

# The Mildmay Gazette

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 In Advance.

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JULY 18th, 1918.

J. A. JOHNSTONE Publisher.

## Farm Labor

Nothing is so important at this critical period in the history of the British Empire as food production. Every effort should be made to put in the maximum acreage of crop this, and with this end in view, a Labor Distribution Office has been opened at the Township Clerk's Office at Mildmay. All who are willing—merchants, mechanics, retired farmers or professional men—to work a day or two or longer on the farm this spring or summer, are requested to enroll their names at once. Farmers who need help are also asked to send in their requisitions, and the Committee will distribute the labor in the most advantageous manner. Enroll now.

## Potato Bug Killers.

Paris Green .... 80c a lb  
Arsenate of Lead Powder ..... 75c a lb  
Arsenate of Lead Paste  
50c a lb  
Bluestone .... 25c a lb  
Hellebore .... \$1.00 lb  
Insect Powder .. \$1.00 lb

## O. E. SEEGMILLER

Druggist, Mildmay.

"Buy Drugs at a Drug Store"

Phone No. 28.

## M. FINGER

Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

## LOCAL G. T. R. TIME TABLE.

Morning train, southbound ..... 7.17  
Mail Train, northbound ..... 11.44  
Afternoon Train, southbound ..... 4.18  
Night train, northbound ..... 9.09

## NEWS of the WEEK

Items of Interest to Everybody.

Bulk perfumes at the drug store from 60c oz. up.

Mr. and Mrs. I. R. Knechtel spent Sunday with Listowel friends.

Mrs. Reba Schwalm is spending a couple of weeks at Ford and Wallaceburg.

Why not try a jar of Nyals face cream for tan or sunburn. 35c and 60c at Seegmiller's.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. G. Paterson of Shelburne visited her husband here on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Harry Rudolph of Owen Sound is spending a few days at the home of his aunt, Mrs. Jac. L. Schneider.

The local Knitting Club is putting on a contest, the sides being captained by Misses Rita Weiler and Arsenia Kramer.

Miss Rose Herrgott of the St. Joseph hospital, Guelph, is home on her vacation. She passed her second year examinations with honors.

The School board of P. S. S. No. 13, Carrick, has engaged Miss Hume of Aytton to teach, commencing after vacation. Miss Hume is a recent graduate of Stratford Normal.

Notice! Fresh meat for sale at Weiler Bros'.

Registration card cases at the drug store. 16, 25, 35 and 50.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Cunio of Walkerton visited at Mrs. Bochmer's on Tuesday.

Men! We can save you \$5 to \$10 on a suit and raincoats. Call in and price same. Weiler Bros'.

Pte. Herbert G. Weiler arrived home on Tuesday evening from London, and will spend a month here.

Mrs. S. Williamson and daughter, Olive, of Washington, are guests at Mr. Thos. H. Jasper's this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Miller of James town and Mr. and Mrs. D. Hicks of Gort visited at Dr. Wilson's on Tuesday.

WANTED—Coatmaker and also painter. Good wages paid. Apply to A. A. Missere, merchant tailor, Mildmay, Ont.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch will have a demonstrator on White machine in week of July 22nd. See advertisement in this issue.

The Mildmay voters lists have been printed and distributed. This is the first list issued in the Riding of South Bruce this year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Waechter and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Moyer of Carrick motored to Aytton and Neustadt on Sunday and visited friends.

Notice! Visit our 5, 10, 15 and 25c counters, also our 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.50 tables of ladies' and children's wear at Weiler Bros.

H-m stitching and chain stitching on fancy blouses and suits taught free by a lady White demonstrator in week of July 22nd, at Liesemer & Kalbfleisch.

WANTED—Three girls about 18 years of age, to learn operating on Swiss embroidery machines at Toronto. Good pay, light work, short hours and steady work. Apply at this office.

We are pleased to notice that Miss Edna Bilger of Mildmay was successful in passing her Normal Examinations. She has been engaged to teach at Public School No. 3, Howick, commencing after vacation.

It is astonishing the variety of fancy work which can be done on a White machine. Full instruction and lessons given free to all White users, in the week of July 22nd at Liesemer & Kalbfleisch.

The members of the Victory Knitting Club assembled at the home of Mr. Hy. Stewart on the second concession on Wednesday evening, when the losers in the recent Knitting contest entertained the visitors.

Rev. Mr. Murao, a native of Japan, occupied the pulpit in the Evangelical church on Sunday evening, and gave an illustrated lecture in the Presbyterian church on Monday evening on behalf of the upper Canada Bible Society.

Major A. McLean Moffat, and Paymaster Farquhar Shaw, who crossed overseas with the 160th Battalion, have arrived back in Canada. Capt. Shaw is now visiting at Fergus with his family while Major Moffat is reported to have reached Toronto.

Last week this paper stated that Pte. Otto Johann, who was drafted under the recent amendment to the M. S. A. had been granted permanent exemption from military service, but we are now informed that his case has not yet been decided by the Ottawa authorities, and his leave from London is only temporary.

The Mildmay Separate School is maintaining its splendid reputation, as will be seen by the entrance results published this week. Nine Candidates were sent from this school, and all were successful, six of the number taking honors. The Mildmay Public School also sent up three Candidates, all of whom were successful.

Dr. Doering writes from Baden, that he will not be home until Monday, July 29th. He is still assisting on the farm. Hay is 70% crop in that section, and all other crops are looking well excepting fall wheat. There are many fine fields of spring wheat. Help is very scarce in that locality, on account of the new draft, but if the town people do their duty the harvest can be housed with little inconvenience.

The butcher business appears to be having a rather precarious existence in this village. Mr. L. Buhlman, who had been carrying on business in this line for the past two years, has decided that he has dropped enough money, and closed up the shop on Monday. We understand that arrangements are being made by our business men to keep a stock of fresh meats on hand.

Miss Juliette Brohman of Hamilton is home on a visit to her parents.

Miss Stokes of Winnipeg is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. L. A. Harris, this week.

Miss Mary Buhlman is spending a couple of weeks with friends at Toronto and Hamilton.

Miss Marjory Harris, accompanied by her brother, Edward, attended a wedding at Drew yesterday.

Live poultry wanted. The highest prices paid for same at Weiler Bros. Call phone No. 14.

A small number of ova business men are helping with the haying whenever they find it possible.

Mr. Chas. Montag of Karlsruhe was in town yesterday with his new six cylinder McLaughlin automobile.

Mrs. Geo. Schweitzer went to Brockville on Tuesday afternoon to see her son, Alfred, who is leaving in a few days for England.

Mr. Chas. Kuenzig notifies the public that all trespassers in his berry patch on Lots 22 and 23, Con. B., Carrick will be prosecuted.

Mr. F. Thomas has been employed to do electric wiring for the local electric company, and expects to take up residence here soon.

Ptes. George Miller, John Doig, Clarence Kunkel, Elmo and Jack Schurr of London were home from London to spend Sunday here.

Carrick council will meet on Monday July 29th. All school boards are expected to send in their requisitions for school monies before that date.

Two more Carrick farmers were made happy this week by the local Ford agents, who sold them new touring cars. The purchasers were Messrs. Charles Nickel and John Waack.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Schnurr, accompanied by their two sons, Elmo and Jack motored to Moorefield on Sunday and spent the day with relatives. Farmers in that section have prospects of a bumper crop this summer.

Mr. August Ernewein of Jamestown, Pa., was here this week visiting relatives. August learned the baking trade at H. Keelan's about fifteen years ago, and is now in business for himself at Jamestown, and is doing well.

A motorist who came up from Hamilton last week, stated that he had made the journey in easy stages, and had taken time to look over the different towns and villages en route. He gave it as his opinion that Mildmay was the prettiest and best kept village on the whole trip.

Two citizens of Hespeler, Ont., were arraigned before the local magistrates on a charge of hoarding flour. They were severely reprimanded but allowed suspended sentence by paying the costs of the court. The magistrates said that in future absolutely no excuse would be accepted.

Piano Bargain.  
New piano with 10 year guarantee for sale at a sacrifice. Has only been used about 2 months. Write to box 333, Mildmay.

Change in Voters' List.  
The incorporation of the village of Mildmay has had the effect of cutting a couple of hundred names of the Carrick voters' list, and it has been decided to combine the voters in the two Mildmay polls into one subdivision. There will therefore be seven polls in Carrick in future instead of eight. The lists are now being printed and will be ready for distribution in a few weeks.

Death of Former Carrick Man.

The death of Mr. George Peter Liesemer took place at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Henry Reuber at Didsbury, Alta., on Monday, July 1st, after an illness extending over a period of several years. Mr. Liesemer was born in Germany 77 years ago, and came to Canada when quite a young man. He took up farming and became possessed of a fine 180 acre farm on the fifth concession of Carrick. Selling out about fifteen years ago, the family removed to Alberta, where they engaged in farming on a more extensive scale. About five years ago, Mr. Liesemer sold his farm to his sons and retired to Didsbury, making his home with his daughter, Mrs. Hy. Reuber. His health failed him about three years ago, and he gradually failed until the end came peacefully on the above date. The funeral took place at Didsbury on July 4th, and was very largely attended. He leaves besides his widow, seven sons and three daughters. They are:—John, Henry, Peter, Edward, Conrad, Mrs. Fred Diebel and Mrs. Hy. Reuber of Alberta, Mrs. J. H. Miller of Carrick, Geo. E. Liesemer of Galt and Wm. Liesemer of Waterloo.

Haying Special.

Fine Salt in 200-lb bags, now worth \$1.80. Special for 10 days at \$1.60 per bag. Knechtel & Knechtel.

New Meat Market.

Weiss Bros., butchers, of Teeswater, announce that they will be at the Fink's old stand, Mildmay, on Wednesday forenoon and Saturday afternoon of each week with a full stock of fresh meats.

Fruit Jar Damages Tires.

Last Sunday afternoon when Mr. Hy. Schmidt, liveryman, was returning home from Hanover, he had the misfortune to run over a broken glass fruit jar, which someone had carelessly dropped on the roadway. There were two sharp reports in quick succession which made the driver aware that something serious was happening to his tires. On examination he found that both tires and tubes on the one side of the car had been badly cut up, and he had to discard the casing as almost useless. Broken glass is a dangerous thing to leave on the highway these days.

Wet Weather Retards Haying.

The wet weather on Tuesday and Wednesday retarded the haying operations here, and discolored a great deal of hay. The farmers, although short-handed, are not worrying much, as there will be practically no fall wheat to harvest this year, so they will have an extra week to finish their haying. The wheat crop always follows right on the heels of haying. Barley, however, is maturing rapidly, and many fields will be ready to cut next Monday. Many farmers state that the pea crop in Carrick never looked better, and if no blight sets in at this critical time, there will be a great yield of this valuable crop.

Gloomy in Saskatchewan.

Crop reports received by the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture during the week ending July 6 do not show a very bright prospect on conditions as they exist in many parts of the Province at the present time. With the exception of isolated districts, there is a general cry of "More rain needed." In many sections wheat is headed out, but is very short, and not more than half a crop is anticipated. Where rain has been recently received in hitherto dry districts, it is stated it will be of some assistance in furnishing feed. In other districts the rain came too late to be of much use to the growing crops.

Killed A Porcupine.

Mr. Wm. H. Rehkopf of the 12th concession was surprised on Monday afternoon to discover a porcupine near his house. It wasn't long until Mr. Rehkopf's dog became interested in the prickly stranger, and opened battle. The porcupine's method of fighting, however was too much for his assailant, who had his face stuck full of quills in an instant. Harold Sauer happened along at the time, and he helped Mr. Rehkopf to put an end to the unwelcome visitor. A wire pincher was used to extract the quills from the dog's face, and it was an exceedingly painful ordeal for the dog. Porcupines are very rare in this section of the country, but occasionally one puts in an appearance.

Death of Philip Gress.

The whole community was shocked yesterday to learn of the death of Mr. Philip Gress of the 14th concession of Carrick, one of the most prominent men in the township. Very few outside of his own neighborhood even knew of his illness. He attended church at Walkerton on Sunday, the 7th inst., and after returning home he took a chill, and his condition grew worse until Wednesday when the doctor was called in. He was found to be suffering with Bright's disease, and although he put up a strenuous fight, it was of no avail, for the disease had made such inroads on his system that he succumbed on Wednesday morning of this week at about 5 o'clock. Mr. Gress was born in the township of North Dumfries, Waterloo County, on the 5th of October 1847, and came with the family to Carrick when he was 17 years of age. After his marriage to Miss Annie Miller, on January 2nd, 1889, he purchased the homestead where he continued to reside until his death. Mr. Gress was a man of considerable intelligence, and kept himself well posted upon all current events. He was a clean living, upright man, a good neighbor, and a kind husband and father. He leaves besides his grief-stricken widow, a family of seven girls and two sons. They are:—Mrs. Wm. H. Klein, Mrs. Emerson Schumacher of Carrick, Lily, Annetta, Edna, Pearl, Verna, Wilfrid and Eldon at home. He is also survived by three sisters, Mrs. David Bell, Mrs. John Fenner, Miss Maria Gress, and one brother, Mr. David Gress. Deceased was a staunch and active member of the Walkerton Evangelical church, and a Liberal in politics. The funeral will take place on Friday afternoon at the Mildmay Evangelical cemetery, leaving the family residence at 2 o'clock.

## ENTRANCE RESULTS.

MILDMAY.

22 candidates—21 successful. Names appear in order of merit:  
Hilda Hinsperger (honors)  
Irene Hihn (honors)  
Hedwig Benninger (honors)  
Genevieve Weiler (honors)  
Cecelia Beechey (honors)  
Dora Schaus (honors)  
Ellen Mahoney (honors)  
Arthur Weiler (honors)  
Edwin Herrgott (honors)  
Hilda Schneider.  
Ernie Miller  
Albin Weiler  
Leander Dentinger  
Magnus Fedy  
Christian Schnurr  
Cletus Weiler  
Harold Scott  
Wilfred Fedy  
Lawrence Tiede  
Ethel Belle Hopf  
Louis Privat

## CARLSRUHE.

Mr. and Mrs. Kuntz and Mr. and Mrs. Simon Nicson from near Formosa visit friends in the village last week.

Jos. Niason and family from Deermerton were guests at Mr. John Kurstein's on Sunday.

Fred, Charrie, and Philip Russwurm made a pleasure trip to Eugenia Falls on Sunday.

Willie Schwan and Mrs. Leo Wilhelm and children from Waterloo are spending some time with their mother, Mrs. D. Schwan.

Mrs. J. Weinert from Neustadt, Mrs. S. Herringer from Mildmay visit friends here on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Moyer from Mt. Forest visited at Anthony Himmelspach on Sunday.

Rev. Father J. Adrofski from Port Arthur visited his uncle, Peter Zettler here last week.

Reeve John M. Fischer from Mildmay paid a short visit to the village last week.

The farmers are busy with the hay crop, averaging from 1 to 1½ tons per acre. The grain crop in general looks fairly good.

Mr. Jos. Pochman has one field of barley that measures 4½ feet.

One of our citizens informed us that he has a sure way of killing potato bugs. He squashes them with a wire pincher. This may be a slow job, but it is a sure one.

For Sale—Second hand 6ft. Mass Harris binder, in working order. Apply at this office.

Rev. Father Goodrow of Karlsruhe has volunteered for overseas service as Chaplain and expects to receive orders to report soon. Fr. Goodrow was formerly stationed as assistant here, and was very popular among all classes here.

