

FORMS

AT THE
OFFICE,

COURT.
process; Bailable pro-
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General issue; and
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St. John,

10, 1883.

STOCKS & BONDS

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THE
ST. ANDREWS STANDARD.
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At Saint Andrews, New Brunswick, By
GEO. N. SMITH.

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The Standard. NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Volume 6.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1883.

Number 10.

ST. ANDREWS and ST. JOHN
MAIL STAGE.

RUNS both ways, three times each week,
leaving St. Andrews on Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday mornings at 8 o'clock, and
leaving St. John on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday
mornings at 7 o'clock, and go through in
one day.—Fare each way TWENTY FIVE Shil-
lings.

WAY FARES.

From St. Andrews to Magaguadavic, 7s. 6d.
From Magaguadavic to New River, 6s. 3d.
From New River to Musquash, 6s. 3d.
From Musquash to Carleton Place, 6s. 3d.
Stage Boats will be kept in St. Andrews at
Mrs. McLEAY'S, and in St. John at the F. & S.
Carleton and experienced drivers have been
engaged and first rate Carriages provided.

From the Nova Scotia.

HALIFAX, Feb. 27.

INVASION OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

Yesterday forenoon, while the
House were engaged in discussing
some routine business,

The Hon. Mr. Dodd entered,
and called the attention of mem-
bers to the intelligence which had
been just received by the eastern
mail, relative to the threatened in-
vasion of the Province of New
Brunswick, by a formidable force
from the State of Maine. By pa-
pers which he had just read, it ap-
peared that the Executive of that
State had sent a message to the
Legislature, representing in strong
terms the necessity for a mili-
tary organization, to assert the juris-
diction of the State over the disputed
territory, and that that demand
had been responded to by a vote
of 10,000 men and \$800,000, to
carry on the war. Under these
circumstances, it behoved this
House to act, and he should
therefore move, that for the pre-
sent all business be suspended—
that some of the leading members
of the House be added to the com-
mittee of Defence, and that the
House adjourn till 5 o'clock this
afternoon, to give that Committee
time to prepare and submit such
measures as the state of affairs in
our sister Province seemed to de-
mand.

Mr. Howe, in rising to second
the motion, said that the time had
evidently arrived for the Legisla-
ture of this Province to act with
vigor and unanimity. He hoped,
therefore, that the course recom-
mended by his hon. friend from
Sydney would be followed and that
as the mail left to-morrow, such
an expression of feeling would go
with it, as to satisfy our brethren
in New Brunswick that we were
determined to aid them in the
contest in which they were about
to engage. If the House would
permit him, he would read the
Message sent to the Legislature of
Maine.

[This message, dated Feb. 18,
was noticed in the Standard of Fe-
bruary 23.]

Having read the document, here
said Mr. H. the "din of party war-
fare" will also be hushed, and I
doubt not that both in this Legis-
lature and throughout this Pro-
vince there will be "unanimity,"
to use Governor Fairfield's lan-
guage, "alike honorable and patri-
otic." Mr. Huntington and others
called out "there is no fear of that."

The hon. Mr. Uniacke, next
addressed the House at some
length. He dwelt upon the gen-
eral character of American policy
—upon the hollowness of their
professions, and the grasping char-
acter they had displayed towards
Great Britain, and other countries
along their borders. He had fore-
seen the state of affairs which was
now fast approaching for some time
—and he hoped the house would
act in the spirit that had been re-
commended, and devise such a sys-
tem as would put the militia force
of the country on the most efficient
footing, and enable us to send such
assistance to our friends in New
Brunswick as would convince them
that Nova Scotians would resist
any invasion of their soil, as if our
own were polluted—would resist
any attempt to disturb the integri-
ty of the Empire as a common mis-
fortune.

