SAINT JOHN OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

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☞ This Paper is filed and may be seen free of charge, at HOLLOWAY'S PILL AND OINTMENT ESTABLISHMENT 244 Strand, LONDON where Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received for this Paper only.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THIS Company is prepared to receive applications for Insurance against FIRE upon Buildings and other Property, at the Office of the subscriber. I. WOODWARD.

St. John, Nov. 11, 1846. *Secretary*

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Per the Packet Ships Liberia and Middleton, from Liverpool.

D. PATERSON

HAS much pleasure in announcing to his customers and the public, that he has received by the above ships, a large and varied assortment of Ladies', Gents,' Misses' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES, of almost every description, among which are to be found—

Ladies' Prunella, Cashmere, Satin and Leather Boots; Ladies' patent Kid, Morocco and Leather Slippers; Ladies' patent Kid and Morocco, Jenny Linds, and Village ties; Ladies' Bevin, Carpet, and Web Slippers, &c., &c.

Misses' Prunella and Cashmere Boots; Misses' Patent and Leather Slippers, and Buck Straps; Misses' Bronze and Patent Jenny Linds, stout and light. &c., &c.

As the above have been made expressly to his order, by one of the best manufacturers of Boots and Shoes in Staffordshire, England, he feels assured they will give satisfaction.

Also—By late arrivals from the United States, a large supply of American BOOTS and SHOES, which, together with work of his *own manufacture* comprises the largest Stock he has ever yet offered for sale. "Foster's Corner," King-st.

Another Triumph of RICH'S SALAMANDER.

Fire in Elmira, N. Y.
ELMIRA, Jan. 24, 1854.

R. WATROUS & Co.—*Gentlemen:* The RICH'S SALAMANDER purchased from you, preserved our Books and papers at the burning of our Carriage Factory, on the morning of the 22d inst. The Safe was surrounded by a quantity of spokes and felloes, and fell into the cellar on a pile of hickory and oak lumber, and was sometimes seen at a white heat, yet, when it was opened, nothing was found to be injured, except the binding of the books, which were stained by the steam.

Truly yours, &c.
W. M. HILL & CO.

A large assortment of RICH'S SALAMANDERS always on hand at the Depot. 146 Water Street.

STEARNS & MARVIN,
(Successors to Rich & Co.)
The only makers of Salamander Safes, combining Rich's and Wilder's Patents
W. H. ADAMS,
Feb. 21. Agent for New-Brunswick.

HARDWARE.

Corner of South Wharf and Water-street.

Landing ex *Liberia*, from Liverpool—

3 TONS Lead Pipe—all sizes;
7 rolls Sheet LEAD; 3 casks ZINC;
110 coils Manilla, White Hemp, and Tarred Rope;
7 bales Lines, Salmon, Shad, and Herring Twines—1 ton White Chalk;
2 casks Red and Yellow Ochre;
4 tons Brandram's London White Lead and Coloured Paints;
3 tons Putty; 1 ton Whiting;
12 pipes Boiled and Raw Oil;
60 boxes I C and D C Tin Plates;
45 bundles Rod Iron; 1 ton Cast Steel;
1 ton Sanderson's Cast Steel;
30 bundles Plough Plating; 100 Plough Moulds
60 bundles Iron Wire, all sizes—also Brass and Copper Wire;
3 casks Stub's, Vicker's, and Hoole and Co.'s Files;
2 cases Hoole & Co.'s Gang, Pit, and Cross-cut SAWS; 1000 fathoms Close-link CHAIN, from ¼ to ½ inch; 20 kegs Wrought Nails;
24 bags Horse Nails;
170 bags Spikes—5 to 10 inch;
10 rolls Sheet Brass—assorted;
1 case Laycocks; Nail-Cloth, all widths
3 casks Tea Kettles Saucepans and Glue Pots;
2 casks Sad Irons; 1 cask Sparrowbills;
1 case Borax 1 cask coloured Inks;
2 cases Guns; 1 cask Bed Screws;
1 cask Butt Hinges; 1 cask wrought Brads and Tacks;
1 cask Table Castors, Fire Irons, Bolts, Awls; &c.—all of which will be sold on low terms, by
April 11. W. TISDALE & SON

Daguerreotype Rooms.

PRIE REDUCED!
ONE DOLLAR ONLY!

THE Subscribers having just received per Steamers *Admiral* and *Eastern City* a new and splendid stock of Daguerreotype Frames, Cases, Lockets, Rings, &c., which are now ready for inspection at their Rooms, three doors North of Custom House.

Persons desirous of having a Likeness, may rest assured they can by calling at the Rooms mentioned, receive superior likenesses and better satisfaction for their money than at any other establishment in this Province.

Prices of Likenesses with the Case, from One Dollar upwards, according to quality of Case or Frame. GRANT & FLOOD.

N. B.—Also, just received, a good supply of plain and fancy Portemonais, Card Cases, and Fans. G. & F.

Spring and Summer Fashions, 1854.

C. D. EVERETT & SON

HAVE been busily engaged for the last month in making up and are now prepared to furnish the public with HATS and CAPS of all quantities and prices of the Spring and Summer styles for 1854. We believe that the Spring style of Hats will be much admired. We have on hand just made up, a very large and excellent assortment of Summer CAPS.

Our prices are, as usual, low. Notwithstanding the large advance in prices of Goods generally throughout the community, *we have not advanced one penny* on any article of our manufacture.

The remainder of our Winter Stock of BUFFALO ROBES, FUR CAPS, &c., will be disposed of at *extraordinary low prices.*

12, North Side King Street.
C. D. EVERETT & SON.
March 3.

New Butter.

A FEW Firkins new Butter, received from Anchor this day. For sale by
July 4. THOMAS HANFORD.

Wines Brandy, Geneva, &c.

The Subscriber has received per late arrivals from London and Glasgow:

25 HHDS. Hennessey's best pale and brown old Cognac BRANDY;
30 Hhds. Pale Holland's GENEVA;
4 puns. Fine Scotch Malt WHISKY;
20 qr. casks Pale and Brown SHERRIES;
5 do. E. I. MADEIRA, } very sup'r. quality;
5 hhds. Old PORT, }
20 baskets Sparkling CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints, &c. &c.—For sale low.
JOHN V. THURGAR,
June, 7 1853. North Market Wharf.

John Barbour.

MYLES & HOWARD have received by the above ship, a part of their Spring Goods, which are now open and ready for inspection, viz: West England CLOTHS; Do. do. DOESKINS and CASSIMERES;
French Belt VESTINGS;
Gents' Furnishing GOODS.

M. & H. would call particular attention to the Stock of TROWSERINGS—for style and finish cannot be surpassed.

A good stock of ready made Clothing on hand—domestic manufacture.
MYLES & HOWARD
May 2. *King Street.*

India Rubber Goods.

Received per John Barbour:—

REVERSABLE Impervious Alpacca COATS;
do. do Paragoss COATS;
do. do Black and Drab Silk [COATS;
do. do. Black Ariel do.;
Wool Lined do. Dreadnought do;
Alpacca Reversable Tongue LEGGINS;
Twill'd Zephyr do.:
Impervious Helmets and Hats.

The Subscribers can recommend the above Goods to the public as being waterproof.
April 25. *MYLES & HOWARD.*

14th March, 1851.

Landing for the Subscribers, ex "*Themis*," from Boston:—

100 BAGS Ground SALT;
2 cases finest Eleme FIGS, and dried PRUNES in jars,
10 dozen Half BROOMS and BRUSHES.

To arrive ex "*Ariel*," from Boston:—
10 tierces Clover SEED.

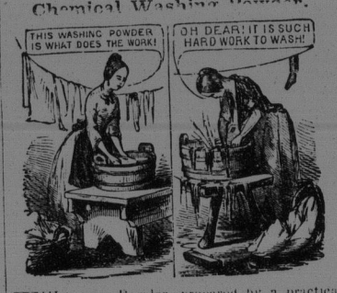
Ex "*Benjamin Franklin*," from New York;—
100 barrels MESS PORK. For sale by
JARDINE & CO.

Turkey! Turkey!
TURKISH FIG PASTE!
FROM CONSTANTINOPLE.

2000 PACKAGES of this superior Confection, prepared from the best picked Smyrna Figs, and warranted perfectly free from any deleterious substance—just received and for sale by

THOMAS M. REED, North Wharf.
G. O. F. EVERETT & CO., No. 4 King-st.
Sole Agents for the British Provinces, to whom all orders must be addressed. Jun 15.

WASHING
Made pleasant and easy by the use of
BOSTON
Chemical Washing Powder.



THIS Soap Powder, prepared by a practical Chemist, is superior for washing clothes, cleaning paint work, removing grease from woollens and takes the place of other soaps for cleansing purposes. One package with five minutes labor makes two gallons of pure soft soap. Thousands of families have adopted its use and give it the preference over all other saponaceous compounds.

Manufactured by BECK & Co., No. 120 Washington-street, Boston.

Retailed by Grocers and Druggists generally.

Sold in St. John, by FELLOWS & Co., G. F. EVERETT & Co., and G. C. GARRISON.

FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &c.

Landing from New York:

400 BRLS. Superfine Canada FLOUR;
200 brls. CORN MEAL;
50 brls. *Extra Genessee FLOUR*;
10 tierces new Rice; 25 boxes choice Tobacco;
7 cases CHEESE; 15 barrels dried APPLES;
26 dozen Corn Brooms; 12 setts MEASURES.
For sale by
May 30, 1854. JARDINE & CO.

Corn, Corn Meal, and Flour.

Now landing ex ship *Fame*, from Baltimore:

304 BRLS. "Howard Street" Superfine FLOUR, *a choice article for family use*; 525 brls. CORN MEAL;
50 brls. *Extra* Rye FLOUR;
5000 bushels Yellow CORN;
55 do. White BEANS.
Ex schr. Wm. Boothby, from New York:
50 chests Fine Congo TEA;
10 cases CHEESE.
For Sale by
June 20, 1854. JARDINE & CO.

On hand, a large assortment of Spring Tooth RAKES, Griffin's and North Wayne SCYTHES, Grain Cradles, Scythe Sneaths, Sickles, and Grass HOOKS, &c.

GOODS,

Per "Liberia" and other vessels, just landing and for sale:—

1 TON Valencia RAISINS, in 56 lb. boxes;
5 cwt. BLACK LEAD;
10 cwt. Blue and Patent STARCH;
40 dozen BATH BRICK;
An assortment of BRUSHES;
25 boxes Ground COFFEE;
40 boxes ARROWROOT, ground;
Also, Woodware, Varnish, &c. &c.
JOHN KINNEAR,
July 4, 1854. Prince Wm. Street.

Porto Rico sugar and Codfish.

Landing this day, ex "EMILY," from Halifax:—

20 HHDS. very bright Porto Rico SUGARS;
42 quintals table CODFISH.
August 1 JAS. MACFARLANE.

SILENT SORROW.---CERTAIN HELP!

Numerous Extraordinary, Anatomical, Explanatory Coloured, Engravings. In Six Languages. Fifty-third Edition. Price 2s. 6d. in a sealed envelope through all Booksellers, or sent post free from the Author for 12 Postage Stamps.

THE MEDICAL ADVISER on the physical decay of the system produced by delusive excesses, infection, the effects of climate, &c.; with remarks on the treatment practised by the Author with such unvarying success, since his settlement in this country. Rules for self-treatment &c.

By WALTER DE ROOS, M. D., 35 Ely Place, Holborn Hill, London, where he may be consulted on these matters daily from 11 till 4. Sundays excepted.

Sold also by Gilbert, 19 Paternoster-row, London; Watt, 11, Elm Row, Edinburgh; Powell, 15, Westmoreland-street, Dublin; and through all others.

Dr. De Roos from long practical experience in the most celebrated institutions of this country and the continent, has had, perhaps, unusual opportunities of observing the peculiarities relating to the physiology, pathology, and general treatment of the disorders referred to in the above work, and having devoted his studies almost exclusively to this class of diseases, he is enabled confidently to undertake their removal in as short a time as is consistent with safety.

PERSONS IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD, may be successfully treated by forwarding a correct detail of their case, with a remittance for Medicines, &c., which will be returned with the utmost despatch, and secure from observation.

The Concentrated GUTTÆ VITÆ, or Vegetable Life Drops,

are recommended to all those who have injured themselves by early excesses, and brought on Spermatorrhœa, Nervousness, Weakness, Languor, Low Spirits, Aversion to Society, Study or Business, Timidity, Trembling and Shaking of the Hands and Limbs, Indigestion, Flatulency, Shortness of Breath, Cough, Asthma, Consumptive Habit, Dimness of Sight, Dizziness, Pains in the Head &c.

Their almost marvellous power in removing Contamination, Secondary Symptoms, Eruptions, Sore Throat, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Scurvy, Scrofula, and all other impurities, must be felt to be believed. 4s. 6d., 11s., and 33s. per bottle. The 33s. Packages, by which 4 lbs. are saved; and the 11s. packages, by which a still greater saving is effected, will be sent from the Medical Establishment only, on receipt of remittance or post draft on a London house, carriage free.

PAINS in the BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, Indigestion, Bile, Flatulency, Headache, Nervousness, Debility, Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Stricture, &c.

THE COMPOUND RENAL PILLS as their name Renal (or the Kidneys) indicates, are a most safe and efficacious remedy for the above dangerous complaints. Diseases of any kind, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally, which if neglected, frequently result in stone in the Bladder and a lingering painful death. They agree with the most delicate stomach, strengthen the digestive organs, increase the appetite, improve the general health, and will effect a cure when other medicines have utterly failed. Price 1s. 6d., 11s., & 33s. per Box, through all Medicine Vendors.

GUARD AGAINST the recommendation of spurious or other articles by unprincipled Vendors, who thereby obtain a larger profit. To protect the PUBLIC against FRAUD, Her Majesty's Hon. Commissioners have directed the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," to be printed in white letters on the Stamp affixed to the above, to imitate which is felony.

Sold by Van Leantzy, Lall Bazaar, Calcutta; Ashton, Richardson, & Co., Mount Road, Madras; Hulse & Nephew, Agra; Teacher & Co., Poona and Kurachee; Esparance & Co., Bombay; Smith & Co., Scinde; Dodsworth & Co., Colombo & Kandy; and obtainable through all Medicine Vendors, of whom also may be had "THE MEDICAL ADVISER," or should difficulty arise in procuring any of the above, enclose the amount by draft, or otherwise, to 25, Ely Place, Holborn Hill, London, and they will be sent securely packed per return. July 18.

Twilled Flannels, Satinets, BANKETS &c.

The Subscriber has just received per Steamer from Boston:—

7 CASES American SATINETS of the newest Style and Patterns;
5 Bales Scarlet Twilled FLANNELS, a very beautiful article;
2 Bales BLANKETS of superior quality.
For sale by JOHN V. THURGAR,
18th July, 1851. North Market Wharf.

TEA.

Landing ex "Henry Parker," from Boston:—

20 CHESTS fine Souchong TEA.
In Store—5 hhds. very bright Porto Rico SUGAR; 10 hhds. clayed MOLASSES; 10 Bls. Pale Seal OIL—For sale low by
Feb. 21. CUDLIP & SNIDER

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!

SELLING OFF—SELLING OFF

AS the season is now considerably advanced, the Subscriber will SELL the remainder of his *SUMMER STOCK OF DRY GOODS* at *very low prices.* JAMES BURRELL,
July 4. Corner of King and Germain-sts.

BAG SALT—100 bags Liverpool Salt—in store. For sale by THOS. HANFORD.
July 25.

NEW BUTTER—25 tubs New BUTTER, ex *Lucy Ann*, from Halifax.
August 1. THOS. HANFORD.

Thomson's Augers, &c.

7 CASES Long & Short Screw AUGERS
2 cases Socket and Firmer CHISELS
"*best make*"—Just received.
Feb. 21. W. H. ADAMS.

Glass and Glassware.

Now landing from brig *Ledbitter*—

70 BOXES Diamond and Flated Window GLASS;
5 boxes Ruby, Green, Blue, Yellow, and Lemon coloured GLASS;
100 boxes 8x10 to 10x18 Window GLASS;
100 cases large sizes, 18x24 to 20x40;
60 Glass Milk Pans, 16 to 24 inches diameter;
6 Cumber Glasses, 20 inches;
2 Glass Rolling Pins, 18 inches;
81 Glass preserve Jars, 3 to 6 inch;
48 Glass preserve Jars, with lids;
20 Bee and other Glasses, for Gardens;
15 dozen assorted sizes Glass Spice Jars;
100 dozen Cut Wine Glasses;
100 dozen Castor Oil Bottles.—For sale by
JOHN KINNEAR,
July 11. Prince William Street.

PALE SEAL OIL.

Receiving from Halifax, ex schr. "Lucy Ann:"

15 CASKS PALE SEAL OIL.
For Sale by
August 1. JARDIN & CO.E

LIVERPOOL SALT.

5000 BUSHELS Loose SALT, landing ex ship "*Canada*" from Liverpool—for sale low before storing.
August 29. CUDLIP & SNIDER

MESS BEEF.—50 bbls. Mess BEEF, just received—for sale by
August 29. THOS. HANFORD.

Miscellaneous.

IMPLORA PACE.

BY E. B. THATCHER.

In a graveyard at Bologna, Lord Byron found the tomb of a beautiful Princess, who died at the age of twenty, two centuries since, with only the simple words "IMPLORA PACE" engraved upon it. They affected him deeply, and he expressed an earnest wish, that in case of his own death, the same inscription, and nothing more, should be placed on his grave-stone.

Give room, give room unto the dead!
No other place have they
Wherein to lean the aching head,
Or the cold bones to lay;—
Ah! leave me but a pilgrim's room
In the broad temple of the tomb.