Miss Marie Weiler is receiving congratulations upon successfully passing the Normal examinations at Stratford.

Mr. A. T. Missere has completed the veneering of his residence west of the depot, and is now erecting a fine verandah. It will be a very attractive residence when the improvements are all completed.

Two farmers were fined \$5 and costs each in the London police court, when convicted on charges of offering for sale on the market bags of potatoes weighing less than 90 pounds to the bag. "It's a serious matter to give short weight in a time when everything costs so much," said the magistrate.

A Wingham citizen carelessly left \$800 worth of Victory Bonds lying on the table, along with a number of other papers, and his wife gathered them all up and put them into the stove, where they went up in smoke. Better have these securities put away safely. The local bank will be glad to do this for all holders.

A Bad Accident.

Mr. John T. Rettinger of near Formosa sustained a heavy loss through an accident which occurred on his farm on Monday evening. He was engaged in cutting hay, and in going down a hill the catch on the tongue of the mower broke off, allowing the tongue to slip through the ring of the neck yoke. The machine ran up on the horses, and one of the animals, a good mare, became entangled in the knives of the mower. In the terrible struggle which followed one of the animals hind legs was completely severed, and the other was terribly lacerated. As there was no possible chance of the animal's recovery, Mr. Rettinger mercifully put an end to her life by shooting her.

# You may be deceived

some day by an imitation of

# "SALADA"

and possibly you will not detect this imitation until the tea-pot reveals it. Demand always the genuine "Salada" in the sealed aluminum packet, and see that you get it, if you want that unique flavour of fresh, clean leaves properly prepared and packed.

## Runaway Julietta

By Arthur Henry Gooden

### CHAPTER XI.—(Cont'd.)

Slowly she took her way toward the veranda again, and once more Mrs. Wurrell greeted her with querulous complaint.

"Didn't find Jim, eh? You been gone a long while. Didn't see anything of Jake?"

"Yes," returned Julietta absently. "He said he was leaving."

"Mrs. Wurrell stirred uneasily. "I'm feelin' queer—all shook up. Help me in, Lizzie!"

Obediently, Julietta helped her into the house. Mrs. Wurrell sank puffing into her big chair; her hands were moist, and a dull fear looked out of her eyes.

"Stay with me, Lizzie," she half moaned. "I'm too shook to be left alone."

It was quite patent that Mrs. Wurrell not only was "shook," but feared the worst.

### CHAPTER XII.

#### She Starts A Ball To Rolling.

That same afternoon found Julietta at the county courthouse. Searching the dusty old records of twenty years gone was a tedious task. She made no explanation to the recorder, nor did she give him her name; but after an hour of labor she verified the tale which she had heard that morning. There was no title company in La Vina, but the recorder proved an able assistant.

The ranch had belonged to Larry Dare, and no one else. This fact settled, Julietta made careful notes of the facts as recorded, smiled her thanks to the official, and left him rather mystified. After which Julietta betook herself homeward and kept her own counsel.

Andy Burt drove out to the Wurrell ranch that evening in his car. Julietta and the Wurrells were sitting on the veranda. The sun had dropped behind the purple peaks, and in the softened light the girl made a pleasing picture.

The picture impressed Burt. A new, stirring, entrancing idea fastened upon him as he strode up the steps and idea which, by the time he had taken the girl's hand in greeting, had ripened into firm resolve.

Nor was his thought difficult for Julietta to divine, even before he spoke. He was another Parkis, the "important out-of-town customer" of the Traffic Shoe Company; she recognized the same colossal self-conceit, the same complacent, appraising glances, and it angered her into silence.

"Thought I'd drop up and pay my respects, Miss Dare," he began ingratiatingly. "As I said this morning, we two ought to be real good friends." He sighed, and fanned himself with his Panama. "Fact is, I've never been much of a lady's man. The girls around here—"

His voice trailed away as a flash of light from the road traversed the veranda. He stared forward with a frown.

"Hi! If there ain't a flivver turning in here," exclaimed Wurrell. "Yes," said Julietta demurely. "Clay Thorpe promised to take me for a little drive this evening." She rose and held out her hand to Burt, upon whose face black gloom had descended.

She gave a relieved sigh as she sank back against the cushions beside Clay, who, sensing her mood, gave silent attention to the "flivver." Finally she spoke, slowly, as musing aloud.

"There's no sense in it—not a bit." His look was a question. Julietta continued.

"I was thinking about the water proposition." She straightened up. "I'm in earnest. Even in the little time I've been back here, what I've seen and heard makes me wild to be doing something. Hasn't the Commerce Commission jurisdiction over public utilities?"

"Sure. But in this case Cottonwood Creek isn't one of them, as water can easily be had by pumping. The Government doesn't take into consideration the cost of pumping."

She laid an eager, impulsive hand on Clay's sleeve.

"Now listen! If all the parties interested were to get together and act as one mind and one body, something could be done, I'm sure."

Clay nodded. The girl continued eagerly.

"Let's begin right now to find that one mind. Can't we?"

He was silent for a moment. Then, "Yes, it's possible," he returned gravely. "No concerted action has been tried because there's really no court of appeal."

"But don't you see that such concerted action in itself is a court of appeal?" she cried. "Why have you been sitting here all these years without trying it?"

"I haven't," he answered. "I've been here just six months. I've been studying and working. But you're right. Of course I'm right. Now, couldn't we get together everyone interested?"

"—look! Isn't that a fire over there?"

Clay glanced around, jammed down his brakes with a low word, and sat staring.

"By George, it is!" he broke out.

Across the horizon, and looking much nearer than it really could be, a red glare of light hung against the clouds. From a tiny incredible swiftness, bespeaking some highly inflammable material.

"Haystacks," said Clay briefly. "Hm! Must be Burt's place!"

"Burt's?" echoed Julietta. "Not Andy Burt?"

"Yes, one of his ranches, the one that used to be the Robbins ranch. That's it, beyond a doubt. Well, let her burn. Burt won't find many men in this valley who'll get out to save his crops."

To Julietta's mind came the memory of Jake Robbins as he had parted from her that morning—a man brooding, a man wronged, a man seeking vengeance with a mad thirst. She hastily sketched him to Clay, and in a few words related what information she had gleaned from him and the action taken thereon.

"You're right," said Clay gloomily, starting the car forward again. "I've no doubt that those stacks were set afire by Jake, and it's high time for us ranchers to get together. Arson is bad enough; next thing we know it may be murder, unless we can find some legitimate course of action. And that fool Burt can't see that he's playing with dynamite."

"Look here, Clay!" exclaimed the girl quickly. "Let's start this thing here and now—to-night! Let's visit the nearest ranch and start the word around for a mass meeting to-morrow evening; telephone everyone interested; get them all there."

"Good! What then?"

"I don't know yet. Will you do it?"

"You bet I will!" He gave the wheel a spin and sent the car sliding into a side road.

He was fired with enthusiasm, yet Julietta could see that it was not altogether enthusiasm to crush Andy Burt, but it was also an eagerness after restraint. The sight of that flame against the sky had acted as a brake; it had brought home suddenly to him the danger of losing the passions of men, and it had sobered him into action. She decided that she liked this trait in Clay; it bespoke judgment.

Tooting the car's horn vigorously, Clay drew up before Dean's house, and the door opened to show old Dean standing in the zone of lamplight.

Clay told him of her idea. "Just what we'll do at the meeting I don't know," he concluded, "but we can hold it at the schoolhouse, and probably some of us will have ideas to present."

"It's great!" said Dean with emphasis. "I'll be there, and I'll phone the other boys."

As they turned into the main road again, Julietta frowned thoughtfully. "I'm afraid," she said, "that the meeting will prove a lot of talk and nothing definite. Isn't there anyone who has a legal enough mind to put things into concrete form?"

"By George!" Clay jumped at the suggestion. "Say, we'll have a petition ready—a formal demand that Burt recognize our water rights! Then we'll take it straight to Burt and demand his signature."

Julietta turned astonished and delighted eyes upon him. She had been thinking of him as a big, strong, untrained boy, and she had found him a keen, forceful man of action.

"I'll draw up the petition myself. We'll do it to-night," he went on with growing fire. "And you can help me, Dare. By George, we'll run right up to my house and do it now!"

The old petty rebellion against meekly submitting to another's will seized upon Julietta. She felt confused, carried away by the force of his will, and resented it.

"But I don't care to go to your house, Clay," she flared indignantly. He only gave a great, eager, boyish laugh.

"It's all right, Dare—my aunt Mary's there. And you're going. You've started this ball to rolling, and now you can finish it."

"Oh," said Julietta, and leaned back, "oh, very well, Clay."

(To be continued.)

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(To be continued.)

**Sunshine Rain in the Country.**  
Oh for the rain, sweet sunshine rain,  
The silvery rain that floats  
Like a veil of mist over hill and plain  
To gladden the flowery throats.

The soft, warm rain from the sultry skies,  
Reviving the thirsting things:  
For it the kine uplift their eyes,  
For it each song bird sings.

Old mother earth so dry and baked  
Sends a message to each cloud.  
After her long, long thirst is slaked  
Her harp strings will thrill aloud.

Oh for the rain, sweet sunshine rain,  
God gives in His mercy wise.  
It comes—and His promise shines again  
Through the rainbow in the skies.

Scalloped codfish and rice is delicious.

## Cream Wanted

SWEET OR CHURNING CREAM  
We supply cans, pay express charges and remit daily.  
Our price now is forty-six cents  
Mutual Dairy and Creamery Co.  
743-5 King St. West Toronto

## NEWS FROM ENGLAND

### NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE

#### Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

A correspondent writes that Westmoreland bids fair to be one waving cornfield this year.

The King and Queen will attend service in St. Paul's in July, to commemorate their silver wedding.

The new Red Cross hospital in Manor Road, Tottenham, has been formally opened by Princess Christian.

The men of the British Solonkai force have subscribed through their War Savings Associations the sum of £191,478 in War Savings Certificates.

A memorial window has been dedicated in Lower Beeding Church by Bishop of Chichester to the late Captain Robert Egerton Loder.

Pending negotiations between the Transport Workers' Federation and the company, the Bristol tramway strikers have returned to work.

An American soldier, six feet seven inches in height, was accidentally killed at Rulsip.

A Roman oven has been discovered in a mound, in a meadow at Chalfont St. Giles, Bucks.

The Northampton Tramways Committee have decided to cease running tram-cars on Sunday and a half-hour earlier on week days.

Elizabeth Mary Ann Orchard a street car conductress, lost her life by falling off her car on the curve at Kennington Oval.

The Italians of London are coming forward well for service under the Anglo-Italian Convention.

Mrs. Leiper, L.D.S., has been appointed as woman dentist by the Essex Education Committee.

One hundred and fifty more men belonging to the Birmingham police force have joined the army.

Nathan Birchall, a Chorley farmer, was fined £10 for failing to put four acres of land under cultivation.

For taking one match into a munition factory Jessie Adelaide Price, of Loughton, was fined ten shillings.

Birmingham collects about six hundred tons of old tins a year, and sells it for £300 per ton.

The American Red Cross has handed the British Red Cross £20,000, the first instalment of a donation of £20,000 to the Scottish Women's Hospital.

Lord George Hamilton stated at a meeting of the Underground Electric Railway Company, London, that they carried 900,000,000 passengers last year.

The wedding took place in the Chapel Royal, Savoy, recently, of Captain John McNaughton, Canadian, and Hon. Doris Kitson, daughter of Lord and Lady Alredale.

The House of Keys, Isle of Man, has refused the franchise to conscientious objectors who refuse to do work of national importance.

A memorial has been unveiled at Great Easton, Dunmow, by General Beale Colvin, M.P., to Essex men who have fallen in the war.

The Freemasons of North London will provide, equip and maintain a fleet of motor ambulances for twelve months at the Western front.

None of the street lamps in Bristol will be lit during thirteen summer weeks.

The people of Zanzibar have sent to Britain a further sum of £20,000 for war purposes.

A hospital is to be built in Woolwich as a memorial to soldiers who have fallen in the war.

No land in Hyde Park will be available for allotments, as it is all required for military purposes.

A dead whale, measuring over seventy feet, was washed ashore at Felixstowe a few days ago.

Wireworm is doing a great deal of damage in Notts, particularly on recently ploughed grass land.

The death took place recently at Swanbourne House, Winslow, of Lord Cottesloe, in his eighty-eighth year.

#### Bee Song.

Little belted honey seekers,  
Come and drain these brimming beakers!  
All is yours to have and hold—  
Stores of coreopsis gold;

Much of pleasure, much of treasure,  
Riches without stint or measure,  
In the chalice hollyhocks  
And the purple spires of phlox!

And if ye be generous hearted,  
When these bland hours have departed,  
I shall taste, as nights grow long,  
Honey with the honeyed song!

#### Meeting the Labor Shortage.

A farmer in Indiana drives a team of six horses hitched to a new plow and leads three horses drawing a harrow. He works nine horses and two modern farming implements, and does the work of several men and teams under the old system of farming.



### FRESH GARDEN FOODS.

Scientists inform us that by our cooking methods we have been undoing much of Nature's handiwork.

Take the case of the Irish potato. When you pare it and, being a cleanly person, slip it into a pan of water for a while before putting it on the fire, do you know that you pare off and soak out of it a nice round percentage of its food value? Likewise, when you pour away the first boiling water from your root and green vegetables, do you know that you send down the kitchen sink not a little of the food you have worked hard to grow?

The body's need of mineral foods long have been known, and here they are in vegetables ready for the using. The beating of the heart, the building of the tissues, the forming of the red blood cells, all depend in part on the mineral matter taken into the body from the food. Calcium, sodium, potassium, sulphur, phosphorus, all these and more, are needed or the work of the body will not go on satisfactorily.

Whether or not vegetable substance is being wasted in cooking, is not merely a question of economy, reckoned from the standpoint of dollars and cents; it is also one of nutrition, of how much we are cheating our bodies.

A series of analyses was made recently at one of our Agricultural Colleges to determine the exact losses in boiling such vegetables as potatoes, carrots and cabbage.

The common Irish potato was pared and soaked in water for a short time before being put over the fire. Then other potatoes were washed in their jackets, plunged into boiling water and cooked rapidly. This results showed a gain of at least fifteen per cent. food value for the potatoes cooked in their jackets.

As another experiment, spinach and cabbage, selected because they were of common use and were known to be of the family of vegetables which lose most through boiling, were prepared as if for table service except for the omission of the seasoning. The spinach was washed carefully and the crushed or otherwise damaged parts were tossed aside. Just the necessary cleaning was found to result in a loss of one-third of the purchase weight of this vegetable, including the usual sand and soil which clings to spinach and makes it difficult to clean. That no drops of water might adhere to the leaves, they were carefully dried. Following this they were mixed thoroughly to insure uniform samples and the whole quantity was divided into three parts.

The first part was put aside for analysis of the fresh substance.

The second was steamed over the kettle of boiling water.

The third portion was boiled in as small a quantity of water as was possible without the need of replenishing. The time required for the boiling and the steaming was the same. When the two cooked portions were uncovered the bulk of the spinach left from the steaming was at least one-half greater than that left by the boiling.

The three portions were then spread on trays of enamel ware and dried in the ovens of the gas ranges. Finally these portions were ground, separately of course, in a common coffee mill and bottled to await analysis.

