



# Haszard's

# Gazette,

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### Haszard's Gazette.

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accounts were due previous to the 1st of January,  
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will be put to expenses without further notice.  
JAMES PURDIE.  
Charlottetown, 2d April, 1855. All papers 2w.

FOR SALE, by the Subscriber, 2 Handsome  
American WAGONS. Also, 1000 Bushels  
Sweedish TURNIPS.  
JAMES MORRIS.  
Queen Street, April 3, 1855.

### Hops! Hops! Hops!

FOR SALE, by Retail, at DODD'S Brick Store,  
in Pownall Street.  
March 23, 1855. 4w

WHEREAS certain persons have been cutting  
down trees upon my Lands, and have carried  
away wood therefrom, without License from me—  
This is to give notice, that all persons having so  
trespassed, or who shall hereafter, so trespass,  
shall, on discovery, be prosecuted according to Law.  
J. M. HOLL.  
Kenwith, Township 22, Dec. 27.

DOYLE'S Pocket READY RECKONER for  
Timber, Plank, Boards, Saw-Logs, WAGES,  
BOARD and 6 and 7 per cent. INTEREST  
TABLES.  
For Sale by HASZARD & OWEN.

### The New Steamer Rosebud.

Captain Matheson

Intended to sail immediately on the opening of  
the navigation, from Charlottetown for Pictou and  
Shediac, weekly, during the ensuing season; (unless  
prevented by any unforeseen occurrence.)  
This Steamer has been built expressly for the ac-  
commodation of the travelling Public, between this and  
the adjoining Colonies. The owner confidently hopes  
that from the comfort, speed and safety of the Boat, the  
well-known character of the Commander, the so-  
briety and efficiency of the officers and crew, that the  
Public will generously assist him, in the endeavour to  
maintaining a good communication between this Island  
and the adjoining Provinces, during the opening of  
navigation.  
Days of sailing and other particulars will shortly be  
given.  
WILLIAM HEARD.  
Charlottetown, 20th March, 1855. 1d Adv.

### NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

(From the European Times.)

The chances of peace in the present position  
of affairs are fast vanishing into thin air, and  
it is now generally believed that the death of  
Nicholas has rather retarded than advanced  
the termination of hostilities. Before Sebastopol  
we have done nothing to bring the war to  
a close—nothing to make an impression on  
Russia, and the Vienna Conference has ad-  
journed the third point, to enable the Russian  
plenipotentiaries to communicate with their  
government, preparatory, in all probability, to  
a final breaking-up of the negotiations. The  
campaign on which we are about to enter may,  
ere it closes, improve our position; but every-  
thing which is passing around would seem to  
indicate, that more blood must be shed, more  
lives must be sacrificed, more treasure must be  
spent before the pride and the pretensions of  
Russia have been reduced. We see it stated  
authoritatively, that the language which Prussia  
has held during the last few weeks to the  
Western Powers has become more acrimonious,  
the result, no doubt, of her exclusion from the  
Vienna Conference; and a still worse sign is,  
that the new Czar has withdrawn the finest  
portion of his army from Poland, and substituted  
Asiatic troops, which would seem to indicate  
that the Russian government in thus acting  
has a conviction, that Poland has nothing to  
dread from Austria. Indeed, the part which  
Austria may now set is the most important  
feature in the affair. It has been said, that the  
demands of England and France were pitched  
in a low key at the present Conference in the  
Austrian capital, in order to secure the con-  
tinued adhesion of that power, and in the  
belief that if negotiations failed, it would pro-  
ceed to a declaration of war against Russia;  
but as little or nothing is known of what actu-  
ally occurred at the Conference, this may be  
an opinion hazarded in ignorance of the actual  
facts. At the same time, such a statement as  
the one which comes from Warsaw relative to  
the withdrawal at the present moment of the  
best troops of Russia from Poland goes far to  
strengthen the suspicions in Austrian sincerity.  
Lord Clarendon, indeed, paid a marked compli-  
ment to Austria in the debate arising out of  
Lord Lyndhurst's motion, and spoke so warm-  
ly on the subject, as to make us waver in ar-  
riving at a conclusion unfavorable to Austria; but  
it is just possible that Lord Clarendon himself  
may have been deceived; nay, that Lord John  
Russell, who is on the spot, has been hood-  
winked. It occurred to us two or three weeks  
ago, when it became known, that the Emperor  
Francis Joseph had sent the Austrian Archduke  
on a visit of condolence to St. Petersburg, that  
such compliments between powers which might  
be at war in a short time seemed strange, and  
we said so. The caution with which Austria  
has hitherto acted, is, we fear, more compli-  
mentary to her skill, than to her candour, and  
it would not surprise us to find, after all, that  
with more professions of sincerity than Prussia,  
she has been playing the same deep and decep-  
tive game. It is within the range of probabi-  
lity, from the turn which events are taking,  
that the Western Powers will have the two  
great German states as well as Russia for their  
foes. At no time since the war began, did the  
horizon look more dark and lowering, and great  
must be the delight of Kossuth, Mazzini, and  
the other representatives of oppressed nation-  
alities thereat. If this occur, we are only at  
the commencement of the most terrible conflict  
which Europe has ever witnessed, and one  
which may shake thrones and dynasties like  
the ivory in a dice-box.

We have despatches from Lord Raglan to the  
17th instant, from General Canrobert to the  
same date, and by way of St. Petersburg ac-  
counts from Sebastopol also to the 17th. From  
the first of these authorities we learn that the  
siege works are progressing, but that the  
enemy are as active as the Allies in raising  
counter-works of a substantial kind, followed  
by attacks and counter attacks, in which the  
French appear to have borne the principal part.  
The French General gives a detailed exposition  
of some hard fighting connected with the Rus-  
sian ambuscades, in which operation our brave  
allies have shown their customary heroism;

but it is clear from all these accounts, that the  
besieged and the besiegers are pretty much in  
the same fix, and when the final assault will be  
made, or whether it will be made at all, are  
matters respecting which we can glean nothing  
from these despatches. The more copious private  
accounts represent the health of the allied  
troops as having greatly improved, and the men  
and officers, to relieve the monotony of  
duty, were engaged in dog-races and other  
sorts of an active and exciting nature. The  
commissariat department of the British army  
had greatly improved; the food and clothing of  
the men were unexceptionable, and the port of  
Balaklava had been rendered endurable. The  
"navies" were giving trouble by their drunk-  
ness and insubordination, and some of them  
had been made to taste the sweets of military  
law. Lord Raglan had been unwell, but his  
health was improving, and we see it stated  
that the whole of his time is absorbed in writ-  
ing, and preparing documents for transmission  
home, in which pleasant business he is fre-  
quently engaged until one or two in the morn-  
ing. This seems very superfluous labour for a  
man in his position, and which might surely  
be obviated by sending out a score or two of  
clerks. It is now doubted in well informed  
quarters, whether it is possible to take Sebastopol  
at all, so well has it been strengthened  
since the allies first landed in the Crimea.  
The Turks at Eupatoria have had one or two  
small brushes with the Russian outposts; but  
they, like the Russians, have been strengthen-  
ing their position, by the erection of additional  
earthworks, so that Eupatoria is regarded as  
impregnable. In all this there is little food for  
consolation. The weather continues to be very  
changeable, but fine on the whole,—so fine,  
indeed, that the Russians are receiving ample  
supplies of men and munitions of war. Until  
some decisive battle has been fought in the  
open country—before Sebastopol, the present  
unsatisfactory state of things is likely to con-  
tinue. We may not unreasonably infer, that  
Russian resistance in the Black Sea has been  
rather strengthened than weakened during the  
last few weeks.

Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons has sent home  
an account of his doings in the Black Sea,  
where he has been very usefully employed in  
crippling the power of Russia. We learn  
from his despatches, that a very smart officer  
under his command, Lieutenant Armytage, in  
the Viper, did a very smart thing—destroyed  
the martello tower and barracks of Djimitein,  
between Anapa and Kerch, erected purposely  
to keep open the communication between those  
places. A few days later, Captain Giffard,  
with three or four vessels and a war steamer,  
the Fulton, attacked the fortress of Soujak-  
Kale, from the sea, and drove the troops and  
inhabitants from the buildings, which were  
much injured, into the earthen batteries; but  
the movement was less complete, than it might  
have been, in consequence of the Circassians  
having failed to perform their promise of co-  
operating at the same time on land against the  
enemy, and the weakness of the ships in men  
did not enable them to supply the omission.  
The advanced squadron left the Downs on  
Wednesday for the Baltic. We hope that  
Admiral Dundas will do something great in  
this sea when the navigation opens; but we  
must confess to some regret, that Admiral  
Napier has been removed from the command.  
The public had confidence in him, and the con-  
fidence, when a great occasion arose, would  
have been justified. There will be rough work  
in the Baltic this year, because the absence of  
gun-boats and the necessary information, which  
was pardoned last year, cannot be repeated.

### THE CONFERENCES AT VIENNA.

VIENNA, March 22.—The first of the four  
points is settled, and the second, which relates  
to the free navigation of the Danube, was yester-  
day entered into by the Conference. During  
the first three meetings, all went on smoothly  
enough, but the sitting of yesterday is said  
to have been very stormy. What it was that  
roused the bile of the representatives of Russia  
is unknown, but the offensive proposition is  
supposed to have emanated either from Count  
Buel or Baron Prokesch, as both those minis-  
ters were yesterday evening in very bad repute

in the Russian camp. Political correspondents,  
like those diplomatists who are not members of  
the Conference, can form no clear and connected  
idea of what is going on; but you may be as-  
sured, that the Russian eagle will not escape  
without having had its wings and talons so  
closely clipped, that it will for the future be  
comparatively harmless. Perhaps no one in  
this city, except the Conference Ministers and  
their assistants, has even the most distant idea  
of what the three protocols already signed con-  
tain; but authentic information has reached  
me that the way in which the question relative  
to Moldavia, Wallachia, and Servia has been  
settled is highly satisfactory to the four Allied  
Powers. Some slight misgivings were felt that  
Austria would, to use the expression of the hon-  
ourable member for Tamworth, "humbly" the Western  
Powers; but Count Buel and Baron Prokesch  
are said to have behaved in a way which excited  
the admiration of the representatives of England  
and France. When Lord John Russell spoke,  
and on what subject he spoke, are unknown;  
but he must recently have made an excellent  
speech, as Baron Prokesch yesterday expressed  
his high admiration of his eloquence.

VIENNA, March 23.—The fifth Conference is  
now being held, and the probability is, that unless  
some unforeseen difficulty should present itself,  
the second point will be settled to-day. It is related  
that the question on which such a difference of  
opinion manifested itself during the sitting of the  
day before yesterday related to the formation of  
the "syndical authority" mentioned in the second  
article of the *Aide Memoire*, of which a transla-  
tion was forwarded a few days since. The Rus-  
sian Minister displays a strong desire to come to  
an understanding, and their official political op-  
ponents do not doubt, that Prince Gortschakoff  
has received instructions to make very great con-  
cessions, rather than that the Conference should  
separate without having completely settled the  
basis for a future peace. The third article, which  
refers to the Black Sea, weighs heavily on the  
minds of the members of the Conference, and the  
Allied Powers have not agreed on the conditions  
which are to be proposed to Russia, for putting  
an end to her preponderance there. You have  
always been informed, that Austria would not feel  
herself bound to go to war with Russia, should  
the Western Powers make the destruction of  
Sebastopol one of the conditions of peace, and the  
intelligence may be considered perfectly authentic,  
if not quite official. In the *Wanderer* of to-day  
we read, that a commission is to be formed of dele-  
gates from the Powers and the Porte, whose  
duties it would be to draw up organic laws for the  
Danubian Principalities, which shall be introduced  
and maintained by the States represented at the  
Congress. The Vienna paper also informs its  
readers, that when the second point was discussed  
the difference between the views of Russia and  
those of the Allied Powers was very striking.  
Russia recognized the rights of the nations to the  
free navigation of the Danube, and even consented  
to the appointment of a mixed commission for  
watching over it, "but her representatives insisted  
on her being left in possession of her fortifications  
and quarantines." It is possible, that some such  
remark may have fallen from Prince Gortschakoff,  
but, if so, it was subsequently withdrawn, for  
positive information has just been given me, that  
Austria, England, and France are firmly resolved  
"not to leave it in the power of the Russians  
again to interrupt the free navigation of the river."

VIENNA, March 24.—It was fully expected  
that the debates on the second basis (the free  
navigation of the Danube) would yesterday have  
been brought to a conclusion, but such was not  
the case, although its more important conditions  
were settled to the entire satisfaction of the allies.  
Should those persons who have read the interpre-  
tation given to the four bases by the allies on the  
28th of December, except to find the resolutions  
taken by the Congress very like them, they will  
find themselves deceived. The four points known  
to the public are mere sketches, but the first two  
of them have assumed proportions which astonish  
even the diplomatists whose business it has been  
to complete them. Until now, the Russian repre-  
sentatives have not only displayed a most con-  
ciliatory spirit; but they have accepted conditions  
which it was fully expected they would most  
positively reject.

VIENNA, March 25.—The sixth conference  
will be held to-morrow. The third point will be

and Lease.  
be sold at the  
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of the aforesaid  
Mr. John Ball,  
P. BEETE.

CAN'S  
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Hon. Geo. Coles.

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nded ENTIRE HORSE  
NOT," sired by the old  
mus." The dam of the  
a full bred Canadian  
raised by ALEXANDER  
Bay; is a coal black—  
th brown. This animal  
built in proportion. The  
e 14s. cash, payable on  
xt. All customers paid  
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nd when served. Eight  
le leap, paid in hand when

of JAMES HELM, groom  
e season on Monday, 30th  
nd once a fortnight at each  
of July. This is a well

o; Townsend's Corner;  
harlottetown; Bolt's, New  
West River, New London.

discussed, that which relates to the diminution of the power of Russia in the Black Sea. The protocols relative to the second point will be signed at the beginning of the conference.

VIENNA, March 26.—Yesterday the representatives of the allies held a conference in order to agree on the conditions to be made with Russia for effecting a diminution of her power in the Black Sea.

VIENNA, March 27.—The political horizon has again become somewhat gloomy. It is said that yesterday's Conference, which was the first on the third point, was not satisfactory. Although the Western Powers do not insist on raising the fortifications of Sebastopol, they propose other conditions which are not agreeable to Russia.

