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NETARY: IME RADE REVIEW

SURANCE CHRONICLE.

Vol. XXXIV—No 20.

TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1900.

100. PER SINGLE COPT

Safford Patent

Screwed Nipple Connection

Radiators

for Heating by Hot Water and Steam. The only Radiators made without

Bolts or Packing.

Largest Stocks in Canada.



MADE ONLY BY THE

DOMINION RADIATOR CO., Limited

TORONTO.

The Largest Radiator Manufacturers under the British Flag.





Fine Footwear

CAIRN'S

Orange and Pineapple

> A shipment now in store.

PERKINS, INCE & CO.

and 43 Front Street East, TORONTO

THE SECRET of the popularity of BOECKH'S BRUSHES lies in the fact that only the best materials are used in their construction.

BOECKH BROS. & CO...
TORONTO, ONT.

MARK FISHER. SONS & CO.

Fine Woollens

Tailors' **Trimmings**

60 BAY STREET. TORONTO

Cor. Craig St. & Victoria Square, Montreal

935 Broadway, New York.

FISHER & Co., HUDDERSFIELD, ENG.

RICE LEWIS & SON

Wholesale and Retail

Shelf and Heavy

· · BAR · · ·

Iron and Steel

Wrought Iron Pipe and Fittings

TORONTO

BANK OF MONTREAL

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Five per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its banking house, in this city, and at its branches, on and after

Saturday, the 1st Day of December Next

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th Nov. next, both days inclusive

By order of the board.

E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.

Montreal, 16th October, 1900.

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

DIVIDEND NO. 67

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three and One-Half per cent. upon the capital stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the bank, and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the First Day of December Next

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th of November to the 80th of November, both days inclusive.

B. E. WALKER

General Manager.

Toronto, October.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three and One-Half per cent, for the current half-year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its banking house in his city, on and after

Saturday, the 1st Day of December Next

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th day of November next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

THOS. FYSHE.

Joint General Manager.

Montreal, 23rd Cctober, 1900.

THE MOLSONS BANK

Paid-up Capital. \$2,466.040 Rest Fund.....\$2,050,000

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1855

WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President.

W. M. Ramsay Samuel Finley J. P. Cleghorn H. Markland Molson F. C. Henchaw

A. D. DURNFORD, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches.

W. H. DRAPER, Inspector.

H. LOCKWOOD and W. W. L. CHIPMAN, Ass't Inspire Standard, Ont.

Alvinston, Ont.

Kingsville, Ont.

BRANCHES:

Alvinston, Ont.

Kingsville, Ont.

Brockville, Ont.

Calgary, N.W.T.

Clinton, Ont.

Montreal, Que.

Chesterville, Ont.

Exeter, Ont.

Exeter, Ont.

Korwich, Ont.

Agenta Morrishurg, Ont.

Norwich, Ont.

Agents in Korwich, Ont.

Agents in Korwich, Ont.

Agents in Korwich, Ont.

Ottawa, Ont.

Agents in Korwich, Ont.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

Established in 1836. Char-Incorporated by Royal Char-ter in 1840.

LONDON OFFICE, Clements Lane, Lombard St., E.C.

Paid-up Capital. Reserve Fund..... £1,000,000 Sterling

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

. H. Brodie. ohn James Cater. aspard Farrer. Ienry R. Farrer.

Richard H. Glyn. E. A. Hoare. H. J. B. Kendall. Frederic Lubbock

John Paton. Geo. D. Whatman. A. G. Wallis, Secretary.

Head Office in Canada-St. James Street, Montreal H. STIKEMAN, General Manager. J. ELMSLY, Inspector

BRANCHES IN CANADA

London. Brantford. Hamilton.

Ottawa.
Montreal.
Quebec.
St. John, N.B.
Fredericton, N.B.
Halifax, N.S.

Sydney, Cape Breton.
Winnipeg, Man.
Ashcroft, B.C.
Kaslo, B.C.

Rossland, B.C Vancouver, B rossiand, B.C. Vancouver, B.C. Victoria, B.C. Atlin, B.C. Dawson, City (Yukon Dis.

Drafts on South Africa may be obtained at the Bank's Branches AGENCIES IN THE UNITED STATES, Etc.

New York-52 Wall Street-W. Lawson & J. C. Welsh, Agents San Francisco—124 Sansome Street—H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose, As

London Bankers—The Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn & Co.

Foreign Agents—Liverpool—Rank of Liverpool. Scotland—National Bank of Scotland—National Bank of Scotland—National Bank Limited, and branches. Ireland—Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, and branches. Australia—Union Bank of Australia, Limited New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia, Limited New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia, Limited. Thdia, Limited. West Indies—Colonial Bank. Paris—Messrs. Marcuard, Krauset Cie. Lyons—Credit Lyonnais.

THE DOMINION **BANK**

Capital (paid-up)...\$2,000,000 Reserve Fund..... 2,000,000

HRAD OFFICE

TORONTO

DIRECTORS HON. SIR FRANK SMITH, President W. R. Brock T. E. Belleville

HON. SIR FRANK SMITH, President
Linee W. R. Brock T. Eaton Wilmot D. Matthews A. W. Austis

AGENCIES

AGEN

THE STANDARD **BANK OF CANADA**

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 5 per cent for the current half-vear upon the paid-up capital stock of the bank has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its agencies on and after Saturday, the first day of December next.

The transfer books will be closed from the latter to goth Nov.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th Nov. next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE P. REID, General Manager.

Toronto, Oct. 26th, 1900.

THE BANK OF TORONTO Union Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 89

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. for the current half-year, being at the rate of ten per cent. per annum upon the mile. the paid-up capital of the bank, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank, and its branches, on and after

Saturday, the First Day of December Next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th days November, both days included.

By order of the board.

D. COULSON, General Manager.

The Bank of Toronto, Teronto, Oct. 24th, 1900.

Imperial Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 51.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 4½ per cent. for the half-year ending 30th November, 1900, upon the paid-up capital will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after SATURDAY TERMINATION AND DESCEMBER NEXT

SATURDAY, THE 1st DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th November, both days inclusive. By order of the Board.

Toronto, 25th October, 1900.

The Merchants

Head Office, HALIFAX, N.S.

Capital Paid-up. \$1.985,070
Reserve Fund... 1,700,000

Directors. Thomas E. Kenney, Esq., President.: Thomas Ritchie, Esq., ice-Predicts: Wiley Smith, Esq., H. G. Bauld, Esq., M.L.C., Hon. David Maskeen.
W. B. Torrance, Hallfax, Inspectors, W. F. Brock, Halifax; D. M. Stewart, Montreal.
Branches and Agancies of the Bank
C. B. Torrance, Hallfax, Antigonish, Bridgewater, Guysboro, Londonderry, Louisburg, Westmooth, New Brunswick—St. John, Bathurst, Dorchester, Fredericton, Kingston, Ondon, New Brunswick—St. John, Bathurst, Dorchester, Fredericton, Kingston, Ondon, New Brunswick—St. John, Bathurst, Dorchester, Fredericton, Kingston, Quebeo-Montreal, Westmoother, Holling, Woodstock, P.E. Island—Charlottetown, Summerside, Vancouver, Allin, Bennett, Grand Forks, Nannimo, Nelson, Rossland, Victoria, Vancouver, New York (16 Exchange Place), S. H. Voorhees, Agent; Republic, Washington State.

Correspond 3nts

Capital Paid-up. \$1.985, Online and Japan—Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Chicago—American National Bank. San Francisco—First National Bank.

Founded 1818, Incorp'd 1822. The Quebec Bank Head Office, Quebec Capital A..... \$2,500,000

Gaspard Lemoine W. A. Marsh Veasey Boswell F. Billingsley C. F. Smith
Thos. McDougall General Manager

THOS. MCDOUGALL General Manager

Branches

Upper Town
Upper Town
St. Roch
Thetford Mines, Que.
St. George, Beauce, Que.
Montroal, St. James St.
Toronto, Ont.
There Rivers, Que.
St. Catherine E. Pembroke, Ont.
Shawenezan Falls, P.Q.
Shawenezan Falls, P.Q.
National Bank of the Republic.

Bank of British Columbia.

Capital (with power to increase)

Capital (with power to increase)

Reserve

Li00,000

Reserve

Head Office, 60 Lombard Street, London, England.

Branches

Head Office, 60 Lombard Street, London, England.

Branches

Melson (Kootenay Lake), Rossland and Sandon. In United States—San Francisco, Portland.

Lagents and Correspondents

Lagent

Bank of Nova Scotia Capital paid-up. \$1,860,000.00 Reserve Fund.. 2,281,942.86 Incorporated 1832

- - HALIFAX, N.S.

Head Office,

JOHN Y. PAYZANT, Prevident

H. L. Borden PAYZANT, Prevident

G. Crambell

H. C. McLeod, General Office,

In Nova Scotia—Amherst, Annapolis, Bridgetown, Digby, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, New Brunswick—Campbellton, Charlon, Picton, Stellarton, Westville, Yarmouth, Charlotteown, and Sun marsid.

H. M. C. McLeod, Gen. Man.

D. Waters, Chief Inspector

Geo. Sanderson, Inspector

Br 12133

In New Brunswick—Campbellton, Charlon, Digby, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, Rt. Stephen, Stellarton, Westville, Yarmouth, Charlotteotown and Sun marsid.

H. D. Waters, Chief Inspector

Geo. Sanderson, Inspector

Br 12138

In New Brunswick—Campbellton, Charlon, Digby, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, Rt. Stephen, Sussex, Woodstok. In P. E. I.—Johns and Amprior, Bartin, Foronto. In Queba;—Winnipez, In Newtoundland—St. Boston, Mass.; Calais, Maine; Chicago, Ill.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Three per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, and at its branches, on and after

Saturday, the First Day of December Next

The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th Nov. next, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

E. E. WEBB, General Manager.

Quebec, Oct. 23rd, 1900.

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Two and One-Half per cent. for the current half-year, has been declared upon the capital stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the bank and at its branches on and after

SATURDAY, Ist DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, 23rd October, 1900.

The Traders Bank of Canada

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of Six per cent per annum on the paid-up capital stock of this bank has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and its branches on and after

SATURDAY, THE 1st DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT

The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th Nov., both days inclusive.

H. S. STRATHY, General Manager. The Traders Bank of Canada,

Toronto, 23rd October, 1900.

BANK OF HAMILTON

DIVIDEND NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Four per cent, for the current half-year has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its agencies on and after December 1st

next.

The transfer books will be closed from 16th to 30th November both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

J. TURNBULL, Cashier.

Hamilton Oct. 22: 1900.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK FREDERICTON, Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1864 A. F. RANDOLPH, President Topology Agents W. Spurden, Cashie

Foreign Agents

London-Union Bank of London. New York-Fourth National Bank. Bosto-Eliot National Bank. Montreal-Union Bank of Lower Canada.

THE MATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

LIMITED
Incorporated by Royal Charter and Act of Parliament.
Established 1825.

Capital Subscribed	85,000,000
Pal t-up	1,000,000
Uncalled	4.000,000
Reserve Fund	1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE.

EDINBURGH

THOMAS HECTOR SMITH, General Manager GEORGE B. HART, Secretary

THOMAS HECTOR SMITH, General Manager

London Office 3-37 Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.

JAMES ROBERMON, Manager

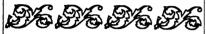
The Agency of Colonial and Foreign Banks is undertaken and the Acceptances of Customers residing in the Colonies, domiciled in London, retired on terms which will be turnished on application.

All other Banking business connected with England and Scotland is also trans-

Did you ever Lose Valuable Papers by Fire?

SECURE YOURSELF

Against a repetition by depositing all your documents in the vaults of



The Provincial Trust Co.

TEMPLE BUILDING, - TORONTO

Safe Deposit Boxes to Rent

***** THE CANADA WESTERN

MAN. VANCE St. IOHN. N.B.

received by the Company, and is payable half-yearly. The Debentures are registered at the Company's office.

FOUR PER

ASSETS, \$23,000,000

DEBENTURES

These Debentures are issued for sums

of \$100 and upwards. Interest accrues

from the date on which the money is

HEAD OFFICE:

Canada Permanent Bldg., Toronto St., TORONTO

of Ontario, Limited

THE BANK OF OTTAWA HEAD OFFICE, OTTAWA, CAN.

WINNIPEG, MAN.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS

LONDON & CANADIAN

LOAN & AGENCY CO.,

GEO. R. R. COCKBURN, President. THOMAS LONG, Vice-President.

MONEY TO LEND

on Bonds, Stocks, Life Insurance Folicies and Mortgages.

V. B. WADSWORTH,
Manager,

Authorized Capital.....\$1,500,000 Capital Paid-up....\$1,500,000 Reserve Fund......\$35,000

R. W. Heneker, President.
Israel Wood J. N. Galer Hon. M. H. Cochrane, Vice-President.
Israel Wood J. N. Galer Hon. M. H. Cochrane, Vice-President.
H. B. Brown, Q. C. N. W. Thomas
Head Office-Stringer, Que.
Branches-Waterloo, Cowansville, Stanstead, Coaticock, Richmond, Granby.
Huntingdon, Bedford, Magog, St. Hyacinthe, Ormstown, Que., Grard Forks.
Agents in Montreal-Bank of Montreal. London, Eng..-The National Bank of Scotland. Boston-National Exchange Bank. New York-National Park Bank.
Collections made at all accessible points and remitted.

The Western Bank of Canada. Head Office, - OSHAWA, ONT.

 Capital Anthorized
 \$1,000,000

 Capital Subscribed
 500,000

 Capital Paid-up
 388,240

 Rest
 128,000

JOHN COWAN, Fsq., President
REUBEN S. HAMLIN, Esq., Vice-President
W. F. Cowan, Esq. W. F. Allen, Fsq. J. A. Gibron, Esq.
Robert McIntosh, M.D.
Thomas Paterson, Fsq.
Cachier
Cachier

Account McIntosh, M.D. Thomas Faterson, Fed.
T. H. McMilland, Tilsonburg, New Hamburg, Whitby, Pickering, Paisley, Penetanguishene, Port Ferry, Tavistock, Ont.
Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange bought and sold. Deposits received and interest allowed. Collections solicited and promptly made.
Correspondents in New York and in Canada—The Merchants Bank of Canada. London, Eng.—The Royal Bank of Scotland.

THE HAMILTON PROVIDENT AND

Capital Subscribed......\$1.500,000 00

DEBENTIRES ISSUED FOR 1. 2 OR 3 YEARS

Interest payable half-yearly at the highest current rates. Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest in Debentures of this Society.

C. FERRIE, Treasurer

LOAN SOCIETY

VANCOUVER, B.C.

President - A. T. WOOD, Esq., M.P. Vice-President - AI FYANDE ALEXANDER TURNER, Esq.

Head Office-King St., Hamilton

FEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX

Fund x

Board of Directors:

Patrick O'Mullin, Pres. George R. Hart, Vice-Pres. J. J. Stewart, W. H. Webb, C. J. Troop. D. R. Clarke, Cashier.

Head Office, Halifax, N.S.

Head Office, Halifax, N.S.

AGENCIES:

North End Branch-Halifax, Edmunston, N. B.,
Wolfville, N. S., Woodstock, N. B., Lunenburg, N.S.,
Shediac, N.B., Port Hood, C.B., Fraserville, Que., Canso, N.S., Levis, P.Q., Lake Megantic, P.Q., Cookshire,
P.Q., Quebec, P.Q., Hartland, N.B., Danville, P.Q.,
Grand Falls, P.Q., Mahone Bay, N.S., Mabou, C.B.,
The Union Bk. of London, London, G.B.,
The Bank of New York, New York,
New England National Bank, Boston,
Bank of Toronto, Montreal.

HALIFAX BANKING

Incorporated 1872.

Capital Paid-up Reserve Fund

HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX, N.S.

H. N. WALLACE - - .

DIRECTORS

ROBIE UNIACKE, C. W. ANTERSON,
Fresident Vice-Fresident
W. N. Wickwire John MacNab W. J. G. Themseon

W. N. Wickwire John MacNab W. J. G. Thomson
ERANCHES—Nova Scotia: Hallfar, Amherst, Antigonich,
Parrington, Fridgewater, Carning, Iockefort, lunchlurg,
Middleton, New Glasgew, Farreboro, Springhil, Echlburne,
Iruro, Windsor. New Brunswick: Sackville, St. John.
Correspondents—Lonninon of Canada: Molecne Pank
and branches. New York: Feurth National Lank. Poston:
Suffolk National Bank. London, England: Farr's Bank,
Limited.

Agricultural Savings & Loan CO.

Rates on application.

103 Bay Street, Toronto.

LONDON, ONTARIO

 Paid-up Capital
 630,200

 Reserve Fund
 180,000

 Assets
 2,213,831

Directors:

Messrs. D. Regan, President. W. J. Reid, Vice Presidents. Thos. McCermick. T. Beattie, M.P. and T. H. Smallman.

Money advanced on improved farms and productive city and town properties, on favorable terms. Mortgages purchased.

Deposits received. Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling.

C. P. BUTLER, Manager.

BANK OF YARMOUTH

NOVA SCOTIA T. W. Johns H. G. Parish

- Cashier Assistant Cashier

Directors:

John Lovitt, Pres.
H. Cann Augustus Cann J. Leslie Lovitt

CORRESPONDENTS AT
Halifax—The Merchants Bank of Halifax.
St. John—The Bank of Montreal.
Montreal—The Bank of Montreal and Molsons Bank.
New York—The National Citizens Bank.
Boston—The Eliot National Hank.
Philadelphia—Consolidation National Bank.
London, G. B.—The Union Bank of London.

Prompt attention to Collections.

Prompt attention to Collections.

THE DOMINION

SAVINGS & INVESTMENT SOCIETY LCHDON, CANADA

Capital Subscribed\$1,000,000 00 Capital Paic-up 932,962 79 Total Assets 2,230,692 48

ROBERT REID, (Collector of Custems), PRESIDENT. T. H. PURDOM (Barrister), Inspecting Director. NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager.

INCORPORATED 1836

STEPHEN'S BANK

St. Stephen's,

Capital.....\$200,000

W. H. Todd, President

Agents—London, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. New York, Bank of New York, B.N.A. Boston,

Globe National Bank. Montreal, Bank of Montreal, St. John, N.B., Bank of Montreal,

Drafts issued on any Branch of the Bank of Montreal.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE

Head Office, - - QUEBEC

Paid-up Capital . \$1,200,000

Rest . 200,000

Board of Directors:

R. AUDETTE. FSQ., Fres. A. B. Dupuis, FSQ., Vice-pres. Hon. Judge Chauvcau N. Rioux, Esq. N. Fortier, Esq. V. Chatcauvert, Esq. J. B. I aliberte, Esq. P. LAFRANCE, Manager N. LAVOIE, Inspector Branches

Quebec, St. John Suburb St. Roch. Montreal
Roberval, I ake St. John
Ottawa, Ont.
Joliette, Que.
Rimouski, Que.
Fraserville, P.Q.
St. Casimer, P.Q. Sherbrooke, P.Q.
St. Francois N.E. Beauce
Ste. Marie, Beauce
Chicoutimi
St. Hyacinthe, P.Q.
St. John's, P.Q.
Murray Bay, F.Q.
Montmagny, P.Q.