The wild deer hath his resting place,
The blind mole hath his home,
And all the weary wings, the sea
And the wide skies that roam,
A dwelling in the sunbeams have,
Above the ground; beneath a grave.

Give room, give room! for I have been
Life's wilderness all o'er,
Praying for that sweet eve to fall
When brain and heart no more
Might pant, as flying fawns, for rest
Within the green earth's sheltering breast.

For rest! for rest! I would not see
The sun, nor breathe the air;
Vision nor voice should come to me,
Of joy nor sorrow there:—
No, nothing,—nothing but the deep
And dreamless spell of solemn sleep.

For rest! for rest! I have grown old,
Amid the brief year's flow;
My limbs are like the wintry branch—
My locks the wintry snow—
Leave, leave me but a place to lay
The tired and tremulous frame away.

For rest! for rest! I have been young,
And dreamed of home and love,
Till earth was like an Eden here,
Fairer than heaven above;
And wealth, and Fame, and friends—O God!
They lie below this vernal sod!

Nay, nay, I will not weep for these
That have their holy peace—
Beneath the flowers and dews, in dim
And verdant quietness—
From toil, and want, and scorn, and sin,
And madness, and the myriad din.

No! take me to your side, ye loved,
Ye lost, yet once again—
To bear no more what I have borne,
Nor be as I have been—
For rest! for rest! O give me room,
And give me rest, within the tomb!

THE BABY.

Oh, take the baby along, by all means. Babies love dearly to ride in the cars, and toddle about on steamboats. Why, the baby is the life of the party.—We have known a whole room full of people entertained by one, hour after hour. Sleeping or waking the pretty little creature, that can lisp a little English, or French, one can hardly tell which, is the universal delight, and many a party has been stupid just for the want of one.

In old times when they used to journey in stages, a lady who had a sweet little child with her, could scarcely call it her own, the whole way, the gentlemen were so fond of carrying, keeping and kissing. Why, the bachelors loved to play with, and dance on their knees, though at first they might be a little bashful, and awkward in taking hold of the strange and unaccustomed thing. But the smiles and winning ways of the baby were always irresistable, and sure to overcome at last the most obstinate of bachelors. People love babies as they do flowers.—Gentlemen especially, who are fond of flowers, like babies, the sweetest of them all to carry in their hands, just as they would put a carnation in their button holes.

How babies and butterflies do swarm in summer, to be sure! It is then they are on the wing. Pray, don't try to keep them from flying about and alighting here and there when something strikes their fancy, opening and shutting their hands and wings awhile, then flitting away again. Yes, that have babies! don't go anywhere without them. Better leave your purse behind, it will be less missed. The light of your eyes will be quenched, and your tongue will miss its inspiration. What a literally everlasting topic is the baby! She does this, she did that. Baby laughed in her sleep. Her mother does believe, it was because she saw something, which one so lately from the skies could only behold. Baby can say this word, and hides away sometimes from her mamma, though all but her nose and eyes are in plain sight.

Yes, who have no baby! get the lawful ownership of one as soon as possible. You don't know what a fountain of pure felicity it is. The baby is the light and joy of the whole house. The sweet little creature is the brightest jewel in your cabinet and ornamental to your drawing room; the choicest garland in your garden; most inexhaustible of entertaining company. There is no solitude where a baby is. Care and trouble disappear at the approach of the laughing little cherub. She is chloroform to your anxieties, and exhilarating gas to your pleasures. We adopt the style of service of a money-loving father to his son, with a change of a word or two—"Procure a baby, friend—honestly of course, but at any rate, be sure and get one." A graceful vine she will be to you in youth, which will support you in the infirmities of age.—*Newark Daily Advertiser.*

Why a Bachelor Don't Marry.

I recently read a newspaper philippic against bachelors, which was anything but just. Indeed I sometimes think that editors generally, with all their supposed smartness, rush into matrimony with the common crowd of green horns. Does anybody suppose that we bachelors are so from choice?—that with *malice prepense* we have devoted ourselves to a life of single unblessedness? No. It is because we cannot find wives to our minds. I speak for myself. I am 32, my appearance is as good as my neighbors;—temper allowed by my landlady and her daughter to be excellent; habits sober, and decidedly domestic prospects—a good business, (*go it,*" at any rate, for four thousand a year, and increasing,) with a few thousands invested. I want a wife. I am willing to marry as speedily as a decent regard for conventional rules will permit—provided can I find a proper person consenting to perform her part of the contract. I do not want a *doll*, nor a coquettish miss *whose intellect cannot ascend beyond the style of dry goods*, nor a shrewd beauty who (even in her teens, is scheming to wed an "established" man. I want a sensible woman, moderately educated, to share my fortunes; one who, in return for my unremitting kindness, will think it her duty to make one's home a little comfortable, and cook a good meal, at times, to take an interest even in hunting shirts—in short a "helpmate," not a *burden!*

I was at one period rather smitten by the attractions of Mary Jones. She was finely educated, and "accomplished"—i. e., she could dance, dress, write a bad hand, prattle on a thousand topics with volubility, and perform upon the piano with some mechanical skill, but without intelligent understanding. In the first stage of my attack, I was overjoyed myself into the belief that she was the very person calculated to make me happy. My circumstances at that period were far better than at present. I proposed and my proposal was accepted, as were also several costly presents I had the pleasure in offering my *fiancee*. The day was fixed for our wedding; but a week before its advent, a confounded fire swept away all I was worth in the world except a few thousand dollars, just sufficient to recommence life with. Mary endeavored with me in my misfortune, coolly broke the engagement and kindly returned my costly presents—as souvenirs of her broken promise, I presume. I thought this was pretty sharp practice in a girl of eighteen, (she almost trembled the fire escaped that had saved me from immolation on the altar of Hymen. She is eighteen twenty now. Her father has failed in business, and she is still single, although, as I learn on the eve of marriage with a widower of forty, who has a young family of six children and precarious business in the cheap clothes line. I take this opportunity of wishing them joy, to show that I harbor no ill feeling against the bride.

Lucy Smith afterwards exerted all the pretty little arts she was mistress of to ensnare me, and finally succeeded, to a certain extent. I found myself growing most assiduous in my attentions, and inclining more every day into the notable "spooney" state of feeling; but I soon found that she strove with equal pains to ensnare every fellow she met with, even in my presence, and could not refrain from practicing her strange occular experiments on married men. I withdrew; for though I have no objection to "variety as a spice of life," I do not approve of it as a seasoning to love or matrimony.

Maria Brown's notions of "wedded bliss" appeared to consist in an undisturbed state of rocking chairs and new novels, relieved only with interviews with milliners. Sophia abhorred the idea of "housekeeping;" and I who believe in domestic hearths, cheerful firesides, and that kind of lobs letting, as associated with married life, could not consent to be merely a temporary lord of a bed chamber, even in the most splendid of our hotels. Emma fancies that a wife is a pet to be dandled, humored, and submitted to—a lazy thing on which every luxury is to be lavished, without things in return. Of course, she won't do for a tradesman! She is well suited for a doting old gentleman, with much money and little wit. In short, I can't find a lady fit to be the companion of an unpretending business man, and that is the reason why I am a Bachelor.—*N. Y. Times.*

Landing at Liverpool.

And now we are fairly along side the shore, and we are soon going to set our foot on the land of Old England. Say what we will, an American, particularly a New Englander, can never approach the old country without a kind of thrill and pulsation of kindred. Its history for two centuries was our history. Its literature, laws, and language, are our literature, laws, and language. Spenser, Shakspeare, Bacon, Milton, were a glorious inheritance, which we share in common. Our very life-blood is English life-blood. It is Anglo-Saxon vigor that is spreading our country from Atlantic to Pacific, and leading on a new era in the world's development. And this is a full sightly young shoot, that has grown from the old royal oak of England: divided from its parent root, it has shot up in new, rich soil, and under genial, brilliant skies, and therefore takes on a new type of growth and foliage, but the sap in it is the same. I had an early opportunity of making acquaintance with my English brethren; for much to my astonishment, I found quite a crowd on the wharf, and we walked up to our carriage through a long lane of people, bowing, and looking very glad to see us. When I came to get into the hack, it was surrounded by more fagers than I could count. They stood very quietly, and looked very kindly, though evidently very much determined to look. Something prevented the hack from moving on; so the interview was prolonged for some time. I therefore took occasion to remark the very fair, pure complexions, the clear eyes, and the general air of health and vigour which seem to characterize our brethren and sisters of the island. There seemed to be no occasion to ask them how they did, as they were evidently quite well. Indeed, this air of health is one of the most striking things with one lands in England. They were not burly, red-faced, and stout, as I had sometimes conceived of the English people, but just full enough to suggest the idea of vigour and health. The presence of so many healthy, rosy people looking at me, all reduced as I was, first by land and then by sea sickness, made me feel myself more withered and forlorn than ever. But there was an earnestness and a depth of kind feeling in some of the faces which I shall long remember. It seemed as if I had not only touched the English shore, but felt the English heart.—"*Sunny Memories of Foreign Lands,*" by Mrs. H. B. Stowe.

THE GIRLS OF KALAFAT.—A correspondent of the London *Daily News*, writing from Kalafat says: "Many of the young girls, and a lady and the children here extremely handsome. Some of them would do credit to a sensation mantua of the London drawing rooms if only they could come more frequently in contact with the world and their face with soap and water. They regularly features and glowing black eyes betray their roman origin, even if the evidence were wanting, given by the harmonious flow of their language. The petticoats, not very long when worked *en grand tenue*, are when in their every day dress, as short as the most enthusiastic admirer of fine ankles could desire, in many instances not reaching the knee, the remainder of the leg being encased in long woollen stockings, which not been remarkably well gartered barly ever fail to fall down about the ancle and to reveal in a state of undressed nature, bronzed or reddened by the sun and wind. The remainder of the costume is a short gown of cotton or some similar light fabric, surmounted by a sheepskin jacket, the coiffure, a handkerchief wrapped carelessly or gracefully according to the temperament of the wearer, around the head. Like all the women of the East or south, however, their beauty, like the roses, blooms early and dies quickly. They are marriageable at fifteen, withered and wrinkled at thirty."

FLOPEMENT.—*Disturbing the Lodgers.*—A well-dressed, young appearing lady, accompanied by a small child, arrived at the Union Depot by the Hudson Railroad train on Tuesday, about noon, and made inquiries for the Mansion House, where she said her husband was to meet her. She had not been long there when, on the arrival of another train from Albany, she was joined by the "husband." Passing the afternoon to themselves at proper time in the evening they retired. On the arrival of the 10½ o'clock, train P. M., two gentlemen alighted, and, as luck would have it, one of them approached the same porter who at noon had directed the lady to the Mansion House, and inquired if he had seen a lady about so tall and dressed so and so, having in her arms a small child. The porter told the inquiring gentleman, that he had seen such a lady as he described, and that he would find his wife at the Mansion House. Proceeding to the Mansion House, the two gentlemen made known their business to the proprietors. The story was one of domestic unhappiness, fruitless efforts of friends for reconciliation, finally the desertion of the husband by the wife, and now of conjugal infidelity on her part. Word was sent to the woman that a person was in the house who wished to see her immediately. She declined seeing anybody. Upon this the husband and his friend repaired to her room, demanded admittance, and finally burst open the door. In the room were discovered the woman, a paramour and the child. No sooner did the real husband see the pretender, than he proceeded to administer to him an infinite number of dry knocks much to the injury of his personal appearance. The woman rushed from the room and proceeded in her night dress down stairs, crying "Fire!" at the top of her voice. This, with the pummelling operation which was going on up stairs, aroused the guests and boarders in the house who proceeded to "keep the peace" by main force. The affair ended by the pretended husband taking a sudden leave, and the departure of the real husband and his infant wife and innocent little one, in the 5 o'clock A. M. train for New York.—*Troy Times.*

NOT ASHAMED OF THEIR TRADES.—Hon. W. W. Pepper, one of the Circuit Judges of Tennessee, was formerly a blacksmith; and "for the sake of it," he lately made, with his own hands, an iron fire shovel, which he presented to the Governor, Hon. Andrew Johnson. In return, Governor Johnson, who was formerly a tailor, cut and made with his own hands a coat, and presented it to the Judge. The correspondence which passed is published in the Tennessee papers. And we have no doubt that both coat and shovel are fine specimens of the skill of their somewhile workers. Both of them adorn the distinguished offices which they now hold; and men who, under circumstances of great difficulty, have had the energy to fit themselves for their present high position, had the ambition, doubtless, and the capacity, also, to do well whatever task they assumed or was assigned them, however humble.—*Albany Journal.*

Shade Trees and Cholera.—It is a well known fact that trees on the streets of a city absorb through their foliage a large portion of the noxious vapor and gases which are evolved by the rays of the sun. The comfort which we enjoy from their cooling shade, and the pleasure we receive from their gay and enlivening appearance are not their only benefits. The air is purer and more healthful thereby; exhilaration of the system induced by breathing more oxygen, and carbon draws out our thoughts towards the bright side of nature and things in general, thus acting as a preventitive against a disease that easily preys upon depressed spirits.—[Milwaukee Wisconsin.

FORTY FIVE FEET OF RATTLESNAKES.—We are informed that a Frenchman in the employ of Postmaster Gridley, in Russell, while at work a short distance west of the depot, chopping wood, encountered three huge rattlesnakes, measuring respectively 3 feet 2 inches, 4 feet 4 inches, and 4 feet 5 inches, having within them thirty young snakes, each measuring thirteen inches in length. The favorable position in which the three elder snakes lay, enabled the courageous Frenchman to kill the three at a single blow. The corpulent appearance of some of the trio, led curiosity so far as to cut them open, when the interesting little family of thirty, with one rattle each, made their appearance, only to meet the fate of their elders. The aggregate length of this dangerous crew amounted to about forty-five feet five inches.—*Boston Traveller.*

IMPORTED CATTLE.—We are informed that the ship "Hignlyer," arrived from Liverpool on Wednesday, has on board a large number of very valuable Durham cattle for Mr. Thomas of Duchess county, and also the 1st prize Devon bull and heifer and the 1st prize Alderney bull and heifer, at the recent show of the Royal Agricultural Society of England.

The cattl chrought by the ship Antarctic, imported by the Kentucky Stock Importing Company, consist of six cows of the short horn Durham breed, eight heifers, one calf, fifty-four Cotswold sheep, eighteen swine, five bulls, and one Cleave-land bay stallion—the latter a beautiful animal, which is said to have cost over a thousand dollars. Another lot on the same vessel, belonging to Col. Wm. Alexander, of Woodford county, consists of eight heifers, four cows and three bulls.

Taken together, this is the best lot of cattle that has been brought to this port for a long time; and it will undoubtedly do much toward improving the stock of Kentucky. The swine are of the improved Yorkshire and Liverpool breed; and the cows and heifers are of a superior variety. No expense appears to have been spared in the provision for the voyage, and the whole stock is in the finest possible condition.—[N. Y. Jour. Com.

A singular death by elder occurred a few days since at Cranbury. A lady was attacked with the disease, and apparently died. Her friends proceeded to prepare the body for the shroud, when signs of life were shown. Some hours subsequently, another change took place, when it was again thought that death claimed its own, and the spirit of the victim flown. Arrangements were accordingly made the second time to lay out the body, when again symptoms of life were manifest. Another day passed and with it another change, when the hand of death was indisputably laid upon the victim, and the troubled spirit passed from life.—*Trenton True American.*

A MISERLY CHIEF-JUSTICE.—Jekyl said that Kenyon died of eating apple-pie crust at breakfast to save the expense of muffins; and that Lord Ellenborough, who succeeded to the chief-Justiceship in consequence, always bowed with great reverence to apple-pie; "which," said Jekyl, "we used to call apple pie-ty." The Princesses also told of how "The king used to play tricks on Kenyon, sending the despatch box to him at a quarter past seven, when he knew Kenyon was snug in bed; being accustomed to go to bed at that hour to save candle-light."—*Moore's Diary.*

INTERESTING HABITS OF MINISTERS.—Mr. Gladstone, when he buys a bundle of asparagus, begins by dividing it into "three heads." Lord John Russell, before doing anything, always looks into Magna Charta, to see if he is justified in doing it. He will not even take a walk unless he has thoroughly convinced himself beforehand that it is a perfectly "constitutional" one.—*Punch.*

THE INFIDEL REPROVED.—When the Rev. Mr.——— heard an infidel justingly say once, "I always spend Sunday in settling my accounts," that venerable Minister turned round and said, in an tone of deep solemnity, "You may find, sir, that the day of judgment is to be spent in exactly the same manner."

Nuts, Crushed Sugar, &c.

Landing from Boston, per *Mary Grafton*,

30 BASKETS FILBERTS;
10 sacks CASTANAS;
10 bbls. Crushed SUGAR; 2 tons Redwood.
August 22. FLEWWELLING & READING.

Sugar Cured Hams.

JUST landed from Boston—2 hhds. superior HAMS. [Aug. 22.] JARDINE & CO.

CUBA SUGAR.—35 hhds. 12 tierces and 25 barrels good Cuba SUGAR,—For sale very low.
Aug. 22. FLEWWELLING & READING.

THE OBSERVER.

St. John, Tuesday, Sept. 12, 1854.

RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The *Royal Gazette* of Wednesday last contains an important dispatch from the Earl of Clarendon, H. M. Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, announcing the ratification of the Reciprocity Treaty by Her Majesty, as well as by the President and Congress of the United States. Her Majesty's ratification was sent out from England by the mail steamer of the 19th August, to be exchanged against that of the United States, by Her Majesty's Minister at Washington. In the mean time, the Dispatch expresses the desire of the Government, that American Fishermen may be *immediately* allowed the use of the privileges secured to them by the Treaty. It appears, therefore, that the mere form of an assent to the terms of the Treaty by the Colonial Legislatures was wholly unimportant; and that therefore an extra Session of our Provincial Parliament would have been a mere waste of time and expense.