Resolved unanimously, That in
consequence of information this day

received from New-Brunswick, of
the proceedings on the part of the
State of Maine, involving a propo-
sed invasion of the neighbouring
Province, this House deems it ne-
cessary to suspend all other busi-
ness at present, in order to con-
centrate such measures as may be
necessary to prepare for joining in
repelling any such invasion, and
in defending the just rights of the
neighbouring Province as well as
our own.

Resolved. That Messrs. Howe,
Young, Doyle, DesBarres and For-
rester, be added to the Committee
on the Military Defence of the
Province—That the Committee
wait upon His Excellency the
Lieutenant Governor, to request
His Excellency to furnish any infor-
mation he may have received from
New Brunswick.

The House then adjourned till
5 o'clock. Before that hour the
hall of the Province Building and
the passages leading to the Lobby
were crowded with the populace
anxious to know the result of the
Committee's deliberations. The
doors were opened a little after 5,
when a rush was made into the
Gallery, which, with the space out-
side the Bar, was filled to over-
flowing.

The Hon. Mr. Dodd then rose
—reported that the Committee had
waited on the Lieutenant Govern-
or, who was pleased to express
his high satisfaction at the course
adopted by the house, and then
submitted the following Resolu-
tions, which, after some slight dis-
cussion upon minor points for which
we have not room to day, passed
unanimously:—

1. Resolved unanimously That
one third of the Militia Force of
the Province, between the ages of
eighteen and forty-five, be drafted
by direction of His Excellency
the Lieutenant Governor, and offi-
cered for active service, to the ex-
tent of Eight Thousand Men

2. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutnant
Governor be authorized to require
every Regiment or Battalion to
select Two Hundred Volunteers
for every Six Hundred Men, rank
and file, between the ages of eigh-
teen and forty-five, or in the like
proportion for a greater or less
number.

3. Resolved unanimously, It a
sufficient number of Men in each
Regiment or Battalion do not vol-
unteer that His Excellency be
authorized to fill up the number
from the draft of such Regiment,
agreeably to Law.

4. Resolved unanimously, That
such lists of Men who shall have
volunteered, or been drafted as
aforesaid, when returned and ap-
proved by His Excellency the
Commander in Chief, or such per-
son as he shall appoint for the pur-
pose, shall be considered the lists
of men liable to be first called on
for actual service.

5. Resolved unanimously, That
the Lieutenant Governor be autho-
rized to appoint Officers to com-
mand such drafts or bodies of Vol-
unteers for the Regiment or Bat-
talion to which such drafts or Vol-
unteers may belong, or make such
other arrangement as may secure
efficient Officers to command such
drafts or Volunteers.

6. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor be authorized to call in-
to actual service so many and such
of the said drafts or bodies of Vol-
unteers as he may deem proper,

and to make the necessary regu-
lations for consolidating any num-
ber of such drafts or bodies into a
Regiment or Regiments, as may
be requisite and necessary, and to
appoint Field Officers, Adjutants,
and Staff to each such Regiment,
in order to render the same effi-
cient for actual service.

7. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor be authorized to order
any such Drafts or Volunteers,
when required for actual service,
into Barracks, and to march them
from one part of the Province to
another, as the exigency may re-
quire, and beyond the frontier of
this Province, when necessary.

8. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor be authorized to accept
the service of any Volunteer Com-
panies now formed, or which may
be formed in this Province, and to
consolidate them into Regiments or
Battalions, and to appoint Officers
for the same, and to take such mea-
sures generally as may be requi-
site to render such Battalions, Re-
giments, or Companies efficient
for actual service; Provided, that
such Volunteer Companies be will-
ing to volunteer for service either
in this Province or in the adjoin-
ing Province of New Brunswick.

9. Resolved unanimously, That
all Non-Commissioned Officers
and Private Soldiers, called into
actual service, over and above the
pay and allowance provided by
Her Majesty, shall be entitled to
additional pay from the Treasury
of the Province.

10. Resolved unanimously, That
this House will make suitable pro-
vision for the Widows and Or-
phans of such Officers, Non-Com-
missioned Officers, and Rank and
File, who may fall in actual ser-
vice.

11. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor be requested to direct
an immediate enrolment to be
made of the whole Militia Force
of the Province, between sixteen
and sixty years of age, and to have
the same divided into classes agree-
ably to Law, and to have full and
accurate returns made forthwith
to the Office of the Adjutant-Gen-
eral of Militia, of such enrolment,
and of the state, condition and effi-
ciency of the Arms, and of the
quantity of Ammunition possessed
by each Regiment or Battalion of
Militia, or Company of Artillery.

12. Resolved unanimously, That,
provision be made by Law, for
the due and proper organization
of the Militia, and for promoting
its efficiency by Squad, Company
and Regimental or Battalion
Drills.

13. Resolved unanimously, That
His Excellency the Lieutenant
Governor be authorized to expend
a sum of One Hundred Thousand
Pounds, if necessary, in the pay-
ment of the Militia and other ser-
vices incidental to the protection
of this and the adjoining Province
from invasion, and that this House
will provide for the same.

Much credit is due to the Gen-
tlemen composing the Committee,
for the attention they paid to the
importance of the measure entrusted
to them, the following we be-
lieve to be the names.

Honorable E. M. Dodd, Chair-
man, Messrs. DesBarres, Uniacke,
Howe, Young, Huntington, Doyle,
Dickey, Chipman, Forrester.

After a very able and animated
address from the Hon. J. Uniacke,

the House adopted the foregoing
Resolution: unanimously, and the
Honorable E. M. Dodd, who, in
every case supports the dignity of
the House, trusted the Speaker
would allow an exception to the
rules customary, when he propos-
ed that three hearty cheers might
be given, to be joined by the Gal-
lery, which, we rejoice to say, was
heartily responded to by every
individual present. Never have
we before witnessed such a heart-
stirring scene, nor ever before
were such cheers heard in our
House of Assembly.

The following remarks, sustained
by sound reasoning, are by the
Editor of the Royal Gazette of
Nova Scotia.

Some of our readers perhaps en-
ertain the opinion that the Gen-
eral Government of the United
States will arrest those proceed-
ings of Maine. We have no idea
that such will be the case. The
first step taken by that State, and
which must be considered a hos-
tile one, was resolved upon on the
24th January—the Sheriff, &c. left
Bangor ten days afterwards—about
the 10th February, the order to
General Hodsden was issued—and
on the 17th a further force of 10,000
men was ordered to be organized.
—The General Government must
have seen the object of Maine in
the Resolution adopted on the 24th
January, and, if so disposed, could
have communicated its opposition
to the proceeding before the requi-
sition was made upon Gen. Hods-
den.—We therefore cannot—but
come to the conclusion that the
conduct of Maine is approved of by
the General Government. We
may be mistaken—a short time
however only can elapse before the
point will be decided.

His Excellency Major-General
Sir John Harvey has, under his
command, the 36th and 69th Re-
giments, (for we hope that by this
time, as the wind has been favour-
able, the latter corps has arrived at
St. John,) and a Company of the
Royal Artillery, and the Legisla-
ture of New Brunswick, fortunate-
ly in Session, has promptly proffered
the aid of the People of the
Province, who are every where
displaying a noble and most deter-
mined spirit to resist all attempts
to invade their country. We re-
ceived a letter yesterday from Que-
bec, stating that a rumour prevail-
ed there, that Troops were to be
sent from that place to the dispu-
ted Territory. We are quite sat-
isfied that His Excellency Sir
John Colborne will send whatever
force he can spare, to the aid of New
Brunswick, as will also the gallant
General who presides over this
Province.

THE STANDARD.

St. Andrews, Wednesday, March 6, 1883.

