4 O'clock Edition
ONE CENT.
Two Editions Daily.

London Advertiser.

Read the Advertiser
And you get all the news.
Advertise in it, and
You reach all Western Ontario.

VOL. XXXIV., NO. 281. LONDON, CANADA, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1897. WHOLE NO. 10,629.

Born, Married, Died.

BORN.

WHITE—On Sept. 16, at 429 Pall Mall street, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. White, a son.

DIED

KENT—On Sept. 18, 1897, Mrs. Isabella Kent, widow of the late William Kent.
Funeral Monday, 20th, to Oakland cemetery. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation.

BUCKINGHAM—At the City Hospital, on Sept. 18, 1897, Bessie Louisa, beloved daughter of John and Maria Buckingham, aged 18 years, 11 months, 13 days.
Funeral private from the family residence, 711 Lorne avenue, Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, service 9:30 a.m.
Hamilton and Petrolea papers please copy.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading, two cents per word, or ten cents per line each insertion.

HO FOR EUROPE—TICKETS SELLING at very low rates to or from the old country. Call and note my quotations. F. H. CLARKE, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING, BY Mr. R. B. Millard, at his residence, 345 Princess avenue. Fall terms opens Oct. 1st.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—NEXT week beginners' classes—Gentlemen, Monday evening, 20th; ladies, Tuesday evening, 21st; ladies and children, Saturday afternoon, 25th. DAYTON & MCCORMICK.

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

DININGROOM GIRLS WANTED IN THE best hotels in the city. Also a number of good general servants for private families. Apply at the Osborne Intelligence Agency, 55 Dundas street. Phone 285.

COOK AND CHAMBERMAID WANTED immediately at Grand Central Hotel, corner King and Rideau streets. 29c

GIRLS, GIRLS—LOTS OF SITUATIONS at the old reliable. Dwyer's Employment Agency, 391 Richmond street, and still we want dining-room and kitchen girls and hotel cooks for out of city. On hand—Housekeepers, housemaids, cooks, general servants and nurse girls. Ring up 1121.

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FIRST-CLASS TINSMITH—J. W. CHAMBERS, 112 Dundas. 29c

$7,800 GIVEN AWAY TO PERSONS making the greatest number of words out of the phrase "Patent Attorney Wedderburn." For full particulars write the National Recorder, Washington, D. C., for sample copy containing same. 88f

Female Help Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

SCHOOL TEACHER (ASSISTANT) WANTED—School sect on No. 3, Westminster. Apply, stating salary required, with testimonials, to JOHN H. GRIFFITHS, Sec.-treas. b

WANTED—GOVERNESS TO INSTRUCT one pupil. Must be well recommended. Apply Instructor, this office. 29c

APPRENTICES WANTED—APPLY TO London Paint and Overall Manufacturing Company, 85 Dundas street. 28c

Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FURNISHED ROOM WITH MODERN conveniences required by single gentleman. Central. No board. Box 29 Advertiser. b

WANTED—2 HORSES—5 TO 6 YEARS, 1,500 to 1,600 lb. each. Apply Canadian Packing Company, London. 29c

WAGON GATE AND POSTS WANTED —Apply at JOHN CONNOR'S, Richmond street. 28a

WANTED—A CANOE—NEW OR SECOND-HAND, to hold two or three persons. State dimensions and price. Address L., Advertiser. 24a

Business Chances.

BUSINESS STAND AND RESIDENCE for sale, corner Park avenue and Richmond. Inquire Wm. Slater, merchant tailor, 683 Richmond, London. 216u

Agents Wanted.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WRITE US IMMEDIATELY IF YOU are making less than Ten Dollars per week. We have representatives who are clearing over Twenty Dollars every week, but we promise Ten to workers. J. L. NICHOLS & Co., Richmond W., Toronto. 26f

AGENTS—BOOK BUSINESS IS BETTER than for years past. We also have better and faster selling books. Agents clearing from $10 to $40 weekly. A few leaders are "Queen Victoria," "Life of Mr. Gladstone," "My Mother's Bible Stories," "Progressive Speaker," "Klondike Gold Fields," "Woman," "Glimpses of the Unseen," "Breakfast, Dinner and Supper," "Canada: An Encyclopedia." Books on time. Outfits free to canvassers. The Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 22m

AGENTS—"KLONDIKE GOLD FIELDS," a large, cheap, valuable book, selling like a whirlwind. Beautiful prospectus 25 cents. Books on time. The Bradley-Garretson Company, Limited, Toronto. 22m

WANTED—IF YOU HAVE CHARACTER, fair education, good appearance, can converse freely, are industrious, but not making the money you desire, write to me. I will tell you how I have helped scores of men and some women to paying positions and happy lives. T. S. LINSCOTT, Brantford. 22m

WANTED—I CAN PAY TEN DOLLARS weekly to a lady of mature age, refinement and tact, to spend her time in a good cause. T. H. LINSCOTT, Toronto. 22m

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

BRICK HOUSE TO LET IN FIRST-RATE condition; all modern improvements; rent moderate. Apply 479 Maitland street. 29c

TO LET—TWO NEW BRICK DWELLINGS, foot Albert street, on Ridout. Good location; modern improvements; rent moderate to suitable tenants. Apply 702 Richmond street. 28g

TO LET—DESIRABLE NINE-ROOMED brick house, first-class condition, large garden, rent low. 311 Oxford street. 28u

TO LET—MOST DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, No. 297 Wolfe street, very modern conveniences, 10 rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Apply 183 Dundas street. 92f

Musical Instruction.

THE LONDON—
CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
—AND—
SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION
Reopened Wednesday, Sept 1.

MR. G. B. SIPPI WILL RESUME VOCAL and instrumental instruction on and after Thursday, Sept. 2, and will meet his pupils at his residence, 372 Maitland street, between Dundas and King. zxv

MRS. AND MISS NOBLE, TEACHERS OF piano, organ and harmony; terms moderate. Residence 526 King street. zxv

MR. FREDERICK G. SIMPSON, ORGANIST Askin Street Methodist Church. Instruction in piano and harmony. Accompanist. 199 Richmond street. zxt

J. T. WOLCOTT, ORGANIST, FIRST Methodist Church, teacher piano, organ and composition, 244 Queen's avenue.

W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST DUNDAS Center Church, teacher piano organ and theory, 563 Dundas street.

Miscellaneous.

A. HOWAY (SUCCESSOR TO ED. F. HOWAY) — House-moving, building and repairing. 815 Queen's avenue.

Articles For Sale.

First insertion, 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

GOOD FIRST-CLASS WHEEL FOR sale, cheap. Can be seen at W. J. MARSHALL'S, 207 Clarence street. 27c

BATHS, SINKS, PUMPS, WATER CLOSETS, steam and hot water boilers SMITH BRO., 265 Dundas street. z

FOR SALE—ONE 30 HORSEPOWER automatic "Brown" engine built by Goldie, McCulloch & Co., Galt. Cylinder 10 inches, stroke 24 inches; can be run at 60 revolutions, or as high as 90 revolutions; also one tubular exhaust feed water heater. The engine can be seen at H. POTTER & CO.'S storage warehouse, Carling street, London, Ont. 6tf-31f

GOOD SECOND-HAND MILK WAGON—Apply SMITH'S Carriage Works, Fullerton street. 29c zxv

CARRIER PIGEONS, 40 CENTS PAIR, long fliers. GEO. DUCKETT, Tecumseh House. 2?c

TIMBERS, TRUSS RODS AND PLATES PATTERSON & JOLLY. 72tf

BICYCLE OIL—BICYCLE AND GUN repairing at lowest prices. D. MCKENZIE & Co., 374 Richmond street.

STOVES AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE for sale cheap at KEENE'S Furniture Store, Masonic Temple, Market Square.

KEEP YOUR HAIR ON—BOTH OLD and young, for nothing looks worse than a bald head. When it comes first no man need be bald if he will use Cook's Cure Hair Restorer. Call and see what he has done for himself. Pork Shop, corner Hill and Wellington streets. Call and be convinced that he can do what he claims. zxv

Real Estate.

TWO-STORY DETACHED RESIDENCE for sale, 11 rooms, exceptionally good locality; east end; all modern improvements. Postoffice box 535.

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE GROCERY store with dwelling attached, with or without stock; must be sold, as owner has other business.
J. F. SANGSTER,
403 Richmond street.

Rev. Dr. Robertson.

BEGINNING

Tuesday, Auditorium.

Public meeting at 4 o'clock.
Men's meeting at 8 o'clock. b

THE OLD STORY.

Five Children Locked in a House and Burned to Death.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 20.—Mariah Billingsley, living near Richmond, Little River county, locked her five children, the eldest 11 years of age, in the house and went to church. During her absence the house caught fire and the five children were incinerated.

"ALL WELL"

Alleged Message From Aeronaut Andree Via Pigeon Post.

Bulletin, Copenhagen, Sept. 20.—A dispatch received here from Hammerfest, the northernmost town of Europe, in Norway, says the whaling ship Falken has brought there the third pigeon dispatch from Prof. Andree, the aeronaut, who left the Island of Tromsoe in a balloon on July 11 last in an attempt to cross the polar regions.

The message brought by the Falken reads: "July 13, 12:30 p.m., latitude 82.2 north, longitude 12.5 east—Good voyage eastward. All well."

GEN. BOOTH

Will Again Visit Canada—His Colonization Project to Be Revived.

It has been learned from Brigadier Complin, editor of the Salvation Army War Cry, that word had just been received that Gen. Booth, founder and commander of the Salvation Army, is shortly to visit Canada.

When the general was here last he negotiated with the Dominion and Provincial Governments with respect to a vast colonization scheme, which he has not yet definitely launched. It is understood that he is coming here to resume the negotiations personally with the government authorities.

Miss Eva Booth, Canadian commissioner, is now in the Maritime Provinces, and has made a very successful tour in the interests of the organization. Miss Booth will return to Toronto in time to participate in the World's W. C. T. U. convention next month.

"Five years ago I was taken so ill with rheumatism that I was unable to do any work," writes Peter Christensen, Sherwood, Wis. "I took three boxes of Ayer's Pills and was entirely cured. Since that time I always keep them in the house." They are easy to take.

The Queen Is Grieved

At the Loss of So Many Brave Officers and Men.

Message From Her Majesty in Relation to the Frontier Fighting.

The Enemy Reappear After Being Driven Back.

Fears That the Rebel Rising Will Extend Along the Entire Border.

Treaty of Peace Between Greece and Turkey Signed—Its Terms Onerous to the Greeks.

The Outlook for an Increased Anglo-Canadian Trade Are Bright.

KING OSCAR'S HANDSOME PRESENT.

London, Sept. 20.—Saturday being the 25th anniversary of the accession of King Oscar II. to the throne of Sweden, the city of Stockholm was brilliantly decorated, and the streets were crowded with sight seers. One of the deputations his majesty received presented him with 220,000 crowns, which amount had been raised among the people. The king has decided to devote this money to combating tubercular disease.

EARTHQUAKES.

London, Sept. 20.—The cantons of Glarus and Grisons on Saturday were visited by a severe earthquake shock, accompanied by heavy rumbling. The disturbance was so very distinct that it was everywhere noticeable, and in many places great blocks of rock fell from the mountains.

The disturbance was felt throughout the whole of Turkestan. Several monuments of antiquity were damaged at Tashkend and at Samarkand and Urah-Tiube.

POLITICAL CRISIS IN SPAIN.

Madrid, Sept. 20.—The Cabinet has refused to approve all the steps taken by the minister of finance, Senor Je Revertor. As a result the minister will resign.

A company of infantry has been sent to Morella, province of Castelion de la Plana, 45 miles north of Tortosa, as it is feared that a Carlist uprising is to take place there.

The price of all kinds of food is rising steadily owing to the growing depreciation of silver and of paper currency.

ARBITRATION.

London, Sept. 20.—The Times says the statement of the American press that the state department at Washington and the British ambassador have received instructions to reopen negotiations for a general treaty of arbitration is at least premature. It is not improbable that the negotiations which have never been broken off may be resumed next month, when Sir Julian Pauncefote returns to his post; but it is difficult to see how a treaty of any practicable value can be concluded so long as the Senate maintains the hostile and obstructive attitude it displayed when it last discussed the question. Sir Julian Pauncefote will return to his post in time for the conference of the special Bering Sea commissioners, to be held at the end of October or the beginning of November.

CABLE NOTES.

The unclaimed jewels and curios, to the value of 750,000 francs, which were found in the ruins after the fire at the charity bazar, in the Rue Goujon, Paris, which occurred on May 4 last, have been sold at auction. The money realized is to remain bonded for 30 years, after which all the money unclaimed goes to the state.

A Paris dispatch says: An agitation which has assumed proportions in Paris is against a proposal of the municipal council to raise the octroi duties from 19 to 50 centimes on each bottle of champagne. The wine growers declare this extra tax will materially affect the consumption of champagne.

At Cassel, a laborer named Johannes Muster has been convicted of uttering five different so-called treasonable remarks. Although they were all uttered years ago Muster was sentenced to six years' imprisonment.

At the Front.

Fears That the Whole Border Will Be in Arms.

Various Columns of British Forces Advancing Against the Hostile Tribesmen.

Simla, Sept. 20.—The reverse suffered by the British force under Gen. Jeffreys, in the attack on the Mohmands, in the valley north of Camp Anayat, to punish them for the attack made on Tuesday night upon the troops of Gen. Jeffreys at the foot of Rawat Pass, is regarded most seriously, and it is stated in semi-official circles that if the situation does not improve the whole border will be in arms.

Bombay, Sept. 20.—The advices from the front show that the various columns are advancing against Mahmouks from Panjkora and Shabkadr. As yet they have met with no serious opposition; but the difficulties of transportation in a mountainous and almost pathless country are immense. Another formidable obstacle in the way of rapid movement is the lack of water. The brigade of Gen. Jeffreys has not joined in the advance. It left camp at Anayat, with sixteen companies of infantry and four guns, in order to reattack the enemy at the village of Damodata. The enemy made a desperate resistance, but were driven out into the hills. The British demolished their towers an captured 400 mule loads of supplies. As soon as the troops began to retire from the village the enemy reappeared in force. The retirement, however, was effected with great precision, the native troops behaving splendidly. Two Sikhs were killed and six wounded.

It is now known that the enemy's loss during the fight on Thursday last between the Momunds and the second brigade of Gen. Sir Bindon Blood, in the valley north of Anayat, was very heavy. The tribes engaged did not press the brigade during the retirement, but fresh tribesmen appeared.

Capt. Ryder's company of Sikhs virtually owed their lives to an Afridi sergeants of the guides' corps, who, when the Sikhs had exhausted their ammunition and were desperately cutting their way back through the enemy, dashed up the hill under a heavy fire with a supply of cartridges. He arrived just in the nick of time, as the swordsmen of the enemy were already among the Sikhs, who were absolutely unable, after the heavy climb and the hard fighting, to continue a successful struggle. Lieut. Watson was thrice wounded, while gallantly leading a handful of Buffs, who routed a large body of the enemy that was trying to storm the village in which Gen. Jeffreys, with guns, had taken up a position after missing his main body in the gloom on Thursday night.

It appears that the enemy lost 180 men before they captured the Saragai police post. They burned alive two Sikh cooks, whom they captured while out hunting for firewood.

The Queen has sent the following dispatch with reference to the reverse near Camp Anayat: "I am deeply grieved at the loss of so many brave officers and men. I earnestly desire to be informed as to the condition of all the wounded. The conduct of the troops was most admirable."

Peshawar, Sept. 20.—The lower Mohmands, south of here, have submitted and have agreed to pay a heavy fine and to surrender their arms.

CANADA'S TRADE

A Cablegram States That the Prospects of Extension Are Very Bright.

The Montreal Star has the following special cable:

London, Sept. 20.—The trade returns, showing the condition of Anglo-Canadian trade under the Dominion's new tariff regulations, are still much discussed on this side of the water. Further inquiries show that although the lower customs rates have not yet had time to materially affect the large body of English trade with Canada, many inquiries are coming from houses which have hitherto been unrepresented in Canadian business.

The outlook for increased trade is most hopeful. Large shipments in some lines are already being made under the stimulus of the new tariff. I have heard of one trader who has made 30 shipments since the new tariff came into force.

However, the Dominion government would be wise to allay all uncertainty by a definite official statement as to its future intentions on the expiry of the German and Belgian treaties.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Montreal speech was fully reported in the London papers. His expressed desire to find an increased market for Canadian products here is received most sympathetically. There was never a more auspicious time to push Canadian trade.

AT PEACE.

The Treaty Between Greece and Turkey Signed—Concessions to the Porte.

Constantinople, Sept. 20.—The treaty of peace between Turkey and Greece was signed here Saturday afternoon.

The meeting of the ambassadors occupied three hours. They and Tewfik Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, signed the treaty of peace, immediately after which Tewfik Pasha took the treaty to the Yildiz Kiosk for the signature of the sultan.

The Porte's final promptitude in signing the treaty is ascribed to the impossibility of further maintaining the army in Thessaly, owing to the great increase of sickness among the troops.

It is understood that the strategic frontier established by the treaty gives to Turkey the village of Kontzoiliani, from which the raid of the Ethnik Hetara—the Greek National Brotherhood—into Macedonia, was made, which raid was the immediate cause of the war. It also gives to Turkey all the heights around the opening scenes of the war—Zurkos, Gunitza, Meluna, and Rapsani. Turkey also claims the villages of Nezeros and the lake of that name.

Athens, Sept. 20.—The conditions of the peace signed on Saturday between the ambassadors of the powers, on behalf of Greece, and Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish foreign minister, at the Top-haneh Palace, are universally pronounced by the Greek press exceedingly onerous. The public generally accepts the result with mournful resignation.

NIPPING FROSTS

Reported in Several Michigan Sections —Snow in Germany.

Detroit, Sept. 20.—Frost, on Friday night at Davison badly nipped potatoes and other products on low grounds.

At New Boston, Mich., the severe frost injured corn and buckwheat.

At Reading, Mich., no material damage was done except to tomatoes, melons and cucumber vines. Similar news comes from Three Rivers, Mount Morris, Benton Harbor and other points.

The first derived from labor is the sweetest of all pleasures—Vanvanargues.

Section 22.

The U. S. Attorney-General Sides With the Importers.

Decision Against the Government on the Disputed Tariff Case.

Goods Under Consular Seal From Contiguous Countries or Upon Non-treaty Ships Are Exempt.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Section 22 of the Dingley act does not impose discriminating duties upon goods brought into the United States through contiguous countries under consular seal or upon goods imported through ocean ports in foreign vessels which are not specially exempted by treaty.

Attorney-General McKenna is of the opinion that, accept as to goods not the product of a contiguous country which are imported into the United States directly from such contiguous country, the language of the section is not clear enough to make it certain that Congress intended to change the previously existing law.

He believes that the verbiage is altogether too vague to justify an interpretation changing in any way the law as contained in the revised statutes as far as it affects imports through ocean ports or through contiguous countries under consular seal.

This is the opinion of the attorney-general as it stands today.

It is understood that this opinion is to be made public at once, but in the meantime strenuous efforts will be made by those taking a different view of the law to have the attorney-general revise it and construe the law in accordance with the ideas of those who favor the imposition of discriminating duties. Pressure will be brought to bear upon Attorney-General McKenna from very influential quarters.

President McKinley himself does not agree with his legal adviser in this matter, and has tried to convince him that he has taken the wrong view of the meaning of the section. Thus far he has not been successful, and if Mr. McKenna persists in his opinion, the only way the president can obtain one in accordance with his own views is to get a new attorney-general.

There is no suggestion that anything of this kind is contemplated, however, and unless the attorney-general is convinced to the contrary before his opinion is made public, it will hold that section 22 is practically of no more effect than if it had never been enacted, except as to the direct importations of goods from Canada which do not originate in that country.

Advocates of the discriminating duties are determined not to let the matter rest on the attorney-general's decision if it is adverse to them. They will take steps at once to bring a test case under section 22 and bring the matter to the courts until they obtain an authoritative construction of the section from the supreme court of the United States.

The Sausage-Maker's Trial.

A Mild Sensation — Counsel for Defense Divided.

Luetgert's "Rheumatism" the Result of a Fight With a Fellow Prisoner.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—In the trial of Adolph Luetgert Saturday morning, Abraham Seele, a butcher at 759 West Monroe street, caused a mild sensation when he announced that at the public sale at Luetgert's factory some weeks ago he purchased 39 bottles of mineral water. It has been the contention of the defense that on the night of May 1, when Mrs. Luetgert is said to have been murdered, Luetgert, not feeling well, sent Frank Bialk to a drug store for medicine. Bialk himself confirms this, and declares Luetgert told him to get a bottle of mineral water. Subsequent developments have shown that the sausage-maker had at least 38 bottles of the water on hand when he sent Bialk away after some more that night.

When the prosecution called Frank Bialk to the witness stand as one of its last two witnesses to show the motive for the alleged murder of Mrs. Luetgert, and an attempt was made to show Luetgert's relations with Mary Simmering and other women, the defense entered a vigorous objection.

Attorney Vincent protested that this line of evidence was highly improper, and incompetent. Attorney Phalen, for the defense, said he would not object to this evidence.

The division of counsel for the defense on this point occasioned surprise.

Judge Tuthill took the disputed point under advisement and adjourned court until Tuesday morning.

It has come to light that Luetgert indulged in a fight on Wednesday afternoon with William Young, a prisoner confined in the same tier, on the charge of robbery. The ex-sausage manufacturer's lameness is not due to rheumatism, as was given out by himself and his guards, but the result of Young's hurling him backwards against the pavement of the jail corridor to save himself from Luetgert's big fists. The affair started in a friendly scuffle, but when Luetgert saw that his opponent was getting the better of him, he lost his temper and began "rushing" his man. Young, however, caught his opponent around the waist and literally hurled him backwards almost 20 feet against the tile pavement and a steel door. The jail physician says the fall wrenched one of the ligaments of the thigh, and it may be weeks before he fully recovers.

HIGH KITE-FLYING.

Interesting Records Obtained Regarding the State of Things a Mile Skyward.

Blue Hill Observatory, Mass., Sept. 20.—All kite records were broken here Sunday afternoon, when the topmost kite of a string of seven, all of the Hargrave type, four miles of wire attained an altitude of 10,016 feet above the sea level, or 9,386 feet above the summit of the hill.

An aluminum box was sent up containing an instrument for recording pressure, temperature and humidity, and was swung 130 feet below the topmost kite. At the highest point the instrument recorded a temperature of 38 degress, while at the same time it was 63 at the surface of the earth.

At the height of 4,000 feet the humidity rose rapidly, but sank again at a mile, where it was quite low.

At 7,000 feet it again rose, and soon reached a point where there was almost a complete saturation in the air.

From there up the atmosphere became drier until at the highest point there was scarcely any moisture recorded. At the ground the humidity all the afternoon was quite low.

Two Boats Lost.

Grounded Near Cape Race in a Dense Fog.

One Is the Steamer Khodora, the Other the Eugenie—Narrow Escape of the Crews.

St. Johns, Nfld., Sept. 20.—Two steamers became total wrecks on Friday night on the southern shore, between Cape Race and St. Johns. The British steamship Khodora (Capt. Flaws) left Boston, Lincolnshire (England), Sept. 3, bound for Philadelphia, ballast laden. She met severe weather, followed by five days of dense fog as she neared the Banks of Newfoundland, and was thrown out of her reckoning. No observation had been possible for days, and the captain thought himself 30 miles south of Cape Race, but at 7 o'clock in the evening, the ship, going at full speed, with her sails also set, drove on Horn Head, near Renewes, ten miles north of the cape. She struck stem on with great force, staving in her bows and tearing asunder her whole bottom. The engineers and stokers had barely time to reach the deck before the hold was flooded. Into the boats the crew of 25 crowded, and pushed off from the wreck. Not three minutes later the bulkers burst and the whole wreck was afire. The boats barely escaped the flying pieces of iron and timber, scattered by the explosion. The two boats rowed for land, but soon got swallowed in the fog and were adrift all night. They had no water, no provisions, no extra clothing.

In the forenoon the steamer Grand Lake passed. They heard her whistle, rowed towards her and were picked up at noon. Their ship is broken to pieces.

THE SECOND DISASTER.

Almost at the same hour, 30 miles further north, the Norwegian steamer Eugenie (Capt. Hansen), twelve days out from Shields to Louisburg, Cape Breton, in ballast, met a similar fate on Great Island, off Torscove. She ran over two ledges of rock and into a cleft, where she sat upright as if in a cradle, but her masts and funnel went in the afternoon, and she will never leave the place. Her crew were in a desperate predicament, with high, beetling cliffs surrounding them except astern, where the waves are boiling over the ship's taffrail. By great efforts the boastwain managed to reach the land with a life line round his waist. He then scaled the cliff, 200 feet high, and a hawser being got up, the crew and captain's wife were hoisted to the plateau above. Here they remained shelterless all night, and in the morning made signals of distress when the fog lifted. Boats came off from the mainland and rescued them. Last year two steamers were lost near these points within a day of each other.

KNOX CHURCH, GODERICH

The Enlarged and Remodeled Building Formally Reopened.

[Special to The Advertiser via G. N. W. Line.]

Goderich, Ont., Sept. 20.—Knox Church, after having been enlarged and remodeled at a cost of $1,000, was reopened yesterday, when special services were held.

Rev. Robt. Johnston, B.A., B.D., of London, preached morning and evening, and Rev. J. A. Aderson, the pastor, held an afternoon service.

On each occasion the edifice was filled, and many could not find even standing room.

The collections, which were in aid of the building fund, were well up in the hundreds. Knox Church is now one of the handsomest buildings of the kind in Ontario.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper arrived at Quebec from England on the steamship Parisian.

Henry Maitland, 28 years of age, a patient at the Hamilton asylum, fell from a scaffold on Friday afternoon while painting one of the asylum buildings, and died from his injuries.

At Brockville, Mr. Grout, clerk in the Bank of Toronto, was riding his wheel, when he ran into a boy named Pennock. The boy was knocked down and so seriously injured that he died.

Hon. John Alexander Boyd, chancellor of Ontario, is to be the commissioner to inquire into additional charges preferred against Hon. James P. Wood, judge of the county court of Perth, Ont.

Miss Letha Jackson, teacher at Steamboat Dock, Ia., was discharged because she flogged a boy. Then she sued the shool board for breach of contract and has secured judgment for $200.

Frank Greensides, working at Cane & Sons' factory, Newmarket, Ont., was putting some material through a machine, when the saw caught his clothing and drew his hand against it, cutting off three of his fingers.

A complimentary dinner was given at Cobourg on Saturday evening in celebration of Major H. J. Snelgrove's recent election at Owen Sound to the high chief rangership of the Ancient Order of Foresters in Canada.

Saturday morning Wm. Gidden, of Matilda township, was found dead in a neighbor's barn. With his brother-in-law, named Arkell, he had been drinking the night before, and the latter was still stupid when discovered.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS are the best remedy for removing indigestion and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

TRUSSES.

New in Design,
New in Principle,
New in Application.

A large assortment of the best and most approved Trusses and Mechanical Appliances always in stock, purchased direct from the manufacturers

We guarantee every Truss to be made with the finest English steel.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.

Cairncross & Lawrence
Manufacturing Chemists,
216 Dundas St., London, Ont
Branch—Corner Richmond and Piccadilly.

Returning from Church

Jerry Ouellette Killed at an M. C. Crossing,

While Driving Home With a Lady—The Horse Also Killed and the Buggy Smashed to Atoms.

Special to The Advertiser via G. N. W. Line.

Tilbury, Ont., Sept. 20.—Jerry Ouellette, of Jennett's Creek, aged 19 years, was killed at the M. C. R. crossing here last night at 8:30, while driving from church.

The buggy was struck by an eastbound express and Ouellette almost instantly killed.

