

# THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

## AND BAY OF QUINTE CHRONICLE

ESTABLISHED 1841.

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

MORTON & HERITY, Proprietors.

### Greek Cabinet Has Been Forced Into Resignation by King Constantine

#### Wildest Excitement Reigns in Athens—Coalition Cabinet Suggested—French Troops Continue to Land at Saloniki—German Money Paid for Bulgarian Mobilization—Hun Officers Hold Chief Bulgarian Commands—Roumanian Troops Gathering on Frontier—Violence of Artillery Duel at Givenchy—Bulgarian Hopes to Gain in Delay, Upset by Russian Ultimatum.

#### CONSTANTINE ACCEPTS RESIGNATION OF VENIZELOS CABINET.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—King Constantine of Greece has accepted the resignation of the Venizelos cabinet, according to an official despatch which reached London today.

#### RESIGNATION TOTALLY UNEXPECTED; ATHENS EXCITED.

ATHENS, Oct. 6.—The resignation of Premier Venizelos was altogether unexpected. It caused wild disorder in the chamber when it was announced. The city is greatly excited. There is much discussion of the formation of a coalition cabinet.ittings of the chamber have been suspended.

#### FRENCH LAND MORE TROOPS AT SALONIKI

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The landing of additional French troops at Saloniki is reported from Athens. A correspondent says a number of transports carrying French troops entered the port at Saloniki this morning. He adds that the forwarding of French troops for Serbia is proceeding actively.

#### GERMANY PAID EXPENSE OF BULGARIAN MOBILIZATION.

MILAN, Oct. 6.—Germany paid the expenses of Bulgarian mobilization, according to the Corriere della Sera as military action by Bulgaria was considered indispensable in encouraging Turkey to continue resistance. The paper further asserts that Germany agreed to advance the Bulgarian Government ten million dollars a month to help the families of reservists, hoping thereby to check the tide of anti-German feeling which was reported to be rising.

#### RUMANIAN TROOPS ON BULGARIAN FRONTIER.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Reuter's Athens correspondent states that Rumania is hurriedly despatching troops to the Bulgarian frontier and otherwise taking extraordinary measures.

#### VIOLENT ARTILLERY DUEL AT GIVENCHY.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—In the Artois district the artillery exchanges have continued with particular violence in the vicinity of the forest of Givenchy, according to the French official statement given out at the War Office this afternoon.

#### BULGARIA MAKES NO REPLY TO RUSSIA

PETROGRAD, Oct. 6.—The Foreign Office was still without a reply at noon today to the ultimatum to Bulgaria.

#### 3,000 HUN OFFICERS COMMAND BULGARS.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—Reports received in Athens the Matin's correspondent says that 3,000 German and Austrian officers have taken over the principal commands in the Bulgarian army.

#### BULGARIA HOPES TO GAIN BY DELAY.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—A Morning Post correspondent says Bulgaria expected to be able to procrastinate several days while mobilization was under way. The imperative character of the Russian note therefore proved extremely disconcerting to the Sofia politicians.

#### IMPERIAL GENERAL STAFF APPOINTMENT

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Major-General Sir Archibald James Murray has been appointed Chief of the Imperial General Staff at army headquarters in London, according to the Times.

#### FATAL EXPLOSION IN TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 6.—Charles Taylor, 30, was instantly killed and another man injured when

an air compressor exploded today in the workshop of the Canadian Ornamental Iron Co. Ltd., 88 River Street.

#### PREMIER OF GREECE RESIGNS.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The resignation of Premier Venizelos of Greece is announced in a despatch to the Havas Agency of Paris. It states that King Constantine informed the premier that he was unable to support the action of his ministry in countenancing the landing of British and French forces at Saloniki. Venizelos was upheld in the chamber of deputies by a vote of 142 to 102, thirteen members abstaining from voting.

An Athens cable dated September 30, but delayed in transmission, says that a story generally current in Athens and widely accepted as illustrating the existing situation is that Premier Venizelos at a conference with King Constantine pleaded that the Serbian alliance must be observed, if for no other reason than a means of defence against Bulgaria.

A close friend of King Constantine is authority for the statement that the king, in reply, exhibited a telegram from the German Emperor guaranteeing that Greece would not be attacked by Bulgaria if she remained neutral and that the premier said:

"Does your majesty consider the word of a man whose troops invaded Belgium sufficient protection for Greece?"

Russia's ultimatum to Bulgaria expired at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but up to a late hour last night, so far as was known in London, no answer had been received and none was expected.

It is taken for granted here that King Ferdinand and his ministers are definitely committed to the Germanic allies, and in return for territory to be ceded after the war, some ports, including Constantinople and all that remains of European Turkey, have undertaken to assist actively in the operations against Serbia, thus hoping to open the way for the Austro-German army, the objective of which is the Sea of Marmora.

The entente powers in this belief have landed a force at Saloniki, which will take upon itself the duty of protecting the main railway through Serbia and Greece and give what assistance it can to the Balkan allies should they be attacked by Bulgaria. This infringement of Greek neutrality has brought forth a formal protest from the Greek Government, but, in the words of one correspondent, it "is being winked at" by the great majority of the people of Greece.

The next move devolves upon Bulgaria, and as soon as she moves the Anglo-French troops, which are being mobilized, will be put in motion, while the fleets in the Black Sea and the Aegean will assume their appointed roles.

"In consequence of the repeated assertion of Germans in Athens that the Allies contemplated landing at Saloniki, in order to hand the place over to Bulgaria," says the Reuter's Telegram Company, "the entente powers addressed communication to the Greek Government, stating that the proposed landing was most friendly in its purpose and intended to help Greece and Serbia, in case of an attack.

"At the same time the powers informed the Hellenic government that the offers made to Bulgaria on condition that she join the allies had now been withdrawn because Bulgaria had not only not answered the entente powers' note, but had taken action which had occasioned the present crisis."

A Reuter despatch from Athens says: "It is a long time since so grave a debate has taken place in the Greek chamber as that which occurred today, and never in the history of the country has a premier faced an opposition determined to overthrow him with greater self-confidence and pluck."

### OBITUARY

There passed away at the residence of her daughter Mrs. G. E. Sine, Frankford, on Sept. 27th, Mrs. Wilburn aged 79 years and 4 months. She was a life member of the W. M. S. also a member of the Ladies Aid of the Methodist Church. The deceased had been in failing health for some time confined to her bed for about three weeks she bore her suffering with a severe with christian fortitude and passed away triumphant in faith and beloved by all who knew her. Her children and friends have the sympathy of the community in this time of bereavement. Her funeral was conducted by the Rev. J. Knox in the Methodist Church, who spoke from the text she hath done what she could including the following poem which seemed to be a mirror of her life.

Mother  
Pale withered hands that nearly four  
score years  
Had wrought for others, soothed the  
hurt of tears,  
Rocked the children's cradle, eased the  
fever's smart,  
Dropped balm of love in many an aching  
heart,  
Now stricken folded like wan rose  
leaves pressed,  
Above the snow and silence of her  
heart,  
In mute appeal they told of labors  
done,  
And well earned rest that came at set  
of sun,

From the worn brow the lines of care  
had swept,  
As if an angel kiss the while she slept,  
Hd smoothed the cobweb wrinkles  
quite away,  
And given back the peace of child-  
hood's day,  
And on the lips the faint smile almost  
said,  
None knows life's secrets but the  
happy dead,  
So gazing where she lay we know  
that pain,  
And parting could not cleave her soul  
again.

And we were sure that those who as-  
sured us,  
In that dim vista which they call the  
past,  
Who never knew her old or laid aside,  
Remembering best the maiden and the  
bride,  
Had sprung to greet her with the  
olden speech,  
The dear sweet name later bore can  
teach,  
And welcome home they cried and  
grasped her hands,  
So dwells our mother in the best of  
lands.

The pall bearers were Messrs P. H. Osterhout, Geo. Potter, Geo. Folland, J. B. Lowery G. A. Ross, and S. W. Meyers.

Interment took place in the Stockdale cemetery.

The following were the floral tributes:  
Fillow, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Sine, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Welburn.  
Fillow, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bell and Miss Edith  
Wroath from the Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church.  
Bouquets, Mrs. A. Welburn and Mrs. W. Welburn, Miss Cecil Welburn, Mrs. W. E. Weiss, Miss Grace Ford, Mr. and Mrs. Meyers and Lela.

### Patriotic and Red Cross Association

"The Rainbow Club" composed of 27 knitting circles under the co-sponsorship of Mrs. H. A. Yeomans, will ask for showers of Made-in-Canada luxuries to be "poured" into the armories, on Thursday, October 14, afternoon and evening. Everybody is asked to contribute something to make Christmas as happy as possible for our boys at the front. Tea served in afternoon. Program in evening.

Suggestions for Luxuries—Tea tablets, cocoa, prepared with milk and sugar, soap, book, saxon jabsels, chocolate, gum, pork and beans, small cans; canned sausages, Oxo, Sterno, tooth paste, tooth brushes, leather bootlaces, tin boxes of waters or tea biscuits, foot powder, small tins of McLaren's cheese, tubes of cream for hands and face, tobacco, cigarettes, safety pins, paper pads with pencil, corn cob pipes, small Christmas cake in tins, small plum pudding in tin, short bread, condensed milk, chewing tobacco, mouth organs, mirror in case, lints and raisins, handkerchiefs, short stories, playing cards, checkers, home-made hard candy, hickory nuts, post cards, etc.

### Belleville Cheese Board Sends Delegates to Kingston

The Belleville Cheese Board was represented at Barriefield yesterday, by John Usher, President; D. J. Fairfield, Secretary-Treasurer; John Elliott, Treasurer Belleville Cheese Board Patriotic Fund, W. S. Cook and J. A. Kerr, on which occasion the Regimental colors were presented to the 59th Battalion, C.E.F.

### Pat Boland Writes From France

Mrs. John Boland, 129 Dundas St., has received a letter from her son Private Patrick Boland, who is with the 59th Battalion in D. Company. It was written about Sept. 18th and does not state where he is, but the context shows that it was written on French soil.

### Is Improving

Lieut. Donald M. McCargan who is in the General Hospital, Kingston, is a little more than holding his own. If unforeseen complications do not set in, he will recover. The skin-grafting process on his arms will be successful and it is believed he will escape without very serious blemishes.

### Take to Napanee

Oscar Deahane was arrested by the Belleville police last night on a charge of forgery at Napanee. He had been taken to that town to stand his trial along with several other soldiers about 17 years old.

### 21st in Action

The 21st Battalion has been in action at the front, as today's casualty list gives the names of three men of this unit wounded. None of them are Belleville men—BRODRIB, Albert, Ottawa; GILLESPIE, Wm., Cornwall; W.M. P. Managan, Ireland.

### Carl Kiser Wounded

Gunner Carl D. Kiser son of Mr. Albert Kiser, Franklin street has been wounded in action in France, according to information which reached the city on Tuesday afternoon. Carl is a member of the 1st Artillery Brigade, C.E.F., and was among the first to enlist of the 34th Battery.

Some years ago he joined the 34th and took a course at Kingston and qualified as bombardier. He was born and educated in Belleville. He attended Belleville High School.

The telegram which his mother received states that he was slightly wounded and had been received on Sept. 29th into St. George's Hospital, London.

### Celebrated Golden Jubilee

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Omlin, Everett street, on Saturday last celebrated the golden jubilee of their wedding. Mr. Omlin is now 85 years of age and Mrs. Omlin is 75. They were married in St. Michael's church, Belleville, October 2nd, 1865 by the Rev. Father Brennan, then priest of this parish. The day was quietly observed, messages being received from members of the family who were unable to attend. Mr. and Mrs. James Omlin and sons Robert and Eustace of Montreal, and Mrs. Coughlin and family of this city were present at the anniversary. Sister Palladin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Omlin and the community at Stratford, sent a graceful message of congratulation on the jubilee celebration.

### 40 Factories in New York

Mr. R. J. Graham, stated at a public meeting last evening that he had some forty factories in operation in New York state manufacturing vegetables, besides a large number in various parts of Ontario.

### Belleville Wants Subways and Interswitching

"That the Dominion Railway Commission be notified that it is the desire of the representatives of the City of Belleville that the matter of providing subways at certain streets be considered at their sitting at Belleville on October 12th as a part of the interswitching proposition and that the city clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, the C.P.R., C.N.R., and the G.T.R."

Such was the resolution passed last evening at a joint meeting of the executive of the city council and the Board of Trade, held in the council chamber.

Among those present were Mayor Parker, Ex-Mayor R. J. Graham, Ex-Mayor H. W. Ackerman, Ex-Mayor J. F. Wills, Aldermen W. A. Woodley, A. O. McFee, W. S. Smith, Jas. Dookworth, C. F. Wellbridge, H. C. Earle, E. O. Platt and H. F. Ketcheson, Wm. Thompson, E. J. Butler, C. Wiseman, L. W. Butler, C. J. Borell, J. Fitzsimons, B. Blackburn, F. B. Naylar, A. M. Chapman, J. S. Henderson, J. O. Henly, Lt.-Col. W. N. Ponton, T. Murphy, Henry Taylor, O. H. Scott, J. A. Kerr, J. Bisset, J. Lynch and others.

Mayor Parker was voted to the chair. He referred to the coming session of the Board of Railway Commissioners in Belleville on Tuesday next. "We want subways in Belleville. We think we are entitled to them. The railways have taken up five streets, Front, Pinnacle, Church, John and George. The railways may not realize the inconvenience to which the citizens have been put."

"If we were to hand over to them Wharf street, you would see how that district would be shut off," said Ex-Mayor J. F. Wills. "All the property there is held for manufacturing purposes. The C.P.R. appear to be willing to do their part, but I regret the C.N.R. claims to have no money for this improvement."

"Essentially the municipality would loan the railway some money for that purpose. It would only be the matter of exchanging securities."

If Mr. M. J. Butler's plan were carried out regarding the railway entrance, it would cost the railway little and benefit the city much. His plan provided for raising of the tracks and a subway on the west side of the river Moira and would give an entrance to the city land (now the bridge) which would be used for manufacturing purposes.

The subways would cost about \$65,000, said Mr. Wills, in answer to a question by Mr. R. J. Graham. This would include a road bridge at George Street.

Col. Ponton said the railways under the act were obliged to provide the land and the facilities for interswitching.

"Are we going to allow the railways to occupy the place they hold today? Is the question. There is a great risk to life and a stoppage of trains causing blocking of the streets," said Mr. Wills.

"What more has the city to give now?" asked Mr. Ketcheson.

"The proposition is now to give them a street," said Mr. Wills.

"What we want now is to get something back," declared Mr. Ketcheson.

Mr. E. J. Butler suggested that if the matter of subways was to be discussed, then the railways and commission should be notified.

Mr. R. J. Graham said his firm was vitally interested in interswitching. From 25 to 30 cars of fresh vegetables are required each week and will likely be for the next eight months and owing to lack of facilities, two new factories have had to be equipped along the C.N.R. This means taking business from Belleville. This lack of facilities will mean that manufacturers will be prevented from coming to this city.

"If we are going to get any benefit from interswitching, we must have it now. It would amount to 300 carloads of vegetables to us."

"None of the railways are making any effort. They are sitting pat on the question of interswitching," said Mr. H. W. Ackerman.

"If we do not have interswitching, of what value are our three railways to our manufacturers?" asked Mr. H. F. Ketcheson. "We should make a dead set on this question of interswitching. Nothing should be allowed to smother this. If we get subways, it will likely be only after years of fighting."

"Let us have this interswitching and the subways interlocked so that we will not regret. Don't forget there is a Wharf street and there are people who live there," said Mr. Wills.

Mr. Butler referred to the railways' proposition to close Dundas St. on the west side for their freight shed.

"Interswitching should not be lost for the other thing," declared Mr. Ketcheson.

Col. Ponton thought the two propositions might be considered together. If Belleville is firm now and gives away nothing we shall gain our money. We do not want interswitching and we do not want the raised and subways built. There is land for interswitching available down the bay shore. If we give away Wharf street or any street, we shall regret it.

"Let us be just to Foster ward in which I see the future of this city," Ald. Woodley at this juncture moved the foregoing resolution, seconded by Ald. McFee, which was adopted after some discussion.

### Belleville Cheese Board Sends Delegates to Kingston

The Belleville Cheese Board was represented at Barriefield yesterday, by John Usher, President; D. J. Fairfield, Secretary-Treasurer; John Elliott, Treasurer Belleville Cheese Board Patriotic Fund, W. S. Cook and J. A. Kerr, on which occasion the Regimental colors were presented to the 59th Battalion, C.E.F.

### Pat Boland Writes From France

Mrs. John Boland, 129 Dundas St., has received a letter from her son Private Patrick Boland, who is with the 59th Battalion in D. Company. It was written about Sept. 18th and does not state where he is, but the context shows that it was written on French soil.

### Is Improving

Lieut. Donald M. McCargan who is in the General Hospital, Kingston, is a little more than holding his own. If unforeseen complications do not set in, he will recover. The skin-grafting process on his arms will be successful and it is believed he will escape without very serious blemishes.

### Take to Napanee

Oscar Deahane was arrested by the Belleville police last night on a charge of forgery at Napanee. He had been taken to that town to stand his trial along with several other soldiers about 17 years old.

### 21st in Action

The 21st Battalion has been in action at the front, as today's casualty list gives the names of three men of this unit wounded. None of them are Belleville men—BRODRIB, Albert, Ottawa; GILLESPIE, Wm., Cornwall; W.M. P. Managan, Ireland.

### Carl Kiser Wounded

Gunner Carl D. Kiser son of Mr. Albert Kiser, Franklin street has been wounded in action in France, according to information which reached the city on Tuesday afternoon. Carl is a member of the 1st Artillery Brigade, C.E.F., and was among the first to enlist of the 34th Battery.

Some years ago he joined the 34th and took a course at Kingston and qualified as bombardier. He was born and educated in Belleville. He attended Belleville High School.

The telegram which his mother received states that he was slightly wounded and had been received on Sept. 29th into St. George's Hospital, London.

### Celebrated Golden Jubilee

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Omlin, Everett street, on Saturday last celebrated the golden jubilee of their wedding. Mr. Omlin is now 85 years of age and Mrs. Omlin is 75. They were married in St. Michael's church, Belleville, October 2nd, 1865 by the Rev. Father Brennan, then priest of this parish. The day was quietly observed, messages being received from members of the family who were unable to attend. Mr. and Mrs. James Omlin and sons Robert and Eustace of Montreal, and Mrs. Coughlin and family of this city were present at the anniversary. Sister Palladin, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Omlin and the community at Stratford, sent a graceful message of congratulation on the jubilee celebration.

### 40 Factories in New York

Mr. R. J. Graham, stated at a public meeting last evening that he had some forty factories in operation in New York state manufacturing vegetables, besides a large number in various parts of Ontario.

### Belleville Wants Subways and Interswitching

"That the Dominion Railway Commission be notified that it is the desire of the representatives of the City of Belleville that the matter of providing subways at certain streets be considered at their sitting at Belleville on October 12th as a part of the interswitching proposition and that the city clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, the C.P.R., C.N.R., and the G.T.R."

Such was the resolution passed last evening at a joint meeting of the executive of the city council and the Board of Trade, held in the council chamber.

Among those present were Mayor Parker, Ex-Mayor R. J. Graham, Ex-Mayor H. W. Ackerman, Ex-Mayor J. F. Wills, Aldermen W. A. Woodley, A. O. McFee, W. S. Smith, Jas. Dookworth, C. F. Wellbridge, H. C. Earle, E. O. Platt and H. F. Ketcheson, Wm. Thompson, E. J. Butler, C. Wiseman, L. W. Butler, C. J. Borell, J. Fitzsimons, B. Blackburn, F. B. Naylar, A. M. Chapman, J. S. Henderson, J. O. Henly, Lt.-Col. W. N. Ponton, T. Murphy, Henry Taylor, O. H. Scott, J. A. Kerr, J. Bisset, J. Lynch and others.

Mayor Parker was voted to the chair. He referred to the coming session of the Board of Railway Commissioners in Belleville on Tuesday next. "We want subways in Belleville. We think we are entitled to them. The railways have taken up five streets, Front, Pinnacle, Church, John and George. The railways may not realize the inconvenience to which the citizens have been put."

"If we were to hand over to them Wharf street, you would see how that district would be shut off," said Ex-Mayor J. F. Wills. "All the property there is held for manufacturing purposes. The C.P.R. appear to be willing to do their part, but I regret the C.N.R. claims to have no money for this improvement."

"Essentially the municipality would loan the railway some money for that purpose. It would only be the matter of exchanging securities."

If Mr. M. J. Butler's plan were carried out regarding the railway entrance, it would cost the railway little and benefit the city much. His plan provided for raising of the tracks and a subway on the west side of the river Moira and would give an entrance to the city land (now the bridge) which would be used for manufacturing purposes.

The subways would cost about \$65,000, said Mr. Wills, in answer to a question by Mr. R. J. Graham. This would include a road bridge at George Street.

Col. Ponton said the railways under the act were obliged to provide the land and the facilities for interswitching.

"Are we going to allow the railways to occupy the place they hold today? Is the question. There is a great risk to life and a stoppage of trains causing blocking of the streets," said Mr. Wills.

"What more has the city to give now?" asked Mr. Ketcheson.

"The proposition is now to give them a street," said Mr. Wills.

"What we want now is to get something back," declared Mr. Ketcheson.

Mr. E. J. Butler suggested that if the matter of subways was to be discussed, then the railways and commission should be notified.

Mr. R. J. Graham said his firm was vitally interested in interswitching. From 25 to 30 cars of fresh vegetables are required each week and will likely be for the next eight months and owing to lack of facilities, two new factories have had to be equipped along the C.N.R. This means taking business from Belleville. This lack of facilities will mean that manufacturers will be prevented from coming to this city.

"If we are going to get any benefit from interswitching, we must have it now. It would amount to 300 carloads of vegetables to us."

"None of the railways are making any effort. They are sitting pat on the question of interswitching," said Mr. H. W. Ackerman.

"If we do not have interswitching, of what value are our three railways to our manufacturers?" asked Mr. H. F. Ketcheson. "We should make a dead set on this question of interswitching. Nothing should be allowed to smother this. If we get subways, it will likely be only after years of fighting."

"Let us have this interswitching and the subways interlocked so that we will not regret. Don't forget there is a Wharf street and there are people who live there," said Mr. Wills.

Mr. Butler referred to the railways' proposition to close Dundas St. on the west side for their freight shed.

# The Progressive Boot Shop—Gorman's

We Fit the Feet

We Fit the Feet

You want RELIABLE BOOTS, don't you? You want BOOTS of QUALITY at a FAIR PRICE, then the GORMAN BOOT SHOP is the place for you to buy your own, and your family's supply of FALL FOOTWEAR. Drop in SOMETIME, ANYTIME. You are always welcome.

## BULGARIA HAS UNTIL TODAY TO DECIDE WHAT STAND TO TAKE

**Greek Government Makes No Opposition to Landing of Anglo-French Troops at Salonika--Time Has Not Yet Arrived for Roumania to Enter--German View on Russian Ultimatum to Bulgaria--British Light Squadron Bombards Turkish Front--Bulgarian Revenue Cutters Give Chase to Greek Sailing Vessels Which Escaped--Dr. Dumba Sailed.**

### BULGARIA HAS UNTIL TODAY TO DECIDE.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 5.—Russia's ultimatum to Bulgaria was not delivered to Premier Radoslavoff until four o'clock yesterday afternoon. This statement was made officially here today. The Bulgarian government consequently has until four o'clock this afternoon in which to decide whether to adopt a policy of strict neutrality or to side openly with Germany, Austria and Turkey.

### ALLIES SEND QUADRUPLE ULTIMATUM TO BULGARIA.

PARIS, Oct. 5.—A Havas despatch from Nish, Serbia, dated yesterday, says the quadruple entente will send a collective ultimatum to the Bulgarian government today (Monday).

### ENTENTE ALLIES WITHDRAW OFFER TO BULGARIA.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Authoritative confirmation was obtained today of the statement that the offer of the entente powers to Bulgaria contingent on her adhesion to the allies in the war has now been withdrawn.

### DANUBE PORTS CLOSED TO RUMANIA.

ROME, Oct. 5.—All Bulgarian Danube ports have been closed to Rumanian navigation, according to despatches received here today.

### DR. DUMBA SAILED TODAY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Dr. Constantine Theo Dumba, recalled as Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to Washington at the request of the United States government, sailed today on the Holland-America liner *Neuw Amsterdam* for Falmouth and Rotterdam. Madame Dumba went with him.

### GREECE RAISES FORMAL PROTEST TO OBEY LAW.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Greece has formally protested against the landing of allied troops at Salonika. This however is explained by the Athens correspondent of the London Star as follows:

"Greece was obliged to raise a formal protest because under the constitution, the landing of foreign troops on Greek soil must be sanctioned by special legislation."

### GREECE DOES NOT OPPOSE LANDING OF ANGLO-FRENCH.

ATHENS, Oct. 5.—The Greek government has taken no steps to prevent the landing of Anglo-French troops on Greek soil or to check their march toward Serbia. Premier Venizelos declared today in response to a question put to him in the chamber of deputies. He added that the allies have withdrawn the proposals for territorial concessions they made to Bulgaria several months ago as intimated. There will be no further negotiations with the Bulgarians.

### BULGARIAN REVENUE CUTTERS PURSUE GREEK VESSELS.

ATHENS, Oct. 5.—Three Greek sailing vessels were pursued and shelled by Bulgarian revenue cutters in the Aegean Sea but escaped uninjured, according to reports received here today.

### BRITISH SQUADRON BOMBARDS TURKISH FORT.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—A Mytilene despatch says a British light squadron yesterday bombarded the Turkish fort of Fenki, one of the Dardanelles defences.

### RUMANIA NOT GOING TO ENTER WAR YET

MILAN, Oct. 5.—The hour has not arrived for Rumania to enter the war in the opinion of Premier Bratianu expressed to a deputation of parliamentary delegates of the opposition, according to a Bucharest despatch to the Secolo. The opposition petitioned the Premier to put an end to pro-German propaganda, and order the mobilization of the Rumanian army.

### GERMANS BELIEVE BALKAN SITUATION NOW DEFINITE.

BERLIN, Oct. 5.—Russia's ultimatum to Bulgaria has made a deep impression here, but has resulted in a feeling of relief because of the conviction that the diplomatic situation in the Balkans must now be clarified within a few hours. The general opinion is that the entente powers selected an unpromising moment to make their voice heard at Sofia.

### HEAVY GERMAN ATTACKS ON BRITISH LINES FAILED.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Field Marshal Sir John French, in a report dated Oct 4, 7.40 p.m. says: "Yesterday afternoon the enemy commenced a heavy bombardment and delivered repeated attacks over the open against our trenches between the quarries and the Sermedes-Hulluch road. These attacks, which were pressed with determination, were all repulsed with severe loss to the enemy and he failed to reach our trenches. Further to the northwest the enemy succeeded in recaptured the greater portion of the Hohenzollern redoubt. On the remainder of our front the situation is unchanged."

### VIOLENT TRENCH FIGHTING RAGES IN ARTOIS ALL DAY.

PARIS Oct. 5.—Trench fighting of a violent nature in Artois throughout the day is reported in the French official communication issued tonight, which adds that to the south of Givenchy the Germans have gained a footing at the crossing of five roads, but were repulsed everywhere else.

The text of the statement follows: "In Artois the struggle from trench to trench continued during the entire day. On the

crests to the south of Givenchy the enemy was able to regain a footing at the crossing of five roads, but was repulsed everywhere else, notwithstanding the violence of his repeated counter-attacks. The artillery and trench gun action was especially intense to the south of the Somme in the sector of Lizons and Chaunes, as well as to the north of the Aisne, in the valley of the Miette and on the Aisne-Marne Canal, in the environs of Sapigneul.

"An enemy aeroplane was brought to earth within our lines, and the two officers manning it were made prisoner.

"In Champagne the enemy again shelled our positions and rear-guard with shells containing suffocating mixtures. Our artillery replied energetically.

"On the western outskirts of the Argonne forest our heavy batteries took under their fire a hostile column marching from Baulny on Apremont (north of Varennes).

"In the Vosges we repelled, after a spirited engagement, an attack by the enemy against our posts to the east of Celles-Sur-Plaine.

"A bombardment, very violent on both sides has occurred at Hartmanns-Wellerkopf."

The Belgian official communication reads as follows:

"An extremely violent bombardment of our positions in the neighborhood of Dixmude was carried out today. A small infantry attack was easily repulsed."

### SIR J. FRENCH PRAISES DASHING WORK OF AIRMEN.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Field Marshal Sir John French has issued an order of the day expressing his appreciation of the valuable work done by all ranks of the Royal Flying Corps in the battle in France, which began Sept. 25 under extremely adverse weather conditions, which compelled flying at very low altitudes under heavy fire.

Gen. French especially thanks the pilots and observers of aircraft for their plucky work in co-operation with the artillery and in photographing and making bomb attacks on the railways, which, he says, was of great value in interrupting German communications.

### BULGARIA MAKES NO REPLY: ALLIES PREPARE TO STRIKE.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—The time allotted Bulgaria by the Allies through Russia to turn her back on Germany, Austria and Turkey, expired yesterday afternoon, but the expiration of the time limit brought no immediate surface indications to clarify the situation.

The latest proposals made to Bulgaria by the ministers of the entente powers at Sofia have lapsed, recent developments indicating that the Bulgarian Government has rejected them, it is stated authoritatively. This statement refers to the proposals made before the sending away of the Russian ultimatum.

No word as to whether Bulgaria had acceded to the Russian demand, or otherwise, had been received in London up to last night.

A despatch to Reuter's from Sofia, dated Oct. 2, says:

"It is officially announced that the government will immediately reply to the last note of the entente powers."

Whether the Russian minister promptly left the Bulgarian capital as his government threatened provided Bulgaria declined to meet the Russian ultimatum; whether Bulgaria dissembled asking for further time; or whether King Ferdinand and his supporters merely observed silence was not known in London last night. Either the censorship or the vagaries of wartime cable service, or the two combined resulted in keeping London in the dark, although definite news is expected hourly.

Events have been transpiring, however, in keeping with the fast approaching crisis involving the entry of the Balkans in the European conflict. Russian warships have appeared in the Black Sea off the Bulgarian port of Varna. French and British troops have landed at Salonika, a Greek port 50 miles south of the Bulgarian frontier, and Bulgarian troops, which have been on the move for days, have been massed in great numbers along the Serbian border. From the central powers side have come amplified reports of the great weight of men and metal being piled up preparatory to a blow against Serbia from that side as the first step in what the popular imagination has accepted as a fact—German determination to smash through the corner of Serbia and link up with Bulgaria, creating a new battle front from the Austrian border to Constantinople.

### SIX GERMAN AVIATORS SENT TO SOFIA.

LONDON, Oct. 5.—Six German aviators have arrived in Sofia, Bulgaria, according to a Reuter's despatch from Athens.

The despatch adds that large numbers of German skilled laborers are leaving Constantinople for Bulgaria.

### TURKEY IS WARNED BY UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—The U. S. Ambassador to Turkey has officially informed the Turkish Foreign Minister that, unless the Armenian atrocities cease, the friendly relations of the American people to the Turkish people will be threatened.

### Donation to Shelter for August and September

- AUGUST.
- Mrs. Jas. Wallace, 11 doz. buns and fried cakes, 4 sponge cakes
  - Mrs. W. C. Rose, Rednersville, two jars fruit
  - Mrs. Townsend, two boys' suits, a skirt
  - The Knitting Circle at Mrs. Balis two boxes sandwiches
  - Mrs. Buchanan, 3 cabbage, jam.
  - Mr. Tweedy, half peck beets
  - Mrs. Weir, apples, cucumbers, beets cauliflower
  - Mrs. Asa Vermilyea, three under vests
  - Mrs. Geo. Powell, beans
  - Mrs. Thomas Lewis, nursery chair
  - Mrs. John Elliott, nursery chair
  - A Friend, 11 doz. buns
  - Mrs. Morton, 5 lb. cheese, pk. apples, pk. tomatoes
- SEPTEMBER
- Mrs. McMullen, pk. tomatoes
  - Mrs. D. Ketcheson, corn, cabbage
  - Mrs. Ed Bartlett, one bag corn, one crate apples
  - Mr. W. Maybee, 1 doz. bottles of essence, 20 boxes toilet soap and 12 cans spices
  - Mr. Buchanan, 2 doz. corn, crate of tomatoes, cabbage
  - A Friend, 21 doz. buns, 20 layer cakes, 1 doz. sponge cakes
  - Mrs. Dyer, two baskets pears
  - Mr. Hick, 2 baskets apples and pears
  - A Friend, crate of apples
  - Mr. Fred Radford, pk. corn
  - Miss Ockerman, canned pears
  - Mrs. Wm. Brown, two pumpkins, apples and mixed vegetables
  - The Pharmacy, 80 cakes toilet soap
  - Mrs. McGowan, cauliflower, half bush apples
  - Mrs. Jas. Wallace, 6 layer cakes, 3 doz. sponge cakes
  - A Friend, Literature
  - Mrs. J. R. Brower, six boxes honey, boy's cap
  - Quick and Robertson, one doz. boys' caps
  - Mrs. Weir, cauliflower

### 17 Recruits Left For Barriefield

Seventeen recruits left this morning from the central recruiting depot in this city for Barriefield camp. Canadians show up well in the list, 13 being natives of the Land of the Maple, 1 from Newfoundland, 1 from the United States of America, and 2 from England.

