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FIFTEENTH YEAR

THE DOMINION VOTERS' LISTS TO BE REVISED ACCORDING TO THE REDISTRIBUTION ACT OF 1922.

Economy Secured by Taking the Provincial Lists as a Basis—Mr. Laurier Objects to Revising the Dominion Lists—McNallen's Superannuation Amendment Defeated.

Ottawa, June 14.—This afternoon, on the motion to adopt the second report of the Debate Committee asking authority to employ and pay additional help when necessary this session, there was a general complaint made about the translation of the debates from English into French. It appears that the French editor of Hansard is about a thousand columns behind. In the course of the debate Mr. Laurier said that some of the so-called "translators" understood neither French nor English and were totally incompetent for the work which they were supposed to do.

Amendment of the Franchise Act. Sir John Thompson, in introducing the bill to amend the Franchise Act, briefly sketched its provisions. Its principal features, he said, were:

First, in reference to the revision of the present year to bring into force the provisions of the Redistribution Act of 1922. It will follow that the revision of the present year will be made on the basis of the constituencies, as rearranged by that act, although the act would not take effect until the expiration of the present Parliament, but it is the duty of the Government to see that the constituencies are ready for a general election, and that while it is possible that there will be another revision next year and before a dissolution, we must keep the constituencies in a position to have the vote taken at any time. In making this revision care must be taken that polling subdivisions shall be small and run from the old to the new constituencies. Therefore if a by-election should take place the constituency as it now stands so that the two principles can be held in view in one revision.

Based on the Provincial Lists. A change has been proposed also on the basis of the provincial franchise lists. The bill shall be adopted from the provincial franchise lists.

While he admitted this was a new departure it was not at all a surrender to the principle for which the Government had contended in the past. The practical difference between the provincial and Dominion franchise lists is now so small that it is not worth the expense of keeping them separate, and the adoption of a common system for local and Dominion purposes has the recommendation of economy, which was not peculiar to the system which has been in vogue for so long.

This new system should be available for yearly use, and while some difficulty and labor will be experienced in the revision of the first list the bill will simplify the system as to make future revisions easy. These difficulties which have been three years old.

Revising Barriers Retained. The great principle of the act of 1922, however, namely that the revision shall be made by officers under the control of the Government, has been adhered to in the bill. It regards the franchise itself and secondarily as to the carrying out of the franchise law the principle is maintained. The Government has no right to be under the control, as regards franchise, of the officers of any other than the federal authorities.

Laurier Objects to the Revising Barriers. Mr. Laurier would not tamely accept the bill, but would congratulate them upon their new departure. Further, it was a matter for congratulation that the principle was hereafter to be maintained of having the lists constantly in readiness. This plan would be satisfactory to the House and people. However, he could not congratulate the Government upon the retention of the principle of revision by officers of the Government, in his opinion it would be better to accept the provincial revision, which the list was prepared by the municipalities. He hoped that upon the second reading the leaders of the Government would change his mind on this point also.

Reply to a question by Hon. Mr. Miller the First Minister explained that the provincial lists could not be regarded as conclusive, for it was proposed that persons who might be eligible for the Dominion franchise should be eligible for the provincial franchise also.

No Redistribution in Quebec. Hon. Mr. Laurier wanted to know what the Government had decided to do about the proposed Quebec redistribution. He understood it had been dealt with at the caucus in No. 16.

Sir John Thompson was afraid he would be informing him that there would be no re-arrangement of the Quebec constituencies, with which Mr. Laurier was so dissatisfied, before next session. [Laughter.] Hon. Mr. Laurier: Oh! it won't break my heart. The bill was then read a first time.

Garbage in the Niagara. In reply to Mr. Lowell (Welland) Sir John Thompson said the Government was not aware that large quantities of garbage and refuse are dumped into the Niagara River from the city of Buffalo and other places on the American side of the river.

Manitoba School Festivals to be Revived. In answer to Mr. Laurier Sir John Thompson said that the petition of the Roman Catholic archbishops and bishops of Canada in relation to the Manitoba and Northwest schools would be printed in the usual manner. The Government would refer the petition to the local Government.

Mr. Miller's Health was Bad, His Temper Worse. Mr. Miller made a long speech dealing mostly with the case of the superannuation of Mr. Vankoughnet. He read a long, brief, apparently prepared by Mr. Vankoughnet, and held that Mr. Vankoughnet had forced out of his position for the purpose of bringing in Mr. Reid.

MARK OUTLOOK FOR WIMAN DAMAGING EVIDENCE DRAWN FROM HIS OWN LIPS.

He Had Diverted Several Thousands of the Firm's Money to His Own Use, According to Witnesses—The Case Will Go to the Jury This Afternoon.

New York, June 14.—Ernest Wiman had a haggard, worn look when he came into court this morning. He was accompanied by his three son-in-laws, and carried a four-leaf clover for luck.

