

VOL. 4 NO. 98

DAWSON, Y. T., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1901.

PRICE 25 CENTS

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Train Plunges Down a 300 Foot Precipice This Morning

CREW AND SPLINTERING TRAIN

Accident Happened From Slide Near Lytton.

GRAND NAME IS CHEERED

French Lord Ernest Reyer Wrecked on Coast in Storm Tuesday.

From Friday's Daily.

Vancouver, Dec. 6.—News has just been received of a wreck on the Canadian Pacific road this morning near Lytton, where a freight train plunged into a canyon...

ASSASSIN CHEERED.

Chicago, Dec. 6.—President McKinley's assassination was publicly cheered last night at a meeting of anarchists...

BARK WRECKED.

Astoria, Dec. 5.—The French bark Ernest Reyer was wrecked on the coast of Oregon in the storm of Tuesday, the worst for fifteen years...

They are warm numbers—the cars at the Pioneer saloon.

The Ladue Assay Office

Prepared to Assay all kinds of Rock. We have the finest equipped assaying plant in the Yukon Territory...

The Ladue Co.

EMPIRE HOTEL

The Finest House in Dawson All Modern Improvements.

J. F. MACDONALD

DIRECT FROM VANCOUVER.

FIFTY BODIES.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—The last body that of Mrs. Upton of Chatham, Ont., has been recovered from the Wabash wreck...

TIDAL WAVE.

London, Dec. 5.—A remarkably heavy tidal wave, accompanied by high winds has done a great amount of damage on the eastern coast of England...

A LA GEORGIA.

Newport, R. I., Dec. 5.—William F. Whitehouse of this city will head a fresh expedition into the heart of Africa...

ANTI-IMPERIALISTS

Boston, Dec. 5.—Anti-imperialists of this city have petitioned congress to acknowledge the independence of the Philippines...

FATHER O'LEARY.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Father O'Leary, who was chaplain of the first Canadian contingent to South Africa, has again volunteered for service...

DIVORCE GRANTED.

Berlin, Dec. 6.—The Grand Duke and Duchess of Hesse will be given a decree of divorce by a special tribunal of the Provincial law court...

HEAVY LOSS.

Des Moines, Dec. 5.—The National Starch Co. Works, one of the city's large manufacturing enterprises, burned last night...

ON FIRE.

Liverpool, Dec. 6.—The Liverpool Exchange is in flames and the fire has not yet been placed under control...

GOOD CHINESE.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—As the result of a Highlander outbreak two Chinese are dead and two others are mortally wounded.

NEW COMMANDER.

London, Dec. 5.—General Hutton has been appointed commander of the commonwealth forces of Australia.

NEW GOVERNOR.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Thomas B. Ferguson has been named by the president as governor of Oklahoma.

PULLMAN DEAD.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—Geo. M. Pullman, Jr., son of the late sleeping car magnate, is dead from pneumonia.

AT VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—The Dominion government will erect a suitable building for the assay office here.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

A BIG CAPTURE OF BOERS

An Important Haul Made Yesterday by British Leaders—Three Columns of Infantry Sweep Down on a Large Boer Force Succeeding in Taking Two Hundred and Fifty Prisoners.

London, Dec. 5.—The largest and most important capture of Boers reported from the Transvaal in many months occurred yesterday...

PICTURE HISSED.

Amsterdam, Dec. 5.—Grave reports are being circulated here regarding the estrangement between Queen Wilhelmina and her husband...

DIRECT FROM VANCOUVER.

DUNSMUIR'S PROPOSITION.

Premier of British Columbia Comes Forward With an offer to the Victoria Labor Party—Will Pay Campaign Expenses if They Give Him Needed Support—Will Make Concessions.

Vancouver, Dec. 6.—Premier Dunsmuir has made a proposal to the Victoria Labor Party that if they will nominate an independent labor candidate favorable to him...

DYEA RAILROAD.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Barrister McDonnell has given notice in the Canada Gazette for a railway to be constructed from the mouth of the Dyea river via Bennett to Fort Selkirk...

EATEN BY WOLVES.

Bark, Ont., Dec. 5.—Edward Conover, a Lake Ontario logger, was killed and eaten by wolves.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

WOMAN'S WIT.

Mexico, Dec. 5.—The famous robbery where Signora Vasquez lost so much money was planned by a female member of the family to prevent the money being left to the church...

CANADIAN HORSES.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Eleven thousand horses have been purchased by the Imperial government in Canada for South Africa since last April...

DIRECT FROM VANCOUVER.

BETTER TIME.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The time allowed for the transit of mail either way between Seattle and Nome has been reduced by the government from 65 to 24 days...

BIG STEAL.

London, Dec. 5.—Gouldie, the defaulting teller of the Bank of Liverpool, has been arrested and the courts are unraveling a clever system of frauds...

MEETS FEB. 1.

Ottawa, Dec. 6.—The Dominion parliament meets on Feb. 1. A bill will be presented for the appointment of a minister of labor...

OLD BLUE LAW.

Montreal, Dec. 5.—Manager McLaughlin of Proctor's theater, was sentenced to jail for two hours for having a sacred concert last Sunday evening...

BAD COLLISION.

Liverpool, Dec. 6.—The British torpedo boat destroyer Wizard collided yesterday with a passenger steamer from Portsmouth...

IS GETTING GAY.

Washington, Dec. 5.—General Chaffee recommends that Aguinaldo be brought to the United States, he having been carrying on reasonable correspondence in violation of his parole...

CHILD KILLED.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—Through an insufficient fender four-year-old Nellie Marsh, whose father is mining in the Indian river country, was killed yesterday by a tram car.

TRADE PINCHED.

London, Dec. 5.—It is believed here that British trade will greatly suffer through the operation of the new Australian tariff system.

WILL BE GOOD.

Portland, Or., Dec. 5.—Perry Reynolds the young train robber, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for nine years.

BLACK PLAGUE.

Washington, Dec. 5.—The bubonic plague has made its appearance in Honolulu and an epidemic is feared.

MISS STONE WELL.

Constantinople, Dec. 6.—Miss Stone was reported on Dec. 3 as alive and well.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT

St. Louis, Dec. 6.—Three persons were killed and 38 injured by a head on collision on the St. Louis Iron Mountain and Southern Railway.

Clothing cleaned, pressed, dyed and repaired—both men and women's.—I. I. GOLDBERG, tailor for Hershberg.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

DESPERATE FUGITIVE

Escaped Convict From Peterville, England, Prison Defies Officers

BY TAKING REFUGE ON A ROOF

And Hurting Slate at Those Who Approach Him.

STARVED INTO SUBMISSION

After Being Watched by Curious Thousands From the Street Below for Thirty Hours.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY.

London, Dec. 6.—A convict at the Peterville prison who managed to elude the wardens established himself on a tall roof where he set up a sort of Fort Chambrion and for over 30 hours defied all attempts to capture him...

ANARCHY BILL DISCUSSED

Question Now Being Considered by the U. S. Senate.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The senate devoted a portion of yesterday's session to the discussion of the anti-anarchist bill...

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DIRECT FROM VANCOUVER.

THEY HAD WINE.

London, Dec. 5.—A sensation was created at the Thanksgiving dinner held by the American Society, when fervid expression was given in favor of forming an Anglo-American alliance to command the world...

LUCKY SEATTLE.

Seattle, Dec. 5.—Negotiations are in progress for the establishment at this place of woolen mills to cost \$500,000.

Shoff, the Dawson dog doctor, Pioneer drug store.



THE DOG:—"I DON'T KNOW BUT WHAT THE COAT WILL FIT YOU BETTER THAN THE PANTS."

PRAIRIE FIRE.

Keys, Nebraska, Dec. 5.—A prairie fire is raging in this part of the state, destroying thousands of farm buildings and all the hay of the country.

LUMBER FIRE.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Fire destroyed the lumber yards of Uptergrove & Co. employees are forming labor of \$1,000,000.

LIVESTOCK SHOW.

Chicago, Dec. 5.—The international live stock show now open here has exhibits valued at \$3,000,000.

MISREPRESENTED.

Rome, Dec. 5.—Pope Leo denies having advocated a crusade against anarchists, Jews, Spiritualists, and Christian Scientists.

A FATHER'S CRIME.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—At Parry Sound, Ontario, Joseph Portou has been committed to jail charged with the murder of his five children.

FORMING UNIONS.

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Canadian civil service employees are forming labor unions all over the Dominion.

POISON IN COFFEE

Sixty Five People Drink it and Many Die.

Prairie de Sac, Wis., Dec. 6.—Sixty-five persons were poisoned by drinking coffee at a wedding here last night at the home of John Mulky...

KING DENIES IT.

London, Dec. 5.—King Edward denies that he will challenge for America's yacht cup. However the German emperor or the Prince of Wales may do so.

CHINESE OPPOSE.

San Francisco, Dec. 5.—The Six Companies of this city are assessing all Chinese for money to oppose the re-enactment of the exclusion act by congress.

WET OR DRY?

Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Premier Ross of Ontario is considering the submission to the people of the prohibition referendum.

HELD FOR TRIAL.

London, Dec. 5.—Theodore and Laura Jackson (Diss De Bar) have been committed for trial before the higher court.

SECRETARY OF STATE

Says Lord Salisbury's Speech Was Misconstrued.

London, Dec. 5.—In an important speech at Croydon, Rt. Hon. C. T. Ritchie, British secretary of state for home affairs, declared Premier Salisbury's statement, that "No shred of independence should be left republics" had been twisted and contorted in a way Salisbury never intended.

"It was not intended," said Secretary Ritchie, "that the Boers should not have representation in the government, or that we insisted upon unconditional surrender except in the sense that we could not again offer terms which had been rejected."

"If any general representing Boers in arms had made a proposition of peace on the condition that the Boers should in time have a representative in the government, such proposition would be referred home by Lord Kitchener and would form a basis for conclusion of peace."

"We desired a termination of hostilities so that Boer and Briton may live together in peace and amity and the same extraordinary success which has attended the British administration of Egypt will be repeated in South Africa if the Boers frankly acknowledge defeat and ask for terms."

Fancy Xmas cards, exquisite designs.—Kilgore & Landahl's.

OUR BIG 50c Window X-Mas. Bargains Never Seen Before in Dawson in China Cups and Saucers, Plates, Bon-Bons, Pin Boxes, Bisque Figures, Useful and Ornamental Bric-a-Brac. All Newly Decorated in Newest Designs. ONE WEEK ONLY. McLENNAN, McFEELY & CO., Ltd.

Ames Mercantile Co. Men's Fine Gloves... For Street, Driving and Dress, made by the best manufacturers, in Kid, Mocha, Reindeer, Castor and English Buck; Unlined, Silk Lined and Lamb Lined. Regular Price \$5.00. SPECIAL SALE. Price Per Pair, \$3.00

The Klondike Nugget

TELEPHONE NUMBER 10 (DAWSON'S HOME NUMBER) ISSUED DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY. GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, Yearly in advance \$30.00, Per month by carrier in city in advance 3.00, Single copies 25.

NOTICE: When a newspaper orders its advertising space as a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation."

LETTERS: Add Small Packages can be sent to the Clerks by our carriers on the following days: Every Tuesday and Friday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Gunter, Dominion, Gold Run, Sulphur, Quartz and Canyon.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1901.

\$50 Reward.

We will pay a reward of \$50 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Daily or Semi-Weekly Nugget from business houses or private residences, where same have been left by our carriers.

KLONDIKE NUGGET.

From Friday's Daily.

ANARCHISTS MUST GO.

The progress of anti-anarchist legislation which has been inaugurated by the government of the United States will be followed with much interest. In the measure now pending before congress it is proposed, if possible, to prevent persons of anarchistic leanings from landing at any American port.

For the protection of the president's life another bill has been introduced which makes any attempt to kill the president whether successful or not a crime punishable by death.

