# The Chronicle

### Insurance & Finance.

ESTABLISHED JANUARY, 1881

R. WILSON-SMITH, Proprietor

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Dominion Insurance Legislation Deferred. THE recent announcement of Hon. R. W. Scott, Secretary of State, to the effect that the Govern-

ment is not likely to introduce insurance legislation this session, did not come as any very great surprise, in view of the fact that the report of the Royal Commission had not yet been rendered. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, in commenting upon Mr. Scott's announcement to the Senate, considered it an unfortunate matter that there would be no insurance legislation this session. He believed that in view of impending changes in the law, many men who intended to insure were holding back, and that, therefore, both their interests and those of the life companies would suffer by delay. Be this as it may, the deferring of action gives at least one opportunity of which the companies should avail themselves, namely, the most thoroug., watching for the direct results and also the aftermath of insurance legislation in the United States. That certain enactments most ill-advised are being pushed in many States is already clear to careful students of insurance affairs. But the public -and many of our own legislators-may not be in a position to judge beforehand as to the ill effects of "half-baked" laws. There will be direct value, therefore, in strongly bringing to their attention during the next twelvemonth all practical disadvantages to the insuring public that arise from mistaken insurance legislation.

The Functions of Government. JACOB G. Schurman, the Canadian-born president of Cornell University, has recently expressed some views on "Indi-

vidualism vs. Socialism" which might well be considered by those who would extend government supervision of insurance companies to cover minute details rather than broad principles.

"For my own part I will add that the presumption is always against any extension of the functions of government, as government is already overburdened and the men who conduct it are not equal to the growing task, being neither demi-gods nor heroes, but mere human beings, little, if any, above the average of their fellows either in ability or character. No fallacy is more pernicious than the complacent assumption that a problem is solved when the task of solving it is put on the President or Governor, Congressman or Assemblyman, or some lower official of their selection or appointment. The State is not a wise, benevolent, and allpowerful earthly Providence. Concretely realized the State for us is President Roosevelt, Senator Platt, Governor Hughes, Mr. Murphy, and a number of other political leaders and public officials of similar or inferior standing and influence."

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### Secretary Shaw on the Currency.

**N**<sup>OT</sup> an inadequate volume of currency but "a want of responsiveness in the circulating medium" is the root of

the currency evils from which the United States suffers. So stated Secretary of the Treasury Shaw last week in his speech at the Missouri Society dinner. He went on to point out that a currency which does not contract when money is plentiful and cheap fails also to expand when money is scarce and dear. A bond secured currency, such as the United States possesses, tends to contract as interest rates advance, and conversely to expand as rates decline, these tendencies being natural effects of bond market trends. A credit currency, the Secretary acknowledged, is "the only elastic currency known to man." But going thus far in theory Mr. Shaw balks somewhat at what he holds to be practical difficulties in its full application. A system which he admits as working admirably in Canada with its three dozen or so branch-system banks, might not prove so successful in a country where there are 6,000 National banks independently organized. Undoubtedly the question is complicated by so diffused a banking system, for it is essential to the success of a credit note system that there should be a certainty of constant redemption of notes on demand.

Congressman Hill's Plan. The bill reported to Congress by the Committee on Banking and Currency would seem to fail in the very feature mentioned. The sup-

port given the bill by the more thoughtful financial press seems frankly to favour the proposed measure as an "entering wedge" rather than as in any sense a final solution. Seized with the importance of the defect noted, Congressman Hill, of Connecticut, recently proposed a plan already rejected by the Bankers' Committee, namely, a central reserve bank. Every national bank, instead of maintaining a 5 p.c. redemption fund in the Treasury as at present, would be required to invest 5 p.c. of its capital in this central bank of banks, to be managed by a board of directors, one to be chosen from each State by the national banks of the State. Such a bank, starting to-day with a capital of \$40,-000,000, should take over all the outstanding bond-secure circulation and with it all of the bonds pledged for the existing notes. It should act both as reserve agent of all banks, and as a general depositary for the United States Treasury. Its loans should be made only to banks and in precisely the same way in which a clearing house issues certificates to its constituent banks. "It would be entrusted with the privilege of loaning its credit in a form of asset currency, limited solely by the gold reserve and the legitimate necessities of the country. Being the sole note issuing power it could withdraw circulation at will, or transfer loans from one part of the country to another, as the note issuing banks of Europe do. In case of a redundancy, it could send a telegram to all its branches to retire a given percentage of its circulation. Such an arrangement would leave the metallic money under the control of the Government and turn the note issue feature over to the banks where it really belongs."

But Congressman Hill's plan, in its present form at any rate, seems to find scant support from bankers and students of finance. Practical difficulties, apparently too great to be surmounted, are cited by its critics. One objection that certainly seems well taken is the allowing of Wyoming or Nevada the same share in the proposed bank's direction as the State of New York whose banks contribute the major part of the clearings of the entire country. But Mr. Hill's proposal has at least the merit of emphasizing the need for seriously considering the redemption aspect of credit currency in the United States.

### Proposed Gas and Electricity Contracts.

By a vote of 21 to 19 the City Council has at last settled upon terms for the new contract with the Montreal Light, Heat & Power Co. The pro-

posals as embodied in Alderman Payette's motion are in some respects along the lines advocated months ago by THE CHRONICLE.

While the city's offer has to do chiefly with the twenty-year period following the close of the present gas contract in 1910, there is provision made for an almost immediate sliding scale in the price of gas. After May 1, 1910, the company's charge both for cooking and lighting gas will be ooc the thousand. As to street lighting, gas lamps at \$17 per annum are specified, these to be lit and attended to by the company. The rates for electric street lamps are to remain as at present, viz., \$60, \$30 and \$15 per annum. The charges to private customers for lighting are not to exceed 34 of a cent per ampere hour, or 15 cents per kilowatt hour, with a discount of 20 p.c. to 1910, and 331/2 p.c. thereafter. For power purposes the offer provides a scale varying from \$20 to \$38 per horse power. The company is called upon to at once begin putting its wires underground, and is required to expend \$200,000 annually until the work is completed. Should the city at some future date desire to do away with all overhead wires it may expropriate the conduit system of the company, which thereafter will be required to place its wires in the city's conduits and pay its proportionate share for construction and maintenance. The city further reserves the right to expropriate by arbitration the entire plant of the company upon giving a notice of three years before expiration of the contract. So soon as the city acquires 100 shares in the company's capital stock, the Mayor will ex-officio be a member of the Board of Directors.

The company is to pay to the city semi-annually a percentage of 3 p.c. upon the annual gross earnings. Shareholders are limited to a 6 p.c. noncumulative yearly dividend, and the yearly amount that may be laid aside for depreciation is fixed at 1 p.c. of the present paid-up capital. Any surplus of profits over and above the items just mentioned is to be applied to the creation of a reserve fund, until such fund equals 20 p.c. on the present paid-up capital; thereafter one-third of the surplus of profits shall be apportioned between the consumers in the form of an equivalent reduction in rates for gas and electricity.

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### Insurance and Finance

ESTABLISHED 1881. PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

R. WILSON-SMITH, Proprietor. GUARDIAN BUILDING, MONTREAL.

Annual Subscription, \$2.00. Single Copy, 10 cents.

### MONTREAL, FRIDAY, FEDRUARY 8, 1907.

### CONDITION OF THE BANKS AS TO QUICK AND FIXED ASSETS.

In every era of great industrial activity and prosperity, as advancement is made towards the close, the tendency of floating or liquid capital to become "fixed" gets more and more noticeable. A greater and greater proportion of the general resources gets locked up in buildings, real estate, plants, railroads, etc., causing a relative diminution in the supply of capital available for short loans and discounts. At the present time a tremendous amount of money is going into railroad securities. The railroad companies have been spending hundreds of millions in providing improved terminals and roadways, more equipment and motive power. Though there is a broad regular market for the securities issued for these purposes, and though an investor does not consider that he is locking up his money when he buys a railroad bond, it is a fact nevertheless that money spent for railroad betterments represents a fixed or permanent investment. As the process goes on the scarcity of floating capital becomes more pronounced, and at certain periods of the year acute monetary stringencies occur. The phenomena is generally taken by wise experienced business men, as an indication that the credit machinery is under a severe strain and as a warning not to let their private indebtedness get out of hand.

So much for general financial conditions. In considering banking conditions it is necessary to particularize the attention, so to speak. Commercial banks, such as ours, are supposed to have pretty much all their funds invested in liquid securities, The big item in their assets, current loans and discounts, should consist mainly of loans to manufacturers and dealers against staple goods sold or shortly to be sold, advances on customers' notes or trade bil's having a short currency, and on other instruments which can be reasonably expected to run off in the course of three or four months

at the outside. Bank investments of this nature are entirely distinct from the class of permanent investments to which attention has been drawn above. The main function of the banks is to facilitate the production, manufacture, and distribution of the great staple articles of trade and commerce. When the process or chain by which these are delivered to the consumer and finally paid for is completed the banks have their money in hand again ready for fresh enterprise. This is quite different in effect from what happens when funds are supplied to build a house or factory, a new railroad or big terminals. Then the capital remains where it is put; the investment is said to be fixed.

But, though practically the entire assets of a commercial bank may be described as liquid, they are made up of different parts each one of which possesses a different degree of liquidity or availability. Theoretically, as we have seen, the current loans and discounts might be expected to liquidate themselves in the course of a few months. But every banker knows that in actual practice things would not work out so happily. If his bank is to continue a going concern it must continue to look after its customers. The bills on hand will run off, to be sure, but the customers will daily be presenting others for discount, so that the gross amount of "current loans" may not decrease at all. In that sense the banker looks upon his current discounts as more or less of a fixed investment. For emergencies he depends on what he calls his quick assets-specie, legals, call loans, balances in other banks, gilt edged stocks and bonds, etc. They are his floating capital; the current loans, premises, overdues, etc., his fixed capital. It will be worth while, then, to investigate the position of the Canadian banks to see what the tendency has been in this respect, say in the last three years. How have their cash reserves been running? This can best be shown by a comparative statement showing their position as at the end of each year.

In the statement given on the next page all the items usually claimed as "quick assets" are allowed. It has seemed proper to deduct the amount due to banks in Great Britain from the whole, since they probably constitute preferred claims against our banks or at any rate they are likely to be covered by securities. Therefore, it is necessary to deduct them from the liabilities as well. Of course, banking readers understand that all these items of quick assets do not possess a uniform value. Some are better than others. The table shows the position // at the end of 1905 to have been slightly better than that at the end of 1903, but a little weaker than at the end of 1904. In 1906 quite a noticeable decline in the available strength took place the proportion falling from 44.51 to 41.42 p.c. That

shows that the liquid assets have had more of a tendency to become converted into fixed assets during 1906 than during any of the preceding years under review. Presumably prospective increases of capital will tend to restore the proportion.

	CANA	DIAN BANKS.		
TOTAL LIABILITIES. Less due to United Kingdom	31st. Dec., 1903. \$ 525,924,229 2,884,279	31st. Dec., 1904. \$ 588,645,497 2,452,651	31st. Dec., 1905. \$ 662,160,127 4,098,095	31st. Dec., 1906. \$ 782,656,528 8,207,158
	\$ 523,039,950	\$ 586,192,846	\$ 658,062,032	\$ 774,449,370
QUICK Assars. Specie Legals	30,941,367-	\$ 17,617,529— 38,436,983—	\$ 19,649,545— 38,055,620—	\$ 23,752,720- 44,266,154-
Notes and cheques other banks Deposits in other banks Canada United King-	21,686,472- 6,392,486-	23,784,768— 8,183,400—	28,345,495- 8,591,796-	38,937,901- 9,832,685-
dom Deposits in other banks elsewhere Dominion & Prov. Gov't securities	9,258,198— 12,703,927— 10,722,900—	9,041,191— 20,849,499— 9,561,422—	8,308,239— 14,344,574— 9,182,353—	7,844,990- 15,512,627- 9,536,448-
Canadian Mcpl., etc., securities Railway and other bonds Call loans Canada	14,517,538— 38,351,233—	17,241,673 — 38,744,635— 38,950,978—	20,163,939— 39,649,068— 49,704,928—	21,376,833- 41,455,319- 57,511,747-
Call loans elsewhere	34,991,423-	48,782,441-	61,010,020-	58,958,156-
Less Due to United Kingdom.	\$ 234,696,230 2,884,279	\$ 271,194,519 2,452,651	\$ 297,005,577 4,098,095	\$ 328,985,610 8,207,158
Per cent. of liabilities	\$ 231,811,951 44.32	\$ 268,741,868 45.84	\$ 292,907,482 44.51	\$ 320,778,452 41.42

### PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Elsewhere in this issue is published the annual report of The Provincial Bank of Canada, whose satisfactory showing for 1906 has already been commented upon in the columns of THE CHRON-ICLE.