Although the Cholera, as an epidemic, has ceased its ravages among us, yet occasional isolated cases still occur; shewing that it still lingers in the community, snatching away one here and there, as if to remind us, that we must not lapse into dangerous false security. It is evident, therefore, that every prudent precaution, with regard to regularity of habits and diet, cleanliness and ventilation, should constantly be practised by all; that thus we may both be fortified against the insidious influences of the fell disease, and render its return at a future season less probable or less fatal. In the mean time, all those who have been mercifully spared through the late terrible infliction, should earnestly endeavour, by their whole life and conduct henceforth, to testify their unbounded gratitude to the Almighty, for the unmerited mercies vouchsafed to them.

The exigencies of the war requiring the services of all the disposable forces of Great Britain, orders have arrived for sending home nearly all the troops now in the British American Colonies. These movements are now in progress, the Commissariat having advertised for a ship from this port, to convey troops from Halifax to England. It is probable that only one Regiment, (the 76th) will be left on duty in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; merely a sufficent number to guard the stores being stationed in this Province. It is evident, therefore, that the Imperial Goverment have no apprehension of the tide of war reaching any of the Colonial shores; and that they fully rely on the loyalty and ability of Colonial subjects, to maintain local tranquillity, and to protect the honor of the Empire within their respective borders.

THE DEAD HOUSE.—As the Advertisement for Tenders for erecting the proposed new Dead House continues open till the 14th inst., we take this opportunity of adding our vote to the universal condemnation of the building as now proposed. Not only generally by the press, but everywhere in private conversation we hear a unanimous opinion expressed of the folly and extravagance of the project. Both the intended site and the enormous expenditure are unequivocally protested against by all classes. To re-erect the Dead House in its former locality, will be establishing a loathsom nuisance in one of the most public parts of the city; and to expend the immense sum of £500 on such an object, in the present state of our civic affairs, will be a reckless waste of public money. Common sense dictates, that a plain and simple wooden building, costing not more than £100, placed in the lower portion of the old burying ground, would be amply sufficient for all needful purposes; would be located in a peculiarly appropriate and unobjectionable spot; would be noxious or offensive to nobody, and would prove that our authorities have a just regard for fiscal economy, and for the feelings and opinions of the community at large.

The Mayor's Court and Court of General Sessions for this city and county, opened on Tuesday last, and closed on Saturday. Although there are many prisoners in gaol, under criminal charges, yet their offences being beyond the jurisdiction of this court, there was no criminal business before it, and the Grand Jury were therefore discharged after a very brief attendance. Only two civil causes, of no public interest, were entered for trial in the Mayor's court.

☞ The next *Circuit* court for this city and county will commence on the first Tuesday in November next. It was intended by the Executive, that an extra circuit court should have been held in August, for the purpose of delivering the gaol; but the prevalence of the cholera rendered that intention impracticable; and as the judges will otherwise occupied in September and October, the term can be now no circuit court before November.

[illegible] Agency Sir Gaspard Le Marchant, with [illegible] Mr. Rushworth, is now on [illegible] the Eastern Counties of Nova [illegible] at the Bend of Petitcodiac, [illegible] before returning to Halifax.

[illegible] We have received by [illegible] Godey. Its contents are [illegible] of the usual style of [illegible] commendation. The [illegible] *Godey's Book*" will [illegible] charge.

THE DESTRUCTION OF SAN JUAN.—The New [illegible] the newspaper representative [illegible] in this country, thus [illegible] Singer Union, in reference [illegible] at San Juan:—

[illegible] the Union's stale and ridiculous tack [illegible] the wide question by tirades against [illegible] in Central America, with which the [illegible] of Keyton had nothing whatever to do [illegible] absolutely not worth notice. But since the paper and its contributors, so far as they can, use upon themselves the dirty office of stirring up all passions, and that maliciously at a war with Great Britain as a possible result from this contemptible affair, we may as well let them into a view of European politics and policy that does not seem to suggest itself to them. It is just the possibility, this probability, this certainty. If the Union and its friends should drive their own country and their own into a war on any pretext whatever, all the formidable powers of Europe would be immediately banded against the United States. Let not fools deceive themselves about Cuba, Mexican complicities with this republic, hatred to England, opportunities, and all that sort of stuff. We say, simply that, if from any cause whatever the two great and free countries of the world should blunderingly assume a hostile attitude toward each other, the mere fact would be a signal for putting on an immediate peace in Europe, and for such a coalition against the West as filibusterism does not dream of.

A good deal of excitement and some fun arose [illegible], in consequence of the marriage [illegible] a French girl. The bride's friends [illegible] good" for her adopted partner, [illegible] accordingly; but it was subsequently asserted that the knot was tied too [illegible] to be loosed by parental influence; and [illegible] Adonis, was a fine specimen of his tribe, [illegible] the lady love in triumph. She will [illegible] settle down to the usages of the [illegible] wildness, if we may judge by [illegible] with which she sported a full costume of Indian toggery.—*Fred. Reporter.*

His Excellency Sir Edmund Head will leave for Canada about the 25th—consequently [illegible] days previous to the arrival of our new Governor.—*Ib.*

The Asia will not sail to-morrow until about [illegible] o'clock. She will probably take out about a [illegible] of dollars in specie, of which $100,000 [illegible] shipped by direction of Santa Anna, from [illegible] fund in this city.

Defeat of the Canadian Ministry.—We learn by a telegraphic despatch from Quebec of the 9th inst., that the Government have been defeated on the election of a Speaker, and that they have resigned. Mr. Sicotte has been chosen Speaker of the assembly. The Gov. General has called upon Sir Allan McNab to form a new Ministry.—*N. Br.*

NEW VESSELS.—A fine looking Ship, called the *Magnolia* was towed down to this harbor yesterday from Tynemouth, where she was built by Messrs. Parker and Lovitt, whose reputation as faithful builders stands high. She is most substantially and strongly built and fastened, has beams for a second deck, and a large poop, measures 1291 tons N. M., and 1227 tons O. M., and was built for Charles Ward, Esq., of this City.

Another superior vessel, called the *Ouangondy*, (The Indian name for the St. John River,) was launched at Carleton on Tuesday last, from the Building Yard of Mr. Thomas McLeod. She measures 1312 tons, N. M., 1401 tons, O. M., and is owned by N. S. Demill and Short & Estey.—She is said to be a very handsome modelled ship, and built of the very best materials.

Another exceedingly fine Ship, called the *Sarah M.*, was recently launched from the Building Yard of Mr. Alexander Sime, at Lancaster, opposite Indian Town. She is owned by Mr. A. McLeod.—measures 1010 tons, N. M., and is in every respect a superior vessel.—*Courier.*

MILITARY.—We learn that the 76th Regiment and the Artillery now stationed in this Province, are to be withdrawn forthwith, and the Province will probably be left hereafter to provide its own defenders. It is not unlikely, however, that a Company of the 76th may be left in Barracks here, to look after the public works and military stores, until other arrangements are made.

The military stores at Fredericton and St. Andrews, will be brought here, and the necessity of a guard at those places will be spared.

The withdrawal of the small number of soldiers stationed here, will scarcely be noticed; but the removal of the head quarters, band, and staff from Fredericton, will be felt in that community, as also by the farmers in that vicinity, who thus lose some of their best customers.

A Company of the Royal Artillery arrived here on Thursday night, in the steamer Creole from Windsor. They will relieve the company stationed here, which will proceed to Halifax next Monday.—*New Brunswicker.*

The 72d Regiment has been ordered home from Halifax, and a vessel has been advertised for here for its conveyance. The garrison at Halifax will then be left with a detachment of the 76th Regt., which will probably make calling upon the militia to do garrison duty indispensable.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENS.—Edward Jack, Esquire, to be *pro tempore*, Local Deputy to conduct the sale of Crown Lands in the County of Charlotte, also seizing Officer under the Act 3rd Victoria, cap. 77.

CLIFTON, KING'S COUNTY.

A meeting of the inhabitants of the village in the vicinity of the Shipyards of Messrs. Justus S. Wetmore and Wm. P. Flewelling, took place on Wenesday evening, 30th inst.; the object in view being the selection of an appropriate name for said village. On motion, Rev. D. J. Wetmore was called to the chair, and Mr. John S. Hay was chosen Secretary. Addresses were delivered, in which the propriety and necessity of having a name for the village were most clearly exhibited, and after a number had been proposed, the name of "CLIFTON" was adopted by a large majority. On the motion the chairman left the chair, and Wm. P. Flewelling was called thereto. The thanks of the meeting were tendered to the chairman and secretary; and after giving three cheers for the prosperity of Clifton, and three more for the Queen, the meeting dispersed.

DAVID G. WETMORE, Chairman,
JOHN S. HAY, Secretary.

CHOLERA IN THE WEST INDIES.—*St. Thomas W. I., August* 15, 1854.—Great consternation prevailed yesterday morning among our citizens from seeing the Windward Islands steamer, the Conway, which had arrived during the night, lying at the mouth of the harbor under the quarantine flag, and the startling intelligence soon ran through the town that the cholera was on board, seven deaths occurred on the way down from the islands among the crew, and one since her arrival—the body having been thrown overboard for the fish, which constitutes a great article of food to feed upon. It produced no pleasant sensations to find an epidemic disease, from which the town had so recently suffered so severely, in such close vicinity to us again; particularly as in its ravages among the islands, from which it was now brought hither, it has made but slight discriminations as to color—a fair percentage of whites having fallen before it with the blacks, and of those who died on board the steamer two or three being whites. The mails were landed last evening. It is presumed proper precautions were observed in doing so. Besides this, there is to be no communication from the vessel with the town. She has hauled off further this morning for the purpose of transferring her passengers to the European other steamers—and will then be immediately sent up to Barbadoes until she is free from the disease. The Conway was expected to leave for New York about the 20th inst. for repairs. She reports the cholera as having subsided greatly in all the Windward Islands. From Bridgetown it had entirely disappeared, so much so that they were soon to give clean bills of health.—*Cor of the N. Y. Tribune.*

It is said that Government has taken up the St. John ship "Eastern Star" (new) 1500 tons, one of the Black Ball Line of Packets between that port and Liverpool, to convey the whole of the 72nd Highlanders to England.—*B. N. American.*

QUEBEC, Sept. 5.—The Canadian Parliament was opened to-day. Mr. Sicotte was elected Speaker by a vote of 75 against 41. The vote for Mr. Custer was 59 against 62. Lord Elgin will deliver his opening speech to-morrow.

THE CROPS.

The Portland State of Maine says—a heavy item to bear down the price of flour is the splendid wheat crop of Canada. it is calculated that be surplus, for export, will be twelve millions of bushels, five millions more than last year. The crops in the United States at the South and West promise well, and will be much larger than last year.

THE CROPS.—A sort of panic has prevailed for several weeks past, in regard to the crops. From the tone assumed by some of our contemporaries, it might be inferred that we were threatened with a famine. Recently, however, they have become more hopeful, and conclude that, after all, there may be no immediate danger of starvation. We have carefully examined our exchanges, with a special reference to this subject, and are happy to find that since the recent timely and abundant showers in nearly every section of the country, the papers unite in the opinion that there will be very nearly a fair average crop of the various articles which go to make up human food. And this is our opinion. As, therefore the harvest in Great Britain promises to greatly exceed in average return, as California and Oregon are likely to be exporters of breadstuffs, and as we hear nothing doleful from the Continent, we can conceive no cause for the too generally expressed apprehension that the prices of everything eatable will, during the next twelve months, be far above the average of the past five years. We can see no reason for believing that the prices will run above, but many reasons that they will go much below the present range.—*Albany Journal.*

WHEAT FROM CANADA.—It is pleasant, during the present prospect of a dearth of breadstuffs in the United States, to know that the yield of wheat in the British Provinces has been unusually large; and that through the reciprocity treaty, ratified at the last session of Congress, it can be procured to supply our wants without the duty of 20 per cent. which has heretofore been imposed upon Canadian grain. This source of supply will be a great relief, not only to non-producers, but to many farmers, who will be obliged to buy breadstuffs this year for their own consumption;

It was not anticipated, probably, by any of the parties to the treaty, that we should soon want grain for domestic consumption from the Provinces; but such a contingency having now arisen, it illustrates in a striking manner the benefits of a liberal commercial policy.—*Toledo Republican.*

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—*The Crops.*—The editors of the Journal of Commerce vouch for the respectability of the writer (a New York merchant) of the following letter dated, dated Toledo, Ohio, Sept. 2—"I stopped at Cleveland last night, as I wished to go through the country by daylight. I am already satisfied that there will be plenty of corn. So far as I have seen there are few fields that will not yield 20 bushels to the acre, and many will yield 40 to 70 bushels. I have seen and conversed with many persons from all parts of the State, and all say that the corn crop is coming out much better than was expected. There is an immense quantity of old corn in the country, and with the larger surface of land planted, I am convinced there will be an average quantity for consumption."

There is an immense amount of wheat in the railroad depots at Richmond, Va. There are eight large mills in operation in this city, and two of them grind at least nine hundred barrels each per day. It is mostly shipped, however, for the South American markets, where it is a favorite over all others. The climate does not sour it, and the secret is said to consist in packing it while it is hot.

AN ACTIVE MERCHANT.—One of our oldest and most esteemed merchants left this city on the 5th of August in the steamship Pacific, and returned in the same vessel on the 3rd of September, having been absent just twenty-nine days, during which time he travelled over a large portion of England, Scotland and Wales,—transacting a large amount of business, closing old accounts of many years standing, opening new ones, and entering into negociations with the zeal and activity characteristic of our countrymen—sleeping in railway cars at night, attending to business during the day, and participating in amusements in the evening. Upon one occasion, when our friend was introduced to a leading English merchant, the latter enquired of him, "How old are you?" To which the answer was "Three score." "Three score!" exclaimed the English merchant, "why if you are thus active at three score, what must your young men be?" "Oh," replied our friend, "the youngsters in New York run quite over me; they would not think of wasting a week in doing the business I have transacted in the United Kingdom."

Our friend gives a most favourable account of the English crops. He describes the appearance of the grain, as it stands in shocks on the field, as one general encampment, the yield of potatoes is immense, although the rot will probably reduce the crop to a good average.—*N. Y. Courier and Enquirer.*

Anniversary of the Death of Lopez.—The third anniversary of the death of Gen. Lopez and his companions, executed at Havana, was celebrated on Friday evening at New-York, in the Chinese building, by a general gathering of foreign members of the Cuban, French, Italian, German, Polish, and Hungarian societies. There were about five hundred persons present, among them several ladies. Speeches of the usual order were made.

Baltimore Cattle Market, Sept. 4.—4000 head of cattle offered: 400 driven Eastward; 300 left over; 800 sold, at from $2 75 to 4 25.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.

British Steamship Africa, Capt. Harrison, from Liverpool Aug. 26, arrived at half past 7 o'clock this morning.

The news, so far as relates to the war, is wholly unimportant. Almost the only incident of the least interest is the undoubted fact that the Austrians have taken possession of Wallachia.

Full particulars of the capture of Bormasund have come to hand.

No active operations have taken place either on the Baltic or Black Sea.

On the 20th the Austrian army of occupation entered Wallachia, and perhaps Moldavia will be occupied. The Russians are still concentrated on the Pruth and the Turks at Bucharest. No immediate battle is expected. The expedition to the Crimea had not yet sailed.

The Turks met with a terrible defeat at Kars, and lost 2000 men as prisoners.

No news of importance from England. The British Government have completed contracts for hemp at £65 to £67 10s. Very large contracts for beef and pork are advertised.

France has reduced the import duty on dyestuffs, potash, &c., with reductions in other articles.

Spain is apparently subsiding into quietness.

The overland Indian Mail is telegraphed at Marseilles. Silk is reported scarce and bad; Tea dearer.

A difficulty has arisen in connection with the new Stamp Act of this session, which, it is understood will come into operation on the 11th of October next, on the point as to whether it is to apply to foreign bills dated previous to that day, but payable on or after it.

Yesterday, Prince Albert proceeded to Portsmouth and reviewed the Lancers, and two other militia regiments doing duty there.

Orders have been sent for both the Naval and Military departments of Plymouth, to prepare the Caledonia, 120 gun ship, now in ordinary at that port, with all possible despatch, to receive Russian prisoners.

The following is from the Times' city article of Friday evening: The English Funds have been steady today. The continuance of good accounts from the harvest having been sufficient to counteract the effect on the market of a rather full supply of money. Consols remained throughout the day at the prices of last evening. Although the demand for money today was active, in the Stock Exchange it was comparatively easy. In the Foreign Exchanges this afternoon the rates were on Hamburg a shade lower; for bills on Vienna there was a demand at improved quotations. With regard to other places the business was not extensive. The last accounts from the Paris House this evening exhibit a fresh improvement of about 1 8 a 1-4 per cent. At Amsterdam also there has been further favorable movement of more than 1 2 per cent in the rate of exchange, the quotations being now 11-20. The French exchanges again show considerable firmness and gold cannot be transmitted from this side without loss. Many of the delayed Australian vessels known to be on their way here, were now to arrive, their effect would most probaly be felt immediately on the money market.

FRANCE.—The Moniteur of yesterday contains a variety of details of the Emperor's return journey from Paris to Biarritz, from which it appears that his majesty was received everywhere with the greatest enthusiasm by the whole population; in fact the journey was one continuous ovation.

The Emperor arrived at Biarritz, at 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening. The official journal contains no other news.

Arrest by the Turks of two Correspondents of the London Journals.—The special military correspondent of the London Morning Caronicle, who was despatched to the Turkish army on the outbreak of hostilities on the Danube, last October, was arrested by the Turkish authorities at Bucharest, on the 13th inst., together with another English man, a correspondent of the London Daily News.

