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SATURDAY, 22ND DECEMBER, 1838.

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Velocity and Despatch,
AND ON MODERATE TERMS.

THE HERMIT OF SAINT MAURICE.

From the *Literary Garland*.

(Continuation.)

The flame of war, in one unbroken blaze,
swept over the surface of far-extending Europe,
and the all-conquering warrior whose
ambition kindled the strife, was trampling
upon the necks of prostrate emperors. King-
doms were trodden under the feet of his legions,
and vacant thrones were filled by his
satellites, made kings by his nod. The world
looked on with awe and wonder, and nations
admired, while they feared the destruction
that followed the "fell swoop" of his eagle's
wing.

But the star of a mightier even than he, was
now rolling onwards to the zenith of its glory.
Each the victor in a hundred fields, and con-
queror wherever himself led, it remained only
to measure their strength against each other,
and the young warrior, with new talons whose
mighty deeds the public ear was daily filled,
yearned for a field to tell which should wear
the victor's palm.

To follow his star was now my destiny, and
I exulted in his fame, idiot-like, hoping that
in it I might one day share. Let none sneer at
my folly—I was young, ardent, and proud,
though inexperienced and without knowledge,
and I was cheered by the smile of a beautiful
and high-born maiden, who, although to be
seen no more by me, was one whose praise I
would most willingly have given life to win.

My troop joined his standard, and we were
not long inactive. In a brief space we became
familiar with war! To-day, we met the foe,
and conquered—and to-morrow, we feasted on
the spoil; and the battle and the banquet were
alike welcome—nay, the former was often co-
vetted with an avidity surpassing that with
which we hailed the approach of the latter.

Panting only for a fame that would absorb
the infancy of my birth no danger could check
my ever onward career. Wherever the tro-
man showed the boldest front, there was my
sword soon flashing! Yet I escaped unhurt
from a hundred battles—unsathed amid but-
chered thousands. It seemed as if the battle-
axe and the bullet turned aside from one who
"wore a charmed life." I boast not that I
was brave—I was reckless—careless of a life
without joy, save that I felt in the whirl-
wind of human passion, or amid the turmoil
of battling armies; unless that may be called
joy—a vague and undefined idea, that in a
warrior's name, the proudest of England's nobles
might forget the bar-sinister that disgraced
my shield. If it were so, it only proved
that even I—vain and miserable fool—some-
times thought too highly of my abject and de-
graded race.

It was the eve of battle, and warrior thou-
sands were gay in the anticipation of the glo-
ry a day would win. The enemy lay within
an hour's march of our encampment, but the

battle had been deferred, for the enemy were
worn out with forced marches, and we were
hourly in expectation of reinforcements of
straggling parties who had been despatched
on foraging or reconnoitering expeditions.
Amongst the rest we were joined by a division,
newly arrived from England, to which the
young Lord of Loridale, who had recently joined
the army as a subaltern, was attached. The
officers were introduced at our mess, and each
rose to exchange greetings with some remem-
bered friend. I, too, rose to my feet, and ex-
tended my hand to the young lord, but he turned
aside from my proffered palm. Gods! how
my veins tingled at the cold-blooded and un-
grateful insult. But I spoke not. He sat
beside me at the board, and in the interval of
mirth, I heard him discourse with a brother
officer of the home he had left—and speak of
his sister as on the point of union with a no-
bleman far her superior in rank and wealth.

I became mad, and the hot breath scorched
my lips, as the words, in a stern whisper, pas-
sed them, and I said,

"Tell me, my lord, who that noble is?"

"Tell thee," he answered, while his face
became livid with passion, at the unlooked
for interruption; "What doth it concern thee
who is the wooer of an honored maiden?"

"Much," I answered "it concerneth me,
who is the lover of Clara—"

"Name her not!" he cried, "I think thou
thy daring insolence is unknown, or that be-
cause my father fostered the hand, he should
have crushed, I too, will act as becomes a
drivelling fool."

"Name her not!" I answered, while an un-
natural calmness pervaded my whole frame;
"and this from thee. Whose was the arm
that snatched her from the grave, when thou,
poor boy, wert wallowing in mire, thrown from
the saddle of an anbling nag? Name her
not—"

"Peace, bastard, peace!" again he vociferated,
while the tempest of passion raged within
him, and his willing sword had already left
its scabbard, and was aimed at my breast. I
snatched it from him, as if it had been a bou-
le in an infant's hand, and striking him with
its hilt, returned it, saying,

"It becomes not such as thee to draw thy
weapons upon bearded men. Yet stay, proud
boy, to-morrow's sun will shine upon contend-
ing hosts—if thou wilt follow where I shall
lead, and fight with me in the battle's front,
and thine eye blanchest not before the flashing
of a thousand swords, should we escape unscat-
tered, I may not then deny thee an honorable
conflict. Till then, there are none here who
will deem me coward, when I say let there be
peace between us."

"Be it so," he said, and he became calm
while I spoke, "his better thus, that my
sword should first be fleshed upon my country's
foes, it will be more worthy to decide my pri-
vate quarrel."

There was no voice of dissent, and in a brief
space the whole scene was forgotten by all,
save the boy barren and him he had so basely
wronged.

Night had far advanced before we sought
our pillows, and when I did, it was not to
sleep—my thoughts were too busy with the
foe's events; and yet, I enquired, "What,
indeed, did it concern me, who was the wooer
of the daughter of Loridale? Why was it
that to hear she had followed my expressed
wish, should rob my life of its only light?
Was it that hope had indeed been playing with
so wild a chimera—building anticipations I
dared not own to my heart's most secret ques-
tioning. I knew not. Former feelings were
forgotten, and I longed to look upon the face
of the only being who had awakened a human
sympathy in my breast, and I resolved that if
the night of the coming day saw me a living
man, I should seek again the home of the Bar-
on, and see Clara, before she became a wife.

Day dawned, and the bugle echoed from
rank to rank, calling the soldier to his task of
gliding. The morning sun shone gloriously on
glistening helms, and spear—horses pawed the
earth, and their riders patting their curving
necks, with a fondness their common danger

awoke. Yet all seemed happy—with uncalcu-
lated blood, men thought of deadly strife, and
murmured it not. Surely, they were all mad!
Mad, when they smiled and spoke joyously of
the beautiful morn, whose day was destined to
go down in blood.

Once and only once, I met the young lord
of Loridale, as we rode along the line, seeing that
we did not properly arrange, and a dark shade
crossed his brow as he recognised me. We
spoke no word; but in his stern countenance
I read that he had formed a daring purpose.