Whilst this Province has, to all
intent and purposes, been invaded
by the State of Maine, and
whilst it may be asked whether our
authorities have not paid too much
"regard to the artificial rules of etiq-
uette," the House of Assembly of
Nova Scotia, in the true spirit and
patriotism of their sires, have come
nobly "to the rescue." Who can
peruse the foregoing Resolutions
without feeling their soul-stirring
efficiency, and admiring the genuine
loyalty which called them forth—
the sense and foresight which em-
bodied them, and the liberality by
which they are accompanied.—
They cannot be too extensively

circulated, and we lend our aid by
separating our sheet and sending
it forth to day.

LATE FROM FREDERICTON.—

There is no truth in the statement
that the Militia had been ordered
from Fredericton, to the disputed
territory. They were on Tues-
day last performing Garrison duty
at head quarters. Stephen Miller,
Esq. who had been sent by His
Excellency Sir John Harvey, with
despatches to the Governor Gen-
eral, was expected to return to Fre-
dericton on Tuesday or Wednes-
day next.—The Hon. A. E. Bots-
ford, who it will be recollected was
sent by His Excellency with des-
patches to Washington, was ex-
pected in Fredericton next week.
—City Gazette Feb. 18.

PROPHCY.—The following is
from the Prescott Sentinel:—

"A work was published some
years since in the United States
by an old man of the name of Mil-
lar, foretold events that would hap-
pen with relation to England and
the United States for years to come
many of which have already proved
true.—The old man stated that in
1838 there would be hard fighting
but the British would gain the day
and that many lives would be lost,
and that in 1845 a decisive engage-
ment would take place in the in-
terior of the United States, at their
Capitol, and that then, the Ameri-
cans would be signally defeated, a
general breach take place between
the North and South, and the Union
Jack take the precedence of the
Stars and Stripes. Up to this time
the predictions of the old man
have proved true,—who can say
that his whole prophecies will not
be verified? It looks much like it
at the present moment.

New-Brunswick,

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

EXTRACTS FROM THE JOURNAL.

February 26:

The Committee appointed to
inquire into the state of all the
Roads recommended that the sum
of £19,370 be granted, and appro-
priated as follows, viz:—

From St. John to New River Line, £1500.	
From St. John to St. Andrews, 1500.	
To the Corporation of the City of St. John, to assist in building Piers and landing places on the eastern and western sides of the harbour of St. John, in order to form a connection with the several Great Roads terminating on the western side of the said harbour, by the establishment of Steam Ferry Boats for the more safe and speedy conveyance of Her Majesty's Mail and passengers across the same harbour.	1800
From Fredericton to Saint John, 600	
Netepa.	
From Netepa Road to Gagetown, 200	
From Dorchester to Shediac, 150	
From Shediac to Bead of Peticodiac, 100	
From Richibucto to Chatham, 300	
From Newcaste to Bathurst, 500	
From Bathurst to Campbelltown, 1500	
For Bathurst Bridge, 500	
From Fredericton to Canada Line, 3000	
From Fredericton to Pigeon Board, 400	
From Bellisle to Saint John, 100	
From Fredericton to Newcastle, 2500	
From Fredericton to Saint Andrews, 2500	
From Salisbury to Hopewell, 500	
From Shediac to Richibucto, 150	
	£17,800

SPECIAL GRANTS.	
From Hammond River to Hopewell, £200	
From Loch Lomond to Sussex Vale, 500	
From Oromocto to Gagetown, 150	
Towards widening the Mill Bridge leading from the City of Saint John, 500	
From "end of Peticodiac to Head of Richibucto River, 100	
	£19,570

The Committee appointed on
all matters which may affect the
Trade of this Province, are aware
that the Port of Shediac, situate at
the distance of thirty five miles
from the nearest Custom House,
labours under inconvenience fr-
want of an Officer of Her Majesty's

