

# The Waterdown Review

VOL. 1.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1918

NO. 18.

## Buy at Home

Our Merchants can duplicate anything you can buy in the city, both in price and quality

Let Them Prove It

## 5 gal. Coal Oil Free

ALL NEXT WEEK

With every New Perfection 3 burner Oil Stove. Sale price

**\$22.00**

2 gal. Coal Oil Free

with every Oil Heater. Sale price \$6.50

**Gallagher's Hardware**  
Waterdown

## If You Contemplate Dyeing

Any soiled or faded garment to a new and permanent color we would advise you to try

## Sunset Soap Dyes

We have been handling a few of the staple colors for some time, and find our customers have had excellent results in their use. We are now stocking

Sunset Dyes in all colors and shades

The Dye that will not stain the hands or soil the utensils, that cleans articles thoroughly while dyeing them, that gives the same shade and depth of color to cotton, wool, silk and linen in the same dye bath,

Let us show you a Sunset Color Card

15c cake sufficient for one pound of goods

**W. H. CUMMINS**  
The Waterdown Drug Store  
PHONE 152

## Letters from the Front

Letters from Our Boys Who Are Fighting for Us

Somewhere in France,  
Wednesday, Aug. 14th, 1918.  
Dear Liz,—I received your letter dated July 18th last night, and was very glad to get them. I would have answered your first letter sooner, but I did not have an opportunity of doing so, you see we have been so very busy these last few days driving back the Hunns that we have not had a chance to do anything else; even now it is a pretty hard job to write, but as I know you will be expecting a letter I thought I had better write anyway.

I sent you a field card the other day which I hope you will receive O.K.; most likely you have already done so.

Say, Liz, when are you going to send me some more of those Waterdown Reviews? I haven't had any for over a month now. Please put them in envelopes when you do send any and then I shall be sure, or almost sure, to get them; when you send them in a wrapper I never get them, and I like to have them very much, you see they have so much news in them that you cannot possibly give me in a letter.

We are having lovely weather over here at present, we haven't had any rain for a couple of weeks and it is very hot, fine weather for the sort of fighting we are doing here now. Its a good job for us that it is so for we are sleeping in the open every day or night as the case may be—on the grass with a rubber sheet over us—whenever we get a chance. Oh, no, we do not feel the cold, nor is anybody sick; really this is about the healthiest life there is.

I saw Harold McClenahan again the other day. He is just the same old Harold, and looks to be in the pink of condition. I haven't seen any of the rest of the Waterdown boys lately. By the way, I am going to write a short note to Mrs. Guerin if I get a chance today, but we are so very busy I don't know whether I shall be able to get it off or not.

Well, I haven't any more news, so I must close now, with love to all.  
WILL.

We are getting all kinds of souvenirs over here now, but it is rather hard to find anything of any real value. There are always so many ahead of you, you know. I am going to send you some when I get out of no line. By the way, I am writing his letter with ink I got in a German M.C.A. we captured the other day and the envelope this letter is enclosed in also came from the same place. I am enclosing a German post card that I got from the same place. We got all kinds of mouth organs, writing pads, etc., all along the way in this push.

I haven't heard anything about leave lately, but likely when this big drive is over we shall be getting leave very soon. I hope so anyway for I would like to get back to Blighty again for a few days; you see it is 11 months since I saw England last and a little bit of Blighty would go pretty good just now, believe me.

I hope you will excuse mistakes, bad writing, etc., for I am writing this in a very uncomfortable place and in an awful hurry. I don't think that there is any more news just at present, so I shall have to close now. With love to all.  
WILL.

P.S.—What do you think of the Mein post card?—W.

Things are rather quiet in town these days, the farmers being so busy with the harvest. Local items are correspondingly scarce, so that if any of our readers know of anything of public interest they would be doing us a favor if they would kindly hand the item in or send it to us. This tends to make the paper interesting and also helps the editor.

## Village Council Meeting

The Municipal Council met on Monday, Sept. 9, at 8 p.m., pursuant to adjournment.

Reeve Davies occupied the chair and other members all present. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted.

A communication was presented to the Council from the Fuel Controller at Toronto, advising the appointment of a Local Fuel Commission for Waterdown, and Reeve Davies and Secretary J. C. Medlar were appointed commissioners.

Moved by Councilor R. Smith, seconded by Councilor J. V. Markie, and resolved, That the Reeve be instructed to issue his cheque to pay all bills or accounts passed at this meeting.

The following bills and accounts were passed: C. Davids, for support during Sept., \$5.00; Mrs. A. M. Slater, treasurer, grant to Women's Patriotic League for Sept., \$15.00; Geo. Potts, three months' salary as constable, \$10.00, as bell ringer, \$15.00, total of \$25.00; J. C. Medlar, third quarter's salary as Clerk and Treasurer, \$37.50; A. T. Glass, cutting weeds, \$26.55; Waterdown Review, printing tax notices, \$3.00.

On motion, duly seconded, Council adjourned to Monday, Oct. 14th, at 8 p.m., for general business, or at the call of the Reeve.

## French Farmers Saved the Day

The saving farmer is a national asset. Canadian progress to-day in all lines attests magnificently to the splendid qualities of thrift that have marked the farmers in all the provinces. The total returns from field crops and animal produce have been only possible because of the disposition to make use in an economical way of all the wonderful gifts of Providence in this good land of ours.

The same was abundantly true after 1870 in France when the thrifty, thrifty farmers of that fair land made it possible for the Republic to pay off that hated German war indemnity of two billion francs levied against them. The same spirit of national thrift built up France for the extreme test to-day—a test that is being tried by fire.

Thanks be, French heroism is proving true. The line is holding. The blood of the farmers is flowing equally as well through the veins of France's daughters of the soil and so the national strength bends but does not break.

Canada is reaping her harvests of increased returns and money is being made as never before. Our farmers are earning the gratitude of all in their splendid efforts at production. That they will carry into their savings an equal foresight in conserving their surpluses against the future days of darkness and lower prices will be equally praiseworthy. He is well advised who saves his extra dollar until he sees which way the winds of tomorrow will blow. Adversity blows a chill blast where there is no dollar in the savings.

## Methodist Church Re-Opening

The re-opening services in connection with the Methodist church will be held next Sunday at 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. Rev. G. W. Barker, of Burlington, president of the Hamilton Conference, will conduct the services both morning and evening. The church choir, assisted by Mr. McFarlane, Mrs. Harvey, Miss Robertson and Mrs. Bews-Baker, will render special music.

During the past few weeks the church has been tastefully decorated, re-seated and recarpeted. The cost of improvements will be in the neighborhood of \$2,250. The Trustee Board anticipate a generous offering at the Sunday services to meet all expenditures.

## The Navy League

Important Meeting Held and Local Branch Formed

A public meeting was held on Tuesday evening last in the Bell House for the purpose of organizing a branch of the Navy League of Canada.

Mr. F. J. Shaidle occupied the chair and briefly stated the aims and objects of the meeting. He introduced Col. Wm. Hendrie, of Hamilton, who in a neat speech explained fully the aims and objects of the League. He pointed out the vast service the navy, mercantile marine and trawlers have done in transporting troops to France, and also provisions for the troops. He characterized the British navy as the backbone of the Empire. Their presence on the sea made it possible for not only the United States, but Canada, to render valuable assistance in this world war. He urged all to purchase a button and do all in their power to assist the men in the navy, mercantile and trawler service, the members of the latter two receive no remuneration from the government in the event of their being killed or disabled.

All present at the meeting purchased buttons, not only for themselves but their wives and children. The treasurer has still a number of buttons for sale and any one desiring to become a member of the league can procure one from the treasurer, Mr. C. P. McGregor.

It was moved by C. P. McGregor, seconded by E. Sparks, that a cordial vote of thanks be extended to Colonel Hendrie for his kindness in coming to Waterdown and delivering his able address.

At a meeting held afterwards it was decided on motion of J. F. Vance, seconded by A. W. Palmer, to organize a branch to be known as the Waterdown branch of Navy League.

On motion of J. F. Vance, seconded by J. E. Eager, Mr. F. J. Shaidle was elected president.

Moved by C. P. McGregor, seconded by F. H. Metzger, that Mr. J. F. Vance be vice-president of the Waterdown branch of Navy League of Canada.

Moved by J. F. Vance, seconded by J. J. Green, that A. Davidson be secretary of the League, and that Mr. C. P. McGregor be treasurer.

J. F. Vance suggested that the gentlemen present at this meeting be members of the executive with power to add to their numbers. The following were present at the meeting: Rev. Mr. Facey, R. J. Vance, G. Dougherty, C. P. McGregor, J. J. Green, J. E. Eager, D. Davies, W. Horning, A. W. Palmer, E. Sparks, P. H. Metzger, J. A. Davidson.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

## Changed the Name

The directors of a financial institution in the country known as the German Savings bank had decided to bend to the wishes of their customers and public opinion and change the name. The members of the board gathered in solemn conclave. The president spoke:

"Meine freunde: Es hat come to mein attention dot v should ought to change der name von our bank undt as you haff gift to me der power to pick it outid a new name, vun vich will be patriotic undt American undt leave no sign of der old Vaterland, I staff, after long consideration, decided to adopt der name of dot gr-r-reat American cheneral undt statesman, General Sherman, unde hereafter der name von dis bank vill be der Sherman Safings bank."

After the cow jumped over the moon she probably wandered down the milky way.



**FATS DIRT**

**GILLETT'S LYE**

CLEANS-DISINFECTS-USED FOR SOFTENING WATER-FOR MAKING HARD AND SOFT SOAP-FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH CAN.

**SCIENTIFIC ODDS AND ENDS**

Although \$1,800,000,000 has been spent on highways in the United States during the last ten years, they are totally lacking in adequate motor-truck routes between large cities and distributing points.

The wireless installation for aeroplanes has been perfected so that it is now possible for an aviator 6,000 feet in the air to communicate with a station twenty miles distant.

The increase in capital invested in American chemical industries was, in 1915, \$65,565,000; in 1916, \$99,244,000; and up to September, 1917, \$65,861,000 over 1916.

The smoke screen has been found very effective in aiding captains of vessels to evade the torpedoes of enemy submarines.

A new life-saving belt may be worn as an ordinary garment, and is such that it attracts no attention, but in a moment it may be inflated to such an extent that it will support a heavy man for an indefinite period.

At the end of the year there were 17,773 miles of railroads, with outstanding securities amounting to \$88,936,806, in the hands of receivers in the United States.

A Swedish inventor is reported to have devised a satisfactory means of transferring electric power to self-propelled motor plows and other farm machinery.

The newest railroad snow plough combines an endless conveyor belt and

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.  
Gentlemen,—In July 1915 I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept., 1906, Mr. Wm. O'Rourke of Lachute, urged me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, which I did with the most satisfactory results and to-day I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours sincerely,  
MATTHEW X BAINES,  
mark

a rotary fan which cuts a way through the heaviest drifts.

Before the war 40,000 tons of barite were imported from Germany for the manufacture of lithopone. Now five companies are producing this article in Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia and Missouri.

A new war weapon consists of a sword with a revolver incorporated in the hilt.

The latest development of the telegraph instrument is said to have a capacity of 6,000 words a minute. This is four or five newspaper columns.

The United States now manufactures practically everything along chemical lines.

A mantel clock and savings banks are now combined.

A shutter device on the radiator of the automobile enables the owner to regulate the amount of air supplied to the engine. It is desirable that the volume be cut down very materially in cold weather.

Many old-time knitting machines have been dragged from the garret to do duty in the present emergency.

Exclusive of the engine, the average airplane contains 4,326 nails, 3,877 screws, 920 steel stampings, 798 forgings, 276 turnbuckles, 65 pounds of aluminum and relative quantities of varnish, rubber, linen, wood, etc.

By means of a new "trouble truck," designed for the use of automobile repair establishments, one man can load on a damaged car and convey it to the repair shop.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

**MAKE YOUR OWN LAGER BEER**

At home—no special equipment—  
—from our pure and popular **Hop-Malt Beer Extract** conforming to Temperance Act

This is a food Beer, more delicious, nourishing and better than any malt beverage you can buy in bottles. Drink all you want of it. Easy to make. The drink that "cheers but does not inebriate." Rich, creamy foam, natural color, snap and sparkle. Your friends will confirm your opinion—"The best I ever tasted."

Large can, makes 7 gals. \$1.75  
Small can, makes 3 gals. 1.25  
Sample can, makes 1 gal. 50c

Send money order or postal note. Prepaid throughout Canada. Agents wanted everywhere.

**HOP-MALT COMPANY, LTD.**  
DEPT. W.R.S. 92 King St. West  
Hamilton, Canada

**Worth Knowing.**

When using dates for dessert, wash and drain them; they will be juicier and more palatable.

If the boy gets his rubber boots wet inside, a good way to dry them is to fill them with hot yellow corn.

Never allow the firebox of your range to be more than three-fourths filled. When full the draft is checked.

Chicken fat may be substituted for butter in pastry and cake.

A bit of cloth or chamols should be kept in the sewing machine drawer to wipe off the machine before beginning to stitch.

