

## PREMIER MEIGHEN'S CLARION CALL TO CANADIANS WILL BE RESPONDED TO BY PATRIOTIC CITIZENS; HON. DR. BAXTER VIGOROUSLY UPHOLDS TARIFF

### PEOPLE OF CANADA CALLED UPON TO DETERMINE BY THEIR VOTES BEST POLICY TO PURSUE

Parliament Dissolved and Premier Meighen's Manifesto to Country Issued—People Urged to Carefully Consider Existing Conditions and Do Their Part to Maintain Canada's Integrity—Pleads for Protective Tariff That Canada May Hold Its Vantage Place in World Affairs.

#### Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Parliament was officially dissolved to-night and simultaneously the following powerful appeal to the Canadian people was issued from the pen of the Prime Minister:

#### TO THE PEOPLE OF CANADA:

Parliament has been dissolved. The people of Canada, its men and for the first time its women, are called upon to determine, in what will inevitably be a contest far-reaching and momentous in its outcome, what shall be, through the strenuous journey that very plainly is ahead of us, the character and direction of our policy.

I have been a member of the Government through eight eventful years and its leader for something more than one. The Government has conducted Canada's affairs through a devastating war. It has met and surmounted unprecedented difficulties and survived the crisis that such a war brings in its train. It has formulated policies by means of which the sufferings of the conflict have been and are being ameliorated and its loss and wreckage repaired. To the demands of those trying years it has devoted all its energies and is prepared now, with vigor undiminished, to lead the way through the dangers and unsettlement which, in common with other countries, we are passing through.

What has been achieved both in war effort on its many fields and in our more domestic after war activities, designed to steady and direct the transition from belligerence to peace, is a total so vast, when related to our population, that even yet we cannot adequately measure it merits or its proportions. We are still too close to the event. A useful standard, indeed the only useful standard by which to gauge the efficiency of Canada's performance, is a comparison with the corresponding achievement of any nation. By such standard neither this nor any future generation of Canadian need ever fear to have their country adjudged. If the leadership of the Government in all this work is subjected to attack we are prepared to meet that attack. But neither the Government, nor the National Liberal and Conservative party that supports it, is seeking to monopolize or to turn to partisan advantage credit that belongs to the whole nation, and that constitutes now its richest legacy and asset for the future; much less would we take to ourselves any part of the glory that belongs alone to those who bravely fought in battle. His story will, with the utmost impartiality, separate the permanent from the transient and distinguish big things from small, will condemn where there has been mistakes and will do full justice to plans boldly conceived and unflinchingly carried through.

#### War Proud Memory.

The war is a memory and a proud memory, but it is no longer an issue. Canada from 1914 to 1918, under the splendid leadership of Sir Robert Borden, passed through one of these crises that reshape the soul of a people. We must now face with courage the gigantic task of reconstruction. We must sustain and improve services already established for assisting those who especially suffered from the war; we must map out our course; we must choose policies that accord with our aspirations as a nation, that are suited to the present stage of our development; to our surroundings in the world, and to the crowded age in which we live.

#### A Nation Within the Empire

By tradition by the sense of common inheritance and of common ideals, the Dominion of Canada aspires to one destiny and only one—a destiny that which there is no nobler—Nationhood within the British Empire. I am convinced there is no single thing more vital to the best interests of the world than that the British Empire as at present constituted should be maintained. We enjoy the fullest autonomy, and that autonomy is not challenged and never shall be challenged. For the maintenance of the British as a league of autonomous nations there are common burdens that all must share but those burdens are light and the advantages abundant, in comparison with either the burdens or the advantages of any other des-

tiny that can be conceived. Sentiment and interest are in accord in upholding British connection.

#### A Protective Tariff.

Forty two years ago Canada adopted and ever since has consistently maintained a protective tariff. At the time the Canadian people decided on this policy experience had driven home two very important conclusions. 1 Our nearness to the United States was tending to drain the natural resources of our younger country to the larger manufacturing establishments of the Republic, there to employ American workmen in their development and American railways and other commercial interests in their distribution and sale. Hundreds of thousands of Canadians, workmen and others were accordingly compelled to migrate.

2 After this process had continued a change in the American policy regarding the imposition of a high protective tariff against us, threw Canada into a state of reaction and depression, and to escape this penalty there was a strong temptation to assume a submissive or dependent relationship towards the United States. Acting in the light of these experiences, the Canadian people decided to build up an industrial system of their own. To this develop our own resources and keep our people here earning wages and salaries and profits therefrom, a protective tariff was essential. The value of our manufacturing, mineral and agricultural production has multiplied many times over. Being able to depend so largely on an ever expanding home market, we have produced upon a scale that enabled us to enter markets abroad and so successful have we been that the trade of Canada has multiplied over and over again. Our exports last year were fourteen times in value what they were in 1894 and four times what they were as late as 1910. Our total trade is now over seven times what it was twenty years ago. Indeed, the per capita trade of Canada stands in the front of the larger nations of the world and has stood as high as two and one-half times the per capita trade of the United States. We have taken the strong, self-reliant course and have been able to pursue that course and maintain our prosperity regardless of the policy of any other nation.

For some years past, and very emphatically in recent years, a determined movement has been on foot seeking to reverse the tariff policy of the Dominion. The official opposition in the House of Commons, now led by Hon. Mackenzie King, has made repeated and varied demands in Parliament for the wiping out of tariff schedules. Finally, that party was called into convention in August, 1921, which convention unanimously passed the following resolution: "That the best interests of Canada demand that substantial reductions of the burdens of customs taxation be (Continued on page 2)

### Annapolis-Digby Conservatives Pass Resolution

Record Their Unswerving Loyalty and Devotion to Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen.

#### Special to The Standard.

Digby, Oct. 4.—At the largest political convention ever held in Digby at which every polling district in Annapolis-Digby was represented, B. O. Davidson, the present member, was unanimously nominated as the standard bearer of the National Liberal and Conservative Party today. As it was the first meeting of representatives of the party since 1917, the convention was first regularly organized with the following officers: President, H. B. Short, Digby; first vice-president, O. E. Goudreau, Middleton; second vice-president, G. A. Hawkinsworth, Annapolis; third vice-president, J. F. Blagden, Weymouth; secretary treasurer, A. L. M. Swabey, Digby; Assistant secretary treasurer, L. E. G. Lynch, Digby.

After the formal nomination had been made and accepted the following resolution was unanimously passed: Resolved, that the members of this Association of the National Liberal and Conservative Party of the electorate district of Digby and Annapolis record their unswerving loyalty and devotion to the Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, Prime Minister of Canada and their abiding conviction that at this most critical period in the history of Canada, the best interests of the country demand his continual leadership and the carrying into effect of his policy for the fiscal independence and a national development of Canada.

### Warm Contest In Parish of Coverdale Council Election

Municipality of Albert County Has New Slate of Councillors for Year.

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 4.—Municipal elections were held in Albert County today. Polls being held in four parishes, and two parishes retaining the old councillors by acclamation. The voting in the different parishes resulted as follows: Coverdale, Lewis Smith 206; John W. Gaskin 193; S. S. Ryan, 152; Albert Wood 148. The first two elected.

Alma, Cleveland 165; McKinley 145; Fillmore 63. The first two elected.

Harvey, Sam Wilbur 131; Wm. Cahoun 125; Martin 108; Bishop 102. First two elected.

Hopewell, W. J. Carnwath, 212; C. M. Pye, 204; Stevens, 134; Christopher, 122. First two elected.

By acclamation H. Stevens and T. M. Thompson in Hillsboro, and T. A. Goggin and Frank Bishop in Elgin. In the parish of Coverdale, where Lewis Smith, M. L. A., and John W. Gaskin, Conservatives were opposed to S. S. Ryan and Albert Wood, the contest was largely on straight party lines. The Conservatives increased their majority considerably over two years ago. The Liberal candidates made the canvass that there was going to be a change at Ottawa but this appeal instead of winning their votes had the opposite effect.

Hamilton, Ont., Oct. 4.—Chief W. R. Whatley conducted a private lesson for motorists this afternoon when he stood on the south side of Gore Park just off James, and caught several drivers cutting the corner at the spot. He lost no time instructing them as to the mistake they were making and advised them not to forget to travel wide. At this particular spot the traffic is heavy and the stopping of James street cars interfere with the view.

### LABOR LEADERS LOSING CONTROL OVER JOBLESS

Unemployment Question Must be Settled or There is Bound to be a Row.

### LLOYD GEORGE TALKS ON SITUATION

Links up Irish Question and Unemployment Crisis as Twin Issues.

#### (United Press)

London, Oct. 4.—Lloyd George linked the Irish situation and unemployment crisis as twin issues in a speech delivered at the national conference. The Premier referred to the coming Peace Conference only in passing, but delivered a significant expression that "success in the conference depends upon the delegates meeting to reconcile extremists, but trusting to the common sense of their respective peoples."

Regarding unemployment he hinted that he would take up the problem not only from the standpoint of England but in its international aspect before returning to London.

#### Govt. Relief Unintended

"There has been more Government relief for unemployment in the last two years," he said "than ever before in the history of England or any other nation. The present situation has arisen through the shattering of world trade and the world's credits. Nations have mortgaged their resources and pledged their national credit, and the result has been an impoverishment of traders, workers, investors and everybody dependent upon them."

"No one in Great Britain will be allowed to starve as long as there is a grain in the national cupboard," he continued. "The world needs most of all an atmosphere of peace and economy. There must be a co-operation of all classes, and immediately there is found to proceed from crisis to disaster."

In a speech before the London County Council, Harry Gosling, president of the Transport Workers' Federation, informed the Metropolitan Government that "labor leaders are on the brink, losing their control over unemployed, and unless the question of all classes immediately there is found to be a row, not only in London but throughout the country."

### ITALY IN STATE OF FERMENT AND WILD DISORDER

Two Deputies and Seven Civilians Killed and Forty Wounded.

Milan, Oct. 4.—Italy, today, is in a state of ferment. In Rome, cavalry, infantry, and other arms of the service, have been in evidence throughout the city. At Modena, near Bologna, the police revolted and paraded the city shouting "down with officers." Two members of Parliament have been shot and in one locality seven men have been killed and about 40 wounded.

The cause of the trouble is the vexation of the Fascists, or the law-loving youth of Italy, the Socialists and the anarchists with each other. The two latter are now almost entirely opposed to one another, and the Fascists are against them both.

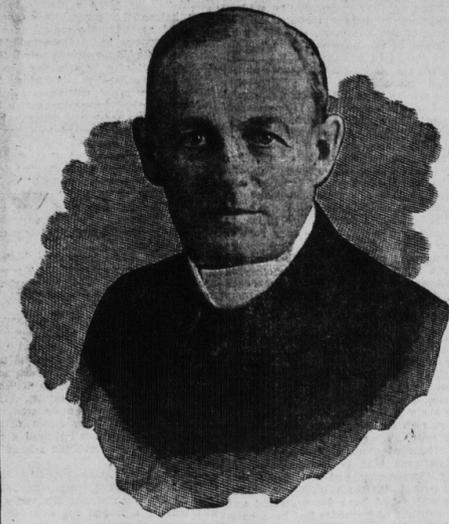
Signor Di Vagno, the Socialist deputy, has just visited Bari in the South of Italy to deliver an address. As he waited for a train to take him home he was shot and mortally wounded, and a bomb was dropped by his assailants to cover their retreat. News of the attack spread at once, and the city was plunged in darkness owing to an immediate strike of all workmen on the electric plant, and every public service ceased. A large number of Fascists were arrested in Bari.

The Fascist in Modena then ordered a parade of protest which was forbidden by the authorities. Five hundred youths, however, held their march in spite of the prohibition, and were held up by the police, who opened fire and killed seven and wounded one. Amongst those who fell was another deputy, Signor Vicinia, a Fascist, who is reported to be in a grave condition.

The police have ever looked upon the Fascist as their supporters in carrying out dangerous enterprises, and the action of their commandant in ordering them to fire on the parade so wrought upon the ranks and file that they mutinied and defied the King's police who were sent to order them back to barracks.

The chief magistrate ordered arm-

### HON. DR. BAXTER CAPTIVATES DIGBY AUDIENCE IN HIS FIRST SPEECH OF THE CAMPAIGN



HON. DR. J. B. M. BAXTER,  
Minister of Customs and Revenue.

ACCEPTED POSITION IN CABINET FROM SENSE OF PUBLIC DUTY, AND FEARLESSLY FOLLOWS HIS LEADER IN THE FIGHT FOR PROTECTIVE TARIFF.

### Will Financial Matter Be Before Arms Conference?

Understood That U. S. Will Not Agree to Cancellation of Inter-Allied Debts.

#### (United Press)

Washington, Oct. 4.—Ever so often rumor bobs up—usually in some foreign capital—that the forthcoming arms conference will discuss international loans, adjustment of exchange and other financial topics. Just as regularly it is denied.

In fact, government officials are taking pains to deny the possibility of such. Secretary Treasurer Mellon, about a month ago, took occasion to officially scout the first rumor that such subjects would be discussed at the conference. Yesterday a cable report from Europe told of the thought being given by some one to the idea that possibly the conference might discuss foreign loans, so the State department being the only authority not canvassed on the question to date, followed lead of its predecessors and said there was nothing to the story. It has been known for weeks that this government regards foreign loans as first class assets, and intends to collect them. Their funding awaits grant of power asked by President Harding in Congress for Secretary Mellon that Mellon may proceed with the work.

As for the adjusting exchange between nations it is the belief of authorities here that the only remedy for that is normal readjustment of international business.

ored cars manned by officers to patrol the city, and some form of quietness was restored. Meanwhile workmen had been busy proclaiming strikes in various parts of the country, bombs have been thrown in the town of Vicenza and an attack has been made on an army explosives magazine.

Committees representing every shade of political thought have urged the government to demand the ending by force of the unhappy condition which is declared by some journals to be verging on civil war.

### BUSINESS OF WORLD DEPENDS ON RUSSIA

New York, Sept. 29.—Among the passengers arriving today from Copenhagen the chief magistrate ordered arm-

Declares He Is in the Cabinet from a Sense of Public Duty.

### REPLIES TO KING'S EX- TRAVAGANCE CHARGE

Pictures the Difference Between Farmers of West and Those of Nova Scotia.

#### Special to The Standard

Digby, N. S., Oct. 4.—The Skating Rink was again crowded to capacity today to hear Premier Meighen and was waiting to take him to Yarmouth, and Hon. J. B. M. Baxter. The express today from Halifax, to which their cars were attached, was almost two hours late and it speaks well for the desire of the large audience to hear the Premier that they put up with the discomforts of the hard plank seats for that long time. H. B. Short, president of the local association, presided and as a Yarmouth car was waiting to take him to Yarmouth, the Premier was the first speaker. From the published reports of Mackenzie King's speech made last night, he took the points in detail and tore them to shreds.

#### Premier Ripped King's Policies

A Digby audience listened to a talk last night which was nothing but words, autocracy, natural resources, government by the people for the people and such subjects to which no one could have any objection except the King, while speaking of the tariff, did not say that the tariff was lower today by five per cent than it was in 1911, and it is predicted that the tariff that was put into operation by the Liberals themselves. But the King group have it in their programme to take the duty off farm implements. Who would then benefit except the Massey Harris and the International Harvester people, and they would at once proceed to manufacture their goods in the United States and throw their employees in Canada out of work, or make American citizens out of them.

He reviewed the history of the Merchant Marine and told how parliament as a whole, had voted for its construction under the opposition voting for it, but after the ships had been built they decided they could not do without the capital out of it. Today Canada has a fleet of Merchant ships which pay a small dividend even on the excessive war costs, and have opened up new avenues of trade hitherto untouched for Canadian goods. It kept him (Meighen) busy keeping track of the different issues credited to the government by Mr. King in these provinces. The government was charged with being autocratic, yet three years ago it had passed the most democratic law ever passed, that granting the franchise to women and that was passed in the teeth of the Opposition.

This election was called to decide the tariff issue and because the financial heads of the country were at a loss to know what the tariff was to be. The Wood-Creer party is out to kill the protective system of Canada, and that party has shown considerable strength, even more so than Mr. King's own party has done. The platform of the Liberal Party is to put into effect Free Trade as it is preached by the farmers. Mr. King does not read the platform in these provinces. That is saved for the West in order to get the farmers' vote. But are we ready in Canada to bring about conditions to force free trade? Every country in the world today has a protective tariff and must have it to save their industries. Our big competitor is the United States. Canada has done well in the development of its industries but they cannot compete with them. Yet they ask us to cut down the tariff, but if we do it means the commercial absorption of this country by the United States. Our only course is to have our own tariff now no matter what the United States may do. Mr. King had said that he (Meighen) did not dare to touch the record of the Government, he was proud of the record of the Government and challenged Mr. King to show what was wrong and he would answer it all through the Province.

F. R. McCreary also spoke along the lines of the tariff and pointed out that the few concessions which had been made by the United States were solely for her own benefit and when that benefit ceased they were abrogated without notice.

B. O. Davidson made a strong impression and promised that he would address the electors at a later date. He is a fluent speaker and made his as he scored Dr. Beland for its remarks re extravagance made at last night's meeting.

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter was the last speaker and won his audience at once. (Continued on page 3.)

PEOPLE OF CANADA CALLED UPON TO DETERMINE BY THEIR VOTES BEST POLICY TO PURSUE

Continued from Page 1. ...The source of the greater portion of our revenue with the result that the burden of taxation would thereafter have to be borne more and more by themselves. The time has come to settle this issue and the weight of one and all depends upon its being settled right.

There are other subjects of importance, and these I have on several occasions discussed and shall again discuss. As respects one and all my position has been, and shall be, definite, understandable and unchangeable. There is no topic of public interest that we wish to evade; there can be no attack that we are not eager and conscientious to meet, as well as on raw materials entering into the manufacture of the same.

"That the British preference be increased to 50 per cent of the general tariff." "And the Liberal Party hereby pledges itself to implement by legislation the provisions of the resolution when returned to power."

"This resolution, though frequently evaded and more often avoided, sometimes passed in only a technical sense, and sometimes to condiliate friends, nevertheless stands as the solemnly recorded unanimous pledge of Hon. Mackenzie King and his party. It is not a declaration of principle, but a concrete binding commitment to specific acts."

But a stronger and more menacing enemy has arisen. For some years past there has been growing up first on the Prairies of the West, and later through selected parts of Eastern Canada, a party backed by a costly and persistent propaganda, the purpose of which is to reverse the tariff policy of this country. This movement, led by the Hon. T. A. Crerar and Mr. H. W. Wood, has also set down its immediate tariff demands in black and white. They need not be here repeated. The resolution of the Liberal Convention, quoted above, substantially embodies, indeed was modelled upon, the platform of the Wood-Crerar party. The latter, however, demand also the free entry of coal and vehicles, unrestricted reciprocity with the United States and free trade with England, within five years. The Federal Liberal Party of Alberta, merging its demands in the American platform, has officially demanded as well, free trade with the United States within five years. There is no need of drawing fine distinctions. The great mass of those subscribing to these demands are determined propagandists of free trade. They are determined opponents of any protective system in this country and their goal they are resolved to reach by as rapid means as they can command.

