


September 27， 1916 THE GRALN GROWERS GU1DE（1450）3


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# A CAUSE AND ITS EFFECT 

## An observation of interest to owners and prospective owners of motor cars

TOO start with a clearly defined purpose and to pursue that purpose with an unwavering determination and an intelligence, born of experience, is to insure ultimate success.

The paths of business are strewn with the remains of those who have failed to recognize the importance of this fundamental.

The history of business is replete with obituaries of those who started to go, knowing neither where nor how.

The Maxwell Motor Company was founded to build a certain type of motor car; to build it just as well as experience, money and human ingenuity would permit, and then to produce it in large volume so that a low price could be possible.

The Maxwell Motor Company hat worked ceaselessly tỏ this end. Every part of our plan has been rigidly enforced. No available resource that could aid in the achievement of our purpose was overlooked.

The dominant, underlying note in the policy of our company has been, and always will be, to build a motor car of honest materials and by honest methods. We know that merit and value make the only permanent foundation for our structure of success.

Merit and value imply comfort, an attractive design, an efficient motor, a sturdy chassis, the use of the best materials, complete equipment of tried accessories and coonomy in first cost and aftercost.

Each one of these qualities are part of the Maxwell Car. We do not put forth any one of them as a compelling
reason why the Maxwell should be the car of your choice.
We are selling motor cars-complete motor carsand consequently do not base our appeal on motor speed or power, wheelbase, bulk, weight or lack of weight, appearance or any other single feature.

For example, the Maxwell engine, per pound of weight to be moved, is the most powerful automobile engine in the world. But we do not sell you a car on that account alone. We sell you because the Maxwell has every desirable feature-among which power is but one.

We hold that our manufacturing and selling policy is right. In proof thereof, we point to our record of accomplishment, which is nothing short of phenomenal.

Since the founding of our company, three years ago, we have doubled our output annually; we have amproved our car constantly and have reduced our price.

Having behund us the tremendous value of public good will, an organization of dealers and distributors that is second to none and an improved product that is making good in a big way, we will build (entirely in our own factories) and sell this year, 125,000 automobiles.

We are-proud of our record. It is something rightly to be proud of. Things do not simply happen. There is always a reason for such an unusual success. Feeling certain that our plans and policies are correct, we will continue to follow them as faithfully as in the past.


Prasideat

Touring Car, $\$ 850$ Roadster, $\$ 830$ Cabriolet, $\$ 1235$
Town Car, $\$ 1300$
All cars completely equipped, including electric starter and Hights. All prices f. o.b. Windsor, Ont.

Motor Company of Canada.Ltd.
Windsor.Ont.


# Che $\mathfrak{G r a i n} \mathfrak{G r o m e r s}$ © $\mathfrak{G u i v e}$ 

(alinnipeg, ediobnesbay, September 27th, 1916

## MILLING AND GRADING

considerable amount of discussion has been caused by the publication of a bulletin by President E. F. Ladd of North Dakota Agriculturat College on the results of a series of experiments conducted under his supervision. The work aimed to determine the milling and baking value of the separate varieties and grades of wheat. Some very definite conclusions are drawn as is shown in the summary of the bulletin appearing on another page of The Guide. From the results it seems to be quite definitely established that, based on the present prices, a greater gain can be made in milling low grade wheat than No. 1 and No. 2 Northern. This being the case either No. 1 and No. 2 Northern is being bought and milled on too small a margin, which is quite improbable under the circumstances, or else the lower grades of wheat are not being paid for according to their actual value for milling purposes. In either case the producer is not receiving a fair price for his product. The experiments on which these conclusions have been based have been very carefully made and extend over a period of eight crop years. Grain grading as at present conducted, is based upon color, freedom per bushel, in other words, appearance. President Ladd, from his ipvestigations, claims that the only fair basis on which to determine the value of wheat is its bread making and flour producing quality. This experimental work has raised a very important question. If the present grading system is unfair, the sooner it is, corrected the better. But before such a radical change can be made, experiment must show conclusively that the present system is an unfair one. Comparatively little experimental work has as yet been done in Canada along this line but now that a start has been made in North Dakota it is clearly the duty of those responsible for the present grades of wheat in Canada, presumably the Board of Grain Commissioners, to make a thorough investigation of this very important matter.

## THE GUIDE CROP REPORT

On another page in this issue of-The Guide appears the crop report covering conditions thruout the West up to September 16. Itwas decided that our purpose would be served by simply issuing one report this year when a reliable estimate of crop yields could be arrived at, instead of compiling three thruout the season as was done last year. In spite of tha rush of harvest work over 350 diflerent points were heard from. Summarizing conditions it is evident that this year's crop will be small when compared with the 1915 bumper crop. Almost every kind of damage common to erops has been experienced. Serious nust attacks in central and southern' Manitoba as well as in the southeastern part of Saskatchewan considerably reduced the yield and lowered the grade. At the same time extreme heat struck portions of the rust infected districts and further addod to the damage dohe. Hail storms have been very much more numerous, severe and widespread than last year and a considerable portion of the crop has not been cut in the districts visited, but the land has been plowed instead. This aceounts for the general increase in area summerfallowed this year as mentioned in the reports. In southern Alberta a splendid crop is being harvested, but complaint is general that harvesting is being delayed on account of continued wet weather. Prost damage has been considenable is districts where crops are late and it is evident that seed grain will be very scarce in many localities. In most districts, where wet
weather has not been too persistent, the hay crop has been excellent and both corn and roots, where grown, have furnished an ample supply of rouph forage for winter stock feeding Generally speaking, a much higher percentage wheat in the West this year will grade No. 3 Northern and lower. Taking the figures giving the area under crop issued by the several departments of agriculture and using the average yields per acre for each crop as compiled from the reports, the estimated yield under normal conditions is as follows:-

## Wheat <br> Oats

Barley
Estimated Total Yield $168,605,456$ bushels $270,477,468$ bushels $48.515,040$ bushels Flax $6,570,380$ bushels
These figures indicate that the wheat crop of 1916 will fall below half that of 1915 But the big prices now prevailing and likely to prevail will help to. offset the shortage.

## SACRIFICE IS NECESSARY

It is plainly evident to the wayfaring man that public opinion is turning against the machine rule which has dominated our two political parties in Canada for the past generation. The party newspaper organs are holding up their hands in horror at the exposure of corruption on the part of their political opponents and at the same time they are lauding the virtues of their own party leaders at Ottawa. It is pretty difficult in these days to see how any man can be a blind supporter of either the Liberal or Conservative party when favoritism, graft and corruption is the order of the day. There are thousands of farmers and men in other walks of life who are ready for a change and who would like to see it, but are helpless to bring it about. It is necessary for us to remember that it costs money to run elections and that money for such campaign funds has to be provided from some source. There are always a certain number of individuals who will contribute fairly liberally to campaign funds with no ulterior object in view but simply because of their loyalty to party or because of their interest in the game. But the great bulk of money for campaign funds is not secured in this way. It comes very largely from those this way. It comes very largely from those
who have iovernment contracts or government concessions and thus directly or indirectly is drawn from the public treasury. In other words the people are bribed with their own money. This condition of affairs it will be hard to remedy until the rank and file of the people are prepared to contribute of their own money towards political campaign funds for the election of men who will be free to represent the true interests of the people. No person has any great cause very closely at heart if he is not willing to make sacrifices for it. If the voters of Capada were willing wholoheartedIy to contribute from $\$ 10.00$ to $\$ 25.00$ each to the election expenses of a candidate of their own choosing they could capture any seat in the House of Commons regardless of the two old party machines and special interests. But just as long as, the electors refuse to contribute towards the legitimate expenses of their own candidates and as long as the big interests finance both political parties, so long will we get the same kind of government we have been getting in the past. There is no doubt about the general feeling thruout Canada and if that foeling is doep enough to manifest itself in hard cash the revolution is nat far off.

Why are the members of the government's war purchasing committee entitled to the bonor of knighthood any more than the worknein' who manufactured the goods or the soldiers in the trenches who used them?

## DECREASE IN BRITISH TRADE

Trade returns recently issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce for the year ending June 30, 1916, show an increase in imports of nearly $\$ 74,000,000$ from United States and a decrease of $\$ 31,000,000$ in the same time from Great Britain. This is a reduction of over 25 per cent. of our previous year's imports from the same source. At the same time our imports from United States have increased $\$ 74,000,000$. Our trade is swinging towards United States, a yery' natural place for it to go and rather strange to say our loyalty doesn't seem to have been impaired in the slightest. The falling off in our British trade has likewise apparently not affected our loyalty. We could almost be so rash-as to say that the course of loyalty and the course of trade do not run parallel. One of the most potent handicaps to British trade was the additional war tariff levied against British goods. This, added to high freights, made it too difficult for the British manufacturer to get into our market. Our manufacturers' ambitions have been partly realized. In the midst of the Empire's most tremendous life and death struggle in which financial resources have been a vital factor, they have deliberately curtailed British trade, with no other thought than their own selfish interests. At present Canada has trade commissioners travelling hither and thither to develop trade. Recently one commission visited Birmingham and J. W. Woods the chairman complained of the indifference of Birmingham manufacturers to Cantadian trade. The commission invited, mind you invited, 150 manufacturers to meet them and only 40 replied. Perhaps the other 110 had been shut out of this market by our war tax, which has done nothing to increase our revenue from British imports. What is the reasonable action to be pursued in a case like this? What Canadian manufacturer in his private businets would send out a traveller and then after the traveller had secured orders would proceed to block repeat orders in every possible way? Yet that is the policy which this country, controlled in its tariff restrictions by the Canadian Manufacturers' A ssociation, is pursuing toward foreign trade.

## THE MIDDLEMAN'S SCHOOL

The interests of Western farmers and the necessary Western middlemen are mutual. That fact ought to be realized more by both, but particularly by the middlemen, and by middlemen we mean retailers and dealers directly in touch with the farmer. These men are always ready to hoost any local activity which will bring a large number of surrounding farmers to town to spend their money. They ought to be equally ready to boost any national activity which will give the farmers more money to spend. The season of 1915 will long be remembered by many local merchants, implement dealers and others as the first year for some time when their customers as a large class were able to square up and they themselves were able to even the score and pass it on to the next man. They were also able to extepd their businest to a greater extent on a healthy basis than for many years previous. And it was all because there was a raal profit in farming in 1915. There ought to be a profit in farming in Western Canada every year. It is to the direct interest of not only every farmer, but of every man now dealing and hoping to continue to deal with farmers to make conditions such that there will be greater profits. It is a matter of cold selfish business if nothing else. Hitherto the great majority of the retailers in Western Canada have been going to school to the manufacturen. They
have been listening to the sophistry of the protected interests for years. They have adapted the "buy-at-home" argument to their own little loeal community and have forgotten that a greater volume of business with smaller percentage profits will bring greater returns. We know of a store the keeper of which expected to take a living off the community at any price whether ten or fifty people dealt with him. Co-operation replaced him, not because the people wanted to do the business, inut because they had to do it. Chere are are conffrmed disciples of the protectionist propaganda. They have been regular students of the insidious literature regularly distributed by the Canadian Manufacturers' Association for years, both in and out of the local press in Western Canada. They have listened to the persuasions of drummers on these points. They have taken the bait, hook, line and sinker and have made no real effort to confirm it for themselves. There is a crisis coming in Western Canada. The farmers are getting ready to face, it. They have to or quit the business of farming. The interests of agricultural development are the paramount interests of the country and only as the farmers make money ctn others sell goods and make an honest living by service to the community. The retailers owe a duty to themselves and the country as a whole to take stock of their cconomic position, to refrain from promoting the protectionist doctrine of "ship your profits to Eastern Canada" and to co-operate as one large community in sécuring the things that are absolutely necessary to permanent developx ment and prosperity.

Some people want to establish schools to teach soldiers how to farm. What we need is a school to teach politicians the rudiments of political economy. Witness the recent speech of the Pederal Minister of Public

Works in Winnipeg. He would see that Canada is not short in trade munitions at the close of the war by conscripting labor to work in munition factories. He would encourage peaceful immigration of the laboring sort and give work to returned soldiers by building a roadway from coast to coast. Imagine returned soldiers working on a road among the mosquitos of New Ontario! It also sounds fine to farmers who have to lug grain twenty miles thru mudholes to a crammed elevator.

The Guide is informed by men in the mortgage business that some local agents for mortgage companies have a habit of taking an extra rake-off from the farmers when putting thru their loans. The local agents are paid a commissiort by the mortgage company on all loans they place and as a rule are paid also an inspection fee and mileage for inspecting the property, the latter charge being deducted from the loan. In some cases, however, tho the local agent gets his pay in this manner he also takes a $\$ 10$ bill off the farmer for putting the loan thru. It would be a good idea for farmers to watch this procedure.

In Alberta it has been found that the War Relief Act intended to protect enlisted soldiers from logal action against their property also covers citizens who join the local militia with no intention of going overseas. It is reported that the local militia has received quite a. number of recruits of men in bad shape financially who have dodged in under the colors to save themselves from paying their honest debts. It is about time such legislation was wiped off the statute books.

After the general election of 1911 when the Liberal Party was defeated on the Reciprocity question, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that he was
not ashamed to be defeated on an issue so "I would rather be right than be premier." Now. however, by Sir Wilfrid's sanction, Reciprocity has been cut out of the party platform. His opinion now is apparently "I would rather be premier than be right."

A surtax on the vacant land in Manitoba similar to that now imposed in both Saskatchewan and Alberta would give a very nice additional revenue to the public treasury, would not add to the burden on the farmers and would tend to prevent the return of another speculative boom.
Wool sold thru the West at a higher price than ever this year. Two profitable sources of revenue from sheep, wool and meat, added to the fact that they are splendid weed eradicators and turn otherwise waste roughage to good account might be sufficient inducement for many more Western farmers to start a flock.

The Guide is prepared to pay $\$ 5.00$ in spot eash- to the first person who vill discover what the Liberal party intends to do with the tariff if they are returned to power at the next Dominion election. We cannot suggest where they would go for this information as apparently nobody knows, not even the leaders of the Liberal party themselves. However, it might do no harm to ask them.

A certain famous Canadian capitalist explained one time that when he was a boy earnifg twenty-five cents a day his mother encouraged him to save half of it and that this training had always served him well thruout life. He was certainly right because he not only saved half of what he earned himself bet he also saved half of what a good many thousands of other people earned.

skatina on thin ice

## Milling and Grading

President E. F. Ladd, North Dakota Agricultural College, after eight years exhaustive experiments, concludes that on the present grading system and spread in prices Millers make too much profit on the lower grades

Is the appearanee of wheat a fair indieation of Its value for bread-making purposest At present all our grain is being graded and sold aceording to
its physicat properties, for exfmple, the Csmada Grain Aet says: "No. I Maniroba Northera whea shall be sound and well eleaned, weighing not lesk
than 60 pounds to the bushel, and shall be composed of at least 60 per cent. of hard Red Fife wheat." In other wards the grade of grain today depends upon its color, its freedom from eracked grains and other
seeds and its weight per bushel. Wheat not coming up to this standard is classed in a lower grade and is not worth so mueh per bushel. Practically all wheat is bought by millers and, sooner or hate, ground isto flour. It is a well known fact that no making of flour. In order to get a desirable pro. duet the miller takes a certais amount os one grade and certain amounts of others, mixes them and produres a flour of the required quality for the partieu. lar purpose for which it is intended. By mixing different krades of wheat together can millers take: advastage of the present grading systemi Cas they make a higher perceatage of profit from the hour and by-products of No .4 wheat that they wheat for which they have to pay 81.02 per bustelt if they ems, something must be wrong with the present grading system, which
average spread of 12 eents per
 that mave rise in 1905 to the law enarted in North Dakota making it the duty of the experiment station "to eonduct experiments and determise the comparative milling values of the different krades of wheat by aling ehemical analyses of the differeat grader of wheat and baking tests, of the flours made therefrom.: In acrordanee with this law experitent for eight suergivive yesm. hept for eight suecarive years,
1007 to 1914 , under the general di: rection and supervisios of President lished the data and conelusions draws therefrom in Buttetin Na. 114 .
of the North Dakota Agrieultural Experimeat station.
Appearance Alone Unfair Btandard Commenting os wh work a short
time ago. Trof. Ladd saids "The appearase of whest alose will sot tell its value. Our experimests show
that Na 1 Ilard will mot make as
many loaves of bread nor as good bread ns as equas clutes. This when No. 4, beeause it has oof as mach sised with the lower grades is onder to be brought ap to standard where it meets the requirements of the hounewife and the baker. which are the stan dands by whieh the miller wells his product, sithe hey do sot yet ester isto the standard by whici he buys if. Yeu can't base the bread produeing value apos the physical properties as they are seen. If you do you mill sever do jestive. Is onder to arive at proper arades for grais, we muat take the srad promwing value and the milling quality, Just lem thas 40 perestar pert buthel, thith made more four thas what that welighet over 50 made mone wiblel. Yet when the millers buy wheat of this il ind they do set areept it at 40 pensts per buskel, but Bey buy it by weight and take 60 pounds for every Cubkel they pay for. Here was 60 pound wheat that mas more valable thas so pousd mikat, but ase
rerding to present standards had to tale a lower rerate.