Paint spatter marks can easily be removed from window panes by melting soda in very hot water and washing the glass with it.

If the tops of pies are brushed over with the yolk of egg they will be brown and glazed when cooked.

**Is Your Tongue Furred? Have You Headache?**

How few feel well this time of the year? The whole system needs house-cleaning; the blood is impure; it needs enriching. Nothing will do the work more effectively than Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Take them at night and you feel better next morning. They work wonders in the body while you sleep. Being composed of pure vegetable extracts and juices, Dr. Hamilton's Pills are safe for the young and old alike. Try this wonderful family medicine to-day, it will do you a world of good. Whether for biliousness, headache, lack of appetite or constipation, Dr. Hamilton's Pills will quickly cure, 25c per box at all dealers.

**NEW HYMN OF HATE.**

What the Sinn Fein is Singing Now.

A reliable correspondent of The London, Eng., Morning Post sends to that journal the following lines, which are being circulated in Ireland by Sinn Fein. He describes them as "a specimen of the sort of thing with which the country is being flooded." The production is entitled, "Hymn of Hate," and runs:

God of Mercy, watching  
O'er the Irish race,  
Save our Nation's honor,  
Keep us from disgrace.  
Let Thy powerful arm,  
Right overthrowing might,  
Lead the German Armies  
In this glorious fight.

God of Goodness, watching  
O'er our country's weal,  
Give all British soldiers  
Purest Eisen steel,  
Smite those British bulldogs,  
Make the cowards yell,  
Send them, God of Vengeance,  
To their place in Hell

Minard's Liniment Cures Dietsemper.

**Explaining Migratory Flight.**

One of the many explanations that have been offered to account for the fact that migrating birds are able to find their way by night and in cloudy or foggy weather is that they are sensitive, in some way, to currents of terrestrial magnetism, and therefore direct their flight by the magnetic meridians, says the Popular Science Monthly. This suggestion was put forth by M. A. Thauzies, a French pigeon fancier, who declares that the carrier pigeons make poor flights during the occurrence of magnetic storms. He also asserts that the general use of wireless telegraphy has diminished the reliability of these birds to a surprising extent.

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars Free. All Druggists, 75c. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**Half a Loaf.**

A colored congregation in Louisiana, hearing that a college in Kansas was conferring the degree of D. D. for the reasonable "consideration" of \$50, decided to add to their prestige by raising the required sum and having their past or decorated with those dignified initials. Strenuous effort failed to raise more than half the amount; but, nothing daunted, they forwarded \$25, with the request that the college would forward the first "D," so that they could begin addressing the reverend gentleman as doctor, a favor which they were sure would assist them very much in collecting the price of his "Divinity."

**Flies and Infantile Paralysis.**

Experiments in infecting mosquitoes, houseflies and bluebottle flies with the virus of infantile paralysis, conducted by Drs. Hideyo and Noguch and Rotusaburo Kudo in the laboratories of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research and reported by them to the Journal of Experimental Medicine, result in proof that these insects are incapable of infecting monkeys with this disease.

**Economy the Watchword!**

**"SALADA" TEA**

gives greatest tea-value for your money. Yields many more cups to the pound than does ordinary tea—and then you have that delicious flavour!

**Not for Rastus.**

"Eph, I think I'll go to war." "Very well, Rastus, but what branch am ye gwinter jine, de army, navy or de aviation corps?" "De aviation corps—whut da?" "Oh, dat am de flyin' department." "You mean one o' dem airplanes?" "Yaas." "No, suh! Looka-hear, niggah, when I dies I don't wanta dig ma grave wid ma head."—Florida Times-Union.

**Promotions in Business.**

In the American Magazine Thomas E. Wilson, the Chicago packer, says: "I often ask a man why he is doing a thing a certain way. If he tells me that he does it that way because it has always been done just like that I am inclined to be somewhat dubious about old alike. Try this wonderful family medicine to-day, it will do you a world of good. Whether for biliousness, headache, lack of appetite or constipation, Dr. Hamilton's Pills will quickly cure, 25c per box at all dealers."

**SAVE THE CHILDREN**

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer. In most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets cure these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child will prevent their coming on. The Tablets are guaranteed by a Government analyst to be absolutely harmless even to the newborn babe. They are especially good in summer because they regulate the bowels and keep the stomach sweet and pure. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

**THE THISTLE**

And Its Place in Scottish Tradition.

"The thistle of Scotland is said to be the oldest national flower, and tradition traces its adoption to the reign of Alexander III. and the battle of Largs" (when an attacking Dane stepped upon a thistle and involuntarily gave the alarm, whereupon the Scots drove the invaders out.)

"Another account of its adoption is of a very different character," writes Katherine M. Beals in "Flower Lore and Legend." "About the middle of the fifteenth century a company of stern-faced men met in the council chamber of Edinburgh, and the occasion of that meeting was to discuss the advisability of substituting the thistle for the figure of St. Andrew

on the national banner. The proceedings of the council were secret, but soon after the thistle appeared upon every Scottish banner. The national motto might have been adopted with appropriateness on either of these occasions: "Nemo me impune lacessit." The polite reading of this is: "No man attacks me without being punished," but the more simple translation of earlier days was, "Touch me wh's daren!" while the original is supposed to have been, "Wh's dars' meddle w' me?" Another inscription which sometimes accompanies the Scottish emblem reads: "Ce que Dieu garde, est bien garde." "That which God guards is well guarded."

The thistle appeared officially for the first time during the reign of James II, who had it placed on the coinage of the kingdom and adopted it as his own badge. It also appeared upon the coins in the reigns of James IV, Mary Stuart, James V. and James VI. The thistle merke was a silver shilling. The thistle dollar was a double merke. Each took its name from the emblem on it.—Exchange.

**Envious.**

One day when the citizens of St. Louis were of a factually aware of the stock yards on the Illinois side of the river, a little apologetic man waited an hour to see a prominent downtown physician.

"I can't smell good, doctor," the little man complained.

"Did you come to see me just to tell me your smell is out of order?" the doctor demanded in an aggrieved tone.

"Yes, doctor; I can't smell anything."

"Then get out of here!" the doctor shouted. "When I get envious, I get mad."—St. Louis Republic.

A passion for the dramatic art is inherent in the nature of man.—Edwin Forrest.

"My customers take the cake," boasted the baker. "Well, you've got nothing on me," chuckled the ice man.

The unrest in the country has affected the mining districts, several strikes and disturbances being reported.

**DRS. SOPER & WHITE**

**SPECIALISTS**  
Piles, Hemorrhoids, Asthma, Catarrh, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Rheumatism, Skin, Kidney, Blood, Nerve and Bladder Diseases.

Call or send history for free advice. Medicine furnished in tablet form. Hours—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 5 to 8 p.m. Sundays—10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Consultation Free

**DRS. SOPER & WHITE**  
24 Toronto St., Toronto, Ont.

Please Mention This Paper.

**LORD SHAUGHNESSY.**  
President C.P.R., Who Opened Toronto Exhibition on Monday, Aug. 24, 1916

**ISSUE No 37, 1918**

**HELP WANTED—FEMALE**

**EXPERIENCED WEAVERS WANTED.** Also apprentices. Steady work. High-cut wages paid. Apply: Silngsby Mfg. Co. Ltd. Brantford, Ont.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY ORDERS** are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

**CHOICE SILVER BLACK BREEDING FOXES.** Held Bros. Bothwell, Ont., Can.

**WANTED SECOND HAND HORSE** Power Drag Saw, complete for cutting wood. State price and condition. Address: Jas. Atkins, Box 352, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont.

**FARMS FOR SALE.**

**FARM PROPERTY FOR SALE.** Choice Ontario stock and grain farm for sale; two hundred and sixteen acres; in high state of cultivation and fertility; soil clay loam; running water; first-class buildings, including brick house; large bank barn; basement equipped with waterworks throughout; pigsty; cement block silo; implement buildings. Further particulars apply G. B. Johnston, Cannington, Ont.

**TWO-HUNDRED-ACRE CLEARED** farm for sale—County Durham; good soil, fair buildings; convenient to railway station and village; four thousand and will buy easy terms; possession after harvest. G. F. McKay, 44 Victoria street, Toronto.

**FARM, CROP, STOCK, IMPLEMENTS**—two miles Woodstock; forty acres oats, ten corn, ten wheat; balance hay and pasture; twenty cows, four horses; country road. Apply F. A. Staples, R. R. No. 1, Woodstock, Ont.

**112 ACRES—MORE OR LESS—LOT** Speedside, for sale; on the premises is a good stone house, up-to-date bank barn; good stables, with water; closed in shed, silo, machinery; henney, sheep pen, never failing well; windmill, good orchard; farm in good state of cultivation, well fenced, well watered; five miles from Ferris, ten from Guelph; school-house and two churches close by. Apply on premises, Mrs. Lena Leybourne, Rockwood, R. R. No. 3, Ont.

**BUSINESS CHANCES.**

**FOR SALE—50-BARREL PLAN** Sifter mill, in Markdale; good water-power. J. W. Ford, Markdale.

**FOR SALE GROCERY, BOOT AND** Shoe Business, long established. D. L. Gilmour, Collingwood, Ont.

**When the Doctors Despaired.**

There have been recorded during the war many being cured by accidental means, such as a sudden noise or an unexpected visitor, or as a startling question, and in one case at least a midnight fall out of bed. But one of the strangest cases belongs to a former war, observes a correspondent, where a soldier lay 15 months under the influence of cataplexy. Finally, in despair, the doctors ordered the bagpipes to be played near the patient's bed. That did the trick.

There is a story told of a skipper who had a medicine-chest containing cures numbered one to seven. For dyspepsia he administered a stiff dose of No. 7. For sprains, No. 2 was the bottle, and for rheumatism, No. 5 seemed to work the oracle. But on a lengthy voyage the skipper ran out of No. 7, so when next a member of the crew had a pain in his middle he dosed him with a mixture of 2 plus 5. Nobody had another pain during the voyage, or, at any rate, confessed to having one.

**Anxious to Pay Fares.**

If fare registers were to be placed in the street cars of Lima, Peru, there would be a loud protest. This is not because it is easier to dodge the conductor under the prevailing system. On the contrary, the travellers of Lima are willing even anxious, to pay their fares. Perhaps that doesn't seem human, but the explanation is that upon receipt of the fare a numbered ticket is presented to the passenger, and it is a valuable lottery ticket.

The car lines are divided into four sections for the monthly and semi-monthly drawings conducted by the railway company. In the three important sections a cash prize of \$150 is offered. The fourth section offers a prize of \$50. Does the public approve of the lottery? Does it? Well, 28,500,000 persons rode in 1916.

**As Wise as Anybody.**

After Aunt Fanny had vainly striven to convince Walter that he was in the wrong she exclaimed: "Walter, I guess I know a few things!" "So do I," was his answer. "I know as few things as anybody."

Tommy—Pop, George Washington never told a lie, did he? Tommy's Pop—So we are led to believe, my son. Tommy—Gee! I guess he never went fishin', did he?

**KEEP YOUR SHOES REAL**

**2 IN 1**  
**WHITE SHOE DRESSING**

FOR MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SHOES



## CANADIANS IN AMIENS SCRAP

Pte. "Andy" Robertson, Wounded, Writes Home.

Artillery's Work Far Worse Than at Vimy.

An interesting letter telling of the recent Amiens "scrap" in which the Canadians gained further glory, is told in a letter to Mrs. M. K. Robertson, 87 east 23rd street, Mount Hamilton, from her brother, Pte. Andrew Robertson. The letter follows:

"Just a line to let you know that I have stunged another of Heinie's sleep producers, and am in a hospital in England with a bullet in my right thigh. I expect to be operated on shortly. The job should have been done before, as I was wounded on August 8, and here it is the 16th. My pill is beginning to feel sore, so I guess I can stand it if the other fellows who have more serious wounds can."

"I suppose you would like to know something of what I saw on the evening morning and the evening before. I guess I will need to start back quite a bit to give you the whole thing, so I will let you see how we put it over on poor old Heinie. We were in the Arras front and were raiding him every night, and then orders came for us to move, and where to, we did not know, as that was under sealed orders. One brigade of the fourth division went up to Ypres, and in a big raid captured a lot of prisoners, at the same time giving the Germans an idea that we were in Belgium. We were piled into horse cars and rushed down to Amiens. We slept out on the side of the hill over night, and it was covered with apple trees, so we used them to hide us from the German air raids. A few nights later we started up the line and got into our positions in front of our artillery. I guess you saw where the boys did not get many of the German guns, but that was the whole fault of the tanks coming in to take up their positions, as everything was so quiet and he knew something was coming, and he beat it off with his guns. At 4:20 o'clock the artillery opened fire and it was terrific—far worse than Vimy Ridge. My old brigade kicked over the top. By the old brigade I mean the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th battalions. They were pretty badly cut up, I am sorry to say, but they did their work well. I was with the first brigade of our division, and went through what you might call a hornet's nest. It was a small woods full of machine guns, but we went through it just the same. We missed one of the guns, but I was unfortunate enough to get hit going up the road with our guns. I had a close shave. Just after we started a 3.2 shell landed at the side of our limber and I was carrying a revolver. It saved my life, as a piece of shrapnel hit the handle, smashing the bone handle all to pieces. It nearly knocked me off my feet.