When the court was called to order at 10:40 Mr. Wiman's examination was continued. Gen. Tracy asked the witness for the answer to the letter sent to him by Mr. Dun on Jan. 12, 1923, complaining about Wiman's excessive overheads.

Mr. Wiman produced what he said was a copy of the answer in question. The letter was very long. In it the witness complained that he had no interest in the business beyond 25 to 37 per cent, but that he would be able to get out of his investments and pay back his indebtedness.

At 10:45 the members were called in and the House adjourned at 12:45.

In the Senate today Senator Ferguson delivered three hours of speech on Prince Edward Island affairs, dealing with the tunnel and other questions.

General Tracy then took up the \$5000 Bellingher check. "When you drew that check had you any intention of defrauding the firm?"

"Or Mr. Bellingher?" "No, sir." "Why did you draw the check, then?" "Well, my account in the office was very closely watched, and I needed some money. I wanted to draw it without having to show against my account."

Mr. Wiman produced and read a letter written by Mr. Dun to Mr. Wiman on Dec. 12, 1921, in which the writer announced his intention of withdrawing the name of Wiman from the firm's name because of something that had happened.

"At the time you drew that check had you any intention of defrauding the firm?" "No, sir, I did not."

Bellingher Told Him to Use the Money. Mr. Wiman said he had known Mr. Bellingher for a long time, that the firm usually carried Mr. Bellingher's account for \$18,000 a year, and that Mr. Bellingher had told him that he (Bellingher) would allow him to use the money.

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MEETINGS IN MANY WARDS. ANOTHER OPEN AIR GATHERING IN THE EAST.

Crawford and Lindsey Address the Electors of West Toronto—Two Meetings in the Interest of Tait in the North—Howland Supporters Discuss the Political Situation in the South.

Mr. John Armstrong, the labor candidate, had nothing but "the canopy of heaven for a covering" for his meeting last night at Broadview-avenue and Paul-street, and the crowd was large and enthusiastic and consisted mainly of voters favorable to the cause of labor.

The candidate made a rattling speech from a labor point of view, and for a time the meeting was turned in to his views on all labor questions, and his relation to the political situation.

Mr. Howland made a speech which had been circulated that he had been hired by the firm to act as a spy against Mr. Howland.

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GOING IN. DOUBLE DEATH TAX UNJUST.

HADEN-FOWELL SAYS WHY WILL CANBE COLONIAL PRISON.

This Clause of the Budget Withheld Pending a Conference Between Sir William Harcourt and the Colonial Agents—Earl of Jersey Comes to Ottawa Simply as a Listener.

LONDON, June 14.—In the House of Commons today Mr. Sydney Haden-Fowell, in answer to a question by Sir George Baden-Powell, said that the duties of the Earl of Jersey as British delegate to the Inter-Colonial Conference at Ottawa were simply in the view of the Government, and that the principal colonies to contribute their share of the expenses of the defence of empire, it was not unjust to impose an estate tax upon them.

Sir William Harcourt said Mr. Haden-Fowell's question was founded upon a mistaken view of the position. He said that nothing to do with the receipt of money from the colonies for national defence.

In reply to a question by Sir Charles Dillk, Sir George Baden-Powell said that he had not protested against the Anglo-Belgian agreement.

Should Not Pay Death Duties in Two. The House of Commons debated this evening the estate duties as proposed in the budget. The question was whether the principal colonies to contribute their share of the expenses of the defence of empire, it was not unjust to impose an estate tax upon them.

Will Be Discussed at the Conference. The execution of the Finance Bill was defended by the budget for the Government. He said that Sir William Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was in Ottawa, and that the colonial agents concerning the estate duties, and he appealed to the House not to press the matter further at present.

THE ALLIGATOR, to himself: A regular 'snapp' he means.

Brookdale last night, Dr. Page acted as chairman, and it was with difficulty he served over as many exceptions as he could.

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MURDERED BY A CANADIAN. Buffalo's Ex-City Clerk Shot Down by George Bartholomew of Victoria, Ont.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 14.—Ex-City Clerk William E. Delaney, a prominent lawyer and Democrat politician, was shot in his apartment over the Hotel Dolan, at about 7 o'clock to-night by George A. Bartholomew, aged 30 years, of Victoria, Ont.

Two women and a man were in the room at the time of the shooting, and up to midnight the police were unable to identify any of them.

Mr. Delaney was a well-known politician and lawyer. He was shot in his apartment over the Hotel Dolan, at about 7 o'clock to-night by George A. Bartholomew, aged 30 years, of Victoria, Ont.

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JOHN MACDONALD & CO. To the Trade:

COOL AND INVIGORATING We are showing for the warm weather trade a large selection in the following goods: PERFUMERY TOILET SOAPS LADIES' FANS MEN'S NECKWEAR MEN'S VESTS

John Macdonald & Co. Wellington & Front-sts. E. TORONTO.

