

IS FAR FROM ROSY

Latest Telegrams From Rhodesia Indicate Serious Condition of Affairs.

Matabele Treachery - British's Naval Bulwarks and Their Impregnability.

Cape Town, Aug. 4.—The latest telegrams from Rhodesia report increasing numbers of cases of treachery among the friendly, who are supplying the insurgents with cartridges and food. The authorities have abandoned the idea of driving the insurgents out of Matopos hills, and have decided, instead, to build a chain of forts around them and starve the enemy. Twenty forts have already been commenced. These will be maintained after the revolt is quelled, as a refuge for settlers in the event of another outbreak. In addition, a permanent police force of 1000 men is to be organized.

An official dispatch received from Rhodesia yesterday stated that Captain White with 250 men, a seven-pounder and two Maxim's, has gone to the relief of the Hartley laager, and the latter has been relieved. The news from the column was that Captain White had taken up a position on the top of Kopje, which he was defending, and asked for food and ammunition. This it appears that the insurgents are only able to hold their own, owing to the altered tactics of the enemy. Sir Frederick Carrington admits that he needs more troops, but he is unable to feed or transport them owing to the prevalence of the fiddlers' war. The news from Rhodesia is far from rosy. Sir Frederick Carrington's forces seem capable of little more than holding their own. In fact, some of the recent fights look very much like reverses. The insurgents' tactics have proved to be the previous defeats inflicted upon them, and they now decline to rush into the open and provide food for the Maxim rapid-firing guns, which in recent encounters, have been almost useless.

London, Aug. 4.—The result of the naval manoeuvres just concluded has given a shock to Englishmen who imagined that Great Britain's naval bulwark was impregnable. The idea of the manoeuvres was that a foreign fleet was trying to reach Loughswilly and that a British fleet which was much stronger and faster had to prevent it. The foreign fleet met off Torbay, and the British fleet spread from Land's End to Cape Clear, but the latter was unable to reach Loughswilly and it went around the west coast of Ireland and succeeded in reaching Loughswilly unmolested. This was a completed reversal of what was generally expected, and it is a relation with Germany, which is an invading force in Great Britain is quite possible, even though a greatly superior naval force would be trying to bar the way.

The Post publishes a long article on the relations with Germany in the course of which it says: The maintenance of British interests in America, Africa and Asia may at any time involve the necessity of fighting America, France and Russia. It behoves us, therefore to consider our relations with the other powers. It is a fact that in January the question of how best to fight the British navy was seriously considered at Berlin and the plan of a campaign against England was worked out before, and we are bound to admit that the present tone of the inspired German press ought to put our statesmen on their guard.

An appeal of the British government against the acquittal of Capt. Luchaire, the Belgian officer who caused the English trader Stokes to be hanged in the Congo region for selling arms and ammunition to the natives, was opened to-day in Brussels before the superior court of the Congo state. Captain Luchaire was present in the uniform of his rank in the service of the Congo state, that of major-general. The day was occupied in a recital of the facts by one of the jurists. The Vienna correspondent of the Chronicle learns that the powers, with the exception of England, are preparing to blockade Crete.

The Porte's demand that Greece should stop the export of war materials to Crete has caused the Greek cabinet to resign, but the king refused to accept the resignation and ordered the minister of war, on his own responsibility, to stop the export. The Daily Graphic announces that patriotic Spaniards living in the Argentine have given a Clyde ship building firm an order for a cruiser of 4500 tons, to cost \$1,000,000 and to be delivered in 18 months as a gift to Spain.

SPAIN MEANS BUSINESS.

Negotiating with the Shipbuilders at Genoa for More Ironclads.

Madrid, Aug. 4.—The shipbuilders at Genoa with whom the Spanish government have been negotiating for the purchase of two ironclads have finally decided to sell to Spain the cruiser Garibaldi on the ground that Argentina has a prior right. Admiral Bermejo, the minister of marine, will in consequence send a commission of naval officers to negotiate for the purchase of two ironclads.

THE EXPEDITION DELAYED.

Herr Andree and His Balloon Trip to the North Pole.

Stockholm, Aug. 4.—News has been received from Spitzbergen that Prof. S.

A. Andree's balloon has been filled and was ready to start on July 25. The Virgo, with Prof. Andree's two companions and his apparatus on board, sailed from Tromsø on June 15. Since June 20 the expedition has been established in Pike's house, in the northern half of West Spitzbergen, opposite Danes Island. The stores and equipments have already been disembarked and the position was considered very favorable. As the explorer had planned that his preparations would be all completed and his balloon filled by the first week in July, it seems probable that some unexpected obstacle has been met with in completing the preparations.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES

Great Damage Done by a Hail Storm in the Prairie Province - B. C. Mines.

Why Gold is Being Brought Into Canada - Boating Accident - News Notes.

Winnipeg, Aug. 4.—The Free Press says: "British Columbia mines are now receiving world-wide attention, and the indications are that there will be a boom in that district before long. Already those in the mining regions are reported to have the gold fever in a very aggravated form, and its rapid spread is anticipated." C.P.R. Conductor Andrew Marsh, who has charge of a big hill in the mountains, passed through the city today on his way to England, where he will endeavor to float the stock of the Emperor gold mine, which is situated on the Bozark river. On account of the interest which English capitalists are taking in western mines, he anticipates no difficulty in disposing of his stock. Another C.P.R. conductor, Wm. Elson, nephew of William Elson of the mail department of the C.P.R. in this city, has a very rich claim adjoining the famous War Eagle property. Mr. Elson has been offered \$700,000 cash for a quarter of his claim. Bishop Dumoulin of Niagara is here en route to the Pacific coast. It is learned here that a considerable block of stock in the California mine, Kootenay, B. C., has been taken up by Quebec men. Frank C. Loring, the best miner of the west, has been engaged to develop this great mine.

A severe storm passed over a small portion of the province on Sunday night. The rain was accompanied by a heavy hail. The hail area appears to have been about twelve miles wide and to have travelled northwest of Glenboro across the Cypress river and southeast into the Tiger hills destroying everything in its path. From Cypress river, the Holland and Glenboro reports are that the hail has totally destroyed the crops of several farmers and severely damaged others. At Morden, also, there was some damage done, but the extent is not yet known. Considerable glass in the C.P.R. depot there was broken. There was also hail at Gretna, Rosefeld, St. Jean, St. Charles and other places, but no damage to the crops in these localities is reported. At St. Jean the Northern Pacific depot was considerably damaged, the platform being torn up and the roof partly blown off. At Baldr several farmers will lose nearly all their crops. At Brandon Miss Tomlin was struck by lightning and badly injured. Mr. Hagarst, Q.C., and Mr. McPherson have returned from Argyle, Minn., whether they went to examine a cast which was alleged to be that of the petrified man over which there was litigation here recently. The measurements of the body and of the cast do not agree, and there is no resemblance in features or form between the two. Those who were present at the examination expressed the conviction that the cast and the body have no relation to each other. Aimaiss and Lucky Boy, the Indians who were brought back from Monna and placed on trial for complicity in the Frog Lake massacre during the rebellion of 1885, have been acquitted by the authorities. Joseph Smith and Charles Temple, who left Edmonton in June for the Kootenay district, have both been found in an emaciated condition near Banff. They lost their way in the mountains and became separated. Search parties recovered Temple, while Smith was found lying unconscious beside the railway some 50 miles away.

Montreal, Aug. 4.—An interview with local bankers shows that the statement that Montreal banks are withdrawing gold from the United States on account of the nervousness in the Dominion over the currency question in the Republic, is not borne out by the facts. The gold being brought into Canada is for the legitimate requirements of the Canadian banks.

Southampton, Aug. 4.—Mr. Poole, photographer of Tara, left here Sunday evening in a row boat. Yesterday the boat was picked up with Poole's coat in it. It is feared he has been drowned. Hamilton, Aug. 3.—A dispatch from Buffalo states that Joseph Lofens, a boy belonging to this city, was killed there by a train on Saturday night. Tilsonburg, Aug. 4.—James A. Allan, an old and prominent citizen, died Saturday from blood poisoning, aged 65. Quebec, Aug. 4.—The bodies of Mrs. Mary McPherson and her little son, who some time disappeared at Pont Rouge on the river at Jacques Cartier mills, have been found floating in the river at the same place. Toronto, Aug. 4.—The provincial board of health in its annual report just issued shows that the province is comparatively free from contagious diseases.

CINCINNATI'S STORM

Much Property Destroyed and Many Prostrated by Lightning - Horses Killed.

Party of Three Meet Death in an Old Building Which Collapsed During the Gale.

Cincinnati, Aug. 4.—A terrific wind, rain and hail storm accompanied by blinding lightning, passed over this city on Saturday evening. The wind reached a velocity of sixty miles in the city proper chimneys and buildings were blown down and much minor damage was done. In the suburbs and districts outlying the damage was more severe. At Oakley the grand stand, clubhouse and other buildings of the race track were wrecked. Clifton the steeple was blown from the Elmwood M. E. church and a livery stable, a shoemaker and several other buildings were blown down.

At Camp Washington the eighteenth district school house was wrecked and the roofs were blown off the Cincinnati Abattoir, the Davis Packing Co.'s building, Cook's carriage works and one wing of the Cincinnati hospital were unroofed. Edward Seizer and John Hallinger were struck by lightning and are in a precarious condition. Charles Baue was killed at Avondale in attempting to throw a live telegraph wire out of his foot.

Many people here visited the scene of the hurricane of the northern suburbs. The public did not know what a narrow escape the city had. With the wind blowing sixty miles an hour and a rainfall of two inches within two hours, the weather bureau says the city was fortunate in escaping with only property damage. This was due to their being no funnel-shaped clouds, no twisting winds or whirlwinds. While the dark clouds burst the wind swept straight across the city and its suburbs. It unroofed hundreds of buildings that were occupied, but all the buildings demolished were either old structures, barns and sheds or buildings in process of construction. All the railways are entering the city today on time, but some of the street railways and the telephone lines are still disabled. Some congregations held services in new locations Sunday, owing to the destruction of their churches, but the general opinion expressed everywhere was that of thankfulness that the situation here and elsewhere in Southern Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky was no worse. The only death reported was that of Charles Bouhe, who picked up a telegraph wire that had blown into his yard on the Carthage road. The wire crossed a trolley that also had blown down. John Hammer, of Covington, Ky., also picked up a wire and was unable to release himself. His condition is still doubtful.

Among those who are prostrated from lightning shocks experienced are: Taylor Greenwald, Mrs. Oliver Greenwald, Mrs. A. Ritchie, Harry A. Marchant, William Zeisler, John Hollinger, Edward Chagger, Miss J. Deere, John Bricker, Edward Staggell, John Scharrid and Miss Nellie Finaid. The lightning struck hundreds of places in and about the city. Hundreds experienced severe shocks, who were not prostrated. Quite a number of horses were killed in stables that were struck by lightning or blown down. The weather has been pleasant and Sunday was devoted to clearing up and repairs everywhere. The baseball park had a large force of men at work before the afternoon game. The telegraph, telephone and railway companies had all available men on their lines.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 4.—At Columbus City, Ala., Maynard Covans was escorting Miss Bessie Proctor and Della Bishop, daughters of prominent families, for a walk, when a wind and rain storm came up and the trio stepped into an old building out of the storm. The wind increased in fury until the building collapsed, and all were caught in the debris. Covans and Miss Proctor were instantly killed and Miss Bishop so badly injured that death will result.

SIR WILLIAM GROVE DEAD.

Made Several Important Discoveries in Electrical Science.

London, Aug. 4.—The Rt. Hon. Sir William Robert Grove, D. C. L., LL. D., P. C. of R. S., died this evening. He was born July 11, 1811, and educated at Oxford, where he proceeded to the degree of M. A. in 1833. Two years later he was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn. Being temporarily prevented by ill health from following the legal profession, he turned his attention to the study of electricity, and succeeded in 1839 in contriving the powerful voltaic battery which bears his name, and the regular South Shore passenger train was compelled to return to Owen Sound on account of the flames and smoke. Several passengers fainted before the train got out of the fire belt. No rain has fallen for weeks, and everything on the ground is dry as tinder. Unless it rains soon there will be a vast amount of timber destroyed and other damage done.

My little boy, when two years of age, was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and luckily procured part of a bottle. I carefully read the directions and gave it accordingly. He was very low, but slowly and surely he began to improve, gradually recovered, and is now as stout and strong as ever. I feel sure it saved his life. I never can praise the remedy high enough. I am sorry everyone in the world does not know how good it is. As I do.—Mrs. Lina S. Hinton, Grahamsville, Marion county, Fla. For sale by all druggists. Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

SPANISH OFFICERS KILLED.

In a Hot Engagement Reported to Have Recently Occurred.

Havana, Aug. 4.—A hot engagement is reported to have occurred between Guianans and Melones in the district of Manzanillo, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, in which the per centage of loss suffered by the Spanish troops was exceedingly heavy. The official report has the number of Spaniards at one hundred, pitted against one thousand insurgents. The official report further states that Lieut. Gonzales and Pinedas, of the Spanish forces, were killed, together with fifty privates.

END OF A BIG DEAL

Greatest Speculation Ever Known in Chicago, Culminates in a Failure.