The other occupant of the vehicle, Miss St. Peter, was badly bruised, but will recover.

The buggy was smashed to atoms, and the horse instantly killed, being carried several hundred feet on the pilot of the engine before the train could be stopped.

Ouellette lived half an hour after the accident, but never recovered consciousness.

LOST AN EYE AT A CIRCUS.

Bancroft, Mich., Sept. 20.—While attending Mat. Wixom's show, Frank Herrick was struck in the left eye with a piece of cannon cracker fired by one of the clowns in the ring. The eye will have to be removed.

BLAZE AT WATERLOO.

Waterloo, Ont., Sept. 20.—Fire Saturday night totally destroyed the large barn and all its contents belonging to Henry Duering, butcher, of that town. A valuable horse, 18 pigs and this year's crops were totally consumed. Loss estimated at $2,500, with an insurance of $1,600, held in the Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

A VETERAN GONE.

Montreal, Sept. 20.—Mr. George Waldron, of Waldron & Drouin, wholesale hatters and furriers, left his residence Friday evening to call on some friends, but he had not got across the road when he fell to the ground. He was dead when picked up. The cause of his death is not definitely known. Mr. Waldron went through the Crimea, in the Thirteenth Hussars, and on his medal had four clasps for Balaclava, Inkerman, Alma and Sebastopol. He was stabbed in the groin during the charge of the Light Brigade.

DROWNED IN LAKE DESCHENES.

Sad Sequel to a Sunday Sail—Two Young Men Loose Their Lives by Their Boat Upsetting.

Special to The Advertiser per G. N. W. Line.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—Another tragedy is reported from Lake Deschenes. Yesterday Wm. Holland, son of George Holland, of the reporting staff of the Senate, Albert Venn, whose father is a shipbuilder in Hull, and —. Jamieson, son of R. E. Jamieson, of this city, started in a sailboat from Britannia for Aylmer Park. They got across safely, but on returning the boat upset and young Holland and young Venn were drowned, while Jamieson, who clung to the boat, drifted into Britannia Bay early this morning. He was able to walk to his father's summer residence at Britannia, but became unconscious when he got into the house. The drowned men were about 20 years old.

Bright's Disease.

"They have done me any amount of good," were the words of Mr. Nelson Green, Galt, Ont., in speaking of his rescue from kidney and urinary difficulty by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Mr. Green says that he only tried them out of curiosity, but it was a lucky experiment, for Doan's Pills made a complete cure in his case. He is now a cured man, feeling strong, well and in good spirits."

It's Hard

Work to sell you a pair of Shoes on paper, but come and see the shoes and they'll sell themselves. We have something to suit everybody, and want to see you. Everything we sell is guaranteed, and our prices are as low as goodness grants. No false sentiments about us. We are the open-handed, open-hearted toilers for trade, and you'll be glad to know us.

J. P. COOK.

173 Dundas Street.
Your money back if you want it

The Field of Sport.

Capitals Win the Canadian Lacrosse Championship.

The Eastern League Leaders Lose to Wilkesbarre.

Toronto Won Both Games From Providence.

Montreal Shut Out in a Home Game With Buffalo — Cy Young's Marvelous Feat at Cleveland—Getting Ready for Curling — Turf, Wheel and Other Sporting News.

BASEBALL.

TRUNKS VS. GRIPS.

The return baseball match between the "Trunk" and "Grip" teams of the London commercial travelers, was played at Tecumseh Park on Saturday, before a large and appreciative audience, and once more Capt. Bobby Lind and his team were fo ced to bite the dust. Several old-time players were persuaded to put on their togs and battle for the victory. Capt. Struthers even went so far as to bring one of London's old-time travelers—Mr. Dan McKenzie—all the way from Klondike to cover third base, where he also covered himself with glory. The "Grip" team resurrected McLennan, the old first baseman of twenty years ago. Mac's wind is not what it used to be, but he made the circuit twice. Johnny Connor gave an exhibition at short that would make Ward turn green with envy had he seen it, and Harold Southam made himself solid for another season on the team. The commercial travelers have a couple of batteries that are hard to beat. Capt. Lind was the only player who was suostantially remembered by the audience, he being presented with a "handsome" and "expensive" bouquet of natural flowers. President Gray was again largely responsible for the defeat of the "Grip" men, his coaching evidently rattling the "Grip" pitcher. Bert Sheere umpired satisfactorily. Score:

TRUNKS.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Struthers, 1b	5	3	3	8	0	1
H. Turner, p	5	3	3	0	3	1
Barbour, c	5	3	2	2	0	0
Wilson, 2b	5	1	0	3	0	0
McKenzie, 3b	5	1	2	4	0	2
J. Connor, s.s	5	1	1	1	1	4
Martin, l.f	4	2	3	0	0	0
Townsend, c.f	5	2	1	0	0	0
Herring, r.f	4	3	0	0	0	0
*Parkinson	1	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	44	19	16	18	6	8

*Parkinson batted for Turner in 1st inning.

GRIPS.

	A.B.	R.	B.H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Griffiths, s.s	5	0	0	2	6	1
McLennan, 1b	5	2	2	6	1	0
E. Turner, p	5	3	3	2	3	0
Lind, c	5	2	2	2	2	0
Southam, 2b	4	2	1	4	3	1
Bell, 3b	4	2	1	0	0	0
McDougall 1.f	4	1	0	0	0	1
Loveless, c.f	4	2	0	2	0	1
Connor, r.f	4	1	1	0	0	0
Totals	40	15	11	18	8	5

Trunks	3	2	0	6	1	1	–	19
Grips	2	0	0	1	9	3	–	15

Struck out—Trunks, 7; Grips, 6
Left on bases—Trunks, 7; Grips, 7.
Stolen bases—Trunks, 5; Grips 8.
Two-base hits—Struthers, H. Turner.
Three-base hits—E. Turner, Lind, Barbour, Martin.
Home run—Struthers.
Scorer—H. G. Collamore.

AT INGERSOLL.

Ingersoll defeated the Bain team, of Woodstock, Saturday, in a friendly game of baseball—9 to 5.

AT DUNNVILLE.

The baseball team of the Waterous Engine Works Company, Brantford, lost at Dunnville on Saturday—20 to 3.

EASTERN LEAGUE GAMES — SATURDAY.

At Toronto—	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	17	18	4
Providence	4	11	7

Batteries—Williams and Snyder; Braun and Dixon.

At Toronto—Second game—			
Toronto	9	12	4
Providence	7	8	5

Batteries—Norton and Casey; Rudderham and Coogan.

At Montreal—			
Montreal	0	2	4
Buffalo	8	10	2

Batteries—Mason and Butler; Gray and Urquhart.

At Syracuse—			
Wilkesbarre	5	8	1
Syracuse	4	8	1

Batteries—Keenan and Diggins; Kissinger and Ryan.

At Scranton—			
Scranton	4	8	2
Springfield	3	8	4

Batteries—Gillen and Gunson; Korwan and Nichols.

EASTERN LEAGUE—SUNDAY GAMES.

At Syracuse—	R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	8	7	1
Wilkesbarre	2	6	1

Batteries—Willis and Ryan; Patton and Diggins.

At Montreal—			
Montreal	8	8	2
Buffalo	8	11	1

Batteries—McFarland, Colton and Butler; McPharlin, Brown and Urquhart.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES — SATURDAY.

At Boston—	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	7	4
Boston	9	15	1

Batteries—Seymour and Warner; Klobedanz and Yeager

At Pittsburg—			
St. Louis	10	12	9
Pittsburg	13	17	7

Batteries—Donahue and Douglas; Gardner and Hughey; Hawley and Merritt.

At Baltimore—			
Philadelphia	3	8	1
Baltimore	8	14	2

Batteries—Lipp, Becker and Boyle; Pond and Robinson.

At Brooklyn—			
Washington	10	13	3
Brooklyn	9	13	3

Batteries—Mercer, Brenahan and McGuire; Payne, Fisher and Smith.

At Cleveland—			
Cincinnati	0	0	1
Cleveland	6	8	2

Batteries—Rhines and Schriver; Young and Zimmer.

At Cleveland—Second game—			
Cincinnati	3	5	0
Cleveland	4	8	2

Batteries—Breitenstein and Peitz; Powell and Criger.

At Chicago—			
Louisville	2	5	2
Chicago	4	8	1

Batteries—Fraser and Wilson; Friend and Donahue.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES—SUNDAY.

At Cincinnati—	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	5	8	3
St. Louis	4	8	5

Batteries—Dwyer and Vaughan; Sudhoff and Murphy.

At Chicago—			
Chicago	5	7	2
Louisville	2	6	3

Batteries—Griffith and Kittridge; Dad Clark and Dexter.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Syracuse	84	49	.632
Toronto	75	49	.605
Buffalo	73	57	.562
Springfield	68	56	.548
Providence	68	60	.531
Scranton	52	61	.460
Montreal	46	76	.377
Wilkesbarre	30	88	.254

WESTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Indianapolis	96	35	.733
Columbus	86	46	.652
St. Paul	85	50	.630
Milwaukee	82	50	.621
Detroit	68	64	.515
Minneapolis	42	93	.311
Kansas City	40	99	.288
Grand Rapids	39	97	.286

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Baltimore	94	37	.717
Boston	87	36	.707
New York	77	44	.636
Cincinnati	67	58	.558
Cleveland	63	59	.516
Washington	56	65	.463
Brooklyn	56	67	.455
Pittsburg	55	67	.451
Chicago	54	68	.443
Philadelphia	52	71	.423
Louisville	51	72	.415
St. Louis	27	95	.221

YOUNG'S MARVELOUS FEAT.

Cleveland, Sept. 20.—Young performed a feat Saturday which is said not to have been accomplished since Hawk performed it for Baltimore in 1893. He shut the Reds out without a hit in the first game in the afternoon. Four of the visitors reached first base during the game. Young gave one base on balls, a wild throw by McKeidan on an easy chance gave Corcoran a life, and Holliday was twice safe on errors by Wallace. One was a fumble of an easy grounder and the other a wild throw after a fine stop of a sharp hit drive. The last named was the only approach to a hit the visitors got, and it was by no means close enough to mar Young's record. The second game was a brilliantly-contested one, both pitchers doing great work. In the ninth inning, with Corcoran on third and one run needed to tie, Powell struck Pietz out.

FLYS.

"Silver" Flint, who never wore mask, glove or protector, caught 833 games in thirteen years.

Frank Bowerman, the Baltimore catcher, may reverse positions, and blossom as a pitcher next season, so rumor says.

Think of Bob Allen hitting above .300 for the Boston team, and he was nowhere in the Western League.—Sporting Life.

President Nick Young has announced that Cettman's feat of making ten safe hits out of ten consecutive times at the bat established a record in the National League.

Manager Selee and Buck Ewing agree that there are few star catchers nowadays compared with the old-time brainy backstops. Ewing says there are but three in the league today.

Phil Corcoran, brother of the Cincinnati club's clever shortstop, is conceded to be the star pitcher of the Connecticut State League. He has done some excellent pitching for the Meriden club.

The agitation in favor of the double umpire system again is on, notwithstanding the fact that it is impossible to get six competent umpires to say nothing of twelve.—Sporting Life.

President Young is in favor of an amendment to the rules which will prevent the choice of home substitutes whenever the regular umpire is absent. He thinks the visiting team should select an official to act.

The Pittsburg Gazette is out with an appeal to the National League to prevent the engagement of prize fighters as temporary players, merely for drawing purposes, by any club operating under the national agreement.

Buck Ewing declares that much of Boston's success this season is due to their ability to place hits in right field. Almost any sort of a runner who is on first can travel to third on a single into that territory.

The Indianapolis correspondent to Sporting Life says: "With proper schooling, young Irwin, of Detroit, should become a star. He has fine curves and speed, with a fair control, but appears to lose his head with men on bases. He's a big, strong youngster.

New York is the only league club that has this season won an entire series—that from St. Louis. This duplicates Baltimore's 1896 feat against Philadelphia. In the Western League Indianapolis has this year won 19 out of 20 games with Kansas City.

Umpire Bob Emslie has recovered from the effects of the blow from a foul fly in one of the recent games at National Park with the Colonels.

pany's baseball team of Detroit defeated the Windsor Records in a well-played game Saturday. The score stood 7 to 7 in the seventh inning, when the Records forfeited the game to the Wolverines by giving the football team the use of the grounds for practice, of which arrangement the Wolverine team had not been apprised. Score: Wolverines, 7; Records, 7.

THE TURF.

POINTER WINS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 18.—Star Pointer won the third and decisive heat from Joe Patchen in the match race for $3,000. Both horses won a heat yesterday. Pointer's time today was 2:01 flat, which breaks all former records for paced mile in competition.

$25,000 FOR A TWELVE-YEAR-OLD.

On Saturday at Gravesend, James R. Keene had a talk with M. F. Dwyer, and bought the 12-year-old horse Kingston for $25,000. Kingston was sired by Spendthrift, out of imported Kapanga, and in the opinion of competent judges he was the best son of his sire. Kingston cost the Dwyers $15,000.

AT WINDSOR—SATURDAY.

Windsor, Sept. 18.—First race—Sierra Gorda 1, Shuttlecock 2, Judithie 3. Time, 1:14¾.

Second race—Miss Gussie 1, Katie H. 2, Our Lizzie 3. Time, 1:01¼.

Third race—Ellesmere 1, Irksome 2, Beau Ideal 3. Time, 1:54¼.

Fourth race—Kisme 1, Brighton 2, G. R. Longhurst 3. Time, 1:27¾.

Fifth race, ⅝-mile—Old Maid 1, Crinkle 2, Love Letter 3. Time, :37¾.

Sixth race—Charnia 1, King Elkwood 2, Leoncie 3. Time, 1:48¾.

AT FORT ERIE—SATURDAY.

First race, 6 furlongs—Charentus 1, Barometer 2, Sir Moltke 3. Time, 1:08¾.

Second race—Our Johnny 1, Evaline 2, Geyser 3. Time, 1:41.

Third race—Abundant 1, Frisco Ben 2, Fleming 3. Time, 1:17½.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles—The Bachelor 1, Toto 2, Kingstone 3. Time, 2:10¼.

Fifth race, steeplechase, over full course—Decapod 1, Belva 2, Marlinette 3. Time, 5:24.

AT GRAVESEND—SATURDAY.

First race, ¾-mile—Rubicon 1, George H. Ketcham 2, Tripping 3. Time, 1:15.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Deerslayer 1, Buckwa 2, King T. 3. Time, 1:50.

Third race, ⅝-mile—High Jinks 1, Bliss Rucker 2, Saratoga 3. Time, 1:03.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Ben Brush 1, Hastings 2, Requital 3. Time, 1:48¾.

Fifth race, ⅝-mile—Yankee Sam 1, Miss Miriam 2, La Maroma 3. Time, 1:02¾.

Sixth race, ¾-mile—Libertine 1, Lambert 2, Imperator 3. Time, 1:15¼.

AT ST. LOUIS—SATURDAY.

First race, ¾-mile—Hester 1, Uncle Abb 2, Hibernia Queen 3. Time, 1:16.

Second race, 5½ furlongs—Crocket 1, Belle of Memphis 2, Empress Josephine 3. Time, 1:09.

Third race, 1 mile—Bridgeton 1, Basquil 2, Ultima 3. Time, 1:42¾.

Fourth race, ⅞-mile—Silverset 1, Trujillo 2, Nick Carter 3. Time, 1:28¼.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Gold Band 1, Ardath 2, Topmast 3. Time, 1:49½.

Sixth race, ¾-mile—Slim W. 1, Miss Verne 2, Cavalry 3. Time, 1:14¼.

RESULTS AT OAKLEY—SATURDAY.

First race, ⅝-mile—Millstream 1, The Doctor 2, Dutch Comedian 3. Time, 1:02.

Second race, ¾-mile—Loyalty 1, Derby Maid 2, Agatha 3. Time, 1:15.

Third race, ¾-mile—French Gray 1, Virgieo 2, Barnastar 3. Time, 1:15¾.

Fourth race, 1⅛ miles—Meadow Thorpe 1, Box 2, Simon W. 3. Time, 1:53.

Fifth race, ¾-mile—Forsythe 1, Turtle Dove 2, Motilla 3. Time, 1:15¼.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Filibuster 1, Big Knight 2, Umbrella 3. Time, 1:41¾.

THE TURF CONGRESS.

St. Louis, Sept. 20.—The annual meeting of the American Turf Congress was held Friday. Washington Park, and Hawthorne, Chicago; Newport, Ky., and Highland Park, Detroit, were admitted to membership. Harlem's application was rejected. The jockey Dorsey injunction case was rererred to the Detroit Jockey Club for final adjudication. The sum of $1,000 was voted to be expended in prosecuting all implicated in the Little I Am "ringing" case. Trainers' license fees were increased from $10 to $25.

TIPS.

The price of admission at the Fort Erie running track has been reduced to 50 cents.

An electric device which propels sulkies and gives the horse nothing to pull, has been constructed and used to some profit. Judges should keep a bright lookout for it.—Boston Globe.

The Buffalo Trotting and Running Association, with a capital stock of $120,000, has been organized at Buffalo, N. Y. A mile track will be built close to the city in the spring.

SWIMMING.

DR. NEUMANN BEAT CHRISTY.

Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—The fourth annual swimming championships of the Atlantic Association of the Amateur Athletic Union were held at Wayne, Pa., Saturday. There were over 90 entries in the different events, among the notable swimmers being W. T. Lawless, the Canadian champion, and Dr. Paul Neumann, the Australian crack, from Chicago. The special feature of the day was the half-mile scratch race, which Dr. Neumann won, with Lawless fourth.

CRICKET.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—When stumps were drawn at 5:15 Saturday afternoon the English cricketers had been disposed of in their first inning for a total of 159 runs, and the Philadelphia "Colts" had put together 105 runs in their second inning for the loss of five wickets. The latter scored 158 runs in their first attempt. There were three thousand persons present when the "Colts" went in for their second chance at the bat.

AQUATIC.

SPLASHES.

Josh Ward, the old-time oarsman, celebrated on Saturday the 26th anniversary of the great Saratoga four-oared sculling race, when the noted four brothers defeated the world's best oarsmen in time that has never been equaled. The veteran Josh took great delight in reverting to the incidents of the race, and he says before he dies he would like to see four men, whether of one or four families, beat the Ward brothers' record made at Saratoga.

LACROSSE.

At Montreal on Saturday the Capitals defeated the Shamrocks before 6,000 people, and thus again won the championship of Canada, and, indeed, of the world. Score: Capitals 3, Shamrocks 2.

QUOITING.

OXFORD CHAMPIONSHIP.

Woodstock, Ont., Sept. 18.—Wm. Henderson, of Bright, champion quoit pitcher of Oxford county, today defeated James Collins, of Woodstock, by 61 to 41, for the James Sutherland gold medal and the championship of Oxford.

CURLING.

The curlers of Windsor will meet at the Crawford House Thursday night, to decide upon the building of a rink in Windsor. Already $2,500 has been subscribed.

WHEEL.

KISER WON THE GREAT INVITATION RACE.

New York, Sept. 20.—Eddie Bald, of Buffalo, was defeated Saturday at the Manhattan Beach bicycle race track by E. H. Kiser, of Dayton, Ohio. The race in which the men competed was the one-mile professional, the main attraction, and 50 per cent of the gate receipts were divided among the various contestants in it. Six heats preceded the final heat. Bald won the first heat, Kiser the second, Cooper the third and Gardiner the fourth. The first heat in the semi-finals was won by Bald, with Gardiner second. The second heat was won by Kiser, with Cooper second. In the final heat only Kiser and Bald competed.

John S. Johnson established a new track record of 53 seconds for half a mile, and the New York County Wheelmen's quad covered a mile in 1:57 1-5. Summary:

One-mile invitation, amateur—Final heat won by John S. Johnson, Worcester, Mass.; E. W. Peabody, Chicago, second. Time, 2:19 3-5.

One mile invitation, professional—Final won by Kiser, Dayton, by two open lengths; Bald, Buffalo, second. Time, 2:12 2-5.

DOUBLE CENTURY RECORD.

Kingston, Sept. 19.—F. O. Meyers has succeeded in lowering the Canadian and also the American records for the double century bicycle run. He completed the trip between Kingston and Belleville twice in 15 hours and 31 minutes. The American record, held by O'Connor, the "American road king," is 15 hours and 47 minutes. Gimbert, of Toronto, holds the Canadian record, 17 hours and 25 minutes. Thus Meyers holds the continental record, beating O'Connor's time by 16 minutes and the Canadian by 1 hour and 54 minutes.

HAMILTON GYMKHANA.

Hamilton, Sept. 20.—There was a large crowd at the bicycle games at the Jockey Club track Saturday afternoon. A card of six races was run off in a satisfactory manner. The Times team trophy race, 15 miles, was started and finished on the track. The Crescents Club won it, Ramblers second, Tourists third. Murray, of the Ramblers, was disqualified for foul riding, and this gave the tourists the place. The other winners were:

Half mile, open—Axton, Brantford, 1; R. Thompson, Toronto, 2; Sherritt, Brantford, 3.

Mile open—Axton, 1; Thompson, 2; Murray, Hamilton, 3.

Boys' race—R. Isbister 1, Armstrong 2.

Two mile local handicap—Isbister (75 yards start), 1; W. Barnes (scratch, 2; Murray (scratch), 3.

Ramblers' medal race—Archie Martin won.

W. J. Evel, Hamilton, fell in the road race and broke his collar bone.

SPOKES.

A ten-seated machine, called the Oritan, is being ridden through New England successfully, and with ten riders, all green hands and mere boys, has done a quarter in :24.

The Brantford people are making preparations for two or three days of record breaking. The date will likely be at the beginning of next month, when the bunch of riders return from the east.

A cyclist was fined in London, Eng., and ordered to pay 40s for compensation to a little girl he knocked down.

A London, England, youth was sentenced to four months' hard labor for stealing two bicycles which had been left unattended in the streets.

GOLF.

EXTRAORDINARY SHOT.

Several golfers vouch for the scrupulous accuracy of the statement that at the Tobermory links the other day, Capt. McKechnie, while playing a match, drove his tee shot with such accurate aim to the ninth pole, a distance of 180 yards, that the ball landed plump in the hole.

DRAUGHTS.

Martins, the veteran ex-champion is meeting all comers in London, and few indeed are the matches in which his opponent does not come off second best.

Mr. Wm. Gardner gave an exhibition of blindfold playing at Middlesbrough, England, lately. He kept twelve boards going for three hours, winning seven games, drawing three, and losing only two.

Against Professional Ethics.

Newspaper men will enjoy the keen thrust of William Henry Siviter, in Life, at the highly-conservative medical gentlemen who so abhor advertising—in the advertising columns:

"By the way, doctor," said the enterprising reporter, after he had secured from the eminent physician a full account of a successful and skillful operation which the latter had performed, "I believe it is not considered professional for physicians and surgeons to advertise in the newspapers."

"Oh, dear no!" replied the practitioner. "Such a method of obtaining publicity is a conspicuous violation of the ethics of the medical profession. A reputable physician cannot advertise. He would immediately lose caste if he did. Only quacks advertise."

"That was my impression," replied the newspaper man, who thereupon went away and wrote an interesting account of the operation from the facts which the eminent surgeon had detailed to him. He told how the patient had been in a railway accident, and was taken out of the wreck with forty-six compound fractures, besides innumerable bruises of a less important character. He told how a new rubber heart had been made and fitted into the place of the natural organ, which had been lost in the excitement, and how the artificial heart was doing all the work which could reasonably be expected of any sort of heart. He explained the ingenious mechanism which supplied artificial respiration while the patient's lungs were in the repair shop, and very properly alluded to the job, as a whole, as the most remarkable series of surgical operations in the whole history of the art of medicine and surgery, and concluded his succinct and valuable account with this paragraph:

"It would give us the greatest pleasure to mention the name of the eminent physician who has wrought such marvelous reconstruction of a human being whose condition seemed beyond hope, and who would have been really beyond hope in the hands of anyone else; but the stern mandate of professional ethics holds the writer's hand. Newspaper publicity is extremely offensive to the medical profession, for its members are not allowed to advertise, under severe penalties. It is with deep regret, therefore, that the skilful surgeon's name is omitted, and that he is thus deprived of the honor to which he is entitled; but we bow to the well-settled principle of the ethics of the profession."

It is understood that when the medical gentleman read this, he remarked that he would like an opportunity to treat the reporter as the railway wreck had treated his patient.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills.

We know nothing accurately only when we know little; with knowledge doubt increases.—Goethe.

They Do Good Work.

The following letter tells what people think about Laxa Liver Pills:

Dear Sirs,—I gladly testify to the virtues of Laxa Liver Pills. I used to be troubled with severe headaches and constipation for a long time, and took these pills hoping for a cure, and my hopes were rapidly fulfilled. I have found them a never-failing remedy, and heartily recommend them.

(Signed) MISS S. LAWSON,
Moncton, N. B.

Alaska Gold Dust

is hard to get.

FAIRBANK'S

GOLD DUST

Is sold Everywhere.

It Cleans Everything.

MADE ONLY BY
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis.
New York, Boston.



THAT STEADY STREAM

Of custom so much desired by energetic business men is only gained and retained by an open invitation, unceasingly extended, through these columns.



A TRIAL MEANS PROOF

Western Ontario.

Terrible Threshing Machine Accident in Harwich.

A Man's Arm Broken and Torn From the Socket.

New Oil Well in Petrolea—Two Horses Killed by Lightning in Essex—Waterloo's Potato Crop a Poor One.

A carload of grapes from Windsor, Ont., reached Winnipeg on Friday.

The Conservatives put in 250 appeals against the Yarmouth voters' list Friday night.

Mr. Jordan Minor, of Sparta, has sold the south half of lot 15, comprising 100 acres, to Mr. John G. Smith, for $5,000.

Daniel McDonald, of Goderich, is gazetted deputy registrar in the admiralty exchequer court in Huron and Bruce.

The potato crop in Waterloo county this year is almost a failure. Owing to the wet weather the greater part is rotted.

The Roman Catholics of Woodslee are commencing to erect a new church, under the supervision of Rev. Father Hodgkinson.

Miss Mary Donohue, of Brantford, who was so badly burned a few weeks ago, died Friday night in the hospital from her injuries.

Berlin has had 39 cases of diphtheria reported so far this year. The diphtheria epidemic is abating in the village of Breslau.

The Windsor public library had a narrow escape from being set on fire last night by a loose connection on the electric wires.

A large army of beanpickers are kept busy at the warehouses around Rodney, where large shipments of beans are being made.

Mrs. Charles Richards, wife of Chas. Richards, formerly one of the leading business men of Windsor, died suddenly Friday afternoon.

Business in Petrolea is brightening up and the prospects are good for a lively fall trade. Drilling is getting quite brisk and some rigs may soon start running tours.

Mr. Chas. Grant, sen., of Ridgetown, has started the frames for a new barn. The old gentleman, who is 87 years of age, intends to try and do the work with his own hands.

Mr. Arthur Smith, of the L. E. and D. R. R., was married at the residence of Mr. Geo. Allen, Ridgetown, Wednesday, evening to Miss J. Hildreth, by the Rev. R. J. Hunter.

The harvest home at the Springfield Baptist Church was a good success financially, the proceeds amounting to $54, with a successful social besides. The programme was first-class.

Messrs. Lowery Bros., Petrolea, have struck a splendid well on their property in the Northwest Territory. It is estimated to be good for anywhere from 25 to 50 barrels per day.

Mrs. David Kinsey, of Ridgetown, was buried Friday at Gosnell's Cemetery, Oxford. She was 67 years of age. Three sons and two daughters survive her. Mr. Kinsey remains very low.

M. Cosgroove, of Ridgetown, has again accepted the position of deputy game warden at the Eau. His duties will be to prevent non-observers of the game laws from trespassing on the park.

