

WHISHARD'S

THREE BUSY STORES,

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street, London.

NO BETTER WAY TO SAVE MONEY THAN

on something you expected to pay full price for, especially when you can save that money on the very best goods, like the following, at our

SPECIAL SALE

White Honeycomb Quilts, without fringe; regular \$1.25, sale price 75c each.
Special line of White Quilts; sold everywhere for \$1.50, sale price 75c each.
White Marseilles Quilts, beautifully embroidered, raised work, worth up to \$2.50, sale price \$1.25 and \$1.50 each.
Honeycomb Quilts, fringed; regular 85c, sale price 50c each.
Gray Blankets, in 10-4 and 11-4; regular 75c and \$1.00, sale price 50c and 75c each.
Red Blankets, regular price 85c, sale price 50c each.
Mixed Brown and White Blankets; regular \$1.25, sale price 75c each.
Children's Crib Blankets; regular 50c, sale price 25c each.
Children's Wool Crib Blankets; regular 75c, sale price 50c each.

Special Sale Price On White Cottons and Long Cloths for Underwear.

We are selling a 36-inch White Cotton; regular 7c, sale price 5c per yard.
We are showing a very heavy strong White Cotton, at 6c and 7c yard. Special.
Ladies' Beautifully Finished Cotton, for fine underwear; worth 10c and 12½c, sale price 8c and 9c yard. You want to see these cottons, ladies. We guarantee them bargains in the cotton line.

Good Clear Factory Cotton, 27 Yards for \$1.00.

Special heavy line of Factory, clear in the make. You would pay 6c anywhere for it. Sale price 5c per yard.
Special line of Factory at 4c yard.
21 yards of Unbleached Canton Flannel for \$1.

Tapestry Table Covers.

Covers, 4-4; regular 50c, sale price 30c each.
Covers, 6-4; regular 85c, sale price 75c each.
Covers, 8-4; regular \$1.75, sale price \$1.40 each.
Covers, 8-4; regular \$2.75, sale price \$2.40 each.
Covers, 10-4; regular \$4, sale price \$3.40 each.

Remember Our Ribbon Sale.

Remember Our Embroidery Sale.

Pure White Sheet in 8-4 and 9-4.

Pure White Sheet, two yards wide; regular 25c, sale price 15c yard. Not much of this line left. Come.

Pure White Sheet, two yards and quarter wide; regular 30c, sale price 20c yard. Good bargain in sheeting.

Pure White Twilled Sheet, two yards and quarter wide; regular 35c, sale price 22c yard. These are goods you need.

46-inch Circular Pillow Cotton; regular 15c, sale price 10c yard.

Special line of Ready-Made Sheets; worth \$1.25 per pair, sale price 75c.

Unbleached Twill Sheet, two yards and quarter wide; regular 20c, sale price 15c yard.

Damask Curtains.

Fine Damask Curtains; regular \$2.47, sale price \$1.97 pair.

Fine Damask Curtains; regular \$3, sale price \$2.49 pair.

Very Fine Damask Curtains; regular \$4.50, sale price \$3.97 pair.

One Line of Fancy Wool Tams for Children.

Regular price was 50c; we are clearing them at 15c each. Worth seeing. They are made of fine wool.

One line of the CELEBRATED GILBERT WAIST LINING, in mid-gray, dark gray and black; regular 25c, sale price 15c yard.

SPECIAL LINE OF LINEN TOWELS; regular 25c, sale price 15c each.

Special line of Patent Leather Belt for ladies, 25c each. Worth seeing.

Linen Dollies, open work, oval and square, cut price 7c, 10c and 15c each.

One line of Honeycomb Towels, large size, only 5c each.

DEMON THIRST ON THE VELDT.

Intense Suffering of British Soldiers in Africa.

Lack of Water a Greater Menace to the Army Than the Bullets of the Boers.

[New York Sun.]

Water more than all other needs for the soldier in the constant craving of men who march under the sun and shoot. The immediate objective of every fight in South Africa is the control of the water supply. The man that fails to attain it must sheer off—must seek the next one, which means a retreat, for there are rarely more than two or three miles of water.

The big pitched battles decided the command of the main rivers and the hills that bound their watersheds. They were the decisive points in the strategy. Lord Methuen had to get back to the water after he failed to dislodge Piet Cronje at Majubafontein, and it was the lack of water that made the unsuccessful assault on the Boer position at the Modder in his forced march to the Modder in his forced march to the Modder in his forced march to the Modder.

But for a long time now all the characteristic maneuvers of the "mounted" on both sides—the Boers who have made the water their ally, and the British mounted infantry who are trying to organize on similar lines—have had for their indispensable condition the lack of water for man and beast to refresh both for the next move.

Every "laager" and "pan" and "vlei" beach, the Boers call them, and each denotes an oasis in the dry landscape of the veldt. These "fontains" are never the limpid, placid water that is brought to the surface by the charm of the word "fontain." Assuredly they are not wells, which is often ventured as a rough translation of the word. They are not wells, which is often ventured as a rough translation of the word.

The general's aide-de-camp unfolded his war office map and remarked in disgust that this was what we called a "go on with." It was an imposing and artistic document. Its scale was large, in the proportion of inches to miles, and it showed the route of the traversable possibilities of the country it represented, and some of its most important features were distinguished by colored lines.

At the end of the afternoon before the battle of Driefontein, or Abram's Kraal, as some call it, this writer was with Gen. French's staff. The English cavalry division and the British mounted infantry were in the prescribed trek for the day. Its outposts were within skirmishing touch of the burgher patrol of De la Rey and De Wet's army.

Finally the day began to read of ladies who had been cured of Female Trouble by Dodd's Kidney Pills. She says: "The doctors told me I could never be cured. I had suffered for twelve years and had tried everything with no good result. At last I read of Dodd's Kidney Pills and began a treatment. They completely cured me. I owe my life and health to Dodd's Kidney Pills, and to nothing else."

There is a Remedy That Will Cure All Female Troubles—A Woodstock Experience.

ALMA COLLEGE WAS DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Loss Estimated at \$1,000—A Central Park Building Destroyed.

St. Thomas, Ont., Feb. 16.—Fire broke out in the Alma College about two o'clock this afternoon, the building at one time being threatened with total destruction. The fire started upstairs, in the east wing of the building, and before the fire could get under control, five or six rooms were gutted. Several of the students lost their entire wardrobe. The loss will be about \$1,000. Origin of the fire is unknown.

New York, Feb. 16.—The building on Central Park West, occupied for many years by the riding academy, was destroyed, and its neighbor, the Pullman apartment house, slightly damaged yesterday by fire that threatened for a time to prove more destructive. The first firemen to attack the burning building were caught in a "back draught," and several were badly hurt. The old academy was built fifteen years ago by Boston capitalists at a cost of \$100,000. It was being converted into a hippodrome. The chief damage to the Pullman was to the roof of the building. Its hundreds of tenants fled from their apartments when the heat began to crack the windows.

LADIES SHOULD KNOW

There is a Remedy That Will Cure All Female Troubles—A Woodstock Experience.

Woodstock, Ont., Feb. 17.—A remarkable case happened here recently and has caused no little wonderment. Mrs. Wm. Rowe, of 311 Dundas street, had been a sufferer from female weakness of the most stubborn type for over twelve years. Everything that seemed at all likely to help her had been tried, but she got no better. Finally she began to read of ladies who had been cured of Female Trouble by Dodd's Kidney Pills. She says: "The doctors told me I could never be cured. I had suffered for twelve years and had tried everything with no good result. At last I read of Dodd's Kidney Pills and began a treatment. They completely cured me. I owe my life and health to Dodd's Kidney Pills, and to nothing else."