Chicago Stock Exchange Adjourned This Morning for an Indefinite Period.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—The speculative deal in Diamond Match and New York Stock Exchange has come to an end. Moore Bros. have failed. The greatest speculation ever known in Chicago has culminated in the failure of the people who were behind the deal. The Chicago Stock Exchange will adjourn at ten o'clock this morning for an indefinite period. This action was decided upon at a meeting held last night by the members of the Stock Exchange, the governing committee and a number of prominent capitalists. This meeting assembled informally after an announcement had been made yesterday afternoon by James H. Moore that margin calls could no longer be met. The announcement was made to a few men most highly interested, and it was thought best to call a meeting to discuss the situation. Those who assembled discussed the best means of restoring confidence after the shock which would be given to speculative circles by the announcement of the failure. It was the general opinion that it would be the wisest possible move to close the stock exchange for a period. Points were made that nearly the entire business at the stock exchange for weeks past has been the Diamond Match and New York Stock Exchange. The closing of the exchange would interfere only in the slightest degree with general financial affairs, and the present was a particularly opportune time owing to the unsettled conditions in the money market. It was felt that the closing of the exchange would be a relief to the public mind, and there has been as yet comparatively little trading in the August account. The governing committee of the stock exchange discussed the situation at length and passed a resolution to adjourn the exchange this morning indefinitely.

FOSTER'S ELECTION PROTESTED

Late Minister of Finance Served with a Notice To-Day - Poor Ammunition.

Ottawa, Aug. 4.—Hon. Mr. Foster was served with a notice that his election was protested to-day. The department of militia intends laying a protest with the war office in England against the character of the ammunition supplied to the Canadian force recently. Over half a million rounds are defective, and if possible part will be returned. The executive of the D. R. A. meets to-morrow to select ammunition. Three issues are available, the Canadian make of 1894, and Imperial of 1895, and of 1896, the 1885 ammunition being the output of the royal laboratory. The marine department has been notified of extensive poaching on the government oyster bed at Shediac, N. B.

DESTRUCTIVE FOREST FIRE.

Much Damage Done in Michigan - Several Towns in Danger.

Sault Ste Marie, Mich., Aug. 4.—Much damage is being done by forest fires in this vicinity. Last evening Gladis, a station eight miles from here, on the South shore road, was wiped out and the residents had to flee for their lives. Brimley is also threatened by this fire. Scores of farmers lost their homes and barely escaped with their lives. The regular South Shore passenger train was compelled to return to Owen Sound on account of the flames and smoke. Several passengers fainted before the train got out of the fire belt. No rain has fallen for weeks, and everything on the ground is dry as tinder. Unless it rains soon there will be a vast amount of timber destroyed and other damage done.

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ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. - U. S. Government Report

TO BLOCKADE CRETE

Great Powers, With Exception of England, to Interfere in Behalf of Turkey.

Li Hung Chang in the Commons - General News Cabled from Europe.

London, Aug. 5.—The Vienna correspondent of the Chronicle learns that the powers, with the exception of England, are preparing to blockade Crete.

The Porte's demand that Greece should stop the export of war material to Crete caused the Greek cabinet to resign, but the king refused to accept the resignations, and ordered the minister of war on his own responsibility, to stop the exportation.

Athens, Aug. 5.—The Mussulmans have burnt 2000 Christian houses in the village of Kahodike, in the province of Selice, island of Crete, and it is feared that the Christians as a reprisal, are burning the Mussulman villages. Hostilities have been resumed in various parts of Selice.

Canea, Crete, Aug. 5.—Extreme satisfaction is felt here among the Christians at the news that the governor of Candia, whose report of the recent pillaging and burning was not deemed satisfactory, has been replaced by Hassan Pasha, who formerly established such a satisfactory condition in the same district. This very prompt action of the Turkish authorities is a very good proof of the good will shown by the viceroy, who did his very utmost. Indeed he could not have done more or have acted more promptly. It is clear that George Berovitch, Prince of Samos, who at the request of the European powers was recently appointed governor-general of Crete in succession to Abdullah Pasha, intends to do all in his power to remedy the disorders existing in the island. Candia, which is situated about the centre of the northern coast of Crete, is the largest and most interesting town in the country. Of late the villages in the neighborhood have been the scene of burning and plundering, the Turks throwing the blame of the outrages upon the Christians and the Christians upon the Turks. The inquiry instituted by the governor-general (or viceroy) has shown the conduct of the governor of Candia to be not free of reproach, and this official has accordingly been replaced in office by Hassan Pasha, who hitherto has been acting as viceroy of Crete. George Berovitch Pasha, the governor-general, who has thus at a stroke, won the hearts of the Christian population of Crete, is himself a Christian. He is an Albanian of the Greek church, and was formerly muhavit, or vice governor of Crete, in which position he became well known in Candia. Previous to his recent appointment as viceroy of Crete he has in charge of the administration of Samos, and as such received the title of Prince of Samos, which officially belongs to the governor of that island. He earned in Samos the reputation of being an honest administrator. It may be added that as the viceroy of Crete he has to control over the Turkish troops, which still remain under the military command of Abdullah Pasha.

London, Aug. 4.—Li Hung Chang, the Chinese envoy, dressed in a yellow robe, accompanied by a number of attendants, was present in the house of commons to-day. He was escorted to a seat beneath the gallery and listened to the debate on the Scotch agricultural bill. The parliamentary secretary for state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain. In the afternoon Li Hung Chang had an audience lasting three quarters of an hour with the Marquis of Salisbury at the foreign office. The Chinese statesman was borne into the audience room in a chair in order to avoid the fatigue of mounting the stairs. He wore a yellow jacket and clear colored skirt.

The Times says in an editorial: "When definite proposals are made, England will be ready to discuss them on a business footing. If, on his return to China, Li Hung Chang will make a beginning by insisting upon an efficient protection of Europeans in the interior, the abatement of internal imports and will guarantee equality in treatment between the seaboard and land frontier trade and by satisfying us that the concessions will not be used to carry out the state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain. In the afternoon Li Hung Chang had an audience lasting three quarters of an hour with the Marquis of Salisbury at the foreign office. The Chinese statesman was borne into the audience room in a chair in order to avoid the fatigue of mounting the stairs. He wore a yellow jacket and clear colored skirt.

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In the house of lords last night, that body by a vote of 25 to 19, inserted a clause in the Irish laborers bill which the government resisted, as it would endanger the house of commons. The danger of the government caused a stir in the lobby. It has disconcerted the government, which fears that the Irish land bill will suffer considerably at the hands of the Irish landlord peers, among them the Marquis of Londonderry, the Earl of Winchelsea and the Duke of Abercorn, whose strictures on the land bill promise amendments in committee which is likely to cause trouble when the measure is returned to the house of commons.

A war correspondent returned to Cape Town from Matabeleland reports that Cecil Rhodes displayed great courage in the field while bullets were raining round him. The former premier said that he could not see that anything was to be gained by his going into a hot corner, but if he did not do so he would be counted with cowardice, therefore he ex-

posed himself unnecessarily to keep the mouths of his enemies closed. The correspondent declares that the Matabele rebels are surrendering. The fighting is now on a small scale. At Salisbury a famine is feared. A Bulawayo dispatch to the Chronicle, touching upon several recent skirmishes with the Matabeles with only trifling losses to the British side, says: "Our recent blows on the rebels are evidently telling." The financial difficulties of the Turkish government are most acute. The officials on the civil list have not received their salaries for seven months and when some of them complained they were arrested. The sultan is paying the officials out of his private purse and the negotiations in progress with London bankers to capitalize the Cyprus tribute have been broken off owing to the excessive demands of the Turkish government, which is estimated upon getting from this source the sum of £450,000 with which to replenish its coffers.

LI HUNG IN LONDON.

Will Soon Leave for the United States - The Times Comments on Him.

London, Aug. 4.—Li Hung Chang, representing the Emperor of China, arrived at Southampton on Sunday from Havre and was received by various officials of the British government. The distinguished Chinese visitor proceeded directly to London, where he was installed in Lord Leamington's magnificent mansion in Carlton House Terrace, which is to be his residence during his visit in England.

Li Hung Chang is the guest of the British government. It is announced that he will only stay for three weeks in England, at the end of which time he will sail for the United States. His departure is thus planned in order to enable him to catch the steamer Empress of China upon which he will sail for home from Vancouver. The Times has an article regarding Li Hung Chang's views and the object of his mission to England. The Chinese statesman considers that England could have prevented China's disastrous war with Japan. He desires as an evidence of sympathy that England should concede to China the right to make a substantial addition to the duties charged under the treaty between them upon goods entering Chinese ports. The fall of silver, Li Hung Chang contends, has rendered the revenue derived from these duties half of its original value. Japan has already secured a relaxation of the old restrictions. China's revenues will be devoted to the purchase of warlike stores in Europe. "He assures us," says the Times, "that he has great reforms ready to put in operation, including provision for a fleet and army which will give us a most powerful ally in any such event as she recently endured."

The first day in England of Li Hung Chang was quiet. His occupation was confined to a drive round Hyde Park and Pall Mall. He stayed at home for the remainder of the day.

LANDLORDS MAY TRIUMPH.

Possibility of the Irish Land Bill Being Amended Ere Final Passage.

London, Aug. 4.—In the debate on the Irish land bill, the Marquis of Londonderry, the Earl of Winchelsea and the Duke of Abercorn were the leading spokesmen for landlordism, and their strictures promise amendment in committee which are likely to raise some trouble when the measure is returned to the house of commons. The Chronicle says: "Unless the government has given some categorical pledges to the Irishmen in return for their support that is to save them from a great betrayal, if the landlord majority in the cabinet refuse to allow Mr. Balfour to destroy the house of lords' landlord amendments, the Irish will be caught in a cleft stick and will be too late to defeat the bill. A single night must finish the debate, and the government forces will joyfully unite to give the landlords their triumph."



Charles H. Eastabing.

Sick Headache CURED PERMANENTLY BY TAKING Ayer's Pills

"I was troubled a long time with sick headache. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I began taking Ayer's Pills that I received permanent benefit. A single box of these pills freed me from headaches, and I am now a well man." - C. H. Eastabing, East Abut, Me.

Awarded Medal at World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Best.

Advertisement for 'Light Soap' and 'Brighter' soap, featuring illustrations of soap boxes and text describing their benefits for cleaning and brightening.

Advertisement for 'Remedy for Men' and 'Light Soap', featuring a portrait of a man and text describing the benefits of the medicine and soap.

THE "SHACKS."

The Inspector of buildings has been doing a good work in condemning and pulling down old wooden shacks that have long since ceased to be of any use to their owners and have become a menace to public safety.

CONSERVATIVE LEADERSHIP.

When the Conservative government turns to Hugh John Macdonald as a leader, they must be in desperate straits, indeed. Hugh John Macdonald has yet to make a name for himself as a politician—to say nothing of statesmanship—before he can attain to anything like a leading position in the party.

VAIN IMAGININGS.

A few days ago Mr. Tarte made himself a cause of complaint among our Conservative friends by "lopping off mouldering branches" from his department. He was represented as a cruel, ruthless executioner, operating a political guillotine.

THE BY-LAW MYSTERY.

A royal commission would be appointed to enquire into the mystery of the rates and taxes by-law worked by Hon. J. H. Turner as found as his predecessor of putting the mayor and aldermen on the spit and roasting them over the fire of a government inquisition.

formers" would be able to show that they had not lived in vain. In the meantime until the mystery is satisfactorily solved, by-laws in their course through three readings will be specially guarded by a squad of policemen.

THE BRIDGE.

Mr. Boggs is a prophet not without honor—save in his own locality. That is, the Victoria West people do not agree with his mad about a steel bridge for general and tram car traffic.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Since Mr. Tarte became minister of public work he has thrown some light upon the grossly muddled condition in which he found that department, and more revelations are yet promised.

"The trouble is that when the department of railways and canals was taken from public works in 1879, Sir Hector Langevin, who became minister of the public works, adopted the system of employing only a small permanent staff and appointing a very large number of extra and temporary clerks, some of these extra clerks had been appointed by the Macdonald administration and some even before that so that the only has been presented of 'temporary' clerks being given steady employment for twenty-five years or more, without even being in the civil service at all or contributing one cent to the superannuation fund, on which they, of course, have no claim.

"Since Sir Hector left the department the system has not been greatly changed, although a special vote has been taken each year for paying the extra clerks instead of their salaries being paid out of the appropriation for works, but very few of them have been placed on the permanent list, and to-day there are about one hundred and twenty extra and temporary clerks to something like thirty permanent in the department."

FREE WITH PUBLIC MONEY.

Our Ottawa correspondent to-day mentions some facts connected with the department of Indian affairs which serve to show how completely rottenness permeated the late administration at Ottawa. It is hard to imagine anything more dastardly than the plundering of the Indian wards of the country for the benefit of political favorites, but that is the offence charged against those who have of late controlled the department.

At the last council meeting Ald. Macmillan moved to reduce Dr. Duncan's salary from \$92 to \$80 per month, but the motion was lost. Ald. Macmillan pointed out that the medical officer retained his position by a minority vote of the aldermen. But the alderman is very greatly mistaken if he imagines that Dr. Duncan would resign in consequence of a reduction in salary.

Of all the foolish political rumors that have been circulated lately, about the most absurd is that which credited Mr. Chamberlain with the idea of appointing Sir Charles Tupper governor-general of Canada in succession to Lord Aberdeen. Mr. Chamberlain cannot have so far lost his senses that he would think of insulting the Canadian people by making any such appointment.

THE FAVORITE THREE. Known All Over Canada—Everybody Has Words of Praise for the Three Great South American Remedies—Abundance Specific for Kidney, Rheumatic and Nervous Troubles—They Relieve in a Few Hours.

THE KIDNEYS—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases are relieved in six hours by South American Kidney Cure. This is a great surprise and depression in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing, almost immediately. It will cure Bright's disease and diabetes after all pills and powders have failed; as it being a liquid and solvent, dissolves the sand like particles which always appear in the blood of persons troubled with these disorders. A teaspoonful of this can not possibly do this as neither is a solvent. Use South American Kidney Cure if you would live and enjoy health.