The arm's met, and shrunk back to meet
again. Hearing like the billows on the storm-
tossed sea, on moment they swerved this way
—another that—but the post I sought was even
in the foremost rank, and the young Baron
of Loridale shrunk not from my side. He seem-
ed endowed with a new strength, and his
slight form dilated into giant proportions.
Wherever my dark plume waved, there his
was also. Thousands fell beside us, yet
neither had received a wound. Once, indeed,
a sabre descending on his helm was turned
aside by my reeking blade, and the assailant
slept upon the trodden dead. The boy heed-
ed it not! Now here, now there, he mutilated
my own daring recklessness, and pierced the
foemen's ranks as if it were a pleasure for him
to sport with life. At length the foe retired,
the contest became less doubtful; their ranks
were broken, and their cohorts scattered, until
victory, as was her wont, nestled in the folds
of our banner.

The tent became a massacre. Flying thou-
sands were hewed down without a thought of
mercy. The blood of the men was heat'd, and
nothing could withstand their fury. Gods!
the shrieks of dying myriads yet ring in mine
ear. The carnage was so dreadful, that even
I felt my heart shrinking and sad while my
falcon struck down all who made a last faint
dash at resistance. Beside me still in the
front of the pursuit, as in the battle, the young
Lord of Loridale tracked his course in death.

A friendly forest had formed a shade for the
remaining few of the enemy who were able to
drag themselves from the stricken field. And
now, amongst the dead, they who had side by
side, fought against the enemy of the com-
mon country, with blades yet reeking from the
conflict dead, remembered the more pitiless
contest yet to begin. Private hatred mingling
with admiration of each other's prowess, bade
them turn to each other. At that moment I
had less of bitterness in my heart than he.

Yes, I could have forgiven the hated insult
he had flung at my undefended and all humil-
iating feeling, and even when he claimed my
promise, and his sword crossed mine, I said,—
"My lord, I seek not to destroy thy life,
nor curtail the fame that thou at least, may
win—nor would I rob thee of the happiness
thou mayest enjoy. The world smiles on thee
—hazard not its brightness, nor put in the bal-
ance against one for whom the world cares
not, and who scorns the world. None could
now impute other than generosity to either,
should we decline the combat. The deeds this
day achieved will form a shield around thy
name. Dost thou seek my life? It is worth-
less to me, yet will I not be conquered by
mortal arm, while mine can wield a sword.
The choice then is thine. Peace or war—I
am a supplicant for neither."

"Nay," he answered, "it must not be.
The world would say I feared thee though I
feared no other; defend myself." As he spoke,
he made lunge at my breast, but my sword
turned his aside, and in turn mine was drawn
to strike; but I thought of his morning sister,
and withheld my arm. Ag in he struck, and
again his blow was parried. He became fur-
ious as each successive blow failed of its aim,
and struck at random. His blows were dead-
weight, with so true a will, and followed so closely
on each other, that I was slightly wounded in
the neck, when raising myself in my stirrups, I
struck at his right arm. My aim was partially
true, and only grazed his arm, but the sword
slew from my grasp and struck the jaded
steed he rode. The animal reared on the slip-
pery battle ground, but ere he saw the vantage
he had gained, horse and rider tumbled on
the bloody field. I too sprang from my saddle, and

again grasped my sword, but the work of death
was over. The heavy war horse had rolled
over his fallen rider, and the soul had winged
its flight from its mangled dwelling place. My
anger had fled with it, and the first tear that ever
disgraced my cheek was shed over the gory
remnants of one, whose name of fame had
promised so bright a noon.

The combat began in solitude, but there were
enough to look upon its fatal close. The vic-
tor—chief, with a number of his attendants, and
a corps of unwearied troopers, were scouring
the field to prevent the usual carnage, and had
arrived in time to witness the fall of the young
Lord of Loridale. I was placed under formal
arrest, and carried back a prisoner to the camp.

Night closed, and the wassail began, and
fixed as my mind was, it was not difficult for
an unguarded prisoner to leave the victor-
camp. After a day so dreadful, it was not
deemed necessary to be strict on watch, and
all who were not revelling were sleeping after
the day's fatigue. I passed forth unquestioned,
and when morning broke, I was on board a
merchant ship, that only waited a favouring
breeze to leave the shore. The breeze came,
and long ere noon I was far away on the swel-
ling wave—bound toward's my native land—
I had nearly said home, but there was no home
for me. I was again a wanderer with a forfeit
life, and even on the wave was I pursued by
fate. Some days had we sped on with every
sail spread to the balmy gale, and the chalky
cliffs were dimly visible as the fifth day waned
into deepening twilight. But the clouds were
gathering deeply over the late glorious sky,
and with the darkened night, the demon of
the tempest was let loose, and swept with pitiless
fury over the surging waters. Our bark was
lost like a bubble on the foaming wave, and
the winds playing in the straits met a wild
response in the creaking timbers of the doomed
ship, which gave forth music such as that
which is heard in the mighty forest when the
hurricane sweeps through its lofty boughs.

The ocean struck from the performance
of no duty, but there was a gloom upon every
countenance—all saw that there was no hope,
and yet they struggled on, and the helmsmen
guided her through the breakers with unerring
skill. Dawning day brought no hope of safety,
and mast after mast fell over the vessel's side,
till she was only a log upon the water; still she
was borne on by the resistless wave, and every
eye was strained towards the cloudy sky, seek-
ing some brighter spot where hope might find
a dwelling place. It was not fear that held sway
over me—I had played with death and sported
with danger—and yet these hours of gloom
were not without their influence on my spirit.

To be concluded in our next.

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS.

Dr Buller, one of the physicians of the emi-
grating Cherokeees, computes that 2000 out
of the 16000, or one eighth of their whole number
have died since they left their homes, and
began to encamp for emigration in June last.

A late number of the London and Westmin-
ster Review, recommends educated gentle
women who are dependent on their talents for
support, to learn the art of engraving on wood
and copper, as an honorable, lucrative, and
elegant employment easily acquired, and every
way becoming their sex and habits.

The Evening Gazette says:—"The Convicts
at the Charleston State Prison celebrated
Thanksgiving with an enormous Plum Pudd-
ing, composed of the following ingredients,
but 25 lbs. Lard 15 lbs. Molasses 18 gals.
raisins 42 lbs. Spice 5 lbs. There were three
hundred rations delivered out, each ration
weighing 4½ lbs.—The whole pudding weigh-
ed fourteen hundred and twenty five lbs.

The Liverpool correspondent of the New
Orleans Merchant's Transcript states that it
is in contemplation to establish a British line of
steam packets to that port.