It will be noted from the general statement that the year's net earnings amounted to over \$95,-000, about 121/2 p.c. on the average paid-up capital. The capital of the bank, standing now at \$820,212.50, is to be increased gradually to \$2,000,-000 as already authorized. The next issue will be at 110. The issue of October last was oversubscribed four times. The total amount of assets at the close of the year exceeded \$6,000,000, and the deposits both in the saving and commercial departments showed a gratifying increase over those of 1905. During 1906 new branches were opened in Montreal, St. Eustache, Verchères, Coteau Station, St. Croix, Jeune Lorette and Three Rivers, there being in all now 29 offices. Steadily increasing business under the general managership of Mr. Tancrède Bienvenu necessitates proceeding with enlargements to the bank premises on Place d'Armes. These will enable the bank to keep its head office in its present desirable situation, and will make it possible to render clients every convenience and facility in the transacting of business. The resignations of Mr. G. N. Ducharme from the presidency and of Mr. George B. Burland from the directorate were accepted with a regret that was the deeper on account of ill-health being the cause. Mr. Ducharme has, however, consented to remain on the board, and under the presidency of Mr. H. Laporte, ex-Mayor of Montreal, The Provincial Bank's continued prestige is assured.

CANADA PERMANENT'S PROSPEROUS YEAR.

The Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation, makes its seventh annual statement on another page of THE CHRONICLE. The report shows the net profits for the year to have reached the gratifying total of \$634,048 after deducting all ascertained losses, interest on borrowed capital, expenses of management and all other charges. Reference to the previous year's report shows the 1906 profits to have been greater than those for 1905 by about \$00,000-a most satisfactory state of affairs. The 1906 profits, with those unappropriated from 1905-in all an amount of \$678,757. -have enabled the corporation to transfer \$250,-000 further to reserve fund after paying two halfyearly dividends of 3 p.c., totalling \$360,000. The substantial sum of \$68,757 has been carried forward to the credit of profit and loss.

With liabilities to the public of \$17,507,517 and assets amounting to \$26,206,337, it is small wonder that this corporation has come to be considered in the very forefront of Canada's financial institutions. Its reserve fund now stands at \$2,450,000 —more than 40 p.c. of the paid-up capital of \$6,-000,000.

The assets are distributed in about the same proportions as shown by the 1005 statement. Mortgages on real estate total \$23,051,182 as against \$22,473,551 at the close of the preceding year. Sound judgment in making its loans has enabled this company to show an extraordinarily "clean bill" with regard to foreclosing on real estate. The deposit business of the corporation shows the very substantial increase of nearly \$200,000 during 1006.

That the Canada Permanent's joint managers, Messrs. R. S. Hudson and John Massey, are thoroughly alive to the prowing possibilities of Canada's development is shown by the increasingly important business of the corporation. W. H. Beatty, Esq., was re-elected president, and J. Herbert Mason, Esq., chairman of the Board.

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### THE MONTREAL CHARTER AMENDMENTS.

The bills now before the Quebec Legislature to amend the Montreal City Charter propose to confer some extensive powers upon the City Council. A clause the object of which will be generally commended, authorizies the city to borrow not more than \$1,000,000 for the establishment of a high pressure water system "in certain parts of the city, which for that purpose shall be divided into districts by by-law, when the majority of proprietors in number and value apply for the same in writing." It would, however, puzzle a Philadelphia lawyer to determine how to apply this law. Apparently the "certain parts of the city" are not to be divided into districts until the proprietors have applied for the division. How then is it going to be determined whether a majority of proprietors in this undefined district have made application? Then although it is to be inferred that there is some reason for consulting the proprietors on the subject, and although it is well understood publicly that this reason is that they are to have a special tax imposed upon them to recoup the city for the expenditure, there is absolutely no mention of a special tax in this connection in the clause, or in the bill. In other words the clause as it stands is absolutely inoperative. Unless amended the introduction of the high pressure system will have to stand over until the next session of the Legislature.

Among the powers proposed to be conferred upon the city are:

To enter upon the valuation roll at the rate of fifty per cent. of their gross receipts, all companies exercising rights, franchises, or privileges upon the streets either on the ground, above ground or below ground, and to tax them at the rate of one per cent. on this amount, over and above all other taxes.

To establish a system of conduits and to compel all telegraph, telephone and lighting companies to use them and pay for their use. Also to borrow not exceeding \$1,500,000 to build the conduits.

Should the city not construct the conduits it may compel the companies either to construct a common conduit at their own joint expense or else to put their wires otherwise underground.

To manufacture gas and electricity, to acquire

by purchase or otherwise the necessary plant, to expropriate the Montreal Gas Company, to borrow whatever money is deemed necessary for these purposes for a period of forty years, and "notwithstanding any law or contract to the contrary" to lay gas pipes or conduits in the streets before the expiration of the present gas contract.

To borrow \$2,000,000 for the extension of the waterworks.

The bill seems to ignore the fact that there are limits even to the power of the Quebec Legislature to over-ride contracts and principles of law. A municipality has great powers in determining upon what conditions companies with which it is not under contract may do business in what are called public utilities, but once it has entered into a contract with a company it cannot modify the terms of that contract, without the consent of the other party to it. What capitalists would ever enter into a contract with a municipality, if the latter had the power to alter the terms at will-even with the consent of the legislature This issue was raised and effectually disposed of, last year when the City of St. John, N.B., got the Legislature of New Brunswick to pass an act altering its contract with the St. John Railway Company (street railway) compelling the company to maintain and repair the streets from curb to curb, instead of between and eighteen inches outside of the tracks. This kind of legislation is not only unjust to the companies concerned but to their bondholders who have invested in their securities on the faith of contracts entered into with presumably responsible municipalities. Neither legislatures nor cities can afford to get the reputation of even attempting to disregard vested rights or contractual obligations. Morever such action is futile because it can always be set aside by the courts. At all events it is legislation inimical to the public interests and would undoubtedly if carried out affect the good credit of not only the city but the Province. Great care must be taken never to do anything which will have the semblance of repudiation or interference with vested rights which have been exercised either under charter, franchise or contract. Then the idea of giving the city the power to borrow an unlimited amount for any purpose whatever is preposterous. If given, what a scramble there would inevitably be to exercise it.

It must also be borne in mind that the debt of the city is limited and this limitation should be respected for the good credit of city and province. If new borrowing be allowed it should be on the terms already in force, namely, with the consent of the ratepayers and by the enforcement of a special tax to provide interest and sinking fund.

### NORTH AMERICAN LIFE.

As remarked in THE CHRONICLE of a week ago, expense reduction rather than new business expansion has been the keynote of the North American's success during 1906. As President Blaikie pointed out in his yearly address to shareholders and policy-holders, it would have been an easy matter to equal or considerably exceed the new business showing of 1905 if the company had been, desirous of increasing expenditures to meet the year's somewhat abnormal conditions. Instead, the efforts of the management were directed to further strengthening the company's undoubted financial position. Now that undue public excitement regarding life insurance affairs is abating, the coming year should prove a particularly bright one in every regard for The North American Life. As shown by the report appearing elsewhere in this issue the saving in expenses amounted to practically \$50,000 for the year-a reduction of about 5 p.c. in a single year in the ratio of expenses to premium income. While new business was less than during 1905 the cash income and assets showed gratifying increase during 1906. Allowing for all liabilites, including a special addition made to reserves, the company's net surplus now stands at over \$650,000.

To policy-holders' account during the year the large sum of \$589.196 was paid. Over one-half of this amount was paid to present holders of contracts-nearly \$100,000 of the sum being dividends.

In summing up what was termed the company's best year's work from a financial standpoint, the president paid a well-earned tribute to the energy and ability of Managing Director L. Goldman, and the company's other officers, branch managers, inspectors and agents. A complimentary dinner was given to those of the field staff attending the annual meeting, and Mr. G. Herbert Simpson, the company's favourably known Montreal manager, reports the occasion to have been a particularly enjoyable one.

A WEEKLY STATEMENT of bank clea. ngs is proposed for the City of Chicago. The "Wall Street Journal" expresses the hope that it will avoid the defects and shortcomings of the New York statement. What it wants is a bank statement that will include every banking institution of the city whether national or state or trust company. In other words, it should endeavour to give all the information possible to afford a comprehensive review of actual banking conditions.

THE RUMOURS prevalent for some time, regarding the amalgamation of certain British Fire offices, are still without official verification.

### **PROMINENT TOPICS**

# Canal.

At this week's luncheon of the Georgian Bay Montreal Canadian Club a most interesting address was given on The Georgian Bay Canal and

Ottawa River Route. The speaker was Mr. H. K. Wicksteed, C.E., chief engineer of the Canadian Northern's eastern lines. Dealing with the argument sometimes advanced as to railway development largely doing away with the usefulness of canals, Mr. Wicksteed stated that while railroads on favourable long-distance hauls could carry ore or wheat at from 1/2 to 1/3 of a cent. per ton-mile, properly constructed boats could handle such traffic at much less than 1-10 of a cent. per ton-mile. The cheap and expeditious carrying of ore from the Lake Superior region to the coal of Nova Scotia and Cape Breton was considered by Mr. Wicksteed as being perhaps even more important than the opening up of a new grain route from the West. Combatting the argument that the Western States would profit more than our own new Provinces from the project, the speaker said : "It can do us no harm to have American commerce sailing past our doors. It can do no harm to Montreal and Quebec to have this commerce transshipped in their harbors; and it can do no harm, especially in a political sense, to have Canada controlling the main gateway of the commerce of half this continent." The cost of completing the proposed route was estimated at about \$100,000,-000, but against this Mr. Wicksteed estimated a revenue from water power for electrical development that would more than equal the interest on that capital amount.

The Huron and Erie Loan and Huron and Erie Savings Company is to hold its Loan Company. annual meeting on the 13th inst., at London, Ont. The advance

statement of the company's 1906 business has already come to hand and shows the year to have been a most successful one. The report is of particular interest as being the first since amalgamation with the Canadian Savings & Loan Company. The harmonious joining of the two companies has resulted in increased strength and profits, due not a little to lessening of competition and reduction in working expenses. The assets amount to considerably over \$11,000,000, and the reserve fund stands at \$1,600,000, or over 84 p.c. of the paid-up capital. For the year the net profits were \$235,-833, and two half-yearly dividends at the rate of 9 p.c. per annum were paid. Mr. G. A. Somerville, the company's efficient manager, is to be, indeed, congratulated on the record made during the initial year of the reorganized company.

### The ex-President of the Ontario Bank.

The reason given by Colonel Denison for acquitting Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn, ex-president of the Ontario Bank, of the charge of signing a false re-

turn to the Government is on the face of it, a righteous one. The learned magistrate held that to make the accused liable to conviction, two facts must be brought out, first that the return was false, second that he knew it to be false. His Worship added: "That a man should be guilty of a crime, having no wilful knowledge or intention, would be a strange construction indeed to put on the act and no Parliament ever intended that such an interpretation should be taken of it." As we have already expressed the opinion in THE CHRON-ICLE, it is a mistake to require a bank president to sign returns as to the correctness of which he is seldom in a position to judge.