Two horses owned by D. H. Decew, of Essex, were standing in the woods, Thursday, when the storm came on, and both were killed by a falling tree. The driver, Isaac Lee, had a narrow escape.

Mrs. Wm. Silcox, sen., of Frome, had a stroke of paralysis Thursday morning, from which she is not expected to recover. Her sons, the Revs. J. B. Silcox, of Chicago, and E. D. Silcox, of Paris, were sent for.

Mrs. Mary Jones, formerly of Union, died at the residence of her son, Mr. F. F. Jones, of Comber, on Thursday, in the 79th year of her age. The remains were interred in the Baptist burying grounds east of Union.

Thursday afternoon Walter Diment, a helper in the G. T. R. boiler shop, Stratford, had three fingers of his right hand badly crushed. Dr. Deacon put about thirteen stitches in the little finger and found it necessary to amputate a portion of the third.

The new C. P. R. elevator at Owen Sound is nearly completed. Both the power house and elevator will be lighted with electricity, supplied by the old electric dynamo of the wrecked steamer Algoma. The new elevator will be one of the finest equipped on the continent.

Geo. Inksater, one of Paris' oldest and most respected citizens, died on Friday night, after an illness of several weeks. He was born at Kirkwell, Orkney Island, Scotland, and came to Paris 45 years ago. At the time of his death he was the oldest business man in Paris.

D. M. Ferry & Co. appealed at Toronto from the decision of the county judge at Windsor dismissing their suit against the street railway company for $150, for the loss of a horse, struck by the cars on Sandwich street and killed. The appeal was sustained, and the Ferrys were awarded $140 and costs.

A Blenheim correspondent writes: On Thursday, while at work threshing for Mr. Taylor, on con. 10, Harwich, another fearful accident occurred, in which an employe lost his arm. J. L. Komer, who was feeding the machine, noticed the drive belt slipping off, and tried to adjust it without having the engine stopped. The belt became caught in his sleeve, and instantly he was dashed around the machine. His arm was broken in three places, and torn out at the socket of his shoulder. The injured man is in poor circumstances and has a wife and child to care for. The latest report from the injured man was favorable and he was resting easy.

Mr. James Brooks, one of Lambton's earliest settlers, died a few evenings ago at his home on the town line, in his 91st year. Mr. Brooks was born in Scotland, and came to Canada about the year 1821, settling in Dalhousie, Lanark, until 1833, when he moved to Lambton, making his home on lot 7, con. 2, Plympton, where he resided until the day of his death. A few years after his arrival he was married to Margaret Waddell, daughter of the late George Waddell, London road, who survives him. They had seven children, all of whom survive him with the exception of one. The family are: Mrs. Mudge, of Sarnia; Mrs. Brownlee, of Enniskillen; Mrs. Moore, of St. Marys; Mrs. John O'Neil, of the town line; William, at home, and John, in Michigan. Messrs. Wm. Brooks, of Wyoming, and Robert Brooks, of the town line, are brothers of the deceased gentleman.

A poisoning accident occurred last week which nearly resulted in the death of four Wingham children. Mr. M. Beckwith had rented a store near the market, formerly occupied by Jas. McAlpine as a restaurant, and was fixing it up to open a bakery business. His three little children, along with a child of Walter Green's, were playing in the shop, and ate some pop-corn, which was lying on the floor. Symptoms of poisoning followed, and the little ones began vomiting on the way home, which in all probability was their salvation. Mr. Beckwith sought Mr. McAlpine, and learned from him that he had sprinkled some pop-corn with rat poison. After working some time with the children, Drs. Chisholm and Kennedy managed to counteract the effects of the poison.

WHAT WILL HAPPEN.

It was a very wet season in a small country place, and all the farmers were in a doleful state about the weather, so the minister said he would put up a special prayer on the Sunday, which he did, and prayer earnestly; but just as he was in the middle of the prayer an awful downpour came on, upon which he stopped and shook his head, saying: "Weel, weel; rain awa', guid Lord, and you'll see what ye'll mak' o' the crops."



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Campbell & Chantler

Summer Bill of Fare.....

Maple and Beech Wood, Dry.
Soft Maple Wood, Dry.
Mixed Soft Wood, Dry.
Mixed Slab Wood, Dry.

All best quality and cut to order at moderate prices. Yard and office, 176 Bathurst stree Branch office, 12 John street, London West. Phone, 347.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR

Rice's Pure Salt

BEST FORTABLE, DAIRY AND FARM.

The Western Advertiser.

(WEEKLY EDITION.)

PRINTED on Wednesday evening of each week. Penetrates thoroughly every section of Western Ontario. Business men can easily be convinced that a trial advertisement will be of great benefit and lead to a continual use of its columns. All copy must be in the office by 3 p.m. Wednesday.



Circulation better and bigger than any weekly in Western Canada.

1Rf z

John Ferguson & Sons
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.
FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.
174-180 King Street.
Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 513.



W. Chapman
BUTCHER.
Fresh and Salt Meats
Beef, Mutton, Fowls
etc, Goods delivered to any part of the city
269 DUNDAS STREET

Phone 1314 Rates, $2 Per Day
....THE....
GRAND UNION
Chas. A. Campbell, Prop.
TORONTO, ONT., CANADA

The most modern hotel in the city. Opposite entrance to Union Station, corner Front and Simcoe streets.

DISSOLUTION SALE

The Stock of Men's Furnishings, Boys' and Men's Ready-Made Clothing And Fine Ordered Clothing,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Thos. Pethick

Successor to Pethick & McDonald.

Merit Explains Its Great Popularity.

St. Leon is the greatest medicinal water on the American continent.

St. Leon—a sovereign remedy for all kidney and liver troubles.

St. Leon eradicates rheumatism from the system.

St. Leon—the greatest blood purifier known to science.

St. Leon Mineral Water Co., Ltd.,
TORONTO.

South Bend Chilled Plows.

A genuine South Bend Iron Beam Plow for $10 00.

Also Wood Beam Plows.

English Oak-Tanned Leather Belting,
RUBBER BELTING,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS,
MOLDERS' TOOLS,
COOPERS' TOOLS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS

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A. Westman's, 111 Dundas St. W
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THE UNDERTAKERS.
360 Richmond Street.
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Telephone—Store 440; House, 432. zxv

Brass and Iron . . .

BEDSTEADS.

TILES, GRATES, HEARTHS AND MANTELS. . . . .

GAS RANGES, HEATERS, FIRES

Rice Lewis & Son,
LIMITED,
Cor. King and Victoria Sts., Toronto

Stone in Bladder

REMOVED BY

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

I have been troubled with Stone in the Bladder. I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills' cures, and concluded to try them. I have used 18 boxes, and can safely say they have been the means of removing the stone. I can highly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all suffering from this disease.

I remain, yours, etc.,
JOHN MADILL.
Shelburne, Ont.

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cure Stone in Bladder.

228, 230, 232 DUNDAS STREET.

WHISKARD'S NEW STORE.

GENERAL VERDICT--The Best Store in London

Medium-Weight Underwear at Light-Weight Prices at Whiskard's.

The first change to make in the wardrobe is to heavier weight in UNDERWEAR. And now comes the problem of buying. The question of what and where. Experience has taught you that Whiskard's is the place to buy your Underwear. For quality and price you have always found us right. In Ladies' and Children's Underwear we keep a large assortment.

Ladies' Fleeced Vests, open front, trimmed, regular 25c goods, 12½c each.
Ladies' Ribbed Fleeced Vests, large size, 47c each.
Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Vests, 50c each.
Ladies' Very Fine Plain Vests, worth $1, for 75c each.
Children's Fleeced Vests, 10c each.
Children's Fine White Wool Vests, 18c each.
Children's Fleeced Drawers, 25c pair.

An Immense Line of Flannels at Whiskard's

So necessary a commodity as FLANNEL must have early consideration in the season's needables. Their usefulness makes it important that the quality be the best possible. For answer you have the reputation of this store to assure you that better values than these we have to offer you are not to be had. Our stock of flannels this season stands out in vindication of our motto that "The Best is the Cheapest."

Beautiful Line of Cream White Unshrinkable Flannel at 45c yard.
Fine Line of Blue White at 25c, 35c, 45c yard.
Pure Wool, in gray, plain and twilled, 20c, 25c yard.
Extra line Gray Flannel, 27 inches wide, 15c yard.
Special line of Gray, Plain and Twilled, only 12½c yard.

There Ought to be a Rush for These Bargains in Corsets.

From the prices that we quote in this department it can be readily perceived that our competitors are not in the least an incumbrance to us. We still proceed in slaughtering prices by buying in large quantities. Another lot just received in Children's Corsets.

Children's Corset Waists, worth 50c, for 25c.
$1 Corsets, in Black and Fawn, for 47c Pair.
75c Corsets, in Fawn and Gold, for 39c Pair,
50c Corsets, in Drab, for 29c Pair.
Come now, while you can get all sizes.

Ribbons, Ribbons, Ribbons.

We have made another big purchase of Ribbons, in Black, Gross Grain, Black Satin, Black Moire, and Satin Fancies.

Ribbons, worth 75c, for 29c yard.
Black Moire, worth 25c, for 15c yard.
Black Satin, worth 20c, for 15c yard.
Colored Moire, in the best shades, worth 29c, for 19c.

MILLINERY.

Call and see our new styles in Ladies' Felt Hats, New Feathers, Quills' Birds, Ospreys, Buckles, and all the needful trimmings for your Fall Millinery.

Where the Trouble Lies.

"There is no stupid work," says a French epigram, "but only stupid workers." We have not learned the first lesson of life if we call any useful employment "menial" or "degrading." It is the spirit that qualifies; the work is simply the vehicle of that spirit. Between the daily employment of a Sairey Gamp or a Florence Nightingale there is no difference; the immeasurable contrast is in the character of each. What can be more unpleasant than some of the details of an average doctor's practice? Yet the profession of medicine is rightly honored, and its heroes are many. To be a cook may mean to be the ill-tempered ruler of a slovenly kitchen, or to be Mrs. Rorer or Miss Parloa, whose skill tends directly to the health and happiness of thousands—since wholesomely prepared food is the very foundation of wholesome lives. It is only the stupid worker who stupidly despises his employment. The story is told of Maydole, the hammer maker, that he told Mr. Parton that he had been making hammers for 28 years. "Well, then, you ought to be able to make a pretty good hammer by this time." "No, sir!" was the reply; "I never made 'a pretty good hammer.' I make the best hammer made in the United States!" That was the spirit of an intelligent worker. "Why do you work in the factory for $2 50 a week on insufficient food, when you could have a good place as housemaid, at $3 50, with a comfortable room and plentiful table?" asked a lady of a young girl in whom she had become interested. "Oh, I couldn't demean myself to go out to service!" was the instant reply. That was the spirit of the intelligent worker, since the work of a good housemaid is by no means of a low order, demanding exquisite cleanliness, order and an essential touch of refinement. "Persons who put thought and honesty and conscientious trying into their common work—it may be sweeping rooms or planing board or painting walls—have put their ideals so long, so constantly, so lovingly, into that common work of theirs, that finally these qualities have come to permeate not their work only, but their being, so that they are fine-fibred," says Garnett. The man who condemns his own daily and unavoidable task as "stupid" is not as superior to it as he thinks—rather he condemns himself for not realizing and using the possibilities within it, and of growing by and through his work until both the work and the man are ennobled.—[Chicago Interior.

ANSWERED BY FOUR WORDS.

A writer says he was once in a Methodist love feast. A brother was talking about perfection.

"Perfection!" said the minister. "I don't believe in it. Show me one perfect man or woman. Did you ever see one? Did you ever know one? Dead silence, broken at last by the minister declaiming against perfection, saying: "Once more I ask does any one of you know a pefect man or woman?"

An old woman stood up. She had a queer bonnet, and a little shawl was on her shoulders.

"Perhaps you don't understand the question, madam? Do you know a perfect being?" asked the minister.

"I understand the question, Mr. Minister."

"And did you ever know a perfect man or woman?"

"Oh, yes."

"And, pray, who was it?"

"My husband's first wife."

The proper way to build up health is to make the blood rich and pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier

Why Barnum Got Lind.

Here is a curious story about the famous Swedish songstress, Jenny Lind.

Goldschmidt, the Swedish cantatrice's accompanist, had gone to America to seek his fortune. It had been a hard starting, for he said the singer (he afterward married her), and the result was disappointment. He was about to return home when he met Barnum, and complained to him of his ill-luck. Barnum was equally unhappy. He had tried everything—"circus, violin, virtuosos, dancers, educated apes, learned lecturers"—but all in vain. Then Goldschmidt suggested that he knew a singer in England who might be a good card in America.

"A singer? Pah! What's her name?" said Barnum.

"Jenny Lind."

"That's no name," retorted Barnum. "But she sings beautifully."

"Good thing for her, but no business for me."

"But she's the greatest singer in England."

"Better still for her; but we'll talk about something else;" said the prince of managers.

After a while spent in talk on other subjects, Goldschmidt returned to the attack.

Barnum broke in impatiently, "Leave me in peace with your singer. We have as many singers as there are sands on the seashore."

"Pity," replied Goldschmidt, carelessly. "Perhaps, after all, something might be done with the Swedish nightingale."

Barnum leaped to his feet. "What's that? Swedish—"

"That's what they call her in England."

"What is she called?"

"The Swedish nightingale."

"The Swedish nightingale? Write to Miss Jenny Lind at once. I will engage her for 100 concerts; $50,000 down, free voyage, and living for three persons. At once!"

"But, my dear friend, you haven't heard her!"

"Heard her! What do I know about music? Swedish nightingale! Immense! And you, unlucky, wretch, have waited till now before telling me!"—Chicago Chronicle.

WEBSTER'S LAST HIT.

Some years ago an eastern farmer, in trying to repeat Webster's dying words, "I still live," gave an amusing rendering of the spirit, if not the exact letter of the phrase. A gentleman had remarked to him, "Life is very uncertain." "Ah, yes," replied the farmer, "that's true, every word of it; and, by the way, captain, that makes me think of what one of your big Massachusetts men said when he died a spell ago."

"Who was it?" inquired the captain.

"Well, I don't jist call his name now, but at any rate he was a big politiclaner, and lived near Boston somewhere. My newspaper said that when he died the Boston folks put his image in their windows and had a funeral for a whole day."

"Perhaps it was Webster," suggested the captain.

"Yes, that's the name! Gen. Webster. Strange I could not think on it afore. But he got off a good thing just before he died. He riz up in bed and says he, 'I ain't dead yet!'"

Coleman's CELEBRATED DAIRY, HOUSEHOLD AND FARM SALT
PROMPT SHIPMENT GUARANTEED
CANADA SALT ASSOCIATION
CLINTON, ONT. 6

Cabled Comment

On European Events--The Situation in India--Ten Batteries of Artillery to Embark From England.

Watching the Ameer—Alleged Russian Intrigue Against Britain—The Peace Treaty Between Greece and Turkey—Differing Statements Regarding the Condition of Ireland—The Farmer's Feathered Friends to be Fostered—Ian Maclaren for Moderator.

London, Sept. 20.—The most cheering news from India is that rain has fallen just at the right time, and so abundantly that there is rich promise of fine harvests, and India may have wheat to export a few months from now.

ON THE FRONTIER.

The situation on the frontier in the early part of last week looked serious, indeed. In one quarter huge masses of Orakzais and Afridis were threatening, while outside Shabkadar the Momunds were collecting in numbers of which no man had the count. A British general had been attacked, harassed and practically driven back, and the outlying fort, held by the regular troops, was captured, after a desperate resistance. Gulistan, with its women and children, were in serious danger, and the evidently proposed defensive tactics could not with safety be continued another fortnight. So, somewhat before it is time, and with incomplete preparations, the attack has begun, and has resulted in success at Gulistan, qualified by British losses, which there is every reason to believe are more serious than were at first reported. Blood's attack on the Momunds on Tuesday came perilously near being a defeat, and the English general, Jeffreys, narrowly escaped capture; yet the importance of these engagements must not, in spite of sensational headlines in the papers, be exaggerated, in view of the real expedition which Gen. Lockhardt will lead about ten days hence. An unfortunate thing is the number of British officers who are falling at a time England can ill afford to lose men of this stamp.

IMMENSE ARTILLERY FORCE.

The fact that no less than ten batteries of horse and field artillery have been ordered to embark for India during the months of September and October, is much commented on in military circles. Under ordinary circumstances the four batteries now in India would have been relieved this month. But these batteries have been ordered to remain in India, and, therefore, there will shortly be on the frontier fourteen batteries of artillery, a full complement of an army corps. As the British force now assembled on the frontier is of ample strength to wipe out all visible resistance, the only conclusion that can be reached in relation to the dispatch of reinforcements of artillery is that the authorities are possessed of information of a serious character.

WATCHING THE AMEER.

The intimation conveyed by the war office on Monday last to the London commercial agent of the Ameer of Afghanistan that no war material or machinery for the manufacture thereof will be allowed to cross the frontier during the present crisis, indicates that the British Government has by no means entire confidence in the ameer's fidelity, and it is hinted the government has learned that while professing friendliness to Great Britain, the ameer has been secretly preparing for war.

ALLEGED RUSSIAN INTRIGUE.

Well informed circles are also discussing the story of secret correspondence between Russia and Afghanistan, which is said to have fallen into the hands of British officials, and it is further intimated that a widespread plot, embracing the Beluchis and others, has been discovered. The truth or otherwise of these stories will develop hereafter; but the fact remains that the large increase in the strength of the British artillery in India cannot be intended for use against the Afridis.

A PEACE TREATY.

At last an official end has been put to the Greco-Turkish war, which really terminated some fifteen weeks ago, by the sultan attaching his signature to the terms of peace. It took the ambassadors of the powers more than twice as long to arrange them as the hostilities lasted. At present, the result of the struggle is a military victory for the sultan over Greece, and undoubtedly the sultan hopes to gain a reward for his complaisance, in the shape of concessions in the matter of Crete. In an interview with Signor Pansa, the Italian ambassador at Constantinople, the sultan said that in return for Turkey's yielding in the matter of peace, he expected that the powers would show leniency concerning Crete. To Signor Pansa's surprised remark that the autonomy of Crete had already been agreed upon, the sultan replied, with a gesture, expressing, "We shall see."

IRELAND'S DISTRESS.

The extent of the distress threatening Ireland seems to depend largely as to through which party's eyes it is viewed. The council of the National Federation has decided that the country is on the brink of a widespread calamity, and calls upon Messrs. Dillon and Harrington to convoke a meeting of the Irish members of parliament for the purpose of requisitioning Mr. Balfour, to call an autumn session of parliament to devise relief measures and to pass a bill reducing rents in Ireland in proportion to the loss incurred by the tenants owing to the wholesale destruction of their crops.

On the other hand, the Dublin Express says that the cry of famine is only a continuation of the party war cry which is raised every year the "Unionists" are in office, and adds: "Judging from the past, we may hope that much of the crops doomed to destruction by the prophets of evil will be rescued, and that the general yield will be much larger than expected."

The Daily Independent regards the suggestion that the Duchess of York will shortly appeal for funds in behalf of the Irish who are threatened with famine as being an insult, and says: "If the country was ten times as badly off as it is likely to be it would resent any charitable appeal to the English."

The Independent emphatically denies that Ireland, as a whole, will suffer acute distress. Figures furnished in the report of the inspector of inebriate retreats show that the effect of legislative intervention to reform drunkards is still experimental and wholly inadequate. About one-third of those entering these retreats are entirely cured.

THE CUBAN STRUGGLE.

The Speaker says it regards the capture of Victoria de las Tunas by the Cuban insurgents as being a salutary lesson, taking the ground that it gives Spain a shock which it is hoped will check her in her drift towards bankruptcy and civil war.

While not expressing sympathy with the motives, the Speaker adds: "The United States can find excellent reasons to interfere whenever she likes."

The Speaker advises Spain to recall Capt.-Gen. Weyler and arrange terms with the Cubans, through the intermediary of the United States, expressing the opinion that, otherwise, Spain may have greater dangers to face after the United States congress meets.

TUNNEL SCHEME.

The project has been received of the construction of a tunnel between Scotland and Ireland. The latest estimates put the length of the tunnel at 25 miles, the period of construction 10 or 12 years, and the cost $43,000,000. These figures are largely fanciful. If those operations promised success, it would be necessary to spend $1,000,000 more to sink a shaft and drive a heading in order to make the tests complete.

TIRED OF THE STRIKE.

A conference looking to the settlement of the disputes in the engineering trades has commenced, and while the employers' federation at a meeting on Saturday determined not to concede to the demands of their employes, there are signs of a disposition on both sides to end the strike, which is costing the country hundreds of thousands of pounds.

FARMERS' FEATHERED FRIENDS.

The Ligue Ornithophile Francaise is organizing an international congress for the preservation of insectivorous birds. The congress will open its session in Aix on Nov. 9. It is proposed to demonstrate that international agriculture would be wise to secure the absolute prohibition by law of the destruction of these birds, and that severe penalties should be imposed upon those who kill or capture birds alighting in the course of their migrations.

DRUNKENNESS IN ENGLAND.

The inspector of inebriates, in a report just issued, contends that the number of habitual drinkers in English society is greatly underestimated, and adds: Immoderate drinking, though frightfully common among the industrial classes, is still more prevalent among the upper ten." It is also certain that among women of all classes drunkenness is increasing rapidly. Out of 442 cases at the Dalrymple Home 101 were university men, 316 were well educated, 235 were married and the others were widowers, or bachelors. In 228 cases sociability caused the downfall, ill-health caused the downfall in 36 cases, and overwork caused the downfall of 32 cases. In 55 per cent of the cases the excess was traceable to predisposing hereditary indications.

ROSEBERY.

Lord Rosebery, the former Liberal premier, is preparing to reenter public life. He has recommenced making speeches, and has a round of autumn engagements. His lordship visited Mr. Gladstone at Butterstone, on Friday, with the view, it is suggested, of getting the grand old man to start him on the right road to secure the support of all factions of the party.

IAN MACLAREN.

In order, if possible, to stop the heresy hunt still being conducted against him, the friends of Ian Maclaren propose to run him for the exalted post of moderator of the next synod of the Presbyterian Church of England. The possibility of seeing a novelist at the very head of the church is upsetting the mental balance of some bigots.

WHAT A MAN CAN'T DO.

A man cannot do two things at a time. A woman will broil a steak and see that the coffee does not boil over, and watch that the cat does not steal the remnant of the meat on the kitchen table, and dress the youngest boy and set the table, and see to the toast, and stir the oatmeal, and give the orders to the butcher, and she can do it all at once, and not half try. Man has done wonders since he came before the public. He has navigated the ocean, he has penetrated the mysteries of the starry heavens, he has harnessed the lightning, and made it light the great cities of the world. But he can't find a reel of thread in his wife's workbasket; he can't discover her pocket in a dress hanging in the closet; he cannot hang out clothes and get them on the line right end up. He cannot hold clothes pins in his mouth while he is doing it, either. He cannot be polite to somebody he hates. He cannot sew on a button. In short, he cannot do a hundred things that women do almost instinctively.

HIGHER RANK.

Mrs. Klondike—Why are you leaving, Bridget? Something private?

Bridget—No, mum; sergeant.

A Teaspoonful of
Abbey's Effervescent Salt
Taken every morning, will keep your blood pure and fortify your system against disease.
60 cts. a bottle. All Druggists.

A DISCIPLE OF TOLSTOI.

The Once Fashionable M. Tchertkoff, Russian Aristocrat, Now Lives in Monkish Simplicity.

A visit to the ex-private secretary of Count Tolstoi, who is now a refugee in England, is thus described by a representative of the London Daily News:

"The house stood in its own grounds, in one of the prettiest parts of Croydon. But the inside was very different from the conventional interiors of its neighbors. The stairs were carpetless, and the room where we sat was monkish in its simplicity. An iron bedstead occupied one corner; the floor was uncovered, even by a rug. The few articles of furniture were all of the plainest wood, unpainted and unvarnished. Near the window were two big deal tables containing in orderly array a number of Russian and English books and papers. Before one of the tables sat M. Tchertkoff, a tall, bearded, young-looking man, attired in a shapeless muzhik's smock, yet with the irremovable stamp of the Russian aristocrat upon him.

"Some members of our foreign office will remember M. Tchertkoff as a brilliant and fashionable young officer of the Russian Guards, who spent some time in London eighteen years ago as a member of the suite of his uncle, Count Schuvaloff, who was then Russian ambassador here. Since that time his life has greatly altered. Like another of his uncles, M. Saschkoff, the leader of the Russian Evangelicals, he tired of fashion and society, resigned his commission, and threw in his lot with the poor.

Finding in Tolstoi one of like mind, he became his helper, working ardently to spread the knowledge of, and to prove the practicability of, the Christian teaching as expressed in Tolstoi's writings. Recently, in consequence of this, and of an endeavor he made to induce the young emperor to check the persecuting zeal of M. Pobedonosteff, the reformer was exiled from Russia; hence his presence in Croydon."

FALL FAIRS.

Where and When the Exhibitions Will Take Place.

Central, Ottawa	Sept. 17-25
East Lambton, Watford	Sept. 21-22
North Waterloo, Berlin	Sept. 21-22
Great Northwestern, Goderich	Sept. 21-24
Southern, Brantford	Sept. 21-24
Peninsular, Chatham	Sept. 21-24
North Oxford, Woodstock	Sept. 22-23
Hay Agricultural Society, Zurich	Sept. 22-23
West Middlesex, Strathroy	Sept. 22-24
Horticultural, Clifford	Sept. 23-24
North Perth, Stratford	Sept 23-24
Aylmer	Sept. 23-25
Palmerston, Palmerston	Sept. 27-28
Oxford, Kemptville	Sept. 27-28
Ontario and Durham, Whitby	Sept. 27-28
Blenheim, Drumbo	Sept. 28-29
South Oxford, Tilsonburg	Sept. 28-29
Zone and Bothwell	Sept. 28-29
Lambton, Sarnia	Sept. 29-30
Cayuga	Sept. 28-30
Essex	Sept. 28-30
North Bruce, Port Elgin	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
West Elgin, Wallacetown	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Kinloss, Lucknow	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
East Nissouri	Oct. 1
London Township, Ilderton	Oct. 1
Florence	Oct. 1-2
Bayham, Vienna	Oct. 2
South Norwich, Otterville	Oct. 1-2
Brigden	Oct. 5
Comber	Oct. 5
Mosa and Ekfrid	Oct. 5-6
Perth, South, St. Mary's	Oct. 5-6
Woolwich, Elmira	Oct. 5-6
North Brant, Paris	Oct. 5-6
N. and W. Oxford, Ingersoll	Oct. 5-6
Glencoe	Oct. 5-6
Westminster, Lambeth	Oct 6
Alvinston, Alvinston	Oct. 6-7
Leamington	Oct. 6-8
Highgate	Oct. 7-8
Embro, Embro	Oct. 7
Petrolea, Petrolea	Oct. 8
West Nissouri, Thorndale	Oct. 8
Springfield	Oct. 8-9
Norwich, Norwich	Oct 8-9
Howard	Oct 11-13
Ridgetown	Oct. 11-13
Norfolk Union, Simcoe	Oct. 12-14
Delaware	Oct. 13
Rodney	Oct. 14-15
Moravian Indian Fair	Oct. 19-21

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LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN jeweler 402 Richmond street.

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"THE RICHMOND" — CORNER KING and Richmond streets. JAMES FALLAHE, new proprietor. A call solicited.

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J. ELLIOTT HOLMES, L.D.S., ROOM 3, Dufield Block, Dundas and Clarence streets. Phone 897.

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DR. JEFFREY N. WOOD—DENTIST—Higgins' Block, over 212 Dundas street.

DR. GEORGE C. DAVIS, DENTIST — Graduate R. C. D. S., Toronto, 1879, graduate Philadelphia Dental College, 1893. Specialties: Preservation of natural teeth; crown, porcelain and bridge work. 176 Dundas street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.