Agents

Agents
England—The National Bank of Scotland, London.
France—Credit I yonnais, Faris and branches.
United States—The National Bank of the Republic, New
York; Shoe and Leather National Bank, Boston.
Prompt attention given to collections.

HURON AND ERIE Loan and Savings Company. LONDON, ONT.

Money advanced on the security of Real Estate on Ivorable terms.

Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling.

Executors and Trustees are authorized by Act of Parament to invest in the Debentures of this Company.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

J. W. LITTLE, President.

G. A. SOMERVILLE, Manager.

The Home Savings and Lean Company

OPPICE: No. 78 CHURCH ST. TORONTO

Deposits received and interest at current rates allowed Money loaned on Mortgage on Real Retate, on reason able and convenient terms.

Advances on collateral security of Debentures, and Bank and other Stocks.

Hon. SIR FRANK SMITH, JAMES MASON,
President. Manager

The Toronto Mortgage Company

Office -No. 13 Toronto St. Capital Authorized \$1,445.86C Reserve Fund \$25,000 President, ANDREW J. SOMERVILLE, Esq. DIRECTORS:

Mesers J. STATE W. STATE O.C. D.C.L.: Welling-

Messrs, Larratt W Smith, Q.C., D.C.L.; Welling-francis, Casimir S. Gzowski, Thos. Gilmour, Geo-Martin Rae, Henry B. Yates, M.D. and Thos. R. Wood Registered Debentures of the Company obtained on application. Deposits received, and interest allowed thereon at current rates.

WALTER GILLESPIE, Manager

THE ONTARIO LOAN & SAVINGS COMPANY OSHAWA, ONT

Capital Subscribed, Deposits and Cap. Debentures.....

Money loaned at low rates of interest on the securit of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures. Deposits received and interest allowed.

W. F. Cowan, President.

W. P. ALLEN, Vice President.

T. H. McMILLAN, Sec-Trea

The Canada Landed and National investment Company, Limited.

Head Office, 23 TORONTO ST., TORONTO.

Capital \$2,008,000
Seat \$50,000
4,359,660

DIRECTORS

JOHN HOSRIM, ESQ., Q.C., LL.D., - Vice-Preside
A. R. Creelman, Q.C., Hon.
Senator Gowan, LL.D., C.M.G., J. K Osborne,
J. S. Playfair, N. Silverthorn, John Stuart,
Frank Turner, C.E., Hon. James Young.

Money lant on Paul Partie. Debentures Issued. - Vice-President Money lent on Real Estate. Debentures Issued.

EDWARD SAUNDERS, Manager.

IMPERIAL LOAN & INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA,

Imperial Buildings, 39 and 34 Adelaide Street Rast, TORONTO, Ont.

Mercantile Summary

IT is stated that the King Mining Co. have sold their "Oro Dinero" property near Greenwood, B.C., to R. E. Brown. Work on the mine has been suspended for some time, owing to lack of funds, but there is considerable high-grade chalcopyrite in the drift, running \$5 to \$8 per ton.

A scheme is under way for the amalgamation of the Canada Cycle & Motor Company, Limited, with the National Cycle & Automobile Company, Limited. The latter is capitalized at \$2,000,000, and the former at \$2,500,000. Operations would be continued on at all the present factories.

THE employees of the cotton mill, at Kingston have acceded to the request of the management and signed an agreement to the effect that two weeks' notice for discharge be given, that absence without permission means dismissal, and that no union will be joined save on notice of two weeks to the management.

Among the passengers who reached New York last Monday per steamer "Lucania," was Captain R. White, R.N.R., port warden of Glasgow, who is on his way to Buffalo to study the system of handling ores and grain. He said: "Glasgow hopes to become equal to Liverpool as regards shipping. Within two or three years the revenues of Glasgow, for wharfage, have increased from \$1,000,000 a year to \$2,375,000."

DESPATCHES of Saturday last from the American city of Duluth, on Lake Superior, stated that the American Steel and Wire Company had just bought the fleet of the American Steamship Company, of Duluth, paying \$5,250,000. There are twelve ships, including the four largest vessels on the lakes, six others of from 5,000 to 7,000 tons' capacity, and two St. Lawrence canal ships of 3,000 tons each. Two years ago these vessels cost the American Steamship Company about \$3,350,000.

THE Toronto City Council would appear to approve of the proposal which has been made to acquire or establish a plant for the manufacture and dsitribution of gas, both for street lighting and for sale to private consumers, and will probably offer a price for the works and property of the Consumers' Gas Co. The valuation placed by the company upon its present real estate and plant is about \$2,500,000. If the city invested that amount in the establishment of a gas plant the cost to the public for interest and sinking fund would be about \$125,000 per year. This would leave on the business done by the gas company last year, after allowing for repairs and renewals, a profit for the city of \$119,283. Or, as would probably be done, the cost to the consumers might be materially reduced. This, of course, is the manner President—Jas. Thorburn, M.D.

General Manager—E. H. Kertland.

Manager of the Manitoba Branch—Hon. J. N. KirchBrodie & Maclagan, Edinburgh.

Money advanced on these curity of Real Estate on fav.

Manager of the Maclagan, Edinburgh.

Grant Money advanced on these curity of Real Estate on fav. in which the proposition is put forward by those favoring the plan; it should not be forgotten, however, that municipal ownership has by no means always



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Special Facilities Offered Depositors

Deposits 31st Dec., 1898... \$993,123.28 Deposits 31st Dec., 1899..\$1,193,151.48

Year's Gain \$200,028.20

Interest allowed at rate of 3½% on daily balance, compounded half-yearly.

Accounts subject to cheque.

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The Ontario Loan & Debenture Co.

OF LONDON, CANADA.

 Subscribed Capital
 \$2,000,00

 Faid-up Capital
 1,300,00

 Reserve Fund
 515,00

 Const Assets
 3,740,65

 1,901,2
 3,11,2

Debentures issued for S or 5 years. Debentures and nterest can be collected at any agency of Molsons Bank, vithout charge.

WILLIAM F. BULLEN,

London, Ontario 1899

The Dominion Permanent Loan Co.

12 King St. West, Toronto

Capital Stock paid-up......\$ 882,339 06 41.318 38 Reserve Total Assets 1,407,038 65

Debentures issued for 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years at highest current rates, with interest coupons attached, payable half-yearly.

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 Capital Subscribed
 \$400,008

 Capital Paid-up
 140,00

 Assets
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and 8 per cent. From 1 day to 368.

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MURRAY, Accountant's Office,
Supreme Court of Ontario, Toronto
Ontario.

Mercantile Summary.

OTTAWA civic authorities are calling for tenders for an additional fire engine, of a capacity of 750 gallons. Specifications are to be supplied by tenderers.

CONTRACTS have been let for the construction of a sewerage system for Sydney. If fine weather prevails, the work will likely be completed before winter sets in.

Delegates from some 300,000 metal workers in Canada and the United States last week held a conference in Washington, to discuss the formation of an International Metal Trades Association

WE are informed that the Imperial Starch Co. has awarded to E. A. Wallberg, C.E., Toronto, the contract for the complete equipment of machinery and plant for its new starch and glucose factory, in Prescott, Ont., the contract price being sixty thousand dollars.

THE steamer "Iroquois," arrived at Ashtabula, Ohio, last week with a cargo of 2,456 tons of brown hematite iron ore from the new Michipicoten field, north of Lake Superior, in Canada. This is the first cargo from that field brought to a United States port, and it was likely to go to one of the Valley furnaces. The Michipicoten field has, it is said. a practically inexhaustible supply.

WE gather from the Maritime Mer-chant several items of interest about Down East, which we have not found elsewhere. For instance, that the Nova Scotia Steel Co. have bought large areas of manganese in the Magdalen Islands; \$300,000 is said to be the sum involved in the transfer. The Dominion Coal Co. has commenced an active campaign against liquor dealers in the vicinity of their collieries. This is due to the loss sustained by the company after each pay day, when a large number of the miners in each of the collieries are unable to work for several days because of drunkenness. The people of Pictou have been successful in obtaining a water supply for the town by sinking Artesian wells. A supply of 500,000 gallons a day is assured.

A SUBSCRIBER in Carberry, Manitoba, of a humorous turn, writes thus jocosely in answer to a reminder that his subscription was due: "Yes, another year has come round, and now you expect me to pay for it. Are you aware that times are hard in this country, that we had drought in the spring, and hail in the summer, and rain in the fall, and that there is an election on? It seems to me, if you realized all this, you would gladly donate one year's subscription to one who has been a subscriber to the Monetary Times for many years for the simple reason that he could not be otherwise. I suppose, however, that I shall have to do as I have done before. bow to the inevitable, so I enclose \$2. which is the proceeds of many bushels of No. 3, tough, which is our highest grade of wheat this year. Kindly ac-

THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION

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\$1,000.000 \$250,000

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For further information see the Corporations's Manual.

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W. H. Sproule. E. S. VanAlystyne.

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enders for Debentures

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," clock p.m. on Wednesday, December the 5th, 1900, for purchase of

\$12,600.00

County of Middlesex Consolidated Debenture Debt Debentures, bearing three and a half per cent. interest, pay-priacipal payable in gold in twenty years from date of issue.

Each tender must state a price in a lump sum, pay-at par in London, Ontario, on or about December h, 1900,

A. M. McEVOY, Treas. of M ddlesex November 13, 1900.

The Victoria Rolling Stock Co. of Ontario, Limited

\$1,000,000

Bonds to Yield 4 1-4 Per Cent. Per Annum

The above Company have at present for sale \$1,000,000 of bonds in denominations of \$1,000 each, running from half-years, interest 4 per cent. per annum, payable purchaser 4% per cent. per annum.

Physicians 1.

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H. C. HENDRIE, Hamilton, Vice-President.
A. C. HAMMOND, Toronto, Managing Director.
W. D. MATTHEWS, Toronto.
B. R. OSLER, M. P., Toronto.
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Creelman Bros. Typewriter Co., 15 Adelaide St. East, Toronto

Mercantile Summary.

A NEWMARKET furniture factory have just made a large shipment of office goods to Australia.

IT is stated that the recent sensational report of a conspiracy to defraud the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, in British Columbia, was entirely founded.

THE estate of C. J. Smith, Ottawa, is applying at Ottawa for incorporation, under the name of the C. J. Smith Estate Co., Limited, with a capital of \$40,000, for the purpose of dealing in real estate, lending and borrowing money, etc.

THE failure is noted of P. Bishop, general merchant, Riverside, N.B. Lumbering operations, which have not resulted profitably, are said to have something to do with his troubles. Liabilities are estimated at about \$7,000.

THE New Brunswick Legislature is asking for tenders for building the metal superstructure of the bridge at Upper Corner, Sussex; Bostwick's bridge, Big Salmon River, and the Tobique Narrows bridge; for rebuilding the Taxis bridge in York Co.; and for building Dunham's wharf, Kingston, and Lee Flewelling's wharf, near Gondola Point.

LETTERS patent have been issued by the Dominion Government, incorporating Francis R. Hart, banker, and James A Parker, banker, of Boston, Mass.; Scott. manufacturer; Iohn Tames Delano Wood, manager, and Robert Davidson McGibbon, Q.C., all of Montreal, as The Canadian Baling Company (Limited), with a capital of \$1,000,000, for the purpose of manufacturing and dealing in all kinds of machines for compressing and baling hay, straw, etc.

THE Toronto City Council have been considering the draft bill for the incorporation of the Toronto & Central The pur-Ontario Railway Company. pose of the company is to construct and operate six main electric lines, with branches, to include a mileage of not less than 500 miles, within a radius of 100 miles. The capital stock is to be \$5,000,000. The terminal in Toronto is to be the St. Lawrence Market, and if the Toronto Railway Company will not, agree to allow the company running rights over its lines, the company may construct its tracks on such streets as authorized by the city, but the company may not carry passengers between points within the city.

WHEN we remember the eminence of the painter, and what is implied in securing his services to produce a portrait, we shall better appreciate the compliment paid to Mr. Edmund Osler, M.P.; by the authorities of the North of Scotland Canadian Mortgage Company, Limited, in presenting to Mrs. Osler, last Friday, a portrait of Mr. Osler, by Sir George Reid, president of the Royal Scottish Academy. Appended to it are the words, "in token of appreciation and esteem." Mr. William Hendrie made the presentation, and Mrs. Osler replied in a little speech that possessed the charm of good sense and good taste.

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Gordon C. McTavish,

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Company. The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company,
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Write for Booklet giving all particulars.

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The St. Lawrence Hall

Montreal, is the best known hotel in Canada. Some of the most celebrated people in the world count amongst its patrons. Its excellent cuising, central location and general comfort are reasons for its popularity.

Rates, from \$2.50 to \$5.00 per day. HENRY HOGAN Proprietor.

And Bad Accounts are specialties with our collecting department.

Don't write anything off until we see what we can dowith it.

R. G. DUN & CO. Toronto and Principal Cities of Dominion.

Mercantile Summary.

THE Windsor Hotel, at Merrickville, has been burned down, at a considerable loss. Insurance, \$6,800.

THE Wm. Davies Co., Limited, pork packers, are building an addition to their office building, in Toronto.

A COMPANY, known as the Montreal-Boston Copper Co. has been formed to take hold of and operate the "Sunset." and "Crown Silver" mines, near Greenwood, B.C.

A FIRE, which started in the rear of Williscraft's bicycle shop, at Smith's Falls, a few days ago, did some \$3,000 worth of damage before it could be extinguished. There was partial insur-

TENDERS have been called for the construction of the proposed city hall, in New Westminster, to replace the one burned down in the recent fire. It is to cost \$30,000, and is to be built with all possible speed.

THE steamship "Monticello," belonging to the Yarmouth Steamship Co., was wrecked in a storm off Chegoggin Point, on the 10th inst., and sank among the wreckers. About thirty and seamen were drowned.

THE British steamer. "Orinoco," which left Bermuda lat month, en route for Bermuda and the West Indies, struck a reef off Grenada, and was seriously damaged, though no lives were A large cargo from St. Johns is reported to have been aboard.

A rew days ago, the iron-workers employed by the Riter-Conley Co., on the construction of the Dominion Iron & Steel Co.'s plant, at Sydney-some two hundred in number-struck work, owing to the fact that their demand for the same pay for a reduced number of hours' work was not complied with.

THE purchase of the Kingston locomotive works by Hon. W. Harty, from the liquidators for \$75,000, is completed. and it is stated that he has a contract from the Government for twenty engines for the I.C.R., and a probable order from McKenzie, Mann & Co., for

EVERY piece of machinery in the Great Northern elevator, and its dependencies. were running at full speed on Saturday last for the first time. Everything has been found in the best of condition, and a final test will be made, when six carloads of grain will be unloaded and distributed to the different bins. The company will then be prepared to handle all the grain that the new line can bring. -Quebec Chronicle.

THE Toronto City Council have awarded the contract for gas-lighting to the Carbon Light & Power Co., of Philadelphia, for five years. The price is \$31 per annum per hydro-carbon lamp, with reflector, where the present posts can be used, and \$33 where posts are supplied. One stipulation is that the lamps are to be manufactured in Toronto, after the first installation.

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Estates carefully and economically managed. Prompt Settlements.
Twenty years' experience. P. O. Box 276.

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NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a special general meeting of the shareholders of the Cana dian Bank of Commerce will be held in the board room, Canadian bank of Commerce buildings, Toronto, on

Tuesday, 11th Day of Dec., A.D. 1900 At the hour of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, of approving an agreement between the said bank and the Bank of British Columbia from the said bank and the Bank of British Columbia for the sale and purchase of the whole chase of the whole of the assets of the Bank

of British Columbia. By order of the board of directo s, B. E. WALKER,

General Manager. Dated October 23, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that it is the intention of Commerce and the Bank of British Columbia to apply to the Governor-in-Council of Canada at Ottawa for approval of an agreement between the said banks for the purchase by the Canadian Bank of Commerce of the purchase by the Canadian Bank of Commerce of the ritre assets of the Bank of British Columbia.

This notice is given pursuant to Section 39 of "The Bank Act Amendment Act, 1900." (Canada), and such application will be made after this notice has been published for at least four weeks as required by the said section.

B. E. WALKER,
General Manager Canadian Bank of Commerce.
S. CAMERON ALEXANDER,
Secretary Bank of British Columbia.

Debentures for Sale

Tenders will be received up to Monday, December 3rd, 1900, for \$2,162 four per cent. Teeswater Local Improvement Debentures, payable in twenty annual instalments.

For further particulars apply to
JNO. FARQUHARSON, Clerk of Teeswater.

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THE CANADIAN COLORED COTTON MILLS CO.

Cottonades, Tickings, Denims, Awnings, Shirtings, Flannelettes. Ginghams, Zephyrs, Skirtings, Dress Goods, Lawns Cotton Blankets, Angolas, Yarns, etc.

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Paints . . . Eachinery Oils,

Yarnishes, Japans Printing Inks trie Grease, &c. White Lead

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THE naval authorities, of Esquima!t. are calling for tenders for supplying fresh beef, vegetables, and water, for naval purposes, and for use at Comax, for a period of one year.

Application is to be made to Governor-General-in-Council for his approval of the proposed sale of the property of the Lower Laurentian Railway Co., to the Great Northern Railway Co., of Canada.

THE Montreal Street Railway Co. have elected the following officers: President, Hon. L. J. Forget; vice-president, and managing director, James Ross; directors, K. W. Blackwell, F. C. Henshaw and H. M. Allen.

THE following officers have been elected for the Halifax and Yarmouth Railroad Co.: T. Robertson, president; W. B. Ross, vice-president; directors, J. Burritt, W. Lovitt, G. A. Cox and A. M. Hatfield.

From Sherbrooke, Quebec, two failures are reported this week: G. E. Robitaille was originally in the dry goods business, but unsuccessfully, and afterwards went into the grocery trade, but failed in 1895. He resumed in the same line, under cover of his wife's name, and has now assigned voluntarily. -A voluntary assignment has also been made by J. M. Gagnon, a retail dealer in shoes. The liabilities are stated at \$3,270, and assets are to be sold on the 20th inst. The business was begun in March, 1898, under the style of Prevost & Gagnon.

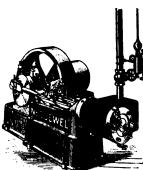
THE new I.C.R. deep-water terminus. at St. John is now ready for operations The wharf is 558 feet long, with a frontage of 148 feet. On it are four tracks, two running through the centre of the warehouse, and a track on the western and eastern side of the warehouse. The warehouse is of an enormous size, it being 518 feet long, and 118 feet wide, covering about an acre. The elevator, which is nearly completed, has a storage capacity of 600,000 bushels; its measurements being 96 x 138 by 158 feet in The building is equipped with six stands of elevators having each a capacity of 10,000 bushels per hour, and there is every appliance for receiving grain from cars, and loading same on ocean steamers. So far as known, the belt conveyor to the deep water dock is the longest straight run of conveyor on the continent, being over 1,900 feet long, with a carrying capacity of 17,000 bushels per hour. The foundations consist of 96 concrete piers all resting on

TRADE OPENINGS.