Bras and Screenisg More Valuable
"Asother element emential to the fixisgepf yrades
 ay that the prosent arades were unjust when tiey asly is a ten and srevenis? were worthlem Tolay bras is wirth 820 to sis sa tos, and wrewnisp arosly as Mobl. Yet the formert whe vesto to the conkit a carlosd of mhest thit is somewhat shrush the atrat, herasse of the arrater amosst of cater ourfore nill make more mras thas a bigher grade. and zill have s migher zistes eowesi, A formet Whe serig' to martet a carload of grais costaining

te the value the mill derives from them, he is doekel several pounds per bustel. Grain grades should be
revised to take into consideration the lifference il the value of these by.producto now and when the the value of these by.pro,
grales were estahlisticed.
In the work outlined in Bulletin 114 some 600 complete trials were carried out on North Dakota grown wheat, to yather data both with remard to the several varieties of wheat generally grown in the State and as to the elimatic and soli finueures on the value of the wheat for milling and baking purposes. In general the amount of four froue rach variety was found jo follow slong each year the sme general curve, the percentage produced being affected by elimatic or seasonal differences. There are masyy facts givene in connection with the han ing: The average loss in milling for 6 es triale Mg: The average loss in miyng for 6 os trials 2.24 per ceat. From 661 samples tented the averazy per ceat. of Alour obtained was $6 \times .8$. The averagh amount of bran in wheat was found to be 12.21 per cent. and the averaye of shorts was 18.18 per cent. One of the important matters to be considered is connection with the production of flour is as to the character and velume of the bread that eas be produced from the same. More thas 650 tests, di the different grades of earh variety did not show

## SOME MTLLING DATA

Suppose two farmery, Johis Buith and Ole Asderaw, each kame to town with a load of wheat, 6,000 pounds. Bulth's wheat graded Ne. 1 North ern, dockage $2.51 \%$. Anderson's gaded Rejected, with $13.06 \%$ of screenings. Price for No. I Nerthers was $\$ 1.17$, so Smith's load, deductiag dockage, would net $\$ 114.07$. Hejecte
Anderson's load brought is $\$ 90.128$.
Anderson's load brought is $\$ 90.125$.
Accordisg to figures given is the article the anooust recelved in mill

## Smith's Load

Flour $(3,935.03 x$ x 89.85$) \ldots 8113.329$ Bras ( $953.18 \times 81.00$ ) Bhorts $(875.36 \times 81.25)$
Acreenings $(155.6 \times 80.60)$ Gasin

## Tetal receipts

pts. Cosio


## Gain In Milling Each Grade

Now, how mueh does 1,000 bushels of each of these grades of wheat cost the miller at present values will be Ref to the priees already quoted, No. 2 Nor., 4984.70 ; No. 3 Ner., 4966.30 ; No. 4 Nor. $\$ 909.20$, and Rejected, $\$ 853.10$. The gain on the finished product as compared with its first cost can Gest be seen in the followiag table:
Coade No.1. No. 2 No. 3 . No. 4. Rej. R $\begin{array}{lrrrrr}\text { Cost' } & \$ 1,016.70 & \$ 984.70 & \$ 966.30 & \$ 909.30 & \$ 853.10 \\ \text { Gain } & 251.43 & 270.48 & 295.61 & 325.95 & 409.04\end{array}$ Gain
Now for each expenditure of 81.016 .70 when Ne 1. Now wheat is bought, there is a gain made of 1.551 .43 , but for each $\$ 353.10$ expended is buyisg Rejected wheat ach gain of $\$ 402.0 \mathrm{in}$ is made. Fr . pressed in terms of per cent. the gain in trans. forming the several grades of wheat into commer: cial mill produeta and marketing the same is as follows:
Grade.

| Grade. |
| :--- |
| No .1 |
| No .2 |
| Ne. |
| No |

Rejected

If it conts is jer cest. to mill and market a given smount of Ne, I
Northers sheat, is as per cent. for milling and marketing a like quastity Northers wheat, is 33 per cent. for millisg and marketisg a like
of Rejected grade out of proportion!-frealdent K. F. Ladd.
asy very marked variatios is loaf volume for the difterest grades.
Casse most inferesting part of the bulletis from a Canadias stampeist is the diseussion of the relative from it. From the data eompiled each neason dur isg the period of setive marketing of grain for ? nsirecsoive days, the averagen for the price of four jer 100 pounds for the years 1907 to 1914 inclusive. would be as followsi firaight flour, 82.539 , Hras, 51.015 ; sherts, -11.3429 ; and sereesiago 80.5154 . Cev triag the same periad the average price of wheat per
 tosie3; grade Ne. 4, gosoog, and liejested, \&ivisl Is onder to arrive of the value of floser and mail proderts obtaised from a gives quastity of ohrat produrts obtaised fromi a gives quaskity of ehrai, is earl grade must he haows. This is gives is Ifen following table


## 

 thes the proff is out of proportion for the Ne. 4 asd Rejected gradka and therefore the gradiag is ether hasd, if the proft for milling the misel efrades, as given shove, is just, the syotem of grad arades, as given above, is just, the sysem of gradment so that producers of all grades may recelve a fair compenation, beranse is this ease the producers of Na, i and Na, Z Nop. are not gettiag all they should de for their grais. However, this asaumptian is not probable for the bolk of the wheat grades in meat yoars No. 1 and Ne. 2 Northers, and the millers handling these are spparently doligg a proftable hualisesa.It mosid meen, therefore, justifable, coselule Prof. Ladd, that the presest system of gradiag
wheat is not equitable and that the diffe? wheat is mot equitable and that the differace be: margis. Hesee, the farmer whose whest grides lew dees sot receive a feir eempensatios is prase fertioe to its true value for milling perposes.
Canadian Experiments

Is reparting on the investigational work dose an the quality of wheat, the Dosisios Cerealist, Dr. C. Y. Kaseders, is Belletis Na. 57 , pablished is Jetobity indiratios of quality. "A Alsho very hard Hed Fife may be expected to give atfongor fos lied Yife may be expected to give otfosgor flosur
thas sofi Red Mife, and no doubi, as a geseral rule Thas soft lied Mife, sos so doubt, as a geseral ruly mess will alse differ is the stresgit of form thant duced from them, nevertheless, whes eompariag dif. ferest samples of unksown varieties, very listly value indeed is to be attarked to sheir relative hand. sese or softsess. Bometimes the sefter sample will yield the stresger flour." The experiments condseted at Ottame cansot be cempared with Dr. Lada's Alferest fats, best they to corresiond is proviag that sppesrasie is usrelisble as as isdiratios of the millisg quaslity of mleat.

Or is other words the gained on the Rejected wheat was nearly twice that for grade No . Northers.
But hour is not made from any one grade of wheat. Different propor
tions of each grade are used, and mixed to make the kind of flour required. Is practice, equal parts of esch grade would not be taken, but is order to get the average per-
centage proft on milling the differcentage proft on millisg the differ-
ent grades of wheat, suppose 1,000 ent grades of wheat, suppose 1,000
bushels of eaeh sre takes. The total eost of this quantity of wheat would be $\mathbf{8 , 7 3 0}$, while the recelpts for the varlous imilt products would have amounted to $98,275.45$, and the gain for transformisy these products would have been of,545.45. This would give as the aversge edet of cack 1,000 bushels of wheat is the 8125509, sed as aversge recelpt of s300.09, or as averagerage gais of per cent.

Is the Grading Fairt

## cent. 24.84 eent. 24.84 27.39 30.59

 . 89 .85
## Politics, Plunder and Plutocracy

A Short Story of the wholesale scale on which Canadian politicians have wasted the people's property

Not even a market garden can be started with
out eapital nowatays, aed the more valuable natural resource require the expenditure of huge vuns upat
them hefore bereming proturtive. This fatt puth them betore becoming protuctive This maet vitn general, therefore, the ordinary man takes no un
tereat in the teady procex whereby the natura resourece sip into the hands of moapoplists. Bul eveutually be rays a heayy prief for his indifer
 that the Canatian peoptan That the Canalian people ought to be aware of it
That they are not aware of it ic emeluivel porved by the ueconern with which they rezavil
the ieredibly rapit alienation of their palile domain,
No doubt this unconcern proceeds from the poputar falley that anty private eapital is come not orepir to the averaze voter that he can accom plish collectively what be eannot attempt alone pand that thra his government he can build a rail may or develop a mine an well as any capitaliat. that of even the largest corpors tione seientiscaily sad patriotically
employed, it ean effee developmen as rapialy as private eaterprice, with the sivantage of mecuring the total Tomirts to the jeoplle. Tf is, there
 maturat individualo they bare not enound apital to undertake developmata their own areount. A dog in the masger pelicy is maually condemsed worse than to follow surh a peliey antil the time-arrived when thei collective resources rendered thes measurably indepesidest of privat have takes eare that the resource of the fommare that the remouree reversbly out of their penorwios

Individualism Run Riot Individualisu, however, was ith dominant eronomie philowaphy find the nineteenth evetury. Os thi relin evee thas is Kiszland, the land of its birth and unfi recently peo
ple suptesed that minis. lambering and railmay developmont would mever he atteupted usless private eapitalists were bribed with moss-
opely privileges. Is a sense, this sotios implied a opoly privilegex. Is a sesme, this sotion implied a latet the secesity of asolsting private entergerie tally isdividualistif, berasuse it denied the power of ihe comasuity to do things for itself. Ilarilly anyoee thasght the pesblie shashl stiek to its lands and resourvea. On the contrary, progress was. be lieved to consist in dividing up the eonntry among
cencentionsires an ratilly as posilole, with a view cencenionaires as raplily as possible, win a view domald is eredited with heisg a far-sighted states man. His blographers, however, de not reoond of dist so mort tow popularie end of the policy of gelicy that ke hers geverratiens isto tise hando of mosopeliots. Concesalos Hunteri Active

With these notions current, the seramble for toe caeleiled froes the largers. so if the sverage mass, cometimes esvied the coscessiosaires, he derived casmation frem the reflection that isflirevt bese
its would come to him, and that is any raw he was Sts would come to him, and that is any rane he wav not personally eapable of makisg soe, of mining lecame reveserilet to the plusilerisg. snd fo the corrapties of pelitics it engenderect. Perhapes it was Isevitable that politielians entruated with the jeb of giving away an enigire should think themselves entitled to a share of the speil. At any rate, the electerste did sot diecourage that jidea, but contributed to it by aesepting bribes and electing usworthy representatives. Parity in sitministratios ispere. As a resalt, the esencesalon hasters found the peopte and the pelitielass equally reaily to sell their birth right.

## A Bortid Btory

Mext of as have learnal semething of this pre


conviaced that Canalian pabler policy in ite juat The Feudal Bystem In Canada hry, but sot out of the whole eloth. The past weigho upes him, jewerfully shapisg his eeosomie. plitieal and secial arrangements. Evidently with his prineiple in mind Myers has gone to the fegisning of eivilization is Canaila in order to Cosapany of Now Vrance was established by Gardisal itimelieu in $16 a 7$, and it endeavered to repro dare is Casada the feulal oystem then pervalisg g.ops,734, aeres to the Itomas Catholie ehurel. Marl of this land is stith is the prosesolese of the creleaiaatics whe have realiand emormoms weaith
from it. A larget area, comprising $5.585,716$ acres, from it. A larget area, comprising 5,5ss,716 aeres,
was grastel to the telgepurs or festal lopls Fewer thas 400 nobles ewned this preperty. Mrer peists ent that the seigmoriec may have been if "easlarly estesied, for is inis efficial reperts stated
that the lasels surveyel is seigsories is Lewer. that the lasels surveyed is seigsories is Lawer
canaila amousfef to 0,027, son seres, and that the ands grastel to indiviluals is fief and seigener arres, of which abost 4,300, g0e arres were gralually ancelled to temants
There plainly wopiring to freedoses. All the traditional feydal sactions and duties wete impesed an the tesant y the oeigmeurs and the elergy and great abuse jow phar serv After the Hritiah easquent in 17Es the filtiat governors and the govergemest it of thilham," Erites Myers, "repertel that of abont 17,000pie seres comprisel withis the surveyed tio triets of Tpper Cansls, lest thas 1 ,engele were
wasporupriated by 1אis, and this 1,000 eno inclulel raphe acres constituting the reserve for reails This left lrm thas l, woopoo seres open to grani, tatisfy claims for grants founded on pledges given
by the government. The remaining 700,000 aeres in the opinion of Acting-Surveyor General Roden in position or quality. Jurham, ""as to Ontario, that," coneluded Lor publie lands in Upper Canada have been alienated "'In Lower Canada of the 6,169,693 aeres in the urveyed townships nearly $4,000,000$ aeres ha been granted or sold and there were unsatisfied bu nearly, 500,000 aeres.

Whole Province Bquandered
" As for Nova Seotia, nearly $6,000,000$ aeres had already been granted. Only about one-eighth of the land remaining to the erown was fit for settle$4,400,000$ acres, Lord Durham reported further, was alienated in one day. In New Brunswiek, 4,400, 000 aeres had been granted or sold, leaving to the crown about $11,000,000$, of whieh $5,500,000$ was conCorruptios playeliement.
these lanis.
made it possible for us to do so. He has written In it he shows how the great Canadian fortunes wealth has taken place in Canada in the last, thirtycomplished ehiefly thru a corrupt alliance between eapitalists and politicians, by means of whieh the moselly wivem avay. The gives away feudal system estahlished in New Yrance, great propertics were acyuired by ecelesiastics and seig's Hay Company, the inception of railroad power, the progress of the railway londs, the appropriation of rqilway subsidies. A thousand sordid episodes, ifcapital and the politieians, are rescued from the otiscurity of the public arehives and the parliamen: tary dehates. There is ittle comment in the worls hey have a complling eloqmenas as marrated bity Myers. No one ean read this work without beling
 were made under British rule, but introduced. Most of the lands ahove mentioned were disposed of under the sew system. Myers shows from offielal records that favored persons, with the conaivasce of the provisfownauph. Asyone wishing whole a grant came to an understanding with members of the executive ranged. Numbers of these grants are set forth, together with the eireumatanees under which they were obtained.
The story of the fur traile is told
at lesgth, elose attention leint at lesgth, elone attention being pail Compasy. Myers traces the eom pasy's enormous profits to the gre II. is 1670 . Is 1889 thasted by Charles surresdered its monopoly of Ris pert's lased, receiving is exelang s1, 500,000 is caan, the lasd around
ing pests, and two seetions in every township, making a reserv gion in the fertile belt from the Hed River to the Roeky Mountains. Bullding Oreat Fortunes
"The ink had harilly dried os the surrende fapers,", sayn syers, "when raitroait and other
capitaliots, ehief amosg whom was. Donaly Bapith, hastened to reach out and wet immense land grants, timber and other resources." How they sureeeded is teld is subsequent chapters whie will be moticed is later issues of The Gaide. Meas while it is worth noting that the rise of capitalisen of the Ilways.s Hay Compasy's original marrende: Yeulal rights atd pompany's original mosopoly Jaoters Canala in lesi, and with the opening if the Weat for exploitation a marvellous ers began Decks had been eleared for a new precess wiste which development depended on fhe woe of eapital t'pler the old system the satural resourees fel into the hasds of men whose sole ambition was $t$ live is lillesess on reats and titles and whose ine tia cosalifuted the clikef obstanle to the eountry progran. Now there steppal to the front another mort of mas, boll, far-sightes, wastrupulous, and fully alive te the pataibilition of हis mite How mor of this tope campeted with oae asother for prini righta to use their eapital is developing the eous fry *ed enticting themetven is tolit by Myem in detail. The stery lends no support to the commone belief that virtue and success go hand in hand On the castrary it gives rise to the impressios that the kest "xy to get rich is to thite a governman calluar eharter. Grant, a minisg eoncession, or railway elharter. Is 1913 the eapitalist owned rail wayv of Canaila covered more thas 20,000 miles of lime, asd most of the cosotructios has been paid for out of the publie trasary. Legislators grastel Fharters and subsidies 8 themoelves shamelessly and railway subsidies formed an important meas by which governanents retained pewer. In the sex article we will try to present the mest autatanding features of this precess as Myers deweribes it.