CANAL DEEPENING SCHEME.

A DEPUTATION ASKS THE EXECUTIVE FOR MONETARY AID. Sub-Committee Will Confer and Report - Contractor Van Vleet Must Pay Guarantee - Who, Over the Expenditure of the Executive Committee.

At the meeting of the Executive Committee yesterday a deputation headed by Mr. David Lamb appeared to ask a grant of \$500 for postage and preliminary expenses in connection with proposed International Convention to be held in Toronto in September next to consider the deepening of the St. Lawrence and other canal waterways.

Mr. John Brown, Citizens' Milling Company, asked for the appointment of a sub-committee of the Executive to confer with those already on the International Convention Committee.

Mr. Brown said Americans were interested in the project as it would be a commercial advantage to Toronto pointed out the many advantages Toronto would derive from improved water communication.

Mr. J. H. Boyle, who presided, said that he had been at the public meeting last week, and was glad to see the commercial importance of deepening the waterways of the St. Lawrence and other waterways of the Dominion.

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TORONTO TO HUDSON'S BAY.

Second Exploring Expedition of a Well-Known Toronto Man. Mr. J. H. Boyle, whose wonderful feat in exploring north latitudes was some months ago recorded in The World, left Toronto last evening on a second expedition with the same object in view.

Although starting a month later than he did last year he expects to have greater success in his expedition, as the knowledge of the country he obtained will enable him to take shorter cuts to avoid the mistakes of last year.

His Excellency the Governor-General, the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General, that Mr. Boyle makes this expedition, as it is the Dominion's honor to have a Canadian devotee funds for this purpose.

Such valuable information is sure to result from our brave fellow-citizen's indomitable energy. He means to do better than he did last year, and if he does he will be recording a new chapter in the history of the intrepid traveler, who has the honor of being the first to have explored the north to any other of his countrymen.

There was an early speculation on the Montreal Stock Board this morning. The clearings of the Winnipeg banks this week are \$7,377,299.

Consols are firmer, closing at 100-1/16 for money and at 100-1/8 for account. Canadian Pacific is 1-3/8 higher, closing in London at 60 1/2 and in New York at 64.

The average in wheat in Manitoba is about the same as last year, but the total acreage under all crops shows an increase of 40,000 acres.

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DOINGS ON THE EXCHANGES.

LIBERAL SELLING OF NEW YORK SECURITIES. Increased Activity on the Montreal Stock Exchange - Small Bank Clearings at Toronto - Wheat Lower in the West, and Cables Firm - Provisions Unsettled at Chicago.

THURSDAY EVENING, June 14. There was an early speculation on the Montreal Stock Board this morning. The clearings of the Winnipeg banks this week are \$7,377,299.

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CUTLERY.

FULL LINES IN. Geo. Butler & Co.'s "MADRAS" TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY. RICE LEWIS & SON (Limited) King and Victoria-sts., Toronto.