"I am in a fine hospital, good food, and the best of care."

## SOVIET DECLARES WAR UPON CHINA

For Sending Troops to Manchurian Frontier.

Two Jap. Victories—Horvath With Czechs.

Vladivostok, Cable.—The Russian Bolshevik Council at Blagovestchensk, capital of the Amur province of Asiatic Russia, had declared war on China, because the Chinese Government is sending troops to the northern Manchurian front. The Siberian frontier has been closed, and the Bolsheviks are confiscating Chinese property. **JAPS TAKE IMPORTANT TOWN.**

Shanghai, Sept. 8.—Japanese forces have occupied the town of Khabarovsk, Siberia, according to advices received here from Vladivostok. The Khabarovsk is the seat of the general Government of Amur and capital of the Littoral or Maritime Province. It is situated at the junction of the Amur and Ussuri Rivers, and is on the Ussuri branch of the Trans-Siberian Railway.

**ANOTHER JAP SUCCESS.**

Tokio, Cable.—Japanese cavalry at Krasnoyarski attacked army transports retreating toward Iman over the Ussuri River, causing heavy damage and taking prisoners.

**HORVATH JOINS CZECHS.**

Washington, Report.—Gen. Horvath, leader of a large faction of Russians in Siberia, and for many years manager of the Chinese Eastern Railroad, has gone to Irkutsk and joined forces with the Czech-Slovaks, according to authoritative information reaching Washington to-day. This removes the most troublesome factional differences among the anti-Bolshevik elements now virtually controlling Siberia, and promises a quick solution of the Governmental problems in that section of the world.

Reports from Petrograd received

to-day through Stockholm say that Maximalist papers are openly advising the murder of French and English battalions in Petrograd.

**BOLSHEVIKI DESTROY RAILWAY.** Harbin, Manchuria, Cable.—Bolshevik forces have destroyed the trans-Siberian railway in the region west of Dauria, a town 20 miles from the point where the railroad crosses the Manchurian border. The water problem in that district is acute, as the water service stations have been destroyed by the Bolsheviks, who also have poisoned the wells.

## HUNS DECLINE.

Will Not Guarantee Repatriation Ship.

London, Cable.—(Reuter Despatch)—The British Foreign Office announces that the Austro-Hungarian Government has promised that the vessel used for the repatriation of British prisoners of war under the Berne agreement should not be attacked by their naval forces, but that the German Government refused to be governed by the same promise, despite repeated representations in Berlin and Constantinople. There appears to be no doubt that the Turkish Government was willing to execute an agreement as speedily as possible, but the influence of Germany is being used to obstruct it. This is partly owing to the apprehension of the effect upon the Turkish public opinion of reports which would be brought by repatriated Turkish prisoners.

## CZECH THRUST IS IMPORTANT

Capture of Railway From Olovyanna to Penza.

Opens Way to Enter Russia, Hit at Huns.

Vladivostok, Cable.—The Japanese military staff has been informed that the Czech-Slovaks hold the railway from Olovyanna to Penza.

It is now apparent that the unexpected climax in the Czech-Slovak breakthrough was due partly to the allied advance towards Khabarovsk, which caused the transfer of a large Bolshevik force from Lake Baikal toward Khabarovsk, and the weakened front collapsed under the Czech pressure from the west and General Semenov's pressure from the east.

The opportunity is now presented of the allies taking advantage of the strategic points in the hands of the Czechs to move into the heart of Russia, where considerable reinforcements from loyal Russian elements are certain, and striking a stunning blow at Germany. It is necessary, however, to move quickly, for it is believed Germany will make the greatest sacrifices to hold conquered Russian territory.

Olovyanna is in Transbaikalia, about 400 miles east of Lake Baikal, while Penza is on the railroad, a little more than 40 miles southeast of Petrograd. The distance between Olovyanna and Penza is nearly 2,000 miles.

## INSURGENTS WIN.

Russian Peasants Capture Nizhni-Novgorod.

Amsterdam, Cable.—Insurgent peasants have captured Nizhni-Novgorod, according to a Moscow despatch to the Russian Westphalian Gazette, of Essen. The town was partly destroyed and the Soviet troops were forced to retire to the southwest.

Nizhni-Novgorod, capital Government of the same name, is on the right bank of the Volga River, 265 miles east northeast of Moscow.

The fair of Nizhni-Novgorod held in the second half of the summer, is the largest in the world.

## SEED OF REVOLT IN HUNS' ARMIES

British Headquarters in France, Cable.—Sparks of revolution seem to be flying even thicker in certain parts of the German army. Numerous prisoners taken by the British mention the distribution of pacifist and revolutionary pamphlets amongst the troops.

One prisoner who recently had returned from leave said that when in company of a large number of Bavarians he was shown revolutionary pamphlets which he was told were being widely circulated. All the pamphlets, he added, were violently anti-Prussian and appealed to the men to refuse to fight.

It was asserted that during the recent fighting the commanding officer of the 137th Pioneer Battalion of the 27th Division was shot by his men when he attempted to stop a panic-stricken rush from the trenches.

## TO STAND ALONG OLD HINDY LINE

Ludendorff to Make Great Fight There.

If He Fails, Must Retire From France.

Paris, Cable.—The allied advance continues along the entire front in the direction of Cambrai, St. Quentin, La Fere, Amiens, Chateau and the Chemin-des-Dames. According to the latest advices the French and British troops, nevertheless, are meeting with stubborn resistance, in which intense artillery activity is being carried out. This resistance is taken as an indication that the enemy intends to make a stand along this line, which roughly follows the old Hindenburg entrenchments.

Gen. Humbert's army still continues its pressure against La Fere. The operations towards the encirclement of the St. Gobain Forest are giving the allies a strong position.

Gen. Mangin's army is still making progress at the right of the army of Gen. Humbert, advancing on the Soissons-Bligny front. The operations of Gen. Ludendorff's plan to resist on what remains of the Hindenburg line it will be a supreme test, and will mean the enemy's retirement from the soil of France if Ludendorff is not able to retain his grasp on the line.

The advance of the enemy, being within eight kilometers of St. Quentin, the Germans are regrouping their forces and concentrating numerous divisions and concentrating numerous divisions and concentrating numerous divisions and concentrating numerous divisions.

According to Lalberte, the Germans are hurrying reinforcing their defenses before Laon and in the region of Truicy and Chevigny, north of the Chemin-des-Dames, making all preparations in their trench work and material brought forward for a prolonged defense.

Along the north bank of the Ailette and on the Soissons-Laon railway there has been a great massing of German artillery.

## BY SUB. TO POLE.

Stefansson Favors Undersea Dash in Arctic.

Dawson, Report.—Explorer Stefansson left Dawson last night for Vancouver and Esquimaux to report to the naval commander at the latter place regarding the last five years of the Canadian Government expedition to the north. He will follow this report with one to the Ministry at Ottawa.

Stefansson declares that the submarine is preferable to the airplane for a dash to the Pole and for general Arctic exploration, and better equipped to carry supplies.

Courses could be found, said the explorer, from one half-mile to a mile deep, and even deeper under the ice, that could be traversed to the Pole in a submarine.

## GALLANT WORK BY CANADIANS

A Few Out of Many Heroic Deeds Retold.

Signallers' Bravery — A Daring Colonel.

(By J. F. B. Livesay, Canadian Press Correspondent.)

With the Canadian Forces in the Field, Report, via London, Cable.—The line was quiet yesterday except for heavy enemy shelling from the north and west. To the north from the high slopes on the other side of the Sense River his gunners have a clear view of our movements along the Cambrai road and keep up a persistent fire, while from the commanding slopes east of the Canal du Nord he is able to direct a destructive fire on the forward villages in our possession.

His aircraft, too, seem to have been more active lately. About 6 o'clock this evening his fighting aircraft came over in great force and engaged in a battle an inferior force of our own. Honors were about evenly divided, for, although he brought down one of our machines, at least one of his own went down behind his own lines. Early in the evening a flight of enemy planes swept low down over part of our northern trench system, firing their machine guns, but inflicting little damage.

A gallant story is told of two signallers of a Manitoba field battery, which has fought since the battle of the Ypres salient in 1916 through the Somme, Vimy Ridge, Lens, Hill 70, Passchendaele and the recent battle. They are chums, one coming from London, England, and the other from Winnipeg. It was just before the opening of a very important show, when it was vitally important that telephone connection between the battery and brigade headquarters should be maintained at all costs. They discovered that the line was down, and, though the enemy was strafing with a very deadly shell-fire, they methodically went to work to find and repair the break. This done, they discovered that other batteries on the line were cut off and they proceeded to repair the whole line, just getting it into commission as "zero" hour struck. It was a

miracle that they escaped with their lives. One of them has been wounded during the recent battle while the two were engaged in similar work.

## TALES OF HEROISM LEGION.

Tales of individual heroism are legion, but none is more notable than the gallantry of the colonel of a Canadian Scottish battalion who, when his unit was in a very tight place last Monday on the right of our line, owing to its flank being in the air for lack of support, personally allied it to the assault, leading his front rank by a hundred yards in the charge against the enemy machine-gun position, and thus snatching victory from what seemed a disastrous defeat. "He bore a charmed life," remarked one of his staff. His piper was wounded.

Remarkable, too, in the fighting of last week was the work of a Northern Alberta battalion, which, when our whole left wing was held up by the strong enemy position in Jigsaw Wood, stormed the villages of Peloux on the Scarpe River and thence bombed its way up a communication trench into the centre of the main enemy trench line. Dividing here, a company worked to the left and another to the right, bombing as they went, until the trenches were cleared and the machine-gun position and whizz-bang battery were taken from the rear. This exposed the north flank of Jigsaw Wood and the enemy steamed back out of it. As they went this battalion poured in from the trenches they had occupied, a tremendous rifle fire, augmented by the captured trench mortars and machine guns, simply littering the hillside with dead.

"It was like plugging into a herd of buffalo in the days before the rail hit the north of Saskatchewan," said an old plainsman. "The Boche got out of that wood quick, but mighty few got over the ridge."

## ITALIAN FRONT.

French, in Raid, Inflict Heavy Loss On Teutons.

Rome, Cable.—The War Office communication, issued to-day, follows: "There has been effective activity on the part of our artillery in the Camonica valley and along the Piave river, and frequent artillery duels in Valarsa and on the Asiago Plateau."

"We have dropped two tons of bombs on hangars and machines in the aviation camp near Belluno. Our aviators also have dropped bombs with great accuracy on the villich 'Carinthia' and Lienz (Tyrol) railway stations."

Saturday's report read: "South of Asiago French troops, after a short and violent artillery fire, yesterday morning raided enemy positions on Sisenol, inflicting very heavy losses on the garrison and destroying the defence work. They returned with 47 prisoners."

"In the Concel and Astico valleys enemy patrols were driven back by our outposts. In the Frenzella valley our reconnoitring parties captured arms and material. In the Grappa region the enemy's assault detachments attempted three times to attack our lines on Solarola. They were repulsed and punished by our artillery fire."

"In Albania on Sept. 5-6 Italian naval machines and British airplanes carried out several bombardments, inflicting losses and damage on the enemy."

## CHANGED HIS TUNE.

Pro-German Critic Says Hindy Cannot Win.

Zurich, Cable.—The pro-German critic of the Zurich Post writes: "Since the entry of America into the world war a decisive victory for Germany has been out of the question. The German offensive for its completely mis-carried. No counter-attacks are likely to drive the French commanders of their initiative."

Less than a week ago the same critic wrote in a very different tone. He declared the French and British victories brought peace no nearer. Now he says the allied first attacks exerted a most depressing influence on Germany, not only among the people, but in the army also.

He suggests some hidden political or moral reason explaining von Hindenburg's failure to stay this victorious progress of Marshal Foch.

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestine and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

## THE HUN AT WORK.

Destroying Everything as He Retreats.

Paris, Cable.—A semi-official despatch states that the enemy is destroying everywhere in the most vandal-like manner. When he has not time to burn down houses, he removes the furniture and makes a great bonfire of it. He blows up the most important buildings and pillages everything, removing agricultural machinery and destroying everything else which he has not time to remove. Nevertheless, our advance into this forest of Coire was so rapid that the enemy had to abandon very large quantities of war material and important ammunition depots.

The sight of such devastation ordered by the leaders of the German army kindles in our soldiers a determination to punish such crimes. They know no fatigue in pursuing.

## BRUTAL DEED BY THE HUNS

Eleven British Soldiers Slain for Hiding,

Together With Man Who Gave Shelter.

London, Cable.—Authentic details of a peculiarly infamous case of German brutality have been received by the Daily Express. Eleven British soldiers, finding themselves behind enemy lines in France, managed to evade capture for several weeks by hiding themselves in fields and subsequently taking shelter in a house.

The woman in whose house they found shelter says she and her husband, knowing the soldiers were hiding in a field, took them in and lodged them in an attic. Unfortunately some outsiders knew they were there and a neighbor denounced them to the German commandant at Guise. He sent troops to arrest the soldiers, who gave themselves up immediately without making resistance.