TORONTO PROHIBITIONISTS.

Toronto, Ont., Feb. 17.—A large and enthusiastic meeting of prohibitionists was held here Saturday night. Rev. W. R. Parker presiding. The meeting was unanimous in saying that the conditions were totally unfair to the cause of prohibition. They objected to being required to poll more than have authority when a referendum was submitted, and held that the right time for voting on the question was the day of the municipal elections in 1903. The following resolution was passed: "Resolved that it will be the duty of prohibitionists in the coming campaign to oppose any members of the legislature who support the unfair conditions of the proposed referendum." It was decided to send a statement of their objections to the government, and to have each member, representing an answer from the government before the convention, to be held on the 25th inst.

Chill has ordered 15,000 bayonets from the Solingen Steel Works, Prussia. The weapons are to be delivered as soon as possible.

The Kidneys and Uric Acid.

Serious, Painful Ailments Which Arise From Neglected Kidney Derangements—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a Thoroughly Effective Cure.

Uric acid is the name given by medical men to the poisonous matter which the kidneys filter from the blood. When the kidneys are weak, inactive or diseased they fail to perform their functions as filters, and the uric acid poison remains in the blood to find lodgment in the weaker organs, and produce the most painful and fatal results.

The symptoms of kidney disease, such as backache, frequent and painful urination, deposits in the urine, pain in the sides and limbs, and headaches, are so familiar that it seems unnecessary for anyone to be ignorant of the approach of this dreaded malady. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are ever at hand as a thoroughly effective remedy, as they are for sale by nearly every dealer who pretends to keep any family medicine.

Not only the kidneys themselves become diseased, but the uric acid forms crystals in the joints and muscles, causing the most extreme pain, and which is known as rheumatism, a disease which can never be cured until the kidneys are made healthy and vigorous.

Another form of kidney disease is dropsy and heart failure. In such cases the uric acid turns the blood to water, and causes dropsical swellings, which, when in the region of the heart produce heart failure.

In view of the frightful risks which you run in neglecting kidney derangements, and the undoubted efficacy of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills as a cure for weak, inactive, diseased kidneys, it remains as a duty for you to apply the remedy and be cured. You can be certain of beneficial results, for Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have themselves been a duty for you to apply the remedy and be cured. You can be certain of beneficial results, for Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have themselves been a duty for you to apply the remedy and be cured.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY

176-178 Dundas Street, London, Monday, Feb. 17, 1902.

The Great White Combine Is Here...

And now we want everybody to come. We haven't kept you waiting for nothing. All the time you have been wondering we have been working, decorating, marking goods and making one of the finest displays of White Goods ever shown in this city.

Yes, it's a White Sale—but it isn't an ordinary white sale, but a number of white sales combined.

A Grand Combine or Alliance of Every Department In the Store.

Everything white has been brought forward for special selling. It will be a charming, prosperous and desirable sale. We're going to give you the biggest money's worth that we can—and what rich things are here for the early buyers! Our windows are a treat.

Sales Start Tomorrow at 8:30 Sharp.

WOMEN'S WHITEWEAR— FINE, FRESH AND ATTRACTIVE.

A great variety of styles, neatly and handsomely trimmed garments. Nothing too elaborate to be practical. The very garments you'll be needing soon—in the early spring—can be bought now for about what the materials alone would cost you. Specials for Tuesday's selling.

Corset Covers, 19c.

Lonsdale Cambric Corset Covers, well made, with double-stitched seams, pretty embroidery edge around neck, tape buttons. White Sale price, each 19c

Fine Lonsdale Cambric Corset Covers, made with full front, finished on neck and sleeves with pretty linen lace. White Sale price, each 35c

A very dainty Corset Cover, made of fine Lonsdale, full front, and rows of fine insertion, lace to match around neck and sleeves. Box pleat in front, drawing-string at waist. White Sale price, each 65c

Others at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2.00.

Night Gowns.

Empire Night Gowns, made of fine Lonsdale, fancy shaped revers, with pretty Honiton insertion effective of the most stubborn type insertion and lace, sleeves and revers also. Finely shaped and deep lace. A beautiful gown. Very special value, White Sale price, each \$1.75

Empire Gown, made with hemstitched and tucked revers, front of insertion and tucks, fine embroidery, good washing pattern on neck, revers, front and sleeves. An extra special, White Sale price \$1.75

See this particular Gown.

Underskirts.

Fine Lonsdale Cambric Underskirts, made with 12-inch full frill, trimmed with linen lace insertion. Good all skirt, with drawing-string at waist. Special White Sale price, pair 75c

Fine Lonsdale Cambric Underskirts, with 16-inch muslin frill, finished with fine linen insertion and deep lace edging. A beauty. White Sale price \$1.65

Others at \$2.00, \$2.25 up to \$4.50.

FINE IRISH LINENS IN THE WHITE SALE.

LINENS—That very word is suggestive of household necessities. No woman can have too many. Usually the buying of these is put off from time to time because they seem to run away with so much money. But good Linens are not expensive. Just think of the years of service a good piece of pure Irish Linen will give you. Long experience in buying and selling Linens has taught us that our customers want the best.

It Is the Best in Stock That Goes in This Sale.

Five O'Clock Tea Covers.

Fine White Irish Linen Table Covers, 36-inch size, hemstitched hem, drawn-work borders, hand-embroidered corners, regular price \$1.50, White Sale price . . . \$1.00

Very Handsome Plain Linen Table Covers, suitable for using plain, or for embroidering. Regular price \$1.45. White Sale price \$1.15

Handsome Irish Embroidered Table Covers, all hand work, beautiful patterns, regular \$2.50, White Sale price \$2.25

Ask to see our Ladies' 50c Night Gown—It's a big bargain.

Center Pieces to Match.

All hand-embroidered and beautiful quality. Regular \$1.00 size for 75c

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London Advertiser.

(Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1853.)

LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited), LONDON, ONTARIO

London, Monday, Feb. 17.

An Unreasonable Position.

The Canadian Royal Templar says: "Never before have the temperance people of Ontario been so united in their view of the course the government ought to take. We have heard many a sturdy Liberal saying: 'I never cast anything else than a Liberal vote, but I will vote against the Government this time if it does not keep its promise!'"

This is an unreasonable position for any temperance man to take, whether Conservative or Liberal. The same journal, from which the above extract is taken, speaks as follows of Premier Ross: "Temperance men, who cannot forget his yeoman service in their cause in days gone by, appreciate his present predicament, and give him credit for an earnest desire to go as far as one in his position and environment can go in the direction of prohibition." It is true, Mr. Ross has done yeoman service in the past, in both a public and private capacity. Not only that, but the party of which he is the esteemed leader, have done more in the direction of temperance reform than have any other Conservative Government in any other Province in the Dominion. Reject the Ontario Liberal Government, and what is the alternative? The election of a party who are the avowed opponents of prohibition. Let us state here that "prohibition" is a relative term; there is no such thing as absolute prohibition. At best, all that can be expected is greater restriction on the liquor traffic. By gradually reducing the number of licenses, the Liberal party have not only lessened the drink evil, but they have likewise eliminated a great number of disreputable houses, where alcoholic liquors were at one time sold.

Temperance advocates recognize the yeoman service of Premier Ross. Why, then, reject him for a leader and a political party who have declared their opposition to such a measure of restriction as the prohibitionists are fighting for?