Montreal Stocks. MONTREAL - June 14. - Montreal, 22 1/2; Toronto, 23 1/2; Ottawa, 24 1/2; Quebec, 25 1/2; Winnipeg, 26 1/2; Vancouver, 27 1/2; Portland, 28 1/2; Seattle, 29 1/2; San Francisco, 30 1/2; New York, 31 1/2; London, 32 1/2; Paris, 33 1/2; Berlin, 34 1/2; Rome, 35 1/2; Madrid, 36 1/2; Moscow, 37 1/2; St. Petersburg, 38 1/2; Constantinople, 39 1/2; Bombay, 40 1/2; Calcutta, 41 1/2; Singapore, 42 1/2; Hong Kong, 43 1/2; Shanghai, 44 1/2; Yokohama, 45 1/2; Manila, 46 1/2; Cebu, 47 1/2; Batavia, 48 1/2; Surabaya, 49 1/2; Medan, 50 1/2; Palembang, 51 1/2; Singapore, 52 1/2; Penang, 53 1/2; Malacca, 54 1/2; Sumatra, 55 1/2; Java, 56 1/2; Celebes, 57 1/2; Moluccas, 58 1/2; East Indies, 59 1/2; West Indies, 60 1/2; Central America, 61 1/2; South America, 62 1/2; Africa, 63 1/2; Asia, 64 1/2; Australia, 65 1/2; Oceania, 66 1/2; Antarctica, 67 1/2; Arctic, 68 1/2; Equatorial, 69 1/2; Subtropical, 70 1/2; Tropical, 71 1/2; Subarctic, 72 1/2; Arctic, 73 1/2; Antarctic, 74 1/2; Equatorial, 75 1/2; Subtropical, 76 1/2; Tropical, 77 1/2; Subarctic, 78 1/2; Arctic, 79 1/2; Antarctic, 80 1/2; Equatorial, 81 1/2; Subtropical, 82 1/2; Tropical, 83 1/2; Subarctic, 84 1/2; Arctic, 85 1/2; Antarctic, 86 1/2; Equatorial, 87 1/2; Subtropical, 88 1/2; Tropical, 89 1/2; Subarctic, 90 1/2; Arctic, 91 1/2; Antarctic, 92 1/2; Equatorial, 93 1/2; Subtropical, 94 1/2; Tropical, 95 1/2; Subarctic, 96 1/2; Arctic, 97 1/2; Antarctic, 98 1/2; Equatorial, 99 1/2; Subtropical, 100 1/2; Tropical, 101 1/2; Subarctic, 102 1/2; Arctic, 103 1/2; Antarctic, 104 1/2; Equatorial, 105 1/2; Subtropical, 106 1/2; Tropical, 107 1/2; Subarctic, 108 1/2; Arctic, 109 1/2; Antarctic, 110 1/2; Equatorial, 111 1/2; Subtropical, 112 1/2; Tropical, 113 1/2; Subarctic, 114 1/2; Arctic, 115 1/2; Antarctic, 116 1/2; Equatorial, 117 1/2; Subtropical, 118 1/2; Tropical, 119 1/2; Subarctic, 120 1/2; Arctic, 121 1/2; Antarctic, 122 1/2; Equatorial, 123 1/2; Subtropical, 124 1/2; Tropical, 125 1/2; Subarctic, 126 1/2; Arctic, 127 1/2; Antarctic, 128 1/2; Equatorial, 129 1/2; Subtropical, 130 1/2; Tropical, 131 1/2; Subarctic, 132 1/2; Arctic, 133 1/2; Antarctic, 134 1/2; Equatorial, 135 1/2; Subtropical, 136 1/2; Tropical, 137 1/2; Subarctic, 138 1/2; Arctic, 139 1/2; Antarctic, 140 1/2; Equatorial, 141 1/2; Subtropical, 142 1/2; Tropical, 143 1/2; Subarctic, 144 1/2; Arctic, 145 1/2; Antarctic, 146 1/2; Equatorial, 147 1/2; Subtropical, 148 1/2; Tropical, 149 1/2; Subarctic, 150 1/2; Arctic, 151 1/2; Antarctic, 152 1/2; Equatorial, 153 1/2; Subtropical, 154 1/2; Tropical, 155 1/2; Subarctic, 156 1/2; Arctic, 157 1/2; Antarctic, 158 1/2; Equatorial, 159 1/2; Subtropical, 160 1/2; Tropical, 161 1/2; Subarctic, 162 1/2; Arctic, 163 1/2; Antarctic, 164 1/2; Equatorial, 165 1/2; Subtropical, 166 1/2; Tropical, 167 1/2; Subarctic, 168 1/2; Arctic, 169 1/2; Antarctic, 170 1/2; Equatorial, 171 1/2; Subtropical, 172 1/2; Tropical, 173 1/2; Subarctic, 174 1/2; Arctic, 175 1/2; Antarctic, 176 1/2; Equatorial, 177 1/2; Subtropical, 178 1/2; Tropical, 179 1/2; Subarctic, 180 1/2; Arctic, 181 1/2; Antarctic, 182 1/2; Equatorial, 183 1/2; Subtropical, 184 1/2; Tropical, 185 1/2; Subarctic, 186 1/2; Arctic, 187 1/2; Antarctic, 188 