## The Country Homemakers

## B.C. PROVES HER SISTERHOOD

 British Columbia has come. forward and declared herself, in no uncertain manner, to be not only aneighbor but a full sister to the other Western Provises of Canada
The two to one vietory for the woman suffrage referendum on Thursday, September 14, is exceed-
ingly creditable to the suffragists of British Columingly creditabte to the sufragists of British Colfum-
bla, as they had a peeuliarly hard task to perform is edueating the people of that provinee. up into little isolated communities which are very up infieult to bring in touch with eurrent opinion, and mareover, instead of our fairly permaneat agrieul tural poputation, they have a, large shifting popula
tion of fibhermen, canaery employees, lumbermen tion of fishermes, canaery employees, lumbermen
and miners. The suffrage vietory in the coast pro and miners. The sulfrage vietory in the eoast pro-
visce is, therefore, very signifisant of ine ouward visce is, therefore, ver
marelh of this reform.
Canada is now, more than ever before, sharply divided into the East and the West, It will he in the East, of the exercise of the fraighise by the wrotern women. The old argument that it unsexes women eannot any longer be used without insulting the women of the whole of Westera modifleation of the opposition, pase tieularly on the part of those who have political aspirations.

## bulbs

Again the diorists wiedows are
full of the tomely brows bulhs ohich full of the thomely brown bulbs whiek
promise so little is the $w=y$ of beanty and which never fail to do ${ }^{60}$ Usually price is Nature exsets her'fuil lovely hue and breath of frampane thate is produred indoars, but to this rule bults, at least surb hardy onee as paper-white narcissi and hya suevessful raising of thein sor the satural raisige of theim seither cemary. The moor ignorant amateur may ester upos their culture with is mind a few simple rules. The first up to a cerrais jeine noat ant are dose up is large pareels, so if you would have bine tile purciase of laree bullis. Very way be at the poist of breaking up into two, but built of this size are not ofter offered for sale. These big bullo, in the ease of hyacisths, are more expeasive than little ones, but they are more thas Plast them in rich soil, seep them is a coot, dark cellar, matering them at intervalo, until the pot is and the contents come out a solid mass. This will take of least six meeki, Then begin to brify the pots upatairs at intervals of two weeks. They should sot be placed immediately is the window, but hept for a wiile. This will help to brigg the stalk up Hy followisy
ny fellowise these isstruetions which the seeds I hai five me last sutum, when I beught my buths, That facr hyseinth than If saw is any of the Aopistr' wisdows last surisg.
dep, and plasted iwe hyaristion in carl, and tlay provilied the talio with a heastiful evotrepitece for weeke It is importast to remenber that valy one variety should be aned if each pot, so that both bulb, will be in bloom ot the same time
The paper white sarcisil teing nimall twilh, The paper white sarcisai, being simall bullas, stould be plasted close tozether in the pet, and If, plasted
esrly will be in blopm by Clriotimas Tany viil be in bloom by Christimas.

- Tallipe shol of old be varasted if the same way, that is a potful of obe variety. I have sot had the ame timeres they mith them as with asteisel and byseinths, time they make morh demands in the may of mots as the resuit of thosithtiemsess, /o one direetion, er the vagaries of the weather man in the other. phancts makion heynon.


## success tn marriace


 marriage. Noul doe't know if ye vill cesaider costribute it if oer. However, 1 am millisg to poift ty it if mime peor usfortunate sister will to regardigy it as a matter of bunisest I thisk it
a fairly good idea. However, business and love me. For love suffereth long and is kind, and could be no hindrance to business of any kind. I have made many mistakes, and the greatest was being married too young, which was'not altogether my mother's love and guidance. Thus I pent years of my youth caring for siekly children when I vught to have been enjoying the freedom of youth, and as my adviee has been to my gwn daughters, so I
give it here and now to the daughters of my sisters. Wait until you are twenty-three, or better still, twenty-five, and then you will know what you want, and know then you see it. My next mistake was expecting too much of a mere man, be he ever so fourn. Fond expecting mare than childish inmorance. 1 went from a good home to a much inferior one. and soons became dissotisfed and urieved and worrind tayself siek for fear I would have no better all my life. To tell the truth, I was tos muel afraid of diy husband to condide in him my morries, and when I dared to sugnest that thiugs might be better, I was told 1 dids' $t$ know 1 was bors, which
 very profitable.
ket at hand for her products, there are undonbredly bany opportunities. Training or experience, of buy, are abecration that invelves the rals animals, plants or poultry,
Flowers pay well under certain conditions. Here, as almosi everywhere, specialization is desirahle. Raising flowers to sell at a summer hotel, while it may bring in a fow stragkisg quarters, is not to be deprended on for any important share of a Hiving On the other haud, a woman who is able to produce is quantities a dependable supply of bulbs or plants and who linows how to dispose of them, may find it

Fhor hastance, ose of the famous peony growers. whose blossomis were among the exhibits at a recent bearly ninety years of age. Her story was ane of hove for her work, and patience and persistence.

## Sense and Hard Werk

Mhe began, thirty years ako, with common stock, and by wise selection she has fisally sueveeded in fion among fower which has attracted great attengs satistied At the begisnisg she wo dollars apiece for her plants. The jriee has now advanced to twentyve dollars eael.
Another woinas has made a woa. Not mutil ales was prat siaty growingfind herself free to follow her own tishes is the ehoice of an oseupa: fion. Without spechat tralning otter hask that which the average woman ad house plasts, she "bought some ots and topl up the cultivation of Aahlian." After tre yearm of hand work, she eousts her cualomers is cightees Mtates and is making a deided financial success.
It is soticeable, that to both these rurcesaful womes, patience and hard work appear mecesary qualifieations.
There is undobutedly a good o be made from the ralsing and sell. isg of clogo or cats, if it is properly og of loge or cats, if it is properly inge. fistinctive and elasageable are fashietio is hats, and althe one whe has ever enjoyed the friendship of a fane dog megtit as noon think of changing one tus lassd berause thene was a later mode ile huabands, still a dealer must keep up with the fads of the It lo pare
It is a gift to be able to detect the frot sign of the wasisiz pepularity of one hreed asd to replace with the sext favorite is time to get the ereas of the ardefa. Further, succens requires a thotough and a presius for takisp paiss. A teputation for reliabitify asal fair deaflag io requisite.
A certain amount of eapital is required for otart ing a businerst of this sopt, so large profto are puas tieally inposailile without the beat of breeding stoek.

## OBSERVINO BIRTHDAYB

Hy friaa 8. MoMahos, is The Mothers' Mugasise) I Gave four ehilires, all bego, of four, seves, eleven and thirtees years, respectively, and each birthay (and that mesase thirty ive altogether) supper, asd seme little gifi.
aupper, asd same little gifs.
the meses for breakfast! ased it memelly fastaiss the mese for broakfant! sed it wasally coataise fost fare. of course, the birthday eake, with ite candles or the suswersi ostlined fis asodlas, to the preat evest of the day. I cas loek baek ees certais birthley that came whes 1 wat semenslly buyy or searly ili, but I siways manageil to make the cakes and f ahall coetisue to make them satil the chilidres ne lowger exyeet them.
Ose featare which they enjoy is to wed a pleet of reke te some "thet-if"' of comee losely old per. res whe has not many more birtbiays is store.
We give to each ehild as many peesies as he is үears old and they are of the yest is whiel he was bors, if pquible, Howetimes the boys isvite thelr litile frisisis in to play with thene, and expe the daysi six years, whes he rase to to whoel! tweth yoars wlies he cas carry a watel! and dify yoarto whes be can he "a sice eld mas wis wile liair." It has taken effort and time really seeded for other thisgo; but I de set regret the trosble, for the beat jart of ell age is the semeery of a happy the beat


 turow ruwate sem revier in <br>S. G. Freeze<br>P.O. Bop 448 Calgary<br>D. B. Box 440 Calan





## GROCERY VALUES

Alberta's Pioneer Jewellers<br>Jackson Bros.<br>Jevellers, Expert Watchmakert and Opticians<br>9962 Jasper Ave., Edmonton Phooen 1797

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## The Guide Crop Report

## Reports from 355 Grain Growers' Association and U.F.A. secretaries showing the condition of the crops thruout the West up to September 16

The Guide crop report this year cove ers the condition of crops in the three Western Canadian provinces up to and ineluding September 16 . Over 350 dif. ferent points have been heard from.
Summarizing conditions it is evident Summarizing conditions it is evident that this year's erop has suffered con-
siderably from damage in various forms. siderably from damage in various forms. Rust and southern Manitoba and the south-eastern part of Saskatohewan. Very hot weather, too, just when the grais was filling, eaused a heavy shrinkage both in yield and grade. Further west, partieularly in Alberta south of the main line of the Canadian Pacifie Railway erops are very good; but complaint is being made of wet weather hindering harvest operations. North of this line a very wet season has been experienced, crops are late, hay is hard periesced before the grain is cut, makig good seed grain scarce in many places. Added to these adverse condl. tions hail storms have been very much more frequent, severe, and scattered over a wider area this year. On the whele the erop will be light and grade low, very little wheat going over No. 3 Northern. In the localities where rust damage was serious it was noted that Marquis wheat was not so badly damlieved to it being more nearly mature at the time of the rust infection. One rather escouragiag fact is that the area of summerfallowed lasd thruout the West has inereased. Where rain has eet been tee frequent the lay erop is a bountiful one. There seems, too, to be good promise in the potato erop, As etimate of the total yield, based on the official acreage under erop as compiled by the proviscial departments of Agrierease is this acreage owisg to damage sppears os this page. The detailed re port, secordiag to federal constiturn eles follows:

Provencher-Taniteba reparts received.

Yield of wheat from 12 to 14 bushels per acre of No. 4 and lower grades. Most seed wheat will be searce, owing to blight and rust damage lowering the rade. Oats yield 30 bushels and har Potato erop poor. points heard from re cort wheat yield about 10 bushels per ent. of erop, not eut owing to rust damage. Grade from No, 4 to Feed. Oats
average to to feed. At most places seed wheat will be searce. Oats average 30 bushels and barley 20 bushels. Threshing more than haif done, excellent erop.
Brandon-Seven repert
Brandon Sevea reports received Considerable of the erop from. 5 to damage from either rust, blight or hail Vield of wheat average 7 bushels per aere, grading from No, 4 down. feed
wheat is searee. Oats average 25 bush

verage 25 bushels and harley 12 to 13 Roth wheat and oats for seed will be fallow done llay amountiful and po tato and garden erops good.
Maedonald-Your reports received. Whest a poor sample, grading from No . to Feed and yielding about 10 bushels for acre. About 75 jer ceat, threshed. bie reported seed wheat scarce. Oat yield 30 bushels and barley 8 bushels per acre. Hay is plestiful and potato crop fair.
Reveral-repert from 10 to heard from. 60 per cent. of the seeded area not cut owisg to rust and hail damage. Majority of pelats recort inereased summerfaltom thit year owing to carly hail storme. Wheat will
els jer aere and harley 23. Reveral re port iserease is summerfallow averag ing is per cent. Hay is plentiful and rotate crop is good.
Portage la Prairie- Four paints heard from. Wheat yield reduced by rust, haji and heat. Average about 11 to 13 bushels per sere of Ne. 4 wheat. Ont yield average of 40 bushels per arn and barley 27 , About 50 per cent. of Threahisg is dose. Hay is plentiful asd potate erop good.
Marquette-Niae reperts received. In five cases little threshing has been done,
but estimated yield of wheat varies from Ito 12 bushels per aere. Grade is low about Ne. 5. Wheat for seed will be searee in some locslitien. Onts svernge 45 bushels and barley 27 . Four report
increase in sumuserfallow aereage. Hay is plentiful, altho three mention sloughs wel. Potato crop fair Rust, hot hail reduced the yiald of whont cases, average of 12 bushels per acre. Most reports state only small piereatage of crop threshed yet, but wheat expected to urade from No. 3 Nor, down. At three peints seed wheat will be searee. Oats witl average 40 bushels par acre and barley 27. Hay erop is plentiful and potatoes are good.
Dauphin-One point heard from reperts threshing badly delayed by wet weather. Stacks wet thro. Crops were damnked to a verage 16 bushels of about Nected to averake 16 bushels of about els per acre and barley 27, Hay is plen. tiful and the potato erop good.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { iful and the potato erop good. } \\
& \text { Selkirk-Five reperts received. }
\end{aligned}
$$

repoirt over 50 per cent. threshing done and two not more than 20 per cent. Nome damage to wheat by rust, heat and frost. Wheat averages is to 20 bushels per acre and will grade from Ne .3 dows. Oats yield 40 bushels per aere asd barley about 20 . One repert says summerfanlow increased 100 per eent, threshisg done yet is this distriet. Hay is plentiful and potato erop fair. Nelsos-Two reports received mention rust and hail damiage to erope. Littie threalhing dobe but grain area compara. tively amall. Wheat average 12 bushels of low grade stuff, Oats average 40 and harley 20 buahels per acre.