L. MCDONALD, DENTIST, Office, 185½ Dundas street, London Telephone 702.

DR. J. H. SWANN—DENTIST—OFFICE 207½ Dundas street. Telephone 1,131.

WOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DENTISTS —216 Dundas street, next Edy Bros., over Cairncross & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 922.



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Millions NOW USE Pearline

Too thin! That is what people say about other teas after drinking Blue Ribbon.



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When almost every household will come to use a Souvenir, because it will be to their advantage to do so. Slowly but surely the tide is turning. Humanity seeks those things that serve them best. This is the secret of the unequaled demand for

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xxv 2

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U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, ETC., 83 Dundas street, London; telephone 99; money to loan at lowest rates.

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W. H. BARTRAM — BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street

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J. H. GARDINER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON, England—Office and residence, corner William and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to specific and skin diseases. xxv

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DR. C. A. CLINE—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 466 Dundas street. Phone, 1330.

DR. MCCALLUM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 415 Dundas street. Telephone 275.

DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—London, Ont., special attention to all diseases peculiar to women. Hours 10 to 2.

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DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 688 Dundas street. Telephone.

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THOMAS TREBILCOCK—STAR LIVERY —533 Richmond street. Best hacks coupes, etc. Light livery a specialty. Careful attention to orders. Phone 423. Open night and day.

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO., (LIMITED)
LONDON - CANADA.

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manag. Dir.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Monday, Sept. 20, 1897.

Ontario Must Not Be Sacrificed.

The Montreal Star, while offering no objection to the entry of Hon. David Mills into the Dominion Cabinet, suggests that the best way to reduce the size of the Government would be to have Sir Oliver Mowat become Lieut.-Governor of Ontario, and appoint no one in his place.

This arrangement will never do. It would not be accepted by the great Province of Ontario for one moment. It would reduce the status of this Province in the Cabinet to a par with the Maritime Provinces, and in point of importance of portfolios held by representatives from Ontario to an even lower standing than that of the provinces by the sea.

Such a humiliation of Ontario would surely never be contemplated by the Prime Minister. In Ontario, at last census, the population was 2,112,989; in the Maritime Provinces, the total inhabitants footed up to 880,905. The ratio of increase, as a matter of course, is greater in Ontario than in the Maritime Provinces, so that the disparity today is greater than it was in 1891. Representatives of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, with a little more than one-third of the population of Ontario, now hold four portfolios, while to Ontario is only assigned five. Yet it is seriously suggested by this Montreal paper to reduce this Province to a level with the Maritime Provinces!

Ontario will not be satisfied with any inferior position in the government of the country. She can reasonably insist that this shall hold good both in regard to the number of her representatives in the Cabinet, their standing in the Province, and in the importance of the portfolios assigned to them.

Hall Caine's new book, "The Christian," the literary sensation of today, is having a phenomenally large circulation. Already the publishers announce the exhaustion of several editions, but in the days of fast printing, it is easy to keep up with the largest demand. In Canada, the book has very many readers, for all fiction readers seem bound to be able to pronounce a verdict on the much canvassed story. The plot has been well summarized as the old one, never stale: the antagonism between love and duty, the flesh and the spirit, the lower and the higher life. It is a striking story, calculated to arrest the attention from beginning to end. There will be different verdicts as to its merits, according to the standpoint from which it is viewed. Many will hold that some of the characters are overdrawn—that it is difficult to imagine their existence in real life—but such has been the verdict with regard to the heroes and heroines of many a predecessor of "The Christian." Probably the best way to treat works of fiction generally is to regard them as pieces of scenic effect—ofttimes exaggerated to suit the whim of the artist or to fall in with his surroundings. May it not happen that the skillful novelist really depicts one or more of his characters in a way that is not true to nature, as generally understood, in order to stimulate criticism and promote inquiry? The publisher of "The Christian" in Canada is George M. Morang, 63 Yonge street, Toronto.

An Ideal Home City.

Not a week passes in which one or more families do not come to London to settle permanently. Some come in order to get employment, but in recent years large numbers of farmers, store-keepers in smaller places, and others who have earned a competence, have taken up their residence in this city. They have weighed the various advantages of centers of population and have found that London is an ideal city of homes. Here not only can good houses be bought or rented in choice localities, but we provide the best domestic water supply on the continent, and we can proudly boast that London is the healthiest city of its size in America. London's good churches, with pastors possessing more than the average pulpit talent, its free library and general educational facilities further commend it to new-comers. He is, indeed, hard to please who, with something to do or income enough to live without active employment, has a home in London in these piping closing years of the nineteenth century.

The Republican leaders in Greater New York have resolved to put a candidate in the field for mayor in opposition to Mr. Seth Low, a member of their party, who has been nominated by the Citizens' Union, a body composed of members of both political parties. It is possible that Mr. Low might have been acceptable to the Republican managers if the mixed body by whom he has been selected had refrained from action till the Republican party met and selected him. But his earlier nomination put Republication indorsation out of the question. The probability, therefore, is that there will be three candidates for the mayoralty of Greater New York—the Citizens' Union, the Republican, and the Democratic. The race for the control of the patronage of the great city, amounting to at least $25,000,000, will provide the liveliest campaign of the year. There are some fat offices provided by the new charter, for instance, there head the list of 23,000 officials and workers required in the government of the city of 3,500,000 inhabitants:

ELECTIVE.

Office.	Salary.
Mayor	$15,000
Corporation counsel	15,000
Comptroller	10,000
President council	5,000
Twenty-eight members council, each	1,500
President board of aldermen	5,000
Aldermen, 63, each	2,000

APPOINTIVE.

City chamberlain	12,000
President board of public improvements	8,000
Commissioner of water supply	7,500
Commissioner of street cleaning	7,500
Commissioner of sewers	7,500
Commissioner of buildings	7,500
Commissioner of bridges	7,500
Commissioner of parks	7,500
Commissioner of charities	7,000
Commissioner of correction	7,500
Commissioner of fire department	7,500
President of dock commissioners	6,000
President commission of taxes and assessments	8,000
President of board of health	7,500

If Toronto Fair Is Bonused, the Western Fair Must Be Bonused Also.

It was not to be expected that the show season would end without an appeal by the Toronto Fair authorities for special Government aid to keep their exhibition going. The Toronto Fair managers are very persistent in this endeavor to add to their annual income by a bonus from the taxpayers. They do not care very much whether the money comes out of the taxpayers by way of the Ottawa Administration or from the coffers of the Province. Indeed, they would gladly accept an annual bonus from both. And in return they would be willing to baptize their institution by any name that the donors might suggest—"Dominion," "Provincial," or any other title, so long as the money was forthcoming.

We in the West have run a uniformly successful agricultural and industrial exhibition, drawing the best of stock and other farm products and manufactured articles from all parts of the country, for 29 years, and are naturally interested in this constant attempt of the Toronto people to obtain Government aid for their show. The Western Fair was the pioneer of independent agricultural exhibitions. It was organized because the people of the West felt that the old peregrinating Provincial Show, coming to London to fatten its resources every few years, did not meet the wants of the populous, progressive district of which London is the center. We in London led the way in establishing an independent, self-supporting institution. It began in a comparatively humble way in 1868, and its progress has been steady and marked, until now it admittedly is second to no annual exhibition of agricultural and mechanical products on the continent. The high praise given by Hon. John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture, and Hon. George W. Ross, Minister of Education, on their recent visit, was well deserved, and it was borne out by distinguished visitors from Ohio and other neighboring states.

We cannot for a moment imagine that were the Dominion or Provincial authorities to subsidize the Toronto show managers in order that they might extend the scope of that exhibition, they could refuse to treat the Western Fair with less liberality. In all these years that Toronto has been begging the Governments to come to its aid, London and the West have refrained from asking for national or provincial money for their show. If, however, one of the two great exhibitions in Ontario is subsidized, justice would not be done unless the other was similarly treated. There does not appear to be much prospect of the Toronto men succeeding in obtaining a special Dominion or Provincial bonus; but if they do succeed, the Western Fair must have like justice. Meanwhile, the success of past exhibitions, and especially of the one just concluded, ought to nerve the directors of the Western Fair of 1898, soon to be selected, to still further effort to maintain the prestige and popularity of the pioneer independent exhibition of Ontario.

Triumph for Turkey.

The treaty between Turkey and Greece has at length been signed, and mayhap the Turk will at an early day evacuate the major portion of Thessaly. In the rearrangement of the frontier, the Sultan has largely had his own way, and he has so resisted the divided Powers as to move them, at the instigation of Lord Salisbury, to become the tax collectors of the Turk in Greece. The Powers are now responsible for the payment of the indemnity to be paid by the Greeks. Thus the Sultan has been rehabilitated in the eyes of the Moslems in a way that has not been possible for many a day.

Lord Salisbury was much easier with him than was expected or desired by a very large number of the British people, who believe that firmness would have been far more effective in dealing with the crafty ruler than vacillating temerity. As results have proved, nothing has been gained by this tender handling of the Turk. The more he has been coddled or pardoned for wrong-doing, the more aggressive he has become.

The British people are finding that their rulers have not purchased immunity from strife on the borders of India by over-kindness to the Turkish Sultan. Rather has their action been interpreted by Turkish newspapers and politicians to mean impotence, and it has been so heralded throughout the East. A little firmness two years ago would have saved much trouble now.

No illustrated article in the September magazine number of the Outlook will attract more general attention than that on "Modern Rome," by Prof. Rodolfo Lanciani, who is the greatest living authority on this particular subject, and has the highest possible rank as an archaeologist and art critic. The illustrations are furnished by Prof. Lanciani, and include some beautiful and typical Roman scenes. $3 a year; the Outlook Company, 13 Astor Place, New York.

Harper's Weekly of Sept. 11 contains the first letter from its special correspondent, Tappan Adney, who is on his way to the Klondike. At the time of writing he had reached Victoria, B. C., and was busy buying supplies and arranging for the journey across the White Pass, via Skaguay. His letter is full of facts and valuable information in regard to routes, equipments, etc., and gives a vivid picture of the odd assortment of incidents and persons that characterize this rush to the Yukon.

The Hawaiian Islands are well described and well illustrated in an article by George H. Johnson in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for October. George Willis Burwell contributes a pleasing sketch of the Breton peasants, which is illustrated by beautiful reproductions of paintings by Henry Mosler. Another article which contains entertaining reading as well as important information is "Salmon-Fishing on the Columbia," by Joseph William Collons, giving a graphic picture of the work and methods of those engaged in the securing and canning of salmon. There are a number of short stories, the continuation of the serial, a department for boys and girls, a poem by Louise Chandler Moulton, and an illustrated Hallowe'en poem by Minna Irving. (Frank Leslie's Publishing House, New York.)

Canada's Cabinet.

Prospective Changes as Viewed by the Press.

EITHER IN THE CABINET OR A JUDGE.

St. John Globe.

Liberals everywhere would be glad to see Hon. David Mills go into the cabinet, just as there are thousands of Liberals in the country who cannot see why he was overlooked in the first instance, but the question between the entrance of Mr. Mills into the government and the reduction of the cabinet ought to be decided in favor of the country itself. Mr. Mills is an able man—not a lawyer of experience, indeed, as he became a barrister late in life—but a man full of knowledge of the constitution, of precedents and of the way in which precedents should be applied, and he has all the material in him for the making of a judge of the highest court in the land, for he has never ceased to be a student. A seat upon the supreme court bench would be the best place for him, and the bench needs him. No doubt, Sir Wilfrid may feel, in view of the fact that the country is face to face with larger questions than it has yet had to deal—constitutional questions relative to treaties and to the attitude to the motherland—he needs at his right hand a man like Mr. Mills. But upon the bench the judgment, views, opinions of Mr. Mills would be about as available as they would be in the cabinet.

WEST SHOULD BE REPRESENTED

Windsor Record.

The rumor is revived that Sir Oliver Mowat will go to Government House, Toronto, and that he will be succeeded in the cabinet by the Hon. David Mills. This arrangement is one that would give the liveliest satisfaction to the Liberals of Canada, and especially the Liberals of this province.

The entire fitness of the appointment of Sir Oliver to the lieutenant-governorship of Ontario goes without argument. It would be a splendid rounding-off to a long and eminently successful public life.

The taking of the Hon. David Mills into the cabinet and leaders of the Senate, would bring strength and stability to the government, and would give special satisfaction to his numerous political friends in Western Ontario. His defeat last election in the gerrymandered constituency of Bothwell, and some subsequent misunderstanding, left him out of the Laurier cabinet at the time it was formed. This mistake may now be corrected. Whether Mr. Mills would accept the offer or not we do not know, but if he is offered a cabinet position and refuses, his friends will be greatly disappointed.

Mr. Mills is a statesman as distinguished from a mere politician. His thorough knowledge of Canadian public affairs and the high place he holds in public estimation as an honest and able legislator would greatly strengthen the Laurier government. He was a prominent member of the late Alexander Mackenzie's government, and the old supporters of that government were greatly disappointed when they found that he was not taken into the present one.

Mr. Mills is a western man. He is familiar with the affairs of Western Ontario, and personally well known and popular with the Liberals of this section. This important section of the province should have representation in the cabinet.

INDORSED BY THE LAW JOURNAL

[Ridgetown Plaindealer.]

We reproduce today what the Montreal Witness' Ottawa correspondent has to say as to impending ministerial changes. We see from other sources the rumor confirmed that Sir Oliver is anxious to retire and to see Senator Mills take his place as Minister of Justice. It is to hoped in the public interest and in that of the Reform party that this arrangement will be effected. Mr. Mills is in close touch with Sir Wilfrid. He has the especial confidence of Sir Richard, and, indeed, would be persona grata to the whole Cabinet. And then the people, we of the western district, have our own claims for recognition. Never for the twenty odd years that this paper has been in the confidence of the Reformers of Essex and Kent, have we noticed such a feeling of dissatisfaction as when, for what reason we do not care to inquire, Mr. Mills was left out of Mr. Laurier's Cabinet. So far as we know, the members of that Cabinet were all entitled to be there, but nobody up this way, at least, expected but that Mr. Mills would be included. Frankly, we were displeased that he was not. But all that will be forgotten if he now becomes Minister of Justice. The Cabinet is strong in public confidence, but it would be stronger still if Mr. Mills were in it. It makes more difference to the country and the party than it does to Mr. Mills. The cares and the responsibilities of office are no light weight. For Mr. Mills, literature and reading have charms and compensations, but the country wants him to have a high seat in her councils. All Canada knows his sterling honesty, his sound judgment, his fearless love of right. The particular department to which he is likely to be called, is one he would fill well. He is facile princeps in constitutional law, in this Dominion. As the Witness points out, many minor matters could be attended to by deputies. In discussing Mr. Mills' qualifications for the Supreme Court Bench, the Canada Law Journal, in its issue of July 15, in a well-reasoned article, urged Mr. Mills' special fitness for a supreme court judgeship, and if fit for the bench, then he is from the legal point of view, well qualified for the portfolio of justice. The Journal referred to Mr. Mills' 20 years of training in the mother of all courts, the high court of Parliament, and disposed finally of the objection to Mr. Mills, that his knowledge of law was obtained rather by reading, than by practice in the courts. Neither Lord Bacon nor Sir Wm. Blackstone, nor in our own generation, Lord Blackburn, were successful practitioners. But in any case, Sir Oliver Mowat knows what he is about in pushing Mr. Mills for the position. He is a shrewd, far-seeing politician, and he knows on the one hand, that Mr. Mills would fill the place well, and on the other, that the country would be well pleased to see Hon. David Mills an adviser of the crown.

ANXIOUS.

Cleveland Plaindealer.

He counts the days and minutes,
As they pass on leaden wing;
He's going to the Klondike
In the very early spring.

SHE WAS RICH.

She said, "Will you to Klondike go?"
She meant it for a game.
I took her hand, I said, "Why, no,
I'll stay and work this claim."
—Cleveland Plaindealer.

ENGLISH AS SHE IS WRIT.

[Detroit Free Press.]

The "classified ads" of a Chicago morning paper recently contained the following, says the Times-Herald:

"Wanted—A second-hand woman's Columbia bicycle, 1895 make."

On the same day a State street house advertised "2,000 damaged ladies' cloth caps at 5c each."

Was the second-hand woman of the morning paper anything like the damaged ladies of the State street store? If not, why not? They would seem to belong to the "same family," as the masquerading nephew in "Olivette" would say.

A Michigan avenue advertiser several weeks ago announced that he had "two imported ladies' handsome Easter jackets cheap." Are these "imported ladies" of the sort that rule our kitchens nowadays?

One of the drygoods houses a few days ago advertised "$3 black figured brilliantine ladies' dress skirts," "$3 checked woolen ladies' dress skirts," and "$8 plaid ladies' dress skirts." Were these figured, checked and plaid ladies similar to the "tatooed ladies" so frequently found in the dime museums a few years ago?

One of the department stores recently advertised "all wool boys' sweaters," "japanned infants' bath tubs," and a "solid oak child's high chair." An all wool boy would certainly need a sweater, and possibly a japanned infant would need a bath quite as much as a flesh and blood one. But, seriously, "solid oak child" must be tough. If a boy, he is very apt to be a blockhead as well, and if a girl, she would scarcely expect to have a willowy form on growing up to woman's estate.

Another house advertised "five-cent ladies' extra quality ribbed balbriggan sleeveless vests." Well, "five-cent ladies" are just the ones who would wear "vests." The word "vest," when applied to a man's garment, is almost as bad as that other vulgarism, "pants," but applied to a woman's garment it is still more vulgar.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF is safe, reliable and effectual because of the stimulating action which it exerts over the nerves and vital powers of the body, adding tone to the one and inciting to renewed and increased vigor the slumbering vitality of the physical structure, and through this healthful stimulation and increased action the cause of the PAIN is driven away, and a natural condition restored. It is thus that the READY RELIEF is so admirably adapted for the CURE OF PAIN and without the risk of injury which is sure to result from the use of many of the so-called pain remedies of the day.

IT IS HIGHLY IMPORTANT THAT EVERY FAMILY KEEP A SUPPLY OF

Radway's Ready Relief

Always in the house. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or correct the progress of disease as quick as the Ready Relief.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weaknesses in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A Cure for All

SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

A half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in a half tumbler of water, repeated as often as the discharges continue, and a flannel saturated with Ready Relief placed over the stomach and bowels will afford immediate relief and soon effect a cure.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other malarious, bilious and all other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Radway's Pills

for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Dizziness, Vertigo, Costiveness, Piles, etc.

Sick Headache,
Female Complaints,
Biliousness,
Indigestion,
Dyspepsia,
Constipation and
All Disorders of the Liver.

Observe the following symptoms, resulting from disease of the digestive organs: Constipation, inward piles, fullness of blood in the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust of food, fullness or weight of the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering of the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin and eyes, pain in the side, chest, limbs and sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above named disorders.

Price 25c a Box. Sold by Druggists or Sent by Mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 7 St. Helen street, Montreal, Canada, for "Book of Advice."

Just Count the advantages of either the Tube or the Lip



Bias Dress Bindings

They outwear any skirt.
Give a tailor-made finish.
Keep their color.
Never Fade, Fray or become Ragged and they save you time and money.
Worth's latest French Skirt Pattern is given FREE with every purchase.



Is Your Heart Strong?

Or have you palpitation, throbbing or irregular beating, dizziness, short breath, smothering or choking sensation, pain in the breast or heart. If so, your heart is affected and will in turn affect your nerves, causing nervousness, sleeplessness, morbid anxious feeling, debility.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills

Cure all these complaints by regulating the heart's action and building up the nervous and muscular system to perfect health and strength. Price 60c. per box or 6 boxes for $2.50. At all druggists.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Produce Soft, White Hands," free.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.



Pure Lard.
Long Clear Bacon,
Smoked and Fresh Meats.
Bologna and Sausage.

Canadian Packing Co.
LONDON.

Bowers Of Beauty

Everything in the store is bright and new and dainty. The salt breath of the Atlantic still lingers in the folds of nearly all the goods that grace our shelves—for a fortnight ago they were on the ocean. And not only did Mr. Chapman purchase the best and the prettiest goods on the European markets, but he bought cheaper than ever before.

IN MANTLES

There's a regular bower of beauty in our mantle department. There's not a garment hanging on our racks that isn't absolutely faultless in style. Whether you want to pay only $2 75, or are willing to spend as much as $25, you may rest assured that at Chapman's you'll get the biggest value for your money, and that you'll get nothing that isn't new and chic and choice and fashionable. The Silk Shirt Waists are in our Mantle Department too.

IN DRESS GOODS

It's in Dress Goods that you'll notice especially the flavor of freshness and daintiness and stylishness. Every fashionable weave, every popular shade, every stylish design is to be found represented in our assortment. And never was style so cheap. At 50c a yard, for instance, we have a splendid line of rough goods, many of them in the fashionable checks—all of them in the fashionable shades of green and purple and brown and red and blue. See them.

J. H. Chapman & Co.

Underwear Bargains for Men and Women

Real fall weather has come at last and the chill, piercing air rushing through the fallen leaves is the signal heralding the advent of the season for warmer Underwear. Chapman's are prepared for that advent with a stock of the best, the most stylish and the lowest-priced Underwear ever shown in London.

For Ladies' Wear:

If we were to tell of our whole stock of Ladies' Underwear, this entire page would be all too little. Suffice it to say that it is the choicest, the completest, the cheapest assortment that feminine eyes have ever gazed upon in this city. Take Ladies' Undervests, for instance—We have them at 2 for 25c, a very special line at 25c each, and then by cozy steps up to $1 25 a piece. Come in and see our stock.

For Gentlemen's Wear:

Perhaps the story of our Men's Underwear can best be told by a few samples. Remember, if you're not satisfied with your purchase, you have only to ask for your money back.

Men's Heavy-Weight Ribbed Underwear—absolutely all wool, per suit..... 70c

Men's Fine Underwear—all pure Scotch wool, shirts with ribbed skirt and cuffs, trouser-finished drawers, all sizes, per suit..... $1.00

Elegant Fine Scotch Natural Wool Underwear for gentlemen's wear. These garments are comfortable, not clumsy, and are made to fit the human form, all sizes, per suit..... 2.00

J. H. Chapman & Co.

Sales Talk

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than accorded any other proprietary medicine. This is simply because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Almost to the exclusion of all others. Try it. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Commercial.

Local Market.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.
London, Monday, Sept. 20.

Wheat, white, fall, per bu	87c to 87c
Wheat, red, fall, per bu	87c to 87c
Wheat, spring, per bu	87c to 87c
Oats, per bu	23c to 27c
Peas, per bu	39c to 45c
Corn, per bu	32½c to 34c
Barley, per bu	29c to 31c
Rye, per bu	39½c to 40c
Beans, per bu	45c to 50c

Wheat, oats and corn were the only grain receipts today.

The feeling in wheat was steady; $1 45 was the price paid for choice. Buyers were more particular about quality, and $1 40 was often bid when the sample did not come up to the mark.

Oats brought 75c to 80c—mostly 75c.
Corn sold at 70c; demand good.
Hay was slow at $6 50 to $7 50.

The following price are, with the above exceptions, based on Saturday's session:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lbs	1 45	to	1 45
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 45	to	1 45
Wheat spring, per 100 lbs	1 47	to	1 50
Wheat, new	1 45	to	1 45
Oats per 100 lbs	75	to	80
Peas, per 100 lbs	65	to	75
Corn, per 100 lbs	70	to	72
Barley, per 100 lbs	60	to	63
Rye, per 100 lbs	70	to	70
Beans, per bu	00	to	00
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	00	to	00
PROVISIONS.			
Honey, comb	10	to	12½
Honey, extracted	7	to	10
Cheese, per lb	9	to	10
Eggs, single dozen	14	to	15
Eggs, fresh, basket, per doz	12	to	11
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	11	to	12½
Butter, per lb., retail	18	to	20
Butter, per 1 lb. rolls, baskets	16	to	17
Butter, per lb., large rolls or crocks	14	to	16½
Butter, per lb., tubs or firkins	10	to	12
Lard, per lb	5	to	7
Chickens, per pair	35	to	60
Ducks, per pair	50	to	70
Turkeys, each	75	to	00
MEAT, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, quarters, per lb	3½	to	5½
Mutton, quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Veal, quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Lamb, quarter	8	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs	6 75	to	6 85
Hides, No. 1 per lb	7	to	7
Hides, No. 2, per lb	6	to	7
Hides, No. 3, per lb	5	to	5
Calfskins, green	6½	to	6½
Calfskins, dry, each	4	to	6
Sheepskins, each	00	to	00
Lambskins, each	55	to	55
Pelts	55	to	55
Wool, per lb	19	to	19
Wool, unwashed, per lb	10	to	11
Tallow, rendered, per lb	2½	to	3
Tallow, rough, per lb	1½	to	2
HAY AND SEED.			
Hay, per ton	6 00	to	7 50
Straw, per load	2 00	to	2 50
Timothy seed, per bushel	0 00	to	0 00
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.			
Pears, basket	15	to	30
Peaches, per basket	25	to	45
Plums, per basket	25	to	50
Apples, per bag	1 20	to	1 50
Grapes, basket	10	to	30
Melons, water, per dozen	2 00	to	2 00
Melons, musk, per dozen	20	to	75
Citrons, per dozen	50	to	1 00
Celery, per doz. bunches	25	to	30
Cauliflowers, per doz	50	to	2 00
Peas, per quart	5	to	8
Beets, per doz. bunches	20	to	30
Beans, quart	4	to	5
Carrots, per doz. bunches	20	to	30
Potatoes, per bag	75	to	90
Pumpkins, per dozen	50	to	65
Tomatoes, per bushel	45	to	60
Turnips, per pound	4	to	8
Cucumbers, dozen	5	to	10
Cucumbers, per hundred	15	to	25
Cabbage, per doz	25	to	40
Corn, dozen	6	to	8
Lettuce, per doz	10	to	15
Onions, per doz. bunches	20	to	20
Onions, per bushel	65	to	1 00
Radishes, per doz. bunches	12½	to	1 15
LIVE STOCK.			
Young pigs, per pair	5 00	to	5 00
Cows each	20 00	to	33 00
Fat beef, per pound	4	to	4
Hogs per 100 lbs	5 25	to	5 25
Sows, per 100 lbs	3 50	to	3 50
Chickens, per pair	25	to	40
Hens, per pair	40	to	45

WHITE OAT FLAKES
—The best Oatmeal made.

PURITAN FLOUR
—Has no equal

A. M. HAMILTON & SON,
373 Talbot St., Opposite Market. Phone 662.

English Markets

RULING PRICES FOR THE PAST FOUR DAYS.

The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given:

	Sept. 15	Sept. 16	Sept. 17	Sept. 18
WHEAT—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
No. 1 nor. spring	8 9¼	9 8¼	8 9	8 8½
No 1 California	8 6	8 6	8 6	8 5½
Sept	7 1½	7 11½	8 0	7 11
Oct	7 9	7 8¾	7 10	7 8¼
Dec	7 7½	7 7¾	7 8⅝	7 7
CORN—				
New	3 3½	3 3	3 2¾	3 1½
Old	3 4	3 3½	3 3½	3 2
Sept	3 2½	3 2½	3 2½	3 1
Oct	3 3	3 2¾	3 2¾	3 1¾
Nov	3 4	3 3½	3 3¾	3 3½
Dec	3 4½	3 4⅜	3 4¾	3 2⅞
Flour	28 0	28 0	28 0	28 0
Peas	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
Pork	50 0	50 0	50 0	50 0
Lard	23 9	23 6	23 9	24 0
Tallow	18 0	18 0	18 0	18 0
Bacon, light	30 6	30 6	30 6	30 6
Cheese, both	45 0	45 0	45 0	45 0

Liverpool, Sept. 20.—12:30 p.m.

