driven home.

Mr. Neville's rig and Victoria, as well as his horse's harness, were considerably damaged. Mr. Neville's injuries were severe, but not serious.

All kinds of raw furs bought by Nfld. Exchange, at 276 Water St.

Cachalot Has 57 Whales

Yesterday, Mr. D. A. Ryan, had a wireless message from Battle Hr. Labrador, saying that the whaler, Cachalot, upto the 19th inst. had 57 whales. Up to the time the Sagona was at Hawke's Hr. she had 51, so that she has done well the past few days. Whales are reported plentiful and fish are killed each day when the weather is fine. Stormy weather prevails on Labrador and a good deal of snow has fallen.

We advise trappers to send their furs to Newfoundland Fox Exchange.

EVERY FLAG BUT OUR OWN

TODAY MR. FISHER, the Italian Consul at Halifax and now in the city, presented the Board of Trade with miniature flags of the Allied nations and also of the Canadian Dominion. They were placed in a conspicuous place in the rooms.

Mr. Fisher tried very hard to get the pink, white and green of Newfoundland, but could not purchase one here, nor could Mr. Payne, the Board of Trade Secretary.

Strange that all other flags but our own could be found in the capital of the country. What a commentary on our patriotism!

We will pay good prices for all kinds of raw furs. Nfld. Fox Exchange, 276 Water Street.

WANTED

YESTERDAY, and unfortunate man, whose nerves and brain had become affected by reason of over-indulgence in drink, was handed over to the police by his wife. The woman feared the man would do himself or her some injury and thought it wise to have him under restraint.

The telegram received here yesterday contains the information that Lieut. H. Rendell, who was wounded at the front, is now in the Convalescent Hospital, Alexandria and is rapidly improving. The belief is entertained that in a short while he will be in a condition to resume active service.

WANTED

TWO large Schooners to load Coal here for Northern Outports.

UNION TRADING Co.

If you want a Ferro Kerosene Engine call at A. H. MURRAY'S demonstrating room, Bowring's Cove.—oct19,10i

Dr. Geisel Lectures at King's Cove

R. C. Hall Packed With Large and Attentive Audience Who Were Much Impressed With Brilliant Address

PROHIBITION COMMITTEE GETS TO WORK

Lecture is Voted the Best Ever Heard at King's Cove and Will Leave Good Impression

(Special to Mail and Advocate) KING'S COVE, Oct. 20.—A large audience was present, the Rev. S. A. Dawson presided, and Dr. Geisel and Mr. Harry J. Crowe were on the platform.

After the talented lecturer had been introduced by the Chairman, Dr. Geisel gave one of the most inspiring and edifying lectures that we have heard. She dealt for some time on the subject of health and presented the marvels of digestion in the most illuminating manner, showing that our health is undermined by the lack of knowledge of the subject.

She gave the very best professional advice how to correct these difficulties. The subject of food values and the evils of alcohol on the body were then dealt with, holding the audience spellbound as she appealed to their reason by scientific facts presented in the most simple language, closing with an eloquent appeal for the wiping out of alcohol, a habit forming drug causing in efficiency and degeneration of our people.

The audience expressed their keen appreciation by a hearty vote of thanks proposed by Mr. Walter Brown and seconded by Mr. Joseph Curtis.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. John T. Power, of the Singer Sewing Machine Co., left by the Portia last night on a business trip to the West Coast.

Write for prices on Britelite Kerosene and Gasolene. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

Mr. Harold Hodder, of the "Daily News," who was on a trip to Conception Bay, returned yesterday, having enjoyed his holiday very much.

The schrs. Gladys B. Smith and M. M. Gardiner, arrived yesterday at Wood's Island to load herring for the Gorton Pew Co., Gloucester.

Britelite Kerosene offered at lowest prices by P. H. COWAN, Importer.

A number of the men who had been on the Nascope to Hudson, James, and Ungava Bays, sailed by the Floriz yesterday to go to their homes in England via Halifax.

The steamers Bellaventure and Adventure, which have been in Hudson Bay for some time past, are now due at Sydney, their charters having expired. The Bonaventure is also due at Halifax, from Naples, at which port she discharged a fish cargo.

Our brand of Kerosene is "Britelite." Ask your dealer for it. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

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If you want the best light, burn "Britelite" Kerosene. P. H. COWAN, Importer.

FOR SALE—A Pony, 4 Years Old. Selling cheap; in A1 condition. Apply to this office.—oct20,3i

FOR SALE—One Mare, 10 years old, in good condition. Suitable for milking purposes. Apply to GARLAND CLOUTER, Catalina, T.B.—oct15,6i

WANTED—Immediately, Clearing and Forwarding Clerk with General Office qualifications. Apply INTERNATIONAL GRENPELL ASSOCIATION.—oct18,1f

DO YOU WANT Another young man in your employ who can "Work," Read and Write; Sober, Married and best of References. Wants steady employment; average pay. Address: "J.S." care The Mail and Advocate.—li

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