The prisoners were released upon parole, under charge of their Consul, and thirty six hours were given them to consider whether they would return to Giurgevo voluntarily or to be taken there by force.

The origin of this event is unknown, and it is therefore premature to discuss it. It is possible that Omar Pacha may have had some very imperative motive to justify his resorting to so arbitrary an act, and it is better to abstain from commenting upon it until that motive shall be known.

VIENNA, Friday evening.—Prince Gortschakoff is said to have information from St. Petersburg that no direct answer will be given to the last propositions forwarded by Austria; but she will be asked what her intentions are. The armament here goes on upon a grander scale than ever. Two Russian agents, who set Vienna on fire, have been arrested.

BERLIN, Friday.—The French troops at Bomarsund suffer terribly from cholera, and they will probably be re-embarked immediately. It is expected that the fortress will be blown up and abandoned. Several vessels had sailed for Hango Sound.

Troubles are expected in Denmark.

INDIA.—Bombay, July 20.—The king of Oude has offered to the British Government 12,000 infantry, and 100 guns.

Russian agents are in treaty with Cabul.

WHITE SEA.—H. M. S. Brisk, July 29.—A private communication says: "We have had a slight skirmish at Archangel, and destroyed three other places: first, Solovetski monastery; second, the tower of Kedi, in Onega Bay; thirdly, a large tower on Penchlattla river. We sail to morrow morning in company with the Eurydid, but whither, it is not known. All on board are well.

THE BALTIC.—Dantzic, Aug. 25.—The Vulture left the Allied Fleets at Ledsund on the 22d. The troops would probably be re-embarked.

HAMBURG, Aug. 25.—A strong division of the fleets has left Ledsund to operate in the Gulf of Finland. The forts of Aland will be destroyed.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.—Gen. Medel has been sent by the King to the Camp of Boulogne.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—*Occupation of Aland Islands.*—Stockholm, Aug. 23.—It is reported here that if the pending negotiations for the occupation of the Aland Islands by Sweden with 20.000 Swedish troops, should fail, the fortifications of Bomarsund are to be blown up before the 1st of September.

It is said that the troops at Bomarsund will be re-embarked for service elsewhere. Preparations are being renewed for the departure of the expedition to the Crimea.

An insurrection broke out at Damascus on the 10th, but it was quelled without much effect.

An accidental fire at Varna had destroyed one third of the town.

Sir Edmund Lyons has sailed into the Black Sea with his division, but his destination is unknown.

CAPTURE OF THE ALAND ISLANDS.

The fortifications which were the object of attack first, of a principal battery built of stone, in a curved shape, along the shore—a fabric of great solidity and strength, and mounting nearly 100 guns. On the rising ground adjacent were two round towers, and at the extreme east another, each of which mounted 16 guns. In addition to each of these defences, some mud batteries had been thrown up since the previous visit of the fleet in the month of June. As the entire group of the Aland Isles is one mass of rock, it would be very difficult to prosecute ordinary seige works, whilst a regular bombardment of the walls would be an exceedingly laborious undertaking: consequently it was decided to take place by military assault and escalade. On the 11th, therefore, about 12,000 French and English soldiers and marines commenced erecting batteries before the fortress to cover the assailants. For this purpose, besides the siege artillery brought from France, a number of heavy guns were sent up from the Duke of Wellington and other ships, and dragged a distance of three miles from the landing place. On the 12th, the besieged attempted a sorte, in the hope of interrupting the works, but they were repulsed and driven back into the forts. On the 14th the most considerable of the two flanking towers above alluded to was taken after a resistance of four hours; and the scaling-ladders were prepared for a general assault on the ensuing day. On the 15th the third tower was taken, and the garrison had no longer any prospect of relief, or reinforcement—all the approaches to the island being vigilantly guarded by steam-ships and armed boats.

On the 16th inst., at 12 30 P.M., Bomarsund, by which may be understood the "principal battery, built of stone in a curved shape, along the shore, and mounting nearly 100 guns," was attacked by land troops. The heavy artillery destroyed two detached forts, the principal fortress then hoisted a flag of truce and capitulated. The bombardment lasted from 5 A.M. of the 15th until 2 P.M., on the 16th, when the Russian general surrendered. The Russians blew up a forth containing state prisoners and also, it is said, the secreted A and plots. The fortress was in consequence considerably damaged. General Bedisco and the Vice-Governor Turuhielm, with the whole garrison of 1,500 men (with the *materiel* and provisions,) were made prisoners of war.

A letter from Dantzic dated the 19th says that Lieut. Agnew Flag, Lieutenant to Sir Charles Napier, had arrived there that morning with despatches for England in relation to the surrender of Bomarsund. The letter gives the following particulars of that affair. On Tuesday the 15th, the English field and breaching batteries opened fire on Nottich Fort, which was breached by four P.M., and it surrendered in the evening. Seven of the ships of the English fleet, and five of the French continued firing at the sea face of the principal fort of Bomarsund, while at the same time the French field and mortar batteries poured an incessant fire on the rear, and an English eight-inch gun on a captured six-gun battery maintained an excellent flanking fire. The captured fort of Tzee blew up about 1 P.M.

On Wednesday, the 16th, the French batteries advanced considerably nearer to the land force of the fort, and kept up an incessant fire; the heavy guns in the six gun battery served by the English under Captain Pelham did great execution; the large blocks of granite that formed the face of the fort, and which in appearance formed an immense resistence, fell out in masses, and the rubble with which the wall was filled in tumbled out in heaps. The Edinburgh, the Ajax, and the steamers fired at long range on the Bomarsund fortress, while at the same time the Leopard attacked the fort of Presto on the other side of the narrow channel. At 12.30 a flag of truce was held out at an embrasure of Bomarsund, toward the fleet; a boat with an officer was sent on shore, and at about half-past 12 the governor surrendered.

General Bodisco is an old man, apparently 80 years of age. He was very anxious that the French General-in-chief should certify that he had done his duty! General Baraguay d'Hilliers returned the Russian general's sword, and at the same time extolled the valor with which he had defended his trust, and the prudence which had surrendered it when further resistance could have done no more than cause a useless loss of life. The Russian general then sent a priest to the officer in command of Presto fort, with orders to surrender. The order was obeyed.—Thus the four forts of Bomarsund fell into the possession of the allies.

The loss of the allied forces is said to be inconsiderable, not exceeding fifty, though the particulars in this respect are not yet fully received. General Baraguay d'Hilliers had a narrow escape. A cannon ball passed between him and his aid de camp. The Russian prisoners, it is understood, are to be sent to France in British ships.

The Aland Islands form an archbishop's see of about eighty inhabited islands, and a vast number of rocks and inlets, in the province of Abo, in the Gulf of Bothnia, at the entrance, between lat. 50 degs. 32 min. N. and lon. 19 degs. and 21 min. E. The population is 15,000, and they are all of Swedish descent. Rye, barley, potatoes and flax are raised sufficient for the population. The manufactures are wool and sailcloth for home use.—The exports are salt beef, butter, cheese, hides, cored fish, and fire wood. The imports are salt, colonial produce, and manufactured goods. These islands, taken from Sweden in 1809, are of great political and military importance to Russia, and contain several fortified ports, generally the station of a part of the Baltic fleet. Near them Peter the Great gained his first naval battle over the Swedes in 1714. The chief island, Aland, has an area of 28 square miles, a population of 9,000, and a good harbour (Bomarsund) on its west side.

The London Times has the following remarks on the capture of the place.

The attack of the combined forces upon the forts of Bomarsund has prove less costly and difficult than might have been anticipated, as the Russians appear to have made but a short defence, yet this expedition will be remembered in history as the first instance of a combined enterprise carried on between the French army and the British navy. The two services have not only acted in concert, but as parts of the same army. Were there to be no other result of this war, such a union between the regular forces of the two countries is of incalculable importance, for there is a wide distinction between the political alliances which may exist between cabinets and statesmen, whose nearest points of contact are diplomatic conferences or state dinners, and the practical fraternisation of the French soldier and the British seaman. That is what this combined expedition has first done; and it will not be doubted that if the two great powers of Western Europe can and will thus practically unite their forces, no military or naval enterprise within reach of human attainment is beyond their strength.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.—The chief feature which attracts public attention at present in connection with the war in the East is the terrible devastation committed by the pestilence among the ranks of the Allied Armies. Accounts have been transmitted which state the mortality as high as fifteen thousand. A letter from Varna, however, of the 10th, speaks of the health of the English and French armies as gradually improving. Prince Napoleon had left on the 9th for Constantinople, change of air having been ordered for an intermittant fever, with which he had been attacked. He was exceedingly unwilling to depart, but the medical men insisted upon his doing so. Among the persons about the prince the opinion prevailed that he would have to return to France. The troops from Africa had suffered infinitely less than those who came from France; and the English army somewhat less, the letter states, than the French. The expedition against the Crimea has it appears been still further postponed owing to this cause, and some accounts says that the opinion was prevalent that owing to the epidemic it would be abandoned altogether. At a council of war, however, held on the 9th it was decided that "*coute qui coute*" that enterprise must go forward. Every preparation is abcordingly on foot for this purpose.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—The Emperor has just addressed the following proclamation to the army of the East:

Soldiers and Sailors of the Army of the East.—You have not yet fought a battle. You have nevertheless already achieved a glorious success. Your presence, and that of the English troops, have sufficed to compel the enemy to recross the Danube, and the Russian vessels to hide shamefully in their ports. You have not fought a battle, but you have already struggled with courage against Death. A formidable, although transcient scourge, has not abated your ardor. France and the sovereign she has chosen to herself, do not witness without deep emotion so much energy and abnegation, nor without using all their endeavors to come to your aid.

The First Consul said, in 1799, in a proclamation to his army: "The first attribute of the soldier is constancy in bearing fatigues and privations; mere valor is secondary to this." That first quality you now display; as to the second, who can question its possession by you? Thus it is that our enemies, scattered from Finland to the Caucasus, anxiously endeavour to ascertain where France and England will deal their blows, which they will foresee must be decisive; for right, justice, and warlike inspiration are on our side.

Already Bomarsund and two thousand prisoners have fallen into our power. Soldiers, you will follow the example of the army of Egypt. The victors of the Pyramids and of Mont-Thabor had, like you, to contend against soldiers inured to war, and against disease; but dispite the plague and the efforts of three armies, they returned with honors to their native land.

Soldiers, have confidence in your General in-Chief and in me. I watch over you, and I hope, with the help of God, soon to see your sufferings lessened and your glory increased. Soldiers, fareweil!

NAPOLEON.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN ENGLAND.—The London correspondent of the Boston Post, under date of the 22d August, says:

"A shocking accident occurred yesterday afternoon on the railway to the crystal palace, from a collision with an engine taking water on the line. Four second class carriages and one first class were smashed to pieces, and among the ruins were at least 40 to 50 human beings. The escape of a single person alive amounts almost to a miracle, for hardly a more frightful place could be found on the whole line for such an accident. Several persons had arms and limbs fractured, four of whom died within a few minutes, and several are now lying in the hospitals, who will hardly recover. Among the former was the Rev. Mr. Welles, a young clergyman of much promise, who had just been married."

NEW MILITARY FORCES.—News from St. Petersburg tells that two battalions of skaters have been formed at Cronstadt. When winter comes they are to act upon the ice. We have also heard that a self taught engineer of Aberdeen has submitted to our impetuous Premier the model of a gun capable of being loaded wish snow balls, to act against the skaters aforesaid. Further intelligence states that the king of Prussia, to show his sympathy with his royal brother in-law, and to act in concert, as occasion may serve, with the Imperial Cronstadt skaters, has riginated and drilled a new Prussian force, to be called the Royal *Berlin Backsliders.*

AN EASTERN TALE.—Respecting the death of the Viceroy of Egypt, we read in the *Osservatore Triestino*: "The Viceroy desired to drink. His two attendant Mamelukes presented to him a cup of water, which had been poisoned with diamond-dust; but fearing that the poison would fail in its effects, they strangled him. They then immediately left the palace, and after five hours' hard riding arrived in the principal square at Cairo. They there went into the shop of a baker, Testa by name, and, after having refreshed themselves, confessed that they had committed a crime, and offered him a ring of the value of £3,000 and a purse of 300 guineas, if he would provide a place of concealment; at the same time remarking that a person of distinction had given them 200 purses (about £750) five days previously. Testa refused to shelter them. When they found that they could nowhere obtain a hiding-place, they bought two cars, and departed no one knows where. The physicians said Abbas Pacha died from apoplexy."

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, a certain Cure for Scrofula or King's Evil. Persons afflicted with this awful disease should have immediate recourse to these invaluable medicines, as it is a well-known fact that many patients have been effectually cured by their use after every other remedy had failed, and several have been restored to perfect health after being discharged from the hospitals and there pronounced incurable. Holloway's Ointment and Pills are efficacious in every variety of diseases of the skin, scald heads, bad breasts, and obstinate sores; and there is no case, however desperate, but will yield to the united powers of these sovereign medicines.

Married.

On 31st Aug. by Rev. Mr. Bennett, Mr. Alexander Christie, to Marcilla Pye, formerly of Batburst.

On the 9th inst, by the Rev. Wm. Donald, A. M. Mr. James A. Inches, of St. Stephen, to Miss Charlotte L. Woodside, of this city.

On the 1st August, by Rev. A. A. Miner, E. S. Durgin, M. D., of Lowell, Mass., to Miss Harriet Jane, only daughter of Austin Stratton, Esq., of Albion, Me.

At St. Andrews, on the 3d inst., by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Ranald E. Smith, Esq., to Miss Mary Latrobe Coldwall.

At Windsor, on the 6th inst., by the Rev. Mr. England, H. R. Kerr, of the General Post Office, Halifax, to Sarah, second daughter of the late W. Robertson, of St. John, N. B.

At Liverpool, on the 11th ult., at St. Bride's Church, by the Rev. A. J. Tomlin, Mr. D. C. Taylor, of St. John, N. B., to Eleanor, daughter of Mr. J. Pemberton, Colquitt-street.

Died.

On Monday, Isabella, infant daughter of Mr. Thomas T. Whelpley, aged 5 months.

On Tuesday morning, the 5th inst., after a [illegible] but severe illness, which he bore with patient resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. Christopher Nevins, in the 54th year of his age, leaving 8 children and a large number of friends to mourn their loss.

On Thursday morning, at his residence in this City, after an illness of twelve days, in the 77th year of his age, Mr. Patrick Power, a resident in this City for upwards of 40 years, and always known as an honest and upright man.

On Saturday the 3d inst., after 18 days illness, Adelaide, only daughter of Mr. Edward Wood, aged 15 months, deeply lamented.

After a short illness, at his mothers residence in Queen-st, on Sunday 10th inst., aged 31 years, James, youngest son of the late Henry Doak, formerly of Newton-stewart, County Tyrone, Ireland.

On the 11th inst., after a lingering illness, Mr. Henry H. Bookout, aged 28 years.—Funeral on Wednesday, at half-past 3 o'clock, from his Brother's residence, Mecklenburgh-street.

On Friday last, of consumption, Mr. Thos. A. Leary, aged 19 years.

At Carleton, on 31st Aug., after a short illness, in the 67th year of his age, Mr. Joseph Ponsford, a native of Birmingham, Eng., and for 45 years a resident of this city, leaving a widow and three children, together with a very large circle of friends to mourn the loss of one who was universally beloved and esteemed.

Suddenly at Sand point, Carleton, on Sunday last, Margaret wife of Mr. Jephson Duke, leaving a husband and nine children to mourn their loss.

On the 11th inst, Esther, relict of the late Mr. Thomas O'Brien, aged 113 years, a native of South Carolina, who emigrated to this Province in the year 1783, and for many years a pious and exemplary member of the Methodist Church, leaving a daughter and a large circle of friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss. Funeral from her late residence at Mispeck, at 10 o'clock on Thursday, when friends and acquaintances are invited to attend.

At Mispeck, on the 7th inst, Eleanor Jane, daughter of Eleanor and Oliver Lyman, aged 11 years and 4 months.

At Springfield, on the 6th inst., Alice Adelia, second daughter of Mr. Edmund Kierstead, aged 3 years.

At Sussex Vale, at his late residence, on 27th Aug. Mr. William Lawson, aged 76 years; an old and respectable Inhabitant, Leaving a wife and ten children and 43 grand children 8 great grand children and a large circle of relatives and friends to lament their loss.

Suddenly, at the Bend of Peticodiac, on Monday the 4th inst, Elizabeth, beloved wife of Mr. Thomas Armstrong, in the 32d year of her age, deeply regretted by all who had the pleasure of her acquaintance.

At Fredericton, on the 31st ult., in the 78th year of her age, Margaret, wife of the Rev. Archibald Macallum.

At the same place, on the 24th ult., of Consumption, Ann Jane, daughter of the late Mr. James Ashfield, aged 16 years.

At Oromocto, on the 2nd inst., Sirah, fourth son of Mr. Jeptha S. Hubble, aged 27 years.

At the same place, on the 5th inst., Mr. Jeptha S. Hubble, aged 57 years, leaving a wife and eight children to lament their loss.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF SAINT JOHN—ARRIVED.

Tuesday—Brig Czar, Gardiner, Aberdeen, 41—Master, ballast.

Vixen, Petch, Liverpool, 39—E. Allison, salt, &c.

Steamer Eastern City, Fields, Boston—Waterhouse, Cross & Co., passengers and merchandise.

Wednesday—Steamer Governor, Wood Portland—Geo. Thomas, passengers and merchandise.

Thursday—Ship Luna, Nixon, Boston, 3—W. & G. Carvill, ballast.

Friday—Ship Sardinia, Jordan, New-York, 5—J. L. Woodworth, ballast.