### Election of School Commissioners.

Mr. Langlois has introduced a bill in the Legislature to provide that the Roman Catholic school commissioners of Montthe property owners instead of

real be elected by the property owners instead of being appointed by the Government and the City Council as at present. The idea is a good one and just as good for the Protestant Board as for the Roman Catholic Board. The results could not possibly be much worse than some of the City Council's appointments and in all probability would be infinitely better.

### The Commercial Travellers' Tax.

The Provincial Treasurer has announced that the tax on commercial travellers is to be abolished this session, the Govern-

ment consenting to relinquish a revenue of \$18,000 a year obtained from the tax, in order that all hindrances to trade may be removed. The abolition is entirely commendable. The tax was the subject of much unfavourable comment at the Congress of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, and several Montreal members assured the conference that the Board of Trade and other public bodies here, would do all in their power to get the obnoxious tax abolished.

### Death of Mr. Henry Hague.

Mr. Henry Hague who for a considerable time was manager of the New York Branch of the

Merchants' Bank of Canada, died recently at Glen Ridge, N.J., at the age of 72. He was a brother of Mr. George Hague, formerly general manager of the Merchants' Bank, and of the late Mr. John Hague, for many years the esteemed editor of THE CHRONICLE.

### FIRE INSURANCE ITEMS

SPRINKLER PROTECTION that is inefficient is worse than worthless. Again and again this has been demonstrated—more recently by two halfmillion-dollar losses at Dover, N.H., and at Springfield, Mass. In each case the water supply had been cut off, in the one case to replace a leaky sprinkler head and in the other to replace heads which had been set off by a small previous fire. The shutting off of water really converts sprinklered into unsprinklered risks, and it might not be inequitable—though perhaps unpracticable—to stipulate that in such cases companies should not be considered liable for losses incurred.

A HALF-CENTURY OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY on the part of President, Wm. B. Clarke, of the Ætna Insurance. Company was the occasion recently of a notable reception in his honour given in the Ætna's new and handsome home building. Over five hundred representative business men and insurance officials assembled to congratulate the man who for half a century has been so closely associated with the financial progress of the City of Hartford.

A NEW SPECIAL HAZARD TARIFF for use in the Western States is to be prepared. The new tariff will be somewhat like that so successfully used for rating of mercantile risks, and will be prepared under the direct supervision of an actuarial committee of three, a sub-committee of the Governing Committee, which will employ all the available rating experts in its preparation and testing before any definite schedule is formally adopted. The purpose of the new tariff is to secure a consistant and uniform schedule, readily adaptable to any changed conditions.

SPRINKLERED RISKS in New York City are covered by the recently issued annual report of Superintendent Groves, of the Fire Patrol. Fortyfour fires are listed, of which in the case of sixteen there was no claim for loss to contents and in twenty-four instances there was no claim for loss on buildings.

FIRE MARSHAL CREAMER, of Ohio, has condensed, for his current bulletin the fable for children on "The Wicked Matches" for which the British Fire Prevention Committee recently awarded a prize to Mr. J. W. Bengough, of Toronto.

THE DEATH OF EDWARD M. TEALL, of Chicago, last week was particularly lamented in insurance circles, Mr. Teall having only two weeks before been elected president of the Chicago Board of Underwriters.

### IN THE FINANCIAL REALM

THE DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS AND CANALS in its annual report shows the total government expenditure on railroads for the Dominion's last fiscal year to be \$15,732,812, and the total expenditure on canals as \$2,758,022. Of these amounts about \$7,650,000 was on capital account. The total revenue for the government was \$8,056,610 from railroads and canals. The total expenditure on government railroads prior to and since Confederation amounts on capital account to \$154,-876,084, and on consolidated fund to \$159,466,-261. The total revenue on railroads during the same time has been \$114,395,281.

GOLD PRODUCTION continues to increase. Ten years ago, in 1896, the world's production of gold was about \$200,000,000. The enlarged output since then has made a notable change in the bank reserves of all countries, and unquestionably made itself felt in the business world. Three years ago the output was \$325,000,000; two years ago, \$346,-000,000; last year about \$300,000.

ABOLITION OF THE FEE SYSTEM of paying national bank examiners is the purpose of a bill introduced at Washington by Congressman Graham. It provides for two classes of examiners, one class to receive \$15 per day while engaged in actual work in redemption cities. This compensation will be in lieu of traveling and other expenses, now allowed.

NOMINATIONS FOR OFFICERS of the Toronto Board of Trade were held Monday afternoon. Mr. R. C. Steel was elected president by acclamation.

THE DOMINION BANK loses a valued director in the death of Mr. Timothy Eaton, head of Toronto's great departmental store.

THE UNION BANK OF HALIFAX has promoted Mr. A. D. McRae, formerly inspector, to the superintendency of branches.

STRATHROY, ONT., is the latest new branch of the Standard Bank of Canada. Mr. J. Neil Gordon is in charge.

THE METROPOLITAN BANK has established a branch at Cobourg. with Mr. W. G. McClellan in charge.

THE FARMER'S BANK of Canada, has opened branches at Weston and Williamtown.

THE MOLSONS BANK has opened a branch at Lachine Locks, Que.

\*THE UNITED EMPIRE BANK opened at Galt a week or so ago.

### **CASUALTY & MISCELLANEOUS**

AN EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY BILL much on the same lines as the New York law, has been introduced in the Connecticut legislature. According to *The Standard* it increases the liability of employers, employes being allowed to recover if injured through the negligence of a fellow servant acting as superintendent or in charge of construction work, machinery, engine or train. They may also recover if the accident is due to a defect in ways, works or machinery or to the negligence of an independent contractor or other employe acting for the contractor.

THE OCEAN ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE COR-PORATION, LTD., will make application to the British Parliament to enlarge its business powers. Among other authority sought is that of making "special provision with respect to the rights and liabilities of persons entitled to any compensation or payment under contracts or policies of the corporation, and, if thought expedient, to provide that such contracts or policies and the compensation or payment received or receivable thereunder should not prejudice or affect rights, actions, claims or demands against other companies or persons, whether under Act of Parliament or otherwise, for injuries, whether fatal or not."

THE DOMESTIC SERVANT PROBLEM is to be complicated for British householders by the coming into force in July next, of the 1906 Workmen's Compensation Act, when the employers of domestic servants will be liable for all accidents arising out of, and in the course of their employment. The Casualty and Liability Companies are, of course, bringing out special policies to cover employers' risks in this connection.

SIR JAMES FERGUSON, whose tragic death occurred in Jamaica, was chairman of the Metropolitan Coal Company of Sydney, Australia, and deputy-chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, and of the Eagle Insurance Company, while he was on the directorate of the National Telephone Company and the Australian Cities Investment Corporation.

THE AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY, of New York, will be represented in Montreal by Messrs. Gault & Ewing of 112 St. James Street, this agency appointment having been made last week, by Mr. W. H. Hall, of Toronto, general agent.

PTOMAINE POISONING CLAIMS are to be specifically guarded against by a clause drafted recently for the executive committee of the International Association of Accident Underwriters.

### LIFE INSURANCE WORLD

AN ACTUARIES' CLUB has been formed in Toronto, the moving spirit in its organization being Mr. Percy C. H. Papps, A.I.A., F.A.S., president of The Insurance Institute of that city. This will doubtless prove a notable step in the progress of life insurance science in Canada. The election of Mr. Thomas Bradshaw, F.I.A., to the presidency, gives full assurance that the new club will be successful from the outset. THE CHRONICLE will hope to give its readers from time to time some results of the weighty deliberations of this body of skilled insurance mathematicians.

SENATOR MCMULLEN last week made reference in Parliament to the statement alleged to have been made by an officer of the Mutual Reserve Life that, it cost his company \$20,977 in connection with an investigation made by the Senate and Commons of the Dominion. The Senator moved that the company, which is still doing business in the Dominion, be required to furnish detailed statements of amounts paid and names of the recipients. The resolution was adopted, although several Senators said that the charges did not necessarily involve members of Parliament. There will be a full inquiry.

THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSURANCE COM-PANY announces that its Board has decided to add a Treasurer to its former list of executive officers. Mr. J. T. Franks, who has for several years occupied the position of assistant secretary of the company has been chosen to fill the important new position. Mr. Franks has been in the employ of the company almost since its inception. His experience, first as mortgage clerk, and afterwards as the manager's assistant in the Investment Department, has particularly fitted him for the important duties of the office he has been chosen to fill.

KINGSTON, ONT., has now a full fledged Life Underwriters' Association, under the following able staff of officers: President, George Bateman; vice-president, J. B. Cook; treasurer, S. Roughton; secretary, J. O. Hutton. Executive Committee-Dr. Rogers Gananoque; W. J. Fair, S. G. Chamberlain, and R. J. Reid, Kingston.

THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF LIFE PRE-SIDENTS has chosen ex-President Grover Cleveland as chairman of the executive committee at an annual salary of \$35,000. Mr. Cleveland will also be chief counsel for the association, and his duties as chairman of the executive will include the settling of disputes between companies.

THE DOMINION LIFE has made Mr. D. G. T. Ross manager for Manitoba, with headquarters at Winuipeg.

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION this week elected Mr. John Macdonald of the firm of John Macdonald & Co., wholesale dry goods merchants, Toronto, to fill the vacancy on its directorate caused by the death of the Hon. Sir W. P. Howland.

THE LIFE UNDERWRITERS of the Province of Quebec, after carefully conferring with the Life Insurance Officers' Association, have concluded to postpone any application for incorporation while federal legislation is pending.

MR. G. H. ALLEN, manager for the Province of Quebec. of the Mutual Life of Canada, has, we are pleased to learn, completely recovered from his recent serious illness and is now attending to business.

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### CALENDARS.

THE OTTAWA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY'S calendar is an artistic reproduction in colours of Parker Mann's "Morning Glow" a meadow scene.

THE MANUFACTURERS' LIFE INSURANCE COM-PANY'S calendar comes in the form of a useful and patriotic map of the British Empire.

THE CANADA ACCIDENT ASSURANCE COMPANY has got out a serviceable wall calendar, of simple design and unobtrusive colouring.

THE PACIFIC COAST FIRE INSURANCE, COMPANY, of Vancouver, issues a calendar bearing a chromolithographic picture of Illecillewaet Canyon, near Revelstoke, B.C.

THE B. C. PERMANENT LOAN AND SAVINGS COM-PANY has a calendar in the same style as the foregoing, the subject being "Lake Louise and Chalet."

THE EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE CORPO-RATION has issued a very dainty souvenir in the form of a leather pocket book, season ticket holder and stamp-holder, a present that will, no doubt, be much appreciated.

THE AMERICAN BANK NOTE COMPANY, of Ottawa, sends us a very striking calendar, combining steel engraving and lithographic art

THE DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, of Waterloo, Ont., issues a fine large, useful wall calendar.

THE INCENDIE ASSURANCE MONT-ROYAL publishes a French calendar on which all the Fast Days are marked with a pair of fishes.

ALLIS-CHALMERS-BULLOCK, LIMITED, have got out a brilliant calendar bearing a birds-eye view of their works at Lachine.

MESSRS. GAULT & EWING'S calendar is one of the most artistic of the year. It is a reproduction of James Fagan's "What's O'clock."

THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY sends us a plain but tasteful calendar of a serviceable style.

THE ROSS REALTY COMPANY has published a calendar chiefly descriptive of the company's business.

### CORRESPONDENCE

We do not hold ourselves responsible for views expressed by correspondents.