In New Orleans on the 15th, there were 138
vessels in port—100 ships, 44 briggs, and 59
schooners. Only 23 ships of this number, had
freights engaged.

THE LITERARY TRANSCRIPT.

N. P. Willis has named his beautiful residence near Oswego, "Glen Mary," and a good-natured neighbour, not to be behind him in the romantic, has christened his, "Glen Betsy."

Mr. Chuback Smith, of Ashfield, Mass., aged ninety seven, was recently married to his fourth wife, in the person of Mrs. Jerusha Ware of Hibernia, N. Y., at the tender age of eighty two.

Passengers can now go from Philadelphia to Baltimore, by the railroad in five hours!

A gentleman in Boston has a collection of more than four hundred different varieties of birds.

A splendid row boat from New York has, it is said, been shipped in the Oregon packet, to adorn the lake of some gentleman's park in England.

The New Orleans Praying of the 21st ult. says "those out of employ at the North at this present time had better stay where they are, there living is cheap. As for getting any thing to do here, it is out of the question."

UNITED STATES.

The Pennsylvania Rebellion is beginning to resemble "the long, low, black, pratical looking schooner," so famous in the annals of Philadelphia last year.

General Patterson and 1500 troops have arrived at Harrisburg, after the incredible fatigue of riding on the rail-road cars, and were at the latest dates, parading the streets of that town, to the great amusement of all the young woman and boys. The troops suffered severely on the road, from the entire want of warm baths and hot bricks for toasting cold feet. The train was slow in its progress, stopping every half hour to take in wood, water, whiskey and gin sling.

General Patterson had issued several magnificent orders directing his troops to observe the Sabbath: that they belonged to no party, and expressly forbidding them to enter the halls of the Capitol, or Public Offices. They were also required to maintain "order and decorum" before the ladies.

The troops quarter at the various taverns, and the consumption of "wine and wassail" is increasing fast at Harrisburg.—New-York Herald.

RECAPTURE OF JOHNSON.—We are happy to state that through the vigilance and perseverance of Captain William Vaughan, Master U. S. Navy, of Sacketts Harbor, and deputy marshal J. W. Turner, of Oswego, Wm. Johnson has been recaptured and delivered to the marshal. His arrest was made on Monday night, by Capt. V. near Faber's Oneida County.—he and Mr. Turner, (according to the Syracuse Standard) having spent the last eight days in pursuit of him, and having finally got on the right trail in that vicinity, succeeded in the accomplishment of their design. He was delivered to the custody of N. Garrow, Esq. the marshal, at Syracuse on Tuesday morning; and was brought to this city and committed to prison by the marshal accompanied by Mr. Turner, yesterday afternoon. He submitted quietly to the arrangements of the marshal, until his arrival at Utica; but from that city to this, was turbulent and refractory.— Albany Argus, 11th Dec.

A CHURCH BLOWN UP.—The Bridgeport Farmer of yesterday states, that the Baptist church in the west part of Redding, Ct. was blown to pieces with powder, on the night of the 28th ult. The Rev. Mr. Colver had delivered a discourse there on abolition, and had given notice that he should deliver another on the same subject on the evening of the 29th. To prevent this, some unknown person placed a keg of powder under the pulpit, and set fire to it. The church was demolished.—Con. Adm.

UPPER CANADA.

From the Belleville Intelligencer.
Von Schoultz died as he lived—a brave man. He made his will, and left about £4000. One quarter he bequeathed to the girl he was to have married, £100 to the Catholic College at Kingston, and £400 to the widows and orphans of the British Militia who fell at Johnston. This last is an act of contrition, which exhibits an uncommon mind, and causes one to regret that such a man should have engaged in such a cause. The night before he suffered he addressed a letter to Mrs. Russell, wife of the gaoler; the original is in our hands at present, and reads as follows:—

DEAR MADAM,—I was told that the three principal things for freedom—Elective Franchise, Congress and Trial by Jury, were not given to the Canadians; that they most ardently desired them, and that the whole were

ready to rise, but that they wanted arms. Everywhere in the United States, Societies were formed to procure the Canadian brethren these arms. It was also told me, that the regular army was ready to join the patriots. The Societies in the United States counted upwards of 150,000 members. I went from Oswego, with the intention of arriving at Ogdensburg, and there get information from General Burge, whom they told me was the Commander of the Eastern Division. I was never permitted to land at Ogdensburg, but carried, against my will, to Mill Point, to which the said General (a mighty great coward) never came.

Now, many thanks to you for your kindness and also thanks to your husband, God Almighty bless you and yours, is the prayer of
S. VON SCHOULTZ.

Written the night before my execution, the 7th of December, 1838.

LOWER CANADA.

From the Montreal Gazette of Tuesday last.

In consequence of an apprehended movement on the part of the refugees and sympathizers collected at Champlain, State of New-York, the 71st Regiment, lately stationed at Bennington, have moved to L'Acadie, and the 15th from St. John to Isle-aux-Noix and Napierville. Two companies of the 66th from St. Mary's have replaced the 15th at St. Johns.

There is no truth in the report, of an incursion from Vermont, on the Missisquoi frontier, and the capture of some twenty loyalists, who were said to be retained as hostages by the invading party. Letters from Col. Williams, commanding on that frontier, and dated at Montreal on the 18th inst., state that every thing was, as yet, quiet on the American side of the lines, and that his arrangements were complete for repelling all who entered the province with hostile intentions.

We have much satisfaction in learning, that the 71st Regiment, under the command of the Hon. Lieut. Col. Grey, have contributed a fund of \$175, amounting to 438 17s. 10d. to the aid for the relief of the families of the loyal volunteers, who were killed at Lacolle and Odelltown.

It was reported at the post office yesterday afternoon, that an engagement had taken place at Detroit, between the American regulars under General Brady, and the American brigands, when the latter had the advantage, after considerable loss on both sides. We cannot vouch for the truth of the report.—Herald.

THE TRANSCRIPT.

QUEBEC, SATURDAY, 22nd DEC. 1838.

LATEST DATES.

From London,	Nov 2	From New York,	Dec 13
From Liverpool,	Nov 2	From Halifax,	Dec 5
From Paris,	Nov 1	From Montreal,	Dec 14

New-York papers of the 13th inst. are without any later intelligence from Europe.

The Montreal papers of Thursday last, are unusually destitute of int-rest. The following from the Transcript, is the only paragraph which we find relating to the prisoners found guilty of treason there:—

In regard to the prisoners under sentence, it has been stated in the Montreal Gazette of Tuesday that two of the four were ordered for execution on Friday, and that it had not transpired what was the pleasure of His Excellency in regard to the other two. We do not believe the Gazette could have any authority for making that statement. Up to Wednesday morning, at all events, no warrant had been signed for the execution of any body.