The immediate enactments, which both sections of the position are pledged to put into effect, inevitably mean the abandonment of the protective system. No system can be defended or can continue which strips hundreds of the most essential industries of this country of all tariff protection and leaves less important industries in the enjoyment of tariff protection. It is therefore, beyond dispute both because of the intent of the vast majority behind these programmes, and because of the logical consequences of the programmes themselves, that the real thing we are called upon to resist at the present time is a free trade policy for Canada.

(Signed) ARTHUR M'GHEEN. U. S. Protection Tariff. The United States protective tariff, much reduced in 1913, was last March restored to the most prohibitive level in force for many years. Even as their tariff stood they had sold this country in the last five years goods to the value of nearly eighteen hundred million dollars over and above the value of all they bought from us. They have imposed high customs taxes with a view to purchasing still less from us, and as a part of such policy they have placed almost prohibitive barriers against farm products of this country. Our dollar is already at a serious discount in the United States mainly because of our excessive purchases there compared with our sales. Under those circumstances it is indeed hard to conceive how serious minded Canadians can suggest as the proper course for us the winding out entirely of our present moderate duties on farm products coming into Canada, and the general leveling down of our tariff in order that, while we are compelled to sell them less, we may be induced to purchase more. To follow such a device means the loss of additional millions in the discount of our money. It means grossly unfair competition for the great mass of the farmers of Canada. It means the encouragement of the closing down of many sources of industry, the discouragement and contraction of our towns and cities and the impairment of the best market for the products of our farms. It means the surrender of the advance we have made as a self-contained, aggressive industrial nation, and reversion to a position where dependence upon a more favorable American fiscal policy will be more and more a national ambition. The spirit of this country will not tolerate a course so weak and so disastrous.

Take Your Stand. Against the tariff proposals of the Hon. Mackenzie King and all whom he represents; against the tariff proposals of Mr. Wood and Mr. Crerar and all whom they represent. I ask the people of Canada to pronounce. Although there is uncertainty of business conditions resulting in unemployment and loss to all classes, a persistent anti-protection campaign, resulting in uncertainty and lack of confidence, has so disturbed and curtailed production as to account for many thousands being out of work today. A decisive verdict by the Cana-

Business Before Common Council

Motion to Connect East and West Side Water Systems Lost. The regular weekly meeting of the Common Council was held yesterday morning, J. S. Gibbon wrote asking the city to refund the amount of \$400 assessed on account of the company's statement not being filed on the date set by the matter was referred to the Mayor.

F. E. Williams complained of the inadequacy of the catch basins in City Road and contended that basins had been done Victoria Park to the extent of \$4,000. Referred to Committee of the Whole.

Regarding the matter of the proposed erection of a house by David Andrews at the corner of Metcalfe street and Gertrude street, Commissioner Jones reported that the site was privately owned, that sixty feet of rock would have to be cut through to put in the services and he thought that the city should not be expected to do the work.

Regarding the matter of the proposed extension and Gertrude street, Commissioner Jones reported that the site was privately owned, that sixty feet of rock would have to be cut through to put in the services and he thought that the city should not be expected to do the work.

Appeal to Women. To the women of Canada I make special appeal. The Government now in office, supported by the party which I have the honor to lead, extended to you three years ago the Federal franchise. Your rights of suffrage are now in every respect the same as the suffrage rights of men. This was done voluntarily, as an act of justice. The services of women in the war had been such that in the judgment of the Government and the party that supported it, their qualifications for franchise had been demonstrated and their right of franchise had been earned. Nevertheless, there were those opposed to us who resisted the Government's action in this regard and who insist that such action was wrong. My appeal to women is not, however, on any ground peculiar to themselves, but my appeal to them is earnestly and thoroughly to study the great issue that now confronts our country and conscientiously to seek a conclusion on that issue from the standpoint of country-loving Canadians to refuse steadfastly to be moved by reckless and unsupported clamor of public men, or by the cry of prejudice or by class appeal. Through the long struggle of the war the women of our country proved themselves equal with men in stern selfless patriotism and fervent devotion to duty. I confidently hope that in the execution of the trust reposed in them now they will show forth an example of public conduct dictated by love of country alone and will thus vindicate to all the world their right to share with men the responsibility for public affairs.

(Signed) ARTHUR M'GHEEN. NO FORTS IN PACIFIC CALLED THE TOKIO PLAN. Tokyo, Sept. 29.—The Asahi Shimbun today says Japan is in a position to propose the abolition of fortifications in the Pacific, but that the United States probably would not agree to this. If Japan insisted, the newspaper asserts, the United States would on her part insist on a great reduction in the Japanese naval strength, and this would be liable to make a general agreement on limitation of armament impossible.

The newspaper says it understands that the earlier views of the military authorities have been modified as a result of a meeting of army, navy and Foreign Office officials, which submitted to the Cabinet the following suggestions: First—Prohibition of the erection of new defensive works in the Pacific or an extension of the old defenses. Second—Reduction of naval strength proportionately based on the strength of the weakest Power.

Third—Restrictions on poison gas, explosives, airplanes and submarines. Any attempt by the Powers to discuss limitation of armament at Washington while fostering secret ambitions will prove more than useless, it is declared in resolutions adopted by an association of politicians, publicists and business men which was formed for the purpose of studying questions relative to the Pacific. Recommendation is made that as a basis of the Japanese policy, this country should maintain adherence to the plan of the "open door" on an international basis, refrain from all interference in Chinese, Siberian and Mexican affairs and advocate disarmament as far as possible.

Premier Hara has again censured Viscount Chinda relative to his becoming head of the Japanese delegation at Washington. It is accepted, it is pointed out, it is probable the Japanese mission would include Viscount Kato, M. Shiobara, Japanese Ambassador to the United States, and Viscount Hara

Reports Before Board of Health

Two Houses Ordered Closed as Unfit for Habitation—Licenses Cancelled. At the monthly meeting of the Board of Health, held yesterday afternoon, reports were received from various officers of the organization, two houses were ordered closed and three milk producers licenses were cancelled.

Three reports were received from Dr. Abrahamson on the city water supply and they showed an improvement in the quality but the board still advised that all drinking water be boiled yet.

On the request of the Victorian Order of Nurses a committee was appointed from the board to confer with a like committee from that organization on the subject of Child Welfare. The committee is Mrs. Richard Hooper and Dr. Warwick.

Two houses were ordered closed as unfit for human habitation, three milk producers licenses were ordered cancelled. Twenty-two were served with the first warning notice, twenty-two with the second and nine with the final. The latter unless they comply at once with the regulations of the board will have their licenses cancelled.

Reports for the month of September were received from the V. O. N. on Child Welfare; Miss Brophy on the tuberculosis cases; Dr. Johnston, dairy and food inspector and Dr. Mabot Hamilton, medical officer for the city schools.

An order was passed for the coal supply for the isolation hospital and some needed repairs to the second ambulance kept at the isolation hospital were ordered made.

Married. At the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. James McKay, West St. John, October 1, by Rev. J. A. Mackelgen, William Henry Vall, West St. John, to Elizabeth Leitch, Scotland.

Died. LANCASTER.—At his residence, Houlton Me, on October 3rd, Lester J. Lancaster, aged 37, leaving his wife and three sons to mourn. Funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon from his late residence.

Weddings. Cobham—Outhouse. The Methodist parsonage, 136 Gullford street, West St. John, was the scene of a very interesting event yesterday morning when Rev. J. Heaney, P. A. Campbell, president of the United Bus Company protested against a section of the by-law which referred to overcrowding.

Delegation To Common Council

Shipping and Railway Men Strongly Oppose Proposed Increase. A delegation of Railway and shipping men appeared before the Common Council yesterday and made a protest against the proposed increase in harbor charges, H. C. Schofield, H. E. Kana, Percy Turcot, J. M. Woodman, D. W. Ledingham, William Shaw and R. E. Armstrong of the Board of Trade composed the delegation.

Mr. Schofield said it was the intention of all the shipping people to oppose all increases in harbor charges. He said the prospects for the winter were not particularly bright. He said there was no comparison between Montreal and St. John as Montreal controlled the summer trade of Canada while in winter Halifax, Portland and Boston competed with St. John and in those places the wharfage charges were absorbed by the transportation companies.

Mr. Ledingham said that any increase would hurt the shipping business here. The mayor said that it was a question of either the tax payer or the transportation company bearing the expense of the harbor.

Mr. Woodman said the C. P. R. was endeavoring to lower its rates and handling charges. He thought raising the charges would be a blow at the port.

Mr. Turcot said all the steamship companies were operating at a loss. Mr. Woodman said St. John had an opportunity to handle a big grain crop this season.

Mr. Ledingham said in Halifax there was no wharfage charge on grain—it was observed by the C. N. R.—the government.

Mr. Bullock said there was an anticipated deficit of some \$20,000 in the department this year. The taking over of tracks and trustees was a start made by the city acquiring control of the terminals and facilities at the port, and it would cost in the vicinity of \$27,000 for the tracks, according to the C. P. R. estimate.

Mr. Bullock said that the chief cause of the increase was the matter of repainting the trestles on the west side of the harbor.

Mr. Woodman said that the C. P. R. had been asked to do this work but he did not think it could be expected to do so.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

Hon. Dr. Baxter Captivates D

Continued from Page 1. He said that a month ago he had been told he would be addressed at a meeting in Digby as member of the "Cabinet." When the other candidates accepted it because he thought in this hour public duty fell upon the shoulders of public men and he was following his leader on a straight path which he could not forsake. Had a similar vision come to him from Mr. King he would have followed a similar path but he was following his leader on a straight path which he could not forsake. Had a similar vision come to him from Mr. King he would have followed a similar path but he was following his leader on a straight path which he could not forsake.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of CHARLES H. FLETCHER In Use For Over 30 Years THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA. Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

Citizens and Voters What Shall It Be?

Listen to what Dr. Dusloges, the General Supt of Asylums in the Province of Quebec, said to three or four hundred doctors assembled in Quebec at a convention.

"Alcoholism," said the doctor, "is a well known sickness which progressively demolishes the mind, will strength and manual skill of a man."

"Alcohol," he declares, "is one of the universal founders of lunatic asylums, and temperance might well be styled one of the most active agents to keep the doctors idle."

"As an alienist I am in favor of total abstinence."

"The drunkard, you may be sure, will continue to get drunk just the same, but the new generation, the young men who have as yet kept their sense of dignity and decency, will benefit."

Note what this doctor has said and vote "YES" on October 10th to save the next generation. Issued by New Brunswick Temperance Alliance

Plans for the raising of funds... Windsor Chapter... Annual Rally... Social Enjoyment... Large Attendance at... St. Baptist Church... The annual rally... Refreshments were served... Donations To The Natural History Society

OUR STOMACHS BURN  
DO YOU BELONG?

Have your risings from bed  
feel bloated and uncomfortable?  
Try twenty drops of Nervil  
sweetened water. Relief will  
come. Nervil dissolves the gas  
in the stomach, makes you fit  
in a few minutes. As a household  
remedy for many of the ailments  
that constantly turn up, no  
more useful in every home  
of cent bottle of good old  
Nervil.

Efficient men can't shine in dull  
places.

**Fletcher's**  
**ARI**

for Infants and Children.  
A baby's medicine  
medicines primarily prepared  
for their use, and it is a  
surplus they try to market it? The  
Western farmer grows only one crop,  
wheat. Would any Nova Scotia farmer  
presume to ask any Government  
to set a fixed price on a barrel of potatoes,  
turnips, beets, carrots, and if  
the market price fell below that to  
make up the difference out of the  
public treasury? Yet that is what  
Western farmers did with wheat.

The opposition are making a great  
charge of extravagance against the  
Government. It is true that war waste  
did exist in every country  
at war and was inevitable, but the  
deficit Mackenzie King put his hand  
on one item of graft to the extent of a  
dollar. He dare not and he could not.  
They made a great cry of the public  
debt, but if all the debts caused by  
or through the war were deducted, the  
public debt of Canada would be today  
\$10,000,000 less than in 1896. Last  
night in Digby Mr. King had figured  
that the expenditures of Canada meant  
a tax of \$310 on every family of five  
in the Dominion. That statement was  
absolutely untrue, because in his  
figures Mr. King had taken the expenditures,  
divided by the population and  
arrived at the \$310 without taking into  
consideration the revenue derived from  
the Post Office and other sources.

**STORIA?**  
For Canker, Oil, Paracetic,  
pleasants. It contains  
narcotic substance, its  
action thirty years it has  
Constipation, Flatulency,  
ing Feverishness arising  
stomach and bowels, aids  
sleazy and natural sleep.  
Friend.

**ARIA ALWAYS**

ature of  
**etcher**  
r 30 Years

**ers**  
**Be?**

General  
of Quebec,  
assembled

"is a well  
demolishes  
skill of a

of the uni-  
d temper-  
most active

of total ab-  
sure, will  
ut the new  
as yet kept  
ill benefit."

sald  
ber  
era-

### Hon. Dr. Baxter Captivates Digby

Continued from Page 1.  
He said that a month ago he had, no  
idea what he would be addressing a  
meeting in Digby as member of the  
"Chickens. When she came to him  
she accepted it because he believed  
that in this hour public duty should  
fall upon the shoulders of public men  
and he was following his leader along  
a straight path which he could follow  
fearlessly. Had a similar invitation  
come to him from Mr. King he would  
be following a similar path, but  
now here and coming in the same  
place changing every day. He could  
not get from the three distinct as-  
sertions just what the King party is.  
As to the Farmers' party—Digby, Look  
and Lethbride.

Is the farmer in Nova Scotia the  
farmer means by the Wood-Crocker  
party or are the farmers mixed farm-  
ers who raise a little of everything  
for their own use, and if there is a  
surplus they try to market it? The  
Western farmer grows only one crop,  
wheat. Would any Nova Scotia farmer  
presume to ask any Government  
to set a fixed price on a barrel of potatoes,  
turnips, beets, carrots, and if  
the market price fell below that to  
make up the difference out of the  
public treasury? Yet that is what  
Western farmers did with wheat.

The opposition are making a great  
charge of extravagance against the  
Government. It is true that war waste  
did exist in every country  
at war and was inevitable, but the  
deficit Mackenzie King put his hand  
on one item of graft to the extent of a  
dollar. He dare not and he could not.  
They made a great cry of the public  
debt, but if all the debts caused by  
or through the war were deducted, the  
public debt of Canada would be today  
\$10,000,000 less than in 1896. Last  
night in Digby Mr. King had figured  
that the expenditures of Canada meant  
a tax of \$310 on every family of five  
in the Dominion. That statement was  
absolutely untrue, because in his  
figures Mr. King had taken the expenditures,  
divided by the population and  
arrived at the \$310 without taking into  
consideration the revenue derived from  
the Post Office and other sources.

### I.O.D.E. Chapters Were In Session

Seven Seas, Windsor and Val-  
cartier Chapters Conducted  
Business.

Plans for the raising of funds to con-  
tinue the good work of the order  
were made at last evening's meeting  
of the Seven Seas Chapter, I. O. D. E.  
Members met at the home of Miss  
Elsie Treznowsky, Garden street. The  
regent, Miss Helen Hayes, presided.  
Talent money earned by the members  
during the summer was brought in  
and a very creditable amount re-  
ceived. It was arranged to have a  
ramenage sale shortly and to hold a  
tea and bridge at the end of the  
month.

**Windsor Chapter.**  
At last evening's regular meeting  
of the Windsor Chapter, I. O. D. E.,  
plans were made for the annual tea.  
\$5 voted towards the salary of a Vi-  
ctorian Order Nurse, and \$5 towards  
the salary of the Kindergarten teacher  
at East St. John.

The meeting was held at the home  
of Miss Irene Macaulay, 367 Charlotte  
street, the regent, Miss Gertrude Law-  
son, presiding.

**Valcartier Chapter.**  
The Valcartier Chapter, I. O. D. E.,  
held their regular meeting at the resi-  
dence of Mrs. Campbell MacKay, Mrs.  
Fred R. Taylor, regent, presided.  
Plans were discussed for the winter's  
programme which includes a bridge  
to be given by the chapter. All mem-  
bers were made associate members  
of the Navy League.

### Annual Rally Social Enjoyed

Large Attendance at Germain  
St. Baptist Church—Reports  
from Different Organizations

The annual rally social of Germain  
street Baptist church was held last  
evening with the pastor, Rev. Mr.  
Pools in the chair. He called on the  
different organizations to report, and  
most encouraging remarks were  
heard from the following:—F. H.  
Davis for the deacons; L. W. Simms,  
Sunday school; Mrs. George Parker,  
Women's Missionary Aid Society; Miss  
McDonnell, Willing Workers; Miss  
Amos, Canadian Girls in Training;  
A. T. Hunt, Young Men's Association;  
Hornace Field, Tuxis Boys; Paul Cross,  
Trail Rangers; Miss Nellie Lewis,  
Philathea Class; Rev. R. O. Morse,  
editor of the Maritime Baptist was  
called on and delivered a short ad-  
dress.

Refreshments were served by a com-  
mittee with Mrs. W. C. Rising and  
Mrs. L. W. Simms as convener, who  
were assisted by the unmarried ladies  
of the church. A very enjoyable time  
was spent by all and the attendance  
was large.

### Donations To The Natural History

In a most interesting conversa-  
tion last night, Dr. William McIntosh  
described to members of the  
Natural History Society a number of  
donations made recently to that  
organization. A complete list of these  
fine contributions will be published  
later. In recognition of a vote of thanks  
to the donors, Dr. G. F. Mathew said  
it was the richest collection of gifts  
made to the museum at one time.  
Members elected last evening were

### Lively Battle Was Reported

Laborers on Manawogish  
Road Hold up Run Runner  
—Officers Too Late.

According to reports that reached  
the city early last evening, a miniature  
battle was fought at the Lock Joint  
Pipe construction camp on the Man-  
awogish Road, near Maple Hill, yester-  
day afternoon between some of the  
laborers engaged in the work there,  
and a car load of stalwarts from the  
city.

It is alleged that a motor car laden  
with fourteen cases of the all potent  
and consigned to our thirty  
cousins who inhabit the great American  
desert across the border, was held  
up by some of the laborers, and the  
hooch solemnly taken charge of.  
The run-running chauffeur protest-  
ed vehemently but to no avail, so he  
returned to the city and enlisted aid  
inspired with the fine reward that  
would be theirs did they release the  
royal captive, good John Barleycorn,  
unto his rightful emissary, a goody  
body of henchmen were soon enrolled  
and taken in transports to the enemy's  
stronghold.