Next, cabbage took its turn. It was washed, the heart discarded and one-sixth of the purchase weight went to waste. Three heads were selected, each divided into three parts to make the three samples representative. The same process as for the spinach was used: one-third for the drying, uncooked; one-third for the steaming and one-third for the boiling.

The steaming of the cabbage required a third more time than the boiling and the difference in bulk was noticeable.

For a root vegetables, carrots were chosen, for it had been said that the common practice of the housekeeper of cutting the carrots in half or dicing them to form a more attractive dish for the table, sacrificed much of the nutritive value; that carrots boiled whole retained their food values much better. The carrots selected for the experiment were chosen carefully as to their relative size and weight. They also were divided into three lots. Some previous experiments had shown that scraped carrots lost heavily in comparison with the carrot cooked in its outer covering, which may very easily be removed after cooking.

Of these three lots one was scraped, put through a meat grinder and dried; another was washed and plunged into boiling water; the third was scraped, cut into small and attractive pieces and nearly covered with boiling water. Of course it required more time for the cooking of the carrots left whole than it did for the cooking of the carrots cut into small portions. When all were cooked they were crushed, dried in gas ovens, ground, weighed and put into bottles. The analysis followed.

To average housekeepers, the tabulated loss in ash, phosphorus, calcium and magnesium is unintelligible. However, we can readily understand the statement that the losses from boiling spinach were almost

fifty per cent., with thirty per cent. for cabbage in boiling and fifteen per cent. for carrots. Steamed carrots showed a gain of only three per cent. but the waste involved in scraping the fresh carrots was twenty per cent. and that in peeling after boiling but ten per cent. of the weight as purchased.

Each group showed a very much larger loss of salts from boiling than from steaming. This also was true of the dissolved sugar, starches and the like. In this latter class it was proved that steamed carrots showed a loss of some six per cent. of the amount found in the raw substance, while those which were boiled whole showed a loss of seventeen per cent. and those boiled after cutting up, a loss of twenty-six per cent. In boiling, spinach gave up more than fifty per cent. of its salts and cabbage more than forty per cent. of all salts present in the fresh substance, while the carrots which were diced before boiling lost eleven and one-half per cent. of the total salts and twenty-three per cent. of phosphorus in addition to the twenty-six per cent. soluble carbohydrates.

In this method of cooking, the loss in steaming was as small, relatively, as the gain was large, over boiling. Steaming conserved both the mineral substances of the green vegetables and the sugar of the carrots. A French investigation showed similar losses in the comparative cooking of Brussels sprouts, cauliflower, celery, asparagus, corn, beans and lentils which had been boiled for thirty minutes. The average loss was thirty-six per cent. for total mineral matter and fifty per cent. for potassium. A loss of potassium as high as seventy-two per cent. was found from the

long cooking of several cereals, dried beans and peas.

Consider now, the water in which vegetables are boiled. If boiled they must be, do not pour off the first water. The French investigation showed that the water over which carrots had been steamed contained but sixty-hundredths per cent. of the total material as compared with three and seventy-five hundredths per cent. found in the water in which they had been boiled.



It's Pure  
Cleans sinks, closets  
Kills roaches, rats, mice  
Dissolves dirt that nothing else will move

## Canuck Bread Mixer



## Ingram's Milkweed Cream

Two Sizes—50c and \$1

You are young but once, but you can be youthful always if you care for your complexion properly. Daily use of Ingram's Milkweed Cream prevents blemishes, overcomes pimples and other eruptions. Since 1885 its distinctive therapeutic quality has been giving health to the skin and youthful color to the complexion. It keeps your skin toned up, soft and clean.

The refined way to banish oiliness and shininess of nose and forehead induced by perspiration, is to apply a light

touch of Ingram's Velveola Souveraine Face Powder, 50c. It also conceals the minor blemishes. Included in the complete line of Ingram's toilet products at your druggist's is Ingram's Zodenta for the teeth, 25c.

#### A Picture with Each Purchase

Each time you buy a package of Ingram's Toilet Aids or Perfume your druggist will give you, without charge, a large portrait of a world-famed motion picture actress. Each time you get a different portrait so you make a collection for your home. Ask your druggist.

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor Ontario

## WILLIAMS

### New Scale PIANOS

THE Pure, rich, mellow tone, and the sensitive responsiveness of this famous instrument combine to lift it high above the commonplace. It is a piano that will maintain its enduring charm for generations.

Georgian Model, \$500.00  
THE WILLIAMS PIANO CO., LIMITED, OSHAWA, ONT.  
Canada's Oldest and Largest Piano Makers

## FRENCH TAKE TOWN OF CORCY AND STRONG POSITIONS IN VICINITY

Australians Again Attack on Somme Front, Bringing Back Prisoners—Americans Improve Positions.

A despatch from London says:—French pressure along the line from the Marne to the Aisne, which began two weeks ago as a series of local attacks, has begun to yield results which are appreciable when viewed on the map. The town of Corcy, east of the Retz forest, has been taken from the Germans and strong positions in the vicinity have been captured by the methodical advance that has been the source of much annoyance to the enemy for several days.

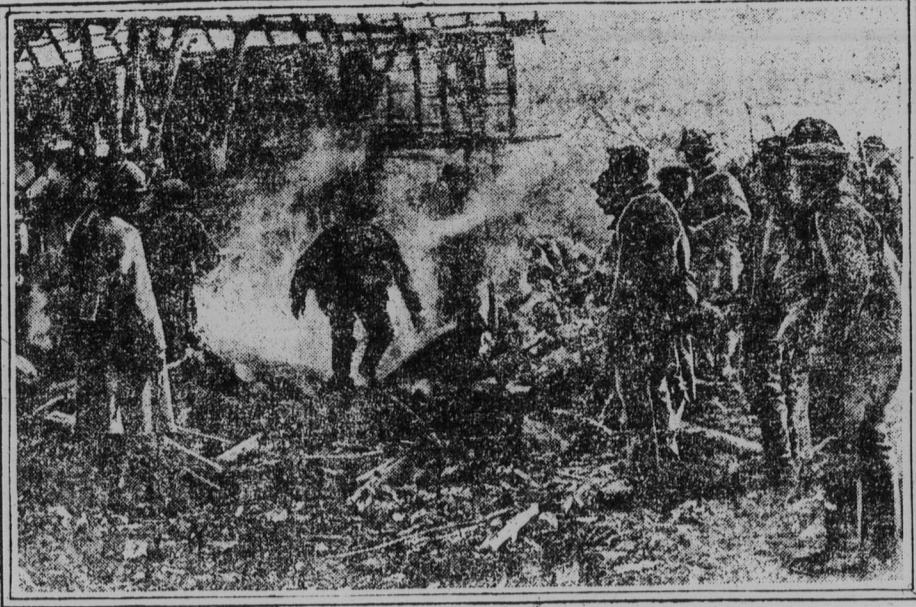
As a result of the assaults made by the French from Ambleny, south of the Aisne, to the hills south of Corcy, their line has been straightened and advanced to high ground which lends itself to defensive operations and gives the French good observation points from which they can see what is going on behind the German lines.

There has been some reason for believing that when the Germans resume their offensive on the western

front they will attempt to break through between the Marne and Aisne in a dash straight for Paris. For this reason, the operations which the French have carried out assumed importance.

South of Corcy the Germans line extends slightly to the westward, but it curves sharply eastward just before it reaches the Cignon River, north-west of Chateau Thierry. From the Cignon southward to the Marne American forces have been improving their positions in recent days, and now have a strong line of positions running northward from Hill 204, west of Chateau Thierry, to the village of Corcy.

On the British front the Australians have been in action once more, penetrating German positions and capturing prisoners. On the rest of the lines held by the British there have been the usual artillery duels and patrol engagements.



Americans Clean out German Dugouts at Cantigny.

This photograph was taken by French photographers in the village of Cantigny, which was captured in a brilliant attack by Americans. The photo shows the Yankees engaged in cleaning out the German dugouts in the village. A German is shown rushing out of a shell-wrecked, gas-filled underground hiding-place, while several of his countrymen who have already surrendered, watch his flight to the open air.

## FIRST ROYAL AIR VOYAGE

King and Queen of Belgium Crossed Channel in 50 Minutes.

A despatch from London says:—A Royal air escort of three Belgian seaplanes guarded King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium on their flight over the Channel from Belgium to England Saturday morning, a trip which marked the first time in history that any ruler has ever made a flight from one country to another.

The royal couple travelled in separate seaplanes, each operated by a Belgian army aviator. On the British side of the Channel the King landed first near a British warship off Dover. The Queen descended soon afterwards, her seaplane also landing near a warship. They started from the Belgian coast and made the trip to England in about 50 minutes. The purpose of their visit to England was to attend the silver wedding anniversary of King George and Queen Mary on Saturday.

This is the first time since the war began that King Albert has visited London, and virtually the first time since August, 1914, that he has been outside his native land. The only time that King Albert has been outside of Belgium has been during one or two informal trips into France.

## ALLIES CAPTURE ALBANIAN TOWNS

Signs of Austria's Panic in Destruction of Own Depots.

A despatch from Paris says:—Austrians are retiring before the allied advance in Albania, and are destroying their depots, according to the War Office announcement on Thursday night, which says:

South of the Devoli River our troops, continuing their successful advance, have occupied Kosmitza crest in all its extent, as well as all the villages in the Tomorica valley up to Dobreny. On the left the Italians captured the heights of Cafa Glumaka, taking 250 prisoners, including four officers. The Austrians suffered severe losses, and in retiring burned their depots and engaged in pillage. On the Macedonian front the enemy artillery displayed great activity, especially west of the Vardar and north of Monastir. British aviators successfully bombarded numerous enemy depots in the Struma valley.

## MUST MEET THE DRAFT DESPITE THE HARVEST

A despatch from Washington says:—In response to a request for postponement of the July draft call in the north-west, where wheat is ready for harvest, Provost Marshal-General Crowder has informed the Department of Agriculture that the military programme will not permit of delay in filling the monthly demand for drafted men.

## GOOD CEREAL CROPS IN ENGLAND

Optimistic Report of Food Situation in Great Britain Received.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—An optimistic view of the food situation in Great Britain is taken in a cablegram received by the Minister of Agriculture from Dr. J. W. Robertson, who is representing the Department of Agriculture on a special mission overseas. The improvements in actual conditions and in the outlook are, Dr. Robertson cables, attributed largely to the American and Canadian campaigns for conservation and increased production; the availability of additional shipping; the British Food Controller's regulations; increased yields of cereals and potatoes in the United Kingdom; rigorous economy in France and Italy, and increase in the English potato crop for 1917 of 117,000,000 bushels over 1916.

Dr. Robertson finds that the commodities scarce are sugar, butter and fruit.

"With a considerably increased area," Dr. Robertson adds, "England's cereal crops are in excellent condition. Farmers expect uncommonly large yields per acre. I have seen wheat fields of from thirty to fifty acres each with an estimated yield of 75 bushels per acre. These are exceptional, but the average condition is extra good. Women labor on the farms is proving effective and acceptable, particularly in dairying."

## TWELVE MILLION ADDED TO NET DEBT IN JUNE

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Canada's net debt at the end of June amounted to \$840,973,167, an increase during June of \$12,179,397. Revenue on consolidated fund account during June amounted to \$23,469,304, as compared with \$21,828,580 in June last year. War expenditure for June, 1918, on capital account was \$14,291,523, as compared with \$9,250,611 in June last year. In this regard, however, it is pointed out that the totals are merely those of accounts which have actually passed through the books during the period. For the first three months of the fiscal year ending June 30 the revenue totaled \$67,070,724, as compared with \$68,322,589 for the same period last year.

## GERMANS CAPTURE SQUADRON OF AMERICAN AIRPLANES

A despatch from Berlin says:—Five American airplanes out of a squadron of six, which started out to raid Coblenz, fell into the hands of the Germans, according to the announcement from general headquarters on Thursday. The crews were taken prisoners.

## 150 ENEMY PLANES DOWNED 181 OTHERS DAMAGED

A despatch from Paris says:—It is officially announced that during the month of June aerial squadrons brought down 150 enemy airplanes, seriously damaged 181, and set on fire 31 captive balloons. Our bombing planes dropped more than 600 tons of projectiles.

## AMERICAN TROOPS ARE NECESSARY

Instead of Half a Dozen Sectors There Will Be One or Two Fronts.

A despatch from the American Forces on the Marne says:—The groupings of American units are larger than they were and doubtless they will be far larger. Where the tendency was to scatter our troops about all along the line, it now is to concentrate them in a few places.

As time goes on the number of these places, I believe, will tend to become fewer, until instead of six or seven American sectors, there will be one or two American fronts.

Of course, the authority of the American officers would be limited by the needs of the situation as interpreted by the Inter-Allied Generalissimo, but only to the extent that the British army is limited.

## FINLAND WILL NEGOTIATE PEACE TREATY WITH RUSSIA

A despatch from London says:—The Bolshevik Government of Russia has agreed to enter into peace negotiations with Finland, which had expressed, through the German Government, a desire to arrange a peace treaty with Russia. It was recently announced that Russia was preparing to cede Finland a strip of land along the Murmansk coast, by which the Finns would be provided with an ice-free port on the Arctic Ocean.

## ATTACK ON GERMAN EMBASSY, VIENNA

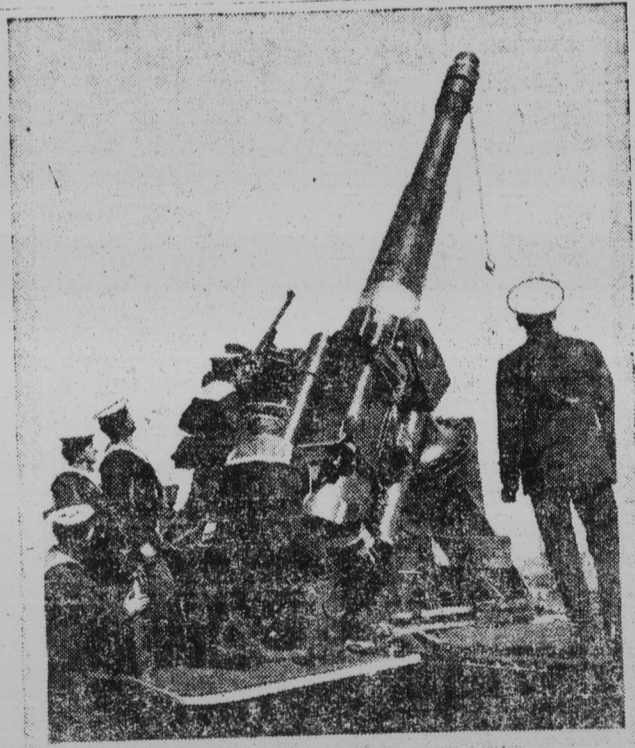
Breakdown of Austria's Offensive Led to Riots.

A despatch from London says:—Rioting which occurred in Vienna and other places in Austria following the breakdown of the Austria offensive culminated in a vicious attack on the German Embassy in Vienna, according to the most recent reports received from a reliable neutral source. Before the military and police could intervene much damage to the structure is said to have been done.

Every effort has been made to keep the fact secret, but gradually the information about this prophetic episode is leaking out. Undoubtedly it is true that the refusal of Germany to give more than the meagre supplies which she advanced to Austria had an important bearing on the rioting.