THE STOMACH AND NERVES.—Mrs. Capt. Hackley, of Owen Sound, was one on whom La Grippe had left its marks. She seemed never to have completely recovered from an attack, and all the doctoring had only a temporary effect. She tried South American Nerve and says the first bottle gave her hope, and, continuing its use, a short time she completely regained her strength. Use South American Nerve if you seem to be wearing out. It will rebuild the life forces with surprising rapidity.

taught a lesson about legal and illegal election expenditures. Taking this view of the case, the men who protested the Victoria election are entitled to the thanks of Messrs. Prior and Barle, who will thus be enabled to conduct their next election with an expenditure less by \$50,000 than the last.

If the Municipal Reform Association would show the council the quickest, best and most economical way to complete the sewerage system, and then how to pave the streets in the business centre of the city, and after that how to fix the mud flats, dispense with unsightly poles on the streets, and generally how to beautify the city—and all this without increasing taxation—it would prove to be a very valuable and public-spirited association indeed.

New York, Aug. 6.—The suspension of Steven R. Post has been announced at the Cotton Exchange. S. Michelbacher has also been suspended. He says his contracts are all covered and his suspension is only temporary.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—After another month's skirmishing and sparring for position among the attorneys involved, the trial of the late testator's will has been finally secured in the history of the United States is now at hand. By an order issued by Judge Stack yesterday Meritt's so-called pencil will, the document pronounced by Mrs. Nettie K. Craven as the last testamentary disposition of the millionaire James G. Fair, his millions of money and property will be decided at once and legal dickerings on the part of the lawyers will give way to a determination of the questions at issue.

Have the Opposition liars at Ottawa taken a vacation? Not a line about British Columbia Liberals and cabinet representation has appeared for at least two whole days. Probably the Old Lady has reformed!

The Municipal Reform Association, it may be safely assumed, will not enter action against the members of the council individually to compel them to pay the money expended on Point Ellice bridge. We will do them the credit of believing that they are not such fools as to enter upon a legal fight so uncertain in its results as the course of a boomerang is to an inexperienced thrower.

Ottawa, July 29.—The Indian department which should be absolutely non-political, had been run of late by the Tory government altogether on political lines. This has been especially so since the transfer of Mr. Hayter Reed from Regina to fill the position of assistant superintendent general of Indian affairs in the room of Mr. Vankoughnet, who was placed on the supernumerary list by Hon. T. M. Daly.

One of the first acts of Mr. Reed was to change the regulations of the department so that timber limits could be disposed of by tender instead of by auction. The result of this change was that Messrs. Klock & Co., lumbermen, North Bay, obtained for \$12,000 the Tebecalmungue timber limit, which was valued by the department at \$27,000 or \$28,000. There was no necessity for selling this limit unless the amount of valuation put upon it was obtained. In default, to dispose of it otherwise was to defraud the Indians out of a large amount of money which they otherwise would have received if a purchaser was at hand.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

ACROSS THE BORDER

Two Big Failures in New York—National Bank of New Orleans Closes Its Doors.

A Soldier Shot Down by Rioters in the Streets of Cleveland, Ohio.

Extreme Heat in Wisconsin and Michigan—News Notes From Many Points.

New York, Aug. 6.—The suspension of Steven R. Post has been announced at the Cotton Exchange. S. Michelbacher has also been suspended. He says his contracts are all covered and his suspension is only temporary.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—It is reported on excellent authority that trading in accounts of the Chicago Stock Exchange will be suspended for thirty days after the exchange is opened. It is also probable that all deals in future operations will be limited to a week or ten days.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—After another month's skirmishing and sparring for position among the attorneys involved, the trial of the late testator's will has been finally secured in the history of the United States is now at hand. By an order issued by Judge Stack yesterday Meritt's so-called pencil will, the document pronounced by Mrs. Nettie K. Craven as the last testamentary disposition of the millionaire James G. Fair, his millions of money and property will be decided at once and legal dickerings on the part of the lawyers will give way to a determination of the questions at issue.

Pittsburg, Aug. 6.—State Chairman Leslie, of the People's party, says the National leaders have a scheme to "dump" both Sewell and Watson and elect Joe Sibley, of this state, who refused the vice-presidential nomination when he would have been acceptable to the Populists, and is now sorry he did so.

St. Joseph, La., Aug. 6.—Some days ago a respectable white woman employed as a domestic in a prominent family in Franklin parish was sent across the Texas river on an errand and failed to return. A searching party has found her mutilated body in the woods. Supt. pointed to a white tramp who had been seen near there. Dogs were used to track him down. He confessed he had outraged and then murdered the woman. The crowd bound the wretch, staked him to the nearest tree, and after burning the body and ridding it with bullets, quietly dispersed.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, July 29.—The Indian department which should be absolutely non-political, had been run of late by the Tory government altogether on political lines. This has been especially so since the transfer of Mr. Hayter Reed from Regina to fill the position of assistant superintendent general of Indian affairs in the room of Mr. Vankoughnet, who was placed on the supernumerary list by Hon. T. M. Daly.

The second act of Mr. Reed was the placing on the market of the Indian lands at Maniwaki to satisfy the wishes of Charles Logne, who has been for

years an enthusiastic Conservative worker in the county of Ottawa, where Maniwaki is located. So as to be on the band of the Indians interested, and whose consent ought to have been obtained, was ignored, and large sums of money paid to certain Indians individually as to keep them quiet. John Bull so one of these Indians. He got some \$300 or \$700.

Since Mr. Reed reached headquarters the Indian act has been changed so that members of a band can borrow money from the capital of the bands to make improvements. Everyone who knows the Indian character is aware that he will borrow all the money he can and spend it as soon as he can. On the largely drawn on their funds in the way, and it can easily be seen how in this letter of this kind could be used with good effect in the hands of a man like Mr. Reed and a Tory agent like S. D. Cameron, of Bradford, during the election in South Brant, when Mr. Cameron was defeated. It is possible that due to this. If Dr. Montague succeeded in deluding the Indians to vote for him in Haldimand because of the promise made him in the Queen's name, how much more effectively could the leverage referred to be used against the Indians.

North Brant may again meet with similar difficulties. There is no doubt that the firm of Creighton Bros., who have been in the habit of selling goods to the Indians on credit, and then getting the department to pay their alleged exorbitant amounts from the hand of the government, has succeeded in getting this credit system established as far as making the department in any way a party thereto. Now, however, the system is in full blast, and recently Mr. McKee, who sat for two years in the department with Mr. Reed's full knowledge without doing a stroke of work, was sent up to examine the accounts of this firm against the Indians. He is reported to have found that the firm had got the Indians to acknowledge a larger indebtedness than they actually owed. Such, at any rate is the report at headquarters. This was with the view of getting a good haul from the funds of the band, with the sanction of the department, in payment of these accounts. Instead, however, of taking action against the firm, the department sent Mr. McKee the second time to Owen Sound in order to effect a settlement. It is scarcely necessary to say that the firm has heretofore given active support to the Tory party. It is also reported that a former official who was sent to examine the accounts, received a gold watch from the firm.

If all these things, which are reported to be correct, it will be seen how absolutely essential it is that Mr. Hayter Reed should be transferred where his usefulness would be appreciated. SLABTOWN.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected. Victoria, Aug. 6.—Owing to the large number of people who are spending their holidays away from the city, the volume of retail trade, during the past week, has been less than for months previous. Oranges which have been out of market for some time, have again appeared, a consignment having been received from Australia by the Warrimoo. Fruits continue scarce and there is a slight increase prices. Below are the retail quotations corrected to date: Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour, \$5.25 to \$5.50. Lake of the Woods flour, \$5.25 to \$5.50. Ranier, per ton, \$25.00 to \$25.50. Snowflake, per ton, \$28.00 to \$29.00. X X X, per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Lion, per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Premier (Enderby), per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Three Star (Enderby), per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Superfine (Enderby), per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Salem, per ton, \$45.00 to \$47.50. Apples, per ton, \$30.00 to \$35.00. Oranges, per ton, \$25.00 to \$30.00. Barley, per ton, \$28.00 to \$30.00. Middlings, per ton, \$20.00 to \$25.00. Bran, per ton, \$20.00 to \$25.00. Ground feed, per ton, \$25.00 to \$27.00. Corn, whole, per ton, \$25.00 to \$27.00. Corn, cracked, per ton, \$25.00 to \$27.00. Cornmeal, per ton, \$25.00 to \$27.00. Oatmeal, per ten pounds, \$5.00 to \$6.00. Rolled oats, (Or. or N.W.), \$5.00 to \$6.00. Rolled oats, (B. & K.) 7 1/2 sacks, \$5.00 to \$6.00. Potatoes (new) per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Cabbage, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Cauliflower, per head, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Hay, baled, per ton, \$8.00 to \$12.00. Straw, per bale, \$1.00 to \$1.50. Green peppers, cured, one doz., \$2.50 to \$3.00. Onions, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Spinach, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lemons (California), \$1.25 to \$1.50. Bananas, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Apples, Australian, per box, \$3.00 to \$4.00. Apples, California, per box, \$3.00 to \$4.00. Cherries, white, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Cherries, red, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Gooseberries, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Raspberries, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Appricots, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Oranges (River-side), per doz., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Pine Apples, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Cranberries, Cape Cod, per gallon, \$1.25 to \$1.50. Rhubarb, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Fish—salmon, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Smoked bladders, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Herring, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Eggs, Island, per doz., \$2.00 to \$2.50. Eggs, Manitoba, \$2.00 to \$2.50. Butter, creamery, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Butter, Delta creamery, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Cheese, Cheddar, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Hams, American, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Hams, Canadian, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Bacon, American, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Bacon, rolled, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Bacon, long clear, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Bacon, Canadian, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Shoulders, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Lard, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Sides, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Veal—beef, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Mutton, whole, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Spring lamb, per quarter, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Pork, fresh, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Pork, sides, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25. Chickens, per pair, \$1.00 to \$1.50. Turkeys, per lb., \$1.00 to \$1.25.

SPAIN IS

Troubled of a Series Fomented by a Insurgents. Dangerous Feeling in the Country. Number of Conflicts and Police Have O.

Madrid, Aug. 6.—The nature is being fought particularly in the provinces of the Cuban Minister of the Interior, yesterday, in the chamber that a number of plain the cause of the Cuban insurgents, who prevent the departure of the troops. The hitherto popular have been the impossible step made necessary strain the government's resources to the campaign against the Cuban insurgents, who prevent the departure of the troops.

In addition, many received from different by relatives of the serving in the army, the such terrible tales of incompetency, to say nothing of the government's strength day by day. A number of conflicts and the police and soldiers, several persons have been shot, and a large number of revolutionaries hope, will serve to their cause and extend the sympathy of the roads in Valencia are being guarded, troops are being pushed forward to the various districts of the further trouble is feared.

Madrid up to the Spanish officials, blaming the United States for the trouble in this country. The Spanish officials, blaming the United States for the trouble in this country. The Spanish officials, blaming the United States for the trouble in this country.

AT SHOEBURY

British Team Capture General's Cup. Shoeburyness, Aug. Canadian artillery team is victorious in this repository competition for General of Canada's curish team won with a score of 223 to the credit of the

WELCOMING LAURIER

Citizens of Ottawa Tender a Reception to Great Liberal Chief-Tain To-Night.

Determined That It Shall Excel in Magnificence Any Similar Affair Ever Held.

W. E. Browne of Ottawa, Under Arrest Charged With Fraud-Election Protests.

Ottawa, Aug. 5.—The weather does not look well for the Laurier demonstration to-night, but whether it rains or shines, the Liberals are determined to make it a great success.

Banners and mottoes are already to be seen at different points in the city and evergreen arches are being constructed. It was threatening rain all morning and towards noon there were occasionally showers, but any amount of wet weather will not be sufficient to dampen the ardor of the Liberals, who are determined to give such a reception to the Liberal leader as no public man ever got in Canada.

Mr. Laurier will arrive at 8:25 p.m. by the C. P. R., and will be escorted through the city to Carleton Square, where he will receive an address. Mr. Laurier will be the only speaker. Nearly all the ministers will be in the city to-day to attend the demonstration.

W. E. Browne, a boot and shoe dealer, was arrested to-day at the instance of James Robertson, a wholesale merchant of Montreal, for getting the firm to make certain transfers of goods to W. J. Saunders with intent to defraud. Browne's bookkeeper was also arrested.

Halifax, Aug. 5.—The election prospects in Nova Scotia include Colchester, Victoria, Yarmouth, Digby, Inverness, Cape Breton, Richmond and Lunenburg counties. Nine are against Conservatives, including two each in Pictou and Cape Breton. The Digby one is against the Liberals, member A. J. Copp. The Conservatives have filed a petition in Cumberland against the election of Logan, Liberal, who defeated Hon. A. R. Dickey.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, minister of finance, was elected by acclamation in Shelburne county, N. S., to-day.

J. G. King, member-elect for Queens and Sunbury counties, N. B., has retired to make a vacancy for Hon. A. G. Blair, minister of railways and canals, and has addressed a letter to the electors of the joint counties giving his reasons for the step and asking their support for Blair.

Charlottetown, Aug. 5.—The Liberals have filed petitions against Hackett in West Prince, McDonald in Kings, and Martin in East Queens.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—At a meeting of Liberals, called for the purpose of adjusting the accounts of the late election in this city, the question of the Interior portfolio was introduced and discussed, with the result that it was decided to ask the government to appoint Mr. Jos. Martin to the position. The decision of the meeting will be communicated to Mr. Laurier at once.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—In a speech at his election for St. John's and Iberville, Mr. Tarte, minister of public works, referred to the story of La Patrie to the effect that Mr. Laurier had sent a delegate to Manitoba to treat with the religious authorities for a settlement of the school question. "I declare here," said Mr. Tarte, "with emphasis, 'La Patrie' has not authorized anybody to approach the religious authorities in connection with the schools. We are confident that in a few months the question will be settled to everybody's satisfaction, for Mr. Laurier has adopted the only reasonable policy, a policy of conciliation."