Gibraltar, Kilman, Bangor, 2—J. H. Robilliard, ballast.

Brig Rover, Stamp, New-York, 7—W. & G. Carvill, ballast.

Isabella Hay, Hudspeth, New-York, 9—Kirk & Worrall, ballast.

Ocean Queen, Tomkin, New-York—Wm. Thomson, clocks for exportation.

Saturday—Ship Gibralter, Killmann, Bangor, 2—Waterhouse, Cross *and* Co., ballast.

Barque Heroine, Meldrum, New-York, 8—S. Wiggins & Son, ballast.

Ambassadress, Patterson, New-York, 7—W. Thomson, ballast.

Steamer Governor, Wood, Portland—Geo. Thomas, passengers and merchandise.

Steamer Eastern City, Fields, Boston—Waterhouse, Cross & Co., passengers and merchandise.

Sunday—Brigt. Shannon, Blyth, Philadelphia, 7—master, ballast.

Monday—Ship Driver, ——, New-York, ——, ballast.

Bark Perseverance, Keyton, Dublin, 40—McGrath, Harding *and* Co., ballast.

CLEARED.

Sept. 5th—Ship William Stetson, Jordan, London, deals—John Rabertson.

6th—Ship Ercia, Ramussen, London, deals—Lunt & Pickup; Schr. British Queen, Conlon, Eastport, pickets—Kirk & Worrall; Mary Jane, Elson, Boston, boards—E. D. Jewett & Co.

7th—Ship President, Partelow, London, deals—N. S. Demill.

8th—Schr. Groveland, Kavannagh, Boston, boards—R. Rossiter.

9th—Ship Franklin King, Borland, Liverpool, deals.

Contract for Building.

SEALED TENDERS will be received until Monday, the 11th inst., from persons desirous of contracting to build the DEAD HOUSE, agreeable to a Plan to be seen at the Store of Messrs. G. & E. Sears.

JOHN SEARS,
JAS. GALLAGHER, } *Committee.*
S. K. FOSTER,

St. John, Sept. 4, 1854.

N. B.—Time for receiving Tenders extended to THURSDAY, the 14th inst. Sept. 12.

"Ætna" Insurance Company,
AND
"Hartford" Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, Conn.

TO correct an *erroneous statement* that is now in circulation, the undersigned Agent begs to assure ALL CONCERNED, that the *rumoured* suspension of the "Protection" Insurance Company of Hartford, in no way, directly or indirectly, implicates the above named Companies, as each Company has its own *separate and distinct* Capital, and managed by their respective Boards.

A. BALLOCH, *Agent.*
12th Sept. 1854.—2w.

PERFUMERY.

JUST received by the Steamer *Eastern City*, an extensive assortment of Harrison's Columbian PERFUMERY, consisting in part of Extract of Honeysuckle, Mignionette, Sweet Briar, Sweet Pea, Sweet Clover, Tea Rose, Hawthorn, Cowslip, &c.

Also—Flavouring Extracts of Celery, Vanilla, Bitter Almonds, etc.

THOMAS M. REED,
Sept. 12. North Market Wharf.

At a Meeting of the BOARD OF HEALTH for the City of Saint John and Parish of Portland, holden at the Common Council Committee Rooms, 4th September, 1854, the following Order was made—

WHEREAS, the Mill Pond has been for years past, and continues to be a depo-it for nuisances of all kinds, and is now surrounded with an accumulation of putrid and noxious filth, which will in all probability continue to increase so long as the said Mill Pond is open; and whereas it has become evident to the Board of Health, that the Cholera has prevailed of late to a serious and alarming degree in the neighbourhood of the Mill Pond:

Resolved, As the opinion of the Board of Health, that the preservation of the lives of the inhabitants of the City and Portland, demands that the Mill Pond be declared a nuisance and dangerous to health; and farther, if this Board have not the power to fill up the same, and abate the nuisance, that a Law should be passed giving the Board this power; and that a Committee of the Board be authorised to obtain a legal opinion upon the subject, and if it shall appear from that opinion that the power is not in the Board, under the present Law, to have the nuisance abated, that they shall cause a Bill to be prepared for the purpose to be laid before the Legislature at its next Session.

Extract from the Minutes.
sept. 7.—1i THOMAS McAVITY, *Clerk.*

Another Fire in New Orleans!

AT the fire on the night of the 1st inst., at No. 70 Camp-street, every article in our office was entirely destroyed, except our Iron Chest (one of Rich's make) and its contents.

After the fire the lock yielded readily to the key, and we found all our books preserved, and not a particle of writing effaced, and our valuable papers in a perfect state of preservation.

NEW ORLEANS, 11th July, 1854.
(Signed) FOWLER & CO.

RICH'S SAFES, for sale by
W. H. ADAMS,
Agent for STEARNS & MARVIN, New York, the only makers, etc.

STEARNS & MARVIN,
SUCCESSORS to RICH & CO.,

The only makers of *SALAMANDER SAFES*, combining RICH'S and WILDER'S PATENTS, and sole proprietors of *Jones' World's Fair Lock*, that resisted all attempts to open it by the most accomplished pick-locks in the world, at the Great Exhibition in London in 1851. Sept. 12.

Wilder's SAFES.
Great Fire at Waldoboro.

Waldoboro, Me., Sept. 1, 1854.

JOHN E. WILDER, Esq.

Dear Sir,—With reference to the Safe I purchased of you, I am happy to say it stood the test admirably and though exposed all the time to the hottest of the Flames, the valuable papers with which it was nearly filled came out unscathed. All the other Safes here bearing your name, as far as I have learned, stood that most trying ordeal with like good results. I am very respectfully, yours, T. D. CURRIER.

These superior Safes, the only Fireproof really made, are for sale at the Agency No. 1 South Wharf, by [Sept. 12.] W. TISDALE & SON

FOR LIVERPOOL.

The Packet Ship

DAVID FLEMING,
Capt. NICHOLS,
on or about 10th September.

JOHN BARBOUR,
Capt. MARSHALL,—on or about the 23d inst.

For Passage, having superior accommodations, apply to the Masters on board, or to
August 22, 1854. J. & R. REED.

Sheffield House,---St. John, N. B.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
IMPORTERS OF
Watches, Jewellery, Cutlery, Hardware, and General Fancy Goods,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

NOW Opening, per "David G. Fleming," a beautiful selection of Electro and Plated Cake and Card BASKETS; Revolving CASTORS; Pickle and Toy Frames; Tea Sets; TRAYS, SALVERS; Butter Coolers; Sugar Baskets; Toast Racks; Pillar, Piano, and Bed-room Candlesticks; Snuffers and Trays; Salts and Mustards; Children's Mugs; NUTCRACKS; Grape Scissors; Knife Rests, &c. &c.

ALSO—Electro and Nickel Silver SPOONS; FORKS; Sauce and Soup Ladles; Butter and Fish Knives; Children's Knife, Fork and Spoon Cases; Dessert Knives, Cases, &c.—with a large variety of New JEWELLERY, FANCY GOODS and CUTLERY comprising the best assortment, at the lowest price.
August 29.

LONDON HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE,
August 29, 1854.

First FALL Importations.

Per Packet Ship "John Barbour,"
53 Packages Containing
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, Grey, White and Printed COTTONS, Warps, OIL CLOTHS, GALAS, BROAD CLOTHS, ORLEANS. COBURGS, CASHMERES, &c. &c.
Wholesale & Retail.
T. W. DANIEL & CO.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Foster's Corner, Germain Street.

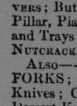
NEW BOOTS AND SHOES.
Just received per Packet Ships "Middleton" and "David G. Fleming."

TWELVE CASES of Men's, Women's, & Children's CLOTH, PRUNELLA, FELT, CASHMERE, and other BOOTS and SHOES.—For Sale Wholesale and Retail.
Further supplies expected by succeeding Packets.
Aug. 22, 1854. S. K. FOSTER.

FLOUR.

FLOUR.—100 brls. Canada Sup'fine FLOUR ex "Dumbarton."
July 25. JAS. MACFARLANE.

TO LET,
For a Term of Years—


THE COTTAGE occupied by the Subscriber, with the Grounds attached, in the Parish of Simonds, about two miles from King's Square. Possession may be had on the 1st April next. Inquire at the premises.
BENJAMIN SMITH.

Sales by Auction.

SAILS & RIGGING—BY AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock, will be sold, on the Hon. J. Robertson's Wharf, Nelson Street:—

A QUANTITY of SAILS, Warps, and Rigging saved from the wreck of ship "Mountalm."

ALSO—A Boat saved from the wrecked ship "Enning." THOS. HANFORD,
Sept. 12. Auctioneer.

SALE BY AUCTION.
Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, &c.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 14th and 15th instant commencing each day at eleven o'clock, at the Sales' Room of the Subscriber, No. 7 Nelson-street—

200 PIECES BROAD CLOTHS, DOESKINS, Triangle and Diagonal Fancys; TWEEDS, PILOTS, &c.;
50 Pieces PLANNELS and SERGES;
200 CASHMERE SHAWLS;
50 Pieces GALA and LA GA CHECKS;
RED and Blue FLANNEL SHIRTS;
Regatta SHIRTS; LINDSAYS, &c. &c.

JOSEPH HALL,
Late GREGG & HALL,
5th Sept. 1854. 7 Nelson-street.

BY AUCTION.

On FRIDAY next, 15th inst., at my Store in Prince William Street, will be sold, beginning at 10 o'clock:—

120 BOXES Window GLASS;
5 boxes India Rubber SHOES;
10 crates ARROWROOT;
25 bags fine SALT;
1 case LIQUORICE;
40 boxes RAISINS;
1 cask BLUE VITRIOL;
6 crates TUMBLERS and WINES;
10 boxes Clothes Pins;
½ ton ALUM;
10 cases BOOTS and SHOES;
10 barrels LAMP BLACK;
1 barrel Cream of Tartar;
Bags Vial and Beer CORKS;
Bags SENNA;
Kegs assorted NAILS;
One barrel NUTMEGS;
CASTOR OIL in small Bottles;
Writing Paper, Envelopes &c.

JOHN KINNEAR.
September 12.

NOTICE OF SALE.
SALE BY AUCTION OF TEAS,
Per Ship "Chebucto,"
At HALIFAX, N. S.

On FRIDAY next, the 15th inst., at Halifax N. S., will be offered at Public Auction—

AN Extensive and General assortment of —"BLACK AND GREEN TEAS," of various qualities, and in assorted Packages being part of Cargo of the ship Chebucto, just arrived from Canton.

ALMON HARE & CO.
Halifax, N. S., 11th Sept. 1854.

GOVERNMENT LANDS
at ANNAPOLIS,
FOR SALE.

ON FRIDAY, 13th October next, will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION, at Annapolis, the

Exercising Ground,
White House Field,
Government Garden.

These Properties are divided into 22 Lots, varying from 120 feet front and 370 feet deep, to 77 feet front by 230 feet deep.

Plans may be seen and any required information obtained by application to the Ordnance Offices at Halifax, and St John, (New-Brunswick), and the Barrack Sergeant at Annapolis.

Office of Ordnance Halifax,
1st August, 1854.

STEAMER "CREOLE."
Permanent Arrangement.
WINDSOR, HILLSBORO, DORCHESTER, AND THE BEND!
Two Trips to BEND and One to WINDSOR Weekly!

THE splendid Steamer CREOLE, Capt. STEEN, will leave St. John for the BEND, calling at *Hillsboro* and *Dorchester*, every *Tuesday and Friday* evenings tide—returning on Tuesday and Saturday; and will leave for WINDSOR every *Wednesday* evening tide, returning on Thursday.

The boilers of the "Creole" have had a thorough repair, and are now in fine order; the Engine is sound and works well. The really splendid accommodations of this steamer and her excellent sea-going qualities are too well known to require further remarks—she can carry 250 passengers comfortably, and has abundance of room for freight, which goes under cover—is supplied with one of Francis' patent metallic Life Boats, with an abundance of Life Preservers, and every other article in accordance with the requirements of the "Steam Boat Act." She is efficiently officered, and the public can depend on her running regularly and leaving at the hour appointed. Her proprietors feel disposed and are determined to use every possible exertion to give satisfaction, and to render her worthy of the confidence and patronage of the public.

All Freight to be accompanied by way bills.

The patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited.

Agent at Bend, A. WRIGHT; at Dorchester, Mr. WM. HICKMAN; at Windsor, Mr D. E. GELDERT; and the undersigned at St. John.—All of whom will be prepared at all times to give every information relative to the Boat.

G. & J. SALTER.
St. John, 31st August, 1854.—1m.

For Windsor.

THE Steamer MAID OF ERIN, Capt. LEAVITT, sails for Windsor on THURSDAY Morning the 14th instant, at 2 o'clock.

FOR BEND.

The Steamer PILOT, Capt. Belmore, sails for *Dorchester, Hillsboro*, and the BEND, on *Thursday* morning the 14th inst., at 2 o'clock.

Freight for both the above boats will be received up to 5, P. M.

Tickets may be had at the Subscriber's office, or from the Clerks on Board.

The well known safety of these Steamers and the fast trips they have regularly made, combined with their very superior accommodations, makes the Proprietor feel confident that they will receive the best share of public patronage. They are commanded by two gentlemen who have been long and favourably known to the public, and who are the most experienced captains in the trade. Each boat is fitted with powerful Marine Engines and new Boilers, all under deck, and managed entirely by two experienced Engineers.

Since these boats started they have made four trips much quicker and with more regularity than any other boats on the route.

St. John, Sept. 5. JOHN WALKER.

LIST OF LETTERS

RECEIVED at the General Post Office, St. John, between the 5th and 12th August, and remaining undelivered on the 5th September, 1854.