## OVERFLOWING OF DANUBE CAUSES DAMAGE IN AUSTRIA

A despatch from Zurich, Switzerland says:—The Vienna newspapers report a heavy and continuous rainfall as having caused floods in many parts of Austria and Southern Germany, resulting in immense damage to the crops. The rain zone extends from Vorarlberg, Northern Tyrol, across the Salzkammergut, Upper Austria, and through Bavaria to Saxony. The floods were especially heavy in the Salzkammergut, where houses and bridges were swept away.



Ready for Fritz—An anti-aircraft gun at a British coast town. Official Admiralty Photograph.

## Markets of the World

**Breadstuffs**  
Toronto, July 16.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23½; No. 2 Northern, \$2.20½; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17½; No. 4 wheat, \$2.10½, in store Fort William, including 2½¢ tax. Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 88½¢; No. 3 C.W., 85½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 85½¢; No. 1 feed, 82½¢, in store Fort William.  
American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.  
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 83 to 84¢, nominal; No. 3 white, 82 to 83¢, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, \$2.22, basis in store Montreal.  
Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Barley—Malt, \$1.24 to \$1.26, nominal.  
Buckwheat—\$1.80, nominal.  
Rye—No. 2, \$1.90, nominal.  
Manitoba flour—War quality, \$10.95, Toronto.  
Ontario flour—War quality, \$10.65, in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.  
Millfeed—Car lot, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, \$35 per ton; shorts, \$40 per ton.  
Hay—No. 1, \$13 to \$14 per ton, track Toronto; mixed, \$11 to \$12 per ton, track Toronto.  
Straw—Car lots, \$8 to \$8.50 per ton, track Toronto.

**Country Produce—Wholesale**  
Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 42½ to 43¢; prints, per lb., 43 to 43½¢; dairy, per lb., 35 to 36¢.  
Eggs—New laid, 41 to 43¢.  
Poultry—Roosters, 20¢; fowl, 21 to 26¢; ducklings, lb., 30¢; turkeys, 27 to 30¢.  
Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:—  
Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24¢; twins, 23½ to 24½¢; old, large, 25½ to 26¢; twin 26 to 26½¢.  
Butter—Fresh, dairy, choice, 40 to 42¢; creamery prints, fresh made, 45 to 47¢; solids, 44 to 45¢.  
Margarine—28 to 33¢ lb.  
Eggs—No. 1's, 48¢; in cartons, 51 to 53¢.  
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 55 to 60¢; roosters, 25¢; fowl, 35 to 38¢; turkeys, 40 to 45¢.  
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 50¢; roosters, 22¢; turkeys, 30¢; hens, 30 to 32¢.  
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, \$8.00; imp., hand-picked, Burma or Indian, \$8.75; Japan, \$8.50 to \$8.75; Lima, 18 to 19¢.  
Maple syrup—¾-lb. tins, 10 to a case, \$14.50; imperial gallon tins, per tin, \$2.25; imperial five-gallon cans, per can, \$10.50; 15-gallon kegs, per gal., \$2.00; maple sugar 1-lb. box, pure, per lb., 24 to 25¢.

**Montreal Markets**  
Montreal, July 16.—Oats, Canadian western, No. 2, 99½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 96½¢. Flour, new standard grade, \$10.95 to \$11.05. Rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs., \$5.50. Bran, \$35. Shorts, \$40. Moultrie, \$67. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14.50 to \$15.00.

**Live Stock Markets**  
Toronto, July 16.—Choice heavy steers, \$14.00 to \$14.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$13.50 to \$14.00; do., good, \$13.00 to \$13.25; do., medium, \$12.00 to \$12.50; do., common, \$10.00 to \$11.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; do., good bulls, \$11.00 to \$11.25; do., medium bulls, \$10.25 to \$10.50; do., rough bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.50; butchers' cows, choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; do., good, \$11.00 to \$11.25; do., medium, \$8.50 to \$9.25; do., common, \$7.00 to \$8.50; stockers, \$8.00 to \$10.50; feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.00.  
Montreal, July 16.—Choice steers, \$12.00; poorer, \$10.00; choice bulls, \$10.00 to \$7.00; butchers' cows, \$7.00 to \$9.00; canners, \$5.00 to \$6.00; choice milk-fed calves, \$12.00 to \$13.00; poorer grades, \$7.00; sheep, \$12.00 per 100 lbs; Spring lambs, 18¢ per lb; choice select hogs, \$19.00; pigs and heavies, \$15.00.

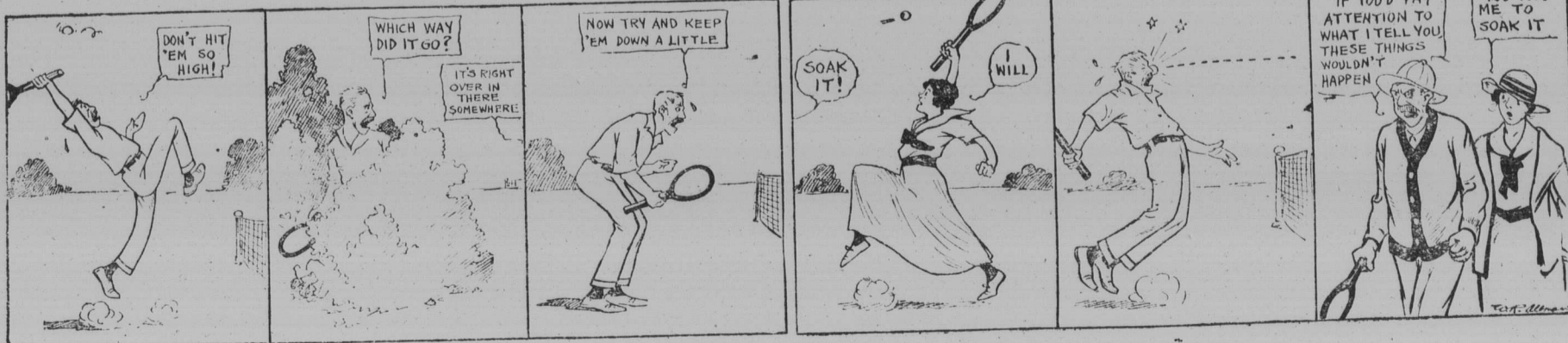
## 50 BELGIAN GIRLS KILLED BY BOMBS

Were Making Bandages in Hospital Raided by Foe Aircraft.

A despatch from London says:—In a recent German raid on the Belgians, more than 50 girls were killed, by air bombs launched upon an ambulance park at La Panne, behind the Yser front. According to a special despatch from The Hague, 50 bombs were dropped in the immediate neighborhood of the park, and several struck a large villa about 100 yards from the hospital.

Of the many girls in the villa engaged in making bandages and repairing linen for the wounded, 30 were instantly killed or died from injuries within a few minutes; 40 injured were removed from the villa, of whom 24 died later.

## The Doings of the Duffs.



### Shorthorn Cattle Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns—  
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fair, 1915.  
In Oxford—  
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire

**JAS. G. THOMSON**

### Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.  
Choice young stock of both sexes on hand on hand.

**H. H. Pletsch**

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE  
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

**DR. L. DOERING**  
DENTIST MILDMAY.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University  
Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario  
has opened up his offices next to C. Schurter's, Mildmay, Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits every second and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and New-tail every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

**J. A. WILSON, M. D.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University  
Medical College, Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Elora Street North  
MILDMAY.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 3.

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*Business College*

Yonge and Charles Sts  
TORONTO, ONT.

Gives—  
High Grade Training for choice business positions. Our courses are unexcelled in Canada.  
Demand for our Graduates more than five times our supply.  
Write for catalogue. Our College is open all summer. Enter any time.  
W. J. Elliott, Principal.

Voluntary enlistment has taken thousands of men from office work. Office help is scarce now—will be scarcer very soon. Young women must fill the vacant places and they need training.

**NORTHERN**  
*Business College*

OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

remains open all summer to help to meet the demand for trained office help. Students may enter at any time. No increase in fees. Circulars free on application.

C. A. FLEMING, P. A.  
PRINCIPAL O. D. FLEMING,  
SECRETARY  
For 35 yrs

Fall Term from Sept. 3rd.

**CENTRAL**  
*Business College*

STRATFORD, ONT.

The call for trained help is greater now than ever before in the history of Canada. Our graduates are securing splendid positions.

We have  
Commercial Shorthand and  
Telegraphy departments.

If you purpose taking a business college course during Fall or Winter months, write now for our free catalogue.

D. A. McLachlan  
Principal.

A platform or grandstand, erected for the Orange 12th of July celebration at Wingham in 1917, collapsed, and Jas. Stacey died of injuries received at the time. Last week a damage action was entered at Osgoode Hall, Toronto, against the members of the Orange demonstration committee of Wingham.

### The Food Orders.

A number of stories are in circulation about detectives calling at a house about meal time and having been accommodated with something to eat, straightway lays information that the meal received was not served according to the regulations of the Food Board. This seems a very mean trick to do and the officer who does it usually condemned in unmeasured terms.

But it is perhaps the only way in which enforcement of the food laws can be secured. It is quite evident that if observation of the regulations is left to voluntary action every order would be a dead letter.

No doubt a number will be caught violating the orders through ignorance as it is left for each citizen to find out for himself what the law is. Orders of the Food Board are published in the Canada Gazette and these are sent to the newspapers which make such use of them as they please. This gives the laws and orders a certain amount of publicity, but many must remain in ignorance.

There is a good deal of uncertainty at the present time as to how picnics, lawn socials and garden parties are affected.

As to this the Order regulating the use of meat, butter, sugar, etc., reads, in part, as follows:

The following regulations shall apply to all. (a) Public eating places, (b) Public entertainments, lawn socials, bazaars and meetings, public luncheons, dinners and picnics, fairs and exhibitions, lodge-club and fraternal societies' meetings, and all such places of a like or similar characters. (c) Private and semi-private luncheons, dinners, parties and picnics where food or refreshments are served to fifteen or more persons other than members of the family or household of the proprietor; save and except fishing and cargo vessels, military, lumbering, logging, mining, construction and fish-curing camps, hospitals and other such places as may be hereafter excepted by the Canada Food Board.

The regulations governing the supplying of food and refreshments at the above named places go into considerable detail and are too long to be published here. The amount of meat which may be served are stated. A few of the regulations are, "Bread shall not be placed on the table until after the first course is served."

At the mid-day meal no sandwiches shall be served.

"Bread shall not be served within twelve hours after the time it was baked."

"At every meal where white bread is permitted to be served, there shall also be served some substitute or substitutes such as corn bread, oat cakes etc."

"Not more than one-half ounce of butter or oleomargarine shall be served to any person at any one meal unless more is requested, when an additional one-half ounce may be served."

"Sugar receptacles shall not be left on dining tables or counters except in railway trains and steam ships."

"Sugar shall not be served unless until asked for."

"For sweetening beverages no more than two teaspoonsful, or an equal weight of sugar shall be served to any person at any one meal."

### Prescriptions Wholesale.

When the stage is reached when a doctor is fined \$1,200.00 for issuing orders for no less than 1,174 quarts of whiskey and other prohibition beverages within a period of twelve days (at \$1 per prescription,) it is easily apparent that the prohibition laws of Canada are being violated and in danger of being placed in contempt. The case referred to is not an isolated instance of physicians who forget the dignity of their calling. Various cases of wholesale issuance of prescriptions are reported from all over Ontario. There have been altogether more prosecutions and convictions among doctors than reputable members of the medical profession must care to note. The provision in the Ontario Temperance Act whereby the physicians were given the right to prescribe liquor in quantities up to one quart, or with porter, ale, etc., in dozen bottle lots, was not intended to allow doctors to conduct a liquor business. The provision was designed to provide for cases which could not be met by the limited prescription of six ounces, which a druggist may fill. It was thought that instances of quart needs would be comparatively rare, and the expectation has not been abused by reputable physicians.

### Farmers and City Stores.

The recent meeting of farmers in Toronto was met with ridicule. They were laughed at and a threat issued that if they invaded Toronto again on a similar mission they would be arrested. If the farmers continue to patronize the big stores in Toronto and the city generally they are a bunch of chumps. Let them build up their own communities. Every dollar spent at home, and where it is appreciated, enhances the value of their own land, gives them better education facilities, and adds to the general wealth of the community.—Kincardine Reporter.



License No. 8-8108

# JULY CLEARANCE



License No. 3-1097

Our Ads. plainly say buy now for the Future. You cannot make a mistake by buying goods at this store. Our prices on all staple lines as prints, gingham, shirting, sheeting, toweling and hostery, in fact on most everything, are much below to-days market values, and will look very reasonable compared to prices in the not distant future. Now is the time, this is the place to save money.



Fairly Blooming with beauty is this Store these days.  
It is a pleasure to choose from such a large well assorted range.

**Dress Foulards**  
Choice Patterns.  
Big values at 60c; Now ..... 49c per yd.  
**TUSSAH SILKS**  
Fancy patterns.  
Reg. \$1.25; Clearance Price ..... 98c yd.

**Silk Waists**  
We have the finest and largest assortment we have ever shown. The prices are away below regular values.  
Silk Waists, any shades from \$1.25 to \$6.  
Taffeta Waists, a rare bargain at ..... \$3.75

**Boys Moleskin Knickers**  
Sizes 7 to 12 at ..... 90c to \$1.00.

Special Clearing Lines in Ladie's Shoes.  
Don't miss these values.

The Banks pay you 3 per cent on your investment. We can save you 25 to 40 per cent by investing your money in good Goods at "The Live Corner Store".



Pure No. 1 Cocoa in bulk at ..... 40c a lb.  
Peanut Butter, a pure food for old and young at ..... 40c a lb.  
Kovah Lemonade Powder, a delicious hot weather drink at ..... 15c & 20c a can.  
Heinz India Relish reg 15c for 12c a bottle  
Heinz Tomato Chutney, sold at 40c elsewhere. Our price ..... 25c a bottle.

**Washing Amonia Special**  
Sun Amonia, the standard of strength, now worth 10 and 15 cts a package;  
Our price ..... 5 and 10c a pkg.

Japanese Shoe Polish at old price, 10c tin  
E-Z White bottle polish at old price 10c a bottle.  
Kroblack Shoe Polish worth 20c; Our price ..... 15c a bottle.

Schneider's Quality Sausage makes a fine substitute for Pork and Beef. No bones or waste. Schneider's Hams are simply delicious.



**Straw Hats Reduced**  
Fall Goods are arriving early this year. That's why we are starting so early to clear our mens' boys' and childrens' straw hats. Now is the time you need them and can still get 2 months solid comfort and wear out of them. Come Early.  
15 to 20 per cent off all fine straws.

**Mens' Suits & Suitings**  
Men who know tell us that buying a suit here is like picking money off the street. Let us show you how we can save you from \$5 to \$15 on a hfty tailored or ready-made suit.

**Balbriggan Underwear**  
Now is the time you need it. Buy a little more than you need and save 25 per cent. Prices from 40c a garment up.

Bring your Cream, Butter, Eggs, etc.

The Store for Honest Values

## KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

### "WHO WILL WIN THIS BATTLE?"

Your kidneys are the filters of the body. If they become inactive and fail to eliminate the waste matter, they are apt to throw the whole mechanism of the body out of order, thus toxic poisons can accumulate in the system and be as deadly as snake venom.  
Besides causing the minor ailments of rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago and backache, neglect of the kidneys is apt to develop into more serious diseases, such as diabetes or stone in the bladder.  
Kid the body of toxic poisons—clean the bladder and kidneys and cure the twinges of rheumatism with Anurie and you win the battle of life.