Three days later they were tried. The eleven soldiers and the husband of the woman who had sheltered them were sentenced to death and were executed on the same day. The woman was sentenced to four years at forced labor, her daughter to two years and her son to three years, while a woman who had given the soldiers some food was sentenced to ten years at forced labor and her daughter to one year.

The Oil for the Athlete.—In rubbing down, the athlete can find nothing finer than Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens them for strains that may be put upon them. It stands pre-eminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years have been using it can testify to its value as a lubricant.

## NO TALK OF VICTORY.

Teuton Chiefs Oppose Peace Offensive Now.

Washington, Report.—Germany and Austria have agreed that the present is no time to start a peace offensive, according to a despatch from Switzerland to-day, reporting on the recent conferences at Vienna between Admiral von Hintze and Count Burian.

This message says the Teutonic Foreign Ministers agreed that the Entente must be made to realize that Marshal Foch cannot break the German front, and that years would be required to defeat Germany.

An official French despatch commenting on the report notes that the Ministers did not speak as in the past of a victorious Germany dictating peace terms.

## VICTORIES ARE MADE TO ORDER

How Berlin Public is Told of the War.

Special Editions With Faked Reports.

London, Cable.—A remarkable story is told by a Belgian correspondent who personally saw the incident, of how the Germans are manufacturing victories for home consumption.

Recently at the Courtrai railway station he bought a copy of the Berlin Tageblatt in which a big German victory was reported on the western front, where von Boehn's and von Hutier's armies were said to have captured 100,000 French, Belgian, American and English soldiers.

Almost immediately after he had purchased the paper a German officer stopped the news vendor and took away his remaining copies of the Tageblatt, substituting for them another bundle.

When he had gone the Belgian bought a fresh copy of the substituted papers, also the Berlin Tageblatt. It bore the same date as the other, but instead of crushing victories on the western front, it described a great German-Russian victory over the allies in Russia. In this edition the 100,000 prisoners had become Japanese, American and Czech-Slovaks.

## GERMAN LOAN TO TURKEY.

Amsterdam, Cable.—The Turkish Minister of Finance has announced that Turkey has concluded a fresh loan from the German Government for 4,000,000 Turkish pounds. The conditions are identical with those of previous loans.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Cure?

## A MATTER OF ECONOMY.

"I hear that you have bought your daughter an automobile. Pretty expensive game, isn't it?" "No, it's a matter of economy. I figured that the car will keep her away from bridge parties."



## THE WATERDOWN REVIEW

Issued every Thursday morning from the office, Dundas Street, Waterdown  
Subscription \$1.00 per year. Papers to the United States, 50 cents extra.

Advertising rates furnished on application  
**G. H. GREENE**  
Editor and Publisher

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, 1918

### LOCAL MENTION

Mr. Jacob Mount is in the doctor's care.

Mr. A. Mullock spent a few days last week at the Toronto fair.

Mr. Samuel Campbell, of Paigrove, spent the week end with friends here.

Rev. J. F. Wedderburn will resume charge of his congregation next Sunday.

Waterdown Fair Tuesday, Oct. 1st. Let everybody help to make it a success.

Miss Emily Binkley, Dundas Road, called on a few friends here on Tuesday last.

Miss A. McGregor has returned home after a six weeks' visit in Toronto.

Mr. Stewart Mitchell and Harry Malby are visiting Mr. Allan Munro, at Cobalt.

Mr. James Crane, Waterdown Road, is in the hospital in a serious condition with blood poisoning.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Bryant, of Rochester, N.Y., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rohr, Main street.

Mr. H. Skinner, wife and daughter, of Texas, and Miss E. Leather, Hamilton, were visitors in the village on Monday last.

We thought we had a very tall man in our vicinity, but a stranger appeared on our streets last week that made our Tom look like thirty cents.

Dr. J. O'Neill and wife, Winnipeg, and Isaac Featherstone and wife, of Lowville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Featherston on Friday last.

All borrowers of books of the Public Library are requested to return all books to the library shelves on Thursday night, that they may be catalogued and re-issued.

There will be a meeting of the Library Board this evening at 8 p.m., in the Library rooms on Mill street. All members are requested to attend, for general business.

The Rev. J. Anthony, Mrs. Loveless and Mr. and Mrs. Davidson, of Agincourt, and Mr. and Mrs. Peart, of Nelson, were the guests of Dr. J. O. and Mrs. McGregor on Monday last.

Miss J. Drummond and Miss Warren of the Base Hospital, Toronto, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. Drummond last week. They left on Wednesday last for a trip West and will visit friends in Calgary.

Mrs. Emily Wright has accepted a position in the Forsyth Academy, James street, Hamilton, as an instructor in voice and theory. Former pupils and others who wish to continue their piano lessons should communicate with Mrs. Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Newell certainly had a flower show on Saturday and Sunday nights when two blooms on their night blooming cereus opened each night, and to say it was exceedingly beautiful is not doing justice to such a rare novelty. Admirers came on Sunday night from near and far, until the lawn and street looked like Carlisle garden party, all agreeing that it was "lovely" and well worth the trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Withering, of Philadelphia, are spending a few days with their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Drummond, before returning to their home by way of the White Mountains, Montreal, Toronto and other points.

Miss Harrison, a returned Missionary from China, will speak on missionary work, showing costumes and curios from China, at the Methodist church next Wednesday evening. Suitable music will be provided, and a sister collection taken.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Robson motored to Toronto last Friday and spent the week end.

A. Donaldson has rented his house to Mr. Smith, principal of the Public school, and will move to the city.

Mr. S. Frank Smith left on Tuesday last for Ottawa, and while there will interview Premier Borden on affairs of national importance.

W. H. Drummond and F. Baker in their exhibit of Fruit at the Western Fair, London, made a fine showing and carried off a lot of prizes.

To the Editor,—

There is a report being circulated in this village to the effect that several cars of coal were re sold by me last winter and allowed to go out of town.

I would like to take this opportunity to inform the public and also those who are circulating this report that it is absolutely untrue and false. If any further proof of the falsity of this scandalous report is necessary I would refer anyone to the freight accounts at the North Station, or to the Gillies Guy Co., of Hamilton.

I made every effort to obtain coal last winter, and every pound of coal which I was able to receive was consumed in this village and vicinity.

Hoping you will bring this to the attention of the public, and thanking you, I remain,

HENRY SLATER.

### Waterdown Poultry Association

Waterdown and East Flamboro Poultry Association held their regular meeting on Monday evening last, Sept. 9th. In the absence of the chairman it was moved by F. McMonies, seconded by E. Slater, that the vice-president, Wm. Reid, act as chairman.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and adopted.

James Guering reported that the rink could be secured for our dates at the same price as last year.

It was moved by E. Slater, seconded by J. Guering, that the secretary enquire when the Hamilton club meeting was to be held and arrange for going in to rent coups.

Moved by A. McCormick, seconded by A. Alton, that G. G. Henderson, of Hamilton, and J. E. Bennett, of Toronto, be judges at our show.

Moved by A. Alton, seconded by E. Slater, that the secretary write to County of Halton representatives to see if we could engage him to come and judge and give a talk on Utility Fowl, about Sept. 20th.

The meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the president.

### Spooners Are a Nuisance.

A Windsor citizen writes to the Record of that city: "Would the young lady who lives on the right hand side of Elgin street be so kind as to stop in front of her own home and do her spooning there with the gentleman who brings her home late at night and spoons until two in the morning in a grey-topped automobile, as by so doing she will greatly oblige the residents in the locality, who will get a great deal more sleep."

### A Generous Town.

The Town Council of Port Hope is giving a demonstration of municipal Samaritanism, having ordered a remission of fines collected for infractions of the town traffic by-law, explaining that it was passed for the education of the public, not for revenue.

### Socks for Soldiers.

Mr. William Homuth, of Aylmer, enjoys the proud distinction of having completed his hundredth pair of hand-knitted socks for the boys in the trenches. He is an octogenarian.

### Hit by Tombstone.

While playing in the old cemetery of St. Peter's Road Church, near Montreal, recently twelve-year-old Jimmy Manderson was seriously injured by an ancient headstone falling upon him. Medical attendants predict a recovery.

### Practical.

"Why don't you raise more flowers?"  
"Well," replied Mr. Crosslots, "my wife has decided that it will look better for me to go down town with some edibles in my pocket instead of a daisy in my button-hole."



## NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the Township of East Flamboro to be held at the Township Hall, Waterdown, on Wednesday the 2nd day of October, 1918, at Two o'clock in the afternoon.

The said Council intends to introduce and pass, if a majority of its members present at the meeting shall so decide, a By-Law for the closing up of the road running in a north westerly direction across lot Five in the 8th concession of the said Township of East Flamboro from the Progression Road to the concession road between Concessions 8 and 9 in the said Township of East Flamboro.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the said Council will hear at the said time and place, in person or by counsel or solicitor, any one who may be prejudicially affected by the proposed By-Law.

Dated at Waterdown this 15th day of August, 1918.

W. A. EMERY,  
Reeve of the Township of East Flamboro.  
GEORGE CHURCH,  
Clerk of the Township of East Flamboro.

## VOTERS' LIST, 1918 MUNICIPALITY OF Township of East Flamboro

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sec. 9 of the Ontario Voters List Act, the copies required by said section to be transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to said act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality, to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Waterdown, on the 27th day of August, 1918, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

Dated at Waterdown this 27th day of August, 1918.

GEORGE CHURCH,  
Clerk of said Municipality.

## VOTERS' LIST, 1918 MUNICIPALITY OF Village of Waterdown

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sec. 9 of the Ontario Voters List Act, the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality, to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Waterdown, on the 4th day of September, 1918, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

Dated this 4th day of Sept., 1918.

J. C. MEDLAR,  
Clerk of said Municipality.

## LOST

A Rubber Lined Rug on Dundas street last Thursday evening.  
Finder please return to Thomas Allen, Waterdown.

## For Sale or Rent

Frame house, 9 rooms and bath room, electric light, good cellar and drain. Hard and soft water, also good garden, apply to  
W. G. SPENCE  
Mill St. Tel. 186 Waterdown

## FOR SALE

S. C. White Leghorn yearling Hens, also some fine Cockerels. Utility \$3. Exhibition \$3 and up.  
E. H. SLATER  
Phone 169 Waterdown

## Farm For Sale

Being part of Lot 7, in the 7th con. of East Flamboro (center road) containing 50 acres, good garden soil, choice locality, convenient to school, church, Post Office, 2 miles to Ry. station. For terms and particulars apply to  
George Church, Tp. Clerk Waterdown

## FOR SALE

5 year old Gelding. Well broken, quite and a good driver.  
E. L. BINKLEY  
Waterdown

## Don't Forget Our Phone Number

RING 101 WATERDOWN

That's where, when in Waterdown you can buy your Groceries and Meats all at our store. Quality the best that money can buy and prices right compared with the high cost of goods.

We also handle the following line of goods

A good assortment of Brooms that cannot be beat for quality and price. Coal oil in 1 gallon, 5 gallon or by the barrel. All kinds of Stove Polish, Shoe Polish, Whisks, Scrub, Nail, Stove and Whitewash Brushes, Clothes lines, smoothing Iron Handles, Pins, Needles, Thread, Lamp wick, Lamp glasses, Lantern globes and many other lines.

We sell Braby's Hamilton Bread

Also a large assortment of Cakes.

Get your Corn Flakes at Dale's. Just received a fresh shipment, crisp and good. In buying Corn Flakes you do not have to buy any substitute as in buying flour. Come along with the crowd, whether you buy or not, and meet your friends.

A. DALE License No. 9-6033 Waterdown

# MAPLE LEAF ICE CREAM PARLOR

Canadian Food License No. 10-9851

Captain Stanley Sawell, M. C., Proprietor

The Only Soda  
Fountain In The  
Town

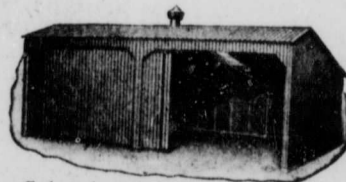
Nice Cool Room — Best of Service

## Painting AND Paper Hanging

Satisfactory work  
and reasonable  
prices.

Peter Mitchell Waterdown

## Halitus Ventilators



The Galvanized Steel covered building with an Acheson roof light and Halitus ventilator will give satisfaction, as this means durability and neatness with light and ventilation.

For Sale by

W. H. REID, Waterdown



## Gordon & Son

LADIES and GENS

# CUSTOM TAILORS

We have a good line of  
Never Fade Blue Indigo  
Serges and Worsteds.