Customs at that Port; and are of opinion that a Sub-Collector of the Customs should be stationed there; but they cannot recommend that any appropriation be made from the Provincial funds for that purpose, as under the compact made with the Home Government for the support of the Customs establishment in the Province, they think a sufficient sum has been allowed to make efficient all the salaries required to fill as many Offices as are necessary in this Province, if the amount so allowed of £4350 were properly apportioned. The Committee also, report:—That on considering the Petition, of a certain Inland, John McLeod, and 204 others, of Charlottetown, praying that the Provincial duty on Lime and Plaster of Paris may be removed, and that a duty may be laid on Shingles imported into this Province, are of opinion, that Lime and Plaster being abundant in this Province, and manufacture increasing every day, that it would be inexpedient to recommend any alteration in the law in that respect; and that Foreign Wood Lumber and Shingles being permitted free, by Act of the Imperial Parliament, for purposes generally beneficial to trade, the Committee cannot recommend that a duty should be laid on Shingles imported into this Province.

On motion of Mr. Owen, Resolved, That the several Petitions from Alexander Campbell, John Marks, George McPhee, Neil D. Shaw, and Beverley Robinson, relating to the relinquishment of certain lands purchased from the Crown, which Petitions were presented to the House on the 9th instant, and ordered to lie on the Table, be now referred to a Select Committee, to report thereon by Bill, Resolution, or otherwise.—Ordered, That Mr. Brown, Mr. Hill and Mr. Woodward, do compose the said Committee.

On motion of Mr. Owen, Resolved, That the Petition from the inhabitants of Grand Manan, Campobello and West Isles, laid before the House on the 19th January last, by command of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and which prayed that a communication be maintained between those Parishes and the main land by means of a Packet Boat, as also for the establishment of Post Offices in those places, be referred to a Select Committee, to report thereon. Ordered, That Mr. Owen and Mr. Weldon do compose the said Committee.

Mr. Brown, from the Committee of Finance, appointed on the 26th January last, submitted their Report, which he read, and handed the same in at the Clerk's Table, where it was again read, and is as follows:—The Committee appointed to take into consideration all matters relating to the Finance of the Province, report:—That on examining the public accounts, and from anticipated Revenues for the coming year, the sum of about £91,000 may be considered as available for appropriations for useful and beneficial purposes, and they come to that conclusion from the following data, namely:—

Amount of balance in the hands of the Treasurer and his Deputies, in Cash, £3,303 11 4
Balance of Bonds not yet due, 34,450 5 5
Estimated amount of General Duties, 15,000 0 0
Duties from Ammunition Sales, 1,500 0 0
The Treasury Officers of the Admiralty's Customs, 12,000 0 0
Total, £66,253 16 9

Amount of unpaid Warrants in the Treasury, £7,000
Duties of Appropriations last year, for which Warrants have not issued, 2,500—20,500 0 0
Total available amount for Appropriations at the present date, £38,753 16 9

The above available amount is of course exclusive of £40,000 funded on Provincial Account from the proceeds of the Customs and Territorial Revenues. Respectfully submitted, James Brown, Junr. J. H. Partelow, J. Woodward, James Taylor.

Committee Room, 26th Feb. 1839.

THE NAVY.

COMPARATIVE RETURN OF THE AMERICAN, FRENCH, RUSSIAN AND BRITISH NAVIES.

LIST OF THE AMERICAN NAVY, 1838.
The following is a correct return of the strength of the American navy, from the 1st of January to the 1st of February, 1839. We have given the names, guns, tonnage, and when built, of the first class frigates; but in order not to swell out the list, we are under the necessity of stating that they have fifteen ships of war, one of them carrying 24 guns, and the rest 18 guns, and nine sloops mounting 12 each.