### NEW YORK INSURANCE LETTER.

### New York, Feb. 6, 1907.

The statements of fire insurance companies, so far, indicate a better year outside of the San Francisco disaster than many have experienced for a long time. As a matter of fact the San Francisco fire stimulated the demand for insurance, and as several companies were removed from the scene of action by that fire a chance was given for others to take their place in field activity. Therefore the reports show that premium receipts in the companies which remained are heavier than for the year preceding and in many cases the heavier in the history of the companies. In this respect, therefore, the San Francisco fire was a blessing in disguise. The statements of the foreign companies were paid by funds from the home offices.

An important improvement has been begun by the National Board towards better building construction and an improvement of the municipal laws relating thereto. Such well known men as Secretary C. G. Smith, of the German-American, and Vice-President Geo. W. Burchell, of the Queen, are interesting themselves in this movement, and they will naturally be backed up by the National Fire Protection Association which has been interested in the same matter for many years. With the growing power and authority of the National Board the movement is likely to have more effect than it otherwise would have. Certain it is that bad building construction is at the foundation of our national fire loss, and any improvement along that line must be regarded as a move in the direction of a much needed reform.

The delay in getting at the counting of the ballots in the election for trustees of the great mutual companies has been a source of a great deal of comment, and although that work is now begun it is far from completed. The new law, while it was intended to benefit policy-holders by a saving of expenses, has so far proved very expensive and annoying. Moreover, no good results have as yet appeared, the chief effect being the smaller amount of insurance written and the much greater difficulty with which it has been accomplished. It is hardly hoped, however, that there will be any attempt made this year for a radical change in the law, as the present Governor seems inclined to allow it to take its course, in order that its merits or demerits may be fully demonstrated.

#### NOTES.

President Charles A. Peabody, of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, has sailed away to Europe for an absence of six months.

The prevailing opinion seems to be that Vice-President Darwin P. Kingsley will be elected president of the New York Life in case of the retirement of President A. E. Orr, which seems altogether likely.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company is now under fire, a decisive movement towards its investigation having been begun by the district attorney.

The Northwestern Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Minneapolis has been admitted to New York State, and the firm of Newman and Macbain have been appointed its agents in the Metropolitan district.—OUERIST.

### STOCK EXCHANGE NOTES

Dominion Iron Common, Montreal Power and Detroit Railway in the order named were the active securities in this week's market. Although money is still stringent, there are some signs of relaxation and consequently the buying power behind the market has had an outlet. The liquidation since the break in prices has been well taken, the recovery was good and stocks will likely advance further. Detroit Railway which has been selling around 78 is looked upon favourably. At its present figure for a 5 per cent security, it seems to be a conservative purchase. Of course the franchise question with the efty of Detroit is still unsettled, but the company is not a local one, and its branches even without the City of Detroit should permit it to continue its present dividend. Montreal Power has been under pressure in sympathy with the rest of the market, but is showing a decidedly fitmer tendency and the offer of the City Council to the Company although not yet accepted, will likely be the basis for a new franchise. There was a certain amount of give and take, but on the whole the City's proposition is a fair one and should be satisfactory to the company. The Dominion Iron Securities have made a good recovery and the Common stock speculatively is attractive. The Preferred stock seems to have been a bargain at 50, and its sharp recovery was one of the features of this week's trading. The traction stocks have figured more prominently this week and closed firm at the higher level.

C. P. R. closed with 1801-4 bid, an advance of 3-8 of a point for the week on moderate transactions, the total sales involving 961 shares. The earnings for the last ten days of January show a decrease of \$65,000. Mont-real Street Railway was more active this week and 1,838 shares changed hands. The stock closed with 224 bid, an advance of 9 points over last week's closing quotation. Toronto Railway is also firmer and closed with 112 bid The stock was not active and only 488 shares figured in the week's business. Twin City is now selling ex-div-idend of 11-4 p.c. and closed with 103 X. D. bid, equivalent to an advance of 11-4 points for the week on sales of 872 shares. Detroit Railway was the most active of the tractions and 3564 shares were dealt in, the closing bid being 773-4 as compared with 77 a week ago. The transactions in Halifax Tram and Northern Ohio Traction were only in broken lots, and the quotations at the close to-day were only nominal. Toledo Railway sales involved 550 shares, and the closing bid was 27 1-2, an advance of 11-4 points over the closing bid last week. Very little Illinois Preferred has come out during the past week, the total sales in broken lots involving 173 shares. The closing bid for this security was decidedly firm at 921-4 bid, a gain of 1 full point for the week. were no transactions in Havana Preferred this There week, but the Common was dealt in to the extent of 300 shares at 45 and 451-4.

R. & O. was weaker. There was no stock pressing for liquidation, and the total sales of the week involved 224 shares, the closing bid being 79 as compared with 80 bid a week ago. A meeting to authorize a new issue of Bonds to finance new steamers, is announced. The Mackay stocks were fairly active, the total sales for the Mackay stocks were fairly active, the total sales for the week involving 340 shares of the Common and 374 shares of the Preferred. The Common closed with 71 bid, and the Preferred with 69 bid. Montreal Power has made a good recovery from the low point and sold up to 92 X D, closing with 90 1-4 X D, bid, equivalent to an advance of 2 1-2 points for the week and 3,769 shares were dealt in.

Dominion Iron Common was the most active security in this week's market and 9,980 shares changed hands. The last sales were made at 211-4, and the stock closed with 211-8 bid, an advance of 31-8 points for the week. The Preferred stock after selling down to 50, made a good recovery and closed with 57 bid, a net loss of 3-4 of a point from last week's closing quotation on sales of 1,780 shares. The transactions in the Bonds involved \$32,000, and the closing bid was 79, an advance of 2 points over last week's closing quotation. Dominion Coal Common in sympathy with the rest of the market shows a recovery on quotation, and closed with 611-2 bid, the total transactions involving 680 shares. In the Preferred stock, 37 shares changed hands, but there were no transactions in the Bonds. Despite the labour troubles of the Nova Scotia Steel Company, the Common stock has held firm and the closing bid of 691-4 shows a good advance over last week's quotation, the total transactions involving 1010 There were no transactions in the Preferred shares. stock nor in the Bonds.

There were no transactions in Lake of the Woods Conmon this week, but in the Preferred stock 159 shares were dealt in, these sales being made between 107 1-2 and 109, while in the Bonds \$11,000 changed hands, the last sales being made at 107. There were no transactions in the Cotton stocks, and the closing quotations were as follows:—Dominion Textile Preferred 98 1-2 asked 97 1-4 bid, Canadian Colored Cotton 57 asked 52 bid, Montreal Cotton 129 asked 124 bid.

The bank rate for call money in Montreal remains unchanged at 6 p. c. but there is a tendency to somewhat easier supplies. The ruling rate for money in New York today was 23-4 p. c., while in London the quotation was 33-4 p. c.

	1	Per Cent
Call money in Montreal		6
Call money in New York		23-4
Call Money in London		33-4
Bank of England rate		5
Consols		. 86 7-8
Demand Sterling		81-8
Demand Sterning		91-6
30 days' Sight Sterling at continental The quotations for money at continental	point	s are as
follows: Ma	rket.	Bank.
Paris	3	3
Darlin	4 5-8	6
Amsterdam	4 11-16	5

41-2 Vienna ..... 41-4 Brussels ..... 35-8 Wednesday, P. M. February 6, 1907.

### . . . .

To-day's market was firm with an upward tendency in prices, Montreal Street selling up to 226 and Montrea Power to 91, while Dominion Iron Common touched 23 1-and closed with 22 3-4 bid. Soo Common, which close with 109 bid yesterday, had a good advance and sold up to 112 and the closing bid was 113 1-2. Twin City sold a 103 3-4 and Toronto Rails at 113, while Detroit Railway touched 79. The market closed firm and the volume of stock offering was limited.

Thursday, P. M., February 7, 1907.

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MONTREAL CLEARINGS for the week ending Feb. 7th 1907, are \$32,212,234. Corresponding weeks of 1906 and 1905 gave showings of \$31,778,287 and \$22,106,661.

TORONTO CLEARING HOUSE returns for the weel ending Feb. 7, 1907 amount to \$25,236,749. For the cor responding week of last year they were \$23,093 630.

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### TRAFFIC EARNINGS.

The gross traffic earnings of the Grand Trun Canadian Pacific, Canadian Northern, Dulut South Shore & Atlantic railways, and the Montrea Toronto, Halifax, Twin City, Detroit, United an Havana street railways, up to the most recent dat obtainable, compared with the corresponding perio for 1905 and 1906, were as follows:

#### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Year to date,	1904.	1905.	1906.	Increase
Dec. 31 \$3	4,565,691	\$35,569,973	\$41,379,512	\$4,809,539
Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
Jan. 7	580,966	613,954	756,517	142,563
14	612,601	652,998	768,754	115,756
21	628,134	675,257	715,666	40,409
31	852,541	954,230	999,917	45,687
	CANADIAN	PACIFIC RA	ILWAY.	
Year to date	1904.	1905.	1906.	Increase.
Dec. 31	\$48,155,000	\$54,070,000	\$67,142,000	\$13,072,000
Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
Jan. 7	778,000	1,021,000	1,059,000	38,000
14	747,000	1,022,000	899 000	Dec. 123,000
21	750,000	1,009,000	923,000	4. 86,000
31	971,000	1,357,000	1,292,000	4. 65,000

Ī	CAN	ADIAN NOR	THERN RAI	LWAY.	
-		05. •	1906.		Increase.
	June 30 \$3,87		\$5,563,10		691,300
1	Week ending.	1905. 60,200	1906. 78,800	1907. 107.100	Increase, 28,300
	Jan. 7 14	58,800	85,900		c. 4,600
	21	64,300	84,400		-
	31		110,800	90,900 "	19,900
8	D				
			SHORE & A		
•	Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
1	Jan. 7	39,864	41,374	51,709	10,335
1	14	40,672	44,501	51,117	6,616
2	21	47,106	44,982	52,112	7,130
	Mo	NTREAL ST	REET RAILS	VAY.	
	Year to date.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
		2,460,313	\$2,736,061	\$3,105,62 ?	\$369,561
nal	Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
-2	Jan. 7	45,948	53,810	62,217	8.407
d	14	44,085	52,661	58,395	5,734
to	21	46,383	52.620	59,551	6,931
at	31	64,493	77,033	86,800	9,767
y					
of	1	ORONTO ST	REET RAIL	WAY.	
	Year to date.	1904.	1905.	1906.	Increase
			\$2,713,047	\$2,955,994	\$242,947
	Week ending.	1905.	- 1906.	1907.	Increase
h,	Jan. 7	44,120	53,122	57,892	4,770
d	14	45,580	52,518	57,725	5,207
k	21	45,580	53,290	57,063	3,773
r-	31	61,690	77,199	82,133	4,934
	Twin	CITY RAPI	D TRANSIT	COMPANY.	
	Year to date.	1904.	1905.	1906.	Increase.
		4,269,338	\$4,733,335	\$5,592,079	\$858,744
	Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
ık	Jan. 7	81,484	90,932	102,959	12,027
th		78,778	91,090	101,853	10,763
al,	21	77,645	91.728	100,072	8.344
nd					0,014
te	HATTE	AX ELECTR	IC TRANWA	Y Co., LTD.	
bd	and the second se		ay Receipts.		
	Week ending.	1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
	Jan. 7	2,365	2,737	2,904	167
	14	2,365	2,568	2,776	208
539	21	2,416	2,595	2,850	255
se.	31	2,959	3,833	3,857	24
563		DETROIT L	NITED RAI	LWAT.	
756 409		1905.	1906.	1907.	Increase.
409 687	far 7	76,684	88,327	99,696	11,369
	14	77,752	87,171	99,768	12,597
	21	78,138	88,239		8,590
-	. п.	AVANA Ers	CTRIC RAIL	WAT Co.	
000				1907.	
se	Week ending. Jan. 6	190 29,9		34,211	Increase.
000		29.7	54	3.019	4,229



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The Directors have decided to insure properties of every description in Canada at Tariff Rates, in accordance with the needs of the country, and are now prepared to receive

### Applications for Agencies from Leading Agents in all parts of the Dominion.

The LIMITS are as large as those of the best | The FUNDS of the Company will be invested in Canada by LOANS on Real Estate. British Companies.