The following were among the enquiries relating to Canadian trade received at the High Commissioner's Office, in London, during the week ending November 2nd:

A Glasgow firm of timber importers desire to be placed in communication with Canadian firms able to supply quantities of hox-wood

A commission agent in Scotland is



Jewel Automatic Engine.

H. W.

141 to 145 Front St. West.

Machinist and General Dealer in every Description of Iron and Wood-working Machinery, Boilers, Engines, &c.

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In so and 100 lb. boxes.

"CROWN" GRANULATED

Special Brand, for confectioners and other manufacturers.

EXTRA GRANULATED

Very Superior Quality.

CREAM SUGARS

(Not Dried).

YELLOW SUGARS

Of all Grades and Standards.

SYRUP5

Of all Grades in Barrels and Half Barrels,

SOLE MAKERS

Of High-Class Syrups in tins, 2 lbs. and 8 lbs. each.

National Trust Company, Limited

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Enquiry has been made by a Manchester firm, concerning the opening for a trade in hard and soft felt hats in Canada, and for suitable agents to take up these lines.

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An enquiry has been received, in London, respecting Canadian asbestos, and the companies engaged in working it. or elsewhere, of seal oil.

DECISIONS IN COMMERCIAL LAW

It has generally been considered that the copyright acts of the Imperial Parliament were in force in the colonies also. This is the case, so far as literary works are concerned, but a recent legal decision shows that it does not apply to work on an artistic nature; such as paintings, photographs, pictures, etc. In this case the plaintiffs, Henry Graves & Son, Ltd., of London, were owners of the copyright in the famous picture called "What We Have We'll Hold." The copyright was duly registered in Stationers' Hall, under the Imperial Act relating to artistic copyright. They contend that this gives them copyright throughout all the colonies. The defendant. George T. Gorrie, of Toronto, a manufacturer of embossed cards and various advertising devices, has been using the picture, making copies of it, and adapting it in different forms in connection with his business. The plaintiffs applied for an injunction to restrain the defendant from making copies of or using the picture in any form. The defendant resisted the motion, and contended that the plaintiff's copyright did not extend to and had no force or effect in the colonies. Mr. Justice Rose, in an elaborate and lengthy judgment reviews the whole question, and comes to the conclusion that the defendant's contention is correct, and that the Imperial Act. giving copyright in artistic works,

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HARRY A. GENET, Secretary-Treasur Brantford, Ont.

November 14th, 1900.

is limited to the United Kingdom, does not extend to Canada. This decision is of great importance, as there are said to be some ten other cases now in progress in Toronto depending upon it.

At a meeting of creditors of W. F. Latimer, dry goods merchant, of Gananoque, held on Tuesday at the office of the assignee, E. R. C. Clarkson, a compromise was effected at 10 cents on the dollar. Liabilities totalled \$14,000, with assets amounting to \$3,300.

EIGHT thousand bulbs will be used in the electric lighting plant that is being installed in the Grand Trunk Railway Company's shops at Point St. Charles. The Chambly Electric Company has been awarded the contract to supply the

QUITE a noteworthy failure is reported from Charlottetown, P.E.I., it being reported that R. H. Ramsay & Co., of that city, are offering 25 cents on the dollar, secured. The liabilities are said to reach about \$30,000, with nominal assets of \$25,000. A leading creditor is said to hold security on stock, etc.

THE earnings of the New York Central Railway, during October, were Every hour enormous. was worth \$6,758 to the company; every day, \$162,182; very week, \$1,135,274, and the month, \$5,027,622; computed at this rate, the earnings will show over \$60,000,000 for the year.

It is about three years since Thomas A. Menhinick, dealer in boots and shoes. moved from Galt to Hamilton, where he purchased the stock of E. L. Kingsley. A year later that stock was sold to the St. Leger Shoe Co. Then he bought a new stock and moved to Ingersoll. It is evident that he has been inclined to do too much with his limited capital. Creditors are offered 50 per cent. of their claims, which will probably be accepted.

A COUNTRY shoe dealer in trouble is Thomas J. Meagher, of Sturgeon Falls. Previous to starting this business, nearly two years ago, he was a bartender. Owing to lack of both capital and experience, he is now unable to meet his bills, and is endeavoring to obtain an extension of time from creditors .-J. Matthews, and his wife, Nina G., have been engaged in the livery business, in Tilsonburg, for some years, but their assets have been heavily mortgaged for a long time. Now the mortgagees have taken possession.

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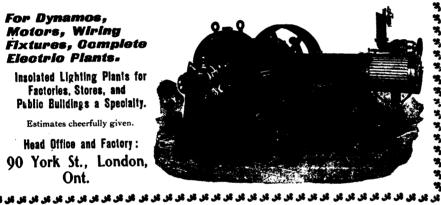
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CHAS. W. BARKER, dealer in confectionery and fruit, at Treherne, Man offers to compromise with his creditors This is at 60 per cent. of their claims. agreed to be accepted on condition security be furnished. Failing to this, the stock will be offered for sale.

A PETITION is submitted to the court for the appointment of a curator the estate of Francois Benoit, grocer and ice dealer, Longueuil, Quebec, who is reported an absentee. He began busing ness two years ago or more, and was loser to some extent by fire in 1899-Alfred Fournier, of Shawenegan, Quewho began a small general business about a year ago, has made an assign ment of his estate.—An assignment, demand, has been made by J. H. Taylor, trader, Cookshire, who is said to owe \$5,680.

Cornell bankrupt stock of Spera & Co., wholesale dealers in men's furnishing goods, in Winnipeg, was sold to McBride, Myron & Co., March, 1898, at a discount of 45 per cent.; and the book debts at 75 per cent. for cash. Shortly after the purchase the business was found disappointing to the results, and about two months ago the firm had to mortgage the stock to their banker for \$85,000. Now bank is in possession of the premises, and has also an assignment of the book accounts. The ordinary creditors now offered one-third of their claims in

AT a meeting of the creditors Frank Dowler's department store, Guelph, held in Toronto, on Saturday, was agreed to sell to Mrs. Dowler the assets at sufficient to pay the creditors 50 cents on the dollar, at three, six and nine months, secured. The assets con sist of stock in trade, \$37,018; cash bank, \$900; book accounts, \$385; shop furniture, \$1,800; right to contribution in opera house note, \$5,475; real estate, \$11,115, and interest in the Guelph Opera House property to the amount of \$5,000. The liabilities amount to \$45 018. There are about ninety creditors.

Sydenham Thompson succeeded to the old boot and shoe business of his father, in Toronto market, a long ago, but was unsuccessful, and failed June, 1896. The stock was then sold his sister, who, after her marriage, transferred to Miss F. E. Thompson. the time of the purchase, the principal part of the money was advanced by couple of local wholesale houses, secured themselves by a mortgage They find that the business the stock. was unprofitable, and have taken pos session of the merchandise and effects the place.—A bailiff is in possession of the baking stock of W. H. Porter, in this city.

Capital Wanted

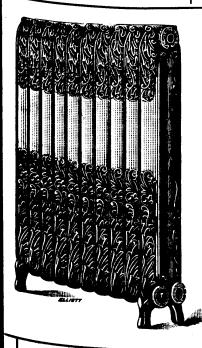
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A NEW butter-making plant is being installed at the Newmarket cheese factory.

APPLICATION is being made to the Ontario government for a charter to build an electric railway from Niagara to Queenston with a branch to Port Dalhousie.

THE capital stock of the St. Thomas Street Railway Co. has been increased from \$100,000 to \$250,000, and they have decided to extend their line to Port Stanley.

PROMINENT parties in Ottawa are discussing the advisability of holding a winter carnival in that city next February. A large number of merchants favor the idea.

THE government has placed orders with the Rhodes, Curry Co., Amherst, N.S., for 1,000 box cars, for use on the Intercolonial railroad. Some orders have also been given to other Canadian firms.

WE observe that the Brantford Soap Works is voluntarily retiring from the business of soap manufacture. The fact that a man so long connected with the trade as the president, Mr. Robert Henry, should now give it up, is a strong commentary on the methods of excessive competition which have rendered it next to impossible to do business in soap-making in Canada with either satisfaction or profit.

On Monday afternoon at Montreal city hall, Mr. Z. Benoit, chief of the Fire Brigade, was the recipient, at the hands of Mr. J. X. Perreault, Canadian Commissioner at the Paris Exposition, of a handsome gold medal and testimonial, presented by the French Minister of State for the Department of the Interior, in recognition of honorable and courageous conduct. One face of the medal is occupied by an allegorical picture of "La Republique Francaise," while on the other is the chief's name. It hangs from a tri-color ribbon.

A FIRE INSURANCE FIASCO.

"The Victoria-Montreal, which was promoted by Thomas A. Temple & Son, has gone the way of many other well-intentioned enterprises which were overstrained in infancy. The promoters had a specious scheme, every intention of making the company a big one, and they had little difficulty in securing subscriptions for stock. The company started well, but it was not long before stories of reckless extravagance on the part of its manager, Edward L. Temple, caused those who would have done business with it in this country to doubt its longevity. When the directors and the Canadian insurance department finally awakened to the fact, the Victoria-Montreal was a wreck, of which there is very little salvage. The directors have now taken hold of the remains and will strive to pay its debts. The Canadian department has the \$50,000 deposit, and the call of the term of the company's offices because the bailiffs have the company's offices because the rent has not been paid."—N.Y. Chronicle.

The condition above described has come about, it seems, rather sooner than was expected. The strenuous efforts made to float the stock, and the extraordinary statements made as to the profits of fire underwriting made prudent people shy of the concern. The company showed a surplus of assets at the close of 1899. Its subscribed stock amounted to \$416,900, with a trifle more than one-fourth paid in cash. The principal shareholders are the Messrs. Temple, of St. John and Montreal, whose holdings aggregate about \$30,000; others are Allan R Macdonell, of Montreal, Thos. W. Horne, of Toronto, and A. Boulter, of New York, for \$10,000 each; Hon. R. R. Dobell, Fred J. Holland, of Winnipeg, Hon. J. D. Rolland, of Montreal, and others, for \$5,000 each. The total number of stockholders is about 360 scattered all over Canada, very few in Toronto Happily for creditors, the Receiver General holds \$50,500 of N.B. Bonds; but shareholders will fare badly.

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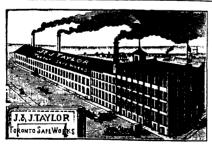
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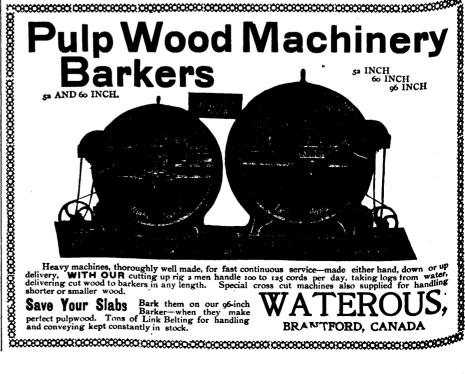
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TORONTO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1900.

THE SITUATION.

In Newfoundland, the elections have sustained the Bond government with an ominious approach to unanimity. This result is owing to the fact that the Reid factor constituted almost the entire opposition. Mr. Reid, when he began his remarkable career in Newfoundland, found the government shivering on the verge of bankruptcy, and he undertook to save it if it would give him about everything it had got; lands to an extent which is variously stated at from 2,500,000 to 4,000,000 acres, With their minerals and timber, the railroad, telegraph, etc. "Salvation" by this process proved to be only a palliative; the day came when the Province, having parted with almost all its valuables, looked on the new situation with blank dismay. The government had left itself one check on Mr. Reid; if he should ever find it necessary to resort to company organization, as a means of finance, he could not do so unless he got the consent of the government of Newfoundland. The resources of an individual are not unbounded, and the day came when Mr. Reid required to finance his vast undertakings on a new scale; when he asked the consent of the government to his forming a jointstock company, his request was met with conditions which called for sacrifices that he was not disposed to make. He could hold the government to its contract, but he could not take from it the right to veto his assumption of Corporate powers. These mutual negations blocked the way to progress. If any attempt were made by the government to trench on Mr. Reid's rights, under the contract the Courts would protect him, but they could not absolve him from the agreement which he assumed when he signed the obligation not to put the properties he had acquired from the state of the properties he had acquired without from the Province under corporate management without the consent of the government of Newfoundland.

What Mr. Reid did, when the elections were coming on, was to make a bold attempt to carry the elections in his Own favor. For this purpose, he set up his own employees as candidates in various constituencies, with the cry that if he won he would make work abundant. The electors were to be content with the dole of wages which he would supply, in his character of monopolist, while he, favored by

the legislature, added to the millions he now controls. His own solicitor, Mr. Morine, he fittingly made his Agent-General of elections. Mr. Morine repeated to weariness the programme prepared for him. If the scheme had succeeded, Mr. Reid would have had a legislature at his beck and call. But the electors, seeing the danger that threatened to submerge them, rose up almost as one man in support of the Bond government, which Mr. Reid had undertaken to overthrow. From Mr. Bond he can expect and will receive no favors. A reasonable compromise, on the question of Mr. Reid obtaining corporate powers, would now seem to be in order. But who is to mediate between the two belligerents?

The most striking view of the result of the Canadian elections is that the government which sent the contingents to South Africa is sustained almost unanimously by the French Canadian electors of Quebec. The hesitation of the government to send them, at first, whether it proceded from caution, fear of the cost, or doubt as to the views of the electorate on the question, was overcome just in the nick of time. Parliament when it met, condoned the unauthorized expenditure; and now the French Canadian voters have declared, with a rare approach to unanimity, their confidence in the government by whom the contingents were sent. Other motives, no doubt, helped to bring about the result in Quebec; but the fact remains the French electors endorsed the men who sent aid to England in her struggle in South Africa. It seems impossible for either of the great political parties to discuss the question of nationalities without doing more harm than good.

The untoward result of the elections is that the two great Provinces of the confederation have pulled different ways. We have not now, as we had in the days of the Lafontaines and Baldwins, the resource of the double majority to fall back upon; and we cannot substitute for this loss, if loss it be, a modified heptarchy. On prohibition, Sir Wilfrid Laurier took the ground that the result of the plebiscite could not be considered a command binding on the Legislature, because one of the two great Provinces had not voted with the majority. At the time, we pointed out that this was unfortunate ground to take. The objection, however, did not stand alone; along with it went the smallness of the majority, and together they justified official inaction. If the C.P.R. continued to use all its influence against the government, till the elections were over, the result shows that the major forces lay outside, and did not sympathize with that great organization. Here, as well as in Newfoundland, we see it is clearly demonstrated, that the money power may sometimes be forced by the popular will into a secondary position. It remains to be seen whether a like victory will be obtained, in the near future, over the corrupting system of railway subsidies. For the present the principal opponent of subsidies, Hugh John Macdonald, is hors de combat. The cause seems to be better able to attract champions than to make their championship effective.

Henri A. Moreau, a French journalist from Paris, on a ramble through North and South America, has been essaying to astonish the natives at Montreal. In L'Avenir newspaper-a name which recalls old recollections of the days of Papineau, the Dorions and others of their school-M. Moreau shows that he can ramble in his talk as well as in his movements, and he is good enough to let us know that " for a long time France has dreamt of reconquering this Canada." We admire more than her dreams her pru-

dence in not trying to translate her reverie into fact. But M. Moreau warns us that the inactivity of the past is to have an ending, and "the Canadians will again see the French arms ascend the St. Laurence, and soon the tricolor flag, hoisted on Quebec and Montreal, will cover with its victorious folds the reconquered French territory." What will the British navy be doing while this is going on? What will Canada, French and English be doing? M. Bourassa, one of the members of the Canadian [parliament, who opposed the sending of the Canadian contingents to South Africa recently, volunteered the statement, that if an attack were made upon Canada, under cover of the tri-color, every French Canadian would, in defence of his home, be ready to repel the invader; and M. Tarte, whose authority may be accepted on the point, says there is not a single French Canadian who would be willing to return to the rule of France. The whole Dominion would in case of invasion, rise as one man to repel the invader.

On Wednesday Mr. Kruger arrived at Suez, and will be due at Marseilles Saturday, on his way to Holland. Immense numbers are flocking to this French seaport to get a glimpse of the man who challenged the British Empire to arms and lost, as he was bound to lose, in the encounter. The French government, the cable reports, would prefer that he should not land at Marseilles, but will not hinder him if he desires to do so; in case he elect to go on to Paris, he will be received at the Hotel de Ville. Of any address or addresses presented to him, the more prudent journals suggest that the contents should not go beyond recognition of the heroism of the Boers in their recent struggle. Heroic the Boers have proved themselves to be, though their heroism is tarnished by frequent dishonor of the white flag. In Mr. Kruger's present flight, leaving his poor victims to perish in the field, the blindest admirer will search in vain for anything heroic. In Europe Mr. Kruger may furnish a nine days' wonder; but when the realities of the situation in the Transvaal are recognized, no halo of glory will settle on his brow: a remarkable man he will continue to be for the short space that remains to him of life; all the more remarkable for the defect of character that proved his ruin and victimized the young nation over which he presided.

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

FIRST ARTICLE.

It is a subject of frequent remark in foreign journals that England's commercial supremacy is in peril by reason of the greater relative progress of the Germans, the Americans, the Swiss, the French, of late years, in matters of home as well as foreign trade. And English journals, too, are often roused to words of warning to British manufacturers and exporters. These warnings are to the effect that other nations are making inroads upon what have hitherto been the commercial preserves, so to speak, of Great Britain. The British nation is very self-sufficient and hard to arouse from its comfortable methods and manners in trade, as in other things; but it is occasionally aroused, and to some purpose.

After the great exhibition of 1851, and in consequence of that event, the nation was awakened to a sense of its defects in the domain of industrial art, by the superiority ot foreign exhibits shown at that great Fair in various directions, notably in the design, the symmetry, the finish of goods made elsewhere. This awakening caused the establishment in the United Kingdom of schools of design,

of chemical laboratories devoted to commercial purposes, and stimulated the masters of trade to repair the defects in their products that comparison with other nations had revealed. But the inherent conservatism of British methods, not only in the making of goods, but in the selling of them, has left room for more alert peoples to take advantage of it. Hence we find German manufacturers sending out salesmen trained in different languages to capture the trade of Britain in all quarters of the world, by catering to the whims of the inhabitants, which the Englishman scorns to do. Hence we find Americans getting contracts for bridges and for railway engines in Egypt, Australia, India, because they can not only make them cheaper than British makers, but deliver them more promptly. In the course of modern commercial as well as industrial progress, other nations are showing an aptness in using the latest discoveries and appliances for trade purposes that costs the more prosaic Englishman many a trade bargain.