There a battle was waged right last-  
ly, and the roar of conflict for many  
minutes disturbed the peaceful silence  
of the scene, but only the scuffling of  
feet was more sober and consequent-  
ly much drier than the attacked,  
and keyed on by the reward that  
would be theirs, finally overpowered their  
opponents and seized what was left of  
the fourteen cases of the amber fluid.  
Whereupon their liege lord gave the  
word to yamooza.

The authorities received word of  
the little outing sometime later, and  
the police patrol with the liquor in-  
spectors and several policemen hasten-  
ed to the scene, but only the scuffling  
of the night wind through the spruce  
trees, and the sighing of the vanquished  
in their bunka where they nursed  
their bruised and aching heads, dis-  
turbed the peaceful solitudes.

The "rum king" and his courtiers  
had down, but whether or whence re-  
mains a mystery and as to the golden  
arguey, well the construction crew  
were fished of that.

### Disabled Soldier Problem Is Heard

E. H. Scammell, Asst. Deputy  
Minister of D. S. C. R. at  
Compensation Bd. Session.

The sessions of the Canadian Associa-  
tion of Workmen's Compensation  
Boards were continued yesterday.  
In the evening merit rating, method of  
computing interest, after care of in-  
surers, construction of a provincial  
balance sheet, rehabilitation plan of  
the D. S. C. R., cost of second injur-  
ies, industrial poisoning and repairs  
to prosthodontic teeth were discussed  
carefully. There were no prepared  
papers; as each question came up the  
various members of the board gave  
their opinions and offered suggestions  
for improvement of the regulations  
now in force. The care of prosthodontic  
teeth was considered carefully and  
the medical members of the board  
gave opinions which they formed from  
cases which they had treated.

At the afternoon session E. H. Scam-  
mell, assistant deputy minister of the  
D. S. C. R. explained the scheme of  
the Government to aid partially dis-  
abled men to obtain employment. The  
department proposes to pay the claims  
arising from accidents to men who are  
received 20 per cent or over pension,  
the various Compensation Boards to  
assess the damages. It was found on  
discussion that the boards did not  
possess the power to do as the Govern-  
ment proposed and a committee  
composed of Messrs Payton, Price,  
and Starling was appointed to go into  
the matter with Mr. Scammell and re-  
port at this morning's session on a  
scheme to meet their wishes.

It was expected the business will  
be completed this morning and in the  
afternoon it is planned to give the  
visitors a drive around the city and  
this evening a dinner at the Union  
Club.

### California Mopping Up After Wave of Crime Not Ended

Psychologists and Criminolo-  
gists at a Loss to Explain  
Murder Outbreak.

San Francisco, Oct. 3.—"A mopping  
up" after the Pacific coast's late orgy  
of murder and crime, was in full swing  
today.  
Lakeport, Calif., a little mountain  
town, which lives on vacationists in  
summer, and in winter where half the  
people fish for catfish and the other  
half sell worms to fishermen at a  
dollar a quart, Rev. John Spencer went  
to trial today. He is alleged to have  
ended his vacation by throwing his  
wife overboard from a canoe.  
Redwood City, near San Francisco,  
William Hightower, philosopher and  
cigarret maker, went to trial charged  
with kidnapping Rev. Father Patrick  
Heelan and brutally murdering him  
when no one would pay a ransom of  
\$6,500 and, in addition to these Mad-  
lynne, Obenchain and Arthur Burch  
are still awaiting trial in Los An-  
geles for the alleged murder of J. Rel-  
ton Kennedy, and Fatty Arbuckle has  
not yet freed himself from the toils  
of law.

Psychologists and criminologists  
have given up attempts to explain the  
wave of murder which swept the Pac-  
ific coast. It has been marked down  
as a "coincident" and with it a prayer  
that it is over. Representatives of law  
have started "mopping up."

Miss Amelia Haley, Captain S. T. Ste-  
vens, and D. Roberts, W. Frank Hath-  
away presided.

### Money Voted By The W.C.T.U.

Fifty Dollars Each Given to  
Referendum Committee and  
Protestant Orphans' Home.

Votes of fifty dollars each to the  
Referendum Committee and to the  
Protestant Orphans Home were made  
at yesterday afternoon's meeting of  
the W. C. T. U. Mrs. Seymour, Evan-  
gelistic Superintendent, led the de-  
votions reading a paper entitled Pact  
and Experience of Everyday in Tem-  
perance Reform. Mrs. Dickinson led in  
prayer. Mrs. Seymour read a letter  
from a woman of India asking that her  
needlework should be sold in Canada.

Mrs. David Hipwell presided and re-  
ported on the executive meeting of the  
Referendum committee held in the  
morning. Members were reminded of  
bringing their sewing for the Pro-  
testant Orphans' Fair.  
Mrs. Dickinson was thanked by a  
vote for her entertainment of Mrs.  
Ade Gordon. In reply, Mrs. Dickinson  
said it was a privilege to entertain  
Mrs. Gordon.  
Mrs. J. D. Seely gave an excellent  
report of the recent convention at  
Fredericton and was tendered a vote  
of thanks for her splendid work.

In the absence of Mrs. Berglund,  
Miss Ethel Barnes was pianist.

### Main St. W. M. A. Annual Meeting

Mrs. David Hutchinson Re-  
elected President—Reports  
Received.

Mrs. David Hutchinson was again  
elected president at the annual meet-  
ing of the Main street Baptist church  
Women's Missionary Aid held last  
evening.  
Mrs. F. D. Flewelling, recording  
secretary told in her report of twelve  
regular meetings as well as a number  
of special meetings. There are 150  
members in the society.  
The treasurer, Mrs. W. A. T. Thorne  
reported \$718 raised during the year.  
This amount was voted to Foreign  
Missions India and Bolivia and to  
home missions in Western Canada,  
the Grand Ligne Mission and mis-  
sions in the Maritime Provinces.

It was announced that a history of  
the U. B. W. M. Union has been pub-  
lished and will be on sale at the Con-  
vention to be held at Halifax, October  
12th and 13th. Mrs. E. M. McLean was  
appointed a delegate to this Conven-  
tion. Members of the executive who  
will attend are Mrs. Hutchinson and  
Mrs. J. R. Vanwart.  
Two life membership certificates  
were presented last evening Mrs. Hut-  
chinson presenting one to Mrs. Stan-  
ley Robinson and Mrs. Marvin present-  
ing one to Mrs. Carpenter.  
Officers elected were as follows:—  
Mrs. David Hutchinson, president.  
Miss Vanwart, first vice-president.  
Mrs. Alice Todd, second vice-presi-  
dent.  
Mrs. F. D. Flewelling, secretary.  
Mrs. F. E. Marvin, assistant secre-  
tary.  
Mrs. W. A. T. Thorne, treasurer.  
Mrs. Hodely Belysa, Baby Branch  
superintendent.  
Mrs. M. Chapman, Home Missions  
treasurer.

Additional members of the execu-  
tive, Mrs. J. R. Vanwart, Mrs. Wilmet,  
Mrs. A. J. Machum, Mrs. Robert Burk.

### CENTRAL BAPTIST MISSION BAND

The splendid sum of \$22.55 was con-  
tributed by fourteen members of the  
Senior Mission Band of Central Bap-  
tist Church at their regular meeting  
last evening. Mrs. G. Wilson, 299 Uni-  
on street entertained the band, the  
new president Mrs. Hord presiding.  
It was voted to send flowers to the  
wife of the pastor Mrs. Bone who is  
at the Infirmary. At the request of the  
pastor, the Mission Band will take  
charge of the first Wednesday evening  
prayer meeting.  
Two visitors were heartily welcom-  
ed to the meeting, Mrs. Bishop and  
Mrs. Russell of Albert County.

After the business and devotional  
session refreshments were served and a  
pleasant half hour spent.

### REV. J. H. JENNER HONORED GUEST

Presentation to Pastor by  
Members of the Charlotte  
Street Church Y. P. S.

Rev. J. H. Jenner was the honored  
guest last evening at a social held  
by the Young People's Society of  
Charlotte street Baptist Church, at  
the home of Mrs. E. B. Rogers 133  
City Lane. Mr. Jenner, who is leaving  
the city, was presented with a leather  
bill holder and the sum of \$25. The  
presentation was made by Verner War-  
nock, First Vice President of the So-  
ciety who voiced the regret of all pre-  
sent in saying goodbye to the former  
pastor. Mr. Jenner made a suitable  
reply.  
Refreshments were served and the  
evening spent pleasantly in games and  
music.

### VICTORIAN ORDER DIRECTORS MET

Quietly but steadily the work of the  
Victorian Order of Nurses is being  
carried on in St. John by the eight  
nurses of the Order. Their work was  
reported at the regular meeting of  
the Board of Directors held on Mon-  
day evening at the Home, Carleton  
street. Judge Forbes presided.  
Miss Cotes, superintendent, in her  
report told of 1419 visits made by the  
nurses of which 355 were child wel-  
fare. Included in this number are home  
instruction visits which are of the  
greatest importance.

### DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out;  
Thickens, Beautifies.



35-cents buys a bottle of "Dander-  
ine" at any drug store. After one ap-  
plication you can not find a particle  
of dandruff or falling hair. Besides,  
every hair shows new life, vigor,  
brightness, more color and abundance.

### Police Magistrate Comben Had Busy Day In Court

Several Charges Laid Against  
Respondents Connected in  
Shooting Affray.

Special to The Standard.  
Woodstock, N. B., Oct. 4.—Police  
Magistrate Comben this afternoon held  
a preliminary examination of the pris-  
oners connected with the shooting of  
G. Wendall Slipp and remanded them  
until 10 o'clock on Friday morning to  
be tried on the charges. Mr.  
Slipp is not as well today after put-  
ting in a very bad night at the hospi-  
tal.

**Charges Laid.**  
The King on the complaint of Sher-  
iff G. Saunders, of Fredericton, charg-  
ing Bernard Fitzpatrick, of Belleville,  
with operating a still. Prisoner plead-  
ed guilty and was remanded until Fri-  
day morning.

The King on the complaint of Frank  
McClellan, charged Bernard Fitzpat-  
rick with having given intoxicating  
liquor to another person outside his  
home. Prisoner pleaded guilty and  
was remanded to jail until Friday morn-  
ing.

The King, on the complaint of Sher-  
iff A. R. Foster, charging that Oliver  
Davenport, Richard Britton and John  
Burpee did, on Sept. 27th, acting to-  
gether, shoot G. Wendall Slipp with  
intent to murder.

Remanded to jail until Friday morn-  
ing. Jones and Jones prosecuting.

The King, on the complaint of Sher-  
iff Foster, charging that Leonard and  
Bernard Fitzpatrick gave comfort and  
assistance to Oliver Davenport know-  
ing that he was concealed with the  
shooting of Mr. Slipp. Remanded as  
above.

The case of Harley W. Thomas,  
against Manner, Percy Harvey and  
Guy St. John, charged with having  
cherished with doing grievous bodily  
harm. The case against Percy Harvey  
was dismissed and the others were  
sent up for trial at next court of com-  
petent jurisdiction.

### St. Martins Leads In Tax Collections

During the Discount Period  
the Parish Gathered in 91  
Per Cent. of the Warrant.

St. Martins leads the list in the  
matter of tax collections for the several  
parishes during the discount period,  
having gathered in 91 per cent. of the  
warrant. Lancaster is a close second  
with 87 per cent. This is a good re-  
cord and highly satisfactory to the  
county officials.

Following is the amount and per-  
centage of warrant collected in each  
parish:  
St. Martins \$ 6,336.65 91 p.c. warrant  
Simonds .. 13,119.89 83 p.c. warrant  
Lancaster .. 42,160.01 87 p.c. warrant  
Musquash .. 1,812.06 82 p.c. warrant

### "LONGSHOREMEN ASK"

A largely attended meeting of the  
Longshoremen's Association was held  
in their hall Water street, yesterday  
afternoon. The announcement of rates  
from the Shipping Federation was  
brought before the meeting and was  
placed in the hands of a committee  
composed of fourteen members who  
are to report back at the regular meet-  
ing to be held the first of next month.

### "Diapepsin" for Bad Stomach, Indigestion

Take "Diapepsin" now! In  
five minutes your stomach feels fine.  
Don't bother what upset your stomach  
or which portion of the food did the  
damage. If your stomach is sour,  
gassy and upset, and what you just ate  
has fermented into stinkbore lumps;  
head dizzy and aches; you belch gases  
and acids; and eructate undigested  
food—just take a little Diapepsin  
and in five minutes you wonder  
what became of the indigestion and  
distress. Millions of men and women  
today know that it is needless to have  
a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin oc-  
casionally keeps this delicate organ  
refreshed and they eat their favorite  
foods without fear. If your stomach  
doesn't take care of your liberal limit  
without rebellion; if your food is a  
damage instead of a help, remember  
the quickest, safest, most harmless  
remedy is Diapepsin, which  
costs only sixty cents for a large case  
at drug stores.

### BOY LEFT FARM TO VISIT DAD

800 MILES AWAY

Walked Most of Way from  
Geneva, Indiana, to New  
York.

New York, Oct. 4.—Because he was  
lonesome for "home folks," Charles  
Blum, 15 years old, a blue-eyed, blond-  
haired farmer boy, left the home of  
Mrs. Myrtle Ford in Geneva, Indiana,  
where he has lived for ten years, and  
hiked the greater part of 800 miles  
across three states to New York in  
twenty-seven days to find his father,  
who lives at 26 Blackford avenue, Fort  
Richmond.

Yesterday afternoon the young  
traveler was found in Wall street,  
near William street, by Patrolman  
John Wells, of the Old Slip station,  
was taken to the Society for the Pre-  
vention of Cruelty to Children and put  
to bed between the first sheets of his  
sleep in since he left Geneva.

Yesterday Charles spent the day at  
the Children's Society waiting for his  
father. Self-contained and modest, he  
doesn't see what all the fuss is  
about.

"I haven't seen my father and my  
two older sisters for a long time,"  
he said, "and so one afternoon, Sat-  
urday, September 3, I decided to come  
to New York. I had a letter from  
my sister Ada, who lives with my  
father and which came Thursday. It  
had the address of their home, so I  
came along. That's about all there  
is to tell."

From Geneva he hiked to Ohio City,

### FLAVOUR—the charm of

# "SALADA"

## TEA

Is in its unique flavour of rich delicacy. And it  
never varies. All grocers sell "Salada" in  
sealed metal packets only.

stopping at farm houses on the way  
and generally getting food and a place  
in a haymow to sleep. He never stop-  
ped in Iowa. People in towns were  
not so friendly as the farmers, who  
almost always gave him something to  
eat and sometimes a lift in their wag-  
ons to the next town.

From Ohio City the boy went to  
Lima, and from there to Akron, where  
two men in a runabout gave him a  
125-mile ride to Youngstown.

Between Sandusky and Harrisburg,  
Charles lost his way for the first time,  
and signalled up and down the state  
for several days, because people didn't  
seem to know the shortest way by road  
to New York, but from Harrisburg he  
hiked straight to Lancaster, where a  
kindly truck driver picked him up and  
carried him to Philadelphia.

"In Philadelphia," Charles said, "I  
found a gasoline station where a truck  
was just starting for New York, and  
it brought me along. I spent most of  
Saturday riding around New York  
looking at things, and then the truck

went back and left me, and I went  
down to watch the boats."  
Last night Charles was still wait-  
ing for his father.

### CURLERS FAIR.

Good attendance continues at the  
Carleton Curling Club Fair. Prizes  
last evening were won as follows:  
First Door prize \$10, Miss Mary Lan-  
gford, Sec. Door prize, \$5 Miss  
Bertha Knox. Nine Plans Harvot's Box-  
borough, Air Gun Boc Hammond,  
Bean, Toos, Roy Campbell. Tonight,  
the Harvot's Band will be present and  
special prizes are offered in all games

### PILES

Do not suffer  
another day with  
itching, bleed-  
ing, or protru-  
sing Piles. Re-  
sults of surgi-  
cal opera-  
tion are  
Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you  
and afford lasting benefit. Ask a box of  
Dr. Chase's Ointment, Bate & Co., Limited,  
Toronto. Sample Box free if you mention this  
paper and enclose 10c stamp to pay postage.

## It Shall Be The Truth!

Again must we call attention to the ever-increasing public demand  
for facts. Below are the incontrovertible facts, backed up not by  
party henchmen but by—"Well, read 'em yourself."

### THE USE OF ALCOHOL

Important Manifesto by Leading Medical Men.  
The following important document was published in a recent  
issue of the Lancet—

In view of the statement frequently made as to present  
medical opinion regarding alcohol and alcoholic beverages, we, the  
undersigned, think it desirable to issue the following short statement  
on the subject—a statement which we believe represents the opinions  
of the leading clinical teachers, as well as of the great majority  
of medical practitioners.

Recognising that, in prescribing alcohol, the requirements of  
the individual must be the governing rule, we are convinced of the  
correctness of the opinion, so long and generally held, that in dis-  
ease alcohol is a rapid and trustworthy restorative. In many cases  
it may be truly described as life-preserving, owing to its power to  
sustain cardiac and nervous energy, while protecting the wasting  
nitrogenous tissues.

An article of diet, we hold that the universal belief of  
civilised mankind that the moderate use of alcoholic beverages is,  
for adults, usually beneficial, is amply justified.

We deplore the evils arising from the abuse of alcoholic bever-  
ages. But it is obvious that there is nothing, however beneficial,  
which does not by excess become injurious.

- T. McCALL ANDERSON, M.D., Regius Professor of  
Medicine, University of Glasgow.
- ALFRED G. BARRS.
- WILLIAM J. BENNETT, K.C.V.O., F.R.C.S.
- JAMES CRICHTON-BROWNE.
- W. E. DIXON.
- DYCE DUCKWORTH, M.D., LL.D.
- THOMAS R. FRASER, M.D., F.R.S.
- T. R. GLYNN.
- W. R. GOWERS, M.D., F.R.S.
- W. D. HALIBURTON, M.D., LL.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.,  
Professor of Physiology, King's College, London.
- JONATHAN HUTCHINSON.
- ROBERT HUTCHISON.
- EDMUND OWEN, LL.D., F.R.C.S.
- F. H. PYE-SMITH.
- FRED T. ROBERTS, M.D., B.Sc., F.R.C.P.
- EDGCOMBE VINNING, F.R.C.S.

### The Rev. Harold T. Roe in the Halifax Herald says:

Prohibition as we know it in Halifax and Dartmouth is  
somehow farcical, don't you think? Speaking personally I have  
yet to find a man who does not know where to get liquor (of a  
sort) if he wants it. He can get it with or without a medical  
prescription. The quality depends upon his pocket, the quantity  
upon the number of his "accommodating friends," and his "safety" on  
his social standing. The genial host can put it on his table for his  
thirsty guests, the bum can get it for the purposes of a jag, and  
the parson can spill a bottle of wine on the corner-stone of a new  
Christian church. You can legislate a province dry, but still there  
are "streams in the desert"—oases of refreshment in the Prohibition  
Sahara.