W. R. Elliott, Madoc  
Benjamin Hannah, Bancroft  
W. G. Turner, St. Johns, Nfld.  
Geo. Melroy, Bellevue  
Wm. Lindie, Coe Hill  
Thos. Whitmore, Coe Hill  
D. F. Carr, Wicklow  
Wilson Woodcock, Bancroft  
Wm. Anson Smith, L'Amable  
John B. Foley, Snowdon  
C. H. Brook, England  
H. B. Vickers, Bellevue  
E. J. Bateson, Rossmont  
G. R. Harland, Flinton  
W. C. Blair, (United States)  
C. C. Carman, Madoc  
G. D. Friend, England

### The New Store

It was only one year ago that the "New Store" opened its doors to serve you yet October sees our stock doubled.

The New Store grew because you liked its service, that is the only way to account for it. We have offered but few bargains, had but few special sales and never offered the inducement of "cheap dry goods."

We gauged your likes differently and have acted accordingly. The New Store set out to win your confidence by being first of all a Dependable Dry Goods Store, where you can buy safely and economically from carefully chosen stocks.

It has stood back of everything it has sold with a guarantee of money back if not satisfied.

We thank you for the patronage you have given us thus far and shall endeavor to make the "New Store" still more worthy of it.

## Wims & Co

### Small Fire Last Night

(From Tuesday's Daily)

Fire broke out last night about 11 o'clock in the upstairs of the two-story Lister building, occupied by Mr. Harry Yanover, but little damage was done. The blaze started in the corner of a room in some of the known manner. The main damage was done by smoke and water. The upstairs being about \$100 or \$200 that downstairs on the stock of clothing about the same amount. Had the fire gained much headway, there would have been a heavy loss, as Mr. Yanover's insurance did not fully cover his stock and furniture.

### Pleased With the Trip

Miss Margaret Murray, who was one of the successful candidates for The Ontario Panama-Pacific contest, has returned from her tour and has written to express her gratitude and appreciation. She said Mr. Lane had charge of the party during the great credit for the manner in which he looked after their welfare. A minute was spent to the best advantage. There were no delays whatever in the sight-seeing for all arrangements were made beforehand so that there was no confusion. The hotel and train accommodations were the very best. In fact the whole trip was very greatly superior to any other that Miss Murray had formed.

### Exhibit of War Trophies

Soldiers and citizens alike by the score are interested spectators of the exhibit of war trophies in the window of Mr. E. C. Sprague's store, Front Street. These trophies from the battlefield were sent home by Mr. Charles Sprague, telegrapher, who is now in Gen. French's staff.

### LAI'D TO REST

The funeral of the late Robert Coleman Finkle took place yesterday from the residence of his sister, Mrs. James Falconer, Boswell street. The Rev. J. N. Clarry officiated. The cortege proceeded from the residence to Guffin's cemetery, Turner's street, where the interment took place. The bearers were Messrs. H. Quincey, Nelson Jones, H. Barragan, C. Walter, Wm. Ray, and A. B. Bailey.

Cider  
W  
Front and after  
be prepared to  
ket price for all  
livered at our  
Belleville Cid  
L  
9-27 Hillside

Private mon  
gages on farm  
lowest rates of  
suit borrowers.  
F. A.  
Corner Front  
ville, over D

CLERK'S ADV  
COURT IN

NOTICE IS H  
a Court will be  
Ontario Voters' B  
our the Judge of  
the County of H  
55day, on the  
of October, 1915,  
forenoon to hear  
plaints of error  
of the Voters' List  
of the Township  
dated the 5th  
1915.  
A. M. C.  
Clerk of  
the T

IURN

Waterproof Yo  
Blankets. This  
home by our me  
"Turn the Rain  
suit of Clothes  
per packet, or 3  
Co., Belleville, O

Ladies to do  
at home, wool  
pay; work sent  
paid. Send stamp  
Local Manufact  
trial.

North part of  
dunags, 80 ac  
bush, soil good. T  
Reason for selli  
Three miles east  
F. A. Shannon, R

South half of  
ney, 48 acres m  
brick house, fra  
marty with cem  
sary outbuildin  
Good orchard, fru  
Also 60 acres c  
lot 31, 5th con.  
timber and splen  
spring creek flow  
to E. Wells  
26-31.w

Lot 25 and 26  
165 acres more  
cultivation. At  
house, two good  
one for 16 head  
ter. Convenient  
grist mill, blacks  
Good orchard, fo  
Henderson, Latta

one of the successful candidates for The Ontario Panama-Pacific contest, has returned from her tour and has written to express her gratitude and appreciation.

She said Mr. Lane had charge of the party during the great credit for the manner in which he looked after their welfare.

A minute was spent to the best advantage. There were no delays whatever in the sight-seeing for all arrangements were made beforehand so that there was no confusion.

The hotel and train accommodations were the very best. In fact the whole trip was very greatly superior to any other that Miss Murray had formed.

Soldiers and citizens alike by the score are interested spectators of the exhibit of war trophies in the window of Mr. E. C. Sprague's store, Front Street.

These trophies from the battlefield were sent home by Mr. Charles Sprague, telegrapher, who is now in Gen. French's staff.

The funeral of the late Robert Coleman Finkle took place yesterday from the residence of his sister, Mrs. James Falconer, Boswell street.

The Rev. J. N. Clarry officiated. The cortege proceeded from the residence to Guffin's cemetery, Turner's street, where the interment took place.

The bearers were Messrs. H. Quincey, Nelson Jones, H. Barragan, C. Walter, Wm. Ray, and A. B. Bailey.

one of the successful candidates for The Ontario Panama-Pacific contest, has returned from her tour and has written to express her gratitude and appreciation.

She said Mr. Lane had charge of the party during the great credit for the manner in which he looked after their welfare.

A minute was spent to the best advantage. There were no delays whatever in the sight-seeing for all arrangements were made beforehand so that there was no confusion.

The hotel and train accommodations were the very best. In fact the whole trip was very greatly superior to any other that Miss Murray had formed.

Soldiers and citizens alike by the score are interested spectators of the exhibit of war trophies in the window of Mr. E. C. Sprague's store, Front Street.

These trophies from the battlefield were sent home by Mr. Charles Sprague, telegrapher, who is now in Gen. French's staff.

The funeral of the late Robert Coleman Finkle took place yesterday from the residence of his sister, Mrs. James Falconer, Boswell street.

The Rev. J. N. Clarry officiated. The cortege proceeded from the residence to Guffin's cemetery, Turner's street, where the interment took place.

The bearers were Messrs. H. Quincey, Nelson Jones, H. Barragan, C. Walter, Wm. Ray, and A. B. Bailey.

In our report omitted to mention concert was given house, Tweed, on the Agricultural from Belleville.

part were Mrs. Helen Ketcheson, Geo. Dulmage, M. A. Wheeler, M. and Mr. Ernest.

was patronized by everybody appeared delighted with the

part were Mrs. Helen Ketcheson, Geo. Dulmage, M. A. Wheeler, M. and Mr. Ernest.

was patronized by everybody appeared delighted with the

Cider Apples Wanted

From and after October 1st we will be prepared to pay the highest market price for all CIDER APPLES delivered at our factory.

Belleville Cider & Vinegar Co. Limited. 9-27 Hildes Street, Belleville, Ont.

MONEY

Private money to loan on Mortgages on farm and city property at lowest rates of interest on terms to suit borrowers.

F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, 2c Corner Front and Bridge Sts., Belleville, over Dominion Bank.

CLERK'S ADVERTISEMENT OF COURT IN NEWSPAPER

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Court will be held, pursuant to The Ontario Voters' Lists Act, by His Honor the Judge of the County Court of the County of Hastings at Town Hall, Sidney, on the Twenty-sixth day of October, 1915, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of the Township of Sidney for 1915. Dated the Seventh day of October, 1915.

A. M. Chapman, Clerk of the Municipality of the Township of Sidney.

TURN THE RAIN

Waterproof Your own Clothes or Blankets. This can easily be done at home by our new powder called "Turn the Rain." Sufficient for one suit of Clothes or Overcoat for 50c per packet, or 3 for \$1.00. The Acme Co., Belleville, Ont.

WANTED

Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars, National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

FARM FOR SALE

North part of Lot 4 Twp of Tyendinaga, 30 acres, 5 acres of maple bush, soil good. Telephone, rural mail. Reason for selling, I want the price. Three miles east of Poucher's Mills P. A. Sheehan, R.F.D., Letta.

FARM FOR SALE

South half of lot 31, 9th con., Sidney, 43 acres more or less. Good brick house, frame barn and basement with cement floor. All necessary outbuildings. Plenty of water. Good orchard, fruit of all kinds. Also 50 acres on the North half of lot 31, 5th con., Sidney, plenty of timber and splendid pasture. Good spring creek flows through lot. Apply to E. Welsh, on the premises.

FOR SALE

Lot 25 and 26 in 7th con. Thurrow, 165 acres more or less, good state of cultivation, at Letta, good frame house, two good barns, basement in one for 15 head cattle, first class water. Convenient to church, school, grist mill, blacksmith shop and store. Good orchard. For terms apply G. W. Henderson, Letta.

AUCTIONEERS.

D. J. FAIRFIELD, Licensed Auctioneer for the Counties of Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox and Addington and Durham and Northumberland and also for the city of Belleville. Terms liberal, satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 460 at my expense, D. J. Fairfield, 223 Coleman St. Belleville.

J. L. PALMER, Licensed Auctioneer Real Estate Agent. Pure bred stock a specialty. Belleville, Ont. Phone 133. Address Anglo-American Hotel or Route No. 6.

NORMAN MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer. Pure bred stock a specialty. Phone No. 101, Real Estate Broker, also City License. Box 189, Brighton Ont.

HENRY WALLACE, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Hastings, special attention given to sales of Farm Stock. Phone or write Striving P.O., R.M.D., Phone No. 8221.

Belleville Talent Gave Fine Concert

In our report of Tweed Fair we omitted to mention that an excellent concert was given at the new opera house, Tweed, under the auspices of the Agricultural Society by talent from Belleville. Among those taking part were Mrs. A. P. Allen, Miss Helen Ketchum, Mr. Fred Burke, Mr. Geo. Dulmage, Mr. Ray Minna, Mr. Ab. Wheeler, Mr. Robt. Blain, jr., and Mr. Ernest Mouch. The concert was patronized by a huge crowd and everybody appeared to be amused and delighted with the program.

Interesting Letter From Battlefront

The following letter has been received from Pte. C. R. Fisher, C.E.F., Mr. S. W. Lloyd, Sidney, Ont.

Dear Friend: I thought I would write you a few lines, telling you that I am perfectly healthy etc., and I hope you and your family are also. You will note by above address that I am still in the Machine Gun section, or using the slang term, suicide squad, of course it's pretty risky business, but I like the work, but as far as the war is concerned it's dangerous, no matter what a fellow belongs to. The last three weeks I have been attending a Colt Machine Gun School at ... and I have two weeks more to go yet before I finish my course. We have lectures every morning for one hour which is taken from actual work at the front so you may guess they are interesting lectures all right. Then we have the different gun drills, etc. We are allowed 5 minutes to take all the mechanism of the gun to pieces and put it together, which is pretty lively work, we are also allowed 40 seconds to run with the gun (weight 35 lbs) or the tripod (weight 35 lbs) (weight 45 lbs) one man to each part we have to run the 100 yards carrying either of these parts and set the gun on the tripod, sights set and ready for action in 40 seconds, which is pretty lively work, and everything is done on the run with the M. G. no matter what it is; they are a great weapon all right, firing at least 450 shots per minute, of course we are perfectly safe, till the Germans range their artillery on us, then it's good-night M.G.S. You know we can't fight artillery with machine guns, but I hope we will be able to get a good crack at them before we get knocked out. Ormal Aikens is still with the M.G.S., he is in the next tent to me, he is perfectly well of course. I have not seen "Bob Bell" for nearly a month, as he is with the 39th camp, 2 miles from here, but I hear he is as well as usual. I am attached to the 17th Battalion of Nova Scotia (a kiltie regiment) for my meals etc., while I am attending this school, of course my address is still with the 39th. I have two weeks more to go to school here, after that I don't know where we will go, we may go back to the 39th and we may go direct to France which we expect to do, of course we don't know yet, but one thing is sure, we are in for a winter in the trenches, but of course that's what we are here for, there is no choosing of jobs in thiermy, take what you get is the way here.

By the way Mr. Lloyd, all the Canadians within this vicinity were inspected by King George and Lord Kitchener two days ago, the M.G.S. school were not inspected at all, but we were lined up on each side of the road, as a guard on the road to the review grounds. The King was on horseback in military uniform and he was that close to me that I could easily have touched him with my hand, he is certainly a fine looking king all right. I think the reason for the review was that all regiments of the second contingents are to leave for the front very shortly, there are thousands of Canadians around here all ready to do their duty when called, I include myself also. It's going to be pretty lively for Germany yet if she waits long enough, we have lots of men, ammunition also, the Allies seem to be waiting for something, they have got some scheme back of it all. You will notice in all of Britain's wars, she plays a waiting game, and always comes out a winner. I had a letter from my brother recently, he has been fighting in German Africa. He says they are all through there and expects to be home shortly. He says the lightest shell they use in their gun weighs 50 lbs and it takes 40 oxen to draw one of their guns over the roads in Africa.

We have bathing parades here, we go to the English Channel just a little way from here, I and another fellow went in last week, and forgot to take off our wrist watches; I swam the most of a mile with mine on, so you see it was in pretty fine shape, by the time I got out. I was rather sorry but I can't help it now. We can easily see the coast of France on a clear day from where we swim. We have had a few air raids near here, but with very little damage. I was on a visit to my sister 30 miles out of London two weeks ago. I saw some houses that were wrecked by Zeppelins; the people there don't seem to worry over them. Well, Mr. Lloyd, I will conclude as I will be at school shortly. Please give my best respects to Norma, Keitha, also Mrs. Lloyd, Merritt and Magdaline. I hope to see you all some day if I come out of this all right, but of course chances are pretty slim just now. Our instructor told us yesterday that officers of the M.G. only last on an average of three days at the front, so I don't know how it will be with the men, however, it's all for the cause anyway. Write if you please when you feel like it, as I like to hear from my friends, you know.

Wishing you all the very best of health and prosperity. Yours sincerely Charlie Fisher.

Harvest Festival at St. Thomas

St. Thomas Church was beautifully decorated with grains, flowers, and fruits of the season on Sunday for the Harvest Festival anniversary. Special music was rendered by the choir and during the service, the National Anthem was sung, including the stanza, "O Lord, our God arise Scatter his enemies."

Rev. Canon Beamish conducted the services of the day and in the evening preached from the text "Thou shalt observe the Feast of Tabernacles after thou hast gathered in thy corn and thy wine." In future the Rogation days will be marked by special services which are to have a place in the Book of Common Prayer. This is but fitting, said the rector, that at spring-time and sowing we should ask God's favor and blessing that the earth may yield its increase, for it is from Him that every blessing comes. No matter how we may devise, there is a divine Providence that rules. And after the harvest is garnered it is our duty to render praise and thanksgiving to God for His enduring mercy. While the earth lasts, seedtime and harvest, cold and heat, summer and winter shall not cease, for God is faithful.

The whole Christian year will have its place in the new prayer book, setting forth the life of Christ and these teachings in the natural course of the revolving seasons, showing the church as guiding her children, ever to the thought of the great spiritual truth revealed.

The Jewish church had its bright festivals. The preacher traced the analogies between the Jewish and Christian anniversaries.

The Feast of Tabernacles was the natural festival, celebrating the close of work, followed by the feast of seven days, resting in gardens, recalling the Jewish mind to the providence of God and His mercy to them when they dwelt in tents in the wilderness. There were corn and wine in the temple, music and dancing, all was joy and feasting. It was a genuine harvest-home festival.

The same joy should be in our harvest festival. Great is our harvest, which has been reaped from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

This year especially should it be national in its observance. We should be thankful that we have responded to the call of duty. A fuller devotion should be our gratitude. There should be intercessions for the Empire, for our defenders on land, on sea and in air, for those who suffer, for those who minister, for those who have fallen that God may receive them into His arms. These will make our Thanksgiving what it ought to be. Our Christian civilization is being tried. May it no longer be Christian in name only but in deed, and may our holy religion take such a deep hold that there may go forth a greater war, the war of the Cross.

List of South Hastings Teachers

Many Changes in the Local and Rural Schools Since Last Term.

The following is a list of teachers in the inspectorate of South Hastings, Belleville and Trenton for the ensuing term:

- H. J. Clarke, B.A., Inspector. Sidney. 2 H. A. Brown 3 Jennie B. Brown 4 Laura Embury 5 J. H. Stubbs 6 Inez Jamieson 7 Marguerite Hughes 8 E. C. Prentice 9 Bertha Ross 10 Ethel Adams 11 Willa C. Peters 12 Grace Badgley 13 A. S. Morrow 14 May Madden 15 Molly Parks 16 George Wightman 17 Hettie Bailey 18 Lester Ross 19 Greta Beatty 20 Willa Reid 21 Tyendinaga. 1 M. McCaw 2 Ethel Baker 3 Gertrude Glenn 4 Clara Murphy 5 Loretta McKenna 6 Gertrude Milne

NO ALUM MAGIC READ LABEL BAKING POWDER

- 10 Sarah McCullough 11 Dora Cook 12 Gladys Roblin 13 Loretta Doyle 14 Miss D. Pigott 21 Margaret Whiteman 22 V. A. Markle 23 Margaret Gaffney 24 Walter Nelson 25 Mabel Milling 30 Nellie Mullin Separate Schools, Tyendinaga. H. C. Cronin Kate Enright Annie Farrell Annie Williams Annie McAliff Mohawk Schools. Florence Fletcher Ethel Picard Alex. Leween Flossie Hall Deseronto. A. H. Whiting Mrs. E. Purcell Miss Hay Miss Smith Miss Matly Waldron Miss Hunt Miss Lillian Sweetman Miss Cassie Haugh Miss Ethel Kennedy Trenton. P. W. Fairman A. D. Scott Miss A. S. Hayes Miss Nourse Miss Bensley Miss Foster Miss Billings Miss Vandervoort Miss Matly Miss M. White Miss Miller Miss Curry Miss Eva Porter Miss Gora Dufosse Miss E. White Belleville. Queen Mary School. A. E. Thrasher D. Barrard C. Frederick Miss Harold Miss Stiles Miss Frost Miss Nourse Miss Cunningham Miss Phelps Miss Cora Mosler Grier St. C. F. Simpkins Miss Florence Roberts Miss Gastrell Miss Lounsberry Queen Victoria School. A. C. Wilkin H. V. Clarke Miss Bruce Miss Vincent Miss Maitosh Miss Helene Vanderwater Miss Lucy Grant Miss Handley Miss Nourse Miss Mills Mrs. A. C. Wilkin Miss Mary Northcott Queen Alexandra. M. W. Mott V. E. Bullock Miss Fleming Miss Caskey Miss Craig Miss Allan Miss Stafford Miss Aull Miss Mackay Miss Urquhart

showed sufficient appreciation of the protection given to the wives, families and property of our gallant boys now in Flanders, to put in an appearance. Many prominent citizens were conspicuous by their absence. An effort will be made, probably on Monday and Tuesday of the coming week to secure further subscriptions for the Fund. Team captains for the six sub-divisions were appointed who will secure four or five assistants to make a complete canvas of the town. Already Messrs R. and R. G. Weddell have subscribed at the rate of \$600 per annum for duration of the war, and the Corporation has agreed to also give \$600. Based on present payments the sum of nearly \$4000 will be required for the ensuing year. This small amount should easily be forthcoming in a community of over 6000 people.

Mrs. Butler and young son Charles who have been visiting Mrs. A. G. Whittier, Mrs. Whittier and Mrs. M. W. Murdock for several months, returned to Winnipeg today.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Young left for Kingston today to spend the weekend.

Owing to the able pleading of his counsel, A. Abbott, Percy Shewman, who pleaded guilty to the theft of a cheque from Thos. Fitzgerald, received the light sentence of three months at the Prison Farm, Guelph, with an indeterminate sentence of two years if called before the court during that period.

The work on the new bridge is giving employment to several of the men who were opposed to it. Now that some of the old work has been uncovered it is plainly evident that the new bridge is not being erected a day too soon, as the old structure would undoubtedly have collapsed before long under the increasingly heavy traffic.

Mr. Harry Meade leaves today for his home in Los Angeles.

Burial at Madoc

The remains of the late Alexander Irvine Price were at noon today shipped to Madoc for interment. Rev. Chas. G. Smith conducted service at Tickle and Sons' morgue. Mrs. T. Cornell, daughter of deceased, accompanied the body.

Sergt. C. A. Gibson Warrant Officer

Farquhar Charles A. Gibson, who left Belleville in Aug. 1914 with the 15th detachment of the Second Battalion, has been again promoted. He is first corporal and was raised to sergeant. He is now advanced to the rank of warrant officer in the Second Battalion, according to the best authority "Charley" Gibson has a varied military career. He served in the North West Mounted Police and in 1897 enlisted from them into the American Army seeing service in Cuba and the Philippines. At the time of the South African war he fought in South Africa and received a wound at Paardeburg. Last spring he was wounded in action in France or Flanders, but has long since returned to the trenches. He is one of the men who are the life of the battalion, absolutely irreplaceable in spirit that he has the confidence of officers and men is shown in his latest appointment. Doubtless the battalion contains no man of wider active service experience, and no one more qualified than he is to fill the W. O.'s duties.

Trenton

Capt. Ponton, of Belleville, will address a recruiting meeting at the Weller Opera House here on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Britt of Toronto are spending a couple of weeks here with relatives.

Miss Farley, who has been visiting Mrs. H. A. Thomson for some weeks returned to St. Thomas yesterday.

Mrs. Bell, of Toronto, is visiting Canon and Mrs. Armstrong at the Rectory.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather Archdeacon Timms, of Calgary, preached to a small congregation at St. George's church on Sunday morning. In the evening the rector conducted the service, a large congregation being present.

As was frequently stated in many newspapers at the beginning of the war, reputations have been made and reputations have been ruined since it commenced. We do not believe that 70 per cent of the Canadians at the front are members of the Church of England, but if the calculation is correct, it is a pertinent question to ask what are the other denominations doing. Notwithstanding the report of the statement made by the Minister of Militia that he could get a million recruits at short notice, we are inclined to believe he would find the task a most difficult one. Canada should send as soon as possible from 250,000 to 300,000 men, and if she did that she would be doing proportionately what the United Kingdom is doing.

Don Fraser and G. Nagle, former Trenton boys but more recently residents of Striving, have succeeded in catching on with the 33rd Battery, now in training at Barriefield. This battery is under orders to go overseas shortly.

The meeting of the Canadian Patriotic Fund local branch, was held at the Town Hall on Monday evening last. Some twenty-five citizens

showed sufficient appreciation of the protection given to the wives, families and property of our gallant boys now in Flanders, to put in an appearance. Many prominent citizens were conspicuous by their absence. An effort will be made, probably on Monday and Tuesday of the coming week to secure further subscriptions for the Fund. Team captains for the six sub-divisions were appointed who will secure four or five assistants to make a complete canvas of the town. Already Messrs R. and R. G. Weddell have subscribed at the rate of \$600 per annum for duration of the war, and the Corporation has agreed to also give \$600. Based on present payments the sum of nearly \$4000 will be required for the ensuing year. This small amount should easily be forthcoming in a community of over 6000 people.

Mrs. Butler and young son Charles who have been visiting Mrs. A. G. Whittier, Mrs. Whittier and Mrs. M. W. Murdock for several months, returned to Winnipeg today.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Young left for Kingston today to spend the weekend.

Owing to the able pleading of his counsel, A. Abbott, Percy Shewman, who pleaded guilty to the theft of a cheque from Thos. Fitzgerald, received the light sentence of three months at the Prison Farm, Guelph, with an indeterminate sentence of two years if called before the court during that period.

The work on the new bridge is giving employment to several of the men who were opposed to it. Now that some of the old work has been uncovered it is plainly evident that the new bridge is not being erected a day too soon, as the old structure would undoubtedly have collapsed before long under the increasingly heavy traffic.

Mr. Harry Meade leaves today for his home in Los Angeles.

Burial at Madoc

The remains of the late Alexander Irvine Price were at noon today shipped to Madoc for interment. Rev. Chas. G. Smith conducted service at Tickle and Sons' morgue. Mrs. T. Cornell, daughter of deceased, accompanied the body.

Sergt. C. A. Gibson Warrant Officer

Farquhar Charles A. Gibson, who left Belleville in Aug. 1914 with the 15th detachment of the Second Battalion, has been again promoted. He is first corporal and was raised to sergeant. He is now advanced to the rank of warrant officer in the Second Battalion, according to the best authority "Charley" Gibson has a varied military career. He served in the North West Mounted Police and in 1897 enlisted from them into the American Army seeing service in Cuba and the Philippines. At the time of the South African war he fought in South Africa and received a wound at Paardeburg. Last spring he was wounded in action in France or Flanders, but has long since returned to the trenches. He is one of the men who are the life of the battalion, absolutely irreplaceable in spirit that he has the confidence of officers and men is shown in his latest appointment. Doubtless the battalion contains no man of wider active service experience, and no one more qualified than he is to fill the W. O.'s duties.

Trenton

Capt. Ponton, of Belleville, will address a recruiting meeting at the Weller Opera House here on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Britt of Toronto are spending a couple of weeks here with relatives.

Miss Farley, who has been visiting Mrs. H. A. Thomson for some weeks returned to St. Thomas yesterday.

Mrs. Bell, of Toronto, is visiting Canon and Mrs. Armstrong at the Rectory.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather Archdeacon Timms, of Calgary, preached to a small congregation at St. George's church on Sunday morning. In the evening the rector conducted the service, a large congregation being present.

As was frequently stated in many newspapers at the beginning of the war, reputations have been made and reputations have been ruined since it commenced. We do not believe that 70 per cent of the Canadians at the front are members of the Church of England, but if the calculation is correct, it is a pertinent question to ask what are the other denominations doing. Notwithstanding the report of the statement made by the Minister of Militia that he could get a million recruits at short notice, we are inclined to believe he would find the task a most difficult one. Canada should send as soon as possible from 250,000 to 300,000 men, and if she did that she would be doing proportionately what the United Kingdom is doing.

Don Fraser and G. Nagle, former Trenton boys but more recently residents of Striving, have succeeded in catching on with the 33rd Battery, now in training at Barriefield. This battery is under orders to go overseas shortly.

The meeting of the Canadian Patriotic Fund local branch, was held at the Town Hall on Monday evening last. Some twenty-five citizens

RETURN VISIT OF Prof. Dorenwend To the Hotel Quinte Belleville ON Wed., October 13th To deliver orders recently taken Ladies and Gentlemen Come and see his large display of quality hair-goods in Ladies' Switches, Transformations, Pompadours, Waves, etc., and Gentlemen's Toupees and Wigs, including "Dorenwend Patent Structures," the finest in the world. They will be sold at SPACIALLY LOW PRICES, and this is YOUR OPPORTUNITY to purchase your needs at a great saving. A DEMONSTRATION IS FREE OF CHARGE Remember the date, Wednesday, Oct. 13th (ONE DAY ONLY)

BELLEVILLE HIGH SCHOOL HELD ANNUAL FIELD DAY SPORTS

Belleville High School students yesterday proved on the athletic field that besides receiving intellectual instruction they receive such training as fits them for an active life. The event was the annual field day and no more successful one has ever been held in the history of the school. The young athletes, boys and girls entered into the games with such vim that the lists were crowded. Trenton, Madoc, and other High Schools were represented by athletes who carried off many prizes. The local boys however showed up well against them.

- Following are the events— GIRLS' EVENTS Thread and Needle Race Alice Winderover Flora Bonesteel Clara Yeomans Relay Walking Race Anita Gauthier H. Manley Claire Coughlin 100 yards dash, junior Stella O'Rourke Clara Yeomans Grace Armstrong Roll Call Marie Herly Clara Yeomans Faye Ketchum Throwing Basket Ball 1st Form 2 B 2nd Form 3 B Netballing contest Hygiene Manley Nancy Latta Graceful Walking Contest Esther Wagner Audrey McLeod Harriet McIntosh and Ann Bronson were tie Peanut Race Jessie Buck Margaret Kelleher Stella Hanley Medicine Ball 1st Form 2 A 2nd Form 3 A 3rd Form 3 C Relay Running Race Annie Hogan Florence Barlow Anita Gauthier 100 yards dash, seniors 15 yrs & over Fletcher Cook Edith Tuttle Harriet McIntosh Potato Race 1st Form 1 D 2nd Form 3 A 3rd Form 3 C BOYS—JUNIOR EVENTS Standing Broad Jump Carl Vanallen 7ft 4in Ewart Maidens 7ft 2-2in Arthur Blodkurn 7ft 1-4in Running Hop, Step and Jump V. Mackie 31ft 2in C. VanAllen 31ft 2in A. Andrews 29ft 6in Running Broad Jump F. Ross 14ft 4in J. Walmesley Harry Holland Pole Vault C. Vanallen 6ft 2in R. Lazier F. Ross Shot Put R. Lazier 29ft 1in Harry Holland J. Walmesley 100 yards dash M. Brent 11-4-5th sec J. Walmesley K. Connors, Madoc F. Ross 220 yards dash, juniors M. Brent 29-1-5th sec J. Walmesley F. Ross 440 yards, juniors M. Brent E. Taylor J. Walmesley Bicycle Race, 1 mile M. Bentley Brent 3min 10-4-5th sec H. Holland Carl Vanallen Mile race, running E. Taylor Running High Jump Fred Ross 4ft 2in J. Walmesley R. Crozier BOYS—INTERMEDIATE M. Hitchon 8ft 3-1-4in F. Cushing R. Woodley Running Broad Jump M. Hitchon 15ft 9-1-4in F. Woodley E. Wheeler Shot Put M. Hitchon 31ft 3-1-2in F. Cushing A. Duesberry Running Hop, Step and Jump M. Hitchon Trenton 36ft 2in M. Hitchon F. Woodley F. Cushing Pole Vault E. Houlihan, Trenton, 6ft 10in J. McBean M. Hitchon 100 yards dash E. Wheeler F. Cushing L. Madden 220 yards dash E. Wheeler A. Menzies Wickham, Madoc F. Cushing Running High Jump E. Houlihan, Trenton J. Squire, Trenton E. Wheeler, Belleville 440 yards dash Allan Menzies E. Houlihan, Trenton M. Bean, Madoc One mile race M. Bean, 5:44 E. Hill E. Wheeler BOYS—SENIOR Standing Broad Jump Max Herly, 8ft 6in V. Mackie G. Roope 220 yards dash D. Curry, Trenton M. Herly E. Houlihan, Trenton F. Bowler Shot Put M. Herly 38ft G. Roope 7 Rogers Running Broad Jump M. Herly 18ft 11-1-4in V. Mackie G. Roope Running Hop, Step and Jump M. Herly 37ft 1-2in H. Purdy, D. Currie, Mad V. Mackie Pole Vault M. Herly 7ft 8in A. Rogers Running High Jump D. Curry, Trenton 4ft 8in M. Herly, 4ft 7in A. Rogers, 4ft 6in V. Mackie, 4ft 5in 440 yards M. Herly, 1m 17-5-2th sec A. Rogers G. Roope One mile Bicycle Race R. Kerr, Trenton 3:09-2-5th sec A. Rogers S. Wallbridge Senior Mile E. Kingston, Madoc G. Roope A. Rogers Relay Race for Forms 1st Form 1 D — Duesberry, Brant, Rogers, Madden 2nd Form 11 A — Andrews, Roy, Green, Wheeler 3rd Form 11 B — Woodley, Gey, Bateman, Lally 4th Form 1 B — Woodley, Black, Murphy, Walmesley.

The Weekly Ontario
Morton & Herity, Publishers

The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$2.00 per annum.
The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.
JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.
ADVERTISING RATES on application.
TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.
W. H. Morton, Business Manager.
J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

RETRENCHMENT.

There is one feature of the policy of the Coalition Government in Great Britain which has its meaning and its message for Canada. In an article on the work of the new Government in the current number of the Fortnightly Review we are told that the Government, in place of living up to the fatuous policy of "Business as Usual" is practising domestic economy and is impressing the need of retrenchment upon subordinate organizations and upon private citizens:

"Under the late President of the Local Government Board and the Board of Education, no real pressure was brought to bear upon local authorities to reduce their capital expenditures during the war; but since the National Administration has been formed a marked change has taken place. The local authorities, instead of being encouraged from Whitehall to spend, have been peremptorily told to cut down their estimate of new expenditure and there is no reason to apprehend any loss of efficiency in either department."