Anurie was first discovered by Dr. Pierce, and has benefited thousands of sufferers as well as appeased and eliminated the ravages of the more serious kidney diseases. Now procurable at any good drug store, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Invalid Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., or branch office, Bridgeburg, Ont., 10 cents for trial package.

Thorold, Ont.—"I was wonderfully helped by taking 'Anurie.' For about three years I had kidney trouble and rheumatism. I also had backache. My limbs would swell and I had rheumatism in my arms and hands. My hands would swell and joints would be so sore and stiff I could scarcely do my work. They would pain me something awful. I doctored but without relief. At last I saw 'Anurie' advertised. I began its use and two bottles completely cured me of all my rheumatism, and I think it was permanent for that was a year ago and I have never had any return of this ailment. I have never found a medicine so good as 'Anurie'."—Mrs. R. H. HURRY.

### A Serious Affair.

Section 134 of the Criminal Code says: "Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to two years' imprisonment who speaks any seditious words or publishes any seditious libel or is a party to any seditious conspiracy."

Sec. 136 says: "Everyone is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to one years' imprisonment who wilfully and knowingly publishes any false news or tale whereby injury or mischief is or is likely to be occasioned to any public interest."

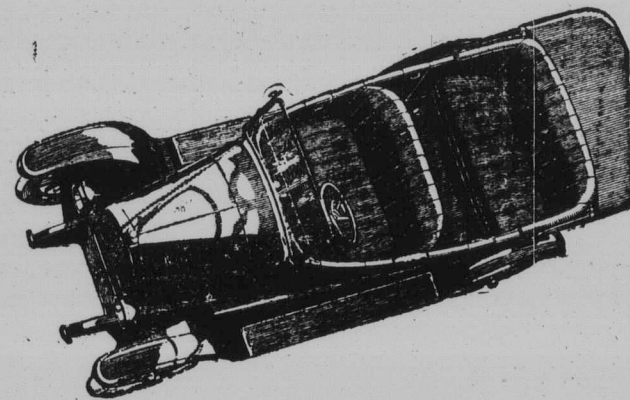
Offences under these sections must be tried at the assizes and cannot be tried by a county court judge. See sec. 583 of the Criminal Code.

Drastic regulations based upon the Venereal Diseases Prevention Act adopted by the Legislature last session, have been passed by the Ontario Government. They strike hard at the plague that has been undermining social life in this province, as in other countries. Perhaps the most sweeping provision contained is a prohibition of marriage by any person suffering from venereal disease, and any act that is likely to result in the spread of the disease is similarly regarded as a serious offense. In both cases heavy fines may be imposed and the offender sent to prison for a year.

Under the Dominion Inspection and Sales Act a bushel of potatoes must weigh 60 pounds, a peck must weigh 15 pounds, and a gallon 7 1/2 pounds. A bag of potatoes must weigh 90 pounds and a barrel must contain 165 pounds of potatoes. A purchaser of bags of potatoes who receives less than 90 pounds may invoke the penalties provided by the Act—for the first offence a fine not exceeding \$25, for each subsequent offence a fine of no less than \$50, with imprisonment in default of payment.

There are some things being brought about by this war that can be put on the compensating side of the scale to help balance the losses and sacrifices that are called for. Take for instance the renewal of relationship between Britain and the United States. There was estrangement between the national parent and offspring ever since the Teuton king of England and his henchmen by their stupidity caused the war in which the American colonies broke the family ties and set up government of their own. But since Britain had boldly and effectively gone to the support of freedom against Hun oppression in Europe, and later her American kindred had broken away from Hun influence to enter the struggle for the same world cause, there is a great reconciliation which the progress of the war only makes more secure. The old family relationship is being renewed and restored by new bonds stronger than those of infancy or childhood. Ultimately this relationship is bound to be a tremendous factor in establishing an all-embracing brotherhood among the nations more stable than has ever yet existed on this old earth.

The Paisley Advocate says there are about 100 pigs being fed by citizens of the village in their back yards, and there is keen rivalry as to which shall have the best porker.



**Overland**  
Light Four Model 90  
Touring Car

## The Thrift Car

To use this utility car is Good Business and Good Health!

Its roominess, comfort and beauty make it as desirable as it is useful.

Local Dealer:—

**PETER REUBER.**

Willys-Overland, Limited

Willys-Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons  
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ont.

**FIRST**  
  
**PAYMENT**

**Monday, July 22nd, is Opening Day**

**OF THE NOW FAMOUS**  
**WHITE PROGRESSIVE CLUB**  
 Twenty-five cents is all you need. Come and let us tell you about it.  
**THE WORLD'S BEST SEWING MACHINE PLACED WITHIN REACH OF EVERY ONE**  
 Do your part by doing your own sewing.  
 We are making it possible for every woman to have the best, practise real economy, and sew under the pleasantest conditions.

**BUY SEW PAY EASY**



- Seven Reasons Why YOU SHOULD JOIN AT ONCE**
1. Because the White is made by a big established organization.
  2. Because no better machine is made. There are over five million satisfied users of the White all over the world.
  3. Because you get guaranteed quality, backed by over fifty years reputation.
  4. Because the first cost is so low.
  5. Because the club payments are easily made.
  6. Because prices will be higher after the club closes.
  7. Because this opportunity may not come again.

**THE SPECIAL CLUB PRICES**  
 are permitted by the manufacturers during this Sale only.

**YOU HAVE YOUR CHOICE OF ANY**

**White**  
 AT SPECIALLY REDUCED PRICES.

**LIESEMER & KALBFLEISCH**  
 MILD MAY, ONT.

**White**  
 AND HAVE US EXPLAIN THE PLAN.

**"Table of Payments"**

First Payment	25c	9th p/m't	75c	18th p/m't	\$1.10	27th p/m't	\$1.40
2nd p/m't	25c	10th p/m't	75c	19th p/m't	\$1.10	28th p/m't	\$1.40
3rd p/m't	25c	11th p/m't	75c	20th p/m't	\$1.20	29th p/m't	\$1.40
4th p/m't	25c	12th p/m't	75c	21st p/m't	\$1.20	30th p/m't	\$1.40
5th p/m't	25c	13th p/m't	\$1.00	22nd p/m't	\$1.20	31st p/m't	\$1.50
6th p/m't	50c	14th p/m't	\$1.00	23rd p/m't	\$1.20	32nd p/m't	\$1.50
7th p/m't	50c	15th p/m't	\$1.00	24th p/m't	\$1.30	33rd p/m't	\$1.50
8th p/m't	50c	16th p/m't	\$1.00	25th p/m't	\$1.30	34th p/m't	\$1.50
		17th p/m't	\$1.10	26th p/m't	\$1.30	35th p/m't	\$1.50
		18th p/m't	\$1.10	27th p/m't	\$1.30	36th p/m't	\$1.50

**DON'T DELAY**

**ONLY 50 MACHINES**  
**Only 50 Memberships Are Open.**  
 When this number are enrolled no more will be sold at the Special Club Prices. Remember the time to give their names. These were secured later on from a hotel register in Dundalk where the five men had stayed. Another party of four—two Toronto men one from Dundalk and one from Markdale—were discovered fishing in a boat, and their names all taken. A very crestfallen party they were and it troubled them greatly to know what to do with their boat, as they did not like to be seen carrying it on the side of their car on Sunday! Strange, isn't it? No accounting for tastes, is there? The boat and one long pole was left with a neighboring farmer. Three of these gentlemen were on hand Monday morning to settle up and paid into court fines of \$10 each and costs of \$14.50 in all. The gentlemen from Toronto and Hespeler who imagined their names were not known have since been surprised by having summonses handed to them and will no doubt likewise put up the same amounts for ignoring the customs and laws of their country in order to gratify their perverted ideas of sport.

**Premium Refunds 10c.**

An additional feature of the White Progressive Club is this opportunity to save 10 cents Special Discount on each final payment before it is due.

COME IN—SEE THE

**Prompt Returns From Shipments**

When you ship Grain, Butter, Cheese or Fruit, put through The Merchants Bank a Draft on the buyer. This is the business way of securing prompt and satisfactory settlement.  
 It saves time and possible loss.

**THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA**  
 Established 1864.  
 Head Office: Montreal.  
 MILDMAY BRANCH, A. C. WELK, Acting Manager.  
 HANOVER BRANCH, J. H. ADAMS, Manager.  
 WALKERTON BRANCH, W. A. BURROWS, Manager.

**Canada Food Board Says**  
 Now's the season to destroy all potato beetles, cabbage worms, current worm, tent caterpillar, etc., with **Arsenate of Lead**, the popular remedy to be had at **GEO. LAMBERT'S Produce Store**.  
 Also a full line of the best Standard Flours are kept together with Substitutes, such as Corn Flour, Barley Flour, Rye Flour, also best Red Path and St. Lawrence Sugars by the bag.  
 Feed of all kinds, Bran, Shorts, Midds, Heavy Chop, Whole Grain, Corn, Oats, Mixed hen and chick feed of the best quality meals and cereals. Dr. Hess and Pratts Stock and Poultry tonics.  
 A full line of best Canadian Binder Twine, made in Canada.  
 Highest Cash Price Paid for Butter and Eggs.  
 — Canada Food Board License No. 9-1087 —

**GEO. LAMBERT.**  
 Mildmay - Ontario Phone 36

**Cattle Ran Amuck In Orangeville.**  
 While Tom Craig, a Mono farmer, was delivering some cattle to A. Robinson, a local buyer, at the C. P. R. stockyards between 10 and 11 o'clock Tuesday forenoon a cow went crazy and spread terror in the South and East Wards. The maddened animal broke from the bunch near the C. P. R. station and started up Margaret street, trampling gardens and attacking anything and everything that chanced to get in her way. She made a dash into Sam Street's garden and charged Miss Street, who was hanging out clothes. She knocked the unfortunate woman down and gored her badly, one horn entering her left side and cutting an ugly wound about ten inches in length diagonally across the abdomen. From Margaret Street the animal made her way to Mill St., where she rushed into Jas. A. Arnott's premises, tumbled over the fence into Mrs. Jas. Williams' back yard and chased Miss Williams into the house. A couple of dogs such she chased J. B. Irwin over a fence and finally attacked Mrs. John Richardson, goring her in the thigh, dislocating a thumb and bruising her badly about the body. The infuriated animal was finally rounded up in Robt. Curry's yard on Church street, where she was driven into a stable and securely tied.  
 Mrs. Richardson's injuries are quite serious and she is under the care of Dr. MacLeod. Miss Street, who is in quite a serious condition, was attended by Dr. T. H. Henry. We understand she was removed to Lord Dufferin hospital yesterday.

terday. A steer broke away at the same time as the cow, but came to a sudden stop on Green street when it rushed headlong into a ditch and broke one of its legs. The animal was afterwards despatched by Jas. A. Arnott with a rifle and sold to T. Wright for butchers' meat. We understand that Mr. Nathaniel Thompson has since purchased the cow. Citizens who saw the animal during its mad career, that it should have been killed forthwith.—Orangeville Banner.

**New Tax is Effective July 1st.**  
 The war excise tax of one cent on a box of matches and eight cents on a package of playing cards went into effect on July 1, according to instructions received at the Inland Revenue Department. The tax on matches applies only to those manufactured or imported after April 30. It refers to playing cards also manufactured or imported after this date. All matches or playing cards in the hands of wholesalers, manufacturers' agents, retailers or other dealers not having the stamps after this date will be collected by the Department unless they bear these stamps. The stamping of these matches and cards differs from the legal requirements respecting the stamping of patent medicines and perfumery. In the latter case the goods may be stamped at the time of sale to the consumer, whereas in the former all goods in stock must be stamped without regard to date.

People are reminded to make a record of their certificates in some permanent place so that they can remember the number if lost. Duplicate certificates can only be procured through the central registration office at Ottawa. Parents whose children will reach the age of sixteen within the next month or so must take them to the post office and have them registered at the earliest possible date.

Although at the present time the gasoline supply throughout Western Ontario is sufficient to meet ordinary demands, garage men and oil dealers of Windsor agree that before the year is out a real shortage will be experienced. Tank cars which have been conveying oil to all parts of the country, and a majority of which are owned by American railroads, are being rapidly collected by the United States railroad administration, as they are needed to carry fuel to the seaboard, and this will mean that many interior points far from the main arteries of railroad travel will be left without facilities for obtaining gasoline.

Mr. Oscar P. Dippell of Listowel, and who now frequently visits this town as a commercial traveller, was refused exemption in his final appeal before Judge Barron at Stratford the other day.

A police census shows that very few stout men are charged with bigamy. Men with a double chin rarely lead a double life.

**Do Your Bit.**

Written by Ormond Bailey, of Tab. Indiana, the twelve-year-old son of Mrs. Nelson Vollick of Mildmay.

Did you ever think of helping.  
 By saving food and fat?  
 Don't send it to the Germans  
 Or we'll hit you with a bat.

Did you ever think of helping  
 The boys that's over there?  
 Don't think too much of pleasure  
 You know it isn't fair.

Did you ever think of money  
 You spend in foolish ways?  
 The fearful wars are coming—  
 You may want for many days.

Don't eat meat on Tuesday,  
 For that is meatless day.  
 Help to win this awful war—  
 Save food in every way.

Can't eat bread on Wednesday,  
 For that is wheatless day;  
 At almost every meeting  
 That's what the people say.

Don't eat cake on Sunday,  
 For that is sweetless day;  
 People should all be saving—  
 There is another day.

Do you ever think of helping?  
 Our country's now at war!  
 Did you ever stop to think  
 What we are fighting for?

Now, my friends and people,  
 Be as saving as you can,  
 And don't forget you're fighting  
 For dear old Uncle Sam.

**Loafers.**

Many states have passed laws against habitual idlers—which is a late start in attacking the vice of laziness; for it is just as much a vice as drunkenness or opium eating. It destroys the manhood in a man and the integrity of his character. We have known our share of drunkards and dope fiends. We have seen those who seemed fairly hopeless shake off their vice and emerge useful, honor-worthy men. According to our observation, however, a man once really sunk in the vice of laziness seldom gets out—but remains the nearest to absolute zero in human character.  
 Laziness has not been attacked as other vices have. There have been few warnings, reprobations, inhibitions. The young man hangs round pool rooms, or round club grills if he has money. He engages in imitation work—petty, incidental jobs; or golf if he can afford it. He is not girding himself; he is not attacking the problem of his life; he is loafing. But if he does not indulge in the recognized vices nobody says decisively "This will not do!"  
 Youth is just as prone to the vice of laziness as to any other vice. But there are no danger signals on that road. There ought to be. We believe society has a right and a duty to say to every able-bodied young man "Work or you shall not eat"; for we believe that laziness is the most curable of vices if taken in time—and about the least curable when it has become chronic.

**No Guesswork.**

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

**THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK**  
 It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

**C. A. FOX**  
 JEWELLER & OPTICIAN Walkerton

**VOTERS' LIST 1918.**

MUNICIPALITY OF THE VILLAGE OF MILD MAY, COUNTY OF BRUCE.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in section 9 of The Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Mildmay, on the 15th day of July, 1918, and remains there for inspection.  
 And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.  
 Dated at Mildmay this 16th day of July 1918.  
 CHARLES SCHURTER  
 Village Clerk.