I am not criticizing police officials, or liquor vendors. I am  
merely stating plain, straight facts. No man in Halifax or Dar-  
mouth need go thirsty for alcoholic beverages if his pocket contains  
the price and his stomach can stand the poison. Prohibition has  
driven liquor from the front room to the back alley. It has bred  
lawlessness and multiplied foul harpies who peddle rot-gut and em-  
balling fluid. The rich man it does not touch, and the poor man  
it penalizes. I despise those humbugs who voted for prohibition  
on the ground that drink was dangerous and deadly to the "com-  
mon herd," while they themselves being "vastly superior" and  
masters of their appetites, stocked up their cellars and boasted  
among their friends that they knew where to procure more.

The conduct of not a few "pillars of society," "leading citizens,"  
and Prohibition "sympathizers" in Halifax and Dartmouth reminds  
me of the colored preacher who consigned all thieves to perdition  
whilst his own stomach was padded with stolen poultry. You can  
increase your police force a dozen fold, set half the population to  
the odious task of spying about key-holes and acting as informers  
on their neighbors, but so long as brazen hypocrisy stalks abroad  
and powerful pull protects the big offender, Prohibition will never  
be other than a farce, a fake, and a failure. The man who claims  
that Prohibition as we know it today in Halifax and Dartmouth is  
successful, is either perpetrating a foolish falsehood or is complet-  
ly ignorant of conditions as they exist.



**"S" Bottles**  
 in every home.  
 Seamless Aluminum,  
 rustless and  
 will outlast several  
 of water bottles.  
 with  
 St. John, N. B.

**Million Tons Grain  
 Russia's Real Need**

Albert Johnson, Hoover Aid, to Appeal to Congress.  
 "The Oct. 4—Albert A. Johnson, director of the New York State Institute, who was a member of the Near East Relief Commission, and one of a commission appointed by Secretary Hoover to investigate conditions in Russia, intends to ask the United States Congress to take immediate steps to send into Russia 1,000,000 tons of grain and one grain for planting as the sole solution of Russia's famine problem."  
 Mr. Johnson today confirmed the tales of suffering as described by the New York Herald correspondent, who has just returned from Russia. "We consider that American relief probably will cost \$100,000,000," said Mr. Johnson, "but it is imperative that the American people lend aid quickly, as otherwise the hunger maddened drift will sweep westward. In Russia I saw two classes of starving people, those who had their life and spirit crushed out of them by the steady process of undernourishment, and those who had managed to find food enough to keep up their strength and are prepared to fight rather than to succumb to the famine."  
 "Many of these no doubt have swelled the guerrilla bands still inhabiting the Caucasus—remnants of the forces abandoned by Wrangle, Denekine and Koltchak—and it is this class of homeless Russians that Europe may be called upon to deal with at first hand unless something is done immediately."

**MUNICIPAL COUNCIL CONDUCTED  
 IMPORTANT BUSINESS YESTERDAY**

Authorized Several Advances to Lancaster—County Hospital Commissioners to Pool Balances for Year—Ordered Cost of Plan for East St. John to be Assessed Against Simonds.  
 The municipal council yesterday authorized several advances to the Parish of Lancaster, allowed the County Hospital Commissioners to pool their balances for the year and authorized a credit of \$3,000 to that institution, ordered the \$500 which the plan for sewers at East St. John cost assessed against the Parish of Simonds; heard Sheriff Wilson in connection with his responsibility in connection with former services for the registry office; discussed the disposition of the houses built by the county housing board and passed a resolution to petition the government for some scheme of mother's allowances.  
 Warden Bullock presided and Councillors Jones, Schofield, Frink, Thornton, O'Brien, Golding, Campbell, Mosher, Donovick, Bentley, Ghanak, Bowland, Anderson and O'Donnell were present.  
 Finance Committee.  
 The finance committee recommended that a bill of \$25 for analysis of a child's stomach, ordered by Coroner Porter be paid, but that in future no analysis of this kind be made unless on the recommendation of a physician; that two payments of \$4,012.11 be made to the provincial treasurer on account of the county housing board; that the assessors of Simonds, Lancaster, St. Martin's and St. John be paid their fees; that in future when an assessor was appointed he should subscribe to a statement before the county secretary that he understood his duties, and that he would file a statement before July 1st in each year of the lands in arrears of taxes, and a description of the same; that the commissioners of Simonds and Lancaster be a committee to draft a scheme for the better assessing of those parishes; that the county secretary take steps to put D. H. Waterbury in possession of five lots which he had purchased in East St. John.  
 The report was taken up section by section and passed with the exception of that relating to the assessors having to file a statement that they understood their duties which was lost. The secretary read a letter from the manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia

**"S" INDUCES  
 SLEEP**

Humphreys' Number "Forty" Induces Repose, and Natural, Refreshing Sleep.  
 For Insomnia, Sleeplessness, Wakefulness, Nervousness,  
 No Narcotic, No Opium, No Dope, No Habit Forming Drugs, Strictly Homeopathic.  
 30c. and \$1.00, at Drug Stores, or sent on receipt of price, or C.O.D. Parcel Post.  
 Humphreys' "Seventy-seven" breaks up Colds that hang on.  
 30c. and \$1.00, at Drug Stores, or sent on receipt of price, or C.O.D. Parcel Post.  
 Humphreys' Home, Medicine Co. 156 William Street, New York City.  
 council desired to know if the Sheriff had power to remove the occupants of the jail without reference to the court.  
 "I have gone through the minutes of the court of the old court of Quarter Sessions, and I find nothing touching the duties of Sheriff, except the character and quantity of food the Sheriff is to allow those in his custody. Under the provisions of the Act of Assembly of 1912, chapter 6, section 52, sub-section 27, the council is empowered to make by-laws for the regulation and management of the work house and jail, but no regulations have been made except the one which I referred to—relating to food.  
 The finance committee, during the term of Sheriff deForest, authorized him to call for tenders for the supply of coal for the jail, registry office and court house, and this the Sheriff has been doing. Previous to 1919, the Sheriff was allowed a lump sum for the maintenance of the jail, but in that year the matter of payment for the jail was taken out of the hands of the Sheriff and placed with the county treasurer. All in debt to the county jail is paid from the lump sum previously set apart for the Sheriff covered the ordinary repairs to the jail as well as coal and the food supplied to those under the Sheriff's custody.  
 The county has not exercised its power to make by-laws for the regulation and management of the work house and jail, and the Sheriff has when prisoners were maintained at hard labor outside the jail, and then the nature of the "hard labor" set for prisoners was not defined.  
 It is the duty of the Sheriff to see that the jail is sufficiently maintained to guard against escapes and that sufficient food be supplied the prisoners, and in the failure of the council to attend to this work, the Sheriff should do so."  
 J. KING KELLEY,  
 County Secretary.  
 The Sheriff Heard.  
 Sheriff Wilson was asked to come in and after some discussion regarding the care of the registry office that official stated he would see that registry office was supplied to the registry office. He stated that the fact even that the council that the plumbing in the jail was in a very bad condition and needed renewing. The report was adopted.  
 Councillor Schofield asked if it might not be possible to make arrangements to take out some of the rock back of the court house during the present winter and provide some employment for the unemployed. The report was adopted.  
 On motion of Councillor Campbell the council authorized the Lancaster highway board to be assessed for next year and granted and on motion of Councillor Golding advances of \$1,200 to No. 1 fire district, and \$1,300 to Lancaster lights were arranged for on the same conditions.  
 East St. John Matters.  
 Councillor Schofield announced that the contour plan for the East St. John sewerage has been delivered and after some discussion, the councillors for Simonds holding that the amount should be paid for by the municipality. Councillor Dalzell asked if there had been any action taken with regard to the complaint of the people of East St. John about the storage of explosives there and was informed by the county secretary that Dr. McIntyre had made an investigation and pronounced the magazine safe. The councillor asked that a copy of the report be furnished him.  
 County Housing Board.  
 A letter from the county housing board was read stating they would be glad to hand over to any other body the disposition of houses which had been built, but if the city would give them a free hand and freed from the technicalities of the housing law they would undertake to sell them to the best possible advantage. Councillor Mosher moved the board be asked to meet the committee appointed to petition the provincial government to adopt some scheme of "Mother's Allowances" this committee to report at the January meeting of the council. This was seconded by Councillor Golding and carried. The committee appointed was Councillors O'Brien, Golding, Schofield, Bullock and the county secretary.  
 Under the change of Time table effective Sunday, October 2nd, 1921, Canadian National Sunday trains 49 and 50 between Saint John and Moncton are discontinued.

**The Harvesting And  
 Storage of Vegetables**

With Proper Arrangements Stocks Laid in Now Will Carry Fresh Thru Winter.  
 Plans should be made to furnish the harvest with reasonable supplies of vegetables during the greater part of the winter and, in fact, well into the spring. A very little extra care would make possible a supply for a very much longer period than is usual. A cool storage place is of first importance, for no matter what care is given to harvesting, if a warm, dry place is used the result cannot be satisfactory. The conditions are in the greatest handicap to successful storage unless provision is made to set a section of the cellars for storage purposes. This is easily done by putting up a tight partition and providing ventilation. A cellar window covered with cotton is the most satisfactory for such a room as it permits of light and allows a free circulation of air. Provision may be made so that the room may be closed during nights or partially closed if the weather is moderate, a temperature of close to 32 degrees being best. This will vary little and will give excellent storage conditions.  
 The root crops such as carrots, beets, parsnips and salsify, are best stored in barrels and may be covered with soil or straw. The barrels should be filled, or sawdust may be used. This covering prevents evaporation and keeps the roots fresh. It is well to harvest these crops by the middle of October as severe frosts may injure the beets. A row of parsnips may be left for spring digging.  
 Cabbage may be pulled and tied roots up into the ceiling or laid two layers deep on shelves with roots up. The room should be cool and airy and the roots gathered without bruising. They should be examined occasionally and the decayed leaves removed. Cabbage may be carried all winter under such conditions. Cauliflower, if pulled and the leaves tied over the heads and hung up in a cool cellar, may be carried satisfactorily for some time.  
 Celery should have, in addition to an airy, cool cellar, a supply of moisture at the roots to prevent the plants from drying out. If the air is overcharged with moisture the foliage will rapidly go down with decay, but if the air is dry this will not happen. It is necessary, therefore, to have a good circulation of dry air and to supply moisture to the soil in which the roots are packed. The plants are dug with the roots and packed upright in damp sand covering the roots nicely and the decayed plants are taken from the beds not more than two or three feet wide with a space a foot wide for watering, if necessary. If the sand becomes dry, dampen it along the edge of the bed and the moisture will work through the sand. Do not water on the plants as the foliage should always remain dry. Care in handling when packing is important as bruising will hasten decay. Store toward the end of October when plants are dry and before severe frosts. Brussels sprouts may be handled in a similar way.  
 Onions like a cool, dry cellar. Slatted shelves with a free circulation of air and the onions piled not more than six to eight inches deep will be the most satisfactory. A shift with a fine chicken fence netting, bottom is one of the best ways to carry this crop in a cellar. The bulbs should be well matured by allowing to thoroughly dry and cure before storage. Under such conditions this vegetable can be carried to spring without loss.  
 Squash and pumpkin carry best in a warm room. If the air is damp, decay will result. The temperature should be warm the outer shell hardens and decay is less likely to result. A room through which a stove pipe runs serves well for this vegetable. Use great care in handling and packing the fruit. Well matured fruit should be selected for storage. It is not a good plan to store more than one tier deep. This crop should be harvested before frost.  
 W. S. BLAIR, Superintendent,  
 Experimental Station,  
 Kentville, N. S.

**Howat in Prison;  
 Miners Talk Strike**

Kansas Leader and Aid Must Serve Six Months for Calling Men Out.  
 Columbia, Kan., Oct. 4.—Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas Mine Workers' Union, and August Dorchy, vice-president, went to the Cherokee county jail today to begin serving sentences of six months each for violating criminal sections of the Kansas Industrial Court law by calling a strike.  
 Announcement was made tonight that the Kansas Mine Workers Union membership would meet Sunday at Franklin to discuss a voluntary strike throughout the field.  
 Announcement also was made that no strike vote was taken, but that it was expected the meeting Sunday would reflect the views held in the field on Howat and Dorchy's imprisonment.  
 The two men went to jail after they had appeared in court and declined to furnish bond of \$100 each that they would call no more strikes in the Kansas coal fields. The proceedings were witnessed by hundreds of miners from all parts of the district. There was no demonstration as the two men were taken into custody by Sheriff William Harvey, who took them out by a side entrance to avoid the crowd.  
 Before going to the courtroom Howat addressed the crowd of miners, denouncing Gov. Henry J. Allen and the industrial court, and speaking at length in condemnation of John L. Lewis, president of the international union. He charged Lewis and his administration with responsibility for an adverse vote by the international convention at Indianapolis this week in the matter of two strikes called by Howat. The mine leader asserted that the international organization constantly had sought to interfere in the affairs of the Kansas district, and said emphatically that he never would aid the men in the two mines back to work as was directed by the Indianapolis convention.  
 "I'll suffer expulsion from office and the union before I'll order these men back to work except under the old conditions," Howat said. "The international convention should never have bothered with that row. Lewis wanted to humiliate me, so he dragged me into the convention. We are not putting the men back to work."  
 Miners and operators are awaiting with interest the attitude of the international organization in the event the men on strike are not ordered back to work. In most quarters it was said the international union probably would take charge of the Kansas district. With Howat and Dorchy in jail, Thomas Harvey, secretary-treasurer, is the ranking union official in the State. Harvey now is attending the Indianapolis convention. He is regarded as an opponent of Howat's policies.



**A Stitch in Time**

Quick action is the only hope when kidney disease appears.  
 There is a whole train of dreadfully painful and fatal ailments which soon follow any neglect to get the kidneys right. Among others are rheumatism, lumbago, Bright's disease, hardening of the arteries and high blood pressure.  
 In Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills you will find a treatment which is both quick and thorough.  
 Mr. C. E. Raymus, Lindale, Alta., writes:—  
 "I was a great sufferer from kidney disease and lame back for more than a year. A friend of mine one day told me of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and acting upon his advice I tried them. After I had taken one I felt better, so I continued until I had used five boxes. By this time I felt as well and strong as ever, and am glad to recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to anyone suffering as I did."  
 Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box. All dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

**Provincial Gov't  
 In Session**

Special to The Standard.  
 Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 4.—The regular monthly meeting of the Provincial Government opened here tonight. The usual attached persons are in the city and others who are not usually here at the time of a meeting have made a point of being here this time. It is probably that the shakedown, which will attend a federal general election, will be more definitely outlined after the present meeting. Premier Foster and some other members of the executive did not arrive until fairly late tonight and the session was not a lengthy one.

**Transgress Case  
 Before Chancery**

Special to The Standard.  
 Fredericton, N. B., Oct. 4.—The Chancery Court, Mr. Justice Gritzner presiding, heard a continuation of the case of Jonathan Shannon vs. Robert Shannon et al. by amendment Jonathan Shannon vs. T. Wilbur Smith. The latter and Jonathan Shannon were examined and the case closed. This concerns trespass and taking of pulp and timber.

**Obituary**

Lighthouse Keeper Dead.  
 George Y. Dalzell passed away yesterday morning at North Head, Grand Manan. He was born in St. John and had lived here during his younger years. He was sixty-nine years of age and leaves, besides his wife, four daughters and four sons. The daughters are Mrs. B. G. Thomas of Grand Manan, Mrs. Albert Ellingwood of St. John, Mrs. Thomas Greenwood of Toronto, and Miss Annie at home. The sons are Ernest of Grand Manan, Leonard of Maryland, U. S. A., Wilfred in Alberta and Frederick at home. Mr. Dalzell was a charter member of the Orange Lodge, in religion he was a staunch Baptist. He was for twenty-one years light house keeper at North Head. He is remembered by many friends. The funeral arrangements have been made for Thursday at North Head.

**Summer Visitors  
 Desert Campobello**

Campobello, Char. Co., N. B., Oct. 3.—The summer visitors have very nearly all departed, after spending a very pleasant and busy season here. Those to depart during the past week were of the Merriman and Johnston cottage. A valuable find in the woods by a young hunter was a single eagle from the mountains during the winter months when broken into. Identification and particulars to be had later.  
 Miss Hazel Calder, Miss Mary Mitchell and Mr. Sidney Harvey attended the Teachers' Institute held at Saint George, N. B., on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week.  
 Rev. J. D. Corey preached a very interesting address to the churches on Sunday after three years of successful work among them. It is with regret to his parishioners here that his resignation for a new field of labor owing to poor health has taken effect.  
 Miss Anna Mitchell left for New York on Thursday, after a visit at her home here.  
 Mr. James Alexander will enter Wolfville, N. B., during the week after a short visit at his home here during which time he supplied the Anglican pulpit, in the absence of Rev. Bacon, who is at his home at Richibucto, N. B., for a short visit.

**WINS \$1000**  
**ANSWER THIS PUZZLE  
 OPEN TO EVERYBODY**

**How Many Objects Starting With "S" Can You Find**  
 In the picture shown here you will find a number of objects and parts of objects whose names begin with the letter "S". Pick out these objects like swing, shades, spots, etc. There are all kinds of objects in the picture. The person who can find the largest and nearest correct list of "S" words will win the first prize. The one who finds the second largest and nearest correct list of "S" words will win second prize, etc. Everything in the picture can be used. If your answer is awarded first prize and you have bought one of our \$4.00 Pens during this contest you will win \$100.00.

**EVERYBODY JOIN IN  
 COSTS NOTHING TO TRY**  
 The Picture Puzzle Game is one of the most fascinating, interesting and educational games that has ever been offered to the public. This offer is genuine and we actually pay out the money according to our offer in the list of prizes. You have a good opportunity to win an expense. It depends entirely on your ability to find "S" words.

**HERE IS HOW TO WIN**  
 Of course the object of this Picture Puzzle Game is to win the \$1000.00 Prize. You do not have to purchase one of our pens unless you want to. If you do not buy one of our pens and your list of "S" words is awarded first prize by the Judges you will win \$20.00. However, if you wish to try for the big prize send us an order for one of our "Pencraft" Fountain Pens. The pen is sure to please you, and if you cannot use it yourself it makes a wonderful gift.  
 To those who would like to win the big prize, the purchase of one of our \$4.00 "Pencraft" Pens will qualify your list for the \$1000.00 Prize. The purchase of one of our \$4.00 "Pencraft" Pens will qualify your list for the \$1000.00 Prize. State whether you wish Ladies' or Gentlemen's Pen when ordering.