But, happily, Britain is not without watchmen who observe the signs of the times. There may be dull men or self-sufficient men in her consular service, but there are also bright men. And her chambers of commerce contain men of sense and insight, who are not blind to what goes on around them. It is beginning to be understood that the nation needs to be educated commercially. At the Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire last June, a resolution respecting commercial education was passed which deserves to be quoted. This resolution urged:

"That the utmost effort should be made throughout the empire to encourage and furnish facilities for commercial education as a branch of technical and scientific study; and, that the Home and Colonial Governments be moved to give grants in aid thereof, equal in amount to those bestowed on other science and art schools; and further, it is very desirable that Chambers of Commerce should be represented of Boards of Education in order to advance the interests of commercial education."

If we are correctly informed, intermediate instruction in the sciences and the arts is generally, in England, under municipal direction and control, and parliamentary grants are made toward it. But this arrangement, it seems, does not work satisfactorily. Now, the resolution above quoted appears to show that local, national and imperial interests are alike being urged to insist that the training of the youth of Great Britain for mercantile efficiency be made quite as universal as that in the sciences and the arts. In other words, that commercial instruction ought to be affiliated with scientific and technical instruction rather than with what is commonly called "a liberal education." At the meeting of associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom, in Paris in September, much stress was laid on the need for commercial education. That well-informed and practical gentleman, Sir Albert K. Rollit, who has long championed better commercial education for the English people, held forth at some length in the Congress of Commercial bodies at Paris upon the industrial interests involved in a better trained body of salesmen, and upon the progress made in such training by other countries. In his view, the aim of a commercial education is intensely practical. As commerce is the complement of industry, the merchant or salesman is the complement of the manufacturer. A trained distributor between producer and consumer is the need of the hour when British industry seems to be less successful than that of some other nations in adapting her products to the wants and tastes of other peoples. The sort of commercial education he recommends is essentially "the adaptation, in a greater measure, for those who are proposing to go into business and commerce, of the education which they had previously received. It is training for trade—not to teach business

to boys or commerce to young people, but to lead up by a knowledge of principles and some practice to the great basis upon which business and commerce are built."

ONTARIO WHEAT.

Just at the present, the British would appear to have more faith in Canadian wheat than we ourselves. So far as the local trade is concerned, practically nothing is being done; for export, however, quite a few transactions are being carried through. Our idea is that Canadians are attaching somewhat too much importance to what may, after all, prove but ephemeral conditions in the States. It is true that across the line the market is falling; but it should not be forgotten that our wheat is at the present time very much cheaper than theirs. In fact, Ontario wheat can be bought just now at about 5 cents per bushel less than Chicago rates, and may be considered as the cheapest in the world. London was for a long time—until quite recently indeed—practically a closed market to Ontario flour, the importers there preferring the French article. Now, however, they are taking quite an interest in flour from this province, and the business transacted is beginning to reach quite a respectable figure.

The reasons for this desirable state of things are not far to seek. It may be stated that the prejudice against our wheat started about the time of the famous Leiter deal, when a considerable quantity of the wheat imported from this province to England was found to have sprouted. Owing to the conditions prevailing in the trade, importers Paid as much for this as for a better article—that is, while the demand for the same lasted; after a while naturally enough, it dwindled. Since then, millers and others have made serious efforts to do away with the difference of Prices which afterwards ensued, one of their chief methods having been to import seed of the Turkey Red variety, which is hard and not given to sprouting. The farmers too have begun to realize that they are standing in their own light when they look only for yield in wheat, even at the expense of good milling qualities. Last year, therefore, they selected seed from stock which, by experience, was found to have sprouted less than others (for example, Red Clawson and Dawson's Golden Chaff), and the result of these efforts, although still in their infancy so to speak, has already made itself felt. This year, not only is the yield of Ontario wheat good, but the quality is very fine and its strength high; this aided by the comparative scarcity of Manitoba wheat, has forced the former on the market. In addition to all these practical reasons there is the sentimental one for preferring, other things being fairly equal, a colonial grown article to a foreign one, a patriotic idea which is particularly active this year, and is growing all

We look forward hopefully to the day when Ontario wheat will take its true place, an important one, in the world's markets. Let all work with this end in view; let farmers not be blinded by apparent present gains to further-sighted views ahead; and let the standard of grading be rigidly adhered to. What the result will be is not a question for doubt.

PINE AND OTHER LUMBER.

The extent of the lumber cut in the Ottawa valley is somewhat less than the average, we are told. It is stated in Ottawa that some five hundred million feet has been cut this year for mill-owners in the Ottawa valley. Some

years ago the annual cut amounted to 600,000,000 feet, but a decrease is caused by a number of firms in the Ottawa valley closing down, while a number are temporarily closed as a result of the April fire in Ottawa.

Fiscal conditions in the United States have interfered with the sale of Canadian pine to that market this year. But this was not felt to be a serious blow as it might have been in former seasons, for local demand was unusually good, and the British market wanted our pine lumber, if the United States did not, and was willing to pay good prices for it. Indeed the scarcity of ocean tonnage interfered with what might have otherwise been a particularly active season for Canadian lumber in Britain.

It is noticeable that the receipts of Canadian wood for ten months of this year at the port of Liverpool, 451,-702 tons, have been 13,000 tons less than in the like period last year, and 51,000 tons less than in the same months of 1898. Nevertheless, some kinds of wood are accumulating at that port, notably N.B. and N.S. spruce deals, birch planks, and elm. Pine timber, square, maintains steady value, with active enquiry; waney is also selling well. Oak moves fairly well, at steady values. Pine deals, though inactive at 1st November and in increased supply, rule high in price. Of birch logs there is an ample stock. A cargo of Oregon and British Columbia pine had just arrived; it arrived on a bare market and was likely to sell well. Imports of pitch pine, hewn, from the Southern United States, had lessened and stocks were within normal compass. The consumption of both hewn and sawn was satisfactory, at unaltered values; deals and boards were in demand at high prices.

THE CO-INSURANCE CLAUSE IN FIRE INSURANCE.

The validity of the co-insurance clause is upheld by a judgment just delivered by the Supreme Court of Canada in the matter of Eckardt v. the Lancashire Insurance Co. This judgment dismissed the appeal of the plaintiffs from the judgment of the Court of Appeal for Ontario, which had sustained Chief Justice Meredith the trial judge, who had previously decided in favor of the company. The result of this decision therefore is that it is now held once for all that the co-insurance clause is not an exaction which is inherently unjust and unreasonable, and that therefore under circumstances similar to those in the Eckardt case it will be upheld and enforced by the Courts.

The main argument in the Eckardt case before the Supreme Court was on the assumption that the holding of the Court of Appeal in the Wanless case was correct in regarding the co-insurance clause as a condition; the result of the Eckardt case now seems to be to confirm that decision and to decide that a stipulation such as the co-insurance clause is a condition, and must be inserted among the additions and variations of the Statutory Conditions. In the Eckardt case there was stamped on the face of the policy in conspicuous letters in red ink the words:—"Subject to 75 % Co-Insurance," while the clause itself was printed in red ink amongst the variations and conditions of the Statutory Conditions, and it was admitted that all the provisions of the Insurance Act had been complied with.

There were no complications as to disputed facts, so that the issue was made clear and the case is thus able to stand as a test case. The circumstances were these: The policy sued on was issued on 2nd January, 1896, for \$15,000 on the stock of the plaintiffs, who are wholesale grocers

in Toronto, the term of the policy being for one year, which was subsequently renewed for a similar period on 2nd January, 1897. The fire in Eckardt & Co.'s premises occurred on 29th April, 1897. An appraisement was made and the value of the goods was found at \$115,000, and the loss at \$42,120.71 The amount of insurance carried was \$70,000, but the amount necessary to satisfy the co-insurance clause would have been \$86 250. The pro rata proportion due from the Lancashire was \$9,025.87, but under the coinsurance clause their liability was only \$7,325.34. The latter amount was at once paid by the Lancashire and accepted by the plaintiffs, who, however, subsequently commenced this action for \$1,700.53, the difference between the above two amounts. No witnesses were called at the trial, but it was admitted by counsel that the presence of the co-insurance clause made a substantial difference in the amount of the premium, nearly 20 per cent., while it was also admitted that the plaintiffs were unaware of the difference in rate, except in so far as that knowledge might have been obtained from the terms of the policy.

Chief Justice Meredith held that the only question to decide was whether the condition was just and reasonable to be exacted by the company, and that this enquiry opened up the whole question of the manner in which the Courts will look at any addition or variation to the Statutory Condition. After an examination of the decided cases, he held that they accorded with his own opinion, although in some cases expressions of opinion were to be found more or less strong in favor of the contention of the plaintiffs.

In the Court of Appeal, where the case is now reported in 27 Appeal Reports, 878, the majority of the Court, consisting of Osler, McLennan and Lister J. J. A., agreed with Chief Justice Meredith, while Burton C. J. O. and Moss J. A. dissented; the main judgments being written by Mr. Justice Osler on the one side and Mr. Justice Moss on the other.

The present judgment of the Supreme Court is unanimous in favor of the Lancashire Insurance Company, and the judgment of the Court appears to have been written by Mr. Justice Gwynne, who points out that the clause having been properly inserted in the policy, it became part of the contract of insurance to the same extent as the statutory conditions, and must therefore be upheld, unless the Court should hold it to be unjust and unreasonable. Mr. Justice Gwynne points out that if the Court so held, the plaintiffs would recover a sum largely in excess of the amount upon which they paid a premium, and on a policy which they had held for sixteen months without protest. He went on to say that the Supreme Court saw no reason for holding that the co-insurance clause is unjust and unreasonable, and that there is no real foundation for the contention that every addition to or variation from the statutory conditions is unjust and unreasonable.

On the argument, Mr. Creelman had pointed out that the clause in the Eckardt case might be upheld either as being inserted in the body of the contract or as a condition, but as above stated, the Supreme Court appears to have held, though we have not the exact words of the judgment before us, that the co-insurance clause ought to be inserted as a condition, rather than in the body of the contract.

A bank manager at Yorkton, N.W.T., explains that business generally at that point is very quiet at present, farmers being late in threshing, etc., by reason of the bad weather we had earlier in the fall. "The good prices obtainable for grain will, however, be a fair offset to the small crops, I think."

THE FIRE WASTE.

What can have brought it about that the fire loss for October in the States and Canada is the lowest for several years? Is it possible that at last people have become careful about fire, and realize that it is the community, and not the insurance companies which pays the loss? Whatever the reason, the fact is gratifying that the fire loss for October, 1900, instead of the \$12,778,000, of 1899, shows only \$7,107,000. September, too, was a comparatively small aggregate. There were few large fires in the month of October, perhaps the largest being that of the Tarrant drug house in New York.

But our rejoicings over the improvement in tractions of the year are changed into grieving, when we look at the total for ten months of this year. The figures are appalling—\$143,423,550, as compared with \$111,654,900 for the same period in the previous year, and \$96,703,400 for ten months of 1898. In seven of the ten months, the figures are greatly in excess of corresponding single months of preceding years. April and June losses, \$25,000,000 and \$21,000,000, respectively, were of a startling magnitude. According to the estimate of the New York Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, the comparative loss by months is as follows:

	1 89 8.	1899.	1900.
February	12,629,300	18,469,000	15,427,000
March	7,645,20Q	11,493,000	13,349,200
April	8,211,000	9,213,000	25,727,000
May	11,072,200	9,091,900	T5.759,400
June	9,206,900	6,714,850	21,281,000
July	8,929,750	11,326,400	13.609, ¹⁰⁰
August	7,793,500	9,709,700	10,298,250
September	14,203,650	12,778,800	9,110,300
October	7,539,400	12,046,250	7,107,000
Totals	\$96,703,400	\$111,654,900	\$143,423,550

OUR AUSTRALIAN LETTER.

There is to be no departure from Free Trade in New South Wales. The Premier, who is also Colonial Treasurer, has delivered his budget speech, the last of the kind for the province in the natural order of things, and has assured us that there will be no additional taxation. This has relieved many minds but disappointed others who had stocked up in anticipation of duties. Sydney will continue a free port until the Federal tariff comes into operation about June next. Merchants are already buying stocks in anticipation of this tariff, but not heavy ones, because the high freights now ruling and high prices may off-set the duty eight months hence.

Trade is good in Australia generally, with the exception of Queensland, which is the afflicted member of the family. In that province drought has destroyed many cattle and sheep, and injured some of its crops. The output of sugar is estimated at sixty thousand tons below that of last year, and practically none of it will go to Canada. In this colony the rains for two months have been light but the previous soakings have made abundant grass, and a promising condition of crops. The wool yield will be a little above that of last year and very much better in quality. The other colonies are enjoying equally good or better seasons and promises, so far, and this is all that can be said in Australia.

Elaborate preparations are to be made for the formal reception of the Governor-General of the Commonwealth. Invitations have been sent to Great Britain, Canada, India and the United States to send over members of these governments and detachments of troops. India has replied that it cannot well do so. The bluejackets of the fleet will represent the Imperial forces if none other come.

Freight rates from New York have advanced two and

even three-fold. Canadian shippers should take note, and see that they get the best rate going.

The proposed co-operation of the New Zealand and Union Steamship Companies to run the Canadian Australian steamers has not yet taken place, but negotiations still continue. A fourth steamer will shortly be placed on the route in any case, making a trip every three weeks, as the 'Frisco line will also do, beginning in November.

The Commissioner for Canada has been gazetted a Justice of the Peace for New South Wales. Possibly this means that he is considered to be a respectable citizen. In my observa-

tion he is certainly a busy one. This colony has been enjoying a microscopic South African campaign of its own. On the 20th of July last a couple of half-caste aboriginals started out on the war-path and killed five members of the family of the man for whom they were working, and then took to the mountains. Shortly afterward they killed two other persons. The Government offered a thousand pounds for their capture, which sum has since been increased to two thousand. A hundred police, and at one time two hundred civilians, have gone in pursuit, but though tracks of the murderers have been found, and they have been seen more than once, they have eluded capture. These ruffians rob the huts of settlers in the sparsely settled country in which they roam, and occasionally "hold up" teamsters or other travellers on the roads, and rob them of arms and food, but have not recently taken life. The police report every now and then that they have surrounded the outlaws, and are sure of their capture, but they are as sure to escape. It illustrates how difficult it must be to handle De Wet's forces in South Africa, who move about in similar

Correspondence is going on which leads to the belief that Canada will be an exporter of steel and iron to Australia— Nova Scotia to be the place of production. When this takes place it will mark an era in the history of Canada. When the Dominion can produce cheap iron and steel, it can with its great natural resources produce almost everything else.

The legislature of this colony is wrestling with a com-Pulsory Arbitration Bill for the settlement of wages disputes. It is proposed to refer the disputes to a court composed of a judge of a Superior Court, and two associates, one to be chosen by the men and the other by the employers, whose decisions shall be binding and be enforced. This method is advocated because conciliation has failed in New Zealand. In that colony a Conciliation Court first takes up the difference and endeavors to settle it. Either side can appeal to the Compulsory Court, and it is rare that the decision of the Concile. ciliation Court is accepted.

It is a question if in these colonies some method of forcible settlement is not required in the interests of the employer more than of the employed. A little time ago in a colliery the manager found that one horse had been killed and another lamed by the recklessness and ill treatment of the boys who drove them. As this was not the first case of the kind, he told the boy who had been the cause of the death of the horse he could either replace the animal or leave, and the other boy he suspended until the injured horse was fit to work again. The Drivers' Union, composed of twenty lads from fifteen to twenty years of age, took the matter up and ordered the manager to rescind his decision or they would strike, and strike these vigorous young gentlemen did, closing down the mine with important contracts on hand, and throwing five hundred men out of employment. Were there a court that could and would severely punish such conduct a good many strikes would never take place.

Sydney, New South Wales, Oct. 10th, 1900. FW.

THE CANADIAN BANKERS' ASSOCIATION.

Th annual meeting of the Canadian Bankers' Association was held in the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. The executive committee met on Wednesday, and made extensive preparations for the next day's assembly. At 11 o'clock on Thursday between thirty and forty members were present, and in the afternoon perhaps were present, and in the needlest. twice that number. The chair was occupied by the president, Mr. E. S. Clouston, general manager of the Bank of Montreal.

Among the well-known gentlemen present from a distance during the day, were Messrs. Hague and Fyshe, of the Merchants Bank of Canada; Mr. Pease, of the Merchants Bank of Halifax; Mr. Burn, of the Bank of Ottawa; Mr. Thorne, of the Union Bank of Halifax; Mr. Prendergast, of the Hochelaga Bank; Mr. Webb, of the Union Bank of Canada, and Mr. Turnbull, of the Bank of Hamilton. A secretary of the meeting was appointed in the person of Mr. A. E. Holt. Some remarks by way of welcome to those from a distance were made by Mr. B. E. Walker, which were replied to by the president. The report of the Executive Council was adopted, as were various other reports; and the set of by-laws framed by the Executive Council for the government of the association in its new form and with its new duties were confirmed.

At the atternoon session the first business was the passage of a resolution of regret upon the death of the late Mr. F. W. Thomas. The president then delivered his address, which was an admirable one. We purpose giving it in full next week After some discussion arising out of the address, which was participated in by Mr. Hague, Mr. Walker and others, a resolution of thanks to the president was passed. The officers for the coming year were then elected as follows:

Hon. presidents, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, president Bank of Montreal; Mr. George Hague, general manager, Merchants' Bank of Canada. President, Mr. E. S. Clouston, general manager Bank of Montreal. Vice-presidents, Messrs. Thos. McDougall, general manager Quebec Bank; Duncan Coulson, general manager Bank of Toronto; H. Stikeman, general manager Bank of British North America; Geo. Burn, general manager Bank of Ottawa. Executive Council-Messrs. B. E. Walker, general manager Canadian Bank of Commerce; Thos. Fyshe, joint general manager Merchants' Bank of Can.; D. R. Wilkie, general manager Imperial Bank; T. G. Brough, general manager Dominion Bank; M. J. A. Prendergast, general manager La Banque du Hochelaga; W. Farwell, general manager Eastern Townships' Bank; J. Turnbull, cashier Bank of Hamilton; H. S. Strathy, general manager Traders' Bank; E. L. Thorne, manager Union Bank of Hamiton; E. E. Webb, general manager Union Bank of Canada; T. Bienvenu, general manager Banque Jacques Cartier; G. P. Reid, general manager Standard Bank; E. L. Pease, general manager Merchants' Bank of Halifax, C. McGill, general manager Ontario Bank.

The appointment of Mr., J. T. P. Knight, as secretary of the association, was confirmed.

Among those present as guests of the association was Mr. Jas. R. Branch, secretary of the American Bankers' Association. He gave an address of much interest upon that association, and upon the workings of its protective system. He showed that since 1895 they had been the means of capturing 534 bank robbers, 511 of whom were convicted and 504 of them punished. The banks, which are members of this protective body, only lost in the last five years, by robbery or burglary, \$52,000, whereas the other United States banks which are not members have lost \$684,000 in that time. A suggestion was made, therefore, at the meeting, that the incoming executive of the Canadian body should make overtures to become in some way affiliated with this protective union, and thus save Canadian banks from exasperating losses by burglary or other forms of robbery. It was mentioned with regret that neither Mr. W. C. Cornwell, of the City Bank, of Buffalo, nor Mr. Jarvis, of the Merchants' Bank, Galt, was present at the meeting, to deliver his expected address. Next year the association will hold its annual gathering in Montreal. Mr. Burn suggested Ottawa, and Mr. Thorne, Halisax, as the place of assembly next year, but the tendency seems to be in favor of Montreal and Toronto as the cities where its meetings will be hereafter held.