VIENNA, March 29.—The Conference took the fourth point into consideration to-day. The third point is left aside for the present. On Monday Prince Gortschakoff moved for the admission of Prussia.

The proceedings of the Vienna Conference have been suddenly interrupted. The third and most important of the Four Points having come under the consideration of the Congress, and the Plenipotentiaries having exchanged their ideas upon this important condition, it has been found by them necessary to communicate with their various Governments, and especially with St. Petersburg, in consequence of the inability of the Plenipotentiaries to reconcile their respective instructions.

The third point, it will be remembered, (says the Morning Post,) stipulates for the entrance of Turkey into the European family, and for the limitation of the preponderance of Russia in the Black Sea. This point, it is true, was, with the others, accepted by that power; but now, whose object and scope come to be determined, it is not surprising that Russia should endeavour to interpret them in a manner as little injurious to herself as possible to us—whilst we are determined to see them carried out in material guarantees, such as the limitation of the naval forces of Russia in the Black Sea to a squadron of a strength merely necessary for the purposes of police, and quite inadequate for aggression. In matters of such importance as these, it was not to be expected, that Plenipotentiaries would be authorized to give a final answer. But as the case now stands, M. Titoff and Prince Gortschakoff will have to put their Imperial Master in possession of the requirements of the Allies on this point, and will, no doubt, in the course of some days, receive his instructions.

The Globe has a leader confirmatory of the article in the Morning Post, which states that the Plenipotentiaries at Vienna had been obliged to refer to their Governments for instructions respecting the third point.

The following, on the same subject, is from the Times of yesterday:—Although we have studiously abstained from any remarks which might throw discredit on the negotiations now going on at Vienna, or indicate our distrust of their result, we have never lost sight of the difficulties by which this Conference of the belligerent powers is inevitably beset, and though willing to accept an honourable peace, we have not disguised our opinion, that the interests of this nation and of Europe may require a vigorous prosecution of the war. The interruption which is now understood to have taken place in the deliberations of the Conference on the third point, and the reference said to have been made by plenipotentiaries to their respective Courts, confirm the suspicion which has uniformly been entertained in this country by those who are most acquainted with the real course of public affairs. The discussion of the third point in the articles submitted to the Conference, and interpreted by the Western Powers, has checked the progress of the negotiation, and has given rise to strong doubts of its ultimate success. The Russian plenipotentiaries appear not to have been authorized to accede to the terms on which Lord John Russell and M. de Bourqueney were prepared to insist, as to the abatement of the preponderance of Russia in the Black Sea; and it now rests with the Cabinet of St. Petersburg to determine whether the Conference is to persevere in its pacific labours, or to abandon for the present the attempt.

ADMIRAL LORD DUNDONALD ON THE CAPTURE OF SEBASTOPOL AND CROSTADT.—This venerable and gallant officer, in a letter to the London journals, states that he has drawn up a petition to Parliament asking the means, first, secretly to demonstrate to competent persons the efficiency of his plans, and then to obtain authority (during eight or ten days of fine weather), to put them in execution. The obstinate resistance of Sebastopol, (he alleges), could by their means be overcome in a day, and Croststadt speedily reduced. In his petition he states, that in 1811 he submitted to the Prince Regent a simple, yet irresistible means whereby ordinary implements in war might be dispensed with, and speedy and successful results ensued. He next laid the plans before William IV., and in February and July last, he again offered his scheme, and sanctioned its reference to a commission of naval officers. He prays that the "House will be pleased, by a searching inquiry, to ascertain whether the aforesaid secret plans are capable, speedily, certainly, and cheaply to surmount obstacles which our gallant, persevering, and costly armies and fleets have failed to accomplish."

EUPATORIA. SKIRMISH BETWEEN THE TURKS AND RUSSIANS.

Under the date of Eupatoria, 5th March, the Journal de Constantinople—"To-day, Skender Beg left Eupatoria with 300 irregular cavalry and 400 Tartar bashibazouks, to make a reconnaissance, and he was met by four strong squadrons of Russian regular cavalry. Notwithstanding the disproportion of numbers, an obstinate struggle ensued. At last, hard pressed, Skender Beg was compelled to retreat, retiring slowly, and fighting inch by inch of ground. In this affair, the Russians lost about 30 men. The Tartars had made five prisoners, but they afterwards escaped. Skender Beg had only eleven men killed and two wounded, but he himself received a very severe wound. He received a sabre cut on his right hand, which damaged three fingers, and rendered amputation of a fourth necessary; he also received a thrust of a lance near the heart; but the most serious wound was a cut from a sabre across his forehead. No fears are, however, entertained of saving the life of this brave and dashing cavalry officer. The fortifications of Eupatoria are being carried on with great activity, and will soon be terminated."

A later account brings the death of this gallant soldier.

Letters from the Times' correspondents at Eupatoria and the camp before Sebastopol have arrived. They bring news down to March 6th from the former, and March 10th from the latter. Nothing of any importance had happened since the date of previous communications. We extract the following paragraphs:—

March 3.—The activity on the landing-piers is greater than ever, through the arrival of seven steamers and nine sailing vessels, charged mostly with cavalry and artillery. Now that the vessels and the Turkish authorities—thanks to Mascher Pacha's (Sir G. Lakeman) exertions—have got into the way of it, the embarkation of the cavalry at Seropolis is proceeding rapidly. Thus the Thames went from here to Bargas, was loaded with horses, and returned again to this place in four days and a half. A stage is constructed at Seropolis from which the horses can be walked into the barges, while the steamers themselves are only at one cable's length from the stage. The Thames remained only six hours, and took in 199 horses.

THE CRIMEA. [By Submarine Telegraph.]

MARSEILLES, March 29.

All the troops have arrived at Toulon and Marseilles, in order to embark.

A small Sardinian squadron, commanded by M. Dinogro, is about to sail for the Crimea.

The English government has given orders to assemble immediately at Malta all transports available for active service.

MESOPOTAMIA.

VIENNA, March 29. It was reported, that an insurrection had broken out in Mesopotamia, and that the rebels amounted to 30,000 men.

EGYPT AND CHINA.

ALEXANDRIA, March 28.

A thousand English Lancos from India have reached this city from Suez. The last news from Bagdad comes down to the 19th of Feb.

Advices from Hong Kong state, that the Chinese insurgents, who are besieging Canton, have taken the Tiger Fort, and pillaged the neighbouring villages.

HOUSE OF COMMONS, March 27.

MR. ROEBUCK'S COMMITTEE.

Mr. ROEBUCK stated that the evidence collected by the Sebastopol Inquiry Committee, so far as the investigation had now gone, would be laid before the House before the Easter recess. To a further question the hon. and learned member replied that the committee hoped to close their labours in no long time after re-assembling at the end of the holidays.

RECONSTITUTION OF POLAND.