An extra of the Toronto Patriot, dated the 13th inst. states that an address had been presented to His Excellency Sir George Arthur, by the Mayor and citizens of Toronto, enjoining if His Excellency had received any official information of that part of the Message of the President of the United States, in which declares that "disturbances had broken out anew in both the Canadas," to which His Excellency replied, that he had been equally surprised with the framers of the address on reading the paragraph alluded to and had immediately written to Her Majesty's Minister at Washington, to take the earliest opportunity of pointing out to the President the error into which he had fallen.

The Canadians of French origin in the city and vicinity of Toronto have presented an address to His Excellency Sir George Arthur,

declaring their devoted attachment to the British Empire and their determination to maintain its supremacy.

We understand that Mr. Aylwin, who, as Counsel for Teed, played a conspicuous part in the recent habeas corpus case, is about to publish a pamphlet entitled "The Executive and the Judiciary of Lower Canada in collision."

A notice appears in the Montreal papers directing that every person wishing to leave that district for the United States, must obtain a permit or pass signed by the Superintendent of Police, and countersigned by the Town Major. The following General Order has also been published:—

HEAD QUARTERS, Montreal, 16th Dec. 1838.
GENERAL ORDER.—The Commander of the Government Troops, and the Administrator of the Government Branch, that no person shall be permitted to pass the Frontier into the United States, without a passport, either from Head Quarters, Major General Sir James McDonnell, K. C. B. or signed by Mr. Leclere, the Superintendent of Police, and countersigned by the Town Major of Montreal.

No person will be allowed to enter the Province from the United States who cannot give a satisfactory account of himself, but His Excellency holds Officers commanding Corps responsible, that this order is performed without unnecessary annoyance, and that no person is detained except on sufficient grounds.

JOHN EDEN, Dept. Adj. Genl.

Major General Sir James Macdonnell, lately in command at Laprairie, is now stationed at St. John.

Sir John Colborne has appointed William Foster Coffin, Esq., to be an Assistant Secretary, to whom all communications on matters of Police are to be henceforth addressed.

The whole of the Volunteers in Quebec, we understand, are to be reviewed by H. Hon. Col. Hope, on the Esplanade, on Thursday next, at two o'clock, P.M. The several secondary Companies will muster at their respective places of rendezvous at one o'clock.

Yesterday, after battalion drill of the Quebec Light Infantry Volunteers, the following address was presented by No. IV. Company to Captain Gillespie, who, in consequence of his intended departure for England, has temporarily resigned his command of that Company:—

SIR,—The undersigned, non-commissioned officers and privates of the Fourth Company of Quebec Light Infantry, have learned with the sincerest regret that it is your intention to visit England, and for a time to resign the command of this Company. We, whose good fortune and pride it has been to be commanded by you, cannot suffer you to depart without expressing our thanks for your uniform urbanity and kindness to us individually, and our assurance of how truly we appreciate your exertions to promote the interests, proficiency, and character of our Company.

We beg to offer you our best wishes for your safe and speedy passage across the Atlantic, and to express a hope that you will shortly be enabled to resume the post which, we are confident, nothing but matters of the most pressing moment could induce you even temporarily to relinquish."

To this address, Captain Gillespie made the following reply:—

"VOLUNTEERS.—I cannot describe in adequate terms the satisfaction which I experience at the approbation you have been pleased to express of my performance of the duties which have devolved upon me as Captain of the Fourth Company of Quebec Light Infantry."

"That I, in common with yourselves, was suddenly, and whilst engaged in other occupations, called on, at a most critical period, to contribute my humble endeavour to maintain the peace of the Province and the connexion which so happily subsists between it and the Mother Country, must be my apology for any deficiency that may have occurred from my inexperience in military command. I am happy, however, previous to my departure, to acknowledge thus publicly the uniform obedience and zealous co-operation I have experienced from every member of the Company, and to declare my firm conviction that should the Quebec Light Infantry be required to perform more active duty, No. IV. Company will ever be found ready to take the field in support of the rights of our gracious and beloved Queen."

"In taking leave, I beg to express my best wishes for the prosperity of each man amongst you, and to assure you that I shall, although removed from you, look with anxiety for intelligence of every circumstance which may affect your individual interests or that of the Province."

MARRIED.

On the 18th inst. in the Cathedral Church, by the Right Reverend Lord Bishop of Montreal, William Smith Burrage, Esq., Commissary Department, Three Rivers, to Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of the Rev. R. R. Burrage, of this city.

At Montreal, on the 18th inst., at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Holmes, Great St. James Street, by the Rev. Dr. Bethune, Francis H. Howard, Esq., to Eliza, youngest daughter of the late Capt. Paul, of the Royal Artillery.

At Bowmanville, on the 15th instant, by the Rev. T. S. Kennedy, Mr. Robert Key Mackie, of York, to Eliza, youngest daughter of the late Miss G. Gilbert, of Darlington.

DIED.

On Monday last, in St. Roch's Suburbs, Mrs. Louisa Dupul, widow of the late Mr. Andre Leroux dit Cardinal, aged 56.

BANK OF B. N. AMERICA,

Quebec, 21st Dec. 1838.

Information having been received that a packet shipped in London, on board the Bark Colborne, containing unissued small Notes of the Quebec Branch of the Bank of British North America, has been taken from the wreck of this vessel, by some unknown individual, and that some of the said Blank Notes have been offered in payment. All holders of the One and Two dollar Notes of this Branch are requested to present them at this Office, in order that they may be exchanged and withdrawn from circulation.—The Notes which have been stolen are numbered from 6,001 to 10,000. The Two Dollar Notes from 10,001 to 10,000.

(Signed,) THOS. PATON, Manager.

HAVANNAH CIGARS.

Just Received,
A FEW HAVANNAH CIGARS, of superior quality.

PETER DELCOUR,
22nd Dec. 1838. No. 3, St. John Street.

WINES.

GILLESPIE, JAMIESON & CO.

Have for Sale—
FINE OLD HOCK,
Sparkling Champagne, } in cases of
Claret Lafitte, } 3 do. each.
Sauternes,
Quebec, 22nd December, 1838.

EVERY 7th SALE OF BOOKS.

BY G. D. BALZARETTI.
ON WEDNESDAY, the 23rd inst., at SIX o'clock precisely, at his Sale Rooms—

A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF BOOKS
on Law, Literature, History, Voyages, &c.

Catalogues will be ready by Monday next.

REMOVED.

