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Vol XV.]

TORONTO, MAY 11, 1895.

[Na 12.

BUBIAL IN THE CATACOMBS.

Our picture gives us a vivid illustration of a scene which must have been very common in the early Christian centuries. common in the early Christian centuries. Possibly the dead man may have been a Christian martyr whose body was brought by stealth, at dead of night, from the place of martyrdom to the quiet resting-place of the holy dead in the underground catacombs. These were vast excavations, consisting of long corridors and chambers, sometimes three or four stories, one hereath the other and lined

one beneath the other, and lined on either side with the graves of the dead in Christ. Here the early Christians gathered for worship and for prayer, and sometimes for refuge; but even here they were often followed by their per-secutors, and their place of refuge become their sepulchre. present writer has told the story of those early days in a couple of vol-umes to which he refers those who wish to know more about these strange structures. They are en-titled "The Testimony of the Catacombs," and "Valeria, the Martyr of the Catacombs," Both are for sale at the Methodist Book Rooms, Toronto, Montreal and Halifax.

A DAUGHTER WORTH HAVING.

Two gentlemen, friends who had been parted for years, met in a crowded city street. The one who lived in the city was on his way to meet a pressing business engagement. After a few expressions of delight he said
"Well, I'm off. I'm sorry, but it can't be helped. I will look for

you to morrow at dinner. Remem ber, two o'clock sharp. I want you to see my wife and child."
"Only one child!" asked the

other.
"Only one," came the answer tenderly; "a daughter. But she's a darling."

And then they parted, the stranger in the city getting into a street-car bound for the park. After a block or two a group of five girls entered the car. They tre girls entered the car. They evidently belong to families of wealth; they conversed well. Each carried a very elaborately decorated lunch-basket; each was well dressed. They too were go-ing to the park for a picnic. They seemed happy and amiable

until the car again stopped, this time letting in a pale-faced girl of about eleven and a sick boy of four. These children were shabbily dressed, and on their faces were looks of distress. They too were on their way to the park. The gentleman thought so, so did the group of girls, for he heard one of them say with a look of disdain. "I suppose those raga-

look of disdam. "I suppose those raga-muffins are on an excursion too!"
"I shouldn't want to leave home if I had to look like that! Would you!"
This to another girl.
"No, indeed, but there is no account-ing for taste. I think there ought to be a opecial line of cars for the lower classes.

All this was spoken in a low tone, but the gentleman heard it, and the child too. He glanced at the pale face and saw tears. He was angry. Just then the exclamation, "Why, there is Nettie! Worder where

she is going?" caused him to look out upon the corner, where a sweet faced young girl stood beckening to the car driver. When she entered the car she was warmly greeted by the five, and they made room for her beside them. They warm to five a real-matter as and made room.

"Where are you going?" asked one.
"Where are you going?" asked one.
"Oh, what lovely flowers! Whom are
they for?" said another.
"I am on my way to Bella Clark's. She

"I am glad you are going, the girl re-ied in a low voice, meant for no one a re-except those of the child. "I think "I am glad you are going, the girl replied in a low voice, meant for no one a cars except those of the child. "I think it will do him good, it's lovely there, with the apring flowers all in bloom. But where is your lunch? You ought to have a lunch after so long a ride."

Over the little girl's face came a flush.

"Yes, miss, we ought to for Freddie's sake, but, you see, we hadn't any to bring. Tim he's our brother he saves

It a 'auso sho's boautiful as wc^{11} as her clothes." The gentleman heard her whister.

When the park was reached the five girls arried out. Then the gentleman lifted harried out the little boy in his arms and carried h n the little boy in his arms and carried in out of the car, across the mad, into the park, the sister, with a heart full of gravitude, following. He paid for a nice ride for them in the goat carriage, he treated them to syster soup at the park restaurant. At two o'clock sharp the next day the two gentlames, as agreed.

day the two gentlemen, as agreed,

mut again.

"This is my wifo," he said proudly introducing a lady, "and this," as a young lady of fifteen entered the parlour, "is my daughter."

daughter."

"Ah," said the guest, as he extended his hand in cordial greeting, "this is the dear girl whom ing, "this is the dear girl whom I saw yesterday in the street car I don't wonder you call her a dar ling She is a darling, and no mis take. God bless her!" And And then he told his friend what he had heard in the street-car - Young People's Paper.



PARLY CHRISTIAN BURIAL IN THE CATACOMER.

She Alist ered both questions at once, and then glancing toward the door of the car saw the pale gui looking wistfully at her. She smiled at the child, a tender look beaming from her beautiful eyes, and then, forgetting she were a handsome volvet skirt and costly jacket and that her shapely hands were covered with well fitted players ahe lost her sout and covered with gloves, she left her seat and crossed over to the little one. She laid one hand on the boy's thin cheek as she asked his sister.

This boy is sick, is he not? And he is your brother I am sure."

seemed hard for the girl to answer,

but finally she said:

"Yes, miss, he is sick. Freddie never has been well. Yes, miss, he is my brother. We're going to the park to see if it wen't make Freddie better."

is sick, you know, and the flowers are for his pennies so as Freddie could rule to the her." his pennies so as Freddie could rule to the park and back. I guess mebbe Freddie park and back. I guess mebbe Freddie will forget about being hungry when so get to the jark.