The need of the Government setting an example in this respect to the individual is emphasized. The writer says:

"The man in the street, after all, is very human. When those in high places counsel him to spend less on his luxuries and accept cheerfully some sacrifice of income, he naturally looks to see whether those who give the advice apply it first to themselves. If there is to be a radical change in public and private expenditure, it must begin at the top. Nevertheless, it is something that after a lengthy period of spendthrift finance in which the House of Commons has been the great sinner, public and private economy are once more being held up for admiration as public and private virtues. When the war costs three millions a day and the end is not in sight, the need for thrift becomes obvious even to the most profligate."

One striking sign of the new spirit was the appointment at the last session of the British Parliament of the Public Retrenchment Committee, presided over by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, for the purpose of considering where retrenchment in domestic expenditures was practicable. The appointment of this committee was the direct outcome of a discussion in the House of Lords, initiated by Lord Middleton and supported in a very striking speech by Lord St. Aldwyn. The work of this committee will result, it is believed, in an enormous saving in the cost of "running the machine," that is, of Government.

There is, as we said, a lesson for Canada in the attitude of the Old Country. There, the men charged with the administration of affairs realize their responsibilities. In Canada, we still unfortunately have the policy of "dash away and spend." Extravagance in expenditure still goes merrily on. Retrenchment, apparently, is the one thing to which the Government has given no thought. And yet there is no lesson which this war teaches which is more important, or more imperative than the practice of economy and thrift in public as well as private affairs. It is high time that the Government realized the gravity of the problem with which they are confronted. Otherwise, disaster will be inevitable.

Well, so far Joffre's "nibbling" seems to be the real thing.

Enter the Balkans!

The Bulgars are good fighters, but they appear to be poor guessers. If they yoke up with the Turks and the Huns they will prove it.

And don't let us forget, as Lord Kitchener suggests, that the greater the success won the greater the need for men to keep the ranks filled up.

We entirely agree with the paragraph of the Boston Transcript, who says that the Supermen are beginning to find themselves in the soup.

It is very significant that the Bavarian Prime Minister is talking about "an honorable peace." The moral effect of the Allies' offensive is already beginning to tell.

General Kuropatkin has now the opportunity to retrieve himself from the misfortunes which pursued him in the Russo-Japanese War. We think he will.

That "contemptible little army" and those "French swine" are not giving the Kaiser's High Command time to think about the folly of their scornful allusions to the forces under command of Sir John French and General Joffre.

The New York Times thinks that it is worth noting that while the Berlin official reports of the events on the Western front dealt chiefly with the defeat of a British attack south of La Bassee Canal, Field Marshal French, in his report to the British War Office on Sunday, asserted that no such attack was attempted on that day.

An Amsterdam despatch lends some support to the suggestion which we made editorially recently with reference to the possible entry of Holland on the side of the Allies. According to the Handelsblad, the Government contemplates increasing the army by incorporating, about the middle of December, recruits of the class of 1916. The calling up of the Landstrum class of 1912 will be concluded Nov. 10. No other classes of the Landstrum will be called.

A visitor to one of the military camps in Britain saw a cart loaded to the top with begrimed loaves of bread from which only a slice or two had been cut, joints of meat half stripped with the carving knife, bunches of greens, potatoes and other vegetables. This food was being carted off to be used as poultry and hog feed, and yet there are in Britain millions of households where three-quarters of a loaf of bread, a leg of prime mutton or a few ribs of beef not too closely carved, would be more welcome than manna dropped from heaven.

WOMEN AND THE WAR.

[The following lines by Margaret E. Brekinbridge during the American Civil War will express the sentiment of many Canadian hearts today.]

Here I sit, at the same old work;
Knitting and knitting from daylight till dark;
Thread over and under, and back and through,
Knitting socks for—I don't know who;
But in fancy I've seen him, and talked with him too.

He's no hero or of gentle birth,
He's little in rank, but he's much in worth;
He's plain of speech, and strong of limb;
He's rich in heart, but he's poor of kin;
There are none at home to work for him.

He set his lips with a start and a frown
When he heard that the dear old flag was shot down
From the walls of Fort Sumter, and, flinging away
His tools and his apron, stopped but to say
To his comrades, "I'm going, whoever may stay,"
And was 'listed and gone by the close of the day.

The weather he watches tonight on the sea,
Or kindles his camp-fire on lone Tybee,
By river or mountain, wherever he be,
I know he's the noblest of all that are there,
The promptest to do, and the bravest to dare,
The strongest in trust, and the last to despair.

So here I sit at the same old work,
Knitting socks for the soldiers from daylight till dark,
And whispering low, as the thread flies through,
To him who shall wear them—I don't know who,
"Ah, my soldier, fight bravely; be patient, be true
For some one is knitting and praying for you."

J. Robinson Duff is the latest New Yorker to come into prominence. Less than a year ago he managed to get his hands on \$650 which was enough to buy fifty shares of Electric Boat at thirteen. He has now set aside \$250,000 for Mrs. Duff and has about the same amount for himself. Mr. Duff, who is a curb broker, made his first purchase when the war was well under way. He traded in and out of the market for a few weeks and at the first of the year he was pyramiding his gains and enjoying life. That worn look such as he used to have when he was trying to turn a few dollars with Fred Starters faded from his face. Electric Boat kept speeding up, its revolutions increased every day the fortunes of J. R. Duff, now J. Robinson Duff. When it reached 500 he felt that the going was so good that he might as well unload the ballast. That is why he set the quarter of a million aside for his wife, thus giving her an income of about \$17,500 a year.

Other Editors' Opinions

HOTELKEEPERS AS PROHIBITIONISTS.

The unheard-of action of the hotel license-holders of Hamilton in deciding among themselves to refuse to serve soldiers in uniform with liquor, has created widespread discussion, and the local option advocates of Hamilton have not been slow to take advantage of the situation, contending that if liquor is not good for the soldiers it is not good for anyone else, and a delegation was selected to see Premier Hearst, to have him prohibit the retail sale of liquor in Ontario until after the war.

There is no doubt as to the need of sobriety among the soldiers who are preparing themselves for the serious work ahead of them; but there is just as little doubt that any law or regulation or custom discriminating against the soldier is most objectionable. If it is desirable that everybody else should be sober, if sobriety must be enforced, then let it be enforced against all. The soldier who is prepared to give his life for the country will willingly give up the privilege of buying liquor if necessary; he knows that when he goes into active service he must give up the privilege, and he is not deterred by the knowledge; but he may object, and object with reason, to being singled out and marked for special paternal treatment, as if he were a child or a weakling.

There does not seem to be any good reason why the soldier should be selected for special treatment in this matter. The soldier, after all, is only a citizen in uniform; he should be as well able to look after himself in his uniform as he was in his civilian clothes. As a matter of fact, he should be better able to guard against temptation, for he has the assistance of his military discipline. Indeed, the matter might be very safely left with the military authorities. If they find it necessary that the sale of liquor should be stopped or restricted when the men are in training, let them say so, and let the restriction apply to everyone.

Special treatment of the soldiers is unnecessary. Here and there a man may overstep the safety mark at times, but military discipline is a guarantee against perseverance in such a course. Unfortunately, the man in uniform, attracts attention, simply because he is in uniform, while a hundred others, not in uniform, will escape without notice, though they may be much more in need of attention than the solitary soldier.

Let us remember that the soldiers of Canada are still Canadian citizens, and they are entitled to all the rights of citizenship, including the right to assert and respect their own manhood, and all privileges consistent with their military duties.—Peterborough Review.

A HUNDRED MILLION.

A hundred million dollars is too much for the mind to grasp, and yet that is what the people of Canada paid for intoxicating liquors in 1914. A hundred million dollars would give every family, rich and poor in Canada, seventy dollars. Politicians have spent months of time and thousands of dollars squabbling over the expenditure of a little over a third of that sum to build a navy to defend our country. A hundred million, why that would probably finance Canada's share in the great war. We talk about being hard up. Money is being borrowed in large sums to develop our resources and, the national debt keeps piling up, and the money spent in drink would save all that and leave a balance to pay our debts. And that immense sum is spent for what? Even liquor journals call an "extravagance and a luxury." But a hundred million is only one-half of the cost of drink. Wise men who have made a study of finance tell us that every dollar spent in drink causes a dollar's worth of loss and waste and damage to life and property. So the cost of the liquor traffic to Canada in 1914 was nearer two hundred million.

This immense drain on the finances of the country accounts for a good many things that are hard to understand. What does the country get from the expenditure of that immense amount of money and the degradation and ruin of thousands every year? The aggregate Dominion, Provincial and Municipal revenues from this traffic is less than twenty million. That is, to gain one dollar we spend ten and do untold damage to the people. No wonder Russia can finance this great war without great distress to the people. The fact is that nearly everyone is poorer than he would otherwise be because of this traffic. We are quite satisfied that our taxes could be lowered from thirty to fifty per cent. if we were rid of this immense tax-maker. We can give the names of a large number of towns and cities that have lowered their tax rate after prohibition. Kansas City saved three hundred thousand dollars a year by closing

Ira Bump's Treasure

He lost it, but Found Another.

By CLARISSA MACKIE

Ira Bump was head bookkeeper in a downtown wholesale house. He was a little, round, roly poly man with brown eyes and hair and a rosy complexion. He had money in the bank, he was at ways well dressed, he was unmarried, and he had boarded at Mrs. Hecker's for thirteen years.

Now, Ira Bump did not occupy the most expensive suit in Mrs. Hecker's thoroughly respectable and unhome-like abode. On the contrary, he lived in the third floor back bedroom. It was a large room and quite comfortable, for Ira had added many luxuries from time to time, and it was \$3 less per week than the best suit, and that \$3 Ira had planted in the bank with his other savings. Some day when he had to make way for a young man at the office he intended to retire to the country and raise chickens.

Among his fellow boarders Ira was looked upon as a "back number." Dapper young store clerks winked at each other when Ira came in, and they were not above making jokes at his expense, all of which flew harmlessly over his smooth brown head.

The younger girls, stenographers and clerks, smiled kindly at him, and the older girls beamed upon him, for he was a possible escape from old maidenhood.

One day Ira read a story in a popular magazine, a story that stirred his sluggish blood. It was about some pearl fishers in the south Pacific who fought to the death over a magnificent pearl found in an oyster shell by one of the divers.

After that Ira ordered raw oysters in addition to his usual lunch. He never ate the oysters, because he was afraid of bacilli, but he searched the shells carefully, hoping that some day he too might find a pearly treasure in one of the succulent oysters.

And, lo, one day his fork struck a round object in the bottom of the plate of oysters! Carefully he picked it out and furtively slipped it into his vest pocket. He was so excited that he could not finish his coffee, and, grabbing his hat, he dashed back to the office.

There, alone at his desk, he pored over the tiny, lustrous pearl that rolled around in his palm.

"It must be worth \$5,000," he gloated as he wrapped it in tissue paper and hid it away. "I shall—I shall buy an automobile, I think."

That night when Ira Bump came into dinner he radiated with an air of prosperity. He wore a brand new suit of evening clothes, and from the crown of his head to his patent leather shoe feet he was unusually immaculate.

Evening clothes were a distinct novelty at Mrs. Hecker's table, and Annie, the waitress, nearly dimmed Ira's sartorial glory by spilling soup upon him, but happily the bisque of tomato was diverted to the thick gray woolen coat sleeve of his next door neighbor, Denton, the hardware clerk.

Ira lent first aid to the wrathful Denton, for he felt in a measure responsible for the mishap. He knew and every one else knew, for they had seen Annie's start of surprise, that it was the sight of Mr. Bump's new clothes which had caused the accident.

Like an invisible mantle, an air of elegance descended upon the table. People were unusually courteous to one another.

Everybody talked except Freda Lindsay. Perhaps it was the long day spent in the schoolroom that was responsible for her unusual pallor, for the shadows under her sweet gray eyes and the sad droop to her mouth.

At any rate, Ira Bump was startled by her appearance and made a mental note that he must do something to be rich—richer than his friends and acquaintances—and hold the happiness of giving pleasure to others!

After dinner Ira paused to speak to Freda Lindsay. He felt very gay and excited in his new clothes. He felt actually reckless.

"You are looking ill, Miss Lindsay," he said solicitously. "You need a breath of fresh air after the day's close confinement. Wouldn't you like to take a little ride—er—er—a motor ride in the park and then go to the theater afterward?" It would give me much pleasure.

"Oh, Mr. Bump," she gasped, "I should be delighted! But," glancing at his attire, "I haven't anything very splendid to wear."

"Pooh!" laughed Ira Bump gayly. "What's the matter with that pink gown you used to wear last summer?" Freda blushed to think that he had remembered her rose pink voile of last summer. "I will put it on," she said hurriedly and went up to her little room.

Let them help a lot, believe me." In the meantime Ira Bump and Freda Lindsay were becoming better acquainted. The change from the dull routine of their daily lives seemed to work miracles. In the sun of prosperity they expanded like stunted buds, and a flower of romance bloomed when they entered the theater.

The play was a romance, an old-fashioned love story that set their hearts to beating to a new tune.

And when the actors sped them homeward Ira Bump opened his heart to Freda Lindsay. He told her about the pearl he had found and how a Maiden Lane jeweler had offered him \$5,000 for it.

"I wanted to keep it overnight. I'm going to take it to him in the morning and collect the money," said Ira, laughing like a boy.

Freda thought it was all wonderful, just like a story book.

"I suppose you'll be leaving Mrs. Hecker's," she said wistfully. "Not yet," said Ira. "I am glad," said Freda simply. "How glad are you?" he whispered boldly.

"Very glad," admitted Freda. "I am thinking of buying a chicken farm. Do you like the country?" asked Ira.

"I'm a country girl. I'm a maid in the city," sighed Freda.

At that moment it entered Ira Bump's head that a chicken farm would be very lonesome and dull indeed if Freda Lindsay was not there with her sweet, sympathetic smile and her quick appreciation of everything he said and did. It would be very pleasant to have a little wife to adore one—to buy pretty frocks for her, to have her waiting for him at the door.

Immediately Ira Bump proposed to Freda Lindsay. He discovered that he loved her. Was not his remembering the pink voile proof?

Freda confessed that she loved the quiet bookkeeper, and so it happened that they re-entered Mrs. Hecker's front door engaged.

"I must buy you a ring," whispered Ira as they parted on the landing. "What shall it be?"

"A pearl," said Freda softly.

When he was alone in his own room Ira sat down on the edge of the bed and reviewed the events of the past twelve hours.

He had seen the jeweler, and after learning the value of the pearl he had gone to the bank and drawn some money. He had bought the evening clothes—he had always wanted a suit—he had dared to ask Miss Lindsay to go with him, and now they were engaged, and all on account of the pearl.

He thrust his fingers in the pocket where he had put it wrapped in tissue paper.

It was not there—the pocket was empty!

Even then he did not guess the truth. He believed he had mistaken the pocket. But one after another proved to be empty. His pulses leaped with fear as he frantically searched his clothes.

He searched the floor and the stairs and even the lower hall. His clothes were covered with lint and dust when at last he faced his disheveled reflection in his mirror, and the horrible truth was forced upon him that he had lost the pearl!

Like Cinderella, he was shorn of his splendor. He felt himself sinking back into his old routine of dullness, and his spirit rebelled. And there was Freda!

Ira Bump groaned aloud.

He had told Freda about the pearl, and he had given her to understand that he would buy a chicken farm with the proceeds. Now, without the pearl he was not able to promise her very much. He had decided it would take several years longer to save enough money from his salary, and while Freda was waiting some more fortunate fellow might come along and win her away.

"I've got to tell her," he said doggedly as he turned out his light.

Ira did not see Freda the next morning. He ate his breakfast hurriedly and hastened out to put an advertisement in the papers and to search the motorcar he had used the night before.

WANTED
A housemaid, with references. Applying evenings to Mrs. Corby, 166 George street. 24-47.

DIRECTIONS FOR KNITTING

Owing to the many differences that are developing in the product of the various members of the knitting circles, The Ontario republishes the following standard directions which appeared in a recent issue of the Montreal Witness.

Yarns and Knitting Needles.—Owing to the many different names under which yarn is sold, giving little guidance as to weight of yarn or size of needles required, the following information is furnished:—

In order to ascertain the size of yarn, take a one oz. knot or skein and count the strands in it.

Yarn which runs 30 to 36 strands to the ounce is suitable for socks, and would require about No. 13 or 14 needles.

The coarser yarn is generally sold in quarter-pound skein or knots, and runs about 96 strands to the skein, his requires about No. 11 or 12 needles, and makes a heavy sock.

Needles.—All needles, bone, celluloid and steel, are supposed to be numbered according to the same scale. No. 10, for instance, should be exactly the same in steel as in bone.

The standard gauge is Morrell's Bell Gauge, and needles should be tested by being passed through mouth of opening into round hole, with the exception of Nos. 1 to 5, which may be passed through the holes.

Day Socks.—Measurements of finished sock:—Length from top of sock to bottom of heel, 14 1/2 ins. Length of foot, 11 1/2 ins. Length of ribbing, 4 1/2 ins. Length of leg to commencement of heel, 12 inches.

Materials Required.—Six to seven ounce 3-ply Wheeling or 4-ply Finlay goring, 36 or 37 strands; four steel knitting needles, No. 13. This makes a large sock.

Cast on 68 stitches; rib 4 1/2 inches, 2 plain, 2 puri; knit plain 7 1/2 inches (12 inches in all).

Heel.—Knit plain 34 stitches on to one needle; turn, knit back these 34 stitches; turn, knit plain; repeat these two rows (always slipping the first stitch) sixteen times (17 times in all).

With the inside of the heel towards you; puri 19 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 6 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 7 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 8 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 9 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 10 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 11 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 12 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 13 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 14 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 15 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 16 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 17 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Turn, knit 18 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit 1, turn, puri 19 stitches, puri 2 together, puri 1.

Knit the 34 stitches of the front needles (on to one needle). Pick up and knit the 18 stitches at the other side of the heel piece. Divide the heel stitches on to the two side needles and knit right round again to the centre heel.

First needle: knit to within 2 stitches of the front end of side needle, knit 2 together, knit 1. Front needle plain.

Third needle: knit 1, slip 1, knit 1, pull slipped stitch over, knit plain to end of needle. This reducing to be done every other row until there are 69 stitches on the needles. Knit plain until the foot (from the back of the heel) measures 9 1/2 inches.

Watch for



Just

SP

From MEN'S

MEN'S Suits \$2 to \$2.50

MEN'S LIN

MEN'S PA

MEN'S U

MEN'S N

MEN'S 60 of them

MIL

LADIES' BLA

PHILIP

Watch for the Dollar Cards

RITCHIES

The Dollar Cards Indicate Bargains



# Just See What One Dollar Will Buy at Ritchie's FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

For Friday and Saturday of this week we announce Two Big Thanksgiving Dollar Days. When you read this advertisement you will be surprised at how much a Dollar will really buy on these two bargain days. Every item is a real genuine bargain. Save on your autumn and winter needs by buying in this Two Day Sale.



## SPECIALS From the MEN'S STORE

- MEN'S STIFF HATS.** Odd sizes but good styles reg. \$2 to \$2.50 on sale at... **\$1**
- MEN'S LINEN COLLARS.** Odd lines and sizes but all sizes in the lot from 14 1/2 to 17 reg. 15c on sale at... **\$1**
- MEN'S POLICE BRACES.** Regular at 25c on sale at... **\$1**
- MEN'S SILK HOSE.** In Navy, Tan, Wine and Grey, regular 50c PAIR FOR **\$1**
- MEN'S UNDERWEAR.** Heavy ribbed Wool Shirts and Drawers, "Penman's" and "Tiger" brands on sale at per garment... **\$1**
- MEN'S OVERALLS.** With or without Bib in blue stripe or black, special... **\$1**
- MEN'S MOCHA MITTS AND GLOVES.** Wool Pile lined very special at per pair... **\$1**
- MEN'S NIGHT SHIRTS.** Extra large bodied Night Shirts in white or colored Flannelette very special... **\$1**

## Bargains for the BOYS

- Boys' Flannelette Night Gowns.** sizes 12 to 14 and on 2 FOR **\$1** sale at...
- BOYS' WOOL JERSEYS AND COAT SWEATERS.** All colors and sizes from 24 to 32 very special at... **\$1**
- BOYS' TWEED KNICKERS.** Made of a very fine quality in bloomer style sizes 24 to 33 very special for this sale... **\$1**
- BOYS' PJJAMAS.** In a fine quality Flannelette finished with frog on front special per suit... **\$1**
- MEN'S UMBRELLAS.** 60 of them with Gloria cloth top, good assortment of handles **\$1** very special

## MILLINERY

- LADIES' BLACK VELVET HATS.** In Latest New York Style \$1. A large showing just in, in medium sizes, sailor effects and turned up sides, all very new and reg. \$1.50 on sale at... **\$1**
- CHILDREN'S HATS.** In a special showing at \$1 in Tams and various felt shapes, very new styles and some splendid bargains offered.
- MOUNTS.** An assortment of Ostrich and feather mounts that sold regularly up to \$2.50 on sale at... **\$1** (2nd Floor)

## FRONT STORE

- Ladies' Hose 4 pr. for \$1.** An exceptionally good line of "Llama" Cashmere Hose for ladies—just the weight for present wear—sizes 8, 9, 9 1/2 and 10, on sale Friday and Saturday... **4 PRS. FOR \$1**
- 10 yds. Crash Towelling \$1.** A large quantity of fine quality Crash Towelling, plain and red bordered, our regular 12 1/2c quality, on sale at... **10 YARDS FOR \$1**

## 12 yards 10c Flannelette \$1.00

All new goods just in 36 ins. wide in pink, blue or grey stripes, light and dark shades and a quality always sold at 10c a yard, but a leader for Dollar Day at... **\$1**

## 12 yds. for \$1

(Phone orders promptly filled)



## BARGAINS From the MANTLE ROOM

- CORSETS \$1.** A special line of corsets made of a fine French Coutil with 4 hose supporters, aluminum steels, guaranteed not to rust, 5 hooks and a clasp, trimmed with fine embroidery at top with draw string sizes 19 to 30 reg. \$1.50 pr... **\$1**
- CORSET COVERS.** In a large number of attractive styles, trimmed with very fine embroidery and lace with ribbon run through beading, sizes 34 to 42 regular 75c **2 FOR \$1** for
- LADIES' UNDERWEAR.** Vests and Drawers in a good winter weight in white and natural, good sizes on **2 SUITS \$1**
- NATURAL WOOL VESTS AND DRAWERS.** In all sizes—2, 3, 4 and 5 vests and both styles of drawers, good large well-fitting garments on **\$1** sale at...
- LADIES' FLANNELETTE DRAWERS.** Well made of a good quality striped Flannelette **4 PAIRS FOR \$1** very special at
- UNDERSKIRTS.** Satin, Taffeta and Moire Underskirts, in black and colors broken lines worth up to \$1.50, on **\$1** sale at...
- BLOUSES \$1.** Voile, silk and crepe Blouses in black, white and colors—any of them worth double the **\$1** price
- SWEATER COATS.** Odd lines of Ladies' and Misses' Sweater Coats in grey, navy and white on sale at each... **\$1**
- HOUSE DRESSES.** Well made of splendid quality prints, percales and gingham in dark and light patterns, sizes 34 to 42 reg. \$1.50 on sale at... **\$1**
- KIMONOS \$1.** Ladies' long wrappperete Kimonos in good styles, regular **\$1.35 \$1** on sale
- WHITE MIDDIES.** Ladies' White Middy Blouses, long sleeves, sailor collar, made of extra quality Lonsdale Jean trimmed with braid, sizes 16 to 40, regular \$1.50 for... **\$1**
- LADIES' NIGHT GOWN.** Ladies' Night Gowns, made of heavy striped Flannelette, good sizes 58 and 60 **2 FOR \$1** on sale at...
- FLANNELETTE GOWNS.** Made of good quality white or pink Flannelette in a large number of styles, regular and O.S. **\$1** sizes, reg. \$1.50 for
- CHILDREN'S NIGHT GOWNS.** White Flannelette Gowns in white, splendid quality for ages 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 years **2 FOR \$1** on sale at...

## 1.25 Messaline Satin \$1 yd. 60c Wool Serges, 2 yds. \$1

Just the right weight for Dresses and Blouses and here's your chance to save—36 inches wide, in black only; regular \$1.25, on sale at... **\$1**

All Wool British Serges, 42 inches wide, in all the leading shades, including Black and Navy, a splendid quality and regular 60c, for 2 yards for **\$1—4 yards for \$2.** etc.

## HOME FURNISHINGS

- \$1.25 Lace Curtains \$1.00** Nottingham overlook stitched edge Lace Curtains in very attractive Bungalow patterns, 45 to 60 inches wide and 2 1/2 to 3 yards in length; regular \$1.25, for per pair... **\$1**
- \$1.35 Bed Spreads \$1.00** Very fine Crochet Bed Spreads in sizes 60x80 inches, nicely trimmed ready for use; splendid quality and regular \$1.25 to \$1.35, for only **\$1** each.
- CUSHIONS \$1.** Heart shaped Cushions with extra quality capoe filling and covered with a fine quality figured and plain satin, regularly \$2.00 to **\$1** \$3.00, at each
- PRINTED HEARTH RUGS \$1** Japanese printed Hearth Rugs in light and dark colors, sizes 36 ins. x 72 ins., just the thing for bedrooms and halls and kitchens, **\$1** regular \$1.50 for only

## WATCH FOR THE DOLLAR DAY CARDS

# The RITCHIE Company Limited

### POSTAL BUSINESS FALLS.

Drop of One-third is Seen in Volume Since Tax Was Fixed.

Since the imposition of the war tax on letters and postcards, records of the Post Office Department show that the volume of mail matter posted in Canada has decreased nearly one-third. The actual result of this tax is therefore proved to be exactly as predicted by all the Liberals who took part in the budget debate at the last session of Parliament.

### War Tax Brings Small Increase.

The Minister of Finance declared in his budget speech that he had estimated that the war tax would add something over fifty per cent. to the post office revenues. The first four months of the war tax showed an increase in revenue of about \$1,100,000 in the post office department, but it is admitted that a very large part of this increase was due to the purchase of ordinary postage stamps to be affixed to cheques, money orders, drug packages, etc., all of which are subject to the added war tax. The actual increase in net revenue of the Post Office Department is therefore very small. Just how small it is can never be definitely known, for the reason that so many postage stamps have been and are still being used for these other purposes.

### Results Disappointing.

The war taxes imposed by the Minister of Finance were estimated by him to yield an additional revenue of between twenty-five and thirty million dollars in the current year. The indications so far are that the total of these taxes will not amount to one-quarter that sum.

### Might Have Been Expected.

In view of the complete failure of the postage war tax to yield the revenue expected by Hon. Mr. White, it is interesting to recall that prior to 1896, when the Laurier Government came into power, the domestic rate of postage in Canada was three cents. When Sir William Mulock, then Postmaster General, brought in a measure providing a two-cent rate (including penny postage to Great Britain when the rate had previously been five cents), he was vigorously assailed by the Conservatives who pointed out that the Post Office Department had never paid its way and that the reduction in the rate would mean ruinous deficits. Sir William replied that he was convinced that the very opposite would be the result; that the lowered rate would increase the volume of postal business so as to bring revenue above expenditure. The result absolutely justified his prediction and proved the wisdom of the reduction. The adoption of the two-cent rate put the Post Office Department of Canada on its own feet for the first time in its history, simply because of the tremendous increase in business encouraged by the lower rate. It is not at all surprising, therefore, that the return to the three-cent rate, under the guise of a war tax, has proved altogether disappointing.

### POLITICS AND CONTRACTS.

#### D. A. Thomas Speaks Plainly Regarding War Orders.

Canadians who are sensitive about the honor of their country and jealous of her reputation in the eyes of the rest of the world, especially other parts of the British Empire, are often times do not like to hear the truth told publicly. At the same time it is often a good thing to hear the truth from an outsider who is able to see things from the outside. Such a man is Mr. D. A. Thomas, the representative in Canada of the British War Office, sent here some months ago to look into what Canada is doing and can do in the production of munitions of war. Mr. Thomas has been in all parts of Canada, in every industrial centre from Atlantic to Pacific, and he has been in particularly close touch with the Federal Government at Ottawa. He should therefore know as much as any man about the way in which the placing of war orders in Canada is being handled by the Borden Government. He was interviewed at Montreal recently, and spoke quite optimistically about the help which Canada can render to the Empire in the production of war supplies. "But he had another observation to offer, and being himself a trained politician with a record of 23 years in the British House of Commons, it should carry just that much more weight. Mr. Thomas is quoted as saying:

#### A Bad Thing for Canada.

He believes that there is more "politics" in Canada at the present time than there is in England, and that it is a bad thing for Canada. Big political interests here, at the present juncture, who are intimately connected with manufacturing concerns, are out after orders. Orders come first—the making of munitions being a secondary outcome. Mr. Thomas repeated that it was a bad thing, but adds that so far as he was able, the British taxpayer came first, and that much as he liked to see the golden stream pouring into Canada, to the benefit of our industries and individuals, that he was guided by no other thought.

#### Soldiers Dig for Gold.

Australian miners are digging for gold in the trenches on Gallipoli peninsula. They were surprised at the similarity of the Gallipoli ground to the Australian gold fields, and their sharp eyes soon discovered traces of the yellow metal. In their spare time the miners built rude placer outfits on the seashore and began washing for gold. They found it, and now the Australian troops with mining experience are passing every minute when not fighting the Turks in washing clay, which is brought to the shore from a half a mile inland. One soldier made \$5 in four hours.

#### Flattery is the salt we sprinkle on the tail of vanity.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Sayers, Phillipston visited at Mr. M. Jones' on Sunday last. Miss Leah Gilbert is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Picton, Wellington, and Fuller. Mrs. Simpson spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. G. Vanderwater.

## AGED FRANZ JOSEF A PITIFUL FIGURE

### Tragedy Has Dogged Footsteps of Austrian Emperor.

#### HE IS NOW EIGHTY-FIVE

During His Sixty-seven Years on the Throne the Ruler of Austria Has Lost Those Nearest to Him by Every Sort of Tragedy—His Own Mother Tried to Debase Him.

**F**RANCIS JOSEPH, Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, has just turned eighty-five, and he is completing the last months of a reign of sixty-seven years. Not for thirty centuries, since the great Rameses reigned in the land of the Pharaohs, also for sixty-seven years, has there been a sovereign who has been so long in actual possession of a throne. Not in the whole of the history from the remotest days can there be found the record of a sovereign who has been longer and more intimately acquainted with grief.

One must not pass judgment upon the Francis Joseph of to-day and the empire which is the expression of his own individuality without looking backward to both of them when he is in 1848, a remote date to the present generation, celebrated his eighteenth birthday as a careless, light-hearted



EMPEROR FRANZ JOSEPH.

youth. True, the soldiers of the Russian Czar were then in Hungary, invited there by Francis Joseph's uncle, the Emperor Ferdinand I, in order to quell the revolution which Kossuth had started in the name of liberty, and the brave Hungarians were laying down their lives rather than submit to Hapsburg tyranny. The dungeons of Hungary and Bohemia, of Naples, Venice, Lombardy, and Tuscany were full of men whose only crime was the determination to break the shackles of that same Hapsburg tyranny. The gallows were busy sending thousands more to death. But Prince Metternich was Prime Minister and the master in Vienna, and Francis Joseph, the boy of eighteen, had been reared to regard such things as of small consequence.

The divine right of kings to send liberty-loving subjects to the prisons or to the gallows had been instilled into the boy's mind until he believed it to be as unalterably true as the tenets of his Catholic religion.

A few months after the boy's eighteenth birthday, Metternich fled from the country to save himself from the fury of the outraged people. The Emperor Ferdinand, abdicated. Francis Joseph had a crown placed upon his head, the legacy which his father, the next heir after Ferdinand, had refused to accept.

But his mother, the Archduchess Sophia, had manoeuvred to have her son made Emperor merely as a figure-head. She was to govern the empire, another Catherine the Great, a Marie Theresa, or a Queen Elizabeth. To employ every possible means to debase and debauch the son and thus make him incapable of ruling was the deliberate plan of the mother, as glibly a crime as a Nero's or a Borgia's.

It was hideous enough, yet it was merely another letter added to those of inheritance and fate which claimed Francis Joseph in a bondage more cruel than that of the most tortured and proscribed patriot in his empire. His whole after life can be viewed as one struggle after another, conscious and subconscious, toward freedom of body and soul, in which he accepted the things which came as the scourings of God through which his eyes were to discern more clearly the path of truth and righteousness. Sorrows in every guise, accompanied by dishonor and disgrace; disappointment in every form touching the hopes which were dearest, loss in territory and sovereignty, attended by humiliations the most deeply charged with anguish to the haughty Hapsburg mind—they broke his heart and bent his shoulders, but they liberated his spirit and sent it forth chastened, sweetened, and humbled, to seek comfort and solace in the love of his people.

Searching for domestic happiness, he chose a bride who could give him nothing that he could desire but her love. In middle age, when Francis Joseph and his Empress were just learning to be friends, she was foully murdered by an Italian Anarchist.

Francis Joseph's only son, brilliant, accomplished, and fascinating, committed suicide under circumstances which degraded his name and defamed his exalted position.

**PHILLIPSTON.** The autumn is spreading its bright hues over the country, which shows we were again visited by Jack Frost Mrs. Will Carter and daughter Edna spent Sunday the guests of the former's daughter, Mrs. Posthall. Rumor says a wedding soon.