A SPECIMEN ESTATE.

Under date of 12th November a subscriber in Clinton sends us a copy of statement just received from an assignee of a recent insolvent, and asks the question: "Is it not about time that some change was made in the condition of affairs regarding insolvents? The man who fails creditably, honestly in his business, is one thing, but there are two matters in this statement that stand out prominently in their iniquity. The first is that a man with \$388 of assets can fail for over \$2,000 of debt, without incurring some heavy penalty. The next is that out of \$388 of assets, the assignee, inspectors and lawyer swallow up over \$140. The whole thing has so much the appearance of the reverse of what should be that we would desire to call your attention to it, and also that of the public.'

It is quite true that while \$338 realized to pay debts of \$1,867 is disappointing enough, the absorbing of \$160 of it by officials is exasperating. Any man who is creditor of an estate such as this, would be justified in refusing the beggarly one cent in the dollar and telling the man who offered it to keep it, or give it to the poor. The following is the statement:

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF CHARLES R. MAIER. Insolvent.

ASSIGNEE'S STAT	EMENT.	
Receipts.		
Cash received from C. R. Maier	\$ 21	40
Cash received from chattels, etc		
Cash collected on book accounts		
Cash received from Jos. Lenhard, r		00
•		\$388 34
Liabilities.		10 01
Paid sheriff—costs first execution	\$ 28	00
Paid Jos. Lenhard, wages two days.		00
Paid auctioneer		00
Paid man in possession, distributing		75
Paid printing and advertising		
Paid Gus. Kuntz for boarding horse		• •
Paid postage and stationery		
		-
Paid A. B. McBride, solicitor		-
Paid assignee's allowance		
Paid inspectors	48	_
		\$210 04
		\$1 <i>7</i> 8 30
Preferential Claims.		
George Grubber, wages	\$ 12	00
Wm. Doherty, wages		00
Henry B. Duering, rent	37	25
Annie Lenhard, rent		00
Jos. Morran, wages		35,
		\$159 6o
	•	\$ 18 70
Ondinger Chilese	C1 ·	D

			_	
	•		\$	18 7 0
Ordinary Claims.	Cla	im.	Divi	dend.
Thomas Crookshanks	3	36	\$	13
Wm. Doherty	146	00	I	46
Annie Lenhard	86	00		86
Balfour & Co	67	31		67
R. Stewart	78	00		78
Walter Woods & Co	11	55		12
William Snider	123	57	I	24
R. J. Ransford	80	00		80
S. Oppenheimer & Co		10		37
Levi Sheuermann	473	05	4	74
A. L. Kumpf	8	45		09
John Duff & Sons	_	55		57
Illinois Casing Co	11	25		II
Lever Bros., Limited,	21	50		22
Ida H. Maier	573	77	5	74
Joseph Hayes	80	00		80
 \$7	,867	<u></u> 46	18	70

The assignee, S. B. Bricker, advises that the above preferential claims and dividends will be paid in ten days if no objection is made to the above statement, which is dated Waterloo, November 9th, 1900.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

Some time ago, a man drew a cheque for \$50 on the Bank of Hamilton, had it marked "good," and then raised it to \$500, and cashed it at the Imperial Bank. It went through the clearing house, and then the Bank of Hamilton partially repudiated it, and sued the Imperial Bank for \$450, getting judgment. On appeal, this judgment has been sustained.

The result of the elections in the United States has acted very favorably on the money markets of Europe. A feeling of

buoyancy immediately made itself manifest in London, and the effect in Germany is voiced in the following paragraph from Berlin paper: "The immediate future of the European money markets depends upon whether America will prolong the loans made to us or will withdraw considerable sums from its balances. Should the latter result have been caused through any doubt with respect to the financial policy of the United States, the German market particularly would have experienced slight stringency toward the year's close. Mr. McKinley's re-election means for us an avoidance of panicky turns in the money market."

The increase in the amount of gold in the Washington Treasury is almost unprecedented. At present, the total stands at about \$462,230,000, of which over \$244,572,000 is the property of the Government, the remainder being held against out standing gold certificates. There appears to be no limit at present to the upward movement of the reserve, in view of the eagerness of the banks to surrender gold for paper currend and the deposits of gold at the mints and assay offices from American mines and from foreign countries. The treasury limited to some extent in its ability to pay paper for gold by the small quantity on hand and the small amount which forms a part of the daily receipts. The United States notes in the treasury have fallen to \$10,197,915, and the silver certificates to \$3.556,213, in spite of the decision of Assistant Secretary Van derlip in September to pay at least fifty per cent. of currency demands in gold certificates.

The American bank note circulation is not expected to increase much more during the autumn and winter, but may reach \$340,000,000 by spring. This will be an increase, says the Journal of Commerce, of about \$94,000,000 over the circulation at the beginning of the calendar year 1900. The disbursements in premiums on bonds exchanged under the new law have reached about \$34,500,000, so that the increase in circulation and the bond premiums will add more than \$125,000,000 to the money available for the use of the market.

The Standard Oil Company last week declared another dividend of 10 per cent., which makes a total of about 47 per cent., which it has paid to stockholders this year. At present, the par value of the company's outstanding stock is \$97.500,000, which, at \$700 per share, the present worth, would indicate a market value of \$692,500,000. Like most other stocks, Standard Oil has increased considerably in value since President McKinley's re-election.

The manager of the Southwestern Farmers, and Mechan ics' Savings and Loan Society, Mr. W. E. Leonard, writes us from St. Thomas as to the financial situation. We have pleas ure in printing his practical letter: "Business in this section is good, with labor and capital fully employed, with good returns therefrom. Our agriculturists will be well recompensed for their hard toil, though this has not always been the case. The denser population of the present day as compared with former times in Ontario has so crowded the ranks of business men, that their net profits have been very much reduced. The present 'good times' have enabled the loan com panies to largely reduce the amount of real estate held for sale by them. How long the times will remain good is quite uncertain; and remembering that prosperity is ofttimes more dangerous than adversity, careful men will be slow about putting on 'too much sail.' Am pleased to note that your advice is generally on that line. The good it may do can hardly be estimated. May you long remain strong in your resolve to expose the shams, and applaud the worthy and honest in business."

DEATH OF R. G. DUN.

A well-known man in American commercial and financial circles passed away on Saturday last in the person of Robert Graham Dun, head of the Mercantile Agency of R. G. Dun & Co. The cause of death was a complication of liver and kidney trouble, and for months it has been known that he could not recover. His age was 74.

Mr. Dun was born in Ohio, of Scottish parents, his father being Robert Dun, of Glasgow, a minister's son, and his mother Lucy Angus. He began business life at an early age in that best of practical academies for business youth, country store, and made his mark there. In 1849 was employed in Milwaukee, and in 1851 came to Tappan and Douglass, the mercantile agency firm in New York. Shortly afterwards he married the daughter of Mr. Douglass, one of his employers, and later he bought the business from his father-in-law, and set to work to extend it. The last forty years has shown a wonderful growth of the business, of reporting upon mercantile credit, which has extended beyond the United States to Canada, Mexico and Cuba, with depots in Europe and Australia. Wherever credit is sought, on this continent at least, "Dun's reports" and Dun's Reference Book are well known.

Beginning the business with scarcely any capital but enterprise, sense and a good manner, Mr. Dun surrounded himself with capable men, and saw the business grow to almost phenomenal proportions with the growth of the United States. Its principal grew wealthy, and for some ten years has not given very active attention to the affairs of the Agency, which has now other capable directors. The deceased gentleman was a man of many friends, of cultivated tastes, and recently of elegant leisure. To uprightness of character he added sweetness of disposition; he was an admirer of fine animals, and had a great fondness for flowers. Mr. Dun was a collector of pictures, and is said to have had one of the best private collections in New York. For thirty years or more he was accustomed to go salmon-fishing to Northern New Brunswick, where he and a group of friends had extensive fishing privileges.

THE CONDITION OF TRADE.

For many years we have been able to welcome occasional contributions from the Halifax commission house of G. P. Mitchell & Sons. That firm writes us in October that "Business throughout our city and the province of Nova Scotia has been very good during the past year, and the prospects especially in regard to the development of our mineral wealth have never been better."

From Mount Forest, in the well-known agricultural county of Wellington, we have the following from a private banker, Mr. George Reid: "The crops here are generally good, and almost up to those of last year, although feed will be somewhat scarcer this year than last, and this prevents the purchase of additional stock to any great extent. Horses are a good price; hogs a high one, and cattle and lambs at the present time (October 24th), a shade dull."

A bank manager in Wiarton, on the Georgian Bay shore, west of Meaford, advises us that the hardwood lumber business of that district is very dull.

Writing at the close of October the Broadfoot and Box Purniture Co., of Seaforth, tell us that "Our trade so far has been very fair, and prospects are much brighter than they were for a good business being done for the remainder of the fall term."

What is thought of commercial and industrial conditions by a general merchant in the province of Ontario, will appear from the following reply of Mr. G. H. Thompson, of Renwick, our enquiry: "Trade has been fair during the summer months, and is picking up nicely for fall. There is a good feeling among the farmers, on account of the high price their produce is bringing. Wages for the laboring class are higher than they have been for years."

From the Tolton Bros. Agricultural Implement Works at Guelph, comes a compliment: "We have found trade very been so busy since the business was established, 25 years ago, and indications point that we will have a good season next year. Business generally in this section is good. The writer is very much pleased with your publication, which we consider worthy of a place in any office."

Mr. Walter Thomson, oatmeal miller and grain dealer, writes from Mitchell, Ont., Oct., 27th, 1900: "Trade here in applies to all branches of business. Merchants all seem prosperous. This is evident from the fact that there has not been

a single failure here for some years. Farmers are slower this season in marketing their grain, and they had more abundant crops, than have been known for years, which goes to show that they are not in need of funds. Mr. Thomson expresses the opinion that this happy state of things is due to the administration of the present Government—and he wrote before election day, too.

The accounts of trade in British Columbia have been as a rule favorable for the past year or two. Having asked the importing firm of Earsman, Hardie & Co., of Victoria and Vancouver, for their experience during 1900, the Victoria house replies, last week: "Business has been very good here during the summer, and we think, taking it altogether, this year will be the best that has been for sometime past. Things are a little quiet at present, but we expect this during the winter months"

The Assiniboia firm of Dixon Brothers, who, as merchants and bankers on a considerable scale at Maple Creek, in that territory, have a good chance to know how things are shaping, write us at the close of October: "In reply to your enquirgies as to the condition of trade hereabout we would say: We find business in a satisfactory condition. Money is circulating freely, owing to the heavy shipments of beef and mutton from this district, which are bringing good prices. The ranching interests are in a very prosperous condition." Another firm in the same territory, Messrs. Hitchcock & McCulloch, bankers and financial agents at Moose Jaw, says: "The conditions of trade here are very satisfactory. The crops are better in this district than anywhere in the west, although much has been more or less damaged by damp, still there will be more money in it than last year."

A well informed subscriber at Regina makes a short report on the trade of that locality, for this year: "In the face of the dry summer and wet fall there is yet a large quantity of good hard wheat being marketed, probably more than in any other district east of here. As a whole the farmers have made money, as their wheat is selling at a good price, and cattle and other produce have given excellent returns. In regard to land, it is being taken up fast, mostly by Eastern farmers, and a great many new arrivals are expected next spring, as their land is now ready for crop.

This, from a firm of live stock shippers at Minnedosa, Manitoba, dated 5th November: "Trade here is fairly active, much more so than was expected, owing to the continued drought, and afterwards so much rain, which at one time was thought would about entirely destroy the grain. On the contrary, however, the large bulk of the wheat is yielding prices fully equal to No. I hard last year. Farmers on the whole are in good shape, and hence cheerful.

A MILLER ON EXPORT MILLING.

A correspondent of The Monetary Times, Mr. R. F. Hicks, of the Oxford Mills, at Norwich, favors us with some particulars as to industrial progress in the rich Ontario county of Oxford. As to the condition of trade in this locality, he says, very few complaints are heard. The manufacturing.concerns are all running at full capacity, and are undoubtedly showing satisfactory earnings. The E. M. Thomas Co., limited, makers of brooms, and the Allen Vinegar Works, are among the most important concerns of their kind in the Dominion; both are creations of the past six or eight years, and are at present developing more rapidly than in any time of their history. The Oxford flour mills are running steadily day and night, principally on European and Newfoundland orders. Mr. Hicks adds his views on Canadian flour trade abroad: "It would be better for the flour milling industry of Canada if millers would make greater efforts to dispose of their goods in foreign markets, thereby relieving the intense competition at present existing in the home markets. It requires perseverance and strictly honest dealing to gain the confidence of the European trade, but when brands of flour are established into the confidence of the British buyer satisfactory results will follow. The farmers have had a satisfactory year and will have more money to spend than usual, consequently the retail merchants are in good humor."

DOMINION COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Commercial Travellers' Association was held in Montreal on Saturday evening, 10th November, in their chambers, in the Board of Trade building. The chair was taken by Mr. Max Murdock, president of the association. That gentleman informed his hearers that during the year 300 members had been admitted and 34 had died. Reports were read, showing that the finances were in a good condition. The meeting next proceeded to consider the nominations. They were: For the presidency, Mr. James Croil, representing Thibaudeau Bros. & Co., and Mr. T. L. Paton. The presidential election is to take place on 15th December. It may be remembered that Mr. Croil, who has long been a director, and was vice-president, last year, declined to contest the chair with Messrs. Murdock and Lesueur. Mr. T. L. Paton has been treasurer of the body and has many friends. For vice-president, Mr. James Robertson was the only nominee, and was declared elected by acclamation. ations for treasurer-Mr. R. O. Demers, of Chaput, Fils & Co.; and Mr. J. S. N. Dougall, of McCaskill, Dougall & Co.

For directors (five to be elected)—Messrs. John Hughes (Lockerby Bros.); A. R. Colvin (the Ames, Holden Company); R. Booth. Jr., (W. R. Brock & Co.); G. Tasse (P. D. Dods & Co.), W. J. Egan (National Cash Register), A. M. Ramsay (H. A. Nelson & Son), and W. E. Dixon.

After the nominations were done with, a long discussion began on the often controverted subject of a banquet, against which there seemed to be a pretty strong opposition, partly, no doubt, because there had been deficits in connection with previous ones. Some of the members desired a public dinner, at which leading politicians would be present, but this was vetoed because the benefits to be derived therefrom were doubtful, especially as the general elections were over. A banquet was decided upon, and to look after its success a strong committee was appointed. On motion of Mr. W. J. Egan, it was decided to appoint a committee who are to report upon the proposal of forming a club for commercial travellers.

A feature as memorable as unusual was the presence, at the later and more convivial sessions of the evening of two soldier boys, members of the association, who have just returned from South Africa. Their names are Private Upton and Private R. D. McDonald. The latter gave a few reminiscences of the war.

AN ONTARIO TRAVELLER'S OBSERVATIONS.

For some weeks past, one of the best known travelling representatives of The Monetary Times, Mr. Thomas Gordon Oliver, has been visiting prominent places in Western Ontario. He speaks warmly of his reception everywhere by friends of this journal, and says: "It makes me proud to represent such a paper." Mr. Oliver's report as to the activity of business and the buoyant feeling among merchants and manufacturers confirms the opinions and descriptions from other sources given to the same effect in last issue and in the present one. We subjoin some notes of our agent:

LONDON.

London continues to show improvement in almost every direction. A number of very fine buildings, both public and private, have been erected quite recently, and some are in progress. One of the most extensive of these is the range of premises erected on the site of the burned Masonic Temple block, by Col. Leys. It is in the centre of the city on Richmond street, and extends to the Market Square. In the block are sixteen stores, and there will be from 50 to 70 offices, besides a Masonic lodge room. These handsome premises are nearing completion. Several of the manufacturers are still improving their factories. Amongst these are John Campbell, carriage manufacturer, and Thos. Bryan, brush manufacturer. The Wray Corset Co. has removed to larger premises, and is now employing some 60 hands. With several other additions and improvements the city of London is in a progressive state. A beautiful building is the new provincial Normal School. It is situated on a very pretty site in the

south part of the city, and connects with the street railway, and was opened for work on February 1, 1900.

HAMILTON.

It is a pleasure to visit Hamilton, not only because it is 2 beautiful and homelike city, but because it is a busy and prosperous one. The people there are busy, but the merchants are not too busy to see and welcome a person. Improvements and additions to the manufacturing establishments in Hamilton have been in progress since my last visit, and are still going on. The Sawyer & Massey Co.'s, is one of the oldest establishments in the Dominion, having commenced making farm, machinery in 1836. It has been adding some \$50,000 worth of new buildings and improvements lately. One large building for storing machines is 250 feet long by 100 feet wide. Mr. H. P. Coburn, who is the business manager, reports business prosperous in every direction. During this year also the Meriden Britannia Company, of which Mr. John E. Parker is manager, has been extending, having erected a large building some months ago, which is fitted up in the interior with all modern improvements. A new company has lately been formed in Ingersoll, of which the Noxon Bros., and a townsman of long standing in the cheese business, Mr. Chas W. Riley, are the principals and directors, and it is now the Noxon Mnfg. Co. They are now making cultivators and drills for the foreign market, including large shipments to Australia. capabilities of the factory may be judged from the fact, that a shipment of steel arrived from Pittsburg on one day, and on the same evening, I was told, 25 machines produced mainly from it, were in the paint shop. They say they now turn out some 50 machines every day About twenty car-loads of cultivators and seeders are in the warerooms ready for shipment. Two new manufacturing establishments have also lately been started in the town, the St. Charles Condensed Milk Co. employing some 75 hands, and the McBurney-Beattie Bicycle Co., which will soon be in full operation.

Some memoranda as to other towns and cities follow. It is noted, for example, that "Harris, Cook & Co. have recently opened neat and commodious offices as bankers and financial agents, adjoining the Standard Bank. Mr. Christopher Cook, the former manager of the Standard Bank, is managing the new company. In Dundas I found that the old firm of Grafton & Co., wholesale clothing manufacturers, have been extending their premises lately. A fine new brick building has been erected, 35 by 75, of three floors, and just opposite to their present large establishment. But I think you mentioned this before. L. Lennard & Sons, proprietors of the Dundas Knifting Mills, have also been increasing their capacity considerably. They employ some 150 hands, and their goods go to every part of the Dominion. In Berlin there is to be another shoe factory. C. W. Hagen, the east end shoeman, and H. Breimer, will buy a number of machines and begin operations making union label goods."

GOODS UNDER FALSE PRETENCES.