**PENCRAFT The Easy Writing Fountain Pen**  
 You will find the Pencraft one of the finest pens you ever used. The ink flows smoothly, and you can't resist the easy way in which it writes. Unless your pens were the very best that money can buy, we could not afford to advertise them the way we do. Thousands of them are now in use. Their popularity is increasing by leaps and bounds. If you need a good pen, or if you would like to make a useful and handsome gift to someone, the Pencraft is just what you have been looking for. The pen speaks for itself. We cannot say in words what five minutes' use of the Pencraft will tell you. When ordering send bank, express or P. O. order.

**GET THE BOY OR GIRL A GOOD PENCRAFT FOR SCHOOL.**

**Why Not Try to Win The \$1,000.00**  
 You can make good use of a Pencraft Fountain Pen, and the purchase of one of our \$4.00 Pens will qualify your list of "S" words for the \$1000.00 Prize. The \$4.00 "Pencraft" is absolutely as good a pen as you can buy, and the price is right. With proper care this pen will last a lifetime.

**START NOW**  
 See how many "S" words you can find in the picture. If you look closely you will find many. There is no trick to this picture puzzle game. The one who wins first prize will be the one who sends in the nearest correct list. You might as well be the winner. Start working on your list of "S" words right away.

**THE PRIZES**

1st Prize	..... \$200.00	\$200.00	\$1000.00
2nd Prize	..... 10.00	150.00	500.00
3rd Prize	..... 5.00	75.00	250.00
4th Prize	..... 2.50	37.50	125.00
5th Prize	..... 1.25	18.75	62.50
6th Prize	..... .625	9.375	31.25
7th Prize	..... .3125	4.6875	15.625
8th Prize	..... .15625	2.34375	7.8125
9th Prize	..... .078125	1.171875	3.90625
10th Prize	..... .0390625	0.5859375	1.953125
11th Prize	..... .01953125	0.29296875	0.9765625
12th Prize	..... .009765625	0.146484375	0.48828125
13th Prize	..... .0048828125	0.0732421875	0.244140625
14th Prize	..... .00244140625	0.03662109375	0.1220703125
15th Prize	..... .001220703125	0.018310546875	0.06103515625
16th Prize	..... .0006103515625	0.0091552734375	0.030517578125
17th Prize	..... .00030517578125	0.00457763671875	0.0152587890625
18th Prize	..... .000152587890625	0.002288818359375	0.00762939453125
19th Prize	..... .0000762939453125	0.0011444091796875	0.003814697265625
20th Prize	..... .00003814697265625	0.00057220458984375	0.0019073486328125

**GUARANTEE**  
 We guarantee the Pencraft Fountain Pen to be perfectly satisfactory. If you are not satisfied upon arrival, we will refund you the purchase price. No return necessary after the name of Prize winners are published.

**THE MAYER COMPANY**  
 (Suburb of Toronto) ONTARIO

**ARBOR SALMON**  
 Fresh, Mackerel,  
 Halibut, Smelt  
**FISH MARKET**  
 25 Sydney St.  
 Phone M. 1704.

**THE PRIZES**

1st Prize	..... \$200.00	\$200.00	\$1000.00
2nd Prize	..... 10.00	150.00	500.00
3rd Prize	..... 5.00	75.00	250.00
4th Prize	..... 2.50	37.50	125.00
5th Prize	..... 1.25	18.75	62.50
6th Prize	..... .625	9.375	31.25
7th Prize	..... .3125	4.6875	15.625
8th Prize	..... .15625	2.34375	7.8125
9th Prize	..... .078125	1.171875	3.90625
10th Prize	..... .0390625	0.5859375	1.953125
11th Prize	..... .01953125	0.29296875	0.9765625
12th Prize	..... .009765625	0.146484375	0.48828125
13th Prize	..... .0048828125	0.0732421875	0.244140625
14th Prize	..... .00244140625	0.03662109375	0.1220703125
15th Prize	..... .001220703125	0.018310546875	0.06103515625
16th Prize	..... .0006103515625	0.0091552734375	0.030517578125
17th Prize	..... .00030517578125	0.00457763671875	0.0152587890625
18th Prize	..... .000152587890625	0.002288818359375	0.00762939453125
19th Prize	..... .0000762939453125	0.0011444091796875	0.003814697265625
20th Prize	..... .00003814697265625	0.00057220458984375	0.0019073486328125

**Large Number of  
 Full Business Men**  
 received their training at the  
 Business College is its best  
 vent.  
 new Catalogue showing  
 men think of us.  
**S. KERR,**  
 Principal.

**Office Pencils?**  
 Yes, we've plenty of them; the kinds it pays best to buy, because the best are always cheapest; in the end. Anything, even the regular memo pencil to the "Beverly" which saves you a dollar on pencil bills.  
 Come in and have a look at them.  
**BARNES & CO., LIMITED.**

**DOMINION  
 COAL COMPANY**  
 GENERAL SALES OFFICE  
 112 ST. JAMES ST.  
 R. P. & W. F. STARR, LIMITED

**COAL**  
 American Anthracite,  
 All sizes.  
 Springhill, Reserve,  
 George's Creek Blacksmith,  
 Kentucky Cannel,  
 A wonderful grade coal.  
**R. P. & W. F. Starr, Ltd.**  
 48 Smythe St. 159 Union St.

**RADIO  
 COAL**  
 A tall measure of heat. No  
 cinders and little ash.  
 Perfectly clean and of uniform  
 high quality.  
 PHONE MAIN 1913

**COAL**  
**Consumers Coal Co.**  
 LIMITED  
 Sales and Executive Office  
 68 Prince William St.  
 Shipping Office—  
 331 Charlotte Street

**COAL**  
 Hard and Soft, Best Quality,  
 Also Dry Wood.  
**The Colwell Fuel Co., Ltd.**  
 Phones West 17 or 90.  
 Wholesale and Retail



JAPANESE AND UNITED STATES AGREE ON YAP

status of Island Under Mandate Alone Remains to be Disposed of.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 4.—The United States and Japan have reached an agreement concerning the island of Yap.

Failure of certain of the Allied powers to agree to the abolition of cables centering at Washington following the interchange of notes which ended the controversy, settlement to the arms conference is regarded as a happy augury of the work of the conference itself.

According to the agreement Japan draws her claim to exclusive control of the island as a cable station for the United States will share the facilities of the island with the Japanese.

The status of Yap itself remains until the general subject of mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

The United States will have the right to make whatever use it pleases of the island as a cable station and will have the right to use the Japanese wireless station for its own purposes, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

It is understood, does not draw her claim to the island as a mandated territory, nor is the agreement to be understood as predetermining that general subject before the conference, but it is so remote as to be negligible.

Championship Golf At Deal, New Jersey

Gallery of Students Took After Alexza Stirling and Miss Leitch Yesterday.

Special to The Standard.

Deal, N. J., Oct. 3.—It was a small but hardy gallery of golf students that took after Miss Alexza Stirling and Miss Cecile Leitch, American women champion and British challenger, over the course of the Hollywood Golf Club here today saw nothing like golf that might have been seen here if they followed Miss Gianna Colelet, 15 year old New England girl. But Miss Stirling and her famous British rival for the American title are the central figures of the tournament and for the time being at least the gallery will continue to follow them.

Miss Stirling started out among the early pairs in heavy down pour of rain and made the first nine holes in 46. She came back in 43 making 89 for the course thoroughly soaked by the unrelenting rain. Paired with Miss Edith Leitch, sister of the British champion, she was out for 18 holes. Miss Cecil went out also into the face of robust rain and made the first nine in 46. Retaining she got 42 making 87 for the course and evoking from her comment that "They may talk of their 81s and 82s but under circumstances I am very well satisfied with my 87."

But Miss Colelet, whose home club is in Providence, R. I., went out in 41 and returned in 44 for an 85 which astonished the entire gathering. Golfers on soggy verandas were speaking of the dark home champion age, 18, when Mrs. Latham Hall of Mid-Surrey, England, who was runner-up to Miss Leitch for the British championship of 1913, checked in with the same score, except that she took 44 going out and 41 returning.

Miss Colelet was more than that, she resumed after this brief interruption at the afternoon when Mrs. Caleb Fox, of Philadelphia, said to be over 60, came in with a score of 94—pretty high mark it is true—but showing 43 for the first nine holes, which was but one more than the best made of the day made by Miss Colelet and distinctly better than either Miss Stirling or Miss Cecil Leitch had been able to make. Rain showed no favors to Mrs. Fox either. She was drenched when she handed in her card, asserting playfully that this wasn't so bad for a girl.

Miss Stirling led the field of those who had qualified for a second round. When Chicago led the battle all to itself, the famed Babe Ruth was the only one to turn in a card of less than 90. Miss Edith Leitch played the first nine one stroke better than Miss Stirling but an 8 on the tenth hole was largely to her credit for the last nine. She showed for the last nine. On the very first hole Miss Stirling got into trouble plumping a brassie shot into a pit but she played it out beautifully and got the third hole of 410 yards. The Atlanta girl boled out with a downhill put of 20 feet for 5. She went into bunker of her drive for the fourth which is a very short hole and surrounded by an ironing board, well however and got 4, missing 3 by inches. The sixth hole of 350 yards was a bad one for Miss Stirling, but she began by a big swing and a drive which was the par for hole but then missed put. She made hole in four on the eighth with a drive of 410 yards. Miss Stirling might have had a birdie three here but took five.

Miss Stirling's long drive on the eighth was one of the feature portions of the tournament and caused the slugs of the thrills of the first day. She scored birdie on the sixteenth which was all that brought her in under 90. This is the 490 yard hole and Miss Stirling sank a 20 foot put for four.

The scores of champion and formidable English challenger were: Stirling—81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Toronto Buys Star Players

Shortstop Jones, This Year With Jersey and Indianapolis and Outfielder Kane Secured

Toronto, Oct. 4.—The Toronto Club is waiting no time in rebuilding its wrecked outfit. Pros. McCaffery has announced the purchase of Shortstop Jones and Outfielder Kane from the New York Americans. Jones played with Jersey City part of this season, going to Indianapolis later. He is unquestionably the most promising short fielder seen here in years, always overshadowing any other man in that department in the International.

He covers acres of ground, comes up with the ball clearly and has an arm like a steel rod. He hit fairly well in the league. Jones is a young player and should be the sensation of the league. Biting in with a strong team, which evidently Toronto detested on getting at any cost. He looked the class of the circuit even with a team

NEW YORK FULL OF FANS TO WITNESS THE WORLD'S SERIES

Everything Ready for Opening Game on Polo Grounds Today—Yanks and Giants Have Practice—The Betting Has Become About Even Money.

(Herald Sun Syndicate. Copyright) Special to The Standard.

New York, Oct. 4.—Nineteen years of waiting and hoping—and at last the day is here. Eighteen years of failure and disappointment finally have been crowned with this season of exhilarating success for the Yankees and New York's first intra-city world's series.

So tomorrow afternoon, in the Polo Grounds at the Polo Grounds, it will be Giants against Yankees—Nationals at League against American League, a distinction and the severest removal of the baseball classic. For the National League representatives of this city participated in a world's series in 1903, when they were defeated by the Yankees in the best of seven games. Today New York is a seething city, divided against itself—but altogether happy and satisfied over the division. City is for New York even before the first ball is pitched—and this means a distinction and satisfaction which have come to one other city—Chicago which saw its White Sox defeat the Cubs for the title in 1906. There are those who look for the Giants to win through superior pitching, Jimmie Foxx, the young right hander who once was a Giant, and who with great sense of late. So even in that detail there is no saying what's what and who's who.

It's a day fraught with indecision and excitement and tensely.

The Teams Practice.

An hour after the Yankees had practiced at the Polo Grounds yesterday morning the Giant players poured out through their club house door and skipped out on the field for their practice. The Yankees were dressed and gone by the time the Giants took to the field. The big town rivals were in the grounds at the same time but scarce saw each other.

The weather was fine for the firm workouts and the grounds in splendid condition the best condition according to Henry Fabian, who ever have been in. In the sun following the rain was fine for them and Fabian was at work on them all day.

Moussé's Injury.

There was a bit of disquieting news in the morning though. Moussé the left outfielder and long distance hitter visited a doctor in the morning to have an x-ray picture made of his left shinbone. An old injury that he had when he was in the minors with the Yankees was thought to be possibly affecting his hitting.

Some of The Bet.

Professional gamblers were willing to lay 9 to 10 and take your pick, and that means even for the general public.

Fur Production In Canada In 1920 Half Million Pelts

Largest Part of Fur Exported to the United States.

More than three and a half million pelts, worth \$21,387,000, were produced in Canada in 1920, according to an article in the October number of Commerce Monthly, issued by the National Bank of Commerce in New York.

Muskra and beaver pelts valued at \$4,000,000 and \$5,300,000 respectively comprised about half the total, with marten, mink, silver fox and fisher following in the order named. The article continues:

"A very small proportion of these pelts was produced by the fur farming industry, which confines itself almost entirely to silver fox. The fox has proved most suited to domestication and has been successfully raised for the past forty years. In 1919 there were 424 fox farms, 3 mink and 3 racoon farms in operation, with a total production of 2,543 pelts worth \$606,640. On the farms at the end of the year there were 8,310 foxes, mostly of the silver variety, valued at approximately \$3,000,000."

"The largest part of the Canadian fur production is exported principally to the United States. In the fiscal year 1921, imports from Canada totaled 2,664,000 pelts, worth \$9,093,000."

like Jersey.

The purchase of Jones means the completion of the infield, with Owslow, Gonzales, Jones and Davis. Kane, the new right fielder, performed with Jersey City this year, and is not only a hard hitter with a penchant for home runs over right field bleachers and elsewhere, but is also, with Gonzales, the leading base stealer in the International.

Sold To Boston.

Baltimore sold him to Boston on July 8, 1914, for \$25,000.

Babe was a left-handed pitcher and outfielder then.

Following the season of 1915, after he had set a new world's home run record by hitting 29 circuit smashes, Boston sold him to the New York

Less Ash Means Fewer Home Runs

Supply of the Tough, Durable and Resilient Bat Wood is Diminishing.

"Babe" Ruth and his associates who specialize in walloping the horsehide out of the lot may well begin to ask what kind of bats they will use when the diminishing supplies of ash make it less easy for them to obtain this hitherto favorite material.

During the last few years several sporting goods factories have attempted to substitute hickory bats as a substitute for the traditional ash. This has been unsuccessful, however, because hickory, although it possesses greater shock absorptive qualities than ash, is too heavy.

One of the greatest curiosities at a leading bat factory is a model room where more than 1,200 bat patterns are kept on display. Each model embodies the individual likes and dislikes of the various players. There are thin bats, portly bats, heavy clubs, light bats, some with handles of unusual shape and design, and some with bodies that resemble bottles. Whenever a professional player orders a new assignment of bats this factory is able to refer to the special model desired and to pattern the new bats after that particular design. The bats of the big league players are turned out by hand, great care and skill being employed in their production.

The majority of the white ash timber used in making baseball bats is cut from farm wood lots and timber tracts in Kentucky, Ohio and the Lake and Lower Mississippi States. The timber is cut in winter, logged and hauled to the railroad whence it is transported to the factories, a number of which are located at Louisville, Ky. The ash is cut up in bolt form, each bolt being ultimately converted into a finished bat. After arriving at the factory the bolts are stored in curing sheds for from several months up to a year in order that the wood may season thoroughly. Skilled workmen ultimately work the bolts up into bats for all grades of ball players from the stars of the big leagues to the sandlot champions and school players.

According to a standing timber survey made by the United States Forest Service at the request of Congress, present ash resources aggregate approximately 9,938,000,000 board feet. For the most part, these ash assets are scattered

# THE STANDARD'S FINANCIAL SECTION

## New York Market Dull And Heavy, Prices Sagging

A Few Stocks Which Had  
Been Strong Sold Off Very  
Easily.

Closing Stock Letter.  
(Furnished by McDougall & Cowan)  
New York, Oct. 4.—The strength and activity which started in the rails, so suddenly before noon, ceased as abruptly as it began. In many instances they lost a good part of their early gains throughout the afternoon. During the latter part of the day, however, the market was dull and heavy with prices sagging throughout the general list, more from neglect than from any apparent pressure to sell.

A few stocks which had been especially strong, like Asphalt and Lehigh Valley, sold off quite easily. American Sugar and Am. Sugar Pfd sold down to new low records on this movement, the decline taking place without any news to affect prices one way or the other.

General Electric was a rather conspicuous exception to the general tendency where there was a considerable short interest holding this stock very strong.

## N. Y. Quotations

(Furnished by McDougall & Cowan)

Stock	High	Low	Close
Am Sugar	57 1/4	57 1/4	54 1/4
Am C P	127 1/2	128 1/2	128 1/2
AH Gulf	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Am Loco	90 1/4	90 1/4	89 1/4
Asphalt	56 1/4	56 1/4	53 1/4
Am Sun	41 1/4	41 1/4	38 1/4
Anaconda	40 1/4	41 1/4	40 1/4
Atchafalaya	80 1/4	80 1/4	80 1/4
Am Tele	108 1/4	108 1/4	107 1/4
Am Can	27 1/4	27 1/4	27 1/4
Am Wool	76 1/4	76 1/4	75 1/4
Beth St	66 1/4	66 1/4	65 1/4
B and O	28 1/4	28 1/4	28 1/4
Bald Loco	87 1/4	87 1/4	86 1/4
Corn Pro	76 1/4	76 1/4	76 1/4
Cuban Cane	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4
Cruz S	41 1/4	41 1/4	40 1/4
C P R	113 1/4	113 1/4	113 1/4
Gen Mot	104 1/4	104 1/4	104 1/4
C N Pfd	72 1/4	72 1/4	74 1/4
Ins C	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4
Int Paper	49 1/4	49 1/4	48 1/4
Ind Alco	45 1/4	45 1/4	44 1/4
Kel Spr	43 1/4	43 1/4	42 1/4
Mar Pfd	57 1/4	57 1/4	56 1/4
N Y N H & H	141 1/4	141 1/4	141 1/4
N Y Cent	72 1/4	72 1/4	72 1/4
Nor Pac	77 1/4	77 1/4	77 1/4
Pac Oil	37 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4
Pennsylv	37 1/4	37 1/4	36 1/4
Pan Amer	46 1/4	46 1/4	45 1/4
Reading	72 1/4	72 1/4	72 1/4
R Island	34 1/4	34 1/4	34 1/4
R I and S	57 1/4	57 1/4	57 1/4
Roy Dutch	45 1/4	45 1/4	44 1/4
St. Paul	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Sino Oil	21 1/4	21 1/4	20 1/4
South Pac	37 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4
Studebaker	73 1/4	73 1/4	72 1/4
Tex Oil	37 1/4	37 1/4	37 1/4
Utah Cpr	52 1/4	52 1/4	51 1/4
Un Pac	127 1/4	127 1/4	127 1/4
Un Drug	53 1/4	53 1/4	53 1/4
U S Steel	80 1/4	80 1/4	79 1/4
U S Rub	49 1/4	49 1/4	49 1/4
U S Rub Pfd	91 1/4	91 1/4	90 1/4
Westing	45 1/4	45 1/4	45 1/4
Wool	27 1/4	27 1/4	27 1/4
N Y Funds—10 p.c.			