No ices was suffered by the "Yorkshire" through the serious fires in San Francisco and the Pacific Coast.

Address P. M. WICKHAM, Manager, Montreal.

29,754

29,463

33,019

32, 485

30.805

### STOCK LIST

REPORTED FOR THE CHRONICLE BY R. WILSON-SMITH & CO., 160 ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL. CORRECTED TO FEBRUARY 6th, 1907, P. M.

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BANKB.	Close Prices	or	Par value of one share.	Revenue per cent. on investment at present prices.	Capital subscribed	Capital paid up.	Reserve Fund	Per centage of Rest to paid up Capital.	D,vidend last half year	when Dividend
British North America	Asked			Per Cent.					Per Cent.	
Canadian Bank of Commerce		148	243		4,866,666	4,866,666	2,141.333	44.00	3 31 t	April November
Crown Bank of Canada			100		951,000	927,161	5,000,000	50,00	2	June December
Dominion Eastern Townships	164	159]	100	4 87	3,000,000 2,941,400	3,000,000 2,933,910	3.500,000 1,860,000	116.66	2.	Jan, April July October January, Apl., o. * Oct
Hamilton			100		2,473,700	2,470,090	2.470.090	100.00	2].	
Hochelaga Home Bank of Canada	156		100	5 03	2,001,000 881,200	2,000,000 812,610	1,600.000	72.50 22.31	43	March June, Sept., De. June December
Imperial La Banque Nationale			100		4,720,800	4,515,954	4,515,945	100.00	24.	June December March, June, Sept., Dec
Mershants Bark of Canada	100	168	100	4 70			609,000	40.00		May November
Metropolitan Bank	215	210	100	1	6,000,000 1,000,000	6,000,000 1,000,000	3,600.000	60,00 100,00	4 20	June December Jan., April, July, October
Montreal New Brunswick	256		100	4 78 3 90	3,000,000	8,000,000	3,000,000	100.00 76 40	24.	
		•••	100		707,700	705,93)	1,164,864	165.00	3	March. June, Sept., Dec. Jan., April July, October
Northern Bank Nova Scotia	295	••••	100	4 06	1.250,000	1,093,621				
Ottawa			100		3,000,000 3 000.009	3,000,000 3,000,000	5,040.0 0 3,100,000	168.00	3• 5	Jan., April, July, October
* Ontario People's Bank of N. B.			150		1,500,000	1,500,000 180,01 0	700.000	100.00		
Provincial Bank of Canada			100	1. 6.	829,287	829 212				January December
Quebec Royal Sovereign Bank	140 2404	135	100	5 00	2.000.000	2, 00,000	1,150.000	12.09 £6.00	34	June ecou tos
Sovereign Bank			100	4 51	8.874,500 4,000,000	3,955,480	4,310,916 1,265,230	113.83 34 58	24.	Jan., April. July, Oct. Fah., May, Angust Nov.
			150	••••	1,527,000	1,456,320	1,556,325	110.00	0 3*	Mar June Sept., Dec.
St. Stephens St. Hyscinthe St. Johns Sterling Bank			100		200,000	200,000	47,500	23.25	24	April October Februar: August
Sterling Bank			100		ar 000	316,166	10,000	22 00 3 33	2	August
Toronto	234	230	100	4 23	804,600 3,964,400	629,376 3,943,530	4,418,530	111 48		June December
Traders	See.		100		4,441,600	4,316,426	1,250,000	31.53		Jone December
Traders Union Bank of Halifax Union Bank of Canada	153		69	5 12	1,500 009	1,500.000	1,143,752	76.25	31	Feb., Mar, August, Nov. February Augus
United Empire Bank			100		572,800	400,320	1,500,000	50.00	34	April October
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.					665.000	555,000	300,000	54.54	34	
Bell Telephone			100		10 000 000	9,000,000				
Bell Telephone B. C. Packers Assn "A" do "B" do "Com Can. Colored Cotton Mule Co			100		10,000,000		3,132,876	****	3.	Jan. April July 'et
do Com			100		1,270 000 1,511,400	1,270,000 1,511,400			** .	
Canada General Floatela	57	62	100	7 01	1.475.000	1,475,000			2	
Canadian Pacific Canadian Converters	182	180)	100	8 29	121 680	101.400,00			8	January July. April October
Detroit Electric St XD	784	773	1.00	6 09	1,733,500 12,500, 00	1,783,500 12,500,000	1,431,155		1.	March, June, Sept. Dec. Feby. May Aug. Nov
Dominion Coal Preferred XD			100		8,000,000	3,000 000			34	January, July
Dominion Textile Co. Com.	63	61	100		15,000,000 7 500,00	15,000 000				
Dom. Iron & Steel Com.	981	97) 21)	100	6 93	2.500,000	1,940.000 20,000,000			13.	Jan, April July October
Dominion Coal Preferred XD do Common yominion Textile Co. Com, do Pfd. Dom. Iron & Steel Com. do Pfd. Duluth 8. 8. & Atlantic Halifas Transway Co. Havana Electric Ry Com Com Havana Electric Ry Com Com Historis Trac. Pfd. Discos Trac. Pfd. Discos Trac. Pfd.	59	57	100		5,000,000	5.000.000			-	
do Pfd	101		1.10		12,090.000	2.0 000			. 1	
Havana Electric Ry Com	45	95 43	100	5 94	1,35*,000	1 950,000			14.	an. April July October
Ilinois Trac. Pfd.	85	80 921	190	7 05	5,00°,000 3,214,300	5,000,000			. 1	
Laurentide Paper Com	108	1034	100		1, enter altiet	3,214,300			3	Jan. April July October February August January July
Lake of the Woods Mill Co. Com		1074	100	6 36	1,200,000	1,200,000			34*	April October
Mackay Companies Com	73	71	100	6 25 5 40	1,500,000	48,437,200	**********		11*	March, June, Sept. Dec.
Laurentide Paper, Pom. Laurentide Paper, Pid	704	69 531	100		40,000,000	50,000,000			1.	April October March, June, Sept. Dec. Jan. April July October Jan. April July October
	112	119	100	2 96	13,*00,00× 14,00,000	13,6 +0,000			2	January July
do Pfd Montreal Light, H. & Pwr, Co Montreal Steel Work, Com do do Pfd Montreal Street Railway XD Vontreal Telggraph	129	124	100	5 30	7,000,000	7.000,010			34	March June Seit. Dec
Montreal Steel Work, Com	101	904 97	100	6 66	17,000 000	17,900 000			1.	Feb. May August Nov
Montreal Street Railway	226	224	100	4 06	800.000	80 .000			14	March June Sept. Dec.
Nipissi 12 Mining Co	162	160	40 5.00	4 93	7,030,00 9,000,000	7,000,000	907,623	18.81	2.	Feb. May August Nov.
Northern' Ohio TracCo North-West Land, Com	31	284	100	6 89	6,000,000	6,000,000				3 o/o July 20, '06 50/o Sep. Mar Jun Sep. Dec. [20,'06
Seotia Steel & Coal Co. Com			100		3,090,625	3,090,625	5 1 4 L 4			March.
do Pfd	701	69)	100		4,120 000	5,000.000	750,000	15.00		
and a state count, the second	124	250	100		1,250.000	1,030,000			78	Jan. April June October
ichelieu & Ont. Nav. Co	801	79		6 1/2	2,000.000	2,000,000			1.	Jan. April July October Payatle Dec. 1st
A Anna Channes Barts			100	::::	21,993, 00 7,510,000	21,993,000	1 400 000			Jan, April July October
oledo Ry & Light Co	28	274	100	6 66	800,000	800,000	1,482,250		8	June, December
rinidad Electric Ry	114 3	12	1.50	6 21	12.403,400	7,000,000	1,918,322	22.50	1,	May. November. Jan. Atril outy thetober
A	1 14 4	90	100		9,000.000	1,082,000			1.	Jan. April July October
win City Rapid Transit Co 1D		03	100	1 62	3,000.000 20 000 x 0	2,609,000	1.000		11:	Jan. April, July, Oct
fest India Eleo		**	100		3,000,000	3 300 (00)	1,010,205	4.58	1	Fob. May August Nov. Dec. March June Sept.
Indeor Hotel		75	100	. 66	8,000,600 600,000	8,000,600 000,000 4,000,000				May, V vember fan. April Ju v Osteber
egasteriy. + Anadal & Passo		1	100	2 80	4,500,000	4,000,0 0	686,934		1.	fan, April Ju . Oeteber

· fas arreit and itabilities of this Baat have been taken ever by the Bana of Mentreal

### THE CHRONICLE

BONDS.	Latest Quota- tions.	Rate of Interest per annum.	Amount outstanding.	When Interest due.	Where Interest payable	Date of Maturity,	REMARKS.
Bell Telephone Co		5%	\$2,000,000	1st Oct. 1st Aph	Bk. of Montreal, Mtl	April 1st, 1925	
Can. Colored Cotton Co		6%	2,000,000	2nd Apl. 2nd Oct.		A pril 2nd, 1912	
Dominion Coal Co	991	5 %	5,000,000	1st May 1st Nov.		April 1st, 1940	Redeemable at 105 and Int. after May 1st, 1910
Dominion Cotton Co	93	6 %	1,354,000	Ist Jan. 1st July.		Jany. 1st, 1916	The alter may inc, tore
Dominion Iron Steel Co	79	5%			Bk. of Montreal, Mtl	July 1st, 1929	
Havana Electric Railway.	92	5%	8,061,046	let Feb. 1st Aug.	52 Broadway, N. Y	Feby. 1st, 1952	
Lake of the Woods Mill Co.	108	6 %	1,000,000	1st June 1st Dec,	Merchants Bank of Canada, Montreal	June 1st, 1953	
Laurentide Paper Co	107	6%	1,200,000	2 Jan. 2 July.	Bk. of Montreal, Mtl	Jany. 2nd, 1920	and the solution
Mexican Electric Light Co.	79	5 %	6,000,000	1 Jan. 1 July.		July 1st, 1935	
Mexican Light & Power Co.	811	5 %	12,000,000	I Feb. 1 Aug.	" "	Feby. 1st, 1933	
Montreal L. & Power Co		41%	7,500,000	1 Jan. 1 July		Jany. 1st, 1932	Redeemable at 105 and
Montreal Street Ry. Co	103	43%	1,500,000	1 May 1 Nov.		May 1st, 1922	Int. after 1912.
N. S. Steel & Coal Co		6 %	2,500,000	1 Jan. 1 July.	Bk. of N. Scotia, Mtl.	July 1st, 1931	
Ogilvie Milling Co		6 %	1,000,000	1 June 1 Dec.	Bk. of Montreal, Mtl	July 1st, 1932	Redeemable 115 and Int. after 1912.
Price Bros		6 %	1,000,000	1 June 1 Dec.		June 1st, 1925	Redeemable at 105 and Interest.
Sao Paulo	923	5 %	6,000,000	I June 1 Dec.	C. B. of C., London Nat. Trust Co., Tor		
Textile Series " A "	91	6 %	758,500	1 March 1 Sept.	Royal Trust Co., Mtl.	March 1st, 1925	Redeemable at 110 and Interest.
" "B"		6%	1,162,000	"	" "	"	Redeemable at par at ter 5 years.
·· "C"		6 %	1,000,000	Ch Singers	"""	"	Redeemable at 105 an. Interest.
" "D"		6%	450,000			*	
Winnipeg Electric	105	5%	3,500,000	Jan. 1 July.	Bk. of Montreal, Mtl	Jany. 1st, 1935	

STOCK LIST Continued.