Mr. PRINN moved, that an address should be presented to the Crown, praying that, while attempting to negotiate a peace, the British envoys should use their best exertions for the re-constitution of the Kingdom of Poland within its ancient limits, as a measure just in itself, accordant with the ancient policy of the country, and absolutely essential to the due maintenance of the balance of power in Europe. The hon. member supported his motion by enlarging upon the political crimes which had attended the partition of Poland, and the beneficial results that might be anticipated from its restoration. The present moment, when the balance of power in Europe was again brought under discussion and settlement, was, he considered, peculiarly fit for the ventilation of the question of Polish nationality. The motion was seconded by Mr. Scholefield, and supported by Mr. Milnes.—Lord R. Cecil contended, that England had no right to interfere in such a cause, since she could not come into court with clean hands, being herself guilty of the suppression of free nationalities in different parts of the world.—Lord PALMERSTON denied

that the territorial extension of the British empire had been accomplished by means of criminal aggression. On the moral question, he agreed in all that had been said respecting the lawless character of the partition of Poland. Practically, however, he submitted, that the motion laid before the House was highly inexpedient. It would embarrass the government in their diplomatic proceedings, and implied a pledge of actually taking up arms against the present possessors of Polish territory, for the purpose of vindicating the independence of that people. The introduction of such a controversy would add enormously to the already existing difficulties in the way of concluding a peace. He appealed to the honourable mover to withdraw his resolution.—Mr. PRINN consented to this course, and the motion was accordingly withdrawn.

The sum of £1000, offered by the proprietors of the Times for the discovery of a new material for making paper, is likely to be claimed for a Mr. Watts, who has produced an admirable article from wood shavings and bran and obtained a patent for it.

One of the largest distilleries in Scotland, the Leith Distillery, where 1,300,000 gallons of whisky used to be annually made, has just been converted into a flourmill!

Mr. C. H. Darling, late Governor at the Cape has been appointed Governor of Newfoundland—Mr. Kerr-Baillie Hamilton, appointed Governor-in-Chief of the Leeward Islands.

A note from Genoa, of the 21st, states that the submarine telegraph communications between the continent and the island of Sardinia are completed. Despatches have been exchanged between La Spezia and Cagliari.

The Ost Deutsche Post of Vienna announces that Spain and Portugal have acceded to the European coalition, and that the treaty was signed at Paris on the 21st. We find no corroboration of this news in any other quarter.

Government have called upon a number of the most distinguished officers now in England—both of the Queen's and the Indian armies—to state, in writing, their opinions as to the advisability of amalgamating the two services.

The arrangements for the visit of the Emperor of the French and the Empress Eugenie to this country are now said to be complete, and on the 16th of April the imperial court of France is expected to arrive on a visit to her Majesty the Queen, either at Windsor Castle or in London.

Holloway's Pills, a certain Remedy for Dropsy.—Charles Hutchison, of Quebec, was for fifteen months a sad victim to this complaint, so bad was he one part of the time, that the water actually coozed through the pores of the skin, and thrice per day change of apparel became necessary. Every time his doctor called he expected to find him dead, and in fact gave his friends no hopes of his recovery; his sisters who had derived great benefit by the use of Holloway's Pills, begged him as a favour to her, to try them; fortunately for him he did not refuse, and they soon produced a change for the better, in four weeks he was again attending to business having thoroughly got rid of the disorder, and in the most excellent health and spirits. These Pills work wonders in liver and bilious complaints.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Wednesday, April 18th, 1855.

THE MAILS.—The English Mail was received at the Post Office at Three o'clock on Thursday morning. The news by this arrival will be found on our first page. We understand that the Mail will be sent by the sailing Vessel to Pictou, for the first time, on Wednesday.

COLONIAL LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY SATURDAY, April 14th.

A Message from the Council with the Bill for the incorporation of certain persons as the Bank of Prince Edward Island, which they agreed to with several amendments.

The said amendments being read, the standing order was suspended and the House went into Committee on the same. Mr. McDonald in the Chair.

Without any discussion, the House agreed to all the amendments save two,—the altering Charlottetown into Charlotteton, and striking out the clause prohibiting the issue of Notes similar to Bank notes.

The first alteration was contingent on the Charlottetown Incorporation Act, which had not yet passed the Council. If it passed, the House was willing to agree to the amendment.

Mr. Coles stated that the clause prohibiting the issue of notes similar to Bank notes was in accordance with a short Act in the laws of New Brunswick. The House should protect the public from any liability to imposition. Parties who issue such notes now, may be well known, but others may get up notes finer looking than the Treasury notes, and pass them in the country to the extent of thousands of pounds, and they may not be worth anything. Notwith-

standing it may be an interference of the private rights of individuals, they were bound to protect the public. (Quoted Smith's Wealth of Nations, Book II. Chap. 11.)

The liberty of the subject is restrained on many occasions, and this was one which required the interference of the House. They were chartering a Bank, and now was the best time to introduce such a provision. The Bank must have specie to meet their notes, and the Vaults must be open to the inspection of the Government. Private individuals were not under such regulations, they might issue notes so long as they could get them in circulation. When private notes were issued some years since, a public meeting was held to protest against the system. He thought the Legislative Council should not object to that part of the Bill.

Mr. Cooper.—It would have been of no use chartering a Bank, if private individuals were allowed to issue notes. It would be the same as letting individuals coin money, without bringing them under the same regulations as the Bank.

Mr. Warburton.—If that clause is left out there would be no use of the Bank Bill at all. The public must be protected. Such notes would get into all parts of the country, if allowed, and the public would have no security.

Mr. Haviland hoped the house was fully agreed on the subject. They were legislating for a principle and not for any Hon. Member in particular. The principle on which the clause is founded is sound, and it was their duty to protect the ignorant who might be incapable of judging whether such notes were good or not. Sooner than agree to that amendment, he would give up the Bill altogether. They were prohibiting a number of people from issuing paper money, except under certain restrictions, but by striking out that clause, they allowed individuals to issue as much as they could get into circulation, Hon. members would be aware of the evil effects of such a licence, and he felt assured the House would be unanimous in support of the clause in the Bill, as agreed to originally by the House.

Mr. Speaker hoped the House would be as unanimous in opposing the amendment of the Council, as it had been in putting the Clause into the Bill. The House could shew the Council, good and sufficient reasons for its determination. Any person may now issue notes, such as those in question, payable at his office, or in Halifax, Britain or elsewhere, at his option, and if you demand payment at once, he may elect, to give you a cheque on some of those places. What are you to do with it? Merchants do not want Cheques for such a small amount, and if you send them on perhaps the issuer may have vanished, before you find out that they are of no value. He did not allude to any one in particular, he spoke generally. Many persons cannot tell whether a note is good or bad he had heard of some of the notes now afloat, being actually passed for £5 Halifax, by persons who had got hold of them in the Country. He would much rather vote against the Bill altogether, than have it passed without the Clause, struck out by the Council.

Chairman reported all the amendments agreed to, except two.

A message was sent to the Legislative Council desiring a conference, which being held—a further conference was desired by the Legislative Council and being held, the Chairman reported, that the Council had not adhered to the two amendments disagreed to by the House. The Bill for continuing the Act relating to the running at large of Hogs in Charlottetown and Royalty, was read a second and third time and passed.

The following Acts were passed during the Session.]

1. An Act to naturalize James Searl Mann.
2. An Act to establish a Normal School.
3. An Act in addition to an Act in amendment of altering Highways.
4. An Act regulating the Legislative Library.
5. An Act to require Landlords to put their titles on record.
6. An Act relating to the Offices of Controller of Customs and Navigation Laws.
7. An Act to pay Legislative Councillors for their services.
8. An Act to consolidate and amend the Acts relating to public Wharfs at Georgetown and other Wharfs.
9. Act to amend the Laws relating to the sale by license of Spirituous Liquors.
10. Act to impose a rate or duty on the Rent Rolls of proprietors.
11. Act to prevent the running at large of Swine within the Town and Royalty of Princetown.
12. Act relating to the Office of Road Correspondent, and the appointment of assistants in offices, &c.
13. Act relating to the partition of Lands.
14. Limits and rules of Jails.
15. Herring's and Alewives' fisheries.
16. Stamped Instruments.
17. Appointment of Sheriffs.
18. Amendment of Statute Labor.
19. Consolidated Election Law.

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PROBATION O

At two o'clock y the Lieutenant Gove aides-de-camp, cam Chamber, and in the of Legislature, and a of citizens, gave his during the Session, proceedings of the following Speech:—

Mr. President and Legislative Council Mr. Speaker and G assembly:

The assiduity with the public business a year legislative labors I cannot too empha your proceedings in r been made to throw titles to landed prop ing to establish a Co quent revival of a C calculated to injure t try.

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Mr. Speaker an assembly:

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Mr. President Legislative C Mr. Speaker as assembly:

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- 20. Tenant's Compensation.
- 21. Continue and amend Emigration Act.
- 22. Appointment of additional Coroners.
- 23. To incorporate Mechanics' Institute.
- 24. To amend the act relating to Lunatic Asylum.
- 25. Shutting up old Roads.
- 26. An Act relating the office of Surrogate.
- 27. An Act for taking the Census.
- 28. An Act in amendment of the Jury Law.
- 29. An Act for raising a Revenue.
- 30. Appropriation Act.
- 31. An Act to incorporate Charlottetown.
- 32. An Act to continue the Act for preventing the running at large of Hogs in Charlottetown and Royalty.
- 33. An Act to incorporate the Bank of Prince Edward Island.

PROROGATION OF THE LEGISLATURE.

At two o'clock yesterday, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, accompanied by his aides-de-camp, came down to the Council Chamber, and in the presence of the two houses of Legislature, and a large and respectable body of citizens, gave his assent to the Bills passed during the Session, and brought the Legislative proceedings of the year to a close with the following Speech:—

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

The assiduity with which you have proceeded with the public business enables me to release you from your legislative labors. I cannot too emphatically express my approval of your proceedings in reference to the attempt that has been made to throw doubt upon the validity of the titles to landed property in this Island, by endeavouring to establish a Court of Escheat, with the consequent revival of a mischievous agitation, eminently calculated to injure the honest and industrious tenantry.

The reiterated decisions of Her Majesty's Government are conclusive against any enactment of that nature, and concurring, as I do most fully, in the wisdom and justice of those decisions, I am bound by every sentiment of duty to discourage the slightest expectation of a departure from them.

I would fain hope that the ability and energy which have been exerted in encouraging fallacious hopes among a portion of the people, in whose welfare I have ever taken a deep interest, may in future receive practical application for their benefit and contentment.

The active measures which the Government have in progress, under the Land Purchase Bill, require only the co-operation of the parties for whose benefit they have been undertaken, to secure to the Tenantry an amount of advantage which they never could derive from the agitation to which I have referred, even if it were possible that such a course could be successfully adopted.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

I thank you in Her Majesty's name for the supplies which you have voted for the public service. The liberal addition you have made to former appropriations for the Lunatic Asylum, will, I trust, be found sufficient to effect the most necessary improvements in that Institution, and besides affording increased accommodations, to give greater facilities for the proper treatment of its afflicted inmates.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

The Revenue of the past year has exceeded all previous precedent, and the prices of agricultural produce of all sorts have been highly remunerative, which afford gratifying indications of the progressive prosperity of the Colony.

For some months past, however, extensive embarrassment in the Commercial world has been experienced, from the effects of which this Island has not been wholly exempted, and the state of the markets for shipping has, for the present, much checked that branch of our Commercial enterprise.

From these circumstances it may reasonably be inferred that the increase of the Revenue may not be maintained in the current year, but the surplus on the past year will, I trust, be found adequate to meet any diminution, if such should occur, until the effects of this crisis, which are already subsiding, shall have been wholly effaced by the restoration of commercial prosperity.

"gaged, has afforded Her Majesty the most sincere satisfaction, and will be warmly appreciated by all classes of Her Majesty's subjects." I feel assured that you cordially unite with me in fervently hoping that an honorable and lasting peace may be secured, by the speedy attainment of the righteous objects for which our beloved Sovereign and Her Allies are contending.

The patriotism and moderation which you have displayed in the discharge of your Legislative duties leave me no room to doubt, that on your return to your homes you will second my endeavours to soften and obliterate the traces of past political conflicts, and thus aid in directing the undivided attention of an eminently loyal and well-disposed people to the full appreciation of the many advantages which a beneficent Providence has bestowed upon Prince Edward Island.

It is currently rumoured in Town that the following gentlemen have been nominated Sheriffs for the ensuing year. Queens County.—William Bagnall, Esq. Prince County.—Thomas McNutt, Esq. Kings County.—Hon. Mr. Dingwell.

On Saturday, the 14th, there was an arrival from Arichat, the first of the season, and the earliest within our remembrance. In the year 1831, there were two arrivals on the 18th April, and these were then considered the first vessels that had ever been reported at a period so early. The gulf is, we believe, quite free of ice, and we may now expect frequent arrivals; and what is of more importance, those who have been gathering up produce during the winter will have a good opportunity of shipping it. We shall soon have an opportunity of testing the advantages of the Reciprocity treaty. A vessel arrived from New Brunswick yesterday.

Address. To Mr. JOHN ROSE, Teacher of Vocal Music.

SIR:—In behalf of the Members of New Wiltshire Singing School, I have the pleasure of presenting you, with "Shakespeare's Complete Works," as a token of our appreciation of your services while engaged as our Teacher. We believe your method of instruction, and manner of imparting a knowledge of the science, with your ability in detecting and correcting faults, make you fully competent to discharge the duties of the position to which you aspire, we therefore wish you every success in that department to which you have devoted your attention.

In conclusion, we sincerely wish that yourself and Mrs. Rose, may enjoy much happiness, both in the social and domestic circle.

I remain &c., ROBERT EDWARDS.

Reply. GENTLEMEN: It is with feelings of gratitude I receive at your hands such a handsome and unmerited memento as the above. Knowing that I have only performed my duty towards you, enhances the value of your donation to a very high degree in my estimation.

I shall long remember with pleasure the kindly feelings with which you are actuated, and with my sincere thanks, accept those of Mrs. Rose, for your good wishes for our future welfare. JOHN ROSE.

We observe that the Legislatures both of New Brunswick and the State of Maine, have refused a Charter to the Newfoundland Telegraph Company. This Company has obtained a monopoly of Newfoundland for fifty years, and we believe that it is chiefly on that ground, that the Charter has not been granted.

The officers and crew of the steamer Tiger, which was destroyed at Odessa by the Russians, are on board the Victory, waiting for a court-martial to be held on the officers for the loss of the ship. The court-martial cannot be held until the arrival of one of the crew, who was at the wheel when the Tiger went on shore, and who is now on his way to England. None of the crew or officers are allowed to leave Portsmouth.

A MOST EXTRAORDINARY CURE EFFECTED BY DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.