## Montreal Sales

(Furnished by McDougall & Cowan)

Stock	High	Low	Close
Abitibi—156 3/4	156 3/4	156 3/4	156 3/4
Atlantic Sugar—50 3/4	50 3/4	50 3/4	50 3/4
Brompton—59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
Brazilian—34 1/4	34 1/4	34 1/4	34 1/4
B E and Pfd—125 3/4	125 3/4	125 3/4	125 3/4
Dom Iron Pfd 6 p.c.	35 1/4	35 1/4	35 1/4
Dom Iron Com—149 1/4	149 1/4	149 1/4	149 1/4
Ames Holden Pfd—259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4
Asbestos Com—140 1/4	140 1/4	140 1/4	140 1/4
Can Converters—25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Can S Pfd—209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4
Can Car Pfd—25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
Can Cement—209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4
Dom Glass—46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4
Dom Bridge—46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4	46 1/4
Gen Electric—109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4
Net Breweries—209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4
Ont Steel—209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4	209 1/4
Montreal Power—449 1/4	449 1/4	449 1/4	449 1/4
Loyal—100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4	100 1/4
Riordon—159 1/4	159 1/4	159 1/4	159 1/4
Spanish River Pfd—109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4	109 1/4
Steel of Canada—40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4
Smelting—305 1/4	305 1/4	305 1/4	305 1/4
Steel of Canada Pfd—5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4	5 1/4
Textile—259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4	259 1/4
Winnipeg Electric—309 1/4	309 1/4	309 1/4	309 1/4
1922 Victory Loan 9 p.c.			
1927 Victory Loan 9 1/2			
1937 Victory Loan 9 1/2			
1935 Victory Loan 9 1/2			
1934 Victory Loan 9 1/4			
1937 War Loan 5 p.c.			

## Wheat Market

Wheat	High	Low	Close
May	125	119 1/2	120
December	120 1/2	115	115 1/2
Corn			
May	58	54 1/4	54 1/4
December	56 1/4	54 1/4	54 1/4
Oats			
May	40 1/4	40 1/4	40 1/4
December	38 1/4	38 1/4	38 1/4

## Cotton Market

Cotton	High	Low	Close
January	20.88	19.85	20.05
March	20.63	19.75	19.95
May	20.16	19.37	19.40
July	19.65	18.80	19.00
October	18.10	17.30	17.50
December	17.24	16.30	16.50
Spot—30.75			

## Montreal Market Reacted On Advance of Monday

Only Few Stocks Finished  
Unharmened in the Day's  
Transactions.

Special to The Standard.  
Montreal, Oct. 4.—Reaction on the vigorous advance of yesterday was noticeable throughout both sections to day, only a few stocks finished unharmened, and the most sustaining sharp reverses. One stock, which forged ahead, was Dominion Canners which was in very brisk demand and rose as high as 25, finishing 28 1/4, with a gain of 1 1/4. Loyal was also conspicuous though it lost 1/4 to 67, being sustained by its reported prospect of securing the balance of the Welland Canal construction order, which would run into many millions. Chief of the sufferers was Dominion Bridge which was under pressure all day and broke to 74 1/4, down 2 1/4 points. All the paper stocks were easier. Abitibi recovering, however, to 31, leaving it unchanged for the day.

Brompton also finished unchanged at 59 1/2. Spanish preferred lost 1/4 to 63 1/4. The common was not traded in Riordon sold at 3, but the bid afterwards dropped to 2. St. Maurice sold at 94 to 94 1/4. Laurentide dropped 2 points to 71. In the industrial list, Asbestos finished 48 1/4 unchanged. Dominion Steel 26 down 1/4. Breweries 57 1/4 down a point. Dominion Glass 57 1/4, unchanged. Smelters 18 up 1/4. British Empire Steel 2nd preferred 22 1/4, down 1/4. Steel of Canada 56 1/4 down 1/4. Asbestos preferred rose a point to 71. Atlantic Steel at 30 was down 1/4. Power at 34 gained 1/4.

## \$3,000,000,000 Was Safely Removed

Tremendous Sum Carted  
Through New York Streets  
Without Publicity.

New York, Oct. 4.—While hundreds of persons passed through Lower Broadway today not realizing that anything out of the ordinary was going on, cash and securities of the New York Trust Company worth \$3,000,000,000 were transferred from the old main office of the company and the Liberty branch to the new office at 211 Broadway. The transfer was necessarily slow because of the great care which had to be exercised from 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon until after dark Sunday night.

## Loyal Company Will Secure Slice of Big Contract

Slated for Share of Work  
Required on Welland  
Canal.

Special to The Standard.  
Montreal, Oct. 4.—The steady acquisition of Loyal connection Company's stock at increasing prices is attributed to the belief entertained in circles close to the management that the company will be awarded a large share in the completion of the Welland Canal. Contracts for one third of the work have already been awarded and it is said the Loyal Company are after the whole of the balance and have put up a substantial guarantee. In spite of the weak market the stock sold at 67 1/2 divided today.

## Landlords Exhibit Compromise Signs

New York, Oct. 4.—First evidence of the capitulation by landlords was sought to take advantage of the ruling of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, Second Department, that a return of 10 per cent. on the total value of the property was reasonable was seen yesterday. An important element on the landlord's side of the controversy is ready to make a concession and its tenants on a basis of a return of 8 per cent., and there were indications that a further concession to 7 per cent. might be acceptable to the Lockwood legislative committee, representing the tenants and be the means of obviating long litigation and at the same time clear the court calendar of long lists of rent cases now pending.

## Quit Tobacco

So Easy to Drop Cigarette,  
Cigar, or Chewing Habit.

No-To-Bac has helped thousands to break the costly, nerve-shattering tobacco habit. Whether you have a longing for a smoke, or chew, just place a harmless No-To-Bac tablet in your mouth instead. All desire stops. Shortly the habit is completely broken, and you are better off mentally, physically, financially. It's so easy, so simple. Get a box of No-To-Bac and if it doesn't release you from all craving for tobacco in any form, your druggist will refund your money without question.

## GOSSIP AROUND THE MARKETS

Directors of U. S. Steel Corporation meet Oct. 25th to take action on a quarterly dividend distribution and pass upon the report for the period ending Sept. 30th. The regular dividend will be declared without doubt.

K. P. declared a regular dividend of 3 per cent. in stock on common stock payable Nov. 1 to record of Oct. 19th.

There is a persistent selling of American Sugar on the story of new financing. There is a heavy borrowing demand for the common stock which is losing at 1/4 premium. Selling of preferred looks like a switching of investment.

## Sir Joseph Flavelle Talks On Matters Re Grand Trunk

General Railway Problem of  
Canada Dealt With—Favors  
Hay's Position.

Special to The Standard.  
Toronto, Oct. 4.—The Railway problem was dealt with in an address delivered before a packed hall in the Board of Trade rooms by Sir Joseph Flavelle, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Grand Trunk Railway this afternoon.

## Idle Indian Land Now Big Producer

Fifty War Veterans Show Ex-  
cellent Progress on Piapot  
Reserve.

A report from Regina, Sask., gives interesting details of the progress of soldier settlers on the Piapot Reserve, 18 miles from that city. This reserve, comprising over 15,000 acres, was one of the areas of idle lands purchased by the Government from the Indians in 1914. It was divided into 77 parcels and the average price per acre to the settler was \$14.00.

## Wolves Reported Plentiful North of Peterboro

Peterboro, Ont., Oct. 4.—A report received from Albany today states that wolves are plentiful in the north country. A few days ago a large pack came to the outskirts of the village and woke the villagers with their howling. Wine men of the village armed with rifles made an unsuccessful effort to qualify for the Government wolf bounty. Many sheep have been killed by the animals. Akeley is situated about forty miles north of Peterboro.

## English Electric To List Preferred And Common Stocks

First Offering of New Securities  
Will be Made Today—  
To Issue \$2,000,000.

Special to The Standard.  
Montreal, Oct. 4.—Announcement is made of the forthcoming financing by the English Electric Co. of Canada, Limited, and the first offering of the new securities will be made tomorrow. The issue is for \$2,000,000, of 8 per cent. cumulative, preferred shares to be offered at par carrying a bonus of 40 per cent. of common stock. The securities are preferred as to assets and dividends. Dividends are payable quarterly on the first days of March, June, September and December, and will be cumulative at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from date of issue. The first dividend will be paid not later than March 31, 1922. Provision is made for the redemption, in whole or part, of the issue at 110 and accrued dividends on any dividend date after 60 days notice. The head office of the company is in Montreal.

The Board of Directors is made up as follows: Gordon F. Perry, president; Russell A. Simson, H. J. Daly, R. Howe Smith, D. H. McDougall, T. H. Watson, L. H. L. Lister, K. C. Lister, Col. Sir John M. Manzell, K. B. E. D. L., and P. J. Pybus, C. B. E. The three latter directors are also directors of the English Electric Co. Ltd., of Great Britain. The London advisory committee is made up of P. J. Pybus, C. B. E. chairman; Evan Parry, B. C. S. M. I. C. E. M. I. B. E., and the principal members of the Engineering staff of the British Company.

## Coal Shipments To St. Lawrence Reach Normal

First Approach to Normal in  
Use of Canadian Coal in  
Seven Years.

Special to The Standard.  
Montreal, Oct. 4.—The coal trade in the St. Lawrence, Sydney and St. Lawrence ports is now nearing the end and with 200,000 tons yet to be shipped to Montreal and Quebec by the cheap water route. The British Empire Steel Corporation's fleet of large coal carriers has been reduced by the chartering of the Lord Strathcona for grain. She is a 12,000 ton freighter and one of the biggest running into Montreal. The rest of the fleet is still in the trade, however, namely the Rose Castle 11,000 tons, Maskinonge 7000 tons, Hochelaga 7000 tons, Wabana 7000 tons, and Lingan 7000 tons. A. Dick, general agent for the Corporation, informed your correspondent today that the market for bituminous coal had improved during the last thirty days and that the company was quite satisfied with the work of the fleet. "With the Steel consumption of Nova Scotia cut in two," said Mr. Dick, "there has naturally been a falling off in the trade, and it is on account of the dullness in demand for ore that the Lord Strathcona has been let out under charter for grain. Our ship, the Daghdh, which is an ore carrier is also to carry grain and the Kamouraska, which took grain at Quebec. Our coal fleet, however, is almost at full strength. Including what the Canadian Government Merchant Marine vessels brought to Lewis this season the total movement of Canadian coal up the St. Lawrence will total approximately one million tons."

## Province Will Emerge From Its Many Troubles

Turn for the Better in the  
Pulp Market is Aiding  
Kipawa Plant.

Special to The Standard.  
Montreal, Oct. 4.—The Riordon Company will yet emerge from most of its troubles and will continue to operate as a unit, though the shareholders will lose for the present, is the belief entertained in circles conversant with the progress made towards reconciling the various elements in the tangle which has been so disastrous. A turn for the better in the pulp market noted this week is considered so propitious that it is practically a certainty that in a few days the Kipawa Plant will be running again. The Riordon plant is running full time just now and though it is not certain that it will be able to do indefinitely the prospects look good for the present.

## Deny Decision Made To Join The Legion

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The presidents of the Lethbridge and Banff branches of the G. W. V. A. have telegraphed the Dominion command office here denying the statement that they had decided to cast in their lot with the new ex-service men's organization, known as the Canadian Legion.

## Province of Ontario 6% Bonds Sept. 15, 1943

Price to Yield  
6.10%

## Eastern Securities Company Limited

St. John, N. B.  
Halifax, N. S.

## We Offer Province of Saskatchewan 6% Bonds due 1936 at 97 To Yield 6.30%

THOMAS, ARMSTRONG & BELL  
Limited.  
101 Prince William Street,  
St. John, N. B. P. O. Box 1258.  
Main 4184, 4185.

## AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE Only the Strongest British Companies.

ARMSTRONG & BRUCE,  
103 Prince William Street. Phone Main 477.

## IMPERIAL PREMIER WINTER GASOLINE

Now on Sale Everywhere

Check full of pep. Insures a quick, easy start and abundant power, no matter what the weather.

As the nights grow longer and cooler, you will get the most satisfaction and the most miles per gallon if you standardize on Imperial Premier Winter Gasoline.

A Canadian product of superior quality. Manufactured especially for cold weather motoring. No increase in price.

## IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

Canadian Company  
Canadian Capital  
Canadian Workmen.

## "ANNOUNCEMENT"

TO OUR  
NEW BRUNSWICK PATRONS

THE GULF EXPORT COMPANY, LIMITED,  
of Charlottetown, P. E. I., which is associated with  
JOHN J. BRADLEY, of Montreal, is still in business,  
and for further particulars address all correspondence to

THE GULF EXPORT CO., LIMITED  
P. O. BOX 85  
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

## HISTORY OF THE OCEAN FISHING

Annual Event Which Absorbs  
boards of United States  
mer of 1920—Review

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 4.—The International Fishermen's Schooner Race, annual event which absorbs the attention of the Atlantic seaboard of the United States and Canada and of the Ancient Colony of Newfoundland, conceived and instituted within the month of the summer and fall 1920.

On August 11 of that year there appeared in the Halifax Herald, an editorial on the subject of the race, a St. John Standard writer, and the early of Shelburne, which proposed that vessels representing the American and Canadian fishing fleets should compete in an ocean race. It was suggested that the respective governments might grant subsidies for promotion of the contest. The response was stamped in the New York Times, the International Schooner Race became an established yearly event, and the Esperanto of Gloucester, Massachusetts did in Halifax, Nova Scotia.

The America Cup yachting contest off Sandy Hook in July, 1920, played a part in the institution of the race. The protest against the development of speed machines these contests generally aroused sporting and shipping circles in America and England found an echo in the fishing fleets and among fish people. One writer said: "It is a sorry day for British seamen when they allow millionaire yachtsmen to pose as defenders of their nation's seamanship." Nova Scotians looking for their sturdy sailing vessels and those who staid in the League of Nations ruled supreme in all the oceans of the world. They recalled Don Mackay, the St. John's master builder whose name stands in the League of Nations alongside that of Raphael and Michael Angelo. "What Raphael did in canvas," wrote one, "what Michael Angelo did in marble, Donald Mackay did in yards and spars. The son of the artist never conceived anything finer than the 'Lightnings,' or 'Sovereigns' of the sea. The 'Lightnings' was the fastest ship that ever sailed and in a record trip around Cape Horn averaged eighteen knots per hour on her fastest day."

As early as July 15, while the America Cup contest was being held, "VOTING FOR KING."

Sam Weir's nephew, "Shorty" Perdue got an Ottawa job—in the Public Works. Was due on the job each day at eight o'clock. "Shorty" arrived, he was a ways late. Stroked in at nine; often at ten. Scooped and jeered at the "punctual" men.

Soon "got the sack" and got it by his hoisting now, and is awfully mad. So He's Voting for King.

Prosperous, close-fisted Levi Burns sent in false income-tax returns. An auditor found he was trying to cheat. Levi was soon in "fever heat." Blustered and fumed—still the first he paid. And now his returns will be carefully made.

He's as mad as a hatter, can't sleep at night. And though he did wrong, he's so full of spirit he's voting for King.

That He's Voting for King.

From the "Government Farm," Kluge got some shoots. Timm trees, and other kinds of fruit. Timm planted at once the instructions read. But Kluge only grinned, and shook his head.

Let them lay round for five weeks or six. Till the shoots were all perched, and dry as sticks.

When planted they really weren't worth a cent.

'Now he says we've a fraudulent Government.

So He's Voting for King.

J. B. Leque has a sailing craft. His eldest boy Joe, craved the draught. Conscripted was on, but he ran away. And tried to hide in the U. S. A. The Yankees were keen (if rather late).

And conscription was there to, every State.

So back came Joe with a bodyguard. His treatment was just—he says was hard.

So He's Voting for King.

Gortz was a Slav, with repellent face. Spoke one day in a Public place. His speech was diabolical, lying and mean.

Much like his person, wholly "unclean."

Spent one night in Jail, then in the morning.

They let him go free, just with "warning."

Now he goes round in a snivelling way. And says he will get his Revenge some day.

So He's Voting for King.

And some, who their duty tried to shirk. Fellows who can but will not work. Cranks, Bolsheviks, "nuts" galore, Many just "peevish," "hard-headed" or "sore."

Will vote for McKensie, who went away.

To a "crazy" job, in Rockefeller's pay. When the War News was bad, and needs were great.

"He deserted us all for an Oil-Magnate."

London, Oct. 4.—A despatch to the London Times says that reports from Bari, Italy, are to the effect that several train loads of troops of the former Russian anti-Bolshevik leader, General Wrangel, have passed through Ragusa, Dalmatia, on their way to the Albanian frontier. The despatch adds that many of the Wrangel forces have been killed or injured in a railway accident near Ragusa.

HISTORY OF THE INTERNATIONAL OCEAN FISHING SCHOONER RACES

Annual Event Which Absorbs Attention of Atlantic Seaboards of United States and Canada Conceived in Summer of 1920—Review of the Great Race.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 4.—The International Fishermen's Schooner Race, an annual event which absorbs the attention of the Atlantic seaboard of the United States and Canada and of the Ancient Colony of Newfoundland, was conceived and instituted within three months of the summer and fall of 1920.

On August 11 of that year there appeared in the Halifax Herald, an article from the pen of Colin Mackay, a St. John Standard writer, and formerly of Shelburne, which proposed that vessels representing the American and Canadian fishing fleets should compete in an ocean race. He suggested that the respective governments might grant subsidies for the promotion of the contest.

The America Cup yachting contests off Sandy Hook in July, 1920, played a part in the institution of the fishermen's race. The contest against the development of speed machines for those contests generally aroused in sporting and shipping circles in America and England an echo in the fishing fleets and among fishing people.

As early as July 19, 1920, the America Cup contests were being held, and the Gloucester schooner Esperanto was sent to represent the Atlantic fishing fleets of the United States in the races which followed on October 20 and November 1. The American finished at 3:01.03 in the first race, defeating the Delawana by over 13 minutes.

"VOTING FOR KING"

Sam Weir's nephew, "Shorty" Perks got an Ottawa job in the Public Works. Was due on the job each day at eight, when "Shorty" arrived, he was always late.

Prosperous, close-fisted Levi Burns sent in false income-tax returns. An auditor found he was trying to cheat.

Levi was soon in "fever heat" Blustered and fumed—still the fine he paid.

And now his returns will be carefully made. He's as mad as a hatter, can't sleep at night.