There were tears in the lovely girl's eyes the nice series in the foreign and essain as she latered, and terp soon she saked the nice gai where she lated, and wrote the address down in a tablet which she took from a lag on her arm.

After riding a few blocks she left the car, but she had not left the little ones Half the bounget of violets and hyamitha was clasped in the sister's hand, while the sick boy, with radiant face, held in one hand a package, from which he helped himself new and their saying to his sister in a jubilant whisper.
"She said we could cat 'em all-every

one—when we got to the park. What made her so sweet and good to us?" And the little girl whispered back :

"BRIAR ROSE."

Wz all love a bit of romance. especially when connected with the private lives of the great.

A very pretty story is told as to the first meeting of the imperial rulers of Germany. The duke, then a young man of twenty, was shooting at Prinkenau.

One day he lost his way in the

park, and came upon a rustic rose covered summer-house, where a protty girl was sleeping in a ham

He did not distarb her, but went on his way, thinking of a little German poem known as the "Briar Rose." Later in the day he met the girl in the castle, and saying, "Here is my briar rose again," he introduced himself, and fell in love off hand. They were married on his twenty first birthday. Since that time she has set herself to realize the German ideal of a doroted hausfrau. She gues to bed at half past ten, and rises at an. She begins the day by making her husband's coffee. They dine at husband's coffee. They due at one and take a simple supper at eight. The Empress is now the mother of six boys and one girl, and looks after them assiduously both at work and at play. The

boys are passionately fund of puny rating. They ride ponies given them by the Sul.a., and their mother officiates as judge, decorating the winner with a blue ribbon. The boys learned to fish when thus were at Fehratowe, and pursue the sport of anging with great eagerness. They also like cycling, but their great delight at present is in a miniature fort which has been erected in the palace gardina for their amusement. They have many puts, the facourites, after the pomes, being small dogs, some of whom on one ture to pieces the best part of a treaty, and rent a rescript which was waiting the imperial signature.

Wires God is satisfied with us we shall be satisfied with God.

Juniors, Sing On-BY MARIA SIMPSON.

TONE-" Stand up for Jesus."

Sing on, sing on for Jesus,
God's Junior soldiers, sing,
Till heaven and earth re-ceho
The praises of our King;
Sing on, sing on for Jesus,
Sing lost ones to his feet,
Such harvest-sheaves are precious,
With joy our Lord we'll greet.

Be true, be true to Jesus, God's Junior soldiers brave, In Jesus we shall conquer, For he alone can save; For he alone can save,
Be true, be true to Jesus,
Be loyal to our King,
All glory to our Saviour,
With joy his praises sing.

March on, march on for Jesus,
God's Junior soldiers true,
Beneath the fire-star banner—
The yellow, red, and blue;
March on, march on for Jesus,
And all hell's power defy,
By storm we take the kingdom,
For Jesus live and die.

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Pleasant Hours:

A PAPER FOR OUR YOUNG FOLK. Rev. W. H. Withrow, D.D., Editor.

TORONTO, MAY 11, 1895.

WORK FOR BOYS.

I know a class of boys who are interested in a poor woman who has a sick husband and six little daughters to provide These boys are sons of parents in good circumstances, and many are the glasses of soda-water and pounds of candy which they deny themselves for the sake of "their little girls," as they call them; and frequently on a Saturday before they are out on their bicycles or off for a game of some sort, one or another will go bounding up the four flight of stairs which lead to the tenement where their proteges live, with a special gift for a special little pet.

I know another set of boys who live in

the country, and they collect every season crates of delicious fruit grapes, apples, peaches, and pears—and send them to the poor children in the city. This deserves a story by itself, as I well know, for I sometimes help to distribute the gift, and I can never forget the look of the eager little mouths which are reached up to the little mouths which are reached up to take it—mouths, sometimes, which have not tasted one single bit of fresh fruit all dur-

ing the long hot summer.

My dear boys, I think I have told you enough to give you a hint of how to begin being missionaries. You have only to look about you, and you will find someledy to whom you can lend a helping hand. But if you should fail to find an opening for yourself, just go to your pastor

or teacher, and he will soon put you on the track of somebody; and when you have once begun I don't think you will ever ware to stop, for the great beauty of all such work is that it ennobles the nature of the one who helps as well as comforts and encourages the one who is in need, for as Mr. Lowell so beautifully says,

"Who shares his bread with a beggar feeds

Himself, his suffering neighbour, and Me."

Which is only another way of saying, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these ye have done it unto Me."

And I trust there is not a single boy

who reads these words who would not run with eagerness to do a kindness to his Lord and Saviour.

ON LAUGHING.