Miss Edna Carter has returned home after visiting a week with Mrs. Snider. Misses Nellie and Jessie Moreau after visiting a couple of weeks with their sisters in Toronto have returned home were Rally Sunday but on account of the heavy rain the meeting was postponed. Mrs. Burd Phillips and daughter Mamie were several days visiting relatives at Moira. The strong winds on Sunday did considerable damage throughout this place.

**CARMEL.** Our pulpit on Sunday was occupied by Rev. Anderson, of Belleville, who gave a very interesting address. Miss F. Simmons, Johnstown, is staying a few days with her sister, Mrs. B. Fitzman. Mr. and Mrs. Derbyshire spent Sunday at Mr. B. Howe's. Mr. and Mrs. T. Houliker and Mrs. Nellie spent Saturday at Mr. B. Fitzman's.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Sayers, Phillipston visited at Mr. M. Jones' on Sunday last. Miss Leah Gilbert is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Picton, Wellington, and Fuller. Mrs. Simpson spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. G. Vanderwater.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Sayers, Phillipston visited at Mr. M. Jones' on Sunday last. Miss Leah Gilbert is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Picton, Wellington, and Fuller. Mrs. Simpson spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. G. Vanderwater.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Sayers, Phillipston visited at Mr. M. Jones' on Sunday last. Miss Leah Gilbert is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Picton, Wellington, and Fuller. Mrs. Simpson spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. G. Vanderwater.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Sayers, Phillipston visited at Mr. M. Jones' on Sunday last. Miss Leah Gilbert is spending a couple of weeks visiting friends in Picton, Wellington, and Fuller. Mrs. Simpson spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. G. Vanderwater.

# The Weekly Ontario

Aurion & Herity, Publishers

The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

## FREEDOM OF THE SEAS.

The Philadelphia Public Ledger, one of the best informed of American newspapers, pays a fine tribute to the British Navy. It says:

"After thirteen months of fighting on land, with the Teutonic Powers still holding all they have gained, the main hope of the Allies rests upon their control of the sea. While they retain that they cannot be defeated, humanly speaking, nor can their enemies win. Their navies, and more particularly the British Navy, have saved the day. Those impatient critics who ask what Great Britain has done in this war, what service she has rendered comparable with the sacrifices of France and Russia, have only to look to the North Sea for an answer."

It is this command of the seas that the British Navy has attained that Germany, would have the United States remove through objection to the stoppage of neutral supplies going to Germany. The unreasonableness of Germany's claim is obvious. As the Public Ledger puts it:

"Meanwhile Germany, having failed to gain this command, demands the freedom of the seas. The phrase is meaningless in time of peace, when no one questions their freedom. The expansion of German commerce is enough to prove that. Before the war German ships called unhindered at British ports and all others. What Germany really asks is that her military power shall not be balanced by the naval power of other nations. That is to say, she would have Great Britain and the United States as well, deprived of their neutral means of defence. An army should be unhampered in its operations, but a navy should be made helpless. If the German fleet has defeated the British fleet would such a demand ever have been made? The German mind has been strangely perverted by the new logic of necessity. It confounds cause and effect; it argues on the post hoc propter hoc assumption. The command of the sea in time of war is no denial of the freedom of the sea in time of peace. The German flag would still be flying on every ocean had not Germany rashly challenged the sea power of Great Britain. It is well for the freedom of the world that the challenge has been so successfully met."

## BRINGING ARMENIANS TO AMERICA.

The Turk still persecutes the Christian Armenians, as he had done from time immemorial. And the present persecution is said to surpass all previous atrocities.

It is estimated that since last April from 300,000 to 700,000 Armenians have died from massacres, starvation and disease. The Turkish Government has been carrying out a systematic and heartless deportation, seemingly, with the purpose of destroying the race. In extensive regions the whole Armenian population has been expelled, women have been outraged, and sent to Turkish harems, men and boys have been driven into deserts, families have perished by thousands of hunger and exhaustion.

The Government gives the specious excuse that "the Armenians are spies and revolutionists." But when the Austrian Ambassador asked Enver Pasha, the Turkish War Minister, why they were so cruelly treated, he replied, "Because it amuses us."

The American Ambassador has interested himself in the matter and proposed a plan to solve the Armenian problem once and for all. He suggests bringing the surviving Armenians to the United States and settling them on vacant land.

"The United States," he says, "might be the Moses to lead the Armenian people out of bond-

age. They could be put in the unsettled regions of the Western States, in parts of Washington, Eastern Oregon, Idaho, Nevada and California. They are a clean, industrious, intelligent race, the best class of immigrants, farmers and laborers, eager for education."

He has asked and received the approval for his plan, and submitted it to Washington, but no action has yet been taken.

Ambassador Morgenthau suggests that each state needing settlers raise a fund and send a ship to Asia Minor to bring the Armenians. It might cost as much as \$5,000,000 altogether. There are 500,000 who need help, he says, and they could be brought to America for \$100 apiece.

It would be a great and worthy act of philanthropy. It remains to be seen, however, whether any of the States will turn philanthropists. If the race is saved by deportation to America, it will probably be through private generosity.

## EFFICIENCY WORTH WHILE.

Grand Old Dr. Johnson once said: "In all our getting of knowledge, may the Good Lord help us to get the knowledge that's worth having." In the midst of the present tremendous conflict involving as it does the freedom of the Empire, and indeed, the liberty of the world, we may well exclaim: "In all our efforts to be efficient, may the Good Lord help us to be efficient in the things that are worth while."

Efficiency for the fight in which our Canadian troops are now engaged, and for the later fight in which their comrades now in training will soon take part. Efficiency, in other words, on the part of Canada, for the great ordeal through which she has to pass. We must not forget that Canada has her place in a concerted Empire movement. That movement has for its supreme attainment the crushing of a dangerous militarism bent not only on our own destruction, but on the domination of the world. That is the issue with which we are face to face today. Obviously, then, the only efficiency which is worth while is the efficiency which will enable us successfully to accomplish that task. It is to the need of this efficiency that we would yet again direct the attention of the Government.

Canada is not one whit concerned at present about any other form of efficiency. Ominous signs are visible that the chief anxiety of the Government is the duration of its place in power. The tenor of the Conservative press leads us to conjecture that the leaders of that party are spending more time and thought on the question of their efficiency to carry another General Election than on the country's efficiency to prosecute another year of war. This, we are persuaded, is not efficiency worth while. Party politics, party preferences and party "pull" have been at work with hideous results during the last twelve months.

The startling revelations about boots and binoculars, field dressings and horses, are quite sufficient evidence of the Government's efficiency along that line. The Montreal Herald recently quoted Mr. D. A. Thomas, who was in Canada on behalf of the British War Office to superintend the placing of orders for ammunition, as saying:

"But political interests here, at the present juncture, who are intimately connected with manufacturing concerns, are out after orders. Orders come first, the making of munitions being the second outcome. It is a bad thing for Canada."

This is, to our mind, a highly discreditable state of affairs for Mr. Thomas to report to the Imperial authorities in London. It does not appeal to us as being efficiency worth while. Viewed in the light of mere party expediency it does, however, provide an admirable illustration of pure Tory efficiency.

What we really stand in need of at this present hour, in the midst of a crisis involving all our future, is a Dominion-wide efficiency both of thought and action. That alone is worth while, and that alone will see Canada through this war with credit to herself and to the great Empire of which she forms no inconsiderable part. It rests with Premier Borden to start in operation this campaign of true efficiency throughout the country and knit and unite the Dominion to whole-hearted, efficient and concerted action. There is a whole year, a year fraught with momentous issues, before an election need be discussed. The way is perfectly clear. Let the Premier set the country at rest on the question of a General Election, then let him grasp the proffered hand of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and with party programmes dropped, and wrangling electioneering swept aside, Canada will be free to render efficient service to the Empire's cause, which is the common cause of all the world. This will be efficiency that is worth while.

One hundred out of 350 pupils in a Kansas

high school, in reply to a question by one of the staff, declared they had never seen a saloon.

An American surgeon is quoted by the New York Independent as saying that rats destroy \$100,000,000 worth of food products in the United States every year.

An Act passed by the Illinois Legislature at last session provides for the construction of an eight-foot channel connecting the Chicago draining canal with the Illinois River, thus forming a direct water route from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico by way of the Mississippi River.

A few weeks ago the New York Sunday Sun published a letter questioning man's immortality. Since then columns of space have been given by the same journal to other letters on the same topic, and still only a respectable fraction of the letters received have been published. "No single topic suggested by the tremendous events of the greatest war the world ever saw," it says, "has brought to The Sun so many letters during the same time as this eternal mystery of man's destiny."

Stuttgart, which the French aviators recently bombarded, is a city of 300,000 inhabitants, and the headquarters, in peace times, of the Thirteenth Army Corps. Architecturally it is one of the most attractive cities in Germany, though most of its buildings are modern. The Royal Palace, built in the baroque style and finished in 1807, is the most important secular building in Wurtemberg in the eighteenth century. It is about 300 yards from the railway station, which was also bombarded, and about half that distance from the Stifts-Kirche, the most famous church of the capital, dating from the fourteenth century. The Royal Palace is used by King William II. only for court functions. His residence, the Wilhelms-Palast, is, however, within 200 yards of it. The Old Palace, built in the later part of the sixteenth century, is just across the street from the Royal Palace.

The appointment of officers to the Battalions which are being raised for overseas service, especially to posts which demand large experience and technical knowledge, is a matter in which the public are deeply concerned. They have the right to expect and demand that when our sons volunteer for service, and go to the front, in the service of their King that the men who are placed over them shall be the most competent men available.

When a regiment goes to the front it is not engaged in any child's play, or any mere adventure. It is going to do men's work, and it should go under the most capable leadership which can be provided. Commissions and appointments should not be bestowed as a matter of favor or through political influence. The only test should be merit, and the only considerations are capacity and the qualities of leadership. No man should be entrusted with the grave responsibilities of handling or caring for a body of men in a life and death struggle merely because of "political pull."

It is evidence of the confidence which the American people repose in Lord Bryce that the leading newspapers of the United States at once accepted the special appeal which he has addressed to Americans in behalf of the plundered and butchered Armenians, as worthy of their earnest attention. It is indeed a tragic situation. A whole race is being martyred by the Turks. Christian people are massacred literally by the hundred thousand, and women and children are being carried off to a wretched captivity. American charity has been called on very heavily in aid of the Belgians, the Poles, the wounded of the various armies and other causes in connection with the war. "But," says the Boston Transcript, "we have still the power to send some aid to these Armenians, whose sufferings may be the greatest of all. The barbarities which Lord Bryce relates are almost incredible; but is not any atrocity believable of the Turk? Armenian women and children have been thrown alive into the sea at Trebizond. Let us hope that the war will end in such a manner that the power of the unspeakable Ottoman to wreak such barbarities will be gone forever."

One of the peculiar developments of the war is found in the case of a man known as Ignatius Lincoln. This man was born either in Austria or Germany, apparently of Jewish ancestry, but he removed to England and changed his name, eventually being elected to the British House of Commons. Later on he was given a position in connection with the British censorship in secret service, and used that position to furnish information to the German war authorities. He also got into financial difficulties, and to escape these went to the States. There he was arrested, at the instance of the British Government, and extradition asked for. Lincoln resisted extradition on the ground that, while the British Government nominally wanted him for trial on a criminal charge arising out of his financial irregularities, he was really wanted as a spy. The

United States has nevertheless ordered his extradition.

Another peculiar case is that of one Boyes. Boyes is of English parentage but was born in Germany, and on the outbreak of the war was in Peru engaged on railway work. He left there to join the German army but turned aside to the United States and assisted the Austrian and German representatives in that country in fomenting trouble in American factories having contracts for the supply of munitions for the Allies.

These are not the only peculiar cases arising out of the war. A relative of Admiral Sturdee was an officer in the German squadron which Sturdee destroyed off the Falkland Islands. A Chamberlain, of English birth and resident in Germany, is one of the chief literary defenders of the German cause, and Lord Milner, of German ancestry, is one of the strongest of British Imperialists. The mix-up in the royal families of the nations at war afford more remarkable cases still.

## A CANADIAN TO HIS PARENTS.

Mother and Dad, I understand  
At last why you've forever been  
Telling me how that way-off land  
Of yours was Home; for since I've seen  
The place that up to now was just a name  
I feel the same.

The college green, the village hall,  
St. Paul's, the Abbey, how could I  
Spell out your meaning, I whose all  
Was peaks that pricked a sun-down sky  
And endless prairie lands that stretched below  
Their pathless snow?

I've heard of world-wide chains that bind  
So tight that she can scarcely stir,  
Till tired Old England drops behind  
Live nations more awake than her  
Like us out West. I thought it all was true  
Before I knew.

But England's sure what she's about,  
And moves along in work and rest,  
Too big and set for brag and shout,  
And so I never might have guessed  
All that she means unless I'd watched her ways  
These battle-days.

—London Daily News

## THE MAN WHO WON'T.

Don't you feel a little lonesome when you walk  
The "city" street,  
And read the signs that are really meant for  
you,

Don't you feel a little shameful when at every  
step you meet  
A lad that's dressed in "khaki" eyeing you;  
Have you chosen to ignore them? have you stooped  
to count the cost?

In future years you'll figure up the toll,  
You'll have earned the name of slacker, and the  
chance that you have lost  
Will mark the desolation of your soul.

Don't you think 'twill be forgotten, no matter  
where you are,

The question to be answered first of all  
Will be "What was the battalion that you served  
with at the war?"

Can you tell them that you never heard the  
call.

Why, there's some men who are longing to take  
that trip to France

But are hampered, age or sickness foil the plan  
I can bring them by the dozen, who'll go with  
you on the chance,

If 'tis only just to help you play the Man.

You're at work in store, or office, there are girls  
to do your job,

Another payroll's waiting for your name,  
There are comrades looking for you; there are  
medals for your job,

There are honors that are waiting for your  
claim,

If it's dying you are scared of, well, you have to  
die some day,

You're bound to live through your allotted  
span,

And if old Death should claim you could you find  
a better way

Than meeting him, a "Soldier and a Man?"

You'll be first to do the shouting at the finish of  
the war,

You'll be standing 'mid the women with a flag;  
You'll be cheering for the Empire as you never  
cheered before,

And forget the days your knees were on the  
sag.

Then you'll go back to the office, the workshop  
or the store,

To find you pay check waiting with the "can."  
The smiling boss will tell you "You're not want-  
ed any more,"

(The job you held is handed to a Man.)  
—Frederick H. Bailey.

## OFFICIAL BLINDNESS.

The Post Office Department of Canada, it appears from a statement in a Toronto paper, has undertaken to censor all foreign mail matter directed to Canadian newspaper offices. The ostensible purpose is to bar pro-German literature.

Such an order might be fitly described as an insulting reflection on the intelligence and patriotism of the Canadian press, were it not that there is the alternative of regarding it merely as an ordinary act of official stupidity. The press of Canada has already done more than all the censorship the Government could employ in meeting, exposing and nullifying the pro-German campaign. To any one at all familiar with the facts it might appear that from the British point of view the very best thing to do with a pro-German appeal would be to send it to a newspaper office. That the press of the country, having rendered such an important service to the cause of patriotism by its exposure of the pro-German methods and motives, should be singled out for Government supervision, as if it were under suspicion either as to its loyalty or its intelligence, would be incomprehensible were it not that we are all so well accustomed to the rule of incapacity in Government Departments.

There is plenty of work for the censorship. The German propagandists continue to prosecute their campaigns in this country, and they continue to use the mail service of the Post Office Department; but they do not carry on their work by means of the Canadian press. They know enough for that, and it is only on rare occasions that the attempt is made. They devote their attention to private individuals, and to communities where the influence of Canadian newspapers is not expected to be very strong. Time and again the attention of the Government has been called to the circulation of pro-German publications in this country, some of them disguised as church papers, some of them disguised even as educational papers, but all engaged in the pro-German campaign. Some of these papers have found their way into the public libraries in certain parts of the country, and we have the assurance of Prof. Riethdorf that he was astonished at the subtlety of the arguments he heard from the mouths of men of very ordinary education, until he traced them to the German papers publicly exposed on the reading table of the public libraries. If the Government is not aware of such facts it is not because it has not been warned.

There is another side of this question. If the arguments of the pro-German propagandists are to be met and disposed of, the work must be done by the Canadian press. There is no other means by which the Canadian people can be reached. But how are Canadian newspapers to deal with the matter of the German propagandists if they are not allowed to know what it is?

Altogether it might seem that if a prize had been offered for the best exhibition of official incompetence in any Government department, intelligence itself could not have suggested a more likely prize-winner than this new experiment in censorship.

## WHERE IS B. HEPPBURN, M.P.

A few years ago the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co. operated freight boats from Brighton wharf and carried cheese, apples and other freight in quite large quantities to and from this dock. In former years nearly all fall apples were shipped by boat from this port and cheese from at least two factories were shipped from Brighton on R. & O. boats, while several grocers received nearly all their freight via the same route.

The Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Co. was absorbed in the merger which formed the Canada Steamship Co. and for some reason boats no longer call at this wharf for freight, even when perishable freight is waiting on the dock. Last summer a gentleman from Morganston brought two loads (47 barrels) of snow apples to Brighton to ship via steamboat. They lay on the wharf for a week and then he came with his wagons and drew them away again to ship in some other way. This year a load of cheese was brought to Brighton to be shipped by boat to Belleville, but the steamer failed to call for them and the shippers for forced to draw them away again. Again these same parties delivered cheese at Brighton wharf for shipment to Belleville and again the Canada Steamship Co. left the cheese on the dock. This time the shippers notified the buyers in Belleville of the facts and the steamer Brockville came up and got the cheese. Needless to say there has been no cheese shipped by boat service.

The shippers in this vicinity know that the new steamship company does not want their business and so have ceased offering any freight for transportation but it seems a pity that one of our greatest natural advantages must be of no use to us in a commercial way.—Brighton Ensign.



Seasonal Special S

75c Underskirts, Grey, Brown  
\$1.00 Underskirts—Cerie and W serviceable S

Other values on S

LADIES' SILK WA to \$5.75 value up-to-date wa

Children's Soft W only

Ladies' Fine White and 47—worth

Children's Sweate samples. Y

Ladies' and Men's prices ranging

Horse Blankets— prices on blan

McINT

Established 18

OUR I

Present a degr patterns,

We En

S.

N.B.—Fur Alter possible price

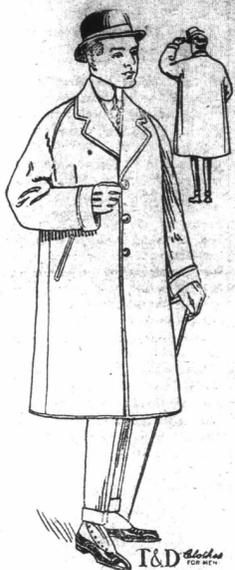
Ele

Not

THE SMIT

HAVE THE TO Y

# The Same Old Prices on Clothing



Anyone who reads knows of the tremendous advance in price of all lines of clothing. But-not one single garment in our store has advanced. In some cases we have had to pay a little more, but we are taking this loss ourselves.

## Our Customers

and their good will are our first consideration, and woollens will have to go a tremendous price before we make any advance.

Suits and Overcoats for men  
and boys as cheap as ever

# Oak Hall

## Seasonable Merchandise at Most Reasonable Prices

Special Sale of Ladies' Fine Underskirts at the Half Price Mark

75c Underskirts, extra special, 35c and 40c. Colors Green, Blue Grey, Brown and Black.  
\$1.00 Underskirts only 50c. Comes in several colors—Green, Black, Cerise and White, with French knife edge pleating. Extra good serviceable Skirt—very special only 50c.  
Other values on sale at \$1.09 to \$1.99  
LADIES' SILK WAISTS at prices away below their regular value. \$2.25 to \$3.75 values to clear out. at once at only \$1.99. These are all up-to-date waists and come in several pretty shades.  
Children's Soft White Pyjamas, made of good strong material, only 50c.  
Ladies' Fine White Flannel Night Gowns, great values at 80c, 75c and 97c—worth double this money.  
Children's Sweater Coats, Half Price and Less—from 50c to 85c—all samples. You'll find great values here for little money.  
Ladies' and Men's Sample Sweater Coats at prices amazingly low—prices ranging from 75c to \$5.00.  
Horse Blankets—Great value here. We stand between you and high prices on blankets this year—prices range from \$1.25 to \$3.00.

## McINTOSH BROTHERS

S. A. HYMAN & CO. Makers of Fine Furs  
Established 1870

## OUR LADIES' CLOTH COATS

Present a degree of perfection that you'll appreciate. Rich patterns, carefully tailored, wonderfully styled.  
Prices \$10 to \$22

We Emphasize Our Cordial Invitation to Visit Our Store

S. A. HYMAN & CO. 242 Front Street

N.B.—Fur Alterations and Repairs carefully attended to. Lowest possible prices for satisfactory work.

## Electric Irons \$2.00

Not FANCY, but GOOD

THE SMITH HARDWARE CO.

We Do Plumbing

HAVE THE ONTARIO SENT REGULARLY TO YOUR HOME ADDRESS

## WEDDING BELLS

The following account of the wedding of Mr. Burton Aseltine of Belleville and Miss Hazel Alyea, of Bay City, Mich., was received at The Ontario office some time ago but was unfortunately mislaid. We publish it at this late date knowing it will be of interest to many of our readers. A wedding, beautiful in its appointments of green and white, was solemnized in the Fremont Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, at high noon, when Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Alyea, of 820 Wilson street, gave in marriage their only daughter, Miss Hazel Uza to Burton Aseltine, B.Sc. of Belleville, Ont.

The church was decorated with a high banking of palms and asparagus ferns interspersed with white pedestals surmounted with vases of white asters. While the guests were gathering, Miss Marguerite Newkirk sang, "Beloved is the Home," accompanied by Russell Biggam. Mr. Biggam also gave a delightful organ recital, playing "Wedding Prelude Intermezzo" (Nevin), "Bridal Song from the Wedding Music" (Jensen) and the "Introduction and Bridal Chorus" (Lohengrin (Wagner) for the entrance of the wedding party. Rev. William Dawe, pastor of the Fremont Avenue M. E. church and the groom entered from the right of the chancel and met at the altar rail. Leading the bride party were the maids, Miss Anne Everett, in a pale pink gown of crepe de chene, Miss Gladys Stanley in lavender satin, and Miss Peris Burroughs, whose gown was salmon pink silk poplin and the groomsmen, Messrs. Ed. M. Honey, of Detroit, James Abbott and Paul Eger, the maid of honor, Miss Beulah Morton, gowned in blue and the best man, Arthur Willard.

The maids carried arm bouquets of pink roses and wore Castle caps to match their gowns. The little ring bearers who were dressed in white and carried pretty baskets of white blossoms, were Catherine Willard and Grace Reagan. The flower girls the Misses Charlotte Rumsey, in a frock of pale yellow and Lillian Quast, attired in pale green, scattered rose leaves before the bride, who entered on the arm of her father. The bride gown was of ivory satin, made with a court train and trimmed with seed pearls and hand made Irish point lace. The bride wore a beautiful lavender, the gift of the groom. Her tulle veil was held to the coiffure with orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of brides' roses showered with valley lilies.

At the close of the wedding ceremony, Miss Newkirk sang "Ecce et Mr. Biggam played Mendelssohn's wedding march.

Following the service a reception was held on the home of the bride's parents, Maple Grove, and luncheon was served to 85 guests. The same colors which were characteristic in the gowns and flowers of the wedding party were employed in the house decorations. Asters were used in their many pale shades. Mr. and Mrs. Aseltine left on a wedding trip to Detroit and eastern points. They will reside at 20 Victoria avenue, Belleville, Ont. The bride's mother wore a gown of old rose Princess satin trimmed with hand made Irish lace. Her flowers were pink roses. The mother of the groom was attired in a gown of silk in the ecater shade. Her gown was trimmed with point lace and her flowers were American beauties.

The groom's gift to the maids of the wedding party were pearl set stick pins.

Among the guests were the following from out of town—Mrs. E. Aseltine, of Belleville, Ont.; Messrs. and Mesdames George, William and Edward Alyea, of Prince Edward, Ont.; F. Kishpaugh, of Flint; Mrs. James Berry, of West Branch; Mrs. Rose Cameron, of Cheboygan; Ed. H. Honey, of Detroit.

The boys who blamed the 'movies,' as the inspiration for the theft, were laden down with the following list of plunder, which they have obtained, they said by burglarizing a butcher shop in Norwood, a hardware store in Tweed and by pilfering the contents of a gum machine in front of McMaster's store in the latter town—

- 1 22 cal. Favorite Stevens rifle
- 1 25 cal. Marksman Stevens rifle
- 9 pkgs. 22 cartridges
- 60 25 cartridges
- 200 B B caps
- Bayonet from Ross rifle
- 3 Jackknives
- Bottle white grape juice
- 2 plugs chewing tobacco
- 5 pkgs. smoking tobacco
- Briar pipe and calabash pipe
- 2 pkgs cards
- Pocket searchlight
- 2 hotel checks
- 2 old coins
- Signet 10k gold ring
- Rhinestone plated ring
- Leather purse containing 162 coppers
- Leather purse containing \$5.35 in 5c and 10c pieces
- 2 pair black stockings
- Can-opener
- Boothlaces and ties
- Matches and lead pencils

The boys, especially the younger, did not look to be bad characters, and their criminal tendencies are apparent by the result of reading the Jesse James type of fiction or it may be as they claim, that the motives of their wrong-doing sprang from the desire to emulate the "bad men" of the moving picture shows.—Marmora Herald.

The efficacy of Bick's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Greaves' Worm Exterminator.

## Progressive Politics in Canada.

### WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

War Not Stopping It. At the beginning of the war some people thought women's suffrage would be one of the issues which would drop out of sight for some time. As a matter of fact, however, the movement is gaining ground rapidly.

Alberta and Manitoba. The Alberta Government has announced that a women's suffrage bill will be introduced at the coming session. A similar bill will also be introduced at the first session of the Manitoba Government in Manitoba and the issue is becoming a very keen one in Saskatchewan with prospects of some action very soon.

Its Federal Significance. When the women of the three prairie provinces have full provincial rights of voting and when, as is likely, this will extend to votes in federal elections for provincial lists are used in both contests, a great impetus will be given to the movement for women's suffrage in the provinces where success at present does not seem near for the women of one part of the country will not want to be discriminated against as compared with women in other provinces, in the field of federal as well as provincial politics.

### TEMPERANCE.

Date of Manitoba's Referendum. March, 1916, has been fixed as the date for the referendum on prohibition in Manitoba under the Norris Government. If this referendum carries, Premier Norris announces, no licenses will be issued in Manitoba after the first of May next.

The B. C. Movement. The Peoples' Prohibition Movement in British Columbia is rapidly rounding into shape. A general organizer has been appointed and meetings are being held all over the province.

B. C. Orangemen. The Orange Order in British Columbia is strongly in favor of temperance. A few years ago the Grand Lodge of British Columbia went on record in favor of local option. In February of this year they ask the government to close all bars and shops at six o'clock during the war and it is likely now that the grand lodge will go on record in favor of prohibition in the province.

### POPULAR GOVERNMENT

A Rapid Development. The Liberal executive of British Columbia has just decided in favor of direct legislation, with the initiative and referendum. This movement of recent growth is spreading fast in the west. Alberta and the Norris government will introduce it into Manitoba. Saskatchewan is the only western province which has shown itself apathetic on the question. The vote taken there in 1913 did not bring out a sufficient proportion of electors to put the direct legislation law into effect.

### Frank Criticism

(Special to The Ontario) Toronto, Oct. 5th, 1915.—"In the defect of being blind, small, short-sighted and extravagant and in the view of failure to be as big as its opportunities the provincial administration of Ontario has proved a bigger failure than the civic government of Toronto."

This is about the last straw of criticism for the Ontario government and it comes not from a Liberal, who would almost be afraid of being sued for libel if he said that anything anywhere was half as bad as the civic government of Toronto, but it comes from a Conservative paper, the Toronto Telegram.

Just look at the adjectives employed—blind—small—short-sighted and extravagant.

## Message From Ted Yeomans

We have received the following card from Master Ted Yeomans who was for some time a valued member of the office staff of The Ontario. Ted was one of the first as well as one of the youngest volunteers from Belleville. His graphic letters from the battle-front in France have from time to time appeared in this journal. He has for a long time been working on the very dangerous and responsible position of telephone linesman at the front.

Belgium, Sept. 16th, 1915. Daily Ontario. I suppose you will be surprised to hear from me, but am writing anyway. How is everything at the office? Have there been many changes? I am going to write you a letter as soon as time allows. Hope this finds you well.

Yours,  
Ted Yeomans.

## Mammoth Plums

In our reference to the large plums brought into our office by Mr. Ira C. Badgley of Corbyville, we omitted to mention the size of the largest. It measured 7 inches in circumference one way and 7 1/2 inches the other. The plums were of the Purple Egg variety, and we imagine that with Mr. Badgley they have attained a size that any local grower will find it hard to beat.

## Anglican Clergy In the City

The Bay of Quinte Clerical Union and Rural Deacons meet in the city today and for the next two days.

Miller's Worm Powders never fail. They immediately attack the worms and expel them from the system. They are complete in themselves, not only as a worm destroyer, but as a highly beneficial medicine for children, correcting weak digestion and restoring the debilitated system to healthiness without which the growth of the child will be retarded and its constitution weakened.

## P. J. M. ANDERSON PASSES AWAY

### Succumbed to Paralytic Attack Last Evening—Death Not Unexpected Since Seizure—His Career as Lawyer and Prosecuting Attorney

Peter James Mills Anderson, Crown Attorney for the County of Hastings for the past twenty years succumbed at his home Queen street last evening to the stroke of paralysis with which he was seized on Sunday afternoon about three o'clock. From the time he was smitten, no hope was entertained of his recovery and he lay unconscious until the end.

The late Peter James Mills Anderson was born Oct. 19th, 1847 in the Township of Ramsey, Lanark County, the son of the late Rev. Alexander Anderson and the late Elizabeth Dewar Anderson. He received his early education in the schools at Uxbridge, Colborne and Stirling. He taught in Madoc Normal School for some years before studying law. He was called to the bar in June 1876, began practice as a partner of the late Thomas Holden and became a leader in the legal profession. For over 35 years he had resided in this city. He was for some time a member of the firm of Flint and Anderson. He devoted much attention to municipal affairs and for five years 1887, 1888, 1889, 1891, 1892, sat for Ketcheson ward in the Belleville City Council. He was married in 1882 his wife being Miss Ruth Meudell, youngest daughter of the late W. F. Meudell, collector of customs. In 1894 he was appointed County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace in

succession to the late George E. Henderson. This position he had held ever since, with honor to himself and distinction to the office. Even last week had been a very busy one for him as he had a large number of criminal cases for examination and on Thursday last he had conducted the examination of witnesses at an inquest.

The late P. J. M. Anderson was a member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. He had belonged to the St. Andrew's Society and enjoyed membership in the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In politics he was a Liberal.

Mourning his loss he leaves his widow, three daughters, Mrs. James Douglas Ponton, Edmonton, Mrs. Henry V. Philpott, Edmonton, Miss Jean Meudell Anderson at home, and one son, Capt. Percy Anderson, Shorncliffe, England.

The late Crown Attorney P. J. M. Anderson enjoyed the widest popularity not only among the members of the bar, but among the citizens at large. He was the possessor of the keenest sense of wit and was remarkably successful in his office of prosecuting attorney. His loss is deeply felt by the authorities with whom he came in close contact.

The deepest sympathy is extended to the sorrow stricken family in their sudden bereavement.

## RAINS INTERFERED WITH SUCCESS OF ROBLIN'S MILLS FAIR

Only About One-Fourth Usual Crowd Put in an Appearance—Largest List of Entries in Many Years

The Ameliasburg Agricultural Society held its annual exhibition at Roblin's Mills on Saturday. The weather for several years past had been ideal for the purpose, but this year the weather-man was not in a favorable mood and the showers in the morning with heavy clouds the remainder of the day were successful in keeping at home the usual big crowd that attends. The story is most effectively told by the gate receipts which fell to \$100.25 from more than five times that amount.

The exhibition itself was however a success. The entry list was the largest in many years and reached the splendid total of 2145—a figure reached by a very small number of the rural fairs of Ontario. Not nearly all of the exhibitors turned out owing to the rain but the fine array of choice stock, farm products, fruit, fancy work, etc., gave a reliable hint as to what the fair would have been had normal conditions prevailed.

One redeeming feature of the day was the dinner served by the ladies of the Rednersville Women's Institute in the township hall. The meal was of the highest quality and quantity furnished and served by the best cooks in the world, viz. the ladies of the Township of Ameliasburg. Proceeds in aid of the Patriotic Fund.