The irrational position of such a course should be apparent to everyone. It would not only be a setback to the temperance movement, which has progressed so favorably during the last thirty years, but it will also mean failure to recognize the yeoman service the Liberal Government have rendered this Province in other directions during their long tenure of office, and more especially their work during the past few years. The great question before the electors of Ontario is a pronouncement on Premier Ross' policy of development; the opening up of New Ontario; the progress of which must act and react for the benefit of the older part of the Province.

The Regulation of Trusts.

The United States is the home of the trust. Since it is in that country trusts have become such gigantic factors in industrial life, any suggestions advanced in the way of their regulation or control cannot fail to interest Canadians: for in Canada there is the same tendency to centralize capital and labor under single management. The report of an industrial commission, the purpose of which was to devise means of keeping great corporations under control, was recently made known. The report of the commission covers manufactures and industrial combinations; it recommends that the promoters and organizers of such combinations be required to furnish full details, and that they submit a properly audited and sworn report, subject to government inspection.

The commission recommends also, that unlawful combinations and conspiracies in restraint of trade or competition, should be declared so by legislation uniform in all jurisdictions, as well as to all persons; and furthermore, that the laws in this respect should be thoroughly enforced. The state should have the right to supervise all public service corporations. Full publicity and strict supervision are put forward as means of keeping such large enterprises as trusts within proper bounds. Actual state interference in the way of checking their growth seems not to be so much the idea put forth by the commission as the desire that all illegitimate work should be prohibited. The report recognizes that the trust is a necessity, and that it has come to stay.

A clause is added in respect to reciprocity in trade or a modified tariff as a means of preventing any unhealthy enlargement of the scope of the trust. After hinting at a development of commerce and industry, the clause regarding the commercial phase of the subject reads as follows:

"If a department of commerce and industry shall be established, one of its functions should be to call attention from time to time to such economic changes in the world's progress as may suggest tariff modifications, and also to such commercial opportunities as may suggest reciprocity legislation or arrangement, and furthermore, to any evils incident to combinations which changes in the tariff will correct, and that, in view of the extent and perfection of our manufactures, and our growing export trade, the Congress provide for a commission to investi-

gate and study the subject, and to report as soon as possible what concessions in duties may be made without endangering wages or employment at home, what advantages abroad may be obtained therefor, and also to suggest measures best suited to gain the ends desired."

Death and Destruction in Electricity.

Recent fatalities from the electric current show that electricity is not a force to be tampered with, and that the utmost caution must be exercised by everyone whose calling brings him into close proximity to electric wires. With-

in the past ten days we have had two men killed—one at Ottawa and another at Lindsay—through their having inadvertently taken hold of a "live" wire while effecting repairs. The failure to observe protective regulations not only results in the death of work-people and others, but is also a great source of danger to property. This is strikingly shown in a report of electric losses just issued by the United States fire underwriters. One of the severest losses resulted from the breaking of a pole supporting an electric sign, which was held in place by a metal framework, in front of a theater. This made metallic connection between the trolley and interior circuits. The trolley current was introduced into several buildings by the telephone wires, resulting in a number of incipient fires. The loss amounted to \$40,000. Another curious loss was caused by an electric fan which had been installed in a show window to remove frost from the glass. The connection was made by a flexible cord concealed in cotton trimmings of the window, which had been arranged to represent a winter scene. The moment that the current was turned on the trimmings caught fire, and the underwriters had to foot the bill. In another case the heat of an incandescent lamp set fire to a celluloid toilet set displayed in a show window. The fire burned very rapidly, but immediate discovery prevented a conflagration.

The ignition of the film of a polyscope machine occurred while the operator was adjusting the arc light preparatory to making a display. The bright flash frightened the audience, which made a rush for the exits, during which a number of people were seriously injured. The fire was soon extinguished without serious loss. The frequent occurrence of fires and accidents of this character has led to the formulation of rules for the protection of the inflammable films from fire, which underwriters believe should be rigidly observed. One loss was occasioned by the overheating of a physician's cautery. The mishap resulted from allowing the apparatus, which had been turned off at the handle, but not at the switch, to stand on a wooden desk. The slamming of a door or some other jar caused the switch in the handle to make contact, allowing the cauterizing terminal to become hot enough to set fire to its communicating woodwork. The loss was considerable.

An insurance expert, familiar with electrical losses of recent years, said: "While electrical protection has been well developed in this country, we are still a great distance away from the point of absolute security. People are careless, and always will be so, so long as they can release a deadly current by simply turning the handle. Hundreds of fires result from imperfect insulation, and if the public knew how many disasters are traced each year to this cause alone they would insist upon having such work properly done by experienced workmen. We are using electricity today for dozens of things where steam was formerly employed, and with the introduction of the current for heating purposes we should exercise extraordinary care. After an electrical plant is installed, or when the slightest question arises respecting the protection of equipment already in use, property-owners should have their premises examined by experts who make a business of discovering dangers in unexpected places." And no person should be allowed to attempt repairs on any electrical system who is not a thoroughly trained electrician, with full knowledge of the great danger of incautious handling of electric wires. Death lurks in them even when cut off from the power center.

The Vanderbilts and the Canadian Railways.

(Monetary Times.)

The entrance of the Vanderbilts into the railway system of Canada will probably prove an epoch in the development and the fortunes of Canadian railways. They are accustomed to look and to work for control over large regions, and what they have done elsewhere we may be sure they will repeat in Canada. Their full plans are not yet unfolded, so as to be open to the public eye; and their development will be watched with interest. Some people fancy that the least these American railroad men aim at is a transcontinental line; and that when they have got far, they may try to capture both the C. P. R. and the Grand Trunk; but this is a very much exaggerated largest part. It becomes Canadians sedulously to watch their proceedings. There is much room for railway extension in Canada, and as to the proper lines, extension should be welcomed. It remains to be seen whether these people will undertake to make railway extensions, without the aid of bonuses; if so, they will do what others have so far not done; if they ask bonuses, it will be the fault of the givers if they get them. A crisis may come which will raise the question, in a practical form, of government ownership of railways. The fact is, everybody is very much at sea as to the effect of the entrance into Canada of the organization, whose control of capital, with their vast connections, is, in fact, a great revolution may be wrought in our railway system, through their agency. One thing is clear; they cannot proceed very far

without applying for legislative authority to do this and that; and when they do so, opportunities will come by which Canada can, by making a wise use of them, do much to shape the course which future railway development will take. What use will be made of that opportunity when it comes?

The Legislature --Weekly Review.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Feb. 15.

The opinion exists among not a few legislators that London is doing itself a gross injustice by opposing the electrical legislation calculated to effect the L. and P. S. R. line. These lawmakers stamp the civic policy as one of the immediate present, rather than the more remote future. Anyone who cares to study a map of Western Ontario will see at a glance or two the magnificent possibilities of radial roads centering in the Forest City. There is no reason why the next twenty years should not do for London what a similar period accomplished in Detroit's districts. Only let the city take up with a broader sentiment and drop its petty one of dollars and cents in reference to the Port Stanley road, and all will be well. To let electric lines come in from outside points would be to thrill London with a vitalizing power it has never felt before. Then again, it must be remembered, that some day soon the wealth of the mighty industrial combines of Carnegie and others will be poured into the lap of Ontario by a Lake Erie route. The provincial terminus must be Port Stanley, Port Dover or Rondeau, and it behooves the people of London to build up the L. and P. S. R., not by fighting rival roads that would be of invaluable benefit to the city proper, but by directing the great stream of outgoing United States products along its highway.