TO THE CORNER SHOP OF RUE DU FORT AND BAUDE STREET, UPPER TOWN,

BROWN'S CHEAP CLOTHING STORE,

WHERE will be found an assortment of WARM CLOTHING, just the thing for a Canadian winter, cheap, CHEAP for CASH, and NO SECOND PRICE asked.
Quebec, 20th November.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.

THE Subscribers beg respectively to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quebec and its vicinity, that they will have on hand a large assortment of CONFECTIONARY and CAKES, plain and ornamented, of the best description, suitable for CHRISTMAS. Any orders left by them will be thankfully received, and punctually attended to.
Scotch Marmalade for Sale.

SCOTT & M'CONKEY,
Quebec, 19th December, 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

No. 11, Notre Dame Street,
60 BARRELS AMERICAN APPLES,
20 Baskets E. Cheese,
40 Barrs Superior Flour,
40 Barrels Bottled Wines,
100 Boxes Candles,
100 Boxes Soap,
30 Boxes Pipes,
50 Boxes and 50 half Boxes Raisins,
20 Barrels Roasted Coffee,
20 Barrels Pot Barley.

ALSO,
Leith Ale, Claves, Cinnamon, Rice, Pepper, Pickles, Sauces, Sperm Candles, Maccaroni, Isinglass, Currants, Ink, Mustard, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, &c.

JOHN FISHER,
19th December, 1838.

VISITING CARDS.

VISITING CARDS

PRINTED
In a Superior Manner.

VISITING CARD PLATES

Engraved and Printed.

PLAIN, GILT, AND ENAMELLED CARDS,

OF ALL KINDS.

FOR SALE, BY

W. Cowan & Son,

13, JOHN STREET.

THE LITERARY GARLAND,

A Monthly Magazine,

PUBLISHED IN MONTREAL.

MR. JAMESON, Upper Town Market, is Agent in this city for the above Publication. Copies of the December No. may be had at Mr. J.'s, and at M. S. COWAN & SON'S Book Store, St. John Street, Quebec, 12th December, 1838.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED.

And may be had at the Book-Stores of Messrs. Neilson, Cary, and Cowan.

METRA HORATIANA, or, the Metrical systems of Horace, arranged on a new and simplified plan by the Revd. F. J. LUNDY, S. C. L., late Scholar of University College, Oxford, and Head Master of the Quebec Classical School.
Quebec, 27th Nov. 1838.

FURS.

W. ASHTON & Co.

3, MOUNTAIN STREET, NEXT DOOR TO PRESCOTT GATE,

HAVE MANUFACTURED throughout the summer, and now offer for sale a stock of

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S FURS,

which for neatness of style and quality of materials they feel proud to offer for competition.

Their having for some years past secured, during the summer season, probably the best Hat Trade in the Province, enables them to undersell any house depending on the winter trade for twelve months' support; this, together with the advantages they have over every other furriers in this city by importing their own materials direct, are the only hints they think necessary to drop.

All description of Furs made to order, and returned if not approved of.

In repairing any article, or altering it to the present fashion, W. A. & Co. pledge themselves that their charges will be on the most moderate scale, and will forfeit the value of any article when promised to be done at a certain time, in which there may be a single hour's want of PUNCTUALITY.

NO SECOND PRICE.

Quebec, 29th Sept.

MUSSON & SAVAGE,

HAVE just received from London, a very CHOICE ASSORTMENT of

PERFUMERY.

Consisting of a variety of French & English Essences.

Macassar and other Oils, } For the Hair.
Bear's Grease, &c.
Trotters and other Dentifrices,
White and Brown Windsor Soap,
Transparent Shaving Cakes.
Eau de Cologne.

ALSO,

Superior Tooth Brushes.
Do. Hair and Nail Brushes, with other articles too numerous to mention.
Quebec, 10th Novr. 1838.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received per the "Eleutheria" from London, their supplies of the above; consisting of every medicine in present use.

ALSO,

FROM ENGLAND AND THE UNITED STATES,
Their usual full supply of
GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES.
DYE STUFFS,
LESCHE'S, &c. &c.

MUSSON & SAVAGE.
Chemists & Druggists.

FOR SALE,

BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:—

130 BOXES ENGLISH SOAP,
50 do. Candles.
30 Barrels Apples (Faneuse),
5 Boxes Sweet Spiced Zealand Chocolate,
—ALSO,—

Muscadel, Valencia, and Sultana Raisins,
Zante Currants, Almonds, Spanish Grapes,
Citron, Lemon and Orange Peels, Nutmegs,
Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Macerani, Van-
macilli, Sperm Candles and Candle Orna-
ments, French Olives, Wixe's Mustard
Pickles and Sauces, &c. &c.

W. LECHEMINANT.

15th Dec. No. 1, Fabriciens Street,
JUST PUBLISHED BY THE SUBSCRIBERS.

THE QUEBEC CALENDAR

FOR 1839.

BESIDES the usual matter, it contains the remarkable events connected with the Rebellion of 1837-8; the Civil and Military Register, Courts of Justice, Public and other Offices, Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Quebec Post Office, Terms of Courts of Justice, Eclipses, Moveable Feasts, &c.

W. COWAN & SON,

Quebec, 3rd Dec. 1838. 13, St John Street.

QUEBEC BANK.

NOTICE—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of three per cent. on the amount of the capital stock, has been declared, and the same will be payable at the Bank, on or after WEDNESDAY, the 2nd of January next.

By order of the Board,
NOAH FREER, CASHIER
Quebec, 30th Novr. 1838.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS:

SIX HUNDRED MINOTS PEAS,
50 cwt. Ship Biscuit,
20 bbls. Boston Crackers,
50 kegs Butter,
30 casks Salad Oil,
40 casks Hull Cement,
Green and Blue Paint.

CREELMAN & LEPPER.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY BARRELS SUPERFINE FLOUR, (Wellsland Mills.)

LEAYCRAFT, DUNSCOMB & CO.
29th Novr.

SUPERIOR

BOTTLED SODA WATER,
MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.

MOFFAT'S

LIFE PILLS & PAINIX BITTERS,
FOR SALE BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.

SWAIM'S

CELEBRATED PANACEA,
FOR SALE BY
MUSSON & SAVAGE.
Chemists and Druggists.

MAISH'S

COMPOUND WHITE ELDER CERATE.

A most extraordinary and efficacious remedy for Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Ulcers, Boils, Chilblains, Tumours, Scorbatic Eruptions, or other similar complaints.
Sold in Pots, at 1s. 9d. and 4s. each.

MAISH'S

BOTANIC CORN PLAISTER.