A.
Adamson, R.
Ahern, John
Anderson, Wm
Anderson, W G
Armstrong, Thomas
Armstrong, Margaret
B.
Barber, Wm (3)
Baker, Henry
Baker, George
Barry, Henry
Barles, Mathew
Ballentine, G T
Barker, Sarah
Bell, Walter
Beaty, Mr.
Beyer, Anthony
Benton Angus
Berry, T V
Boice, Mrs. A
Bordash, Simon
Boyle, James
Bohea, Mrs.
Bradly, Anthony
Bradly, Richard
Brown, Martin
Brown, James
Brookins, George
Brodly, Michael
Brown, Miss Mary
Brown, Wm
Brennan, Catherine
Brandon, Eliza
Burnside, Robert
Burnous, Richard
Basaid, Robert
Bunnell, Bejamin
Burns, Mrs. Hannah
Burgoine, John
Burns, Patrick
Burton, Mrs.
Burton, Michael
Burnett, Alfred
C.
Cameron, Robert
Carr, Michael
Caine, Hannah
Carlon, George
Callaghan, Richard
Carroll, John
Carroll, Mrs.
Cassidy, Richard (2)
Carran, Wm
Cassie, George
Caldon, Mrs
Clarke, Mrs. J
Clark, Robert
Connoly, Nancy
Colman, Margaret
Collins, Thomas
Corbett, John
Cozens, H
Connor, James
Corbett, Donald
Conoly, Wm
Colly, Patrick
Corkendale, Miss S
Conville, George
Cothar Patrick
Collister, W H
Crozier, Mrs
Crowell, Mrs. W B
Crosby, Amos
Crowley, Michael
Cristie, Wm
Cregan, Francis
Crawford, John
Cunningham, Thos.
Curry, Anne
Currie, Mrs.
D.
Dasker, John
Daly, Daniel
Davidson, Andrew
Dargie, Alexander
Dalton, George
Davidson, Mrs. J
Dealy, Wm
Devereaux, Walter
Desmond, Mary Ann
Destin, Thomas
Dealy, W A
Divan, Wm
Dineen, John
Daines, Charles
Dingles, Richard
Doherty, John
Doogan, Wm
Dowling, Mary
Doherty, Wm
Dodge, Samuel
Donovan, L
Donald, Mary Ann
Dodge, B
Doherty, Daniel
Donohoe, Daniel
Douglitt, Jane
Doherty, Wm
Donovan, Lawrence
Donnelly, C H
Douglas, John
Doyle, Mary
Donovan, Daniel
Doren, Andrew
Doherty, Charles
Downey, Charles
Deury, John
Drysdale, J E (2)
Driscoll, Honorah
Drew, John
Duke, John
Duffy, John
Dwire, James
E.
Evans & Co.
F.
Fairbanks, Mr
Feran, Dildy
Ferriter, Mrs
Fitzgerald, Robert
Fitzgerald, Mary
Floyd, John
Fleezer, E
Fleming, David
Flanagan, Margaret
Foley, Michael
Fox, Mary
Fontaine, Brino
Frieu, Daniel
Fried, Charles
Furlong, Mrs 2
Furlong, George
Furlong, James
G.
Gallagher, Patrick 2
Gallagher, Daniel 2
Gilsen, James
Giles, Wm
Gillespie, Francis
Gilbert, George
Gorley, Thomas
Goodwin, A
Grummon, James
Grimm, A
Graham, Patrick
Graham, James
Green, Daniel
H.
Hain, Solomon
Hawkins, W F
Harrington, John
Hall, S H
Harris, Eliza
Hennigar, Margaret
Hicks, Catherine
Hennigar, A W
Harley, C
Hegan, A
Henry, James
Hines, J W
Hills, Robert
Higgins, Luke
Hincks, J
Horan, Jeremiah
Hooper, M
Higgins, S
Horrigan, Michael
Hopkins, W C
Holder, John
Howatt, B
Hopkins, G
Holt, James
Hame, James
Hooper, Denis
Hannan, John
Hard Charles
Hustler, Samuel
Hyde, Patrick
I.
Innis, Nicholas,
Innis, E
Irvin, John
Irvin, Rev. John
J.
Jameson, Mrs
Joyce, Mary
Jordon, Mary A
Jones, Wm
Jones, Samuel
Johnston, David
Johnston, Wm
Johnston, Louise
Jones, John
K.
Karr, John
Kane, Mrs
Kilpatrick, Wm
Kerr, Thos
Kerr, Bridget
Keating, Thomas
Kerwin, Mrs
Keenan, Patrick
Kerly, Michael
Kerr, James
Keane, Patrick
Kelly, Michael
Kelly, Isabell
Kerr, John
Kerr, J. J.
Kirk, Arthur
Kinread, John
Kirby, Captain
Kirk, James
Knox, John
Kyllin, Thomas
L.
Langan, L.
Lanigan, Patrick
Lawlor, Daniel
Lamke, John
Lawson, Mrs M
Lawney, Ellen
Laco, S R
Leslie, A R.
Leslie, T W
Lenton, Edward
Lewis, Miss M H.
Leonard, O
Lindsay, Miss Isabella
Lilley, James
Littlefield, C H
Lindsey, Andrew
Lindsey, Mrs.
Lormond, James
Lagan, J M
Logan, Joseph
Lousey, Denis
Lowell, John
Lowe & Co.
Lonergan, Catherine
Lustelle, J M
M.
Mahony, John
Martin, James
Mahan, Patrick
Maxwell, Henry
Maher, Mary
Mahony Wm
Martin, John
Mahon, James
Martin, Abraham
Mitchell, Thomas
Morrison, John
Mahony Wm
Morse, Elizabeth
Moore, Captain John
Molton, Miss Susan
Matherson, John
Morrisy, Henry
Monteith, Peter
Moloys, Peter
Murphy, Timothy
Movy, Mrs
Murphy, Patrick
Murphy, Mary
Murray, James
Mulholand, James
Munroe, Hugh
Munro, David
Murphy, Mrs
Murphy, J D.
Mc.
McAvity, Ann
McAlee, Pat
McBrien, John
McCullin, Wm
McDiedland, Adam
McConnell, Mr
McCarthy, Charles
McCarthy, Margaret
McCaffrty, Francis
McCoity, Charles
McCaden, Henry
McCarthy, Jeremiah
McCauley, Thomas
McCarthy, Patrick ( )
McCarthy, Jeremiah
McCabe, Francis
McCarthy, Denis
McDavitt, Henry
McDiarmid, Isabella
McDonnell, John
McDonald, E & D
McDonald, Angus
McDonald, Hugh
McInerney, Denis
McElheney, Mrs W (3)
McFarland, Miss
McFadden, Sophia
McGowan, James
McCloud, Ann
McGyne, Andrew
McGovlack, Daniel
McGlothlan, Ann
McGowan, B
McGuire, Samuel (2)
McGuire, Ann
McGarrigle Sarah
McInlass, P
McKenney, Andrew
McKeasock, Peter
McKenne, P
McKenna, Patrick
McLeod, Wm
McLellan, Thomas
McLean, Charles
McLean, H A
McLeaman, John G
McLean, Wm.
McLeod, Daniel
McLean Mrs.
McMan, Mrs
McLaughlin, Alexan.
McLellin, Wm
McNab, Helen
McMillen, Isabella
McNeil, Roderick (2)
McNeil, Anthony
McNeil, Angus
McNeil, James
McMortan, Anthony
McNulty, Miles
McNab, Joan
McNaughton, Alexan.
McPherson, Donald
McPherson, Thomas
McGray, Thomas
N.
Neal, Humphry
Nicio, Mr
Norton, T W
O.
Owens, Paul
O'Connell, Davis
O'Donnelly, James
O'Dana, Daniel
O'Brien Patrick
O'Brien, Thomas
O'Brien, Henry
P.
Packard, Henry
Pattea, D H
Patterson, John (2)
Paine, E B
Pattea, Sarah
Perley, Mrs C
Pepper, Wm (2)
Perrin, Samuel
Pinney, Sarah
Pitts, W H
Pigeon, Charles
Plummer, W S
Potter, Mr
Potter, J L
Price, Wm
Pickston, Samuel
Q.
Quinn, Patrick (4)
R.
Ranton, Thomas
Ratcliff, Samuel
Remehan, Charles
Ready, Mr
Redie, Francis
Reid, Joseph
Ring, John
Raymond, B B
Ritchey, Richard
Richardson, Ann
Ritchey, John (2)
Richards, Francis
Rider, Miss A
Richards, Miss M B
Richards, W
Robbins, Capt. J B
Robinson, Mrs.
Rodgers, John
Robinson, Charles
Rogers, J H
Ross, Daniel
Rosseau, Frederique
Roddick, John
Rame, Wm
Ruel, H
Russel, Mrs
Rynd, Robert
Ryan, John
Ryal, Ellen
S.
Saunders, Gilbert
Sayward, S L
Sawrey, Ellen
Scribner, David
Scott, John (2)
Scott, Joseph
Scott, Margaret
Seargent, Mrs. S
Sewell, H W
Seely, James
Sheils, Charles
Sheil, Mr C
Sheldon, John
Shevlin, Thomas
Sheriff, John
Sharkey, Edward
Shepperd, W F
Shea, Michael
Shelnerdine, Robert
Simott, Robert
Smith, Wm
Smith, T W (2)
Smith, E H
Smith, J D
Smith, Anne
Smith, Wm (3)
Smith, Stephen
Spence, Hugh (2)
Speer, George
Stuart, George
Stephenson, Eliza
Stephens, Wm
Steen, Wm
Stadley Henry
Stafford James
Steele Alexander
Stewart George
Stewart Joseph
Stewart James
Stewart Margaret
Sullivan Mrs
Sullivan John
Sullivan, Daniel
Summers Henry
Sullivan, John (2)
Sullivan, James
T
Taylor, W. C.
Taylor, Edward
Taylor, Joseph
Tearny, Ellen
Thompson, R. S.
Thorsby, Ann
Thompson, James
Thomas, John
Torrey, Joseph
Toole, E. O.
Trafton, Mrs. C.
Traves, Mr. Charles
Trevars, John
Turner, A. H.
Turner, Ellen
Tucker, Timothy
Turney, Matt.
Turner, Mary
Turner, Esther
Tucker, W. L.
V.
Verker, Revd Jas.
Violet, Mrs.
W.
Walsh, Thomas
Wason, Archibald
Walsh, John
Walsh, Maurice
Warwick, Sarah
Warkworth, Francis
Walsh, Mary, (2)
Walsh, Patrick
Welsn, Ausly
Weaver, Sarah
Wells, S
Wesh, Henry
Whelaghan, James
Whitock, J W
White, Patrick
Wheelan, Maurice
Whitehead, Gavin
Wmot Susan
Whethrow, Daniel
Willis James
Wiswell, John
Wilson, Robert
Wilson, Wm (2)
Wantyne, Robert
Wilson, James (2)
Wilson, Charles
Woopworth, R D (2)
Wray Andrew
Y.
Younghusband, Mrs

SHIP LIST.

Albion,
Adriatic,
Albert,
Ambassadress, (5)
Boress,
Beagapoar,
Conado,
David,
Fleming, David G
Forrest, Thos
Harley, Ann
Train, Enoch
Meanswell,
Nevice, P I
Oxford,
Pilgrim,
Sewall, U D
Edinburgh,
Sewall, W D

WAY OFFICE,
CARLETON.

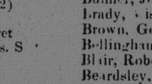
Allison, Rev. John
Burns, James
Bulmer, John
Brady, Miss Elizabeth
Brown, George
Bellingham, John
Blair, Robert
Beardsley, John
Belgea, Byard
Carroll, Michael
Cain, John
Carr Robert
Lake, William
Doak, Miss Isabella
Driscoll, Jeremiah
Dals, Miss Mary
Freeman, William
Griffith, Alexander
Gilpatrick, Rev James
Harney, Miss S Maria
Hughes, Luke
Harington, John
Hughes, John R
Keily, Eliza
Knight, Alexander N
Mills, Thomas
McNeil, James
McHugh, Charles
Magenis, Mrs Maria
McDonald, Alexander
McWilliams, James
McInnis, Inticus
McAngus, McKay
Morrison, William
McIlfrton, Hugh
Murray, Hugh
Ogden, Miss Rachel
O'Callaghan, Daniel
Russell, Mr
Smith, William
Welsh, Edward
Whitman John
Watson, John

WAY OFFICE,
INDIAN TOWN.

Burpe, Ebenezer
Cooney, Robert
Connor, James
Corbit, William
Cronkhite, Abraham B
Daurun, Mr.
Forsyth, William
Gildert, James
Hogset, George
Hoben, George W
Hunt, Hiram
Kilburn, Benjamin
Lamisay, Michael
Long, Mrs Joan
McGuire, Patrick
McGilvray, Hugh
Niles, George 3
Paipps, Jedediah
Pomish, Gabriel
Stewart, Alexander
Scaly, William
Saunders, George
Thompson, John
Worden, Isaac W
Watt, Alexander 2

☞ Persons calling for any of the above Letters will please say "*Advertised.*"
JOHN HOWE, *P. M. G.*

Permanent Arrangement.
Saint John, Eastport and Portland.



CONNECTING with Railroad at Portland, for *BOSTON, Lowell, Portsmouth*, and all undermentioned places. *Also*—By Railroad from PORTLAND to MONTREAL.

TWO TRIPS A WEEK!
Steamer "GOVERNOR,"
ALBERT WOOD, MASTER,
644 Tons,

Leaving Saint John on MONDAY and THURSDAY Mornings, at 8 o'clock.

RETURNING

Leaving Portland on TUESDAY and FRIDAY Evenings, at 7½ o'clock.

Leaving St. John on her first Trip on THURSDAY Morning next, 17th August, at 8 o'clock.

Passengers having through Tickets to Montreal not obliged to go immediately forward from Portland.

Through Tickets for Railroad to Boston and the intermediate places, also to Montreal issued by the Agent here.

By the above arrangement the tedious outside sea Voyage from Portland to Boston is avoided and presents the most comfortable conveyance for the Travelling Public. GEO. THOMAS, *Agent.*
August 15. South Market Wharf.

Pipes—Pipes—Pipes!

Expected daily per Ship Frances, from Glasgow—

100 BOXES of excellent quality Tobacco PIPES, assorted expressly for the St. John market—will be sold low on arrival, from the ship. JOHN V. THURGAR,
29th August, 1854. North Market Wharf

Pork. Beef and Lard.

PER *Owen Vaera* from New York—40 Barrels Mess and Prime PORK; 10 do. Chicago repacked Mess BEEF; 30 kegs and half-kegs LARD. [Aug. 26.] JAS. MACFARLANE.

Public Grammar School.

THE Duties of this Seminary were resumed on Monday the 28th ult. A young Latin Class is in the course of being formed, and Pupils in all stages of progress in Latin or Greek can be received. Classical Pupils receive all necessary instruction in the English and Commercial Branches, from Mr. BLANCHARD, the Master of the English Department.

JAMES PATERSON,
St. John, sept. 5, 1854. Principal.

YOUNG LADIES' SCHOOL,
Queen's Square.

MISS FOULIS informs her patrons and pupils, that as the general health of the City is now restored, she feels grateful at being enabled to resume her School duties. The School will re-open on Monday next, the 11th September, when it is hoped that it will be generally convenient for her pupils to re-commence their studies; and as the late afflicting dispensation has occasioned an unusual long recess, a punctual attendance is desirable.

On the 18th inst., the vacation *Gold Medal* will be awarded. Pupils who attended school the previous term, although intending to discontinue, are invited to the competition; and those who are residing at a distance from the City may forward their Essays.

Parents and Guardians who wish to enter Pupils for the ensuing term, will please make early *personal* application.

South east corner Queen's Square.
Sept. 5.—3i.

South Bay Boom Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in consequence of its having become necessary to build additional Small Piers for securing RAFTS within the SOUTH BAY BOOMS, and to employ a greater number of Men for regulating the Timber and Rafts within the Booms, the BOARD OF DIRECTORS have found it necessary to increase the rates of BOOMAGE, under authority of the Act passed in the last Session of the Legislature; and from and after this date, in lieu of the rates now charged, the following rates will be charged on all TIMBER, LOGS, MASTS, SPARS, or other LUMBER, which shall be carried or received, or which shall enter into or within the PIERS or BOOMS of the said Company, or any of them, and which shall be fastened to or secured by the said Piers or Booms, or any of them, on the outside thereof:—THREE PENCE for each and every ton of Square Timber; FOUR PENCE for each and every ton of Round and Flatted Timber measured as square; SIX PENCE for each and every thousand superficial feet of Logs; and TWO PENCE per piece for all Ship Knees and Crooked Timber.

The above rates to be chargeable and charged up to the first day of June next, ensuing the time the Timber, Logs, Masts, Spars, or other Lumber shall be received or deposited; and one half the said rate in addition for each succeeding year, or any part thereof, that the said Timber, Logs, Masts, Spars, or other Lumber shall be continued within said Booms.

By order of the Board of Directors.
THOS. ALEX. McMACKIN,
St. John, N. B., 28th July, 1854. Secretary.

Wholesale Woollen Warehouse,
No. 7 Nelson Street.
Constantly on hand:

WOOLLEN CLOTHS, FLANNELS; AMERICAN SATINETS, &c.
—For sale very low by the Package or Piece.

JOSEPH HALL,
Woollen Manufacturer;
August 29. Late GREGG & HALL.

NEW FALL GOODS!
LAWTON & VASSIE,
Market Square,

Have received per Packet Ship *John Barbour*—
22 Packages containing
PRINTED COTTONS, FLANNELS, CARPETINGS, WARPS, SILKS, VELVETS, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, &c. &c
Sept. 5. **Wholesale & Retail.**

Penrhyn Marble and Enamelled Metal Chimney Pieces.

THE Subscriber invites the attention of the public to his present stock of the above beautiful articles. They are manufactured in imitation of the most rare and desirable kinds of Marole, and for durability, style, and finish are unequalled; are very highly polished, retain their beauty much longer than common Marble, and are not injured by coal, gas, smoke or acids.

He has also on hand, a large variety of Grate Fronts of beautiful design and finish.

E. STEPHEN,
July 25. Water-street.

Choice Muscovado Molasses.

Now landing ex brigt. Robert Reed, from Porto Rico:

259 HHDS. choice Muscovado MOLASSES, for sale in Bond or duty paid, by
July 11, 1854. JARDINE & CO.

FASHIONS!—H. CLAY'S Report and late FASHIONS for the Fall and Winter of 1854 and 5—for Sale by MYLES & HOWARD.
August 29. *Agents for N. B.*

Tea, Salt, &c.

Now landing ex barque *Canada*, from Liverpool—

5000 BUSHELS loose SALT,—for sale in lots to suit purchasers.

Ex brig *Helen Hoben*, from New York:
50 chests CONGO TEA.

In store—8 bags PIMENTO; 15 boxes Yellow SOAP; 1 hhd. Dutch Refined SUGAR.
Sept. 5. CUDLIP & SNIDER.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE,
Market Square.

JUST OPENED—75 dozen PORTMONNAIES—direct from the Manufactory in Germany—comprising a great variety and the newest designs.

Also—5 dozen RETICULES—with Fittings complete.

Per "Middleton,"

68 dozen assorted 1, 2, 3, and 4 blade KNIVES, from the celebrated house of *Joseph Rodgers & Sons*, Sheffield; with 24 dozen of their superior RAZORS, and 3 dozen METALLIC RAZOR STROPS,—all of which are offered at the lowest Cash prices, Wholesale and Retail.

ROBINSON & THOMPSON,
Aug. 22. Proprietor

NOTICE.

THE subscriber begs respectfully to announce, that having disposed of his Piano Forte business to Messrs. ANDERSON & HENRY G. HUNT, who are thoroughly competent to produce superior Instruments, he will now devote his time exclusively to giving instruction in SINGING, and on the PIANO FORTE and VIOLIN.

As the future excellence of the Pupil depends on laying a right foundation, great attention will be paid to the formation of the hand, playing in correct time, &c. A systematic course of instruction will also be given in the *Theory* as well as *Practice* of Music.

From his knowledge of music, and past experience in teaching, the subscriber is confident of being able to give satisfaction.

☞ PIANO FORTES TUNED, REPAIRED, AND LET ON HIRE. J. T. HUNT.
Prince William Street, 12th Aug. 1854.

Paper Hangings.

SIX HUNDRED Patterns, nicely assorted, and handsome, and so arranged that every piece can be seen. Also—BORDERINGS; Paper and Cotton Window BLINDS, and VENETIAN BLINDS—for sale at JOHN KINNEAR'S
Sept. 5. Prince William-street.

Wanted Immediately.

TWO or Three CHAIR MAKERS, at the UPHAM CHAIR FACTORY, to whom liberal wages will be given. Also, three or four Boys to learn the CHAIR MAKING AND PAINTING business.

Application to be made on the premises to
FOSTER, FOWLER & Co.
Upham, K. C., August 3, 1854.—3i.

A CARD.
Piano Forte Manufactory.

THE Subscribers having purchased the Stock-in-Trade formerly belonging to Mr. JOSEPH T. HUNT, and having made all necessary arrangements for carrying on the business of PIANO FORTE making, beg most respectfully to announce to the CITIZENS of St. John and inhabitants of the Province generally, that they are prepared to execute any orders for PIANO FORTES with the utmost fidelity and promptitude. Having been for several years engaged in the business, and having on hand materials of the best quality, the Subscribers flatter themselves that all instruments (upright and horizontal) made in their establishment will equal, in tone, finish, and durability, those of any Manufacturer in America.

GEORGE ANDERSON.
HENRY G. HUNT.

P. S.—The Subscribers can be seen and the work inspected at the OLD STAND of Mr. J. T. Hunt, Prince William Street.

St. John, August 15, 1854. 1m.