Jog on, jog on, the foot-path way And merrily hent the stile-a; A merry heart goes all the day, Your sad tires in a mile-a. -Shakespeare

THERE is no more delightful sound on earth than a hearty laugh. One good laugh will brighten the whole day for the laugher and cheer everybody within hearing. But every laugh is not like that. Some laughs hurt instead of helping, and their sting arms in lang after the analysis. their sting remains long after the careless laugher has gone on his way and forgotten what he was laughing at. I think this is what he was laughing at. I think this is what the Bible means when it gives the kindly warning that there is a time to

Some time since five of my boy friends were appointed a committee to select the subjects for the coming quarter for the young people's prayer-meeting of their church. Four of the boys were the sons of well-to-do parents. They had plenty of of well-to-do parents. They had pienty of money and good clothes, they were well bred, well educated, and altogether de-lightful young fellows. The fifth was a lad who had been born and brought up under very different circumstances. Fatherless, motherless, uneducated, and poor, he had struggled for existence from his babyhood, but through all his troubles he had kept an honest and cheerful heart. Naturally intelligent, he was always learning, and all the boys of the ————————————————Street Church liked and respected Joe.

On the appointed evening the committee met at the house of one of the lads where I was making a visit. They went into the library and held their meeting, and after an hour or so I heard them out in the hall having the last words and giving cordial hand-shakes and good-byes to Joe, who was obliged to leave early. The hall door closed and there was an instant's silence; then the four boys who were left came leap-frogging across the hall and into the dining room where I was sitting, and dropping on the floor around my sofa, they all went off into peals of long-suppressed After a while they managed to laughter. control themselves and tell me the joke. It seemed that Joe had mispronounced a word in a peculiarly funny manner, and the way in which he applied it made it sound supremely ridiculous to the fun-loving lads supremery reflectious to the fun-forms lasts who were listening; but not one of them smiled in the slightest, or even moved a muscle, lest Joe should notice and his feelings should be hurt. They controlled themselves perfectly until Joe had gone, and then nature was too much for them, and they laughed till they cried, when it could do no harm. They prove that could do no harm. They never repeated the story to any of their mates, so Joe's feelings were carefully guarded in every way, and he never knew that he had said anything unusual or absurd. And I thought to myself that the Master whom those boys were serving must have been well pleased at such an instance of their thoughtfulness and self-control.

Never laugh at a jest on a sacred subject even though the temptation may be strong. All such jesting is a species of profanity, and the influence of every boy who is trying to do right should be against it.

There are a great many practical jokes which do not deserve to be laughed at. Anything which causes inconvenience or

pain to another is brutal and cannot by

any possibility be amusing.

Never laugh at a vulgar joke. But laugh at a joke on yourself even if it is a little severe, for it is the best sort of practical severe. tice. Many people can be very witty at other people's expense, who do not like the laugh to be turned on them. It is a good rule never to give a joke that you would not like to take.

But of honest, wholesome, hearty laughter this world can never have too much; so cultivate a merry heart which is brave enough to laugh at the little cares and annoyances of life, and you will find every day plenty of things both gay and sweet to gladden you. This is the kind of heart which the Bible says "does good like a medicine," it is such a heart that Shakespeare meant when he wrote the jolly little song which I have put at the head of this article, and it is the kind of heart which everybody loves and always has loved since the world began. And if you have such a heart you will brighten the "foot-path" way of everyone whom you meet as you travel on life's journey.

THE LIFE-BOAT.

BY M. K. H.

As you look at the life-boat of a vessel, what a small, frail thing it seems to be, and yet, if you were wrecked in mid-ocean, you would not hesitate to trust your life in the keeping of this simple craft. Often whole crews have been saved by the lifeboat. In fact, people would not trust their lives in vessels that carried no life-

We are all sailing in the ocean of life; a stormy sea, whose waves of temptation and evil will swallow us beneath them if we are not sheltered by the "Gospel's Blessed Life-boat," Jesus Christ. If we trust our lives in his keeping we will safely ride the billows, no matter how high or how rough they are, until we enter the harbour, safe forevermore

Earthly life-boats sometimes sink beneath the waves, or overturn, and their precious cargoes of living freight are snatched by the jaws of death, but if you have given your life in Jesus' keeping, what matters it when or how death comes to you, for death will then be only "an entrance into life eternal.

As one would not enter a life-boat to be saved by himself while others are left behind, so must you strive to take as many with you to the other shore as possible. Will you?

"TAKE 'EM, JACK."

A very pleasing incident occurred on one of our busy streets during the heated term—pleasing because of the unselfish spirit it displayed.

It was a fatiguingly hot day, and only those whose business necessitated were found upon the scorching streets. ently a little newsboy appeared in sight. He was not alert and bustling as is the ideal newsboy; on the contrary, he moved along as though each step he took was painful to him. Meeting an acquaintance, he stopped to exchange greetings under the friendly shade of an awning.

"What's the matter with you to-day, Jack? You get along bout as fast as a snail."

"So would you, I guess, Tim Ragan, if your feet were full of blisters walking on the hot sidewalk. Every time I put a foot down it's like to set me crying," the other answered.

Tim looked down at the bare feet in question, and glanced at his own encased in a pair of shoes that had certainly seen duty, but which still afforded protection from the heat of the dazzling pavements. Quick as a flash he dropped down on a step, and the next moment was holding out

his shoes to Jack.