Wheat—Spot steady; demand poor; holders offer sparingly; No. 1 Cal., 8s 5d to 8s 6d; No. 1 red northern spring, 8s 8d to 8s 9d; No. 2 red western, winter, 7s 11½d to 8s.

Corn—Spot quiet; demand poor; American mixed, new, spot, 3s 1½d; old, 3s 2d.

Peas—Canadian, 5s.

Beef—Extra India mess, 67s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 50s.

Bacon—Long clear heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, 30s 6d; short clear heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, no stocks; long clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, 31s 6d.

Lard—Prime western, 24s 6d.

Butter—Finest United States, 90s; good, 60s.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, 45s.

Tallow—Fine, American, city, 18s.

Turpentine—Spirits, 22s 9d.

Rosin, common—4s 1½d.

Petroleum—Refined, 6¾d.

Linseed oil—16s 9d.

London, Sept. 20.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat nothing doing; corn, nothing doing.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat, quiet for white easy for red; corn, easy.

French country markets firm; English, 1s cheaper.

The Oil Market.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Sept. 18.—Oil opened 69c.

PETROLEA

Petrolea, Sept. 18.—Oil opened and closed at $1 40.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, Pa., Sept. 18.—Oil opened at 69c, and closed at 69c.

American Produce Market.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 18.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 Sept., 92⅛c; Dec., new, 92c; May, 92c.

Corn—No. 2 Sept., 28c; Dec., 29½c to 30c; May, 33½c to 33⅝c.

Oats—No. 2 Sept., 19c; Dec., 20¼c; May, 23½c to 23⅝c.

Mess pork—Oct., $8 42½; Dec., $8 50.

Lard—Oct., $4 70; Dec., $4 77½.

Short ribs—Sept., $5 37½; Oct., $5 40.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, quiet; winter patents, $5 to $5 10; straights, $4 70 to $4 85; spring specials, $6; spring patents, $5 10 to $5 40; straights, $4 70 to $4 90; bakers, $3 90 to $4 20; No. 2 spring wheat, 92½c to 93½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 90½c to 91½c; No. 2 red, 93½c to 94½c; No. 2 corn, 28c to 28½c; No. 2 oats, 19½c; No. 2 white, f. o. b., 22½c; No. 3 white, f. o. b., 20½c to 23c; No. 2 rye, 46½c to 47c; No. 2 barley, nominal; No. 3, f. o. b., 32c to 45c; No. 4, f. o. b., 28½c to 35c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 05 to $1 07½; prime timothy seed, $2 65; mess pork, $8 40 to $8 45; lard, $4 67 to $4 70; short ribs sides, $5 20 to $5 45; dry salted shoulders, boxed, 5½c to 5½c; short clear sides, boxed, 5⅝c to 5½c; sugar, cut loaf, $5 90; granulated, $5 27; No. 2 yellow corn, 28c to 28½c; eggs, firm, fresh, 13½c.

Receipts—			
Flour	9,600	Wheat	138,000
Corn	733,000	Oats	476,000
Rye	12,000	Barley	78,000
Shipments—			
Flour	5,000	Wheat	60,000
Corn	296,000	Oats	567,000
Rye	30,000	Barley	6,000

The Dairy Market.

LONDON.

The market was large on Saturday, and 35 factories boarded about 7,500 boxes, of which 9 factories sold over 2,000 boxes. There was a slight decrease in price from last week, but holders look forward to an advance during the next week. Prices fell about ¼c. Following were the factories represented:

	Boxes.	Price.
Brigden	250	9 3-16c
Dorchester Station	300	
Ridgetree	246	
West Lorne	225	9 3-16c
Blanshard and Nissouri	300	
Oliver	150	
Forest	470	
Proof Line	150	
Murray's	360	
West Nissouri	320	9½c
Cherry Hill	260	9½c
Westminster	220	
Cedar Vale	75	
Delaware	260	
North Branch	150	9 7-16c
Lakeview	145	
Thompson's	230	9⅜c
Union Hill	114	
Muncey Road	230	
Geary's	180	9½c
Gladstone	285	
Pond Mills	520	
West Williams	105	
North Street	170	9⅜c
White Oak	135	
Thames	140	
Mapleton	420	
Vyner	200	
Kintore	290	
Northwood	350	
Glanworth	250	9 7-16c
Strathroy	460	
Belmont	380	
Fern Hill	250	
Devizes	125	

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Butter firm; creamery, 12c to 18c; dairies, 9c to 15c. Cheese easy at 8c to 9c.

WATERTOWN.

Watertown, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Sales on cheese board today, 3,800; leading, 9⅛c; ruling, 9c.

IROQUOIS.

Iroquois, Ont., Sept. 18.—At the meeting of the cheese board today about 1,000 boxes were offered, and 250 August sold at 9⅝c. After adjournment more sales were made of August at the same price, and September at 9¾c.

ODGENSBURG.

Odgensburg, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Nineteen lots, 1,799 boxes cheese offered; 9¼c bid; no sales on board. Later, on the street, some sold at these figures.

CANTON.

Canton, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Fourteen hundred twin cheese sold at 9⅛c and 9¼c, 9c ruling; 1,200 large at 9⅛c; 200 at 9¼c; 200 tubs butter at 19c; others asking 20c.

COWANSVILLE.

Cowansville, Que., Sept. 18.—At the meeting of the district of Bedford dairymen today, 30 factories boarded 2,470 boxes cheese. Sales: 243 boxes at 9½c; 428 for 9½c; 83 for 9⅝c; 220 for 9½c; 145 for 9⅞c; total boxes sold, 1,119.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 20.—Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; active, 5c to 10c higher; light, $4 10 to $4 15, mixed, $3 85 to $4 40; heavy, $3 80 to $4 35; rough, $3 80 to $3 95.

Cattle—Receipts, 12,000; market generally 10c higher; beeves, $3 95 to $5 60; cows and heifers, $2 to $4 50; Texas steers, $2 80 to $4; westerns, $3 20 to $4 50; stockers and feeders, $3 20 to $3 45.

Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; desirable grades steady, others weak.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 16.—Cattle—Receipts, 98 cars, all through; market generally steady; veals, $5 75 to $6 75; extra, $7 25 to $7 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 20 cars on sale; market active and higher; Yorkers, $4 55 to $4 60; common, $4 45 to $4 50; mixed packers, $4 40 to $4 45; heavy, $4 25 to $4 45; pigs, $4 25 to $4 50; roughs, $3 60 to $3 90; stags, $2 75 to $3 40.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 19 cars including 8½ Canadas; market steady for good lambs; strong for sheep; best native lambs, $5 65 to $5 75; culls to fair, $4 25 to $5 50; Canadas, $5 to $5 80; mixed sheep, $4 15 to $4 50; culls to fair, $2 75 to $4.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 18.—Beeves—Receipts, 998 head; sales, none; dressed beef steady; at 7c to 8¾c per pound for native sides.

No change in cables; exports, 1,599 beeves, 4,393 quarters of beef.

Calves—Receipts, 133 head; quiet and generally lower; veals, $5 to $7 75; grassers and buttermilks, $3 50 to $4; city dressed veals, quiet, at 10½c to 12c.

Sheep and lambs — Receipts, 3,809 head; 17 cars on sale; quiet and steady all around; sheep, $3 to $4 25; lambs at $5 to $6; dressed mutton, 7c to 8½c per pound; dressed lambs, 7c to 10c.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,518; firm, at $4 30 to $4 65.

Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

At the Police Court.

The Magistrate Imposes Fines to a Very Large Amount.

The Owner of the Steamer Thames Taxed $100—A Woman Sold Liquor at the Fair Grounds—Fruit Peddler Assessed $2.

The seating capacity of Magistrate Parke's tribunal on Carling street was occupied before 10 o'clock this morning, and the legal luminaries stood, or sat two on a chair. The cases before the court were many and varied.

C. Gilbert Pritchard, proprietor of the steamer Thames, was charged by Steamboat Inspector John Dodds, of Toronto, with employing C. Fortner, an unqualified man, as an engineer. Mr. John Farley, Q.C., St. Thomas, prosecuted, and Mr. Love defended. Mr. Farley said he had been instructed by the government that a great deal of this work was being carried on, and a stop had to be put to it somehow. The case was proven, and Mr. Pritchard was fined $100 and costs, but proceedings were stayed for three weeks to enable Mr. Pritchard to apply to the government for relief.

Frank Shea, the pickpocket, when arrested a week ago, said his home was in Owosso, Mich., where he had worked for a tailor. This, Mr. McKillop said, was a lie. The boy pleaded guilty to stealing Mrs. Onty's pocketbook, and said the reason he lied was because he wanted to keep the story from his widowed mother, who lives in Chicago. He was making his way to an uncle in Rochester when the theft was committed. He was given one month at hard labor, and smiled joyfully after being sentenced.

David Livingston made his eleventh appearance as a drunken vagrant, after a week in jail. He pleaded with tears in his eyes for leniency, when the magistrate told him he was just considering whether or not to send him to the Central. The prisoner wept, and was given 50 days at hard labor in the common jail.

Sarah McLaren was up on the charge of selling liquor from a booth on the Fair grounds, but as she was a woman with four children, the crown consented to the modification of the charge to that "of having liquor exposed for sale." Her counsel pleaded guilty to the charge, and Mrs. McLaren was fined $20 instead of $50 as called for in the original charge. She was given time to pay.

Gustin Masere and Salvatore Specuzza, two Italians, were charged with a violation of the bylaw and the crime of standing near the market lane to sell bananas. Specuzza was fined $2, which he willingly paid, and Masere was discharged.

Thos. Murray, who smashed the furniture at Mrs. Judge's place on Rectory street, about two weeks ago, has been reflecting in the jail for the past two weeks. He was remanded for another week on the charge of vagrancy, and ordered to pay Mrs. Judge $20 for her furniture or go down for two months.

Chas. Croft, a Frenchman, up for inebriety, was discharged.

R. J. Young was up again for obstructing the sidewalk with goods. He was accused of allowing goods to stand outside on the street from 11:30 until 3 o'clock. Mr. Young denied this, and declined to say positively whether or not the cases were removed before 2 o'clock. One clerk and the porter were placed on the stand, and told the same non-committal story as Mr. Young. Patrolmen Johnston and Howie and Chief Williams gave evidence satisfactory to the magistrate, who found the defendant guilty, censured him for not stating the case as he might have, and then suspended sentence.

John Donnelly and Thos. Burke, the two men arrested during the Fair as suspicious characters, were discharged this morning. They were shown to the western limits of the city and headed towards Strathroy.

AFFLICTED FROM INFANCY.

A Lad Who Had Been Dropsical from His Childhood Cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills—the Remedy That Never Failed.

McIntyre, Ont., Sept. 20.—The young son of Hugh Lamont, of this place, has been afflicted with dropsy since infancy. He was bloated and swollen all over. His parents were at their wits' end to find some cure for him, when they read of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Lamont got six boxes of the pills, and the boy began taking them. Before the sixth box was finished he was cured. It doesn't matter whether the patient is young or old, the pills will effect a cure of any kidney disease, or of any disease arising from disordered kidneys.

Steamship Arrivals.

Sept. 18.	At	From
La Gascogne	New York	Havre
Veendam	New York	Rotterdam
Friesland	Antwerp	New York
Augusta Victoria	Hamburg	New York
Memnon	Avonmouth	Montreal
Wildcroft	Belfast	St. John
Sarmatian	Glasgow	Montreal
Gerona	London	Montreal
Sept. 19.	**At**	**From**
Etruria	Liverpool	New York
Lake Ontario	Liverpool	Montreal
Fremona	Liverpool	Montreal
Appomatox	Halifax	London
Havel	New York	Bremen
Britannia	New York	Marseilles
Furnessia	New York	Glasgow
La Touraine	Havre	New York
Canada	Liverpool	Boston
Carinthia	Liverpool	Boston
City of Rome	Moville	New York

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

A dispatch to the New York World from Washington says: The British ambassador, Sir Julian Pauncefote, was notified some time ago that, in view of the fact that he is 70 years old, his retirement awaited the convenience of the foreign office. It is very likely that Sir Julian will be recalled before the new year.

A Prominent Lawyer Says:

"I have eight children, every one in good health, not one of whom but has taken Scott's Emulsion, in which my wife has boundless confidence."

President McKinley today appointed Charles M. Dickinson, of New York, as consul at Constantinople.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

DEATH OF J. G. ARMSTRONG.

For Some Years Assistant Cashier of the Grand Trunk at Detroit.

Detroit, Sept. 20.—Jonathan G. Armstrong, for some years assistant cashier of the Grand Trunk Railway Company in this city, died yesterday morning at the family residence, Congress street east, after an illness of about five months.

Mr. Armstrong was born near Brantford, Ont., 54 years ago. After graduating from the Normal school in Toronto he taught school at Hagersville, Ont., for some years. About 1870 he removed to Dunkirk, N. Y., where he held the position of yardmaster for the Lake Shore, and the Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburg railroads. In 1878 he was elected grand recorder of the A. O. U. W. grand lodge of the State of New York and held that office until 1884, when ill-health compelled him to give it up.

He spent about a year farming near Burgessville, Ont., and early in 1886 came to Detroit, shortly afterward obtaining the position of assistant cashier with the Grand Trunk. Heart failure and nervous prostration caused him to retire from that position in May, and he had since been an invalid.

Mr. Armstrong was recorder of Michigan Lodge, No. 107, A. O. U. W., at the time of his death, and was also a member of the Masonic fraternity. He leaves a widow and three children. The older son, George S. Armstrong, succeeded his father as assistant cashier of the Grand Trunk last spring.

FREE GOLD DISCOVERED.

Report of a Prospector for the Railway Syndicate From the Michipicoten District.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 20.—The North Shore steamer arrived down from Michipicoten this morning with about a dozen passengers. Thirty prospectors went in there yesterday. By today's boat the railway syndicate, which has eleven 40-acre locations on the north and south shore of the lake, received a letter from one of its prospectors, which stated that free gold had been discovered in a vein on their property on the south side of the lake. This assures them gold-bearing veins on either side of the lake, and they are more confident than ever that they have a mighty good thing there. J. L. Caverhill, the wealthy Montrealer, in whose interest Prof. McKenzie went to the region and examined the Dickinson-Mackey claim, is among those on the ground now. Mr. Caverhill is there for the purpose of closing a deal with Mr. Dickinson for a 49th 100th interest in the claim, for which he will pay $10,000. Dickinson will retain the controlling interest in the claim, which includes 40 acres in all. It is Mr. Caverhill's intention to sink a shaft at the earliest practicable moment. The North Shore steamer will have about 40 passengers for the outside points. But few tenderfeet are now going in, the majority of the prospectors being experienced men, inured to the hard work that is before them. Many of them are representing eastern parties in the United States and Canada.

Our Neighbors.

Good Prospects for the Mosa Fair—Diphtheria in Dorchester.

A happy event occurred Wednesday at Strathroy, when Miss Aggie Campbell, of that place, was married to Mr. W. H. R. Meek, of Port Stanley. They will live on the Union road.

The farmers around Muncey are busy sowing fall wheat.

They are busy at Mount Elgin Institute cutting fodder corn for the silo. Some 40 acres are to be cut.

The dedication of the new Jubilee Methodist Church will take place on Sunday, Sept. 26.

Nearly 400 tickets were sold to passengers for London at the G. T. R. station in Glencoe Wednesday.

The Mosa and Ekfrid Fair, which will be held at Glencoe on Oct. 5 and 6, promises to be a grand success. No pains have been spared by the efficient board of directors to make it the most successful in the records of the association. The prizes offered are large, and the competitions are expected to be very interesting. A grand Scottish concert is advertised for the second evening of the fair.

Another child of A. Flemming, of Avon, died last week from diphtheria, and interment took place at Dorchester cemetery. The first was a little boy about 3 years of age, and now the only daughter, aged 8 years, falls a victim. H. Dafoe's family, who were all down with diphtheria, are better and out of danger. The public school and Sabbath school were closed for over a week on account of diphtheria.

The Wardsville Mechanics' Institute will be made a free institution, and a committee has been appointed to conduct the business arising from this change.

The anniversary services conducted in the Wardsville Episcopalian Church by Rev. Mr. Deihl, of Ailsa Craig, resulted satisfactorily. The collections amounted to $32.

DORCHESTER.

Dorchester Station, Sept. 18.—Elaborate preparations are being made to make the fair, which is to be held on the 30th of September, the most successful since its inception. Thomas Hunter, architect, secured the contract for the erection of a grand stand, with a seating capacity of 500, for the accommodation of the ladies.

James Gilmour, M.P., has returned from Lacombe, Alberta, Northwest Territory, where he was attending to affairs connected with the syndicate ranch. There are 500 cattle on the ranch.

Baptismal services were conducted by Rev. W. A. Cook, M.A., of Thorold, at the home of Robt. Sutherland, aided by Rev. Mr. Kay, pastor.

The W. F. M. S. has forwarded a bale of clothing for Indians in the Northwest Territories.

THAMESFORD.

The Presbyterian Church to Have Instrumental Music—The Flax Industry.

Thamesford, Sept. 18.—The session of the Presbyterian Church decided to introduce instrumental music and the Presbyterian Book of Praise.

Mrs. Robert Hutchinson and Mrs. Donald McNiven, Leamington, have arrived at their parental homes.

The East Nissour Sunday School Association will hold its annual convention on Tuesday, the 21st inst., in Kintore. The ladies will provide the visitors with lunch.

Four carloads of flour were shipped from the roller mills recently.

Mr. Livingston threshad 4,000 bushels of flax, gathered from 400 acres. Some 18 men handled the flax.

A son of Geo. Hogg received a kick from a refractory horse on Sunday.

Geo. Weston will start a blacksmith shop at Dorchester station.

The Presbyterian Sabbath school has 107 scholars.

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

Grand Millinery Opening==

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 23, 24, 25, to which we respectfully invite you.

Meantime

all other departments are abounding in the rich fullness of an elegant stock. Fast selling of Bayley's Wonderful Dollar Kid Gloves, and Fancy Ribbons at 12 1-2c, 15c, 19c.

Bayley's

MYSTERY OF A MONTANA MINE.

People Who Enter It Fall Asleep and Their Bodies Become Rigid.

[Butte (Montana) Miner.]

"In this line of work we come across some curious accidents and narrow escapes," said Deputy Mine Inspector Frank Hunter the other night. "One thing struck me long ago, and this is how much it takes to kill a man sometimes, and how easily the thread of life is often snapped.

"Down in Colorado I knew a fellow who plunged down 800 feet in a single compartment shaft. He went to the bottom, but did not break a bone. Of course, he was pretty badly jarred up and a good deal frightened, but he was all right again in a day or two. When he fell he went down feet first, and a big oilskin that he wore opened out at the bottom and acted as a parachute. He said the last part of his descent was so much slower than the first that he barely thought he was dropping at all, and half expected to remain suspended in the shaft like Mohammed's coffin.

"Nearly always when a man falls any distance he turns over, if he starts feet downward, and finishes his plunge head first. I have seen a number of cases where the man fell with his boots on and was found barefooted when he was picked up. I suppose this is because the blood goes to the head, making the feet smaller, and besides, the pressure of the air upon the heel and counter acts as a bootjack.

"I had to go over to Sand Coulee to investigate an accident in which one man was killed and another had three ribs broken. Speaking of Sand Coulee, it struck me while I was there that if I wanted to commit suicide I would go there to do it. I don't mean that life becomes such a burden in the coal country that the ties that bind are more easily severed than elsewhere, but that it affords unsurpassed facilities for a cheap and happy dispatch. It's a wonder to me that some of the many people who annually launch themselves into eternity from Butte do not try the Sand Coulee route.

"Down in the coal mines there is one passage that is three miles long, and in some of the chambers air does not seem to circulate. Upon the walls there is a gathering of moisture, and if you puff a cigar in one of these chambers the smoke will seek the walls, where it clings with an undulating movement like a spray of weeds under running water. That dew on the walls is white damp, and the dead air of the chamber where it is found is poisonous. In a few minutes a feeling of drowsiness steals over a man who breathes it, and before long he is asleep and dreaming deliciously, so those say who have been resuscitated. But the sleep is akin to that of the lost traveler over whose numbed limbs the arctic snow eddies and drifts, for unless help comes soon there is no awakening. If, however, the venturesome explorer of these underground death traps realizes his danger in time and manages to stagger out into the fresh air, he has an experience to undergo which may cause him to regret that he did not remain inside. Every bone and muscle aches with the intolerable poignancy that is known to convalescents from yellow fever. The treatment is simple, but effective. Being nearly dead, the sufferer is nearly buried. A hole is dug in the soft earth and the victim is made to stand up in it while the dirt is thrown in around him until only his head is seen above ground. This draws out the soreness, and in a short time the patient has recovered."

EXTRAORDINARY INTEREST.

In the London lord mayor's court the other day, Mr. Thomas Palmer, a moneylender in the city, summoned James Brockington, a machine ruler, for £11 2s. 8d., the balance of a sum of £13 2s. 8d., for which judgment had previously been recovered. The defendant said he was laid up for a time and borrowed £4 from the plaintiff. A sum of 10s. was deducted from the amount, and for the £3 10s. that was handed to him he agreed to repay £4. He had repaid nearly £2 4s., and was now summoned for £11 2s. 8d. The plaintiff's representative said he knew nothing of these circumstances; he left the matter in his lordship's hands. The judge said the law allowed moneylenders to charge whatever interest they liked, but it also allowed him, as a judge, to exercise his discretion as to the order he should make for repayment. He made an order for payment of the debt and costs by monthly installments of 6d., at which rate the payment will be extended over a period of 37 years.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

A kind heart is a fountain of gladness, making everything in its vicinity freshen into smiles.—Irving.

A. SCREATON & CO.

Announce the completion of their Fall Importations of - - -

Scotch Tweeds,	**Overcoatings:**
Cheviots,	Meltons,
Scotch Serges,	Fur Beavers.
Irish Serges,	Smooth Beavers,
Black Worsteds,	Irish Friezes,
Colored Worsteds,	Duffle Friezes,
Whipcords.	Scotch Llmas,
Broadcloths,	Cheviots,
Doeskins,	Shetlands.
Viennas.	

The most up-to-date stock in the city today. The newest things in Striped Scotch Tweeds and Cheviots. The newest colorings in Worsteds and Overcoatings; and made up to your entire satisfaction.

A. SCREATON & CO.

THE LAND O' CAKES.

Stray Scraps of News Perfumed by Heather—Happenings of a Week Told in a Few Words.

The Scotch east coast herring fishing is a failure. Hundreds of boats have been returning daily without fish. The result to curers, fishermen, and tradesmen in the coast towns will be very serious.

Mrs. Helen Robb, widow of Capt. David Robb, Greenock, has died at Gourock in her 100th year. She had also wonderful eyesight, and never wore spectacles. Her descendants numbered 118, and were made up of 10 children, 39 grandchildren, 61 great-grandchildren, and 80 great, great-grandchildren.

Dundee has just taken an important step in municipal tramway development. In this Scotch town, in spite of the fact that the tramway company's lease has still eight years to run, the town council has decided to buy out the company and to take over the car sheds, tramway plant and rolling stock at a valuation on June 1 next year.

A very quick train run has recently been made on the Great North of Scotland Railway. The company, on hearing of the sudden illness in London of the late Lord Inverurie, ran a special train from Inverurie to Aberdeen, for the benefit of the Earl and Countess of Kintore—Lord Kintore being a director of the company. The special train accomplished the journey of 16 miles in 16 minutes, including starting and stopping time.

A Glasgow man has in his garden what he calls a "tree clock." Fir trees are planted in such positions that one of them will shade a portion of the house at every hour of sunlight. For example, at 9 o'clock in the morning, the "nine o'clock tree" shades the dining-room, while as the sunlight changes, the "ten o'clock tree" shades the room above or the room adjoining it, and so on through the day. On a sunny day this "tree clock" insures a succession of shady places around the house.

A beautiful and expensive stained-glass window has been placed in Auchinleck Parish Church, Ayrshire, in memory of the late Lady Boswell, and will form a new reminder of the place in the parish annals which Auchinleck owes to the Boswell family. Close by the new window the old family vault encloses the remains of the famous biographer of Dr. Johnson and of his eldest son, Sir Alexander Boswell, the ill-fated author of "Jenny's Bawbee" and other well-known songs, whose death in his duel with Mr. Stewart, in 1822, remains one of the poetic tragedies of the century.

Seldom has the Duke of Argyle performed a pluckier feat than when he inaugurated a free library the other day at Campbelltown, the southern capital of his extensive domains. For a septuagenarian to address an open-air gathering at any time is a difficult matter, but to speak as the duke did for three-quarters of an hour in a drenching downpour of rain to an audience huddling miserably under their umbrellas, and to dilate to them on the most abstruse problems of geology and biology, requires both physical and moral courage of a high order. The duke carries his 74 years with wonderful ease.

News has been received of the death of the Rev. George Rigg, Roman Catholic priest of the parish of Dalibrog, in South Uist, one of the Outer Hebrides. Father Rigg met his death owing to a devotion not less than, if not of so great a magnitude as that of the renowned Father Damien. The family of one of his parishioners, a Hebridean cotter, consisting of a man, his wife and child were all attacked by typhus fever at the same time. The neighbors would not approach the cottage in which the stricken family lay ill, and for weeks, with the exception of the doctor, who paid his daily visit, the priest, unassisted, nursed the sick household, cooking for them, and performing all the necessary and unpleasant offices attaching to his self-imposed task. As a result he contracted the fever in its worst form, and died, after terrible suffering, in the presence of his sister and the priest in charge of the other South Uist parish, who had both nursed him devotedly. Father Rigg was a nephew of the Right Rev. George Rigg, D.D., bishop of Dunkeld, and was a man of singular refinement and culture.

100 Per Cent Better.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are curing heart and nerve troubles in every city, town and village in Canada. Mrs. F. Abbey, Toronto, says: "Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured my husband, who had for fifteen years suffered with weak nerves caused by heart trouble. He was subject to pains in his head, dizziness, fainting spells, sleeplessness, etc. He is now free from these troubles, and feels 100 per cent better than when he began using the pills."



Cheap Pianos

are false economy. It won't pay you to buy one. They will last for a while, but the kind you want is one that will last for a lifetime. That is the kind we are selling. Our pianos are well made, and as to purity of tone and quality they cannot be excelled.

Bell Piano Warerooms
167 Dundas Street.

Insist on a Heintzman & Co. Piano.

OWN A PIANO THAT WILL PLAY....

There is no irony in this little statement. There are pianos that will not play; they'll make a noise, that's all. Fifty years of study in piano making has taught us how to construct a piano out of which will come the sweetest music. The tone-quality of our instruments is matchless. Their sympathetic tone is the admiration of all musicians.

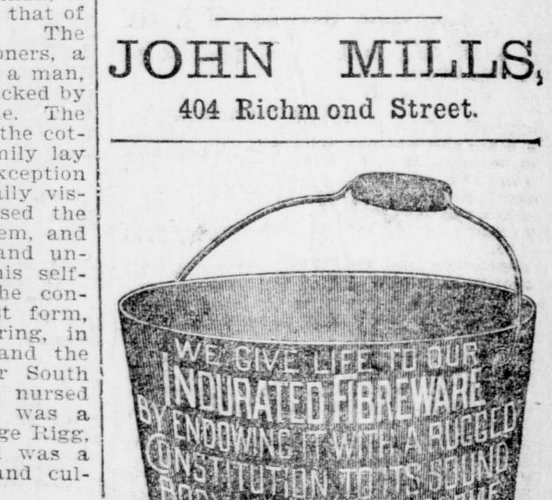
Heintzman & Co.
236 Dundas St., London, Ont.

New Presbyterian Hymnals

Full line just received. Also

New Customs Tariff for '97

JOHN MILLS,
404 Richmond Street.



THE E. B. EDDY CO.,
LIMITED,
HULL. CANADA.