A most restorative remedy, highly approved and recommended for the speedy removal of Corns and Bunions, merely by the application of the Plaister.
Sold in boxes at 1s. 9d. each.

MAISH'S CARAWAY CANDY.

TO those who are afflicted with Flatulency, Spasms, Wind in the Stomach, and other similar disorders, it will be found an invaluable specific. It also unites the most agreeable confection with the most stimulating stomach medicines.
Sold in boxes at 1s. 9d. each.

Testimonials of the above Medicines to be seen at the stores of
BEGG & URQUHART.
Quebec, 26th November, 1838.

FINE PICKLED OYSTERS.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, a small quantity of Pickled Oysters, of a very superior description.
R. DEVERRY,
13th December, 1838. Coillard Street.

FRESH OYSTERS

FOR SALE, by the Barrel, or any quantity to suit purchasers, at No. 14, St. Paul Street, next to Mr. Morison's buildings, by
CAPT. PICOT.

GREEN LINE OF STAGES.



PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have begun running their

GREEN LINE OF STAGES,

BETWEEN QUEBEC AND MONTREAL, and hope that their care and experience will merit them a portion of public encouragement. As they have made arrangements with persons fully competent and deserving of confidence, the distance will be run in two days. The Stages will leave Quebec and Montreal every Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday, at Six o'clock precisely, and will stop at Three-Rivers, at the house of Mme. Ostrom, and at Berthier, at the house of Mr. Fis. Harnois. Covered carriages will also be in readiness to leave at any time, to meet public convenience. Parcels will be forwarded at low rates.

MICHEL GAUVIN, Quebec.
TIMOTHEE MARCOTTE, Montreal.
Quebec, 12th Decr. 1838.

R. C. TODD,

Derald Painter,
No. 10, St. NICHOLAS STREET.

OLD TYPE.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS: the undermentioned fonts of OLD TYPE, viz:—

532 lbs. Long Primer,
500 lbs. Small Pica,
140 lbs. Brevier,
130 lbs. Great Primer,
130 lbs. Double Pica,
145 lbs. Double English,
303 lbs. Canon 5 & 8 line letter,
107 lbs. 16 line letter.

The whole weighing about 2115 lbs.—will be sold very low for cash.

W. COWAN & SON.

12th Dec. 1838.

THE Subscribers have just received a large supply of the following celebrated Medicines, viz:—

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA,
HAY'S LINIMENT for Piles, Rheumatism, & HEADACHE REMEDY.

ALSO,
A fresh supply of **MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS** and **PAINIX BITTERS.**

BEGG & URQUHART,
13, St. John Street, and
8, Notre Dame St., L. T.

5th October.

BUSTS OF THE QUEEN.

AT the request of several friends, a mould has been made from a true likeness of HER MAJESTY QUEEN VICTORIA.

just arrived from Liverpool; and a few BUSTS are now finished and for sale at the stores of

M'KENZIE & BOWLES,
St. John Street.

ALSO,
A handsome PEDESTAL, which will answer either for this or other figures to stand on.
Quebec, 2nd October, 1838.

INDIA RUBBER SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE, LADIES', Gentlemen's, and Children's INDIA RUBBER SHOES, of the best quality.

FREDK. WYSE,

No. 3, Palace Street, opposite the Albion Hotel, Upper Town, and the foot of Mountain Street, near the Neptune Inn, Lower Town.
Quebec, 25th Novr. 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST RECEIVED, AND OFFER FOR SALE,

THEIR supply of Stationary, consisting of superior Writing Papers of various sizes, Quills, Steel Pens, Sealing Wax, Wafers, lead Pencils, Ink, Ink Powder, Inkstands, Blank Books, Memorandum Books, Paper Cases, with and without locks, Water Colours and Hair Pencils, superior Drawing Pencils, Drawing Paper and Card Paper, Stumps, Chalk, Indian Rubber, Porte-Crayons, embossed Music Paper, Music Pens, Visiting Cards, plain, gilt and enamelled, Pink Saucers, Thermometers, Chinese Japanese Tea Caddies, Screen Handles, Slides, Inkwells, Patent India Rubber, Office Lead Pencils, Bond' and Reeves & Son's Marking Ink, Screw Top Inks, Red Tape, Coloured Scraps for Albums, large and small Pewter Inkstands, rough Drawing Paper, Wedgewood Inkstands, Bookbinders Gold Leaf Chess Men and Backgammon Boards of different sizes, carved Wood Seals, Metallic Memorandum Books, Playing Cards, Pencil Rulers, Superior India Ink, fine Hair Pencils for Artists, do. for Writing, Card Board, embossed Cards of all sizes—Brass Letter Files, Memorandum Books, with and without clasps, Blank Account Books of various sizes, printed Receipt Books, Bills of Exchange, single and in books, Sketch Books, Magnum Bonum Steel Pens, Album Tiles col'd., Letter Paper, &c. &c.

The Sacred Souvenir, being a new edition of the Testament, folio size, illustrated, elegantly bound in Turkey morocco.

The Book of Common Prayer, with lessons and Testament, in 1 vol.—illuminated edition, elegantly bound.

The Book of Common Prayer, with plates, neatly bound.

Do. Do. with lessons and Testament, small edition, with lock.

Pocket Bibles, Companion to the Altar, &c. The Album of Flowers, 4to. very elegant.

Scrap Books and Albums, of various sizes. A few fine Engravings.

—ALSO,—

Bibles and Prayer Books, School Books, French, English, Hebrew and Latin, Wood-bridge and Olney's Atlas and Geography, Huntington's Geography and Atlas, and Davenport's Gazetteer.

W. COWAN & SON,
13, John's Street.

VICTORIA HOUSE.

(RUE SOUS-LE-FORT—QUEBEC.)

GEORGE ARNOLD, PROPRIETOR,

IS now open for the reception of visitors. The situation and accommodation of the premises combine advantages unequalled by any similar establishment in Quebec, and unsurpassed in the Canadas. The arrangements have been made under the immediate superintendance of the proprietor, and as the business will be conducted by himself personally, every attention will be ensured to those who favour him with their visits. To those gentlemen in particular who are connected with the business of the port, the situation of the premises, in the direct vicinity of the Steam-Boat Wharves, and Custom House, offers great advantages; and to the public in general, the arrangements of the establishment are such as to present every convenience. On the ground floor are an extensive Saloon and Reading Room. On the first floor are two spacious rooms, which by means of folding doors between, may, whenever required, be converted into one magnificent apartment of 70 feet by 32 feet, and 15 feet high; a dimension which renders it a most eligible place for meetings, &c. The numerous apartments contained in the three upper stories are fitted up for the accommodation of families and individuals. A spacious gallery on the roof commands a splendid view of the harbour of Quebec and the surrounding country.