Cleaning, Pressing and  
Repairing a Specialty

PHONE 153  
WATERDOWN

## BUCHAN'S

Canada Food License No. 9-1987

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Ice Cream  
Confectionery  
Cakes and Pies

WE SELL  
Linkert Bros.  
BREAD  
Fresh Every Day

AGENT FOR  
Wah Lee  
LAUNDRY  
HAMILTON

PHONE 182  
Waterdown

## CARLISLE'S PATRIOTIC GARDEN PARTY

The patriotic garden party held on Monday, Sept. 2nd, was a complete success. The weather was all that could be desired and friends from far and near gathered to lend a helping hand to a good cause. The receipts of the day were as follows: Admission tickets, \$300; flag contest, \$292.00; Red Cross badges, \$54.00; bazaar, \$53.00; supper booth, \$120.00; refreshment booth, \$131.00, making a total of \$950.00. The first of the sports was the game of baseball between the Colored Chicken Catchers of Hamilton and the Hawks of Campbellville. The Hawks were too nimble on the wing for the Chicken Catchers and rounded them up in every inning, not allowing them to get a single run. The next game was between the Carlisle and Kilbride teams. This proved to be a very close game, both teams contesting like tigers for the trophy. However, by a close margin the score was given in favor of Kilbride. This game was umpired by Sir Nell Black Minorca Bantam, a member of the Colored Chicken Catchers. The final game was between Campbellville and Kilbride, and after a severe struggle was won by the Hawks.

The next interesting feature of the afternoon was the viewing of a \$16.00 sweater worn by a belle from Freeton. The young men in particular paid strict attention to the coat and its contents. It did not seem to be the contents as much that drew the admiration of the boys, but it was the real sweater itself. Bachelors, widowers and youths stood speechless envying and coveting the post of honor of the young man who escorted the blue sweater. However, we have not heard of any suicides on the part of any of the rejected admirers and think that a good sleep would bring the disappointed coveters back to their usual calmness.

Just as the ball game was nearing a finish there came just a hairs breadth from being a serious accident. A lady from Waterdown fell off to sleep while

sitting on the grass and just as one of the Campbellville team struck the ball with a Samson blow a black house fly lit on the spinster's forehead and walked leisurely down her nose and upper lip and entered her wide-open mouth and made a thorough search for food all around her molar and bicuspids teeth. It followed back and tickled her in the larynx, causing her to waken, and as she coughed the fly flew away in safety. Mr. Thos. Mills, one of the spectators, says that it was one of the narrowest escapes that he has seen for some time. He says that if she had ever closed her mouth while the fly was exploring it would never have seen daylight again.

Mr. E. W. Lundy was the agent to sell supper tickets. He had a piano box for a ticket office and had notices up for the public to have the right change and save time, and also to have their marriage registration, birth and auto certificates handy.

One fellow, who had been to Toronto show and had used up a lot of his loose coin throwing balls at the darkey (three throws for a nickle) stepped up in the crowd and asked for the balls.

Needless to say the crowd had good appetites after a strenuous afternoon of sport and did ample justice to their hunger at the supper and refreshment booths.

The ladies conducted a bazaar and a goodly sum was realized.

The evening program was one of the best that has ever been given in the country. Duncan Cowan and Miss Hood, of Toronto, were at their best, and gave a good, clean, humorous entertainment, which kept the audience in laughter and excitement. One of the principal events of the evening was the presenting of the flag to Miss Cummins, of Millgrove, who had the honor of representing the village which received the most votes in the flag contest.

## East Flamboro Council Meeting

The East Flamboro Council met in the Township Hall, Waterdown, on Tuesday, Sept. 3rd., 1918.

Reeve and Councillors all present.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

A communication was received from Dr. John W. S. McCullough, Chief Officer of Health, asking for information regarding the conditions in which the cemeteries and burying places in the municipality are kept. The Clerk was instructed to fill out the form as requested.

Also a communication from Kerr & Thomson, asking to be notified of the date when the Council will consider the closing of the road between the Progreston Road and the Ninth Concession.

An application was received from L. J. Mulock for a loan of \$800.00 to assist in underdraining a part of lot No. 9 in the Third Concession. The Inspector's report in reference to the work showed that 971 rods of drain had been constructed, and the cost was \$1100.33. It was moved by G. B. Stock, seconded by J. C. Harper, and resolved, That the Reeve be instructed to issue debentures to the extent of \$800.00, under Sections 8 and 9 of the Ontario Tile Drainage Act.

Applications were received from Robert Alderson and Wm. A. Drummond for the office of Tax Collector for the year 1918.

Moved by G. B. Stock, seconded by R. Taaffe, and resolved, That the Reeve issue his order to pay all accounts passed at this meeting.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

Wise Lumber Co., for lumber for bridge in Div. 3...	76 94
C. Zimmerman, for work on roads in Div. 3...	4 50
Municipal World, for supplies ordered...	6 20
Waterdown Review, for 100 tenders printed, \$1.50; on printing contract \$50.00...	51 50
George Church, salary for August...	35 00
Miss Mary Bell, Soldiers' Aid Society, Aldershot...	10 00
Mrs. A. M. Slater, Waterdown Patriotic League...	10 00
Mrs. Ed. Dodd, Flamboro Center Patriotic League...	10 00
Mrs. Ed. Freed, Red Cross Work, Carlisle...	10 00
L. J. Mullock, for third quarter's salary...	40 00
J. A. Bennett, for work done on roads, Div. 3...	2 50

Resolutions were passed whereby the following By-laws were introduced and each given the customary three readings, namely:

By-law No. 641, being for the purpose of levying school rates in the several School Sections for the year. The rates levied are as follows: Section No. 1, 41 cents; No. 2, 50 cents; No. 3, 96 cents; No. 4, 25 cents; No. 5, 41 cents; No. 7, 29 1/2 cents; No. 6, 25 cents; Valley Union Section, —; Millgrove, —; Beechwood, 41 1/2 cents. For Debentures: Section No. 1, 15 1/2 cents; No. 2, 48 cents and Millgrove Union, 43 cents on each \$100 of assessment.

By-law No. 642, appointing a Collector for the year. Wm. A. Drummond was appointed at a salary of \$200.00.

By-law No. 643, levying a special drainage rate to pay for a loan on the drainage for south half of lot No. 11 in the 5th Concession, and By-law No. 644, levying a special drainage rate to pay for a loan on the drainage for the south half of lot 12, in the 5th Concession.

It was moved by G. B. Stock, seconded by W. H. Easterbrook, and resolved, That the Reeve be a delegate to attend the convention of representatives of the councils of rural municipalities to be held in the Temple Building, Toronto, on Sept. 4th and 5th.

The Council adjourned to meet again on Wednesday, October 2nd.

GEORGE CHURCH,  
Clerk.

W. A. EMERY,  
Reeve.

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We have a large assortment to choose from. As we bought them some time ago the prices are lower than present day prices.

Canada Food License No. 8-17371

O. B. Griffin, Waterdown

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I have a good farm to exchange for city property, also good city property for sale.

One of the largest properties in Waterdown for sale at a sacrifice or might exchange

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## AUCTION SALES

Of every description conducted in any part of the Province.

If you are looking for a farm property of any kind we can help you locate just what you want.

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# SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Lesson XI. Sept. 15, 1918.  
Winning the World to Christ.—Matt. 5: 13-16; 28: 18-20; Acts 16: 6-16; Neh. 1: 1-11.

Commentary.—I. Saving influence of Christians (Matt. 5: 13-16). The salt of the earth—Christians are the saving element in society. As salt preserves the food to which it is applied, so the apostles and the followers of Christ in all ages were to preserve the world from corruption and to purify it. Lost his savor—The salt in the East had a tendency to lose its savor. A warning is here given, lest we lose our spiritual excellence. Trodden under foot—Thrown into the street. The salt must not be thrown into the field, for it would destroy the fertility of the soil. Light of the world—God lets his light shine into the hearts of his children, and they are to reflect and scatter that light among men. Light reveals and cheers. Christians show the world the abhorrent nature of sin and the excellence of holiness. On an hill—Perhaps Jesus pointed to some nearby hill crowned with a city. Such a city is always in sight. 15. Candle—Lamp. Bushel—The ordinary household measure, holding about a peck. Candlestick—Lampstand. All in the house—The houses ordinarily consisted of one room. 15. Light—We cover our light by pride and worldliness; we let it shine by keeping filled with the love of God.

II. Promise of Christ's presence (Matt. 28: 18-20). 18. All power—Not only all power, but all authority. It includes power over matter and over spirit, power on earth and in heaven. 19. Go ye—Even though there seem to be no doors open, doors will open before those who "go" at Christ's word. Make disciples of all the nations (R. V.).—The work is great and the field wide. The apostle is to put forth every effort, in harmony with the word and the Spirit, to teach the truths of the gospel and to induce the people to embrace salvation. Not only the Jews, but all nations are to receive the offer of the gospel. Baptizing—By this act the convert declares his allegiance to Christ and his separation from the world and sin. In the name—One name, one Godhead, but three persons. 20. Teaching—instructing, guiding. I am with you always—Christ's presence is promised "all the days," until the end of the dispensation.

III. A call to service (Acts 16: 6-15). 6-8. Paul and Silas were on a missionary tour through Asia Minor. They had visited the places where Paul had preached on his first missionary journey and were pressing on toward the western part of Asia Minor, being divinely led to Troas. 9. A vision—A clear and definite impression was made upon Paul's mind. The word means something seen and does not necessarily imply that the beholder was asleep, yet the fact that it occurred in the night might indicate that the apostle was asleep at the time. A man of Macedonia—Macedonia was a Greek province across the Aegean Sea from Troas. Whoever this personage was, whether a representative of Macedonia or an angel, Paul recognized him as "a man of Macedonia" with a message for him. Come over . . . and help us—This was a call of pagan need for spiritual light. Paganism failed to satisfy the longings of the soul, and application was made for the gospel of Jesus Christ. 10. We—This indicates that Luke joined the company at Troas. Assuredly gathering, etc.—The apostle had no doubt as to the particular place where the Lord would have him labor. His duty was clear to carry the gospel into Europe.

11.—Looming from Troas—Sailing from Troas, with a strange course—The wind was favorable and in one day the company sailed sixty miles in a northwesterly direction to Samothracia and the next day reached Neapolis, the seaport of Philippi, having sailed seventy-five miles. At another time it took Paul five days to travel the same distance. Samothracia—A rocky island in the Aegean Sea. 12. To Philippi—Ten miles from Neapolis. The journey could be made by land or by the river. Chief city—The first city of that region. A colony—A Roman colony was composed of citizens transferred from Rome. They had the organization and customs of the city of Rome, and their city was a miniature of Rome itself. Those who composed the colony were still enrolled as citizens of Rome. There were rich gold mines a short distance north of Philippi. 13. On the sabbath—Probably the first Sabbath after Paul's arrival at Philippi. Where prayer was wont to be made—it seems that there was no synagogue in the city, and when Paul and his companions understood that there was a place of prayer by the river outside of the city, they went to meet those who would worship the Lord there. Spoke unto the women—Those who were interested in the worship of the Lord were women, and of those women, one was a foreigner and a proselyte, faithful perhaps, when the birthright Jews were faithless, and to her the gospel is to be an exceeding great reward.

14. Named Lydia—The name may have been given to her from the town in Lydia, Thyastra, from which she came. This town had long been noted for its manufacture of purple. Whose heart the Lord opened—The Lord moved her by his Spirit to accept the

gospel and she was obedient to the divine impression. Attended unto the things which were spoken—Her hungry heart received with gladness the message which the Lord's servants brought, and she believed the gospel. 15. Was baptized, and her household—Baptism was administered as a sign of the inward washing of the heart and as a testimony to the world of discipleship with Christ.

IV.—The Ministry of Prayer (Neh. 1-11). A striking example of a deep interest in the work of the Lord is found in the experience of Nehemiah. He was a trusted servant of the king of Persia, but a Jewish captive. He heard through certain men who had returned from Judea that the walls of Jerusalem were down and that the gates of the city had been burned, and the Jews there were in great distress. When Nehemiah heard this report, he was much afflicted, for he had a strong desire that his people and land should be prosperous. In view of the conditions that prevailed in Judea, he gave himself up to fasting and prayer for his people. In his prayer he made most humble confession of the sins of his people, having addressed the Lord in terms of lofty adoration. He took a very humble position in behalf of the Jews in this confession. He then referred to the words which the Lord had spoken regarding his people. If they would not keep his commandments, he would scatter them; but if they returned to the Lord and obeyed him, he would have mercy upon them and return them to their own land.

Questions.—What terms does Jesus apply to his followers? Explain the force of the figure Jesus uses of a city set on a hill. What use is made of a candle? What commission did Jesus give the disciples? What vision did Paul have? What course did Paul take? What success did he have at Philippi? What did Nehemiah do when he heard of the condition of Jerusalem?

PRACTICAL SURVEY.  
Topic.—Hoy Christians can better their community, nation and the world.

I. The field.  
II. The agents.  
III. The order.

1. The field. "The field is the world." Christianity is a universal religion, and contemplates a world-wide evangelism. Necessity and provision are commensurate, and both are universal. Invitations are race-wide, and as varied as the longings of human hearts. Christ's last commission excepts no man. "This gospel of the kingdom shall be preached in all the world, for a witness unto all nations." Christ was "the true Light, which lighteth every man that cometh unto the world," and the fore-ordained provisions of the "everlasting covenant" are universally available. The world must be won. "He that winneth souls is wise," both in aim and method. No task so enlists the energies or demands keenness of perception, and readiness of adaptation, as does efficient evangelism. Repellant severity and undue sympathy are equally fatal. Coercion is both knowing and worthless. "Knowing therefore the terror of the Lord, we persuade men." As "ambassadors for Christ," we beseech men to be "reconciled to God."