1/2; Equatorial, 189 1/2; Subtropical, 190 1/2; Tropical, 191 1/2; Subarctic, 192 1/2; Arctic, 193 1/2; Antarctic, 194 1/2; Equatorial, 195 1/2; Subtropical, 196 1/2; Tropical, 197 1/2; Subarctic, 198 1/2; Arctic, 199 1/2; Antarctic, 200 1/2; Equatorial, 201 1/2; Subtropical, 202 1/2; Tropical, 203 1/2; Subarctic, 204 1/2; Arctic, 205 1/2; Antarctic, 206 1/2; Equatorial, 207 1/2; Subtropical, 208 1/2; Tropical, 209 1/2; Subarctic, 210 1/2; Arctic, 211 1/2; Antarctic, 212 1/2; Equatorial, 213 1/2; Subtropical, 214 1/2; Tropical, 215 1/2; Subarctic, 216 1/2; Arctic, 217 1/2; Antarctic, 218 1/2; Equatorial, 219 1/2; Subtropical, 220 1/2; Tropical, 221 1/2; Subarctic, 222 1/2; Arctic, 223 1/2; Antarctic, 224 1/2; Equatorial, 225 1/2; Subtropical, 226 1/2; Tropical, 227 1/2; Subarctic, 228 1/2; Arctic, 229 1/2; Antarctic, 230 1/2; Equatorial, 231 1/2; Subtropical, 232 1/2; Tropical, 233 1/2; Subarctic, 234 1/2; Arctic, 235 1/2; Antarctic, 236 1/2; Equatorial, 237 1/2; Subtropical, 238 1/2; Tropical, 239 1/2; Subarctic, 240 1/2; Arctic, 241 1/2; Antarctic, 242 1/2; Equatorial, 243 1/2; Subtropical, 244 1/2; Tropical, 245 1/2; Subarctic, 246 1/2; Arctic, 247 1/2; Antarctic, 248 1/2; Equatorial, 249 1/2; Subtropical, 250 1/2; Tropical, 251 1/2; Subarctic, 252 1/2; Arctic, 253 1/2; Antarctic, 254 1/2; Equatorial, 255 1/2; Subtropical, 256 1/2; Tropical, 257 1/2; Subarctic, 258 1/2; Arctic, 259 1/2; Antarctic, 260 1/2; Equatorial, 261 1/2; Subtropical, 262 1/2; Tropical, 263 1/2; Subarctic, 264 1/2; Arctic, 265 1/2; Antarctic, 266 1/2; Equatorial, 267 1/2; Subtropical, 268 1/2; Tropical, 269 1/2; Subarctic, 270 1/2; Arctic, 271 1/2; Antarctic, 272 1/2; Equatorial, 273 1/2; Subtropical, 274 1/2; Tropical, 275 1/2; Subarctic, 276 1/2; Arctic, 277 1/2; Antarctic, 278 1/2; Equatorial, 279 1/2; Subtropical, 280 1/2; Tropical, 281 1/2; Subarctic, 282 1/2; Arctic, 283 1/2; Antarctic, 284 1/2; Equatorial, 285 1/2; Subtropical, 286 1/2; Tropical, 287 1/2; Subarctic, 288 1/2; Arctic, 289 1/2; Antarctic, 290 1/2; Equatorial, 291 1/2; Subtropical, 292 1/2; Tropical, 293 1/2; Subarctic, 294 1/2; Arctic, 295 1/2; Antarctic, 296 1/2; Equatorial, 297 1/2; Subtropical, 298 1/2; Tropical, 299 1/2; Subarctic, 300 1/2; Arctic, 301 1/2; Antarctic, 302 1/2; Equatorial, 303 1/2; Subtropical, 304 1/2; Tropical, 305 1/2; Subarctic, 306 1/2; Arctic, 307 1/2; Antarctic, 308 1/2; Equatorial, 309 1/2; Subtropical, 310 1/2; Tropical, 311 1/2; Subarctic, 312 1/2; Arctic, 313 1/2; Antarctic, 314 1/2; Equatorial, 315 1/2; Subtropical, 316 1/2; Tropical, 317 1/2; Subarctic, 318 1/2; Arctic, 319 1/2; Antarctic, 320 1/2; Equatorial, 321 1/2; Subtropical, 322 1/2; Tropical, 323 1/2; Subarctic, 324 1/2; Arctic, 325 1/2; Antarctic, 326 1/2; Equatorial, 327 1/2; Subtropical, 328 1/2; Tropical, 329 1/2; Subarctic, 330 1/2; Arctic, 331 1/2; Antarctic, 332 1/2; Equatorial, 333 1/2; Subtropical, 334 1/2; Tropical, 335 1/2; Subarctic, 336 1/2; Arctic, 337 1/2; Antarctic, 338 1/2; Equatorial, 339 1/2; Subtropical, 340 1/2; Tropical, 341 1/2; Subarctic, 342 1/2; Arctic, 343 1/2; Antarctic, 344 1/2; Equatorial, 345 1/2; Subtropical, 346 1/2; Tropical, 347 1/2; Subarctic, 348 1/2; Arctic, 349 1/2; Antarctic, 350 1/2; Equatorial, 351 