With a view to holding horse races in Walkerton this year a deputation consisting of Messrs. David Robertson, Robt. Irwin, Isaac Gintz and others waited on the Town Council on Monday night, and sought to interest that august body in a scheme to fix up the track and get a real live celebration staged here. The council were enticed by the project and appointed a committee to meet the race men on Tuesday with a view to advancing the proposition.

In one school section in Sullivan township, where a Walkerton school teacher was officiating as deputy registrar, no less than 17 persons out of the 90 who registered were unable to sign their own names. For a supposedly educated country this is a remarkably big percentage of illiterates, and shows that compulsory education at some time and some place hadn't been any too strongly enforced.

**Prosecuted For Sunday Fishing.**

The big dam at Eugenia Falls is becoming a very popular fishing resort, and many go there from long distances in search of sport and recreation. Some of the fellows who were too busy to take a day off through the week got there on Sunday. The Markdale Standard tells what happened a couple of bunches of the seventh day sports.  
 There are still some people in this country whom apparently the war has not touched, who refuse to obey the laws of God and only will they obey the laws of man when force is exerted. Ten men of this class were rounded up on Sunday, June 23, for fishing in the hydro pond on the Lord's day. The prosecutions were instituted under the Lord's Day Act, and Constable Plantt, of Eugenia, was the instrument used to secure the convictions. The details make interesting reading. Mr. Plantt went over on Sunday and found a number of strangers fishing. He made himself friendly with them for some time until a farmer in the district came along and gave the snap away. The lines were then hurriedly withdrawn from the water and hasty departure made, the men refusing to give their names. These were secured later on from a hotel register in Dundalk where the five men had stayed. Another party of four—two Toronto men one from Dundalk and one from Markdale—were discovered fishing in a boat, and their names all taken. A very crestfallen party they were and it troubled them greatly to know what to do with their boat, as they did not like to be seen carrying it on the side of their car on Sunday! Strange, isn't it? No accounting for tastes, is there? The boat and one long pole was left with a neighboring farmer. Three of these gentlemen were on hand Monday morning to settle up and paid into court fines of \$10 each and costs of \$14.50 in all. The gentlemen from Toronto and Hespeler who imagined their names were not known have since been surprised by having summonses handed to them and will no doubt likewise put up the same amounts for ignoring the customs and laws of their country in order to gratify their perverted ideas of sport.

**Making Farmers Work Their Land For The Nation.**

A recently arrived English newspaper records the fact that at Buckingham a day or so before publication, farmer Jno. Robert Gough, of College Farm, Maidmorton, was summoned by the board of agriculture for neglecting cultivation. He was ordered to give up possession of the farm in fourteen days, and to pay a fine of \$50, and \$250 in costs. Gough had occupied the farm, which comprised 200 acres, for over thirty years. The above is a remarkable illustration of the way in which the British Government is seeing to it that every available acre of land in the British Isles is set to work to do its share in producing food. Evidently it matters little what a man's position may be. If he is an owner of land it is up to him to see that all of it is enlisted in the national food raising campaign, and furthermore, it is necessary for him to be able to show that the land is producing an amount of food as near as is reasonably possible to its maximum power of production.

On Wednesday afternoon of last week says the Arthur Enterprise, one of a party of returned soldiers who were soliciting newspaper subscriptions, entered the home of Mrs. Fred Langdon at Kenilworth and helped himself to her diamond ring and gold pendant which she had left on her dresser in her bedroom. Mr. Langdon was at work in a field near the house, and saw the man, and told him that Mrs. Langdon was not at home, and thought no more about it until on his wife's return she discovered that the theft had been made. She also found that a box in which trinkets had been kept was dumped out on the dresser and some money which it contained was taken. Constable Green of Drayton was notified and the man who committed the theft was arrested in Palmerston on the following morning in an hotel there. He was wearing Mrs. Langdon's ring at the time. He was taken to Drayton where he appeared before Police Magistrate Woodman and pleaded guilty to the charge of theft. The Magistrate sent him to Guelph for sentence. On Monday he appeared before Judge Hayes. He informed the Judge that he had served in France and was wounded and gassed at the Somme. He blamed his physical and nervous condition for his having yielded to the crime. He was allowed to go on suspended sentence.

His nose in his pocket, a soldier arrived at a casualty clearing station on the western front recently. In a hand to hand fight the man had his nose cut off. He picked up the member which had been cleanly cut off, and put it in his pocket as a relic, but the surgeons insisted on sewing it on again, and it has now healed so well that the wound is scarcely visible.

# Soils and Crops

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

## Freshening the Cows.

A short while ago I went into the stable of a farmer friend who lived about a mile or so from me. He was just feeding his cows. I noticed that he measured out the grain ration for the different ones and also each one the hay that was needed. There was one cow that only received hay for her feed. I asked him why he did not give her any grain.

"Oh! That one, why she is dry. I expect that she'll 'come in' in about a month or so. After one of my cows stop giving any milk, I do not give them any more grain," he told me.

"But, in her case," I asked him, "don't you think that she is so near freshening time that it might pay?" "I do not see where there'd be any profit," he answered. "How can any cow that is dry be worth giving anything but hay to?" And he laughed as he thought that it was quite a joke to feed anything but hay to his cows that were dry.

As I looked at the cow that was getting only hay, the one that he had told me he expected would have a calf in a few weeks, I was surprised. She was very thin. To look at her I would not have known that she was to freshen soon. I felt that there are quite a few farmers that feel as he does. They do not think that a cow that is not giving any milk needs much to eat.

But a cow that is to have her calf ought to be fed quite liberal. While she is not giving milk perhaps, she is using feed to grow the new calf to be born soon. She needs food to bring her into moderately high condition, without too much fatness. Excessive fat is apt to make difficulty at time of calving. But if the cow has a liberal quantity of it with good flesh she is ready to start immediately to make a large quantity of milk. Fat that has been stored up, is ready as a reserve to be drawn upon to help at the time that she is to make the largest quantity of milk.

While there are farmers that do not dry off their cows for any length of time before they freshen, most farmers agree that cows should have from six weeks to two months rest from milking, before they have their calf.

Cows should have exercise in moderation during pregnancy, as with these that are kept in too close confinement, there is sometimes difficulty during calving time. Of course, too much and violent exercise or conditions which might lead to slipping or jumping is bad, as such may cause abortion. Cow yards where they get their exercise should be free from ice and be even and smooth. Cows that are kept in the stable a large part of the time should have the platform or floor under them level; floors that slope towards the rear cause an unnatural pressure to be brought to bear

on the generative organs which makes a tendency to lose the calf, develop. When the time draws near for the cow to have the calf, she should be placed in a separate pen or box stall, large enough so that she can move around easily. The bowels should be kept free by the use of laxative feeds. Roots are valuable. A good feed for a cow some time before and after she has her calf, is whole oats that have been swelled by having boiling water poured over them. Three pounds of these, three pounds of bran, and one-half pound of linseed oil meal mixed with warm water and a little salt, makes a good feed and has the tendency to prevent the retaining of the afterbirth. Of course, hay is to be given. After calving give this feed for a week or so, increasing one-half a pound a day as the cow increases in her milk flow, and gradually change to the regular ration. For at least ten days before the cow calves she should have water with the chill taken off; also for two weeks after.

While, as a rule, cows have their calves born without much trouble, they should be watched carefully as the time draws near, and if there are any signs of difficulty, help should be gotten quickly, if it is to be of use. After the calf is born the danger from milk-fever should be guarded. While perhaps it may not be necessary for every farm to have a milk-fever outfit, there ought to be one at least in every neighborhood and every farmer that has many cows should understand how to use it. It is very simple; in fact, many times a common bicycle-pump with a small tube attached to it that is small enough to be inserted into a cow's teat, has been successfully used. After filling with air, the teat is tied with strips of cloth to hold it in for an hour or so, and the process repeated, until recovery takes place. Particular directions come with every outfit.

The capacity to give milk is developed in cows by breeding early. While a heifer is not fully grown at two years of age, it seems to be the rule among most breeders that that is about the right age for a heifer to have her first calf, providing she is in no way stunted in her growth. To fix the habit of persistent milking, a cow is not bred so that her second calf comes within a year and a half. Of course, the best of care at this time is requisite so that the future cow may have a chance to develop as much as possible.

While cows are bred until they are twenty years old sometimes, the best period is from four to five or six, up to twelve years old. To get the best from any cow, good care is important at all times, and even though she is not giving milk, she should have a properly balanced ration to prepare her for the work that is to come to her as soon as she freshens.

## Realizing the War.

Margaret Deland, the noted American author, writes from Paris: "Over in America we thought we knew something about the war and the conditions in France, but when you get here the difference is as the difference between studying the laws of electricity and being struck by lightning. The only way in which I can keep sane and steady is to look very, very closely at my own immediate little world in the canteen—for if I dare to lift my eyes to the black horizons I lose my balance."

You may not be the best farmer in your neighborhood, but you can at least strive not to be the worst.

## Facts About Fall Wheat

ONTARIO Fall wheat growers from many localities claim that fertilizers saved their 1917-18 wheat crop. How did they do it?

Fertilizers are carriers of available plant food. This soluble food is to the young wheat crop what new milk is to the calf.

Last fall the fertilized wheat made stronger top growth and wider, deeper root growth than the unfertilized wheat.

Last winter the fertilized crop stood the severe weather while much unfertilized wheat was killed.

Last spring the fertilized wheat started growing earlier and stronger than the unfertilized wheat.

That is why fertilized wheat will yield much heavier this summer than unfertilized wheat. It pays to fertilize Fall wheat.

New Free Bulletin on Fall Wheat Production now ready. Write

**The Soil and Crop Improvement Bureau**  
of the Canadian Fertilizer Association  
1111 Temple Bldg., Toronto

# The Dairy

In the stable, the best way to break a self-sucking cow is to tie her both ways in the stall so that she cannot get her head back to her udder. If you are persistent in this, after a while she forgets the habit.

But in the pasture lot a different plan must be used. The cow can be tied then by having a surcingle around her body and a rope extending from the surcingle to either side of the head so that she cannot get her head to her udder. This, however, prevents her from fighting flies and is really quite a punishment.

I think the best way probably is to get at almost any hardware store what is known as a calf-weaner. This is an arrangement that is fastened in the nose like a bull ring and extending all around on this ring are long, sharp spikes so that when she goes to suck herself these spikes are prodded into the udder and flank and she soon gives it up. Cows can eat fairly well out of a manger with an arrangement of this kind in the nose. They seem to get along on pasture all right. After a reasonable length of time if this don't break the cow of the habit, I would dispose of her for beef because it is a nuisance to have to keep this thing up every year.

## Topics in Season

Feeding high-priced fertilizer to weeds indicates the slacker at his worst.

Why spoil a fifty-dollar mower for the sake of two cents' worth of machine-oil?

The bug that takes the biggest toll is the bug of carelessness.

A good way to get rid of poison-ivy is to spray it with kerosene and set fire to it.

Burying the water jug in the furrow will keep the water cooler. But have a big jug.

Beware of so-called headache pills, tablets or powders. Practically all of them contain a coal-tar, heart-depressant drug which is often dangerous.

One of the most popular utensils on the farm is the dinner-bell.

The greatest achievement in harvesting is beating bad weather to it.

Many folks have forgotten how to stack hay. This rule is a good one: Keep the middle full and drive around on every side to unload.

Women ought to be good farmers, seeing that they are deeply interested in husbandry.

Now that so many farmers are hauling produce on auto trucks, the necessity of having better roads is being realized as never before. We must have them.

There is only one right way to sharpen a hoe and that is by filing or grinding the blade on the under side of the edge as you hold it ready to use. A sharp hoe is a fine cure for the backache.

## A Lettuce Tip.

Lettuce should be sown three times during July, and the young seedlings must be kept well watered. In fact, all lettuce should be kept very moist to prevent it from running to seed too quickly.

Good, crisp lettuce is something that all war gardeners are keen to have, and frequently it is a disappointment to them to find it going to seed and coarsening in the process.

If you have not planted your lettuce in a shaded place, you might build a cheesecloth frame over the plants that are beginning to head up, and spray them night and morning during the warm weather. This is the real secret of good, crisp lettuce.

## Substitution in Flour.

In England and France from 15 to 20 per cent of wheat substitution, chiefly corn, barley and rice, are required by the food scarcity in the milling of flour. The people of Great Britain are not now making or consuming white bread.

There will be little time on the farms this year to listen to agents.

# The Sunday School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON  
JULY 21.

Lesson III. Praying To God—Luke 11. 1-13; Psa. 145. 18, 19. Golden Text, Heb. 4. 16.

Luke 11. 1-13. Verse 1. As he was praying in a certain place—His disciples knew him as a man of prayer, calling upon the Father in daily personal communion. They were thus conscious that he had through prayer an unseen source of strength and an evident power they did not possess. This led to their request: Lord, teach us to pray. As John also taught his disciples—it was common for the Jewish rabbis to give their disciples forms of prayer.

2. When ye pray, say—There now follows what we know as the Lord's Prayer, of which two versions are given in the Gospels, the longer one, to which we are accustomed, in Matthew, chapter 6, and the shorter one in Luke 11. The two versions are mutually explanatory. The additional clauses in Matthew are not so much new petitions as expansions and explanations of the petitions found both in Luke and Matthew; thus, "Thy kingdom come" involves "Thy will be done, as in heaven, so on earth." Father (Matthew, "who art in heaven"), Hallowed be thy name—That God is our "heavenly Father" had already been taught in the Sermon on the Mount and elsewhere, but now it is more formally given in the model prayer. Thy kingdom come—This was the central teaching of Jesus. It involves the dominance of the will of God over all the earth; for the will of God means justice, mercy, love, as the commanding ideal for the individual and for the race.

3. Give us day by day our daily bread (Matthew, "Give us this day")—Luke asks for continuous supply, Matthew for immediate need. The petition is a prayer for needful earthly sustenance.

4. Forgive us our sins (Matthew, "Purge us our debts")—"Trespasses," which occurs in the church form, comes to us from the Tyndale version. For we ourselves also forgive every one that is indebted to us—Matthew emphasizes the fact that an unforgiving spirit may not ask for forgiveness. Bring us not into temptation—"Temptation" may mean a testing or a trial, or it may mean a solicitation to evil. The petition here is difficult to explain and can best be understood as a prayer that we may not come into circumstances too severe for our endurance.

The wonderful beauty and importance of the Lord's Prayer arises from (1) the tone of holy confidence in which it teaches us to approach God as our Father, in love as well as in holy fear; (2) its absolute unselfishness—it is offered in the plural, not for ourselves only but for all the brotherhood of man; (3) its entire spirituality—of its seven petitions one only is for any earthly boon, and that only for the simplest; (4) its brevity and absence of all vain repetitions; (5) its simplicity, which requires only holiness and sincerity for its comprehension.

5. Which of you—This parable, found only in Luke, is an argument from analogy. "It is reasonable to suppose that God will not do less than the kind deeds that any of us would not fail to perform." Shall you un-derstand to him at midnight—Travel in the Orient is common at midnight, in order to avoid the heat. Friend, lend me three loaves—It is not unusual for the modern traveller in the Orient, if he stops at a private house, to hear some one banging at the gate, shouting, "Ya Khalil!" (O friend, open the gate).

6. I have nothing to set before him—An emergency appeal. Even poverty would not violate the law of hospitality, even though there were nothing to set before the guest.

7. Trouble me not—A rough answer implying irritation on being disturbed. The door is now shut—Literally, has been shut, closed up for the night, implying "I do not mean to open it." I cannot rise and give thee—Only a modified form for "I will not rise."