These two bills, which with some modifications, will undoubtedly be passed by the present congress, will be condemned by some people as tending toward unnecessary interference with personal liberty.

Such objections will come, however, from the identical class of criminals who it is hoped may be reached and controlled by the legislation in question.

The United States and Great Britain have been the places of refuge most largely sought by anarchist refugees. Their numerical strength in both countries is much greater than would, perhaps, be imagined.

This determination should prove a long stride in the direction of solving the problem. The anarchist breed cannot be completely extinguished without the co-operation of all the civilized powers, and the movement about to be inaugurated by the United States government, will probably be the beginning of an united effort having that end in view.

ternative proposal offered by the council, of a commission of three men to take the place of a mayor and board of aldermen, may prove more desirable, and undoubtedly would be less expensive, than a regularly constituted municipality.

Two Red Roses. There is an innate satisfaction in the possession of the genuine. On the other hand, there is a grateful sense of superiority in having got the better of some one in the palming off of the artificial.

At a recent Saturday evening "at home," a function at which the ever present chafing dish plays an important part, the appearance of the hostess was admirably set off by the delicately tinted tea rose, fragrant, modest and bewitching, which peeped out from the artistically arranged coils of copper colored hair.

Among the guests was a young matron of classic features and raven hair. As it happened, she was the only one of the invited who wore a rose in her hair. A blood red specimen gleamed and shone in the folds of its dusky environment, and the woman was very good to look upon as she moved across the room.

"Good night dear. And how charming you looked with that lovely rose in your hair." "Oh, I am so glad you liked it," said the other in an embarrassed sort of way.

Debating Club Organized. The Dawson Literary and Debating Club held a very interesting business meeting last night in the class room of the Methodist church.

At it Again. Mr. J. L. Hall has reopened the Holborn cafe and is once more giving his friends the glad hand.

Holiday Goods. ALL KINDS. USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL. Silver, Leather, Ebony, Celluloid, Etc. AT RIGHT PRICES. J. P. McLENNAN. 233 FRONT STREET.

Stroller's Column.

The people of Hunker are of a social turn of mind and the result is that considerable time is devoted to the cultivation of social nature. Hunker, like all other creeks in the Klondike, has numerous road houses and the road house that does not give a dance every ten days or two weeks is looked upon with suspicion.



HUNKER ROAD HOUSE "GRAND OPENING."

exception to those of other creeks. They all have bars for which they pay a relentless and grasping government good money. All governments agree in that respect and in order to make that money a "grand opening" must be of frequent occurrence.

George De Lion is something of a horse fancier, one of his chief ambitions being to own a stepper that will lay all over anything on the road when it comes to speed.



either side, including some young men from Whiskey Hill. The name is not applied for the reason that there is ever any whiskey there for there is not. It is always drunk as soon as it gets there.

the late census returns which say there are 20,000. The Stroller is convinced that not over two of every three persons were enumerated, and if any one doubts the assertion let him ask of those he meets the question: "Were you interviewed by a census man?"

The heating arrangement in the hardware store of McLennan & McPeely is a fearfully and wonderfully constructed contrivance which is just as apt to be taken for a grain separator or a quart as it is to be suspicious of being a stove.

It is a fact that brothers seldom write letters to each other. While they may be almost inseparable while growing up, when they attain to manhood and their paths diverge they rarely ever take either the time or trouble to communicate with each other by letter.

"Dear Brother Tom, As I have just had my picture taken I enclose you one, also a few lines. Tom, there are but the two of us left, and I am not very well. It was an unlucky day for us when they trapped us on our native island, Burneo.

"Say, Tom, suppose you come back in disguise and perhaps I can escape us on our native island, Burneo. You can live in the trees and eat coconuts. Write and tell me what you think of my plan.

George De Lion is something of a horse fancier, one of his chief ambitions being to own a stepper that will lay all over anything on the road when it comes to speed.

Ever inaugurated by a newspaper in the city of Dawson, was the reduction in the subscription price of the Daily Klondike Nugget, from \$4.00 to \$3.00 per month.

Nearly Two Hundred New Subscribers. Have been added since the reduction in price went into effect. There are still a few people in Dawson who are not on our lists.

...Show Us, Commissioner...

The project is on foot to incorporate the town of Dawson. A splendid idea, that, it sounds fine. But on second thought, what inducement is offered the people for the change?

First Avenue HERSHBERG, CLOTHIER

AMUSEMENTS THE AUDITORIUM. W. W. BITTNER, MANAGER. Ralph E. Cummings and Auditorium Stock Company. TONIGHT! AND ALL WEEK. FRIENDS. Monday and Thursday Ladies' Night.

The Standard WEEK COMMENCING DECEMBER 2. Ray Southard, Manager. Dawson's Only First-Class Vaudeville Theatre. Prices 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. WADE, CONGDON & AIKMAN - Attorneys, Notaries, etc. Office, A. C. Office Building. PATTULLO & RIDLEY - Advocates, Notaries, Conveyancers, etc.

ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMERCIAL CO. Fine Cigars, Tobaccos and Smokers' Articles. Wholesale and Retail. King Street, Bank Building, Opposite N. C. Co.

BAY CITY MARKET. Are supplied with meats which for taste and nutrition are not equalled by any other market in this country. Try us and prove this assertion. BOYSUYT & CO., Props.

Printing. CLEAN, ORIGINAL, ARTISTIC WORK. The Right Kind of Paper, Type, Design and Presswork.

The Nugget Printery. A SUBSCRIBER TO THE NUGGET!

The Klondike Nugget

Telephone number 101 (BANKERS' STREET PAPER) ISSUED DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY. GEORGE M. ALLEN, Publisher.

From Wed's and Thursday's Daily. FRANCHISE DENIED.

Commissioner Ross has declared himself in opposition to the idea of permitting aliens to vote at the approaching municipal election. Brigtly stated, the Commissioner is of the opinion that aliens who desire to vote should take out naturalization papers and become Canadian citizens.

Many of the old timers have left Dawson and their places have been filled by others who, while heavily interested in various business enterprises, are not qualified under the law for citizenship.

More than one-third of all the taxes called for by the recent assessment will be paid by less than ten business concerns and individuals, all of whom may be classed as aliens.

Mr. Ross is too astute a politician to make a public declaration such as appeared in this paper yesterday in connection with the franchise matter without knowing exactly where he stands.

The Nugget believes that the best interests of the community would have been subserved had a different line of action been determined upon, but as has been said before in these columns, the alien population of Dawson, notwithstanding their extensive interests, are in no position to make demands for the privilege of voting.

NOW IS THE TIME.

The threat of the White Pass Company to raise the rates from Skagway to the Summit, sufficiently to offset any reductions made by the Canadian government, will prove of no avail if proper representations are made to the United States government.

That rate has never been changed as yet and in order to make any increase it will be necessary for the railroad company to secure a special ruling from the Interior department.

The time to compel the company to change its attitude toward this territory is right now, when the matter is being prominently discussed in the outside newspapers, and while the officers of the railroad are making desperate efforts to perpetuate their present aggressive policy.

Every American citizen in Dawson and in the surrounding mining district should make it an immediate duty to forward a personal letter to the Interior department, protesting against any increase in the rate now

allowed the White Pass line from Skagway to the Summit, and requesting that a new rate be established in conformity with the action taken by the Canadian Minister of Railways.

An appeal of such a nature must certainly bring the desired results. It rests with the people of the community themselves to settle the railroad question—once and for all, and if every individual will interest himself in the matter, along the lines noted, the desired end will be accomplished.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The longest telegram ever transmitted over the Dominion telegraph line was received at the Nugget office yesterday. It consisted of almost 7,000 words and included a practically verbatim report of President Roosevelt's first message to congress.

The message was of such length that it was impossible for the efficient telegraph operators to handle it entirely before the Nugget went to press yesterday, but the remainder is published today, and we have no doubt it will prove as acceptable as though we had been able to give the entire report in our issue of last evening.

A careful review of the message must bring the conviction that President Roosevelt, although called by chance to the duties of his great office, has demonstrated his fitness for his exalted position in an unmistakable manner.

The N. W. M. P., I am glad to say, would still have complete control over any infractions of the criminal code, and the gamblers and those interested in gambling and other kindred offenses would have no better chances of pursuing their avocations under incorporation than they have today.

On the register of Chute & Wills' hotel this week appears the following names: R. P. McLennan, of McLennan & McFeely; Mr. Gosselin, crown timber inspector; Dr. Willis, Major Woods, Capt. Rutledge, Mr. Cota, Dominion land surveyor and Carl Douglas, proprietor of No. 30 above on Sulphur creek.

A few Gold Run people were interested in a ghost story from Quartz creek published in one of the Dawson papers some time ago. Among the number was Dick King, the assistant barkeeper at Chute & Wills' hotel.

Ob, yes, Dick heard of that ghost, also several others; in fact, he cited several instances of ghosts he had heard of and seen in his travels.

"But let me tell you, fellows, there is no danger whatever in a ghost," remarked Dick, in answer to a query from Joe Parks, an old time frontiersman and miner who had just happened in and seated himself just at that time.

"No," continued Dick, "if I'm scared of any old ghost that ever lived, in fact I have never yet come in contact with any supernatural being that ever disturbed my peaceful slumbers."

"Well, I don't know," says Parks, just missing a gilt edged cuspidor which decorated space immediately preceding the mahogany with a stream of tobacco juice and changing the weed to a more substantial position on the air, Dick; "sounds to me like hot air, Joe, but I tell you what I'll do: I got just 56 cords of the finest firewood that mortal ever hewed, all cut and stacked up the gulch, and I wager the whole pile against a case of Gooderham & WORTH that if any apparition should happen to confront you that you would have no time to play postoffice with his nibs or even stop to ask the time of day."

New Dick King may have troubles of his own, so has other people on Gold Run, in fact several that are not here now, but when it comes to a show down in a gentleman's game, Dick invariably persists in seeing the hole card and on this particular occasion his reputation was at stake.

OVER THE DIVIDE.

By ED. HERING.

Gold Run creek during the past week seemed to take on its old time form and activity, each and every layman with but few exceptions, has encountered pay dirt and considering the number of laymen this winter on the creek there certainly can be but very little cause for complaint, at least not from a financial point of view, which, coupled with the large wood contracts let to private individuals for cutting and hauling timber, lends a light of encouragement to the creek people in general.

Mrs. E. C. Beckenridge, of No. 26a has everything in readiness to work her property this winter. The ground in this particular locality is considered very rich. Mrs. Beckenridge is also owner of 12a Gold Run, and cleaned up a large-sized dump this summer. She will employ a force of ten or twelve men.

William Abbot and partners have commenced work on their lay, No. 12. They are hoisting and thawing by steam. This property is worked by C. E. Carboneau and is being worked on three lays.

John Warner is working a lay on 32. He has eight men employed, and has a large dump, working the property with windlads.

Gold Run creek, like her sister creeks, Eldorado and Bonanza, refuses to yield the yellow metal past No. 43, therefore there is but little doing at that end with the exception of No. 77, which property is being developed by Linden and Nelson.

Miss Lulu Casey has leased the Whitman hotel, No. 28, Mrs. Sloggie and opened the same for the winter.

The Thanksgiving dance at the Central hotel proved a very enjoyable affair. The merry-makers danced with the music's sweet measure until the early hours. Messrs. Benson and Lowmyer deserve great credit for the efficient manner in which the program was managed and the turkey feast tendered those participating.

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WHIST CLUB ORGANIZED.

Weekly Meetings Will Be Held at the Residences of Members.