- The chief exhibitors who braved the storm were in
- HORSES: Agricultural—Horace Alyea, C. M. Kemp, A. G. Roblin, Jerald Anderson, D. H. Whitney; General Purpose—D. W. Redner, P. B. Hamilton, W. J. Reddick, Walker Adams; Roadsters—Cyrus Fae, F. Weeks, Fred Mahee, P. Johnson; Carriage—C. Parliament, W. H. Morton; Single Driver—J. Herbert Davidson, Wellington Howells, Durwood Conkin.
  - CATTLE: Ayrshires—Dr. File, W. H. C. Roblin; Holstein—A. E. Phillips; Grades—Geo. Cunningham, W. J. Reddick, J. W. Cheate.
  - SHEEP: Wesley Dawson, W. A. Martin and Son, D. H. Whitney.
  - POULTRY: E. S. Waite, C. L. McPaul.
  - GRAIN: Roy Williamson, H. W. Weese, A. M. Weese, C. E. Bouter, M. B. Weese, James E. Glenn, H. G. Stafford.

## LANDINGS.

Department of Canada has issued a statement in a matter directed to offices. The osbar pro-German might be fittingly reflection on patriotism of the it not that there of regarding it of Canada has more than all the ment could eming and authority. campaign. To with the facts from the British best thing to in appeal would newspaper office, country, having portant service tism by the ex-orman methods be singled out vision, as if it either as to its ence, would be it not that we ed to the rule nment Depart-

work for the man propagandists can-ute their cam-ervice of the t; but they do k by means of hey know en- only on rare emp is made. ntion to pri-Canadian news d to be very n the attention been called to German publi- some of them ers, some of s educational d in the pro- me of these pa- way into the ain parts of ve the assur- that he was ty of the ar- the mouths of ution, until rman papers reading table. If the Govern- uch facts it is been warned. e of this ques- s of the pre- s to be met rk must be ress. There is h the Canadi- . But how are deal with the propagandists to know what seem that if a for the best competence in ment, intelli- ve suggested er than this ensorship— low.

## URN, M.P.

ichelleu and operated ghton wharf and other quantities to former years by cheese from were shipped boats, while nearly all route.

ario Naviga- the merger a steamship n boats no for freight ight is wait- mer a gen- ough two w ripples to about. These ek and their and drew p in some a load of ighton to be llo, but the them and draw them same par- Brighton Belleville and hip Co. left his time the ers in Belle- steamer d got the y there has y boat ser-

city know many does and so have ty that one advantage a commo-



# PART OF 39TH BATTALION HAS GONE TO FRANCE

## Others Have Gone to the Dardanelles—This Well Known Local Regiment Being Broken Up to Serve as Reinforcements for Other Canadian Divisions—Interesting Letters From Sergt. Ferguson.

The following very interesting letters have been received by Mrs. Ferguson, Everett street, from her husband, Sergeant J. A. Ferguson, who left Belleville as a private with the 39th Battalion, but who has since been raised to the rank of sergeant.

North Caesar's Camp, Sept. 12.

All the remainder of "C" Company have tomorrow for France to reinforce two battalions also a few men from A, B and D. My recent promotion stood me in good stead as all privates, lance corporals and corporals had to go with this draft, the sergeants only remaining as instructors. We may be here permanently as instructors and we may leave with the next draft as they have acquired a habit of changing orders ever so often. All in C company go to reinforce a killed regiment and this afternoon were all fitted out with their kit and overseas equipment. Some go to the Dardanelles and others to France. The fellows are all parading around in their kit and all the others are making fun of them. They sure do look odd and I wouldn't very much care myself to don the garb of Old Gaul as it is commonly called in Scotland. The 39th will soon cease to exist as a battalion, unless they keep reinforcing the companies from Canada. The men are all in good spirits, and anxious to get in grip with the hated Huns.

Air raids seem to be a daily occurrence around the sea coast towns and often at night I hear the thunder of maxims and big guns and see the flare of the searchlights as they sweep the murky way endeavoring to locate any hostile air craft. Last night a raid was expected as orders were telegraphed from headquarters in London to allow no lights in camp and to make as little noise as possible after 9 p.m. No orders were given to allow a tall spire for the first time since our mobilization the night passed without first post, last post, and lights out, being sounded. A mine exploded near the harbor yesterday and it sounded so close at hand that I thought at first that the Allies' lines were broken through, and the Germans were making good

our lines speaking and chatting to the men and I am sure he is sorry they are going away as they are a well behaved bunch and do their best to keep up the 39th record. I am entitled to cross guns to wear on my tunic for high efficiency in shooting as I am graded as a marksman. I leave that two new companies are expected to arrive any day from Canada. I was speaking to Captain Hudson a few minutes today. I will be able to go on pass possibly Saturday or before if we do not leave for Sandling. I do wish we were in huts as the days are beady cold now and all our clothes are damp now every morning when we start to dress.

## Military Notes

For the first time since the war began, the third division has been asked to make a contribution in the form of a draft of 50 men for the Royal Canadian Dragoons, now at the front. Lieut. Conn, who has been acting A.D.C., to Col. Hemming, has been appointed to command the draft and this afternoon succeeded in securing forty volunteers out of the 39th Battery, which is commanded by Maj. Massey. The men secured are all hand picked and among the finest that can be secured at Barriefield camp, many of them being well known athletes and university graduates. Lieut. Conn expects to get the other ten men in the city. The draft will go under canvas in Barriefield in a week or ten days, preparatory to going overseas.

Major Lowe of the 80th Battalion has taken a house in Belleville with the expectation of the battalion being trained there for the winter. The Major will move his family there in the course of a few days.

All over Barriefield camp everybody seems to know "Charlie" Lowe, and all are pleased to see a Kingston boy in the senior Major of what looks like the making of one of the finest battalions that have so far been raised for overseas service.

Lt-Col. Ketcheson, officer commanding the 80th battalion, takes 30 men to Tweed today on a special train provided by the Canadian Northern Railway Company. The men of the battalion have been taking special physical drill for the occasion under Major George Gillespie, and will give an exhibition at the Tweed Fair. Through the courtesy of Lt-Col. Munro of the 8th C.M.R., the Piper's band accompanies the party. The special train left the city at 8.30 and will leave Tweed for Kingston this afternoon at five o'clock.

Lt-Col. Ketcheson is well known around Tweed, and the people of that section are going to present

## Rifle Association

The Belleville Rifle Club held their monthly spoon competition at the Butts yesterday. Handicap conditions 14 shots at 500 yards. Highest possible score 70. Results:

Name	Score	Hits	Total
X.J. Davidson	60	2	68
A. Harman	65	2	67
C. J. Smith	53	11	64
C. J. Wille	51	13	64
H. Day	61	2	63
D. G. Shuter	61	2	63
J. Douch	63	—	62
W. B. Vandervoort	54	6	60
J. C. Wills	53	4	57
G. D. Gratton	51	4	55
A. R. Symons	47	8	55
H. Sneyd	46	9	55
M. Wright	44	10	54
P. Geen	41	11	52
W. R. Vallance	36	12	48
W. Alford	29	13	41

Winners of silver spoons.

A competition will be held Thanksgiving Day, October 11th, at 200 yards under handicap conditions, 10 prizes. Shooting to commence at one o'clock sharp. Entrance free.

## Recovered Their Horse.

It was traced to Toronto Sales Stables.

Tweed, Sept. 30.—Turcott & Sons came within an ace of being separated from one of their livery horses. The animal was hired out to a stranger under the pretence of driving to Roslin and return, but when he did not put in an appearance within a reasonable length of time suspicion was aroused and the owners of the horse started in hot pursuit by motor car. They traced the rig to O'Brien's bridge, and thence to Foxboro where they learned that a horse and rig answering the description had passed west and that two men and two ladies occupied the buggy. Continuing west they learned at the tollgate at Brighton that the rig had passed there and the trail of the thief led the searching party into Toronto. Enquiry was at once made at the salesstables where the animal was found. Orders were left by the thief that the outfit be sold and that he would call the following day for the sale price, but fortunately Mr. Turcott arrived in time to secure his property before any further move was made and the horse and rig were shipped back to Tweed. The whereabouts of the thief or thieves is yet unknown.

## OBITUARY

**SISTER MARY PHILIP.**

The House of Providence, Kingston, lost a beloved and faithful servant in the person of Sister Mary Philip, who died suddenly in her room at the institution shortly after ten o'clock on Tuesday morning, death being ascribed to heart trouble. Although the deceased had not been enjoying the best of health recently, she was able to attend to her duties. She attended mass in the morning and about ten o'clock went to her room. She sent one of the younger sisters to another part of the building to fulfill some duty and when the sister returned she found Sister Mary Philip lying on the floor. She had fallen from her chair and life was extinct.

Sister Mary Philip was Miss Elizabeth Murray, of Marmora, and was in the 56th year of her life, and received her early education at Belleville. She was a sincere and tireless worker for the cause which she cherished and won the respect and admiration of all with whom she came in contact. She possessed a beautiful personality and was always cheerful and sympathetic and her many kindly deeds will be pleasant memories for those who felt the goodness of her hand and heart. She had been a sister of the House of Providence for thirty-two years and had taught school at Holyoke, Mass., Perth, Annapolis, and at St. John's school, Kingston. For the past two years she had been Mistress of Novices at the House of Providence.

She is survived by a mother, four brothers and three sisters, one of whom is Sister Mary Dominick, of St. Francis Hospital, Smith's Falls.

The funeral took place from the House of Providence chapel this morning at 8.30, where a solemn requiem mass was sung by the archbishop. Interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

## Recruiting and Red Cross

Wellington and Picton gathered in fine force and spirit Tuesday night, filling the large and splendidly decorated hall and listened with manifold pleasure and satisfaction to eloquent speeches by Mr. H. H. Horsey, Nelson, Parliament, M.P., Col. Ferguson, Rev. Dr. Cobb and Col. W. N. Ponton, K.C., but above all to the clear, lucid and penetrating account of the great war as experienced in person by Captain Richard D. Ponton, whose appeal to the members of Prince Edward County was most forceful and convincing. Stirring songs and music by a most efficient chorus, by Miss Anna Ponton of Belleville, Mr. Shurie, Mr. Adams and Rev. Mr. Archer were such appreciated by all and like the speeches expressed clearly the note of victory and service. A handsome sum was realized and the visitors from Belleville were royally entertained.

## Laid to Rest

The funeral of the late David Henry Seeger took place yesterday from his late residence, Ameliasburg, by a very large number of people from all parts of the township being in attendance. The Rev. Mr. Weber conducted service at the house and at Roblin's Mill church. The interment was in Albany cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. L. Coleman, H. Fils, F. Eise, S. D. Fife, Walter Cheate, and Joseph Nightingale.

## Mr. Hess Appeals For the Y.M.C.A.

Mr. Editor—

Doubtless everyone ambitiously engaged in any work standing for the betterment of the community, must, when laying down the responsibilities of leadership, leave some tasks unfinished. I hesitate even now "rushing into print" for fear of being misunderstood, but I do wish that I could stir the public's conscience enough to make the citizens realize that in the face of constant appeals for charitable assistance, patriotic sobriety and church maintenance, the responsibilities of supporting our splendid Y.M.C.A. is left to a comparatively small number. In normal times, the work of the Association requires each year subscriptions of \$4,000.00 in addition to the receipts accruing from membership fees and membership room rentals. There are many, yet hundreds of our splendid citizens who assisted us in providing our fine building and who have apparently not felt that there was needed any more further assistance to maintain it. The fact that some of our members have gone to the front will, this year decrease our usual membership receipts. I want the citizens to realize that their Young Men's Christian Association must have a share of their support and that without it, the Association will be financially embarrassed and its usefulness sorely handicapped. So far, 115 citizens have subscribed toward this far-reaching work, which to day is especially helpful to all our soldiers at all training camps and at the front. Surely there are 500 citizens at least who will encourage the directors by a subscription of some amount. Please do not wait till a very busy man finds time to call upon you, but communicate with the Treasurer, Mr. Chapp. Had I remained, I would like to have called on many to interest them in our work. In the meantime allow me to thank the press and all who have aided in any way and for the confidence and good will which you have so generously and graciously extended to me.

Yours cordially,  
J. L. Hess.

## Showea For the Soldiers

The "comfort" shower for soldiers held in Christ Church parish house yesterday afternoon, was very successful. Mrs. W. J. Brown was in charge. Some fifteen dollars was taken in for the purchase of necessities for the soldiers and large quantities of tobacco, pipes, cigarettes of all kinds, gum, socks and so forth were presented. During the afternoon tea was served to the large number who were present and music was rendered.

## Appointed Grand Sentinel

Mr. Leonard Sharp of Peekskill, N. Y. has been appointed Grand Sentinel of the Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters, at the 92nd annual assembly at Buffalo. Mr. Sharp is a member of Peekskill Council No. 55. He is an old member of Moira Lodge No. 112, A. F. and A. M.

## Black Mexican Corn

Mr. Geo. Carr, market gardener, exhibited on the market today a new variety of corn, named "Black Mexican," which he secured from Mexico. The kernels are large and intensely sweet and so the corn would be fine for eating. The only objection is the color.

## Struck By Auto

An automobile owned by Mr. W. Smith, knocked down a three-year-old boy, named Floyd Russell on James street about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Smith took the little victim to the home of his mother, Mrs. Brown, where a physician attended the child. As far as is known, shock and bruises were the main injuries.

## Fourth Con. Ameliasburg.

The high wind during the recent storm blew off large quantities of apples.

Mr. V. Brown is taking his hay to Belleville where he has disposed of it.

Mrs. A. McConnell and Mrs. G. A. Speer of Wellington are at Mr. A. Speer's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carrigan attended Picton Fair on Wednesday.

Mr. W. Black of Trenton motorized to C. O'Rourke's on Thursday.

Mr. E. Wyott delivered a number of dressed hogs to Belleville on Thursday.

Mr. E. Benson P.S.I. of Picton made his official visit to our school on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Dolan attended the funeral of the late James Kennedy at Wellington Tuesday.

The threshing machine is again making its rounds through the street. Miss, Nellie Rosebush returned to Toronto Monday morning, after a two weeks' visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Parlameh.

## Card of Thanks

Mrs. Ivan S. Hogle and little daughter, Ann S., desire to thank their numerous friends for their many kindnesses and expressions of sympathy in the sad loss of a loving husband and father.

## The Time For Action

(Special to The Ontario.)

Toronto, Oct. 2.—"Does the Government of Ontario know that there is a war on?" was the very pointed question asked by Rev. J. W. Aikens, pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Church here, in the course of an address on the war. What Mr. Aikens objected to was the failure of the Ontario government to take any thorough going steps against the liquor traffic in the province at the present time.

"Consideration" asked Mr. Aikens "is this any time for consideration? In such a crisis must there always be consideration? Does the time for action never come?"

Mr. Aikens contrasted the scene of activity and efficiency at the Niagara Camp and the scene he witnessed in a Toronto barroom, longer, he said, than the Metropolitan church itself and lined three deep with men—a breeding ground of inactivity and inefficiency.

## OAK MILLS

Sept. 28—Mr. J. Kenny of Madoc called on friends here this week.

Miss Lizzie Gullivan of Picton is visiting at her home here.

The heavy wind here last Sunday did great damage to the orchards.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowe of Trenton were Sunday guests of Mrs. R. Chambers.

Mr. S. Denford is out with his horse again this season.

Master Kenneth Stapply has been on the sick list.

Mrs. W. D. Simmons and son Ira of Corteville and Mr. W. Boyd visited friends and attended Stirling Fair last week.

Mr. J. Bronson was in Madoc on Tuesday to see his mother Mrs. M. A. Bronson.

Messrs. J. Gullivan, M. Stapply and B. Andrews motored to Picton Fair.

Mr. Frank Carles has detained the apple packers. They already have packed 140 barrels and are not yet through.

Stirling and vicinity were kept awake on Monday night until a late hour, celebrating the Allies' great victory.

Miss Lillian Bronson had the misfortune to sprain her knee badly last week.

Mrs. R. Lansing of Stirling visited her son Clifford this week.

last week.

Mr. J. Bronson was in Madoc on Tuesday to see his mother Mrs. M. A. Bronson.

Messrs. J. Gullivan, M. Stapply and B. Andrews motored to Picton Fair.

Mr. Frank Carles has detained the apple packers. They already have packed 140 barrels and are not yet through.

Stirling and vicinity were kept awake on Monday night until a late hour, celebrating the Allies' great victory.

Miss Lillian Bronson had the misfortune to sprain her knee badly last week.

Mrs. R. Lansing of Stirling visited her son Clifford this week.

## Showea For the Soldiers

The "comfort" shower for soldiers held in Christ Church parish house yesterday afternoon, was very successful. Mrs. W. J. Brown was in charge. Some fifteen dollars was taken in for the purchase of necessities for the soldiers and large quantities of tobacco, pipes, cigarettes of all kinds, gum, socks and so forth were presented. During the afternoon tea was served to the large number who were present and music was rendered.

## Appointed Grand Sentinel

Mr. Leonard Sharp of Peekskill, N. Y. has been appointed Grand Sentinel of the Grand Council of Royal and Select Masters, at the 92nd annual assembly at Buffalo. Mr. Sharp is a member of Peekskill Council No. 55. He is an old member of Moira Lodge No. 112, A. F. and A. M.

## Black Mexican Corn

Mr. Geo. Carr, market gardener, exhibited on the market today a new variety of corn, named "Black Mexican," which he secured from Mexico. The kernels are large and intensely sweet and so the corn would be fine for eating. The only objection is the color.

## Struck By Auto

An automobile owned by Mr. W. Smith, knocked down a three-year-old boy, named Floyd Russell on James street about four o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Smith took the little victim to the home of his mother, Mrs. Brown, where a physician attended the child. As far as is known, shock and bruises were the main injuries.

## Fourth Con. Ameliasburg.

The high wind during the recent storm blew off large quantities of apples.

Mr. V. Brown is taking his hay to Belleville where he has disposed of it.

Mrs. A. McConnell and Mrs. G. A. Speer of Wellington are at Mr. A. Speer's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carrigan attended Picton Fair on Wednesday.

Mr. W. Black of Trenton motorized to C. O'Rourke's on Thursday.

Mr. E. Wyott delivered a number of dressed hogs to Belleville on Thursday.

Mr. E. Benson P.S.I. of Picton made his official visit to our school on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Dolan attended the funeral of the late James Kennedy at Wellington Tuesday.

The threshing machine is again making its rounds through the street. Miss, Nellie Rosebush returned to Toronto Monday morning, after a two weeks' visit here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Parlameh.

## Card of Thanks

Mrs. Ivan S. Hogle and little daughter, Ann S., desire to thank their numerous friends for their many kindnesses and expressions of sympathy in the sad loss of a loving husband and father.

## The Time For Action

(Special to The Ontario.)

Toronto, Oct. 2.—"Does the Government of Ontario know that there is a war on?" was the very pointed question asked by Rev. J. W. Aikens, pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Church here, in the course of an address on the war. What Mr. Aikens objected to was the failure of the Ontario government to take any thorough going steps against the liquor traffic in the province at the present time.

"Consideration" asked Mr. Aikens "is this any time for consideration? In such a crisis must there always be consideration? Does the time for action never come?"

Mr. Aikens contrasted the scene of activity and efficiency at the Niagara Camp and the scene he witnessed in a Toronto barroom, longer, he said, than the Metropolitan church itself and lined three deep with men—a breeding ground of inactivity and inefficiency.

## OAK MILLS

Sept. 28—Mr. J. Kenny of Madoc called on friends here this week.

Miss Lizzie Gullivan of Picton is visiting at her home here.

The heavy wind here last Sunday did great damage to the orchards.

Mr. and Mrs. Rowe of Trenton were Sunday guests of Mrs. R. Chambers.

Mr. S. Denford is out with his horse again this season.

Master Kenneth Stapply has been on the sick list.

Mrs. W. D. Simmons and son Ira of Corteville and Mr. W. Boyd visited friends and attended Stirling Fair last week.

Mr. J. Bronson was in Madoc on Tuesday to see his mother Mrs. M. A. Bronson.

Messrs. J. Gullivan, M. Stapply and B. Andrews motored to Picton Fair.

Mr. Frank Carles has detained the apple packers. They already have packed 140 barrels and are not yet through.

Stirling and vicinity were kept awake on Monday night until a late hour, celebrating the Allies' great victory.

Miss Lillian Bronson had the misfortune to sprain her knee badly last week.

Mrs. R. Lansing of Stirling visited her son Clifford this week.

# It Is Unwise

to take chances on poor seed. The best is the cheapest—it pays handsome dividends in harvest time.

"Pine Tree" is your guide to the most dependable Timothy Seed obtainable. If you are one of the many successful farmers who insist upon Quality, then "Pine Tree" is what you are looking for. We can supply your requirements.

**Hanley-Netterville Co.**  
329 Front Street

# UNION BANK OF CANADA

Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the Union Bank of Canada, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

Belleville Branch . . . . . J. G. Moffat, Manager  
Picton Branch . . . . . C. B. Beamish, Manager

# THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Established over Forty-one Years

ASSETS OVER \$48,000,000

The A, B, C of Banking

Money Saved is Money Gained.

Never Defer Saving, but Open a Savings Account today.

We solicit your account in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

John Elliott, Manager, Belleville Branch.  
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays.  
Shannonville Branch, open Mondays and Thursdays.  
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays.

# SISTER: READ MY FREE OFFER

I am a woman. I know a woman's trials. I know the need of sympathy and help. If you, my sister, are unhappy because of ill health, and feel that household duties, social pleasures, or daily employment, weigh and tell you just how you suffer, and ask for my free ten days' trial of a home treatment suited to your peculiarities with references to Canadian ladies who gladly tell how they have regained health, strength, and happiness by its use. I want to tell you all about this successful method of home treatment for yourself, your mother, for your daughter, your sister, your wife, your mother-in-law. I want to tell you how to care for your mother. I want to tell you how to care for your wife, at home at trifling cost, and without aid from anyone. Men cannot understand women's sufferings; what we women know from experience, we know better than any doctor; and thousands have proved there is hope even for the hopeless in my method of home treatment. If you suffer from pain in the head, back, or bowels; feeling of displacement of internal organs, bladder weakness, catarrhal conditions, dyspepsia, constipation, or piles, pain in the sides, nervousness, depressed spirits, melancholy, desire to cry, fear of something evil about to happen, creeping feeling up the spine, palpitation, hot flashes, weariness, yellow complexion, or dark circles under the eyes, pain in the left breast or a general feeling that life is not worth living, I write you to send to-day for my complete ten days' treatment entirely free and postpaid. It proves to yourself that these ailments can be easily and quickly conquered at your own home, without the expense of hospital treatment, or the dangers of an operation. Women everywhere are seeking the surgeon's knife by knowing of my simple method of home treatment and health. Tell me if you are worried about your daughter. Remember it costs you nothing to give my method of home treatment a complete ten days' trial, and if you wish to continue, it costs only a few cents a week to do so, and it does not interfere with one's daily work. It is health worth seeking for. Then accept my generous offer, write for the free treatment suited to your needs, and I will send it in plain wrapper by return mail. To save time you can cut out this offer, make the places that tell your feelings, and return to me. Write and ask for the free treatment to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address:

Mrs. M. Summers, Box 87 Windsor, Ontario.

# IS CANADA DOING HER FAIR SHARE?

(Special to The Ontario)

Toronto, Oct. 2.—That Canada was not doing as much in this war in proportion to the other parts of the Empire and that public opinion in Canada would support the government in at least doubling the present number of men, were the propositions laid down by Mr. Rowell during his speech at the open air recruiting meeting in front of the City Hall yesterday.

"The United Kingdom," he said "has under arms 6% of its population. South Africa has 4%, New Zealand 3%, and Australia's 2%. Canada comes last with not quite 2%. If Canada had as many men in proportion to her population as Great Britain instead of the 150,000 she has, she would have 600,000; in proportion to South Africa she would have 300,000; in proportion to New Zealand she would have 250,000 and in proportion to Australia 200,000."

Mr. Rowell repeated what he has said in speeches he has given from coast to coast that personally he saw no reason why Canada should not send as many men in proportion to population as Great Britain. If she did this the number would be 600,000.

"If this is not done," said Mr. Rowell, "surely at any rate it would not be too much to send half the number, or 300,000." Mr. Rowell thought that

If the government would specify definitely the extra number of men which they wanted, no matter how large they make it, the people of Canada would respond to the call.

Hon. Thomas Crawford, Conservative member for West Toronto was another speaker at the same meeting and he referred in complimentary terms to Mr. Rowell's proposal and viewpoint.

**FOXBORO.**

Mr. Wm. Barker is repairing his residence.

There are rumors of a wedding in the near future.

The majority of the American fishermen who have been spending a pleasant summer here have gone home. They report splendid luck, having landed many fine bass.

The canning factory is running full blast.

Mr. Wm. Potter is in our neighborhood filling silos.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sharpe of Oswego, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Martin Foster have returned home.

Mr. Harry Smith is delivering goods with his auto for Mr. Lako, our new store-keeper.

**Surprised His Friends**

Dr. J. J. Robertson of Tweed sprung a surprise on his friends when he returned on Friday clad in khaki. He spent the last two weeks at Barriefield camp qualifying for a captaincy in the Army Medical Corps, which commission he secured, but does not anticipate being called on for active service before May of next year at least.



# CONFIRMATION BY ARCHBISHOP SPRATT AT ST. MICHAEL'S

His Grace, Archbishop Spratt, of Kingston, paid his second episcopal visitation to St. Michael's Parish, Belleville, on Sunday and celebrated the sacrament of confirmation, about seventy boys and girls being admitted to the full privileges of the church. Rev. Father Killen, parish priest, assisted His Grace, and Rev. Father O'Connor chanted the mass. The church was crowded. It is nearly four years since the last confirmation.

The candidates, the girls in white dresses and veils, and the boys with white badges on the left arm, marched from St. Michael's Academy in charge of the lady superior and the sisters. The attendants at the altar, the parish priest and the archbishop in the resplendent robes of his office followed.

The celebration of the mass and the music were most impressive. Confirmation followed, after which His Grace, the Archbishop addressed his former parishioners.

"I feel deeply indebted," he said, "to the people of St. Michael's parish of Belleville, because of the many past favors, which I have received at your hands," and generous correspondence to his wishes during his four years' administration in the parish and above all for the magnificent gifts with which the parish presented him on his departure four years ago. If at all possible he would signify his favor with something tangible, but the archiepiscopal duties are manifold and exacting. There is the danger of a bishop overreaching his powers through excess of zeal and dying before his time. "Hence I do not venture too much."

To the class who had been confirmed he stated that they had repeated their prayers beautifully, showing careful training, but the boys showed a deficiency in the catechism. Parents are too inclined to let the teachers do all the training and allow their boys to run on the streets at night. A knowledge of Christian doctrine is most important for soul salvation. Boys must know something of God to love Him. The catechism is the only book, really necessary, because it is the compendium of the Holy Scriptures. In the north country in Flinton parish, in two churches, twenty-five children with one or two exceptions, knew their catechism from cover to cover, even though they had not the advantage of the best instruction.

Those confirmed must grow up sober men and women, "sober in all things." "Sober in dress. I notice the little girls. Those low necked waists and short sleeves are altogether contrary to the spirit of Christianity. This matter is going too far altogether. Just look across the border. I do not like to turn the little girls away

all should be one. But there are divisions and the house divided against itself will fall. Men are more dissipated than ever in this war. It is not the last position worse than the first. We should be doing daily penance as of old and unless we do this, God will not spare us. You cannot serve God and mammon.

## Crown Attorney Stricken With Stroke

County Crown Attorney P. J. M. Anderson was the victim of a most serious paralytic stroke on Sunday afternoon about three o'clock, and little hopes are entertained of his recovery. He is unconscious.

Since the death of his daughter, the crown attorney has been noticeably falling, but it was a heavy shock to his friends to learn that he was stricken.

## Veteran Laid to Rest in St. James

An old veteran was laid to rest in St. James Cemetery this morning. Joseph Maidens, who passed away in Toronto on Saturday at the age of 87 years. He had been living in this city for some time. The remains were brought to Belleville to the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. James Scott, 131 Pinnacle Street, whence the funeral was held this morning to St. Michael's Church. Rev. Father Killen celebrated mass and Rev. Father O'Connor officiated at the grave in St. James.

Four colonels walked at the head of the cortege. Lt.-Col. S. S. Lazier, Lt.-Col. J. J. Farley, Lt.-Col. W. N. Ponton and Lt.-Col. Thos. Stewart.

## On Serious Charge

Fred Mattis, a well known young man is in custody on a very serious charge, namely rape. He was remanded this morning until Oct. 12th.

## 60th Annual Fair

The 60th annual fair under the auspices of the Ameliasburg Agricultural Society was held on Friday and Saturday of last week. Friday was a most successful day, but Saturday's storm ruined the attendance. An account of the annual show will appear later.

## Burial at Albury.

The funeral of the late William Charles Dempsey, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dempsey, of Ameliasburg took place yesterday. Services were held at Albury church and interment was at Albury cemetery. Rev. R. L. Edwards conducted the services. The obsequies were very largely attended and many floral tributes marked the public esteem for the deceased and his parents. The bearers were Messrs. Gerald Dempsey, Kenneth Alvey, Hugh Weese, and Howard Weese.

## Hazel Gunn Drowned

The inquest was held this week on the body of Hazel Gunn, 20 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gunn, who fell from the cement bridge on Mill Street on Thursday evening last.

The jury empanelled on Friday by Coroner D. S. Hoig, M.D., and were Messrs. Elwood Lick, foreman, James Bishop, John Cooper, Ford Martin, Frank Hellett, Chas. Anderson, J. C. McGill, C. W. Detenbeck, and Robt. Vickery.

His Hon., the Coroner, addressed the jury and informed them the inquest was held, not because it was apprehended that a criminal offence had been committed but to see if the town had been as careful as it should have been in protecting this part of the highway on Mill Street. The jury proceeded to the home of Mr. Wm. Gunn and viewed the body, and were afterwards taken to the scene of the accident on Mill Street where they spent considerable time in examining the bridge. Major Dillon a resident for about 40 years, living in the immediate vicinity of the bridge gave valuable assistance to the jury, who afterwards called him as a witness at the inquest.

The inquiry was attended by Col. J. E. Farewell, LL.B., K.C., and Col. J. F. Grierson, attended on behalf of the town. Although investigation was made lasting over a period of 3 days. The jury returned "that on the 23rd day of September, 1915 the said Hazel Gunn met her death by falling off the cement bridge on Mill Street in the town of Oshawa into the creek and being drowned and that her death was accidental, is our belief."

"We believe that in view of the fact that a large number of children use the said bridge daily that more adequate protection be provided."—Oshawa Vindicator.

## Speaker's Patriotic League Meeting

The Speakers' Patriotic League met on Saturday evening in the armouries to make arrangements for the patriotic rally which is to be held here before the end of October. Those present were Messrs. E. Guss Porter, W. B. Northrup, J. W. Johnson, R. Taknahl, W. C. Springer, H. L. Ingram, J. A. Kerr, F. D. Diamond, Col. Lazier, Lieut. Wallace, J. F. Wills, Capt. Ruston, Walter Alford.

Committees were appointed as follows to have charge of the arrangements:—

Finance—Col. Lazier, W. Moffatt, J. F. Walls, H. L. Ingram, J. A. Kerr

Reception—Representatives of Parliament in the Midland District and the Mayor of Belleville, Sir Mackenzie Bowell to be chairman.

Publicity—C. J. Bowell, J. O. Herby, W. J. Campbell, Robt. Bogie, A. R. Walker, L. R. Terwilliger, Mr. Campbell, convenor.

Hall and Decoration—Walter Alford, chairman; Aid. Duckworth, J. L. Tickle, Col. Ponton, F. E. O'Flynn, W. B. Deacon, H. F. Ketcheson, Wm. Thompson. E. T. Thompson, with power to add to their numbers.

Transportation—W. C. Springer, H. C. Thompson, S. Burrows, J. Patterson of C.N.R. and Capt. Ruston

Executive—E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P. and officers of league, who will take general supervision of the whole function.

The offer of the committee of gentlemen who have volunteered to look after the banquet to be held at Hotel Quinte in the evening was accepted with thanks and the chairman of the executive was authorized to make arrangements with them.

The speakers who will be asked to come will be R. L. Borden, Major Gen. Sir Sam. Hughes, T. W. McGarry, N. W. Rowell and Hon. R. Lemieux.

The arrangements for speakers are left in the hands of Senator Corby, W. B. Northrup, E. Guss Porter and J. W. Johnson.

# A Great Snap

IN

## Ladies Shoes

\$3, \$3.50 and \$4.00

Gun Metal, Patent Leather and Vici Kid Boots in Buttoned and Lace.

Lot No. 1--Price - - \$1.32  
Lot No. 2-- " - - \$1.48

BUY NOW. THEY WILL GO FAST

# The J. J. Haines

Shoe Houses  
BELLEVILLE NAPANEE TRENTON SMITH'S FALLS

# Dress Goods

Our Fall Stock of Dress Goods is on display in enormous quantities. Values are just as good as ever. Note the following extra specials:

Serges in all shades at.....35c to \$1.00 yard  
All Wool Tweed Dress Goods at.....50c to 85c yard  
Shepherd Check Dress Goods at.....17c to 85c yard  
Plaid and Tartan Dress Goods at.....25c to 50c yard

# Velveteens for Dresses and Suits

We are showing a complete line of Plain and Cord Velveteens in all shades at..... 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1.00 yard

# Dress Silks

See our large range of beautiful Dress Silks in all shades and qualities, 36 in. wide, at..... \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 yard

# WM. McINTOSH & CO.

A. W. DICKENS. A. W. DICKENS.

## ICE CREAM

We make only one quality—the best

In bulk by quart or pint.....20c per pint  
In bricks, plain flavor.....20c per pint  
In Neapolitan or fancy bricks.....25c per pint

Sherbets or Ices, any flavor to order.