F. H BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.
Stocks, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Private wires to New York Stock Exchange and Chicago Board of Trade. Toronto and Montreal stock Exchange quotations received by wire. Long distance telephone.
15 and 16 Masonic Temple, London.

The Canadian Savings and Loan Company.
Money to Loan.
If you intend building or improving your property we will advance you the money on very favorable terms. Deposits received. Debentures issued.
M. H. ROWLAND, Manager.
420-422 Richmond Street.
zxt

Late Afternoon Markets.

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, Sept. 20.

	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific, xd	74½	73¾
Duluth, common	4¾	4¼
Duluth, preferred	9	8
Commercial Cable, xd	182	181¼
Commercial Cable Coupon Bonds	107½	105
Commercial Registered Bonds	..	..
Montreal Telegraph	180	176½
Richelieu and Ontario	98	91¼
Montreal Street Railway	224½	223½
Montreal Street Railway, new	219	217
Montreal Gas Company	194	193¾
Bell Telephone	175	170
Royal Electric, xd	144	143¾
Toronto Railway	84	83¾
Bank of Montreal	245	238
Ontario Bank	100	..
Banque du Peuple	..	..
Molsons Bank	215	200
Bank of Toronto	240	234
Merchants Bank	186	180
Merchants Bank of Halifax	180	173
Quebec Bank	..	121
Union Bank	..	101½
Bank of Commerce	139½	..
Northwest Land, pref	57	53
Montreal Cotton Company	145	142
Canada Colored Cotton	60	35
Dominion Cotton	92½	91½

SALES—Com. Cable, 25 at 181¼; Mont. St. Ry., 17 at 223; Royal Elec., 75 at 144; Toronto Ry., 25 at 83¾, 400 at 84, 25 at 83¾; Bank of Montreal, 2 at 240; Merchants' Bank, 24 at 184, 25 at 183¾; Mont. Cotton, 50 at 142½, 10 at 142¾, 2 at 142, 25 at 142¼, Dominion Cotton, 9 at 92, 132 at 91.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, Sept. 20.

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	245	238
Ontario	100½	98
Toronto	240	233
Merchants	185	179
Commerce	137¼	135¼
Imperial	193	191½
Dominion	262½	260
Standard	176	175
Hamilton	175	171
British America	131	128½
Western Assurance	168¾	168½
Confederation Life	..	..
Consumers' Gas	..	210
Montreal Gas	195	193½
Dominion Telegraph	135	131
Montreal Telegraph	..	..
Northwest Land Company, pref	55	53½
Canada Pacific Railway Stock	73	72¾
Commercial Cable Company	182½	182
Com. Coupon Bonds	106	104¾
Commercial Registered Bonds	106	105
Postal Telegraph Company	..	..
Bell Telephone Company	172	170½
Montreal Street Railway	225	223
Montreal Street Railway, new	..	..
Toronto Street Railway	84	83¼
Dominion Savings and Invest	78½	75½
Farmers' Loan and Savings	..	82½
Farmers' L. and S. 20 per cent	..	..
Huron and Erie L. and S.	..	158
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent	..	..
London and Canada, L. & A.	100	..
London Loan	..	101
London and Ontario	95	..
Ontario Loan and Debenture	..	123½

SALES—1 p.m.—Ontario, 1 at 100, 1-3 at 99; Western Assurance, 50 at 169; Dom. Tel., 1 at 130; C. P. R., 25, 25, 50 at 72½; Com. Cable, 25, 25, 7 at 182½; Reg. Bonds, 2,000, 8,000 at 105. 11: 0 a.m.—Ontario, 4, 3, at 100; West. As., 15 at 169.

COMMERCIAL.

Toronto Grain Market.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 20.—Wheat is steady at 83c to 84c for new west.

Manitoba wheat quiet at 96c for No. 1 hard afloat Fort William, and $1 at Goderich.

Flour—Dull at $4 25 for cars of straight roller west.

Millfeed—Unchanged, at $11 to $11 50 for shorts and $7 to $7 50 for bran west.

Rye—Steady, at 45c to 46c west.

Corn—Steady, at 30c for mixed and 31c for yellow west.

Oats—Firm, at 24c to 24½c for white west.

Peas—Firm, at 48c to 49c west.

Baled hay—Steady at $8 50, and straw at $5 25.

Eggs—Not any too plentiful, and the market is firm at 14c for fresh gathered.

Butter—Choice dairy is scarce and wanted; job lots are quoted at 14c here.

American Markets.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 20.—Wheat — No. 1 white, cash, 91c; No. 2 red, cash, 93c; Sept., 93c; Dec., 93½c.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Sept. 20.—Wheat—Cash, 94c; Sept., 94c; Dec., 93¾c.

Corn—Cash, 27½c; Dec. 31c.

Oats—Cash, 19c.

MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Sept. 20. — Wheat, cash, 92½c; Dec., 89¾c.

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, N.Y., Sept. 20.—Spring wheat, No. 1 northern, new, 98½c. Winter wheat, No. 2 red, 97½c; no grade, 90c to 93c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, 34c; No. 3 yellow 33½c; No. 2 corn, 32¾c on track.

Oats—No. 2 white, 25¼c; No. 3 white, 24½c; mixed, 23c on track.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Opening.—Wheat, Dec., 92c; May, 91½c. Corn, Dec., 30½c; May, 33¾c. Oats, May, 23½c; Dec., 20½c to 20¾c. Pork, Dec., $8 55; Jan., $9 50. Lard, Dec., $4 77½. Ribs, Oct., $4 42½.

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 20.

Flour—Receipts, 30,000 bbls; sales, 2,400 packages; state and western, firmer and quiet; city mills patents, $6 10 to $6 40; winter patents, $5 35 to $5 60; city mills clears, $5 55 to $5 70; winter straights, $4 85 to $5; Minnesota patents, $5 40 to $5 70.

Rye Flour—Firm; sales, 100 bbls; fancy $3 35 to $3 75.

Wheat—Receipts, 321,875 bu., sales, 2,200,000 bu; opened easier on cables but rallied very sharply on heavy covering by local shorts; May, 95¾c to 96c; Sept., 98¾c to 99¾c; Oct., 97¾c to 98c; Dec., 95¾c to 97c.

Rye—Quiet; No. 2 western, 51½c c.i.f. Buffalo.

Corn—Receipts, 560,000 bu; sales, 80,000 bu; quiet but firmer with wheat; Dec., 35¾c to 36½c.

Oats—Receipts, 192,000; dull; track white, 23½c to 26¾c.

Butter—Receipts, 7,875 packages; very firm; state dairy, 11c to 17c; state creamery, 13c to 20c; western creamery, 13c to 20c; Elgins, 20c; factory, 8½c to 12½c; imitation creamery, 11c to 14c.

Cheese — Receipts, 9,129 packages; steady; large white, 9½c; small white, 9½c; large colored, 9½c; small colored, 9½c; part skims, 6½c to 7c.

Eggs—Receipts, 9,393 packages; firm; State and Pennsylvania, 16½c to 19c; western, 17½c.

Sugar—Raw, firm; fair refining, 3¾c; centrifugal, '96 test, 3 15-16c to 4c; refined, firm; crushed, 5 11-16c; powdered, 5 5-16c; granulated, 5¼c.

Petroleum—Dull; refined, $5 65 to $5 70.

Coffee—Firm; No. 7, 7½c.

Hops—Firm; state common to choice, 1895 crop, 3c to 4c; 1896 crop, 6c to 8c; Pacific coast 1895 crop, 3c to 4c; 1896 crop, 6c to 9c.

Lead—Strong; bullion price, $4; exchange price, $4 25 to $4 30.

Thrifty People
Are customers of the dyer. Experience has taught them that it is not necessary to discard the garments of a past season. They may be soiled or faded, but we can dye or clean them and bring back the original newness. Costs little.
R. PARKER & CO'Y,
Dyers and Cleaners,
217 Dundas Street, Telephone 614.

Chicago Exchange.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler Broker, Masonic Temple. 'Phone 1,278.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec	92	93¼	91¾	92¾
May	91⅝	92¾	91½	92⅜
Corn—Dec	30½	30¾	30	30½
May	33⅜	34½	33½	33⅞
Oats—Dec	20½	20⅝	20½	20⅝
May	23⅛	23½	23⅛	23⅜
Pork—Oct	8 40	8 50	8 40	8 47
Dec	8 55	8 57	8 45	8 52
Lard—Oct	4 72	4 72	4 67	4 70
Dec	4 77	4 80	4 75	4 77
Ribs—Oct	5 42	5 45	5 40	5 42
Dec	4 95	5 05	4 95	5 00

Puts, 91½; calls, 94¾.

THE VISIBLE.

New York, Sept. 20.—The visible supply of wheat as compiled by the New York produce exchange is as follows:

Wheat—17,140,000 bushels; increased 1,374,000 bushels.

Corn—33,737,000 bushels; increased, 133,000 bushels.

Oats—10,752,000 bushels; increased 1,051,000 bushels.

Rye—2,425,000 bushels; increased 76,000 bushels.

Barley — 1,394,000 bushels; increased 64,000 bushels.

English Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20—Closing.

Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red western winter, 7s 11½d; No. 1 red northern spring, steady, 8s 8d; spot, American mixed new, steady, 8s 3½d.

Corn—Quiet; spot American mixed new, 3s 1d; do old, quiet, 3s 1½d; Sept., 3s 1½d; Oct., 3s 1½d; Nov., 3s 2¼d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, dull, 10s 3d.

Beef—Firm, extra India mess, 67s 6d; prime mess, firm, 56s 3d.

Pork — Prime mess, fine western, firm, 50s; do. medium western firm, 46s 3d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., dull, 37s.

Bacon — Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs. 33s; short ribs 20 to 24 lbs. firm, 33s; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs. firm, 31s 6d; long clear middles, heavy 40 to 45 lbs. firm, 30s 6d; short clear middles, heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, no stocks; clear bellies, 12 to 14 lbs. firm, 37s.

Shoulders—Square 12 to 14 lbs. steady, 29s.

Lard—Spot steady, 24s 6d.

Butter—Finest American, 90s; good, 60s.

Rosin—Common, dull, 4s 1½d.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, dull, 45s.

Tallow—Prime city, firm, 18s.

Cottonseed oil — Liverpool refined, steady; 17s.

Turpentine spirits—Firm; 22s 9d.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), steady, 55s to 65s.

Imports of wheat into Liverpool for the week—From Atlantic ports, 79,400 quarters; from Pacific ports none; from other ports, 12,000; imports of corn from Atlantic ports, 73,500 quarters.

A Large and Comptete Assortment of . . .
Trusses,
Shoulder Braces,
Supporters,
Crutches, etc.
W. T. Strong & Co.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.
184 Dundas St., London.
Marriage Licenses Issued.

THAT ADAMLESS EDEN.

American Ship Wrecked on Easter Island—Half the Crew Settled Down With Native Wives.

Washington, Sept. 20.—The state department has received news that the bark Nonantum, of Seattle, Wash., with coal for Panama, was on May 27 wrecked on Easter Island. Eight of the crew subsequently reached Valparaiso, but seven remained on Easter.

Department officials say that Easter Island is an Adamless Eden. Half a dozen of the sterner sex are all that remain of the former male population, owing to the roving tendencies of their fellow-citizens. For a number of years efforts have been made by the inhabitants of the island to induce visiting traders and sailors to remain. The pick of a wife was one of the inducements held out.

A story went the rounds some time ago that a boat from Easter island, in command of a gray-bearded old man and with a crew of young women, intercepted a ship and held out the promise of a happy and prosperous career to any man who would return with them. It is believed at the department that the seven sailors were captivated by the prospect.

Worth $10 a Bottle.

Any person who has used Nerviline, the great pain cure, would not be without it if it cost $10 a bottle. A good thing is worth its weight in gold, and Nerviline is the best remedy for all kinds of pain. It cures neuralgia in five minutes; toothache in one minute, lame back at one application; headache in a few minutes, and all pains just as rapidly.

Gen. Lee goes back to Havana, Cuba, as United States consul to Cuba.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—a pulmonic of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial claim to public confidence.

United States Pension Commissioner Evans estimates the payments for the year at $147,500,000, while the appropriation is but $141,263,880. The increased pension payments, he said, would be due chiefly to the fact that there were about 200,000 old claims pending, which it is the intention of the bureau to adjudicate as rapidly as possible.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a secret preparation. Any physician may have the formula on application. The secret of its success as a medicine lies in its extraordinary power to cleanse the blood of impurities and cure the most deep-seated cases of blood diseases.

Topics of Today.

Maxime Lepine, Riel's lieutenant in the rebellion of 1885, died at Duck Lake on Saturday from ulceration of the stomach. He was one of the leaders of the Metis.

* * * *

Civil service entrance examinations will commence in London on Nov. 9.

* * * *

At a meeting of Conservatives at Toronto Junction on Saturday afternoon Mr. J. P. Whitney, Mr. T. Crawford, M.P.P., Mr. Reid, M.P., Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., Mr. Clarke Wallace, M.P., and others delivered speeches. The attendance was smaller than expected. Nothing new was said.

* * * *

The Canadian Cabinet has unanimously declined to accept the offer of a company which proposed to work the Government claims in the Klondike on shares and send in drilled men who would act as volunteer police in the event of need.

* * * *

The Canadian Government will erect a telegraph line from the head of the Lynn canal over the summit to Lake Tagish. By this means communication between the Klondike and the outside world will be facilitated. The line will be available for the public, Government messages having priority.

LATEST FORECAST.

Fair, Very Cool, Frost—Warmer Tomorrow.

Toronto, Sept. 20—11 a.m.—Probabilities for the next twenty-four hours for the lower lakes region: Freshe to strong northerly winds; fair and very cool, with frost; higher temperature tomorrow.

Around the City

—Sheriff Brown, of Elgin, is in town today on business.

—The railway stations were crowded today with returning Fair visitors.

—The London Oil Company (limited), capital $3,000, in $50 shares, is incorporated.

—Mr. R. W. Scott, the new G. T. R. freight agent, began his new duties today.

—Wm. Kershaw, the baseball pitcher, leaves tomorrow for South Boston, Mass.

—Mrs. J. W. Edwards has returned home after a pleasant trip to friends in Manitoba.

—Mrs. A. McPherson, of Exeter, returned home after visiting friends in London West.

—R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue, opens his fall term in dancing lessons on Friday, Oct. 1.

—George M. Nichol, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Wray, of the Britannia House.

—Miss Haddrill, of Lapeer, Mich., has returned home, after visiting Mrs. John Stevenson, of this city.

—Miss Lottie Harrison has returned home to Ridgetown after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Thomas Link.

—Henry Lott, of London West, has been summoned to appear before Squire Lacey tomorrow for assaulting a child.

—John Beecham, who was charged before Squire Smyth on Saturday with assaulting Andrew Faulds, was on Saturday dismissed.

—Rev. C. H. Yatman, of New York, will conduct evangelistic services at the Auditorium next Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

—Mr. W. J. Bridgeman has been confined to the house for the past couple of weeks by illness, but is now improving in health.

—Mr. W. Halle, piano manufacturer, Hamilton, formerly of this city, who was nearly killed in a bicycle accident over two months ago, has recovered.

—Archbishop Walsh has returned to Toronto from Great Britain. His visit was purely for the benefit of his health, which has been greatly restored.

—George Clarke, of Lambeth, has been summoned to appear before Squire Smyth for using abusive and threatening language to his father, Geo. C. Clarke.

—Rev. A. G. Harris, of the London West Methodist Church, preached yesterday at the Ark, a Methodist church on the St. Johns circuit. The occasion was the anniversary of the church.

—Richard Murray was remanded by Squire J. B. Smythe yesterday for one week on a charge of trespass. He was arrested by Constable Sonley, sleeping in the straw stack on Robert Hill's premises.

Rev. Dr. Daniel has returned after sevreal weeks' holidays, and preached yesterday to large congregations at the First Methodist Church. The reverend gentleman looks as if he had received much physical benefit from his vacation.

—The many friends of Mrs. J. McFadden, of Simcoe street, will be pleased to hear that she is convalescing after a three months' dangerous illness, under the efficient care of Dr. C. S. Moore, and Miss Annie Milne, graduate of the London hospital.

—Samuel Clarke, of Caradoc, has laid information against David Logan and Moses King, of the same township, charging them with stealing three cords of woods, valued at $6. Squire J. B. Smyth will hear the case Saturday morning.

—Pte. Fred. Vokes, of Wolseley Barracks, who deserted, gave himself up at St. John, Que., and was brought back here. He was given 120 hours at hard labor by court-martial this morning for conduct prejudicing good order and military discipline.

—The local police have received the description of two gold-filled watches found on the young men who were arrested at Ingersoll by Chief Skirving while beating their way east from this city last week. One is an Elgin movement, No. 4,141,785, screw bevel case, T. W. C. Co., No. 6,956. The other is a Trenton movement, 303,690, and an American screw bevel case, No. 520,039. These are believed to have been stolen.

—Mr. J. W. Hyman, of this city, is on a business trip to Sault Ste. Marie. Acording to a dispatch from that place, he has a scheme which he will work in the Lake Wa-Wa gold fields, and which may pan out well. His plan is to pump sand from the bottom of the lake adjoining the Mackey-Dickinson claim. The lake is from 15 to more than 100 feet in depth. Mr. Hyman says there is good reason to believe that gold will be found in paying quantities at the bottom of the lake. He is quite willing to spend some money to find out, and is now at the Canadian "Soo" for that purpose. He has purchased 4,500 feet of pipe, and will take a sand pump and an outfit to the field at an early date. He also has a scheme to organize a syndicate and have every member put up say $100, and from the proceeds grub stake from 20 to 50 prospectors who have had lots of experience. These prospectors will then determine whether gold exists in large quantities in Wa-Wa district. This is the most practical move made since the excitement began, adds the dispatch.

DIAMONDS IN HIS TEETH.

David Nathan, a boyish representative of a Montreal tobacco company, is among the guests at the Tecumseh House. He has spent considerable time in London during the past few months and made a number of acquaintances here. Some of his acquaintances have no doubt noticed a handsome diamond ring which he usually wore. It is a nice stone, well worth looking at, and Mr. Nathan doubtless solely for the purpose of keeping it safely, has had it very neatly and securely set in the gold crown of the second bi-cuspid on the left side of his upper jaw. The tooth cost in all about $100, and will no doubt add a sparkle to the young man's wit when he indulges in such.

THE GRAND JURY.

The following have been chosen to officiate as grand jurors at the assizes which open on Monday next, before Judge Armour: Alex. Achison, joiner, No. 7 Maryboro Place, London; J. I. Anderson, merchant, 13 Prospect avenue, London; Joseph H. Amos, yeoman, lot 17, con. 12, McGillivray; Hubert Ashplant, merchant, 466 King street, city; C. E. Anderson, gentleman, 66 Dundas street, London; J. T. Buttery, farmer, lot 26, con. 2, Adelaide; Alexander Douglas, yeoman, Ekfrid; David J. Donaldson, farmer, Caradoc; R. W. Jackson, farmer, lot 21, con. 9, London township; Duncan McArthur, V.S., lot 23, con. 19, East Williams; W. H. Murray, manufacturer, Strathroy, Ont.; Joseph Rosser, agent, 70 Main street, Ailsa Craig; William Webster, farmer, Mosa township.

Burns, the Bluffer.

The Oily Tongued Peddler Makes Restitution,

And Gets Off for a Heavy Fine and Imprisonment Already Undergone.

J. W. Burns, the peddler whose doings among farmers in adjoining townships caused no end of talk, and who was shot by Constable Geo. Wilson, of Strathroy, on July 22, while in the act of escaping from custody, has been released by order of the court. His trial was an expensive one.

Burns is the man who toured the country with a delivery wagon loaded with cloth, etc., and stated to farmers that he represented an English export house, which would open a branch concern in the locality where he chose to operate. He obtained notes from reliable men on the promises that they would be able to deal with the large concern, and procure supplies at wholesale prices. He left bales of cloth by way of convincing them. He bought stock, and had one farmer driving all over the township looking for another agent of the company, who would pay him for the cattle, but who never turned up. These notes he sold at a discount.

On Saturday morning Judge Edward Elliott presided at the division court at Glencoe, when Mr. McLeay, division court clerk and express agent at Watford, sued W. D. Taylor, of Ekfrid, for $30, the amount of a note made by Taylor in favor of Burns upon the latter's misrepresentations. The judge held that Taylor was not liable under the circumstances, and cautioned him to beware in future of oily-tongued peddlers.

On returning to London in the afternoon, Burns was brought before Judge Elliott for trial on six charges of fraud, and one of escaping from custody. He pleaded guilty to all seven. Burns arranged matters so that Mr. Craven, from whom he received a note for $96 50, and which was sold to a man in St. Thomas, would have his money returned to him. He paid $60 into court to be divided among Charles Taylor, Wm. Brown, Jas. Brown and Charles H. Shephard, of Metcalfe. This latter gentleman is the man from whom Burns got a note for $23 50 and bought cattle, while Shephard drove round the country looking for the agent. On this charge he was fined $35. He then paid $35 into court towards defraying the expenses of the prosecution, and returned $36 to Mr. McLeay, of Watford, making $156 in all, independent of the note for $96 50, which he sold at St. Thomas.

The judge said considering he had been in jail two months, had been shot, and fined $10 for selling without a peddler's license, he would suspend sentence, and ordered the prisoner's release.

MINISTERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Meeting of the Local Association — Regret at the Departure of Two Esteemed Members.

The Ministerial Association met this morning at the Y. M. C. A. building for the first time this season, and elected officers. Rev. W. H. Claris was chosen president; Rev. J. G. Stuart, vice-president, and Rev. Richard Hobbs, secretary-treasurer. Resolutions of regret were passed at the removal from the city of Rev. Messrs. M. P. Talling and T. W. Charlesworth. Several of the ministers spoke of their high regard for the brethren about to leave, and expressed best wishes for their future success.

Both gentlemen, in reply, referred to the help and pleasure they had derived from their connection with the association. Leaving it was one of the chief regrets of each on leaving the city.

The following subjects for discussion at the meetings during the coming winter were suggested: "The minister's attitude toward social questions," "What should be the attitude of orthodox ministers to those who are unorthodox in relation to Christian work?" "The supernatural element in the Bible," "The Bible, its meaning and supremacy—a review of Canon Farrar's work," and "The second coming of our Lord."

Those present were Revs. J. G. Stuart (chairman), W. M. Walker, M. P. Talling, T. W. Charlesworth, J. W. Pedley, A. G. Harris, W. Moffatt, Ira Smith, George Fowler, W. J. Clarke and A. E. Lloyd.

Steamship Arrivals.

Sept. 20	At	From
Ems	Gibraltar	New York

Fuller & Wilson, dealers in domestic and foreign exchange, 29 Wall street, New York, made an assignment this (Monday) morning. The liabilities are as yet unknown.

Snow On the Trail

A Foot and a Half of the "Beautiful" Falls at Skaguay.

No More Progress There—Gold Seekers Must Look for Winter Quarters —A Dismal Outlook.

San Francisco, Sept. 20.—A special to the Call from Hal Hoffman, dated Juneau, Sept. 13, says: "The first snow storm of the season swept over the mountains last night, which is one indication that the same thing is likely to occur at any time or likely to continue indefinitely. Small boats which arrived here today from Skaguay report that the snow fell one and a half feet deep on the Skaguay trail. This means that further progress cannot be made on that trail by the staggering thousands, and that the establishment of winter quarters must be begun quickly where not already under way.

The snow will render it almost impossible to make any progress with prospecting, to say nothing of the drifts that pile up from the winds. The snow storm may be said to stop further progress over both Dyea and Skaguay, unless such an unprecedented thing as a spell of dry, cold weather comes.

Already the indications begin to bear out the statement made in these dispatches four weeks ago that the trails to Klondike would be marked by collapsed tents, and the skeletons of the unwary and venturesome.

TERRORS OF A KLONDIKE TRIP.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Mr. Oren W. Weaver, acting commissioner of labor, today gives a graphic letter on the terrors of the trip across Alaska to the Klondike gold fields. The letter had just been received from Samuel C. Dunham, statistical expert of the government's department of labor, who has been assigned to make an investigation of the opportunities which the gold regions in the Yukon valley and adjoining territory afford for the remunerative employment of American labor and capital. The letter is as follows:

"I left Dyea Monday morning at 11 o'clock, and arrived at Lake Lindman Tuesday morning at 7. My four Indians started ahead of me, but I have seen nothing of them since the start from Dyea, and am waiting for them here. When I reached the foot of the summit,

A TERRIFIC STORM

was raging on the pass, and I presume the Indians went into camp somewhere on the other side to await better weather. It has been storming—rain, sleet and snow alternating—constantly on the summit since Tuesday morning, and the situation is aggravated by a piercing wind of 30 miles velocity. I had an awful experience coming across the summit. I started wth my handbag strapped on my back, think that as it weighed 40 pounds I would carry it. I managed to struggle along to the head of navigation for canoes, six miles from Dyea, and was there forced to employ an Indian packer, paying him $10 to carry my grip to Sheep Camp, twelve miles from Dyea.

WAITING TILL THE CLOUDS ROLL BY.

"I spent the night at Sheep Camp, which is merely a collection of tents, and started for the summit at 8 o'clock Tuesday morning, in a drizzling, cold rain. I employed a packer to carry my grip from there to Lake Lindman, paying him $16. At the foot of the summit we met perhaps 100 Indian and white packers, who had cached their packs on the trail above and were returning to Sheep Camp to await an abatement of the storm. We were warned that it was dangerous to attempt to get over, but as the wind was blowing the way we were going, we decided to go ahead, as I felt sure my packers had gone on, and I wished to be here when they arrived. The distance from the foot of the summit to the top is said to be three-quarters of a mile, but it seemed like five miles. The trail ascends at an angle of 45 degrees, skirting precipices where a mis-step would hurl one 1,000 feet below, crossing the face of

GLACIERS AS SMOOTH AS GLASS,

and in many places traversing the polished surface of great granite boulders hundreds of feet in extent. Every hundred yards or so mountain torrents, fed by the glaciers, and on the present occasion augmented by the rainfall, rushed across the trail, and had to be waded, the water often coming to the knees. Add to this a gale blowing 50 miles an hour, with sleet and snow rushing horizontally through the air, and the temperature at 30 degrees, and you will have a faint idea of the horrors of my passage across the summit. After struggling up a steep ascent of 25 or 30 feet, I would be forced from sheer exhaustion, to rest for a moment, but would scarcely stop before the chilling wind would cut me to the marrow, and I would have to continue my course to keep from

CHILLING TO DEATH.

Before I reached the summit I was wet to the skin, and my boots were full of water, and the added weight of the water made it almost impossible to proceed. I finally reached this camp, at the head of Lake Lindman, about 7 o'clock in the evening, having been eleven hours in covering twelve miles, so thoroughly exhausted that I could scarcely drag one foot after the other. I had a letter from a friend to a gentleman who is in camp here, and I was kindly received by him and made as comfortable as possible in his tent. As my Indians had not arrived, I had no change of underclothing, and was forced to accept his offer of a suit, and these, supplemented by half a cupful of rum, brought some warmth back to my body. I remained in bed all day yesterday, too thoroughly worn out to move. I had some fear of pneumonia, but with the exception of some soreness, am feeling fairly well this morning."

SUPPOSED DEATH MASK

Of the Murdered William Guldensuppe—Looking for Victim's Head.

New York, Sept. 20.—Coroner Haslem, of Newtown, in Queen's county, has in his possession a plaster cast, which he believes may be the death-mask of William Guldensuppe. It was found on Saturday night in a swamp a few hundred yards from the cottage in which it is alleged that Guldensuppe was murdered by Martin Thorn and Mrs. Nack.

The case is af plaster of paris, and the fragments, it is stated, show the outlines of human features. It was found by a little girl lying in the water at the edge of a pond, and beside it was found a pair of old overalls and a piece of carpet.