A number of gentlemen met yesterday evening at the residence of Mr. Charles Macdonald and organized the Dawson Whist Club with the following officers:—President, Chief Mc-Kinnon, vice president, F. T. Congdon, secretary and treasurer, H. A. Marks, Herbert, official scorer, A. Marks. Others whose names are embraced in the membership roll are H. E. Rieley, F. G. Crig, W. Noble, J. U. Nicol, J. S. McKay, D. G. McKenzie, W. G. Berry, Charles Macdonald, and Messrs. Warden, House and Grant. The membership is limited to 30 and meetings are to be held weekly at the residences of the different members. As may be inferred from the list, the club is to be a strictly stag affair and the play will be only of the most scientific order. When one of the promoters was asked why the ladies were excluded he said: "The ladies? Why, we love them, of course, devotedly, and could not do without them, but play whist with them? Never!"

Run Away.

Orr & Tukey's stage team broke away from in front of the stage office this afternoon at three o'clock and rushed down King street and Second avenue. The team then turned sharply up the avenue and dashed along as far as the Bank of B. N. A., where it was stopped. Beyond a broken sleigh tongue no damage was done.

HIS STAFF COMPLETE.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

Col. Evans is Recruiting Men and Buying Horses. Ottawa, Dec. 5.—Col. Evans, having chosen his officers for the new Canadian contingent, has already begun the work of recruiting men and buying horses. A complete list of the staff appointments are as follows: In command, Col. Evans, C. B.; second in command, Major Merritt, of Toronto; adjutant, Sergeant Major Church, mounted police, Regina; quartermaster, Sergeant J. Graham, mounted infantry, Winnipeg; veterinary surgeon, R. Riddle, Calgary.

Col. Evans had a free hand in the selection of his staff. All on the list have seen active service in South Africa and have good fighting records. With the exception of Major Merritt, all are from the West.

ALARM SYSTEM WORKS WELL.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

The new fire alarm system was tested this afternoon from every box and was found to be in complete working order in every detail. An alarm is rung as follows: Open the box, pull down the switch and "leggo."

The locations of the boxes are as follows: No. 2, corner Judge street and First avenue.

No. 3, corner Edward street and Second avenue.

No. 4, corner Albert street and Second avenue.

No. 5, corner Albert st. and Fifth avenue.

No. 6, corner Duke street and First avenue.

No. 7, corner Duke street and Sixth avenue.

No. 12, corner York street and Third avenue.

No. 13, corner King street and Second avenue.

No. 14, corner King street and Sixth avenue.

No. 15, corner Queen street and First avenue.

No. 21, corner Queen street and Third avenue.

No. 22, corner Queen street and Fifth avenue.

No. 23, corner Princess street and Second avenue.

No. 24, corner Harper street and First avenue.

No. 31, corner Harper street and Seventh avenue.

No. 32, Administration building.

No. 33, Barracks, N. W. M. P.

No. 41, corner Dugas street and Fifth avenue.

No. 42, corner Craig street and Seventh avenue.

DATE NOW IS FIXED.

First Annual Ball of the N. W. M. P. Friday, Dec. 27.

TO ROOT OUT ANARCHISM.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

Bill Introduced at Washington Which Will Discourage Anarchists From Visiting Uncle Sam's Shores—Commissioners Will Be Appointed to Investigate Suspected Individuals. From Thursday's Daily.

Washington, Dec. 5.—Senator Burrows has introduced a bill which provides for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists. The first section reads as follows: "That no alien anarchist shall hereafter be permitted to land at any port of the United States to, the country whence he came; and if he returns to the United States may be punished by imprisonment at hard labor for a period not exceeding five years and afterwards deported."

Provision is made for the appointment of twelve immigration agents at a salary of \$2,500 each to make investigations in foreign countries concerning intended immigrants.

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CARRIES HEAVY INSURANCE.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir Wife of Late Coal Magnate and Mother of British Columbia's Present Premier, Carries Largest Individual Insurance Policy Ever Written—Is Sued by Agent for His Commission.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 5.—A writ was issued yesterday afternoon in a suit against Mrs. Joan Dunsmuir, widow of the late coal king Robert Dunsmuir and mother of the present premier of British Columbia. The plaintiff is J. B. Carlisle, an insurance agent, who recently insured the

millionaire for \$1,000,000 at her request, the largest individual policy ever written. Carlisle was offered \$5,000 as a cash commission but she refused five per cent, the amount to which is entitled under the insurance law. Frederick Peters, K. C., who acts as counsel for Mrs. Dunsmuir, is named as co-defendant in the suit.

ALL SKAGWAY WAS ALARMED.

Skagway, Dec. 5.—Agent Frank Burns today received a wire from Seattle stating that the steamer Dolphin had been held for repairs and did not sail for the north until the 3rd. As the company had failed to notify Skagway of the delay and when no dispatch came yesterday when it was known the through wire was up, anxiety increased to alarm. The town is full of people waiting to go south and everybody is wild at the negligence of the company in not sooner notifying Skagway of the delay. It is evident from the dispatch that the Dolphin had a rough trip south, necessitating her going into the drydock when she arrived.

DEPRIVED OF LIBERTY.

London, Dec. 5.—Interesting sequel on the return of the South African deputation are expected. Miss Hobhouse is the first to protest against the British system of concentration camps. Her mediator, Lord Hobhouse, has instituted suit in England against Kitchener, Milner and others in charge in South Africa on a charge of false arrest and imprisonment. The suit will raise the constitutional question of how a British subject may be deprived of his liberty of speech. Action is being taken under martial law.

EARLE ASSIGNS.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—Thomas Earle, M. P. of this city, has made an assignment, three smaller business concerns going down with him. Among his liabilities are \$200,000 owed to the Bank of British North America, \$65,000 to the Bank of Commerce and \$45,000 to the Molsons. The total liabilities are about \$309,000, about the same. The wreck was caused by Earle's heavy investment in the Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern railway which he tried to carry along paying \$90,000 interest annually.

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Vancouver, Dec. 5.—Sir Christopher Furness will construct a large ship building yard at some point in Canada and afterwards build four large freight steamers. The enterprise will require the investment of \$4,000,000.

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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

(Continued from Wednesday's Daily.)

Monroe Doctrine. The true end of every great and noble policy should be self-respecting and this nation most earnestly desires sincere and cordial friendship with all others.

Power grow up on this continent, or be compelled to become a military power ourselves. The people of America can prosper best if left to work out their own salvation in their own way.

During these troubles our government has unwaveringly advocated moderation and materially aided in bringing about the adjustment which would tend to the welfare of China and to lead to more beneficial intercourse between the empire and the modern world.

The agreement reached disposes in a manner satisfactory to the powers of the various grounds in the complaint and will contribute materially to better future relations between China and the powers.

Our people intend to abide by the Monroe Doctrine and to insist upon it as the only sure means of securing peace in the Western Hemisphere.

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Provisions have been made for insuring future safety of foreign representatives in Peking by setting aside for their exclusive use a quarter of the city which the powers can make defensible and in which they can maintain permanent military guards.

My predecessor communicated to congress the fact that the Weil and la Abra awards against Mexico have been decided by the highest courts of our country to have been obtained through fraud and perjury on the part of the claimants and that in accordance with acts of congress the money remaining in the hands of the secretary of state on these awards has been returned to Mexico.

It is not necessary to increase our army beyond its present size at this time, but it is necessary to keep it at the highest point of efficiency.

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The death of Queen Victoria caused the people of the United States deep and heartfelt sorrow, to which the government gave full expression.

In my judgment the time has arrived when we should definitely make up our minds to recognize the Indian as an individual and not as members of a tribe.

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YANKEE MONEY. New York, Dec. 5.—The Duke of Hamilton and Miss Nina Poore were married here yesterday.

SURGEON DEAD. London, Dec. 4.—Sir William McCormack, president of the Royal College of Surgeons, is dead.

GENEROUS GAGE. Toronto, Dec. 5.—E. J. Gage, of this place, has given \$20,000 towards founding a summer home for poor children at Island Park.

Small Debts Court. Police Magistrate Macaulay will preside over the small debts court Friday next, the 6th, there being now 13 cases on the docket ready for a hearing.

PACIFIC CABLE. Washington, Dec. 5.—Senator Hales has re-introduced the Pacific cable bill providing for government construction.

IN JONES' LOCKER. Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 5.—The British bark Bristol was wrecked off the coast this morning.

GOODBY HENEY. Seattle, Dec. 5.—M. J. Henry who constructed the White Pass railroad, has gone to the Philippines, where he expects to remain.

Anderson vs. Rumbold. Nelson vs. Berghausen. Shaffer vs. Cowley. Weeks vs. Carboneau. McKay vs. Eulab. Durant vs. Englebrecht. Kendrick vs. Palmer Bros. Clark vs. McConnell. Fitzgerald vs. Stewart.

Taft RETURNING. Washington, Dec. 5.—Governor Taft is on his way home from the Philippines on the transport Grant.

HELEN IS ALIVE. Constantinople, Dec. 5.—A report just received here says that Miss Stone and Mrs. Talika, the kidnapped missionaries, are still alive.

STUDENTS FRIEND. St. Petersburg, Dec. 4.—The Russian minister of public works has resigned his position as a protest against the policy of severity practiced against the students, which policy has been approved by the Czar.

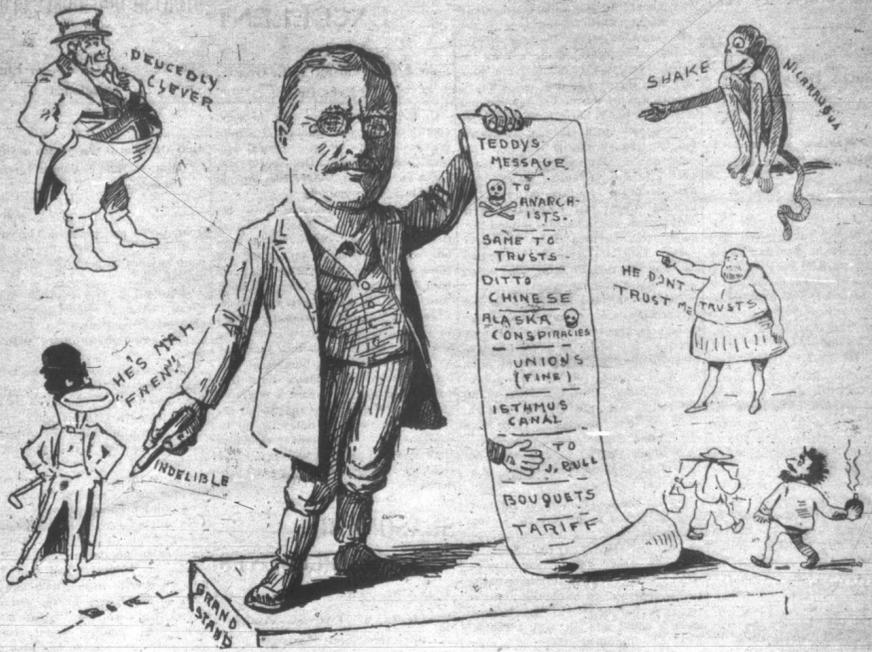
AFTER PIG TAILS. Washington, Dec. 5.—Senator Lodge has introduced a bill providing for the removal of the ten years limitation clause in the Chinese exclusion act, thus leaving the provisions of the Geary act in force.

OLD BOAT WRECKED. Seattle, Dec. 5.—The old Squid steamer Skagit Chief was wrecked yesterday while en route here from Bremerton. She is a total loss.

MEANS BLIND PIGS. Ottawa, Dec. 4.—The Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance is urging the Ontario government to immediate action in the direction of prohibition in view of the recent decision of the privy council in the Manitoba case.

AN ILL WIND. Chicago, Dec. 4.—Investigation has revealed the fact that an ill-timed gust of wind which blew a portion of a train order from a conductor's hand is responsible for the recent terrible fatality, the result of a collision on the Wabash road.

OFFICE SEEKERS. Winnipeg, Dec. 5.—Arbustnot, Caruthers and Ross are all candidates for the mayoralty of this city.