1/2; Subtropical, 352 1/2; Tropical, 353 1/2; Subarctic, 354 1/2; Arctic, 355 1/2; Antarctic, 356 1/2; Equatorial, 357 1/2; Subtropical, 358 1/2; Tropical, 359 1/2; Subarctic, 360 1/2; Arctic, 361 1/2; Antarctic, 362 1/2; Equatorial, 363 1/2; Subtropical, 364 1/2; Tropical, 365 1/2; Subarctic, 366 1/2; Arctic, 367 1/2; Antarctic, 368 1/2; Equatorial, 369 1/2; Subtropical, 370 1/2; Tropical, 371 1/2; Subarctic, 372 1/2; Arctic, 373 1/2; Antarctic, 374 1/2; Equatorial, 375 1/2; Subtropical, 376 1/2; Tropical, 377 1/2; Subarctic, 378 1/2; Arctic, 379 1/2; Antarctic, 380 1/2; Equatorial, 381 1/2; Subtropical, 382 1/2; Tropical, 383 1/2; Subarctic, 384 1/2; Arctic, 385 1/2; Antarctic, 386 1/2; Equatorial, 387 1/2; Subtropical, 388 1/2; Tropical, 389 1/2; Subarctic, 390 1/2; Arctic, 391 1/2; Antarctic, 392 1/2; Equatorial, 393 1/2; Subtropical, 394 1/2; Tropical, 395 1/2; Subarctic, 396 1/2; Arctic, 397 1/2; Antarctic, 398 1/2; Equatorial, 399 1/2; Subtropical, 400 1/2; Tropical, 401 1/2; Subarctic, 402 1/2; Arctic, 403 1/2; Antarctic, 404 1/2; Equatorial, 405 1/2; Subtropical, 406 1/2; Tropical, 407 1/2; Subarctic, 408 1/2; Arctic, 409 1/2; Antarctic, 410 1/2; Equatorial, 411 1/2; Subtropical, 412 1/2; Tropical, 413 1/2; Subarctic, 414 1/2; Arctic, 415 1/2; Antarctic, 416 1/2; Equatorial, 417 1/2; Subtropical, 418 1/2; Tropical, 419 1/2; Subarctic, 420 1/2; Arctic, 421 1/2; Antarctic, 422 1/2; Equatorial, 423 1/2; Subtropical, 424 1/2; Tropical, 425 1/2; Subarctic, 426 1/2; Arctic, 427 1/2; Antarctic, 428 1/2; Equatorial, 429 1/2; Subtropical, 430 1/2; Tropical, 431 1/2; Subarctic, 432 1/2; Arctic, 433 1/2; Antarctic, 434 1/2; Equatorial, 435 1/2; Subtropical, 436 1/2; Tropical, 437 1/2; Subarctic, 438 1/2; Arctic, 439 1/2; Antarctic, 440 1/2; Equatorial, 441 1/2; Subtropical, 442 1/2; Tropical, 443 1/2; Subarctic, 444 1/2; Arctic, 445 1/2; Antarctic, 446 1/2; Equatorial, 447 1/2; Subtropical, 448 1/2; Tropical, 449 1/2; Subarctic, 450 1/2; Arctic, 451 1/2; Antarctic, 452 1/2; Equatorial, 453 1/2; Subtropical, 454 1/2; Tropical, 455 1/2; Subarctic, 456 1/2; Arctic, 457 1/2; Antarctic, 458 1/2; Equatorial, 459 1/2; Subtropical, 460 1/2; Tropical, 461 1/2; Subarctic, 462 1/2; Arctic, 463 1/2; Antarctic, 464 1/2; Equatorial, 465 1/2; Subtropical, 466 1/2; Tropical, 467 1/2; Subarctic, 468 1/2; Arctic, 469 1/2; Antarctic, 470 1/2; Equatorial, 471 1/2; Subtropical, 472 1/2; Tropical, 473 1/2; Subarctic, 474 1/2; Arctic, 475 1/2; Antarctic, 476 1/2; Equatorial, 477 1/2; Subtropical, 478 1/2; Tropical, 479 1/2; Subarctic, 480 1/2; Arctic, 481 1/2; Antarctic, 482 1/2; Equatorial, 483 1/2; Subtropical, 484 1/2; Tropical, 485 1/2; Subarctic, 486 1/2; Arctic, 487 1/2; Antarctic, 488 1/2; Equatorial, 489 1/2; Subtropical, 490 1/2; Tropical, 491 1/2; Subarctic, 492 1/2; Arctic, 493 1/2; Antarctic, 494 1/2; Equatorial, 495 1/2; Subtropical, 496 1/2; Tropical, 497 1/2; Subarctic, 498 1/2; Arctic, 499 1/2; Antarctic, 500 1/2; Equatorial, 501 1/2; Subtropical, 502 1/2; Tropical, 503 1/2; Subarctic, 504 1/2; Arctic, 505 1/2; Antarctic, 506 1/2; Equatorial, 507 1/2; Subtropical, 508 1/2; Tropical, 509 1/2; Subarctic, 510 1/2; Arctic, 511 1/2; Antarctic, 512 1/2; Equatorial, 513 1/2; Subtropical, 