New York, March 19, 1852. This is to certify, that I have been troubled for almost four years with a choking sensation, sometimes so bad, as almost to suffocate me; I employed two regular physicians, but to no purpose. I was then persuaded to try a bottle of Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge. I took two tea-spoons full at one dose. It soon began to operate, when it made thorough work. (I had a regular worm factory within me.) I should judge it brought away from me some two quarts of worms; they had the appearance of having burst. I took the remainder of the bottle at two doses. The effect was, it brought away about one quart more, all chopped to pieces. I now feel like a different person.

The above is from a widow lady, forty-six years of age, resident of this city. For further particulars, the public are referred to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan place, or to E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutgers and Monroe streets.

P. S. The above valuable medicine, also Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in this city. Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless. W. R. WATSON, Agent for P. E. Island.

Married.

On Thursday, the 12th instant, by the Rev. Mr. Snodgrass, Mr. Archibald McNeil, Deputy Registrar of Deeds and Keeper of Plans of this Island, to Jessie, daughter of the late Mr. William Scantlebury, of this Town.

Died.

On the 7th ult., at Rochill, near Dumfries, Scotland, David M'Gill, Esq., aged 63 years, most sincerely and deeply lamented by his family and friends. The above gentleman was a brother of John M'Gill, Esq., and resided for some years in this town.

Port of Charlottetown.

ARRIVALS. April 17th.—Schooner Julia, Cornelius Regan, from St. John N. B. 4th, inst., consigned to Mr. Bell, Corn Meal and Flour, to W. T. Paw, Esq. Shannon, Ramsey King, Arichat, 11th, ballast. Mayflower, Polycarp, Giroir, do. do. Glory, Michael Le Blanc, do. do. Shallop Mayflower, Abraham Giroir, Arichat, ballast. April 18th, Schr. Margaret Ann, Thomas, Arichat, bal.

GILMAN'S HAIR DYE.

The best article ever used, as hundreds can testify in this city and surrounding country. Read! GILMAN'S LIQUID HAIR DYE instantaneously changes the hair to a brilliant jet Black or glossy Brown, which is permanent—does not stain or in any way injure the skin. No article ever yet invented which can compare with it. We would advise all who have grey hairs to buy it, for it never fails.—Boston Post.

Z. D. GILMAN, Chemist, Washington City, Inventor and sole Proprietor. For sale by Druggists, Hair-dressers, and Dealers in Fancy Articles; throughout the United States. W. R. WATSON, General Agent for P. E. Island. Jan 6. 6mon

FOR BOSTON.

THE new and fast sailing Schr. Lalia, will sail direct for BOSTON, on Monday next, the 23d inst., and will have immediate return. For Passage enquire of Mr. Robert BELL, Queen Square, or the Master on Board at the Queen's Wharf. April 18th, 1852. Isl.

Valuable Building Lot for Sale BY AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY, the 1st day of May next, at 12 o'clock, (if not previously disposed of by private sale,) part of WATER LOT opposite Town Lot No. 13, in the First Hundred of Charlottetown Lots, being nearly opposite the residence of Dr. Conroy, and now in the possession of the Masonic Hall Company. For further particulars apply to Mr. J. W. MORRISON, No. 3, Queen Street, or to W. T. PAW, Auctioneer. April 2d, 1855. Ex

JOHN T. THOMAS  
REQUESTS A SETTLEMENT  
WITH ALL PERSONS  
INDEBTED TO HIM  
previous to his leaving the Island Early next Month.



THE SUBSCRIBER intends leaving Charlottetown in a few days, and respectfully requests all parties who are indebted to him, to hand in the several amounts of Accounts, as furnished. And will oblige JOHN GIBSON. All the papers 4in

AUCTIONS.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, 26th instant, (Sale to commence at 10 o'clock), the Household Furniture of Mr. JOHN T. THOMAS, consisting of One handsome Rosewood-case Piano, one Telescope, one pair large modern Globes, mahogany Telescope, Dining and other Tables, Parlour and Drawing Room Furniture, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Mattresses, Mahogany Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Carpets, &c.

Also, 1 CARRIAGE, 1 CART, 2 SLEIGHS, 1 COW. April 13. W. DODD, Auctioneer.

A rare chance for Farmers, Country Dealers, and others.

TO be sold by AUCTION on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Store of Mr. John Stumbles, north side of Queen's Square, a superior lot of Gig and Cart Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, &c., comprising in part—5 sets Brass-mounted GIG HARNESS, 1 do Silver-plated do do, 1 do superior Silver-mounted, } English Leather. 1 do do Brass do, } 30 do CART HARNESS, 5 RIDING SADDLES, 1 superior do, English Leather, Also, a lot of BRIDLES, Whips, &c. Terms—All sums under £10, cash; over £10, three months credit, on approved Notes. N. B.—All the above articles are warranted to be of a superior quality of Leather to any that can be purchased at any other establishment on the Island. WILLIAM DODD, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, April 16. all papers, 2i.

Blood Stallion "Prince Edward."

FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

ON WEDNESDAY, 25th April instant, at noon, on the Market Square, Charlottetown, "Prince Edward" took the Royal Agricultural First Prize, for Two Year-old Blood Colts, in the Autumn of 1854, and the Stallion Prize for all ages, on the 4th of April inst.; further praise is useless. He will be set up at £120 currency, and sold to the highest bidder. The Royal Agricultural Society will give the purchaser Ten Pounds, as a bonus to insure his stay in the Island for this season. Terms of sale.—Twenty sovereigns down; half the balance on the 1st of January next, and the other half, on the first of January, 1857. Good security will be required for the payment of the balances. For further particulars, apply to CHAS. STEWART, Esq., Secretary to the Royal Agricultural Society, or to Mr. W. HODGES, Rustico. Charlottetown, 5th April, 1855. Isl3i

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Cattle, Farming Implements, &c.

THE Subscriber will sell by Auction, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of May next, at 12 o'clock, a. m., at the residence of CAPT. BRAZELLY, near Government House, the whole of his HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, WAGONS, SLEIGHS, CATTLE and FARMING IMPLEMENTS, particulars of which will be given in Catalogues, a few days previous to the sale. WM. DODD, Auctioneer. April 7th, 1855. (All the papers.)

Valuable Business Stand.

TO be sold by Auction on Tuesday, the 1st day of May next, on the premises, all that piece of Land situated between Mr. Gaffney's and the Prince Edward House, on Pownall Street, on Lot No. 37 in the first hundred—measuring 70 feet front and 84 feet depth. The above property will be sold in one or two Lots to suit purchasers; its proximity to Pownall Wharf renders it a desirable situation for a first rate business stand.—Terms at sale. W. DODD, Auctioneer. March 19.

MR. B. DAVIES is instructed by the Misses Stewart to offer at public Sale on THURSDAY, 21st June next, at 12 o'clock noon on the premises, SEVEN VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS, not to be equalled as business Sites in Charlottetown, being part of their Real Estate, facing on Queen Square, immediately opposite the Market House.

Terms, 20 per cent. deposit to be paid immediately after Sale and the remainder secured by Mortgage, payable in five years in annual instalments with interest, when an indisputable title will be given. Further particulars made known on application at the Auctioneer's Room, opposite Mr. Peake's Buildings, Queen's Wharf. April 7th, 1855. Ex Is.