SAINT JOHN AND LIVERPOOL
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.

1854.

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool as under.

Ships.	Captains.	Tons.	To Sail.
Eudocia,	Doane,	1015	5th June.
Middleton,	Delany,	996	20th do.
David G. Fleming,	Nichols,	425	5th July.
John Barbour,	Marshall,	990	20th do.
John Bannerman,	Robertson,	1131	5th August
Joseph Tarratt,	Prichard,	942	20th do.
Imperial,	Moran,	1279	5th Sept.
Liberia,	Cruickshank,	875	20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyds, and coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the days appointed.

They are commanded by men of the greatest experience and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion will be spared to make this line efficient in every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance of Goods and Passengers.

For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool to Messrs. FERNIE, BROTHERS & Co., Orange Court, Castle Street, or here, to

J. & R. REED.

GEO. F. EVERETT & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
No 14 King-street, adjoining Barlow's Corner,

HAVE received per recent arrivals from London, Liverpool, Boston and New York, the following ARTICLES, which they are able to offer to merchants and Traders at very low rates:—

35 Doz Holloway's Pills,	3 Doz Paints, ass'd Colors,
12 " Do. Ointment,	2 oz British Oil
48 " Leslie's Stove Varnish,	12 " Go Fox's Cordial,
100 " Mustang Liniment,	6 " Eaves Marking Ink,
24 " Kidder's Horse do,	24 " Johnston's Liniment,
36 " Lyon's Kathairon,	24 do Cramp & Pain Relief,
2 " Castor Oil & Rosemary	50 do Evans' do.
½ Ton Stick Candy,	50 do Washing Powders,
¼ " Assorted Sugar Plums,	4 do Moffatt's Pills,
100 Boxes do Lozenges in 16 lb Boxes,	12 do Wright's Pills,
	12 do Rock Rose,
½ Ton Epsom Salts,	1 ton Putty.

—ALSO—

A general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Chemicals, Ochres, Dye Stuffs, Vardishes, &c. &c., to which they invite the attention of the public. July 7.

Liverpool and London
LIFE and FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
INSTITUTED IN 1836.
Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament.
CAPITAL.—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

Unlimited Liability of the Stockholders of the Company.

Subscribed Capital, £1,500,000.

INSTALMENTS CALLED IN,	£197,197	10	0
ACCUMULATED FUNDS,	346,972	4	9
	£544,169	14	9

THE 18th Annual General Meeting of this Company was held at Liverpool on the 16th February last, when the following Report of the business of the Company during the past year was submitted:—

"The increase in the Fire Insurance Business must be satisfactory to the Proprietors, as shewing the rapid and safe progress which the Company is making. The receipts for the past year have increased considerably over those of 1852, while the losses have materially diminished.

	1852.	1853.
Receipts,	£98,654	£113,612
Losses,	59,091	42,846
Profits,	£39,563	£70,766

These results show, notwithstanding the very numerous and destructive fires that have occurred both in this country and especially in America, that great caution has been exercised

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Lost Day—Its Value.

A day has perished from our brief calendar of days; and that we could endure; but this day is no more than the reiteration of many other days, days counted by thousands that have perished to the same extent and by the same unhappy means, viz.: the evil usages of the world made effectual and ratified by our own neglect. Bitter is the upbraiding which we seem to hear from a secret monitor—"My friend, you make very free with your days; pray, how many do you expect to have? What is your rental, as regards the total harvest of days which this life is likely to yield?" Let us consider. Three score years and ten produce a total sum of 25,550 days; to say nothing of some seventeen or eighteen more that will be payable to you as a bonus on account of leap years. Now, out of this total, one-third must be deducted at a blow for a single item, viz.: sleep. Next, on account of illness, of recreation, and the serious occupations spread over the surface of life, it will be little enough to deduct another third.

Recollect also that twenty years will have gone the earlier end of your life, viz.: above seven thousand days, before you can have attained any skill or system, or definite purpose in the distribution of your time.—Lastly, for that single item which, among the Roman armies, was indicated by the technical phrase, "corpus curare" tendance on the animal necessities, viz.; eating, drinking, washing bathing, and exercise, deduct the smallest allowance consistent with propriety, and, upon summing up all these appropriations, you will not find so much as four thousand days left disposable for direct intellectual culture. Four thousand, or forty hundreds, will be a hundred forties; that is, according to the lax Hebrew method of indicating six weeks by the phrase of "forty days," you will have a hundred bills or drafts on Father Time, value six weeks each as the whole period available for intellectual labour. A solid block of about eleven and a half continuous years is all that a long life will furnish for the development of what is most august in man's nature. After that, the night comes when no man can work; brain and arm will be alike unserviceable, or, if the life should be unusually extended, the vital powers will be drooping as regards all motions in advance.—*De Quincy.*

First Step to Ruin.

"My first step to ruin," exclaimed a wretched youth, as he lay tossing from side to side on the straw bed in one corner of his prison-house, "My first step to ruin was going fishing on the Sabbath. I knew it was wrong; my mother taught me better; my minister taught me better; my Bible taught me better. I did'nt believe them, but I didn't think it would come to this. I am undone! I am lost!" Perhaps he said, "It is too pleasant to be cooped up in church. What harm is there taking a stroll in the woods? What harm to take my fishing tackle and sit on the banks to fish?" What harm? The harm is that God is disobeyed, who says "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy." The moment a youth determines to have his own way, choosing his own pleasure before God's will, that moment he lets go his rudder, his compass, his chart; nothing but God's word can guide you safely over the ocean of life. Give that up and you get bewildered; you are drifting: you will be lost.—*Child's paper.*

A Picture of Romanism.

Professor Schaff, of Mercersburg, has been visiting different seats of learning in Europe since the commencement of this year, and in a letter, dated Paris, 13th February, 1851, speaking of the numerical strength of the Roman Catholics in England, he says: "The result of the last census is more unfavorable to the Roman Church than had been expected. According to the census, the Roman Church scarce numbers one-half the number in England usually recorded her, whilst she furnishes the largest number *Gafaonguiss kandidatan*, (candidates for prison!) According to a Report of Parliament published in the Catholic Tablet, Dublin, Feb. 25, 1852 out of a population of 21,000,000, in England and Scotland, whereof the Roman Church claims 1,000,000, she supplies the prisons with 2955 candidates. Three Romans to one of all the other Churches.

General Hardware Store,
Corner of Dock Street and Market Square.

W. H. ADAMS

IS constantly receiving by Packets from England and the United States, HARDWARE Goods of every description, and has at present on hand one of the best assorted Stocks in the Province, which he is prepared to sell low—*Wholesale and Retail.* The Stock comprises in part the following—*viz:*

10 Cases *Sanderson's* best and extra Cast STEEL,
35 ANVILS; English and American VICES;
Blacksmiths' Bellows, Fires and Ropes,
HOOLE & Co's Gang SAWS and Circulars,
HOWLAND'S MILL SAWS,
MILL FILES of all the best makes;
LEATHER and INDIA RUBBER BELTING,
Lacing LEATHER and Boot RIVETS,
Flax Hemp and India Rubber STEAM PACKING, with a very general assortment of all Goods in this line—BRANDRAM'S WHITE LEAD and other PAINT. June 27, 1851.

Market Square,
MAY 2nd, 1854.

J. & H. FOTHERBY

HAVE received per Liberia, Middleton, John Barbour, and steamers via Boston, a large and varied assortment of GOODS, suitable for the season, consisting of an immense variety of DRESS MATERIALS, in all the new styles out.
Rich Silk and French Satin Long and Square SHAWLS, in Paisley, Cashmere, Australian, &c.;
A great variety of Ladies' and Children's BONNETS, Ribbons and Paraso's;
The newest styles in MANTLES and VISITES,
Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Tweeds, Venetian Cloths, &c., with a choice assortment of VESTINGS, in Velvet, Figured Silk, Satin, Barathea, &c.;
Buttons and Tailors' Trimmings;
Grey, White and Printed COTTONS;
Moreens, Damask and Fringes;
CARPETS, Hearth Rugs.

In the Wholesale Department (in which extensive alterations have just been made) will be found a very excellent assortment of Sheffield and Birmingham WARES, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Ready-Made Clothing, &c., &c.; having been personally selected with great care, in the best markets, will be found well worthy the attention of purchasers, and are offered Wholesale and Retail at the lowest possible prices. May 2.

SALT! SALT!

THE cargo of Barque "STORNA," from Liverpool—1,000 bushels Liverpool SALT; 1,000 sacks fine stoved SALT.—For sale low from the vessel by
August 15. CUDLIP & SNIDER.

DR. MARCHISI'S
UTERINE CATHOLICON.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE ABOVE PREPARATION HAS ESTABLISHED A NEW ERA IN THE HISTORY OF THE HEALING ART; it is, in truth, one of the greatest Medical Discoveries of the Age. It can safely will cure more than nine-tenths of a class of distressing diseases incidental to females in every stage of life and which have heretofore resisted the best efforts of the Medical profession in all countries, to a degree beyond that of almost every other malady to which any portion of the human family is heir. The diseases to which we refer are well known by the term of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

and comprise all the derangements to which females are liable by the peculiarities of their organization. Among these are PROLAPSUS UTERI, or Falling of the Womb; CHRONIC INFLAMMATION and ULCERATION OF THE WOMB; INCIDENTAL HAEMORAGE, or Flooding; FLUOR ALBUS, or Whites; CHLOROSIS; PAINFUL SUPPRESSED and IRREGULAR MENSTRUATION &c., with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) of whatever character and severity. ALL THESE COMPLAINTS can be pleasantly, safely, and certainly remedied by this preparation.

THE CLAIMS OF THIS MEDICINE to the confidence of the public are strengthened by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of MANY PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THE MEDICAL FACULTY in the United States some of whom have voluntarily given LETTERS of commendation, (see pamphlet) sustaining all that is claimed for the Catholicon as a curative agent.

REFERENCES.

P. B. PECKHAM, M. D., Utica, N. Y.
L. D. FLEMING, M. D., Canandaigua, N. Y.
M. H. MILS, M. D., Rochester, N. Y.
D. Y. FOOTE, M. D., Syracuse, N. Y.
Prof DUNBAR, M. D., Baltimore, Md.
J. C. OGILBY, M. D.
W. W. ROSE, M. D., City of New York.
W. PELSCOTT, M. D., Concord, N. H.

Pamphlets containing much useful information touching these and kindred diseases, together with testimonials from Ladies of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority in the pamphlet to all which the attention of Ladies and Practitioners is respectfully invited, can be had gratis at the store of

R. D. McARTHUR, Medical Hall,
No 2, St. Stephen's Buildings.
Where a fresh supply of the above valuable Medicine has been received. St. John March 21

Ship Chandlery, &c.

Loading ex John Barbour and Blanche, and to arrive by Dundonald and Barbara:—

600 BUNDLES London and Liverpool OAKUM;
250 coils Cordage, from 6 thread to 6 inch;
32 coils Bolt Rope, ass'd;
68 coils Manilla do.;
230 bolts Gourock and Merchant's Canvass;
10 brls. Stockholm TAR;
4 rolls Sheet Lead, 3 to 4 H;
370 pkgs. Brandram's White & Colored Paints—1 ton White Zinc Paint;
33 packages containing Flax packing, Pump Leather, Counter Sunk nails, Seaming and Roping Twine, Olive Oil, White and Scarlet Ensigns, Union Jacks, Bunting—in all colours, sets Marryatt's Signals—with book, Scrapers, Coffee Mill, Lamps, Lanterns, &c. &c.

From New York—Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Turpentine, and Bright Varnish. For sale low by
April 25. JOHN WALKER.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

Prince William Street,
9th May, 1851.

J. & J. HEGAN

Have received per late arrivals, a very large and well assorted Stock of

British and Foreign Dry Goods,

WHICH are now ready for inspection, and will be sold to the TRADE at the lowest possible prices, for satisfactory payments.

☞ The subscribers are determined to keep their assortment complete, and will be receiving NEW GOODS, of the LATEST STYLES, by the regular Steamers and Packets every month.
J. & J. HEGAN.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Home Manufactures,
For Spring and Summer Trade.

GENTLEMEN'S best Walking BOOTS, English Leather:—
Boys' Calf and Kip BOOTS;
Youths' Calf, Kip and Grain BOOTS;
Gentlemen's patent Wellington Dress BOOTS;
Gentlemen's Elastic Side Walking Boots;
Gentlemen's patent Calf Elastic side Dress Boots;
Boys' and Youths' Patent Elastic Side Boots;
Boys' and Youths' Calf, Kip, Patent and Grain BOOTEES;
Gentlemen's Calf, Patent, Kip & Grain Bootees;
Misses' and Children's Patent and Fancy Boots and SHOES;
Women's and Girl's strong BUSKINS;
Women's cheap House SLIPPERS.
☞ *Wholesale and Retail,*
St. John, April 4. S. K. FOSTER.

PERFUMERY, &c.

WE have on hand a large assortment of French and English PERFUMERY, consisting of—
Lubin's Extract of New Mown Hay;
Do do " Sweet Briar;
Do do " Patchouly;
Do do " Bouquet de Caroline
Do do " Mille Fleurs;
Do do " Heliotrope;
Do do " Jasmin
Do do " Musk;
Do do " Violette;
Farina's do " Orange;
Do do " Bergamotte;
Do do " Limette;
Do do " Portugal;
Do do " Citron;
Do do " Cedrat;
Rigge's Vegetable Essence;
Hannay's Rondeletia. *Also*—
Bogle's Hyperion Fluid } For the Hair.
Barry's Tricopherous, }
Lyon's Kathairon, }
Perry's Hungarian Balm }
GEO. F. EVERETT & CO.,
Jan. 31. No 4 King-street.

LONDON GROCERIES.

Landing ex Barque "Glasgow," from London:—

10 CASKS WHITING,
20 Kegs D. S. F. MUSTARD,
25 Cases STARCH,
1 Case Patent GROATS and BARLEY,
10 Cases SPERM CANDLES,
2 Cases old Brown Windsor and Honey SOAP,
10 Cases SALAD OIL, in flasks and bottles,
1 Chest PEARL SAGO,
20 Kegs Ground GINGER,
14 Boxes Italian MACCARONI & VERMACELLI,
3 Cases ISINGLASS,—refined LIQUORICE JUICE and JUJUBES,
1 Barrel TAPIOCA,
20 Cases Valentia RAISINS,
15 Fine Old CHESHIRE CHEESE,
70 Dozen *Lazenby's* PICKELS and SAUCES,
1 Case INDIGO; 10 bags Black PEPPER,
1 Case NUTMEGS.—For sale by
May 23d, 1854. JARDINE & CO.

Lehigh Furnace Coals.

Landing ex brig "Miranda," from Philadelphia:—
70 TONS Lehigh Furnace *COAL.* For sale by CUDLIP & SNIDER.

Celebrated Toilet Preparations.

We would call the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of New-Brunswick to the following choice To let articles—

ISAAC BABBITT'S
Superior Toilet Soaps,

CYTHEREAN CREAM OF SOAP. PANARISTON SHAVING CREAM. PANARISTON SHAVING SOAP, IN SOLID ROLLS. PANARISTON SOAP FOR MEDICAL USES, AND SHAVING POWDER.

These choice Soaps and Creams for joy the highest fame for their superior excellence both in the country and Europe. Medals have been awarded from the best institutions, and testimonials of the virtues by persons who have used them.

Cytherean Cream of Soap, for Ladies, fills the skin, removes freckles, tans the complexion, and is free from all impurities or irritating properties and is admired by all who use it.

Panariston Shaving Cream takes the place of all other Soaps as a preparation for the razor, and those who test it once will never after use any other.

Panariston Rolls are put up in a neat portable style suited to travellers' convenience.

The following are a few from the many testimonials received—

Rev. John Pierpont says of the Shaving Soap, "it is unequalled as a preparation for the razor, by anything that I have tried." Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer, says of the Cytherean Cream, "I have never met with any Soap Compound, which, in cleansing the most delicate skin, would, in this, come it perfectly moist soft and healthy." Dr. Walter Channing says, "I have to commend so good an article." Dr. Luther V. Bell, Superintendent of the McLean Asylum, says "It is superior to any other approbrance I remember and I have known." Hon. Horace Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribune, says "we have tried it and find it perfect; no other soap is worthy of being mentioned the same day." Dr. Berry, editor of the National Era, says, "it is in all respects the very best soap we have used." Mrs. Swisshelm, editress of the Pittsburgh Saturday Visiter, says, "it is superior to anything in the soap line, either soft or hard." Mr. Pentecost, of the Christian Journal, says "the Cytherean Cream of Soap is perhaps the best for preserving the purity of the skin which has yet appeared." The New York Literary World says, "Mr. Babbitt will be the Shaver of soap, the great regenerator."

BECK & Co., proprietors, 120 Washington street, Boston.

Manufacturers of Toilet Soaps of all kinds—Colognes—Perfume Extracts—Dentifrices—Hair Oils and Hair Dyes. General Agents for Dr. Arnaud's Celebrated Ambra—a Hair Preservative.

Retailed by Druggists and Traders generally, throughout the United States and Canada.

D. TAYLOR Jr., Boston, General Agent for the Provinces, to whom orders must be directed.

For sale in St. John by all the principal Druggists.

PROFESSOR MOTT'S
Celebrated Female Regulating Pills.

These wonderful Pills are compounded entirely from the vegetable kingdom, and they are now recommended to the Female sex as an invaluable remedy for many complaints to which they are subject. In obstruction—either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit for healthy action. The Aperient stimulant and tonic properties are so admirably combined in the composition of these Pills, that they clear the Bowels from all corrupt and vitiated matter—rouse up the sluggish action of the Heart, Blood, and other fluids from all Humours—strengthen the nerves and muscles, and give tone and energy to the whole system.