TEDDY'S FIRST MESSAGE.

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GOV'NR YATES OF ILLINOIS HE SASSSED HER AT DINNER

Calls Down Official Censure on Himself by Appealing to His Constintency to Assist Boer Women, Children and Other Noncombatants—Has Believed Biased Reports Made by Boer Envoys.

The Prince Consort of Holland's Abuses His New Wife and is Reproved by Major Von Tots—They Quarrel and Retire From the Table to Fight a Duel in Which Tots is Punctured.

Springfield, Ill., Dec. 5.—Governor Yates of this state is bringing down upon himself a great deal of official censure by issuing a proclamation calling attention to the destitute condition of Boer women and children and other non-combatants in the British military camps of South Africa, and calling on all humane citizens of Illinois to contribute money, medicine, food and clothing.

The Hague, Dec. 5.—A duel has been fought between Prince Henry of Netherlands, husband of Queen Wilhelmina, and Major Von Tots, the queen's aide-de-camp. The trouble occurred at a dinner at Hetloo when her majesty was hurt by some inattention on the part of the prince to whom she spoke sharply.

WANTS THE DITCH.

Washington, Dec. 4.—President Roosevelt today sent to the senate the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty for the Isthmian canal.

RIGID MEASURES.

Manila, Dec. 4.—General Chaffee has issued orders for the closing of all ports in Laguan and Batangos provinces, as by means of them stores and provisions have been finding their way to the insurgents and money paid in rent for buildings used by the government has been paid over into the insurgent treasury.

RAPID STEAMERS.

Seattle, Dec. 5.—The organization of the Alaska Mail Steamship Company has been completed and it is proposed to put three steamers on the run in the spring that will cover the distance from Seattle to Skagway in two days.

VICTORIA INTERESTED

In New Schedule of White Pass and Yukon Road. Victoria, Dec. 5.—The Board of Trade of this city has requested the minister of railways to submit to it the revised schedule of the White Pass railroad before accepting it.

THE WAR IS OFF.

Washington, Dec. 5.—A dispatch from Colon, Colombia, says that General Domingo Diaz, insurgent leader, has decided to surrender to General Alban and secure the freedom of his forces from imprisonment.

DISORGANIZED.

London, Dec. 5.—The Liberal party is virtually disorganized through internal disagreements with the result that neither faction is able to take advantage of the opportunities now presented by the Salisbury ministry's loss of popularity.

BARK WRECKED.

Victoria, Dec. 5.—The bark Highland Light, a veteran in the Pacific coast coal and lumber trade, foundered in a storm off Hecetaoit.

BEHIND TIME.

Manila, Dec. 4.—Insurgent General Lukban at Samar, Philippines, has offered to negotiate terms of surrender but has been informed by General Chaffee that the time to talk about conditions has passed.

\$100 PER.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—The White Pass Company has announced its winter schedule of stage service between Whitehorse and Dawson. Bi-weekly trips will be made, the passenger fare being \$100.

BULLER'S GRIP.

London, Dec. 5.—General Buller's popularity is growing daily and his retirement is held by many to presage the downfall of the Salisbury ministry.

WAS NOT LOST.

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—The American ship Roanoke which was given up as lost while en route from Norfolk, Va., to this place, has arrived safely after a long and rough voyage.

STUDENTS FRIEND.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 4.—The Russian minister of public works has resigned his position as a protest against the policy of severity practiced against the students, which policy has been approved by the Czar.

JAPS IN CANADA.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—The Japanese law has been so amended that not more than sixty Japanese men, women or children can come to Canada on any one steamer, nor can any come without special certificates obtained from Consul Shirima of this place.

STRETCHED HEMP.

Mount Holly, N. J., Dec. 4.—Chas. Brown was hanged here today for complicity in the murder of Washington Hunter, at Riverside, this state, last January.

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Constantinople, Dec. 5.—A report just received here says that Miss Stone and Mrs. Talika, the kidnapped missionaries, are still alive.

MUCH MARRIED.

Hesper, Ont., Dec. 4.—Chas. Green of this place is charged with bigamy. He has a wife here and a wife and two children in Philadelphia.

MEANS BLIND PIGS.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—The Ontario branch of the Dominion Alliance is urging the Ontario government to immediate action in the direction of prohibition in view of the recent decision of the privy council in the Manitoba case.

ROYALTY REGALED.

London, Dec. 5.—Today London is entertaining the new Prince and Princess of Wales, who are being congratulated on the new titles and the great success of their mission to the colonies.

DRY DOCK TEST.

Washington, Dec. 5.—A naval test of the government dry dock at New Orleans has been ordered.

AN ILL WIND.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Investigation has revealed the fact that an ill-timed gust of wind which blew a portion of a train order from a conductor's hand is responsible for the recent terrible fatality, the result of a collision on the Wabash road.

LOST IN FOG.

Seattle, Dec. 5.—The steamer Clara Brown has been lost by means of the heavy fog. Details have not yet been received.

SERIOUS FIRE.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 4.—The Brecker Green Ridge Coal Company's property was destroyed by fire today.

Call and Get Prices Special Centrifugal Pumps Made by Byron Jackson for direct connection to motors, thereby doing away with all belts and pulleys; also large stock of BLACKSMITH SUPPLIES, including horse shoes, nails, iron and genuine Pennsylvania blacksmith coal; also large stock of pipe and pipe fittings. McDonald Iron Works Co. Opp. New Courthouse Phone No. 2

WHEN NEW YORK WAS LIVELY

Drafting for Soldiers in 1863 Caused Trouble.

Men Became Manical and Hundreds Were Slain—Mr. Horace Greeley Stood Pat.

Saturday, July 11, 1863, the New York daily papers announced that drafting would begin that day in the Twenty-second ward of the city. Both on Saturday and Monday the papers announced that all would be quiet, but before the following Friday noon the city had lost \$2,000,000 by fire and robbery, while some 200 of its citizens had been slaughtered.

Provost Marshal Charles E. Jenkins gave notice that the draft would be made in this manner: The name of each enrolled man, with his residence and color, to be written on a slip of paper six inches long and one inch wide, each slip to be rolled closely and a rubber band placed around it, these to be placed in a cylinder hung on an axis to be whirled around by a blind-folded man. And thus the drafting began at his office, 677 Third avenue, Saturday morning, July 11, 1863, in the presence of about 150 persons, besides the enrolling officers, clerks and a corps of reporters.

"There were general hilarity and good humor," say the reports. "It was looked on as a matter of course." There were 1,500 names to be drawn from that district, and 1,236 were drawn that day.

The next night (Sunday) the emissaries of evil were busy in all the dark holes that tangled wilderness of narrow streets and alleys which covers so large a portion of the east side of the city. The clause in the conscription act allowing exemption on payment of \$300 was especially denounced as in interest of the rich.

Monday at 10:30 a. m. the drawing was resumed at the same place, with the same officials and an immense crowd in the streets. Some 700 names had been drawn when a pistol was fired in the street, and the officials rose. There was a brief pause, then a shower of bricks and paving stones came crashing through the windows, and instantly the room was filled with a howling mob.

Two clerks seized the wheel and escaped with it to an upper story. Some of the officials were knocked down and forced into the street. The rest escaped by a back door. In a few minutes the whole vicinity was in control of the mob. A man poured a can of turpentine over the room and applied a match. In ten minutes the building was blazing to the roof.

The firemen came, but the mob would not allow them to work till the building was destroyed. Deputy Provost Marshal Vandergrop was captured and beaten to insensibility. Police Superintendent John A. Kennedy appeared in citizen's clothes, was knocked down, stamped and beaten to an almost shapeless mass. He survived, but never recovered, dying a few years after of chest troubles caused by the stamping. In the meantime the escaped officers had reached the park barracks, and a small company of men from the invalid corps who were there hurried to the scene. Their captain ordered them to fire blank cartridges. The mob heard the order, jeered, rushed on the "old cripples," as the invalid veterans were called, wrenched the guns from their hands and good naturedly dismissed them with nothing worse than a few kicks and cuffs. But a small squad resisted. Of these one was beaten to death, another thrown down a declivity and several others badly hurt. A small detachment of police next arrived and fought magnificently, inflicting fearful wounds on the rioters, but were finally defeated.

Down to this time the riot had been localized near the ruins of the provost marshal's office, but the mob now moved northward and eastward among the shops and warehouses. They drank freely at all the saloons, paying nothing, and their numbers were soon augmented by the laborers in the shops and mills, who ceased work. Then the cry was raised, "Down with the rich men—the \$300 exemptions!" And every one part of the mob fell on every well dressed man whom curiosity drew to the scene the other attacked the elegant houses on Lexington avenue and that vicinity.

Every negro in sight was chased, beaten and sometimes killed. A colored boy 10 years old was beaten to insensibility. A negro man was hanged and his legs slashed with knives while he was struggling in the agonies of death. Still another was hanged and his clothes set on fire as he was dying. Just before night occurred the attack on the colored orphan asylum, a spacious and beautiful building on Fifth avenue at Park-sixth street, in which 200 colored orphans were cared for. Giving the inmates barely time to escape, the rioters destroyed or carried off all the furniture, injuring several of their own party in their haste. A little girl was killed by a heavy chair thrown from an upper window. The building was then fired and burned.

By a sort of unanimous instinct the rioters then moved toward The Tribune building, pausing on their way to destroy another enrolling office at Broadway and Twenty-ninth street and plunder all the jewelry stores near it. About dark the advance of the mob reached The Tribune office, forced an entrance, made a heap of papers on the counting room floor and set them on fire, but a brave police captain led in his squad and drove out the rioters, laying many of their bodies stiff on the pavement. Horace Greeley straightway put his office on a war footing. The tanks were kept full of boiling water, with hose arranged to turn it on an attacking mob; the employees were well armed, and a supply of hand grenades was secured from the navy yard. The mob came on subsequent days, but could not bring their courage to the attacking point.

Tuesday morning brought a shower of proclamations, one from Mayor George Opdyke commanding all good citizens to enroll as special policemen, another by Major General John E. Wool asking old soldiers to enlist for order. But the citizens did not rally. All the militia were absent but one regiment, there were few United States troops on Governors island, and so, except as the police could oppose, the rioters went unchecked for another day.

OUTLOOK IS EXCELLENT

Last Chance Output to Be Greater Than Ever Before.

C. P. Dolan, one of the heaviest operators on Last Chance and a mining partner of Deputy Sheriff Ellsbeck came in from the creeks last night and is busy today renewing old acquaintances. Said he: "I believe there is more work being done on Last Chance this year than ever before. Claims which have not been previously prospected are being opened up and excellent pay has been found in many instances. Three-fourths of the claims between the mouth of the creek and the forks are being worked and this year pay has been located on a number of properties on the right fork. Both Discovery and Fifteen pups are receiving considerable attention and as far as I know are turning out fully up to expectations. I feel quite confident that next summer will see the biggest clean-up Last Chance has yet produced."

Besides the usual outrages and murders of colored people the great event of Tuesday was the inhuman murder of Colonel H. T. O'Brien of the Eleventh New York state troops. After serving against the mob he rashly returned to his house alone in the disturbed district. Encountering there a small but not very turbulent mob, he upbraided them in a most pronounced manner. They moved toward him. He drew his revolver and fired, striking a woman in the knee. She fell, and his fate was sealed. Every one in the crowd was frantic to strike or kick him. He lay for hours on the pavement after he had dragged him in the gutter and rolled him in the mud, and every time he moved enough to show that life was in him he was again stamped on or beaten. In vain did Father Clowrey beg for leave to take the colonel home and bestow the last rites of the dying.

"You have killed him. Let me give him the rites," said the priest. "You can give the rites here if you like," replied the mob. "You can't take him away."