"Here, you can wear them till tomorrow. My feet ain't blistered. Take
'em Jack; it's all right." And away he
went crying "Three o'clock," at the top of
his voice, recentively my conscious that he his voice, seemingly unconscious that he had just performed a brave deed.

ANOTHER LIQUOR TRACEDY.

Into an alegant Saint Louis home, few days ago, came the owner of the mansion, to perpensive a harrible tragedy. Postepssed of a large fucuus, a faithful wife spessed of a large fucuus, a faithful wife and a loving child, there were within har teach many of the elements of local and domestic happiness. On this cost of the man was crazed with drank; his walls hearing his sleigh-bells, supposed that he had come to take her out for a drive; and sent ing his sleigh-bells, supposed that he had come to take her out for a drive, and sent the servant to the door to inquire whether she was to come. He met the servant with a curse, staggered upstairs, and in drunken frenzy, twice shot his wife, and then sent a bullet through the head of his two-year-old love, who had some to greet then sent a bullet through the head of his two year-old boy, who had come to greethis father, and had twined loving little arms about the crazy man's neck. This tragic incident is but one out of hundreds like it which are taking place annually all over the country. Its horrible features can be matched almost every day, taking the country at large. The traffic in liquor the country at large. The traffic in liquor is the source and foundation of these murderous crimes. Surely the reports made in the press concerning these atrocities ought to prompt all good citizens to resolve to exert some positive, earnest, courageous influence towards the destruction of saloon rule in the land. And if good citizens ought to thus resolve, much more should all Christian people determine to smite the iniquitous traffic, at every opportunity, until it bites the dust.



Clinging to the Cross.

Oh! children wandering far from God, In sin and misery;
Jesus did shed his precious blood,
That you might all go free.

"I am clinging to the Cross."

Just now, while you are young in years, To Jesus give your heart,
Oh! give up sin, and all that's wrong.
For heaven make a start.

Jesus in pity looks on you,

He longs to set you free.

He'll wash you in his precious blood, Then you shall happy be.

JUNIOR LEAGUE.

PRAYER-MEETING TOPICS.

May 19, 1895.

THE AUTHOR AND FINISHER.—Hebrer

Jesus Christ is the first and the last. With out him was not anything made that made. He spake and it was done. He made. He spake and it was done. He commanded and it stood fast. As in nature so in grace. He begins the work of salvation in the hearts of all who believe. He works in the hearts of all who believe. He works in the hearts of all who believe. He works in the work of salvation in the hearts of all who believe. He works in the work of the desires which he puts into our hearts. When we yield ourselves to him, he leads into all truth, and guides us by his competition all truth, and guides us by his competition to all truth, and guides us by his competition to all truth, and guides us by his competition to all truth, and guides us by his competition to the like Paul they say, "I live, yet hout Christ liveth in me, and the life which henceforth live in the flesh, I live by the fath henceforth live in the flesh, I live by the fath of the Son of God, who loved me and guide himself for me" The Christian life is soft all trom beginning to end, and the fath He com of faith from beginning to end, and the more we trust Christ, that is, the stronger our faith in him becomes, the more we grow up into him out living the in him becomes, the more we grow up inthin our living Head in all things, constraining us to say, "But we all with open face be holding as in a glass the glory of the Lord are changed from glory unto glory into the," Himage as by the Spirit of the Lord, wis completes that which he begins. Like with master builder who has laid the foundation of the building, he raises the structure point it is completed. We are to attain to the statute of Christians, that is, become as had like Christ as it is possible for the finite of the Intinite.

David Shaw, Hero. BY JAN DUCKHAM

THE saviour, and not the slayer, he is the braver man, so far my text—but the story? I hus, then,

From Spokane Rolled out the overland mail train, late by an hour. In the cab

David Shaw, at your survice, dressed in the ormed by the smoke and the emders. | Feed

nce by the singke and the einders. Feed her well, Jim, he said,

was his fineman.) "Seattle sharp on time!" ..lem

So they sped;
Dust from the wheels up-flying; smoke colling out behind;

long train thundering, swaying ; the roar of the cloven wine : , with his hand on the lever, looking out

straight ahead, illow she did rock, old Six-forty! How like a storm they sped!

Leavenworth-thirty minutes gained in the thrilling race.
or for the hills-keener lookaut, or a

Now for the hills-keener lookaut, or a letting down of the pace.

Hardly a pound of the steam less! David Shaw straightened back,

Hand like steel on the lever, face like flimt to

Ho !-look there ! Down the mountain, right

ahead of the train, Acres of sand and forest sliding down to the

plain! What to do? Why, jump, Dave! lake the

chance while you can.

the train is doomed, save your own life'
Think of the children, man!

Well, what did he, this hero, face to face with

grim death?
Grasped the throttle-reverse! it shrieked
"Down brakes!" in a breath

"Down brakes!" in a breath stood to chine post without flinching, clear-headed, open-cycd, Till the train stood still, with a smudder, and he—went down with the slide!