Many are the expressions of opinion regarding the prohibition bill, which Premier Ross has been pleased to call "The Liquor Act, 1902." Coldly calculating, impartial persons in all walks of life recognize the fact that "a thousand years scarce serve to form a state," and join in praising the prime minister's restraint. A drastic measure at this time would defeat its own purpose and a weak one invite disgust. The happy medium has been chosen. While the government is making speed slowly, the progress is deliberate.

No sooner had Mr. F. F. Pardee, West Lambton, recovered from a two weeks' indisposition and returned to the parliament building than the lamented death of Judge Lister made it incumbent upon him to revisit Sarnia for a few days. The house, and especially the committees, can ill afford to lose Mr. Pardee's counsel even for a brief time.

The bill providing for the protection of quail during the first four weeks of the present season, Oct. 15 to Dec. 15, is sure to meet with a spirited opposition in committee, a number of East Lambton sportsmen having written to Mr. H. J. Pettipiece, urging him to have November kept open instead of Nov. 15 to Dec. 15. They argue that the month asked for by them is the best part of the existing season.

It is refreshing to come into contact with a man like Mr. John Lee, East Kent, for speaks his mind with a friendly candor that convinces but never deceives. This by way of introduction. The acoustics of the legislative chamber are miserably bad; so much so that nearly every member has had occasion to complain of them at some time or other. The M.P.P.'s suffered in silence, however, until Mr. Lee, from his chair at the end of the second row, failed in many instances to catch the context of the premier's prohibition deliverance, and then came a plentiful outpouring of protest. He is now rapidly educating his associates to the necessity of having the house rearranged. What is the use of weaving pretty threads of rhetoric in the loom of language if none but the few can properly enjoy them? Next Monday the member for East Kent will inquire of the ministry if it is the intention of the government to make such changes in the arrangements of the seats in the present chamber, as will enable the members in all parts of the auditorium to hear more distinctly. It is expected the premier will announce some line of action calculated to remedy the sound deficiency.

Mr. Andrew Pattullo, North Oxford, if his speeches in committee are any criterion, has not yet lost sight of the municipal ownership policy he laid down in the house.

Not even an inkling can be gained of the probable line of argument Mr. J. P. Whitney will assume in criticising the liquor act of Premier Ross. It is generally conceded, however, that much brain-twisting is ahead of the Conservatives.

Unimpeachable.

If you were to see the unequalled volume of unimpeachable testimony in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla, you would unbridled yourself for so long delaying to take this effective and tonic medicine for that blood disease from which you are suffering.

It eradicates scrofula, and all other humors, and cures all their inward and outward effects.

A movement is on foot in London to erect a statue to George Washington in that city.

GOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE WITHOUT REGULAR ACTION OF THE BOWELS. Laxative Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness and sick headache.

DEBATE ON THE SPEECH

Its Adoption Moved by New Member for West York.

Premier's Gentle Ridicule of the Opposition Leader.

Mr. Campbell Tells How Government's Policy Has Affected Nation's Prosperity.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Feb. 17.—The opening of the Dominion House, which was the most brilliant in many years, was followed Friday by a plunge into the most prosaic and serious side of parliamentary life. The speech from the throne gave the impetus that started into action the positive work of the session, and in the debate, of which it was the subject matter, some members exhibited themselves very creditably indeed, and won by meritorious efforts the applause of their seniors. The leaders, who took part in it, delivered speeches which were able, eloquent and delightful. Frequently they aroused their followers to outbursts of enthusiasm, and it was evident that this pleasure was shared by the auditors, many in number, who occupied seats in the spectators' gallery.

The adoption of the address was moved by Archie Campbell, the gallant victor of West York, and was seconded by Dr. Beland, representative of Beauce—probably the largest rural constituency in Quebec. When the former rose to speak the government members burst into vigorous applause, and it was increased not inconsiderably by the opposition; and when the honorable member said, as he introduced his speech in moving the address, that never before in the history of the Dominion had West York sent to Ottawa a supporter of a Liberal policy, the government benches responded beneath the hearty hand-pounding of his confederates.

In his speech, Mr. Campbell dealt quite exhaustively with each subject mentioned in the address. The comments upon the prosperity of the country; the successful accomplishment of the Prince and Princess of Wales' tour, and its important influence upon the Canadian affairs; and the reference to the departed tragedy which last year threw a mantle of gloom over the Dominion, which he was typically Canadian in his appreciation, and the promise of legislation similar to that which had been passed by the United States Government respecting anarchism would also be commended. His remarks upon the census returns were brief. He acknowledged that they were disappointing, but took comfort out of the knowledge that the last few years had shown a satisfactory increase—which there was no reason to believe would continue. Brief comment upon the C. P. R. capital augmentation and the care the government would take to secure the company's rates, preceded a buoyant reference to the achievements of Marconi, and an agreement which had been entered into by the government by which credit for assisting the great inventor would be redound upon Canada, and with his success would come the high tolls for cable service the benefit of which would accrue to Canada by reason of the country's remarkably successful exhibitors at Paris, Buffalo and Glasgow were dilated upon, and Mr. Campbell continued with an exceedingly interesting array of figures, explaining the increase in the gratifying conditions of the revenue which was briefly mentioned in the speech. For instance, the trade returns in 1891 were \$218,384,934, and progressed slowly until, in 1896, they were \$239,025,899, an increase of only 9 per cent in five years. In that year, he added, amid loud government cheers, a change came over the country, the shackles upon trade were shaken off, and in the next five years, under Liberal guidance, the returns rose to \$388,000,000, or 61 per cent. So it was with exports of Canadian products, and the returns of savings and chartered banks. The figures quoted in the first instance were: 1891, \$88,000,000; 1896, \$109,000,000; an increase of 24 per cent; and in 1901, \$177,000,000, an increase since the Liberal assumption of power of 81 per cent. Savings banks' deposits in 1895 were \$30,000,000; in 1896, \$46,779,000, and in 1901, \$56,149,000. The returns of chartered banks showed the same increase in 1901 over 1896, of \$230,000,000, while in the five years before, it was only \$63,000,000. Mr. Campbell left this gratifying topic to express his satisfaction which he was sure all felt in the proposal to assist Canadian trade by establishing commercial agencies, and by furthering the more intimate union between the Dominion of Canada and the Australian Commonwealth and New Zealand—which was the object of a conference to be held in England this year. Speaking of the government's intention to establish a direct line of steamships to run between Canada and South Africa, the honorable member said that when the war in the South is happily over, an immense trade with the "South African Confederacy" would assuredly spring into existence, and it behooved them as enterprising Canadians to lose no chance to secure a fair share of it. He closed his speech with a very happy allusion to the honorable member's forthcoming visit to England.