For Agencies in Canada Please address EDWARD E. PASCHALL, Supt. of Agencies,

NONTREAL.

German American Insurance Company New York

STATEMENT, OCTOBER 31, 1906

\$1,500,000 NET SURPLUS 5,146,204 ASSETS 13,527,388

AGENCIES THROUGHOUT UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

F

# The North American Life

### Assurance Company, Toronto.

REPORT SUBMITTED AT TWENTY - SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING.

The North American Life Assurance Co, held its Annual Meeting on Tuesday, the 29th day of January, 1907. The President, Mr. John L. Blaikie, was appointed Chairman, and the Managing Director, Mr. L. Goldman, Secretary, when the following report was submitted:---

The policies isued for the year, together with those revived, amounted to the sum of \$4,364,694, being New Business less than the new business transacted for the previous year. Owing to the conditions prevailing in the life insurance business on this continent, the Directors considered that in the interests of the policyholders the reduction in expenses was of great er importance than expansion in new business, and in this respect the Statment presented shows they have been eminently successful, by making the very large

Saving reduction of about five per cent. in one year in the ratio of expenses to premium income. This percent-

age of reduction has resulted in the material saving in expenses of \$48,996.49, as compared with the pre-In 131 1 Expenses vious year.

The cash income for the year from Premi ms, Interest, etc., was \$1,746,544, showing the satisfac-Cash Income tory increase for the year of \$86,480.94.

The amount paid on policy-holders' acount was \$589,195,68, and of this amount the sum of Payments To Policy-holders \$306,179.53 represents payments for divid nds, matured endowments, etc.

The assets increased during the year by the sum of \$831,050,79, and now amount to \$7,799,064,45. Assets

After making ample provision for all liabilities, including special addition to the reserve fund, and Addition To Reserve paying a relatively large amount for dividends to policy-holders during the year, there was a Net Surplus handsome addition made to the net surplus which now amounts to \$650,209,08, the year's work from Increased the financial standpoint being the best in the Company's history.

The assets of the Company have been, as heretofore, invested in the best class of securities; a detailed Assets Safely Invested list of these will be published with the Annual Report for distribution.

As heretofore, the Company's books were closed on the last business day of the year, and Full Report Sent To Government in due course full reports with detailed list of the securities held by the Company were sent to the Government.

Monthly A monthly examination of the books of the Company was made by the auditors, and at the close of Audit the year they made a thorough scrutiny of all the securities held by the Company. In addition to the examination of the securities by the Auditors, a Committee of the Board, consisting of two Directors, audited these securities each quarter

Owing to Dominion Legislation providing that judges should not be Directors of corporations, the First Vice-President, Hon. Sir William R. Mere ith, K.C., who had been associated with the Company for many years, much to its advantage, felt compelled to resign his position on the Board of the Company, and the Directors accepted the same with great reluctance.

It will be the duty of this Meeting to elect a Director to fill the vacancy thus created.

The Insurance Legislation enacted in New York State, which went into effect January 1st, 1907, had the effect of our Manager and Agents there declining to accept the statutory terms of remuneration, and it was therefore found necessary to cease writing new business in the State. Provision has been made at the Syracuse office to look after the interests of Policy-holders in that State, while the large deposit will remain there for the security of Policy-hold rs in the United States.

The care and attention manifested in their duties by the Company's Officers, Provincial Managers, Inspectors, District Agents, and all other Agens, are deserving of the highest commendation.

### L GOLDMAN.

J. L. BLAIKIE, President.

Managing Director.

The Annual Report, showing marked proofs of the solid position of the Company, and containing a list of the securities held, and also those upon which the Company has made collateral loans, will be sent in due course to each policy-holder.

THE CHRONICLE.

# North American Life Assurance Co.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1906.

	Disbursements.
Receipts.     December 31, 1906—     To Cash for Premiums\$1,409,928.07     `` Income on Investments, etc325,547.38     `` Rent (less taxes and all charges)	December 31, 1906— \$ 134,467.96   By Expenses. \$ 134,467.96   "Commissions, Expenses, and Salaries to Agents. 213,844.16   "Payments for Death Claims. 272,194.67   Matured Endowments. 64,101.00   Surrended Policies. 56,051.03   Matured Investment Policies 94,048.34   Dividends to Policy-holders. 91,979.16   Annuitants. 10,821.48   Interest on Guarantee Fund. 6,000.00   Applied to Real Estate, etc. 3,114.19   "Special Deposit Repaid. 12,741.86
\$1,792,794.54 \$8,458,875.72	\$7,499,511.87
Assets.   December 31, 1906—   By First Mortgages on Real Estate, etc	Fund. Fund. 5,359.3   paid. 5,359.3   " Premiums paid in advance. 2,313.7   " Premiums paid in advance. 14,022.3   " Interest on Policy Loans paid in advance. 14,022.3   " Provision for Policies subject to surrender value. 4,130.0   " Matured Endowments due and unpaid. 4,715.0   Statements Surrender
\$7,799 064.4	New Insurance issued during 1906 (gross)\$ 4,364,694. Insurance in force at end of 1906 (gross)38,146,331.

We certify that we have examined the Books, Vouchers and Securities. The above Balance Sheet correctly shows the position of the Company as at the 31st December, 1906.

H. D. LOCKHART GORDON, F.C.A. (Can.) Auditors. JOHN H. YOUNG, F.C.A. (Can.)

President:-JOHN L. BLAIKIE. Vice-Presidents:-E. GURNEY, Esq.; J. K. OSBORNE, Esq. Directors:-Hon. SIR J. R. GOWAN, K.C.M.G., LL.D., K.C.; M. J. HANEY, Esq.; LIEUT.-COL D. McCRAE, Guelph; JOHN N. LAKE, Esq; W. K. GEORGE, Esq.; J. D. THORBURN, M.D., Medical Director; J. A. PATERSON, K.C. Secretary:-W. B. TAYLOR, B.A., LL.B. Managing Director:-L. GOLDMAN, A.I.A., F.C.A. Assistant Secretary:-W. M. CAMPBELL. Actuary:-D. E. KILGOUR, M.A., A.I.A. T. G. MCCONKEY, Superintendent of Agencies.

G, HERBERT SIMPSON, MANAGER-MONTREAL.

# **Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation**

### ANNUAL MEETING.

The Seventh Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation was held in the

Head Office of the Corporation, Toronto Street, Toronto, on Tuesday the 5th inst. at 12 o'clock noon. In the unavoidable absence of the President, Mr. W. H. Beatty, the Chair was taken by the First Vice-President, Mr. W. G. Gooderham. The Secretary, Mr. George H. Smith, was appointed Secretary of the Meeting, and read the report of the Directors for 1906 and the General Statement of Assets and Liabilities, which are as follows:-

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT.

The Directors herewith submit to the Shareholders the Seventh Annual Statement of the business of the Corporation, duly verified by the Auditors.

..... 250,000.00 Transferred to Reserve Fund. Balance carried forward at credit of Profit and Loss..... .... 68,756.89

#### \$678,756.89

W. H. BEATTY, President.

Our total Assets now amount to \$26,206,337.54. The addition of \$250,000 to the Reserve makes that fund \$2,459,-000, equal to more than forty per cent, of the paid-up Capital Stock. All which is respectfully submitted,

Toronto, January 22, 1907.

### GENERAL STATEMENT

### LIABILITIES.

#### Liabilities to the Public

Deposits and Accrued Interest	
Debentures_Sterling_and Accrued Interest (£1,961,454 1s 0d)	
Debentures_Currency_and Accrued Interest	
Debenture Stock and Accrued Interest (£91,800)	
Sundry Accounts	
	\$17.507.516.75

Liabilities to Shareholders,

Capital Stock																						
Reserve Fund		• •												 	 					 		 2,450,000.00
Balance carried forward	at	cr	edit	0	11	Pro	fit	an	d I	LOS!	8			 	 		۰.			 		 68,756.89
Dividend No. 14																						
Dividends Unclaimed		÷.						• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	•	 •	 1	•					63	
										•••		•••		 	 		•	· · ·	• • •			 180 063.90

8.698.820.79

\$26,206.337 54

#### ASSETS

Mortgages on Real Estate																				
Advances on Bonds and Stocks	••••	• ••	••	••	••	••	••	* *	••	••	••	• •	• •	•	••	••	••			
Municipal Debentures, Bonds, Etc																		 	 	 \$24,755,810.59 529,744.15
Office Premises (Toronto, St. John and	1 R	gins	1)															 	 	 324,104.32
Cash on hand and in Banks																		 	 	 596,678,48

\$26 206.337 54

### R. S. HUDSON. | Joint General Managers.

We beg to report that we have made an audit of the accounts, and examined the vouchers and securities of the Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation for the year 1906. We certify the accompanying Statement is a true exhibit of the Corporation's affairs as shown by the books at at 31st. December, 1906.

#### Toronto, January 22, 1907.

### A. E. OSLER, A.C.A. HENRY BARBER, F.S.A.A. (Eng.) Auditors.

The adoption of the Directors' Report was then moved by the First Vice-President, Mr. W. G. Gooderham, and seconded by the Second Vice-President, Mr. W. D. Matthews. The motion was unanimously carried. The election of Directors resulted in the re-election of Messrs. W. H. Beatty, W. G. Gooderham, W. D. Mat-thews, J. Herbert Mason, Ralph. K. Burgess, George F. Galt, Winnipeg, George W. Monk, S. Nordheimer, R. T. Riley. Winnipeg, and Fredericks Wyld. The Board met after the adjournment of the Annual Meeting and re-elected the following Officers:-Presi-dent, W. H. Beatty, Chairman of the Board, J. Herbert Mason, First Vice-President, W. G. Gooderham, Second Vice-President, W. D. Matthews.

FEBRUARY 8, 1907 THE CHINC	
Provincial Ban GENERAL STATEMENT	
Liabilities. Notes of the Bank in circulation	Assets. Specie, Dominion Notes and notes of and cheques on other Banks
Notes of the bank in interest\$ 626,399.99 Deposit not bearing interest\$ 626,399.99 Due to Banks and individual depo- sitors	Deposits with other Banks in Canada, Chie 479,433.43 ed States and Europe
Total of obligations to the public.   \$5,111,555.44     CAPITAL PAID UP.   \$29,212.50     RESERVE FUND.   150,000.60     Balance of Profits carried forward.   63,648.14	cure circulation. Municipal debenture, other bonds and public effects authorized by-law. Call and time loans on stock and bonds
Balance of Fronts carrier	\$3,382,589,25 Current loans in Canada and other assets
\$6,154,416.08	and branches (29 onces)
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCO	UNT DECEMBER 31st, 1906
Dr. Balance at Credit of Profit and Loss account, brought forward from last year	Cr. WHICH HAS BEEN APPROPRIATED AS FOLLOWS: Dividend

TANCREDE BIENVENU, General Manager.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF DIRECTORS TO SHAREHOLDERS 23rd JANUARY, 1907

Rest Account.

.. .. .. ..

\$290,729.68

GENTLEMEN.

We now desire to lay before you our annual report for 1906; this entire period has shown very marked progress,

Amount at Credit on 31st of December, 1906..

You will recall that authorization was granted to the Board, by the General Meeting, held on the first of March last, to increase the Capital Stock of the Bank to TWO MILLION DOLLARS. This increase has been sanctioned by the Department of Finance, at Ottawa, Our present operations and their continual and rapid development commanded imperatively that we should add to our capital. However, as such an increase cannot be profitable without a corresponding increase in the circulation of without a corresponding increase in the circulation of bank-notes, it was thought advisable to make partial issues of stock in order to reach TWO MILLION DOL-LARS progressively and as the needs of business would require. The issue of October last, as you are aware, has been over subscribed four times, this user aware, has been over subscribed four times; this bears very gratifying testimony to the confidence which your Institution enjoys.