The Wines and other liquors of the establishment will be of the first order; refreshments of all kinds may be had throughout the day; and it will be the study of the proprietor in providing for his guests to combine moderate charges, and superior accommodation.

GEORGE ARNOLD,

Quebec, 23d June, 1838.

NOTE.—Lumber Merchants and others connected with that branch of commerce, will meet with every accommodation and attention, at the above establishment, the proprietor having for many years past had an extensive acquaintance with parties in that line, from the Upper Province and the United States.

FOR SALE.

THIRTEEN Hogheads superior U.C. Leaf Tobacco,
 100 Catty Boxes Young Hyson }
 10 Chests Souchong } Tea.
 10 Half Chests do. }
 2 Boxes Pouchong }
 ALSO
 Pork—Mess, Prime Mess and Prime.
 And daily expected,
 16 hhds. Gallipoli Oil.
HENDERSONS & CO.
 25th October. St. Peter Street.

J. HOBROUGH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BEGS leave to announce to his friends that he has received his
FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS,
 consisting of Cloths and Vestings of the finest descriptions and newest fashions.
 ALSO
 Pilot and Buckskin Cloth, for Winter Top Coats, which he will make up according to order, on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
 General Wolfe, corner of Palace and }
 St. John Streets, Sept. 20th. }

NEW CONFECTIONARY STORE
 No. 52, ST. JOHN STREET.
THE Subscribers most respectfully intimate to their friends and the public at large, that they have always on hand a choice assortment of Fresh Cakes and Confectionary, as usual.
SCOTT & M'CONKEY,
 Quebec, 1st May, 1838.

NEW GROCERY STORE,
 CORNER OF PALACE & JOHN STREETS.
H. J. JAMESON,
RESPECTFULLY announces that he has commenced business in the above house, where he has on hand a choice selection of WINES and other LIQUORS, TEAS, SUGAR, COFFEE, and all other articles usually connected in his line, and will dispose of them for the lowest possible profit, and by a strict attention to all orders which he may be favoured with, he trusts to merit a share of public patronage.
 N. B.—For Sale, at very reduced prices, 38 dozen of superior London Market O.L.P. and O. L. P. T., warranted eleven years in bottle.
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

GROCERY STORE.
THE Subscriber, in returning thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal support he has received since he commenced business, most respectfully intimates that he has constantly on hand a choice assortment of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Groceries, &c. all of the best quality.
JOHN JOHNSTON,
 Corner of the Upper Town Market Place
 Opposite the Gate of the Jesuits' Barracks.

CHAMPAGNE, CHABLIS, AND BURGUNDY WINES.
THE Subscriber having been appointed by MESSRS. DAMOTTE & CHEVALIER, of Tonnerre, Agent for the sale of their WINES in this City, invites the attention of the public to a consignment just received.
JOHN YOUNG,
 St. Peter Street.

SADDLERY, HARNESS,
Trunk and Whip Establishment.
THE Subscriber is ready to execute orders for Double, Single, or Tandem HARNESS, in the latest style, and on moderate terms.
 —ALSO—
 Horse Clothing, Portmanteaus, and Valises.
H. J. MANNING.
 No. 55, St. John Street.
 November 5th.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER.
A FEW barrels superfine Flour, (Welland Canal Mills.) Ship, Pilot, Cabin and Navy Biscuit, Crackers and Water Biscuit.
A. GLASS,
 No. 1, St. Peter Street.
 Quebec, 12th Oct. 1838.



THE Subscribers having just received from England a variety of materials for WINTER & SUMMER CARRIAGES, selected under the personal inspection of Mr. J. SAURIN, from the first houses in London and Birmingham, are enabled to execute their work in better style, and much cheaper than any other house in Canada.
SAURIN & CO.
 Coachbuilders
 Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

W. LECHEMINANT,
 No. 1, FABRIQUE STREET,
HAS JUST RECEIVED, and offers for Sale,
 20 hamper Double Gloster Cheese,
 2 cases Brick do. do.
 1 ton American do. do.
 85 tins Kamouraska Butter,
 50 do. Sardines, (very fine.)
 12 barrels fresh Hickory Nuts,
 —ALSO—
 Blackburn's superior Madeira Wine, in Wood and Bottle, with his usual assortment of Liquors & Groceries. Any article bought at his establishment, returnable, (within a reasonable time,) if not approved of.
 12th Nov.

MADEIRA WINE.
A FEW CASKS Howard, March & Co.'s MADIRA WINE—price £70 per pipe of 110 gallons—for sale by
JOHN GORDON & CO.
 St. Paul Street
 Quebec, Mar, 1838.

POTATOES.
FOR SALE IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS,
3000 BUSHELS excellent Montreal Potatoes, just arrived on board the barge "Favorite," of How's Wharf.
 Apply on board or to
CREELMAN & LEPPER.
 10th November.

TURNIPS.
FROM 1 to 3000 Bushels Superior TURNIPS, Red, White, and Yellow, for Sale at 1s. 3d. per Bushel, delivered in any part of the town. Apply to
SAMUEL TOZER,
 No. 1, Upper Town Market.
 Quebec, 15th November.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS
 JUST RECEIVED,
 Per Brig "Robert," from Jamaica,
81 PUNCHEONS Jamaica Rum, superior 7 Hhds. Superior flavour and good strength.
 41 Casks Fair Sugar.
 25s Quarter Boxes very superior "Cuba" Cigars.
WM. PRICE & CO.
 Quebec, 17th Oct. 1838.

SADDLERY.
THE Subscriber begs to inform his Friends and the public generally that he has received per *Joseph*, a large assortment of goods in his line, among which are—
 Whips of all sorts and patterns; Japanned Steel, Portable Box, and other Spurs, Harness Mountings of the latest patterns, Hussar and Hunting Saddles, Horse Clothing, Blanket Rugs, Patent and Harness Leather, &c., &c. All of which he offers for sale on very moderate terms. Also, Portmanteaus, Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
J. E. OLIVER,
 2, Fabrique Street.
 13th October.

SUPERIOR INDIA RUBBER SHOES.
A LARGE SUPPLY OF THE ABOVE just received, and for sale
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
 Chemists
 Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

RECENTLY RECEIVED AND FOR SALE
SALMON, in hardwood Tierces and Barrels.
 Dry Codfish; and Cod and Seal-Oil, in Barrels.
EBENEZER BAIRD.
 Quebec, 6th Oct. 1838.