II. The agents. "The good seed are the children of the kingdom." Christianity is the basis of true brotherhood, and obliterating distinctions of nation or condition, makes men "one in Christ Jesus." Christian love, like that of its author, embraces the world. A heart in fellowship with Christ can not be indifferent. The responsibilities are immense. Jesus said to his disciples, "Ye are the salt," the preserving element, "of the earth." The world owes more to the presence and prayers of Christians than it realizes. Ten righteous men would have turned aside judgment from the cities of the plain. "Holding forth the word of life," declares the apostle, "Christianity embraces all, and the only effective element of human uplift. Paul declared himself to be 'debtor both to the Greeks, and to the Barbarians; both to the wise and to the unwise.'"

III. The order. Jerusalem, Judea, Samaria, and unto the uttermost parts of the earth, was the appropriate and prescribed order of Pentecostal evangelism. Translated into the terms of modern life, it reads, the home, the neighborhood, the nation, the world. It was eminently fitting that the first triumphs of the gospel should be won in the doomed city of repeated rejections. Judea shared the benedictions of its civic and religious centre. Samaria was the scene of Philip's evangelism, and Paul's burning missionary zeal carried the message and the messenger to distant lands. The home is the basis of neighborhood and national life. Neither can rise above its level. Whatever impairs the integrity of the home, strikes a deadly blow at the virtue and virility of the nation. A hundred influences are doing constructive work in that direction. Latency in home training and discipline means looseness in public morals; and when average morality sinks below a given level, free institutions perish. Whatever elevates the home, uplifts the community, uplifts the nation. Whatever elevates the nation, uplifts the world. The echoes of every "Hic reverberate round the world. W. H. C.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, the best remedy of the kind that can be had.



WHAT BRITAIN HAS DONE. This shows the proportionate contribution of the Empire to the British army on the Western front: (1) Great Britain; (2) Canada; (3) Australia and New Zealand; (4) India; (5) South Africa—United Empire.



## FARM GARDEN

### COVER CROPS

Unless there is an ample supply of organic matter and nitrogen in the soil, the yield will not be profitable production. By growing legume cover crops we secure these requisites in a cheap way. It is entirely true that a good crop of plowed under will give as much, if not more, organic matter in the roots and tops, per acre, than will eight tons of manure. Furthermore, a good legume cover crop is able to secure from the air and place into the soil as much nitrogen, to the amount of eight tons of manure, or 500 pounds of nitrate of soda. While it will not be as quick in action as will nitrate, nearly all the nitrogen in a cover crop will eventually become available. Successful farmers use cover crops for the reason that both stable manure and high-grade fertilizers are becoming more scarce every day and increasing in price.

### OUTLINE FOR COVER CROPS

On soils that are light, cover crops, even non-legumes, will prevent the loss through leaching, blowing and washing of valuable soluble food. The greatest production can be obtained through manure and with fertilizers containing phosphorus, potassium and nitrogen. Therefore (less expensive) if legume cover crops are systematically grown. In spring, August, early cabbage, early string beans, early tomatoes, potatoes and field corn should be followed with a clover or a mixture of clovers, with alfalfa, lucerne, timothy, clover and turnips (three ounces). Or cantaloupe, cucumbers, egg plants, peppers, late tomatoes and watermelons, broadcast at last cultivation with clover or a mixture of clovers, with timothy (10 to 15 pounds) and turnips (two ounces). In spring, alfalfa, mammoth or sweet clover, or alfalfa, up to 15 pounds of seed per acre. For alfalfa use five to eight pounds, and for crimson clover 15 to 18 pounds.

Sweet clover and alfalfa are excellent cover crops and start to grow early in the spring, but should not be sown until the soil is well warmed. If the land is too sour for red clovers, alfalfa or crimson clover. Kye is a favorite cover crop on lighter soils. The Farmer's magazine of Agriculture says in wet years cultivation should cease earlier in the season in order to give the trees plenty of time to mature. In these cover crops, when plowed under the following spring, add manure to the soil, improve the soil conditions and increase its capacity to hold soil moisture. They also protect the ground over winter from alternate freezing and thawing and from frost.

### COVER CROPS IN THE ORCHARD

Station experiments advise the practice of thorough tillage of the orchard until July or August, then seeding the orchard with sweet clover, crimson clover, or alfalfa, like red mammoth clover, vetch, alfalfa or crimson clover. Kye is a favorite cover crop on lighter soils. The Farmer's magazine of Agriculture says in wet years cultivation should cease earlier in the season in order to give the trees plenty of time to mature. In these cover crops, when plowed under the following spring, add manure to the soil, improve the soil conditions and increase its capacity to hold soil moisture. They also protect the ground over winter from alternate freezing and thawing and from frost.

### SUGGESTIONS WORTH REMEMBERING

The New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station says the best way to seed the better will be the stand; but good live seed, timely sowing, a moist soil and the covering give good stands with moderate amounts of seed. Legume seedlings keep down the expense and leave seed for the other fellow.

Unless corn blows down it is never too late to cultivate the middles lightly to cover seed in the season as dry and the corn heavy, it may be better to cut the corn early and sow rye and vetch than to seed in the corn in August.

Legume seeds should be sown as early as possible to secure maximum fall growth and consequent resistance to winter killing, but it is better to wait until after a good rain than to sow on very dry soil.

Liberal broadcast fertilization and side dressings return good profits in the crop to which applied, and help materially to insure the success of the cover crop; a soil must be well fed to produce a money crop and a cover crop the same season.

It can be allowed for spring growth of the cover crop, preference should be given to the legumes. Crimson clover, sweet clover and alfalfa make the best start.

Too large a spring growth, especially of rye, will cut out the soil excessively, and turn too thick a mat when plowed under. By making thoroughly before plowing a heavy growth can be turned under to better advantage, and an injurious cover of green material on the bottom of the furrow will be avoided.

Use nitrogen in fertilizers as a stimulant to crops, depending on legume and stable manure, if available, for the main nitrogen supply. Acid phosphate is still comparatively cheap and abundant. Use it freely.

### FARM NEWS AND VIEWS

The biggest cows are not necessarily the best. Poor milkers often produce large, handsome calves. Investigate quantity and quality of milk before anything else. If a cow is fed only enough food to sustain life it cannot be expected that she

will give a profitable yield of milk. Feed is the only material the cow has for making milk.

The time to stop churning has much to do with making good butter. To keep on until the butter is in big lumps makes it waxy and greasy. The time to stop churning when the grains of butter are about as large as wheat kernels.

Fresh air, wholesome food and clean water will go a long way toward saving a dairyman from dairies. At the Pennsylvania station tests made with beef-breeding cattle kept in open sheds in winter and in pasture in summer during two years failed to reveal any tuberculosis. These essential heat the tuberculosis test 10 to 1 as effective agents in the control of bovine tuberculosis.

Thorough milking tends to develop a cow's udder and increase her milk capacity.

Sod lands should be broken up at least one year before planting the straw berry bed, and if there is any witch grass or other perennial weeds great care should be taken to destroy them.

Plenty of cold water and better still, ice, together with clean stables and a sanitary milk room means sweet cream and no complaints. Carelessness causes cream troubles.

Feeding of the ensilage may take place any time after filling, but if it is not to be used for some time it is well to cover it with straw and some weighty close material to exclude air; this, of course, provided straw is more plentiful than ensilage, which is not always the case.

No cheap keeper can expect to succeed with antiquated methods of handling his wool clip. Careless, slipshod packing of wool means a loss to the grower and dissatisfaction all along the line from the farm to the woolen mill.

### The Harmonious Home.

Home may be a sacred refuge, or it may be a mere place to call for breakfast and dinner, and a shelter for the sleeping hours. It may be destitute of attractions—a tolerated spot, instead of a coveted haven. If this be the case, remarks a writer on home life, the fault is with those who by their own conduct make it uninviting. Whenever parents find that their offspring are beginning to prefer any other place before home, let them ask themselves these questions and they may discover the secret of their children's unfortunate preferences. Does the father strive to make home bright and happy, or is he silent, moody and unapproachable? Are his children furnished with a proper supply of books, papers, magazines and such other means of amusement and improvement as their natures require? Does the mother make friends and confidantes of her daughters, or does she merely dole out to them food and clothing? Do the parents, in short, sympathize in the joys and griefs, the hopes and fears, of their children, or do they ignore all that is most essential to the happiness and social culture of childhood?—East Suffolk "Gazette."

The Foe of Indigestion—Indigestion is a common ailment and few are free from it. It is a most distressing complaint and often the suffering attendant it is most severe. The very best remedy is Parmalee's Vegetable Pills taken according to directions. They rectify the irregular action of the stomach and restore healthy action. For many years they have been a standard remedy for dyspepsia and indigestion and are highly esteemed for their qualities.

### POPULAR WEAVES.

Stockinette, Tussore and Sponge Cloth Are "It."

Probably the most general favorite costume is the one made of silk stockinette. Liliac (the real liliac that has no obvious red in its composition) is one shade, a costume suitable for many occasions and equally becoming to the women of 40 as to the debutante of 18.

Made in easily-flowing lines, it will readily adapt itself to figures either stout or slim, while the color suggested, beautiful in itself, is one that can safely be worn by almost any woman, and, strangely enough, it has not become common by overuse.

The collar falls gracefully on the shoulders, weighed by two thistles of silk. The belt crosses loosely in front, and the sash-like ends are swathed around the waist at the back, being then brought forward and loosely knotted. On the ends of the sash the thistles are repeated.

Tussore is used in quite a new way in a tailor-made costume. It is severe in line, the coat half belted at the waist. The collar, as the present vogue demands, is rather high at the back; the skirt, a development (if one can call a diminution of width development) of the present mode of narrow skirts.

Dull corn color is the tone of a design carried out in sponge cloth. The subtle economy of the trimming is the distinguishing mark of this costume. Just the addition of a few coarse white silk stitches that form diamond checks and collar, pockets and cuffs are the only extra material used—surely an embellishment that the most patriotic conscience could not object to.

Upon the skirt, hidden by the basque of the coat, are square pockets. These, too, are quaintly decorated in the same thrifty way.

### ENGLISH SCHOOLBOY HOWLERS

The minister of war is the clergyman who preaches to the soldiers at the barracks.

After twice committing suicide, Cowper lived till 1800, when he died a natural death.

Much butter is imported from Denmark because the Danish cows have a greater enterprise and superior technical education to ours.

The courage of the Turks is explained by the fact that a man with several wives is more willing to face death than if he had only one.

To all of which we may add an American school-boy's recent statement: "Father Henry said, 'I rejoice that I have but one country to live for.'—Boston Transcript.

# MARKET REPORTS

## TORONTO MARKETS.

### FARMERS' MARKET.

Dairy Produce—	
Butter, choice, dairy	\$ 0 45 \$ 0 48
Do., creamery	0 42 0 52
Margarine, lb.	0 35 0 37
Eggs, new laid, doz.	0 53 0 55
Cheese, lb.	0 30
Do., fancy, lb.	0 35
Dressed Poultry—	
Turkeys, lb.	0 30 0 33
Fowl, lb.	0 36 0 40
Spring chickens	0 45 0 50
Rooster, lb.	0 23 0 25
Ducklings, lb.	0 25 0 35

Fruits—	
Apples, basket	0 25 0 50
Blueberries, basket	1 50 2 00
Do., box	0 28 0 30
Lawton berries	0 28 0 30
Pears, 6-qt. bkt.	0 75 1 00
Do., 11-qt. bkt.	0 50 0 75
Plums, 6-qt. bkt.	1 00 1 25
Do., 11-qt. bkt.	0 50 0 80
Peaches, 6-qt. bkt.	1 00 1 25
Do., 11-qt. bkt.	0 70 1 00
Melons, basket	0 05 0 20
Do., each	0 05 0 20

Vegetables—	
Beans, small measure	0 15
Beets, new, dozen	0 25
Carrots, new, doz.	0 25
Corn, doz.	0 20 0 25
Cucumbers, bkt.	0 40 0 50
Do., pickling, bkt.	0 75 0 50
Cucumbers, doz.	0 25
Cabbage, each	0 05 0 10
Cauliflower, each	0 10 0 20
Celery, head	0 05 0 10
Egg plant, each	0 05 0 10
Gherkin, byt.	1 00 1 25
Lettuce, head, bunch	0 05 0 10
Onions, 75-lb. sacks	2 50 3 00
Do., green, bunch	0 04 0 05
Parley, bunch	0 15 0 25
Pumpkins, each	2 00 2 25
Potatoes, new, bag	0 10 0 15
Rhubarb, 3 bunches	0 10
Sage, bunch	0 05
Savory, bunch	0 05
Squash, each	0 10 0 25
Tomatoes, basket	0 30 0 50
Veg. marrow, each	0 05 0 10