514 1/2; Tropical, 515 1/2; Subarctic, 516 1/2; Arctic, 517 1/2; Antarctic, 518 1/2; Equatorial, 519 1/2; Subtropical, 520 1/2; Tropical, 521 1/2; Subarctic, 522 1/2; Arctic, 523 1/2; Antarctic, 524 1/2; Equatorial, 525 1/2; Subtropical, 526 1/2; Tropical, 527 1/2; Subarctic, 528 1/2; Arctic, 529 1/2; Antarctic, 530 1/2; Equatorial, 531 1/2; Subtropical, 532 1/2; Tropical, 533 1/2; Subarctic, 534 1/2; Arctic, 535 1/2; Antarctic, 536 1/2; Equatorial, 537 1/2; Subtropical, 538 1/2; Tropical, 539 1/2; Subarctic, 540 1/2; Arctic, 541 1/2; Antarctic, 542 1/2; Equatorial, 543 1/2; Subtropical, 544 1/2; Tropical, 545 1/2; Subarctic, 546 1/2; Arctic, 547 1/2; Antarctic, 548 1/2; Equatorial, 549 1/2; Subtropical, 550 1/2; Tropical, 551 1/2; Subarctic, 552 1/2; Arctic, 553 1/2; Antarctic, 554 1/2; Equatorial, 555 1/2; Subtropical, 556 1/2; Tropical, 557 1/2; Subarctic, 558 1/2; Arctic, 559 1/2; Antarctic, 560 1/2; Equatorial, 561 1/2; Subtropical, 562 1/2; Tropical, 563 1/2; Subarctic, 564 1/2; Arctic, 565 1/2; Antarctic, 566 1/2; Equatorial, 567 1/2; Subtropical, 568 1/2; Tropical, 569 1/2; Subarctic, 570 1/2; Arctic, 571 1/2; Antarctic, 572 1/2; Equatorial, 573 1/2; Subtropical, 574 1/2; Tropical, 575 1/2; Subarctic, 576 1/2; Arctic, 577 1/2; Antarctic, 578 1/2; Equatorial, 579 1/2; Subtropical, 580 1/2; Tropical, 581 1/2; Subarctic, 582 1/2; Arctic, 583 1/2; Antarctic, 584 1/2; Equatorial, 585 1/2; Subtropical, 586 1/2; Tropical, 587 1/2; Subarctic, 588 1/2; Arctic, 589 1/2; Antarctic, 590 1/2; Equatorial, 591 1/2; Subtropical, 592 1/2; Tropical, 593 1/2; Subarctic, 594 1/2; Arctic, 595 1/2; Antarctic, 596 1/2; Equatorial, 597 1/2; Subtropical, 598 1/2; Tropical, 599 1/2; Subarctic, 600 1/2; Arctic, 601 1/2; Antarctic, 602 1/2; Equatorial, 603 1/2; Subtropical, 604 1/2; Tropical, 605 1/2; Subarctic, 606 1/2; Arctic, 607 1/2; Antarctic, 608 1/2; Equatorial, 609 1/2; Subtropical, 610 1/2; Tropical, 611 1/2; Subarctic, 612 1/2; Arctic, 613 1/2; Antarctic, 614 1/2; Equatorial, 615 1/2; Subtropical, 616 1/2; Tropical, 617 1/2; Subarctic, 618 1/2; Arctic, 619 1/2; Antarctic, 620 1/2; Equatorial, 621 1/2; Subtropical, 622 1/2; Tropical, 623 1/2; Subarctic, 624 1/2; Arctic, 625 1/2; Antarctic, 626 1/2; Equatorial, 627 1/2; Subtropical, 628 1/2; Tropical, 629 1/2; Subarctic, 630 1/2; Arctic, 631 1/2; Antarctic, 632 1/2; Equatorial, 633 1/2; Subtropical, 634 1/2; Tropical, 635 1/2; Subarctic, 636 1/2; Arctic, 637 1/2; Antarctic, 638 1/2; Equatorial, 639 1/2; Subtropical, 640 1/2; Tropical, 641 1/2; Subarctic, 642 1/2; Arctic, 643 1/2; Antarctic, 644 1/2; Equatorial, 645 1/2; Subtropical, 646 1/2; Tropical, 647 1/2; Subarctic, 648 1/2; Arctic, 649 1/2; Antarctic, 650 1/2; Equatorial, 651 1/2; Subtropical, 652 1/2; Tropical, 653 1/2; Subarctic, 654 1/2; Arctic, 655 1/2; Antarctic, 656 1/2; Equatorial, 657 1/2; Subtropical, 658 1/2; Tropical, 659 1/2; Subarctic, 660 1/2; Arctic, 661 1/2; Antarctic, 662 1/2; Equatorial, 663 1/2; Subtropical, 664 1/2; Tropical, 665 1/2; Subarctic, 666 1/2; Arctic, 667 1/2; Antarctic, 668 1/2; Equatorial, 669 1/2; Subtropical, 670 1/2; Tropical, 671 1/2; Subarctic, 672 1/2; Arctic, 673 1/2; Antarctic, 674 1/2; Equatorial, 675 1/2; Subtropical, 676 