The eloquent member for Beauce was followed by Dr. Borden, leader of the opposition. He found it in his heart to agree to certain clauses in the address—notably the references to the royal tour and to the late President McKinley's death. Apart from these, however, he found fault, lighting his gloomy remarks by occasional touches of humor, but for the most part he was quite serious. He gently rallied the postmaster-general upon the change that had come upon him, in that he apparently no longer believed, as he had expressed himself in the past, in refraining from placing cabinet ministers upon the bench, referring, of course, to two recent appointments. He objected to the statement that, with the advent of Liberalism at the helm, prosperity had come to Canada, and regretted the absence from the address of any mention of the fast Atlantic service. This should be accomplished before an effort at the establishment of a South African line was attempted. He noted the absence of a reference to our trade with Germany, and to the status of the Alaskan boundary question. To his remarks, deploring the former omission, he added his opinion that our preferential attitude towards Great Britain should not be followed by England joining with Germany in a treaty from the privileges of which Canada was barred. The honorable leader's detection of omissions extended to the discovery of no explanation of the outstanding of the last contingent. He expressed dissatisfaction with the census returns, to which he promised to return at a later date, and to the exports being taken as an illustration of national prosperity. Concluding, however, he gave all members another chance to agree with him. He paid beautifully-worded tributes to three members who, since the last session, had been taken to the great beyond—Hon. Mr. Doherty, Mr. N. Clarke Wallace and Mr. John W. Bell. An all-pervading silence filled the house while Dr. Borden spoke of the honored dead.

THE PREMIER'S REPLY. It was broken by a rustle of expectancy as the premier stood by his desk to reply. His speech was beautiful in its fluency and expression. Referring directly to the leader of the opposition, he at once put the house in a pleased and receptive mood by his gentle ridicule of the preceding speaker. He declared that one would think that the honorable member had just awakened from some frightful dream, which had disturbed his equanimity. In the earlier part of his speech, the

208, 210, 210½ and 212 Dundas St.

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50 Per Cent Discount Off All Our Boots and Shoes.

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--For a Genuine --Record-Breaker.

From now until March 3 we offer the balance of our Boots and Shoes at

Half-Price.

Tuesday Morning

the whole stock is at your command at 50 Cents on the Dollar.

This is done to clear them out quickly, and means bargains unparalleled. Come early and come quickly.

Think of It!

\$1.00 Shoes for	-	-	-	50c
\$1.50 Shoes for	-	-	-	75c
\$2.00 Shoes for	-	-	-	\$1.00
\$3.00 Shoes for	-	-	-	\$1.50
ETC.				ETC.

to attend the coronation of the King. He pronounced upon Sir Wilfrid so splendid an eulogy, that the house, loud-roared, proclaimed its appreciation, and the worthy object of this demonstration modestly bowed his head.

DR. BELAND.

Dr. Beland, who seconded the motion, is a fine representative of the class of able young Frenchmen who have attached themselves to the party of their distinguished compatriot. He was a serious question, and promised to bring it to a conclusion as soon as possible. He gave positive assurance of this. As to the fast Atlantic line, he said briefly that if the government did nothing at all for three years to hasten its completion it would still be equal to the opposition when in power. He explained in detail the government's position on the contingent question. Briefly, it was, that as no appropriation had been made for another contingent, it could not be sent by the Canadian Government; but no one would prevent young Canadians, who so wished, to go and fight for the empire, and the government had simply to let the English authorities recruit these soldiers. The premier closed his speech by adding to Hon. Dr. Borden's tribute to the deceased members.

THE OPPOSITION LEADER. The eloquent member for Beauce was followed by Dr. Borden, leader of the opposition. He found it in his heart to agree to certain clauses in the address—notably the references to the royal tour and to the late President McKinley's death. Apart from these, however, he found fault, lighting his gloomy remarks by occasional touches of humor, but for the most part he was quite serious. He gently rallied the postmaster-general upon the change that had come upon him, in that he apparently no longer believed, as he had expressed himself in the past, in refraining from placing cabinet ministers upon the bench, referring, of course, to two recent appointments. He objected to the statement that, with the advent of Liberalism at the helm, prosperity had come to Canada, and regretted the absence from the address of any mention of the fast Atlantic service. This should be accomplished before an effort at the establishment of a South African line was attempted. He noted the absence of a reference to our trade with Germany, and to the status of the Alaskan boundary question. To his remarks, deploring the former omission, he added his opinion that our preferential attitude towards Great Britain should not be followed by England joining with Germany in a treaty from the privileges of which Canada was barred. The honorable leader's detection of omissions extended to the discovery of no explanation of the outstanding of the last contingent. He expressed dissatisfaction with the census returns, to which he promised to return at a later date, and to the exports being taken as an illustration of national prosperity. Concluding, however, he gave all members another chance to agree with him. He paid beautifully-worded tributes to three members who, since the last session, had been taken to the great beyond—Hon. Mr. Doherty, Mr. N. Clarke Wallace and Mr. John W. Bell. An all-pervading silence filled the house while Dr. Borden spoke of the honored dead.

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Kennedy's Pharmacy

LONDON.

DEAR SIR:

Would you kindly express me three bottles of Ola Cream. When in London at Xmas I got a bottle and I like it so much. It seems to be a perfect skin food, preventing all roughness and redness. I like it better than anything I have ever used.

Yours Very Truly,

MRS. J. G. LOTUS,

Berlin.

P.S.—Kindly let me know if you could make it cheaper by the dozen.

honorable member had struggled to get away from his reputation for looking at all things as though they had been irretrievably dead; but only to end by launching forth some of his bellicose invectives. His remarks upon two or three of the clauses in the address had exhausted all the joy that was in him, he then became sad, and his were the lachrymose expressions of a dissatisfied soul. Not every the wonderful crops of the fertile Northwest had pleased him; not even the buoyant revenue; not even the ever-expanding commerce. Matters with which even the government itself were dissatisfied seemed to please him, while those which were unequivocally good and gratifying, brought doleful tones to his voice.

The premier explained away the honorable leader's captious criticism of the government's dealings with Germany, and to the end of the Alaskan boundary question, the South African line and the sending of the last contingent. The first—the preferential treaty—was a difficulty which had been proved an insurmountable obstacle to the Conservatives when in power. They had tried to overcome it again and again, and had failed. The present government had tried, and was succeeding; their of-

forts had not been crowned with success, yet had been rewarded, and would improve Canada's relations with Germany. Nothing had been done in regard to the Alaskan boundary since the last report. He argued that this was a serious question, and promised to bring it to a conclusion as soon as possible. He gave positive assurance of this. As to the fast Atlantic line, he said briefly that if the government did nothing at all for three years to hasten its completion it would still be equal to the opposition when in power. He explained in detail the government's position on the contingent question. Briefly, it was, that as no appropriation had been made for another contingent, it could not be sent by the Canadian Government; but no one would prevent young Canadians, who so wished, to go and fight for the empire, and the government had simply to let the English authorities recruit these soldiers. The premier closed his speech by adding to Hon. Dr. Borden's tribute to the deceased members.

MR. MONK AND OTHERS. Mr. Monk, opposition leader in Quebec; Mr. W. F. Macdon, of East York, and Mr. Bourassa, continued the debate, and the house adjourned at 9:30 o'clock.

The latter gave notice of moving an amendment to the address to have legislation passed, in some way, to guard the country's interests in its railroads. Mr. Bourassa, who will resume the debate tomorrow (Monday), gave notice of his intention to offer an amendment.

PICKING THE NOSE is a common symptom of worms. Mothers who suspect their child is troubled with worms should administer Dr. Low's Worm Syrup. It is pleasant, safe and effective.

A corporation in London is venturing upon the gigantic task of providing 2,000,000 of two-penny meals daily for the masses of the hungry who need substantial food at low figures.

A GENERAL FAVORITE.—In every place where introduced Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has not failed to establish a reputation, showing that the sterling qualities which it possesses are valued everywhere when they become known. It is in general use in Canada, the West Indies and Australia as a household medicine, and the demand for it each year shows that it is a favorite wherever used.

To the Lungs.