Bakatchewas

- Pripee Albert-8ix points heard from. Threshing is only just commenelag but yield of wheat is expected to average Tuot and hail damage recorded Oats thould average is bushels per acre aid harley ef. Weather is delayise thresh. ing. Slight iseresse is sereage is sum. merfallow is reconded. Hay is plenti. ful and potate erop is good.





| GRAIN GROWERS domation riono miumo |
| :---: |
|  |  |

## Violins-Mandolins

EVERY Home should have one
Thos. Claxton Limited
Thos. Claxton Limited

## Saskatchewan

## LARGE COAL ORDER

## rut meeting of the Edenland Loral was held on Monday, Auguat 7. The meet. held on Monday, August 7 . The meet ing was advertised re the diseussion of ordering eoal. was more than sur- prised to find a crowd as aver befor. A heen interest was taken in the mat. ter. Whes time was allowed for old Aere When time was allowed for old members to renew and the aeceptanee memew nee quite a few paid in their of sew ones, quite a few paid in the cees. We find we will require 130 ton, urder for which is going forward <br> FAVOR INDEPENDENT MEMBER

 was passed as follown with the system of party polities andare is favor of serporting a bona
fide farmer to represent our ingerests in the lezistative betier of this eountry. Meex, Bu
sugaest G. G. BUNDAY an forwarding an outline as to how we nugeret a Grain Growers' Sunday
and be ohaerved. The following ha been read and endorged by the mem mo thection Norn duly Loeal at regu The ehief ides of a Saskatelewan Srais Growers' Munday is to show that r, as members of a stroby farmers thole, a Cluritian baty, not ashamed to wormhip the Deity. We do not wish rove our spiriual abilgatioas at leas ane Nuntay is the year, to acknowlelye the merestity of vorahipping the true tandand of true Chistianity We rinated for this purpues at the next Whention.
wo meeks before the date set, should onert a preartier and write sud aot he mould be willing to conduct. At the day the misister's reply weuld be reat, and the members moulif thes thow mhat to expeet on that Mumday;
 to wear a surplice. The reading from
the Bible should be by a recgunized
Christian lay-member of the lopf. The Christian lay-member of the loort. The or duet would help to make the service bright, also any instrumental-musie. A total amount devoted to some zood purpose, whieh should be previously deSusday. All members should be asked to wear their membership badge.
Everyone would be welcomed, whether he or she is a member of the B.G.G.A or not. Wh consider this form of worship would find the approval of all

Yours truly
See., North Guily Local

## ENDORSE WHOLESALE WARE HOUBE

## Central Ne

y attesded, our in Altho mot largus addressed hy Mr. Burrill, was certainl epportunity to thresh out geveral us a tions, and I'am sure it served its pur pose in bringing us a little eloser in to hear yos are contemplatiag a whol ale waretouse, and truat it will be the success it deserves. I am quite thoroughly eonversant with Central in its setivities and diffleulties, if only onere a year, would be of great henefi F. S. APOONER,

## See. Eldos. Parmers' Co-operative

BATIBFACTORY LUMBER
Central Becretary: - Yours of. Awrust It to hand re mill work for avder Ne I65, and I will release same as soos as
little understood I eonsidered it well
worth publishing on the Saskatchewan
page. The evolution of a true demoerayy
could be greatly hastened if eyery grain
grower would apply himself to seeure
a elear understanding of hasie economie principles. Agitation for reforms without a true understanding of the eternal edge is Power. it arrives at Hersehel. The lumber ksow that all who have inoperted same thisk it is morth the troutle fo slijp oure fratersally,
Ws. Itritseritat.

## (erwhel, Mask.

BAXTERVLLLE MEETING
Owing to rais the turnout at eur
meeting of July te mas not as tharev as we expected, but we had a fairly well
Bilied hause and thone attending were amply compensated for coming out. Is Hesi, Frask Fiurtos, Histriet of fatian ise presest Mot and IVel direetor were present. Mr. Burtos adifressel the mereting reganding organisation and it the conerlasios of Mr. Burton 's.talk Mr. Burrill addressed the meetiog, and wing to the keen isterent of thone insest, devoted bie time haryely to a fivities, asvwerisg a great masy give fiens and givise iss gasy valushle ques gentions along these lises. After a few remarks by eor Gresident, the meeting adjourned with a hearty vete of thank. ROBERE A. COLEEMA
Req. Rasterville

AN ECONOMIC ThUTH
The following is takes frum the -Tuly
lig
an Denopracy, publinhed is Chirsgo
 have the tillers of the earth left the idle at a distance? Why have they operated distant mines; while thove cloye of hand were but partly worked? Why have they land, instead of future? The motive for it all is found in the word "speculation." The man of pioneer sgirit saw smong his neighbor: men who had bought land when it wan cheap, and were now well-to-do. But in his own community that had enrielied his neighbor prevented him frotn aer quiring any land at all. The country was growing in population, however, h reasoned, and he might profit as his neighbor had profited by going on ahead and awaiting, the coming of those whe his family suffered all manner of danger: and privations in order that they might beeome land speculators. They took up not only land to use, bat ten, tweaty the Fors, they moould ite enripfied slote the land rowe to tesi of fifty dollars as

State a Poor Landiord
But many of the newcomers an the
Irontier were unalile to luy ewfin low prieed lands, and passed on to still newer frontions; until now nearly the whole nurface of the country has been takes up. And
during it all our statesmes who should during it all our statesmiest who should tering out is this masteful manner toos systemis of railrosis for marieting the goodi of thise specualtors. What mane it by scattering the labint wulficient tep it by seattering the labor mufficient to What landlond it over the whole estate: ta fill two flowen would ereet a twentyWoses building snd perrait thems to lonate
where they plomp It otatemens undrotoed the laws of politiral pulilie purposes the and have taksa for public purposes the anaual value covelerred would have proplured two direet effects. holline have pervented any man from good parpowe ;and it would have prevested sny idte land in a settled community;
Henow, the nest man seeking land would Henow, the nest man serking land would
find it immediately eonnerted with a find it immediately connerted with a
market. Noch a syotem of settlement wowld have kept mens withim rearh saved a gevat part of the perewent eoot of tranportation, and would have made
the lot of earh neweomer olrther by the got of each neweomer, oherlier by
immigent ship of storl espives, eavirt than thom that rame lefore. What, a at aqfertunity for the yowns man mad equal to groat thing! The gevatrot

## BORBRIDGE'S HARNESS

CATALOGUE

wn win
 Wi noor will uir oule Fecory outpui

 We pesexy orderysintaz or over to oont fail ro oet oun oatlogue will BorBRIDEE Ciimu fitalubad WINNIPEG Firtory


Better TreesMore Fruit
 ill goo tater, erop earlier C.X.L.

Stumping Powder
 Uut cx Ninu
 Conedion Limited
CXI (XXL) Ninmenice Sis-Y

## - 6 4



## NOTICE

STEAM BOILER ACT
Lieensed Engineers not required for Threahing Outhit.



Hepure ano Fnsin of this Aet shall not bulte Ar ktramer to be in charge of tor farm purposes cally.
TUnTukh INFORMATION ar copy theertully supplied upos application to the hurest of Latent, Yot ftoy d ह. меанити, seertar,

## THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

## Manitoba

## 

## SPECIAL FREIGHT RATES rates on cattle will be of interest to many

 of our members:-R. C. Henders, Eaq.

Aeting Secretary,
Manitobe Grain Growers
Association, Winnipeg, Man.
Dear Bir:-In accordance Dear Bir:-In accordance with in
structions received from Mr . Lanigan, structions received from Mr. Lanigan,
am publishing tariff $\mathrm{W}-3763$, effeetive from Calgary, Edmonton, Moose Jaw Saskatoon and Winnipeg to farmers in Manitohs, Saskatehewan and Alberta, for breeding, feeding or finishing, of production of signed certificate as de seribed in tariffs. The certificate arrangement will be the same as that outlined
in the seed grain tariffs, that is, they will is the seed grain tariffs, that is, they will
be signed by'the local secretary of the Grain Growers' Association, in the district in which the consignee is located countersigned by the provincial secretary and signed by the farmer to whom the eattle are consigned.
It is understood
It is understood that this eertificate will be issued by the Grain Growers Associations or hane file farmer applieant Alberta to any bona Bide farmer applicant whether he is a memiser of the saspociation tariff will not be confined to members of the above associations.

Yours truly,
(Signed) R. Q. HOLMES,
Chief of Tarif Bureau. Nate-The new tariff provides for a
reduction of 25 per cent. on the ordinary reduction of 25 per cent. on the ordinary
rate. The above referred to certificates rate. 'how is posession of the Manitoba Cirain Growers Association. Secretarie of local branches requiring copties of the to this offiee at their eartiest eonvenience. We appreciate very mueh the attitude of the railway companier in this matter
and lelieve that it ought to result heneand believe that it ought to rexult bene
Bgialy to all congerned.
IL.C.H.

DUES FROM NEWDALE IR. Dalgarne, secretary of the Newdale Grain Growers Amoristion, has forwarded the dues from their braneh (reeeived up
to date) smounting to $\$ 41.25$
COMMUNITY CO-OPERATION
With the rapid passing of summer and harvest we are approasthing the time wheis Asoociation will be arranging for their
winter's work. They should remind minter's work. They should remind the movement a fascinating and practical progran is oet before them. In sections

societies, reading rooms, arrange lectures and to further extend the knowledge of
the members and their familine along the members and their familine along
economie and sorial lines, with a view to economie and sorial lines, with a view to
elevating the standard of living in rural communities.
suitalle challourser members to provide suitahle halls, of meeting places, and properly equip and furnish the same for members.

Suggentions for Library
There io no mases why every branch in Manitata shauld not have its hibrary gmios. Nine out of ten people want fetion and mothing elee let them have
some fietion. Make your libisry half some fiction. Make your libinsy half
fietion. Aok your members and as many getion. Abk your momerers and an many pot a dollar inte the projeet of a finst dallar mill fo the library foe for the eosh trilutor for the ensuing twelve monthe Aise to opes it Devember 1, with at least Efty books. Mut theme inte the hands of a inopoousite and live member of your binnoh. Have them marked and numb bered. If half a dosere mese winh to coebtribute a book esch, let them, hut simit no trash. Put in Henry Gieorye's "Proand "Protection of Free (Trader", asd Foat's Taxation of Land Values, Ciet Hobhoure's "Laberalism", snd Ceril's Conalryatien," and Macdonald's "The
oesal Movement." They are all in the oesal Movement." They are all in the
onse Taiversity Lilinary at fwenty-five
or thirty eents. Get half a dozen of The
People's Books at fifteen or twenty cents People's Books at fifteen or twenty, cents,
such as Clayton's "Co-operation," Faw cett's "Woman Sufrage," Nevison's and Demoeracy" and Verinder's "Land, Industry and Taxation." It needs some boosting, but it is worth while. the teachers and the ministers and all the other fellows to push it. Recommend
it every day you live. It will never go it every day you live. It will never go your eommunity will he the better of it
If there is no weekly or bi-weekly community meeting in your neighborhoor for study and entertainment and socia development, the fall of 1916 is the time to start it. The churches profess to be a unifying and uplifting agency. Get them at it in your community. If they persist in segregating and hiving of the people
in little sections, bid them. God-peed, but insist that there must be a community meeting, where Methodiat will meet Preabyterian, where Baptist and Anglican will rub shoulders with Catholic and Jew, and come to know and respeet each other the better. Get three good leetures for the winter. If your people
do not like lectures tell them they would do not like lectures tell them they would
be better if they did and that thime will be better if they did and that three will
not kill anybody. Have loeal talent debate something and you will be surprised what local falept can do. Make the whole community sing something tofother, something old that all can sing. Then have them learn something new to sing, and make them sing it until the rafters echo. Talk practical larming once in six weeks or so. Put an Al farmer on
the floor to lead the discusion. Giet your the foor to lead the discussion. Get your
reeve over to talk on municipal problems reeve over to talk on municipal probiems
for a night, and if he ean't, fire him and put in a reeve that ean and will. If there is a high sehool within twenty miles,
get the seience teacher to talk some get the seience teacher to talk some
night of physical geography or the night of physical seography of the
formation of the earth. Make your compunity meeting the big thing in the winter's his

What Are You Dolng?
The flrain firowers' movement berause it in what is is, has eertain natural re-
lationahipe and affilistionas. Has your blwonahipe and afflistionas Has your operstively to help and be helped by operatively to help and te belationahipe? It is sympathetie ta thie churches, berause secording to their light they stand for the uplift of the communify. It carres shout the sgrieultural associations and the beef ring and the exg circles and the horticultura good roads asweriations wnd the plowing good roads asoriations snd the plowise fristernal bodies. Coulfn't your bifanel combine trith some one or other of sueh mentrefer for soine bit of united work mocially, educationally of atherwime is mutual advantage? Have you tried it Make the esperiment this fall. Try motry one of other worthy ofganisation. Fini even for a woek cely. It will be is faetor in the unifying, the consolidating, the otrengthening of the comamunity, and will be found weil worth while Yorgr prejudice and old feuds and imaginary grest purpose of perfeeting as far as may Co your evimmunity's eorner of our great Canafian Demoeracy. (Contributed by

## OO-OPRRATION




See and trya
DE LAVAL
Cream Separator
 mparator:
It is important, that you get a machine which will stand conyears to come.
It is important that you get a asyy to wash and clean.
It is vitally important that yoy get a machine which will save ali
of your cream inatesed of loaing of your cream instead of losing
enoung in a year to amouht to more enoung in a ye
Whan ite coet.
We know that if you ase and ten to one you will buy it. It's ite own beet salesman.
Any De Lavel agent will be glad to aet a machine up for yoy on your own place on trial, and
you want to keep you want to keep venient to pay for arrangement with our sgents whereby you ean buy it on it mill actually thave is soet while you
sere paying for it.

De Laval Dairy Supply Co. Ltd. mum, wintivat.




Petti's 'sloneyis Sod Hooeq




[T'S the wonderful elastic texture of Watson's Spring Needle Ribbed Underwear that gives it its smooth, soft surface, and its greater strength. You are looking for the newest and best ideas in underwear; you get them when you see that the garments you buy bear the Watson Spring Needle Ribbed label. All styles and sizes and fabrics for men, women and children.

## Walson's <br> UNDERWEAR

The Waven Mawlansuring Company. Linited. Brandord. Onesvio

## CREAM : <br> EGGS : <br> CREAM : <br> I PAY <br> CALGARY CENTRAL CREAMERY ${ }^{\text {r raunser }}$ BOX 2074, CALGARY

TO MUNICIPALITIES, CONTRACTORS, FARMERS
LUMBER
EARMERS' SAWMILL AND SHINGLE CO. BRIDGE TIMBERS, SILO STOCK, WELL CURBING supplied on Short Notice.