Saved !- yes, saved ! Ninety people snatched Saveu :—yes, saveu : Amery people statement from an awful grave,
One life under the sand, there. All that h
had, he gave.
Man to the last inch! Here?—noblest of

heroes, yea; Worthy the shaft and the tablet, worthy the

song and the bay !

ANNA MALANN.

BY ANNIE TRUMBULL SLOSSON,

11

"So whenever I got the chanse I'd treat them that way, and try' to make bither, cople do at. But I couldn't make much his bits. I had two brothers and one sight, and they all followed pa and ma's lead, and duint worry themselves about the 'lower beings,' as pa called them. Bute by pa dued, and a speci-afterwards ma went too. And we four chilpa called them. Brine by pa died, and a speal afterwards ma went too. And we four children had the farm and stock and all to divide even. Well maybe 'twas foolish, but, I'd been thinking and bothering my head so long about animals and the awful things that was always being done to them. I couldn't get on any other track. I suppose I took after pa in being soft and nervous about such things, and seemed to me there wasn't a minute of the whole living day that there wasn't something to the countries of the whole living day that there wasn't something to prove the countries of the whole living day that there wasn't something to prove the countries of the countries cruel and unjust and dreadful done to po helpless creatures even right around me; and what must it be, take the whole world over? I says. I was nigh about crazy, and I'd seem I says. I was nigh about crazy, and il d seem to hear auch a noise of whips switching and sticks pounding and kicks abunding hollow against creatura' sides, and then a whining and mosting and whimpering and crying out of the beings folks calls dumb, and my cars ached and buzzed all the blessed time. I ouldn't stand it anyhow. I was always a ouldn't stand it anyhow. A was annue of meddler and fuser, different from the rest of the family, and I made up my mind I'd got to the family, and I made. I talked to Mary. was a finger in this pie. I talked to Mary, my sister, and to Elam and John, and tried

to explain my views.
"I wanted well, I don't believe I had any real settled plan laid out, and I don't wonder. near secured plan late our, and I don't wonder, now they thought I'd gone clean out of my-wits. But I tried to get them to let me try, what I could do on the farm and in Danvers generally to make creature more comfortable and get people not to put upon them so. But, my I they got dreadful worked up over it.

You see the Ellises all thought alike for a hundred years or more, and they beayed thered never been a someone or a turneau of any some or a turneau of any sore in the whole title. And new to see an Ellis, and a female one, too, set up for a attreet up and overthouser, a sort of a horse-doctor and dog missionary mixed up, why, they wouldn't have it. What words, and, to make a long story short, we settled it this way. I was a sort of mean spirited, easy-going, anything-for-peace woman mysof, and so I just told them I'd gove up every bits of my share of the old farm to up every bit of my share of the old farm to them three for nothing, and go off somewhere to try my plan. And they agreed to that and

let me go,
"Then I began to look about to find the "Then I began to look about to find the right kind of place. I wanted to see if there was such a thing as bringing over a whole community to my way of timbing. If I could be the means of getting sery body my just one town or willings to try treating aniquals as if, they was folkes, why,—we shil. I was something to live (or, anyway, I considered and considered, and hime-by the notion came to nur. I must find a small enough place so's I could work it all up before I died; the Rilless sin't a long-lived family, and I. wanted dreafful badto see the whole thing done, in up lifetime. 'Why,' I says to myself,' it would be almost like a little millesimium of my own.' Then I hand one day about Wilson's Gore,

even appears to be a feeling among the babies themselves against pulling off files wings and squeezing them to hear them buzz, and intic

squeezing then to hear them buzz, and utile announces his base that. Iney're terrible good children by natur, you see, and I'm afraid I'll have to more. There are to naturify a field for real missionary work here."

Before this little autohography was ended we were walking out among the "creaturs, and I had many an object-lesson to illustrate Ann Ellis's mode of treating her friends. Such odd Irlends they were, but I would not wish for truer, more loyal ones. Dumb! Why, every soft winful eye, each pricked up wilks or, each tait that wayged or thumped and with for trust, more loyal one. Butmy, very soft wisful oye, each pracked upsilty our, each tail that wagged or thumped the ground at the sound of her gentle foot fall, each pawing, eager hoof and quivaring, dilated nostril, spoke clearly, sharply, out of love and trust and willingness to serve. Here in the little naway, and old and grizzled one, passing hid last days—his happiest once, pour fellow i—in peace and comfort. There were dogs with bandaged, spilitered legs, dogs that were little way, the proposed that were little to the little of the late of the la

her, a pr. and call har I good box good dog, but also didn't seem to care. And then beneby to struck me she didn't understand; she was French, and 'good log' was no more than foreign talk to her and the box of the desired had to do something about it or she de a died on my hands. I inquired about and found there was a lady over in Kaat I hackerville, about her miles from the total had the she had been to be something about it or children fit the academy. So I wendy and thereal licent quite a spell of dry weather, and 'twastern'te dusty. I'd been up all the night ledore with Chailey, the old white lorse there, and didn't feel very rugged that day, and I thought I'd never get there. But I found Miss Kawania, and she was read good, took quite an interest, and she learnt me to say 'good dog' in French-"box shang, you know. I practiced it over and over, till said it real good, and thesa I stated home. Well, will you believe, time I got thereas had gone clean out of my head, You see, I'd got in itsed up with the poor dog's Chinee, name, Fan Song, and for the life of me I couldn't say it right. So lack I had to go through that dust sud learn it again. But my I is paid, for she was so pleased when I told mer she was a 'bong shang,' just as her old master done It. She's bashful and lonesome, and she'd admite to hash or native laguage."