Do you go to Chicago to reach Quebec? No. There's a better and more direct way. Then why try to reach your lungs by way of your stomach? Don't. Better go straight to the lungs at once. Just light the vaporizer and breathe-in the healing, soothing vapors of Cresolene. The medicine goes exactly to the right place. Your lungs quickly heal and your cough disappears. For whooping-cough it's simply perfect.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life time, is made of brass and is guaranteed. A bottle of Cresolene complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. Vapo-Cresolene Co., No Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

Did You See

those thousands of rolls of new Wall Paper received by freight at our store entrance, Dundas street, this week? They will be ready for this spring's trade.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.



Worth More Than Gold
Is the possession of good eyesight, a price less treasure, to be had? We have made a study of the eyes and are prepared to fit any eye accurately.
Globe Optical Co.,
227 Dundas St.

BEWARE OF FIRE!

How often is fire caused from lighting gas with matches? You should wire your residence or factory, and we will guarantee good light.

London Electric Co.
359 Richmond Street.

P. McPHILLIPS, Barrister
Etc.
New Offices—110 Masonic Temple Bldg.
Office Phone 230. House Phone 334.

Your Daughter

may need the advantages at
Harding Hall.
GENERAL AND SELECT COURSES.
ALL BRANCHES.

Special Physical Training for school girls after 4 p.m.
661 TALBOT STREET.

W.C. BARRON
CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC
ELOCUTION
240 DUNDAS ST. LONDON

PICTURES..

Just received direct from Europe, and now on exhibition in our store, a large number of

Carbon Photographs
embracing reproductions of old and modern masters, including Rembrandt, Frans Hals, Rubens, Lippi, Dugan-Bouvier, Millet, Corot, Ruysdael and others.

H. & C. COLERICK,
443 Richmond Street,
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The Pressure of Business
Is greatly Relieved by use of the
Long Distance Telephone.
You reach your customer in a few seconds, and
MUCH can be accomplished at cost of LITTLE time and trouble.

The BELL TELEPHONE CO.
OF CANADA, Ltd.

Letters to the Editor.

THE Y. W. C. A. FUND.
To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In November last a sum of \$35 was placed at my disposal on condition that I should make a collection of funds for the Y. W. C. A. fund. I have been so afraid of interfering with any organized canvass of our citizens, that I have been silent hitherto; but, so far, I have heard of no special gifts through that channel to the much-needed fund. Therefore I conclude that even if I personally received no reply to my appeal, it can do no harm to remind your readers of the strong claims upon their sympathies which an effort such as is being made on behalf of the young business women of our city should assuredly have.

I shall be glad to receive even the very smallest sum to enable me to secure that \$100, and I shall thankfully welcome any assistance in the collection of the same. Faithfully,
H. A. BOOMER.

638 Dundas street, Feb. 12, 1902.

TEETH AND FOOD.
A Help in Time of Need.

Sometimes bad teeth causes illness, particularly when they are not fit to masticate food. A man in Ada, Ohio, had all of his teeth drawn. He was sick with indigestion and lack of vitality and his teeth were in a bad condition. He expected, with a new complete set of teeth, to regain his health by thoroughly chewing his food, but he had an experience that is well worth knowing of.

"Instead of improving I continued to lose strength," he says, "until I was a mere moving skeleton. I tried a number of prepared foods, but none of them helped me until I got Grape-Nuts. The flavor pleased my palate at once. I soaked the food in cream and got along with it nicely. Within a few days I noticed that I was not so tired and jaded. Gradually I grew stronger. So I left off all other foods and took only Grape-Nuts.

"My old-time vigor came back, and in two months I gained 17 pounds. This was remarkable for I am of spare build. Now I sleep and feel wonderfully well.

"Inasmuch as I am doing nicely without teeth I have concluded to wait until my gums have finished shrinking before having a set made. I don't believe I could have gone through the drain on my system had it not been for Grape-Nuts. There is no doubt about the life-giving and nerve-building force of that food. I talk Grape-Nuts to all my friends." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

IN CONFIDENCE...

All Funeral Design Work may be placed with us. We guarantee fine taste in arrangement, promptness in execution, and satisfaction to customers. Out-of-town orders receive special attention.
GAMMAGE & SONS.

COAL for Furnaces, Ranges and Baseburners,
Best Lyken's Anthracite Coal, egg, stove and chestnut, per ton..... \$6
2,000 lbs to the ton, weighed on city scales, free of charge, if desired.

GEO. McNEILL, 637
Richmond St. 23V

Scranton Coal.
If you want Coal that will not clinker and is bright and cheerful, try a ton of our Coal.
Petroleum Coke, for grates and furnaces, \$6 per ton.

HEAMAN,
Maitland and York Sts. Phone 312.

METEOROLOGICAL

Toronto, Feb. 16-8 p.m.—Fair, moderate, cold weather continues throughout the Dominion, and at present there is little indication of a change in temperature in either Ontario or Quebec.

There is an important storm near the middle Atlantic coast, and stormy weather is probable both in the Maritime Provinces and in the St. Lawrence Valley.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 2 below-4 below; Victoria, 48-54; Calgary, 6-18; Qu'Appelle, 6 below-12; Winnipeg, 8-22; Port Arthur, 10-24; Parry Sound, 8-20; Toronto, 8-24; Montreal, 2-26; Ottawa, 2 below-16; Quebec, 2 below-20; Halifax, 8-38.

Local temperatures: Saturday, highest 23 above, lowest 6 below; Sunday, highest 26 above, lowest 6 above.

Today (Monday) the sun rose at 7:14 a.m. and sets at 5:50 p.m. The moon rose at 12:55 p.m. and sets at 3:11 a.m.

Canada Trust Co.
London, - - - Canada,

V. CRONIN, President;
J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President;
GEO. A. SOMERVILLE,
Managing Director.

The Company acts as agent for
Trustees, Executors
and others in the management of Estates, etc., and on account of its wide and influential financial connection, can secure safe income-bearing investments much more readily than a private individual.

Managed in connection with The
Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company.

London Advertiser.

WASHED FIGS.
Something New but delightfully put up for cleanliness.
50c Per Basket.
Harry Rahan,
Phone 1024. 515 Richmond Street.

The severest critic can find no fault with a TILLMANN Garment.

Telephone 730.
415 Richmond St.

A LOCAL BUDGET.

—Mr. Roy Maclean is spending a few days visiting friends in St. Thomas and Sparta.

—Dr. Sifton, who has been visiting his father and mother at Sunnyside, has returned to his home in Milwaukee, Wis.

—Mr. George R. Pattullo, jun., city editor of the Woodstock Sentinel-Review, will leave that place in about three weeks to accept a position in Seattle, Wash.

—Mrs. Shipley, of London, daughter of the late Squire Caverhill, of Lobo, is lying very sick with congestion of the lungs, brought on by a relapse from influenza. Her many friends wish her speedy recovery.

—Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Madge (nee Miss Mary Johnson) returned Saturday evening from an extended wedding trip, and will be at home after the 19th, at 555 Bathurst street, for a short time before going to Alberta.

—Mrs. Thirwall, wife of Mr. Arthur Thirwall, died in Lobo on Saturday, at the age of 74. The funeral left the family residence, con. 12 Lobo township, on Sunday, interment taking place in St. George's Cemetery.

—The carnival held at Morkin's rink on Friday night was the largest of the season. The following took prizes: George Turner, kidnapper; John McHugh, corn doctor; Jim Dwyer, rube; Willie Morkin, negro; Will McHugh, coon; Stanton Donegan, sailor; Peter Turner, weary Willie; Malzzy O'Neil, chambermaid.