TO BE SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, (if not previously disposed of at private sale), at GEORGETOWN, on Thursday, the Twenty-first day of June next, at 12 o'clock, TOWN LOT Number 8, Third Range, Letter (B), with the HOUSE and OUT-HOUSES on the same. This Lot is eligibly situated, adjoining WM. SANDERSON, Esq.'s, Premises, and near the Episcopal Church. For further particulars, apply to Messrs. J. HUMPHREY & Co., Halifax, or D. WILSON, Charlottetown. Jan. 15, 1855.

JUNIPER POSTS and RAILS, HARD and SOFT CORDWOOD.

Also, 50,000 SHINGLES. For sale by BENJAMIN CHAPPELL.



NATURE OUTWITTED!!!

Dr. Antrobus's Persian Hair Restorative, AND HAIR DYE

Under the immediate Patronage of the Princes of Persia and India.

These articles are without doubt the most extraordinary in their powers ever submitted to the Public...

The RESTORATIVE strengthens the hair and prevents it falling off after every other means have been resorted to unsuccessfully...

The qualities of the HAIR DYE are decidedly superior to any thing of the kind ever attempted...

Certificate from one of the greatest Medical Men of the day. - Read it!!!

Copy of a Letter from Dr. Magrath, M. R. C. S., dated Duke Street, Adelphi, London, the 17th January, 1854.

To Dr. ANTROBUS,

Sir, - I feel great pleasure in attesting the virtues of your Persian Hair Restorative. Several parties who have been patients of mine having derived the most inconceivable benefit from using it...

Your Hair Dye is the best I have ever seen or heard of, and has been used among my private acquaintances, with the most unbounded satisfaction.

I am, Sir, yours most truly, (Signed) DENNIS MAGRATH.

Letter from Henry Vinson, Court Hair Dresser and Wig Maker, of 124, Leadenhall Street, London.

To Dr. ANTROBUS,

Sir, - Your Hair Restorative is one of the greatest blessings ever invented. Several of my customers are quite enraptured with it, and consider it beyond all praise.

You may depend upon it, that it surpasses any thing of the kind ever brought before the public, and as to your Hair Dye, I can sell all you can send me, it is so unquestionably good.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully, (Signed) HENRY VINSON.

The Restorative is sold at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 4s. per Bottle, Sterling. The Hair Dye 3s. 6d. and 7s. per case.

Be particular to ask for Dr. Antrobus's, or you may be imposed upon.

Sold by all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world, and at Dr. Antrobus's Establishment, 2, Brydges Street, Strand.

1855.

THE splendid ENTIRE HORSE "FEARNOT," sired by the old "COLUMBUS." The dam of the horse is a full bred Canadian Mare.

Will leave the premises of JAMES HELM, groom and owner, commencing the season on Monday, 30th day of April, and will attend once a fortnight at each station, until the last day of July.

STATIONS. - Malpas; Townsend's Corner; Tryon; West River; Charlottetown; Bolt's, New Glasgow Road; South-West River, New London.

Building Lots for Sale and Lease.

SIX BUILDING LOTS only will be sold at the Ferry opposite Charlottetown, Lot 48, the remaining lots will be let on renewable leases...

March 1, 1855. J. P. BEETE.

Just Try WEE JAMIE DUNOAN'S New Establishment of Tin, Copper, Iron, and Plumber Work.

From his late experience in the Old Country, and by strict attention to the execution of orders, he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

WILLIAM STRAIGHT, Hatter and Dyer.

GENTLEMEN'S Clothes cleaned, Spots and Stains extracted, and restored to their original colour. Beaver and Silk Hats cleaned and stiffened.

Administration Notice.

ALL persons having legal demands against the Estate of the late Mr. Roderick Mathewson, Farmer, of Rustico, deceased, are hereby notified to furnish the same, duly attested, within twelve months from this date...

WILLIAM MATHEWSON, } Administrators. JAMES MATHEWSON, }

WILLIAM C. HOBBS, Brass Founder and Machinist.

Shop - Corner of Great George and King Street, Charlottetown.

KEEPS constantly Manufacturing all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings, such as, Ships Rudder Braces, Spikes, Bolts, Hinges, ornaments Fastenings for Ships' Wheels and Capstons and Bells.

P. S. The highest price will be given for old Copper, Brass and Composition.

House to Let.

TO LET, part of that new HOUSE, fronting on Kent Street, possession given immediately. Apply to THOMAS W. DODD.

For Sale,

THAT beautiful Estate of "WARBLINGTON," in one or more Lots, to suit purchasers. For particulars, as to terms and title please apply at the office of the Hon. CHARLES YOUNG.

Prize Horse "VULCAN," The Property of J. W. Cairns.

THE celebrated half-bred Five year old STALLION, sired by the imported thorough bred Blood SALADIN, from a Columbus dam.

On Monday, April 20th, will leave Thomas Cairns's, Summerside, for St. Eleanor's, and pass through Miscouche to Lyall's, Lot 16.

On Tuesday, the 1st May, will leave for Mr. H. N. Hope's, on his way back to St. Eleanor's; from thence to Townsend's Corner and Thomas Cairns's.

On Wednesday, the 2d, will call at Heffield's Forge and Robert Walker's, (stopping at the latter place for two hours) on his way to Indian River and Malpeque, stopping at the stables of Mr. George Ellison until 10 o'clock the next day.

On Thursday, the 3d, will leave for Breen's Forge, at Darnley, thence to Charles Doyle's, at Park Corner; thence to Fillman's New London, where he will remain until two o'clock on Friday afternoon, when he will cross McLeod's Ferry, to Graham's, stopping at George McKay's, Esquire, all night.

Saturday, the 5th, leaves McKay's by Johnston's Mills, to McAshill's, Princetown Road, thence to widow Taylor's, Freetown, remaining until the following Monday.

On Monday, the 7th, will leave for John Wright's Mill, S. W., and from thence to John Wright's Esquire, Seditions, where he will remain for the night.

On Tuesday, the 8th, will leave for Mr. Muirhead's, Tryon Road, on his way to Sturdy's Mills, stopping at Barnabus Trowdale's.

On Wednesday, the 9th, will leave for Crawford's Inn, and remain there until three o'clock; and from thence to John Clark's, Cape Traverse, where he will remain until one on Thursday; and will then leave for Monkley's, stopping at Hooper's Corner, all night.

Friday, 11th, will leave Hooper's Corner for Maccaul's, by Clark's Mills, through Wilnot Creek to Thomas Cairns's, etc.

The above routes will be continued fortnightly during the remainder of the season.

The Groom of the Columbus will be in attendance, April 12. CALED POLLEY, Groom.

CARD.

STEWART & MACLEAN, SHIP BROKERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the Sale and Purchase of American & Provincial Produce, and Dealers in Provisions, Fish, Oil, &c.

FERRY LANDING, Water-Street, St. JOHN, N. B. REFERENCE: CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., JAS. PURDIE, Esq., St. John, N. B., Messrs. R. RANKIN & Co. April 12, 1855.

ALLIANCE

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT. Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.

CHARLES YOUNG, Agent for P. E. Island.

MONEY TO LEND

ON FREEHOLD ESTATE. T. HEATH HAYLAND, Barrister at Law, Queen Square, Charlottetown.

November 11th, 1854.

FOR SALE - GROVER ISLAND, situated in Richmond Bay, about one-fourth of a mile from Princetown.