Prompl Shipment

## Special Prices on PLOW SHARES



The Railway Problem

 If we count is the cash loans of former
days whieh were cancelled the debt days which were eancelled, the debts
which were repudiated and the eash aid which were repudiated and the eash ses-
of $\$ 23,000,000$ voted during the last ses
sin of parliament, we have a total of sion of parliament, we have a total of
about $\$ 300,000,000$ given into the hands of corporations, a large portion of
whiel, in time jast, has not gone towards the reduction of the eost of the people's transportation, but to sweil The
fortunes of a few Individuals. This and provineial governments' guaranteels, which have a softer sound than
hard eash, but yield the same reality of hard eash, but yield the same reality of
epdorsement on the national credit to perpetuste private profits. These authorized guarantees now aming about
$\$ 409,869,165$. The eurious thing the provineial guarantees and cash subthe provincial guarantees and in respeet
sidies is that they are given to railways which have since become
integral seetions of interprovinelat and transeontinental systems. Hence these
provinces and municipalities have given provinces and munielpalities have given they have absolutely so indilway trans:
trol. The function of rail portatios is British Columbia is linked with the same fusction is Prisee Ed-
ward Island by links of a kind that cannot be brokes by either provisce, exept to its ewn damage. Eves if this
welf infliction were attempted the in. self inflietion were attempted the in
tervening provinces could not permit it. flervenisg Prisee Edward Island, having only government owned railways, and having governmest awned rians of the railway
ewaped the attentions
enmpanies, is free of suel uncontrollable companies, is free of suel-uncontrollable
endarsements, nor owes a dollar of isterest thereon, while British Columbis has made herself liable to the railway
compaaies to the extent of, $850,992,000$ of guarantees, is some cases amounting to $\$ 12,009$ per mile, or a liability of
alot $81 \times 0$
for every man, womas and ahout s150 for every man, woman and
child in the province. To state it in another form, the people of British Columbia are tlathe to min mmmal interent
bill of over $83,000,000$ for the work of bill of over su, $0,0,000$
two companies whose rates they eannot control, whose property they dare
not seive, the elief security for the debt being beyond the proviselal boun-
daries. And all the while British Colambia shal the prairie provisces are payisg taxes to the other proviseses to
ihe estent that the rates imposed os the estest that the rates imposed os
them exceed the general average rates. Them exceed the general average rates.
Kives the railiay dividends, fursished in part by Hritish Columbia laber and induatry-so to foreige (that is mon-
fisualian) eapitalisto is the proportion of 89 to $\$ 1$. (Only about tes per eest. of the steck of the C.P.I. is owned in
Canaila). As the other end of the Casaila). At the other end of the
wale is Price Vivard Island, with ose syatem of qovernmest oweed rail
mays, with railway rates of about ose thirs thase of liritiah Columbia, and sot
ewe dellar of liability for a kind of "eompetition" "lose only effeet is to iecrease the eost of service.
What has bees sald of liritish Colum: bia is true of Alberta, Rackatehewan asd Manitoba, with variations guarasteel hy Manitoha amount to 825,221 , - 3 mm , by Alberta to $\$ 50.410 .450$, and hy Nackatelewas to $811,025,000$.
Thes thers ars 1,0 . Thes there are the land grants to
railway.-ageregatiog over it,009,000 railway:-agaregating ever i6,009,009
weres. whes allowance is maile for irvato by masicipalities-the jpasesos
of which has so relatios whatever to the syeville work of trasopertation, ex eept as to land aetually woed for right
of wav and stations. Wuel an aliena tion of the publice domsing is is ltwelf a proof of the inproper influesce of the
private corporatide os, Elvernment. The Jree Pass fmmerality If the trited states the free pans aged that lege colaters, jolpes, and oth. ers might be well dioposed tomands the
railuays, bot which, by the aboue of
an

## Biggar

the practice, was bringing grave trouble by law, but in Canada the evil goes on uncheeked. Passing by the horde of
pass-seekers who obtain favors of the pass-seekers who obtain favors of the
railways either by some pull or some railways either by some pull or some
form of blackmail, there are two elasses whose use of railway passes is a violation of the spirit of publie law
-the members of parliament and the judges.
Prior to 1906 the law provided each nember of parliament with a travelling fllowance sufficient to eover his railway ment. With a few exceptions the mem bers accepted passes from the railway cumplanies and then drew from the public treasury the travelling allowance ty, the way, allowed them and whieb, save tham, frem provided for them to to such personal favors. Since 1906 every member of parliament receives from the Clerk of the House of Commins a free pass over all the railways subject free pane the suspleion attached to erally understor railways. It is gennembers of parlismest still recelys from the railways passes for their familise and that this abuse has become as great If comes with a spock like that of flading a skeleton in your eloset to tearn that Canadian judgos-and these are not confined to the inferior courta nailway passes. This evil varies in dife ferent parts of Cansila, but in some portions of the country it is deelared that the juilge whe pays his railway fare is the exception and not the rule. That some of these passes are offered by the railway companies and not anked for by the judges, may satisfy the cutselences of some judges but it will the court of publie opiniqu. In one reppeet the free pass ovil is ewnerahip. For mo calamity can befall a matios like that by which the law
makers and the law atministrators lose makens and the law shministrators lowe
Whe respect of the people. We send menibers to parliament to frame our lawns that we parliam have liberty and bet. ter moral government, not merely to safoguand the people's property, and we look up to our judges as the very issarnation of liberty and Justice. Is it jomible tor members of parliamest and pect of the people whes they habitually aecept personal favers from mabil whose bualiess methods are is perpetual eestiet with the priseiples of representaCive government! If the railways were Ewned by the government it would be fiveir families and judges to une paases Cheir families and jodges to uae passes without any lose of dignity or inde Steamahip Control On Oreat Lakes The water-ways aystem of Canada presests a probleme of sarcely less im furt it is a sabject to mhich publis matiel have gives but little thanght. Rore and elucated, as this generation has been; finder the cosecption that the asly do fese against the exactions of a rail cotition tany is the rivalry and som fook upes water transportation enly av tiens of the railways. Years apo this competition was effective, snd summes pasenger and freight rates went down on the railmays when navigation opesed fn the lakes and casals. That was at a time whes many of the railway mas.
bers rwally hellived is bhe affective a/ers really belleved is the effeetive they ofold inflict a flirect loss upos a rival and gaise a litile popularify for themevelves. It was enelh an ifes that Ied the Weat Mhare Company to earry immigrant pasesegers fromes Now Yorl
to Chicago for tes cesto, as they did to Chicage for tes eests, as they did
is $1 \times 53$, the people of Canala payisg is $10 \times 3$, the people of Canala payisg


#### Abstract

^[ $x$ ]


volved in the Grand Trunk portion of
the route from Buffalo to Chiseago. But when the companies hal time and en perience enough the long rua the people pav the rate, they saw it was more profitable to eo operate in maintaining rates step was
river and anal the same plan as on
and land This was accomp gathering of the various lake units of steamships into one control, which could the more easily be done by the larger companies who together had practieally a monopoly of the doeking and warehousing aceommodation in the canal, ports This control of terminals and puerging of steamsthip lines has been of four vears, and now we have in Cail or foun the reatent inland artem of water ways in the worli" coatrolled by Ayndieate working in sueh that or the railway corporations that one can ouly compare if to the happy ryythm of the motion of the heavenly badies eient, protured the musie of the spheres

Water Rates No Competition fummer came down to the water in level but now water not only finds its own level in aceordance mith natural law, this fisancial result, that the Canala steematip LLines Lid, at its last annual meeting (March, 1916) made a net proftr' of $\mathbf{3 6 0 2 , 1 5 1}$, after allowing for intereat charges, depreciation, doubtful without
Without suggesting that there was tisis oteammiip eompany thas in that of any other corperation similarty en. dowed, the natural enquiry is: how is this company able to anvigate its boats from the upper lakes to the head of ocean navigation at Montreal? Only because there is a syatem of canals to verceme the Rault Rapids, Niagan Yalls and the Rapids of the st. Law. adrantaget The teamstif owners this advantaget The people of Canata at a tetal cont for the eriginas canals and an On the beik of the of enes of inis it costo the people of Canals 01,54,000 a year to minitain this right-ot way for themembip owerk No tollo have bees clerged to veswl owners sinere 1903, and the total revenues amount to leas Two nirdi coneer wot trom savigation iatereats, but from the lease of water powers. No arcoust io here taken of the light bover and life aving merviees and the miotresmee of the se Lawower five millioses smuall, of which the lake vemel owners ket the beaction sor have we condidered the neve Wei. land stip Canal, os wbich the expenditure $m$ far has been over $\mathbf{8 5 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0 .}$ this buge offlay neavigation facilitios and permit privato steammip companies
 vith the piviliege of charging the pab lie what treizht sed paweqer rateo
 the Comatian Perife and the Canaliae Northers hailiwy anyteme, equipped their atations and then siven the ceme pasies the right to operate their trains aver thes roath at the poblic expeome

Contrant this with the policy of liel sium, Helland, Cermany and other casainies where cazal navigation ig not shimed to to provie patate trat
 pertation with mill tavetartation that each wowid help the other, to the ead of sivine the ampleat wivies at the ebeapeot rate in pien ment has brought the ohole mervatile maice under state control, pertions of
 tione voder sate owneratip Seaiog is every mivintact ef bis, term tato ownellion then it is eviders in to tasenin time sooid be sothing revoletionary if Cas sta took over the prewat railowh en ough steamers to make oue emeient lise



WHEN WRITINO TO ADVERTIBRRS PLRABE MENTION THE OUIDE


## lowCanadianFarmers Saved TwelveMillion Dolars in OneYear <br> 

 In 1911, the number of weeks of hired labor was 317,622 less, it costthe farmers more by $\$ 10,226,000.00$. The cost of farm labor advanced to such an extent that if, in 1011, Canadian farmers had hired as much help as they did in 1901 , it would have cost them $\$ 18,808,387,00$ more than the same amount did ten years previous. What explains he decrease of $7 \%$ in the amount of bired farm labor in the face
of a $200 \%$ to $300 \%$ increase of farm products? The explanation of this puazling situation, in which there was less form labor hired and more farm work done, is threefold:-(1) Hired farm hard and more farm work dome, is threefold:-(1) Hired farm
labor is getting scarce. (2) Hired farm, labor is getting more labor is getting searce. (2) Hired farm, labor is getting more labar and actually doing more work at less cost. So many men have enlisted for the War that all lines of industry, iacluding farming, are suffering for workers. Soon it will The be aimat impomible to stt appricaed and reiable tame Farmoro Right Hand the Iron Casoline Engines, Windmills, Pumps, Water Systems, Finks, Saws, Grinders, Silos, Silage Cutters and Hand of Power emost important of these is the Gasoline Engine, for without it ve


Chapman Engine
 ETiation 2.


## 




ranscontinental railway rates to the lowest possible terms, and the regula-
tion, by ownership or control, of the into Canadian channels a vast volume and the west eoast of Europe. Thus
state ownership, if applied on lani and lake, and sea, would advance the foreign
trade of Canada, while at the same time re-peopling the central provinces under better conditions than the people have
ever had, or ever could expeet to have under the sur-taxing system of private Sinee the foregping paragraphs were
written the Commonwealth of Australia has led the rest of the empire by pur-
chasing a line of ocean steamers, to chasing a line of ocean steamers, to
be operated as well as owned by the government: "and considering to what the grip of the shipping ring, there is follow Australia.

The Mail Bag
OBIGIN OF "BOOZE*
Editor, Guide:-I saw your little article on the origis of the use of the
word "booze". I think it is a very word "booze" I think it is a very
faseiful derivation, the mueh more fasciful derivation, the much more
probable one being the Hindostanee as that is the beverage the British sol. diers generally driak is the eanteens the word got imported, like "tiffis" Millet, Alta. hobebt c. youna.

THE PATRIOTIC PUND
Bditor, Guide:-1 bave already urged a The Guide, some time sgo, that the dependents of our soldiers should be provided for from Ottawa, just as the
pay of our soldiers is, and it would Cane be foinly berse by everyene it accorting 6 his means. Heace 1 will subject again, as they are very strong. But 1 mish to endorse the letter-of
Charles Munden, is the Mail liag page Charles Mundes, is the Mail Hag jage
of The Guide of Reptember o. If the threat to publish names of now subthreat to publish mamees of mos-ubout, thes many existing subseribers will meassess suagested by politios. Wiil they at the same time prethot tom math of the haze dividends of compasies around us, augmented by the
war, have been donated to the pairietio fuadt The statement insued by the plaising wiy the fund is raised by yol putary subscriptioss and not out of ts public fusds is not conviseling

## Cowley, Alta

HAVE DEFTNITE UNDERSTANDINo
Blitor, Guidet-There is seed for ers is their dealisge. Twis applies par ievlarly to dealings, with busiaes esarizations of various kinds and per hape more partieularly to thene with caune for complaist agaiset these inati tutions over the limitation of eredit of very short terim sote reaewals, of jer hapo some ether equally importan farwer pertiajs has is fis mind that the banker promised him a certail thise or inferred he mould do so and doent't to so sut on at that time the farmer thinks be is sot beigg groperl derotandingo clear, reserise and deflait. insofar as posable, and uscailly wiethen ther truat ase asether or oet they put white if letter form. The former mx be sure that is his dealiegs with bue. ons men they are going to have all any that easenot be paisoni4. Tie forver owes to bive to memary Th ties, and to overlook havisg a defieit. asderstasding is. saly isvitiog futarm
trouble for bimeelf. - Dis lark of de finitenest has been a fruitfol source of trestle for formets duriog the lent fet
tain vertal understandings with ageuts bethered would be honestly carried out Perhars the other party to this sup. posed udertanding had no intention
of carrining it out as the farmer saw it. of carrying it out as the farmer saw it,
or conditions may have.changed and the or conditions may have.e.enanged and tue
farmer finds himself yuder the neees farmer finds himseer yuner the neees pity of meeting some for some months good example of sueh changed eondi: tione ts the reptacement of the loeat batk manager by " new man man
acquainted with the distriet, perthap
wis. lacking a sympathetic interest in farm ero and tarming, and even perhaps be igg so green on the jub as to suow but tery Weat who would have saved thein teives eadees worry and real trouible by baving more definite agreements re garding their credits or note extensions or other matternare legion. The same applies to other lines of work. There are, of course, well defined limits to this, but greater definiteness in busiacso relations is a muce aeeded step masy of our commosest misunderstand image.

## imga Winnipeg

$\qquad$ E. A. W

FARMER REPRESENTATION
Editor, Guide:-I was mueh interested ast week in reading b letter in The Guide by D. W. Buchanan suggesting the stepe that might be taken by the Weatern unganisations of farmers, and I presume also labor, in regard to the next federal eleetions, which will take place in the near future. I am sure the sentiment
espresipd so eoncisely by Mr. Buchanan esprospltso concisly by Mr. Buchanan the Westers farmers, and it only needs as organization such as he suggesto to foree the "people's movement" to the forefront in tederal polities.
The. Western spirit fostered by the poltent factor is all legialation during the posat tens years in 'the three Western provinces. It has acted as a splark from a magnetb to the political machines. The same dynamie spark is needed very baily at Ottawa, and there never has been such a splendid opportunity of
getting on a copnection as at prest getribg od a connectiot as at piescal. mes is connection with the organinationg sho are imbued with that oppitit and if sat dows to Ottawn would stand together and be the strongest factor in moulding publie opition both is and out of the House. Beniles there will be some vital quastione eotming up for diseusion, such bore the Weatern land policy will be hantlied to grit the returned sofdiers bark to the land, the rural eveclit banks te sesist them, the railway policy where wery failical atepm muat in taken, and many others whilich, if left to the old flacy will be handiod. is as easy guese how It is up to the fan ts have thrir own fepersentativis ons tinually on the job to wateh their interests very crowely, and how ean they do it better than by having their expenies paid by the sessional indemnity which is sow being used to foster the old party masI do not think it wise for the Grais Gitomenc A moxiation to make a move is the dirketion as an ansoriation. biut an ilr. Hurhanan sugposts, a apecial convention should te espled af a serics of to ert s mers ine differest consaliturnicios eople Arraserments ase leinas of the Ecift a convention in Arvinis made ta early part of Novernher and I would sugest that the Free Traile League whinh ie at active ofganisation with gembien is mark futuvince, eall o tererts of the annual mopling during the veel inumern' firsis Compting of The Graie the old stalwarts will fe on when most of
 thinks thin is the right move get buary shed wee what ena le choter

## Natevan, Mank:

NOT WELL SUITED
horme wad trying to sell a wind-hroken hormertion and after trotting him sround for retiarked to the pronetective buyek and
"Han't he a lovely evat?
wes fanting and sotioed that the borse *as panting and anvwered:
don't like hise pante.

## FIVE ROSES FLOUR

FOR BREADS-CAKES PUDDINGS-PASTRIES PLEABE MENTION THE GUIDE

## Isn't this a wonderful oven?

Convenient Drop Door Tested Thermometer<br>Economy Flue System Walls of Nickelled Steel

## Ventilation

$W^{\text {HAT more could be added? Here is an oven you enjoy using. }}$ It saves your fuel, and helps you serve finer meals than you ever thought you would be capable of cooking.

1 The Conrenient Drop Door shows how thoroughly every little need has been taken care of. When open it acts as a shelf for sliding vescels in and out of tho oven. Even the handle serves a double purpose for it is notched so that the door can be left the least bit open when you want to cool the oven.

2 There is no guess-work about the heat of this oven. When the oven is right, the tested Kootenay thermometer tells you aceurately.

3 And should the cooking bubbleover tho
Kootenay oven is so easily cleaned The quick-heat sted used in making the oven walls is heavily nickel-plated. 'No metal could be more sanitary, and ruat prool.

4 But the saving of coal,-one of the natural reasons for the success of this wonderful range! The nickelled steel allows heat to penetrate into the oven very quiekly, but it is the MeClary asbestos-lined flue syotem that directs the heat twiee around the oven and stops the unual wastage.
5 挀品 rentilated oven carries off all cooking odors. You know what that means, -no smudge or diangreeable dors around the house at meal times. lues are aluminized and the coating on the steel linings resists rust.