First Class.	Guns.	Tonnage.	Station.
Franklin	24	1816	New York
Washington	24	1816	New York
Columbus	24	1816	Boston
Ohio	24	1816	New York
North Carolina	24	1816	Pacific
Delaware	24	1816	Newark
Pennsylvania	24	1816	Philadelphia
Alabama	24	1816	Pennsylvania
Vermont	24	1816	Boston
Virginia	24	1816	Boston
New York	24	1816	New York

Second Class (Frigates).	Guns.	Tonnage.	Station.
United States	44	1816	Boston
Constitution	44	1816	Boston
Castroville	44	1816	Boston
Java	44	1816	Boston
Pomona	44	1816	Boston
Brandywine	44	1816	Boston
Albatross	44	1816	Boston
Columbia	44	1816	Boston

Grand total, 12 and of the line, 13 frigates, fifteen ships of war, and nine sloops.

LIST OF THE FRENCH NAVY, 1838.
The following is the list of the French navy, but it is by no means correct, as several of the ships included in it have been under repair. We however, order giving it, to avoid error. It must be observed that the figures bear the same proportion to the actual ones.

First Class, 125 Guns.	Second Class, 80 Guns.
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville

Third Class, 52 Guns.	Fourth Class, 32 Guns.
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville
Le Tourville	Le Tourville

RUSSIAN FLEET.
No exact return can be made out of the Russian fleet, it is distributed over so many ports, and so remote from observation. They do in short of what has been represented, as given in this case we shall give what is represented to be in the Baltic, though from the earliest period other Russian vessels could command such a large force in any place. They are represented to have 33 ships of the line, 110 guns; 16 frigates of 44 guns, 18 of 74 guns; 19 sloops of 14 to 56 guns; 10 corvettes and several smaller vessels, and three mines, and third rate vessels ready for service, which will make a total of thirty or forty ships, exclusive of frigates.

BRITISH NAVY, 1838.
We now furnish an accurate return of the state of British naval force, ships, men, and armaments, that, exclusive of the Land Force, the British naval power, here displayed, is a formidable one. There are 100 ships of the line, 110 guns; 16 frigates of 44 guns, 18 of 74 guns; 19 sloops of 14 to 56 guns; 10 corvettes and several smaller vessels, and three mines, and third rate vessels ready for service, which will make a total of thirty or forty ships, exclusive of frigates.

British Ships of the line now in Commission.
a Britannia 120 a Howe 120
a Victoria 120 a Princess Charlotte 120
a Rodney 110 a Arcturion 110
a George 110 a Belsham 110
a Vanguard 110 a Edinburgh 110
a Hastings 110 a Hercules 110
a Stirling 110 a Cornwallis 110
a Newcastle 110 a Duke 110
a Pembroke 110 a Tassara 110
a Russell 110 a Totipot 110
a Wharfedale 110 a Totipot 110

a In port, and could be ready in a week—the rest at sea.
Demonstration Ships in complete repair and ready for Commission.
a St. Vincent 120 a Canopus 120
a Amphitruon 110 a Imogene 110
a Powerful 110 a Canopus 110
a Thunderer 110 a Agincourt 110
a Valiant 110 a Revenge 110
a Benbow 110 a Eurydice 110
a Hawke 110 a Totipot 110

a New Ships, never at sea.
The following could be got ready in a few weeks:
a Royal William 120 a Canopus 120
a Nelson 120 a Neptune 120
a Waterloo 120 a Queen Charlotte 120
a Formidable 110 a Agincourt 110
a Urania 110 a Revenge 110
a Rodney 110 a Eurydice 110
a Languet 110 a Totipot 110

a New ships, never at sea.
Third rates.
a Achilles 74 a Black Prince 74
a Bellona 74 a Albion 74
a Diadem 74 a Languet 74
a Egmont 74 a Languet 74
a Impetuous 74 a Languet 74
a Kent 74 a Languet 74
a Marlborough 74 a Languet 74
a Stirling Castle 74 a Languet 74
a Stirling Castle 74 a Languet 74
a Stirling Castle 74 a Languet 74

a New ships, never at sea.

ON THE STOCKS.—The No. 22 and London 92, might be launched at a low price. The Royal Frederick, 120 and London 92, might be launched at a low price. The Royal Frederick, 120 and London 92, might be launched at a low price. The Royal Frederick, 120 and London 92, might be launched at a low price.