—The marriage is announced at St. John's Cathedral, Hong Kong, on Jan. 4, 1902, of Rev. J. H. France, M.A., of Lieut. Geoffrey Basil Spicer Simon, R.N., H. M. S. Waterwitch, third son of the late Mr. Frederick John Simon, to Amy Elizabeth, youngest daughter

Builds You Up.

That's what our celebrated
LONDON PORTER
does for those who will continue its use.

Ask for a dozen at your dealer's.

Kent Brewery,
London, Ont.

A DEPOSITORY FOR SAVINGS

Executors and trustees are legally authorized to invest
TRUST FUNDS IN THE DEPOSITS
and **DEBENTURES** of the

Ontario Loan and Debenture Company

Paid Up Capital - \$1,200,000.
Reserve Fund - \$550,000.

3 1/2% on Deposits
4% on Debentures

Office, Cor. Dundas and Market Lane
WILLIAM F. BUELEN, Manager.

of Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Baynes-Reed, of Victoria, B. C., formerly of this city.

TRAVELERS' BALL ON APRIL 4.
The Travelers Club met in their quarters on Saturday and decided upon April 4 for the date of their annual ball. A committee, of which Mr. T. Harry Carling and Mr. H. E. Buttery are chairman and secretary was appointed.

STUDENTS ATTEND SERVICE.
Nearly 60 members of the Western University medical department attended the First Presbyterian Church yesterday.

Rev. W. J. Clark extended a hearty welcome from himself and the congregation. He spoke of the temptations and joys of a student's life, and throughout the sermon his remarks were listened to with interest.

ORNAID AS ELDERS.
Messrs. Charles Doillite, George Ewen, Dr. Angus Graham, A. McMillan, Charles Summers and Alex. Scott were ordained as elders of the King Street Presbyterian Church yesterday morning, when a large congregation was present. Rev. Thomas Wilson conducted the services and spoke on the eldership. The session is now comprised of fourteen members.

SIN OF SELFISHNESS.
In Adelaide Street Baptist Church, yesterday morning, the Rev. Thos. S. Johnson spoke on the sin of selfishness, and incidentally brought right the matter of licensing the sale of liquor. The preacher's text was Romans, xiv, 7-8: "For none of us liveth unto himself."

The preacher began by stating that selfishness was the besetting sin of the age, from which Christians and the church were not exempt. He in- dicated the grasping combines, the grinding monopolies, the constant clashing between capital and labor, and other discordant elements of society as to look exclusively to their own personal interests no matter who went to the wall. The words of the text to light and experience proved, that no one can live to himself. Surely, though perhaps unconsciously, the life of every person, he said, tended to lift the example set by one man in the family, in society, or in the church, is bound to have its influence—if not for good, it is for evil. In this connection, the preacher enjoined his hearers to set a right example in regard to voting on the prohibition question, because their action would influence others.

"Cast your vote as a Christian," he said, "in the fear of the Lord." The preacher held that the liquor traffic was a great evil, and that the principle from first to last—and in principle he had no right by licensing it to make it respectable. "Would the Lord Jesus Christ," he asked, "license an evil? The government had no more business to license liquor-selling in order to raise revenue than they had to license houses of ill-fame."

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"THE LITTLE MINISTER."
People who have never seen "The Little Minister" will have a chance to see it at the New Grand on Wednesday evening next. This is the beautiful comedy by J. M. Barrie, founded on his novel of the same name, which ran for 300 nights in New York and unbroken succession of capacity houses.

The comedy exhales the same inviting atmosphere found in Mr. Barrie's book, and one readily imagines himself in the now famous village of Thrums, with its picturesque surroundings and its remarkably interesting people. The love story which Mr. Barrie has told in "The Little Minister" is, of course, the secret of its wonderful success. Roughish Lady Babbie and the simple, smiling snare in which she caught the heart of Rev. Gavin Dishart are as fascinating on the stage as in the book.

"CAMILLE."
Eugenie Blair, it is said, has surrounded herself this season with the strongest company she has had during her career. The Grand, the whole company, together with elaborate scenery and costumes, will be seen at the New Grand next Saturday afternoon and evening. In this character Miss Blair has received great praise this season and added to her former successes.

"PUT ME OFF AT BUFFALO."
After several years of success as top liners in the vaudeville line, the funny caricature comedians, Fisher and Carroll, are announced to appear here as stars at the New Grand next week, in Delcher & Hennessey's latest musical comedy, "Put Me Off at Buffalo," written expressly for these two comedians. They will be assisted by a large company, and will doubtless be welcomed with cordiality.

ROYAL SALAD DRESSING
saves time and trouble. It's the finest dressing made. You can always rely on getting it fresh from us.
30c and 50c Bottle.
BENDORP'S DUTCH COCOA.
This cocoa has a distinctly different flavor from any other. Bendorp's is pure cocoa. You need only use one-half teaspoonful to a breakfast cup.
Try a Tin, 25c.
T. A. ROWAT & CO
234 Dundas St. Phone 317.

IS ADJOURNED TO THURSDAY.

The Judicial Investigation of Civic Ballot Boxes.

Judge Expresses Disapproval of Careless Methods of Returning Officers.

On Saturday at 5 p.m. Judge Edward Elliott completed his scrutiny of the majority ballots cast in the last municipal election. The result was to show a total of 10,511 ballots in the boxes, an excess of 311 over the number claimed by the city clerk to have been sent out by him.

The figures by wards are: No. 1, 2,969; No. 2, 2,263; No. 3, 2,832; No. 4, 2,747.

The standing of the vote in wards 3 and 4 is shown by the following tables:

WARD THREE.

Subdivision 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 T.L.
Ballots supplied D. R. O., according to city clerk's schedule..... 290 300 250 300 250 300 250 300 250 300 2,550
Ballots cast, as shown by poll book..... 174 120 166 129 133 167 215 211 152 1,655
Ballots counted as good by D.R.O..... 183 129 165 134 139 162 208 207 149 1,649
Ballots rejected by D. R. O..... 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 7
Ballots spoiled..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Unused ballots returned by D.R.O..... 128 131 133 121 107 83 85 139 98 1,148
Total ballots in boxes..... 312 261 304 255 300 250 300 250 250 300 2,832
Surplus ballots over number claimed by clerk to be supplied to D.R.O. 50 12 61 4 55 182

WARD FOUR.

Subdivision 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 T.L.
Ballots supplied D. R. O., according to city clerk's schedule..... 300 250 300 250 250 300 250 300 250 300 2,750
Ballots cast, as shown by poll book..... 189 167 133 157 188 156 194 181 225 1,837
Ballots counted as good by D.R.O..... 187 167 132 157 184 158 193 187 221 1,831
Ballots rejected by D. R. O..... 3 2 4 1 4 3 3 4 0 4
Ballots spoiled..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Unused ballots returned by D.R.O..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Total ballots in boxes..... 250 253 304 253 275 200 270 270 306 2,747
Surplus ballots over number claimed by clerk to be supplied to D.R.O. 50 12 61 4 55 182

On resumption of the inquiry after lunch on Saturday, the counting up of the last four subdivisions of ward 3 was gone on with. All were found correct. The returning officers were Frank Wright, Chas. E. Moorehead, A. Isaac, John G. Showler.

Ward 4 was then proceeded with. The first subdivision was found O.K., Wm. Irvine being the D. R. O. In the second subdivision, where Wm. Howie, jun., was deputy, 50 less ballots were returned than the clerk said he had sent out. Otherwise the ballots were found to be correct.