Be Well and You Will Be Happy. Paine's Celery Compound Nature's Avenue to Health.

Many ladies who have been deceived by the imitation dyes so often sold by some dealers and druggists ask the question: "Why will these merchants persist in selling us dyes that are positively worthless?" This question is easily answered. The dealers who sell these common dyes do so for a very selfish object—big profits. They buy these crude and poisonous dyes for much less than the celebrated Diamond Dyes cost, and they are sold to the ladies at the same price, ten cents per packet. The dealers in this way make long, big profits, while the deceived consumer must suffer loss at every time of using.

FROM MANY POINTS

Fourteen Hundred Employes of a Chicago Shipbuilding Firm Go on Strike.

Quarrel of an Editor and a Deputy-Marshal in the Streets of San Francisco.

Sale of Northern Pacific Land-Items of Interest Gleaned in Great Republic.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Fourteen hundred employes of the South Chicago Ship Building Co. struck last night, which will necessitate, it is said, the closing of the yards. The strike was organized by three hundred boys, employed as riveters, whose wages were cut from \$1.50 to \$1.25 a day. The men riveters, 1100 in number, followed their example.

Guthrie, O. T., Aug. 5.—Bill Doolin, the outlaw who escaped from the U. S. jail in this city four weeks ago, was surrounded by deputy marshals at Weverka, last night. A desperate fight occurred and during the fusillade of shots Doolin escaped. Deputy F. M. Gregory and Horace Reynolds were killed. San Francisco, Aug. 5.—Dave Naegel, U. S. deputy marshal, who killed David Terry seven years ago while acting as a body guard to Justice Field of the United States supreme court, became involved in a serious altercation last evening with James H. Barry, editor of the Star, a weekly paper, with a strong anti-corporation policy. In the latest issue of the Star was published the biography of Naegel, in which the latter's record and character was severely criticized. The two men met at Montgomery street, and pointing to the article in the Star, Naegel demanded, "Did you put that in?"

Salisbury is Shaky. Strong Possibility of the Defeat or Withdrawal of the Irish Land Bill.

Li Hung Chang Presents His Compliments to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

Discontent in Spain Over the Cuban Campaign—General Cable News Items.

London, Aug. 5.—Although the defeat of the government in the house of lords yesterday was unimportant in itself, for the bill was only a minor measure and the house was almost empty when the division was taken, yet it is likely to have far-reaching consequences. The lords who voted against their own party were most active in their opposition to the Irish land bill. If, then, they persist in their hostile attitude, it means the defeat of the latter, the most important measure in the house of lords. Lord Balfour and the Duke of Devonshire held a long conference last evening, and it is reported on good authority that the conclusion reached was that unless an concession is received from Lord Arran and friends of non-hostility to the bill, it had better be dropped. This course will seriously discredit Lord Salisbury's already discredited government.

Li Hung Chang to Portsmouth to-day, in order to cross the Solent to the Isle of Wight and visit the Queen at Osborne. His reception at Portsmouth by a number of distinguished naval officers and others, and a salute of 19 guns was fired when he boarded the royal yacht Alberta, which was in waiting. Upon leaving Portsmouth the yacht made a detour and gave the distinguished traveler a view of the large warships assembled in these waters and also permitted him to see about the largest and most attractive fleet of pleasure craft ever assembled in the Solent. The Chinese statesman was saluted by the fleet and continued on his way to the city wharf, Cowes, where he was received by the Prince of Wales, who escorted him to Osborne. The Marquis of Salisbury, who presented Li Hung Chang to Her Majesty, had preceded the Chinese envoy to the Isle of Wight. The Arctic expedition headed by Sir Martin Conway and his nephew has, says a Cromer, Norway, dispatch, accomplished the first crossing of Spitzbergen, from east to west. In the central portion of the island was found a vast ice plateau.

Serious fighting is reported from Macedonia. Two hundred insurgents inflicted severe loss on 300 Turkish troops at Sarantapor's Pass, near Ellassou. Two bodies of insurgents at Karatitsa, after two days hot siege by 1,200 Turks, cut their way through towards Sorovitsa.

Hassam Pasha has been reinstated as governor of Heraklion in the island of Crete as being the only man able to cope with the situation. On his refusal to resign, a mob of Mussulmans, who were bringing in the bodies of two Mussulmans shot by the insurgents, was torn from his horse and severely maltreated. The situation is critical.

Valencia, Spain, Aug. 5.—There has been considerable excitement here recently caused by popular demonstrations against the action of the government in sending additional reinforcements of troops to Cuba, and a number of people have been arrested for attempting to prevent the soldiers from embarking on board the Spanish transports.

Lisbon, Aug. 5.—It is again stated here in the newspapers that Great Britain has recognized the sovereignty of Brazil over the island of Trinidad, off the coast of Brazil. Similar statements were made in February last and have been repeated at intervals.

Merit in medicine means the power to cure. The great cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla prove its unequal merit.

BRITAIN'S NEW TERRITORY.

Work of the Anglo-French Boundary Commission.

A representative of Reuter's Agency has had an interview with Lieut.-Col. Trotter, the chief commissioner of the Anglo-French Boundary Commission of the Sierra Leone French Guinea Frontier, who has just reached England from West Africa. Regarding the work of the commission Col. Trotter said: "I left England in November last for Freetown, where I was joined by Capt. Tyler, R. E., French commissioner, and I at Freetown, the chief commissioner, Capt. Passaga, the chief commissioner, Capt. Cayrade, and Capt. Millot. Our object was to delimit the boundary fixed by the Anglo-French agreement of January 21, 1895, with regard to the territories from the Niger sources to the Atlantic coast. The commission left Freetown on December 18 with 500 natives and carriers. We had a military escort of frontier police, while the French commissioners were escorted by a force of Singalese troops. From Freetown we traveled by colonial steamer to the Sierra Leone to Port Lokko, where we disembarked and proceeded via Bundu to Kruko and Bamondo. The latter town which is an important one of the chief towns of the Kuranko country of the Sierra Leone hinterland, and the frontier. Its chief importance lies in the fact that it is the only town that withstood the Sofa invasion. We found it guarded by strong double timber gates, the entrance to which was situated on the top of a hill among granite boulders. It occupies a very strong position, especially for the purpose of native defence. We reached there on January 8th, and found that the French post had been withdrawn. I formally declared the place to be British and presented the chief with a Union Jack. Moreover I established a police post there with orders to make the chief take down the gates and destroy the fence surrounding the place.

Leaving Kurungo, we marched to Jembikunda, where the Niger rises to the point where the Anglo-French frontier of the greatest geographical interest, as it had practically never been explored before, and its actual position had never been fixed, although it had been visited by French officers. The source of the Niger is a tiny trickling spring issuing from a hole in a deep rock. At the bottom of this spring we found a small bottle containing a notice that Captain Bourt, a French officer had visited it. So superstitious are the natives that they would not touch the water, which they regard as the abode of the devil. There are villages in the immediate neighborhood, but none of the people will go near the spring, and the natives who guided us to the place, although they had been offered a large sum of money, refused to offer sacrifices to appease the evil spirit of the place. We remained at this spot, which is French by agreement, for four five days and once commenced the survey of the boundary. The first engine—the Shark—had its chimney torn clean off, and after burrowing in the earth to the depth of a couple of feet came to a standstill within a yard of an embankment, which had the engine gone over it. The engine was a drop of ten to fifteen feet, and the almost certain death of the driver and fireman. The seven coaches, containing, as nearly as can be estimated, from thirty to forty passengers, were tipped over and flung against the side of the embankment. The driver, several of them being smashed beyond description; and yet, wonderful to tell, all the occupants except one escaped more or less injured. The unfortunate passenger who was killed was traveling in a third class compartment alone. A fearful crash resulted as the two mighty engines—splendid specimens of Crewe handiwork—tore up the permanent way, crashed down two immense telegraph poles, and knocked into a workmen's cabin built of sleepers. The front engine—the Shark—had its chimney torn clean off, and after burrowing in the earth to the depth of a couple of feet came to a standstill within a yard of an embankment, which had the engine gone over it. The engine was a drop of ten to fifteen feet, and the almost certain death of the driver and fireman. The seven coaches, containing, as nearly as can be estimated, from thirty to forty passengers, were tipped over and flung against the side of the embankment. The driver, several of them being smashed beyond description; and yet, wonderful to tell, all the occupants except one escaped more or less injured. The unfortunate passenger who was killed was traveling in a third class compartment alone. 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IN EASTERN CANADA

Mysterious Case of a Missing Nurse Reported to the Toronto Police.

Canada's Two Trunk Lines-The Storm in Manitoba-General Canadian News.

Toronto, Aug. 5.-A mysterious case of a missing nurse girl has been reported to the police.

A dispatch from London says a prominent member of the stock exchange declines that Lord Hamilton and Sir Henry Tyler are endeavoring to corner the stock of the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific in order to bring about a change of management.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.-Further reports indicate that the damage done to the crops by hail on Saturday and Sunday was very considerable.

Montreal, Aug. 5.-Rev. Abbe Leclere has been appointed superior of the Canadian College in Rome to succeed Rev. Abbe Daberville, who has returned to Montreal owing to ill health.

Severn Bridge, Aug. 5.-Angus McCracken, of Sparrow Lake, was found in his barn hanging by the neck.

Hamilton, Aug. 5.-Thomas Wilkinson a farmer aged 63, is dead from paralysis. One of his sons, Thomas, is a British Columbia newspaper man, and another son, James, is in the Northwest.

Whitby, Aug. 5.-The hotel at Whitby Junction, one of the oldest buildings in town, owned and occupied by "Doc" Tye, was burned early yesterday morning.

Port Hope, Aug. 5.-Fred Smith, 9 years of age, was drowned while bathing.

Stouffville, Aug. 5.-Merritt, the six-year-old son of C. Russell, was drowned while bathing.

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and locked himself in a room, where, it is said, he had a couple of shot-guns and a pistol and several knives.

CONDITION OF IRELAND. Report of the Committee Appointed to Devise Means of Relief.

London, Aug. 5.-The Chronicle gives a summary of the report of the commission appointed last year through the instrumentality of Right Hon. D. K. Plunkett, Conservative member of parliament for Dublin university, to consider any practical means of benefiting Ireland.

CASE OF MILLE RAMOS. Her Mouth Was Too Small to Say "Je Suis la Poste."

A small mouth and tiny feet are usually considered as attributes of female beauty in this hemisphere of ours, and it is probably the first time in the annals of civilized nations that small, pretty, putting lips have been treated as a defect disqualifying of all women in the world-an actress from appearing before the public.

This accomplished lady was engaged by the director of the Varieties Theatre to play the part of the postilion in the piece known as "Une Semaine a Paris."

Now, there are certain phrases in the French which are supposed to suit larger mouths down to the ground, and others which become a pretty little mouth-such, for instance, as "Donnez-moi une jolie petite pomme bien mure, dans laquelle les cerises sont mures."

The question arose in this way: During the rehearsals everything went well, and the lady gave entire satisfaction, the whip was flicked admirably, the horse conducted himself properly, and the play seemed a success.

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A THRILLING RESCUE

S. S. La Bourgogne Rescues Captain and Crew of a German Bark During Fierce Storm.

Brave Work of Brave Men Witnessed by Passengers-Big Liner was Just in Time.

New York, Aug. 5.-Twelve distressed mariners, whose thrilling rescue in mid-ocean from a water-logged and slowly sinking wreck formed a dramatic incident of La Bourgogne's voyage to this port from Harve, arrived here on board the steamship. Their own vessel, the German bark Ernst, from Wales for New Brunswick, has gone the way of the storm-conquered.

The rescue was made during the height of a heavy gale, and under circumstances which severely tried the courage and seamanship of the rescuers. It was witnessed by 350 passengers of the big liner, who clung to the railing and, heedless of the fearful rolling of the ship and the storm's spray which dashed in their faces, watched with blanched cheeks the struggles of the life-savers to reach the wreck.

The bark signaled for assistance and Capt. Le Boeuf ordered the launch lowered, with Lieut. Notay in command, and within a moment it was overturned and its crew thrown into the water. They were saved with life lines and then nobly volunteered a second attempt, which was successful.

Another boat having been in like manner launched, they went in company to the Ernst, but owing to the high seas it was impossible to get nearer than a hundred feet of her. The wreck was only 200 yards away, and it took the boats nearly an hour to traverse that distance.

The little boats stood on end at times, then flung skyward in a boiling crest and at intervals would disappear for so long a time that those who watched them feared they had been swamped outright.

Finally they showed close under the leeward of the sinking bark, which seemed just able to keep her drowning decks above water. One by one the crew of the Ernst jumped overboard and were picked up by the launch.

Mr. Fairall, another member of the committee entirely disagreed with Mr. Boggs' view on the bridge matter. He endorsed the action of the council in building the pile bridge at Point Ellice. He is staked for six miles and they say it can be traced for twelve miles.

Mr. Fairall strongly opposed the resolution, as he believed the ratepayers should not be overburdened with taxes in the interests of a corporation of which little was known, not even who its shareholders were.

Ald. Macmillan briefly described the different steps pursued by the council since the Point Ellice bridge disaster. Lieut. Notay was washed overboard again while trying to climb a sea-ladder, but a line was thrown to him and after the second time he was rescued. But there was still three lives in danger. It would not do to abandon the men who had been left on the bark, and after another effort, in which the boatswain of the Ernst took a prominent part, all three were rescued.

Capt. Pahrens was master of the wrecked bark. To Capt. Le Boeuf he said he had sailed in ballast from Carmarvon, Wales, June 30, bound for Shediac, N. B. He met a succession of gales from the start and fifteen days out from port sprung a dangerous leak. The pumps were kept going night and day and by strenuous efforts the leak was kept from gaining. On the night of July 26, however, the pumps became choked with sand and there was ten feet of water in the hold when La Bourgogne was sighted. The crew of the Ernst was sent to Ellis Island and will be taken over to the care of the German consul.