McClary's Kootenay Ranse
Read the new booklet we have prepared. Send the coupon direct to the factory. Juat tear out the coppon NOW as

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Coupon
Kinally wead me a copy of your book. have.

## Farmers' Financial Directory THECANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

JOWN AIBD, San comund walken, 0.V.O, LL.D, D.O.L. Prosident

CAPITAL $\$ 15,000,000$ RESERVE FUMD $\$ 13,500,000$
FARMERS' BUSINESS
The Oanadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business, Includling the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on appllcation.

## FARMERS!

Money to Lend - Farms for Sale
Wo have a limited amount of Truas Money to lend on improved farms aituated nithin a tee-mile radius of Elevator and Railway whers the owner- not a renteris ie rexidence, maintaining the farm in firet-clase shape We have slao some encellent bergsing in forms, improved and unimproved, belonging to Truat Eatater under our care, which muat be realived at once. Send for our liata.
THE STANDARD TRUSTS COMPANY WINNIPEG

## A Story From Life

About thirty years ago a man of our cequaintance bought a farm. He paid for it with the savings he had on hand, and to put up buildings borrowed $\$ 2,000.00$ on a mortgage. Shortly afterwards he died leaving his wife with five sons, the eldest of whom was only ten years of age.

The
London
Life
Insurance
Company
Telleth
A
True
Tale. It was found that he had wisely taken out a life insurance policy equal to the mortgage he had put on his farm. With the money thus secured, his widow. pald off the mortgage and had a free farm with good buildings, on which to support her family. By employing men to work the farm and paying them from the stock and crops raised, she was able to support her family and educate them. At present her five sons are playing an important part in the life of Canada. One is a banker, one a doctor, ohe a college professor and two are successful business men. Everyone familiar with the case knows that she could not have supported her children and educated them had it not been for the life insurance policy that left her free from debt with a good farm.
If you have a mortgage on your property you will have no trouble in working out the moral of this little story. We have poticles to suit your needs whatever they may be. Send us your name and address and we will tell you abiout them.

The Alberta government and legitlon have gone to on extraordinary length in
preventing the eollection of mork kger preventing the collection of morkage
loans in that province. And there is as peeition now in eireulation, which is legiotature to mber that during the war
 protects from suit a citizen who has
joined the local militia. There have been
several judicial decisions to this effeet. several judicial decisions to this effeet.
Apparently a man who enlists and is sulsequently rejected on medieal or other grounds receives the protection of the act for one year. Covenants have been
abolished in effect, and borrowers who abolished in effect, and borrowers who
met their payments regularly until this work of art became law now invite the loaning companies to take the property as they do not intend to make any further payments. This is the province which recently in another case registered a seed
grain lien eight years after the grain was grain lien eight years after the grain way in the meantime changed hands several times.
The province of Alberta exacts pay-
ment of an increment tax on the issue of ment of an increment tax on the issue of certificate of final foreclosure to a mort-
gage of a property against which there gage of a property againat which there
are prohahly hundreds of dollars of are prohabily hundreds of dollars of weeds. In other provinces there is some limitation upon the authority given to officials for the destruction of noxious weeds, but Alberta has never seen fit to place any limitation on the amount. and day adding interest chargrs nigh and and day adding interest chargs, and the amount is paid or not. When the quarter section falls inte the lending company's hands. She government imposes a surtax of fine because the land is out of cultivation
diseontinued loaning in Alferta. Rome of the companies still have faith that these harmful disabilities will be remedied The hanks and lending eompanies have given up all hope of the efficary of per
suasion and are now cultivating suasion and are now cultivating the sympathy and support of the farmer
bortowers. It is found that they are borrowers. It is found that they are
quiek to reeognize the effeet of this outrageots mimpoplieation of leginlative authority upos rates of interest and treatment of borrewers. That lending companies will meet with heavy lowsen in eertain. Even is the event of an immediate recutatruction of this vicious fidenee in the integrity of the provinee is re-etablished. The pitiful prirt of it all in that there has bees an outhieak in the farming community of the purchaser of sutomotiles and threshing outfits such at has not beet exporiwnced for at least three yeark. if governmints will bill the meed srain indehtedness an Iogintation is enarted to tie the hasids of lending eompanies and other creditors of the farmer, he sees noe rearos why lie should not treat himself to a few eomforts such as these.-The Monetary Timies Trufuato)

## A HINT TO MONEY MAKERS

 Mont people buy stoeks nef berainethey knity anythyn shout them, tint biecause they see that they are gring up and. that other people are buying. of eourse this means that other people are
selling. for there muat loe a seller as well asiling. for thert Whust be a selier as werl tipmers and writers and promaters are urging the public to gert in quirkly and
huy some serurity on promises of pindigbuy some security on promises of prodig-
iove profits, leave that particular sevurity ious profits, leave that partirular security
alone. None of the stocks that have hat alane. Nooe of the stocks that have hal kind. Nose of them had is. They were quietly secumulated by those who kiew earnings and their improved robitions and favoratile eutlook.
Nome maders may nay: "I am not a
student of finance. How shall I find the student of finance. Hos shall I find the guide posts to succes?": Perhape some house of a fiuithing lot. Do thery huy any of these without invertigation, examinstion and forethought? Prolably not.
Certainly not if they are eareful with Certainly a
Finanelaf hetters are mat out toy mome af the best hanking and brokersee houses
They cas he had without eharee loy writ. ing lor them. The finapeial columns ithe sersyapers, ine coit figciales, repert the narnings of mot of the bige corporstions and almo the facts of partirular interest Fifanding their growth and developmest.
All these are rad by the rareful investor


Your Life is Worth $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 0 0 0}$ in Cash syony hallisgs fostock or other property. it tusfull vilus.

If not what vill replace to your funlly
the inceme that may any day coses vith yoar dealit?
What will keop your vile th the comfort What will edicale your chillomen These aro vital, urgont qusuliona. - as so miny have dons and late Fhate fanilies in went. A molerato nombun, pald NOW, with your suate. ond wathecard your family's fiane. Can you alford to negiect in?
A Policy in the Nooth vesurn



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Hentir suaceis is skixutcatyis
A Westere fonalise fasulistion tor
M. a. powkil - General manay

[^1]September 27, 1916

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Qet a Farm of Your Own
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on improved farm property

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a Herd not excreded for pruduction by any in Canada. Drop a poet card for a a year's cellial thest. You do not have A Years ceficial test. You do not have
to take my word for what the cows havt to take my word for what the comb have
produced. C. A. JULIAN SHARMAN, bid Basing Farm, Red Deer, Alta.
who ean then make up his own mind as
to what he should do, confirming his judgment perhaps by watehing the stock
exehange reports from day to day. These exehange reports from day to day. These sold and the rise or, fall in prices. This is a very simple thing to do. Try it and REGISTER RENEWALS OF LIENS At the last session of the Alberta
legislature an amendment was made to legisiarure an amendmeal was made to
the ordinance respecting hire receipts and conditional sales, providing that in order to preserve the rights con-
tained therein, a renewal statement of tained therein, a renewal statement of
the amount still due for prineipal and interest and of all payments made on aceount of lien aotes and hire receipts
shall be filed within thirty shall be sled within thirty days of the
expiration of two years from the frst filing, and thereafter renewals, shall be filed within thirty days of the expirs. tion of oule year from the day of the former filing. Where the first filing was made two years or more before
the passing of the amendment the re newal shall be fied within six months of the date of the amendment.
19, 1916, so that the time for on April ing renewals of the time for registerceipts originally filed two years or more prior to April 19 last will explie Renewas 18 next.
tached setting forth that the stavit at. is true and that the sale or bailment writing is sot kept on foot for any frauduleat purpose or to defeat, delay or prejudice creditors, and they muat be filed in the regatration distriet Where the property is situated at the time of the making of the statement. reities holding lies notes or hire remeipts as required lose their lies os the goods or ehattels.

## PRICES OF VEssRLS

Asnouscement has bees made recently by Lloyds of the prices realized ou ens during the seend quarter of 1915 . From the flaures submitted it will be perceived that the profito of oceas pavigatios companies must have been enormous during the last two years to
make it possible for them to pay such parke it possible for them to pay such In the ease of the King, a vessel of realized mas 6 goves.310, the thip priee cost $8223,560_{2}$ is the case of the Knuto ford, with 6,300 toas eargo eapseity, the ship was sthd is 1913 for 8136,260 , is February, 1916, for- $3370,3 k 5$, and more recently for $\mathbf{6} 486,650$, soted the Robert Dollar steamers are noted the Rebent Doilar, 8,800 tons carge eapacity, buift in 1911, sold is Apld, s.900 toes buils the some Kin Fas, sold aboet the rame time for ums. 640; and the Bland Hall and Altert Hall, eselh s.ase tess, buits in 1914, were vold during the jast quarter for in75,970 and inze,9/5, repectively. The Wisaleld, 5,900 tons, built is 1901 , mas wold is 1907 for $\Delta 100,525 ; ~ i s ~$
ispril,

 A sailigg vesel, the Powa, set tosand withis the lant few week for some, =hink was sold is 19io for si1\% $\mathbf{3 2 1 4 , 1 2 5}$ is 1916 ; the Doserye, zisise Eet tess, sold is 1910 for 620,925 , at tiso, 180.

CO-OPERATIVE SEED CENTRES At a treeting of the Sasiatclewap meme; Acrociatinas, held in Sapkatoon on Septem. ber 6, the questian of mapketing the些gitered meed produred uns diecumed. The majority of the members appeared to be of the epinins that a co-porrative markiting amociation vas desiralio to handle macmerr' grain. It was pointed out that much at ofraniantion could a central eloanine plant and could ang vertime the produrt of the producers murh more ceobomically than could earh man indivelyally L II Newnas, ecovtary of the CRO.A. explined hov the merns endurting wech as melling segrivy.

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When you ship your livestoek, grain or dairy produce, ensure prompt payment by putting thru a Union Bank of Canada Draft on the Consignee. Thlis is the business-like way, and will save you delayed payments and sometimes loss. The cost is trifing - Manitoba over 40 , Saskatohewan over 90, Alberta over 50 , British Columbla over 10

Branehes in saskatohowan
 On hat nut Mned oniac Wisation,



## Bank of Hamilton

61 Branches in Western Canada<br>\section*{pirectors}<br>Capital Authorizedi $85,000,000$<br>Crive A. Birges, Viee-Prendent<br>C. C. Delcoe Rebert Hoberen<br>W. A. Wend<br>Capital Pald Upi<br>83,000,000<br>Bell, General Maneger<br>\$3,475,000

Stir John S. Mendrive,

## sn. nexomeron.

 ED. EWART
## rvendident

 C. D. KCRERTheWawanesa Mutual Insurance Co.

## Head Orfice - Wawanese, Man.

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In large or small lots direet froms the farmer. Send us by mall small sainple
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THE GRAIN GROWERS GUIDE

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## LIVE HENS WANTED    

moos ox DOG DISEASES And How to Feed
 H. CLAY CLoVER CO, los.

## ABSOREINE

Wall reduce Inflamed Strained, Wail reduce Inflamed, Strained, Muscies or Brulses. Sigaments the Muscies or Bruises. Stape the
lamenese and pain from a Splist,
Side Bone or side Boneor Boae Spavion No yiver no nie ger. Hors an be
 rowik Fir for special imernctions manok K Free
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## DR. BELL'S



Holstili cows breal ill Others
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I. A CLEMONS $=$ mation

Whes whrtpo to adventireas PLEABE MENETION THE OUTDE

## Farmers' Market Placé

 CONDUCTED FOR THOSE WHO
## Want to Bùy, Sell or Exchange

| nates on classipied aoventisima <br> 4c Per Word-Per Week <br> Address all letters to The Grain Growers' Gutde, Winntpeg, Man. |  |
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| try and egcs | Farm Lands |
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| FARM STOCK For sale |  |
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|  | HIDES AND FURS |
| CATtLE |  |
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| 品 | PABM MACHINESY |
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| SHEEP |  |
|  | HORSES AND PONIES |
|  | 4. L MALKRE A SONi CAENECIE, M |
|  | FARM HELP |
|  <br>  | COOD BUTHE MAKER, NDNE TEAES KE. <br>  |
|  | FARM SUPPLIES |
|  | WivTES AFPLEx, Stcase salt aND ot <br>  |

## Better Than Bonds

Never belore has there been such a demand for farmas as there is right now.
Form lands are a better encurity than bonds. Coming on top of the boom Farm lands are a better security thas bonds. Caming oe top of the boom
cellapee in 1913 , the war has increased the value of good farm lands by enhancing collapoe in 191, the war has incresued
the price of all the farmer produces.
Thousands of farmers whe had moved inte the towns and cities is the beom daye are now back an the farm and the "Back to the Land" movement continues The big crop of 1915 enabled many farmers who were renting to buy farms for farm landa.
¿Do you miah to rent, buy, sell or exchange a farm? Among, the 34,600 readers sale. A clasified advertimement in The Cuide io the wimpleat and farmighoer mathat for the hoyer and melter to get tosgither, and it is so sheap. fenly four cento per mord per inaertion




The Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg, Man.

SEED GRAIN AND GRASSES
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wheat, No 1 goverameat graded, sample -a


## SWINE

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 LONG IMPROVED ENGLISH BERKSHIRE Pion Our prise ninning soms ayit litered. LARGE, PROLIFIC EEGISTERED BERK

REGISTERED DUROC JERSEY PIGS TWO
 FOR BALE REGISTKEFD DUBOC JERSEY hoge verious ween both seriac, ocod suality FOR SALE 3 BOARS, BERKSHIRE, I YEAK
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FETME
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## PLANT SOME TRERS

pert of a well oprosized farm. Ts the jernota well eryasized farm, If the in the plains, nature has provided these the farmer must plant and raise his "The weed lot is convenient is previld Ing fuel, peots, is convenient is peovid It may slise serve as a windbreak and for shelter for stbek. Os light seils or ee steep slopet the trets. will bind the
soil to provent erosios. $A$ wood lot seil to prevent erosios. A wood lot seell proper protection from stock and
Are and istelligent thismigg. After flanting, ast califallos daring a fow arigis, the work expended is it and the harvesting of its eroper may be doaed
in the wister, whes other work is aot presaisy.
Resides the direct value of a wood aevtlietic value is lugperisy the ap pearsore of the form ondio furnishise perratios is of cosijilerable impert: anve is making life more wortl livifg Inridestally the well-kept, properly lo cated woed lot suds sellise valee to
the farme out of sll pepportios to the
 sultural Cellege.

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 stock of yearlings and two-year-oldo to ell in lots to witit purchaser. Horses tooded on C.P.R., C.N.R. of C.T.P. free of charge.
II you want horses come to the Recognized Horse-Market of Weatern Canade.
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PS.-Wo have horsea of the blocky type. If you want horken come to Calgary
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Aay lime we have an opportunity to make a bs saving of any murh needel article we take advantase of it, beeaune we how that moet men
arm rrady to buy if they can save money by so doins.
When a manuturturer came alons and offered itis a number of threahers' belts at a bis reduetion af recular list prices we quiekly elosed the dral and we are leting you in an it, provided you order without delay berause the quantity is very limited. There are three different lots



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With our patented open and blank space sleves, it positively separates overy wild oat seed, eausing them to lie flat, and not up on end
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to operate, it will appeal to your eustomers. to pperate, it will appeal to your customers.
Made In sires, 24, 32 and 42 inehes wide, with or without bagger, and ith power attachment for gaseline engine if desired.
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Bullders of light waight, high grade asseline Engines for all farm power
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 storked is sises fungine from it it.



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Importens and Breeders of Cludadales, Percherons
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 of maturty
If yous aeed a horse anst sprise now is the thene to get it and you cas not canly set it murb, ehoaper, hut you can break him in and work him this winter, and he will be livalthere, surer and will-be seelimated ie your locality.
We have a system of insurance which removes all riak for twe years
tromi the purnhaer froms the purchaser.
 Arat We runrnmter ryert harme Ample time to reaponsthte fartien
Auk our cuslougens how we uise them.