So the priest, knelt in the muddy street and administered extreme unction. He remained by the colonel until dark, when death occurred.

Tuesday night an awful calm prevailed, but the glow of burning buildings showed where the rioters had done their latest work. Wednesday morning showed that the forces of law and order were organized, and the desperate closing struggle began. From Governors island, the Brooklyn barracks and navy yard, with the old soldiers, invalid corps and one regiment of militia, which was stopped as it was ready to take the cars for Pennsylvania, enough soldiers were gathered to guard all the arsenals and public buildings and leave a few hundred to back the police in clothing the rioters. And the clubbing was done to the queen's taste. In one brief combat 30 rioters were killed or mortally wounded. In another a howitzer was fired into a mob, killing 22. Still the mob hung on and grew more fendsh.

Thursday morning dawned on a city in which general business was completely suspended. The worst was over, but on that day and until midnight there were local disturbances attended with fearful slaughter of the rioters. Thirty were shot and bayoneted in one encounter. Three militia regiments arrived from Pennsylvania that day and soon cleared most of the streets. Friday morning all the street cars and omnibuses were running again, and the riot was officially declared at an end.—EX.

How It Helps. "Do you find that a college education helps your son much in his farming?" "Well, yes, I kinder think it does a little sometimes. Since Erzy's come back him he's got a hull lot of new notions about social distinctions, so he never loads around with the hired man keepin him from work like he used to."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Fancy Xmas cards; exquisite designs.—Kilgore & Landahl's. Kelly & Co., Leading Druggists.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

TRAVELERS TO KOYUKUK

TAKE NOTICE That the N. A. T. & T. Co. at Fort Yukon has a full stock of goods for outfitting, at reasonable prices. Any shortages arising will be reported to their Circle-City station.

Straight Tip. Withers—I told Poberbeigh he would play the deuce if he married that girl. Higgins—Well, what has happened? "She has presented him with twins."—Smart Set.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

CHEAP FREIGHT RATES

WINTER RATES ON GENERAL MERCHANDISE TO THE FOLLOWING CREEKS, PER TON: Sulphur, including 21, Below, \$30.00 Month of Quartz, \$30.00 Gold Run, \$35.00 Montana, \$60.00 Bureka, \$60.00

All Perishable Goods Subject to Special Rates. Telephone 37. F. A. CLEVELAND, Office, Hotel McDonald.

STORY OF DOG NAMED CLOVER

She Was too Smart for Elmer's Landlady

And Afterwards the Means of Getting Him a Wife—Canine Love and Effection.

"There must be a girl in it," said John Locke as he took down his overcoat. "I never saw a fellow more anxious to get home nights than you are."

"I do enjoy my evenings," laughed Elmer Stearns, "and I have a very pleasant companion." Then he walked away whistling softly to himself.

Elmer Stearns had many pleasant acquaintances in New York, but so far only one friend. Elmer was a quiet fellow who stuck to his work while in the big counting room, but from the moment he left it banished all thoughts of business and gave himself up to the enjoyment of his books, his pipe and his faithful friend, a pure bred pointer named Clover.

He stopped for her now at a neighboring stable and the two went on together to his boarding place. Mrs. Nubbs, his landlady, had said "No," very vigorously when Elmer had asked if he might keep a dog, but after Clover had waited, stood in the corner and finally got her best bow, all in response to Elmer's command, "Go and beg her to let you come, Clover," her face relaxed and she said, "I never allow no dogs here, Mr. Stearns, so don't ever let me see that animal go in that door or over those stairs."

Elmer was not obtuse and understood the emphasis on the word "see."

He easily taught Clover to slip by him into the hall and over the stairs at a bound, so Mrs. Nubbs never saw her come in, though she often shut the dining room door in order that she should not, and she silently handed Elmer a brown paper parcel every night which was always found to contain tidbits for the dog.

City life was new and strange to them both, and though the dog found interest and variety in the novel things she saw from the gate of the box stall where she spent her days, and Elmer enjoyed doing the work he was fitted for, both felt a great relaxation when the day was over and they were together again.

If the man wished to read or write without interruption, the dog sat motionless by his side, sometimes resting her head quietly on his knee to invite a caress. If the man was pensive and wished to smoke and muse, the dog put her paw on his knee and rested her head on his shoulder, and thus they sat hour after hour.

Her personal beauty would have delighted any dog fancier. She had a coat like satin, brown head penciled evenly with white up the forehead, and on her back was a well defined four leaved clover in brown, of which her brown tail formed the stem. The rest of her was purest white. This odd marking explained her name.

With this sympathetic companionship Elmer Stearns was content and rarely felt lonely during the long winter evenings. He kept early bedtime and spread a shawl on the foot of his bed for Clover, and the two friends slept as only healthy, free bred animals can.

The winter passed, and one sleepy April day Elmer called at the stable for his dog, Mikey, the groom, came forward with sorrow pictured on his kind face.

"I don't know anything about it at all, but the dog must have been un-locked. I've been here every minute of the day except four or two hours. I missed her about 4 o'clock, and I walks over and looks in the stall, and the door was a bit of a crack open and no dog inside."

Elmer went into his boarding house to see if the dog had been there, but then back to the office, and then to the police. Next day he advertised, and for many days he tried every possible means to trace the missing dog, and finally decided she was stolen and beyond his reach.

The summer days dragged on, and the heat of the city became almost intolerable. Elmer had promised himself a vacation in the mountains, but hunting without Clover would be a sorry sport. However, the weeks set apart for him on the schedule of the great business house were at hand, and he was wondering moodily what he should do with them as he walked to his boarding house one sultry August day.

As he neared the house he started suddenly for on the steps sat a brown and white dog, gazing wistfully at him. Gaining his room, he took the great dog bodily in his arms and hugged her tight, and they rolled and frolicked together on the carpet.

So Clover and her master took a two weeks' hunting trip, and they were short and happy weeks. They returned together rather reluctantly and mounting the dingy stairway to the stuffy city room began to unpack. As they were thus occupied there came a sharp ring at the doorbell, which was answered by Mrs. Nubbs. She drew herself up stiffly when she faced a blue coated officer.

"Does any of your boarders keep a dog?" he queried. "Well, I should say not," she answered demurely. "What sort of a house do you think I have here. One of my young men did bring a dog here, and I told him never to let me see a dog come into this house. That was six months ago, and I ain't never seen a dog come in here since."

NERVE OF CORNY JOHNSON

He Did Not Look It But He Had It All the Same.

Took a Suit Home to Try on, He Was Married in It and Returned it as a Misfit.

Had you seen Corny Johnson driving into Saline Ford from up Platte Bottom way, where he lived alone on his eighty acres of sand and buffalo grass, you would not have put your mark upon him as a man of colossal nerve. His team was raw-boned and ill fed, his wagon unpaired and rickety, himself sleepy eyed and loose jointed. When he dismounted from the high wagon seat and walked around to fasten his team in front of the general merchandise store there was a high hitch in his gait that suggested a horse slightly effected with string-halt or spavin. Certainly you would not have pointed him out to a friend and remarked, "The nerviest man on Platte Bottom."

Certainly up to this particular time the community at large had not recognized him as charged with those characteristics of fearlessness, force and "carrying-a-thing-through-against-all-odds" that are so dear to a western man's heart. But a great transformation had taken place in Corny Johnson's life.

Early one evening he had left his little low-built shanty and gone across the sand bottom covered with the thick young buffalo grass to the home of old Denny Nolan, set close to the sloping bank of Clear creek, to borrow a rip-saw. The old man, his wife and daughter and all the little Nolans were just sitting down to supper. They asked Johnson to stay, and he took the chair between his host and hostess, the buxom, red-cheeked, laughing daughter sitting opposite.

Johnson made good work with the asparagus soup, the fresh beef, the dumplings and the brown bread, and though the setting sun shining through the window took him full in the face, he managed to keep his eyes upon the girl across the table. He had met her before and had spoken a few words with her at the village store on a Saturday, but never before had he taken time to study her closely. He noted approvingly that she seemed to be the head of the table, served the things dextrously, looked after his wants, pressed this or that upon him. Moreover, her smile pleased him as well as the full round throat and the strong, shapely figure.

After the meal the two men went out on the porch, and while the two women cleared away the supper things smoked their cob pipes and talked of the spring plowing. Then the mother and daughter came out, and all four discussed the last winter's revival, the stone mill being built at the Ford and the new neighbors from Missouri up the road.

The moon came up and a thin gray mist crept over the bottom land. Something stirred near the door, and Johnson looking around found that the girl had disappeared. Suddenly the conversation became lifeless to him, the porch seemed empty. He had never felt just so before. Off across the grassy distance he could see faintly his own small house standing out cold and cheerless. A dog bayed far away and he knew it was his hound.

Thinking that the girl would return he waited half an hour, but as she did not come he finally took his leave of Nolan and the old man's wife and walked around the house and across the front yard of thin blue grass sod toward the road. The barb-wire fence had been out and a cheap, unpainted gate set in. Upon this leaned a woman's figure with her back to him. Johnson saw that it was Nolan's daughter, stopped abruptly and then went on. The girl heard him, turned and gazed at him silently. Johnson took off his hat sheepishly and began running the brim wheel-like between the fingers of his two hands.

"Did you cook supper?" he asked finally. "Yes," she said simply, smiling at him. He moved nearer and leaned an elbow on the gate post. "It was fine," he said. Then they were both silent, though the girl was smiling to herself. "I want you to cook for me—all our lives," he said suddenly.

She smiled up at him again and he reached over and awkwardly put his arms about her and kissed her twice. They went in then to tell old man Nolan and his wife.

All being sensible people, they decided that the sooner it was over the better for all concerned. The next Sunday, four days later, was set for the event. Mrs. Nolan said that this would give her husband herself abundant time to invite all the neighbors and the relatives. Johnson said that he could get the house fixed up a little by that time. And the girl said that it would suffice for her to make a new dress and for Johnson to go to town and buy a new suit of clothes.

This remark of the girl gave Corny Johnson much food for reflection. On his life he could not have raised ten dollars in ready cash, and saw little prospect before the next fall. Yet she would expect him to wear that new suit. In fact she had mentioned

SEASONABLE COMPLIMENTS

Presidents of Two St. Andrew Societies Send Messages.

Among the first messages to come over the through wire when it began working last night after a week's rest was the following: Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 30, 1901.

To R. P. McLennan, President St. Andrew's Society, Dawson: "Cantle chiefs with outstretched hand, friendship's love breeze unto bright."

To F. F. Burns, President St. Andrew's Society, Dawson: "Ye claim'd Scotchman, soaked in rain, give car! Though frost-bound, we've a better wettin' here."

New Uses for Sawdust. Scientific men have long been engaged in the study of methods of utilizing waste products, such as sewage, garbage and many other things, formerly thrown away as worthless. After it is ascertained just what these materials contain that can be utilized ingeniously men set their wits to work to invent machinery and devise processes by which the valuable commodities may be extracted. In this way many million dollars' worth of oils, fertilizers and other useful substances are now saved, and the world is so much richer.

A great deal of sawdust has always gone to waste though many mills used it to supplement their fuel supply. Chemical analysts have been at work in the sawdust problem, and it has been shown clearly that it contains very useful elements that are worth saving, and now machinery has been invented to extract these materials.

The experiments have proved that 1000 pounds of sawdust will yield about 160 pounds of char, which is practically the same as charcoal and equally serviceable, 180 pounds of acids, 160 pounds of tar and a quantity of gases that have been tested for heating and illuminating and found to be excellent for both purposes. While the acids, tar and char are the products particularly desired, it is said the gases are of commercial value.

A machine has been invented in Montreal for the purpose of distilling sawdust and obtaining the desired products. Consul General Binkinger writes that the machine treats about 2000 pounds of wet sawdust an hour. As Canada manufactures enormous quantities of lumber, it is expected that the utilization of sawdust in that country will be an important source of valuable commodities.