These Pills will most effectually put to flight all complaints which may arise from Female Irregularities, such as Headache, Backache, Giddiness and Dimness of Sight, Ringing in the Ears, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Pain in the Side and Chest, and general lassitude and debility. Thousands of Females who are fast approaching the verge of the grave, may be relieved by giving these Pills a thorough trial. They have never been known to fail in effectually removing the complaints above enumerated, and want only to be known and tried to satisfy the most incredulous of their intrinsic value.

PRICE—$1 per box; 6 boxes for $5,
CHAS. Y. ARNAULT, Proprietor, Boston.
D. TAYLOR, Jr., Boston, General Agent, to whom all orders must be addressed to receive attention. For sale by druggists generally.

DEVINE'S
Compound Pitch Lozenge.

An appeal to matter of fact, and common sense.

IT is that which has so long been sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a CERTAIN CURE for

Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Costiveness, Asthma, and Consumption,

and will, in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration, and raise the patient to health. This is not an idle boast nor is this remedy sent into the market without a thorough trial; but has proved beyond a doubt that what has been asserted CAN BE DONE.

We do not ask you, reader, to take our word, but those who, but a few weeks ago had given up in despair and are now in the enjoyment of health and without asking have given us their certificates in favor of this great remedy.

Let all, then, who are afflicted, TRY IT, and if the assertions on each box are not proved after an impartial trial, the price will be returned: when the article is not *perfectly satisfactory!*

If the Lozenge on being exposed to the air in hot weather should become soft, it is no objection, but rather goes to prove that they are in good condition.

S. D. Fuller & Co., Boston, Proprietors for Devine's Pitch Dozenge, Dr. Corvell's Pain Expeller and Macaronick, a sure cure for the Piles; also, the Yankee Extract, an article warranted to take out all Grease, Oil, Paint, &c., without injury to the finest texture or showing any dust on the part cleansed. All other popular Medicines sold wholesale at the lowest Cash prices.

☞ THOMAS M. REED, corner of North Market Wharf and Dock-street, wholesale and retail Agent, for St. John, N. B. Sept. 13.—1yp.

JARDINE & CO.

Offer for sale ex *John Oliver*, from Porto Rico:
38 HHDS. very Bright Muscovado SUGARS;
31 hhds. very bright Muscovado MOLASSES;
Ex schr. *Pearl*, from Boston—
10 bales Walnuts, Filberts, and Castanas;
20 coils Manilla CORDAGE—9 & 12 thread;
5 bales Batting; 10 boxes SALERATUS;
2 cases Dried Preserved GINGER;
10 boxes ORANGES; 10 brls. ONIONS;
6 cases superior CHEESE;
10 STRAW CUTTERS; 10 Seed Sowers;
10 Improved CULTIVATORS;
10 Dash CHURNS;
100 Sacks Round Yellow CORN.
St. John, May 2, 1854.

Window Glass.

1500 BOXES Window GLASS, by the "*Lisbon*," fr in London—from 8x6, 9x7, to 15x10 and 16x9;
Do. 16x11 18x12, to 20x16 and 26x14;
Do. 23x16 and 28x18, to 30x24;
Do. 40x24 to 44x30; do. 46x32 to 50x34;
The above will be sold in any quantity, from the single pane to the box, and cut to any size that may be required to suit.
May 23. JOHN KINNEAR.

FLOUR and CORN MEAL.

By *Westmorland* and *Admiral*—
350 BARRELS CORN MEAL,
20 barrels S'fine FLOUR.
June 20. FLEWELLING & READING.

BRIGHT SUGAR.—20 hhds. Bright Porto Rico SUGAR, to arrive per *Lucy Ann.*—For sale by
May 2. CUDLIP & SNIDER.

50,000 Cures without Medicine,
Inconvenience or Expense.

DU BARRY'S Delicious REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD, saves 50 times its cost in other means of cure, and is the natural remedy which has cleared 50,000 Summonses or cases from the Right Hon. the Lord Stuart de Decies, Archbishop Sutton Rose, and other persons, of dyspepsia, (indigestion) constipation, costiveness, piles, flatulency, distention, palpitation of the heart, nervous headache, dizziness, noises in the head and ears, nervous irritation, pains in every part of the body, chronic inflammation, cure and prevention of the stomach, bowels and of the kidneys and the bladder, gravel stone, strictures, rheumatism, eruptions of the skin, impurities in poverty of the blood, scrofula, consumption, or psychosis, or gout, rheumatism, asthma and sickness during pregnancy, after eating, or at sea, low spirits, spasms, cramps, epileptic fits, spleen, general debility, asthma, coughs, suppression, palpitations, hysteria, blushing, paralysis, tremors, sleeplessness, nervous irritation, loss of memory, weakness, vertigo, blood to the head, exhaustion, nervous irritation, hypochondriasis, wind, wakefulness, thoughts of death, dimness of sight, and many other complaints. It is moreover the best food for infants and invalids generally, as it never turns acid on the weakest stomach, but imparts a healthy relish for food and dinner, and restores the energy of digestion, and nervous and muscular energy to the most feeble.

BARRY DU BARRY & CO
77 Regent Street London.

A few out of 50,000 testimonials of cures are here given

USAGE BY THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.

Russian Consulate General,
London, Dec. 2, 1847.

The Consul General has been requested from Messrs. Barry Du Barry & Co. to the Revalenta Arabica they had sent to His Imperial Majesty the Emperor, has by imperial ukase been ordered for the Minister of the Imperial Palace.

Cure No. 71, of Dyspepsia from the Right Hon. the Lord Stuart de Decies:—"I have received considerable relief from Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food and consider it my duty to express my sincere thanks to authorize the publication of these lines." STUART DE DECIES.

Cure No. 14,832.—"Mrs Elizabeth Jacobs of Notting Vale, Paddington, consumption, asthma, cough, constipation, flatulency, wind, sickness at the stomach and vomiting, have been removed by Du Barry's excellent Revalenta Arabica Food." MARIA JOLLY.
Wrotham Lodge, near Diss, Norfolk.

Cure No. 47,121.—"Mrs Elizabeth Jacobs of Notting Vale Village, Paddington, Herts—a case of extreme nervous sensibility, indigestion, gastritis, kidneys and nervous tone etc."

Cure No. 18,314.—"Miss Elizabeth Yeoman, Gateacre near Liverpool—a case of 11 years' dyspepsia and all the horrors of nervous irritability."

Cure No. 3,906.—"Thirteen years cough, indigestion and general debility have been removed by Du Barry's excellent Revalenta Arabica Food. JAMES PORTER
4th Street, Perth

Plymouth, May 9th 1851

For the last ten years I have been suffering from Dyspepsia, headaches, nervousness, low spirits, sleeplessness and delusions, and was induced to try your excellent Food, which has proved a perfect cure. I can now enjoy life as I did before I had taken it. J. S. NEWTON.

Devon Cottage, Bromley, Middlesex Mar. 31, 1849.

GENTLEMEN,—The lady for whom I ordered your Food is six months advanced in her pregnancy, she was subject to severe fits from indigestion, constipation, vomiting, nervousness, irritability, after eating food, having a great deal of heartburn, and being constantly obliged to have recourse to physic or the enema, sometimes to both. I am happy to inform you that your Food produced immediate relief. She has never been sick since, has had no heartburn, and the functions are more regular, &c.

You are at liberty to publish this letter, if you think it will lead to the benefit of other sufferers. THOMAS WOODHOUSE.

DR. WURZER'S TESTIMONIAL.

Bonn, 19th July, 1853.

This light and pleasant Farina is one of the most excellent, nourishing, and restorative medicines, and supersedes in many cases all kinds of medicines. It is particularly useful in confined habits of body, as also in diarrhœa, bowel complaints, inflammations of the kidneys and bladder, stone or gravel, inflammatory irritation and ulceration of the urinary organs, cough of the kidneys and bladder, stricture and hæmorrhoids. This really invaluable remedy is recommended with the most distinguished success, not only in pulmonary and bronchial and pulmonary complaints where ulceration of the lungs are to be removed, but also in pulmonary and bronchial consumption, in which it counteracts effectually the troublesome cough; and I am enabled with perfect truth to express the conviction that Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica is adapted to the cure of incipient hectic complaints and consumption. DR. RUD. WURZER.

Prices of Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food in Canadian Currency
1 lb. 4s; 2 lb. 7s; 5 lb. 15s; 12 lb. 33s.
Super Refined Quality.
1 lb. 9s; 2 lb. 15s; 5 lb. 33s; 10 lb. 50s.

AGENTS.

St. John, New Brunswick—Thos. WALKER & SON.
Montreal—William Lyman & Co., and Savage & Co.
Quebec—Messrs. Musson & Co.
Toronto—Lyman Brothers & Co.
Kingston, Canada West—E. W. Palmer.
St. John's, Newfoundland—T. McCoubrey.
Halifax, Nova Scotia—John Naylor, Esq.

Ex "Lisbon," from London:—

2 CASKS Brandram's No. 1 White LEAD
1 do. do. RED & Yellow PAINTS
4 do. Crosse & Blackwell's PICKELS, ass'd
20 Bags Black PEPPER;
10 Cases Coleman's No. 1 STARCH;
35 Kegs Coleman's F & SF MUSTARD;
1 Case NUTMEGS; 1 Sack CLOVES;
2 Cases CASSIA.
May 23. FLEWELLING & READING.

Canada superfine Flour.

Landing this day:—
200 BRLS ex Conquest, from Portland;
100 do. Nautilus, " New York;
50 do. Sarah, " do.;
150 bbls. Brandywine Corn Meal—in store.
For sale at market rates by
THOMAS HANFORD,
June 20. Nelson-street

From New York and Boston:

100 BRLS. Canada S'fine FLOUR;
10 tierces superior head RICE;
1½ Tons do. Jamaica COFFEE;
6 Casks extra Lard OIL;
20 brls. BEANS & PEAS; 6 boxes CHEESE;
5 do. Thomas' Sweet TOBACCO;
10 brls. Dried APPLES;
WICKING, SAGO;
Yeast Powders, ORANGES and LEMONS,
Show GLASSES, PHIALS, &c
June 27 JAS. MACFARLANE.

MOLASSES.

Now landing ex Schr. "Abi Albon," from Cuba
146 HHDS.
36 BRLS. } Best Clayed MOLASSES.
17 TIERCES
For sale in bond or duty paid, by
May 30. JARDINE & CO.

SALT and GUANO.

Landing ex John Barbour, from Liverpool:
A FURTHER supply of Turnip, Beet and Flower SEEDS;
5 tons best Peruvian GUANO.
ALSO—
5 hhds. Loaf and Crushed SUGARS;
1 hhd. Hearth and Banister BRUSHES;
25 dozen Hemp Bed Cords;
25 dozen jars Fine Table Salt;
Cases Spanish Chocolate; *Hall's* Patent Starch, Copperas, Blue Vitriol, Washing Soda, Rotten Stone, Sulphur, Annatto;
1 hhd. PUTTY, in Bladders;
1 hhd. Bath Bricks. For sale by
April 25 JARDINE & CO.

Russian Wrapper.

THE Subscribers are appointed to receive orders for the above Wrapper, to be delivered early in the Fall.

The *Russian Wrapper* is strongly recommended to parties travelling, as being the most comfortable and by far supersedes anything that ever has been invented for heat and comfort.

Gents are requested to call and examine this *Wrapper*, as it is now exhibited at the shop of
MYLES & HOWARD.
April 25. *King Street*

Mowing Machines.

THE Subscribers are receiving by steamer from Boston, two "Ketchum's" MOWING MACHINES. [July 18.] JARDINE & CO.

The Road to Health.

Holloway's PILLS.

CURE OF A DISORDERED LIVER AND BAD DIGESTION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, Prescot Street, Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any enquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the violence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation so severely that doubts were entertained if she not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three Boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the *severity of the attack* and the *speedy* cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills. (Signed) R. W. KIRKUS

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF RHEUMATIC FEVER, IN VAN DIEMEN'S LAND

Copy of a Letter inserted in the Hobart-Town Courier, of the 1st March, 1851 by Mr. Joy J. Walch.

Margaret McCunnigan, aged seven years of age, residing in New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely prevented her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN CASES OF DROPSY

Persons suffering from Dropsy, either about the turn of life, or at other times, should immediately have recourse to these Pills, as hundreds of persons are annually cured by their use, of this dreadful complaint in its different stages, when all other means had failed.

CURE OF A PAIN AND TIGHTNESS IN THE CHEST AND STOMACH OF A PERSON 24 YEARS OF AGE.

From Messrs. Thew & Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.—August 2nd 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY,

SIR,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from pain and tightness in the stomach which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 24 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced state of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means comparatively active, and can take exercise without incurring weakness or pain, which I could not do before.
(Signed) HENRY COE.
North Street, Lynn, Norfolk.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF THE GRAVEL AND A MOST DANGEROUS FEVER COMPLAINT.

Copy of a Letter addressed to J. K. Hayden, Esq., Sydney, New South Wales, dated Feb. 25th, 1851.

SIR—A Mr. Thomas Clark, a settler at Lake George, was of a constitution extremely afflicted with a Complaint of the Liver, together with the Gravel. His medical attendants, after trying all their skill, candidly told him that his case was hopeless, and any further efforts useless to this situation, and when expecting every day would terminate his existence, a friend recommended him to try Holloway's Pills, and as a forlorn hope he did so, the first dose he took evidently relieved the disorder, he persevered in them according to the directions, and is now restored to health. He will feel great pleasure in confirming his statement, or even make an affidavit to the same effect, should it be required.
(Signed) WILLIAM JONES, Proprietor of the Goulburn Herald, New South Wales

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague, Asthma, Bilious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Head-ache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula or King's Evil, Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumours, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar), London; and by S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 15, King Street, St. John N. B.; A. Cox & Son, Fredericton; W. P. Baird Woodstock; Alexander Lockhart Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Belleisle.—In Pots and Boxes, at 1s. 9d., 4s. 6d. and 7s. each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients are affixed to each Box.

LONDON HOUSE,
MARKET SQUARE,
May 23, 1851.

Per recent arrivals we have received—
394 Cases and Bales
of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN
MERCHANDIZE,
Comprising a full and varied assortment of
Spring and Summer Goods,
which is now complete and ready for inspection
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
T. W. DANIEL & CO.

TOBACCO, &c.,—Ex "Cygnet," from New-York:

60¾ BOXES TOBACCO—choice brands in 8's and 10's;
3 cases containing ½ boxes Chewing Tobacco;
5 boxes fine Cut Chewing Tobacco;
10 bales Alicant Mats;
12 doz. Jute do., various sizes;
12 bales COTTON TWINE;
10 doz. Clothes Lines; 3 gross Chalk lines.
May 16. FLEWELLING & READING.

MARCH 14, 1854.

CARPETINGS.

The Subscribers have on hand—
90 PIECES best Superfine and Imperial 3-ply CARPETINGS, which will now be sold at much lower prices than those of the same description expected to arrive.—*Cash only.*
J. & J. HEGAN.

CUBA CIGARS.

THIRTY THOUSAND genuine CUBA CIGARS, in 250 boxes, (three qualities,) from the Manufactory *La Loma*, of Cienfuegos,—a very fine article. JAMES MACFARLANE.
April 11, 1851.

Flour and Sugar.

10 HHDS. Bright Porto Rico SUGAR
100 bls. Canada S'fine FLOUR, Alpine Mills—For sale to arrive ex brig *Chesapeake*, from Boston CUDLIP & SNIDER,
May 9, 1851.

Prime Muscovado Molasses.

100 PUNS. } Muscovado Molasses
[illegible] }
Landing at North Wharf and for sale by
July 25 FLEWELLING & READING.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG, OF THIRTY YEARS' STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. William Abbs, Builder of Gas Works, of Rastcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works accompanied by scurbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.
(Signed) WILLIAM ABBS.
The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. F. England, Chemist, 13 Market Street Huddersfield.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 13 YEARS' SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Gapin, of 70, St Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15th, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—At the age of 13 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, so for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical advised was tried, but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your Advertisements and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless without seam or scars and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 13 years and contrasted them with her present enjoyment of health you would indeed be delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.
(Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DANGEROUS SWELLING OF THE KNEE.

Copy of a Letter from John Forster, an Agriculturist residing at Newborough near Heyham, May 15, 1850

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—I was afflicted with a swelling on each side of the leg, rather above the knee, for nearly two years, which increased to a great size. I had the advice of three eminent surgeons here, and was an inmate of the Newcastle Infirmary for four weeks. After various modes of treatment had been tried, I was discharged as incurable. Having heard so much of your Pills and Ointment, I determined to try them, and in less than a month I was completely cured. What is more remarkable I was engaged twelve hours a day in the hay harvest and although I have followed my laborious occupation throughout the winter, I have had no return whatever of my complaint. (Signed) JOHN FORFAR

AN INFLAMMATION IN THE SIDE PERFECTLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Francis Arnot, of Broxbourn Lothian Road, Edinburgh, dated April 29th, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

SIR,—For more than twenty years my wife has been subject, from time to time to attacks of inflammation in the side for which she was bled and blistered to a great extent, still the pain could not be removed. About four years ago she saw, in the papers, the wonderful cures effected by your Pills and Ointment, and thought she would give them a trial. To her great astonishment and delight she got immediate relief from the first use, and persevering for three weeks, the pain in her side was completely cured and she has enjoyed the best of health for the last four years.
(Signed) FRANCIS ARNOT.

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.

To Professor HOLLOWAY.

DEAR SIR,—My wife had suffered from Bad Breast, for more than six months, and during the whole period had tried the most ordinary Ointments in use. Having before healed an awful wound to my own leg by a universally vaunted medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case, and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and to the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends. (Signed) FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

Bad Leg