DR. BRANDETH requests a perusal of the following article:—
LIFE AND DEATH,
 Every thing has two distinct principles to its nature; one
THE PRINCIPLE OF LIFE
 THE OTHER
THE PRINCIPLE OF DEATH.

So long as the principal of Life predominates, Health is enjoyed. When the principle of Death, Sickness takes place. How is this accounted for?
 By the principle of Death, I mean the principle of decomposition or decay, which is each hour going on in the human frame from the hour of birth, to that of our final exit. While the natural outlets—the pores—the bowels—and all other directories of the body, discharge these decayed particles as fast as they are generated, we are in a state of health; we are free from the presence of the disease.
 When, from breathing an impure atmosphere, living in a vicinity of swamps, or where we are in the constant habit of coming in contact with bad smells—effluvia arising from obvious accumulations of animal or vegetable bodies in a state of putridity, being infected from a living body under the influence of disease in a malignant state; or accidental occupations; or, in short, any cause which promotes decomposition (fermentation) the stomach and bowels and the other excretories can remove, naturally; we are then in a state of disease. And should the cause which produces this state of the body remain, and nothing be done to drive the accumulated and accumulating impurities out of the body, the principle of death or decomposition, will become paramount, and the last glimmering of life depart from the once animated clay.
 How then, shall we counteract these death dispending influences? How?
PURGE!—Yes—Isay Purge!
 The magic in that word shall yet be understood, if this hand or brain can accomplish as mighty an explanation. Yes, purged be that pain in the head, the back, the bowels, the foot, the stomach, the side, the throat. Does it arise from internal or external cause.—I still say purge!—For know this self-evident truth, that pain cannot exist, save by the presence of some impurity—some deposit of decomposed particles upon the organ or part where the pain is seated. And purging discharges this impurity by the bowels, and continuing the practice daily will cure every complication of disease; and will prevent any one from becoming seriously indisposed; even when in constant contact with the most noxious effluvia which cannot by possibility seriously affect the body, if we are continually careful to preserve it in a pure state, by frequent and effectual purgation. *Hippocrates* says, "Purgation expulses what must be expelled, and patients find relief; if on the contrary, they are tormented by purgation, it is a proof there are yet matters which must be expelled."

The subscriber of this has resided in every variety of climate, and by always purging on the first appearance of sickness, has enjoyed for the last ten years, uninterrupted health. For we may call such the state of him who is never sick more than 6 or 8 hours, about the time it takes to secure the effect of a purgative. The purgative I make use of is my grandfather's pills, and they are, to my certain knowledge, the most judiciously balanced purge in existence. I have used from 8 months daily, in doses of from 2 to 16 pills per day, to satisfy myself as to their innocency. It therefore, cannot be doubted. It is my opinion, that any person, be he ever so prostrated by disease, provided he is capable of taking exercise at all, may lengthen his life to 60 years, by continuing to assist his natural functions with the **BRANDETH VEGETABLE PILLS**. Death never can take place until the Principle of Decomposition puts out the lamp of life. And that would seldom be before 60 or 70 years, was this principle of purgation always resorted to on the first appearance of sickness.
 In the hope that these remarks may be of some service, I am the public's obedient servant,
D. BRANDETH, M. D.

Great caution is required to procure the genuine Brandeth Pills.
 Druggists and Chemists never in any place appointed Agents by Dr. B. All his authorised Agents have an engraved certificate of agency, signed by himself; unless

this certificate can be shown, do not purchase. This caution is absolutely necessary to guard the public against spurious Pills.
DR. BRANDETH'S PILLS
 CAN BE OBTAINED GENUINE OF
FREDERICK WASE,
 No. 3, Palace Street, Upper Town,
 Foot of Mountain Street, Lower Town,
 Who is the only authorised Agent for Quebec.
 Quebec, 29th Sept. 1838.

BALDNESS.
A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR is the grandest ornament belonging to the human frame. How strangely the loss of it changes the countenance, and prematurely brings on the appearance of old age, which causes many to recede at being uncovered, and sometimes even shun society to avoid the jests and sneers of their acquaintances; the remainder of their lives consequently spent in retirement. In short, not even the loss of property fills the generous thinking youth, with that heavy sinking gloom as does the loss of his hair.—To avoid all these unpleasant circumstances, **OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA** stops the hair from falling off on the first application and a few bottles restores it again. It likewise produces eye-brows and whiskers; prevents the hair from turning gray, makes it curl beautifully, and frees it from scurf. Numerous certificates of the first respectability in support of the virtues of Oldridge's Balm are now by the printer.

FOR all the following:
ROBERT WHARTON, Esquire, late Mayor of Philadelphia, has certified, as may be seen below, to the high character of the following gentleman:
 The undersigned do hereby certify that we have used the Balm of Columbia discovered by J. Oldridge, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also a certain restorative
WM. TRITCHER, sen.
 Methodist Minister in St. George church, No. 86 North Fifth st.
JOHN P. ENGLISH, 33 1/2 Arch st.
JOHN S. THOMAS, M. D. 163 Race st.
JOHN S. FURRY, 101 Spruce st.
HUGH MCCURRY, 243 South 7th st.
JOHN GARD, Jr., 123 Arch st.
 It will certainly raise its virtues in the estimation of the public, when it is known that three of the above signers are more than 50 years of age, and the others not less than 30.
 From the Mayor,
 Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, City of Philadelphia.

I, ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor of said city of Philadelphia, do hereby certify that I am well acquainted with Messrs. J. P. English, John S. Furry, and Hugh McCurry, whose names are signed to the above certificate, that they are gentlemen of character and respectability, and as such, full credit should be given to the said certificate.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused it to be sealed of the city to be affixed, this sixth day of December, &c.
ROBERT WHARTON, Mayor.
CERTIFICATE—That each bottle of the genuine Balm has a splendid engraved wrapper, on which is represented the Falls of Niagara, the agent's name, &c.
 Sold wholesale and retail by
J. J. SIMS,
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
BEGG & URQUHART.
 Quebec, Sept. 1838.

HEADACHE.
DR. E. SPOHN, a German physician of much note, having devoted his attention for some years to the cure and removal of the causes of **NERVOUS AND SICK HEADACHE**, has the satisfaction to make known, that he has a remedy which by removing the causes cures effectually and permanently this distressing complaint. There are many families who have suffered Sick Headache a constitutional incurable family complaint. Dr. S. assures them that they are mistaken, and laboring under distress which they might not so alleviate, but actually cured by the use of his remedy. It is the result of scientific research, and is entirely of a salutary character from advertised patent medicine, and is not unpleasant to the taste. To be had of
I. I. SIMS,
MUSSON & SAVAGE,
BEGG & URQUHART.
 Sept. 1838.