Delivered to any part of the city.

A. W. DICKENS

# Ladies!

You are invited to see the New Stock of JAPANESE BASKETS. They are priced very low at from 10c to \$2.50 each.

# New China

Just received an extra large variety of New English China, Fancy Cups and Saucers. Both Ladies' and Gents' Sizes. 20c to \$3.75 each.

# THE BEEHIVE

CHAS. N. SULMAN

# Homeseekers' Special Train Leaves Toronto 10.45 p.m. Each Tues.

section with Homeseekers' Excursions to Western Canada via Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets are on sale each Tuesday until October 30th, inclusive, and are good to return within two months from date of sale. Apply to any G.P.R. Agent for full particulars or write H. G. Morgan, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, & Burrows, Agent, Belleville.

Homeseekers' and general tourist traffic to Western Canada, through train carrying Tourist Sleepers and Orientals. Cars leave Toronto 10.45 each Tuesday until further notice, running through to Winnipeg.

Attention is directed to the remarkably low round-trip fares in connection with Homeseekers' Excursions.

## Eat Less Meat if Back Hurts

Take a Glass of Salts to Flush Kidneys if Bladder Bothers You

Eating meat regularly eventually produces kidney trouble in some form or other, says a well-known authority, because the uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish; clog up and cause all sorts of distress, particularly backache and misery in the kidney region; rheumatic twinges, severe headaches, acid stomach, constipation, torpid liver, sleeplessness, bladder and urinary irritation.

The moment your back hurts or kidneys aren't acting right, or if bladder bothers you, get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any good pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush clogged kidneys, and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder disorders.

Jad Salts cannot injure anyone; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which millions of men and women take now and then to keep the kidneys and urinary organs clean, thus avoiding serious kidney disease.

## Will Answer Inquiries at the Meetings

Ald. McFee, Chairman of Public Works, in a statement to The Ontario this morning, said that it was not his intention to rush into print in response to criticisms of himself or his department. He would however be pleased to answer the queries of Ald. Robinson or any other ratepayer at a meeting of the Public Works committee to be held at the committee room in the City Hall tomorrow (Tuesday) night at 7.30 o'clock. He would be glad to give the fullest information possible in reference to Victoria Ave., or Fort St. pavements, or any other work of his department this year.

## Soldier Fell Over Wall

A soldier while sitting on the stone wall near the upper bridge fell backwards into the river on Saturday evening but was unhurt. Messrs. S. Waddell and L. Barrett got a ladder from No. 2 Fire Hall and the khaki man climbed up unaided, although drenched.

## Charged With Theft.

Edward Snider was arrested by the local police on the charge of forgery and was taken to Napanee by Chief Barrett to stand trial.

## The Ernie Marks Stock Company

Supporting Ernie and Kitty Marks

At the Palace Theatre in the City Hall on Monday night, The Ernie Marks Stock Co will open a two weeks' engagement with that pleasing society comedy drama "A Receipt in Full." This piece has been one of the big hits in New York for the past two seasons and Mr. Marks has spared no expense in making this and all the rest of his productions equal to any of the big attractions appearing in New York today. This season Mr. Marks has also enlarged his big extra Vaudeville show, showing six big acts, two of which are big features and alone are worth the price of admission.

Each and every night the company will give an entire change of programme at popular prices, 15, 25, and 35c. On Saturdays and Thanksgiving special matinees at 3.30, prices 15c, 25c, reserved seat sale at Theatre box office now.

The efficacy of Bick's Anti-Consumptive Syrup in curing coughs and colds and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and all affections of the throat and lungs. It is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try it.

## Social and Personal

Lieut. A. D. Harper of the 80th Battalion spent Sunday in the city.

Lieut. C. B. Burrows of the School of Infantry, Kingston, was in town at the week-end.

Gunner J. H. Bateman, of the 33rd Battery, overseas draft, is home from Barriefield camp on five days' leave.

Lieut. John Downey of the 59th Battalion, Barriefield was in the city yesterday.

Messrs. Bumbace and Wilde, contractors this morning began work on West Bridge Street sewer at the top of Murney's Hill.

An error occurred in our report of the Red Cross Tea at Hotel Quinte last Friday, credit being improperly given. The tea was given by the ladies of St. Michael's church, to whom credit for its success is due.

Miller's Worm Powders never fail. They immediately attack the worms and expel them from the system. They are complete in themselves, not only as a worm destroyer, but as a highly beneficial medicine for children, correcting weak digestion and restoring the debilitated system to healthiness without which the growth of the child will be retarded and its constitution weakened.

# Fall Outfitting

We take great pride in advising our Patrons that, after months of preparation, we are ready to Dress them handsomely, correctly and comfortably for the Fall and winter season at

# Fair and Pleasing Prices

**MEN'S SUITS**  
\$7, \$10, \$12, \$15 to \$25

**MEN'S OVERCOATS**  
\$5, \$7, \$10, \$12 to \$25

We promise for the coming seasons the same superior quality of Wearables for Men, Boys and Little Men and the same fair and satisfactory business methods that have won for us such an enviable place in the estimation of the Clothing buyers of this vicinity.

Boys' and Little Men's Clothing of New and Exclusive Styles, Hats that are the Best Hats Made and of correct blocks.

Exclusive and different Haberdashery from the Best Makers--the Choice New Things!

# QUICK & ROBERTSON

BETTER OUTFITTING

## The Weekly Ontario

Morton & Herity, Publishers

The DAILY ONTARIO is published every afternoon (Sunday and holidays excepted) at The Ontario Building, Front Street, Belleville, Ontario. Subscription \$3.00 per annum.

The WEEKLY ONTARIO and Bay of Quinte Chronicle is published every Thursday morning at \$1.00 a year, or \$1.50 a year to the United States.

JOB PRINTING—The Ontario Job Printing Department is especially well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

ADVERTISING RATES on application. TELEPHONE MAIN 99, with private exchange connecting all departments.

W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herity, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1915.

### A GAME YOU CAN NOT BEAT.

How human a thing human nature is anyway and how, even with the biggest minds, remorse and repentance travel hand in hand.

Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, able and worthy successor of Henry Ward Beecher, in the pulpit of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, did not realize how worldly he was, how wicked the species of gambling called "speculation" was until he went broke—then he made a clean breast of it in a public meeting and started all over again, the blessing of his loving followers and their good wishes going with him. In all probability he never would have realized that speculation is wicked, that the avid pursuit of money on the part of a clergyman is destructive of spiritual life and that he had neglected the high work of his great calling to chase the glittering baubles of wealth, if he had prospered.

How alike we all are. How full of human weakness. How necessary remorse seems to be to bring repentance and how inevitable is the quick and full sympathy of our friends when we have made a clean breast of our errors and our failures.

Doctor Hillis's failure and loss of property does something more than expose the weakness of a brilliant man. It shows that you can not beat the game of speculation; nobody can beat that game. Even the speculators can't do it. For a while they may swim in seas of glory and build castles in the air, as did Doctor Hillis, but in the end the deep waters engulf them. Ask some Belleville men who have played too long in the western real estate game or have dabbled too deeply in stocks.

You can't beat that game.

The lawyer has failed at it, the minister can't make it win, it breaks the business man, and the professional gambler himself can't make himself rich at it.

### JITNEY SUBMARINES.

Henry Ford's idea for a gas-engine submarine is particularly interesting. If such engines can really be used for under-water craft, providing propelling power as efficiently as they do on the surface, and not betraying the craft by a trail of escaping gas, their value will be enormous. They would probably even supercede the improved batteries recently perfected by Edison.

The submarine at present is handicapped by the fact that it must carry two sets of machinery—an oil-burning engine for use on the surface and a set of batteries for motive power under water. The former can't be used when submerged, and the latter exhausts its power too quickly in surface cruising. If a single gasoline engine can be substituted for this double power equipment, it will mean a vast improvement in lightness, speed, ease of control and cruising range.

That is an engineering problem which Mr. Ford as gas engine expert should be able to handle, if anybody can. The application he suggests for his idea is appealing in its picturesqueness.

He proposes to use these underwater gasoline motors for "jitney submarines." They will be craft so small that one or two men can operate them. Their cost will not be more than a good touring car or motor-boat. Each will hold one torpedo—possibly as "a pill on the end of a pole"—and several such craft might be carried on a torpedo-boat or other war vessel and launched anywhere to attack an adjacent enemy. A hostile battleship would be assailed by a dozen of them at once. The losses would count little in lives or property value. By sheer numbers and the confusing nature of their attack, a hundred or more of them might conceivably destroy an entire fleet.

And that puts up to the naval experts another puzzling question. The present trend of submarine construction is toward great size and cruising range. Is that all wrong, from a defensive point of view? Is the "jitney submarine" to carry the day against the "submarine cruiser"?

### OUR OBJECTIVE.

Much interest attaches to a statement re-

cently made by Mr. Lloyd George, in France, in an interview given to a Paris newspaper, in which he declares what Britain's purpose was in prosecuting this war. His statement was in these words:

"So long as a single German soldier remains on the soil of France or Belgium, there is not one Englishman who will even dream of peace."

The statement attracted wide attention at the time, and the "Independent," the weekly organ of British trade unionism, asked the other Cabinet Ministers if these words represented their views on Britain's objective. Mr. Asquith replied that his views were clearly stated in his speeches, more particularly in the one delivered at the Lord Mayor's banquet last November, and the one in the House of Commons on March 1st of this year. It is interesting, then, to recall what Mr. Asquith said in his Guildhall speech. This is the outstanding passage in it:

"We shall never sheathe the sword, which we have not lightly drawn, until Belgium recovers in full measure all and more than all she has sacrificed, until France is adequately secured against the menace of aggression, until the rights of the smaller nationalities of Europe are placed upon an unassailable foundation, and until the military domination of Prussia is wholly and finally destroyed."

That in clear-cut words expresses Britain's purpose. The views of other Cabinet Ministers are, perhaps not of so much importance, but they are useful as showing the complete unity of purpose of the British leaders, irrespective of party; and we give the replies of the Attorney-General, the President of the Local Government Board, and the Executive of the Board of Agriculture, as printed in the British press.

Sir Edward Carson: "I agree with Mr. Lloyd George's statement of our objective, and I would add, as I believe he would, to 'France or Belgium, Russia. If any of our people imagine they are called upon to make unnecessary sacrifices, it is only because they do not realize the dangers of the situation and the ideals of our enemies, as contrasted with our intense love of freedom and our policy of progress and happiness for the masses of the King's subjects. I am sure your patriotic efforts to inform your readers of the vast interests at stake amongst all classes of the community will add greatly to the dignity and esteem of those whose policy you represent."

Mr. Walter Long: "I entirely concur in the remarks you quote from a recent speech made by Mr. Lloyd George. I cannot conceive anything less than he describes as the conditions precedent to peace."

Lord Selborne: "I entirely agree with Mr. Lloyd George. I feel very strongly, and I have endeavored to express to the best of my ability the fact that I believe, that all our ideals are at stake in this war, and I believe that if Germany is victorious in this war, there is no body of men in the United Kingdom who will suffer more in consequence than the trade unions of the United Kingdom."

Britain has taken up the sword to vindicate in broad terms, the cause of freedom, honor and righteousness, and the liberties of mankind, and it is the unshakable determination, not merely we believe, of the statesmen of the Mother Country, but of the people of the whole Empire, to pursue the struggle, with all the resources at their command, and at any cost and sacrifice, until peace, based upon those everlasting principles, is secured, and the murderous system which has poisoned Europe is forever destroyed. As one people, actuated by no dreams of power or lust for conquest, but inspired by a great and noble purpose, their resolution is today stronger and sterner than it was when they drew the sword more than a year ago. There may, and probably will be disappointments, perhaps even reverses, but whatever the future holds, it will be onward to victory!

### OLD SCOTLAND'S EXAMPLE.

Sir W. Robertson Nicoll, the distinguished editor of the British Weekly, gives an extremely interesting review of the Northeast of Scotland in war time. He has visited various counties, and has talked to many people, and the result of his observation is that, while the majority of people are opposed to compulsory service, yet all agree that if compulsion becomes necessary, they will accept it only from Lord Kitchen and the Government. They have no patience with the attempts of the conscriptionists to force the hand of the Cabinet. The general opinion is that all the men needed can be raised by the present voluntary system, and the people are unanimous in declaring that the responsible heads of the Army and Navy must be trusted. Sir Robertson Nicoll says that there is, of course, some slackness, especially among farmers' sons, but on the whole Scotland has made a magnificent response. He writes:

"It is wonderful, however, to see how men are coming up from the remote and lonely glens obedient to the call of duty, and sacrificing everything. One man told how his wife really 'sent him to the sojers,' not with any scornful scolding, but gently saying, in a loving tone, 'Donald, I aye liket ye, but I wud like

awfu' weel to see ye in the khaki kilt!' Donald went."

Sir William concludes that Scotland is entitled to be proud of what she has done. Some places are denuded of the male population, and the proportion of men gone to the colors from the Island of Lewis is one-fifth of the whole population.

"Ich bin im Begriffe nach New York zu gehen um gegen Kriegsanleihe für die kriegsführenden Nationen Europas zu opponieren und zwar zu opponieren so stark ich es nur zu tun vermag," says William R. Hearst in a telegram to his New York paper from New Orleans. What it means is that he is going to New York at once to burst up the proposed war loan to the Allies.

The latest plan of the Canadian Militia Department to mobilize small detachments of soldiers at all the hamlets, villages and little towns throughout Ontario is one that will be highly popular with all the "patriots" who profit by that sort of thing, but will not make for economy or military efficiency. Lloyd George told us many months ago that the "silver bullet" would win, but judging by the way the silver bullets are being rounded up and cornered by the faithful of the patronage list throughout Canada we will have exceedingly few of them to be devoted to the real work of exterminating the Germans.

It is somewhat surprising to learn that the food situation in Belgium is worse than it was last year, when Germany first cut off the nation's food supply. The utmost efforts of the relief commission and the utmost generosity of the outside world will be required to keep the nation from starvation next Winter.

"The problem becomes more difficult every day," says the chairman of the commission. "The number of destitute has increased from 1,000,000 last October to 2,700,000 in June, and now grows at the rate of 200,000 a month. And our resources, large as they are, cannot keep pace if the charitable public loses interest in our work."

Is it not time the bakers of Belleville came down off their high horse and restored to the people the five-cent loaf? Flour is now cheaper than in the days prior to the war and in the great majority of towns the change to the lower level has already taken place. Bakers like all other tradesmen are entitled to a living profit, but in the present situation when laborers are finding uncertain employment and many are entirely out of work it is no time for any line of business to gather to itself unusual returns. We trust the bakers will do their share to lighten the burdens caused by the war.

Wet weather is an expensive Summer diversion, as the people of Ontario and Kansas have proved to their sorrow. The Kansas State Board of Agriculture figures that there was a loss of 17,000,000 bushels of wheat during the month of August from this cause. This means at least \$15,000,000 deducted from the State's farm income, and brings the Kansas wheat yield below 100,000,000 bushels. The abandoned area is placed at twenty per cent. of last Fall's seeding, whereas the loss in area figured on May 1st was only 3½ per cent. of the Fall seeding. A wet July ruined many a prime prospect.

Has Belleville's once famous Board of Trade fallen into a state of innocuous desuetude or is it complete fossilization? There has been no general meeting of the members called for nearly a year and a half, and only one or two meetings of the executive during that time. Surely the work of the Board is not confined to the bringing of showy resolutions before the annual meeting of the general association at Toronto, while the local field knows not the work of any husbandman. Stirling and Bancroft are each landing new industries. Madoc has secured one good factory and has another in view. Oshawa is completing arrangements to welcome a mammoth steel plant to that progressive center. In the meantime, Belleville sleeps on.

How much those who play the stock market know about ups and downs may be gained from a story that has just leaked out in New York as to the reasons for a violent advance in Studebaker on Monday. A prominent firm received an order to buy 900 shares of the stock but through an error in transmitting the order to the board, the stock was sold in stead of being purchased. It was only when the floor member reported back that a mistake was discovered and then the house was practically short of 1,800 shares for it had actually sold 900 which it must buy back, and still has to execute the buying order for the customer. The selling was done in the neighborhood of 135, while the buying to correct the mistake was at a price averaging between 138 and 139. The mistake cost the house over \$6,300.

Regarding the Anglo-French loan Henry Clews, the well known New York banker and financial critic in his Weekly Review says:

The English and French gentlemen who have come to New York as representatives of their respective governments to negotiate a credit which will have for its object the restoration of the Sterling and French exchanges, will unquestionably be successful in their mission and the complete details of the international arrangement soon will be announced. This is an important market factor considered from any angle. In the first place it provides for the continued unrestricted exportation of American products. At the same time it removes one of the most active incentives for the sale by foreign holders of their American securities. At the low figure which exchange touched at the beginning of this month, sterling funds were at a discount in this market of more than seven per cent., which meant that after selling their stocks and bonds in New York foreign holders could turn the proceeds into their own national funds, thus adding the rate of the discount to the English equivalent. If the credit that is now being negotiated fulfils its mission the discount will disappear and the incentive to sell will be corresponding curtailed. Meanwhile money at home not being required in anything like its normal volume for home requirements is naturally accumulating in the banks and a period of continued ease is definitely in sight despite the large credit to which reference already has been made.

According to the judgment of twenty-eight American and English novelists as recorded by the New York Times, the five best novels in the English language are:

Vanity Fair, by William Makepeace Thackeray.

Tom Jones, by Henry Fielding.

David Copperfield, by Charles Dickens.

The Sacred Letter, by Nathaniel Hawthorne.

Robinson Crusoe, by Daniel Defoe.

For sixth place the following four novels were tied:

Ivanhoe, by Sir Walter Scott.

Lorna Doone, by R. D. Blackmore.

Tess of the D'Urbervilles, by Thomas Hardy.

Tristram Shandy, by Laurence Sterne.

### THE CYCLIST HERO.

An Incident of the Battle of the Marne.

War was raging fast and furious

On that grim blood-sodden field—

German foe and Allied trooper

Vowing not one foot to yield.

All around the dead and dying

Lay in many a gruesome pile,

And o'erhead the screaming shrapnel

Made hell's music all the while.

On that field a goodly portion

Of our men had got apart

From the main advancing body

By some stroke of war's grim art.

Almost sure annihilation,

Almost sure and certain death

Glared upon them, all unconscious,

Snatching at their very breath.

Then a general of our Allies

Called out: "Who will volunteer?

Who will risk his life to carry

This despatch with foe so near?

Those men's lives are in the balance;

If to live, they must retreat.

Who will go to give this message,

Go to save them ere defeat?"

Then a British cyclist answered:

"I will go, sir, if you will."

And upon his wheel was speeding,

But a German shot to kill.

Soon another wheelman ventured,

And as soon went to the ground,

Still another cyclist answered

To the call that went around.

Soon his message was delivered

And he reached the lines again,

Forging on his way heroic,

Holding death in grim disdain.

But his deed drew admiration,

And unstinted was the share

From the officer that sent him

This despatch that day to bear.

Straightway from his breast the general

Took the Cross with ribbon gay—

Many years ago he'd won it

Saving life on such a day.

But he pinned it on the soldier,

Said: "The deed was nobly done,

This is yours for saving many,

It was mine for saving one!"

By such deeds our British soldiers,

Fighting at the front today,

Add unto our nation's laurels

Leaves that never know decay.

Duty first and deep devotion

To our Empire, Flag, and King,

Thus they keep our name untarnished,

Thus to us the praise they bring.

J. McMaster.

Esquimalt, British Columbia.

## Other Editors' Opinions

### MEDICAL TRIUMPHS.

The war doesn't check all whole some progress, by any means. In the realms of surgery and medicine it is promoting progress—for the very reason that doctors have more material to work on, and can apply their theories more freely than under ordinary conditions.

In the notable advance made since the war began, American physicians have played a conspicuous part. A nurse just returned with the American Ambulance Corps in France, tells how the medical profession in France has been astonished at the feats performed by our surgeons. They have been particularly successful in grafting bones to prevent amputations. Many of the soldiers are shot in the face and hand and mutilated. In a great many cases their jaws are shot away. The surgeons have actually been making faces for these unfortunates, and fitting bones from slain men or amputated limbs and using them to build up shattered jaws and features.

It will be recalled that Dr. J. P. Carrell, American winner of the Nobel prize for medicine, a pioneer in the transplanting of bone and muscle tissue, has been working in France since the war began, and his many achievements have doubtless been the inspiration of the whole American corps.

In curative and preventive medicine our own physicians have rendered service just as notable. The credit for cleaning up disease-ridden Serbia and eliminating the deadly typhus plague is given chiefly to American doctors. And their efforts have by no means been confined to aiding the allies. There are many skilled Americans serving in the German and Austrian armies, where their skillful and unselfish labors have won just praise.

The whole world will gain from the lessons learned in this great war clinic. And we, apparently, shall gain most of all; for we are likely to get the benefit without having to pay the price in dead, sick and wounded soldiers as subjects for the experiments.—Oswego Palladium.

### ENGLISH NECKS GETTING REDDER.

No people ever loved the draft. Conscription is a hated word. During our own Civil War rioting in our great cities marked the enforcement of the draft law.

The average Englishman is roaring against conscription because it is in his blood to oppose anything compulsory. He was not built to be a slave or a serf. But would he protest if Germany landed an army in England, as it is reported she intends to do? Probably not. Probably it would not be necessary; perhaps every Englishman would spring to arms.

Just now, however, there appears to be little danger to England in the situation, the British fleet holds the seas pretty securely; it's hard to conceive that feet permitting an army to land. The military routes to Calais are an impregnable fortification with three-quarters of a million Englishmen holding it; the German submarine warfare has failed to affect Britain's food supply; less than 300 of England's 12,000 merchant steamships have been sunk in seven months; the Zeppelins having done no damage of military importance.

This spells security to Englishmen and so their necks are getting redder and redder over conscription.—Windsor Beacon.

### INFALLIBILITY AT FAULT.

The infallibility of the Pope is being put to a severe strain by the war. His Holiness does not seem to know which side is to be defended and which condemned. That is not a weak position for an infallible authority. Either the Allies or the Germanic Empire is right. Both the ligerents cannot be right. It should not be impossible for one who is infallible to reach a decision as to which is in the right, and which is in the wrong. Having arrived at his duty as a moral and spiritual leader becomes plain. It is to bring the vast influence of which we hear so much to the aid of that side which is in the right, and to exert it, for the suppression of what is wrong. Instead of following that course, however, the Pope maintains a neutral position in trying to be friends with Germany and also the Allies.

Perhaps nothing that has happened in the history of the Papacy for many years is so well calculated to shake the confidence of Roman Catholics themselves in the infallibility of the Pontiff.—Orange Sentinel.

### FINE EXHIBIT OF SWINE.

Some of the best of sheep and swine were represented in the J. Garbutt, of Bellefleur, Ontario, W. A. M. G. Head, Wesley Dawson, W. J. Elliott, Hungerford.

### OTHER DEPART.

The poultry show cent one and was cast any of the local fair by The Ontario's. Grains and roots were done at the south side building. The turnips, peas, carrots, etc. were done in a mammoth where was unusually fine. The palace was replanted array of fancy results of woman. But the more useful yarn and rag carpet were there in simple dainty, home-made fruit, jams and pickles.

The death occurred in the Kingston Hospital yesterday of Arthur Roback of South Marysburg, Prince Edward County in his 38th year. He remains were shipped to his home by Jan. Reid.

TWEED'S Annual Exhibition Large Cro en to the ture of t and Paid A

Perfect weather, a most successful, a combining patriotism and amusement were outstanding features together to make the Tweed Agricultural Show completely successful.

It was one of the best days when breezing air and just temperature give such a season as is not expected of other seasons of the year.

Tweed fair has for dominated and governed board of thoroughly rectors who have made one that stands square deal in business and attracts everyone's attention.

But this year the special feature on the no doubt greatly increased number of victors—the presentation of a \$1,000 prize to the 80th Battalion of the majority of the enjoying good weather notwithstanding the circumstance most of suffered a slump in causes for this we've fallen down badly been too busy either hills or to attend to.

But in the case of actually a gain of over 100 entries which exceeded 1600 and the splendid show on.

It is hard to find an exhibition where are so well filled out balanced as at Tweed every section was excused of course better than any other fact ment as in the dairy and this is true even well known herds, the best breed selected by two fine horns in the class.

Mr. Countryman's 100 head and there was a very large herd of number, 16 of them were the chief prize class. His stock was Mr. Samuel Good exhibited in the Ayrshire were three fine steers on the ground herd of 13 was the many of the red field Kingdon of Chapman representatives in the Harry Foster of Chalmers individuals of fine pasturage.

HORSES NOT SO HORSES were not quite as in some of the previous of this society, but fully up to the old Ashley Stock Farm the largest exhibitor and roadster classes a prize winner.

Johnny Richardson showed some good of merit. In the heavy-draught chief exhibitors were co. J. Taylor, Marib, Merew of Tweed.

Some of the best of sheep and swine were represented in the J. Garbutt, of Bellefleur, Ontario, W. A. M. G. Head, Wesley Dawson, W. J. Elliott, Hungerford.

OTHER DEPART. The poultry show cent one and was cast any of the local fair by The Ontario's. Grains and roots were done at the south side building. The turnips, peas, carrots, etc. were done in a mammoth where was unusually fine. The palace was replanted array of fancy results of woman. But the more useful yarn and rag carpet were there in simple dainty, home-made fruit, jams and pickles.

TWEED'S BIG FAIR THE BIGGEST YET

Annual Exhibition Held Yesterday Drew a Large Crowd—Presentation of a Field Kitchen to the 80th Battalion an Interesting Feature of the Afternoon's Program—Entries and Paid Admissions in Excess of Last Year's.

Perfect weather, a reputation for successes, a splendid program combining patriotism with instruction and amusement were some of the outstanding features which conspired together to make the annual fair of the Agricultural Society the most completely successful in its history.

The display of art work, particularly oil paintings was very large and well executed. Especially worthy of mention was the work of Mr. C. Barnett of Tweed, a rising young artist, whose painting showed fine expression as well as unusual technical skill.

The presentation of a field kitchen to the 80th Battalion was an interesting feature of the program that drew a large number of visitors.

The majority of the fall fairs are enjoying good weather this year, but notwithstanding that favoring circumstance most of them have also suffered a slump in attendance.

On the "Lumber" in front are reserve tanks where the cooked vegetables or meats can be kept hot for hours without the use of fuel.

Dr. Bowley, past president of the fair, called the crowd to the band stand where the speakers assembled.

Mr. S. B. Rolins, reeve of Tweed, made the presentation to Col. Ketcheson in a brief speech in which he said it was the greatest pleasure of his life to be able at this time of stress to act in this capacity on behalf of his fellow citizens.

Col. Ketcheson on coming forward was received with enthusiastic applause. He afforded him the deepest pleasure and satisfaction to accept this magnificent gift on behalf of his men from the citizens of Tweed.

There were three fine herds of Holsteins on the grounds. Herb Sayers' herd of 13 was the largest and won many of the red tickets.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

There were three fine herds of Jerseys in this class. Mr. Jas. H. Clarke, reeve of Hungerford, showed 20 head, 14 of them registered.

Mr. George Stokes of Tweed had a very large herd of Ayrshires, 26 in number, 16 of them registered and was the chief prize-winner in that class.

Military Notes

The officers of the 80th battalion have put up a high barrier against recreation of any but the highest class. Other units organized in all parts of the country have been accepting all kinds of men.

Fell From Hospital Roof

Mr. Charles F. Frost, while engaged on the roof of the nurses' home, a two-story building at Belleville Hospital yesterday afternoon slipped and fell to the ground.

Buried With I. O. O. F. Honors

The funeral of the late William George Happer took place yesterday afternoon under I.O.O.F. auspices.

No One to Blame For Engineer's Death

That Ivan Stewart Hegle came to his death at or near Newtonville on Sunday morning last as the result of an accident, and that no blame can be attached to anyone was the verdict of Coroner Boyce's inquest.

Closing Tea of Tennis Club

The members of the Christ Church Tennis Club gathered together last evening for the closing meeting and tea in the Parish Hall.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Thrasher and mother Mrs. A. A. Thrasher desire to thank their friends for the many kind expressions of sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement.

Child Passed Away

William Charles Dempsey, infant and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dempsey Albury, died yesterday afternoon. He was 18 months of age.

Died

SPRATT—In Belleville, on Friday, October 1st, 1915, Ellen Elizabeth Spratt, aged 69 years.

Dog Killed

Mr. Dan McOormack, Isabelle St., had the misfortune to have a valuable dog killed by a vehicle on Bridge street last evening near the lower bridge.

Obituary

A. Irvine Price Alexander Irvine Price passed away this morning in Thurlow at the age of 76 years.

MARRIED.

We clip the following from the Prescott Journal which will prove interesting to our many readers— A quiet family wedding which yet lacked nothing that could lead to the beauty of the marriage service took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Small, at high noon, Sept. 15 when their only daughter, Edith Maude, was married to Rev. William F. Wright, of Phillipsburg, Quebec.

PHILLIPSTON.

Phillipston, Sept. 28—Mr. Charles Denike visited his daughter, Mrs. F. Ketcheson a couple of days last week.

OTHER DEPARTMENTS

The poultry show was a magnificent one and was easily the best at any of the local fairs so far visited by the Ontario.

INTERESTING CASE IN COUNTY COURT

Defence Set up That Plaintiff Company Was Composed of Alien Enemies—The Judgment

The first case of the kind in Belleville since war broke out fourteen months ago, was heard yesterday in County Court.

It was a claim of \$115.74 of the Eugene Detzgen Company, Limited, Toronto, against Mr. J. W. Evans for goods sold. The defendant set up the defence that the plaintiff company was composed of people who were subjects of a state at present at war with His Majesty the King.

Defendant's solicitor again contended that the defendant would not be safe in paying the money to plaintiff company as they were alien enemies.

Mr. W. D. M. Shorey for the plaintiff contended that the test was where was the company incorporated. It was proved that it was incorporated by letters patent of Ontario and he cited a very recent decision of the English Court of Appeal which held that it was the country in which a company was incorporated that determined its nationality.

Judge Deroche in giving judgment, said he was bound by the case cited by plaintiff's counsel and gave judgment for \$115.74 for plaintiff.

W. D. M. Shorey for plaintiff, Porter and Carnew for defendant.

Fine Fall-Bearing Strawberries

Mr. Irvin Unger, 89 West Bridge Street, exhibited to the Ontario today some fall bearing strawberries of very large size. Mr. Unger has a number of the plants in his garden.

Bicycle and Auto in a Collision

About nine o'clock last evening an automobile was proceeding up Front street on the east side when a boy named Huddleston on a bicycle came riding along southward about three feet from the east curb, and consequently on the wrong side of the road.

Standing Field Crop Competition

Ameliasburg, Prince Edward District—Judge J. N. McGill

W. J. Barber, Rossmore, "White Cap" 92 points

George Wallbridge, Rossmore, Wisconsin No. 7 87 points

Jas. R. Anderson, Mountain View, Leaming, 86 points

E. E. Wallbridge, Rossmore, White Cap, 86 points

Louis Wallbridge, Rossmore, Wisconsin, No. 7 85 1/2 points

John Cairns, Rossmore, Wisconsin, 78.5 points

W. H. C. Roblin, Ameliasburg, Longfellow, 84 1/2 points

WHEN driving a binder it's aggravating to have to stop because "the twine went wrong"

Sometimes the trouble is a bad spot in the twine—sometimes a tangled ball. Such delays are the real price you pay for cheap twine.

PLYMOUTH TWINE

speeds up the work—cuts down the costs. Plymouth is stronger and ties more bundles than any other brand. The quality never varies and the balls don't fall down.

If you want an easy and economical harvest, get your twine from us. And take our advice, order Plymouth EARLY.

W. R. Mitz, Agent WEST HUNTINGDON

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hathorn. In Use For Over Thirty Years. CASTORIA THE CENTAUR COMPANY, MONTREAL & NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

FARMS (Prince Edward or Hastings) CEO. W. ANDERSON Office Over Dominion Bank, Belleville

Discount Sale Of Carriages and Wagons All This Month. Phaetons, Steel Tubular Axle Wagon, Auto Seat Top Buggies, Milk Wagons, Open Democarts, Bread Wagons. We have a large number of Second Hand Top Buggies and Democarts in stock all fitted up as good as new. 2 Second Hand Lumber Wagons, Rubber Tires a speciality; high grade repairing—painting and upholstering of carriages and automobiles. The Finnegan Carriage & Wagon Co. BELLEVILLE, ONT.