In No. 3, the returned ballots were two in excess of the number sent out. Wm. Lind, D. R. O., selected two unmarked ballots. One unused pad was one ballot short.

In No. 4 also there was an excess of two ballots returned. Two ballots were found bearing suspicious-looking initials. Hy Pratt was D. R. O. there. Chas. Webster, deputy in No. 5, marked his initials on the ballots with an indelible pencil. In the count he rejected four ballots marked with ordinary lead pencil, while at the inquiry he took one pad from the box.

In the sixth division, where W. R. Garner handed out the ballots, four ballots were spoiled. One vindictive voter wrote "curses" opposite Par-nell's name. He did not mark a cross for the other candidates. Twenty-five more ballots were sent in than delivered by the clerk, but this was explained by the fact that the deputy sent to the clerk for additional ballots on the afternoon of the polling, and the clerk took one pad from the box.

In the ballot box from No. 7 was an envelope marked "ballots objected to but counted." Eleven ballots were in- side all marked for Parnell, and the initials on the back did not look like the deputy's. In spite of this he had counted them in. In this box ten bal-

lots came back that the clerk's schedule showed had not been sent out. The votes counted were two in excess of the poll-book entries. Joseph Hill was deputy returning officer.

The ballots returned from No. 8 were 25 less than were sent out. Seven rejected ballots were found here, one bearing the word "Socialist" written across the voting space at the end. Three others were marked respectively with one, two and three crosses, the first one crossing the width of the ballot. One pad was a slip short. Alex. Shambles was deputy.

In the ninth division was found a surplus of sixteen votes counted over the entries in the poll-book. One ballot was spoiled by having the word "Yes" opposite Beck's name. Three ballots were rejected. The returned ballots were twenty in excess of those sent out. The deputy was William Nutkins.

The examination of the box from No. 10 division showed unaccountable carelessness or incapacity on the part of the deputy, Wm. Young. The names entered in the poll-book were not checked off to show what ballots were given to the voters. The total of four hundred ballots cast were thrown into the box in a seemingly inextricable mass, and every individual slip had to be handled to separate the majority ballots from the others.

Judge Elliott freely expressed his opinion that the deputy in this case, and the deputy in sub-division 12, ward 1, should not again be allowed to act as deputies, owing to the slovenly manner in which their duties were performed. The poll-book contained 225 names, while the counted votes totaled 221. One of the seven rejected ballots bore the word "for" opposite Beck's name. Five more ballots were returned than the deputy received.

The examination of the boxes, and the inquiry adjourned to meet at 10 a.m. on Thursday.

THE PRESIDENT'S SON.
Groton, Mass., Feb. 14.—Theodore Roosevelt, jun., has improved very rapidly, and for the first time since his illness he partook of solid food, meat being included in the diet.

Miss Alice Roosevelt left Washington for Groton this afternoon.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

THE WHITE SHOW

Dimes are doing the work of dollars at Chapman's these days.

Spring White Goods and Novelties.

Even White Notions for Two Hours' Sale Tuesday Morning.

(10 O'Clock to 12 a.m.)
100 Sheets Notepaper and 100 Envelopes for 25c.

Tuesday morning, only during hour sale limit, we will sell 100 Eclipse Cabinets of Cream Wove Note Paper, Envelopes to match, 50 of each in cabinet, large white cabinets, gilt lettered covers; special, 2 cabinets for..... 25c

50 Long White Envelopes..... 2c
100 Square Cream Envelopes..... 3c

JAPANESE TIES—1½ yards long, fine pure silk; white of course, with hemstitched bias ends. See them at the front counter. One would be a dainty and useful addition to your stock; value 35c, Tuesday morning hour sale..... 29c

DAINTY CORSETS For the Bridal Outfit.

JUST WHAT YOU WANT. FRENCH GIRDLE is their name. They couldn't have a better, for they are so dainty. Pure white brocade satin, with beading and valenciennes lace trimming. You would expect \$2 00 or \$3 00 at the least to be their price. Our special price for the White Show.....\$1 25

Two Other New Styles--The Cadet and Batiste Corset. During the White Show, 75c.

We expect to sell the entire purchase during the White Show. They were bought expressly for it. The two styles at the one price.

THE BATISTE will suit every form. It is a straight front Corset; pure white. (By the way, this is going to be such a great white year that White Corsets will be largely worn, and manufacturers are putting their best work on White Corsets). These two new makes are splendid samples of the season's styles.

THE CADET fills a need long felt. It is a grade between the Girdle, a very short Corset, and the Straight Front Corset. It is a particularly flexible, easy and graceful Corset. All sizes.

75c A PAIR.

Specials Picked from New Tabling

50-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 18c
54-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 20c
56-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 25c
60-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 30c
62-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 32c
64-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 35c
68-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 40c
68-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 50c
72-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 60c
72-inch Unbleached Tabling, special, yard..... 75c
64-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 35c
66-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 45c
66-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 50c
70-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 65c
70-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 75c
72-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... 80c
72-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... \$1.00
72-inch Bleached Tabling, special, yard..... \$1.25

Hemmed or Hemstitched Linen Table Sets
2 to 4 yard Tablecloths, \$5.00 to \$16.00.

New--Embroideries--New

We're talking about them every day, you see. We are so proud of our stock this season that we want everybody to see them before purchasing elsewhere.

REMNANTS FOR MONDAY.

New Lace Curtains. For Spring

Lace Curtains are in the white-show, too. Fortunately we received the greater bulk of our Spring Curtains last week. The designs in applique, Battenberg and floral effects are simply perfect this season. Short list of special prices:

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards, special..... 75c
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... 90c
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$1.00
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$1.25
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$1.35
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$1.50
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$1.75
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$2.00
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$2.25
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$2.50
Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards, special..... \$2.75
Better grades, from \$3 up to..... \$6.00
Swiss Lace Curtains, \$4 up to..... \$10.00

White Sale--50c a Yard.

Pure White India Silk, Japan Taffeta Silk, for waists and dresses, 28 inches wide, beautiful, fine quality, special sale price, a yard..... 50c
Evening Waists, made during the month of February for..... \$1.00

China Silks, PURE WHITE, 25c and 50c.

Men's Handkerchiefs, Hemmed Cambric, 3 for 25c
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, Hemmed Lawn, 6 for 25c

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126, 128, 128½ DUNDAS STREET.

Going Out of Men's BOOTS AND SHOES.



I intend to have a strictly Up-to-Date Ladies' Shoe Parlor and will clean out all our Men's Footwear at cost. **Sale Starts Wednesday.**

Men's Dongola Bais, extension sole; \$1 75, now..... \$1 35
Men's Box Calf Bais, extension sole; \$2 00, now..... 1 50
Men's Dongola Bais, and Gaiters; were \$2 50, now..... 1 90
Men's Vici Kid Laced, were \$3 00, now..... 2 25
Men's Fine Box Calf Bais, heavy sole; \$3 00, now..... 2 35
Men's Tan Bais, all sizes; \$2 50, now..... 1 75
Men's Heavy Beltons Tongue Grain; \$1 75, now..... 1 25
Men's Leather-Lined Box Calf Bais, \$4 90, now..... 3 25
Men's Extra Dongola Kid Laced, \$3 50, now..... 2 75

And all other lines at equal reductions. If in want of a good pair of Shoes see them.

C. D. JOHNSTON, 198 Dundas St