Mrs. Numheimer, the owner of the cottage, called at the coroner's office and said she could identify the carpet as a piece which had been left in the cottage by the occupants, prior to its having been rented to Mrtin Thorn. A number of men under the direction of Coroner Haslem have begun a search of the pond, with the intention if possible of finding other parts of the cast or the head itself.

Afternoon Cables.

Russia Will Have a Fair Surplus of Wheat.

Rebel Tribesmen Attack a Flying Column of British Troops.

French Force Worsted by the Troops of Chief Samory—The London Globe on Arbitration.

A FRENCH FORCE WORSTED.

Paris, Sept. 20.—It is officially announced that the troops of Chief Samory, the African chieftain, whose territory adjoins the Kingdom of Ashantee, surprised and routed on Aug. 20 a French detachment of native troops sent to occupy territory which Samory had offered to evacuate. The French lost two officers and 44 men killed.

THE LONDON GLOBE HEARD FROM.

London, Sept. 20.—The Globe this afternoon, in an editorial on the future futility of arbitration with a power "which disregards alike the legal prescriptions and ordinary courtesies of civilized nations," says: "Lord Salisbury has treated the United States with a kindness they do not deserve, always wearing the silk glove, until America has forgotten the existence of the iron hand beneath it. The idea of our being afraid of a fourth-rate power like the United States could only have occurred to one who suffers from a severe attack of swelled-head. America has lost all sense of proportion and has forgotten she plays a minor role in the affairs of the world."

THE EMPERORS MEET.

Buda Pesth, Sept. 20.—Emperor William of Germany arrived here at 10 o'clock this morning, and was welcomed by Emperor Francis Joseph, the cabinet ministers and the civil and military authorities.

CROP SITUATION IN EUROPE.

London, Sept. 20.—The Mark Lane Express, reviewing the crop situation, says: "Though the Russian wheat crop is under the average, the best judges credit Russia with being able to export a surplus of quite 8,0000,000 quarters.

TRIBESMEN ATTACK A BRITISH COLUMN.

Peshawar, Sept. 20.—Advices from Hangu say that 2,000 tribesmen on Thursday last, attacked a flying column of British troops at Sodda. The fighting lasted two hours. The British loss consisted of only two men killed and four men wounded.

OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Constantinople, Sept. 20.—It was officially announced today that peace between Greece and Turkey has been signed, and the ministers of war and marine have so notified all the Turkish military and naval commanders. Most of the European sovereigns have congratulated the sultan upon the conclusion of peace.

Lodges in War Times

A Lodge Where Yank and Rob Met on the Level.

Probably the Strangest Masonic Gathering on Record.

Grew Out of a Snake Charmer's Trick —He Was a Prisoner in a Rebel Stockade—A Lodge on Folly Island, S. C.

"If Charter Oak Lodge is in existence in New York," said a man from up the state, "it ought to have the furniture of a lodge which was held during the war in the field. It was on Folly Island, S. C., and had its charter and special dispensation from the Grand Lodge of Indiana. There were in camp on the island the Thirteenth Indiana Infantry and the One Hundred and Twelfth and the One Hundred and Sixty-Ninth New York Infantry, Soon afterward the First New York Independent Engineers moved down, and they built a rustic Masonic temple. The altar and chairs and furniture were made of the wood of the island, and some of the furniture made of the natural twist and bend of the wood was unique. The floor was covered with what is known as pine needles, and the mosaic carpet was a tent fly, on which squares were painted, The globes at the entrance of the temple were 15-inch mortar shells, and they rested on two sawed-off palm trees. I know that all this furniture was sent to Charter Oak Lodge in New York." When this was told, a man whose manner and talk located him from the South said:

"I was present at a meeting of a grand lodge that was held in the woods of Texas. The floor was the sand. There was but one globe, and that was the sun. And the strangest part of all was that the men who formed that communication were Confederates and Federals. I place the Confederates first because they were holding the stockade in which several thousand Federals were prisoners. It was in the Red River country, We had a lot of clever Yanks in that stockade, and they were nearly all intelligent. Many were of the first enlistment. It was funny how the stockade, sentry and prisoner, built up a brotherhood unlike anything, I reckon, that happened during the war.

"One of the prisoners was a long-haired Yank who was noted for playing tricks. He was a sort of magician and used to entertain the officers of the stockade with his performances. One afternoon, after he had exhibited his art in handling snakes—we had trapped some for him—the commander of the stockade asked the Yank if he could tame any snake, and the Yank said he could. The commander said he would bet him a dinner that he couldn't, and the next day was set for the trial. All the officers and men not on duty were there, and the Yank appeared, stripped to the waist. A big black snake was turned out of its captivity. The Yank had a forked stick. He fitted the fork over that snake, just back of its head, and quicker than I can tell it, and held the snake in the sand until he grabbed it where he had fitted the stick, and then he twirled Mr. Snake in the air and lashed it about until the snake was tired out. The stockade gave the Yank the rebel yell, and the commander shook his hand. As I was the commander's chef I had to prepare the dinner. It consisted of navy beans, fat slices of salt bacon, hard-tack, two tin cups of whisky, and some long green smoking tobacco for pipes. The dinner was served in the shade of the stockade.

"When it was over that Yank carried away with him a pass from the commander. It created a good deal of gossip for a while, for it permitted the Yank to pass out of the stockade, without guard, whenever he wanted to. The only promise he was asked to make was to be inside by sunset. And he never failed.

"I must tell you of a trick he played on some of the guard, and then I will tell you how he got the pass. He was on the outside of the stockade one morning when he saw some of the Johnnies cooking breakfast. They had eggs, And eggs were a luxury in those days. The Yank stopped by the mess and said he was very fond of eggs. One of the Johnnies replied, 'You ought to get some.' The Yank said he thought he would, and that the ones he saw would suit. The Johnnies said they guessed not. The Yank looked on sullenly as the luxuries were being prepared, and when they were placed on the tin the Yank called out: 'I like eggs!' and as he said it he pulled a live snake from the coffee sack which he wore for a shirt, and placed it by the eggs. The Johnnies scampered away, and the Yank had an egg breakfast.

"Not long after the incident we were informed, those of us who were up in such matters, that a grand lodge would be held in a specified clump of woods, beginning on a certain day. I was a high roller in my lodge at home, and as I was close to the commander of the stockade, who was away up in Scottish Rite, I had important functions in the lodge of the wilderness. Whom should I see most conspicuously seated on a bee-gum but our Yank snake charmer? He was the most efficient man in his place I ever saw. And our commander, who was a judge, said that he had never met a brighter Mason. I also recognized in that lodge a number of our Yank prisoners. I knew then how the snake charmer got his pass. And I knew why he was so often at the commander's quarters, and why they were so intimate. That was the only grand lodge ever held out of doors.

"Gentlemen, you couldn't have made that stockade fight one another after that if Lee and Grant had gone there in person and ordered it. I have heard and read a good many stories about when and where the war closed. That part of the war which had been waged in and about that section of which I have told you closed when that grand lodge met. It was in the last few months of the struggle, anyway. But I remember when the time came to discharge the Yanks our commander and that Yank embraced, and, as they turned their backs on one another, each one put a hand to his eyes.

"A few years ago I was sitting in the corridor of the Auditorium Hotel in Chicago watching a fashionable crowd file by an entrance on its way to the opera. I saw one man whose hair was like snow, and whose evening dress was correct. I asked the clerk if he knew him.

"'Yes,' was the reply, 'That's Jo Day, one of our regulars, and the swell tailor of the city. Best dressed man in town, always. Has more suits than anybody. Changes his dress as many times in a day as his wife changes hers. But a good fellow all the same.'

"'Jo Day,' I said to myself. 'The Yank snake charmer of the rebel stockade on Red River, and the man who helped to run the grand lodge in the wilderness!'"

METAPHORICALLY?

A venerable and pompous bishop reports the London Telegraph, was having his portrait painted, and after sitting for an hour in silence thought he would break the monotony with a remark.

"How are you getting along?" he inquired.

To his astonishment, the artist, absorbed in his work, replied:

"Move your head a little to the right and shut your mouth."

Not being accustomed to such a form of address, his lordship asked:

"May I ask why you address me in this manner?"

The artist, still absorbed in his work, said:

"I want to take off a little of your cheek."

HELD UP IN COURT.

Not long ago a man was being sworn as a witness before a Glasgow bailie, who was well known as being very strict.

"Hold up your right arm," commanded his worship.

"I canna daet," said the witness.

"Why not?"

"Got shot in that arm."

"Then hold up your left."

"Canna dae that, either; got shut in the ither airm, too."

"Then hold up your leg," respended the irate magistrate. "No man can be sworn in this court without holding up something."

Millinery Opening
Tuesday, Sept. 21st, And Following Days.
MRS. McLEOD
224 Dundas Street. 27c

MILLINERY OPENING
—AT—
Johnstone & Johnstone's,
MONDAY, SEPT. 20, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.
204½ Dundas Street. The Basinette.
27c

English Rockingham Tea Pots.
A Large One
A Medium One
A Small One
25c
Seven and a half pounds Extra Standard Granulated Sugar for 25c if you purchase 1 pound of any kind of Tea.
INDIA TEA CO., 436 RICHMOND STREET.

For Mothers, Babies and Invalids.
DUNN'S
"MALTED RUSK"
"LACTESCENT BARLEY"
"CREAM OF CORN"
FOODS
Naturally sweet without sugar.
BABIES THRIVE ON THEM.
Sold by all Chemists.

BLOOD POISON
HAVE YOU Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling! Write COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

"IT DRAWS"

A rich brown liquor of delicious flavor.

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

No paint. No spurious leaves. No adulteration. Sealed lead packets only. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

FAITHFUL TILL THE END

Nell, roused by the sound of the boy's play, has turned her frightened eyes upon him. Why, here—here is the finest help of all—if only help has not arrived too late. The blood springs into her cheek, and courage once more fills her bosom. The child! Her child!

"Geoffrey!" calls she eagerly.

"Yes," returns the boy slowly, absently. Already the fresh pagoda is a story high, and the interest in it is absorbing.

"Come here, darling. Come quickly. Oh, come Geoffrey."

"In a minute," says Geoffrey, kindly and courteously, but how could one expect one to "come quickly" when one is building houses out of cards? And already his erection has gained a second story. He is building rapidly, and with success—the second story stands firm and strong.

"Don't mind that, Geoff! Come here," says Nell, so fiercely, and with such a stamp of her little foot that the boy, astonished, looks up at her, a card in his hand (the first brick for the third story), and surprise in his sunny eyes.

"Geoffrey," says Nell, dropping on her knees beside him, "will you do something for me?"

The child looks at her, still clutching the card, however.

"I will," says he at last, after considerable hesitation, and two backward glances at the rising palace behind him.

"Oh, I knew you would," says his auntie, catching him in her arms, and smothering him with kisses, a process against which he most actively rebels. "You will run down to the garden, won't you? Now, this minute. To your mother—to the little summer-house—the little summer-house she loves so much, and tell her—tell her——"

Here a sudden storm of grief overcomes her, choking her voice, and making her eyes blind with tears. Oh! to have to ask the boy to save his mother! —and yet, what surer messenger? Whose charm so strong as his? It is a last, her only resource as it seems to Nell, whose strange, unaccountable fear is killing her.

"To go to mammy?" questions the child vaguely.

"Yes, my darling." Nell is sobbing uncontrollably now, though silently—holding the boy to her to conceal from him her grief. "Go there and look for mammy, and if she is not there, go to the upper garden, that overlooks the sea —she loves that place, too, and tell her ——"

"What'll I tell her?"

"Oh, nothing, nothing!" Nell has risen to her feet, she has choked back with tears, and is standing pale and shaken before the child. "Just run to her, with your arms out like this"—holding out her arms eagerly—"and fling them round her neck like this," catching the boy to her, and holding him against her heart.

"Yes—but——" The child, not understanding, hesitates, casting fond glances backwards at his growing palace. How firm it stands. It will not fall this time!

"Never mind your house. I'll take care of it till you come back," says Nell feverishly. Alas! in what a house of cards his mother now is dwelling! "Go now, Geoff, darling—go—and hurry!"

"But why?" asks the child reluctantly, who naturally cannot see why he is required to go and hug his mother, on this particular occasion; she can always be hugged as often as ever she likes—and to go now, when his house is in danger. He casts another longing glance back at it—the two stories still stand grandly firm.

"Because I ask you. Isn't Nellie—" with a wheedling voice that is stricken with misery, "your own old auntie? Won't you do something for her? You will go to your mammy, won't you, ducky? Oh, you will, Geoffrey"—passionately. "And you will throw your arms round her and kiss her—and kiss her"—in spite of her, her tears break out again here—"your own mammy, Geoffrey. Your own mammy—remember. She wants you, darling, she does, indeed."

"Did she send for me?" asks the boy.

"Yes." Nell tells her lie without a qualm.

"But she'll be coming in now, won't she? And I"—with considerable pride, "want to show her my house when it's done. It'll be a big one this time, there will be four of them if nobody shakes it."

It seems hopeless! Even her own child won't help her. Nell almost thrusts him from her, and then another chance occurs to her. She makes a last move.

"It is time for you to go to bed," says she coldly. "You surely will not go without bidding your mammy goodnight!"

"It isn't time, yet," says the child, startled.

"Yes—it is."

"But mammy——"

"She is out in the garden. Go and bid her good-night—and go quickly." The child rises and moves towards the window that opens on to the veranda.

"She'll let me finish it," says he.

"Yes," says Nell eagerly. She almost pushes the child onwards. "And remember what I told you. Your mammy is not happy. Geoff—make her happy! Throw your arms around her, and kiss her, and hold her, and keep her! Oh! Geoffrey!"

Nell's voice dies away; the boy has fled down the steps, and into the gathering darkness, and now she is at peace to cry her eyes out. If the child should fail . . . If she should be already gone. . . .

Oh, the relief of being alone! She sinks into a chair—covering her face with her hands—and sobs as if her heart would break, for a minute or two. Then she pulls herself together, with the strength—the perpetual springing of hope that belongs to youth only. It is what we moderns call a revulsion of feeling. Why, how foolish she has been. Of course it was impossible; she must have been mad to think such thoughts of Cissy. Why, if she knew, she would never forgive her. . . . But she should never know. Poor Cissy—dear Cissy! . . . Was there ever a wrong thought in her mind? Oh, she trusted her, completely, perfectly!

But the child! How long he is! Will he never come back—will she never know!

CHAPTER XLVII.

It is the eleventh hour, indeed! Cecilia with her lover's arms around her has yielded. Yes—she will go with him. She has only to throw on her hat, her coat—a short walk through the woods will bring her to the station in ten minutes. She——

"Mammy! Mammy! Where are you?" The high, sweet cry of a child—the patter of little sturdy feet upon the graveled path—the sight of a little handsome boy racing with all his might—capless, and with bonnie tight-cropped head thrown back.

Cecilia almost thrusts Stairs from her. An awful look comes into her eyes.

"My God! I had forgotten him!" says she.

She shrinks backward, almost cowering before the child, who, now having seen her, casts himself with a little merry cry into her arms. The arms that for the first time in all his adored little life, feel slack, loveless. It is not the want of love that makes them weak—fear and shame, and passionate self-reproach render Cecilia cold.

"Nellie told me I'd find you here," says the boy gaily. "You're to come in, she says, and I was to kiss you like this." He has pulled down his young mother's head to his, with his fond stout little arms, and is kissing her with a laugh between every kiss. "You must come in at once, because it's nearly time for me to go to bed, and I want to finish my house first."

"I'll come—in a minute, Geoffrey," says his mother in a choking voice.

"No, now—now!" with childish persistency. "I want to say my prayers to you." Another stab.

"Last time I didn't say my prayers to you I was very ill after it. 'Member?"

It was a year ago, and something had prevented her hearing the child say his simple prayers. "Our Father" first, and then, "God bless pappy and mammy"; and it so happened that next day he developed a cold and was confined to his bed for some days. With a child's queer reasoning he had always said that the reason he was ill was because he had not said his prayers at his mother's knee.

Ill! If he should really be ill, when she is miles and miles away from him . . . separated from him by greater barriers than time or distance—barriers of her own erection. Ill! The word rings in her ears. Dying, perhaps! Perhaps dead—and buried, and she not even knowing.

With a frantic fervor she clasps him to her breast—holding him convulsively to her; slowly she turns her eyes on Stairs.

"Go!" says she, framing the word with difficulty.

"You have decided?" His voice is cold and strange. He had known, from the moment of the boy's coming, how it would be. The terrible look in her eyes was not to be mistaken. The child had dashed aside his chance forever. He had come five minutes too soon. She had given up her husband—she would not give up the child.

"You must see," whispers she in a voice of anguish, pressing the little one's head against her bosom, as though to prevent his hearing.

"Perfectly! You had to choose between—him—and me, and you have chosen the child. His child!"

"No—mine—mine! My own——" She pauses as if spent. "He is my soul! Shall I destroy him? When he grew up —to hear of me—to think with scorn of me . . . how would it then? Now he loves me! . . . Then! . . ."

"It is all over then," says he, brusquely.

"I cannot!"

"It is the last word, Cecilia?"

"Yes," in a dying tone.

The child, struggling in her embrace, has now freed himself, and is looking anxiously from his mother to Stairs.

"You are crying," says he, peering at his mother in the now uncertain light—then, turning upon Stairs, whom, with all a child's curious instinct, he had never liked, he breaks out, "I hate you! It is you—it is you who are making her cry!"

"Oh! Geoffrey, no; not a word, my darling!"

Again she presses his head against her, as though to hide from him her face, and looks with anguished eyes upon her lover. Dumbly she holds out to him her hand. He takes it mechanically, then drops it and turns to go.

At this, a low but bitter cry escapes her.

"Phil, Phil!" She sways a little towards him, holding out to him again, the hand he has so coolly dropped, whilst keeping the other hand still clasped around the boy. "A moment—you will not go—like this—you"—gasping—"will bid me good-bye?"

To be Continued.

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Yellow Jack.

Description of the Dreaded Fever Plague.

No Two Visitations Are Alike—Always New Remedies Are Required — Force Generally Expended in Three Days.

[G. N. Hurtel, in Atlanta Constitution.]

I have undertaken here to write something about yellow fever. I do so because the dreaded plague is about to attack some of the southern seaports after an absence of several years, and I do so trusting that the medical fraternity will not think I am trespassing on their domain, and with the assurance that a member of the laity is exempt from the laws of medical ethics. I write about this plague because I have been through several epidemics: in fact, have had the yellow fever myself, and I think some facts about the much-feared disease will be of interest just now.

Yellow fever has never been known to come twice in exactly the same form. It is a blood poison, and it has new symptoms and must be treated differently. For instance, one year in Mobile and New Orleans it was found that the only thing which did the patients any good was champagne; another year quinine was found to be the best tonic; another time castor oil and turpentine were freely given with good results. In 1871, when there was an epidemic in Mobile, the patients had to be kept close and given hot drinks. Two years later, in 1873, the patients required all the fresh air, and ice and ice-water were given with much benefit, and that year hot drinks were almost certain death.

It will be seen from this that when the fever first comes the physicians have to experiment with different remedies.

The disease gets its name from the color of the skin after death. When the patient has the fever his skin is very red, and it is after death that it takes on the orange color.

As a general thing the fever expends its force in three days and three nights, but often after it has left it returns in a milder and intermittent form, and it is then that the patient requires the most careful nursing, for it will be some two or three weeks before he will be convalescent.

As I said, the symptoms are not always the same every time the plague makes its appearance. One year the first attack will come on with violent pains in the head, and at another time the first or premonitory symptoms will be terrible pains in the back over the kidneys. But the fever, no matter how it comes, is always of the same temperature, and burns itself out rapidly.

There is one strange thing about the yellow fever, and that is whenever the patient feels, after the fever has left him, that he is strong and can get up and eat, he is almost sure to die. This has been explained on the theory that when such is the case mortification has set in and the patient feels well because he does not feel at all.

And let me say here that, notwithstanding some physicians, who have learned about yellow fever from books, say that a patient can recover after he has what is known as the black vomit, the person who has the genuine black vomit is then almost in the article of death, and there is absolutely no chance for him to recover. The inner coating of the stomach has mortified, and, giving way, he vomits it. This is black vomit.

The disease, per se, is not a very fatal one. The reason that there is so much mortality during an epidemic is because those who are well-to-do have left the city, and it is generally the poorer classes who are left behind to be attacked, and these have not the necessary attention and nursing; and then a great many die from fright. The hot fever necessarily weakens the heart action, and fright but adds to the trouble.

I remember in Mobile in 1871 there was a young man who was taken suddenly ill with the fever while riding with a friend in a buggy. He was greatly frightened and bought a quart of whisky, of which he drank freely. The next morning before daylight he was dead. Those who are constant drinkers of alcoholic stimulants are not as apt to take the fever as those who do not drink, but when a whisky drinker does get stricken he is almost sure to die.

A person can go into a city where there is yellow fever and stand very little danger of contracting the disease if he leaves before nightfall—before the dew begins to fall; and he must not go where the fever is in the morning until the sun has risen and the dew is dried. That is why people who live in stricken districts move their families into the adjacent country and go fearlessly into the city in the day and attend to business, leaving before night. Those who sleep out of the city rarely, if ever, have the disease.

Physicians who have had experience with this disease all agree that yellow fever is not contagious. There will be a case in one part of the city and the next day another will be stricken who is far removed and who has not been near a sick person. That is when it has become epidemic and the atmosphere is poisoned with the germs of the plague.

The fever usually attacks the weakest organ, but the kidneys never escape, and those who have had the disease feel the effects of it in this respect many years afterwards. Some of the life insurance companies today will not insure a man who has had the fever.

There is in Moblie, and it was organized many years ago, a society which is called the Can't Get Away Club, the members of which are under a vow never to leave the city when there is an epidemic. For several years during his life my father was president of this club, and I have heard him speak of the plague and the experiences he had when the city was stricken. One year in Mobile the dead were carted to the cemetery in a wagon, four and five at a time, without coffins and dumped into a great hole in the pottersfield. A little loose earth was thrown over the bodies and another load was made. My father went into a house on one occasion and found a man lying in a bed with his wife beside him and his three children lying dead on the floor. Some of them had been dead several days. He used always to say that whenever he went in to see a patient and heard him exclaim that he was perfectly well, a coffin was ordered at once if one could be secured.

The later in the season the fever makes its appearance the more fatal it is apt to be.

The epidemic lasts until there have been two or three heavy frosts. Cool weather is not good for the patient, and those who are caught with it when the frost comes are not likely to recover.

Good nursing is the best medicine. The fever must run its course, and it is when the patient is convalescing that he must be carefully looked after.

In 1873 there was a prominent physician of New Orleans who contended that cold water baths were the best cure for the fever. He was finally stricken and he insisted on taking the baths himself and his physicians followed his directions. He died.

The most dreadful thing about the yellow fever is the uncertainty one feels about life. He knows that, although he is in the flush of health, he may be dead in a few days. The balmy breezes which blow gently from the sea are laden with the poison of the dreaded plague and the air he inhales instead of being the breath of life may at any moment be to him the breath of death.

The Dead Line.

Unreasonableness of the Rule That Ministers Should Retire at 50.

In Other Avocations the Man of Mature Years Is Held to Be Most Valuable.

The oft-recurring topic of the "dead-line" in the ministry is made the subject of a fresh and vigorous article by Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler, in the Evangelist. Dr. Cuyler finds the occasion for his utterance in the recent death of "an eminent and excellent minister of the Gospel (name not given) who, during the closing years of his life had no pulpit that he could call his own." Yet he could preach just as well as he ever could, and was just as strong in everything which goes to make an acceptable and successful pastor. But he was shelved, says Dr. Cuyler, "simply and only because he was between 50 and 60 years old." On this Dr. Cuyler proceeds to speak his mind in the following trenchant language:

"The only reason why he—and many others as good and as gifted as he—are shelved from the pastorate is on account of an arbitrary and abominable law of limitations that is applied to no other calling, secular or sacred, but the Christian ministry. That Satanic specter known as the 'dead-line' seems to invade no other profession. Those who object to calling a minister to the pastoral charge of a church after he has passed the age of 50 will probably tell you that the nervous system and mental energies of ministers are apt to show signs of exhaustion at about that time, and therefore it would be 'extra-hazardous' to call them to a new charge. According to this miserable materialistic theory the real power of an ambassador of Christ does not lie in Biblical knowledge, and a godly character, and a holy zeal, and a ripe experience, and the indwelling of God's spirit, but in the nerves and cells of the brain! The theory is that these physical forces reach their maximum at the age of 50 years or soon after it; and henceforth there is apt to be a decline. Therefore, no minister is eligible to a call after he has been in God's world more than a certain number of years. 'Paul the aged' would not stand the slightest chance of a call. Some of these churches which spurn the advantages of long practice, matured judgment, and ripe experience are quite ready to intrust their momentous spiritual interest to some raw youth who has just received his license. One thing our churches ought to understand, and that is, that it is no easy thing to induce the ablest men to enter the Gospel ministry; and if there is to be an arbitrary statute of limitations, under which a minister, as soon as he has had twenty or thirty years of experience, is to be ineligible to a call to a vacant pulpit, then no man of sense or self-respect would enter the ministry at all. There is not such a surplus of educated, earnest, and spiritual preachers of the Word that the churches can afford to shelve any man who is equal to his high calling."

The Evening Post (New York) quotes various passages from Dr. Cuyler's article as given above, and then says:

"This clerical 'dead-line' is really one of the most remarkable things in our modern life. In the law, in medicine, in business, in public life, age only helps a man, and, indeed, at 50 a man in any other occupation is not thought of as an old man. It is only in the ministry that the fledgling secures the most desirable position when he enters his profession, and finds himself thrust aside as superannuated at a period of life when other men are called 'still young,' or 'in the prime of life.' Dr. Cuyler can see only one way of bringing about a change in this respect. He says that churches ought to understand that it is no easy thing to induce the ablest young men to enter the Gospel ministry; 'and if there is to be an arbitrary statute of limitations under which a minister, as soon as he has had 20 or 30 years of experience, is to be ineligible to a call to a vacant pulpit, then no man of sense or self-respect would enter the ministry at all.' But the trouble about this remedy is that youth will seldom take the long view of things. Dr. Cuyler points out that some of the very churches which spurn the advantages of long practice, matured judgment and ripe experience are quite ready to take up 'some raw youth, who has just received his license.' So long as the 'raw youth' sees that he can jump into a good salary at 25, it will be hard to convince him that people will not always want to hear a man of his ability. The 'dead-line' has been visible long enough already to affect the imagination of young men who are considering the ministry, and yet there are more clergymen than churches."

The New York Weekly Witness (undenominational) refers to Dr. Cuyler's article under the heading, "A Shame to the Churches," and says in this connection:

"We do not know any single fact which testifies so loudly as this one does to the spiritual degeneracy of the churches. It is a strange coincidence that while there is undoubtedly an increasing number of persons who are seeking and obtaining stronger and clearer perceptions of duty and of opportunity, and while these persons are scattered through all the churches, yet the churches in their organized capacity seem to be falling away more and more from high standards and spiritual methods.

"In our judgment any church which gives the preference to a preacher of 25 or 30 over one of 50 or 60 simply on the score of age has good reason to fear that it is about to be mustered out of active service by the Commander-in-Chief; if, indeed, it has not already been mustered out.

"For such a choice indicates in two ways a grievous lack of spirituality: First, the church which makes the choice declares thereby that it has no belief in spiritual growth, or does not care about the spiritual quality of the teaching it receives from the pulpit; and, second, it manifests a heartless indifference to the penalty which it imposes on the preacher who has committed the crime of growing older than he was a few years ago."

UNFAMILIAR FACE.

A captain of a regiment stationed in Natal, South Africa, when paying his company one day, says London Answers, chanced to give a man a Transvaal half-crown, which, as one would naturally expect, bears "the image and superscription" of President Kruger.