WHEN driving a binder it's aggravating to have to stop because "the twine went wrong". Sometimes the trouble is a bad spot in the twine—sometimes a tangled ball. Such delays are the real price you pay for cheap twine. PLYMOUTH TWINE speeds up the work—cuts down the costs. Plymouth is stronger and ties more bundles than any other brand. The quality never varies and the balls don't fall down. If you want an easy and economical harvest, get your twine from us. And take our advice, order Plymouth EARLY. W. R. Mitz, Agent WEST HUNTINGDON

PHYSICIAN'S... all whole... medicine it is... the very... more ma... apply their... under ordi... made since... physicians... part. A... the Ameri... France tells... in France... the daring... surgeons... uly success... prevent dis... the soldiers... hideously... many cases... The sur... making 'new... nates, remov... or from... ng them to... and other... Dr. Alexis... er of the... a pioneer in... and muscu... in Paris... his marvel... doubtless... whole Am... tive medi... have ren... ble. The... sease-ridden... deadly ty... to Amer... efforts have... to aiding... any skilled... German and... their skill... won just as... in from the... great war... shall gain... likely to get... to pay the... banded sol... experiments... ING RED... the draft... ord. During... enforcement... is roaring... use it is in... ing compul... to be a slave... protest, if... in England... nds to do?... would not... ry English... re appears... and in the... holds the... hard to con... an army to... to Calais... cation with... an English... an submar... affect Bri... an 300 of... ven steam... months no... damage... Englishmen... render... on.—Wich... PAULT... POPE is be... by this... not seem to... defended... That is re... infallible... es or the... Both bel... It should... who is in... as in that... which is in... at that... spiritual lo... bring that... ve hear so... de which is... it, for the... wrong. In... re, howe... neutral po... ends with... as. The King... Arthur Ro... year. "Prin... his home by

SUCCESSFUL PATRIOTIC RALLY IN MADOC VILLAGE LAST NIGHT

Large Assembly at Military Concert in Armouries—Prominent Speakers Urged Recruiting Need and Strenuous Activity.

(From Friday's Daily) That the village of Madoc and the surrounding district, comprising the sturdy centre of Hastings, are patriotic to the core, there is not the slightest doubt. What Madoc has done in recruiting and patriotic endeavor since August 1914 is well known. On many occasions the village has manifested its loyal spirit in no equivocal manner.

Last evening again the genius of the place revealed itself at the magnificent patriotic rally and military band concert held in the armouries. About seven hundred people paid admissions into the building to swell the "fund for procuring a field kitchen for the 80th Battalion. The affair was under the auspices of the fair ladies of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League of which Mrs. S. Aylesworth is the president. Mrs. (Dr.) Harper, treasurer, and Mrs. Wm. Cross, secretary.

The Fifteenth Band of Belleville, and Mr. Robert Bland, Jr. had given their services gratis to the musical program, and well known Belleville speakers held the platform along with Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer.

Dr. Harper, reeve of Madoc village, was chairman. He explained that Hon. George Graham was unable to be present, but that in his place was the provincial representative of the same riding, Hon. Mr. McGarry. In the place of Mr. R. J. Cooke, M.P.P. for North Hastings, who was absent, Mr. J. W. Johnson, M.P.P. for West Hastings had been secured.

The 15th Band was never heard in any more delightful and artistic program than they rendered last evening. Their efforts were roundly applauded. The program was as follows: March—"His Majesty"—Saxophone Overture—"Poet and Peasant"—Supper.

Vocal Solo—"The Best Old Flag"—Mr. Robt. Bland, Jr. Selection—"Home Sweet Home"—as it is played in England, Switzerland, Spain, Russia, Italy, Scotland, Serbia, Ireland, Canada. Cornet Solo—Selected—E. R. Hinchey. Popular Selection—Remik Hits—1915. Clarinet Solo—"La Sonambula". Grand Selection—"Albion".

MR. J. W. JOHNSON, M.P.P. The member for West Hastings in the Provincial Legislature, Mr. J. W. Johnson was introduced by Dr. Harper. Mr. Johnson expressed his pleasure at the opportunity of speaking at a patriotic gathering. Congratulating Madoc on its armoured, he said, such buildings extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific had been of infinite service.

"I would not stare to come to this intelligent village of Madoc if I did not have my family represented at the front. Young men it is worth your while to give up your business to preserve this nation and Empire. The sweetest thing in life is liberty and to preserve it, boys, you must have shed their blood. Boys give the game. You may not long have the chance, and you will be able to say I was there. There will be a roll call after the war. The men who dared to be the men preferred in the days to come. Now besides the policeman, the sheriff, and the judge, we need the soldier and sailor. If you join now, after a few months' training, you will reach the front, likely to see the Germans on the run."

MR. JOHNSON made a clear case to the mothers of the necessity of their sons enlisting.

IT-COL. W. G. KETCHESON Lt.-Col. W. G. Ketcheson, O.C. of the 80th Battalion, said he had now 970 men in the ranks, many from Madoc district. In many cases these now enlisting, were men who had drilled before. They are the backbone of the country today. The young men coming forward are fine. The young men should. "If I could keep the 80th Battalion together, I would have as good a regiment as ever went out of Canada."

A True Tonic Regular and natural action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels will keep you well and fit, and this action is promoted by BEECHAM'S PILLS

KIDNEY DISEASE WAS KILLING HIM

Until He Used "Fruit-a-lives" The Great Kidney Remedy

HAGERSTOWN, Ont., Aug. 26th, 1913. "About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My kidneys were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. Having seen 'Fruit-a-lives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their action was mild, and the result all that could be expected. My kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am as well as ever."

B. A. KELLY, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

"I expect to be going back next month, I hope, and I want to take back a word of encouragement. The best I can say is that in the month of October Hastings has enlisted 500 men. "We must do more than we can afford. We must make a sacrifice. "I wish the men had done the work the women have done. But there is more for the women to do. We must not forget the atrocities in Belgium and France. I have seen our soldiers divide their rations with the starving children who crept out of haystacks when our men were served. "We have munitions. We want men to handle them. You will come in for the victory."

Dr. Harper expressed thanks to the speakers, the band, and the soloist, on behalf of the ladies and appealed to those who could enlist to do so. "I hope that as far as this section is concerned, this village of Madoc will be the first in patriotic endeavor." He urged subscriptions to the field kitchen fund. After a selection by the band, and the national anthem, the meeting broke up at 11.30.

Market Report

(From Saturday's Daily.) Belleville market saw a rapid rise in the price of eggs today. Those who purchased at 25c secured 30c per dozen, for the ordinary egg-eater paid 30c. In two weeks they have risen 8 or 9c. Today's clam was at least 5c. Butter remained at 85c per lb. Potatoes came down to \$1.20 to 1.25 per bag and twenty cents per peck was the average quotation. Hogs have gone up in price to 9.50 and 9.75. Cattle and beef markets are unchanged in price. There were considerable quantities of peaches offered today at 50c per bushel. Poultry was cheaper and it was fairly plentiful. Ducks brought 75c each and fowl 75c to \$1 per pair. Hay is unchanged in price, although none was offered here today.

GREATLY DISCOURAGED OVER BABY'S ILLNESS

Mrs. Jos. Gaudreau, "Notre Dame des Bois, Que., writes: "Last autumn my baby was very sick and we were greatly discouraged. The doctor did not seem able to help him and we began to use Baby's Own Tablets when reason made him a fat healthy child. "Thousands of other mothers give Baby's Own Tablets the same praise. The Tablets regulate the stomach and bowels, break up colds and simple favors, expel worms, cure colic and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MOIRA

Sept. 27—The wind and rain of yesterday did considerable damage. Mr. Sylvester Salisbury has been spending a few weeks in this place visiting his wife and relatives. Miss Violet Johnson is spending a few days with Mrs. Earl Morrow of River Valley.

Mrs. and Mrs. Will Welsh and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ketcheson motored to Petron on Tuesday of last week. Mrs. B. C. Salisbury entered a number of ladies on Thursday afternoon.

The school fair which was held at White Lake School grounds was a great success. Moira school carried off a number of prizes. Miss Evelyn Phillips visited Miss Hazel Salisbury on Sunday.

Miss Hazel Salisbury has returned home after spending some time with friends at Oshawa and Toronto. Mrs. Albert Ketcheson was glad to hear of her recovery after her severe attack of acute indigestion. Rev. Mr. Smith who has been on our circuit for the past few weeks is in Rev. Reddick's absence has returned to speak. "I am at home in this village, although this is my second visit. I have remained worthy representatives of the village of Madoc in the trenches."

Captain Ponton told the story of Ypres where 80,000 Germans faced 4,000 Canadians. These Canadians saved the day. "I took 132 men into the trenches at the Duck's Hill and brought out 27. The Germans attacked nine times but never broke through."

"Citizen soldiers a year ago, yet after four months' training they were occupying the front trenches. But there are many men in this county just as good. Every young man ought to consider it his duty and privilege to wear His Majesty's uniform to defend right and crush wrong."

NEW MANAGER G.T.P. TELEGRAPHS IS APPOINTED

Will Inaugurate Service Over Eastern Section of Transcontinental Railway in Few Days.

A circular issued by President E. J. Chamberlin announces the appointment as Manager of Telegraphs, Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways, of Mr. H. Hulatt, vice Mr. A. B. Smith resigned on account of ill health. The appointment is effective October 1st.

Mr. Hulatt will report to Vice-President in charge of operation G. T. R. at Montreal and to Vice-President and General Manager G. T. P. R. at Winnipeg. News of the resignation of Mr. A. B. Smith on account of ill-health will be received with keen regret in railway and general business circles. He has taken a prominent part in the development of telegraph and telephone engineering in Canada. A native of Montreal, Mr. Smith entered the service of the Montreal Telegraph Company in 1862 and rose to the position of Superintendent of Construction of the Great North Western Telegraph Company, which took over the maintenance and operation of the Montreal Telegraph Company's Lines. He joined the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway as Manager of Telegraphs in 1905 and under his management the telegraph system of the Grand Trunk Pacific has been brought into being, and an efficient commercial telegraph service organized. In 1913 Mr. Smith's jurisdiction was extended to include the entire Grand Trunk Railway System.

Mr. H. Hulatt, the new Manager of Telegraphs, was born in London, England, and prior to coming to Canada had extensive commercial and journalistic experience. He joined the Grand Trunk Pacific in 1907 and he has been Mr. Smith's principal assistant in the construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Lines, the organization of the G.T.P. Commercial Telegraph Service and the Railway Time Service Department.

On January 15th, 1913, consequent on Mr. Smith's headquarters being transferred to Montreal, Mr. Hulatt was appointed Commercial & Traffic Superintendent with headquarters at Winnipeg in charge of telegraph lines west of Fort William, and at the same time was appointed Superintendent of Time Service. Under Mr. Hulatt's supervision the commercial telegraph service of the Grand Trunk Pacific has been extended not only to reach all the principal cities in the Prairie Provinces, but also important points in British Columbia, such as Prince George and Prince Rupert. Mr. Hulatt has also recently concluded an arrangement whereby the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Company will operate over the Transcontinental Railway between Winnipeg and Moncton, and it is anticipated service over that section will be inaugurated within the next few days, thereby affording the West an additional competitive route to the East.

Strenuous Fight for R. R. Constable

G. T. R. Constable Stewart had a hard tussle at the station at nine o'clock last night in putting under arrest Pat McNamara and Alfred Mercer on a charge of vagrancy. They are said to have been hanging around the depot. Mr. Stewart arrested McNamara and hand-cuffed him to a post while he went after Mercer into a hotel. There he had to secure assistance, as Mercer opposed arrest. Finally he was overpowered. This morning in police court, the twain were remanded for a week.

Result of Horse Races at Tweed

Following is the standing of the horse races held at the Tweed Fair on Wednesday and Thursday last:— 2:30 P.M. Class. Luckie Lou, Mr. Quail, 1st. Black Prince, Orr, 2nd. Paddy Boy, Carter, 3rd. 2:55 Class. Lady Dillon, Doreen, 1st. Windsor Belle, Ketcheson, 2nd. Molly C. Coulter, 3rd.

HOW'S THIS? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known Mr. F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. The Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

OFFICER NEARLY BURNED TO DEATH

Lieut. McCargar in Serious Condition—His Tent at Barrfield, Burned Cause of Fire Not Known

Lieut. McCargar of Belleville, who went to give evidence in a district court-martial, narrowly escaped being burned to death Friday morning in Barrfield Camp, when the tent that he was occupying burned to the ground. He is now in the General Hospital in a serious condition. At the time of the accident, Lieut. McCargar was sleeping in the tent occupied by Lieut. Alexander, of the Service Corps. About three o'clock in the morning a fire alarm was given by someone who saw the tent in flames. The tent was completely destroyed with all its contents and the Lieutenant was badly burned over his entire body, but especially over his face, arms and hands. Fortunately officers hearing the alarm got to the tent in time to drag Lieut. McCargar out and saved him from being burned to death. He was carried to the field hospital, where his burns were dressed, and afterwards sent to the General Hospital, where his condition is reported as being very serious. The origin of the fire is unknown and had there been a strong wind that part of the camp would most certainly have been wiped out by the flames. Lieut. McCargar's tent was located in the lines of the Army Service Corps officers' tents.

NEW MANAGER G.T.P. TELEGRAPHS IS APPOINTED

Will Inaugurate Service Over Eastern Section of Transcontinental Railway in Few Days.

A circular issued by President E. J. Chamberlin announces the appointment as Manager of Telegraphs, Grand Trunk and Grand Trunk Pacific Railways, of Mr. H. Hulatt, vice Mr. A. B. Smith resigned on account of ill health. The appointment is effective October 1st.

Mr. Hulatt will report to Vice-President in charge of operation G. T. R. at Montreal and to Vice-President and General Manager G. T. P. R. at Winnipeg. News of the resignation of Mr. A. B. Smith on account of ill-health will be received with keen regret in railway and general business circles. He has taken a prominent part in the development of telegraph and telephone engineering in Canada. A native of Montreal, Mr. Smith entered the service of the Montreal Telegraph Company in 1862 and rose to the position of Superintendent of Construction of the Great North Western Telegraph Company, which took over the maintenance and operation of the Montreal Telegraph Company's Lines. He joined the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway as Manager of Telegraphs in 1905 and under his management the telegraph system of the Grand Trunk Pacific has been brought into being, and an efficient commercial telegraph service organized. In 1913 Mr. Smith's jurisdiction was extended to include the entire Grand Trunk Railway System.

Mr. H. Hulatt, the new Manager of Telegraphs, was born in London, England, and prior to coming to Canada had extensive commercial and journalistic experience. He joined the Grand Trunk Pacific in 1907 and he has been Mr. Smith's principal assistant in the construction of the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Lines, the organization of the G.T.P. Commercial Telegraph Service and the Railway Time Service Department.

On January 15th, 1913, consequent on Mr. Smith's headquarters being transferred to Montreal, Mr. Hulatt was appointed Commercial & Traffic Superintendent with headquarters at Winnipeg in charge of telegraph lines west of Fort William, and at the same time was appointed Superintendent of Time Service. Under Mr. Hulatt's supervision the commercial telegraph service of the Grand Trunk Pacific has been extended not only to reach all the principal cities in the Prairie Provinces, but also important points in British Columbia, such as Prince George and Prince Rupert. Mr. Hulatt has also recently concluded an arrangement whereby the Grand Trunk Pacific Telegraph Company will operate over the Transcontinental Railway between Winnipeg and Moncton, and it is anticipated service over that section will be inaugurated within the next few days, thereby affording the West an additional competitive route to the East.

WEDDING BELLS

MILLER, CLARK. At Trinity Church, Frankford on Sept. 29th by Rev. B. F. Byers—Lena Irene Clark "Riverside" youngest daughter of the late G. W. and Mrs. Clark to Hugh Train Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Miller, Montreal.

Brilliant Scene at Hotel Quinte

On Friday afternoon the tearoom of Hotel Quinte was the scene of a most brilliant function in aid of the Red Cross. The tea was given by Mrs. J. W. Jenkins for the ladies of St. Michael's congregation as a contribution to the patriotic work. The tables were beautifully decorated. A most liberal patronage was extended, the rooms being crowded. Mrs. St. Charles and Mrs. Downey received the guests at the head of the stairs.

Patents Property

It is all combined. Ask for INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free. HARMON & HARMON, 207 University St., Montreal.

Queen Quality SHOE. We invite the Ladies of Belleville and vicinity to inspect our New Fall Queen Quality Shoes. Note the new side lace, which is very popular with the well dressed lady. Also a large variety of button or straight lace shoes in all leathers and styles. Priced at \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00. A.W. Vermilyea & Son THE STORE OF QUALITY & SERVICE.

DRY CLEANED AND PRESSED New Method Telephone 784 274 Front Street

Persian Lamb We have never before been better prepared to meet the season's demand for High Class Persian Lamb Garments than at the present. Why not have your coat repaired, remodelled or lengthened? We have skin to match every coat. G. T. Woodley Phone 421 273 Front St.

COLLIP FLORIST NIGHT PHONE 175 - DAY 201 All kinds of Cut Flowers and Plants in Season. Wedding and Funeral Designs a specialty. Shipped to all parts. Front Street opposite Geen's Drug Store

WEDDING BELLS MILLER, CLARK. At Trinity Church, Frankford on Sept. 29th by Rev. B. F. Byers—Lena Irene Clark "Riverside" youngest daughter of the late G. W. and Mrs. Clark to Hugh Train Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Miller, Montreal.

CANDES 4 for 5c 1 dozen 15c

WALLBRIDGE & CLARKE Bridge St. Phone 129 Front St. Phone 157

OUR LINES Automobile storage and car. Automobile repairing. Automobile Spares. Bicycle repairing. Motor Cycle repairing. Gas Engine work. Electrical contracting. Locksmithing. Machine work. Store or battery care and charge. General and scale repairing. Call and see us whether you are business or not. At The Garage Greenleaf & Soa 269 Front Street

Ladies' Muskrat Coats Made from the choicest Canadian muskrat skins, cut with the three stripe effect down the front and along the bottom. Lined throughout with the best brown satin and trimmings. Price \$85.00 J. T. DELANEY 29 Campbell St. Opposite Y.M.C.A. See our window

Sept. 10th Commences our great Fall Wall Paper and Picture Framing Sale, with all new wall papers and new mouldings and expert workmanship. You get the very best at the very lowest price at the Scantlebury New Up-Street Wall Paper Store. Your decorating, painting, papering, etc., at lowest prices and superior workmanship. An able staff of workmen at your service and at reasonable prices. C. B. Scantlebury Designer and Church Decorator BELLEVILLE

Leg Brok Gerald Bull, a little old was left alone in Monday, September 5, fellow was playing a reel and fell off, breaking Constable Fitches, who on Centre Street here and investigated the Fitches holds a first of St. John's Ambulance and therefore rendered promptly setting the boy wards carried the boy office. His mother was no was learned that the left in the care of the law, Mrs. Wm. Burns, him for a short time went up town. It is his mother to go out husband having left

Cooling Beverages Roy's Pale Ale and Pector, O'Keefe's Special Mild Ale, Old Stock Ale, Pilsener Lager and Special Stout, Clarke's Ale, Porter and Half-and-Half, Doves' Ale and Double Stout, Guinness's Ale and Porter, Reg's Lager, Bass Ale and Guinness' Stout, Dominion Pale Ale, White Label S.X. X. Porter and Inwald Stout, Labatt's Ale and Stout, Keeg's of Ale, Porter and Lager. W. A. Rodbourne Phone 55 307 Front St. Box 103 QUICK DELIVERY of orders to any part of the city. Shop closes 7 o'clock every evening

240 causes of headache claim of an acceptability, but even he to admit that he commonest is B dull, persistent ty We claim to know if yours relieved by lenses, will not allow you them. OUR EXAMIN IS MOST THOR ANGUS M Mfg. Optic 216-Ft. S

We Mr. Stewart Hunt Rev. Silas Huntington Baptist minister here California, is at Hotel Dinner and card party here now. We hear the Griers soon go west to reside. A lot of commercial in town this week. Mrs. W. Carroll of Kingston this week. Mr. Joe Haight and let from the country. Wellington on Monday. Our apple men are days. Miss B. Monagan the Wooler school. Miss Monagan was here on Sunday. Leopold King has a will as clerk in the of Commerce there. Miss Lloyd of Utioua visitor in town. A number will go Thanksgiving day. Mr. Ernest Pettengill from a trip north. Mr. Vandusen, a her, spent an evening. Wedding bells are Mr. Ben Tompsett are visitors at the G. Mrs. Wilson is here. We are sorry to hear McQuod is ill. All hope recovery. Mr. W. Staley is visitor this week at Sulph. Mrs. and Mrs. E. C. move to Ross Hall on Mr. and Mrs. B. B. callers at Hillier last week. We had a bad wind here on Sunday and was done to the orchard. We are sorry to re H. Greer is ill. The C.N.H. time table changed again. We are pleased to re David Lyons is recovering fall. Mrs. Blackhall and B. Bowdman were at Hill last week. Mr. Green our star moving to East Wellington. Nelson Benson's house. A number of hogs from here last week. Mr. H. D. Olemanson farm to Mr. M. Jenks. Mr. Titus will work own farm this coming. Mr. B. Tompouh has corn to Truscop and Mr. W. P. Niles is a

# Wellington Items

Mr. Stewart Huntington son of Rev. Siles Huntington, a former Methodist minister here, of San Diego, California, is at Hotel Alexandra. Dinner and card parties are all the rage here now.

We hear the Grierson family will soon go west to reside.

A lot of commercial travellers were in town this week.

Mrs. W. Carroll of Toronto is at Kingston this week on a visit.

Mr. Joe Haight and daughter Victor from the country were visitors at Wellington on Monday.

Our apple men are very busy these days.

Miss B. Monogan has secured the water school.

Miss Monogan was visiting friends here on Sunday.

Leopold King has gone to Brockville as clerk in the Canadian Bank of Commerce there.

Miss Lloyd of Utica, N.Y., is a visitor in town.

A number will go to Toronto for Thanksgiving day.

Mr. Ernest Pettengill, C.E., is home from a trip north.

Mr. Vandusen, a former teacher here, spent an evening here last week. Wedding bells are ringing here.

Mr. Ben Tompsett and daughter, visitors at the Gore this week.

Mrs. Wilson is here from Toronto. We are sorry to hear that Mr. Wm. McQuod is ill. All hope for his speedy recovery.

Mr. W. Staley is visiting his daughter this week at Sulphide.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Pitt will soon move to Rose Hill on their farm.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Trampour were callers at Hillier last week.

We had a bad wind and rain storm here on Sunday and much damage was done to the orchards.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. H. Greer is ill.

The C.N.R. time table has been changed again.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. David Lyons is recovering after a serious fall.

Mrs. Blackhall and Mrs. W. K. Bowerman were at Bloomfield a day last week.

Mr. Green our station agent is moving to East Wellington in Mr. Nelson Benson's house.

A number of hogs were shipped from here last week.

Mr. H. D. Olemson has sold his farm to Mr. M. Jenks.

Mr. Titus will work part of his own farm this coming year.

Mr. B. Trampour has been shipping corn to Concession and Frankford and Mr. W. P. Niles is shipping celery

and onions.

Mr. W. P. Niles was at Concession last week on a business trip.

We are proud of our school children winning so many prizes at Picton fair.

Hogg and Lytle's grain store house is being erected very quickly on Station street.

A tour patriotic concert our Belleville friends gave excellent addresses and Miss Ponton sang some fine songs.

We are pleased to see Wilbert Peters able to be out again after being so ill.

Mrs. Bryant is still confined to the house; her daughter is with her.

Thursday and Friday our public school teachers were away attending the convention at Picton.

Jack Frost has made his appearance and nipped the pumpkin vines.

The funeral of Mr. Kennedy took place on Tuesday at the R. C. church and was largely attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Collier returned on Monday to their home at Great Bend, N.Y.

Mr. Walton Clepp has returned to his home at Toronto.

Mrs. Findley Pye is at Toronto the guest of her daughter, Mrs. West.

Mrs. S. B. Morden entertained an evening last week.

The Wm. Luffman house is rented here and Mr. Luffman and family are on W. P. Niles' farm.

Miss Marguerite Green of Bloomfield is visiting her aunt, Mrs. B. A. Fanning.

The Tate family of Picton visited the Tate family here on Thursday.

We are pleased to see Dr. MacGlenon back to town again.

Mr. George Hubbs has sold his farm at Hillier to Douglas McFaul.

The W.M.S. of Friends met on Wednesday at the home of Mrs. H. Webster.

W. Blackman and family will move on Nelson Benson's farm in the country.

Mrs. Joshua D. McFaul and Gladys and Mrs. S. E. McFaul of Gilead spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Greer.

Mrs. Hiram Hubbs and Donald of Toronto spent a few days at Mr. Allan Hubbs' last week.

Mr. John Wessells died at Belleville on Wednesday, Sept. 29, after a lingering illness. In religion he was a Methodist. He was a prominent Organist. Mr. Wessells was well known at Wellington, one of his daughters, Mrs. T. Thompson resides here. Our sympathy is extended to those who mourn.

Mr. Andrew Pettengill is at Lake Shore, the guest of his brother Albert and family.

in other parts of Ontario.—Oshawa Vindicator.

## OBITUARY

### MRS. G. F. B. RUSSELL

The death occurred on Sunday morning early of Mrs. Catherine Ann Russell, wife of Mr. George F. B. Russell, Ameliasburg. Her death came as the result of a second stroke of apoplexy, with which she was smitten on Tuesday last. She was a daughter of the late Reynard Brickman and spent all her life in the township. On Dec. 31st, 1911, she had celebrated her golden anniversary of her wedding. She was a member of the Methodist church.

She leaves one daughter, Mrs. John Wilson of Rawdon, and four sons, Stanley of St. Albans, Vermont, Fred of Ameliasburg, John of Buffalo, and William A. of Winnipeg, Mr. W. A. Brickman of Ameliasburg is a brother.

### ROBERT C. FINKLE

On Saturday the death took place of Robert Coleman Finkle, of the 2nd of Sidney. He had been ill with typhoid for six weeks. His wife died some weeks ago but he was not told of her demise. He was a farmer by occupation and was born in Hungerford 53 years ago. In religion he was a Methodist. He leaves three brothers and five sisters, Acol H. Finkle, Emery S. Finkle, S. S. Finkle, Mrs. J. Palmer, Mrs. T. Paraso, Mrs. J. Falcozer, Mrs. J. Maynes, Mrs. J. B. Doobe.

### Rally at Trenton.

Captain R. D. Ponton and Corporal Sandford were given a rousing reception at Trenton last evening. They and Captain Eben James of the 49th Regiment were the speakers at a gathering in Weller's opera house, at which hundreds were unable to secure admittance. Miss Abna Ponton was the soloist.

The returned soldiers were played through the streets by the Trenton band before the meeting.

During the evening the band played sacred and patriotic airs.

## SIX BROTHERS IN KHAKI WERE THERE

Unique Feature of Spencerville Fair Was Mrs. Kingston, of Groveton, and Her Six Soldier Sons.

There was a decided military atmosphere at the Spencerville Fair which was held on Wednesday, and a common topic of conversation and discussion was the progress of the war and the recent big victory for the allies. Several soldiers in khaki were present, among them being Captain Kingston. A special prize for the mother with the biggest family on the grounds was won by Mrs. Kingston, of Groveton, who had six sons in khaki present. Capt. Kingston, of the 56th Lager Rifles, is one of them, and another is Pte. J. E. Kingston, 2nd battalion, C.E.F., wounded at Ypres and now home on leave. He has had two bullets taken out of him but four still remain. It is said that there was a man present with a larger family by one than that of Mrs. Kingston, but he would not think of competing with the mother of the six soldier sons, and that was the popular opinion. Mrs. Kingston was a proud mother with her six stalwart boys in khaki, and well she might be envied her possession of such a family.

## Belleville Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund

The Treasurer begs to acknowledge with thanks the following payments since added to the lists published up to 25th September, 1915.

Standard Bank staff (Sept) .. \$ 2.50	Merchants Bank staff (Sept) .. 5.00
C. J. Symons .. 10.00	Miss E. A. Anning (fifth cont.) .. 10.00
J. S. McKeown .. 25.00	Judge Deroche .. 10.00
Dr. A. E. MacColl (Supt. Oct. Nov) .. 15.00	Belleville Lodge No 81. I.O.O.F. .. 5.00
R. W. Adams .. 2.00	John Elliott .. 5.00
Employees McIntosh Bros. Oct. .. 5.20	R. Tannahill .. 300.00
C. J. Bowell, Sept & Oct .. 20.00	

## Cheese Board

The following factories boarded cheese at the Belleville Cheese Board on Saturday

Shannonville, 80	Brankov, 90
York Road, 55	Massasauga, 45
Silver Springs, 60	Union, 50
Ecupes, 35	Holloway, 45
Hyland, 50	Sidney, 90
Wooler, 70	Sidney Town Hall, 80
West Huntingdon, 40	Melrose, 60
Zion, 60	Foxboro, 75
East Hastings, 25	Thurlow, 90
Moira Valley, 30	Premier, 25
Roslin, 30	Frankford, 60
Rogers, 60	Moira, 40
Kingston, 35	Roblin, 30
Rock, 25	Tweed, 30
Wicklow, 80	Grafton, 50
Avonbank, 45	

## Barriefield Notes

The allotted space for the 80th battalion is now filled with tents, and soon these tents will be filled with men. The lines are clean and orderly; everything about the battalion has the appearance of neatness and order stamped everywhere, and the officers of the 80th are just as active and industrious as ants. There is no place in the 80th battalion for a sluggard. Lieut.-Colonel Ketcheson himself sets the pace, and everybody is bound to follow. When the O.C. of the 80th wanted a stable for his new mount, he took a hand in building it. He is a man accustomed to do things, and when officers get a good example from a commanding officer, they must follow it or trail behind for a few painful days and then drop into innocuous desuetude. Officers like Maj. Low, Maj. Alger, Capt. Watson and others could not be kept still. They are running over with enthusiasm and energy, and all this is put into their work for the battalion. Results are everywhere in evidence, and the new unit in Barriefield camp is fast shaping into a fighting machine that will give a good account of itself when it comes to face the enemy. There are no "grouters" among the officers of the 80th. They are all "boosters." A kick in an officer's face will put kinks in the chain of a battalion. Sunshine warms



# Special Attractions For Thanksgiving Week

A Heavy Coat is a necessity these cold evenings, and we are prepared with a large collection to fill the increasing demand. Coats in roomy, comfortable styles with warm high collars, made in heavy Chinchilla, Whitney Cloth, Curl Cloth, Mixed Tweeds, Frieze Cloth and Plushes. Styles with Belts and Pockets are very popular and may be had in Grey, Black, Navy, Brown and Mixed Colors. Prices range from \$12.50 to \$37.50.

New Suits are being shown in all the best styles with high or low collars. Navy, Black, Brown and Green are popular colors and the materials are Serges, Cheviots, Broadcloths, Tweeds, Gabardines and Whipcords. Prices \$16.50 to \$35.00

## Boas, Ruches & Collars

Some of the Newest Styles in Neckwear are Short Feather Boas, Marabout Collars and Wide Fluffy Ruches. We have these in very Pretty Styles and at prices from 75c to \$3.00 each. Several New Styles in Collars have also arrived.

## Very New Waists

Several styles in Dainty New Waists have just been received. Silk Waists in White and Colors, Crepe de Chine, Georgette Crepe, Net and Minon Combinations are all shown. Styles are very pretty and the prices are reasonable.

## Children's Dresses

A good assortment of Children's Serge and Velvet Dresses, a clearing line of Manufacturers' Samples have been marked very cheaply. These are all finest qualities of materials and are well made in a variety of colors. Sizes 4 to 10 years. Prices \$2.75 to \$4.00.

# Sinclair's BUY YOUR FALL Dress Goods Now Sinclair's

looks good, and soldiers like to see it in an officer. There is a lot of delightful sunshine in the 80th Battalion.

## Found The Cause And Then The Cure

Why Jas. A. Bryce Recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills

He Had Pain in His Back For a Year Till He Used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Paisley, Ont., October 4th—Special.

"It gives me great pleasure to say a few words of praise for Dodd's Kidney Pills," so says Mr. Jas. A. Bryce, well known and highly respected in this neighborhood.

"I had been troubled with a pain in my back for about a year," Mr. Bryce continues, "and when I was reading in Dodd's Almanac I learned from the Self Examination Page that the Kidneys were the cause of my trouble."

"I sent at once for a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and before they were done I was feeling as well as ever."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills certainly were a great boon to me and I can recommend them highly to anyone suffering from Kidney Disease."

"If your disease is of the Kidneys or from the Kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it. They have been curing sick Kidneys in Canada for more than a score of years. That's why they're so popular."

## THE HILL.

Quite a bad storm passed through here on Sunday, blowing off a lot of fruit.

One of Mr. Mallory's houses was destroyed by fire.

Mrs. Louis Phillips is spending a few days with Mrs. M. Shorey.

Wedding bells will be ringing in the near future.

Mrs. James Munns of Belleville is spending this week with her daughter, Mrs. A. Spenser.

Miss Annie Rowan is visiting her sister and other friends in Marmora.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bell spent over Sunday with Mr. Reid of Belleville.

Mr. O. Redick, Mrs. C. J. Massey, and Mrs. G. A. Ketcheson, spent a few days in Toronto and Queensville visiting their uncle, who is seriously ill.