BLOOD IN THE EYE. That the blood corpuscles of the eye may be seen by the eye itself seems absurd, but that this is possible was proven by Prof. Todd, whose article on this curious and interesting subject was found in Science. It appears from his experiments and deductions that if the eye be turned towards a dimly lighted blank space, and adjusted to see distant objects, there will appear flitting across the illuminated area small bright spots which will gradually diminish and then quickly disappear after passing over a curved path. Seldom it is that more than twelve of these luminous spots are visible at once, and usually but two or three of these are distinct.

They are easily distinguished from the tear drops that may be trickling over the pupil of the eye, by their being of uniform size, and by their rapid movement. Nor are they to be confounded with the "flitting flies" which some people see on looking at lighter surfaces. They are really the red blood corpuscles floating in the capillaries of the retina is indicated by the following facts: 1. They move in definite paths, one having been noted, another will be seen in about a half second to take exactly the same track. 2. They always move in the same path, and on any certain track one is never seen passing in an opposite direction to the one which preceded over the same line. 3. They are of uniform size and color. 4. By comparing them with objects of known size at known distances Professor Todd has approximately estimated them to correspond in size to the red corpuscles of the blood.

Chase's K. & L. Pills Cure Dyspepsia. For the last eight years I have been a sufferer from constipation and dyspepsia-I tried dozens of different medicines, but nothing gave me relief until I used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills which cured me.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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COUNCIL ENDORSED

Victoria West Electors Approve of the Council in Building Pile Bridge.

They Will Petition Dominion Government to Authorize Completion of Same.

Besides the fifty and odd Victoria West electors present at last night's meeting in Fairall's hall, Mayor Beaven and Ald. Macmillan, Glover, Humphrey, Williams and Partridge were in attendance. Mayor Beaven, who was voted to the chair, read a letter of regret from Ald. Marchant, who was unable to attend because of his absence from the city.

Mr. Boggs then reviewed the different steps taken by the committee in the bridge and other matters. The committee had also sent special invitations to the aldermen for the north ward, so that the electors might be informed on those subjects in which they were particularly interested. He urged the city council to inquire into the rights of way for roads through the reserve so that something definite might be done in the matter.

He was personally glad that Victoria had such enterprising citizens as the members of the Municipal Reform Association, who objected to the expenditure of the city's money in an unsatisfactory and unsightly pile bridge. He was in favor of building a permanent steel bridge at Point Ellice.

Mr. Fairall, another member of the committee entirely disagreed with Mr. Boggs' view on the bridge matter. He endorsed the action of the council in building the pile bridge at Point Ellice. He is staked for six miles and they say it can be traced for twelve miles.

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Kitchen Emergencies...

Wanted in 5 minutes. A cup of Beef Tea. Something to give strength to the Soup. Some rich Gravy for Meat.

The housewife is at her wits end unless supplied with Johnston's Fluid Beef.

16 oz. Bottle \$1.00. 25 Cts. per lb. Dairy Butter, 20 Cts., two lbs, for 35 Cts.

Dude You Ever?



A NEW CAMP. Mining Operations in the White Grouse Mountain.

Rossland Miner: Hector McEae, manager of the Kootenay & Columbia Prospecting and Mining Company, returned this week from White Grouse Mountain, where his company has three claims. He supplied the Miner with the following statement concerning his trip: "I found a very good pack trail from the new town of Saucan on the east side of the Kootenay lake, up to the mines. The distance is about twenty miles and the elevation of the camp 7,000 feet above sea level and about 5,000 feet above Kootenay lake. The trail passes over two mountain summits. A wagon road is being built by the Ramsdell company from Saucan to the first summit at a cost of \$20,000, and it will be continued into camp as a sleigh road. They expect to have the road up to the first summit by the middle of September.

"Now as to the mines. There is one main contact ledge running through the country from north to south, and on this the claims are located. There are about 600 claims altogether, and the ledge is staked for six miles and they say it can be traced for twelve miles. It lies between slate and limestone, the slate being on the east side and the limestone on the west side. The ore is carried in a white quartz matrix, is easily worked and is of very uniform value. Not enough work has yet been done to determine the general width of the veins, but they appear to be three to five feet wide. The ore is a concentrating and smelting proposition and runs from four to twenty-four per cent copper, from \$7 to \$40 in gold and 40 to 200 ounces in silver.

"The Ramsdell Bros. have eleven claims which are under bond at the price of \$40,000. Seven of these are in the Copper King group and four in another group. They are getting ore from the Big Four and Tiger which runs as high as \$200 a ton and they had last Saturday 86 sacks of high grade ore from the Storm King ready to be packed out. The Ramsdells are employing 250 miners and 18 pack horses. Our company had eight men at work when I left and we will put on four more this week. We have three claims on the main ledge-the Edward, the Brussels and the Snap. We are running a tunnel and when I left we had 30 inches of ore averaging \$50 in value. It will cost \$12 a ton to get the ore down to the lake so that there is a pretty good profit in fifty-dollar ore.

"I think favorably of the camp. I believe the ore is permanent and that it can be mined successfully. The snow is very deep in winter but that will not prevent mining operations. When I was there everything was fresh and green on the south and west sides of the mountain, but the snow and ice were still on the north side and I suppose will remain there permanently. The camp is very pleasantly situated. No town has been laid out up there, but no doubt there will be one.

"About 50 miners are now at work for different companies and many prospectors are doing their assessment. There is a demand for good miners and all who go there can get employment. About 10 men a day are going into the camp. Prices for claims are not exorbitant. Most sales are made on the year bond plan. A Frenchman owning 11 claims says he has bonded the entire group for \$67,000. This is the highest figure I heard named. My impression of the camp as a whole was very favorable."

AN ARMED INVASION. The Italian Strikers on the Corbin Railway Carried Guns.

Rossland was treated to a sensation Monday evening though few were aware of it. For the first time in its history its precincts were invaded by a body of armed men from the United States. This body was composed principally of Italians who had been working on the Columbia & Red Mountain railroad on that part of the line in the Colville Indian reservation.

It seems that these Italians, numbering at first about 225 men, quit work in the morning and marshalling themselves into a semi-military array marched up the right-of-way of the railroad ordering all men whom they found at work to quit and join their ranks. Their leaders and at their head marched a man bearing a long pole with a red handkerchief attached to it.

When they reached the Sweds camp just this side of the boundary they ordered the men at work to lay down their tools and follow them. Most of them did so but a few took to the woods and

ACCIDENT AT LAGGAN. Phillip Abbott, of the Wisconsin Central R. R., Fatally Injured.

Boston, Aug. 5.-A dispatch received at the Boston agency of the Wisconsin Central Railroad from Laggan, B. C., this morning states that Phillip S. Abbott, assistant attorney of the company, was fatally injured yesterday by falling over a precipice. Mr. Abbott was a son of President E. H. Abbott of the Wisconsin Central, and lived at Milwaukee, where his office is. He was known in Boston. President Abbott lives in Cambridge, which explains the error in the Winnipeg dispatch in the place of the residence of his son.

To get relief from biliousness, indigestion, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

SONS OF ST. GEORGE.

Officers Elected at the Seventh Session of the Sons of St. George.

Mr. J. C. Richards, who represented Milton Lodge, Sons of St. George, at the seventh session of the Grand Lodge, jurisdiction of the Pacific coast, recently held in San Francisco, returned home yesterday. Much business was transacted during the session. The new officers are: Past grand president, William George, of Grass Valley; grand president, Chas. W. Pope of San Francisco; grand vice-president, Henry Traggan, of San Jose; grand messenger, John Hilbert of Napa; grand secretary, Edward Oliver; grand treasurer, Herbert Jones of San Francisco; grand trustee, John Nance of Butte, Mont.; grand chaplain, W. Sneath of Oakland; grand sentinel, William Waterland of Alameda.

The grand secretary's report showed that the jurisdiction had a slight increase in membership. Through three lodges went out of existence others were initiated. The present membership is 1733, representing twenty-five lodges. There were initiated during the year 328; admitted by card and reinstated, 24; lost by defunct lodges, suspended, withdrawn, expelled and died, 346; receipts of subscriptions, \$22,530.80; paid for sick benefits, medical attendance and medicine, \$9,905.80; for funeral benefits, \$1,926.75; other expenditures \$9,278.10; funds invested, \$12,972.30; assets of subsidiaries, \$16,138.10; gain over last year, \$1,730.46.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for sick headache and every man should know this. Only one pill a dose. Try them.

DENIES THE STORY. The London Standard Contradicts a Ridiculous Rumor.

London, Aug. 4.-The Standard to-day publishes a denials story published in New York papers to the effect that it is the intention of the British government to make Sir Charles Tupper successor to Lord Aberdeen as governor-general of Canada.

SCHEMES FALL THROUGH. China Refuses Privileges to Russia-Chinese-American Bank a Myth.

Pekin, Aug. 4.-It is learned that the Chinese government withholds permission for Russia to construct railways through Manchuria. The convention which was given to effect this permission is still unsigned.

The attempt to raise funds in America for railways in China has failed and the projected Chinese-American bank has collapsed.

Six weeks ago I suffered with a very severe cold; was almost unable to speak. My friends all advised me to consult a physician. Noticing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised in the St. Paul's Volks Zeitung I procured a bottle, and after taking it a short time was entirely well. I now most heartily recommend this remedy to anyone suffering with a cold. Wm. Keil, 678 Selby avenue, St. Paul, Minn. For sale by all druggists. Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Capt. C. P. Wooley returned from the Mainland last evening.

of suits. The Righty Pro color or the as before to h it. can be bought your local Clothing.

MONTREAL.

CAMERA. The object seen is of the eye is certain impression is for an appreci object is removed. A photograph weekly, is reported eriments recently with a remark- for fully a mind in a strong yellow-screen for forty minutes on developing the coin was dis-

nce of witnesses, at, but substitut- the shilling. He one minute and plus for over 20 nt brought out a image of the

to lend some gression that a y retain an im- ver's face, which ht be able to see

For 25 Cents. Dosed, pilled, and scalding urine ut benefit. One Kidney Pills red. K. J. Smith, e, price 25 cents.

Actualist of Benas made a cur- nsportation com- says that with of which he is hat he will be at recently sank from Harbor. The has agreed to succeeds in doing

RE all the troubles incl system, such as ness. Shown after ure while their mo- distress in curing

KITL LIVER PILLS nspiration, curing complaint, while of the stomach, nulate the bowels.

D priceless to those uring complaint; ness does not end they will find many ways that do without them.

E hat here is where ur pills cure it is are very small or two pills make vegetable and do ur genia. action, visals at 50 cents; or sent by mail.

Small Price. This marvelous health-giving medicine begins its vitalizing work at the great nerve centres, and soon braces up the weak and frail body, giving every organ that is out of tune that full vigor and strength so necessary for the complete working of the whole human frame.

Paine's Celery Compound is suited for all ages and conditions; it is purely vegetable, pleasant to use, and prompt and efficacious in the most dangerous and acute cases. Don't miss this wonderful medicine that always makes sick people well.

If you are a doubter, and have not any friends that can vouch for all that is said about Paine's Celery Compound, send for our book of convincing cases; mailed free to any address. Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal.

DISTURBED THE SERVICE. Sunday in a Georgian Village Was livelier Than Usual.

Thomasville, Ga., Aug. 4.-Col. Jas. P. Lilly was shot down in the Baptist church at Metcalf, ten miles below here, Sunday afternoon, by John T. Rushin, and in a panic which ensued, several women fainted. In the midst of the Sunday school exercises the pastor of the church was heard to call out excitedly, "For the Lord's sake, Rushin, don't shoot in here!" and Col. Lilly, who was conducting the Sunday school class, upon looking up saw Rushin rushing towards him with the fury of a maniac. As Lilly turned to flee, Rushin fired on him. The first bullet struck Col. Lilly and he threw his hand to his back and ran in a stooping posture. Rushin fired again and again, and Col. Lilly fell headlong to the ground in front of the church door. Rushin stopped at the side of his victim's body and taking a razor from his coat pocket almost severed the prostrate man's head from his body. Rushin then ran to his home

WHERE Powder D. of indigestion and wholesome results from powder. JWDER CANADA

TENNIS HOLDS SWAY

Mr. and Miss Goward Succeed in Defeating the Champion and Miss Pooley.

Canadians Win All International Yacht Races on Lake Erie To-Day.

As the tennis tournament proceeds interest increases in the matches, there being a large attendance again today.

At the time of going to press Mrs. Burton and Mrs. Leather are playing. Mrs. Burton having won the first set, 6-2.

Open singles—Mr. Longe beat Mr. Harvey 6-2, 6-1. Mr. Hurd beat Mr. Miller 6-4, 6-2.

Ladies' Singles—Miss M. Goward beat Miss Oridge 6-1, 6-1.

Open Doubles—Messrs. Longe and Barkley beat Messrs. Gamble and Harvey 6-1, 6-1.

Ladies' Doubles—Miss M. Goward and Miss Oridge beat Miss M. Goward and Miss Oridge 6-1, 6-1.

Open mixed doubles: Mr. H. C. DePemberton and Miss M. Goward beat Mr. S. F. Card and Mrs. Burton 6-2, 6-3.

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Brighton cup, 500 sovereigns at Brighton yesterday, there were six starters. Mr. A. Calvert's b.c. Bradwardine was 1st.

PRESTON HANDICAP. London, Aug. 6.—Mr. Sibary's Eau de Galle (Utic), formerly owned by Mr. Richard Croker, won the Preston Handicap at New Brighton to-day from eleven starters.

THE OAR. C. A. A. REGATTA. Brockville, Ont., Aug. 6.—The annual regatta of the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen, which opened here this afternoon promises to be a most successful affair.