During the past year, we have added to the number of ur branches, by opening new offices in Montreal, St. Custache, Vercheres, Coteau Station, St. Croix, Jeune our Eustache, Vercheres, Lorette and Three Rivers,

We have established, in this city, a new Branch Office on Beaubien Street, St. Denis Boulevard.

Our operations now extend over 24 Towns and Villages in the Province and in Montreal, over four branch offices, forming a total of 29 with the main office. All these branches have been, during the past year, regularly in-

spected from time to time by the Auditor. We have resolved upon making to the bank premises, on Place d'Armes, the alterations and enlargements ur-

gently required by a steady and rapid increase in business, These alterations will allow us to preserve to our main office its excellent situation, and to extend to our clients the advantages and comfort of premises thoroughly com-

30th of June, 1906..... Transferred to Rest Account on the 31st of December, 1906.....

Amount carried forward to next year ...

.. .. .. .. ..

Compared with the Books and found correct,

\$150,000.00

50.000

A. S. HAMELIN, Auditor.

150,000.00 63.648.14

\$290,729.68

plete and modern. Our foreign connections have greatly increased, both in number and importance, and will, before long, constitute

one of the principal departments of the Bank. The total amount of the assets, up to the 3ist of Decem-ber, 1906, exceeds SIX MILLION DOLLARS, and the deposits, both of the saving and commercial departments show a very substantial surplus over 1905.

The constant manner in which both these items have grown clearly proves the confidence and appreciation of the public and the corresponding remarkable development

of the operations of the Bank, If you take into consideration the reserve which older banks possess you will note that your institution ranks high among Canadian banks for the percentage of its net

profits during 1906. As a consequence of the addition to the capital of the Bank and of the increase in its business, you will be called upon to approve a by-law raising from five to seven the number of its Directors. Another by-law concerning the Board of Control will also be submitted to your approval. You have no doubt learned by the press the determina-

tion of your Board to pay dividends quarterly. Payment of interest on savings deposits will also be made every three months,

The Board of Control will now submit its annual report. We desire, once more, to testify to the excellent work of PROVINCIAL BANK OF CANADA. - Continued.

the comptrollers, which our daily intercourse allows us to better appreciate

Mr. George B. Burland, one of your Directors, on account of ill-health, has found it imperative to resign from the Board; you will, without doubt, hear with regret of his departure. By order of his physician he has left Canada for a long voyage, seeking to regain his strength under more favorable climates.

Mr. Burland is one of those who have laid the corner stone of this Institution, and we esteem it our duty to thank him for his unceasing and telling efforts towards the up-building and expansion of our Bank. He kept himself informed even of the details of our operations and often did we appreciate his sound judgement and good advice.

We hope you will join the board in their high appreciation of the work done by our General Manager and by our entire staff, they have, without doubt, largely contributed to the results obtained.

For the Board of Directors,

#### (Signed) " G. N. DUCHARME." President.

#### **REPORT OF THE BOARD OF CONTROL**

The Board of Control takes pleasure in submitting their report for the year ending the 31st of December, 1906,

We have the honour of informing you that we have monthly made a minute verification of the bonds, deben-We tures and other similar values held specially to meet all deposits of the savings Department, as called for by the following by-laws passed at the Shareholders' meeting of January 23rd, 1901:

"That all savings deposits or deposits bearing interest, "without distinction as to their amount, be loaned only on "the guarantee of stocks, debentures or other securities of "equal value."

We have found the whole exact, as the minutes of our deliberations will attest. We note with satisfaction the progress made by your

Bank, which ranks among our best Canadian institutions, and which renders great service to commerce and industry.

### **MONTREAL PARK & ISLAND** RAILWAY COMPANY

LACHINE.—From Post Office 20 min. service, 5.40 a.m to 8.00 p m., 30 min. service, 8.00 p.m. to midnight. From Lachine 20 min. service, 5.50 a.m. to 8.45 p.m., 30 min. service, 8.45 p m to 12.45 midnight. Sanlt auRecollet. — From St. Denis and Henderson Station, 30 min. service, 6 a.m. to 9 a.m. ; 40 min. service, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.; 30 min. service, 4 p.m. to 8 20 p m.; 40 min. service, 8.20 p.m. to 12 midnight. Last car from 'sault, 12 p.m.; from St. Denis, 12.20 p.m. Extra card ally from Chenneville St. to Henderson Station at 6.10 p.m. Moun-tain—From Mt. Royal Avenue, 20 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to 11'40 p.m. From Victoria Avenue, Westmount 20 min. ser-vice, 5.50 a.m. to 11.50 p.m.; Cartierville.—From Snowdon's Junction, 40 min. service, 5.40 a.m. to 11.4° p.m LACHINE .- From Post Office 20 min. service, 5.40 a.m.

Your Bank offers to depositors the full measure of security which can be obtained under the Banking Act, For the Board of Control

#### "E. P. LACHAPELLE, (Signed) Vice-President

At the General Annual Meeting of Shareholders, MM, H. Laporte, G. N. Ducharme, S. Carsley, Hon. Louis Beau-bien, Rod. Forget, G. M. Bosworth and Tancrede Bienvenu, have been elected Directors.

At the Meeting of Directors held the same day, H. La-At the Meeting of Directors held the same day, H. La-porte, Esq., was elected President of the Board of Direc-tors and S. Carsley, Esq., Vice-President. At the same meeting, Hon. Sir Alex, Lacoste has been elected President of the Board of Control and Doctor E. P.

Lachapelle, Vice-President.

Are also members of the Board of Control, the President, the General Manager and M. A. S. Hamelin, the Auditor of the Bank



### The B. C. Agency Corporation, Ltd.

### OF VANCOUVER

TRANSACTS all kinds of Financial and Commercial Agency Business on Commission Terms, Real Estate Investments a Specialty. Sole British Colum bia Representatives of Manufacturing and other Firms. Sole Agents for many leading Trade and Finance Journals, including the "Monetary Times" of To-ronto, and "Canada" of London, England. Com-modious Offices and Warehouse. Large staff and efficient organization. Reliable information and advice given gratis, to all enquirers. Foreign Correspondents answered promptly and fully. Funds can be invested at 7 per cent. without expense and with complete security.

> BANKERS : THE NORTHERN BANK London Agents : PAPP'S BANK, Ltd.

P. O. Box 1117 'Phone 2626 Cable Address : "Vital, Vancouver" A. B. C. CODE

Vancouver is a city of Wonderful Possibilities

## The LIVERPOOL and LONDON and GLOBE **Insurance Company**

**Cash** Assets exceed Canadian Investments exceed Claims paid exceed

\$56.000.000 3,750,000 230,000,000

Canadian Branch: Head Office, Company's Building, Montreal.

CANADIAN DIRECTORS E. S. CLOUSTON, E.q. Chairman, GEO. E. DRUMMOND, Esq., F.W. THOMPSON, Esq. JAMES CRATHERN, Eso

J. GARDNER THOMPSON,

Resident Manager

WM. JACKSON, Deputy Manager.

		urance
IFE	ANCASHIRE Com	pany
	G DIRECTORATE AN ECONOMICAL MANAGE	MENT
	Company to its Policy-holders and Represen B. HAL BROWN, General Ma	
SUN	LIFE Assurance Con of Canada	mpany
survey issued and pa	1905 FIGURES aid for in cash \$18.612,056.51 The Company completed the placing of policies on the 34% basis, although the policies on the 34% basis, although the	all law ing 616.541.35
ash Increase ov Increase ov Increase ov Assets at 31st December	er 1904 21,309,384.82 Surplus over an Table with 34% cording to the Hm Table with 34% terest And in addition paid policy-holders in p	in- 1,735,698.59 rofite166,578.30 2,921,810.00
Increase in surplus	er 1904 3.457.623.90 Surplus by Government Standard 1.177.793.50 Life Assurances in force Increase over 1904 Prosperous and Progressive	95,290,894 . 7 9,963,231 . 8
	COMPETENT ME	EN
North American Life/	Those desirous of making a good conne	ction with a topportuni
Solid Continent	ties to the right men, should commune T & McCONKEY. Supt. of Agencies	
	NORTH AMERICAN L Home Office, TORONTO, ONT.	
	D MILCON SMITH	
	R. WILSON-SMITH	
	Financial Agent	real
	) St. James Street, : :	ates. Insurance
Specialty	INVESTMENT SECURITIES—Suitable for Banks, Irus Las Companies, Permanent Investments for Deposit with Canad	

FEBRUARY 8, 1907



### The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Limited Canadian

OF LONDON. ENGLAND .. .. ..

Personal Accident, Health, Liability and Fidelity Guarantee Insurance

Most Liberal Policies Issued **Offices: MONTREAL - TORONTO** Managers for Canada, GRIFFIN & WOODLAND



STANDS FIRST in the liberality of its Policy Contracts, in financial strength, and in the liberality of its loss settlements



### Northern Assurance Co. "Strong as the Strongest" INCOME AND FUNDS. 1905 Head Office for Canada.

Fire Premiums Life Premiums . Interest Accumulated Funds. \$5,629,580 1,355,000 1,100,000 31,135,000

MONTREAL

ROBT. W. TYRE. Man.

# The OntarioAccident Insurance Company

HEAD OFFICE: Bastmure & Lightbourn Building, TORONTO, ONT. BRANCH OFFICES: British Empire Building, MONTREAL, and LONDON, ENG.

### CAPITAL:

Authorized, \$500,000.00 Subscribed, \$105,050.00 Paid up in Cash, \$51,420.00 Sickness (Limited and Unlimited) ; Employers, Elevator, Reserve and Contingent Funds (1905), . . \$81,00000 Teams; Merchants, Contingent, Vessel, Theatre, Ice

Deposit with Dominion Government, . . 42,232.00 Premium Income (1905), . . . . . . . 252,421.66 Claims Paid (1905) . . . . . Vice-President. W. H. PEARSON.

President and Managing Director, ARTHUR L. EASTMURE.

Workmen's Collective Property Damage Secretary, FRANCIS J. LIGHTBOURN

**Business Transacted:** 

(Sidewalk), Signs (Advertising) and General Liability :

Personal Accident (on all popular plans); Disease and

# **TO AGENTS**

There is always a place for a good man among the field workers of the Canada Life.

Men of good character, willing to work with a permanent connection in view, should address

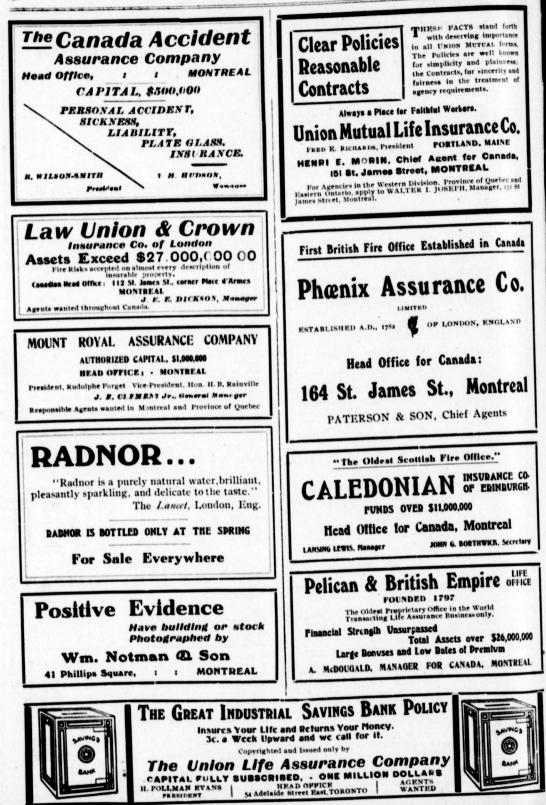
The Canada Life Assurance Co.