8. Because of his impurity he will arise—Literally, because of his "shamelessness" unblinking persistence.

# Over 45 Municipalities

in the Eastern Townships and vicinity are now being served with light and power by the Southern Canada Power Company, Limited.

This territory is a good industrial district, and is growing rapidly, thus insuring increased demand for power and light.

We recommend the 6% Bonds of this Company, which we are offering with a bonus of common stock, thus giving investors an opportunity to participate in the future success of the Company.

Send for circular, and map showing territory served.

BONDS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM US ON MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN

**NESBITT, THOMSON & COMPANY**  
Investment Bankers  
Mercantile Trust Bldg.  
222 St. James Street  
Hamilton  
Montreal

# Poultry

This year it would seem patriotic to grow the broilers to a large size before marketing them, but reach a weight of about two pounds. The small broilers should bring a fair price and when turned into cash they will furnish available funds for properly feeding the pullets.

At the present price of grain it does not seem that capons and roasting chickens can be very profitable this year. The present indications seem to predict that it will be safer to market young broilers and raise high-class and well-fed pullets to produce eggs next fall and winter.

When there is time for marketing small orders to private customers it pays better than selling to the local dealers or the commission men. However, every farmer has to figure out most of his own marketing problems for himself. Some find it takes too much time to dress and market poultry to private consumers and they make more money by giving their time to production problems. This practically means that the farmer hires the local dealer to be his agent or poultry salesman. There is a lot to learn about poultry marketing problems. Most farmers know that they have not yet found out the best method. A little more instruction along that line from the experimental farms will be appreciated.

Farmers are buying and using more two-row cultivators this year.

In the olden days of the horse and buggy the former was the spark-plug that made the courting outfit go.

Wall-board, used in attic or shed, will help you to solve the problem of extra rooms for temporary hired help.

# GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

## HEADACHE REMEDIES.

The frequency and variety of headaches have stimulated the medicine manufacturers to devise means for their relief, and the market has been flooded with their products.

Headache is a very comprehensive term. It may be a simple neuralgia due to disturbance of the nerves on one side of the head, the forehead, or the top or back of the head.

The blood current of the head may be unaffected in such cases, or there may be less blood than usual with resulting pallor of the face.

Or the face may be red, the head hot and throbbing, with a painful sense of fullness and congestion.

Again, there may be dizziness in addition to the head pain, and perhaps nausea and vomiting, these symptoms being due to some trouble in the digestive apparatus.

Yet other headaches are due to some trouble in the eyes, the ears, the kidneys, to growths within the skull, or a thousand other causes.

It is reasonable to imagine that all these different kinds of headaches can be cured by the same medicine, and is it not expecting too much of any powder or tablet that it will be equally useful for all of them?

It is safe to say, therefore, that any medicine which promises to cure all kinds of headache, is a fraud.

Furthermore, headache may be merely one of the noteworthy symptoms in a more or less important disease, and a headache powder, no matter how good it may be, may only mask and obscure other symptoms, unless it goes to the cause of the disease, which so far as I know no headache powder can do.

What, for instance, could such a medicine do in headache proceeding from tumor of the brain?

It would be unlikely to produce any impression upon the tumor; it might not even relieve the pain, and if a considerable quantity were taken, it might cause weakness and faintness from its depressing action on the heart and make the patient worse instead of better.

If any of the headache powders

does not have such a depressing action, I do not know which it is; and if all of them have this quality, none should be given unless we know at the time what the condition of the patient's heart really is.

Even with people whose hearts are apparently sound, some are extremely sensitive to the action of such drugs as headache powders are composed of, even in small doses.

This is especially true with children, hence we cannot be too particular in recommending them to others or in taking them of possible danger in them, which must not be overlooked.

A popular combination is a coal-tar product of some kind, in connection with a stimulant like camphor or caffeine; and when such a combination is used, the possibility of harm will be diminished.

One of the worst features of headache powders, is the danger of forming the drug habit, of using them when there is no real excuse for taking medicine.

We must also remember that the quantity of medicine which will relieve a headache to-day, may make little impression on to-morrow, and by increasing the quantity we may have crossed the border line of safety.

I do not imagine that these words of caution will have much effect in preventing the use of headache powders; but it is proper to present the facts and suggest that the physician is the one to decide whether such a medicine ought to be used.

Moreover, physicians also should realize their responsibility in prescribing them, and give them with the same precautions which they are supposed to use in giving other drugs which are commonly admitted to be dangerous.

**SMOKE TACKETTS**  
**ORINOCO**  
CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES

## Cabbage Plants

Of all leading early and late varieties, 40c. per hundred, mail prepaid, \$2.50 per thousand, express collect.

Also Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts and Onion Plants.

Plants are being shipped successfully to all parts of Canada. Ask for price list.

Herold's Farms, Fruitland, Ontario Dept. "Y" Niagara District

## WOOL

Farmers who ship their wool direct to us get better prices than farmers who sell to the general store.

ASK ANY FARMER! who has sold his wool both ways, and note what he says—or, better still, write us for our prices; they will show you how much you lose by selling to the General Store.

We pay the highest prices of any firm in the country and are the largest wool dealers in Canada. Payment is remitted the same day wool is received. Ship us your wool to-day—you will be more than pleased if you do, and are assured of a square deal from us.

**H. V. ANDREWS**  
13 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

## THE NINTH ANNUAL TORONTO FAT STOCK SHOW

Union Stock Yards, Toronto  
**December 5 & 6, 1918**

The management of the Show wish to announce the following changes over previous shows:

There will be no classes for female cattle.

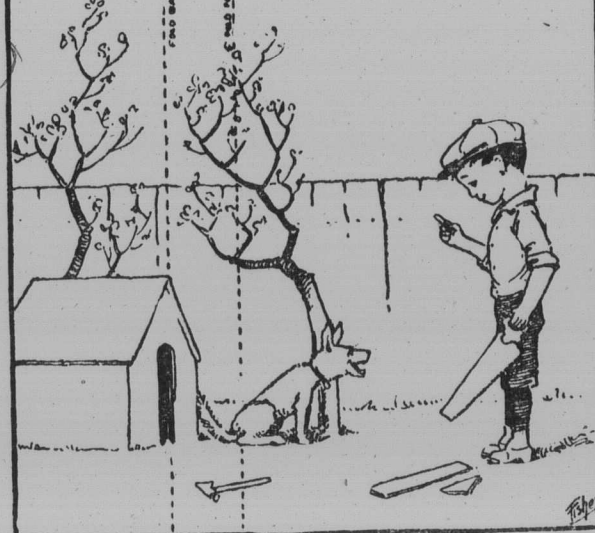
All stock entered must be owned by exhibitor at least ninety days before opening date of show.

In addition to single cattle classes there will be classes for three animals.

Premium list will be ready for distribution August 1st.

## FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



Willie built his dog a house,  
I think it's fine, don't you?  
And from the smile on puppy's face  
I judge he likes it too.

## The Home Bank of Canada Makes Steady Progress

Steady progress and expansion is reported by the Home Bank of Canada in its statement for the fiscal year, ending May 31st.

Under conservative and energetic management the Home Bank has been forging ahead and improving its financial position.

Right along the Management has carried out a number of thrift campaigns and these have resulted in a very considerable increase in the number of savings accounts at the various branches.

With its larger resources the Bank, in turn, has been able to handle a larger amount of general business throughout the country.

One of the outstanding features of the report is the gain of almost \$3,000,000 in total deposits. During the Victory Loan Campaign the Bank lent every assistance to its customers and depositors, with the result that there were withdrawals of \$2,000,000 for investment in Victory Bonds of close to \$2,000,000. If this campaign had not developed the increase in deposits for the twelve months period would have been close to \$5,000,000.

The marked gains made by the Home Bank during the past few years must be regarded as the best indication of the further strides it is likely to make with its organization strengthened in different parts of the country.

The total assets have increased almost \$3,000,000 and now stand at \$29,975,733, compared with \$29,745,829 a year ago. Of this amount liquid assets amount to \$11,073,182. Holdings of Dominion Notes amount to \$3,129,010. Canadian municipal and British, foreign and colonial public securities amount to \$2,727,332 as compared with \$1,214,469 last year.

The success of the thrift campaigns carried out by the Bank has resulted in gains in its deposits, these now standing at \$11,639,486 up from \$10,243,553, while deposits not bearing interest now stand at \$4,143,264 up from \$2,396,865.

### WOMEN FIRST TO GREET KING.

#### War Workers Congratulated Their Majesties on Silver Wedding Anniversary.

Three thousand women engaged in war work, representing twenty-two organizations, presented King George and Queen Mary with an address on June 29, expressing loyalty and extending congratulations upon the silver wedding anniversary of the royal couple, which was celebrated on July 6. It was the first time any British ruler had received such a deputation of women. There were no precedents, therefore, to serve as a guide for marshalling the parade and for the reception.

Among the organizations represented were those of the nurses, the munition workers, the workers on farms and those more actively connected with the operations in the field. An address was made by Mrs. F. H. Durham, chief woman inspector in the Ministry of Labor. King George replied with an address to the women.

The King spoke as follows: "We are touched by the thought that the first expression of loyalty and devotion on the occasion of our silver wedding should come from this representative body of women who, by their services, have assisted the State in the full mobilization of its manpower."

"In our visits to various centres we have had opportunities of seeing and appreciating the great part which all the women of our land are taking in all the branches of war service, and everywhere we have been filled with admiration at their achievements, an admiration which we believe to be shared by the whole nation. When the history of the war is written, no chapter will be more remarkable than that relating to this service. The range and extent of the women's participation in this service has been rendered only at the cost of much self-sacrifice and endurance."

"I trust this procession to-day will bring home to those who have not yet realized it the country's need of their help. Sure in the hope that your labors soon may have their reward in that decisive victory and enduring peace toward which we, with all our brave allies, are ever striving, I wish you god-speed. In that happy day it will be your proud satisfaction to feel that you have nobly shared in securing these priceless results."

Keep all gates closed and all gaps up. It will save steps.

## When You Eat Grape-Nuts

you get the solid nourishment of whole wheat, malted barley and other grains in more pleasing, easily digestible form than in any other way.

This great, ready-cooked cereal is very economical—requires no sugar, less milk, yet is probably the richest of all prepared cereals.

### Grape-Nuts A Fitting War-time Food

"There's a Reason"

Canada Food Board License No. 1-015

## NORWAY SUFFERS FROM WAR TURMOIL

### ECONOMIC SITUATION BRISTLES WITH DIFFICULTIES

Necessity of Increasing Imports Grows Steadily More and More Imperative.

Never since the memorable war between England and Norway 110 years ago has the Norwegian nation been confronted with a situation so full of difficulties as the present one, says a despatch from Christiania. Until the United States entered the war the difficulties, although great, did not impress themselves so strongly on the public mind as they do now, owing to the fact that, even if other European sources of supply dried up, here was still something to be had from the United States.

When the United States finally ranked herself on the side of the allies the question gradually arose how Norway, dependent as she is on her imports for the most important necessities, would manage to get on in the long run under these altered conditions.

It was obvious that an arrangement ought to be made, and in order to settle the question a delegation to Washington was appointed under the leadership of Professor Nansen. The pinch of the rationing system has now begun to make itself felt, and stricter rules are officially announced. Norwegian trade and industry are handicapped for want of regular supplies, the coast traffic is disorganized and Norwegian resources in general are diminishing at an alarming rate. Travelers fresh from Germany are surprised at Norway's scanty rations of bread, which they say are even smaller than they are there.

Imports a National Necessity. It is a matter of the highest importance to Norway to procure at the earliest possible date as many imports as possible. The supply of foodstuffs and raw materials needed by the population has, from a statistical point of view, been much misunderstood abroad. Owing to the fact that several countries from which, in time of peace, Norway was drawing rather heavy imports, have been virtually closed—for example, Russia and Prussia as cereal exporting countries—Norway has been bound to draw more heavily on America and other overseas countries.

This fact has been overlooked and too willingly it has been believed in the Allied countries that the greater part of these imports were destined for Germany. Nor has it been realized by the authorities or the general public of the Allied countries that the economic expansion of Norway during the last few years has necessitated a larger supply of raw materials.

The vast majority of Norwegians expect nothing from Germany. Her disruptive submarine war, which during the last year has inflicted upon us a loss of 435 vessels and 700 lives, speaks volumes. It is also a public secret that her own means are very scanty.

On the other hand, it is no use to deny that Norway is largely dependent on England, while at the same time Norwegians feel entitled to say that in view of the services rendered to England and her allies through the courage and intrepidity of the Norwegian seamen and the energetic straightforwardness of the shipowners they have a reasonable claim upon their gratitude.

Thinks England Ungrateful. Norwegians regret that this fact is far less understood in England than it ought to be, and express the opinion that this state of things not only impairs Norwegian friendship for England, but is detrimental to British commercial interests.

Through their cruel treatment of defenceless Norwegian seamen, the Germans have gradually lost all sympathy in this country. England's escutcheon is untarnished, but Norwegians consider it their duty to tell her that the treatment to which they have often been subjected by British officials has created a painful impression in this country. Norwegians regard it as unreasonable that their authorities and the Norwegian business community should be measured by the standard applied to Germans. When they pledge their word, they mean no less than the British to keep it. They do not regard their treaties as "scraps of paper," but as obligations. They claim to be considered as gentlemen, and are not willing to stand the pin-pricks of suspicion.

Over and over again prominent men of business have told me of their experiences. They describe the suspicious attitude of the British authorities as entirely unfounded, and say that it would be ridiculous were it not so detrimental to important interests. A leading shipowner in conversation with me said:

"If England had been less suspicious toward us we should have had considerably more supplies in this country at the present time, and England a considerably heavier Norwegian tonnage at her disposal, to her own benefit and those of her allies."

These words express the general opinion of all Norwegians entitled to speak with authority in these matters. They consider it a matter of importance that the two kindred nations should never cease to meet one another in a friendly and businesslike spirit of mutual confidence.

## The Latest Models.



Girlishly simple is this attractive little dress. McCall Pattern No. 8432, Misses' Dress. In 4 sizes, 14 to 20 years. Price, 20 cents.



The cape's the thing, this year, at any rate! McCall Pattern No. 8421, Ladies' Cape. In 1 size. No. 8415, Ladies' Two or Three-Piece Skirt. In 6 sizes, 22 to 32 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

**YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN**

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

### Use Your Fresh Vegetables.

Now is the time to use the fresh vegetables which the war gardeners have been so assiduously striving to cultivate. We must never forget that the use of these short-lived greens results in the liberation of the more concentrated and staple foods for overseas.

Usually there is great waste where garden truck is concerned. It seems so abundant that we do not value it sufficiently. As a matter of fact, by the judicious use of vegetables many meatless meals can be prepared, and the housewife should regard them during the hot weather, when appetites are jaded.

The French people are now reduced to three meatless days a week of necessity. We in Canada might get down to that by choice, at least for as long as our war gardens flourish. It will mean all the more meat for the people of France, who need it so badly.

The use of canned goods at the present time is anything but patriotic. Most families have a garden of their own. For those who have not, the stores are selling plenty of fresh vegetables and they are about as cheap as anything we can buy.