This Island contains about 80 acres, and as a fishing station is unequalled in this Island, - having a sufficient depth of water on one side for vessels of large burthen, and being entirely free from drift sand.

An indisputable Title will be given; and for further particulars, apply to WM. FORGAN, Esq., Charlottetown. April 22, 1854. (New. 1)

Cooking Stoves suitable for Coal.

ON HAND and for Sale at DODD'S BRICK STORE, in Pownal Street, a few of the above STOVES, Welcome Return pattern, patented in 1854. February 16, 1855.

TO BE LET.

THE MANSION HOUSE of 'FALCONWOOD,' beautifully situated on the Banks of the Hillsborough, about two miles above Charlottetown, and commanding an extensive view of the river. The House, which is one of the most substantial Brick Buildings on the Island, contains dining room, drawing room, parlour, library, spacious hall and staircase, with servants' room, laundry, store room kitchen, &c., on the first floor; eight large bed rooms and dressing room in the upper story, with extensive cellage, and hot air stove in the tank story.

The Grounds consist of Flower and Kitchen GARDEN, and Twelve acres of valuable LAND, in first-rate condition, partly under Hay and Pasture. The House is surrounded by fine old trees, which completely shelter it from the Easterly and Northerly winds. Apply at the House. March 22.

To be let,

FOR such a term of years as may be agreed upon, the Farm, known as SHEARWOOD, situate about seven miles from Charlottetown, at Dog River, Township No. 31, containing 130 acres of excellent LAND, 50 acres of which are in a high state of cultivation; upon which are erected a STONE COTTAGE, suitable for a genteel family, and commodious Out-houses. Possession can be given immediately. Apply to J. HAMILTON LANE, Esq., Pictou, or in Charlottetown, to WM. FORGAN, Esq. February 28th, 1855. Lion's Isl

For Sale or to Let.

SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the East side of the Malpeque, or Princetown Road, about a quarter of a mile from Charlottetown, and opposite to Spring Park. Apply to WILLIAM FORGAN. March 21st, 1855.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of Prince Street, formerly the site of the Baptist Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Euston Street, and 104 on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable situations in the suburbs for a gentleman's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to W. H. POPE. June 8.

Shipyard.

FOR SALE, or to be let for 1 or 5 years, and possession given in May next, a desirable Shipyard, situate in Charlottetown. J. P. BEETE. March 13, 1855.

GAS COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, of the Shareholders of the Charlottetown Gas Light Company, will be held at the Company's Office, at the Works, on TUESDAY, the first day of May next, at the hour of Ten o'clock, a. m. A punctual attendance is solicited. ROBERT HYNDMAN, Sec'y. Charlottetown, 10th April, 1855.

WANTED, by the Prince Edward Island Auxiliary Bible Society, a COLLECTOR. Application to be made in writing, stating terms, &c., and accompanied with certificate of character from a Minister of the Gospel residing near the applicant. W. CUNDALL, Secretary. Jan. 27th, 1855.

Vocal and instrumental CONCERT,

IN AID OF THE PATRIOTIC FUND,

Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Lady.

A CONCERT of Vocal and Instrumental Music, for the above object, will take place at the Temperance Hall, on the Evening of THURSDAY, the 26th instant.

The Entertainment will consist of a variety of new, popular and appropriate Airs, the greater part of which have been imported for the occasion. The Vocalists will be assisted by an Organ, at present in course of erection by Mr. Watson Duchemin.

The Instrumental part of the performance will present increased interest from the addition of Stringed Instruments, through the kindness of gentlemen who have volunteered to assist. Further particulars will be given next week.

Managing Committee - Honble. F. Loagworth, Colonel Swaby, James Warburton, Edward Whelan; H. Haviland, D. G. Daly, M. B. Daly, Charles Palmer, E. L. Lydiard, W. Douce, Esq.; Mr. W. Duchemin, Mr. G. P. Tanton, - the two latter Music Leaders. April 6th, 1855.

C. & J. BELL,

MERCHANT TAILORS, and Manufacturers of Ready Made Clothing, Queen Square, opposite the Market, Charlottetown.

IMPORTERS OF Cloths, Whiteys, Doeskins, Tweeds, Vestings and Tailors' Trimmings, and keep in their employment the largest number of the best Journey-men Tailors on the Island.

All Orders attended to with punctuality and despatch. Jan. 11.

Valuable Stand for Business.

TO LET, and possession given in the month of August next, a DWELLING HOUSE and PREMISES, now occupied by Mr. W. HEARD, in GREAT GEORGE STREET.

The suitable position of the premises for Business purposes is too well known to require comment. For particulars apply to Mr. W. HEARD, on the premises, or to Mr. W. SMARDON at the corner, GREAT GEORGE STREET, Charlottetown, 23th Feb. 1855.

Hides! Hides!! Hides!!!

FOUR pence per lb. in CASH will be given for any quantity of GREEN HIDES, delivered at the Tannery of the Subscriber.

W. B. DAWSON. Oct. 21. (All the papers.)

Canvas, Twine and Bolt Rope.

ON SALE, by Consignment, 200 BOLTS CANVAS, in as-sorted numbers, TWINE and BOLT ROPE, which will be sold as low as it can be imported, by Great George Street, March 9.

H. HASZARD.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby notifies all persons indebted to him, either by Note or Book Account, that unless they make immediate payment, their Accounts will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection. C. CROSS. March 15.

To Daguerreian Artists.

RARE CHANCE. Two first-rate CAMERAS for sale, with instruction in the art. One of Harrison's best quality Bellows Camera, new. W. C. HOBBS. Jan. 7th, 1855.

For Sale, or to Let,

FOR a term of years, with power to purchase, the following properties, owned by the subscriber: Three Pasture Lots situate on the Malpeque Road, within two and a half miles of Charlottetown, containing thirty-six acres of land, having a snug cottage and outhouses. Possession may be given forthwith.

The Town Lot and Premises at present occupied by the Hon. Stephen Rice. Possession may be given on the 1st of May next.

The Premises fronting on Queen Square, now occupied by Mrs. Forsyth. Possession may be given on the 10th of May next.

The Terrace House and Premises now in the occupation of Mr. Mawley.

The subscriber will let all or any of the above for a term of years, with or without power to purchase, for any period not exceeding ten years, with interest annually at six per cent.

Application to be made at the office of CHARLES YOUNG. Charlottetown, April 2.

Clydesdale Horse "COLUMBUS."

WILL stand for the season at the following places: - May 1, At Mr. Robert Walker's, Lot 19. May 2, John Wright, South West Bedouque. May 3, Mrs. Todd's, Anderson's Road. May 4, Mrs. Pie's, Cross Roads, West River. May 5 & 6, Archibald McDougall's, Nine Mile Creek. May 8, John McPhail's, Black Point. May 9, Devon Whitey's, De Sable. May 10, John McLean's, Tryon. May 11, William Clark's, Cape Traverse. 12 & 14, Thomas Robins's, Bedouque, and continue to that route during the season. Terms - 15s. prompt payment. CHARLES HYDE, Groom. Summerside, March 30, 1855. entim

Estab GEORGE T. Published every Office, South side T. & A. - An a. advance. For the first including head, 2s. 6d. - 16 lines 30 lines, 2s. 6d. - One four Advertisements until forbid. SHIP B No 52, E Part Vessels for t Also, the sal Colonial Pro JOHN T. THOMAS