Every now and then we hear of some newly arrived concern or person taking advantage of farmers or fruit-growers, or, indeed, merchants, by giving "slow notes" or bogus cheques for farm or orchard produce, or by promising cash in thirty days. But these notes or cheques are not paid and the promises are not kept. We hear that High Constable Boyle, of Lincoln county, and Detective Egelton, were in London last week, and arrested Wm. Smith, of the Western Fruit and Produce Company, on a charge of obtaining goods under false preterces from James Sheppard & Sons, fruit growers, of St. Catharines. It appears that Smith bought fruit from Sheppard & Sons, and sent in payment a number of cheques, signed E Smith, which were presented at bank in St. Catharines for payment. The cheques were paid, but on being returned to the bank here they were protested, and the amounts had to be repaid to the bank by Sheppard & Sons. The latter claim that they are losers to the extent of \$95. Smith will be taken to St. Catharines for trial.

A valued correspondent in London, in writing on the subject of the above item, has reason to think that this firm is getting produce in various parts of the province, and is informed that in several instances those who sold to them have been

unable to collect. It is needful that people be warned against fraudulent schemers who operate in this way. Commonly enough such men profess new methods of business, great advantages of connection, in order to impress those whom they approach. They often offer, too, better prices than are current; and this is what catches the unwary. But tall talk about methods and connections and increased prices on an invoice don't amount to a hill of beans when the buyer does not pay, and probably never intended to pay. Apple growers or any other kind of growers should be on their guard against such schemers. Rather stick to the man you have always dealt with than be swindled by a "slick" new broom.

NUTS AND DRIED FRUITS.

Never probably were the prices of dried fruits, generally speaking, higher than they are at the present time. For this peros, blight, drought and so on, combined with a good demand owing to prosperous business conditions throughout the world

Malaga raisins ex "Bellona" are just arriving here. The market has been practically bare for some time, so there should during past years, if only in sympathy with other dried fruits.

Valencia raisins are very active. They are at present selling in the city at 8½ to 9c. for F.O.S., 9¼ to 9½c. for selected, and 10 to 10¼c, for fancy finest selected.

the market. They are selling freely at fair prices.

There will probably be a scarcity in Portugal, a primary market, of Comadre figs. In consequence of this, prices of have already been affected by the near approach of the holitions are not in very great demand, though no doubt, as Christwithout them. Stocks in retailers' hands were generally purchased before the recent series of advances.

So far as high prices and general scarcity are concerned, nuts would appear to be in about the same position as dried tained at the recent advances. Similar remarks apply to walnuts which, especially the French article, remain very firm. Filberts, and practically all other nuts, are also high priced.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES.

The following are the figures of Canadian clearing houses for the of the previous week:

CLEARINGS.	Nov. 15, 1900	Nov 8, 19 M.
Montreal. Toronto	. \$17,304,571	\$16,276,424
Toronto Winniper	. 10,785,635	12,485,490
Winnipeg Halifax	2,501,601	2.74 -,778
Halifax Hamilton	. 1,501,741	1,662,148
Hamilton St. John	. 847,858	814,019
St. John Vancouver	773,449	778,951
Vancouver Victoria	. 1,053,668	1,010,029
Victoria	721,190	828,188

Aggregate balances, this week, \$5,080,000; last week, \$5,886,661

IN THE DRY GOODS STORE.

American manufacturers of upholsteries and lace curtains have about completed their samples for next spring, and the importers will have their new exhibits ready within the next few Weeks.

The present is not a bad time for retailers to be looking about them for job lines of goods, for it is in November and reduce that wholesale merchants are most anxious to Year. From Montreal we hear that some considerable trans-

actions, several of them of the nature of jobs, have taken place in the last few days, because of the presence in that city of retail dry goods buyers from the larger towns and smaller cities.

The popularity of velvets has given an impetus to the sale of high-class velveteens for dress purposes, especially in the wide widths. Houses carrying these fine grades note a demand for all colorings from black to the pastel shades. Manufacturers of velveteen have supplied an admirable novelty in the way of a metallic velvet. The metal effect comprises dots, fine work, and unobtrusive geometrical designs.—Dry Good Economist.

There is a new fabric employed by all the best houses in Europe, which is said to be extremely rich in appearance and makes up very effectively. It has a body of colored cloth with a rich all-over design standing out in relief, thus having the appearance of being appliqued. It is particularly adaptable for long garments of the Empire style, as the design is generally large. The ground is generally tan, hussard, red, blue or white.

Preference is still given to silk as a skirt lining. Glace taffetas and thin broche silks are most used. Tints of pink and cream are most frequently seen; in fact, it is considered more stylish to line dresses with light shades than in black or self-color. Mixtures of silk and cotton are also employed, but they interfere with the proper hang of the skirt, and are, therefore, not as desirable as silk.

Dressy afternoon costumes, either woolen or silk, are often made now with a deep flounce of alternate panels of Irish point, in shades of yellow and ochre, and velvet of the same color as the dress.—Buyers' and Dry Goods' Chronicle.

FOR GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

A steady tone prevails in the English bacon market, owing to limited supplies. Canadian Wiltshire sides are worth 54s. to 56s. in Liverpool, while hams in London are quoted at 50s. to 54s., and at 53s. to 56s. in the former city.

Liverpool prices for Canadian eggs, as quoted by the Anglo-Canadian Produce Co., are 7s. to 8s. per long hundred, or, for preserved, 7s. 3d. to 7s. 9d.

The Department of Agriculture and Commerce of Japan expects a rice crop this year of 44,500,000 koku (a koku equals 4.9 bushels), or 5,500,000 above the average and 4,800,000 above last year's crop. In fact this year's crop will exceed any within twelve years except that of the year 1898, when the crop was 47,387,666 koku. The difference between this and last year's crop in money value will be about 50,000,000 yen, or about \$25,000,000.

One hundred thousand pounds of snails are sold daily in the Paris markets to be eaten by dwellers in that city.

London advices state that a lively demand exists for Irish potatoes, the price being from 65s. to 8os. per long ton for Beauty of Hebron. The "Lake Superior" last week carried a fair-sized cargo of this article from Montreal.

—Among the companies recently incorporated under Quebec provincial laws is La Compagnie de Pulpe de Peribonka; capital stock, \$30,000; they will acquire water power, timber limits and lands for the erection of mills and dam necessary for the manufacture of wood pulp, also to produce electricity in Lake St. John district; also to acquire steamboats for the conveyance of produce, and to carry on a general trading business. Among those interested are T. du Tremblay, of Roberval, and A. E. Vallerand, Quebec.

—It is the opinion of Lord Strathcona, who probably is well informed in the matter, that the Canadian-Australian cable will be ready in two years. He described it as a living issue. It is a vast enterprise, involving the expenditure of about £2,000,000, and will come about in good time. There are five Governments interested besides this immense amount of capital, so if things seem to go a little slowly we must remember these things. Statesmen in England are very much in favor of it. He reminds us that one element to be considered is the increase in the price of material used in cable construction. The rubber for instance, has become much dearer.

CANADIAN WOODS IN BRITAIN.

The Liverpool circular of Farnworth &

Ine Liverpool circular of Farnworth & Jardine, dated 1st November, says:

The arrivals from British North America during the past month have been 42,062 tons' register, against 34,312 tons' register during the corresponding month last year, and the aggregate tonnage to this date from all places during the years 1808, 1809, and 1909, has been the years 1898, 1899, and 1900, has been 451,702, 464,546, and 502,906 tons respectively.

The business during the past month has been fairly steady, and the arrivals on an extensive scale; the deliveries have also been large, but there has been a been a more difficulty and sales are more difficulty. want of activity, and sales are more diffi-cult to effect. Stocks of some of the leading articles have accumulated, and

are now too heavy.

Canadian Woods. — Pine Timber. There has been a large import, but with fairly active enquiry the deliveries have been satisfactory, and the stock of Waney is not too heavy, but of square sufficient; values are steady. Of Waney, sufficient; values are steady. Of Waney, prime wood has arrived freely, and has met with ready sale at firm prices; the consumption has been good, and stocks are light. Second-class has also arrived freely; recent sales have been at improved values, and stocks are fairly moderate. Square has been imported too freely; there is only a limited demand, and it is difficult to bring out cost of import; stocks are adequate. Red Pine.—There has been a fair import; the demand is quiet; stocks are sufficient. Oak.—The arrivals have been heavier than for some time past, and consist chiefly of first-class wood; there has been more enquiry, prices are steady, but stocks have in creased. Elm has arrived too freely, and although a good consumption, there is now a very full stock, but there is little change to report in values. Ash.-Recent imports have met with ready sale, but the demand is limited; values are steady; stocks light. Pine deals have arrived freely during the past month, but the deliveries have been rather disappointing and stocks are increasing; values rule high Red pine deals continue in fair high. Red pine deals continue in

request at steady prices.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia
Spruce and Pine Deals.—The arrivals during the past month, although about 3,500 standards less than September import, are in excess of the corresponding month last year, viz., 11,500 standards against 9,900 standards. The deliveries have been fairly satisfactory, but the demand is not brisk, and sales are more difficult to effect. Stocks are too large. Pine Deals.—There has been more en-

quiry, prices are steady and stocks are

light.

Birch.—Of logs there has been a moderate import, chiefly from Quebec; the consumption shows improvement, but the stock is ample; there is little change in value to report. Planks have again arrived too freely, and although deliveries

have been large, stocks are too heavy, and values have declined.

United States Whitewood.—Logs continue dull of sale, and prices rule low; stocks are sufficient. Planks, boards, etc., are in fair demand, and stocks are

too large.

Pitch Pine.-The arrivals have been three vessels, 4,030 tons, against five vessels, 6,516 tons, during the like period last year; stocks are within a normal compass and the consumption has been on a satisfactory scale. Hewn has been in good demand, and stocks are moder-Sawn.—Stocks are considerably reate. Sawn.—Stocks are considerably reduced, the import having been light, and a good consumption has been going on: values are unaltered. Deals and boards have come forward moderately, and stocks are light; there is a good demand for prime wide boards and values are high for this class of goods. high for this class of goods.

United States Staves.—The import has again been heavy; stocks are increasing; prices are easier.

Oregon and British Columbian Pine.— A cargo has arrived from Chemainus, B.C., and as the market has been bare for some months, should meet with fair enquiry.

THE ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE.

At a meeting, a few evenings ago, of the Ottawa Board of Trade, Major Bond, president of the Marine Under-writers' Association, of Canada. made some very interesting remarks on insurance rates on the lower St. Lawrence, and on the question of improving the

route.

"This St. Lawrence route," "was unique, having no parity with any other; and it had to be developed along lines peculiar to itself. As an illustration of this it might be said that there were 1,000 miles between Montreal and St. John's, Newfoundland, before the ships John's, Newtoundland, before the simps were on equal terms with those sailing from New York. The risk was consequently not anywhere near as good to insurance men as the all-ocean route, and this difficulty was what merchants shippers had to overcome. The w The whole weight of the losses to the companies had fallen on the route between Montreal and the sea, and many of the accidents had arisen from preventable causes. During the past ten years there had been 28 losses, practically on the St. Lawrence. There had been two total losses during the present year. Heavy loss had been the present year. Heavy loss had been incurred by the underwriters by accidents caused by the unfit condition of the river. There was also trouble from incompetent pilots. Pilotage should be thrown open to the best men. The signal lights also were defective, and it was criminally unfair to send out to the world the statement that the route possessed lights and signals up-to-date in equipment. The chart system also needed correction."

UNITED STATES AFFAIRS.

The circular of Henry Clews & Co. dated New York, November 10th, says: The country has passed through another of its quadrennial periods of anxious test. The questions on which the people had to pronounce their verdict were of nad to pronounce their verdict were of unusual importance. The quality of the nation's money, the powers of the United States Supreme Court in the preservation of public order, the liberty of corporations in respect to the exercise of their powers, and the authority of the Federal Government in relation to con-quered States—these are the main issues on which the elections have turned. is a matter of profound satisfaction that they have been disposed of by a verdict comprising nearly two-thirds of the voting population. The magnitude of the ing population. The magnitude of the majority makes the result of the elections a virtual finality upon these much and earnestly debated questions; and, to that extent, the country is delivered from angry and threatening divisions which have stood in the way of public confidence and domestic harmony. We seemed to have reached a "parting of the ways," in respect to policies that must determine the political future of the nation; and the hearty agreement of such a large proportion of the people upon a basis of settlement means domestic peace and the strength that goes with harmony

of public sentiment.

The almost unprecedented transactions on the Stock Exchange and the large advances in the prices of securities express only the first appreciation of an event that is instinctively perceived to be of the first importance.

The result of the election is such as to cause the deepest satisfaction to those

who have the best welfare of the country at heart. It is an unequivocal notice the world that national honor and tegrity and a love of law and order hand in hand in the United States. Confidence is settled upon a rock-ribbed fidence is settled upon a rock-ribbel foundation, and business is under such impetus as will produce phenomenal prosperity.

We stand almost upon the threshold of a new century, with the most brillian Our cernational prospect before us. rency basis is put beyond question, trade balances are immensely in our favor, and our manufactures. and our manufactures are commanding the markets of the world. The education of our people in sound financial and business principles during the last four years is hearing the last four years in the last four years is hearing the last four years in the last four ye years is bearing, we may say, its natural fruit.

AFTER A FIRE.

A correspondent of one of the Montreal newspapers, having suggested that firemen should clean up premises upon which a fire has taken place, Mr. John A. Robertson inspector of the Mountain and the suggested that the suggested of the suggested o A. Robertson, inspector of the Western Assurance Co., wrote to the Chief of the Assurance Co., wrote to the Chief of the Fire Brigade, of that city, to the effect that he had noticed that in some cases this had actually been done, in part, at any rate. He went on to say that course of action makes it much more difficult for the representative of the indifficult for the representative of the surance company either to estimate the loss or to form any proper idea as how and where the fire originated. It would be of the greatest assistance in that would be of the greatest assistance if that structions were given to firemen everything, after a fire has been put should be left as nearly as possible in the position in which was found, as by either sweeping up the debris or throwing it out, it is so much broken up and the articles so much broken up and the articles inextricabyl mingled as to make it a matter of the ter of the greatest difficulty, if not impossibility, to say exactly of what the debris had originally consisted.

Upon the receipt of this letter, Chief Benoit wrote to Mr. Alfred W. Hadrill, secretary of the Fire Underwriters' Association asking his views on the subject,

ciation asking his views on the subject, and the latter gentleman's reply roborated Mr. Robertson's views.

Twenty-five immigrants from Nottingham, England, who arrived at Philadelphia the other day on an American steamer, were denied admission to United Steamer, were denied admission to United States, on the ground that they had violated the contract labor law. It was proved that a first-class passage had been paid for them by John Alexander Dowie, the "divine healer," of Chicago, who is about to found a city called Zion, in Illinois, where he intends establishing a lace-producing plant. ing a lace-producing plant.

STOCKS IN MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14th, 1900.

						7.52
STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average
Montreal	2631	263	21	275	3.8	268
Molsons	190	188	120	193	158	2064
J. Cartier Merchants	158	168	91			106
Union Hochelaga	•••			140		
Nationale M. Telegraph	93 <u>1</u> 17	17	2n 60	171	169	ırë.
R. & O. Nav Street Ry	1 88 981	277	290 2620	1081 2791	107 278	3 13
do N Stock	271	268 198	361 5493	272 §	269 20:4	164
C. P.R L nd Gt Bonds N. W Land	885	872	2148	881		
Re l Tele, Co Mont, 4% Stock				175	1691	
MOHI. 1% STOCK		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			******	Į.

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A Satisfactory Investment

The writer once had the pleasure of collecting the tenth and final premium on a \$10,000 Ten Payment Life Policy. As the assured filed away his receipt he looked the picture of confidence, happiness and self-satisfactionand well he might.

He remarked "What a comfortable thing! What a nice asset! No more dread of lapse or failure to meet the premium. The family will be sure of that amount at least. Only \$450 a year for ten ten years, and now that I have made the last payment it seems only like yesterday since I paid the first."

This was ten years ago and though the assured has had no further premiums to pay he still receives a bonus from the company every five years. His policy is now good for over \$14,000, though he only paid \$4,500.

If you would like a similar policy in the Manufacturers Life Insursurance Company of Toronto, your name, age and address on a postal card will bring full particulars.

y year steak steakeste steakeste a

ECONOMICAL

Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin, Ont.

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Total Net Assets. \$
Amount of Risk \$
Government Deposit President. GRO. LANG.
Vice. President.

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The Ganada Accident Assurance Co.

Head Office, MONTREAL.

A Canadian Company for Canadian Business.
ACCIDENT and PLATE GLASS. ACCIDENT and PLATE GLASS.

Surplus 50% of Paid-up Capital above all liabilities

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THE CANADIAN FIRE Insurance Co. of Winnipeg, Man.

Incorporated by Special Act of the Parliament of Canada. Full deposit made with the Dominion Government Application of its policyholders.

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The Edinburgh Life

ASSURANCE CO'y is prepared to lend money at the lowest rates in sums of \$5,000 and upwards on first-class modem residences, and in sums of \$10,000 and upwards on misterias of \$10,000 and upwards on first-class. first-class business properties on leading streets in for the com-

Kingstone, Symons & Kingstone, 18 and 20 King St. West, Toronto, Ont.

Capital Authorized, \$1,000,000 Capital Subscribed, \$1,000,000

Head Office—Manning Bldg., King St., Toronto.
WM. GREENWOOD BROWN,
Gen'l Manager.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, 14th Nov., 1900.

Ashes.—Last outgoing vessels are taking some moderate lots, and prices are still pretty steady at last quotations, \$5.25 having been paid to-day for good tares of No. 1, pot ash, but some weakening of the market is deemed altogether likely with close of navigation.

CEMENTS AND FIREBRICKS.—Receipts of cement for week ending to-day have been heavy, reaching to 15,300 barrels of Belgian and German; firebricks, 174,482. fair movement has been maintained in cements, and prices are firm, but unchanged. We quote: Belgian, \$1.90 to \$2.10; English, \$2.30 to \$2.40; German, \$2.45 to \$2.55; firebricks, \$18 to \$24 per thousand.

DAIRY PRODUCTS.—Last week's ship-nents of cheese were comparatively ments of cheese were comparatively small, 38,598 boxes, but they were ahead of same week of 1899 by about 13,000 boxes. Of butter, the exports were nearly nil, only figuring at 128 packages, as compared with 9,894 packages a year ago. to 91/4c. for Westerns, and 93/8 to 91/4c. for Easterns; Septembers and early Octobers are quoted at 11 to 111/4c. For good creamery makes of butter, there is steady demand with limited stocks, but in an export way there is nothing doing. We quote choice creamery, 20½ to 20¾c.; seconds, 19 to 191/2c.; dairy, 17 to 18c. per pound.

DRY Goods.-Most of the large wholesale houses are preparing for December stock-taking, and quite a few buyers are reported in the city from the larger centres, seeing what is offering in the way of jobs, as wholesalers are generally ally anxious to reduce stocks about this time. In this connection, some very fair sales are reported, and the light snowfall of this week, with colder weather, has in-duced better business in the shops of city retailers. Money is reported to be coming in very well from the country. No changes in values are reported for the week.