A Remedy for Bilious Headache.—are not sometime subject to biliousness and arresting inflammation of the lungs, can be established by hundreds of testimonials from all sorts and conditions of men. It is a standard remedy in these ailments and it is highly recommended by medicine vendors, because they know and appreciate its value as a curative. Try

## FRANKFORD.

Frankford, Sept. 28.—Mrs. A. Munns left on Wednesday to attend Picton fair and visit relatives there.

A few from here attended the Stirling fair on Wednesday.

The regular meeting of the W.M.S. was held at the home of Mrs. W. H. Weese on Thursday and a very profitable afternoon was spent. After the business part of the meeting was over, Mrs. Weese served a lunch, as this was a social meeting.

Mrs. Arthur Ferguson spent the week with her parents at Colborne.

A few took in the fair at Marmora on Friday.

Miss Katie Windover spent Wednesday and a part of Thursday with her sister Alice, who is attending school at Belleville.

Mass was held in St. Francis R.C. Church on Sunday at 9 a.m. by Rev. Father O'Reilly.

The annual harvest Thanksgiving which was to be held in Trinity Church on Sunday at 11 a.m. was postponed until Oct. 3rd. The church was very tastefully decorated with grains, fruits, and flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Smith, Tweed, left for their home on Sunday afternoon, after visiting friends here.

The annual rally service of the Methodist S.S. was held in the Church on Sunday evening at 7.30. A large congregation was present and the service was very interesting.

There passed away on Monday evening at the home of Mr. G. E. Sine, Mrs. Malinda Welborne, after a lingering illness of some weeks, at the age of 79 years and four months. Service on Wednesday at 10.30 a.m. in the Methodist Church.

The following letter from Pte. H. Ernest Carter, a former employee of the Molsons Bank here, (taken from the Ottawa Citizen.) Pte. H. Carter, billeted somewhere in Belgium writes the following letter to his mother, Mrs. L. N. Carter, 78 Hopewell Ave., Pte. Carter was wounded on May 25. He spent two months in the hospital. The letter reads as follows:—"After being wounded on May 25th and spending two months in the hospital and convalescent home in France, on my return to the battlefield I was just in time to join the first battalion and go in the trenches. I was a little anxious that day as there were four of our men killed on their birthday. However I came out all right, trusting in God. He does answer our prayers though distance separates us, my dear mother. God brings us so close together. I can hear you praying for me every night just as though I were by thy side. A shell was thrown near our trench the other day, fortunately it did not burst so we could examine it. The date on it was 1905.

We are all in the very best of spirits. Never before have we been so well equipped to do our duty as we are today. We have everything we need for the first time since we came into the battlefield. This is the first time we have been able to say this and we feel confident now we are going to win. I shall return to you a nobler and better boy than I ever was before.

Mr. Hubbard Bell attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. Wm. Dafoe, of Belleville on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Osterhout returned home on Monday after spending some weeks in British Columbia and Manitoba.

We are pleased to learn that Mrs. John Windover has returned home from Kingston and that reports are favorable for her eye-sight being restored to her.

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

ZION NOTES.

Sept. 27th.—Cutting corn seems to be the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Burke of Fuller, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Myron Hawley and also attended the rally service at Zion.

Mr. Wm. Caldwell was the victim of a sad accident on Wednesday last. While walking behind the horses in the stable, Mr. Harrison Phillips' horse kicked him several times and broke two bones of his leg. Dr. J. A. Faulkner is attending him and Miss Lena Phillips is nursing him.

Mr. and Mrs. Herb. Casey gave a melon party to a number of the young people on Tuesday evening last.

Miss Neva Sills has returned home after spending a few days with Miss Annie Sills, of West Huntingdon.

Mrs. Herb. Hamlin and a number of other ladies from Foxboro called on Mrs. Herb. Casey one day last week.

Mrs. Lazier and Miss Green of Belleville attended the Red Cross meeting at the home of Mr. William Caldwell on Wednesday last.

Mr. T. Woods of Napanee has returned home after spending a week with his uncle, Mr. Job Clapper.

Mr. B. Faulkner of Foxboro passed through here on Monday.

Beware of the pear and turkey thieves as they are around again.

A number of the young people of this place attended Stirling Fair on Wednesday last and all report a fine time.

Miss Helen Denyes of Belleville, spent Sunday under the parental roof

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Greaves' Worm Exterminator.

## A Luxury Shower

A visitor at the Patriotic and Red Cross Association rooms on Saturday morning, found the ladies in charge busy giving out yarn and taking in armfuls of beautiful socks knit by the women of Belleville. There are very few women in Belleville who are not working for our boys overseas in some way. The Knitting Circles are busy knitting, making bandages, sewing for the hospitals, and the work sent out cannot be beaten anywhere. They are also busy planning a Luxury Shower of candy, tobacco, gum, etc., in fact anything that boys like to reach them by Christmas. The Patriotic and Red Cross Association will hold their regular monthly meeting in the Liberal Club rooms on Tuesday evening (Oct. 5) at 8 o'clock. A good attendance is requested as important business is to be transacted.

## Appointed D.D.G.M.

Mr. S. A. Barclay of this city has been appointed District Deputy Grand Master of the I.O.O.F. for this district. We are sure Mr. Barclay will do credit to himself and the order by the faithful performance of the various duties connected with the important office.

## Discuss Interswitching

A meeting of the city council, the Board of Trade and manufacturers and citizens interested in interswitching has been called for tomorrow (Tuesday) evening. This is owing to the sittings of the Railway Commission which will be held here on October 12th.

## City Notes.

Mr. James Davidson, G.T.R. pump house, reported to the police that he had purchased a pig and two bags of potatoes on the market on Saturday, which were not delivered.

Samuel Pope lost a pocket book containing about \$50 on Saturday but later found it.

## Police Court

Joseph Gestro, John Braing, and John St. John, all foreigners were arrested on Saturday charged with assaulting Chas. Hilton of Thurlow. They were admitted to bail today until Oct. 12th. Two others are said to have been in the alleged assault. John Braing, accused of vagrancy was remanded until Oct. 12th.

**240**

causes of headache, is the claim of an accepted authority, but even he is obliged to admit that by far the commonest is **Eyestrain**—particularly of the steady, dull, persistent type.

We claim to be able to know if yours can be relieved by lenses, and if not will not allow you to have them.

**OUR EXAMINATION IS MOST THOROUGH**

**ANGUS McFEE**  
Mfg. Optician  
216 Ft. St.

**Keziah Coffin**

Author of "Cy Whitaker's Place," "Cap's Est," Etc.

Illustrations by Elmer Young

By Joseph C. Lincoln

Copyright, 1915, by J. C. Lincoln & Company

CHAPTER V.

CHAPTER V.

In Which Old Friends Meet.

When Ellery came down to breakfast the rain was over, the wind had gone down, and the morning sunshine was pouring in at the dining-room windows. Outside the lilacs were in bud, the bluebirds were singing, and there was a sniff of real spring in the air. The storm was at an end, and yet the young minister was conscious of a troublesome feeling that for him, it was just beginning.

However, he had determined while dressing to make a clean breast of it to his housekeeper—a nominally clean breast, that is. So, as they sat opposite each other at the table, he began his confession. The muffins scorched in the oven and the coffee pot boiled over as he told his story, for Keziah was too much interested to think of trifles. Interested and astounded, for, since Come-Outers had been Come-Outers and the split in the society took place, no Regular minister had crossed the threshold of a seceder's dwelling, much less attended their services and walked home with a member of their congregation. She knew what this amazing procedure was likely to mean, if her parson did not.

"Well," she exclaimed when the recital was finished. "Well!"

"I'm afraid I was too hasty," observed Mr. Ellery thoughtfully. "Perhaps it would have been wiser not to have done it."

"Perhaps 'twould. Yes, I wouldn't wonder a mite."

"It will be talked about some, I suppose. Don't you think so?"

"At this moment one half of Trumet is talkin' about it and rumm' on out to tell the other half. I guess I'd better hurry up with this breakfast. We're goin' to have callers."

Strange to say, however, this prophecy of early morning visitors did not prove true. Nine o'clock, then ten, and no visitor came to the parsonage. Mrs. Coffin affirmed that she did not understand it. Where was Didama? Where Lavinia Pepper? Had the "Trumet Daily Advertiser" suspended publication?

At half past ten the gate slammed. Keziah peered from the window.

"Humph!" she ejaculated. "Here comes Elkanah and he's got storm signals set, by the looks. He's comin' after you, Mr. Ellery."

"Very well," was the calm reply; "let him come."

"All right. Say, Mr. Ellery, it's none of my business, but I wouldn't say anything about your seein' Grace home, that's none of his business, either, or anybody else's."

The head of the parish committee stalked into the study, and the door closed behind him. A rumble of voices in animated conversation succeeded.

Mrs. Coffin went out into the kitchen and resumed her business of making a dried-apple pie.

She was looking down below the deep, which opened outward and was swung partly back on its hinges. From under the door projected a boot, a man's boot and one of ample size.

Keziah's cheeks, already red from the heat of the stove, reddened still more. Her lips twitched and her eyes sparkled.

"Hum!" she said. "They say you can tell the Old Scratch by his footprints, even if you can't smell the sulphur. Anyhow, you can tell a Hammond by the size of his boots. Come out from behind that door this minute. Ain't you ashamed of yourself?"

The owner of the boot stepped forth from behind the door and seized her by both hands.

"Halloo, Keziah!" he cried joyfully. "My, but it's good to see you."

"Halloo, Nat!" said Keziah tartly. "It's kind of good to see you, too."

The rest of him was in keeping with his boots. He was big and broad-shouldered and bearded. His face, above the beard, was tanned to a deep reddish brown, and the corners of his eyes were marked with dozens of tiny wrinkles. He was dressed in a blue cloth and wore a wide-brimmed, soft felt hat. He entered the kitchen and tossed the hat into a corner.

"Well!" he exclaimed. "Why don't you get surprised to see a fellow here? I've been cruisin' from the Horn to Barnegat and back again, and you act as if I'd just dropped in to fetch the cup of molasses I borrowed yesterday. What do you mean by it?"

"Oh, I heard you'd made port."

"Did, hey? That's Trumet, sure pop. You ain't the only one. I sneaked up across lots so's to dodge the gang of neighbors that I knew would be sailin' into my yard, the whole feet loaded to the gunwale with questions. Wanted to see you first, Keziah."

Mrs. Coffin pulled forward one of the kitchen chairs. He seated himself on it, and it groaned under his weight.

"Whew!" he whistled. "Never made

to stand rough weather, was it, well, ain't you glad?"

Keziah looked at him gravely.

"You know I'm glad, Nat," she said. "So? I hoped you would be, but I did want to hear you say it. Now you come to anchor yourself and let's have a talk. I've been cruisin' on it ever since we set tops'n' off Barnegat."

The housekeeper took the other chair.

"I beg your pardon, Keziah," he said. "I'm a dough head, that's a fact. I hadn't forgot about Sol, but I was so glad to be home again and to see dad and Grace and the old town and you that everything else flew out of my mind. Poor Sol! I liked him."

"He liked you, too. No wonder, considerin' what you did to—"

"Belay! Never mind that. Poor chap! Well, he's rid of his secker's at last. Tell me about it, if you can without bringin' all the trouble back too plain."

So she told him of her brother's sickness and death, of having to give up the old home, and, finally, of her acceptance of the housekeeper's position. He listened, at first with sympathy and then with suppressed indignation.

"By the jumpin' Moses!" he exclaimed. "And Elkanah was goin' to turn you out of house and home. The mean, pompous old—"

"Hush! hush, he's in there with Mr. Ellery."

"Aho! There, Elkanah! Halled Zebede, Cheerfully."



"Aho! There, Elkanah! Halled Zebede, Cheerfully."

"Who? Elkanah?"

"Yes; they're in the study."

"So he's talkin' to the new parson, hey? Bossin' him, too, I'll bet."

"I ain't so sure. Mr. Ellery's young, but he's got a mind of his own."

Captain Hammond chuckled and slapped his knee.

"Ho, ho!" he laughed. "I've been hearin' somethin' about that mind. Went to the chapel last night, I understand, and he and dad had a set-to. Oh, I heard about it! Wish I might have been there."

"How does your father act about it?"

"Bout the way a red-hot stove acts when you spill water on it; every time he thinks of the minister he sizzles. Ho, ho! I do wish I could have been there."

"What does Grace say?"

"Oh, she doesn't say much. I wouldn't wonder if she felt the way I do, though we both keep quiet. I'll tell you, between ourselves and the ship's pump, that I sort of glory in the prophet's spurnin' of him."

"Good! So do I, I like him."

Her friend leaned forward.

"Keziah," he said earnestly, "there's no sense in your slavin' yourself to death here. I can think of a good deal pleasanter berth than that. Pleasant for me, anyhow, and I'd do my best to make it pleasant for you. You've only got to say the word and—No! Well, then all I can do is hope through another voyage."

"Please don't, Nat. You know."

"No, I don't know."

"Well, perhaps you don't. But I know. I like you, Nat. I count on you as the straightest, truest friend I've got; and I want to keep on countin' on you just that way. Mayn't I?"

"Course you can, Keziah. But—"

"Then don't say another word, please."

"Keziah, when you set your foot down you're pretty stubborn; but I've got somethin' of a foot myself. You remember you said so a few minutes ago. Hi, hum! Well, speakin' of dad reminds me that I'm kind of worried about him."

"You are? Why? Ain't he well?"

"Pretty well, but he ain't strong, and he gets too excited over things like last night's foolishness. Grace tells me that the doctor says he must be careful or he'll drop off some of these days. He had a shock five or six years ago, a little one, and I've been anxious about him ever since."

"You mustn't worry. How did Grace look to you?"

"Like the harbor light on a stormy night. She's a brick, that girl, and gets a prettier every minute. Wonder if some of the young chaps down here don't carry her off by main strength. She'll make somebody a good wife."

"Um-hm. Have—have you ever thought of her that way yourself?"

"Keziah, that's enough of that. Are you and dad in partnership to get me spliced and out of the way? He was at me this mornin' along the same line. Don't say anything like that again, even in fun. You know why."

"All right, all right. Now tell me about yourself. Have you had a good voyage? How do you like your owners? How did Zach Foster ever get the packet in through yesterday's fog?"

"Voyage was all right. Some rugged weather on the trip out, but homeward bound we slid along like a sleek

trawler. The main topsail was set, and when the squall struck, the rotten old toman squall by the board 'kerash-o! Course splinters flew like all possessed, and one of 'em, about a foot long, sailed past Nat's head, where he stood heavy in his whole weight on the wheel, and lit right on the binnacle, smashin' it to matches."

"Well, there they was, about, but with their upper riggin' gone and the compass smashed flat. A howlin' no'th-wester blowin' and fog thick as ever. Zach was a whimperin', fidgetin' old woman, Lafayette and Emulous was prayin' in the scupperns—and that ain't an exercise they're used to, neither— even. 'Bije was mighty shook up and worried, so says he himself. But Nat Hammond was as cool and refreshin' as the bottom of my well up home."

"Then Nat suggests gettin' the spare compass and, lo and behold you! there was'n't any. Compasses cost money and money's made to keep, so Zach thinks."

"So there they was. Wind was fair or ought to be, but 'twas blowin' hard and so thick you couldn't hardly see the jib boom. Zach he wanted to anchor, then he didn't, then he did, and so on. Nobody paid much attention to him."

"What'll we do, Nat?" says 'Bije. He knew who was the real seamster aboard."

"Well, if 'twas me, I wouldn't anchor till I had to. Prob'ly 'twill fair off tomorrow, but if it shouldn't, we might have to lay out here all day. Anyhow, we'd have to wait for a full tide."

"I'm afraid we're off the course," says 'Bije, "else we'd be across the bar by this time."

"Well," Nat tells him, "if we are off the course and too far inshore, we would have made the bar—the Bayport bar—if not the Trumet one. And if we're off the course and too far out, we'd ought to have deeper water than five fathom, hadn't we? Course I'm not sure, but—What's that, landsman?"

"Three and a half, sir," says the fellow with the lead. That showed the water edgin' in somewhere. Nat he sniffed, for all the world like a dog catchin' a scent, so 'Bije declares.

"Tell you I smell home," says Nat, calm and chipper, and I'd know that."

"Good morning, Captain Mayo," said the minister.

"Mornin', Zebede," grunted Elkanah. "I have—hum—been discussin' the regrettable affair of last night with Mr. Ellery. I have tried—hum—ha! to show him that respectable people of our society don't associate with Come-Outers, and that for Regular ministers to go to their meetings is something neither the congregation nor the parish committee approves of. No—er—hum—ha! no!"

"And I explained to Captain Daniels," observed the minister, "that I went there for what seemed to me good reasons, and, as they did seem to me good at the time, I'm not ashamed of having done it. It was an honest mistake on my part and I may make—"

"But the society—" began Elkanah. Captain Zeb interrupted him.

"Don't worry about the society, Mr. Ellery," he said with emphasis. "Nor about the parish committee, either. Great fishhooks! the most of us are tickled to death over what you said to Eben Hammond. We think it's a mighty good joke. You didn't know, of course, and what you did was innocent. He! he! he! Did you say him out, hey?"

"I think you'll find a good many of the society feel as I do, shocked and hum—ha!—sorry. I'm surprised they haven't been here to say so."

"I expected them," remarked the minister.

"So did I," chimed in Captain Zeb. "But I cal'late to know why they ain't been. They're all too busy crowsin' over the way Nat Hammond fetched the packet home last night. You ain't heard, Keziah, have you? Nor you, Mr. Ellery? Well, I guess you ain't."

Here's where I gain a lap on Deama Rogers. Seems the Deborah S.—that's the packet, you air, and an hour's haul out of Boston to get her last clear as a bell. But they hadn't much more'n got outside of Mino's fore the fog shut down, thick'n' grael for a sick man. The wind held till long to-mornin'; then she flattened to a dead calm. 'Bije Perry, the mate, he spun the yarn to me, and he said 'twas 'twas thick and fat as ever. He see and kept gettin' no better fast."

"They drifted along till noon time and then they was somewhere out in the bay, but that's about all you could say. Zach, he was stevin' and Lafayette Gage and Emulous Peters— they're Denboro folks, Mr. Ellery, and about fifteen pints 'tween the two accounts—they was the only passengers aboard except Nat Hammond, and they put in their time playin' high low jack in the cabin. The lookout was for'ard tootin' a tin horn and his belon'arin' was the most excitin' thing got'n' out after dinner—corned beef and cabbage—trust Zach for that, though it's next door to cannibalism to put cabbage in his mouth—after dinner, all hands was on deck when Nat says: 'Hush!' he says. 'Don't I hear somethin'?"

"They listened, and then they all heard it—all 'cept Zach, who's deaf in his harbor ear."

"Stand! er—roars Nat. 'It's a squall, dead stern and comin' abin!' I'll take her, 'Bije. You look out for them tops'ls."

"So Nat grabs the wheel and 'Bije tears for'ard and sends the two to-mast hands aloft on the jump. Zach was sounder than a hammer and he was looking across the heads. The wash bench was untenanted."

"Hum!" mused Ellery thoughtfully, "that was a good story of Captain Mayo's. This man Hammond must be a

chop. I should like to meet him. Keziah still looked away over the fields. She did not wish her employer to see her face—just then.

"I thought you would meet him," she said. "He was here a little while ago and I asked him to wait. I guess Zeb's yarn was too much for him; he doesn't like to be praised."

"So? Was he here? At the Regular parsonage? I'm surprised."

"He and I have known each other for a long while."

"Well, I'm sorry he's gone. I think I should like him."

Keziah turned from the door.

"I know you would," she said.

CHAPTER VI.

In Which Captain Nat Picks Up a Derelict.

It is probable that John Ellery never fully realized the debt of gratitude he owed to the fog and the squall and to Captain Nat Hammond. Trumet, all ways hungry for a sensation, would have thoroughly enjoyed arguing and quarrelling over the minister's visit to the Come-Outer meeting, and during the fracas, Keziah's parish might have been more or less battered. But Captain Nat's brilliant piloting of the old packet was a bit of seamanship which every man and woman on that foam-bordered stretch of sand could understand and appreciate, and the minister's indiscretion was all but forgotten in consequence. The "Daily Advertiser" gloated over it, of course, and Captain Elkanah brought it up at the meeting of the parish committee, but there Captain Zeb Mayo championed the young man's course and proclaimed that, far's he was concerned, he was for Mr. Ellery more'n ever. "A young greenhorn with the spunk to guarantee singlehanded right into the middle of the Come-Outer school and give the ratter a good look at the gaff is the man for my money," declared Zebede. Most of his fellow-committee agreed with him. "Not guilty, but don't do it again," was the general verdict.

Keziah watched anxiously for a hint concerning her parson's walk in the rain with Grace, but she heard nothing, so congratulated herself that the secret had been kept. The tide at Trumet, on the bay side, and the before-breakfast tramp to the outer bar and so arose at five, tucked a borrowed pair of fisherman's boots beneath his arm, and without saying anything to his housekeeper, walked down the lawn behind the parsonage, climbed the pine fence, and cut across lots to the pier where he stood, on the boom, removed his shoes, put on the boots, walled through the mealy yellow sand forming the slope of the bluff, and came out on the white beach and the inner edge of the flats. Then he splashed on, bound out to where the fish weirs stood, like webby fences, in the distance.

He cart, drawn by a plodding horse and with a single individual on its high seat, was moving out from behind the breakwater. Some fisherman driving out his gear, probably. The minister had been on the bar a considerable time before he began to think of returning to the shore. He was hungry, but was enjoying himself too well to mind. The flats were all his driver's mind. Only that cart and his driver were in sight, and they were half a mile off. He looked at his watch, sighed, and reluctantly started to walk toward the town; he mustn't keep Mrs. Coffin's breakfast waiting too long.

"Nat never answered, but he stopped smiling."

"And all to once the water deepened. Hammond swung her up into the wind you can anchor," says he. "And 'bout time, too, I guess, says 'Bije the skipper's right."

This is Horatio's and we're right between the shoals. You air, and I hear breakers. Lively there!"

"They have over the mudhook and dropped the sails. Nat shook his head.

"Breakers or not," says he, "I tell you I've smelt home for the last half hour. Now, by the jumpin' Moses, I can taste it!"

"And inside of a couple of shakes come the rain. It poured for a while and then the fog cleared. Right across their bows was Trumet, with the town clock strikin' ten. Over the flat place between the hills they could see the light on the ocean side. And they was anchored right in the deep hole inside the breakwater, as sure as 'I'm knee high to a marin' spik!"

"'Bije just stared at Hammond with his mouth open."

"Nat," says he, "you're a seaman, if I do say it. I thought I was a pretty good bay pilot, but I can't steer a vessel without a compass through a night as black as Pharaoh's Egypt, and in a thick fog besides, and land her square on top of her moorin'! If my hat wasn't a snum!" around thirty miles astern, I snum! I wouldn't take it off to you this minute!"

The minister shut the door behind his departing guests. Then he went into the kitchen, with the housekeeper had preceded him. He found her standing on the back step, looking across the heads. The wash bench was untenanted.

"Hum!" mused Ellery thoughtfully, "that was a good story of Captain Mayo's. This man Hammond must be a



"Better Get Aboard, Hadn't You?"

smell if I met it in Jericho. Hal! there she deepens again. That was the bar and we're over it."

"The wind had gone down to a stiff sailin' breeze, and the old Debby S. slapped along afore it. Sometimes there was twelve foot under her keel and sometimes eight or nine. Once 'twas only seven and a half. Zach and 'Bije both looked at each other, but Nat only smiled."

"Oh, you can laugh!" hollers Zach. "Tain't your vessel you're ruinin' in to danger. You ain't paid out your good money—"

"Nat never answered, but he stopped smiling."

"And all to once the water deepened. Hammond swung her up into the wind you can anchor," says he. "And 'bout time, too, I guess, says 'Bije the skipper's right."

This is Horatio's and we're right between the shoals. You air, and I hear breakers. Lively there!"

"They have over the mudhook and dropped the sails. Nat shook his head.

"Breakers or not," says he, "I tell you I've smelt home for the last half hour. Now, by the jumpin' Moses, I can taste it!"

"And inside of a couple of shakes come the rain. It poured for a while and then the fog cleared. Right across their bows was Trumet, with the town clock strikin' ten. Over the flat place between the hills they could see the light on the ocean side. And they was anchored right in the deep hole inside the breakwater, as sure as 'I'm knee high to a marin' spik!"

"'Bije just stared at Hammond with his mouth open."

"Nat," says he, "you're a seaman, if I do say it. I thought I was a pretty good bay pilot, but I can't steer a vessel without a compass through a night as black as Pharaoh's Egypt, and in a thick fog besides, and land her square on top of her moorin'! If my hat wasn't a snum!" around thirty miles astern, I snum! I wouldn't take it off to you this minute!"

The minister shut the door behind his departing guests. Then he went into the kitchen, with the housekeeper had preceded him. He found her standing on the back step, looking across the heads. The wash bench was untenanted.

"Hum!" mused Ellery thoughtfully, "that was a good story of Captain Mayo's. This man Hammond must be a

chop. I should like to meet him. Keziah still looked away over the fields. She did not wish her employer to see her face—just then.

"I thought you would meet him," she said. "He was here a little while ago and I asked him to wait. I guess Zeb's yarn was too much for him; he doesn't like to be praised."

"So? Was he here? At the Regular parsonage? I'm surprised."

"He and I have known each other for a long while."

"Well, I'm sorry he's gone. I think I should like him."

Keziah turned from the door.

"I know you would," she said.

CHAPTER VII.

In Which the Parson and Mr. Pepper Declare Their Independence.

That afternoon, when dinner was over, the Reverend John decided to make a few duty calls. The first of these he determined should be on the Peppers.

The Pepper house was situated just off the main road on the lane leading over the dunes to the ocean and the light. It was a small building, its white paint dingy and storm beaten, and its little fenced-in front yard dotted thickly with clumps of silver-leaf hollyhogs. A sign, nailed crookedly on a post, informed those seeking such information that within was to be found "Abishal G. W. Pepper, Tax Collector, Assessor, Boots and Shoes Repaired." And beneath this was fastened a shingle with the chalked notice, "Salt Hay for Sale."

The boot and shoe portion of the first sign was a relic of other days. Kyan had been a cobbler once, but it is discouraging to wait three or four weeks while the pair of boots one has left to be resoled are forgotten in a corner.

The minister walked up the sunny lane, lifted the Pepper gate, swung it back on its one hinge, and knocked at the front door. No one coming in answer to the knock, he tried again. Then from somewhere in the rear of the house came the sound of a human voice.

"Hi!" it called faintly. "Whoever you be, don't bust that door down. Come round here."

Ellery "came alone" as far as the angle where the old joined the main body of the house. So far as he could see every door and window was closed and there were no signs of life. However, he stepped to the door, a green-painted affair of boards, and ventured another knock.

"Don't start that poundin' again!" protested the voice. "Come round to the other side where I be."

So around went the Reverend John, smiling broadly. But even on "the other side" there was no one to be seen. And no door, for that matter.

"Why!" exclaimed the voice, "it tain't Mr. Ellery! How 'd'ye do, Glad to see you, Mr. Ellery. Fine day, ain't it? Here I be at this window."

Sure enough; one of the windows on this side of the house was raised about six inches at the bottom, the shade was up, and peering beneath the expensive features of Abishal Pepper— as so many of those features as the size of the opening permitted to be seen.

"Oh!" exclaimed the visitor, "is that you, Mr. Pepper? Well, I'm glad to see you, at last. You are rather hard to see, even now."

"Ester—come to call, did you?"

"Hum. Ester—Lavinia, she's gone over to Thankful Payne's. She heard that Thankful's cousin up to Middleboro had died—passed away, I mean—and she thought she'd run over and find out if Thankful was willin' any-

thing. She said she'd be back pretty soon."

"Very well. Then, as she won't be gone long, perhaps I'll come in and wait."

"You see, Mr. Ellery," stammered Kyan, "I—'d like to have you come in first, but—er—Lavinia she's on the key. She—she—Oh, consarn it all, Mr. Ellery, she's locked me in this room a-purpose, so I won't get out and go somewhere without her key."

"She done it a-purpose," continued Kyan, in a burst of confidence. "She had me put one of them new-fangled spring locks on the door of this room 't'other day, 'cause she said she was afraid of tramps and wanted some place to shut herself up in if one of 'em come. And—after dinner to-day she sent me in here for somethin' and then slammed the door on me. Said she cal'lated to stay put till she got back from Thankful's. She know mighty well I couldn't get out of the window, 'cause it won't open no further 'tis now. I wain't never so provoked in my life. Tain't no way to treat your own brother, lookin' him up like a young one; now, is it?"

"I don't know. You're of age, Mr. Pepper, and you must decide for yourself. I think I should declare my independence. Really, I must go. I—"

"Stop your foolishness! Oh—I—ask your pardon, Mr. Ellery. That ain't no way to talk to a minister, but I'm goin' to go out when I want to. I bust a hole through the clapboard. I ain't fascinatin'. You ask any woman—except her, I be, and see what they say. What'll I do?"

"Ha, ha! No, I don't know. I'm sure you might look her up, I suppose, just for a change."

"Hey!" There was a sound from behind the pane as if the imprisoned one

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

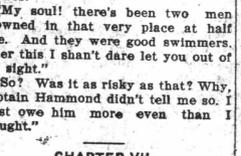
The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his rescuer.

"Thinking of the Hammond family reminded him of another member of it. Not that he needed to be reminded; he had thought of her often enough since she ran away from him in the rain that night. And then he saw her. She was standing just at the outer edge of the grove, leaning against a tree and looking toward the sunset. She wore a simple white dress and her hat hung upon her shoulders by its ribbons. The pink light edged the white gown with rosy light and the fringes of her dark hair were crinkly lines of fire. Her face was grave, al-



"Here I Be at This Window."

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his rescuer.

"Thinking of the Hammond family reminded him of another member of it. Not that he needed to be reminded; he had thought of her often enough since she ran away from him in the rain that night. And then he saw her. She was standing just at the outer edge of the grove, leaning against a tree and looking toward the sunset. She wore a simple white dress and her hat hung upon her shoulders by its ribbons. The pink light edged the white gown with rosy light and the fringes of her dark hair were crinkly lines of fire. Her face was grave, al-

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his rescuer.

"Thinking of the Hammond family reminded him of another member of it. Not that he needed to be reminded; he had thought of her often enough since she ran away from him in the rain that night. And then he saw her. She was standing just at the outer edge of the grove, leaning against a tree and looking toward the sunset. She wore a simple white dress and her hat hung upon her shoulders by its ribbons. The pink light edged the white gown with rosy light and the fringes of her dark hair were crinkly lines of fire. Her face was grave, al-

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his rescuer.

"Thinking of the Hammond family reminded him of another member of it. Not that he needed to be reminded; he had thought of her often enough since she ran away from him in the rain that night. And then he saw her. She was standing just at the outer edge of the grove, leaning against a tree and looking toward the sunset. She wore a simple white dress and her hat hung upon her shoulders by its ribbons. The pink light edged the white gown with rosy light and the fringes of her dark hair were crinkly lines of fire. Her face was grave, al-

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his rescuer.

"Thinking of the Hammond family reminded him of another member of it. Not that he needed to be reminded; he had thought of her often enough since she ran away from him in the rain that night. And then he saw her. She was standing just at the outer edge of the grove, leaning against a tree and looking toward the sunset. She wore a simple white dress and her hat hung upon her shoulders by its ribbons. The pink light edged the white gown with rosy light and the fringes of her dark hair were crinkly lines of fire. Her face was grave, al-

had slapped his knee. "By gum! I never thought of that. Would you, Sah! Sah! Sah! she's comin'." Maybe it's her, run around to the door, Mr. Ellery, quick. And don't tell her I've seen you, for mercy sake! Don't now, will ya? Please! Run!"

The minister did not run, but he walked briskly around the corner. Sure enough, Lavinia was there, just unhooking the door. She expressed herself as very glad to see the caller, and ushered him into the sitting room and asked him to sit down. After a moment's disappearance, returning in another moment with her brother, whom she unobtrusively said had been taking a nap. Abishal did not contradict her; instead, he merely looked apprehensive at the minister.

The call was a short one. Lavinia did seven-eighths of the talking and Ellery the rest. Kyan was silent.

She told no one of Kyan's confidential disclosure, and, after a moment's speculation as to what or not there might be a sequel, put the whole ludicrous affair out of his mind. A week from the following Sunday he dined in state at the Daniels' table. Captain Elkanah was gracious and condescending. Annabel was more than that. She was dressed in her newest gown and was so very gushing and affable that the minister felt rather embarrassed. When, after the meal was over, Captain Elkanah excused himself and went upstairs for his Sabbath nap, the embarrassment redoubled. Miss Annabel spoke very confidentially of her loneliness without "congenial society," of how very much she did enjoy Mr. Ellery's intellectual sermons, and especially what a treat it had been to have him as a guest.

He left the big house as soon as he could without giving offense, and started back toward the parsonage. But the afternoon was so fine and the early summer air so delightful that he changed his mind and, jumping the fence at the foot of Cannon Hill, set off across the fields toward the bluffs and the bay shore.

The sun was low in the west as he entered the grove of pines on the bluff. The red light between the branches made brilliant carpet patterns on the thick pine needles and the smell was balsam and sweet. Between the tree trunks he caught glimpses of the flats, now partially covered, and they reminded him of his narrow escape and of Nat Hammond, his