### MEATS—WHOLESALE.

Beef, forequarters	\$17 00 \$19 00
Do., hindquarters	26 00 28 00
Carcase, choice	22 00 24 00
Do., common	19 00 21 00
Veal, common, ewt.	13 00 15 00
Do., medium	16 50 19 00
Do., prime	23 50 25 00
Heavy hogs, ewt.	19 00 21 00
Shop hogs	25 00 27 00
Abattoir hogs	26 00 27 00
Lamb, cwt	20 00 25 00
Mutton, cwt	27 00 30 00
Do., ewing, lb.	0 28 0 30

### Toronto Cattle Markets.

Receipts 7 cars: 753 cattle, 137 calves.	
750 hogs and 51 sheep	
Export cattle, choice	14 00 15 50
Export cattle, medium	12 75 14 00
Export bulls	9 25 10 50
Butcher cattle, choice	10 50 11 50
Butcher cattle, medium	9 50 10 50
Butcher cattle, common	7 25 8 50
Butcher cows, choice	9 50 10 50
Butcher cows, medium	8 50 9 50
Butcher cattle, canners	6 00 6 50
Butcher bulls	7 50 8 50
Feeding steers	9 00 10 25
Stockers, choice	8 50 9 50
Stockers, light	6 50 7 50
Milkers, choice	7 50 8 50
Springers, choice	8 50 10 00
Sheep ewes	13 00 14 00
Bucks and culls	6 00 7 00
Lamb, ewe	18 00 17 00
Hogs, fed and watered	19 50
Hogs, f. o. b.	18 50
Calves	13 00 17 00

### OTHER MARKETS.

#### WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Fluctuations on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange yesterday were as follows:				
Oats—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oct. . . . .	0 83	0 83 1/2	0 82 1/2	0 83 1/2
Dec. . . . .	0 79 1/2	0 80 1/2	0 79 1/2	0 80

#### MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN.

Fluctuations on the Minneapolis Grain Exchange yesterday were as follows:				
Oats—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Oct. . . . .	4 05	4 11	4 05	4 11
Nov. . . . .	3 98	4 02	3 98	4 01
Dec. . . . .	3 89	3 95	3 89	3 95

#### DULUTH LINED.

Duluth—Lined, \$4.33; September, \$4.33; October, \$4.22; November, \$4.19 asked; December, \$4.16 asked.
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#### CHEESE MARKETS.

Perth—At the regular meeting of the cheese board 1,000 boxes were offered. All sold at 22 1/2 c.

St. Paul, Que.—Seven hundred and seventy-two packages of butter sold at 42 1/2 c.

Like a Grip at the Throat. For a disease that is not classed as fatal there is probably none which causes more terrible suffering than asthma. Slowly impossible, the sufferer becomes exhausted and finally, though the attack passes, is left in unending dread of its return. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful curative agent. It immediately relieves the restricted air passages as thousands can testify. It is sold by dealers everywhere.

#### Greatest Thing in the World.

Love has been called the greatest thing in the world, but the greatest thing in the world is not a thing at all; the greatest thing is a person. Personality is the greatest thing in the world. The greatest thing in personality is not strength of body nor strength of mind. It is strength of heart. "Clever people are as common as blackberries, the rare thing is to find a good one." It is not David Webster's brain, but Lincoln's heart, that wins a nation's love.



# THE ALIBI

—BY—  
**Geo. Allan England**

Author of "Darkness and Dawn," "Beyond the Great Oblivion," "The Empire in the Air," "The Golden Night," "The After-Glow," "The Crime-Detector," etc.

## CHAPTER XIX.

"Murder in the second degree!"  
As the words died to silence in the musty court-room Judge Grossmith struck the bench with his knuckles. "Remanded for sentence, January 4th," said he. "Gentlemen, you are hereby discharged. Accept the thanks of the court."

Jarboe nodded grimly and leered at Slayton, who sank back deathly pale with a gasp of relief. Enid, crying, "Arthur! Arthur!" tried to struggle up, but her father's arm restrained her. "No, no, Enid!" he implored in a whisper. "No scene here—no scene!" "Come on, you!" ordered one of the guards, clapping a hand on Arthur's shoulder as the boy sat there too dazed even to stand up. "Come along now!"

Arthur's eyes met the girl's a moment; but they seemed to see nothing, to understand nothing. Enid through all her anguish felt a numbing chill. Already the impassable gulf was yawning between them. Already the shadows of the penitentiary, now opening for this man—a living tomb that nevermore might let him go—had irrevocably fallen on them both. The court-room seemed to whirl, to circle round and round her. Everything looked black and spinning. Where was Arthur? What were they doing to her boy?"

"Arthur!" she cried again. "Arthur!"  
She saw him now. The clerk had taken his pedigree, and the officers were leading him away. He did not look back, but shuffled between his guards, one of whom dangled handcuffs. Bright high lights glinted from the steel of those handcuffs. She saw them dance and waver fancifully. Unsteadily she put out her hands. "Father!" she pleaded. "It's a lie—a lie!"

He gathered her close. "S-h-h-h-h, Enid! There, there!"  
A door closed with hollow echoes. Arthur was gone.

Already as the jurors were filing out of their box Keene had risen to his feet, a sheaf of papers in hand. "Your Honor," he exclaimed, raising a long forefinger at Grossmith, now already preparing to leave the bench, "I apply for a writ of error in re the—"  
"The motion will be heard on December 24."

Keene nodded, the judge withdrew, and the spectators began to disperse. Jurors and all relieved, hunched on their overcoats, put on their hats, and scattered down the corridor, where fragmentary conversations formed and dissolved and drifted away in scraps of comment, speculation, criticism, or approval.

Reporters hastened to telephone-booths, eager to rush the news to their papers. One or two bolder spirits among them, essaying to pick a little forbidden fruit by interviewing jurors, and possibly getting some line on the wrangle that had taken place in the jury-room, were driven away by officers. In a few minutes the verdict would be whirling through the rotary presses of huge newspapers; and in the morning all New York, all the world, would know that Arthur Mans-

field, fiance of Banker Chamberlain's daughter, had been duly convicted of murder in the second degree for having killed Watchman Mackenzie.

The most sensational murder trial of the year was at an end. Keene, the head of Mansfield's staff of counsel, stuffed law-books, briefs, and papers into his green baize bag and pulled the tape. Then he turned to Chamberlain. The look that passed between the two men, and the gesture of helplessness the lawyer made, spoke volumes.

"If I'd had anything—anything at all to go on," said Keene in a low voice—"anything at all, you know—"  
"I understand completely," answered the banker, nodding.

"Impossible situation," added Keene. Slayton, hesitating, approached the group; then felt his nerve desert him and retreated into the corridor, followed by old Jarboe, who was chuckling and rubbing his hands together. "Quite impossible," Keene went on. "Of course, I'll take all possible legal steps to secure a new trial; but—"

Enid looked up at him. She had grown calm again. The temporary weakness had passed.

She managed to smile wanly with a supreme and unshakable faith. "I'm not afraid," she declared. "Arthur's an innocent man, and justice shall be done some day."

An electric switch snapped. Some of the lights in the court-room died. An attendant was clearing the room of the last few idlers and curiosity-seekers.

"Come, Enid," bade her father. "There's nothing to be gained now by staying here any longer. It's past midnight. Let's go home."

Together all three left the building. A few minutes later father and daughter were whirling up-town in their limousine. Sunk far back in a corner of the cushions, Enid kept silence. Arthur's stunned and uncomprehending face rose constantly before her. A fine, sifting snow had begun to fall, shimmering in moving whiteness

round electric lights of the car and the street-lamps that swiftly filtered backward and away. Its swirls seemed to be weaving a cold white veil between that face and her.

"Thicker than snowflakes injustices and lies are falling and drifting on him," she thought wearily with an ache at her heart harder to bear than her aching head. "Lies without end, injustices without limit. But the sun of truth will shine some day and melt them all."

"Love will banish them—justice shall be done! Love and faith can work miracles. Can't then set Arthur free and give them back to me again?"

On the 24th of December, at 10.30 a.m., Keene's writ of error asking a new trial, was heard by Judge Grossmith. His honor carefully and honestly examined into the matter, with perfect impartiality and no bias whatsoever, viewing merely the legal aspects of the case.

After due consideration he decided that all had been done quite regularly and in order, according to the strictest interpretation of the law, and that no error whatsoever existed at any point of the procedure. He, therefore, denied the writ.

Enid, apprised of this fact, smiled bravely and bade Keene go on fighting at all expense. The girl had grown notably thinner; she had lost her fine, vigorous color; but her blue-black eyes still held true and steady with brave confidence. A thoroughbred, she had not even begun to fight. None of her father's pleadings had yet been able to make her leave the city, go south, west, anywhere to go away from the case.

"No," she would always answer. "Arthur needs me here. Without me he'd be lost. Do you think Edward Chamberlain's daughter could be happy at Palm Beach or Santa Monica, or even at Nice or Cannes, while he sits all alone under the shadow?"

Sentence was passed on Arthur the morning of Thursday, January 4,

# ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring  
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison  
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.  
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.  
Works all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

Only a few reporters and casual visitors were present to hear the words of doom pronounced against him. Convicted and disposed of, Arthur had ceased to be even a good news feature.

Enid was not there. At Arthur's urgent plea she absented herself. This ordeal, useless from any standpoint, was spared her. Alone at home she spent a day of shuddering prostration, her imagination making the scene a hundredfold more terrible to her than the reality.

Arthur came up with a batch of eight others who were slated for sentence on various convictions. Other than Keene, he had no support through this terrible hour. Slayton's lantern-jawed face was to be seen, eager and furtive, as the cashier listened with terrible intensity on one of the back benches; but Arthur, after one look at this hated visage, steadfastly kept his eyes away from it.

The whole affair was business-like, and took only a little time that dark and misty winter morning. "Three others were sentenced before Arthur himself."

This helped break the shock of it a little. Nevertheless, when the clerk called "Arthur Mansfield!" in a toneless voice and the boy knew his hour had struck, a sinking weakness possessed his body. He could barely manage to stand up and face the ravenlike countenance of Grossmith on the bench.

Arthur had grown emaciated already. His face had begun to assume the sallow, unhealthy pallor that always follows the most barbarous of all human inventions—the confinement of a human being in a cage of steel.

Judge Grossmith peered sharply through his spectacles at the boy, standing there with both hands on the railing in front of the bench.

"Have you anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced upon you?" asked the judge in routine form.

"No, Your Honor," the boy managed to answer huskily. His lips and tongue were parched as with a fever.

In this reply he was acting under Keene's instructions. It would be worse than useless now for him to speak or plead his cause. Whatever could be done would be in due legal course.

The judge coughed dryly, glanced at his memoranda to refresh his memory of the case—for really he heard so very, very many—and then raised his eyes to Arthur's face.

"Mansfield," said he, "this crime of which you stand convicted seems to be one of particular atrociousness. The fact that the evidence was all circumstantial defeated the rendering of a verdict of murder in the first degree, whereby the ends of justice would have been better served. The verdict is of murder in the second degree, and the penalty is mandatory. I regret that I cannot exceed its provisions."

"It is now here by this court ordered, and the sentence of the court is, that you be imprisoned at hard labor in the penitentiary of the State of New York at Sing Sing for the term of your natural life."

The judge ceased with a severe contraction of the lips. Arthur made no sound, no sign, no move. His hand, tightened a little on the rail, perhaps; but he still stood there firmly enough. His eyes, however, seemed to behold nothing; nor did he sit down again as he should. One of the officers had to

tap him on the shoulder and motion him to a chair.

He sat down then, mechanically, and stiffly, licked his lips once or twice, and then stared straight in front of him, almost indifferently. Those who had perhaps expected acute emotions in the boy, a heart-rending appeal, a dramatic scene to furnish forth a write-up, were disappointed. Arthur had proved undeniably tame.

The clerk entered the sentence in due and proper form, and the next prisoner stood up to hear his words of fate. Arthur sat there quietly until summoned to return to his cell. The world already was retreating from him—the living world of men and women, the world of freedom, light and life. He stood now on the portals of a world of shadows, steel-barred; of gray, dim, silent figures; of endless drudgery and pain eternal.

Soon he must pass that portal, over which Dante's "All hope abandon, ye who enter here" should be graven for so many. Soon, with only the backward look of yearnings that availed not, he must leave the real world, where sunlight was and love and laughter; where men labored for reward and found rest sweet; where achievement beckoned and the promises of better things lightened the burdens of the way. He must leave that

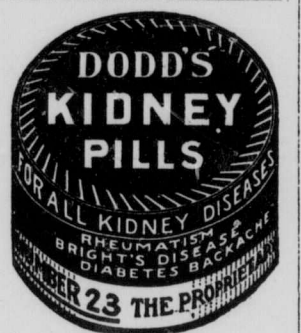
Never a human voice comes near To speak a gentle word, And the eye that watches through the door Is pitiless and hard.

And by all forgot, men rot and rot, With soul and body marred.

That same afternoon at 4.15 Arthur bade New York good-bye. His going was a horrible and shameful thing. Clean, strong, innocent, they halted him through the streets in a black, barred motor-van with eleven other wretched men—hailed him through some of the very highways where only a few weeks ago Enid and he had ridden in Chamberlain's "Lor-mont Six." Handcuffed to a swart wife-murderer they herded him through the Grand Central station to the train.