There are 26 places in Europe where oxalic acid is extracted from sawdust. In Scotland sawdust is used to make floorcloth, coarse wrapping paper and millboard, which is a kind of paste-board used by bookmakers in the covers of books. This sawdust, once thought to be a good deal of a nuisance, is beginning to be considered quite a useful article.—EX.

Job Printing at Nugget office.

WILL DANCE FORTNIGHTLY

Social Diversions Under the Auspices of the A. B.'s.

For the purpose of liquidating the indebtedness now hanging over the new A. B. hall the camp has decided to give a series of balls every two weeks during the remainder of the winter, the first to take place Friday evening, December 13. The program will be given under the auspices of the camp and should prove the most popular social diversion of the winter. Within the membership of the A. B.'s are practically all the society leaders of the city and as they are manifesting a great interest in the affair there can be no question of their success socially as well as financially. Tickets including supper have been placed at the modest figure of \$5 per couple; extra ladies \$2 each. Cards of admission can be procured through Arctic Club Kalendar (Rudy's drug store) and Dr. A. F. Edwards, Arctic recorder.

WEATHER IS VERY MILD Only North Wind Creates Demand for Furs. But for the north wind which has blown uncessantly for the past several days and is still blowing, fur coats could be laid away and spring apparel donned. Many persons, principally check-acs, are deterring writing letters to outside friends until they can say that the weather here is 50 degrees below zero. There is a glaring possibility that their friends will not hear from them this winter.

According to the entry made by Sergeant-Major Tucker this morning on the official weather report the minimum temperature for the preceding 24 hours was 4 degrees below zero, while the maximum temperature was 3 degrees above zero. Although the snow has drifted considerably, about four inches have fallen within the past four days.

A New Reading Room. Editor Klondike Nugget: Dear Sir,—Will you be good enough to allow me to inform the general public, through the columns of your paper, that a portion of St. Paul's Rectory has been set apart as a reading room for those men of the town who may care to make use of it as such. The room is small, but comfortable, and has been equipped with a number of books, magazines and papers.

I desire to extend a cordial invitation to the men of the town to the free use of the rooms, and will be only too pleased if they will come and make themselves thoroughly at home in it.

Thanking you for your valuable space I am, yours sincerely, JAMES R. H. WARREN, St. Paul's Rectory, Dawson, Dec. 2nd, 1901.

She was a very talkative old lady and her memory was remarkable. Her nephew from the city soon realized the strength of both these characteristics.

"Say, aunty," he put in when he found an opening in the old lady's continuous chain of reminiscences, "did you ever know the Steeler family that used to live around here somewhere?"

"Knew 'em all," cried the old lady without a moment's hesitation. "Indeed."

"Did you know Amos?" continued the joker.

"Amos Keeter!" cried the old lady again. "Well, I should say I did. Many's the party he's taken me to. Amos Keeter? Dear, dear, how his name does call up the good old times!"

And then the wicked nephew had to go out behind the woodshed to laugh

THE STO

Who Wa

Adopted a Acqui Life.

The writ on not story with by writan discharge, over be out also Sunday's that kind the India's of the Apache of were child, for two y on one m stigatod here in t -dropped root's con- sation of I determ now h In 1873, eral blood dreds of the he nation of They ha account frequently der all in could am the huma way of cr sil into t

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Ad- He AN AP- GRAY- PH- Ad-

THE STORY OF AN APACHE BOY

Who Was Defiant at Four Years of Age as a Young Lion.

Acquired All the Vices of Soldier Life.

The writer owes to Dick Huyi a debt of gratitude, as the boy will demonstrate, which she is repaying by writing his biography, which she is writing in the form of a story...

for the whites was fully reciprocated, especially by the soldiers. It was no easy matter to track and successfully follow the runaways through the cañon and mesquite thickets, over the barren deserts and desolate moun-

to capture a target—1,100 yards with accuracy—and the lieutenant, who was one of the best fellows in the world in garrison, but quite cold hearted and bloodthirsty where Apaches were concerned, announced that while he was doubtful of his gun carrying near the Indian, yet he was going to try.

Will Retire From Business Jan. 1st

I am Now Selling My Stock Consisting of Everything in the JEWELRY LINE at Prices Never Offered Before in the City of Dawson.

ALBERT MEYER, Jeweler, Orpheum Bldg.

filled with women and children, causing a runaway and a smash up, one soldier thrashed him with a barrel stave and a dozen more gave him 5 cent pieces to comfort him.

ANOTHER CONCESSION

Two Mile Tract on Indian Closed to Another Entry. A notice has been posted in the gold commissioner's office to the effect that a plan of the survey of the ground applied for by William Creteau for hydraulic purposes has been filed and that the ground is closed from further placer mining entries.

is moving forward in space 40,000 miles an hour, but whence it came or whither it is going no one can tell. Mr. Newcomb does not believe instruments will ever be discovered that will allow astronomers to prove that rational inhabitants exist on other planets.

Cannibalism in Africa.

The cannibalism of the black secret society known as the human Leopards in the country near Sierra Leone, disclosed by the recent trial, brings forcibly before us the difference between the East African and the West African habits of eating human flesh.

The Meanest Man Medal.

The sudden shower had driven the people into doorways and under awnings for shelter. A group had gathered in a covered alleyway-between two sections of a big dry goods store, and one of the men was talking.

In the Nick of Time.

Slim Jim was a drawn out youth who did odd jobs about the river. During his checkered career, along with many bad habits, he had learned how to row a boat.

Auditorium Theatre... GRAND SACRED CONCERT Sunday Evening, December 8th GREATEST MUSICAL TREAT EVER OFFERED A DAWSON AUDIENCE.

When I first knew him, he had been under the refining influences of the United States for two years. If that Indian had improved in that time, I am very glad I did not know him before.

Where Science Stumbles. In a lecture on "The Progress and Tendency of Astronomy" delivered at Columbian university, Washington, Professor Simon Newcomb spoke of the determination of the exact motion of the solar system as one of the victories of the nineteenth century.

Dawson Hardware Co., Ltd. Is the Place to Buy Your Fittings. OUR LINES ARE COMPLETE IN ALL SIZES. Steam Pipe 1/4 to 8 inch. Steam Hose 1/4 to 2 inch. Giant Powder Caps and Fuse.

WINTER TIME TABLE-STAGE LINES THE ORR & TUKEY CO., Ltd. Going into effect Nov. 11, 1901—Week Days Only.

Regina Hotel... J.W. Wilson, Prop. and Mgr. Dawson's Leading Hotel. American and European Plan. Cuisine Unexcelled.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. Affords a Complete Coasting service. Alaska, Washington, California, Oregon and Mexico.

HICKS & THOMPSON, Props. HICKS & THOMPSON STAGE LINE HUNKER AND DOMINION.

SILK.. GLOVES, MITTS \$3.50 Sargent & Pinska 118 Second Avenue.

Pacific Packing and Navigation Co. Successors to Pacific Steam Whaling Co. FOR ALL POINTS In Western Alaska Steamer Newport.

By Using Long Distance Telephone. You are put in immediate communication with Bonanza, Eldorado, Hunker, Dominion, Gold Run or Sulphur Creeks.

Best Scotch Whiskies \$25 Per Case Gold Dust at \$16 Per Ounce. FOR THE HOLIDAYS. Best Scotch Whiskies \$25 Per Case Gold Dust at \$16 Per Ounce. NORTHERN COMMERCIAL COMPANY

FIRST COUNCIL MEETING

In New Chambers Held Yesterday Afternoon - Session Not Remarkable for Length or Amount of Business Transacted - Councilman Wilson Speaks - Adjourned Until Monday.

From Friday's Daily. The council chamber in the new administration building, which was occupied yesterday by the Yukon council for the first time, presented quite a gay and animated appearance when that august body was called to order shortly after 3 o'clock. Outside the railing in the seats provided for the public were a number of Dawson's most prominent citizens, including several ladies, and the contrast with the dingy, old quarters in the old court house was indeed a marked one. Prior to the convening of the council the members had all been assigned their respective seats which hereafter they will regard as their own. Registrar Girouard occupies the seat of honor, that immediately to the right of the commissioner, he being in point of service the senior member of the council; alongside Mr. Girouard is his right is Mr. Justice Dugas. In the rear row is Legal Adviser Newlands. On the left of the commissioner in the front row are Councilmen Wilson and Prudhomme; in the rear row are Gold Commissioner Senkler and Major Wood.

At the session the members were all present with the exception of Major Wood, who is temporarily absent from the city, and Registrar Girouard. The minutes of the previous meeting were ordered to be considered as read and under the head of petitions a communication from the Northern Commercial Company was presented asking that the council grant permission to lay steam and water pipes along certain streets and alleys and also ratify the work the company has already completed. Under the head of reports of committees Mr. Justice Dugas, as chairman of the finance committee, reported that upon the petition of Mrs. Ferguson for the payment of \$2500 for street signs and house numbers, the committee begged to recommend that no action be taken.

Councilman Wilson gave notice of the following questions which he proposed to the commissioner: 1.-Can the commissioner state if the government intends to continue for another year the system of issuing liquor permits in this territory? 2.-If so, does the commissioner intend to pursue the same policy of restriction in regard to the number of permits to be issued? 3.-Has the commissioner or the government promised the present

holders of permits a renewal for next year? 4.-Is it the policy of the commissioner or the government to allow the liquor trade of this territory to be controlled by a few? 5.-What was the relative cost per mile of the trail from the mouth of Quantz creek to Eureka creek and of the trail made from West Dawson to the Portyauke district? 6.-What was the total amount expended in each case? The questions so pointed and upon a subject which has been discussed more or less freely from the professional agitators down to the ordinary individual who is compelled to pay \$2 for a bottle of beer came as a sort of boomerang. In reply the commissioner begged to inform the honorable member that it was the purpose of the council to meet continuously until a somewhat lengthy bill to come up had been disposed of, he would defer answering the queries until a later day, but before the final adjournment of the session.

Mr. Prudhomme moved, and was seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the name of Mr. Newlands, the new legal adviser, be substituted on all committees for that of Mr. Congdon, resigned. Under new bills Mr. Newlands introduced the ordinance providing for the incorporation of the city of Dawson, moving its first reading. Following the legal adviser moved the bill be referred to the committee on municipal law, saying that the bill was quite lengthy and should be thoroughly considered before coming up for its next reading.

At this point of the proceedings Mr. Wilson arose and begged the indulgence of the council while he made a few remarks apropos of the present being the first meeting of the council in their new chambers and also of the fact that the date was the first anniversary of the election of himself and his worthy colleague, Mr. Prudhomme, to the council. Among other things, he said: "This being the first meeting of this council in this magnificent chamber, and also the anniversary of the election of Mr. Prudhomme and myself, to this body, I think the occasion calls for a few remarks. I am sure, sir, that the commodious quarters in which the government has been pleased to place us is a credit

to the government, and we are willing to give the government credit for every good thing that it does. We are glad, sir, to have the accommodations that we have here today, and yet there is a point in this. The government has erected this magnificent building and lined its walls with native spruce and British Columbia fir. Had they built this building of the finest marble and decorated its walls with the finest paintings the world has ever known, it would not have been sufficient, in the present unsatisfactory state of our mining regulations, to convince the people of this territory that the government at Ottawa has their real interests at heart. "I recognize that all of the things that we desire cannot be done in a day, and I am willing, of course, to make allowances for the necessary time required; but even with this allowance there are some of us who cannot help thinking that the government has not done all it should have done, and it is our duty to point out this fact, and before this session is ended I hope to see a memorial going forth from this council to Ottawa setting forth the wants of this territory. "I hope to see in that memorial the liquor traffic placed upon a proper commercial basis. The council recommended this last year, but were not fortunate enough to persuade the government to take our view of the matter. I hoped also to see properly presented the question of the representation of the Yukon in the house of commons, and I would also like to see popular representation in the council. And not only do we ask representation in the house of commons, but also in the senate. "You are aware that this matter is a burning question, and has been for some time. It figured in the last election a year ago; in fact the people of this territory were unanimous in asking for a representative government, and while I am quite aware, and have been informed that it would be a bad policy for the government at Ottawa to take any steps to this end at the present time, that there is no precedent for the government at Ottawa to follow. I mean to insist that the Yukon territory is unique in itself, and is altogether different in its population and in every other respect to the territories which have been granted representation in the past.