And though he did wrong, he's so full of spite That he's voting for King.

From the "Government Farm," Kline got some shoots Plum trees, and other kinds of fruits. "To be planted at once" the instructions read.

But Kline only grinned, and shook his head. Let them lay ground for five weeks or six.

Then the shoots were all parched, and dry as sticks. When planted they really weren't worth a cent.

Now he says we're a fraudulent Government. So he's voting for King.

J. B. Lenee has a sailing craft. His eldest boy Joe, evaded the draft. Conscripted was on, but he ran away. And tried to hide in the U. S. A.

The Yankees were keen (if rather late) And conscription was there, in every State.

So back came Joe with a body-guard. His treatment was just—he says it was hard. So he's voting for King.

Gortz was a Slav, with repellent face. Spoke one day in a Public place. His speech was disloyal, lying and mean.

Much like his person, wholly "unclean." Spent one night in Jail, then in the morning They let him go free, just with a "warning."

Now he goes round in a snivelling way. And says he will get his Revenge some day. So he's voting for King.

And some, who their duty tried to shirk. Fellows who can but will not work. Cranks, Bolsheviks, "nuts" galore, Many just "peevish," "hard-headed" or "sore."

Will vote for McKennis, who went away. To a "cushy" job, in Rockefeller's pay. When the War news was bad, and our needs were great.

"He deserted us all for an OR-Mag-nate." London, Oct. 4.—A despatch to the London Times says that reports from Bari, Italy, are to the effect that several train loads of troops of the former Russian anti-Bolshevik leader, General Wrangel, had passed through Ragusa, Dalmatia, on their way to the Albanian frontier. The despatch adds that many of the Wrangel forces have been killed or injured in a railway accident near Ragusa.

Jobs For 2,000,000 Wanted in Hurry To End Stagnation

Harding and Conferes Find Illness Only Half as Bad as Feared.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 3.—A new air of hopefulness that prosperity is just around the corner permeated the unemployment conference tonight. It came from a realization that conditions are not nearly so bad as had been supposed.

It came to light that jobs must be found for 2,000,000 wage earners before employment conditions are regarded as satisfactory. The delegates had supposed that jobs would have to be found for nearly twice that number.

That figure developed from an announcement by the committee on unemployment statistics that unemployment in the United States at this time is not less than 3,700,000 nor more than 4,900,000. This is a sharp reduction from the estimates made six weeks ago by the Department of Labor in response to a Senate resolution, when it was held that about 5,600,000 wage earners had been displaced.

Even in normal prosperous times there is unemployment due to the natural turnover of labor, illness of workers and the like. This amounts, it is estimated, to not less than 1,500,000 as an average. On this basis it is figured that normal conditions will be restored if provision is made for not less than 2,000,000 and not more than 2,600,000 to go back to work.

Wireless Concerns Join in World Pool

Britons, French, Germans and Americans Confer to Organize Radio Service.

Paris, Oct. 4.—An international wireless company for the control and development of the greater part of the world's radio facilities is in process of organization here by representatives of the wireless interests of Great Britain, France, Germany and the United States.

The American delegation is headed by Owen D. Young, vice-president of the General Electric Company, and includes Edward U. Nally and J. W. B. Wood, president and secretary of the Radio Corporation of America, and a large staff of experts. The Westinghouse interests also are represented.

The proposed agreement is the outgrowth of a desire of the four countries to place wireless on a sound commercial basis. The governments concerned have approved the conference, and it is understood, will back the organization which is expected to be formed.

Wireless facilities of the four countries will in effect be pooled, but each country under the plan will retain control over its respective territory. It is proposed to eliminate great waste of investment in the past by duplication of equipment by the different organizations and at the same time to place at the disposal of the international company unlimited funds for an extensive programme of development and research.

The present conference followed up on the international radio congress, which recently concluded two months' work in Paris, and which recommended to all the governments represented greater use of wireless and closer cooperation between the big Powers.

It has been estimated that there are about 150 wave lengths in the world, and one of the problems of the present conference is to divide these waves. Another aim is to make wireless available for the daily transmission of world news, assuring to news interests the same certainty of delivery as cable companies now are able to give, but at a lowered cost.

With an international agreement and the funds to be placed at the disposal of the company, the experts say this can be done. As the United States initiated the meeting, it is expected American interests will have the most prominent part in the proposed company.

An International Question. Montreal, Sept. 25.—George F. Driscoll, theatrical impresario, of this city, who is responsible for bringing the Revue by an all-English company over to Canada, interviewed by the Canadian Press tonight, stated that the man in question, named Curlick, was a conductor who had handled big shows at the Gaiety and Hippodrome, London, and was absolutely essential to the success of the Revue here.

The Revue was not going out of Canada and in view of this fact he had wired Joseph Webber, president of the American Federation of Musicians, this afternoon, asking for the relinquishing of the order against Curlick. Mr. Webber had wired back a refusal. Thereupon Mr. Driscoll had cabled to the London Producers telling them to bring over Curlick anyway.

MARINE NEWS

MINIATURE ALMANAC

Table with 4 columns: High water, Low water, High water, Low water. Rows for Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sat., Sun., Mon.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived Tuesday. S. S. Governor Dingley, 2365, In-Sulls, Boston.

Coastwise—Sir Granville III 64, Callins, Annapolis Royal; Sir Keith Cann 177, McKinnon, Westport.

Foreign Ports. Portland Me. Sd Sept 30—sch Mayflower, Boston for St. John; sch Nellie Eaton, Boston for Parbrebro.

S. S. Wabana, completed discharging coal at the Dominion Coal Company's sheds and sailed Tuesday morning for Sydney.

Sch Maid of Canada arrived Monday afternoon from New York with hard coal for George Dick.

Sch Ada A. McIntyre. Sch Ada A. McIntyre arrived in Port Tuesday from New York with coal.

Empress of France, from India, docked at Liverpool Saturday.

Metagama, C. P. R., from Liverpool is due at Montreal on the 9th.

The Empress of Britain sailed from Quebec yesterday afternoon for Liverpool.

The Pretorian, C. P. R. left Montreal Tuesday morning for Glasgow.

The White Star-Dominion liner Canada has just completed a trip which eclipsed all previous speed records made by this steamer, having arrived at Liverpool at 11 a.m. yesterday after a run of seven days and eight hours from Montreal. Her best previous trip was made on August 27th, last, when she completed the run from Montreal to Liverpool in eight days and seven hours.

The Anchor-Dominion liner Saturnia left Montreal at 11 a.m. on Saturday for Glasgow with 120 cabin and 126 third class passengers.

Printers Submit To Proposals of N. Y. Employers

Agree to Arbitrate Their Demands for Reduction of Wages.

New York, Oct. 4.—"Big Six" Typographical Union agreed this afternoon to arbitration on a new wage scale with the New York Employing Printers' Association. A resolution was adopted at a mass meeting of 1,500 compositors in the Yorkville Casino on East Eighty-Sixth street, empowering the wage scale committee and officers to arrange for the arbitration.

This action was taken only after Leo H. Rouse, president of the union, who had stood out against what he termed "unfair" arbitration, assured the members that there was nothing for them to do but accept the mandate of the executive council of the International Typographical Union, which was to accept the proposal of the employers for arbitration.

John McPartland, president of the International Typographical Union, explained to the members the reasoning process of the executive council in reaching his decision. In effect his remarks he said that the wage scale committee of "Big Six" had made a mistake in insisting upon an irreducible minimum as part of an agreement for arbitration. This was resented by Mr. Rouse, who reviewed briefly the situation existing in this city for the last few years. Mr. Rouse declared that he was unalterably opposed to "arbitration upward," but favored "arbitration downward." The employing

Alibis Clear Five Murder Suspects

Police Abandon Theory of Revenge in Killing of Patrolman Rueschle.

New York, Oct. 4.—After another day of investigation into the murder of policeman Jos. A. Rueschle, who was shot dead Wednesday morning while on duty at 160th street and Riverside Drive, the police were more convinced than ever last night that the police man was not killed for revenge, but was the victim of some person who killed him to get away when Rueschle tried to place him under arrest.

All the evidence in the case which at first seemed to point to five men whom Rueschle arrested of September 1 and charged with having weapons in their possession has been investigated until it has been fully cleared up, and the men have convinced the police and the District Attorney's office that none of them could have been present when Rueschle was killed. Two of them, Abraham Mochler and Edward Lewis, were released from custody yesterday after their alibis had been checked up and found to be reliable.

In investigating the story of Joseph Curry, one of the others, the police found a young man and woman, who have been looking for irrespective of Rueschle's murder in the person of Joseph Spitz and Anna May Morrissey. Curry lived with the pair at 450 West Fifty-third street. Spitz was wanted in connection with a robbery in the Bronx and the girl was a runaway. Detroit police have asked the police here to look out for her because her parents wanted her to come home. She was sent to Waverly House yesterday after she had told the police that she was a telephone operator in Detroit and eloped from there with a policeman. He married her here, she said, and then left her, and later she met Curry.

Mr. Rueschle was informed yesterday that she will receive \$1,500 a month from the honor relief fund of the Police Department. Her husband's funeral will be held today.

Megantic Brought Noted Passengers

White Star-Dominion Lines Made Fast Run, With Big List.

Montreal, Oct. 3.—Notwithstanding two days of bad weather the White Star-Dominion liner Megantic made her usual fast time across the Atlantic and arrived in port from Liverpool at 3:45 p.m. yesterday, reporting no untoward incidents during the trip. She brought to Canada a total of 1,229 passengers, there being a total of 1,269 in all, 414 in the cabin and 827 in the third class. Amongst the latter, who were discharged at Quebec, was a baby who was born on the ship, and was christened David Megantic Wiseman.

A number of prominent people were amongst the saloon passengers who landed here. Sir Charles Sykes, member of Parliament for Huddersfield, England, and director of the United Newspapers Limited, of London, arrived on his way to New York, where he will spend some three weeks on personal business. Sir Charles said that the business outlook in England had taken on a decidedly brighter tone in the last few weeks, and that there was now a genuinely optimistic feeling among responsible people. It would, however, be a long climb uphill before anything like normal conditions could be reached. Sir Charles said that the unemployment question now commands a much greater share of public attention in England than the Irish situation, regarding which there is every expectation of an early settlement. English people are taking a good deal of interest in Canada, he said, and believe that this country is bound to recover from the general depression quicker than any other. Sir Charles was accompanied by his son, Mr. Benjamin H. Sykes.

Not Prepared to Fight. It was asserted by Mr. Rouse that the executive council had stated that but for the present financial condition of the International Union they would have entered a fight with the employers. Later Mr. McPartland told the meeting that the present financial condition of the union and the unemployment situation throughout the country were decided factors against a strike.

Pending the arbitration the present scale of \$50 a week will remain in effect until December 1, next. The award of the arbitrator is to become effective on that day and may remain in effect for one year.

Signs, Extension Ladders and Trestles H. L. MacGOWAN & SON HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS

79 Prince Edward St. ST. JOHN, N. B.

HARNESS We have a few Military Riding Saddles, slightly worn, regular price \$35, which we offer to clear at \$15.

See our line of Driving Harness from \$25.00 a set upwards. Large stock trunks, Bags and Suit Cases at low prices.

H. HORTON & SON, LTD. 9 and 11 Market Square.

Soviet Suspects U. S. Relief Aids Spies Set to Watch Workers. Fearing Plot to Overthrow Bolshevik Rule.

Reval, via London, Oct. 4.—American relief workers in Russia are being closely watched by Soviet spies because of a suspicion that individual members will intrigue for the overthrow of Bolshevism. Every move they make is systematically noted, their conversations are frequently overheard and their communications which reach the foreign press at Riga are immediately communicated to an extraordinary commission. Their visits and their daily life are constantly under suspicion.

The man most responsible for this system of espionage is Leon Trotsky. Speaking of the famine relief before the executive committee of commissioners he expressed deep distrust of the Hoover organization, some of whose agents might, he said, engage in intrigues. In order to prove his point he produced a copy of The World's Work of June, in which a Captain Gregory of the American Relief, claiming to be Secretary Hoover's agent in Central Europe, wrote with some pride that he had set in motion an intrigue which resulted in the fall of the Bela Kun Government in Hungary.

"Apparently," said Trotsky, "Capt. Gregory acted with the full knowledge and approbation of Mr. Hoover. He used his position as food distributor to overthrow the Bolshevik Government at Budapest. He is still in Mr. Hoover's service and may be employed in some way to overthrow the Bolshevik Government at Moscow. If he is not sent to Moscow other American agents will be as unscrupulous as he may possibly be sent."

There is an example here in communications from a certain American, Captain "X" at Moscow, which have been sent directly back to the Russian authorities. His name appears on all of them. They are said to have been smuggled out to American correspondents at Riga. The communications may all be inaccurate, and in any case are harmless little tattle, though in the present excited state of the Bolshevik mind even little tattle is suspected.

One of the alleged communications describes a meeting of the Bolshevikist not exercised.

Business Cards

MARRIAGE LICENSES. MARRIAGE LICENSES issued at Wason's, Main Street and Sydney Street.

FILMS FINISHED. Send any roll with you to Wason's, Box 1243, St. John, N. B.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS And All String Instruments and Bow-Repairs.

STONEY GIBBS, 21 Sydney Street.

OXYGEN and ACETYLENE WELDING of all descriptions and in all metals. Auto and machine parts, tanks built up of any description and for any purpose. All work guaranteed.

MOORE WELDING WORKS. 'Phone M. 3836 27-31 Paradise Row.

ELEVATORS. We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand-Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.

E. S. HENNINGSON & CO. ST. JOHN, N. B.

ISAAC MERCER Carpenter and Builder, Shop, 10 St. Andrews Street, Residence, 157 Queen Street, Telephone, ..... Main 1170. All kinds of Jobbing Promptly Attended To.

BINDERS AND PRINTERS Modern Artistic Work by Skilled Operators. ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

THE McMILLAN PRESS 98 Prince Wm. Street. 'Phone M. 2740.

Designs and Estimates prepared to Customer's Requirements. EMERY'S CABINETMAKERS, UPHOLSTERERS

125 Princess Street St. John, N. B. Reproductions of Eighteenth Century Furniture.

W. Simms Lee, George H. Holder, P. C. A. C. A.

LEE & HOLDER, Chartered Accountants QUEEN BUILDING, HALIFAX, N. S. Rooms 19, 20, 21, P. O. Box 723 Telephone, Sackville, 1212.

Signs, Extension Ladders and Trestles H. L. MacGOWAN & SON HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS

'Phone Main 697. 79 Prince Edward St. ST. JOHN, N. B.

HARNESS We have a few Military Riding Saddles, slightly worn, regular price \$35, which we offer to clear at \$15.

See our line of Driving Harness from \$25.00 a set upwards. Large stock trunks, Bags and Suit Cases at low prices.

H. HORTON & SON, LTD. 9 and 11 Market Square.

Soviet Suspects U. S. Relief Aids Spies Set to Watch Workers. Fearing Plot to Overthrow Bolshevik Rule.

Reval, via London, Oct. 4.—American relief workers in Russia are being closely watched by Soviet spies because of a suspicion that individual members will intrigue for the overthrow of Bolshevism. Every move they make is systematically noted, their conversations are frequently overheard and their communications which reach the foreign press at Riga are immediately communicated to an extraordinary commission. Their visits and their daily life are constantly under suspicion.

The man most responsible for this system of espionage is Leon Trotsky. Speaking of the famine relief before the executive committee of commissioners he expressed deep distrust of the Hoover organization, some of whose agents might, he said, engage in intrigues. In order to prove his point he produced a copy of The World's Work of June, in which a Captain Gregory of the American Relief, claiming to be Secretary Hoover's agent in Central Europe, wrote with some pride that he had set in motion an intrigue which resulted in the fall of the Bela Kun Government in Hungary.

"Apparently," said Trotsky, "Capt. Gregory acted with the full knowledge and approbation of Mr. Hoover. He used his position as food distributor to overthrow the Bolshevik Government at Budapest. He is still in Mr. Hoover's service and may be employed in some way to overthrow the Bolshevik Government at Moscow. If he is not sent to Moscow other American agents will be as unscrupulous as he may possibly be sent."

There is an example here in communications from a certain American, Captain "X" at Moscow, which have been sent directly back to the Russian authorities. His name appears on all of them. They are said to have been smuggled out to American correspondents at Riga. The communications may all be inaccurate, and in any case are harmless little tattle, though in the present excited state of the Bolshevik mind even little tattle is suspected.

One of the alleged communications describes a meeting of the Bolshevikist not exercised.

Business Men's Dinner

served promptly from mid-day to 2:30 p. m. The season's menu is changed constantly and food prepared by skilled chefs under special sanitary conditions.

Dinner 60 Cents. LaFour Hotel DINING ROOM KING SQUARE

ROYAL HOTEL King Street St. John's Leasing Hotel, RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.

FRANCIS S. WALKER Sanitary and Heating Engineer. No. 14 Church Street

QUEEN INSURANCE CO. VICTORIA HOTEL

Better Now Than Ever, 37 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B. St. John Hotel Co., Ltd. Proprietors, A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

For Reliable and Professional OPTICAL SERVICE Call at S. GOLDFEATHER, Optometrist — 629 Main Street

POYAS & CO., King Square JEWELERS

Full lines of Jewelry and Watches. Prompt repair work, 'Phone M. 2965-11.

PATENTS FEATHERSTONHAUGH & CO.

The old established firm. Patents everywhere. Head Office, Royal Bank Building, Toronto; Ottawa offices, 5 Elgin street. Offices throughout Canada. Booklet free.

WANTED WANTED—Middle aged woman for general house work. 12 Charles street, off Garden street.

MAID WANTED for general house work, good wages. Apply Mrs. H. Warwick, 19 Goodrich St.

FOR SALE BUSINESS FOR SALE—Retail grocery business. Best location in city. Business done last year over thirty-five thousand dollars. For quick action \$25,000 cash; balance arranged. W. R. Thomas, 105 Charlotte street, St. John, N. B.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to R. C. Desrochers, Secretary Department of Public Works, Ottawa, are invited for the Alterations, etc., Post Office, Sussex, N. B.

Tenders will be received not later than Monday noon, October 10th, 1921. Plans and specifications can be seen and tenders obtained at the office of H. W. Waters, District Resident Architect, Department of Public Works, St. John, N. B.; from Mr. Robert Biggs, Caretaker Post Office Building, Fredericton, N. B., and from Mr. Thomas Cogswell, Caretaker Public Building, Sussex, N. B.

Tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied by the Department and in accordance with the conditions set forth therein. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent. of the amount of the tender. War Loan Bonds of the Dominion will also be accepted as security, or war bonds and coupons if required to make up an odd amount.

executive committee in the Kremlin, and says that Mr. Derzhinsky, ex-chief of the Extraordinary Commission, and still its guiding spirit, threatened to leave office if the International Relief Commission headed by Mr. Noullens the former French Ambassador to Petrograd, was allowed to enter Russia, and if the non-Bolshevik famine committee in Moscow was not dissolved.