You may be sure I atted my best Parlsian French for the benefit of the homestic foreigner, greating to the delight of my good old fixed. Atoning how careful she was lest any word of ours should huit the feelings of her, proges, I asked the 'I' she hought they understood what was vaid.

"Well, I don't do any horm, you see c' and Just supposing they do know our language, why, they'd be dregailful cut up sometimes. So I act as I do with folks, and mind my words when they for atonut."

It was a good while before I became used to the peculiarity of the cled of the peculiarity of the cled to the peculi

they'd be 'dreatiful out up sometimes. Sact as I do with folks, and mind my worls when they re atomic."

It was a good while before I became used to this peculiarity of the old woman, and I was puzzled and startled again and again by a warning word, look, or gesture when about to speak (rectly of those, about us. "That looks like a good hunting dog," I sayll one day, pointing out a fine Irish setter nake by significant book from Ann, a foundly apoken "Aint ho's a flood dog? "A sick "A good dog," "which words set the alky 'tail of golden brown wayling like a banner—and then the old woman whilapred 'in', my ear." He's gun-shy, poor fellow. He can't help it; it's gun-shy, poor fellow. He can't help it it's gun-shy, poor fellow. He can't help it's it's gun-shy, poor

so I bought him."

I shall never forget the confusion and shame I shall never forget the confusion and alpane which overwhelmed me one day at a reproof—a pretty sharp one—from the good old philauthropiat. Feering out at us from behind a slied was 'the oddest creature. It was intended, dombtless, for a cat, 'but was such a carrecture of one. One car stood 'algaryly erect,' the other lopped limply down; 'the eyes, because of an injury done to one of them,' had a chronic squimt; and there was a twist upward to each corner of the wide month; that suggested the grin of the protectial cat, of Cheshire. It was irresistible, and I—laughted. Animal Ame cluthold my arm.

Cheshire. It was irresistible, and I—laughted. Animal Ann clutched my arm.

"Stop laughing," she whispered, sharply; "or if you can't hold it in, go away."

I was sobered at once.

"Yoor Junny," said the ald woman, after we had left the spot, "sha's terrible honely, and she knows it as well as we do. Nolody'll have her, she looks so bad. And the worst of it is a hot's it at achiou to be mails much of and have her, she looks so bad. And the worst of it is she's just aching to be made nuple of and coddled. There's the lovingest heart in that poor outlandish-looking body. She's real stuckly about her looks, particular her eyes— maybe; ou took notice there as mits of a cast in them—and I do all I can to make her forget about it.

(To be continued.)



and it appeared to me just which I wanted:
Six families in all that's what there was
then—and just very high ones netter. I had
a little money beatles my alars of the farm
I'l given my—some leften by the Anit Ann'I
was named after, so I'd gib something to start
with. And thee I come, and here I be.
"It's a good many years now, for tweat
dreadful slow work. But it's done. Every
single one of the Gore families—and, as I said

single one of the Gore families—and, as I said before, there's mine now-has come over to my way of thinking, and yet I sin't reached the average Ellis limit of age yet. So I've got my little millennium, you see. But I must tell the whole truth and own up to our thing. I don't believe I've had much to do with it, after all. Come to think of it, I be-lieve the Gore folks would have come to the same j'int if I hadn't been here at all. For same j'int if I hadn't been here at all. For I've never priached about it or scolded and fretted at them or anything. They must have had a leaning that way themselves, and found it all out without my help. Sometimes I wish l'd a-taken a harder place, with crueller folks in it; thered have been more credit in that. For I've had an easy, confortable time of it, after all, doing for the dogs and horses and cats that was sick or huit or old or lost or left out some way.

or lost or left out some way.
"You see, I like them, and so it's dreadful "You see, I like them, and so it's streating them to folks, too, particular the boys and girls. And they'll spend hours at a time watching me take care of them and talk to them and treat them my way. But as for preaching at them about it, or to their fathers and mothers, I hadn't got time for it. But there aim to man or woman, or a boy, or girl now in the Gore that would do a cruel thing to a horse Gore that would do a cruel thing to a horse or a dog or a cow or an ox or any four footed thing; and what's more, they would's stone a bird or break up a nest—and children do like that kind of thing, you know; and there

a blind canary in a rough hime-made cage, singing his little beart out as be heard the voice of the one he had never-seen, but loved. It was as the landlord had sadd, "dreadful amusin" to hear Animal-ann talk, but it was more. There was to mensionething strangely pathetic, touching, in the way she spoke of and to these creatures. Certainly there was in her would or tones or look-nothing that could hint to these frends of hers that she thought them anything but "folks."