Furs.-Quotations for fall catch of raw furs are made as below. Prices are much lower than they were a year ago, much lower than they were a year ago, being based on the heavy decline shown at the London sales last month. We quote: Mink, dark, \$1.25 to \$2.25; ditto, pale, 75c. to \$1.50; marten, large, \$3 to \$3.50; ditto, small, \$2.50 to \$3; fisher. \$4.50 to \$6.50; pale, ditto, \$4 to \$5.50; lynx, \$1.50 to \$3.50; otter, dark, \$10 to \$14; pale, ditto, \$5 to \$7; red fox, large, \$2.25; medium, \$2; small, \$1.50, cross fox, \$5 to \$0; skunk 20c. 40c. 50c. and 75c.: \$5 to \$9; skunk, 20c., 40c.: 50c., and 75c.; coon, 20c., 30c., 40c., 50c., and 75c.; large fall rats, 8 to 10c.; medium, 5 to 7c.; kits, 2 to 5c.

GROCERIES.—The only feature of the week is the material decline in sugars, quotations having beeen reduced fully on both granulated and yellows, making the factory price \$4.85 for the former, with yellows ranging from \$4.05 upwards. Refiners report an active demand, especially from the West, as jobbers there have been desirous of laying in full stocks before winter rail freights rates prevail, which take effect to-morrow, and deliveries to local buyers are somewhat backward. Molasses is steady at 40 to 41c. for Barbadoes, with limited stocks in first hands; one fair lot of Antigua molasses is held at 35c. for round orders, of Porto Ricos, there is no supply. Dried fruits are held firmly; Malaga raisins are quoted in a jobbing way at \$2.60 to \$2.75 for Connoisseur clusters, quarters, 90 to 95c.; Royal Buckinghams, \$4.25 to But \$4.50; quarters, \$1.25 to \$1.50. a FOUNDED 1825.

aw Union & Crown INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON \$22,000,000 **Total Cash** Assets Exceed

rire risks accepted on almost every description of insurable property.

Canadian Head Office:

67 BEAVER HALL, MONTREAL J. E. E. DIOKSON, Mgr.

P. H. GOOCH, Toronto Agent. Agents wanted throughout Canada.

FOUNDED 1798 FIRE

MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA

OF PHILADELPHIA

Assets, \$9,295,037 **ECapital**, \$3,000,000 Losses Paid since Organisation, \$83,400,854 00.

> ROBERT HAMPSON & SON General Agents for Canada, 18 Corn Exchange Building, Montreal, Que.

London Life Insurance Co. The

Head Office, LONDON, ONT

JOHN McCLARY, President A. O. JEFFERY, O.C.,LL.B.,D C.L., Vice-President Every desirable form of life insurance afforded on a tavorable terms as by other first-class companies.

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BONDS for the fidelity of employees. COMPENSATION for accidental injuries.
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THOMAS A. TEMPLE & SONS, General Managers, MONTREAL

Western Ontario Department: Board of Trade Building, TORONIO Deposit made with the Dominion Government the protection of policyholders.

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.

Name of Article	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesal e	Name of Article.
Breadstuffs. FLOUR Strong Bakers Patent (Winter Wheat) Straight Roller Oatmeal Bran per ton Shorts GRAIN: Winter Wheat, Spring Wheat, Man. Hard, No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 Barley No. 1 No. 3 Barley No. 1 No. 3 Barley No. 1 No. 3 Butter, dairy, tubs. "Prints. Creamery, boxes. "Prints. "Index and prints. "No. 1 light. "No. 2 "No. 2 "No. 3 "No. 1 light. "No. 3 "No.	Rates. 4 40 4 70 4 90 4 25 3 20 3 315 3 20 3 21 1 50 12 25 1 4 10 15 00 0 63 0 64 0 91 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 92 0 93 0 93 0 94 0 17 0 18 0 19 0 10 11 0 10 10 10 11 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 12 00 0 12 0 12 1 1 50 0 10 0 10 0 0 10 0 11 1 50 0 10 0 0 10 0 10	Groceries.—Con. Syrups: Com. to fine, Fine to choice	Rates. 6 c. 6 c. 2 c. 2 c. 2 c. 2 c. 2 c. 2 c.	Hardware.—Con. Wire: Brass. Copper Wire Galvanized Coli chain in. Barbed wire Iron pipe. 2 in Screws, flat head " " " is in. Steel: Cast Black Diamond Boiler tubes, 2 in. " " 3 in. STEEL: Cast Black Diamond Boiler plate, 2 in. " " 3/16 in. " " " 3/16 in. " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Rates. 8 c. 8 c 0 00 0 93 0 01 0 28 3 875 4 40 3 00 0 00 10 385 0 20 6 872 0 00 0 174 0 00 0 174 0 00 0 174 0 00 0 2 25 0 00 0 2 25 0 00 0 2 25 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 2 25 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 3 45 0 00 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Canned Frants Prime Apple
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CAPITAL, \$25,000,000. CANADIAN HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL

P. M. WICKHAM, Manager. GRO. McMURRICH & SON, Act., Toronto. PREDERICK T. BRYERS, Inspector.

Confederation Life **Association**

HEAD OFFICE, - - -

The Unconditional Accumulatve Policy issued by this Association is absolutely free from conditions from date

PAMPHLETS

The Association publishes an interesting set of pamphlets, giving full particulars regarding its different plans of insurance, and will be pleased to send them on application to the Head Office, Toronto, or to any of the Association's

Hom. Sir W. P. Howland, K.C.M.G., C.B., President.

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The Star Life Assurance society

prepared to make loans on improved real tate at lowest rates. Apply ALFRED W. RIGGS, Solicitor, 33 Richmond St. West, oronto. Life agents will be interested in ur new "Illness" policies.

[Incorporated 1875]

INSURANCE COMPANY LANCASHIRE Guaranteed by the LONDON AND LIVERPOOL.

ANGLO-AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.

HAD OFFICE:

McKinnon Bldg., Toronto

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$1,000,000

Reil Government Deposit. Insurance ac-Red at equitable rates. A. DEAN, Manager.

Agent—H. G. CHARLESWORTH.
Telephone 2490. Applications for Agencies Solicited. limited quantity of these goods were imported this year, and some houses brought in none at all, the prices being so high. In other lines of goods nothing new is reported.

HIDES.—Tanners are not buying very liberally, but some little American demand is reported for special sorts. Dealers are still buying No. 1 hides at 9c per lb.; lambskins, 8oc. each.

LEATHER.—Dull business, in so far as local buying is concerned, is still the order of the day, but now that there is some indication of a settlement of the Quebec labor troubles, better demand is hoped for, as shoe manufacturers generally hoped for, as shoe manufacturers generally report good orders for spring goods. Last out-going steamers are said to be taking round shipments of sole to Britain. We quote: Spanish sole, B.A., No. 1, 24½ to 25½c.; No. 2, B.A., 23 to 24c.; No. 3, B.A., 22c.; No. 1, ordinary, Spanish, 24c.; No. 2, 22½ to 23c.; No. 1 slaughter, 27c.; No. 2, ditto, 25c.; common, 22 to 24c.; Union crop, 29 to 30c.; waxed upper, light and medium, 30 to 35c.; ditto, heavy, 27 to medium, 30 to 35c.; ditto, heavy, 27 to 30c.; grained, 32 to 35c.; Scotch grained, 30 to 35c.; Western splits, 18 to 21c.; Quebec, ditto. 15 to 17c.; juniors, 15 to Quebec, ditto. 15 to 17c.; juniors, 15 to 17c.; calf-splits, 30 to 35c.; imitation French calfskins, 60 to 70c.; colored calf, American, 25 to 26c.; Canadian, 20 to 22c.; colored pebble cow, 13 to 15c.; russet sheepskins linings, 30 to 40c.; colored sheepskins, 6½ to 7½c.; black, ditto, 6 to 6½c.; black Indias, 7 to 8c.; harness 21 to 23c.; buffed cow, 11 to 14c. harness, 31 to 33c.; buffed cow, 11 to 14c.; extra heavy buff, 15c.; pebble cow, 11 to 13c.; glove-grain, 11½ to 13c.; russet and bridle, 35 to 45c.

METALS AND HARDWARE.—The movement during the past week has been fairly active, as is usual before the closing of navigation. As regards prices, there is little variation. American manufacturers are said to have agreed to an advance of are said to have agreed to an advance of \$4 a ton on boiler plates, but no change has been made in local prices as yet. Ingot tin is easier about a cent, and copper is said to be slightly firmer. We quote: Summerlee pig iron, \$24 to \$25; Hamilton, No. 1, \$19.50 to \$20; Ferrona, No. 1, \$19 to \$20; Midland, \$19.50 to \$2000; machinery \$18.00; common ditto \$13 usual extra for large sizes. Steel boiler plate. 3/4-inch and upwards, \$2.60; 1/4-inch, \$2.25; tank steel, \$2.10 for 1/4-inch, three-sixteenths. \$2.20; heads. seven-sixteenths sixteenths. \$2.20; heads, seven-sixteenths and upwards, \$2.50; Russian sheet iron, 10 to 10½c.: lead, per 100 pounds. \$4.60 to \$4.75: sheet. \$4.75 to \$5.00; best cast-steel. 8c.; toe calk, \$2.25; spring. \$3.10; sleigh shoe, \$2.00; tire, \$2.10; round machinery steel, \$3.25; ingot tin, 33c. for L. & F.; Straits, 32c.; bar tin, 36c.; ingot copper, 1734 to 18c.; sheet-zinc, 6c.; Silesian spelter, \$4.75 to \$5.00; Veille Montagne spelter, \$5.25; American spelter, \$4.75 to \$5; antimony, 10½ to 11c. 101/2 to 11c.

OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS.-Nothing specially new is reported in these lines. Linseed oil is a little easier in Britain for forward delivery, but not for present shipment. Turpentine is rather firmer South; and seal oil is showing much strength, under limited supplies. The quotations are: Single barrels, raw,

The American Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Established 1857.

ASSETS, - - \$1,245,758.71

For Agencies in the Dominion, apply to the Head Office for Canada,

22 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO JAMES BOOMER, Manager

HARBOTTLE & RIDOUT, Toronto Agents

The Policies of this company are guaranteed by the Manchester Fire Assurance Co'y of Manchester England.

Union

Assurance Society of London

Instituted in the Reign of Queen Anne,

Capital and Accumulated Funds Exceed \$16,000,000

> One of the Oldest and Strongest of Pire Offices

Canada Branch: Corner St. James and McGill Sts., Montreal.

T. L. MORRISEY, Manager.

W. & E. A. BADENACH, Toronto Agents

The Farmers' and Traders'

Management.

LIFE AND ACCIDENT ASSURANCE CO. Limited.

Head Office, ST. THOMAS, ONT.

Agents wanted to represent the Company

41%

FOR SALE

Insurance Agency Corporation of Ontario. Limited

MAIL BUILDING, TORONTO

W. BARCLAY McMURRICH, Q.C., President. W. E. H. MASSEY, Vice-President. GEO H. ROBERTS, Managing Director.

From a policy-holder's standpoint the PROFIT-EARNING power of a company is ALL-IMPORTANT. In this respect

The Mutual Life

POLICY IN IT PAYS.

Assurance Company Of CANADA

Formerly The Ontario Mutual Life

Leads all Canadian Life Companies. Its ratio of profits earned per \$1,000 of insurance in 1899 heads the list.

ommercial Union

Assurance Co., Limited. Of LONDON, Bag.

Fire - Life - Marine

Capital & Assets, \$32,500,000

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JAS. McGragor, Manager.

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GEO. R. HARGRAFT,

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The Oldest Scottish Fire Office.

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Telephone 2309.

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GEURGE SIMPSON, Resident Manager WM. MACKAY, Assistant Manager

MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agent

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C. S. SCOTT, Resident Agent, Hamilton, Ont.

Ot . . London, Eng. Assurance Co.

Canadian Branch, 1730 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Carital and Assumulated Funds, \$38,355,000; Annual Revenue trom Pire and Life Premiums and from interest on Invested Funds, \$5,715,000; deposited with Dominion Government for Canadian Policy-holders, aganone

G. E. MOBERLY, B. P. PEARSON, A. ROBT. W. TYRE, Manager for Canada. E. P. PEARSON, Agent,

The Excelsior Life Insurance Co

INCORPORATED 1889.

HEAD OFFICE

Our Annual Report for 1893 shows as the result of the year's operations the tollowing Substantial in-creases in the important items shown below:

GROSS ASSETS, \$626,469 92

Premium income	1 ,434 07 328,205 92	An increase of \$ 18 3 18 48 8,361 64 44 783 33
Reserve	273.414.90	50,558 56 479 033 00

WANTED-General, District and Local Agents.

DAVID FASKEN, President. EDWIN MARSHALL, Secretary.

rovident Savings Life Assurance Society

Established 1875.

of New York

EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.

General Agents wanted in unrepresented districts
Apply to GEO. A. KINGSTON, Manager for Optario Temple Building, Toronto Ont

STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

BANKS	9	Capital			Divi-	CLOSING PRICES		
BANKS	Share	Sub- scribed.	Capital Paid-up.	Rest.	dend last 6 Months.	· Da	LIFAX. 12, 1900	Cash Par
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Ottawa	100	1,363,830	1.732.000	1,491.000	91 41	206	207	1160
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Toronto	100	8,000,000	8,077,007	1,933,330	5	241		119
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"THE COMPANIES' ACT," 1877-1889. Imperial Loan & Investment Co. Ltd Can. Landed & National Inv't Co., Ltd. Real Estate Loan Co ONT. JT. STE. LETT. PAT. &CT, 1874. British Mortgage Loan Co Ontario Industrial Loan & Inv. Co	100 40 100 100	9,008,000 578,840 450,000 466,800	1,001,000 373,730 391,037 310,187	350,000 50,000 120,000	3 2	66	.	126.00
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No. Shares or amt. Stock.	Yearly Divi- dend.	Name of Company	Share par	Amount paid.	La: Sal Nov	0
	76					
250,000	8 ps	Alliance	90	21-5	91	103
50,000	3 34	C. Union F. L. & M.	50	5	414	12
900,000	8	Guardian F.&L	10	5	9	10
60,00	25 −	Imperial Lim	20	5	25	26
136,493	61	Lancashire F. & L	90	9	93	3
35,862	20	London Ass. Corp	25	191	49	51
10.0 10	174	London & Lan. L	10	120	73	رر 71
35.10)	21	London & Lan. F	95	91	162	17
215.640	90	Liv. Lon. & Globe	Stk.	2		47
30.000	30	Northern F. & L	100	10	75	77
110,000	30 ps	North British & Mer	95	61		38
53,776	35	Phoenix	50	5		37
125,234	631	Royal Insurance	20	3		50
50,000		Scottish Imp. F. & L.	10	ĭ		
10,000		Standard Life	50	12	•••	•••
940,000	8/6ps	Sun Fire	10	10	iä	ï
		CANADIAN.			Nov.	14
15.000	7	Brit. Amer. F. & M	2 50	250	'00 1	11.3
2.500	8	Canada Life	400	50	50J	Ų,
10.000	15	Confederation Life	100	10		00
7.000	15	Sun Life Ass. Co	100	15		10
5.000	-6	Quebec Fire	100	65	200 2	
2.000	10	Queen City Fire	50	95	200	•••
50,000	īŏ	Western Assurance	40	90	115 1	17

INSURANCE COMPANIES

English (Quotations on London Market)

DISCOUNT RATES.		London, Nov.		
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RAILWAYS.	Par value Sh.	1
Canada Pacific Shares, 8% C. P. R. 1st Mortgage Bonds, 5% do. 50 year L. G. Bonds, 3½% Grand Trunk Con. stock 5% perpetual debenture stock do. Eq. bonds, 3nd charge 6% do. First preference, do. Second preference stock do. Third preference stock Great Western per 5% debenture stock fidiand Sg. 1st mtg. bonds, 5% Foronto, Grey & Bruce 4% stg. bonds, 1st mortgage	\$100 100 100 100 100	1 1 1 1

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Dominion 5% stock, 1903, of Ry. los	
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do. 4% do. 1904, 5, 6, 8	
do. 4% do. 1910, Ins. stock	
do. 3% do. 1910, 108, 81001	******
do. 31% do. Ins. stock	
5 1 Charles	
Montreal Sterling 5% 1908	
do. 5% 1874,	
TO. D/ TOLE!	*****
do. 1879, 5%,	
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ity of Toronto Water Works De	D" TAGG OW
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do. do. stg. bonds do. do. Local Imp. Bond	1938, #%
do do Localima Bond	1018 47
do. do. Boost Imb. Bond	S Tara' Tare
do. do. Bonda	1999 34%
do. do. Bonds City of Ottawa, Stg.	1904, 6%
July of Ottawa, July,	1905, 04
do, do. 41% 9	N vast deps
Clam of Onoboo one	1905, 5%
City of Quebes, son.,	1900, 74.00
46° ''' 44 '' '	1908, 6%
ii ii eterline dah	1923, 47
	1993. 4.6
" Vancouver,	1931, 4%
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	1989, 47
City of Wianiper, deb.	1907, 6%
OILY OF ASSUMPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	TALL! Green
do do, deb	1914. 5
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SECURITIES.

IN LINE

WITH THE TIMES *

No opportunity is overlooked for the improve-ment of UNION MUTUAL Policies They are kept

Thoroughly Modern in Privileges, Genuinely Protective in Results.

Extended Insurance without Deductions. Incontestability without Restrictions. Both Policyholders and Agents Fairly Treated Always

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO. Incorperated 1848. PORTLAND, Maine

PRED E. RICHARDS, President. ARTHUR L. BATES, Vice-President. Address HENRY E. MORIN, Chief Agent for Canada, 151 St. James St., Montreal, Can.

Good Territory Ready for Good Agents.

Manchester Fire Assurance Co.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

esets over

\$13,000,000

Head Office-MANCHESTER, Eng. WILLIAM LEWIS, Manager and Secretary.

Canadian Branch Head Office—TORONTO. JAS. BOOMER,

Chy Agents—GEO JAFFRAY,

J. M. BRIGGS.

JOSEPH LAWSON.

The Dominion Life Assurance Co. Head Office, Waterloo, Ont.

The year 1899 was the best the Dominion ever had.

It Gained in the Year:

It Gained in the Year:
In amount assured, 23.13 per cent.
In cash premium income, 27 64 per cent.
In interest receipts, 21.43 per cent.
Its interest receipts also per cent.
Its interest receipts have more than paid all death the street of the seafon the beginning.
Separare branches for abstainers and women.
Amount in Force Jan'y 1st, 1907, \$3.646,836.
MES INNES, ex.M.P.. CHR KUMPF, Esq., Pacaldant AMES INNES, ex.M.P., CHR KUMPF, Esq.,
President. Vice-President THOMAS HILLIARD, Managing Director.
J. F MARTIN, Supt. of Agencies.

The Queen City Fire Ins'ce Co.

Established 1871

HUGH SCOTT, - . . PRESIDENT. THOS. WALMSLEY, VICE-PRES. AND SEC'Y.

Has surplus assets alone to the amount at risk of 4.08 er cent. A larger ratio than any other Stock Fire This Company in the Dominion.

This Company never been in a Court of Law.