Another communication describes a meeting of English and Americans in the premises occupied by the English trade delegate in order to discuss the Soviet's dissolution of the non-Bolshevik famine committees and the imprisonment of some of the co-mittees in it is further alleged that the communications quote Captain "X" as complaining of the difficulties he has encountered, and saying that it may be impossible for him to do anything.

Americans here readily see that such communications do no good to the cause of famine relief and may lead to the expulsion of some of the American workers if the greatest care is not exercised.

From HALIFAX to the WEST INDIES S.S. Caraque Oct. 14 S.S. Chaudiere Oct. 22 S.S. Chateaufort Nov. 11 S.S. Chignecto Nov. 25

From NEW YORK to HAMBURG (The Comfort Route.) Calling at Cherboung and Southampton. S.S. Oropesa Oct. 8 S.S. Orinda Oct. 22 S.S. Orbita Nov. 5

Ships of the West India Service sailing from Halifax call at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara, returning to ST. JOHN, N. B.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents. HALIFAX, N. S.

From HALIFAX to the WEST INDIES S.S. Caraque Oct. 14 S.S. Chaudiere Oct. 22 S.S. Chateaufort Nov. 11 S.S. Chignecto Nov. 25

From NEW YORK to HAMBURG (The Comfort Route.) Calling at Cherboung and Southampton. S.S. Oropesa Oct. 8 S.S. Orinda Oct. 22 S.S. Orbita Nov. 5

Ships of the West India Service sailing from Halifax call at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara, returning to ST. JOHN, N. B.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents. HALIFAX, N. S.

From HALIFAX to the WEST INDIES S.S. Caraque Oct. 14 S.S. Chaudiere Oct. 22 S.S. Chateaufort Nov. 11 S.S. Chignecto Nov. 25

From NEW YORK to HAMBURG (The Comfort Route.) Calling at Cherboung and Southampton. S.S. Oropesa Oct. 8 S.S. Orinda Oct. 22 S.S. Orbita Nov. 5

Ships of the West India Service sailing from Halifax call at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara, returning to ST. JOHN, N. B.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents. HALIFAX, N. S.

Province of Ontario

% Bonds Sept. 15, 1943

Price to Yield 6.10%

tern Securities Company Limited

John, N. B. Halifax, N. S.

of ewan

6 at 97 6.30%

NG & BELL

P. O. Box 1258.

URANCE h Companies.

RUCE, 'Phone Main 477.

PREMIER SOLINE rywhere

a quick, easy matter what the

nd cooler, you and the most size on Imperial

uperior quality cold weather.

LIMITED

ciated with in business, dependence to

LIMITED

L

AROUND THE CITY

THE GOVERNOR DINGLEY. The Boston line steamer Governor Dingley arrived yesterday from Boston with four tons of freight and thirty passengers. She leaves this morning with a good freight and passenger list.

TO BROCKTON FAIR. Manager H. A. Porter of the Exhibition, and W. H. Golding, chairman of the Amusement Committee left last evening to attend the Brockton Fair and inspect the various features with a view to their introduction here next year.

PLACING OBSTRUCTIONS. In the Juvenile Court yesterday before Magistrate Ritchie two boys were charged with placing obstructions on the N. B. Power Company tracks on Paradise Row. They pleaded guilty and were held pending the arrival of a third boy wanted for a similar offence.

ENROUTE HOME. Rev. G. M. Young and John J. Weddall, who have been in London, England, attending the ecumenical conference of the Methodist church, are to sail on Thursday for Montreal and are expected in Fredericton within the next two weeks.

AN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. The president and directors of the Old Ladies' Home received from Messrs. L. P. D. Tilley, K. C., and Harold Schofield, executors and trustees, the sum of three thousand dollars bequeathed to the Home by the late Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson. This generous bequest is gratefully received and acknowledged.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. Recent property transfers have been recorded as follows: St. John County. W. Baxter to Ida O'Leary, property in Simonds. S. H. Ewing et al to H. B. Brown, property on Fairville Plateau. East St. John Building Company to W. McCumber, property in Fairmount. E. H. Fairweather to H. Johnston, property in Sewall street.

Kings County. J. B. Edgar to C. A. Robertson et al, property in Hampton. F. H. Rouse to G. H. Fowles, property in Orange street. S. J. South to Catherine M. McCarthy, property in Rothesay.

Arrangements For Polling On Monday. Total of 124 Polls—79 in City, 25 County, 18 Albert and Two Advance.

Sheriff Wilson, deputy returning officer for the constituency of St. John-Albert, has about completed arrangements for the polling on Monday next on the importation of liquor into the Province for beverage purposes and will start giving out the boxes today or tomorrow. There is a total of one hundred and twenty-four polls in the constituency, seventy-nine in the city, twenty-five in the county, eighteen in Albert and two advance polls. It was some job, the sheriff said last evening to get these boxes all ready as there were over fifty articles to be put in each one of them and this meant that every one had to be gone over that many times. This year he said the officials at Ottawa had saved the deputy officers some work as they had placed pencils, pens, penholders and sealing wax in an envelope and all that was necessary was to place these envelopes in the boxes where formerly they had to put each of these separate items in.

Heavy Fines For Drinking. Two Men Each Fined \$208 for Being Drunk and Drinking in Public. Yesterday in the police court James Covey was remanded to jail and told he was liable to a fine of \$500 for non-support. Two men for being drunk and drinking in a public place each were fined \$208. A young woman who was arrested in company with a man and both charged with drunkenness was sent to the Monastery of the Good Shepherd for four months, the man was remanded to jail. The time of the court was mostly taken up with Traffic Violation cases. Frank Dykeman, Fred Russell, Frank Chouy, Michael MacCloskey and Fred Hyman pleaded not guilty to the charge of operating auto cars without the proper license. They were all fined \$10 after the evidence of Officer Linton had been given. James Rogers pleaded guilty to the same charge and was fined \$10. Dykeman said that he had gone to the city hall several times to get his number, but that there had been no one there. Thomas Dickens pleaded guilty to the charge of exceeding the speed limit and was fined \$10. Frank McGarrigle pleaded guilty to driving on the wrong side of Main street and was fined \$10. A charge against Joseph Kelleher street car motorman for stopping his car between 70 and 80 feet from a white pole was dismissed.

Clifton House, all meals 60c.

JURY BROUGHT IN THE VERDICT THAT EDWARD P. O'BRIEN WAS NOT GUILTY OF NORRIS MURDER

Accused Testified in His Own Defence, Thoroughly Describing His Connection With Companion When Barnerville Farmer Received Death Blow—Heard Groan and Saw Norris Lying on Ground With Thomas J. Spellman Near—Was Asked Later by Spellman Not to Say Anything About the Matter—Addresses by W. M. Ryan for Defence, Dr. V. B. Wallace for Crown and Judge Barry.

Edward P. O'Brien was found not guilty of the charge of murdering Albert Norris by the jury before whom he was tried in the circuit court yesterday. The foreman of the jury, A. Cadyman Ritchie, announced the verdict at 6.50 p.m., one hour and fifty-five minutes after the case had been left in the hands of the jury. His Honor, Judge Barry then declared O'Brien a free man, and he was released from custody. W. M. Ryan, who had ably conducted his defense, was the first to reach his side and shake his hand. After the jury were discharged by the judge, O'Brien shook hands with each one and thanked them for their verdict. Then a "sawdust" shower of those present came forward to shake his hand and congratulate him, following which he hastened home to his anxious family.

Norris Obtained Whiskey. Owing to the illness of a juror the case could not be proceeded with till the afternoon. When court then opened a vendor, J. H. Driscoll, stated that Norris came to his store and that he there gave him a case bottle of whiskey on a prescription issued by Dr. J. A. McCourt. That Norris went away and again returned and in consequence of a phone message from the doctor, he exchanged the bottle for one of King George whiskey.

Detective Scott. Barry L. Scott, Pinkerton detective, stated that he was present at detective headquarters on September 12 and took down in writing a statement made to Detective Biddiscombe by the accused. The copy produced in court was identified by Mr. Scott as the one made by him.

At this juncture the clerk read the prisoner's confession, which has already appeared in this paper. O'Brien's mother and sister, who were present in court, were visibly affected and obliged to leave the room.

Detective Biddiscombe. Patrick Biddiscombe, city detective, identified the confession produced, and corroborated Mr. Scott as to the writing given the accused. He said no inducements or threats had been made by him to secure the statement.

The Defense. Mr. Ryan opened the case for the defense. He said he would place the young prisoner on the stand and have him repeat in his own words the statement just read. A statement which in no way incriminated the accused, but which he had made freely and voluntarily, and which he would make again, calling on God as well as man to witness to its truth.

O'Brien Testifies. O'Brien, the accused, then took the stand in his own defense. He said he was twenty years of age, and had gone overseas at the age of 16 with the Battalion Battalion in the latter part of 1916, and served seven months in France. He knew John Spellman who was connected with the case, and who had also served overseas, and he had heard he was shell shocked. On the 8th of September he met Spellman in Haymarket square at two in the afternoon, and he (O'Brien) got three bottles of lemon extract which they drank together. Later they met a man named Denny, and he, O'Brien and Spellman drank a bottle of lemon which he had. After the man left O'Brien said he gave Spellman fifty cents and they got two more bottles which they drank. Both were pretty drunk by then.

According to O'Brien's statement he and Spellman drank eleven four ounce bottles of lemon between them between two in the afternoon and nine in the evening. A short while later they met Mr. Norris in front of Coe's store. Norris opened the conversation and Spellman asked him if he had any liquor. Norris said no, but he wished he had. Spellman said he could get some for him, and the three walked over to the Ryan building. All were talking in a friendly way. When they entered the house Spellman went up to the third story and asked a woman if Freddie Keefe was in, and she said no. Spellman then came down stairs. After some talk all went outside. O'Brien said that he noticed Norris had a bottle of whiskey and asked Spellman if he would snatch it, but Spellman made no reply. Norris was about a foot away and could hear him. Norris said, "Well, we'll have a drink anyway." O'Brien said he started to go in the house but Spellman said that they had better go into the alley.

Heard a Groan. The three went in the alley and nothing was again said about snatching the bottle. O'Brien said that he stepped out on the street to see if any inspectors or any one was coming. Then he noticed a groan as if a blow had been struck. He turned around and saw Norris lying on the ground and Spellman standing behind him. The bottle rolled to the sidewalk and witness picked it up and ran up the street to the corner of Hanover and Brix with Spellman following him. There they had a drink with Bernard L. Bowers in his house, there, later they had another with Byard Vanwart in an alley nearby. After that he and Spellman went to Clarence street where Spellman gave him a shove that knocked the bottle out of his pocket on to the street where it broke. It was then, he thought, he left Spellman.

Asked Not to Tell. Spellman came to his home the next morning at 9. His mother and sister were present and nothing was said about the night before. Spellman left and returned at eleven but again said nothing. After dinner O'Brien said he walked down to the Exhibition grounds with Spellman, and it was there Spellman said not to tell of what had happened, and he promised he would not. Spellman said something about what was in the papers and that he did not mean to hit the old man so hard. O'Brien concluded his statement by saying he had told the whole truth and had concealed nothing.

Judge Barry. Judge Barry in charging the jury said that the indictment charged that

Distribution of Hydro Current

Committee of City Commissioners and County Councillors Will Interview Gov't.

A contest in the Parish of Lancaster was introduced at the meeting of the Municipal Council yesterday and that hydro power and interconnection of the parish would be two of the issues discussed in the campaign for councilors. Councillor Campbell introduced a resolution that a committee composed of the City Commissioners, the County Councillors for the Parish of Lancaster, two of the Simonds Councillors and one from Musquash be appointed to interview the Provincial Government in regard to the distribution of the hydro current in the city and county and the committee have power to spend any money necessary to obtain any expert information they might require. This was seconded by Councillor Golding.

This did not meet with the approval of Councillor O'Brien at all. He contended that in this matter as Lancaster lay nearer the point of production than the city or Simonds it should be given first chance and if necessary incorporate to get the chance legislation along that line should be sweeping and he moved in amendment that the Parish of Lancaster be empowered to go to the Legislature with a bill setting up a corporation from the rest of the geographical position, to the distribution of the hydro power from Musquash and that parish be kept a separate corporation from the rest of the municipality. This was seconded by Councillor Denovan.

Councillor Schofield pointed out that under the Act the power must first be offered to the municipality and after some discussion the amendment was defeated and the motion carried.

Edward O'Brien A.M., acting jointly with Thomas Spellman, both acting together, murdered Albert Norris. The charge was a very serious one, and one which was to be found occurring too often in the land. There seemed to be a wave of serious crime sweeping over the country, and the people were looking to the jurors to see that those guilty were punished.

Under the criminal code a man could be charged with any other crime along with murder, but if the charge of murder is not sustained, it is open to the jury to charge the accused with manslaughter.

Both manslaughter and manslaughter come under homicide, homicide being the killing of a human being by any means whatever. It may be culpable or not culpable. Culpable manslaughter is an act which is unlawful but does not amount to murder, but if the charge of murder is not sustained, it is open to the jury to charge the accused with manslaughter.

The evidence was short and simple and offered no contradiction. Did they believe O'Brien when he said he did not know the blow was going to be struck. To convict him of murder or manslaughter it was necessary to show that he had hit the blow, but if it was manslaughter, he was present, and acted and abetted, he was guilty.

If they believed that the blow was struck by O'Brien or Spellman in furtherance of a common object it was clearly culpable homicide, and it was for the jury to decide whether it was murder or manslaughter.

There was another view, O'Brien said he did not know the blow was going to be struck. It was almost impossible to believe that O'Brien or Spellman thought it was necessary to kill if they could have snatched the blow from Norris with little trouble. This was a matter deserving serious consideration.

O'Brien was present, but took no part in it, although he did attempt to prevent it, he was guilty of a serious crime, but neither of murder or manslaughter, but if the jury were satisfied that he was guilty of the blow, and ready to assist in it, then he was just as guilty as his conspirator.

Assuming O'Brien and Spellman went out to commit an unlawful act, and that Spellman struck the blow, but that there was no common intent, then O'Brien could not be held guilty of the murder, but if there was a common intent, then both were guilty.

The evidence showed that O'Brien had first suggested seizing the bottle, and that he did first seize the bottle after Spellman hit the blow. As to the plea of the defense that defendant was a returned soldier, the judge said that because a man was a returned soldier that was no reason why he should be acquitted of crime.

While deferring to none in my admiration to those who fought at their empire's call, I have never thought and do not now think, that in judging of their innocence or guilt when charged with the commission of crimes at home, their past military achievements should be taken into account. To do that would be in effect to have one law for the returned soldier and another for the civilian, whereas both should be tried and judged by exactly the same law whether the accused is a returned soldier or not. It is not in the interests of the administration of justice, of public morality or order, and speaking generally, in the interests of the returned soldiers themselves.

Beaver Board The Ideal Wall Board for Beauty and Economy. For attractive, sanitary walls in your new home or office, for remodeling or freshening up the present one, Beaver Board admits of the most pleasing panneling effects and almost limitless decorative possibilities. It is easily applied, doing away with mass and dirt. Try Beaver Board over old, badly cracked plaster walls. You'll be delighted! We can furnish Beaver Board in the following sizes: 32x36"; 32x108"; 48x36"; 48x72"; 48x84"; 48x96"; 48x108"; and 48x120". W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. Hardware Merchants. Store Hours:—8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Open Saturday Evenings till 10 p. m.

PYREX Transparent OVEN-WARE. In Pyrex food bakes quickly, retains its flavor and you can watch it baking through the dish—the bottom as well as the top. Pyrex is sanitary, washes easily, keeps clear, never ages and is guaranteed not to break in oven use. There Are Pyrex Dishes for Every Baking Need. A complete set may be had at a moderate cost—start yours today—get it at Emerson & Fisher Ltd. 25 GERMAIN STREET

DRESS GOODS, 65c Per Yard. You very seldom hear of such a low price on any kind of Dress Goods, but during this special sale you can buy a very good quality for that price, and you also have quite a variety to select from. These are broken lines which we must clear to make room for the new fall and winter goods, so we have marked them all at a price that will clear them in a couple of days' selling. GET YOUR'S NOW. THEY COMPRISE 400 YARDS OF Serges, Checks, Stripes, Plaids, Granite Cloths. 65 to 75 King St. Macaulay Bros & Co. LIMITED. Exclusively a Woman's Store.

WORLD'S SERIES BASE BALL RESULTS FROM THORNE'S BIG BULLETIN BOARD. Beginning this afternoon about three o'clock, the results of the World's Series Baseball Games will be announced by half innings, from the big bulletin board, just erected on the Market Square building of Messrs. W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., who have made special arrangements for a telegraphic service for this purpose. This is the second season that local baseball fans have enjoyed this privilege through the courtesy of the management of W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd.

OPERA HOUSE. Matinee 2.30 Evening 7.30 and 9. Refined Vaudeville. Tuesday to Thursday ANTHONY AND ARNOLD in an Italian Comedy singing and talking skit entitled "WHEN GREEK MEETS GREEK". SANDIFER and BENSON (Colored) Comedy Entertainers in "Going to New Orleans" 3 Other Big Acts. SERIAL AND COMEDY.

Lengthy Terms In Dorchester. Three prisoners arrested yesterday His Honor Judge Armstrong yesterday afternoon under the speedy trials act and the trio were given lengthy terms in Dorchester Penitentiary. Edgar Bareham pleaded guilty to theft from W. H. Thorne and Co. Ltd., and for breaking jail. He was sentenced to six years for the first and two years on the second, both sentences to run concurrently. Fred Glynn pleaded guilty with breaking and entering a Union street garage and was given a term of four years in Dorchester. Stanley Simmons pleaded not guilty to a charge of using worthless checks. His trial was proceeded with, and he was acquitted guilty. He was sentenced to a term of six years in Dorchester.

CHARGED WITH ASSAULT. Louis Daley was arrested on a warrant last evening charging him with assaulting a young girl by striking her and beating her. One drunk was also arrested. Mrs. R. G. Fulton will receive at her residence 202 Princess street, Thursday, October 6th, from four until six o'clock. THE COLWELL FUEL CO. LTD. Have in stock all sizes Hard Coal. Phone West 17 and 90. COLLEGE INN FOR SALE. Great opportunity for live investor. For particulars, see today's Times-Star.

FREE NIGHT SCHOOLS for BOYS AND MEN are now open EVERY EVENING in the KING EDWARD SCHOOL corner of Wentworth and St. James streets, and in the ALBERT SCHOOL West St. John. Splendid Opportunity! Subjects taught: READING, WRITING, SPELLING and ARITHMETIC. The School Board will return the two dollar (\$2.00) registration fee on the basis of attendance.