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### THE CHRONICLE



SEALED TENDERS addressed to "The Board of Control," and marked "Tender for Debentures," will be received at the office of the City Comptroller, City Hall, Winnipeg, Manitobs, up to noon, on FRIDAY, THE 1ST MARCH NEXT.

For the Purchase of

1,594,506.55 Of the City of Winnipeg Debentures

Having an average term of about 224 years, and bearing interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum, payable half yearly in London, England, New York, Montreal. Toronto and Winnipeg. a the holder's option. Principal payable in Winnipeg in gold or its equivalent.

\$	118.174.97 Run 7	Years	from	lst May,	1906	
*	57.365.93 Run 10	"	**	"	**	
	90,330.02 Run 15			**	"	
	318,218.04 Run 20	**	**	"	"	
	920,417.59 Run 30	**	**	"	**	
	90,000.00 Run 30	"	**	17th Jan ,	1906	

### \$1.594,506.55

Purchas r to pay accrued interest on current coupons and tate delivery and make payment in Winnipeg. Tenders may be for the whole or part. No tender necessarily accepted. Further information desired will be furnished on application. D. S. CURRY, City Comptroller.

WINNIPEG, 18th January, 1907.



#### Business There is one

Which has many tempting openings for energetic men. Its ranks are not overcrowded and capital is not needed for success. This business is the Field Work of a successful Life Company

One of the best Companies in Canada to represent is the Manufacturers Life. It has many good field positions vacant and its own success bespeaks success for its agents.

Apply to

### Che Manufacturers Life Insurance Co.

Toronto, Ontario Head Office, .



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Threadneedle Street. - - London, Eng.

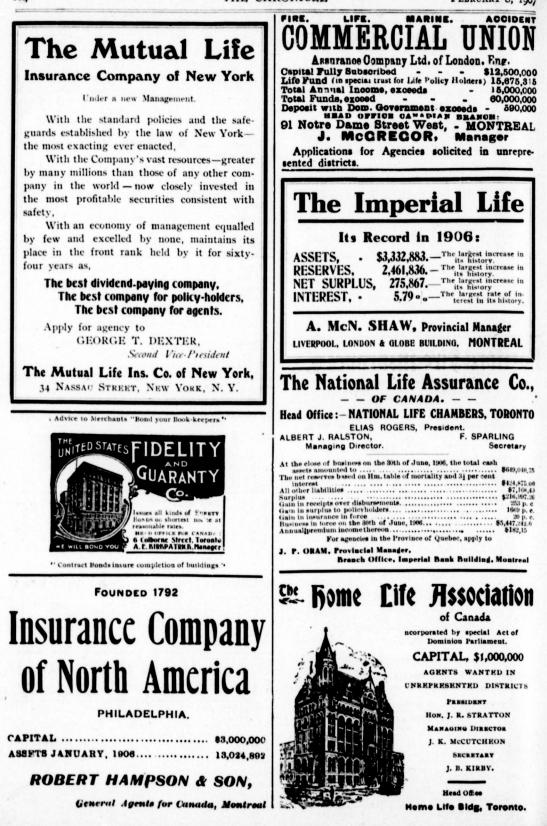
Transacts Fire business only, and is the oldest insurance office in the world. Surplus over capital and all liabilities exceeds \$7.000,000.

CANADIAN BRANCH: 15 Wellington Street East, - Toronto Ont. H. M. BLACKBURN, Manager.

This Company commenced business in Canada by depositing \$300,000 with the Dominion Government for security of Canadian Policy-holders.









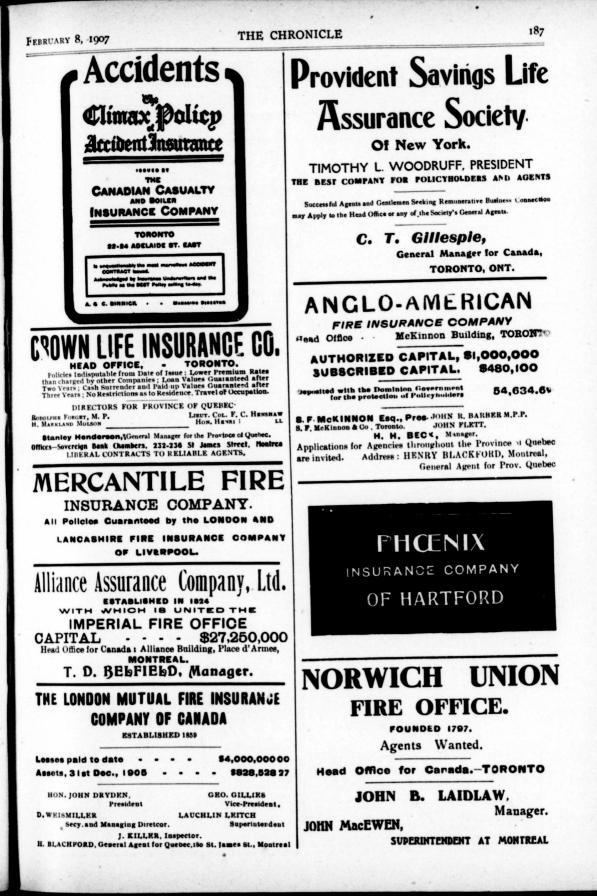
Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in Canada and the United Sta tes

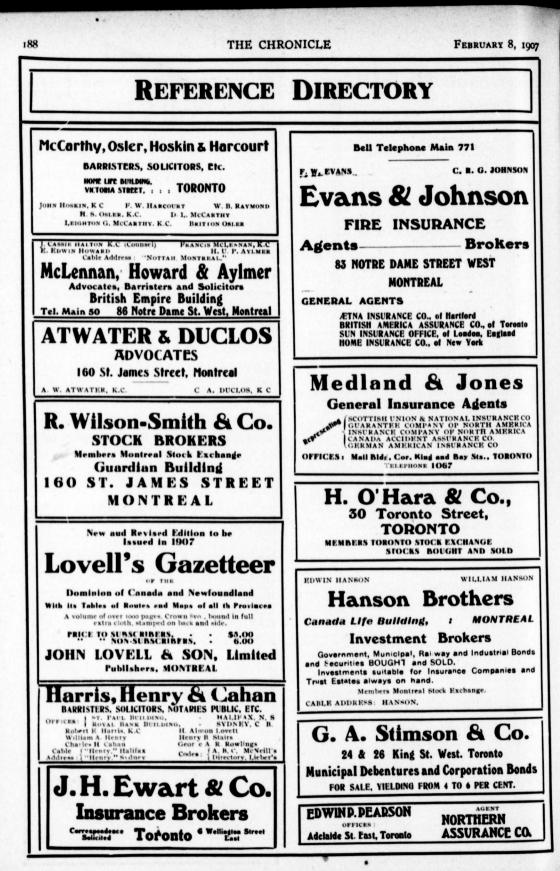
T. L. MORRISEY, Resident Manager

185

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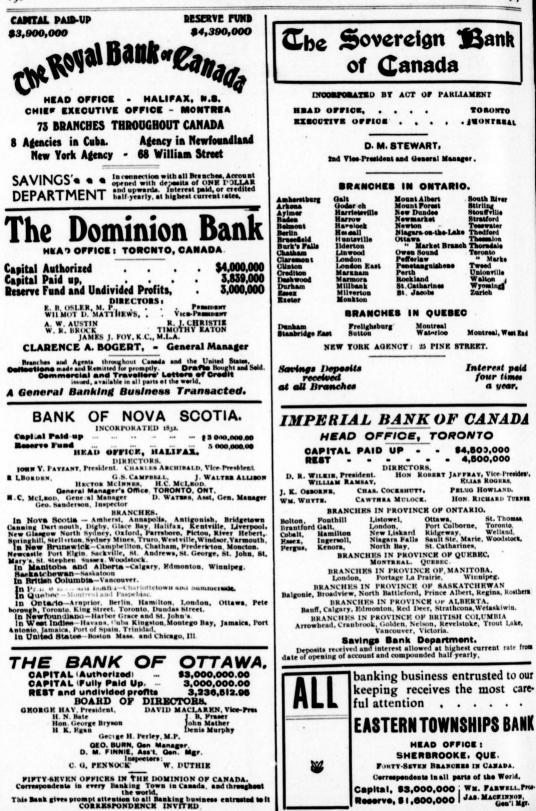


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FEBRUARY 8, 1907



### THE CHRONICLE



### OF COMMERCE \$10,000,000 **Paid-up Capital** 5.000.000 HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO BOARD OF DIRECTORS : BOARD OF DIRECTORS : ROBT. KILGOUR. Rsq., Vice-Pres. HON. GRO. A. COX MATTRIRW LRGGAT. Rsq. JAMES CRATHREN, Rsq. JOHN HOSKIN, Esq., K.C., LL.D. W. FLAVRELLE, Rsq. A. KINGMAN, Rsq. K.C. K.C.

ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager A. H. IRELAND, Superintendent of Branches.

### 169 Branches in Canada, United States and England.

Montreal Office : F. H. Mathewson, Manager

London (England) Office : 60 Lombard Street, E.C. S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

New York Office :-- 16 Exchange Place Wm. Gray and H. B. Walker, Agents,

This Bank transacts every description of Banking Business, including the issue of Letters of Credit and Drafts on Foreign Countries, and will negotiate or receive for collection Bills on any place where there is a Bank or Banker.

### THE MOLSONS B

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1853, "X 20%

<b>Capital Paid Up</b>		•	•	\$3,000,000
Reserve Fund		•	• .•	3,000,000

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WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President. W. M. RAMSAY, J. P. CLEOHORN H. MARKLAND MOLSON, I.T.-COL. F. C. HENSRAW WM. C. MCINTTER.

JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager.

A. D. DURNFORD, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches. W. W. L. CHIPMAN, J. H. CAMPBELL, Asst. Inspectors W. H. DRAPER, Inspector. BRANCHES:

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HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA HEAD O		ASSOCIATION.	
W. C. MACDONALD. W. W. W		PRESIDENT:	
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desiring to represent a foremost British Life In- surance Office are invited to communicate with the <b>ROYAL INSURANCE COMPAN</b> HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA MONTRE A Company affording its policy-holders security un- surpassed by that of any Office in the world. Reserves valued at 3 p.c. Expenses 83 p.c. of in- come. The same rate of profits to policy-holders has been paid for 40 years. Moderate premiums. Guar- anteed values after payment of 2 years' premiums. ADDRESS ARCH. R. HOWELL, LIFE SUPERINTENDENT <b>QUEEN INSURANCE ONLY-ABSOLUTE SECURITY.</b> FIRE INSURANCE ONLY-ABSOLUTE SECURITY.		STA VICE-PRESIDENT CANADIAN PACIFIC	RAILWAT,
WM MACKAT, Manager,	ROY HEAD OF A su	AL INSURANCI FICE FOR CANADA Company affording its policy- rpassed by that of any Or	E COMPAN MONTRI holders security un- fice in the world.
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CAPITAL AND ASSETS \$3,293,913 PAID POLICYHOLDERS IN 1905	ROYA HEAD OF A SU RC CO Be AT QUE WM. MACKAT	AL INSURANCE FICE FOR CANADA Company affording its policy- rpassed by that of any Of serves valued at 3 p.c. Expendence one. The same rate of profits to the paid for 40 years. Modera the dvalues after payment of DRESS ARCH. R. HOWELL, LIT EN INSURANCE ONLY-ABSON FIRE INSURANCE ONLY-ABSON Manager. Federal Life Assist Head Office, AND ASSETS LICYHOLDERS IN 1905	E COMPAN MONTRI holders security un- fice in the world. enses 83 p.c. of in- opolicy-holders has te premiums. Guar- 2 years' premiums. E SUPERINTENDENT E COMPAN UTE SECURITY. J. H. LABELLE, Asst. Man UTE ASST. MAN ASST. MAN ASST. MAN UTE ASST. MAN ASST. MA
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