"Let us look back on history and refer to what was done in regard to other communities. We know that Quebec and even Ontario were governed without direct representation for a time, and in the Northwest territories, with the commissioner in familiar and in which government he distinguished himself, it would not have been a wise policy to adopt a representative government because you were surrounded by certain elements of population that, in a sense, we might call savages, who knew nothing about constitutional government, and another party who came from Europe, and who did not understand your language nor our ideas of free institutions. Therefore in that case it was necessary to let time work out the destiny of the country. "In the Yukon it is different. Here we have men, and women, too, who are already skilled in the institutions of our country, who are well versed in all that goes to the working out of a constitution as free and as liberal as that of the Dominion, and therefore I say that the authorities at Ottawa should take this into account when dealing with the question of giving representation in the house of commons and in the senate to the people of the Yukon territory. "If I had the power to govern matters in this territory for a short time I would manage them very differently to the course in which they run at present. I would not, for instance, ask my honorable friend Mr. Senkler to occupy a seat in the council. I would think that he had sufficient to do in carrying on the work of his important office as gold commissioner; and neither would I ask him to sit as a member of the court of appeals to pass judgment upon his own decisions. "If I had the power for a short time I would not have the chief justice of this territory occupying a seat in this council. I would have him devote himself exclusively to the high and important duties connected with his office, and not ask him to mix himself up, as he now has to do, with a certain extent, the petty bickerings incidental to political life, which are inseparable from this council. No, I would ask my honorable friend to confine himself to the duties he has today, and as for Mr. Newlands, I would tell him that he knew full well that we ought to have an elective council, and that when we have it we would ask him to take a seat as attorney general, providing we have a seat for him in that capacity. "If I had the power I would not have my honorable friend Major Wood sitting as a member of this council, but instead would have him confine himself to the policing of the territory, a task which he is so abundantly able to fulfill. "You, sir, Mr. Commissioner, are known to us as a man of some brains, a man whose qualities have been recognized among us. I would ask you to preside over the council, as at present. I would have you sit as premier, occupying the seat at the right of the speaker of the territory, his counselor and adviser. "For my honorable colleague, Mr. Prudhomme, I will say nothing, as

he is abundantly able to take care of himself. "As for myself, when all these arrangements should have been carried out, I should be perfectly satisfied to go back to Eureka creek and work with frozen nature." Following Mr. Wilson's speech the orders of the day were taken up. Upon the bill having for its purpose the practice of the medical profession before the committee to which it was referred, stated that owing to certain amendments it was desired to make in the bill his committee was not ready to report upon it. An adjournment was taken until Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, the commissioner stating it was the intention of the council to meet continuously thereafter until the work now before them had all been completed.

A brief summary of the incorporation ordinance appears elsewhere in this issue. It is a voluminous document covering nearly 70 closely typewritten pages. Before its final passage it will be thoroughly considered a section at a time by the council and may receive many amendments before it finally becomes a law.

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STANDING ROOM ONLY

Every Seat-in Auditorium Was Occupied Last Night.

For the first time in the history of Dawson money amounting to \$150 was refused for seats at the Auditorium last night for the very good reason that every seat in the big play house was sold and occupied. Manager Bittner has proven conclusively that legitimate drama will win in Dawson without bar and "alman left" accompaniments.

As the Nugget stated in its issue of Tuesday, the play this week, "Friends," as produced at the Auditorium, is the best ever seen in Dawson—good because produced by good people, star actors and actresses, and not barn stormers. Any play Bittner's present cast would produce would be good. Everybody was more than pleased last night and many who were turned away then have secured tickets today for tonight's entertainment. An unusual feature witnessed last night was that nearly every man in the house had a lady alongside him and in many cases a baby or two on his knee. There is no question about the people of Dawson patronizing theaters where they get the worth of their money, and that is what Mr. Bittner is giving and proposes to continue giving. Next week will be produced at the Auditorium "Jim, the Westerner."

St. Paul's Church. A grand entertainment will be given in aid of the organ fund of this church at the Pioneer hall on the evenings of Thursday and Friday, Dec. 19th and 20th inst. The program will be entirely new and varied in character and will consist of tableaux vivants, music, etc., the whole to conclude with W. D. Howell's brilliant farce, "The Mouse Trap." Kindly produced and staged by Mr. P. R. Wilson, who will appear as Campbell. All who enjoy beautiful pictures, music, and a hearty laugh should make early application for tickets at Messrs. Crimbs & Rogers' drug store, or from any of the ladies taking part in the entertainment. Dec. 19th and 20th are the dates fixed for the entertainment. Tickets are \$1.00.

Are You Guilty? Will the Wise Mike who took a basket sled left over night in front of Sergeant & Pinsky's store, leave the same at that emporium. Jack Chisholm, the owner, refuses to work until the same blows back.

New Legal Firm. Mr. J. Langlois Bell, late assistant gold commissioner, and Mr. Herbert E. A. Robertson, have recently formed a law partnership under the firm name of Bell & Robertson. The junior member of the firm, Mr. Robertson, has been practicing at the bar in Dawson since '98 and is too well and favorably known to need further introduction. Mr. Bell, prior to accepting the position of assistant gold commissioner, practiced his profession in the eastern provinces.

HOTEL ARRIVALS. EMPIRE. P. D. Lewis, Unionville, Mo.; Miss Mattie E. Downing, Milwaukee; P. E. Barr, Milwaukee; C. Harris, Dawson. REGINA. Mrs. Preids, Hunker creek; Mrs. Feurle, Hunker creek. Toys and games—all kinds for the little ones.—Kilgore & Landahl's. Give the boy a fine knife for Xmas. See Shindler.

Hay and Oats For Sale DAWSON WAREHOUSE CO., Limited. WARM AND COLD STORAGE

..DAWSON LIQUOR CO.. We have the Highest Grade and Finest Assortment of Liquors sold anywhere in the world, and plenty of it. Come and Get Our Prices, We Can Save You Money. TELEPHONE 101. ...CHEAPER THAN EVER!...

HOLME, MILLER & CO. Boilers, Engines, Hoists and Pumps. DAWSON

\$3,000 WATCH SALE!

17-Jewel Waltham or Elgin Watches, \$25.00. 15-Jewel Waltham or Elgin Watches, \$20.00. 7-Jewel Waltham or Elgin Watches, \$15.00. In 14-k. Gold Filled Fahy Cases. Warranted for 20 Years.

We Beat Seattle Prices. Christmas Is Here! J. L. SALE LEADING JEWELER

THE BURNING OF THE HORNET

Was Followed by Rarely Experienced Hardships.

An Interesting Account of Which Was First Written by Mark Twain—The Greedy Portuguese.

Storms and fogs of the past have been prolific of disaster to those "who go down to the sea in ships," one of the most notable wrecks being that of the steamer Rio de Janeiro, which went down in sight of San Francisco. This circumstance has recalled to old timers the dreadful experience of the Hornet, which was written up at the time by Mark Twain. The story of their sufferings was recently retold by one of the two survivors, Mr. Frederick Clough of San Francisco.

Mr. Clough went to sea as a boy of 15. He was 20 years old when he shipped in Maine as an able-bodied seaman on the Yankee-built clipper Hornet, bound for the Pacific coast with a cargo of mixed goods and two passengers, Henry and Samuel Ferguson, sons of a New York merchant. Captain J. A. Mitchell was the Master.

The vessel had a fair voyage for 100 days, when she was 2 degrees above the equator and several thousand miles from the coast of South America. On May 3, while they were lying in a calm on a blistering hot day, the cry of fire was suddenly raised. The first mate in drawing a bucket of varnish had ignited it with a candle. The flames spread to the barrel from which he was filling the bucket. The cargo included a quantity of petroleum and many cases of tallow candles.

In a very few moments these had caught the flame, and fire was beyond all control. Within a quarter of an hour the ship was untenable. The crew and the passengers rushed to the boats. There was no confusion. Every man got away in the three boats, which were lowered at once. But so great was the hurry that only the most meager stores could be placed in the three boats. The craft commanded by the first and third mates and which were eventually lost had almost nothing. The captain, however, rushed back in the face of the flames and brought out as many provisions as he could carry. The inventory was afterward recorded at Honolulu. They were 4 hams, 30 pounds of salt pork, half a box of raisins, 12 cans of oysters, 100 pounds of bread, a few cans of assorted meat, 4 pounds of butter and 12 gallons of water. The other boats were eventually lost and have no part in the story.

In this one, commanded by the captain, were 15 men in all, including the two Ferguson brothers, the third officer and two sick men. One was a Portuguese, and he distinguished himself by eating a lot of the bread before the others were fairly in the boat. This little crew and their precious provisions cast off from the sinking and burning ship lay to hoping that some passing vessel

would be attracted by the glare. In launching they had stove a hole in the bottom of the boat, which had to be stopped with a blanket. Fortunately they had a compass and a chart. The captain took his reckonings and determined to steer for the Clarion islands. He took stock of the food, calculated the number of days which they must sail and divided the food on that basis. So they hoisted sail and steered in the direction of the islands.

The slender ration began to run low, and still there was no sight of land. Then the captain took stock again and decided that they must reduce even that scanty ration. The one selfish man in the boat had helped in the reduction of the provisions—that was the greedy and sick Portuguese who had eaten the bread on the first day. As the supply began to run low it was discovered that the bread did not hold out as was expected. Watch was kept, and the Portuguese was discovered crawling away from the bag one night. "After that," says Clough, "we lay for that man by tying the neck of the bag in a peculiar knot and warning him that if we found it tied in any other way we would know that he had been at it and act accordingly. Some of us were for treating him as he ought to have been treated, but the captain wouldn't let us."

When the starving voyagers came into Honolulu, Mark Twain wrote the account of the journey in what he has since acknowledged to be his first newspaper story. He tells in a humorous way of the manner in which the sick sailors turned over in their beds to "cuss that Portuguese." After 35 years Clough still burns with indignation when he tells how that man stole from his mates the food that was life. It was the eighteenth day when the rations were cut down, and on that same day the three boats, which had been together all the time, decided to part company. The captain says that by so doing one of the boats reached the shore to tell the tale. He gave up one-third of his remaining provisions to each of the other boats. The water ration in that burning sun was made a gill a day and the solids whittled down to a morsel of ham, a spoonful of bread crumbs and 12 raisins per day. The rest of the story would not be quite clear except for the diary kept by the Ferguson brothers and which was to be cast adrift in a bottle by the last survivor. They drifted into the rains again. It became certain that they had passed the Clarion islands, and they set sail for the American islands, set down on the charts as Delubral.