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JAMES BHOOKS
Wenaging savesman,
North Batuleford, Bask.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE

## All Roads Run To Your Home

THE people of Western Canada have kept pace with the development of the country The wealth which our vast grain fields produce annually has been wisely spent in improving

## The home <br> The farm <br> The livestock <br> The quality and yield of grains

$\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{T}}$ is the wide-awake asgressiveness of the people Yios have always been caser to seize upon all forees working in your best interest. Those things which have helped you adrance furthest with the least waste, trouble and expense

## $W^{\prime}$

$\qquad$ your heyptines. and your properity
the truth all rose will rue to your mome it you vill but nend nath now tor

## 

FIS H

[^2]

The Guide Crop Report Mackenzi- Seven reports, received There' is still about ten or fifteen per
rent. of crop to eut ansid no threshing has yet been done. Damage from rust, expected to a verage from 12 to 20 bush.
els per aere of a poor sample. Fisees. sive wet weather is causing late eutting
in some localities, and this, too, made haying diffieult, slough hay being iase aze of seed wheat. Potato erop is gool fust, hail, frost and, around Spy from eyelone dama sed erops. Most of th erop eut hut lithe threshing dose. Av
ertige yiela of wheat 10 to 14 tushel of a poor grade. Wet weather delaying
threshing. Oats are light, averazinz 40 bushels per aere. Hay is plentiful and potato erop is good. llueshing dohe. Damage from hail, hot vinds and rust has redueed erop yields Wheat should average 92 to 14 bushels
per aere. Some 2 Northern, hut the bulk No. 3 Northern and lower grades. Wet
weather is holding up threahing. Oat. weather is holding up threabisg Oats are a fair erop, yielding 40 bushels juer seed wheat. Hay is plestiful.
Asminthoti - Twetve points hear com. Most of the grain is eut but Sheat has bees badly damaged by rugt some hail damaze. In some places con-
siderahle threshing has been dose. Yield Is tow. Wheat average of tushets No. wheat, Oats 35 hushels, and harley 25 Harvesting is being delayed by rain. - a good erop, also petatoes.

Weyhus-Nise reports received. Bad weather is delaying threshing. All cutting is finished but erop has been hadly
dasiaged with rust. Wheat will yield fromaged to it bushels per acre. Oats 35 whish. Three expeet shortage of seed wieas 10 to 30 per cent. Hay is ges Moose Jaw-Twesty-five reports re reived, Rain is keeping harvesting from proceeding: All erop is eut and
from 5 to 50 per eent. threshing done from s to 50 per cent, threshisg done
Kust has damaged erope and haif is re onded is some placks. What yielets vary from 10 ta 90 bushels per aere overage 45 hishols. Rome flax about 12 bushels per arre. Hay is plentiful.
Regina - Reves reports receivel. Regisa - Reves reparts received slow, but most of the erop is eut. Buat Aamige to reportat generat inst yielt per sere. Oats are good erop, yielding po buakels and barley 30 .erop, Twielding report shortage of seed wheat. Bome increase is moted is summerfallow area Hay
where grows, is plentiful. Potatoes verage just fair. Maple Creel-Thirtees poists bearl Trem. Mert of the erop is ent but littie and froat is reported and fle average aneld of wheat is aroused is buakels per
yere. Neme repart goad grade. hat arre
meat freme Na . 3 and good grade, but
mower. Meat re porte state increase is sumermerfallowed sere. Very limte harley. Hay is ples Nuift Current-Twelve
Mon rived meratios rust damage ased three mot mach threahisag dose. Averay yield of wheat is hushels, varyisen from
Yied to Na ? Nerthers. spme pointa Weed to Ne \& Nerthers, Peme points
rejurt wet weather and two exject shortane of seed wheat. Oats will av erane is buthels per acre. Hay is goed
erope exrept fresp three regorts, where
 Kistersley-Twesty eae pelato heard redsened yields is this district. About 15 per eent, of the erop remains to be
tent and little threating his heen tone Est and little threahing has been done,
Wet wrather io responaible for holding Wet wrather is responsible for holding ap harveating eperatioas, Fiatimated mirai yirid averages is bushels pet as 30 buahela at sasse peinta. Oats are is fair erop at abeat is to so buatieli fer acre, Brade of wheat varies from ful but hard to. get at and put opies
arcesut of rais. Potateen only fair. Cletisent on Foen 27
 HEALTH


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bepk T Head offee: mxerts
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\section*{Farm Women's Clubs}


COMMUNITY LAUNDRY Are there any community laundries on the prairie?
but there are such laundries, organized but there are such laundries, organiued in eountry distriets. In the first place a in eomentry districts. is the lametry run sithout profit to anyone but the women who estahlish it. If a club of women start it, then ooly the elub members profit by it, but other women may send their washing
and part of the ironing done away from and part of the iromitg done away from and it could be managed. In the first plase, choose a place for the laundry that wail eost as little as possible. If you liave a ereamery it would be advisable to rui the laundry in connection with it. If not, perhape you have a basement in your not, perthaps there is some other place not, perhaps there is some other place
that could be fitted up at a small coost. The equipment is the next problem. A committee of women should be appointed to inveatigate this matter and report on
the coast, laid down, of the tulis, the vringers, the drain pipes put in, the mangle, the engine and the stove, as well as the wages of the man of wothan who sould run it
In one district the woman who had guse around from house to house washing to do the work, and did it weil. The washing was collected by the naions that ealled for the childres to The launiry was mear the selool and the pareets were again delivered by the mame means.
The payment for equipment was made it ien equat preymests, and ty clarging ark done for outsiders there was enough vork done for outaiders there was chough
mosey made by the laundry to pay for the equipmest. The members of the elat paid only half as much for their laundry pas the somen not members, and in the ease mentioned there were enough notsmembers patronioed the laundry to make te the rase.
The mangle ironed all the slirets and fat things meze isturned home licauti. fally vailied and froned and folded, at mact less than hali the coot of having them washed at a regular laundry, and
at loses than a regular laundry price to then vio were not members but potronlued the laundry
One woman soid she dibl ber sowing is the time she had formerly devoted to that she had made money, leenuuse the parmests matl were elospiper ned move better than the ready-mades she fhai beree aceuatotend to buy.--Selected.

\section*{PURCHASBE BULDDEN} Althe vou have sot hard from ur isz." 1 aw ithased to repart that the Ammbers of Wyayard Grais Growerb: Avseriation have purchased a building that was formerty used as a bearding boure, ft has been remelelled, ase we Bave i detigatful reat room fted of yher soaveniesces. This is where we hold cuaveniesices, this is where to downtairy part. After earh meaties *e serve a tes cent lusel, the proceeds. of milich heep our treasury depesitr os the increase.
one menbers, but we hope to have more before the end of the year. We have started a librory by eneth member afford, and one of the an they wonll bese appleted librarian. We ty to paper eo a tubjet memters prepare a at each meetisg. of this makes the meetings more isterestion Is June a
 ory piveir whiet waik hett os the slowe of big Quill Eake.
look sfter the welfare of the soldier?
sives and children in this community.
We have made an autograph quilt with some two hundred and eighty eight names on it. We have sold two hundred uekets at twenty-five cents each on this quilt, which will be disposed of
by raffle. The proceeds of tiekets will be donated to the Red Cross fund.
On June 3, the Rev, Wm. MeCoy attended our meeting and suggested the idea of an annual union ehureh service
to be beld for the Grain Growers. The idea was heartily endorsed by the mem. berb and a committee was appointed who worked with the ministers of the several loeal churehes, so that on July 9 the frst anuual Grain Growers ehurch serviee was held in the Giond
Templars' Hall Templars' Hail. , E SHINNERS,
MRS,,\(~\) We are heartily grateful to the Wym yard secretary for sending surb an excellent report. Other assoriations camsot help but find it full of encour: agemens. That is a fise idea about serving the ten-cent teas, especially if the men partake of the good thingo and also put in their ten cents. One of the best and easiest ways to get the ce- operation of the men members seoms
to be to serve a good lunch The idea to be to serve a good lunch The idea
of a Grais Growers' eliurcls serviee is of a Grais Growers' ctures service is endorse and follow suit. it nighor be provinee and have a. speeial servike bold wherever there were enoul Orais Growers to attend.-R. A. S.

DVVEstioating twilioht sLeEP The members of the Dike Women Graia. Growers' Association are workisy slong lines that mark their society their reperter, is a very interesting let. ter writes that their laot mertion mad held is the disial room of the Dilke Hotel, with Mra. Oblourne, their preai dest, is the chair. A letier was read
fromit the mivister of elucation is an from the mimister of elucation is anThe members were disappointed to find Hat women mast be niefayers to be eligible, and so few women are rate payers, the matter had to he pentposed antil the logislature sees it to sllow. jayers is lies of the fart that they iayers is liew of the fart that they enuse of their dower rights is the plece of land on whict the home in situsted. The questios of a hoppital at Dilke was dincusned, and the members lave is: otrested the everetary to write to Dr. Seymour, Kezisa, for informatios. A letter mas rad, entitied "Womas 's Might to Twillath sleep" The mem. bers were all intercoted, and inatruted the secretary, to obtais the bool, "Twi.
Might Sleep. MrCond alos orite light sleep, wime McCond sloi merite ti.n regarding the bas jaid every wer. an at cilldhirth, to proesere evecuary esuforts for beroulf and bate. The members are ap with the times and are
 Tes minute chats will be given by Mra. Jish's Ambiviane zraduate of heriety, Kigland. A demesatration on cansing greens mas givee st this meeting by ene of the enmbers, and all were anked to sample the cassed grems, which proved exime of this very istermitel at the close of this very interestigg maetisg tion boasts a memberolip of as les than twenty four. Wr wat theme ces. tinued sweves is their work-R A. \&

\section*{pataiotic donation}

Desar Mise Mterkivz:- Foclosed plense
 evels of a picmie frow the Peart Lake End Crom Feniety in Orowers, for the End Crose Meviety. 1 ase shes enclos ing a pacer read at our meeting on very gool. Miss K. MAIN.

Seen, Tearl Lake W.s.g.d.A.

\section*{\(x=-\frac{40}{50}\)} Just Like an Old Friend

Always the same, smiling a welcome across the breakfast table every morning. It looks good and is good, and it improves on acquaintance. The introduction is easy, too -


> "TME Chafriess water slowly to boiling point and allow it to boil one-half minute; add onequarter cup cold water to settle, and serve in three minutes.
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { You sam get it } \\
& \text { at your grocers. }
\end{aligned}
\]

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\section*{EveryWoman should know of iblabor-Saving Range \\ }
-easy to sweep under, Class door on selentifctily inged avenderfut rances, moptete with fabor-saving drated which are fully described and lilus-
Itrom life) in the interostins littie bookjet -A Liehter Day is the Kitehes
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\section*{Young Canada Club \\ By DIXIE PATTON}

\section*{Who'll be the prize winners? \\ ready for three, and eomb my sister's} Once again we want the readers of the peang and write us the bet stories they
can think up on the subject: Natures Can think up on the subject: Nature's
Freaks. It ahould be an easy task for Freaks. It ghould be an easy task for
boys and pirro who live in the country
and have long walks to school. Surely and have long walks to school. Surely
every one of you has seen some strange every one of you has seen some strange Prizes of story books will be given for the three best stories reeeived, and any
new writers who enclone a self-addressed new writers who enchos a sith their stories
and stamped envelope with and stamped eavelope vil's pretty Maple
will reeeive one of the elublem \({ }^{L}\) Leaf piease remember that all stories must have the signature of a parent or teacher
to ahow that the work is original and done without help from anyone, that they must be written on only one side they should be clearly addresed to Dixir Paton, Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg. Mai.
Any boy or kirl under seventeen years
may send in a story for this cuated may send in a stary for this cunter


\section*{WHY I LKE SCHOOL}

\section*{My thif rason Por liking}
whoal is to get a good eduration, witioul whieh I woul. he grvatly hasdicapped
when I erew older. Our sehool is about when I erew older. Our sehool is about
there miles away and the road goes thri the wouls nearly all the way. .tying and jumping from obe tree to mather and dropping down pinecorns. We have a bird book and aloo a book on wild
flowers anf t like to afe bow many eak nume. Thise makes the walk so inter
enting that 1 do not mind the distanes esting that 1 do not mind the distance,
1 eas visit the other boys over night and have thiem come home with me and and has have lots of fun. We coin play
 the-rock and other ganse. We makr
huilets out of woft moud and , way war bullets out of woft mual and play war
There are some trees on one sile of ther There are some trees on ane nullof thise In the winter se make forts, tereches soldiers and mow merk. We koork them and have fights with stostalls in the trenchas
Os At On Arbor Day we make a parden and clesm up the whomighuuts, At COristmas We have a coasert and a Christumas tree We have a hax social ater tes nith the movey. There is a library st selool and
I cal horrou a book to mad whenever I like There is blucierry patch near
 masoss why I like to so to sehool first. ewn age if they will please write
 - why 1 Like school

1 like poing to methol, bersumen at olhool you hoth vork and play, and if you stopped at howe you would mayte have
to wort handre thin you werm at velool If I did not like ving to whool think 1 vould te in the nam towio whes I stopped as I was when I texan gring grorant and rould not be alte to read (*lich is a thing I like) not understand half of what prople mid
At frewo maid moon hour you cas play have a good time good time 1 so to staly juit have a ent I Hite fetong them. The mon important thiag there in is to et an you do not like going to whot ore Wiater, Sack. ADAMM H. SMMTII.

WHY I DONT LIKE SCHOOL to ert up early is the morning. oxt luncties.