## RE-MODEL YOUR Winter Coat

Our Mail Order Department will assist you. Toronto's Best Designers and Tailors do our work. The small charge will both please and pay. We remodel any woman's coat of any material. This offer is good for July and August only. Send us your coat by mail or express. We will reply at once with suitable suggestions and price. No charge is made for this advice. You can then instruct us to do the work or return your coat. The summer slack season makes our low charge possible. You get New Fall style Effects, Individual Attention and Prompt Service at a big saving. \$5.00 will remodel a coat that \$25.00 will not buy this Fall. We do this work for Merchants or Private Homes.

ROSS-HEED CO., 74 Bay St., Toronto

**Somehow.**

Somehow I never thought that you would go,  
Not even when red war swept through the land;  
I somehow thought, because I loved you so,  
That you would stay. I did not understand  
That something stronger than my love could come,  
To draw you, half reluctant, from my heart;  
I never thought the call of life and drum  
Would rend our cloak of happiness apart!

And yet you went. . . . And I—  
I did not weep;  
I smiled instead and brushed the tears aside.  
And yet, when night time comes, I cannot sleep.  
But silent lie, while longing fights with pride—  
You are my man, the foe you fight my foe,  
And yet—I never thought that you would go!

### Western Crop Conditions.

A need of rain over considerable sections of the grain growing areas in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta is indicated in the weekly crop report of Canadian Northern Agents to the general offices of the company. There are, however, a large number of agents who report that as yet the drought had not affected any damage, and that rain would entirely relieve the situation. Moreover, advice received show that rain has already fallen over a considerable section.

The presence of cut-worms is reported in a small section to the north on both sides of the border of Manitoba and Saskatchewan, the damage however appearing to be but slight.

### To Kill Potato Bugs.

The potato bugs should be poisoned before they get too much of a start. Paris green used at the rate of one-half pound to fifty gallons of water is satisfactory. If a pound or two of lime is added it will prevent any leaf burning that might otherwise occur. Arsenate of lead is a good poison and sticks on the leaves for a long time. It does not burn the leaves. Of the dry use one and a half pounds to fifty gallons of water, and of the paste three pounds.

I fell from a building and received what the doctor called a very bad sprained ankle, and told me I must not walk on it for three weeks. I got MINARD'S LINIMENT and in six days I was out to work again. I think it the best Liniment made.

ARCHIE E. LAUNDRY,  
Edmonton.

### Horse Sense.

In the mines of Hainault horses that travel back and forth over a certain road exactly thirty times each day go to the stables of their own accord after their last trip, and refuse to take another step. In Montaigne's Essays we read that the oxen employed in the royal gardens of Susa for turning the wheels to which the water pails were attached refused to make more than the hundred rounds that constituted their daily task.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Catch Hold of the Golden Bird. There are two ways of saving money: Some men get hold of the golden goose and proceed to pull all her feathers out. Then they squeeze her so she will never be good for anything more. What is left they put in their socks or hide in a crevice in the wall. Other men get hold of a golden goose, promptly put some eggs under her, and in a short while there are more golden eggs—and so on. Then the surplus is put into thrift stamps, thus allowing others in need to supply their wants.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

When a man is eager to show you how to do something, it means that he doesn't know a thing about it himself but wants to experiment.

In the Balance.

What can we do  
To match those men who stand to-day  
—a wall of pulsing blood; of fearless hearts—between the savage lust of brutes unleashed and  
All that we hold dear?  
What can we do?

How can we help  
To match these men who severed ties  
of home and outstretched arms—  
treasures of the years of peace—  
and bravely placed their gift of priceless youth between a race gone mad and  
All that we hold dear?  
How can we help?

What can we give  
To match those men who gave and gave, and gladly gave, until at length they offered up their lives at Freedom's shrine? They had no more to give. And this they did for us and  
All that we hold dear.  
What can we give?

### LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

### Valuable Australian Wood.

Figured blackwood is mentioned by a consular report as perhaps the most beautiful of Australia's many ornamental hardwoods. The "fiddleback" and "mottled" grains are most sought, the grain of the former being not unlike that of the North American curly maple. The color, however, is different, being a rich golden brown. The panel effects are obtained by combining the figure with the plain blackwood.

### MONEY ORDERS.

It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

### The Real Proof.

From idle bragging stay aloof; You'll find that this is true: Your work is taken as the proof Of things that you can do.

### Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

New Air Raid Alarms. For the suburbs a new system of air raid alarms has been devised to supplement the sirens and the firemen's signals, says a Paris despatch. The new device is the use of a sort of rocket, which, when lighted, produces two explosions, one as it leaves the ground, the other at a considerable height in the air.

Tests showed the noise was distinctive, that it could be heard at a considerable distance and could not be confused with the noise of the anti-aircraft guns.

The shortest answer is doing it.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

# 2 in 1 SHOE POLISHES

LIQUIDS and PASTES

FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

PRESERVE the LEATHER

THE T. T. QUALITY CORPORATION, LTD., HAMILTON, CANADA

SMOKE TACKETTS

# ORINOCO

CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE

ABSORBINE

TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Will reduce Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments, or Muscles. Stops the lameness and pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. \$2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse Book 2 R Free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for man and horse, reduces Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Veins or Muscles; Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers, Ailments, Pains. Price \$1.25 a bottle at druggist or delivered. Book "Endorsement" free.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. B. 516, Uman's Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

EATS DIRT

MADE IN CANADA

GILLETT'S LYE

Mares with foals may be given some light work, but the real heavy work should be left for the other horses. The proper development of the foal depends very largely on the quality of the milk the mare gives, so that every precaution should be taken that the foal is not allowed to suck when the mare is at all overheated.

Finard's Liniment Cures Distemper. The poorest fish alive are the self fish.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE in New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell \$2,000. Worth double that amount. Apply J. H. c/o Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried \$1,000. Will go for \$1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

WILL PURCHASE ALTERNATING Current Motors for Cash. Milton and Prentiss, Traders Bank Building, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood Ont.

### FEMALE HELP WANTED

**WANTED 100 GIRLS**

to work in knitting mills. All kinds of operations on Underwear and Hosiery. Good wages paid while learning. Write or phone

Penmans

Limited

PARIS, ONTARIO

HIRST'S PAIN EXTERMINATOR

Don't Suffer Pain—Buy Hirst's

and be prepared against attacks of rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains and all similar painful ailments. For over 40 years a family friend. Don't experiment—try Hirst's—ask a doctor, or write us.

HIRST READEY COMPANY  
Hamilton, Canada

HIRST'S Family Sale, (50c) 35¢  
HIRST'S Precious Syrup of Horehound and Eucalyptus, (34c) BOTTLE

## DOCTOR URGED AN OPERATION

Instead I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Was Cured.

Baltimore, Md.—"Nearly four years I suffered from organic troubles, nervousness and headaches and every month would have to stay in bed most of the time. Treatments would relieve me for a time but my doctor was always urging me to have an operation. My sister asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before consenting to an operation. I took five bottles of it and it has completely cured me and my work is a pleasure. I tell all my friends who have any trouble of this kind what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—NELLIE B. BRITTINGHAM, 609 Calverton Rd., Baltimore, Md.

It is only natural for any woman to dread the thought of an operation. So many women have been restored to health by this famous remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after an operation has been advised that it will pay any woman who suffers from such ailments to consider trying it before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

SMOKE TACKETTS

# T & B

CUT OR PLUG

Myrtle Cut T & B Cigarettes

Geo. E. Tackett & Son

# Neilson's Ice Cream

Ice Cold  
Deliciousness



What a satisfaction an "ice cold" fountain drink is. How delicious it is. How it appeals to the appetite. How refreshing. Ice is not saved at our fountain. We know our drinks will not be right unless ice and lots of it is used. It's the ice as well as the mixing and the materials and the cleanliness that makes our fountain drinks so Delicious.

We handle the following lines exclusively because we consider that they are each the best in their class:

Neilson's Ice Cream, the cream that made Toronto famous.

Robertson's Aerated Waters, Birch Beer, Lemon Sour, Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Strawberry, Grape, Tona Cola, etc.

Welch's Grape Juice, a delicious, strengthening drink, prepared from the juice of the Concord Grape.

Carling's Lager, Carling's Amber Ale, Carling's Porter, three good lines for table use.

At the Sign of The Star.

The Store of Quality.

## J. N. Scheffer

Terms—Cash or Produce.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

With 2500 cattle on the Union Stock Market yesterday there were not very many really good cattle on sale, and the quality generally was very medium. There was a steady demand for choice butcher cattle and loads of steers with weight and quality. There was a fair inquiry for butcher cows, and canners at about steady prices. The bull trade was slow, with no really good to choice bulls on sale.

There was a good demand for springers and good ones are wanted, but fresh milch cows are slow of sale.

There was a fair inquiry for breedy stockers and feeders, and the prospects all round look pretty good for the balance of the week at steady prices.

The market is flooded with very medium to ordinary cattle and taking every thing into consideration, while trade was slow there was a pretty good clean-up, one of the best in a long time. A good many loads of cattle went direct to Buffalo, but judging by reports the prices there, especially for the medium quality cattle, shows little advantage over the local market.

The market for calves was steady, but the tendency is toward lower prices. Sheep sold steady with last week, but spring lambs are off fully 50c to 75c, quality considered.

The hog market held steady at 18½c fed and watsed, 17½c f.o.b. and 18½c weighed off.

#### ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

Pte. Seraphine Kleist of London visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hy. Kleist in Carrick, over Sunday.

The British fighting forces in France now aggregate two million men, says the Havas correspondent on the British front. This equals the number on the front in 1917.

Local police authorities are protecting the war gardens. A case in point occurred in York Township, when Arthur Little was fined for allowing his horse to over-run a neighbour's garden.

Herbert Hepburn of Hope Bay was brought to the Walkerton jail by Constable Ward on Monday last to serve six months in the county bastille for the theft of a two-year-old steer, which he stole from a neighbor and sold to another party. The prisoner is 22 years old, and, it seems, could assign no reason for the crime other than that he wanted a little money, and selected the steer as a medium to secure it.

One ship can make the round trip from New York to Liverpool twice in a month, carrying at most, 2,000 men each time—6,000 a month. During June last 276,372 American soldiers were sent overseas. That means a transport fleet of 46 ships. The steamship-lane of the North Atlantic will soon look like Bloor street on a Saturday night. It is enough to make a German submarine officer gnash all the enamel off his teeth.

#### The Home Merchant

Give your trade to the merchant who keep store the year round. Buy of the man who stands at your side at the tax collector's counter. Buy of the man who is your neighbor, your acquaintance your friend. Buy of the man who is a factor in the town you live in, who helps to make a market for the things you have to sell. Buy of the home merchant that advertises in this newspaper.

A new cattle pest in the shape of a fly has appeared in Middlesex county. This fly attacks the cattle on the hind legs and causes them to race madly around the pastures. With tails elevated over their backs and saliva running from their mouths they run around the fields in vain endeavors to get rid of their tormentors. If ponds of water are near they dash into them and stand there. Dense shade in a thick woods seems to bring relief. Some call this new pest the Western Heel Fly, and say it is common on the prairies. This is its first appearance in numbers in these parts, and farmers are concerned as to what results may follow. Cattle running thus every day lose flesh rapidly, and unless shelter is available the results may prove serious.

#### Return Of A Pilgrim.

A Walkertonian who had been absent from the town for some time, blew back to the scenes of his childhood, between 10 and 11 o'clock Saturday night, and going to the old family mansion in the East Ward, which was now occupied by another party, the six-footer walked in like he did when he was a boy without wiping his feet, knocking on the panels or even removing the lid from his dome. A lone woman who was in the house at the time and had never seen the stranger before, nearly took a chill, but managed to reach the street and give the alarm. Chief Ferguson, who was phoned for, investigated the affair, and found the man had merely strayed to his old home forgetting probably that there had been many changes since he was a boy. As his father is now in the House of Refuge he was finally steered in that direction, and succeeded, it seems, in meeting and greeting dad.—Herald and Times.

## Helwig's Weekly Store News...

Put in a supply of staple dry goods as prices are going higher

### Ginghams

Dress Gingham in plain, checks, plaids, and stripes.  
At price per yd .... 20 and 25c

### Prints

Light colored prints, white ground with stripes, spots and small designs, suitable for womens' and childrens' dresses, boys' blouses, and mens and boys' shirts.  
Extra value at .... 25c a yd.

### Indigo Prints

Indigo and dark colored prints, greys, black, liliacs and butcher blue at—  
25c, 30c, 35c

### Chintz Prints

Chintz quilting prints 36 in wide in red, fawn and sky ground with paisley designs.  
Price per yd .... 30c and 35c

### Awning Ducks

Awning ducks in red and white; green and white; brown and white, worth to-day 60c per yd. Price to clear at 40c a yd.

### palm beach Cloth

Palm beach in white, linen and cadet, 36 inches wide at .... 50c per yd.

### Shirtings

Standard Shirting for mens' and boys' work shirts in blue and black grounds with white stripes, worth to day 50c per yard; While our present stock lasts .... 35c

### Cotton Sheeting

2 yd wide plain and twill sheeting worth to-day 25c per yard more than what we are asking you.  
Price per yard .... 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

### Factory Cotton

36 inch factory cotton fine spun and even weave, very special at—  
20c, 25c, 30c and 35c.

### Bleach Cotton

Fine and heavy make of bleach cotton for all purposes at .... 20c up to 50c

### Flannelettes

Light striped Flannelette, pink, blue and grey stripes at .... 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c.

### Towelings

Roller and hand toweling, fine and heavy cloths.  
Prices range .... 15c up to 35c

Bring us your Cream, Butter and Eggs.

# HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

## People's Store.

### Some Specials for Friday & Saturday

<b>Laundry Soap</b> Reg. .... 9c a cake Special .... 5 for 25c	<b>Pork and Beans</b> Reg. .... 15c Special .... 10c	<b>Sulphur Matches</b> Regular .... 40c Special .... 25c
<b>Baking Powder</b> Reg. .... 15c Special .... 10c	<b>Prunes, Sunkist</b> Reg. .... 22c a lb Special .... 18c	<b>Vanilla &amp; Lemon Extract</b> Reg. .... 15c a bottle Special .... 10c
<b>House Dresses</b> Reg. .... \$2.50 Special .... 1.50	<b>Ladies' Print Overall Apron</b> Reg. .... \$1.00 to 1.25 Special .... 50c	<b>Mens Grey Socks</b> Reg. .... 40c a pr Special .... 25c
<b>Ladies' Raincoats</b> Reg. .... \$9.00 to \$10.00 Special .... \$4.50	<b>Ladies' Hats</b> Regular .... \$1.50 Special .... 75c	<b>Childrens' Hats</b> Reg. .... \$1.25 Special .... 50c

Bring us your Butter, Eggs, Cream, Poultry, Etc.

# WEILER BROS.



THIS trade-mark on the tag is your assurance that you have received the genuine Plymouth Twine—the kind that's always good.

GOLD MEDAL 650 ft	....	28½c
SILVER SHEAF 600 ft	....	27 1-2
GREEN SHEAF 550 ft	....	26 1-2
PLYMOUTH SPECIAL 500	....	25

Pure Arsenate of Lead. 65c a lb. | Pure Paris Green, 75c Bulk; 80c Pkgs.

Harvest Tools, Compressed Air Sprayer  
Hay fork rope Hand sprayers  
Hay fork pulleys Rock salt  
Rope hitches Hanover cement  
Hammocks Brantford Roofing  
Aluminum ware Enamelled ware

## Liesemer & Kalbfleish

THE CORNER HARDWARE.