THE GUN. GREAT SHOOTING. Chicago, Aug. 6.—When a team of five men score 45 out of 50 birds and do not get a place, the shooting must be high class.

INTERNATIONAL TOURNAMENT. Nuremberg, Aug. 6.—Yesterday, the 15th round in the international chess tournament was played, pairing being as follows:

NEWS RECEIVED. News was received by the steamer R. P. Rithet last evening that the salmon are running more plentifully on the Fraser river.

ARRANGEMENTS MADE. Arrangements have been made by the Queen's University Senate to hold an examination in Victoria at the same time as in the university itself for matriculation in arts and medicine.

THINGS HAVE NOT BEEN RUNNING smoothly on board the bark Melrose, which is on the Esquimaux Marine Railway.

YACHTING. AILSA WINS. Cowes, Aug. 6.—The Ailsa, Carross, Britannia, Sazanica, Corsica and Isolate started at ten o'clock this morning in the order named and with a strong easterly wind blowing.

CLEAN SWEEP. Erie, Pa., Aug. 6.—Never was there a more beautiful day for yacht racing than that which confronted the contestants in the big races this morning under the auspices of the Erie Yacht Club.

FROM WEDNESDAY'S DAILY. Yesterday evening Joseph Gross alias Gangeir was committed for trial on the charge of cutting and wounding Edmund Christol.

MR. FINLAY ROBERT McDONNELL Russell, of Vancouver, was called and admitted to the bar this morning.

THE FUNERAL OF THE late George Connors took place yesterday morning from Hanna's parlors at the R. C. Cathedral.

THE REMAINS OF the late Henry Hall, of Maple Bay, who died on Sunday, were removed to-day from Hanna's undertaking parlors to the train, to be conveyed to the family residence at Duncan's.

INDIAN AGENT Devlin at New Westminster, has received through Chief

James of Pemberton Meadows, a letter to the effect that the meadows are covered with water and a large number of stock drowned, and also that the crops are destroyed by the water.

A session of the provincial police court was held this afternoon, when the mate of the bark Melrose was charged with assaulting the captain.

THE ISOLATION HOSPITAL. And How It Is Being Run by the City Health Officer.

The item in the Times of Friday last stating that the medical health officer had kept a patient in the isolation hospital four or five days, was in the opinion of several of the aldermen, the adoption of the local improvement system.

THE GOLDEN CARIBOO. Nuggets That Astonished Seattleites Brought Down From Antler Creek.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 5.—R. B. Johnson, an expert miner, who gained much of his experience in the gold fields of California, is in the city to-day, having just returned from the Cariboo district.

PROSPECTING STOPPED AND MEN ARE NOW DEVELOPING THE MINE.

At noon to-day the Northern Pacific liner Victoria, Capt. Abbott, arrived at the outer wharf from Yokohama and Hong Kong.

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company 1 was ordered to see the scene on double quick time. As the soldiers turned the neighboring corner the two men started to run.

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British Columbia.

NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, Aug. 4.—John Aquila, a seaman on the bark Guineya, a Chilean vessel at present loading lumber at Chemainus, was arrested for cutting another sailor's hair with a knife. The wounds inflicted are in the neck, extending from under the ear to the angle of the chin, and a flesh wound of the abdomen. The wounds are not considered serious. The prisoner was conveyed by Constable Cassidy to the diamond drill of the Gabriela Coal Co. is now down over 1,000 feet, having passed through an extraordinary depth of slate—much in excess of any previous exploring in this vicinity. It is now very generally conceded that the new vein will be struck till at least a depth of 2,000 feet is reached. The New Vancouver Coal Company are making most satisfactory progress with their new slope on the Harwood estate, in the ear vicinity of the E. & C. extension. As the slope is driven N. on a level in quality and is now over seven feet in thickness, and indications are bright for the opening up of a large area of coal. Already the company have hauled about 150 tons of this superior coal into the city for sample purposes.

ENDERBY.

ENDERBY, Aug. 3.—An interesting little ceremony took place on Saturday evening last at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Enderby, formerly of the Straits Settlements, in connection with the marriage of their daughter, Miss Elizabeth Enderby, to Mr. S. McCleery, of the firm of Messrs. McCleery, McKee, & Co., of London. The bridegroom is a nephew of Mr. McCleery, formerly of Lansdowne and now living at private pleasure in the city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. L. Hall, of Enderby, only members of the family being present, with the exception of Mrs. Evans, who assisted Mrs. Hearst in the arrangements, and Mr. A. Morrison, of Lansdowne, who supported the groom. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Hearst, the four boys, William, Wesley, John and Thornton, and Miss Ethel Hearst, who was bridesmaid to her sister, Miss Enderby. Her stay here has gained the highest esteem of all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance, and along with her husband has the most hearty good wishes of the community. Mr. McCleery is at present managing the ranch at Lansdowne which is owned by his uncle, Mr. McCleery. The happy couple have now taken up their abode at the ranch, and everybody wishes them the best of fortune for their married life.

VANCOUVER.

The Nip and Tuck Hydraulic Mining Company Limited on Monday declared a dividend of 10 cents a share on its paid-up capital stock. The company owns and is operating a hydraulic claim on Wild Horse Creek in East Kootenay, near Fort Steele. The property was only bought last year, and the company then incorporated. It commenced actual hydraulic operations on June 28th and the gold which has enabled the company to pay this dividend, is only the result of a partial clean-up of the tall sluices. Mr. J. M. Suter is the manager in charge, and Mr. J. H. Cunard the foreman in charge of the works. Mr. G. W. Willis, superintendent of the Channe Mining Company, has been in the city during the past week making arrangements for transporting ore to the Puget Sound Reduction Works at Everett, Wash. He left Tuesday morning on his return to the Bobby Burns camp at Shoal Bay. Mr. John R. Wolcott, representing a syndicate of Seattle capitalists has left for Shoal Bay, to look up the water and all supplies requisite for starting development work on the White Pine mineral claim, which is situated about a mile from Shoal Bay. This claim is a very promising proposition, the ore being gold quartz carrying sulphurets. It was purchased from the Channe Mining Company. The intention is to energetically push on the work of development as soon as the camp is started.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Tramway Sectionman Harris when engaged in lighting out a bush fire in a ravine near the Burnaby power house on Saturday, made an interesting find in the shape of an elk horn over three feet in length. It was partly buried in the soil, but was well preserved, except that one of the branching parts was broken off. Some of the old residents state that elk were not known to frequent the neighborhood in the early days, whilst others assert that an elk trail passed through the locality. The river was dotted with fishing boats on Sunday night all the way from the lighthouse on Sandheads to Mission City, and fair results were obtained. From 30 to 40 fish per boat was the average, and the price paid is 25 cents per fish. Several hundred fish were sailed up from the mouth of the river on Sunday morning in order to get a long drift down stream. But for these boats, the fishermen working in the vicinity of the city would have had large catches. Reports from outside are still to the effect that fish are numerous in the Gulf and the heavy run, if one occurs, is expected about the time of the new moon, 9th inst. The fish traps at Boundary Bay are doing exceedingly well. The cannery at Point Roberts is taxed to its full capacity.

REVELSTOCK.

Kootenay Mail. The Standard Oil Co. have let a contract for a 30-foot square building. It is learned that bids are being asked for the erection of a large hotel near the railway station. The ground is marked out and the building is to cost \$10,000. W. Montgomery went up to the Big Bend this week to look over the old time stamping ground. He was on the steamer in '95 on her first run into the Big Bend in 49. Crowley & Newell, of the Plutocrat, shipped a small sample of 160 pounds to Tacoma for a mill test on Monday last. They are sending the lead and say their rock keeps improving. G. J. Atkins and W. Kirkup arrived in Revelstock from the Bend, Wednesday evening. They had Professor Nelson, the manager of the Columbia Hydraulic Co., thoroughly test their prop-

erty on French Creek, and he has made a most favorable report. The Columbia Hydraulic Company at Smith Creek are working away on their gravel banks with great success. A survey party has been busy engaged around town for the last six days determining the best means for introducing a water supply to the town and estimating the probable cost of the same. The company who proposes to inaugurate this long felt want is composed of citizens of the town and the money is all subscribed. The water will be taken from French Creek, the one to the north or largest one, whilst at the present moment carries sufficient water to supply a 6-inch pipe. The new town of Ferguson is situated at the forks of the Lardeau river and about 15 miles from Thomson's Landing. Jack Knowles has discovered, while developing his claim near Ferguson, and which is an extension of the Silver Cup, a large body of high grade gray copper ore. There is about three feet of solid mineral in sight besides a lot of concentrates. The ore is the same as that of the Silver Cup, in high grade, and will run about 800 ozs. in silver and \$20 in gold. The recent strike on the Great Northern lode consists of gray copper in a soft body. It was struck in the lower level at a depth of 75 feet. It is the purest kind of ore and will run very high. Samples have been forwarded to London. The owners are talking of putting in a concentrator. The Kennedy & Marshall group of claims on the North Fork of Illecillewaet were this week bonded to Detroit and Toronto parties, represented by J. Duce and Capt. Grant, for \$80,000. Cash deposit \$5,000. The owners are Jas. Kennedy, Ole Johnson and Thos. Marshall. The nature of the property is favorably and it now seems to have a tendency to straighten up. The shaft is now down about 100 feet and is of double compartment size. A good strike was made on the San Joaquin last Sunday. This claim is the east extension of the better known Palo Alto, and is but a few yards south of where the Commander trail leaves the main shaft road. A double compartment shaft has been sunk about 20 feet at the base of a sharp decline in the hill. On the side of the shaft next to the hill, where the ledge has been cut into, clear ore has been exposed to the extent of nearly three feet. The ledge has the normal dip, the course of the vein is all right and the hanging wall is smooth and well defined. D. C. Corbin's option on the War Eagle expired on August 1, according to the written contract, but a short extension has been given so that the third and last expert sent here by the London party to examine the mine may have time to complete his examination and make his report. There is a good deal of speculation as to the matter. The first two have been sent to examine the War Eagle. One explanation given is that two reports already made did not agree, one being favorable and the other unfavorable and the third man was sent to settle the matter. The first two reports were from London, the last one is from British Columbia. Things have a most encouraging appearance over at the Nest Egg. There are two shafts on this property which are two or three hundred feet apart and evidently on the same ledge. The west, or discovery shaft is now full of water and is not in working order. A good deal of ore was taken out here and the showing is excellent. The east, or working shaft, is down thirty or forty feet and there is a good deal of ore on the surface. The clean ore was at first about 14 inches wide. At a depth of 25 feet this widened to 2 feet and has increased with depth to about 3 feet in the bottom of the shaft. It is soft, clean ore and runs about \$27 in gold. The St. Paul is a claim lying south of the White Bear along the old Northport wagon road as it nears the upper end of the O. K. grade. It embraces the face of the high hill on the east side of the road, through the Columbia and Red Mountain railroad is now being built. There is a big camp in the vicinity and many men are employed along the line blasting away the rock points to make room for the roadbed. An interesting result of this work is the exposure of two ledges on the St. Paul, one of which shows some good specimens of iron pyrites. There is a strong iron cap exposed in both cases and there is hardly a doubt that two ledges in place have been found. The course of both is from the southwest to the northeast. The St. Paul is almost a 1,500 foot claim, and was recently sold to Toronto people, W. A. Campbell being in charge of the property. The present showing is certainly very good for the construction of the narrow gauge railway from Trail to Rossland seem to have got into a bad mess. It appears that the contractor formerly paid all bills for labor, etc., for several months, but for the past two months he has been in a crisis last week when the Bank of Montreal, which held obligations of the contractor to the extent of \$7,000, and a number of other large creditors garrisoned the Trail Creek tramway, the Columbia & Western railway, the Columbia and P. P. Gutelius, with a view to securing any funds in the hands of the owners of the road, whoever they may be, which belong to the contractor. There is said to be nearly enough to settle all these claims, but as usual a large number of laborers will probably have had the satisfaction of working for nothing. The contractor is Henry Blackwood, who was formerly private secretary to Nelson Bennett. The Le Roi company and the smelter company at Trail have a little difference because the latter has not taken out the Le Roi ore contract for 100 tons a day. Col. Ridpath, of the Le Roi, declares that in less than six months, the company will have a smelting plant of its own, or one in which the company is in sole way interested. He is now investigating the smelting of ore, all he is preparing himself for the business. On Sunday last the narrow gauge road was hauled 300 tons from the Le Roi and they claim that when the new blast furnace is in operation, which will be in about two weeks, they will be able to haul all the ore that the Le Roi can produce. Rossland Record. At 2:30 this afternoon Peter Heinsen rode into town with the sad information that his partner, August Kresser, had