GREAT BRITAIN.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.
On the 5th of February the Queen went in state to the House of Lords, and opened the session of Parliament with the following Speech:

My Lords and Gentlemen,
I rejoice to meet you again in Parliament. I am particularly desirous of recurring to your advice and assistance when many matters of great importance demand your serious and deliberate attention.

I continue to receive from Foreign Powers gratifying assurances of their desire to maintain with me the most friendly relations. I have concluded with the Emperor of Austria a Treaty of Commerce, which I trust will extend and improve the intercourse between my subjects and those of the Emperor.

I have also concluded a Treaty of the same kind with the Sultan, calculated to place the commercial relations between my dominions and the Turkish Empire upon a better and more secure footing.

I have directed copies of these Treaties to be laid before you. I have been engaged, in concert with Austria, France, Prussia, and Russia, in negotiations, with a view to a final settlement of the differences between Holland and Belgium.

A definite treaty of peace, founded upon anterior arrangements, which have been acceded to by both parties, has, in consequence, been proposed to the Dutch and Belgian Governments. I have the satisfaction to inform you that the Dutch Government has already signified to the Conference its acceptance of that treaty, and I trust that a similar announcement will put an end to that dispute, which the present unsettled state of these affairs has necessarily produced.

The warranty of the five allied powers, affords satisfactory security for the preservation of peace. I lament the continuance of the civil war in Spain, which engages my anxious and undivided attention.

Differences which have arisen have occasioned the retirement of my Minister from the Court of London. I indulge, however, the hope of learning that a satisfactory adjustment of these differences will allow of the re-establishment of my relations with Persia upon the former footing of friendship.

Events connected with the same difference have induced the Governor-General of India to take measures for protecting British interests in that quarter of the world, and to enter into engagements, the fulfilment of which may render military operations necessary.

For this purpose such preparations have been made as may be sufficient to resist aggressions from any quarter and to maintain the integrity of my Eastern dominions.

The Reform and Amendment of the Municipal Corporations of Ireland are essential to the interest of that part of my dominions. It is also urgent that you should apply yourselves to the prosecution and completion of those measures which have been recommended by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners of England for the purpose of increasing the efficiency of the established Church, and of confirming its hold upon the affection and respect of my people.

The better enforcement of the law, and the more speedy administration of justice, are of the first importance to the welfare of the community; and I feel assured that you will be anxious to devote yourselves to the examination of the measures which will be submitted to you for the purpose of attaining those beneficial results.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.
The favor of Mr. is unavoidably postponed. The lines signed M. are inadmissible, the author can have them by calling at the office.

THE STANDARD.

SAINT ANDREWS, SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1839.

Charlotte County Bank.
Messrs. Hays, Esq. President
Director next week, J. P. Street
Discount Day, THURSDAY
Hours of business, from 10 to 2

ST. PETER'S AND NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier on or before Wednesday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

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MARRIED.
At St. John, on Thursday, the 2nd inst., Mr. John Wood, of the County of St. John, to Miss Mary Adams, daughter of Mr. John Wood, of the County of St. John.

DIED.
At St. John, on Thursday, the 2nd inst., Mr. John Wood, of the County of St. John, aged 70 years, leaving a wife and several children.

Shipping Memo.
The ship Madras, hence, is loaded.

HEARST ADVERTISING.
The ship Madras, hence, is loaded.

TAKE NO.
AFTER repeated and anxious efforts, the undersigned, in standing debts, he is driven to the necessity of publishing in the Standard, a list of all the names of persons who have failed to pay their debts, and who are liable to be arrested, or whose names are liable to be put in the Standard, for collection.

ST. ANDREWS, MARCH 9, 1839.

COTTAGE 10.
A Cottage in the town of St. Andrews, with a garden, and a well, for sale.

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