"Bo you know how to talk Frends." the

"folka."

"by you know how to talk French?" sho asked suddenly one day. As I owned to some knowledge of the language, she said. "Oh, I'm real glad. You see, the children come over one day hast month to tell me that'the old monsheer, as they called him round here—him that used to learn the young folks to dance over in Danvers—was dead, and he'd left a dog unprovided for. The town had buried the old man, and the poor little creature was crying herself to death over the grave. I went over with them, and we fetched her away dreadful muvilline, but too weak from I went over with them, and we fetched her away, dreadful numiling, but too weak from mourning and going without victuals and sleep to make much tiss. I've brought lots of sorrowing young things through their troublet, homesickness and lonesonness and disappointment and grief, but I never had a worse case than this. "Twas a poodle; J'an Shong the old man used to call her; sounds kind of Chinec, don't it, now? And the was the uniserablest being! She wouldn't make friends, ahe was seary and terrible bashful, the miserablest being! She wouldn't make friends, she was sarty and terrible bashiful, and she just about cried her eyes out after that old master of hers—an outlandish, snuff-taking, fretful little man to most folks, but taking, frettol little man to most lotas, out the lest and dearest in the world to Fan Shong. I tried hard to help her, to make her feel at home, and show her there was some-thing to live for still, but she didn't take any notice. I'd make a good deal of her, praise

Ir is said that John Wesley was once walking with a brother, who referred to his troubles, saying he did not know what he should do. They were at that moment he should do. They were at that moment passing a stone fence to a meadow, over which, a cow was looking. "Do you know," asked Wesley, "why, the cow looks over that wall?" "No," replied the one, in trouble. "It will tell, you," said Wesley; "because she cannot look through R. And that is what you whus do with your troubles—look over said about

LESSON NOTES.

BECOND QUARTER.

LESSONS FROM THE LIFE OF OUR LORD.

LESSON VIL A.D. 30.1 [May 19. JESUS DEFORE PILATE

Hemory verses, 14-15. Mark 15, 1-15.

GOLDEN TEXT.

But Jesus yet answered nothing; so that Pilate marvelled, ... Mark 15. 5.

OUTLINK.

Pilato, v. 1-6.
 Barabbas, v. 6-11.

3. Jesus, v. 12-15.

Time.-From about five to about seven o'clock of the morning of Friday, April 7, A.D. 30.

PLACES.—Pilate "sat down in the judgment seat in a place that is called the Pavement, but in the Hobrew, Cabbatha." John ment, but in the Housew, Cappatha. John 19. 13, which seat was on the site of the "throne" where Solomon sat when he judged the people. See 1 Kings 7 7, 8, and Psalm 122, 5.

RULERS.—Pontins Pilate, procurator of Judea; Herod Antipus, tetrarch of Galileo

Home Readings.

M. Jesus before Pilate.—Mark 15, 1-15,
Tu. Pilate's questions.—John 18, 28-40,
W. Silence before Herod.—Luke 23, 1-12,
Th. Mocked by soldiers.—Matt. 27, 24-31,
P. "Behold your King."—John 19, 5-16,
S. Combination of enemies.—Acts 4, 23-30,
Su. Rejected of men.—Isa, 53.

ODESTIONS FOR HOME STUDY.

1. Pilate, v. 1.5.

What parties held early council about

Before whom did they take him? What question did Pilate ask? What was the reply of Jesus? Who accused Jesus, and of what? What answer did he make?

What did Pilate say to Jesus?
What picture is given of the prisoner and
the judge? (Golden Text.)

2. Barobbas, v. 6-11.

What was Pilate's custom at that feast? What was Plate's custom at that least?
What noted prisoner had he in charge?
What was Barabbas' crime?
What did the multitude demand of Pilate?
What answer did Pilate make?
Why did he ask this question?
What choice did the people make, and

3. Jenus, v. 12-15.

What did Pilate then ask about Jesus?
What answer did the people make?
What was Pilate's protest?
What was his testimony about Jesus? See
John 18. 33; 19. 4, 6.
How did the people show their determina-

How did they appeal to Pilate's fears? See John 19, 12,

TEACHINGS OF THE LESSON.

Where in this lesson can you find-

An example of meckness?
 An example of weakness?
 An example of wickedness?

THE LESSON CATECHISM.

1. To whom did the rulers bring Jesus? To Pilate, the Roman governor. 2. What did Pilate ask Jesus? "Art thou the King of the Jews?" 3. What did Pilate offer to the people. To release Jesus. 4. Whom did they choose instead of Jesus? Barabbas, a robber. What did they demand concerning Jesus? "Crucit, him." 6. Repeat the Golden Text: "But Jesus yet,"etc.

DOCTHINAL SUGGESTION. -The fulfilment of prophecy.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

And what is your hope for future obed-

ience?
That, being regenerated by the Holy Spirit, I shall be enabled, by his help, thenceforward to please God, and keep his commandments.
Romans 8 4 That the ordinance of the law might be fulfilled in us, who walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit.