HEAD OFFICE: 32 Church Street, Toronto.

The Hand-in-Hand Insurance Co. Founded 1873.

FIRE AND PLATE GLASS

L. W. SMITH, Q.C., D.C.L., - PRESIDENT

L. W. SMITH, Q.C., D.C.L., - PRESIDENT

Lowest rates consistent with giving absolute security
in the Shankerholders' list are to be found the following
bank; A. W. Austin, Director Dominion
E. I. Co., Lampbell, President British Canadian L.
Stephens Bank, N.B.; L. Coffee & Co.; Wm. Davies,
Rattale Wm. Belliot; Estate B. Homer Dixon;
Strathcona and Mount Royal; Estate Sir D. L. MacSmith; L. W. Smith, Q.C., D.C.L.; W. H. Smith,
Manager Ontario Bank.

Taranto.

Head Office: Queen City Chambers, - Toronto. SCOTT & WALMSLEY

and boiled linseed oil, respectively, 82 and 85c. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 81 and 84c.; net, 30 days or 3 per cent. for four months' terms. Turpentine, one barrel, 63c.; two to four barrels, 62c.; net 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, 90c.; Cod oil, 35 to 37½c. per gal.; steam refined seal, 55 to 57½c. per gallon; Castor oil, seal, 55 to 57½c. per gallon; Castor oil, 9 to 9½c., in quantity; tins, 10 to 10½c.; machinery castor oil, 8½ to 9c.; Leads, (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$6.50; No. 1, \$6.12½; No. 2, \$5.75; No. 3, \$5.37½; No. 4, \$5; dry white lead, 5½ to 6c. for pure; No. 1, do., 5c.; genuine red, ditto, 5c.; No. 1, red lead, 4½ to 4¾c.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., \$1.95; kegs, \$1.90; bladder putty, in bbls., \$1.95; smaller quantities, \$2.25; 25-lb. tins, \$2.35; 12½-lb. tins, \$2.40. London washed whiting, 45c.; Paris white, 75 to 80c.; Venetian red, \$1.50 to \$1.75; yellow ochre, \$1.25 to \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$1.75 to \$2; Window glass, \$2 per 50 feet for first break; \$2.10 for second break.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, Nov. 16th, 1900.

Boots and Shoes.—The change in temperature is sure to create a demand for boots and shoes amongst certain classes, especially in the country; indeed, a freer movement is already beginning to make itself felt. Considerable activity prevails all round.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC.—For some time past, prices for drugs and chemicals have remained without appreciable alteration. Business in most lines continued fairly good though there is no tinues fairly good, though there special feature to record. Ind Indications across the line show that, though there is a fair degree of activity in transactions, yet buyers are only intent upon supplying current necessities. Few transactions exceed jobbing proportions, and these are mostly confined to a few articles of more or less speculative interest. An upward movement would appear probable in menthol, though prices so far have remained about stationary.

DRY Goods.—The recent change to wards cooler weather will no doubt act beneficially in causing a freer movement in such goods as hosiery, underwear. heavy coats, etc., this being probably all that was needed to bring about active business. Transactions in most lines of general dry goods are plentiful, and a very heavy business for spring is more than possible.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Our quotations of last week will hold for the present. The local demand for flour is poor, though for export it is fairly satisfactory. Considerable meal and feed are being offered, with a pretty good demand.

GRAIN.—Wheat remains dull and nom-GRAIN.—wheat remains dull and nominally unchanged, though the market is tending lower. Barley is unchanged and is dull at the figures quoted. Oats are I to 2c. lower. Peas are steady at unchanged prices. Rye is Ic. lower, while bushwheat and corn are merely nominal buckwheat and corn are merely nominal at the figures given. Very little is being done, and receipts in the country are light, though fully equal to the demand.

GREEN PRUIT, ETC.-Mexican oranges have made their appearance, and some

LIVERPOOL PRICES

Liverpool, Oct. 25, 19.30 p.m

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JOINT INCOME

WHILE YOU LIVE!

The New Policy just issued by the MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK . .

Enables a man not only to provide an income for life to his wife, but secures an income for himself as well.

Under its terms a father may obtain a life income and at the same time contingently secure the same for a child. Or a brother may provide for himself and for a sister, or a son for himself and a parent.

It offers the very best form of insurance investment at the lowest possible cost, and it is a contract whose fulfilment is guaranteed by the Greatest Financial Institution of its kind in the world.

For full information as to details apply

THOMAS MERRITT, Mgr.

General Agent The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

RICHARD A. McCURDY. President

81-33 Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto, Ont.

WATERLOO MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863.

HEAD OFFICE.

- WATERLOO, ONT.

Total Assets 31st Dec., 1893\$349,734 71 Policies in Force in Western Ontario over 18 000 00

GEORGE RANDALL,
President.

JOHN SHUH, Vice-President)

FRANK HAIGHT, Manager.

JOHN KILLER Inspector

69nd YEAR

THE "GORE

FIRE INSURANCE CO. Head Office, GALT, ONT.

Total Losses Paid...... \$1.982.419 89 Total Assets 407,988 07 Cash and Cash Assets ... 280,360 27

Both Cash and Mutual Plans

President, HON. JAMES YOUNG
VICE-PRESIDENT, - A. WARNOCK, Esq.

Manager, R. S. STRONG, Galt.

Paris Carrier CANADA'S BEST COMPANY

The Best Insurance Company for Policyholders is the Company that safely invests the funds entrusted to it at the highest rate of interest, and that selects its risks with such care that its death rate is lower than any other

Premiums lower and Dividends to POLICY-HOLDERS higher than those of any other company. Ask our agent or send to the office for a copy of our leaflet—"beven Years' Record."

The Great-West Life Assurance Co.

Toronto Office—Toronto Street. St. John, N.B., Office—Prince William St. Montreal Office—St. James Street.

Head Office-Main Street, Winnipeg

Grand Special

The December issue of PROFITABLE ADVERTISING will be a grand special edition, exploiting the publication itself, with illustrations of its offices and people, and the mechanical facilities of its printers. The Barta Press.

Other important features will appear, including the result of recent prize contest for advertising designs, portraits of successful artists, reproduction of prize winning designs, etc., about 100 pages in all.

TEN CENTS buys a copy of this handsome, valuable edition.

some, valuable edition.
Send \$1 for year's subscription, beginning with November or December issue.

Profitable Advertising, BOSTON, MASS.

KATE E. GRISWOLD, PUBLISHER. "It's the best work of the kind that has ever come under my observation," writes H. C. Marks, El Paso, Texas.

Do You Ever Have Occasion To Use a Legal Directory?

Forty-two law firms who jointly forward over two fundred and fifty thousand items of business to their legal correspondents annually, and who are necessarily posted as to the best atterneys to use at a distance, communicate to a central office constantly their experience with their various correspondents, and from this information is comolled monthly the directory which they use. That such a list is superior to one compiled in the ordinary way and published annually or seminanually, goes without saying. Each issue contains, in addition to the legal list, a complete Bank Directory, the collection laws of the various States, tabulated besides a good deal of general information of value to lawyers and credit men.

The directory (complete each month—no supplements) can be obtained for Five Dollars per annum by addressing

The Mercantile Adjuster,

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Every Issue of The Office Magazine

A. O. KITTREDGE, F.I.A., C.P.A., Editor contains information on office topics

Worth Many Times its Price Per Year.

It publishes only practical articles on practical subjects by practical business men.

Sample Copy Free

Issued monthly, subscription \$1 a year. Advertising rates on application.

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"Short Talks on Advertising"

994 pages 193 illustrations; sent post-paid on receipt of price. Paper bindins, lithographed cover, 35 cents. Cloth and gold, gold top, uncut edges, \$1.00. CHARLES AUSTIN BATES

Vanderbilt Building, New York.

Vanderbilt Building, New York.

"Mr. Bates' Masterpiece. It is interestingly and ceadably written—more readable than one would believe possible on so hackneyed a subject as advertising—and it is illustrated by pictures intended to lend a humorous turn to many of the sentences in the text. For those who want a general idea of advertising principles, the cook will be found valuable, and even the readers to whom its subject is more than familiar will find it an interesting companion for a leisure hour. It is full of apothegms, every one of which rings with a true note."

—Geo. "P. Rowell.

"Bacellent Work."—Buffalo Evening News.

"Interesting and profitable."—Baltimore Herald.

"Lively and Sensible."—Philadelphia Evening Telegram.

"Handsome and Clever."—New York Person

"Lively and Sensible. — ransasses."
Telegram.
"Handsome and Clever."—New York Press.
"Should be read twice."— 'leveland World.
"Should be on the desk of every advertiser."—Cleve and Press.
"Best thing we have seen."—Buffalo Express.
"Most practical and helpful." Minneapolis Journal.
"Every advertiser may read with profit."—St. Iouis Post-Dispatch.
"Mr. Bates has rendered a service to all progressive business men."—Philodelphia Record.
"Most; nteresting of all instructive Books."—Buffalo Pimes.

Full of ideas of value."—Cleveland Leader
"Nothing humdrum or commonplace."—Buffalo
Commercial.
"Full of snappy, commonsense hints."—Boston Ad-

vertiser.
"Striking and readable." Baltimore American.
"Cannor tail to prove interesting."—Pittsburg Press.
"Should be in the bands of every business man."—
Philadelphia Ledger.

more carloads are expected this They are selling at \$3 per box, while Jamaicas are quoted at \$3.50, or, by the barrel, at \$6. Most of the Mexicans are coming from the State of Sonora, where they have not been affected by the worm. Malaga lemons are selling at \$4 per box, and new Messinas at \$3.50. Bananas are \$1.25 to \$1.75 tor fancy fruit; Almeria grapes, \$6 to \$7 per keg; pears, 25 to 50c. per basket; Kiefers at \$2.50 to \$3 per barrel; sweet potatoes, Jersey, \$2.50 to \$2.75; Canadian onions, \$25c. per bag; quinces Sc. per bag; quinces, 25 to 30c. per basket; winter apples, \$2 to \$2.25 per barrel; cranberries, Cape Cod, \$8.50 per barrel; Canadian, \$2.50 per box; and Canadian chestnuts, \$4 per bushel.

GROCERIES.—Sugars, which declined 15c. per 100 pounds shortly after we went to press, last week, are in moderate demand, the impression apparently still prevailing, on the part of buyers, that the end of the decline has not yet been reached. California prunes, new crop, are in the market, and are selling freely. A steady sale also is reported of goods appertaining to the holiday trade. A good movement in canned goods is one of the features of the week. This probably is in anticipation of cold weather, and advancing freight rates. A scarcity of kippered herrings is to be noted in this market. Comadre figs, in taps, have advanced 1/4c. in consequence of prospective scarcity and higher prices in the primary markets. Eleme figs are selling freely, even at this early date, for the holiday trade. Valencia raisins are the holiday trade. Valencia raisins are very active at 8½ to 9c. for F. O. S.; 9¼ to 9½c. for selected, and 10 to 10¼c. for fancy, finest selected. Currants at present quotations are not much sought after, besides which stocks in retailers' hands were generally purchased before the recent series of advances.

HARDWARE.—We spoke in a recent issue of advances in window-glass, on account of higher freights from Europe, and increased cost of production there. At a meeting of the local association, these changes were decided on, and, indeed, went into effect last week. However, the prices have again been reduced to their former level, and owing, we believe the feet that represents we believe, to the fact that representa-tives of all the importers could not have been present at the conference. Still, there is a probability of all those interested coming to an agreement on the matter shortly, when prices will, no doubt, be fixed at the advance stated last week. The recent wintry weather caused an immediate demand for snow shovels, and these are moving quite freely now. Business is very good, though naturally it has fallen off a little compared with the conditions of last month. In the heavy metals trade, nothing new calls for comment, though the result of the elections in the United States is likely to make things busier here in sympathy with conditions there. According to latest advices, from across the Atlantic, the Scottish pig iron warrant market remains in the same uninteresting condition as has obtained gen-erally of late, and transactions have been of small dimensions. Consumers in nearly every district continue merely from hand to mouth. buy to

HIDES AND SKINS.—Very fair business is being done in hides, receipts being plentiful with a good demand. "Cured and inspected" show an advance of 1/4 to and inspected show an advance of 1/4 to 1/2c. In Chicago, the market for common dry hides remains firm. Tanners continue to manifest interest and are cleaning up the market of the limited supplies which are being offered, at unchanged prices. City slaughter hides are held at high prices. Salters, as a rule held at high prices. rule, have but limited stocks on hand.

LEATHER.—Improved conditions in the hide market have imparted a sympathetic movement to leather, and the demand, for most grades, is good. Tanners and manufacturers are busy, and prices

taken place during the past few days in taken butter market. Receipts of fine stock the butter market. still continue limited. Large rolls are selling at from 17 to 18c., while one pound blocks fetch 18 to 19c. quiet and easy. Eggs are a shade owing to the cool weather. The market, likewise, is firmer, live track fetching \$5; and dressed \$6.25, on As regards hog products, the market steady at unchanged prices.

Wool.—So far as the local demand concerned, the wool market continues the local demand continues to the line. Conditions across the line very quiet. however, are improving, and the demands especially for the finer grades, is coming more active. Perhaps a while, a sympathetic movement will created here.

-Major Dent, as our readers know horses has nurchased some 3,500 horses Canada for the army; he paid £110,00 for Canadian horses, and this all He had recom into Canadian pockets. He had recommended to the War Office that a remomdepot be established in Canada, and in ply to this voluntary suggestion he made a full report on the matter. Montreal, Toronto, and Calargy would be cellent centres for British army remount stations.—Canadian Gazette.



FOUNTAIN PEN

The Best at Any Price

A Seasonable Suggestion—A gift of never ending usefulness and a constant pleasant reminder of the giver.

Your choice of these popular styles, superior to the

\$3.00 STYLES

of other makes, for only

Try it a week. If not suited we buy it back, and offer you \$1.10. We are willing to take chances on you wanting to sell, we know pen values, you will when you own one of these.

Finest quality hard rubber holder, 14k. Diamond Point Gold Pen, any desired flexibility in fine, medium or stub, and the only perfect ink feed.

Ask your dealer to show you this pen, if he has not or won't get it for you (do not let him substitute an imitation, on which hecan make more profit send his name and your order to us, and receive free of charge one of our Safety Pocket Pen Holders.

Remember — There in sist on it. to'

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LAUGHLIN MFG. CO. 233 Laughlin Block.

DETROIT, - MICHIGAN.

"Canada's Leading Company."

1900. The following statement from commencement up to January 1, ing Company:—

Total paid and credited to Policyholders, over.. \$40,922,000 Showing the receipts from interest have paid all expenses of management, and leaves besides

For every \$100 received from its policyholders since organization them over \$116.

Incorporated

Assurance Co.

Fire Marine

Head Office.

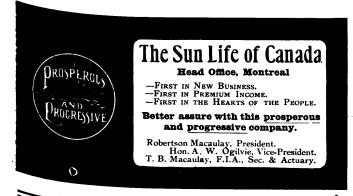
Toronto,

Capital Subscribed \$2,000,000 00 Capital Paid-up 1,000,000 00 Assets, over . 2,340,000 00 Annual Income 2,290,000 00

Hon. GEORGE A. COX, President.

J. J KENNY, Vice-Pres. & Managing Director.

O. O. FOSTER, Secretary)



ederal Life * *

Assurance Co.

HEAD OFFICE, - - HAMILTON, CANADA.

Oapital and Assets. Surplus to Policy-holders..... Paid to Policy-holders in 1899 125,454 89
Total Insurance in Force 11,847,070 43

Most Desirable Policy Contracts.

148. H. BEATTY, President. DAVID DEXIER, Municipal Structure of Agencies. DAVID DEXTER, Managing Director.

A SPLENDID RECORD

All the leading financial journals say that the

ASSURANCE COMPANY

Has made a splendid record.

Not a Dollar of Interest in Arrents on Morrage ever foreclosed.

No Beal Estate ever owned.

The lowest death rate or record in its Temperance section.

Before insuring consider its merits. Dollar of Interest in Arrears on Dec. 81st, 1894-5-6 or 7.

H. SUTHERLAND, Man. Director HON. G. W. ROSS, President Head Office, Globe Building, Toronto

Assurance Co'y

+

Head Office, TORONTO.

FIRE AND MARINE

Capital Total Assets \$750,000.00

\$1,473,536.05

Losses Paid (since organization) \$18,707,996.75

DIRECTORS:

GEO. A. COX, President.

J. J. KENNY, Vice-President.

Hon. S C. Wood. Robert Jafray. E. W. Cox, Thos. Long Augustus Myers John Hoskin, Q.C., LL.D

P. H. SIMS Secretary.

Fire Insurance Co. of Canada Head Office—LONDON, Out.

Incorporated under Act of the Dominion
Government. Full Government Deposit. Agents wanted in unrepresented districts.

Hon, John Dryden, Geo. Gillies, Vice-President.

H. Waddington, Secty and Man. Director.

Cameron Macdonald, Manager.

The Metropolitan Life

Insurance Co. of New York

"THE LEADING INDUSTRIAL COMPANY OF AMERICA."

IS REPRESENTED IN

ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND IN CANADA.

What paper reaches all the trades in every city, town and village in all the provinces?

Monetary

How many other papers do thing? NONE.

How do we know? None of them make that claim.

THE METROPOLITAN is one of the oldest Life Insurance Companies in the United States. Has been doing business for over thirty years.

THE METROPOLITAN has Assets of over Fifty Millions of Dollars, and a Surplus of over Seven Millions.

THE METROPOLITAN pays Death Claims, averaging one for every two minutes of each business day of eight hours, and has Five Million Policy-holders.

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Lindon, Canada, Roon 4, Dufield Block, Dindas and Clarence Streets—Gro. H. Smith, Supt.
Montreal, Canada, 1670 St. Catherine's Street—Chas. Stansfield, Supt.
(1) 1973 Bland of Trails Bidlaing, 48 th. Sacra nent Street—Hevry Bridge, Supt.
Ottawa, Canada, Metropolitan Life Building, Metcalle and Quebec, Canada, Montreal Education, Metcalle and Quebec, Canada, Roon 12, People's Building, 125 St. Peter Streets—Gro. E. C. Thornton, Supt.
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Lawlor Building, King and Yonge Streets, Rooms 32 and 34—Pirror Kreff & Co.

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INS. CO. OF ENGLAND

Capital and Assets Exceed \$20,000,000 Absolute Security

Canada Branch—
Head Office, Company's Building, Toronto.
J. GARDNER THOMPSON, Manager. A. W. GILES, I. A. FRIGON Inspectors.

Established 1825. Mead Office for Canada:

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Invested Funds. #46.300.00u Investments in Canada 14,600,000 Low rates. Absolute security.

Unconditional policies.

Claims settled immediately on proof of death and No delay.

J. HUTTON BALFOUR, Secretary.

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Investments in Canada \$2,180,000

Insurances accepted at lowest **Current Rates**

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Insurance Company.

RSTABLISHED A.D. 1790

Head Office, Canada Branch, Montreal. E. A. LILLY, Manager.

. . .

Total Funds.

\$20,000,000

FIRE RISKS accepted at current rates.

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