workings and places it squarely in the bonanza class. The mine has paid big dividends to its lucky owners. It will shortly be incorporated under the laws of British Columbia. The Evening Star looks better with every shot. The ore body in the drift has now widened out to fifty feet. It is one of the finest sights ever seen in any mine in this camp or in any other. It is suggestive of some of the big ore chambers in the War Eagle and Le Roi. The lower tunnel has recently been passed through very soft ground and has made solid progress. Its face cannot be far from the ledge opened in the tunnel above and a strike is looked for at any moment. A fine body of ore of good grade has been opened in the Georgia shaft, which was recently started in the big surface outcrop on the west of the Evening Star wagon road. The ore looks much like that usually found on the surface of ledges in this camp. It is much oxidized, and in the lower part of the shaft, which is seven or eight feet deep, is much mixed with quartz. Some of the assays are reported to be very high. No walls are yet in sight and it is impossible to say how the vein is running, though it no doubt has the usual course. So far as can be seen now it is simply a great mass of ore without any well defined limits. The Silverine vein has widened to two and a half feet since last Monday and there is as pretty a hanging wall in sight as one would wish to see, and a very good foot wall as well. It is not all solid ore between the walls, but there is a streak of pay ore on the foot wall which is gaining in width and quality. Specimens taken from this run high in gold and look like the ore from the Kootenay, having a fine caliche running through the iron pyrites. The strong dip of the Silverine vein which was so noticeable at first has been somewhat modified and it now seems to have a tendency to straighten up. The shaft is now down about 100 feet and is of double compartment size. A good strike was made on the San Joaquin last Sunday. This claim is the east extension of the better known Palo Alto, and is but a few yards south of where the Commander trail leaves the main shaft road. A double compartment shaft has been sunk about 20 feet at the base of a sharp decline in the hill. On the side of the shaft next to the hill, where the ledge has been cut into, clear ore has been exposed to the extent of nearly three feet. The ledge has the normal dip, the course of the vein is all right and the hanging wall is smooth and well defined. D. C. Corbin's option on the War Eagle expired on August 1, according to the written contract, but a short extension has been given so that the third and last expert sent here by the London party to examine the mine may have time to complete his examination and make his report. There is a good deal of speculation as to the matter. 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The present showing is certainly very good for the construction of the narrow gauge railway from Trail to Rossland seem to have got into a bad mess. It appears that the contractor formerly paid all bills for labor, etc., for several months, but for the past two months he has been in a crisis last week when the Bank of Montreal, which held obligations of the contractor to the extent of \$7,000, and a number of other large creditors garrisoned the Trail Creek tramway, the Columbia & Western railway, the Columbia and P. P. Gutelius, with a view to securing any funds in the hands of the owners of the road, whoever they may be, which belong to the contractor. There is said to be nearly enough to settle all these claims, but as usual a large number of laborers will probably have had the satisfaction of working for nothing. The contractor is Henry Blackwood, who was formerly private secretary to Nelson Bennett. The Le Roi company and the smelter company at Trail have a little difference because the latter has not taken out the Le Roi ore contract for 100 tons a day. Col. Ridpath, of the Le Roi, declares that in less than six months, the company will have a smelting plant of its own, or one in which the company is in sole way interested. He is now investigating the smelting of ore, all he is preparing himself for the business. On Sunday last the narrow gauge road was hauled 300 tons from the Le Roi and they claim that when the new blast furnace is in operation, which will be in about two weeks, they will be able to haul all the ore that the Le Roi can produce. Rossland Record. At 2:30 this afternoon Peter Heinsen rode into town with the sad information that his partner, August Kresser, had

accidentally killed himself while packing a mule at 9 o'clock this morning, on the Dewdney trail. The gun was in the pack when it was discharged, the bullet entering the unfortunate man's breast. The claims on Lookout mountain, comprising the Bonnie Doon, Bonner, White Mountain, No. 3, Ben Hur No. 1, and Falstaff have recently been bonded by S. Thornton Langley. They are situated a short distance south of the Imperial, G. R. Sovereign and Red Point mineral claims, which are now being developed with gratifying results. Considerable work has been done on the above group and surface assays of \$12 in gold and 5 per cent. copper have been obtained. NEW WESTMINSTER. The first of the new season's apples to reach New Westminster came from Langley and were sold at last Friday's market. Yesterday the market clerk had on sale another small consignment, this time from Chilliwack. On Sunday last the first of this season's crop of wheat to reach the city was brought down from Chilliwack, under consignment to the Brackman & Ker Milling Co. The wheat was a very fair sample of the Red Fire variety. It is an unusual circumstance for new wheat to be dispatched to market so early as August 1. Word has been received from Mr. A. P. Cotton, who is at present engineering on the Forty-Third Mining Co.'s claim in the Okanogan country. He left here on May 30th, and arrived there, via Skeena, on July 11th. He reports a great deal of frost still in the ground, at the time of writing, while the maggoties and flies were very bad. Mr. Cotton expects to return in October. NELSON. The Nelson Miner. A new wagon road is being made up to the Silver King. The Dandy road, being prolonged up to the mine. Although the new route is shorter, it is not any steeper and will make a fine sleigh road in the winter. There is quite a small town up on Toad Mountain now, with every kind of house from mere cabins up to smart residences. There cannot be less than 200 people there. Every preparation is being made at the mine for considerable extension of operations. New machinery is ordered and the foundations for it are being prepared. Both the diamond drilling and the employed probing the extent of nearly three feet. The ledge has the normal dip, the course of the vein is all right and the hanging wall is smooth and well defined. D. C. Corbin's option on the War Eagle expired on August 1, according to the written contract, but a short extension has been given so that the third and last expert sent here by the London party to examine the mine may have time to complete his examination and make his report. There is a good deal of speculation as to the matter. The first two have been sent to examine the War Eagle. 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works for the erection of a concentrator for the above property. The contract price of the new mill is said to be \$10,000. Hon. J. H. Turner has replied to the communication of the citizens committee with respect to the construction of a sewer up Ward Creek. From the tone of his letter it is evident that Nelson will get the sewer, but it is equally likely that the cost of the same will be saddled upon the people of Nelson. Under ordinary circumstances, this would be an equitable arrangement, but in this case it is not. Everybody knows that the provincial government is hard pressed for money, but that circumstance should not prevent it from striving to be fairly honest. In view of the fact that the government was broke, the people of Nelson have been content to pay their taxes into the provincial exchequer and receive nothing in the nature of local improvements in return. When the government decided that the health of Nelson requires the improvement of a government sewer, it was thought that the government would put the sufficient money for the work. But it is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for the provincial government to do the square thing with the people of Southern Kootenay. KASLO. The Kootenay. A picked sample of whitewater ore assayed at Sandon last week went \$6.50 in silver. J. E. Mitchell has bonded from Messrs. Schiell, Matherson and Cody, the Charlston, a claim which lies above the Whitewater and Iree. Terms private. Augustus Carney came in this week from the head of Crawford Bay, where he spent some weeks prospecting, and where he is certain he has found something good. Hugh Sutherland, the railroad man who is at the head of the Hudson Bay railway, is stopping at the Kaslo. Mr. Sutherland is interested in mining, and with his wife, who accompanies him, will spend the summer looking over the two Kootenays. The government through Commissioner Fitzstubbie, is expending \$500 in opening up the old trail between the head of Kootenay lake and the lower end of Howser lake, a distance of about twelve miles along the Lardeau-Duncan and Duncan rivers. The trail was built at great expense several years ago, but was allowed to fill up with fallen timber, so that for the last two years it has been practically impassible. The Noble Five Consolidated and Milling Company is the result of the negotiations which have been under way for some time, for the consolidation of the Noble Five group of claims and the Deadman group, two properties which have always formed two of the strongest sections in the back-bone of the Slokan's fame. The new company has just been incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington and is registered in British Columbia as a foreign company. The officers are: Andrew H. Porter, of the firm of Porter Bros., contractors, president; John G. McGuigan, one of the original locators of the Noble Five group, vice-president; J. E. Cutler, late manager and part owner of the Deadman group, secretary; R. M. Sherman, secretary of the Vermont Loan and Trust company, at Spokane, and an owner in the Deadman, treasurer. Nelson Tribune. John Nyman, an elderly prospector, has made a very important discovery of mineral at the head of White water creek or the divide between that and Copper creek. The claim was recently located, and is said to be bonded in part to some practical operators. An indiscreet official from one of the spending departments of the government at Victoria, touring at public expense, is said to have remarked while in Kaslo, that South Kootenay could expect little from the government, and the small expenditure upon public works within the district was due to its having returned an opposition member of the legislative assembly. The loquacious individual doubtless voiced the sentiments of his small class. But he and they are ignorant of the true inwardness of Kootenay's opposition. They reverse the order of events. Kootenay's member is in opposition because Kootenay's claims have been persistently ignored or belittled by incapable or malicious permanent officials, whose interests lie elsewhere and who are allowed to yield far too much power.

LAW IN ROSSLAND

An American Makes Public His Impression of How Law is Administered.

Hobos and Buffans Summarily Dealt With by B. C. Peace Officers.

An American newspaper man, Mr. E. D. Cowart, of Tacoma, who has just returned from a trip through Kootenay, has been giving his impression of how law is administered at Rossland. Here is what he said to a Tacoma Ledger reporter: "An American offensive to the morals or order of the community, or is also known to have a bad record on this side of the line, is promptly ordered to pack his blankets and cross the line. A riotous exhibition of one or more persons in the streets is checked by a warning, and, if repeated, results in being run out of town without the ceremony of a drum martial. When men engage in drunken altercations to the detriment of the neighborhood, Kirkup, or his solitary aide-camp is around to lead them into the street with instructions to quickly fight it out. If they do fight in obedience to this official suggestion the victor is warned that a repetition of his offense means his expulsion from the town. First fighting is indulged in as necessary evil and whiskey drinking is an inevitable indulgence. The license system is rigorous, covering everything from the right to run a saloon to the right to erect a stovepipe. No one thinks of violating the laws there. "One day Jack Kirkup, is a partner of the town of Rossland. He has only one assistant, with whom he successfully conducts the public business, including that of recorder of the district, and maintains the public peace. The town has no jail, inasmuch as it is the reputation policy to render it unnecessary. No person is permitted to carry firearms or deadly weapons of any kind, and any violation of this law means the immediate transportation of the offender to Kamloops prison. Gambling is not tolerated. Public houses are not permitted to support that class of men never known to work, yet who in American politics are most effective in slum elections. "Miners strikes are impossible there, a fact which mining investors consider increases the value of property 25 per cent. above the property of equal intrinsic worth in the United States. The mass of miners is composed of the ugliest element from the Coeur d'Alene and Rocky Mountain camps, yet aside from their saloon brawling, which have no worse consequences than black eyes and broken noses, they are as humble a set as one could wish to find anywhere. For the cause of this I will relate an incident. "Last summer the walking delegates in the camp made preparations for a big strike, but upon being informed that they were in danger of a row they appointed a committee to wait upon the gold commissioner at Nelson. When they had rehearsed their grievances and asked if they could not strike, he replied: "Certainly, you may quit if you want to, that is every man's right, but you must not use force." "But," asked the spokesman, "cannot we be allowed to persuade others not to take our places?" "No, you must not interfere in any way with the operation of the mines." "Ten years at Kamloops, was the sentences reply. That sealed the interview and also the question of strikes. No one has heard of a strike being mentioned since then. "Speaking of Kirkup, the general factotum of Rossland, he is a powerful fellow, exceedingly conscientious and scrupulous in his habits. He is known as a man who will fight anything on two feet. Last summer two semi-professional pugilists, thinking to make some money out of a fake fight, called at Kirkup's office to secure the necessary license. Kirkup asked: "Are you sure that you fellows are fighters?" "That's our business, you bet," bragged the pugilist pair. "Well, I will grant you the license with one understanding. If you don't fight and one of you doesn't whip the other to a finish, I'll thrash you both." "The fight never came off."

DEADLY HEART DISEASE.

CURED BY DR. AGNEW'S GREAT HEART REMEDY—MANY LIVES SAVED.

The Secret of Success of Dr. Agnew's Catharral Powder.

Were it not that Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart will give relief within thirty minutes after the first dose has been taken we would not read of so many lives being saved by this remedy. William Cherry, of Owen Sound, Ont., says: "I was greatly troubled with weakness of the heart and fainting spells for two years, and oft-times was unfitted for my work. Naturally much anxiety was felt by myself and friends, for no treatment seemed to do me any good. I was influenced, however, to try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, and I found it as proclaimed—a 'speedy' cure. I have now taken five bottles and it has brought back to my heart the proper action, and made me strong and well." Catharr—One secret of success in Dr. Agnew's Catharral Powder is that it is easy and pleasant to use. Mr. W. H. Beane, Conservative member in the last House of Commons, said, "taken in the morning it clears the head of any cold or catarrhal trouble that is manifest." But it not alone deals with the minor cases of catarrh, but even where deafness and some of the worst forms of the disease have become manifest, these have been eradicated by this remedy. To the names of Mr. George E. Casey, Hon. David Mills, Hugo H. Ross, might be added scores of other eminent names of the late parliament, who, over their own signatures, have borne testimony to the value of this remedy. Sold by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

WON THE QUEEN'S PRIZE.

Shoeburyness, Aug. 6.—The Canadian artillery volunteers and two British artillery volunteer regiments entered in squads for the Repository competition here today. This competition consists of dismounting, taking along platform and through narrow passages and re-mounting a 64-pounder, winners to take the challenge cup and the Repository competition badges. The British team accomplished the operations and then the Canadians dismounted their gun and began taking it through narrow passages in a novel method, when their commander, Brideford, ordered them to cease and retire, owing to the stores and implements being different from those used in Canada. Canadian artillerymen also retired from another competition with the English team for a 50 ginea cup, owing to being unfamiliar with the conditions of the competition. The Canadians won third prize in the garrison artillery target competition. The Queen's prize was won by the Canadian team. Its consist of a silver cup, badges and £110 in money to be distributed amongst the men. This prize is awarded for the highest score in the stationary and moving target competitions. The Canadians scored 237 points. The Canadians received an ovation upon winning the Queen's Cup. The result was announced in the officers' mess and was loudly cheered. Afterwards Colonel Cole and Captain Miles were placed in chairs and carried on the shoulders of the men around the camp, followed by the band of the team and all the officers preceded by the band of the Third Kent volunteers playing "See the conquering hero comes." The British volunteers all loudly cheering.

AND IMPROVEMENTS

Aldermen Again Discuss the Insertion of These Words in the Rates By-Law.

Tramway Company Desire to Elucidate Bridge Matters in Harbor Plan.

The insertion of the words "and improvements" in the clause of the Rates and Taxes By-Law, which deals with the levy for board of health and educational purposes, formed the leading topic of discussion at last night's meeting of the city council.

John Haggerty informed the council that he had delivered 502 yards of earth on Belleville street at 30 cents a yard, that he had been instructed to do so by the city engineer and asked that he be paid for the same.

Ald. Macmillan was surprised at the statement that the city engineer had ordered this earth as the city engineer had explicitly denied having given any such instructions.

Ald. Glover had been speaking to Mr. Yates regarding the matter and that gentleman had informed him that the city engineer had informed Mr. Haggerty that the city was paying 25 cents a load for earth.

Ald. Macmillan stated that when Mr. Haggerty was before the street committee, he then stated that it was Street Superintendent Wilson who ordered the earth. He seconded the motion, which was carried.

George L. Clayton, captain of the Victoria West Fire Department, asked for financial assistance to buy a steam alarm whistle. The communication was referred to the street committee and the engineer to report.

Ald. Macmillan stated that when Mr. Haggerty was before the street committee, he then stated that it was Street Superintendent Wilson who ordered the earth. He seconded the motion, which was carried.

When the salary of the medical health officer came up for discussion Ald. Macmillan moved that the salary be reduced from \$92 a month to \$60 a month.

Ald. Humphrey, while believing that the present health officer had forfeited the confidence of the council, did not consider that the reduction of the salary was the proper way to get rid of him.

The mayor said that the salary applied to the office and not to the officer. Ald. Macmillan thought the salary would apply to the officer when he came to draw the same. He considered \$60 entirely too much to pay to an officer who was not retained in his position by a majority of the members of the council and whose usefulness as a health officer was thereby gone.

When the estimate for health purposes came up for discussion, Ald. Macmillan asked where the money was to come from.

The mayor remarked that it was provided for in the rates and taxes by-law. Ald. Macmillan maintained that it was not so provided and again the insertion of the now famous words "and improvements" was discussed at some length.

Ald. Glover came to the mayor's assistance, stating that while the words did not appear in the copy of the by-law which was placed before him, the mayor had used the words when putting the motion with respect to the levy. The council adjourned at 10:30 without settling the matter.

Hazel Stephens, of Olympia, enclosed \$15, the price of swans received from the city and asked for instructions for feeding the same. The communication was referred to the park committee to forward the necessary information.

G. W. Richardson, secretary of the Nelson fire department, informed the council that they had decided to purchase a hand engine and asked if the city had such apparatus for sale. Referred to the fire wardens.

Ben Williams, secretary of the board of school trustees, informed the council that the board had decided to lease the secretary's office at \$15 a month until the council provide them with suitable rooms for their meetings. Referred to the finance committee to report.

McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, the solicitors of the tramway company, wrote as follows re Point Ellice bridge: "We would like to be advised if we can do anything in the way of elucidating matters. We would suggest that the city engineer send down the plans and specifications for traffic and railway bridge with his views thereon, also a report on the matter from Mr. H. P. Bell, C. E., and perhaps other engineers of standing. We may say that we do not enter into the policy of the matter as to whether there should be a steel bridge or not, but what the company desires is that prompt action be taken to resume the broken communication. A

substantial and lasting structure is to be much desired, but it will take some time to get it, and the situation is so acute that if it is merely for the time being—the pile structures are desirable.

Ald. Macmillan moved that the city clerk be instructed to communicate with the solicitors, asking them to memorialize the Dominion government for the purpose of securing the consent of the latter to complete the present pile structures.

Ald. Humphrey believed the council fully sympathized with the Tramway Company who are being put to a great loss because of the action of a few cranks who are acting from pure meanness. He would support the motion.

Ald. Wilson would support the resolution, as when the wet weather comes the Indian reserve road will be impassable. Those citizens who opposed the council in the Point Ellice bridge matter were not acting in the interests of the city. He believed that when the Dominion government fully understands the situation, the necessary permission will be granted. The motion was carried. Ald. Clarke and Partridge voting against it.

W. J. Hanna and 192 others petitioned the council on the matter of securing guards or child-catching attachments on the tram cars. The petition was pending the introduction of a by-law regulating tram car traffic.

Tenders for a horse were referred to the street committee and the veterinary surgeon.

Ald. Macmillan and Wilson protested against the city's being compelled to pay for sending lunatics to New Westminster who had been liberated from the asylum as cured, but when they arrived here were found to be as mad as ever.

The finance committee reported against assisting the board of trade in the publication of its annual report. The report was adopted.

The special committee appointed to examine the harbor improvement scheme of Mr. Sorby concluded their report as follows: "Should Mr. Sorby's project be brought to a successful issue we believe that its realization would be of the greatest benefit to the city and largely increase the wealth and prosperity of Victoria. We would therefore recommend that Mr. Sorby be given an opportunity of laying the matter fully before the council at an early date." The report was adopted.

Ald. Williams was granted leave to introduce a by-law regulating tram car traffic. It will be read a first time at the next regular meeting of the council.

Ald. Williams moved that the attention of the postal authorities be called to the fact that postal packages from the Orient are sent to Vancouver and re-ported her, also to the excessive charges for postoffice boxes in Victoria. The resolution carried.

Ald. Williams was also granted leave to introduce a by-law regulating the revenue and expenditure for the current year. It will be read a first time at the next meeting of the council.

Ald. Macmillan asked how it was that when the Rates and Taxes By-Law was first printed in the Gazette the words "and improvements" were left out, but in the following issue these words were inserted.

The mayor replied that the by-law as first printed was incorrect and that he had authorized the necessary correction. Ald. Macmillan moved that steps be taken to abate certain nuisances on St. Charles street. The resolution carried.

OPERATE AGAINST VICTORIA TUG LORNE.

Port Town-end Quarantine Officials Operate Against Victoria Tug Lorne.

Japanese Capitalists Organize Another Trans-Pacific Steamship Company.

It appears that in quarantining the British ship Dundee, the American officials at Port Townsend are guilty of a piece of sharp practice in the interests of the Puget Sound Tugboat Co., and at the expense of the tug Lorne. After smallpox was discovered on the Dundee she returned to Kobe, put the two patients ashore, remained in quarantine for 14 days, and her officers and crew were vaccinated before leaving there.

The vessel took 35 days on the trip to Royal Roads, and in that time no symptoms of the disease appeared. She was examined by the quarantine officer in Royal Roads and a clear bill of health was given. Another week elapsed before the vessel left for Seattle in tow of the Victoria tug Lorne. When Port Townsend was reached, the Dundee was ordered to the quarantine station.

The United States shipping laws did the rest. The Lorne could take the Dundee to Seattle direct, but neither the Lorne nor any other Canadian tug could take the Dundee from Port Townsend, an American port. An American tug will take the Dundee from Port Townsend to Seattle, and the Lorne will have to be satisfied with a dividend voyage fee. It will now be in order for the quarantine officials on this side of the line to order all vessels being towed to Chemainus, Nanaimo, Departure Bay, Burrard Inlet and other Canadian waters, to enter at the William Head station for a bill of health. The Canadian shipping act would then operate in the interests of Victoria tugs and to the corresponding disadvantage of American tugs.

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Tacoma, Aug. 4.—News has been received here of the establishment of another steamship company at Tokyo to be called the Daito Kisen Kaisha, with a capital of two million yen. The Japan Weekly Gazette says the new service of steamers between Yokohama and Portland is with the object of effecting connections with the Oregon railroad. According to the present plan, three steamers of 5000 tons each are to be employed on the new line. The signatures of the projectors are being taken preparatory to applying for a charter. It is said the proposed steamship company, after official permission has been granted, may amalgamate with the Tokyo Kisen Kaisha (Oriental Steamship Co.), which has been established by the public in Japan.

San Francisco, Aug. 4.—Third Vice-President Stubbs, of the Southern Pacific, has been summoned home from a vacation trip to Santa Monica to meet Sachiro Asano, president of the Japanese Steamship Company, the Toyo Kaisha on Monday. Mr. Asano has delayed his departure for London pending the conference. It is understood that Mr. Asano has a proposition to induce him to accept the terms for his steamers.

There are at present on the Sound eight or ten sailing vessels seeking charters. As the majority of the tonnage necessary to carry British Columbia salmon has been engaged, it is more than probable that some of these ships will have difficulty in securing charters unless the grain export from the Sound is materially increased.

The Albion Iron Works have secured the contract of making the new propeller for the steamship Progressist. They expect to complete the work in about 20 days. The Progressist will not enter the dry dock until the propeller is completed.

The brigantine Blakeley, libeled for seaman's and master's wages, has been sold by auction at Seattle. The purchaser was E. F. Sweeney of the Seaside Brewing Co., and the price paid was \$1065.

The British bark Bolivia, 878 tons, Capt. Glasson, which has been anchored in the roads for the past two weeks, has been chartered by Robert Ward & Co., to load lumber at Moodyville for Port Pirie, Australia.

The lumber laden American ship Chehalis, 642 tons register, Capt. Simpson, was towed to sea from Moodyville yesterday. Her destination is Shanghai.

The Chilean ship Atacama arrived in the Royal Roads from Iquique last evening. She is seeking a charter.

The Northern Pacific liner Victoria is due from the Orient.

ONE HONEST MAN. Dear Editor:—Please insert in your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak sunken eyes. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. I promise you perfect secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont.

ANOTHER TRAIN WRECK. Fatal Smash-up on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. Shamokin, Pa., Aug. 4.—Two men were killed and another fatally injured in a freight train wreck on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, six miles west of Shamokin this morning. The train to the horror of the disaster the wreck took fire and exploded a carload of powder, which killed the engineer, Engineer Michael Smock was cremated in full view of the workmen, but he could not be recovered as he was pinned beneath the engine and fiercely burning debris.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

BY-LAWS OF THE VICTORIA MUNICIPAL REFORM ASSOCIATION—EXCISE FOR EXISTING.

By-Laws of the Victoria Municipal Reform Association—Excise for Existing.

Ontensible Object: Good Government of City. Ideal Object: To Work by the Council.

The by-laws of the Victoria Municipal Reform Association have been sent to the Times for publication and are given below. The officers of the reformers are: Chairman, D. R. Harris; vice-chairman, Wm. Wilson; secretary, H. P. Heisterman; Hedley Chapman, C. A. Holland, Watson Clark, B. W. Pearce, Joshua Davies, F. B. Pemberton, L. Erbe, S. T. Styles, Charles Hayward, R. T. Williams, J. Stuart Yates.

BY-LAWS. 1. That the name of the association be the "Victoria Municipal Reform Association."

2. The objects of the association shall be to promote generally the good government of the city, and the welfare and prosperity of the citizens thereof.

3. Any property owner seeking membership, shall make application in writing addressed to the secretary, who shall submit same to the first meeting of the committee. The applicant shall then be elected or rejected by ballot of the committee, by a majority of same.

4. Any member may appoint an agent to be his representative, by registering him in the office book, and such registered agent shall be allowed to vote in proxy, but such agent shall first be approved of by the committee.

5. The entrance fee to the association shall be two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) and the annual subscription shall be four dollars (\$4.00); payable quarterly in advance. No person shall be a member, or have, or exercise any rights of membership, until payment of all fees and subscriptions due under this article shall have been made.

6. The executive shall consist of a committee of fifteen, to be elected at the annual general meeting, and the gentlemen's handicraft singles, defeating H. Combe 4-6, 6-2, 4-0.

7. The committee so elected shall, at their first meeting elect from their number a chairman and vice-chairman, and may appoint a secretary and treasurer.

8. The annual meeting of the association shall be held on the fourth Wednesday in November in each year, at such time and place as the committee may appoint, when a balance sheet and report shall be presented.

9. A special general meeting of the association may be convened at any time by the committee, upon one week's notice by circular, or by at least ten members of the association who shall sign a requisition, specifying the object of the meeting, and shall give one week's notice to each member, by circular. No other business than that specified in the notice shall then be transacted.

10. At any meeting of the association, ten members present in person shall form a quorum.

11. The chairman or vice-chairman shall preside at all meetings, or in the absence of both, a chairman shall be chosen by the vote of members present; and shall advise with the secretary as to the business to be brought before the meeting.

12. The secretary shall keep minutes of all committee or other meeting. He shall prepare and maintain an alphabetical list of the names and residences of all the members. He shall keep an account of all monies received and paid out, and shall perform all other business appertaining to the duties of the secretary.

13. The treasurer shall receive and pay all monies under the direction of the committee. He shall keep correct accounts, and shall present a statement of the receipts and payments at the annual general meeting.

14. The committee shall provide all requisite books, papers, forms, etc.; order all printing and advertising required; transact all other necessary business of the association, and shall fix the remuneration of all officials, subject to confirmation at the next general meeting.

15. The voting at committee meetings shall be by show of hands—the chairman having a casting vote only when votes shall be equal.

16. The committee may undertake the settlement of any dispute submitted to their decision by the appointment of arbitrators; the expenses, if any, of such arbitration to be paid by the member or members on whose behalf it is made.

17. The committee before taking legal steps to defend a representative case of any member, shall receive the sanction of a least two-thirds of the members present in person, or by proxy, at any special general meeting called for that purpose; and afterwards it shall be empowered to raise the necessary funds either by general levy on the members, or by voluntary subscription.

18. The funds of the association shall be deposited in any chartered bank in the city of Victoria, and all cheques thereon there must be signed by the chairman, or vice-chairman and countersigned by the secretary.

19. An auditor shall be appointed at the annual meeting of members, who shall audit the balance sheet preparatory to its being laid before the next annual meeting.

20. Any amendment or addition to these rules may be made by a majority of the members present at any general meeting duly called. Any proposition to alter the same shall be signed by ten members, and notice of the proposed alteration, in writing, shall be given with the notice calling the meeting.

Validation of the heart, nervousness, tremblings, nervous headache, cold, and feet, pain in the back, and other forms to wear the same shall be signed by ten members, and notice of the proposed alteration, in writing, shall be given with the notice calling the meeting.

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ROYAL Baking Powder

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