Even though he was spared the anguish of passing through the spacious waiting-room and the concourse, the ordeal of undergoing public observation to the side entrance and along the platform to the smoker left him sick and shaken. Keene appeared before the train left, and with perfunctory words of hope said good-bye to him.

But even the privilege of a hand-clasp was forbidden now. The State had laid its penalty upon him. It dared not risk the danger that some kinder agency might put the repentant world—not through swift and merciful



death but through the clangor of steel barriers in a place of horror where

Huddled in the seat with the wife-murderer, Arthur made the horrible trip up the river, numbed with the ghastliness of this thing which must be a nightmare, which could not be real, could not be truly happening to him.

River and Palisades, white sail and plowing steamer, forest and town and sky all beckoned:

"Come away, come away!"  
The roaring car-wheels clattered their antiphony:

"Never, never, never any more! Any more, any more, any more! Never any more!"

Though thoughts and lore of Enid strove for entrance in his soul, he put them from him, for now the anguish of them passed the limit of his strength. Never any more such happiness for him! All things, have frightful things, were fading from him wholly. All that makes glad the soul of man, all that blesses, all that strengthens through the very stress and toil of attainment, all everything had vanished in a phantasmagoria of hideous woes.

"At hard labor for the term of your natural life!"

It stunned, deadened, killed.

Night found him nameless, caged, crushed. At last the ultimate blow of Fate had fallen. He was a "lifer" in Sing Sing. He had become only a numbered thing—a man no longer, but just "3265"—with shaven head, with horrible striped garb of black and gray, with felt slippers noiseless on the chill cement.

A shelf, a bunk, walls of rough stone, a steel-barred door, to which was chained a rusty tin cup—behold his home now till death. A cage in the cell-house, not even windowed through an outer wall, so that he might sometimes see "the little tent of blue which prisoners call the sky," but a cell facing a solid stone wall eight feet away, where in all the sixty years of the prison's existence

## Face An Awful Slight Healed By Cuticura

Rough and Itchy With Eczema. Came in Pimples and Blisters. Kept From Sleeping.

"My face got rough and itchy, and I was told I had eczema. It came in pimples, then water blisters, and my skin was sore and red. My face itched and I had to scratch, and it kept me from sleeping. The skin was dry and scaly, and would bleed. My face was an awful sight."

"I saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I sent for a free sample. I afterwards bought more, and it was not over a week when I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Annie Forgue, Alderson, Ala., Aug. 28, 1917.

If your skin is already healthy and clear keep it so by using Cuticura Soap for toilet purposes assisted by touches of Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal any tendency to irritation, redness or roughness of the skin or scalp. For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U.S.A." Sold everywhere.

the sun had never entered; a cell where madness might attack and death release him, but from which, alive and sound, he should be freed now nevermore.

Life was done. Love was past and zone. It must be put away and quite forgotten. What had they, or thoughts of liberty, to do in that pestilential hole?

The living burial in the tomb "where some grow mad and all grow bad, and none a word may say," he huddled upon his bunk, listening to the melancholy prison sounds—hollow footsteps of warders, vague echoes of meaningless words, clankings of metal—and knew that something was gone from him that never could return—trust in the majesty and righteousness of law.

A little gleam of hope burned, flickered, vaguely in the prison night—hope that, perhaps, somehow, some time, appeals might yet avail and justice be done. But this gleam proved transitory. Arthur was still too sane for any further self-delusion. Having once felt the annihilating fist of "Justice" and staggering beneath its blow, he could no longer count on any reversal of the verdict.

And if pardoned, what then? Freedom—with that hideous blot upon his name? Freedom—with that guilt still branded on his brow?

No! Not freedom! Better a thousand times the stifling seclusion of the cell than that. The Law had pressed the brand upon his forehead. Nothing could ever make him whole again.

He thought of Enid and his mother then in those first hours, bitterer far than death; and his soul was calling out to them, even though his body lay upon the prison bunk.

There he lay, his wan face buried in his crossed arms, his fingers clutching the coarse gray blanket, his shaven head grotesque and hideous in the dim light from the gallery. Twice as he lay so a silent-footed warder peered through the grated door at him, but spoke no word and made no sign.

Nothing now outwardly distinguished the boy from the seventeen hundred other wretches crowding that sad place. The unusual strength and fineness of his body had quite vanished, swallowed by that horrible prison dress. A convict among convicts he had become, stamped already with the marks of that servitude wherewith man reforms his brother.

After a certain while he grew more calm. Then it seemed to him—as in the Tombs—that Enid, the faithful, was with him, saying:

"I will believe you Arthur; always believe and trust you—and I will be true!"

And then his mother stood beside him, her hand upon his striped, dog-grated shoulder, saying:

"Yea, though I walk in the Valley of the Shadow of Death, I will fear no evil!"

Thus, sleeping not, Arthur lay that night, keeping vigil with his soul. (To be continued.)

## RELIEF AT LAST

I want to help you if you are suffering from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles. I can tell you how, in your own home and without anyone's assistance, you can apply the best of all treatments.

## PILES TREATED AT HOME

I promise to send you a FREE trial of the new absorption treatment, and references from your own locality if you will but write and ask. I assure you of immediate relief. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Address

MRS. M. SUMMER'S, Box 8, Windsor, Ont.

## Gnats of Many Varieties.

The gnat is only one of the many species of mosquito known to dipterists. Altogether there are no fewer than 25 as described as natives of Europe, while as many as 100 different varieties are scattered over the rest of the world. Of this large number some are known by the Spanish name of mosquito—that is, "little fly"—while others are content with the title of "gnat"; but from a scientific point of view there is no difference between the insect known under these different popular names.

## FREQUENT HEADACHES

People with thin blood are much more subjected to headaches than full-blooded persons, and the form of anaemia that afflicts growing girls is almost always accompanied by headaches, together with disturbance of the digestive organs.

Whenever you have constant or recurring headaches and pallor of the face, they show that the blood is thin and your efforts should be directed toward building up your blood. A fair treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will do this effectively, and the rich, red blood made by these pills will remove the headache.

More disturbances to the health are caused by their blood than most people have any idea of. When your blood is impoverished, the nerves suffer from lack of nourishment and you may be troubled with insomnia, neuritis, neuralgia or sciatica. Muscles subject to strain are under-nourished and you may have muscular rheumatism or lumbago. If your blood is thin and you begin to show symptoms of any of these disorders, try building up the blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as the blood is restored to its normal condition every symptom of the trouble will disappear. There are more people who owe their present state of good health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills than to any other medicine, and most of them do not hesitate to say so.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



round electric lights of the car and the street-lamps that swiftly filtered backward and away. Its swirls seemed to be weaving a cold white veil between that face and her.

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## Fertilizers the Necessary Gear

Fertilizers made hundreds of acres strong enough to survive the bad conditions of last winter and spring.

Do what you can to insure best wheat conditions for this fall and next winter.

## Fertilize!

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### S. Frank Smith & Son Auction Sale Dates

Sept. 7—Feild's Livery, 17 Napier street, Hamilton. 8 head of Horses, Fruit Lorry, Harness, Sleighs, etc.

Sept. 12—Dominion Hotel Yards. 2 Pacing Horses, equipment etc.

Sept. 13—Mr. John Barram, Lot 29, Con. 2, West Flamboro. Horses Cattle and Implements.

#### The Control of Thibet.

Thibet is controlled virtually by the natives, who are a branch of the Mongol race, the Chinese Government looking after foreign relations and maintaining small garrisons of Chinese troops.

#### Upset the Molasses.

When a barrel of molasses burst on a Freeland, Pa., street, firemen were called out to flush the bricks so traffic could proceed.

## FOR SALE

Two Splendid  
Building Lots  
Facing on Main St.  
50 x 230

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Lots overlook Hamilton, the Bay  
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Lots to suit the purchaser. Easy  
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C. P. McGregor, Owner  
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## Our Neighbors

Items of Interest Gathered by Review Correspondents

### Rock Chapel

Mrs. Haskin Sheppard, who has been under the doctor's care for the past week, is improving.

Mr. Percy Worthington, of Guelph, was a visitor with his father for the week end.

Pte. Frank Worthington, of Toronto, is home on a six weeks' leave.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Haines, of Dundas, were visitors in the neighborhood on Sunday.

Mrs. S. S. Binkley and Ed. attended the Dymont-McIntosh wedding last week.

Mrs. Fred Poole is on the sick list again, but we hope to see her around soon.

Rev. S. J. and Mrs. Kelly, of Owen Sound, were renewing old acquaintances around here and Millgrove last week.

We are proud to say that Mr. Hiram Dymont won the highest prize obtainable at Toronto Exhibition on a very valuable cow for which he has refused \$2,000.

### Nelson

Mr. Sidney Alton left for Petawawa camp, where he will be a short time before returning to Toronto for the winter.

Miss Mary Mount visited at Frank McNiven's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wilson, of Sundridge visited with friends here.

Mrs. Trash, Mrs. Robertson and Mrs. McPherson, of Orillia were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Springer last week.

Laura Alton and Arthur Sinclair have purchased a Renfrew tractor.

Mr. Sidney English called at Mr. Geo. Webb's while on his way to St. Catharines where he will take charge of the St. Thomas church and Academy of music. We are all glad to see Sid so near us again.

Mr. Ed. Emerson has received his new Fordson tractor and plow and is training near the road.

The Farmers' Club had a muskmelon feast on Monday night last. The buttons for the Soldiers of the Soil were given out, and lantern pictures were shown by Mr. Smith Rector of the Anglican church.

At a Garden Party, given by the Farmers' Club a short time ago, the sum of \$50 was raised for the Red Cross.

If a married man admits he's a fool, it is his wife's duty to agree with him.

We want to see your name on our subscription list.

### Carlisle

The church services on Sunday last were taken by Mr. Schoons, in the absence of the pastor.

Miss Gattie, of Galt, visited with Miss Lizzie Gattie on Sunday.

Wedding bells will be ringing here in the near future.

Grain crops have been quite heavy in this district, and a good deal of the threshing is done.

### Millgrove

Rev. S. J. and Mrs. Kelly, of Owen Sound, and Mr. and Mrs. G. Sheppard visited at the parsonage last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Tunis of Greenville visited at Mr. Wesley Peppers last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Putman, of Michigan are visiting friends in the neighborhood.

Mrs. William Shelton of Hamilton is visiting at Levi Shelton's.

Some of our young people had a corn roast last Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. Ed. Binkley.

Mr. Elias Cummins had the misfortune to lose two valuable cows recently.

The W. M. S. met at the home of Mrs. D. C. Flatt on Wednesday evening. Mrs. (Rev.) Philpott of Hamilton and Miss Leta Carey were the entertainers.

The Millgrove Mission Band will hold their annual concert, September 17th at 8.30 p. m. in the Methodist church. A good program is being provided, including Miss Black a missionary worker among the foreigners of Hamilton, Miss Evelyn Harper of Carlisle, Miss Gertrude Davidson of Clappison's Corners and Stewart Mitchell of Waterdown. Ice cream and cake will be served on the parsonage grounds adjoining the church.

### Greenville

Mrs. Bryce Hyslop is under the Doctors care.

Mrs. R. Surerus and Mrs. Hornblower motored to Toronto on Monday last.

The Women's Guild of Christ church met last Tuesday at the home of Mrs. J. Bamberger.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Auchinachie and little son of Toronto are visiting at John Surerus.

The Patriotic League met with Miss Fraser yesterday.

Will Taylor took several parties to the Toronto fair last week.

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## Men's Furnishings

Boy's grey sweaters, coat collar style, each

\$1.25

Boy's heavy knit Sweaters, strong heavy yarn, red and brown

\$3.00 and \$3.50

Men's heavy pull over sweaters. A splendid quality yarn

\$3.75

Men's Sweaters, coat style, assorted colors

\$4.00

A small lot of sample Sweaters, extra quality and weight

\$5.50

Men's fleeced lined Shirts and drawers, good quality each

\$1.00

Boy's fleece lined shirts and drawers, sizes 24 to 32, each

75c

## Boots and Shoes

Women's Dongola Slippers, just received, medium toe and low comfortable heel, for house wear

\$2.50

Women's Kid Lace Boots, medium toe and comfortable heel, new stock just opened, per pair

\$4.00

Misses and childrens Boots in a good range of styles and qualities.

Boy's Tan grain leather Boots. Solid made by one of the best boot makers in Canada. A splendid school boot

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Men's heavy work Boots, plain toe and with toe cap. A reliable fall boot. Exceptional value at per pair

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## Dry Goods

Women's heavy black sateen undershirts with 9 in. flounce

\$1.25

Heavy Percal house dresses in assorted patterns

\$2.50

The Kiddie Middy, made of a heavy drill, laced front, collar and pocket trimmed with different colors

\$1.00 and \$1.50

Childrens Jerseys, button on the shoulder, red, navy, brown

\$1.00

Childrens Rompers, black and white check, 2 to 4 years

50c each

New Sateen for waists or trimming in cardinal copenhagen, light blue, rose and cream, 23 in wide per yard

90c

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