Delirium began to set in. They fought against it, and the gallant captain, unflinching in his efforts to keep up the spirits of the men, never relaxed his efforts to keep them entertained. The diary of the Ferguson brothers gives a vivid relation of the greatest discomfort suffered during those later days, greater even than hunger and thirst. There was nowhere to lie down except in the bottom of the boat, which was filled with salt water. The men therefore began to develop sores and great abscesses and became so stiff from their cramped position that when they lay down it was almost impossible to rise. In their dreams they were all

haunted by the vision of sumptuous banquets. On the thirty-ninth day there was a little over a pound of ham and a bit of meat. That went. The next day they divided the bone of the ham, the cloth in which it had been wrapped and licked the scraps of the butter fight. For several days they had been eating the leather of their boots, and the last of these went on the day. Then the men began to know that which they had thought in secret. The Portuguese, the man of all whom they had the least sympathy, was very ill. They watched him after hour, waiting for his death. Only the captain would not give in to the idea. But the Portuguese was a vain long time dying, and the castaways began to whisper among themselves that they should draw lots to determine who should go first. "I do not think that any one of us came much which lot he drew," says Clough. There was a fresh, strong breeze blowing at the time. The last day dawned, and the captain finally admitted their necessity. "I will go on for one more day," he said, "and if there is no land in sight let us draw lots, and may God have mercy on our souls. It is better that one should die than that no one should be left to tell the tale." That day only one man was able to rise himself out of the galling salt water in the bottom in order to steer the boat. That man was Clough. He says, "I just managed to hold the rudder by lying on it." The sail had been set without change for four days because no one had strength to lift it. Even he, the strongest of the lot, was ready to drop the rudder, but he sighted breakers. In a voice which he describes as the shadow of a whisper he called to his companions, but they would not believe him. From the captain was induced to look even he was incredulous until he heard the breakers rolling over the island of Laysan, a small member of the Hawaiian group. The tried to lower sail to escape. The breakers, but could not. Even then, at the end of so much peril and suffering, they would have drowned had not two Kanakas who had seen them from the surf swam out and towed them to a harbor. They were cared for; they were given food in small quantities, the two white men in that section of the island being that they did not get too much. Mark Twain records that even at that time the Portuguese, who figured as the villain of his true tale, came near missing his end on the spot by eating four bananas before he could be choked off by his helpers.

Easily Explained. A Glasgow caddy once had a rare an Inverness minister and his wife. He had to drive them through the poorer districts of Glasgow on reaching their destination a minister, at the same time having caddy his legal jays, asked: "Why are there so many poor people in this city, calman?" Jesus looked hard at the parson for a minute before he replied: "Well, sir, I'm no vera smart ye see, maist of the poor folk are London Anners."

Kelly & Co., Leading Druggists

The Genuine "Lubeck" Potatoes Properly cooked can not be detected from fresh goods. This refers to genuine only. We are the sole agents for "LUBECK'S GERMAN SLICED POTATOES," beware of imitations. Genuine for sale at N. A. T. & T. Company

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Boilers, Engines, Hoists and Pumps

HOLME, MILLER & CO. Boilers, Engines, Hoists and Pumps. DAWSON

8- VOL. INC. Bill Re The Yukon council chamber in the new administration building, which was occupied yesterday by the Yukon council for the first time, presented quite a gay and animated appearance when that august body was called to order shortly after 3 o'clock. Outside the railing in the seats provided for the public were a number of Dawson's most prominent citizens, including several ladies, and the contrast with the dingy, old quarters in the old court house was indeed a marked one. Prior to the convening of the council the members had all been assigned their respective seats which hereafter they will regard as their own. Registrar Girouard occupies the seat of honor, that immediately to the right of the commissioner, he being in point of service the senior member of the council; alongside Mr. Girouard is his right is Mr. Justice Dugas. In the rear row is Legal Adviser Newlands. On the left of the commissioner in the front row are Councilmen Wilson and Prudhomme; in the rear row are Gold Commissioner Senkler and Major Wood. At the session the members were all present with the exception of Major Wood, who is temporarily absent from the city, and Registrar Girouard. The minutes of the previous meeting were ordered to be considered as read and under the head of petitions a communication from the Northern Commercial Company was presented asking that the council grant permission to lay steam and water pipes along certain streets and alleys and also ratify the work the company has already completed. Under the head of reports of committees Mr. Justice Dugas, as chairman of the finance committee, reported that upon the petition of Mrs. Ferguson for the payment of \$2500 for street signs and house numbers, the committee begged to recommend that no action be taken. Councilman Wilson gave notice of the following questions which he proposed to the commissioner: 1.-Can the commissioner state if the government intends to continue for another year the system of issuing liquor permits in this territory? 2.-If so, does the commissioner intend to pursue the same policy of restriction in regard to the number of permits to be issued? 3.-Has the commissioner or the government promised the present holders of permits a renewal for next year? 4.-Is it the policy of the commissioner or the government to allow the liquor trade of this territory to be controlled by a few? 5.-What was the relative cost per mile of the trail from the mouth of Quantz creek to Eureka creek and of the trail made from West Dawson to the Portyauke district? 6.-What was the total amount expended in each case? The questions so pointed and upon a subject which has been discussed more or less freely from the professional agitators down to the ordinary individual who is compelled to pay \$2 for a bottle of beer came as a sort of boomerang. In reply the commissioner begged to inform the honorable member that it was the purpose of the council to meet continuously until a somewhat lengthy bill to come up had been disposed of, he would defer answering the queries until a later day, but before the final adjournment of the session. Mr. Prudhomme moved, and was seconded by Mr. Wilson, that the name of Mr. Newlands, the new legal adviser, be substituted on all committees for that of Mr. Congdon, resigned. Under new bills Mr. Newlands introduced the ordinance providing for the incorporation of the city of Dawson, moving its first reading. Following the legal adviser moved the bill be referred to the committee on municipal law, saying that the bill was quite lengthy and should be thoroughly considered before coming up for its next reading. At this point of the proceedings Mr. Wilson arose and begged the indulgence of the council while he made a few remarks apropos of the present being the first meeting of the council in their new chambers and also of the fact that the date was the first anniversary of the election of himself and his worthy colleague, Mr. Prudhomme, to the council. Among other things, he said: "This being the first meeting of this council in this magnificent chamber, and also the anniversary of the election of Mr. Prudhomme and myself, to this body, I think the occasion calls for a few remarks. I am sure, sir, that the commodious quarters in which the government has been pleased to place us is a credit to the government, and we are willing to give the government credit for every good thing that it does. We are glad, sir, to have the accommodations that we have here today, and yet there is a point in this. The government has erected this magnificent building and lined its walls with native spruce and British Columbia fir. Had they built this building of the finest marble and decorated its walls with the finest paintings the world has ever known, it would not have been sufficient, in the present unsatisfactory state of our mining regulations, to convince the people of this territory that the government at Ottawa has their real interests at heart. "I recognize that all of the things that we desire cannot be done in a day, and I am willing, of course, to make allowances for the necessary time required; but even with this allowance there are some of us who cannot help thinking that the government has not done all it should have done, and it is our duty to point out this fact, and before this session is ended I hope to see a memorial going forth from this council to Ottawa setting forth the wants of this territory. "I hope to see in that memorial the liquor traffic placed upon a proper commercial basis. The council recommended this last year, but were not fortunate enough to persuade the government to take our view of the matter. I hoped also to see properly presented the question of the representation of the Yukon in the house of commons, and I would also like to see popular representation in the council. And not only do we ask representation in the house of commons, but also in the senate. "You are aware that this matter is a burning question, and has been for some time. It figured in the last election a year ago; in fact the people of this territory were unanimous in asking for a representative government, and while I am quite aware, and have been informed that it would be a bad policy for the government at Ottawa to take any steps to this end at the present time, that there is no precedent for the government at Ottawa to follow. I mean to insist that the Yukon territory is unique in itself, and is altogether different in its population and in every other respect to the territories which have been granted representation in the past. "Let us look back on history and refer to what was done in regard to other communities. We know that Quebec and even Ontario were governed without direct representation for a time, and in the Northwest territories, with the commissioner in familiar and in which government he distinguished himself, it would not have been a wise policy to adopt a representative government because you were surrounded by certain elements of population that, in a sense, we might call savages, who knew nothing about constitutional government, and another party who came from Europe, and who did not understand your language nor our ideas of free institutions. Therefore in that case it was necessary to let time work out the destiny of the country. "In the Yukon it is different. Here we have men, and women, too, who are already skilled in the institutions of our country, who are well versed in all that goes to the working out of a constitution as free and as liberal as that of the Dominion, and therefore I say that the authorities at Ottawa should take this into account when dealing with the question of giving representation in the house of commons and in the senate to the people of the Yukon territory. "If I had the power to govern matters in this territory for a short time I would manage them very differently to the course in which they run at present. I would not, for instance, ask my honorable friend Mr. Senkler to occupy a seat in the council. I would think that he had sufficient to do in carrying on the work of his important office as gold commissioner; and neither would I ask him to sit as a member of the court of appeals to pass judgment upon his own decisions. "If I had the power for a short time I would not have the chief justice of this territory occupying a seat in this council. I would have him devote himself exclusively to the high and important duties connected with his office, and not ask him to mix himself up, as he now has to do, with a certain extent, the petty bickerings incidental to political life, which are inseparable from this council. No, I would ask my honorable friend to confine himself to the duties he has today, and as for Mr. Newlands, I would tell him that he knew full well that we ought to have an elective council, and that when we have it we would ask him to take a seat as attorney general, providing we have a seat for him in that capacity. "If I had the power I would not have my honorable friend Major Wood sitting as a member of this council, but instead would have him confine himself to the policing of the territory, a task which he is so abundantly able to fulfill. "You, sir, Mr. Commissioner, are known to us as a man of some brains, a man whose qualities have been recognized among us. I would ask you to preside over the council, as at present. I would have you sit as premier, occupying the seat at the right of the speaker of the territory, his counselor and adviser. "For my honorable colleague, Mr. Prudhomme, I will say nothing, as he is abundantly able to take care of himself. "As for myself, when all these arrangements should have been carried out, I should be perfectly satisfied to go back to Eureka creek and work with frozen nature." Following Mr. Wilson's speech the orders of the day were taken up. Upon the bill having for its purpose the practice of the medical profession before the committee to which it was referred, stated that owing to certain amendments it was desired to make in the bill his committee was not ready to report upon it. 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They make a temporary loan re-payable within the financial year of an amount equal to half the amount of taxes collected during the previous year and the rate of taxes cannot exceed two cents on the dollar. They may build and control such buildings as they require for the purposes of the city. The council may also pass bylaws for the appointment and payment of salaries to such officials as they require, for the health of the city, the management of their property, the government of the proceedings of the council, fire protection, the running at large of dogs and the licensing of such places as livery stables, hawkers, pedlars, pawn brokers, etc., and generally, for the peace, order and good government of the city. It is also given power to take lands for streets, sewers and public buildings on payment of the value to the owners, to be fixed by arbitration. The council may also provide for the improvements of streets, sewers, sidewalks, etc., by a frontage tax, provided the owners ask them by petition to do so. The proceedings for elections, which take up a large part of the ordinance, are practically the same as for elections to the Dominion parliament, and electors may be punished for bribery, corruption and illegal voting, etc. Job Printing at Nugget office. "You, sir, Mr. Commissioner, are known to us as a man of some brains, a man whose qualities have been recognized among us. I would ask you to preside over the council, as at present. I would have you sit as premier, occupying the seat at the right of the speaker of the territory, his counselor and adviser. "For my honorable colleague, Mr. Prudhomme, I will say nothing, as he is abundantly able to take care of himself. "As for myself, when all these arrangements should have been carried out, I should be perfectly satisfied to go back to Eureka creek and work with frozen nature." Following Mr. Wilson's speech the orders of the day were taken up. Upon the bill having for its purpose the practice of the medical profession before the committee to which it was referred, stated that owing to certain amendments it was desired to make in the bill his committee was not ready to report upon it. An adjournment was taken until Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, the commissioner stating it was the intention of the council to meet continuously thereafter until the work now before them had all been completed. A brief summary of the incorporation ordinance appears elsewhere in this issue. It is a voluminous document covering nearly 70 closely typewritten pages. Before its final passage it will be thoroughly considered a section at a time by the council and may receive many amendments before it finally becomes a law. As it will be applied to the City of Dawson. The City of Dawson is at present governed by the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory with the assistance of the council. 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