1/2; Tropical, 677 1/2; Subarctic, 678 1/2; Arctic, 679 1/2; Antarctic, 680 1/2; Equatorial, 681 1/2; Subtropical, 682 1/2; Tropical, 683 1/2; Subarctic, 684 1/2; Arctic, 685 1/2; Antarctic, 686 1/2; Equatorial, 687 1/2; Subtropical, 688 1/2; Tropical, 689 1/2; Subarctic, 690 1/2; Arctic, 691 1/2; Antarctic, 692 1/2; Equatorial, 693 1/2; Subtropical, 694 1/2; Tropical, 695 1/2; Subarctic, 696 1/2; Arctic, 697 1/2; Antarctic, 698 1/2; Equatorial, 699 1/2; Subtropical, 700 1/2; Tropical, 701 1/2; Subarctic, 702 1/2; Arctic, 703 1/2; Antarctic, 704 1/2; Equatorial, 705 1/2; Subtropical, 706 1/2; Tropical, 707 1/2; Subarctic, 708 1/2; Arctic, 709 1/2; Antarctic, 710 1/2; Equatorial, 711 1/2; Subtropical, 712 1/2; Tropical, 713 1/2; Subarctic, 714 1/2; Arctic, 715 1/2; Antarctic, 716 1/2; Equatorial, 717 1/2; Subtropical, 718 1/2; Tropical, 719 1/2; Subarctic, 720 1/2; Arctic, 721 1/2; Antarctic, 722 1/2; Equatorial, 723 1/2; Subtropical, 724 1/2; Tropical, 725 1/2; Subarctic, 726 1/2; Arctic, 727 1/2; Antarctic, 728 1/2; Equatorial, 729 1/2; Subtropical, 730 1/2; Tropical, 731 1/2; Subarctic, 732 1/2; Arctic, 733 1/2; Antarctic, 734 1/2; Equatorial, 735 1/2; Subtropical, 736 1/2; Tropical, 737 1/2; Subarctic, 738 1/2; Arctic, 739 1/2; Antarctic, 740 1/2; Equatorial, 741 1/2; Subtropical, 742 1/2; Tropical, 743 1/2; Subarctic, 744 1/2; Arctic, 745 1/2; Antarctic, 746 1/2; Equatorial, 747 1/2; Subtropical, 748 1/2; Tropical, 749 1/2; Subarctic, 750 1/2; Arctic, 751 1/2; Antarctic, 752 1/2; Equatorial, 753 1/2; Subtropical, 754 1/2; Tropical, 755 1/2; Subarctic, 756 1/2; Arctic, 757 1/2; Antarctic, 758 1/2; Equatorial, 759 1/2; Subtropical, 760 1/2; Tropical, 761 1/2; Subarctic, 762 1/2; Arctic, 763 1/2; Antarctic, 764 1/2; Equatorial, 765 1/2; Subtropical, 766 1/2; Tropical, 767 1/2; Subarctic, 768 1/2; Arctic, 769 1/2; Antarctic, 770 1/2; Equatorial, 771 1/2; Subtropical, 772 1/2; Tropical, 773 1/2; Subarctic, 774 1/2; Arctic, 775 1/2; Antarctic, 776 1/2; Equatorial, 777 1/2; Subtropical, 778 1/2; Tropical, 779 1/2; Subarctic, 780 1/2; Arctic, 781 1/2; Antarctic, 782 1/2; Equatorial, 783 1/2; Subtropical, 784 1/2; Tropical, 785 1/2; Subarctic, 786 1/2; Arctic, 787 1/2; Antarctic, 788 1/2; Equatorial, 789 1/2; Subtropical, 790 1/2; Tropical, 791 1/2; Subarctic, 792 1/2; Arctic, 793 1/2; Antarctic, 794 1/2; Equatorial, 795 1/2; Subtropical, 796 1/2; Tropical, 797 1/2; Subarctic, 798 1/2; Arctic, 799 1/2; Antarctic, 800 1/2; Equatorial, 801 1/2; Subtropical, 802 1/2; Tropical, 803 1/2; Subarctic, 804 1/2; Arctic, 805 1/2; Antarctic, 806 1/2; Equatorial, 807 1/2; Subtropical, 808 1/2; Tropical, 809 1/2; Subarctic, 810 1/2; Arctic, 811 1/2; Antarctic, 812 1/2; Equatorial, 813 1/2; Subtropical, 814 1/2; Tropical, 815 1/2; Subarctic, 816 1/2; Arctic, 817 1/2; Antarctic, 818 1/2; Equatorial, 819 1/2; Subtropical, 820 1/2; Tropical, 821 1/2; Subarctic, 822 1/2; Arctic, 823 1/2; Antarctic, 824 1/2; Equatorial, 825 1/2; Subtropical, 826 1/2; Tropical, 827 1/2; Subarctic, 828 1/2; Arctic, 829 1/2; Antarctic, 830 1/2; Equatorial, 831 1/2; Subtropical, 832 1/2; Tropical, 833 1/2; Subarctic, 834 1/2; Arctic, 835 1/2; Antarctic, 836 1/2; Equatorial, 837 1/2; Subtropical, 838 1/2; Tropical, 839