John 3.9. Whosoever is begotten of God docth no sin.

THE RIGHT BENT.

BY L. EUGRNIE REDRIDGE.

In my native town, year, ago, a group of merry children were busy with play. Henry Worth, son of Judge Worth, the village magnate, halted a moment to ask of the magnate, halted a moment to ask of the others "What they had decided to do for a living?" This question, so unique, and at once so typical, arrested my attention. I was the school-teacher at the time, and these boys my pupils, therefore I waited with some interest the answer.

"Say, boys," again shouted Henry, "what are you fellows going to do to earn money when you are men? You know the

money when you are men? You know the teacher tells us almost every day we shall

the most fashionably arrayed woman the place afforded, his horses fleet, his children enjoying luxuries money brought; but a now and then escaped the speaker. and I noticed a certain want of respect in tone and manner.

"What is his business?" I asked. "How does he support this establishment!"
"He sells rum!"

The words fell from the speaker's lips

something like coals of fire.
"Yes," she repeated, "sells liquors of all kinds and descriptions to everybody little boys and old men. Many a young man has he ruined in this town, and many a mother's curse has fallen upon him. But it brings mone, and money is his object."

seed has taken root, and the fruitage is shown in Frank's life. The right "bent" tells, money or no money.

THOUGHTFUL CHILDREN.

Sourbody has written a beautiful little poem on "The Little Cavalier:

"He walks beside his mother, And looks up in her face; And tooks up in her race;
He wears a glow of boyish pride,
With such a royal grace;
He proudly waits upon her,
Would shield her without fear,
The boy who loves his mother well—
Her little cavalier?"

No boy can be his mother's cavaling unless he is a thoughtful boy. A thoughtless boy doesn't remember to wait upon his mother—his mother waits upon him. Some-boys whom we have seen love their mothers very dearly, but they will go off to play and leave the coal-scuttle empty, or the wood-box unfilled, or something else to be done, when they know there is nobody but mother to do it. A noble, manly boy, delights to wait upon his mother, and, to save her strength, is always watching to do something for her.

There is no home, no matter how much hired help there is in it, but that there are a great many things the children can do for the comfort of the loved ones there. Anything done for love's sake, and by loving hands, = so much better appreciated and enjoyed than anything done by hired hands. The thoughtful kindness and consideration of our children fill our hearts. with happiness, and thoughtful childrens are always happy ones. The consciousness of bringing happiness to others makes as happy ourselves.

KEPT IN WHITE EVERY DAY.

AT Denver General Booth said : " Have At Denver General Booth said: "Have you got any boys? I have got three, Have you got any girls? I have got five—and the joy of my heart is that they are all good; and that was the joy of their mother's heart, too. That is just the joy of our heavenly Father to see his children good. My dear wife used to say that if she could afford it she would like to keep the children in white, not only on Sundays, but every day in the week. God can keep you in white every day.

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soon be men. For my part, I mean to get money. Tell you, boys, money's the thing I mean to have, 'hook or crook!"

"Hook or crook!" That sounded the key note. Henry was that in school; what he could not readily obtain by fair means, he meant to win by four

he could not readily obtain by fair means, he meant to win by foul.

"Yes, money," answered Frank Harris, an open-faced, blue-eyed boy; "but my mother says you must have the right bent about everything you do."

Frank's mother was a widow, poor in this world's goods, but possessing a goodly heritage of truth and honesty.

"Well, money's my motto," answered Henry; "and money I mean to have. That talk about 'hent' is all nothing. Money's the thing!"

The years passed on, as years must,

The years passed on, as years must, fairly ran away with each other, till a score had been numbered since the talk of the boys in the school yard. During this time I had been away living in a distant city, now I had returned for a long stay at home, as I still loved to call the old town.

Naturally my questions led to my old pupils. They were scattered far and near, but Judge Worth's son, Henry Worth, was in town, living in fine style, they to.d me, in r. big house on the hill. His wife was

I remembered the conversation long years before in the school yard; Henry was indeed getting money, but the "bent" was surely in the wrong direction.

"What of Frank Harris?" I asked.

"Frank Harris—God bless him!" said the lady. "He's been the salvation of this town as far as it's saved from that dreadful rum shop of Worth's. The temperance society was started b" him, and many has he induced to take the pledge and helped to keep it. But Frank's making Aunt Hannah, and helped to keep it. But Frank's making money, too; not by demoralizing those about him, though. You know he studied about him, though. You know he studied civil engineering, and now he has a government contract for a large piece of surveying in the West. He is leading the chain across the Rockies, and my Sam is with him. Sam's a good boy, if I do say it; but where he would have been if Henry Worth had had his way, I can't say. With Frank Harris I can trust him. Only yesterday he wrote Frank would one day he a rich man wrote Frank would one day be a rich man, and one we should all be proud of. A man of strict integrity and principle like Frank was the kind wanted to send on this business for government—straightforward, upright, and not bought or sold."

The mother's teaching, I caught myself thinking, has not been in vain. The good