1 have two miles to drive to school. Four beides me ride, and I cannot slide eold morning my cheeks would be white when we reached the school.
Sometimes the fire is not made when we get there and school calls before we get warm. The teachers are generally erom and punish. scholars for litte things they left
undone, ete. tho 1 only got it once myself, do and cannot go to anything that is Going on. have to study very diligently or we will get behind in our work
LAURA HEBNER. Gilbert Plains, Man

\section*{WHY I LIKE SCHOOL}

1 like sehool because there are a lot of hoys and pirke to play with and when
I am home I have only my little two-year-old sister to play wy, and she cannot play loll and games like the children at methool. walk to sehool is very
1 think the pleasant, eapecially is the morning whet the dew is ots the grask, and birds- alr
 with the world" That is the liftie vere that always rives to my mind whe
I take those pleasant little walks of a 1 take those pleasant little waiks of
maile to school. mile to school
Another reason for my liking to iof to dinner disthes in the lieat of the day, und finatead ean go out in the from sumemet air and play wilh the rest of the chilitre A The stukier 1 like beat are reading. writing arithmetie and drawing
V1OLA A. I. HEBZ
Astelope, Sask Age 12
WHY I LKE SCHOOL
and spell. 1 like the to paint with water and spell. 1 like to paint with water if I get done with nuy lomass befort teose time the tearher gives me the plastiocse to pliver milit a pieture book to look I like to play gamee with the other chaildren at recos and at noos hour. Sopyetimses we play baselall. We aleo play hide-and- Fo-seek, dropping the hasd- ante-over, kiek-the -picket and many other guses, 1 like to play school They sre alout twenty is our whow Dalemead, Alta. BERTHA NEWTON. Age

WHY I LKE SCHOOL
I There it beeaume it is so nive to te with ather childres and play games. We have
 pasyed tosertiall, foothall and s fre of ber guisen This to ose reasol wly 1 likr The other reasen is lecaum when I ane ping io whool 1 est interested in my *urt and harn new thinge overy day I hike porsaphy better than any other are lighting.
 will reveive a membernhip pin. Whateleer, Atia. HICANE M. HOWE Ase ia

WHY I LKE SCHOOL
1 like going to sehool very much. We hay. There ste five of on and we ploy all kimbs of game meth so a speling Whes we get to sehool we play have ball and that is a game 1 the wry murt
 wiry aife tevkir and that made it mier
We will te poing bark to whool seat We will be winf back to mhool sext


\section*{Fashion Department}


BETWEEN SEASON GARMENTS
September is really a summer month in spite of the ealendar, and at the same time the summer wardrobe is apt to be depleted. There is a demand for ciothes for every the children who must be made ready for sehool and for college.
The frock Nos. 8983 and 8981 is designed for young girls and for small women, and the froek is sn attractive one, svailabte for vois or for crepe de ehine or for challis eomplete blouse made in kimono style and a separste over-bodice. The skirt eonsists of two flounces, the lower of which is joined to a foundation while the upper is arranged over is.
For the 16 year siae the under-hlouse will require, 196 yards of material 36 inches nide. 13, yards 44 and the over-bodice, 116 yards 36 or 1 yard 44 with 6 yards of banding: for the skirt will be needed, 41/5 yards 36 or \(33 / 6\) yards 44 with 18 yards of banding, Both the blouse pattern No. 8083 and the skirt No. 8981 are cut in sises for 16 and is
years.
The street costume is apt to mean an important seed at any change of the seasons. The suit Nos. 8970 and s915 is an excellent one for all scasonable materials but here touch. The coas that is plaited with trimming of the arms only and held by a belt is exry omart becoming. The skirt is made in two pieces but laid is a box plait at the front and ove at the hack, and joined to a smooth fitting yoke.
For the 16 year sige the coat will require, 314 yards of material 36 inches wide, 3 vant 44 or 25 yarte 54 with \(1 /\) yand 44 inchen wide for the revers, cuffs and belt. For the shirt will be needed, 3 yaros 36,236 yards 44 or \(21 /\) yards 34 . Both the coat pattern Ne. 8970 and the skirt No. 8915 are cut in sises for 16 and 18 years.
Underwear always needs repleniohing at this time of the year. The pretty little corset cover No. 7910 and the petticoat No. 8015 are exceedingly simple and eany to make while at the name time they give the linee required by fashiok. The eorset cover cubsists of juat oare straight fuece of cmituldery and the pecticuat is made in throe pieces with the flounce joined to the lower edge. This flounce may be either plaited of gathered
For the 16 year nige the conset cover will require, 13 yards of embiroidery 14 ipches Tis or \(11 /\), 41 yant of material 20 for the pephum; for the petticoat will be needed, ise
 Both ithe morset cover pattern No. 7910 and the petticoat No. Nos2 are cut in siave for 16 and is years.
There is no prettier nightgows thas the one that is made with kimone sleeves. Ne. thaped neek, sloo way and can be made just as it in shown of the figure or with a V. and nibben passed thiry them
For the 16 year siae will be needed, 44 yards of material 27 inchas wide, 3 yarda 36 or 44 with \(\$\) yards of banding. The pattern No. Noeti is cut in sispe for 16 and is years. The combinatios of plais body portion with full skirt is a amart one for ehildren's troeks this season. Thie model No. soct will he found a sood one both for the washahle Itaterials and for the light weight wools much as challis and wool erepe and the like Ifere it in made of cingham, however, showing pretty lines of color on a white ground and is trimmed with white. The skirt is joined to the body portion betwees the tabe hut the tala are buttoned into place over' the bele
For the 6 year slae will be needed, 33 yards of material 27 inches wide, \(3 / 6\) yards Wor in eut in sios foith 14 yard 36 indies wide for the trimming. The patiern Ne. voar is eut in siase for childres froms 4 to 8 years of sere.
Juat such a litule loose eoat as No. sese is sure to be is drmand for the mall child's orardrobe. Appropriately, it asis be made of brosdeloth or of serge of eorduroy or flulks hoth very deep shawl collar or a square collar can be used and the patters infulre both. Here the coat is made of a light weight wool material with collar and ruffe

For the
Hor the 2 yvar sian will be needed, 215 yarcls of material 36 inchere wide, 13 yarde No. 150 yarcu 54 with la yard 20 inclirs wide for the collar and cuffs. The paiteri Patterns for in aks for chilifinh of 1,2 and 4 years of agr
Dratterns for the above garmente will be mailed to any addrese by the Fashion

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\section*{NOTICE TO PARENTS}

The Schools and-Colleges whose announcements appear in this issue are institutions of proven standing in their respective branches of education and The Guide believes that parents will make no rtistake in selecting from them those which they consider best suited for the education of their sons and daughters.

\section*{very achool tearler os the prairie should read "The Farmer an The Interesta." It will give his a sew outlook on the seboel. \\ Book Dept., Grain Growers' Guide, Winnipeg}

\section*{When The Children Rush In From School,}
 alices of bread and spread

\section*{CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP}


\section*{} frinal A2, 10w 20 年

THE CANADA STARCH CO, LIMITED
20*
movamyat or cancadun


 home and finally obtains his hanorable diwharge as Laving done his part for On being pieked up by the ambu possible under the circumstancer and i aken to the first receiving station. Her egimental number, name and treat lum. is secured to the person of th asuaity. From this receiving station lepending upon conditions, eventually where his case is enterelearing station cion and disclarge boak in the admis reated temporarily, a brief history made of the ease and this is passed ieneral hospital: If the ease is not the secious, lie jasses, when sent from th
Slationary of fieneral hospital, to th Convalescent depot, from whence, upos regaiaisg full strength, he passes inte the firisz line again. If, on the other hand, his ease is serious, from the Sta sent aeross the ehasael to the Primary srat across the channel to the Primary
hospital situated somewhere in Gireal fritais. Whes sulficiently recovered here the patient jasses to the Canadian
Convalescent hospital and after a time. quite satisfactory, the casualty is passed into his reserve battalion to re
tura to the froat. If not quite satis lactory he is boarded for returs t canada of for light duty of for plysical
training. The physieal training and exercises is the stage thro whies the patients pass before joining their reserve battalion ready to proceed
Frasce with a reinforcing draft.

Military Hospitals Commission
If, after passing thry the Cansdisa it for further service, he comes under Commissios and the Militiary Mopartment and after examination and reveipt of jay and sllowance he is sett hack to
Gavsis. Om arrival at the port of disembarkatios the Militia departmest and the Military Hoppitals Comminsios take tim is hased. His pay, slothing and transpert, together with his reex-
amination, if mecesmary, are dealt with anination, if secessary, are deait with
at the receiving depot. If he is a Class 1 enas, he is given 15 days jay asd
trasportation to his home, together with free meals es route, if he is a
clurn en Clar. the Central drjet of the area to whin he is going. Is the case of as opdis
ary renvaliaces. this to the neare ary convalescest, this is the nearest
area to bis place of tysidenre, but area to bis place of
where sperial treatment is to the area seareat to the Institution lie shall it is thes determised whether te shall be spot to a Cenvalesceat homep
or eflier institutios. or mhether he may beme Inatitntiens have at his own home. Institutiens have hers or ore being entablished by the Military Has
pilalo Commisoion for the treatringt of variews cases. A Class 3 mas may ge reate is order that he may be fittel with as artificial limbl if he requires it ther treatmest, he procends direet to peavios and diselargs, After discharze mes is Classes 2 ar \(\mathbf{3}\), if they are sum able to fellow their previous eecupa
tiess as arcount of disability incurted on setive service, may recelve voea After dischaze, of after vecational traisisg, mes are passed to the Trovis purfose of securing work.

\section*{A complete syotem of}
been instituted, starting "y perts hay Cosadian Canualty Amenbly eestre is the remmissios is is elose touch with earl of the institutions for the treat
mest of invalids, the veratiosal trais ing eentre and the Provisrial Fepploy


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September 27, 1916

The Guide Crop Report Saskatoon-Five points heard from. slight rust damage and some hail. Little hreshiag done
age about 15 bushels per acre of 2 to 3
Vor. Summerfallow has increased considerably. Three report proportion of Average 30 per cent. Oats will yield 30 bushels, Little or no barley. Hay is not plentiful.
Battleford-Sixteen reports received. All erop is not yet eut and little or ao threshing has been done. Damage to crops has bust. Wheat will average 18 hush. els per acre of No. 3 and lower grades. Oats about 45 bushels per aere. Summer. fallow acreage inergased. Two report sceount of frost. This is mostly flax, Hay, where it could be put up, is an excellent crop and potatoes yield high. Last Mountain-Thirteen reports r ceived. Most of the crop is eut but Where hail struck (two reports) ahout Where hail struck ( t wo reports) about cutting. Wheat should yield 15 bushels per acre of from No. 2 to Feed. Oats are good, about 45 bushels per acre. Hay is plentiful.
Humboldt-Sixteen reports received. Hail, rast and frost damaged the crop. One loeality completely hailed out, Average wheat yield 15 bushels per acre, grade poor. Several report bad weathef. Oats should average 40 bushels per acre, and, owing to frost, seed will be good. Hay is pleatiful and potato erop from. Damage from frost asd hail is considerable. Now wet weather is keeping grain from being eut. No thresh. ling done yet. Wheat should average 17 buakels per aere, oats about 50 and barley 25 . On account of frosts seed wheat asd seed oats will be searee. Slight is. crease in summerfallowed land. Hay is pleatiful and potate erop fair.

\section*{Alberta}

Battle River-Tweaty-five reports re ceived. Ruast, hail and frost are report en an damaging the crops and as aver-
ape of 10 per cent. will wot be threaled. No firrealiser has bees done as yet. Yield of wheat will average 15 bushels rasging from Ne. 2 Nor. to Feed. Oats shosld yield 50 bumhels per arre. Ifay is exveediagly plentiful and potato erop Mrominet well.
Medicise Hat-Nisetees poists heard from. Very little rust damare. Frost and bail damace reportel, Cutting just about completed ased yield of wheat es. us last year. rasking. Graund so as high lewer. Owisg to frost, seed grais will be seeded. Oats should yield grais will per aere. thy is a fair crop where usel. and majority of replorts show food potate erop but three state it is short. Lethbridge.-Tes reperts estimate field of wheat, 25 bushels per sere. blight froat damage and-abeet os per rot hefore frost al. No threshing, All cot before froat ahould grade Ne. Sorthers. Bammerfallowed acreaze give 60 bushels per acre and barley 40 . Hay is a good erop and petatoes enzel.

Mecleed-Nise plazea fesut trom Mtill about 10 jer cest of erop sacet. Ne throshisg. Frost damage to araib sot ent and some hail damage. High crades are expeeted averamieg is to 59 bushels per acre for wheat and 60 for
asts. Orade will he Na to ats. Orade will be Na. 2 to Feed. Bumeent. Two reperts lasd weather as per loyisg harvest. Where est hay is plest iful. Petatoes fair. Aow tiver- Thiri
Ahest 10 per ceat of erports received. Hail, heat and froat damage recopded. Proat will lewer grade of wheat. No threabieg dose yet asd weather at five peiste bed. Whest sheatd sversge 20 basiels per arre and eats 40 . Hay is
Heperted plestifal as seves poists Moported plestifal at seven pelists. litile euttingry. - Four reperts atate hail and froat is yes. Damang from tiosed. Wet is twe places is mesehack and wet Eeatider has kept erope wilt sot be threshed. Whest experted to sverage 23 beakelo per sere aspl oats Centinsed on reen se


\section*{APPLES} Ontario Orchards Ontario Flavor

\section*{Special arrangements have been made with the Co-} operative Fruit Growers of Ontario Ltd. to meet the needs of our customers this year. Shipments will be made direct by about twenty local associations making up this co-operative organization. It's co-operation right through from the orchard to you-and you stand to proflt. See your local Secretary or club with your neighbors to get a carload of winter apples. 150 to 200 barrels make a carload. No. 1's are Iimited, but our No. 3 Special is a real good paek, free from culls. Write for further particulars and prices.

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graphed from living proped especially for thi
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 Patr BELGLAN BELIEY FUND


Tual
The Guide Crop Report
is. One reports hay scarce and others
quite plentiful.
Ited Deer.-Fourteen points heard from complais fully 60 per cent of erop
not eut yet. Hail damage was severe not eut yet. Hail damane was severe
in some townships. Frost alse has oe curred. Toosilhly eats for seed witl be
soarce. Wheat experted to yield 23 marce to the there hut grade will vary
bushem No. 2 Northers to Feed. Oats
from from No, 2 Northers to Feed. Oats
should run 40 hushels per aere and harley 30 . Wet westher is interfering with harvesting. Hay is plentiful but wet
stope haying. Potatoes promise well Stratheona- Six reports show there is still arousd 25 per cent of the erop yet
to eut. Frost and hail damage is re corded and considerable quastity of the
land seeded will not be thresbed on this secount. Grade of wheat is expected low. Yield experted at 10 to 30 bushels
jeer acre. Oats, is hushels. Meed grais jer acre. Oats, 45 bushels. Seed grais
will he searce. Wet weather is delay: Vietoris-Eileven jeints heard from, Yully 25 jer cent of crop yet to be cut
Frost and consideralile hail damaze in spots is reported. Itais has leterfered
with the erop all seawos and sow stops with the erop all seasos and sow stops
harvestigg. Where hail struek summerfattowed land has saturalty inereasect Whest shoul4 averase os boshels, ast-
40 and harley 80. Grade low. West Elmantos-One repert-states enly 50 per cent of erop cut yet. Froat
damage. Wheat should yield 20 buabela per arre of Na. 3 . Summerfallowed land tan iscrieased 20 pet ecel. about hotmontos--Three reports show about so per cent of crop reinaises to bae is some spota. Wheat should average 20 lower grades. Oats, 40 bushels snd bar ley 30. Ilay, only fair.
West falgary-Trr frost damage. About half of erop show Grade of wheat will he low -rop is eut lesi-asd yield arousd 23 bushels. Oats will ge 45 and barley 30 . Owing to frost
goed seed will be scarce. Ilay is plestiful and potate eropa fair.

NEWSPAPER MEN JAILED A sensational development, and oas
which may have far rearhing cons. quences, oegurred on Thursilay, Ispteme lier 21, at the sitting of the Galt foysl Comanistion, appointed to isquire into Colleger building. After giving evilenee Congerning the fousinese of the piovincial public morks departiment during the time that he was minitter, the Ifos. Retert Rogers, now Dominion misitter of publie works, stated that in his opinion, under the lawn of Canarta, a judge is probitited
from engaging in any ocrupation and regeiving remmeration therefor other Thas that, which eomprise hior juitieial dufge. Kom this it followed that the partuent of any money to any judge, or ithe Neeipt by way juifer, in eonnection would undnubitedly reprewent nothing hut pare and simple graft." Following these statements a stroidy worded repoint of the procepling oppeateal in the Winniges Teleerans and the Winsiper Katurday The Telegrams staff and the edifore of the

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These prises are warantery
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Winniper Saturday Post were sub Poenaed to appear before the comenimion. They were charged with contetupt of Rourt and sentenced an follows: Edward Beck, managing editor of the Telegram;
one inonth in fail, \(\$ 500\) fine; A. II. Wi Descon. sews editor, two wesks in jail \(\$ 100\) fine; Blanley Beck, reporter, ene month in jail; and Knox Magee, editor of the Winnijeg Saturday Poat, one month In jail and sson fine. Later on the same
day, Saturday. Juige Hagzart. of the day, Saturday, Judge Hazzart, of the an appliction, for as writ of thatess aorpus. The came wili be srgued further on Saturday nest. Spptember 30 whes the trome mill attend to maintinin the legality
of Jude Cialus commitment.

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temperature to suit a suddea cold or mild semperature to suit as euddea cold or mild rifbt away. It fully explains the GURNBY:
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and why it is such a bic suecess in thousande of spell outdoors. The Beiler buras either coel Canade's farm homes. Write for a eopy to-
or up to 40 -isch wood as you seleet.
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