The man brought it back to the pay table and said to the captain: "Please sir, you've given me a bad half-crown."

The officer took the coin, and without looking at it, rung it on the table, and then remarked: "It sounds all right, Bagster. What's wrong with it?"

"You look at it, sir?" was the reply.

The captain glanced at the coin, saying: "It's all right, man; it will pass in the canteen."

This apparently satisfied Bagster, who walked off, making the remark: "If you say it's a' right, sir, it's a' right; but it's the first time I've seed the Queen wi' whiskers on."

A good face is a letter of recommendation, as a good heart is a letter of credit.—Bulwer.

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169 DUNDAS STREET.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

It is better to do mending while the damage is slight, than wait until the whole structure is ready to fall. Constipation is the one, all-embracing disorder that is responsible for many other diseases. Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure it. Druggists sell them. They never gripe. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. Nothing else is "just as good." A permanent cure.



In the old days of the Christian martyrs it was not unusual for the savage Pagans to cast innocent women into a den of lions, to suffer horrible agony and fear before death finally came to their relief. In this Christian age and this land of civilization tens of thousands of women daily suffer the slow torments of approaching death. They do this because of a false delicacy frequently inculcated by their mothers.

There is a marvelous medicine for women that cures all weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in maternity and makes them strong and healthy. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It gives rest and tone to the tortured nerves. Under its magic influence the headaches and pains in the back and sides, the dragging and burning sensations, the nervousness, weakness, lassitude and despondency that result from so-called female weakness are banished. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Taken during the period of solicitude, it banishes the usual discomforts and makes baby's entry to the world easy and almost painless. It insures the new comer's health and an ample supply of nourishment. Thousands of women have testified to its marvelous merits. All good druggists sell it.

Mrs. Ursula Dunham, of Sistersville, Tyler Co., W. Va., writes: "My baby is now nearly a year old. After she was born I had local weakness. I could not stand up. I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it has cured me. I can now do all my work."

PRETTY BLINDS

Make a house look complete. To have good ones you must go where the purchase can be guaranteed, where the stock is large and varied and prices are cheap. If you look over our stock you will see styles and colors that no other store can show.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

Souvenirs.

We have just opened out a new line of Souveners, with cuts of the following buildings: St. Paul's Cathedral, St. Peter's Cathedral, Dundas Street Center Methodist Church, and the London Court House. Bring your friends in to see them when they come to the city, or if you would like a nice present to take to some friend when you go out of the city give us a call.

YEO'S CHINA HALL
177 Dundas Street.

PATENTS

P. J. EDMUNDS, Solicitor of Patents.
MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERT.
359-61 Richmond, corner King, London Ont
Telephone 591.

NOTICE.

R. K. COWAN, Barrister, etc., has removed his office to the county buildings, Court House Square, corner Dundas and Ridout streets, where he will continue his law practice.

GUNS...

Fine gun repairing is our specialty. Restocking, Stock Bending, Choke Boring, Barrel Browning. Loaded Shotgun Shells, $1 50 per 100.

W. A. BROCK,
192 Dundas St., London.

DARK DAYS

and long evenings will soon be on us. You'll need more artificial light than now. Let us give you estimates for Electric Lighting. It's the cleanest and softest light.

London Electric Co., Limited,
359 Richmond Street. zxv

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

Box stoves, big stoves, cook stoves, little stoves, parlor stoves—all kinds of stoves and furniture, bedroom suites, mattresses, pillows, feather beds and mattresses cleaned. Stoves bought at HUNT & SONS, 593 to 597 Richmond street north. Telephone, 997.

We guard against low-grade furniture, and also have a desire to please our customers. We keep only furniture of the best, at lowest prices. TRAFFORD'S, 95 and 97 King street.

Screen Doors.

Our combined storm and screen door is a screen for summer, with removeable panels for winter—two doors for the price of one, since there is but one bill for hardware and hanging, and no trouble or storage. Saves its cost each year! Changed in one minute! With our castor a door cannot sag. Bowman & Co., 200 Clarence street.

West Shore Railroad the Popular Through Line.

Take the West Shore to all points east. Be sure your tickets read via this line. Through sleeping car from Toronto, Hamilton and other Canadian points without change to New York.

For time tables and other information, as well as space in sleeping cars, apply to nearest ticket agent, or address EDSON J. WEEKS, general agent, 1 Exchange street, Buffalo, N. Y. 24n

Excursion to Chicago.

On Sept. 30 and Oct. 1 and 2, ticket agents in Canada will sell round trip tickets to Chicago via Wabash Railroad, at less than the one way fare tickets, good to return up to Oct. 18. All tickets should read via Detroit and Wabash new line, the short and best route to the Windy City. Trains leave London 11:55 a.m. and 8:35 p.m.; solid vestibuled trains for Chicago. Detailed information from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 83tf

A COLOR SCHEME.

Wanderer (returned after several years)—Well, well, I'm mighty glad to see you. How are you and how are all the good people?

Stayathome—Oh, we're all right and getting along as well as could be expected.

Wanderer—And how is the Widow Green?

Stayathome—She isn't so Green as she was.

Wanderer—What's the matter? She isn't gray, I hope.

Stayathome—No, she's Brown.

Wanderer—Brown?

Stayathome—Yes; married Samuel J. about five years ago, and she's been the Widow Brown for the last two years or such a matter.

Wanderer—You don't say?

Stayathome—Yes.

Wanderer—Well, you bet, if she's willing to change color again, I'll ask her, as sure's my name's Black.

COUGH CURE. SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TAR.

The old reliable never fails to effect a cure. Beware of imitations.

—FOR SALE BY—
N. W. EMERSON,
DRUGGIST.
491 Richmond Street.

KITCHEN WARE

You have just returned from your summer vacation and will be looking over the necessary things to buy for the kitchen. Our stock of tinware, graniteware and everything necessary for cooking is large. See the stock. Phone 462.

STEVELY'S,
362 Richmond Street.

FINE AND VERY COOL—WARMER TOMORROW.

Toronto, Sept. 19—11 p.m.—The storm center which caused a moderate gale throughout the lake region on Saturday is now dispersing over Eastern Quebec. An extensive high area, accompanied by a cool wave, now over Lake Superior, is extending eastward, while in the Northwest Territories the temperatures have risen considerably, due to the appearance of an important low area over Alberta. The weather has been fine and cool in Ontario and the Maritime Provinces and showery in Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:

Esquimalt, 46-68; Kamloops, 50-80; Edmonton, 40-80; Calgary, 42-80; Qu'Appelle, 42-78; Winnipeg, 32-58; Port Arthur, 34-50; Parry Sound, 48-54; Toronto, 54-65; Ottawa, 54-66; Montreal, 50-66; Quebec, 46-60; Halifax, 38-64.

PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, Sept. 20—1 a.m.—Probabilities for 24 hours for lower lake region: Fresh northwest and west winds; fine and very cool, with light frosts; higher temperature on Tuesday.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Saturday were 68 and 35.5; on Sunday, 61.5 and 46.

Asters Superbum!

Our potted Asters are grand. Come and see them. Beautifully decorative—and they'll last.

GAMMAGE & SONS, Corner Dundas and Clarence Sts.

A CLEAR HAVANA CIGAR, FIVE CENTS.
AT JOE NOLAN'S, Masonic Temple.



Your Eyesight

Your health and your comfort rests with the man who fits your glasses. Consult the only exclusive refractionist in Canada.

F. C. LaGrange, M. O.
204 Dundas Street.

In the Dining-Room.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 21.

BREAKFAST — Jellied grapes. Stewed salt cod. Broiled potatoes. Oatmeal gems. Cocoa.

LUNCHEON—Cold boiled ham. Corn oysters. Thin sliced bread and butter. Luncheon biscuit. Tea.

DINNER—Salsify soup. Mutton haggis. Bechamel sauce. Baked Irish sweet potatoes. Mashed turnips. Pickled red cabbage. Swiss cream. Coffee.

Cut out these recipes and paste them in a scrap-book.

Oatmeal Gems—Soak two cups of rolled oats over night in one and a half cups of sour milk; in morning add half a cup of molasses, a teaspoonful of soda, a teaspoonful of salt, cup of wheat flour and two eggs; mix thoroughly and bake in gem pans in a hot oven fifteen minutes.

Luncheon Biscuit—Take one pound of bread dough and mix with it a tablespoonful of shortening and two tablespoonfuls of sugar; roll into thin sheet, cut in two, spread on half one cup of currants, half a cup of raisins, half an ounce each of lemon and citron peel, chopped fine; cover with other half, pass rolling-pin over a few times, cut into fancy shapes, brush with white of egg; let stand half an hour. Bake in a hot oven fifteen minutes.

Salsify Soup—Scrape six roots, throw in water with a teaspoonful of vinegar to keep from turning black; cut into small pieces and cook until tender in a quart of water; add one pint of milk, one large tablespoon of butter, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half of pepper. Boil up and serve.

Mutton Haggis—Chop fine the uncooked heart, tongue and half liver of a sheep, mix with them half their weight in chopped bacon, half-cup bread crumbs, grated rind of a lemon, quarter-teaspoonful of pepper (the bacon should make them salt enough), two well-beaten eggs; pack in a buttered mold, cover, place in a kettle partly filled with boiling water and cook slowly two hours. Serve with

Bechamel Sauce—Put four tablespoonfuls of butter and three of flour in a sauce-pan, pour on this three gills of boiling water; tie together a bay leaf, sprig of parsley, one of thyme, put in a sauce-pan, with small slice of carrot, half an onion, tiny bit of mace, eighteen peppercorns, a half-teaspoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of gravy or stock; simmer gently half an hour; strain; add three gills cream, let it come to boiling point, and serve.

This is one of the most useful sauces; it may be used with fish, poultry or vegetables.

Pickled Red Cabbage—Slice a solid head of red cabbage in thin strips; sprinkle lightly with salt; let it stand over night; in the morning drain and cover with boiling vinegar, to which add a dozen cloves and twice as many peppercorns. This will make two quarts.

Swiss Cream—Lay one-quarter pound of macaroons in a glass dish, mix two tablespoonfuls of cornstarch with three of milk, put a pint of cream over the fire, and when near boiling stir in cornstarch; cook slowly three minutes; remove from fire and flavor with teaspoonful of vanilla; pour over macaroons. When cold dot with bright bits of jelly or candied fruit.

New Shoes.

The Good Will Of the Masses

Is of inestimable value to any establishment. Fair treatment, honest dealings, and liberal business methods, has always won for us the trade of the vast army of purchasers in London.

We invite you all to call on us, whether you desire buying footwear or not, and inspect our new stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Trunks and Valises at low prices.

Seeing is believing.

POCOCK BROS

London Advertiser.
TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
107.....Business Office.
134.....Editorial Rooms.
175.....Job Department

A Local Budget

—Mr. Hewitt Fysh is on a visit to his son-in-law, Mr. John Holman, of the Farmers' Advocate.

—Mr. James Colerick, of the firm of H. & C. Colerick, has returned from a business trip to New York, Montreal and other eastern points.

—Mr. Sam K. Stewart, who was recently injured through a bicycle accident, is doing as well as can be expected, at St. Joseph's Hospital.

—President Gray, Secretary Robinson and Treasurer Munro, of the Commercial Travelers' Association, leave in a few days for Montreal, to interview the railway officials regarding a lower rate for travelers, and to discuss other matters, one of which is the baggage question.

—The following Canadians were registered in London, England, on Sept. 2: C. D. Parfitt, London, 53 Harrington street, N. W.; J. W. Stewart, St. Thomas, 20 Keppel street, W. C.; R. D. Ferguson, Port Stanley, Ont., 20 Keppel street, W. C.; Hon. A. G. Blair, Ottawa, Hotel Metropole; W.C. Bowman, London, 92 Jermyn street.

—The Ingersoll Tribune says: "Dr. McKay has leased the center residence in Tune's terrace, John street, and the place is now being fitted up with all modern conveniences for hospital purposes. Miss Bella McDonald, who has just returned from a course at St. Joseph's Hospital, London, has been placed in charge, and our citizens will no doubt be pleased to learn that this long-felt want has at last been supplied."

—The Mitchell Recorder says editorially: "Notwithstanding the splendid crop of roots this season, the exhibit in the root department at the London Fair was very slim. The apple exhibit was also very short and poor in quality. But other fruits, pears, plums, peaches, etc., were very fine. The cut flower exhibit was the finest London ever had; in fact, the whole floral display was particularly fine."

—The remains of the late Thomas Isherwood, of 352 King street, were laid away in Woodland yesterday. The funeral was largely attended by G. T. R. employes generally. The services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Claris, of the Southern Congregational Church, and Mr. John Sheehy, chief engineer of the division, read the burial service of the Order of Locomotive Engineers, of which deceased was a member.

—The many friends of ex-Ald. Wm. Stevely will be pleased to hear that he is somewhat improved. He has been lingering between life and death for the past three or four days, but his physicians now are hopeful of his recovery. Mr. Stevely took a trip up the lakes this summer for the benefit of his health, and on returning home had the misfortune to fall down stairs. He had just recovered from the ill effects of this, when he was again compelled to take to his bed.

—Circulars have been issued by the G. T. R. authorities, announcing the appointment of Wm. Newcomb, of Stratford, to be road foreman of districts 15, 20, 21, 22 and 23, and Robert Rutherford, of London, to the same position in districts 16, 17, 18, 19 and 24. The former's headquarters will be at Stratford, while Mr. Rutherford will be in this city. The appointment really makes the men traveling engineers. Their duties will be to travel from place to place and have charge of the inspection of all engines. They have been drivers on the road for some years.

—Willie Rogers, an 11-year-old boy, living at 1,062 Mary street, was walking through the main building at the Fair grounds on Saturday, when he picked up a piece of paper, in which was tied $5 in bills and 65 cents in change. Two men, working near by, claimed the money as their own, and the boy gave it to them. P. C. Twohy learned that the cash belonged to Alida G. Ceur, and ordered the men to return the money, which they did, claiming that they intended to advertise it. Miss Ceur kept a stand at the Fair. She rewarded Rogers with a dollar.

—Windsor Record: "The marriage of Miss Edna E. Moore, formerly of Windsor, to Albert H. Tossy, took place at her father's residence in Detroit last week, the officiating clergyman being the Rev. Paul Swett, assistant rector of Christ Episcopal Church. The bride is the grand-daughter of the late John H. Moore, of Windsor, and only daughter of Charles M. Moore, 443 Clinton avenue, Detroit. The bridesmaids were Miss Kizzie Richards, of London, Ont., and Miss Emma Moore, Detroit. The bridegroom is the third son of Ald. Tossy, Detroit, and the gentlemen attending were Frederick Tossy, his brother, and Dr. Collins, of Detroit, cousin of the bride. The guests were the immediate friends of the contracting parties. The presents to the bride were numerous and valuable. After and elaborate wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Tossy left for their future home at 963 North Sawyer avenue, Chicago."

Our Latest Offer!

CORN COB PIPE FOR ONE CENT.

SAM. K. STEWART, 202½ Dundas St.

THE G. T. R. FREIGHT AGENCY.

Mr. R. W. Scott, freight agent at the G. T. R., Niagara Falls, Ont., has been appointed to the same position here, to succeed the late E. N. King. Mr. Scott has many friends in London, where he lived for several years. He was an active member of the school board when here. He entered the employ of the G. T. R. in 1873 as a messenger boy in this city. From London he went to Oshawa, as relieving agent; thence to Black Rock and Buffalo, N. Y.; thence to Port Hope, Ont., in connection with the transfer of the Midland Railway to the Grand Trunk system. From there he went to Hyacinthe, Que., as agent, with orders from Mr. Spicer to hold himself in readiness for a change, his headquarters at the time being Montreal. From St. Hyacinthe Mr. Scott went to Bowmanville as freight agent; thence to Huntington, Que., Fort Covington, N. Y., and Berlin, Ont. From Berlin he was appointed traveling auditor and relieving agent of the Georgian Bay division, after which he was sent to Guelph as cashier, where he remained for four years, when the transfer of the Great Western to the Grand Trunk took place. Some difficulties having arisen at the London office in the accounts, Mr. Scott was sent here as an expert accountant to adjust the matter. From London he went to Chatham to assume the agency there, and two years ago was removed to Niagara Falls. It will be seen that Mr. Scott is a man of wide experience.

THE LATE MRS. KENT.

Mrs. Isabella Kent, relict of the late Mr. William Kent, has been called away after a protracted illness, having for many years been a valued member of society. Kind and gentle in her disposition, she was much given to acts of charity and benevolence, and will long be remembered as a friend to the poor and a promoter of charitable enterprises. At the same time she was unassuming and unpretentious in manner, and it may truly be said of her that she never made an enemy and never lost a friend. Born in London, England, in 1820, she came with her late father, David Bogue, settling upon one of the most picturesque farms in the township of London in 1833, where she resided continuously, with the exception of a few years after marriage spent in the Gore of London. She was a consistent member of St. Andrew's Church in this city, of which her late husband was for many years an elder. Her remains will be interred in Oakland Cemetery today. Deceased leaves one sister, Mrs. Nelson Haskett; an only brother, Mr. James Bogue, and a wide circle of friends who will deeply mourn her departure.

A LONDON GRADUATE.

Three months ago a paragraph appeared in the city papers copied from the New York Herald, to the effect that the superintendent and nurses at Thrall Hospital, Middletown, N. Y., were having a "lively feud" over the refusal of a nurse to care for a private patient. The trouble was over the suspension by the managers of Miss Denahy from the school for disagreeable conduct. Miss Denahy and three of her nurse friends at once accused Miss Morrison of being the cause of Miss Denahy's suspension, and, in consequence, talked most unkindly of Miss Morrison to the public. Miss Morrison, however, never made the complaint against Miss Denahy, neither did she order Miss Denahy to go to the private case. On being told that there was a call to go to a case, Miss Denahy made no refusal to Miss Morrison, neither did she make any remarks about the patient needing a male nurse. Four of the nurses accused Miss Morrison of being "too stern a disciplinarian"; but the managers felt that she was too lenient with the nurses altogether. Therefore, in justice to Miss Morrison, this explanation is made. Miss Morrison is a graduate of the London General Hospital, of the class of 1887. On Miss Morrison's resignation, owing to illness, three months ago, the board of the hospital unanimously refused to accept it. Last week, however, Miss Morrison, who had meanwhile been visiting her home in Moore, Ont., again tendered her resignation, and it was accepted with reluctance. A local paper says that Miss Morrison's wide circle of friends in Middletown will hear the news with regret.

PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE.

Just a glint of golden hair,
Just a wave of perfume rare,
And he sprang to meet her there
On the stair.

As he caught her unaware,
She protested: "Don't you dare!"
But he kissed her fair and square,
And he left her blushing there
On the stair.

With demure, unruffled air,
As she sank into a chair.
All the girls were clustered there
In the glare——

Nothing warned her, "Have a care!"
Someone, smiling, cried, "Look there!
That's the pin I saw Jack wear,
It is tangled in her hair,
I declare!"

—Boston Globe.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believed it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

City Church Circles.

A Scotch and an English Divine Heard by Many.

A Hull (Eng.) Preacher's Impressions of London and Canada—Memorial Sermon for the Late Alex. Grant — Church Notes.

Beginning tomorrow, Rev. John Robertson, pastor of the City Temple, Glasgow, Scotland, will address meetings at the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium every evening this week, for men only, and every afternoon, at 4 o'clock, to which all are invited. Dr. Robertson occupied the pulpit of St. Andrew's Church yesterday morning and evening, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Robert Johnston, who was attending the re-opening of Knox Presbyterian Church, Goderich. It was the intention of the celebrated divine to remain the whole week in this city, but at the close of last evening's service he was handed a telegram informing him of the death of his aged uncle, Mr. Wm. Robertson, at Arnow, eight miles from Kincardine. The preacher was en route to visit his uncle, and the intelligence of his decease was unexpected. Dr. Robertson will attend the funeral today.

At St. Andrew's the congregations were very large, and the words of the polished speaker were listened to with His closest attention. His delivery is slow, deliberate and deeply impressive. Though nominally an evangelist, Mr. Robertson does not aim to excite the emotions, but presents his lessons with a quiet power and earnestness that is most effective. In the afternoon he addressed a large gathering of men at the Auditorium, when his remarks were directed especially to young men. Mr. W. M. Spencer presided.

PLEASED WITH LONDON.

At the evening service at the Dundas Center Methodist Church last night, people had to be turned away for lack of room; even the pulpit steps being filled. The preacher, a fine specimen of English manhood, was Rev. Isaac Naylor, of Hull, England. He had been on a visit to the Western States, and dropped off at London in expectation of meeting his old friend, Rev. Dr. Antliff, a former pastor of the Dundas Center Church, who was in London when Mr. Naylor last heard from him. Dr. Antliff is now a professor in the Wesleyan Theological College at Montreal, as Mr. Naylor learned when he reached here, but the latter accepted Rev. Mr. Lanceley's kind invitation to remain here a few days and preach on Sunday evening. He prefaced a vigorous sermon with a few remarks, recording his impressions of London and Canada. In all his travels on this continent, he said, he had seen no finer city than London. It was a beautiful place of residence, and one of which the people should feel proud. As to the Dominion, it had at one time been regarded by the British people as a colony, and very little was known about it, until the advent of Canada's premier at the Queen's jubilee. Now Canada was in everybody's mouth. It was no longer regarded as a colony, but as an equal portion of a great federated nation. He had no doubt a bright future was before a land of so many resources.

A MEMORIAL SERVICE.

At the Talbot Street Baptist Church yesterday, Rev. Ira Smith, the pastor, preached a very impressive memorial sermon for the late Rev. Alex. Grant, before a large congregation. The deceased was a pastor of the Talbot Street Church for thirteen years, and left here in 1884. Rev. Mr. Smith chose as his text, Hebrews, xiii., 7-8: "Remember them which have the rule over you, who have spoken unto you the word of God; whose faith follow, considering the end of their conversation, Jesus Christ, the same yesterday and today, and forever." The congregation, he said, remembered the departed brother as a man who realized himself to be a servant of Jesus Christ. He was a man of the Book; a man of deep, positive conviction. He was a man of prayer, and a lover of souls. The missionary spirit was strong within him. The preacher related a number of incidents in the life of Rev. Mr. Grant, and drew practical lessons therefrom. John Wesley had said "the workmen are taken, but the work goes on." Another put it, "The pastors are removed, but the Shepherd remains."

NOTES.

Knox Church congregation, at a recent congregational meeting, voted to adopt the new Presbyterian hymnal and will inaugurate the observance of the same by a service, which the congregation as a whole will be invited to take part in. The service will be printed for the occasion.

Rev. Henry Irvine, pastor of Grace Street Church, St. Thomas, preached at Askin Street Methodist Church yesterday morning and evening. The congregations were large.

Rev. W. J. Clark, of the First Presbyterian Church, exchanged pulpits with Rev. M. P. Talling, of St. James' Presbyterian Church, last night.

Sunday afternoon was children's day at St. James' Presbyterian Church.

Rev. Thos. S. Johnson, of Adelaide Street Church, exchanged pulpits with Rev. W. Freed, of Lobo, yesterday. Mr. Johnson conducted the anniversary services of the Lobo church.

We Need Shelf Room.

So we sell for a few days nearly all small sizes of Shoes now in stock, also many complete lines at prices that will astonish our competitors. These are a few:

Girls' Tan Button, sizes 1, 1½ and 2,	$ 50
Ladies' Kid Slippers, small sizes	75
Ladies' Kid Oxford Ties, small sizes	1 00
Men's Every-Day Gaiters, size 6	1 00
Men's $2 Fine Gaiter or Lace, all sizes	1 50
Bath Room Slippers	5
Cloth Slippers	10
Carpet Slippers	25

If these prices look too low to be true, see our east window. Also west window for finest Trunks, Valises, etc., in London.

JOHNSTON'S,
198 Dundas St.
Free Delivery in City.

67 Cases NEW FALL GOODS JUST RECEIVED

KINGSMILL'S

The Great Drygoods and Carpet House of the West

Always the Cheapest.

AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS AND PUBLICATIONS.

GRAHAM BROS.

NEW FALL UNDERWEAR

Gentlemen,—Just Opened, a Big Stock of Medium-Weight Underwear, that We are Showing at Special Prices.

GRAHAM BROS.

STORY OF THREE CHURCHES.

One Built From a Single Stone, One From a Single Tree, the Third by One Man.

[Architecture and Building.]

The following story comes from Waterloo, Ia.: The members of the Presbyterian Church decided to erect a new place of worship. Stone was scarce; in fact, there were no quarries and no rock suitable for building purposes nigh at hand. At last their attention was called to what was apparently a large boulder which stood in the middle of a plain about eight miles from the town. This huge mass of rock was like an island in the midst of a vast sea. About eight feet of it projected above ground. The work of excavating this gigantic boulder was at once begun. When exposed to view it was found to be 28 feet high, 30 feet long and 20 feet wide. On this monolith the workmen began their labors with drill, hammer and dynamite, and the enormous rock was converted into building stones. The pieces were conveyed to the town, and before long a wonderful metamorphosis was apparent, and then this giant boulder, after resting undisturbed for countless years and buried by the deposits of ages, was transformed into a beautiful church. In its rough state this great rock is estimated to have weighed more than 2,500 tons.

To build a church from material taken from one boulder is certainly surprising, but not so much so as to build and complete a large wooden church from the timber of a single tree, no other lumber from any source being used, the building being the largest church edifice in the country. This building is situated in Santa Rosa, Cal., and was erected for the members of the Baptist communion of that place. The timber was taken from a redwood tree that grew in the neighborhood. The interior of the church was paneled and finished with wood, not a particle of plaster or other similar material being used. The floors, seatings, pulpit, roof and roofing were all formed from material taken from the same tree, and after the building was finished in every particular stuff was taken from it to manufacture 60,000 shingles, besides a large quantity of scantlings, joists and other dimension stuff.

There is a Presbyterian Church at Hepburnville, Pa., that was built by one man. It is a beautiful stone structure built from great boulders taken from Brobst Mountain. The name of the man who built this church was George Taylor, and he labored at it for more than six years, quarrying and cutting his own stone and putting them in place when opportunity presented. The building is 60x38 feet, with a square tower 60 feet high. Before the church was quite finished Taylor grew ill. His hammer, chisel and trowel were laid aside, and they were never again taken up by him. In his will it was found that he left the church and all its belongings to the congregation. There remained a small debt, which was partially wiped out the first Sunday service was held in the building. A subscription was raised and a pretty memorial window was erected by the congregation in honor of the aged and untiring builder.

"GHOSTS" IN AN ENGLISH CASTLE.

Clandon Park, Guildford, where the Earl and Countess of Onslow have just been celebrating the coming of age of their eldest son, Viscount Cranley, is situated in that part of the Morris Downs known by the name of Fairyland, and the mansion is renowned for harboring no less than three ghosts. One of these three is "a very beautiful lady in cream-colored garments," who is said to make the state bedchamber her happy hunting ground, while the second is "a very ugly female black dwarf," and the third is "a rough-looking man." While the earl was acting as governor of one of the Australian colonies, Clandon Park was leased to some people who profess to have been so badly scared by supernatural visitations that the psychical Society proffered its services, and made arrangements to submit the place to a thorough investigation. Just as this was about to take place, Lord Onslow came back from Australia, and at once put a stop to the whole affair, declaring that the ghosts were all nonsense, and threatening the tenants with legal proceedings for the disagreeable notoriety which they had given to his ancestral home. He wrote to the newspapers in this sense, and wound up by declaring that ghosts never troubled him, as "I and the adult members of my family always sleep with loaded revolvers at our bedsides." Curiously enough, the "lady in cream-colored dress," the "female black dwarf," and the "rough-looking man" have ceased to make their appearance.

A DINNER PILL.—Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia.