

WESTERN FRONT SCENE OF GREATEST BATTLE OF WAR

Haig's Forces Smashing Germans at Two Widely Separated Points---One Million Allied Soldiers Locked in Death Grips With Ludendorff's Main Army.

BRITISH WITHIN THREE MILES OF CAMBRAI AND STILL PRESSING ON

French and Americans Successfully Attacking in the Argonne Region---Bag of Prisoners Likely To Reach 25,000, of Which British and French Have Taken 17,000 and Americans 8,000---Decision of Whole War Likely To Depend on Conflict Now Raging Along Entire Front.

(BY ARTHUR S. DRAPER)

Special cable to New York Tribune and St. John Standard) London, Sept. 27---With two giant trip-hammers, Foch is pounding the German lines today, at two widely separated points. Never before have the Germans suffered such tremendous blows as those which are falling upon their Somme defences and their Champagne-Argonne lines.

Twenty-four hours after Gouraud and Pershing's attack along the forty-two mile front, Haig struck his blow for Cambrai. All previous efforts are overshadowed by the two titanic struggles that are raging at the present moment. Close to a million Allied soldiers are engaged in a violent struggle with Ludendorff's battered and war-weary men.

Strategic objectives of great moment are involved, but above everything else, the German forces, the individual German soldiers and civilian population are undergoing the severest test of body and mind in the whole war.

Unofficial figures place the number of prisoners captured by the French and the Americans as over 16,000, the haul being about evenly divided. Haig's bag should raise the number well above 25,000. The French and Americans are now opposite the enemy's main positions. Haig is hitting between Havincourt and Etain on the Senese front, some twelve miles along Canal du Nord.

Whereas last November, General Byng attacked Cambrai from the southwest, Monday's push is from the west, breaking the Wotan line the first of the month, permitted Haig to strike from this quarter. The Canal has been crossed at a number of points. The famous Bourlon road and Bourlon Wood are almost in the centre of the attack. The flooded area, southwest of Donal, which prevented the drive against this place also served to protect General Byng's left flank.

In addition to the Canal du Nord the Germans have defensive lines running almost straight from the western outskirts of Donal to Cambrai. The capture of Cambrai means the collapse of the whole Hindenburg line, while both the British and French-American attacks serve to lengthen the German line, something that Ludendorff doesn't relish at all stages.

The Germans, unable to manoeuvre along their front, where Haig and their forces met, were forced to withstand the whole fury of his attack. The elastic defences such as were employed in the Champagne district would have uncovered Cambrai.

Where Joffre First Fought.

Three years ago, Joffre launched his first offensive in the country where General Gouraud advanced to victory today. Compared with the present, blow Joffre's push now seems puny almost feeble. Before Joffre struck his artillery roared for hours. Though the battle lasted from September 25 to October 3, and 25,000 prisoners and 150 guns were taken, the French waves broke against the powerful enemy defences and his victory was far from complete.

On Thursday Gouraud struck Arrive and Argonne, a distance of 22 miles. The Germans had expected the attack and they withdrew their defences just as Gouraud did in July when Ludendorff made his last bid for Paris. The eleven hour French bombardment had destroyed many actually prepared German defences

PARIS PRESS IS DIVIDED ON BULGAR MOVE

Some Papers Believe Proposal Is Sincere, Others Think It a Mere Feeler.

BULGAR REPUBLIC IS NOW HINTED AT

General Opinion Is That Ferdinand, Seeing He Is Beaten, Is Preparing To Bow To the Inevitable.

Paris, Sept. 27---Bulgaria's request for an armistice and an eventual peace was prominently displayed in the Paris afternoon newspapers and aroused widespread interest and discussion. General Franchet D'Esperey's report was received this morning at the Ministry of War, where Premier Clemenceau and several other cabinet ministers were gathered. It was received there another notable evidence of Entente success. The communication of the French commander-in-chief in Macedonia was speedily given publication and soon became the absorbing topic in all public meeting places. The evening newspapers treat the Bulgarian request as foreseen in view of the present tendency of the military operations. Le Liberte says: "Czar Ferdinand resigns himself to the inevitable and seeks to stop the victorious Allied troops en route to Sofia. Ferdinand's move is a natural result of the German defeat on the western front, whereby Field Marshal Foch's strategy has imposed Allied mastery on all the fields of battle."

Paris, Sept. 27---Unofficial comment was divided on whether the Bulgarian request was a sincere proposition for peace or merely a delaying of the Entente powers of what might be done. It was a step which some regarded as supplementing the recent Austro-Hungarian proposals and carrying it a little further.

Involved with the subject was the dynastic question of King Ferdinand and his family remaining on the throne. Some indications had reached the world from Bulgaria of a movement of considerable proportions for a republic. It was even predicted that one might hear of the proclamation of a republic in Bulgaria almost any day.

One of the chief purposes of the republican movement in Bulgaria has been to renounce the war policy of the autocratic monarchs so as to be in a position to say to the Entente allies that the republicans in Bulgaria shared the same democratic aspirations as the Allies. Official comment almost dwells upon the important effect Bulgaria's secession from the Central Powers would have in severing the lines of communications between Germany and Austria in the north and Turkey in the south. It would tend to isolate the Turkish empire and put an end to the German dream of a route from Berlin to Bagdad. It is foreseen for those reasons that the inevitable consequences of Bulgaria abandoning the conflict would be to compel Turkey to take the same course.

RESTING COMFORTABLY. Claude Mitchell, who had his arm injured while working on a pile driver at Back Bay and was brought to the General Public Hospital on Thursday was reported to be resting comfortably last night.

MUST BE NO BARGAINING OVER PEACE

Impartial Justice To All Is Its Only Price Says Wilson.

GERMANY MUST REDEEM HERSELF BEFORE WORLD

President of United States, Speaking in New York, Reiterates His Position on Question---No "Terms" Involved.

New York, Sept. 27---The price of peace will be impartial justice to all nations, the instrumentality indispensable to peace, it is a league of nations formed, not before or after, but at the peace conference; and Germany, as a member, will have to redeem her character not by what happens at the peace table, but what follows.

This was President Wilson's answer given tonight before an audience of fourth Liberty loan workers here, to the recent peace talk from the Central Powers although he did not refer specifically to the utterances of any leaders.

Not a Question of Terms.

Peace was not a question, declared the president, of "coming to terms," for "we cannot come to terms" with them, as "they have made it impossible." Peace must be guaranteed, for "there will be parties to the peace whose promises have proved untrue." It would be folly to leave the guarantee to the subsequent voluntary action of the governments we have seen destroy us and drive Rumania, continued the president.

The president emphasized that the justice to be obtained by the league must involve no discrimination toward any people. "This he set forth explicitly in a set of five principles which he enumerated as: "The practical programme" of America's peace terms, and for the maintenance of which, "the United States is prepared to assume its full share of responsibility."

Impartial Justice.

These principles were, he said: "First---The impartial justice between those to whom we wish to be just and those to whom we do not wish to be just. It must be a justice that plays no favorites and knows no standard but the equal rights of the several peoples concerned."

"Second---No special or separate aim of any single nation or any group of nations can be made the basis of any part of the settlement which is not consistent with the common interest of all."

"Third---There can be no leagues or alliances or special covenants and understandings within the general and common family of the league of nations."

No Selfish Combinations.

"Fourth---And more specifically, there can be no special, selfish economic combinations within the league and no employment of any form of economic boycott or exclusion except as the power of economic penalty by exclusion from the markets of the world may be vested in the league of nations itself as a means of discipline and control."

"Fourth---All international agreements and treaties of every kind must be made known in their entirety to the rest of the world."

Mr. Wilson restated the issues of the war as follows:

The Issues of the War.

"Shall the military power of any nation or group of nations be suffered to determine the fortunes of peoples over whom they have no right to rule except the right of force?"

"Shall strong nations be free to wrong weak nations and make them subject to their purpose and interest?"

BULGARIAN PEACE PROPOSAL OFFICIALLY REACHES ENGLAND; THE ALLIES WILL CONSIDER IT

WHAT IS THRIFT?

Before you can practice virtue you must know what it is. When we speak of thrifty people we are apt to picture them living on cheap food, in cheap quarters, wearing shabby clothes, having little or no pleasures, and saving every cent possible. But that is not thrift---far from it. Thrift is a greater virtue than the mere saving of money.

The prudent man looks ahead and gets ready. The frugal man lives carefully and saves persistently. The economical man spends judiciously, buys wisely and wastes nothing. The industrious man works hard and saves hard; the miser hoards; but the man of thrift earns largely, spends wisely, plans carefully, manages economically and saves consistently. Thrift is all of prudence, economy, frugality and industry---and "thom some." Thrift is that instinct of the dog that buries the bone he doesn't want for tomorrow's wants; the instinct of the squirrel that knows nutting is out of season in winter; the conviction of the patriot who knows victory will be hastened by it.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour and Hon. A. Bonar Law In Conference With Premier Lloyd George In Regard To New Development.

GENERAL OPINION IS THAT BULGAR WISH FOR PEACE IS THE "BEGINNING OF THE END"

Czar Ferdinand, Realizing That His Army Has Been Shattered Beyond Repair Is Now Anxious To End Hostilities---If Peace Proposals Are Not Successful Revolution in Bulgaria May Follow With Republic As Ultimate Form of Government.

Bulletin---London, Sept. 27---(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's Ltd.)---The Right Hon. Arthur James Balfour and Andrew Bonar Law are conferring with Premier Lloyd George in regard to the Bulgarian armistice proposal.

(BY ARTHUR S. DRAPER).

Special cable to New York Tribune and St. John Standard) London, Sept. 27---The enemy's home front is broken and we have reached the "beginning of the end" of the long struggle between democracy and autocracy.

A direct official request for an armistice was received today by the British government from Bulgaria. At headquarters, General D'Esperey received the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries who asked for an armistice.

The commander of the Allied forces informed the Bulgarians that he would forward their proposal to his government. The Allied governments are now considering the request which has been sent to each of them.

Seems Like Official Order.

This application bears all the earmarks of a definite official request from one belligerent to others. There is no suggestion that it was made simply on the initiative of Premier Malisoff as had been suggested in earlier reports coming out of Germany.

Will Isolate Turkey. If the armistice is granted it will be possible for the Allies to impose such terms on Bulgaria that Turkey will be completely isolated. In the second Balkan war in which Bulgaria took the field against Rumania, Greece, Montenegro and Serbia, a five days' suspension of arms was agreed upon and arranged by the military representatives as soon as the peace delegates met at Bucharest. As deliberations had not been completed by that time, the armistice was renewed for three days. In the Franco-Prussian war, a week's discussion intervened between the application for the granting of an armistice.

Lord Robert Cecil's Statement. Lord Robert Cecil told The Standard's correspondent this evening: "It is true that a request for an armistice has been made. This is not merely a rumor such as we have often heard but it is an official request which will be dealt with officially."

"It is an event of very great importance. The effect on the situation will depend on whether anything comes of it and that question will likely be decided quickly. "An armistice may be dealt with by the commander in the field, or referred back to his government. There is a great chance that this may be a trick but, however it may be dealt with, I hope we do not get caught. A nation may ask for an armistice and simply end the fighting unconditionally, or it may offer conditions, or it may demand to know on what conditions it would be granted."

Premier Malisoff's suggestion may not bring separate peace with Bulgaria but he has taken the step which must certainly lead to revolution. Malisoff, who frequently showed dislike for Germany and was reputed to be naturally friendly with the Entente, becomes head of the most powerful force opposed to King Ferdinand and his German dupes.

Even before General D'Esperey began his drive, which turned the Bulgarian retreat into a debacle of restive elements, Bulgaria began quietly to campaign for peace. Malisoff became premier in succession to Radoslavoff at the time when Ferdinand considered it necessary to placate discontent in Sofia. He came into power in June just before the downfall of Czern and Kuehlmann. Radoslavoff, who had been premier since 1913, had worked to make Bulgaria a permanent member of the political league of Central Europe. He had played Russia against Austro-Germany and vice versa. Then came the treaty of Bucharest under which Bulgaria received only part of Dobruja, the rest remaining under common dominion pending Bulgaria's agreement to Germany's financial demands and Turkey's claims for restoration of territory ceded by her in 1915.

The "Crafty" Ferdinand. Malisoff, who controlled the newspapers, immediately voiced the national discontent to this arrangement and Ferdinand tried to stifle the cry by calling him into the government as successor to Radoslavoff, who was responsible for the treaty. But Ferdinand does not enjoy the title of "crafty" for nothing. He is up to his neck in debt to Germany and nothing suited him better than to have Berlin appreciate the amount of discontent in his country. Malisoff was his tool just as much as Radoslavoff. The Allies have already dashed the Bulgarians' hopes in Macedonia and their troops have entered his country. His army is shot to pieces and war for him contains nothing but disaster. When we read Malisoff has suggested an armistice despite the opposition of the cabinet, the news should be taken with a grain of salt. But that he was acting independently of his allies is unquestionably true. Ferdinand was treacherous towards the Allies in 1913 and he is still the same Ferdinand.

(Continued on Page Two)

"BR'ER" HAWKE CONTRADICTED BY ALLIANCE

Evangelical Alliance of Moncton Brands As Untrue Statement By Transcript's Editor---Retraction Asked For.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, Sept. 27---The Evangelical Alliance at a special meeting this morning passed a resolution giving an unqualified denial to a statement made by John T. Hawke, in reference to the Alliance at a recent meeting of the School Board. Mr. Hawke stated he knew for an absolute fact that at a recent meeting of the Evangelical Alliance members had stated that the School Board was paying for heating St. Bernard's Church. The Evangelical Alliance denounced Mr. Hawke's statement as absolutely false, and await his retraction.

Geo. F. Jowett, of Inkeram, Ont., has been engaged as physical director of the local Y.M.C.A. in place of J. C. Farthing, who recently went to the Y.M.C.A. in Regina. The new instructor is expected to arrive in Moncton in a week's time.

R. M. Steeves, of Dover, received word today that his son, Machine Gunner Arthur Steeves, had been wounded in the thigh in the recent Canadian drive.

EIGHT CARS DITCHED ON C. G. R., NO ONE HURT

Traffic Blocked For Four Hours By Run-Off Between Dorchester and Sackville.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, Sept. 27---Traffic was blocked for four hours on the C.G.R. this afternoon between Dorchester and Sackville, as a result of a freight wreck at Vimy Ridge. Eight cars of the west bound fast freight were derailed but the train crew escaped injury. A broken rail was the cause of the wreck. The Ocean Limited for Halifax was delayed two hours and the local express for St. John four hours. The wreck occurred at 1.50 this afternoon.

# FOCH IS FIGHTING TO CONQUER US VICTORY

## UNITED ALLIED ATTACK ON WESTERN FRONT IS SUCCESSFULLY DEVELOPING EVERYWHERE

### British, French and Americans Tearing Into Ludendorff's Army—Hun Defences Shattered As If They Were Papier Mache—Campaign of 1918 Has Reached Happy Crisis.

(Continued from Page One)  
Foch is fighting on a gigantic scale and it is only thirty-five miles to the enemy's main communication line. The campaign of 1918 has reached the happy crisis. Glorious victory is rewarding Foch's patient courage.

#### Canadians Aid in Attack.

British Headquarters, Sept. 27.—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuter's)—The Canadians took part in the British attack this morning in the Nord Du region.

#### 16,000 Prisoners Taken.

London, Sept. 27.—The number of Germans taken prisoner by the French and Americans in their drive in the Champagne and to the east exceeds 16,000, according to a Paris despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

#### Nearing Cambrai.

London, Sept. 27.—(7:15 p. m., by The Associated Press)—British troops today advanced to a point within three miles of Cambrai. They took between 5,000 and 6,000 prisoners.

#### On Franco-American Front.

London, Sept. 27.—(7:15 p. m., by The Associated Press)—Very hard fighting was in progress today along the Franco-American front in Champagne and northwest of Verdun. The Germans were still holding out in the Montfaucon at two o'clock this afternoon, but in all probability that strong hold has since fallen.

#### What Vienna Thinks Of It.

Vienna, Sept. 27, via London.—"In the western theatre," says an official statement issued today by the Austrian war office, "the Austro-Hungarian troops are taking a glorious part in the fighting to the east (west) of the River Meuse."

#### 120,000 Firing Skirmishes.

British Headquarters in France, Sept. 27.—About nine German divisions (122,000 men) are understood to be opposing Haig's men. So far the battle seems to be going well for the British.

#### Hun Artillery Captured.

With the American Forces Northwest of Verdun, Sept. 27, 5 p. m., (by The A. P.)—General Pershing's troops in their drive between the Meuse and the Argonne Forest made a great haul of German artillery in the region of Dannevoix. The Americans captured twelve 210 millimetre guns and eight 150 millimetre pieces and 15 trench mortars, 10 field guns and 34 machine guns.

#### Pershing Still Driving.

Bulletin—With the American Forces Northwest of Verdun, Sept. 27, 4 p. m., (by The A. P.)—General Pershing's forces this morning continued their drive against the German positions between the Argonne Forest and the River Meuse. The Americans increased their total of prisoners. They also captured guns and other war material but these have not yet been enumerated.

#### Hun Counter-Attacks.

With the American Forces Northwest of Verdun, Sept. 27, 10 p. m., (by The A. P.)—The Germans delivered counter-attacks northward of Verdun and between Ivroy and Montfaucon late today, but achieved no gains.

#### Gray Hair

Dr. Treman's Natural Hair Restorer, used as directed, is guaranteed to restore gray hair to its natural color or money refunded. Positively not a dye and non-injurious. Price \$1.00. On sale in St. John by the Ross Drug Co., 100 King street.

## SENEGEGESE SMASHED THE BULGAR LINE

### It Was French Colonials Who Broke the Macedonian Front.

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Ground Captured Was Interspersed With Chasms and Precipices and Operations Were Difficult.

#### Physicians and Nurses Being Rushed To Massachusetts To Help Fight Spanish Influenza.

#### Americans Take 8,000.

Bulletin—Paris, Sept. 27.—The French troops in the battle line east of Rheims made further advances today, and in the two days' battle have taken more than 10,000 prisoners and considerable war material, according to the official communication tonight.

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Shortly before the president started speaking, news of the further success of British, French and American offensive on the western front reached the meeting at the Metropolitan Opera House, and this gave dramatic point to Mr. Wilson's peroration that "peace drives" can be effectively neutralized and silenced only by showing that every victory of the nations associated against Germany brings nearer the sort of peace which will bring security and reassurance to all peoples and make the recurrence of another such struggle of pitiless force and bloodshed forever impossible, and that nothing else can."

#### MONCTON WANTS BEERSVILLE RY. TO BE OPERATED

#### Company Will Work Beersville Mines If Railway Services Are Provided.

#### Canon Vernon's Position.

Canon Vernon has accepted the offer of the newly created position of General Secretary of the Council for Social Service of the Church of England in Canada, with the understanding that he will not undertake the duties of the office until the spring, so that he may be given time to complete the campaign on behalf of the King's College Advance Movement, in which he is now engaged as organizing secretary and managing director.

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## MOBILIZING TO MEET THE NEW ENEMY

### Physicians and Nurses Being Rushed To Massachusetts To Help Fight Spanish Influenza.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 27.—Word that scores of physicians and nurses were being rushed to Massachusetts from various sections of the country in answer to the state's call for aid in fighting the epidemic of influenza and the weather bureau's promise of continued sunshine, admittedly the best preventative of the disease, greatly encouraged local and state health officials today.

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#### BULGARIAN PEACE . . . PROPOSAL OFFICIALLY REACHES ENGLAND

#### Revolution a Possibility.

These restive forces may very easily become revolutionary, and include the people who have suffered under the military and economic grip of Germany, and those who were frightened by Greece's intervention and now see their alarms fully justified. A profound effect is bound to be produced in Turkey, where the Sultan is no more a friend of Germany than Malinoff is.

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## PAYS TRIBUTE TO WORTH OF DEATH.—COL. A. E. G. MCKENZIE

### Letters Received From Major Cecil Porter Convey Sympathy of Battalion to Bereaved Widow and Express Appreciation of Higher Officials.

Special to The Standard, Chatham, Sept. 27.—Letters recently received by Mrs. A. E. G. McKenzie, wife of Lieut.-Col. A. E. G. McKenzie, officer commanding the New Brunswick battalion, convey some expressions of the esteem in which that gallant officer was held by the unit which he led so gloriously, and the record he made in France as a soldier and leader of men.

#### My Dear Mrs. McKenzie:

It is my unpleasant duty to have to inform you of the death of your husband. I have delayed writing until I could give you the location of his grave.

#### On August 28th he followed the immediate centre of his battalion, and seeing his men held up by most destructive fire of all kinds, he pushed forward to personally lead them and was killed while so doing.

#### THE ASSOCIATED PRESS ON PEACE SITUATION

New York, Sept. 27.—The Associated Press tonight issued the following statement: "With the wedding of the families of the Entente into a compact wholly under the command of the inter-allied war council, guided by heavy guns, has come the first break in the united front of the Central Powers."

#### Colonials Went Over the Top.

On Sept. 15 at 5 o'clock in the morning the allied creeping barrage fire began and the French Colonials went over the top. They rushed the enemy trenches with bomb and bayonet.

#### But it makes little difference to the Entente whether the Turk abandons Germany and Austria.

#### Clear the Skin

A beautiful complexion is the outward mark of good blood and a healthy body. When the stomach, liver and blood are in good order, the skin is clear and lovely.

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## Buy Now If You Need Clothes

Our selection of Ready Tailored Clothes is wider and better today than it can be later; and besides present prices are far more advantageous than those that are likely to prevail when these clothes are gone.

#### Hotel WILHELMINA

242 Mountain Street  
Montreal  
Hospital and Homelike  
MOST MODERATE RATES  
Phone Up 5344.  
Write For Booklet.

#### THE WEATHER

Toronto, Sept. 27.—The disturbance which was centered in the Ottawa Valley last night has joined with another moving southward from Hudson Bay and the combined system is now in Northern Quebec. Rain has fallen throughout Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The weather continues fine and warm in the western provinces.

#### WEDDING

Black-Farris  
A pretty wedding was on Saturday, Sept. 21, at the home of Miss E. Louise Farris, teacher of Sussex Falls, when she was united in marriage to Mr. J. H. Black-Farris, of Sussex Falls.

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## AIM IS FOR

### So Far the Plan—Allies Face Occupied and From Which Removed.

### French and Am Attack, Taken and Subjective—An Excellent Command

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are worth a guinea a box

#### Gray Hair

Dr. Treman's Natural Hair Restorer, used as directed, is guaranteed to restore gray hair to its natural color or money refunded. Positively not a dye and non-injurious. Price \$1.00. On sale in St. John by the Ross Drug Co., 100 King street.

# NEWS A TEST OPERATION BIG TACTICAL TRIUMPH

## PLANS FOR BRITISH TO KEEP LUZENDORF ENGAGED WHILE NEW HURRICANE IS LOOSED ON ARGONNE

So Far the Plan Has Been Completely Successful—Allies Face Strong Line Which Enemy Has Occupied and Fortified For Four Years But From Which He Is Now Due To Be Violently Removed.

French and Americans Also Win in Their Argonne Attack, Taking Many Villages and Prisoners and Subjecting Enemy To Heavy Punishment—An Excellent Illustration of the Value of Unified Command.

Paris, Sept. 27.—Marshal Foch launched his offensive by Franco-American forces yesterday on a larger scale than any of his previous offensive efforts. According to the latest advice reaching Paris at the time this despatch was filed, the attack was progressing favorably all over the line. The Allied commander's new stroke should, however, be viewed, not as an isolated operation, even though it is important in itself, but in its relation to the whole campaign. Viewed in this way the significance of the heavy fighting that has taken place along the outposts of the Hindenburg line from Flanders to the Aisne becomes apparent. This fighting was not, as a superficial observer might conclude, to wrest from the enemy, by dogged effort, villages of more or less importance. It was primarily intended to force General Ludendorff to keep heavy forces on that part of the front and make it difficult for him to form a fresh strategic reserve, and while keeping things moving along the western Hindenburg positions to let loose another hurricane on either side of the Argonne.

As for the struggle itself, it was a particularly hard one on the French half of the front. In this connection, however, it should be remembered that this was the first time since July the Allies had been confronted with the deeply and strongly fortified positions of the enemy. The success of the attack was due to the fact that the enemy was unprepared for the attack, and that the Allies had been able to concentrate their forces in a most effective manner. The attack was a complete success, and the enemy has been subjected to heavy punishment. The Allies have taken many villages and prisoners, and the enemy has been forced to retreat. This is a great victory for the Allies, and it shows that their plan has been completely successful.

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### "FORESTRY COACH" COMING TUESDAY

Canadian Forestry Association's Unique Exhibit Will Be in City For Few Days.

The "Forestry Coach," a unique travelling exhibit of the Canadian Forestry Association, has been covering a score of New Brunswick towns and cities, and will arrive at Saint John on Tuesday, Oct. 1st. This oddly equipped railway car is designed to show the public the importance of forest protection. At each point of the tour, the coach is supplemented by a number of odd-looking forest telephones, ready for use, and a hand-holding sign which by means of the sunlight, a handsome model aeroplane, supplied by Sir Frank Balfour, attracts much attention, while models of look-out towers illustrate one of the forms of equipment adopted this year by the Provincial Forest Service. The car contains many other features of interest, not the least of which are the illustrated booklets discussing the New Brunswick Forest Protection Service, the causes of forest fires, etc. A lecture with motion picture illustrations will be given on Tuesday evening.

### AN OFFICER WRITES LETTER OF SYMPATHY

Lieut. G. A. Ferguson, Now in Hospital Wounded, Writes To G. Perkins Regarding Death of Latter's Son.

G. Perkins, of Hampton Station, whose son George was killed in the war, has received the following letter of sympathy from the officer commanding his platoon as follows: Kitchener Military Hospital, Brighton, Eng., Sept. 16, 1918. Dear Sir:—I am writing to you to express my deep sympathy with you and your family in the loss you have sustained in the death of your son. It seems hard that one who had been out and wounded before should have to face the dangers of the front again. On his return to France, you saw him come to my platoon and had proved himself to be a good soldier. He was still going strong when he was hit so that it came as a shock to me to learn that he had been killed. He has died in a good cause and in one of the most glorious battles of the war, so that his work has not been in vain. Yours respectfully, (Sgd.) G. A. FERGUSON, Lieutenant 15th Can. Batt.

### ROWDIES WERE PUNISHED.

Three members of the Siberian unit got themselves into a pack of trouble on Sunday afternoon. One of them, a man named Escamot, and the other two are from Boston. Meeting two Chinamen, they started to maltreat them. Dr. McAllister interfered in behalf of the Chinamen and the trio attacked him. The doctor defended himself with good effect, but in the fracas he was kicked in the face and his eye was badly injured. He telephoned the camp and the men were arrested. On Monday morning Dr. McAllister appeared against them and Lieut. Col. Bauld, late of the 25th Nova Scotia battalion, who is in command of the Siberian forces, gave the offenders a severe lecture and twenty-eight days detention. He intimated that he would not tolerate rowdiness of any kind. The other members of the Siberian force resent the conduct of those implicated. The members of the unit are a fine lot of fellows and they are outspoken in their condemnation of the trio. Thus ended an unpleasant incident, which is regretted most by Lieut. Col. Bauld and the well-conducted unit under his command. The offenders are not likely to be allowed in Sussex again during their stay there.

### I KNOW A WOMAN'S SUFFERINGS

I am a woman. What I have suffered is a far better guide than any MAN'S experience gained second-hand. I know your need for sympathy and health. And the treatment that gave me health and strength, new interest in life, I can tell you, that you, too, may enjoy the same. You are unhappy, until you read my story and tell me how you feel and I will send you my story. It is a story of a home broken by disease, of a woman who has suffered through years of pain and suffering, but who has now found health and happiness. If you are suffering from any of the following ailments, you will find relief in my story. I will send you my story free of charge. Write to me at once. My address is: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 337, Windsor, Ontario.

## SITUATION IN EAST SEVERE BLOW TO HUNS

German Newspaper Admits That Outlook in Macedonia and Palestine Is Decidedly Grave.

London, Sept. 27.—The Frankfort Zeitung, in a review of the military situation in Macedonia and Palestine admits that in both these theatres the enemies of the Central Powers succeeded, by means of well planned campaigns in surprising and inflicting serious damage on the fronts of Germany's allies. "Even if we maintain our conviction that the eastern battles do not essentially affect the main strategic decision, nevertheless the purely military effect of the enemy's successful operations is very considerable from the point of view of prisoners and material losses," declares the newspaper. "If further says that the point where the break-through into the Germano-Bulgarian line took place in Macedonia was very skillfully chosen and that the Bulgarian flanks were almost immediately deprived of their most important lines of communication. To the writer's mind there appears to be little hope of a successful stand south of Uskub. The Cologne Gazette also admits the "undeniable success" of the Entente in Palestine.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 28.—Jack Dempsey, the man who made Jess Willard put his boxing gloves in storage, arrived here this afternoon from the West along with Jack Kearns, his manager. Dempsey is here for his fight with Battling Levinsky in this city on Oct. 9. Promoter James P. Dougherty of Leipersville had arranged for Dempsey to fight Willard at the Philadelphia arena last month. He offered Willard \$35,000 guarantee to agree to fight Dempsey six rounds, but pugilism's most inactive title-bearer declined the offer.

## SKILFUL ALLIED GENERALSHIP AND LOW ENEMY MORALE CAUSE OF DEFEAT OF BULGARS AND TURKS

Standard's Special Correspondent Analyzes Situation in Macedonia and Turkey—Germany Did Not Furnish Promised Help To Her Eastern Allies.

(BY ARTHUR S. DRAPER.) Special cable to the New York Tribune and the St. John Standard. London, Sept. 27.—The collapse of the Macedonian and Palestine fronts is due to two things: the skilful allied generalship, and the low enemy morale. The Bulgars and Turks are heartily sick of the war, and they are perfectly ready to make peace; but they are helpless to do so. Germany's two northern allies lost interest in the war after the collapse of Russia. They see nothing to gain and much loss by continuing the war. The Bulgarian and Turkish armies have grown careless and depressed through the months of inactivity. Turkish losses are insufficient to make good losses even during the long period of inactivity. The German military contributions have dropped nothing but promises on a lavish scale. The Bulgarian fighting force is still large in number; but it has become undependable. The Bulgars have no stomachs for fights against the British and French. They fought well against the Serbs and Russians but they do not reckon western allies among their real enemies.

## SERB PREMIER WOULD KEEP ON WHIPPING HUNS

Declares There Should Be No Peace Until Central Powers Have Been Brought To Admit Their Guilt.

Paris, Sept. 27.—(Havas)—The hope that there will be no question of peace with the Central Powers until they have been brought to admit their guilt was expressed by Nikola Pachitch, the Serbian premier, in a statement given out by him here yesterday. He voiced this hope after having pointed out that the allied successes on all the battle fields had opened up a prospect of the end of a struggle that had been imposed upon the world by the Germanic powers. Premier Pachitch said that he was glad that the great allied powers had proclaimed their sympathies with the liberation of the Czechoslovaks and the Poles, and the formation by those nationalities of independent states, and he hoped the Allies also would recognize the right of liberated Serbia and all her sons (the Jugoslavs) to be united in an independent national existence. A declaration to this effect the premier argued, would be timely now, as it would paralyse all the intrigues engineered by Austria-Hungary against the Serbian national union and at the same time against the general policy of the Allies.

## WILL THE STARS AND STRIPES FLOAT OVER THE CITY OF METZ?

Many American editors are impressed with the significance of the statement of Marshal Foch in a cabled message to the Knights of Columbus: "It was from Metz that Lafayette went to help your ancestors, and we shall one day see your victorious banner floating in Metz." The Richmond Journal is convinced that before the present season for open warfare closes "the Stars and Stripes will float over the city of Metz," despite the fact that it is a "long, hard road" according to Colonel Azan, the distinguished French officer. In THE LITERARY DIGEST for this week, the leading article gives a glowing description of all the incidents relating to the first great American victory in Europe in which the U. S. army, with the gallant French, wiped out the St. Mihiel salient in twenty-seven hours and shows how this victory affects the future downfall of Metz. Accompanying this article is a splendid full-page colored map, with a complete index, of the terrain now being fought over by the United States forces. Other news features of great interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

## Germany's Whining Chorus

From the All-Highest to All the Lowest in Germany a Chorus of Whines Is Heard as the Allied Success on the Western Front Grows. Read in This Article the Translations From the German Press

## Our Militarized Colleges

New Status for Military Bands A New Way for Women to Aid the Wounded "First Essential to a World Peace" The American of Austrian Birth (Prepared by the U. S. Bureau of Education) Current Poetry Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

Reproductions of the Best Cartoons, and Many Other Striking Illustrations

## You Will Miss Your Digest

unless you place a definite order for it with your news-dealer. The U. S. War Industries Board has ordered publishers to conserve paper, freight tonnage, labor, power, etc., by limiting publishing to actual demand. News-dealers must order their supplies closely—no extra copies. As THE LITERARY DIGEST sells out a few hours after it is

placed on the news-stands we would suggest to all our friends that when they buy this week's number they tell the news-dealer to save next week's number for them, or better yet, several future numbers. This is the only plan that will insure your getting "The Digest" regularly from your news-dealer

September 28th Number on Sale Today—All News Dealers—10 Cents.

## This is a Mark of Distinction to Be a Reader of The Literary Digest

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Windsor, Ontario

Now You Need these... Ready Tailor-made clothes... Overcoats, in Chester-clip-ons and belters, \$35. Overcoats, in ample \$20 to \$45. \$20 to \$45. 68 King St. Good Place to Buy Good Clothes.

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NATURE ALMANAC... PHASES OF THE MOON... Sun Sets... Water a.m. p.m. ... 5th 6h. 44m. a.m. ... 10th 11h. 3m. a.m. ... 20th 9h. 1m. a.m. ... 30th 0h. 59m. a.m. ... Sun Sets... Water a.m. p.m. ... 2nd 7:05 7:00 19:24 ... 13:08 ... 14 7:08 8:10 20:21 ... 14:48 14:21 ... 16 7:02 9:16 21:31 ... 8:00 15:33

THE WEATHER... Set. 27.—The disturbance centered in the Ottawa Valley has joined with another southward from Hudson Bay. The weather continues fine in the western provinces. Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The weather continues fine in the western provinces. Min. Max. ... 5th 66 82 ... 6th 66 77 ... 7th 66 77 ... 8th 66 77 ... 9th 66 77 ... 10th 66 77 ... 11th 66 77 ... 12th 66 77 ... 13th 66 77 ... 14th 66 77 ... 15th 66 77 ... 16th 66 77 ... 17th 66 77 ... 18th 66 77 ... 19th 66 77 ... 20th 66 77 ... 21st 66 77 ... 22nd 66 77 ... 23rd 66 77 ... 24th 66 77 ... 25th 66 77 ... 26th 66 77 ... 27th 66 77 ... 28th 66 77 ... 29th 66 77 ... 30th 66 77

Skin... outward mark of... When the stomach, the skin is clear and... Pills to stimulate... improve the circulation... follow the use of... PILLS... eat a box

# BULGARIA IN DESPERATION, IS WILLING TO QUIT

## BRITISH GOVERNMENT OFFICIALLY ASKED TO GRANT ARMISTICE TO DISCUSS PEACE; MEANWHILE ALLIES KEEP AFTER BULGARS

### Strumnitza Captured By British Operating in Macedonia and Thousands of Prisoners Taken—French Commander Says He Will Receive Peace Delegates But Will Not Stop Fighting.

### Bulgarian Peace Would Release Saloniki Army and With Turkey Smashed German Menace in East Would Be Completely Removed—Serbian Troops Have Captured Kochana.

London, Sept. 27.—The British Government today received from an official authorized source, an application from Bulgaria for an armistice. The application is regarded as a serious movement, and, contrary to the report from German sources of the armistice move, there is no suggestion that it is the action of Premier Malinoff on his own initiative. The request, which is addressed to the Allies, is for an armistice, for the discussion of peace.

#### Won't Stop Fighting.

Paris, Sept. 27.—The French commander-in-chief in Macedonia officially reports that the Bulgarians have asked for a meeting to arrange the conditions of an armistice and eventual peace.

The French commander replied, refusing to suspend the operations, but saying he would receive duly qualified delegates of the Bulgarian government.

General D'Esperey says that as the Bulgarian request might be a military ruse to allow the regrouping of forces and the arrival of reinforcements, he made a reply declining to grant an armistice, but promising to receive duly qualified government delegates.

The French commander reports that the Bulgarian request reached him through an intermediary, the general commanding the British army in the east, forming a part of the Allied command. Gen. D'Esperey's reply, therefore, asked the Bulgarian delegates to present themselves to the British lines.

The text of the French commander's reply to a letter brought by the Bulgarian officer read: "My response, that I send through the Bulgarian officer bearing the letter in question, cannot be, by reason of the military situation, other than the following: "I can accord neither an armistice nor a suspension of hostilities tending to interrupt the operations in course. On the other hand, I will receive with all due courtesy the delegates duly qualified of the royal Bulgarian government, to which your excellency alludes in the letter. These delegates to present themselves in the British lines, accompanied by a parliamentaire."

(Signed) "Franchet D'Esperey." Would End Germany's Dreams of Eastern Conquest.

London, Sept. 27.—(Canadian Press despatch from Reuters)—Reuters learns from the foreign office that in Bulgaria's application for an armistice there was no suggestion that Premier Malinoff's action was taken only on his own initiative. The request is for an armistice in order to discuss peace.

Great Britain can only reply after consultation with her Allies. It is understood that the official view is that peace with Bulgaria would have a prodigious effect, especially with Turkey. It would free the whole Saloniki army and in certain eventualities bring about peace with Turkey and thus free the Mesopotamian and Palestine armies, and thus kill the German menace to the east. Moreover it would affect advantageously the world's food situation.

Serbs Take Kochana.

London, Sept. 27.—(5 p.m. by the Associated Press)—Serbian troops were reported this afternoon to have captured Kochana, about fourteen miles from the Bulgarian border, opposite Kustendil. This is taken to show the rapid development of the Allied envelopment movement by which it is hoped the Serbs, by a quick thrust to the northeast, will cut off the Bulgarians who are being hard pressed by the British on the Bulgarian front.

The Allied advance has been so very rapid that it has been impossible to count prisoners and ascertain the amount of war material captured, which is enormous. Up to this time, more than 10,000 prisoners, and more than 200 guns have been counted.

London, Sept. 27.—The Bulgarian city of Strumnitza has been captured by the British forces in Macedonia. Announcement of the capture was officially made this afternoon. The text of the statement reads: "British troops, preceded by yeomanry, entered Strumnitza yesterday morning, while Anglo-Greek troops stormed the heights of the Belaschita Mountains north of Lake Doiran. The British have taken more than 30 guns and much ammunition."

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
Always bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

## BRITISH TROOPS NOW OPERATING IN COUNTRY NOT OCCUPIED BEFORE

### Smashing of Hindenburg Switch Line Has Resulted in Rescuing Hundreds of French Civilians From German Hands—Pathetic and Humorous Incidents.

By Lieut. A. A. Milne.

The breaking of the Hindenburg Switch Line has brought us into country which we have never occupied before. As a consequence of this we have been able to rescue a few French civilians from German hands. At Ecoust, St. Quentin there had been two hundred of them living among Germans for the last four years. Three days before the British arrived a German officer went from house to house ordering the inhabitants to pack up and prepare to leave. A few infirm old women were left behind, while some of the men managed to hide in cellars. They had got hold of gas masks somehow, and they put these on and lay there while the battle went on above them. They could hear the tramp of men marching out and the rattle of the transports moving eastward; and then there was a long silence. After waiting for some time, one of them ventured out into the daylight. To his dismay he came across a German soldier—the last of them.

"You ought to be out of this," said the German. "Don't you know the English are coming?" "When?" asked the Frenchman in pretended alarm. "Now, at once. I'm the last to go."

"Then I must go and pack my bag," said the Frenchman with great presence of mind, and dived below again. He told the others, and a little while later they walked out into the arms of the British, the first they had seen since 1914.

But whenever he retreats the Hun leaves his own special "booby-traps," said the Frenchman, so that entering into an evacuated village is a thing which must be done carefully. The most innocent-looking "souvenir" may blow a man to bits, and it is necessary for specialized parties of men to disconnect any of these little contrivances before the troops can settle down comfortably. The latest devilment reported tells of a kitten nailed by its paws to the wall of a house, an impetuous Briton who rushed up and took out the nails, and was blown up; all of which would seem to a German to be according to the best traditions of twentieth century warfare.

There have been some strange situations as the result of our rapid advance. On one occasion our troops were actually holding the old Hindenburg line, while the German troops were in our old trenches to the west of it and facing eastwards. As one officer prisoner said, he expected frontal attacks or even flank attacks, but he objected to being attacked from behind. It didn't seem to him to be good form; at least, not when it was done by the British.

Perhaps it was some sudden reversal of positions which accounted for the capture of another prisoner, who is generally regarded as the most important-looking visitor whom we have entertained as yet. He was a young cavalry officer in a sky-blue coat with a red collar, and the most beautiful leather boots, just back from a leave entry into what he thought were the German lines, and from there a less superb exit into what he discovered

was a Town Major, who was peacefully pursuing his avocations many miles behind what was supposed to be his front line. In the British army a Town Major is generally regarded as the lucky possessor of a "cushy" job. Good infantrymen are Town Majors in their dreams, and wake up to find themselves still in the trenches. For a Town Major to go to sleep in his comfortable bed, and wake up and find himself in a prisoner's cage, must indeed be a shock.

In all these surprises the tanks have played a large part. Indeed they are getting on the brain both of the German soldier and of the German authorities. "To prevent rumors about tanks alleged to have broken through," says a recent order, "denials will forthwith be communicated to all ranks." That is to say, as soon as a German officer hears that a tank has broken through his men he immediately tells them that it hasn't. This is one way of disposing of them. Another way is to kill them by wireless. Every day two or three thousand tanks are "shot" to pieces by the German wireless editor, but there still seems to be enough left over for the German soldier. The high command must think

of some other way of dealing with them than by word of mouth. But indeed the German soldier knows very much more than the high command is ready to admit. A letter which a prisoner had written home sums up the present situation as well as it can be put from the German point of view.

"The war cannot last much longer. We cannot hope for any further success. Our enemy is superior to us in numbers and everything else, and victory is out of the question." He is absolutely right.

## FUNERALS

The funeral of Mrs. Charles R. Watson took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, 274 Douglas avenue. Services were conducted by Rev. I. W. Williamson. Interment was made in Fernhill cemetery.

The funeral of Miss Julia A. Magee took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, Main street, to Trinity church, where services were conducted by Rev. Canon R. A. Armstrong, who was assisted by Rev. Mr. Lowther and Rev. A. W. Daniels. Interment was made in Fernhill cemetery.

## HOW GERMANY EXPLAINS IT

### Berlin Statement Admits Retirement Before Franco-American Attack on Argonne.

Berlin, Sept. 27.—(Via London)—German troops on the front on both sides of the Argonne retired to their lines of defence before the Franco-American attack on Thursday, according to the official statement from German general headquarters.

The statement reads: "In the Champagne between the heights west of the Sulpice and the Aisne, as well as northwest of Verdun between the Argonne and the River Meuse, the Franco-Americans yesterday launched strong attacks. The artillery battle extended itself beyond the heights west of the Sulpice toward the west, as far as Rheims, and across the Meuse toward the east as far as the Moselle.

"Partial attacks followed. They were repulsed in violent fighting, during which Anglo-Hungarian troops distinguished themselves east of the Meuse.

"On the main attacking fronts a tremendous artillery fire preceded the entry of the infantry into the battle. West of the Aisne and east of the Argonne the Franco-Americans advanced against our positions, employing numerous tanks. In accordance with orders our advanced posts retired, fighting, to the lines allotted to them.

"At Tahure and Ripont the enemy succeeded during attacks, which continued until evening, in advancing beyond our foremost fighting lines as far as the heights northwest of Tahure and as far as Fontaine-en-Dormois. Here our reserves held the enemy to a local breakthrough.

"Between the Argonne and the Meuse the enemy advanced beyond our foremost fighting lines as far as Mont Blainville and Montfaucon, and as far as the bend in the Meuse northeast of Montfaucon. Here our reserves brought him to a standstill.

"The enemy was able at some points to reach our infantry and foremost artillery lines. The great Franco-American attempt to break through, undertaken with far-reaching aims, failed on the first day of the battle, owing to the tenacity of our troops. Fresh battles are imminent."

## AVIATORS ACTIVE.

Paris, Sept. 26. (Delayed)—The war office statement tonight, referring to aviation, reads: "Aviation—On Sept. 25 five enemy machines were brought down in aerial combats. That night bombing aviators dropped more than twenty-one tons of projectiles on cantonments in the region of Laon and on railroad stations and depots, particularly the stations at Mont Cornet, Marie and Laon and on the roads radiating from them. Fires and explosions were observed."

With the man in their charge they entered the basement, the other detectives having broken the door down. In the basement they found a complete whisky still in full operation. They also found thirteen barrels of mash and three big boilers containing a huge quantity of molasses. A further search led to the discovery of papers which revealed the fact that the band had another still at No. 139 Ridge street.

They placed the first man under arrest, and he gave his name as Louis Kneil, and his occupation as a laborer, living at No. 46 Willett street. With Kneil in custody, they went to the other address, and here they found in a four story brick building in the rear of other buildings, the whole of which was apparently used as a store house, a still and bottling works.

## CANADIAN TROOPS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

### No New Brunswick Drafts Mentioned in Latest Announcements.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—It is officially announced, through the chief press censor's office, that the following troops have arrived safely in England: Infantry—Western Ontario; British Columbia; Saskatchewan; Central Ontario.

A. M. C.—Imperial and Serbian recruits; C. O. T. C. Candidates and Details.  
R. C. H. A.—Field Artillery, Central Ontario regiment.  
Infantry—Halifax.  
V. A. D. Nurses.  
Imperial Recruits and Details.

# NEPONSET ROOFS



## The Guardian of the Home

IN a very strict sense, the roof stands guardian over the home. It must protect the dwelling from rain, snow, hail and wind. When sparks are flying from nearby fires, the roof must save your home. These are reasons why you must be most careful in your choice of roofing material.

## RED or GREEN Slate Surface NEPONSET SHINGLES

Neponset Twin Shingles are made, like the famous Paroid Roofing, of tough felt, saturated through and through with Asphalt. A heavy surface of crushed slate is applied and rolled firmly in. The twin shape saves much time and labor in laying. The slate surface assures permanent coloring—Red or Green.

Neponset Twin Shingles will not rot, split, curl up, or dry out and do not require heavy rafters like slate.

Unexcelled for appearance, a roof of Neponset Twin Shingles is at once economical, durable and thoroughly satisfactory in every respect. Best for all residences.

Sold by Hardware and Lumber Dealers  
Neponset Paroid Roofing is recommended for Farms, Factories and Railroad Buildings.

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Warehouses: Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Calgary, Edmonton, St. John.

## The Largest Manufacturers of Roofings, Wall Board and Roofing Felts in Canada

Neponset Dealer—St. John—Gandy & Allison, Distributors.  
There are agents in most cities and towns.

## Tired Nervous Mothers

### Should Profit by the Experience of These Two Women

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I am the mother of four children, and for nearly three years I suffered from a female trouble with pains in my back and side, and a general weakness. I had professional attendance most of that time but did not seem to get well. As a last resort I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which I had seen advertised in the newspapers, and in two weeks noticed a marked improvement. I continued its use and am now free from pain and able to do all my household work."—Mrs. B. B. ZIELINSKA, 202 Wells Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Portland, Ind.—"I had a displacement and suffered so badly from it at times I could not be on my feet at all. I was all run down and so weak I could not do my housework, was nervous and could not lie down at night. I took treatments from a physician but they did not help me. My Aunt recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tried it and now I am strong and well again and do my own work and I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound the credit."—Mrs. J. JOSEPHINE KUMBLER, 935 West Race Street, Portland, Ind.

## Every Sick Woman Should Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

## The Fruit Car

# Overland

BUILT for war-winning work, with roomy accommodations but with no waste space, our unnecessary weight, Model 90 stands out strikingly as a car which completely measures up to most conditions today.

Its energetic motor gives ample power for any emergency. Its fuel consumption is surprisingly low.

In fact, it is just the right car for you right now.

Back of it is a real Canadian institution, fortunately prepared to care for all service and parts requirements now and later.

Five points of Overland superiority: Appearance, Performance, Comfort, Service and Price.

Light Four Model 90 Touring Car Model 90 Sedan Model 87 1/2 Touring Car

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## Important Re-paign Analysis of War Recent Events Part.

(Copyright, 1918, New Inc.)

The two chief military weak have both the subsidiary theatres of in Macedonia and the line. The first thing to night, apparently, be concentrated on the war where alone the war is at this moment.

This criticism contained in the past, when conditions have been least with insufficient attention with ill success. The past a school which the situation on the West a deadlock and that won by turning the tables. It was an error of disastrous results. The present situation is not troops operating in the and Palestine are bold enough to do more than. They are based upon nerves, and largely recede from the east.

The forces in Macedonia holding what is essential from the enemy. It is to have from the Balkans at Salonica. It was vital interest to send an expedition to Salonica when they did it will be seen that it added value. That value and we shall understand the the eastern theatre. The two extraneous all the Empire, Turkey were each attached to the dominion in Europe for disassociated from the east and each again was raves quite separate from. It was an enemy to the worst quarrel. The Turkish Empire came because the Allied victory an end to the Turkish Constantinople and the the Prussian victory prevention of both.

The Prussian Empire existence and the Allies compact to hand over control of the entires. The Prussian Empire government because its rascally monarch saw a tunity for himself; but came in because the Bulgarians eyes nation.

The Bulgarians also cover what they regard territory taken from needed by Roumania at. As long as the cause of Empire seemed victorious of war thus entered in Bulgaria's eyes nation. Nothing to do with the was borne, though not now that the tide has turned six cannot win the strait intolerable. Not only the various circumstances each party enter the changed, notably in the key, for the Russian Empire exists.

The result is that in and Bulgaria the position against the continuance has become very strong operations we are watching political and military them further shakes the ing adherence to the countries these two countries maintained.

# QUIT BELLOC'S WEEKLY SUMMARY OF THE WAR

...other way of dealing with than by word of mouth. Indeed the German soldier is very much more than the high and is ready to admit. A letter from a prisoner had written home up the present situation as well as could be put from the German point of view.

...war cannot last much longer. ...not hope for any further success. Our enemy is superior to us in arms and everything else, and victory is out of the question." ...is absolutely right.

**FUNERALS**

Funeral of Mrs. Charles R. Wasebrook place yesterday afternoon at late residence, 274 Douglas street. Services were conducted by W. Williamson, Interment made in Fernhill cemetery.

Funeral of Miss Julia A. Magee place yesterday afternoon from residence, Main street, to church, where services were read by Rev. Canon R. A. Armstrong, who was assisted by Rev. Mr. W. W. Dunlop. Interment was made in Fernhill cemetery.

**OFFS**

SET TWIN SHINGLES



**Home**

...over the home. ...roof must save most careful in

...gles will not rot, ...out and do not like slate.

...arance, a roof of angles is at once and thorough respect. Best for

...for

...ton, Ont.

...ton, St. John.

...ffings, Canada

...tors.

**Others**

**Experience Women**

...our children, and for ...trouble with pains weakness. I had pro- ...ne but did not seem to ...ided to try Lydia E. ...which I had seen ...in two weeks not only ...mused its use and am ...do all my house- ...A, 302 Weiss Street,

...placement and suffered ...did not be on my feet ...so weak I could not ...us and could not lie ...ents from a physician ...y Aunt recommended ...Compound, tried ...and wall grate and do ...Lydia E. Pinkham's ...Mrs. J. JOSEPHINE ...Street, Portland, Ind.

**AM'S**

**OUND**

...CINE 65 LYNN, MASS.

## BRITAIN'S MOST DISTINGUISHED CRITIC WRITES OF EVENTS IN EASTERN THEATRES

**Important Results To Follow Allied Successes in Macedonia and Palestine—The Plan of Campaign Analyzed—Bulgaria's Purpose in Entering War Has Been Completely Upset By Recent Events in Which Serbs Played Important Part.**

(Copyright, 1918, New York Tribune, Inc.)

The two chief military events this week have both taken place in minor subsidiary theatres of the war, one in Macedonia and the other in Palestine. The first thing to appreciate in regard to such operations is their necessity. There has been a great deal of criticism delivered against the use of troops in distant operations who might, apparently, be more useful if concentrated on the Western front, where alone the war can be decided and where, in fact, it is being decided at this moment.

This criticism certainly has been justified in the past, when considerable expeditions have been launched, sometimes with insufficient object and often with ill success. There was in the past a school which really believed the situation on the Western front was a deadlock and that the war could be won by turning the Central Empires by the east. It was an error and productive of disastrous results. But the present situation is not that at all. The troops operating in Mesopotamia and Palestine are bodies sufficient enough to do more than their task. They are based upon neighboring countries, and largely recruit themselves from the east.

The forces in Macedonia are forces holding what is essential to preserve from the enemy the Balkan front, such as from the Balkans to the Aegean at Salonica. It was vital to the Allied interest to send an expeditionary force to Salonica when they did, though now it will be seen that it has new and added value. That value is political and we shall understand nothing of the three eastern theatres of Mesopotamia, Palestine and Macedonia unless we appreciate how greatly the political situation has changed since all three expeditions were undertaken.

The Balkan front is the cause of Prussia, and each again was moved by motives quite separate from the other. It was an enemy to the other in the past and violent fashion unknown to the worst quarrels of the west. The Turkish Empire came in simply because the Allied victory would put an end to the Turkish possession of Constantinople and the Straits, while the Prussian victory promised the retention of both.

The Prussian Empire was still in existence and the Allies had a definite compact to hand over to that empire control of the entries to the Black Sea. Bulgaria came into the war as a government because its scheming and rascally monarch saw dynastic opportunity for himself; but as a nation it came in because of the profound wrong the Bulgarians felt they had suffered when Austria, after the first Balkan war some years ago, egged on Serbia and Greece to occupy what is the Bulgarians' eyes national territory.

The Bulgarians also desired to recover what they regarded as national territory taken from her in extreme need by Roumania at the same time. As long as the cause of the Central Empires seemed victorious the strain of war thus entered into by Turkey and Bulgaria, for reasons which had nothing to do with the main quarrel, was borne, though not cheerfully; but now that the tide has turned and Prussia cannot win the strain is becoming intolerable. Not only is this so, but the various circumstances which made each party enter the alliance have changed, notably in the case of Turkey, for the Russian Empire no longer exists.

The result is that in both Turkey and Bulgaria a popular feeling against the continuance of the war has become very strong indeed. The operations we are watching quite as much political as military and each of them further shakes the rapidly waning adherence to the enemy's cause which these two countries so long maintained.

To return from these general political considerations to the operations themselves, we first note the apparent ease with which the Bulgarian front is broken by the French and Serbian attack this week. It was the political condition in Bulgaria probably which accounted for this, but it is certainly something we in the west hardly expected.

The situation is as follows: The great tangle of mountains of which Southern Serbia is composed terminates above the Macedonian Plain in a long, rather regular, steep and wooded ridge, stretching from the Vardar to the great bend of the Cerna. It is a range of mountains from five to six thousand feet high and on the southern slopes this range is facing the plain where the main Bulgarian defensive position is drawn up. It was quite as strong as anything in the west prepared with the help of the Austrian and German engineers over a period of more than two years.

This line was broken in a sector of six miles, and the mountain positions behind it were carried with such rapidity that in thirty-six hours the gap was already twenty-five miles broad and the French and Serbians advancing through it had reached the Cerna River and proceeded down its valley over twenty miles. Before the end of the week the main Vardar line was reached and success appeared complete.

As a manifestation of the political state in Bulgaria and her possible collapse as a belligerent, the French

## BRITISH AIRMEN CONTINUE TO BOMBARD ENEMY CITIES

**Tons of Bombs Dropped in Vicinity of Metz-Sablon—Railways and Airdromes Attacked—German Machines Beaten To Earth.**

London, Sept. 27.—The following official communication dealing with the operations of the British independent air force was issued this evening:

"In conjunction with the Franco-American operations Thursday our machines in the afternoon attacked the railways of Metz, Sablon and Audun-le-Roman with good results. Large numbers of enemy airplanes were countered and bitter fighting took place.

"Two enemy machines were destroyed and one was sent down out of control. Six of ours failed to return.

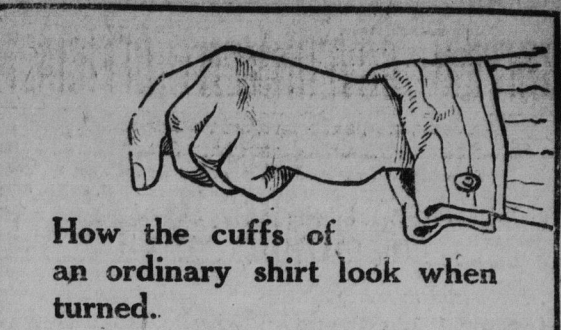
"On the night of Thursday, in heavy attacks, on the Metz-Sablon region many direct hits were observed. Railways of Metz and Thionville and the Frescati airdrome were attacked. There were several direct hits on the Thionville Station and Junction. All our machines returned."

Another communication dealing with operations over other parts of the fighting front and behind the lines, says: "Our machines Thursday carried out a large number of reconnaissance flights and manoeuvres for observing the effect of our artillery fire.

"More than twenty tons of bombs were dropped on enemy airdromes. Several hangars were set on fire and a hostile machine was destroyed on the ground and seven others, which attempted to repel the attacking squadrons were shot down. Four hostile machines were destroyed on other parts of the front. Five of our machines are missing during the day. Little flying was possible at night."

Two enemy machines were destroyed and one was sent down out of control. Six of ours failed to return.

On the night of Thursday, in heavy attacks, on the Metz-Sablon region many direct hits were observed. Railways of Metz and Thionville and the Frescati airdrome were attacked. There were several direct hits on the Thionville Station and Junction. All our machines returned."



How the cuffs of an ordinary shirt look when turned.

How the new Double Wear Cuffs on a W.G. & R. shirt look when turned.

Ask your dealer to show you W.G. & R. Shirts with

**W.G. & R.**

**DOUBLE WEAR CUFFS**

Patented 1918

"the cuff that doubles the life of the shirt"

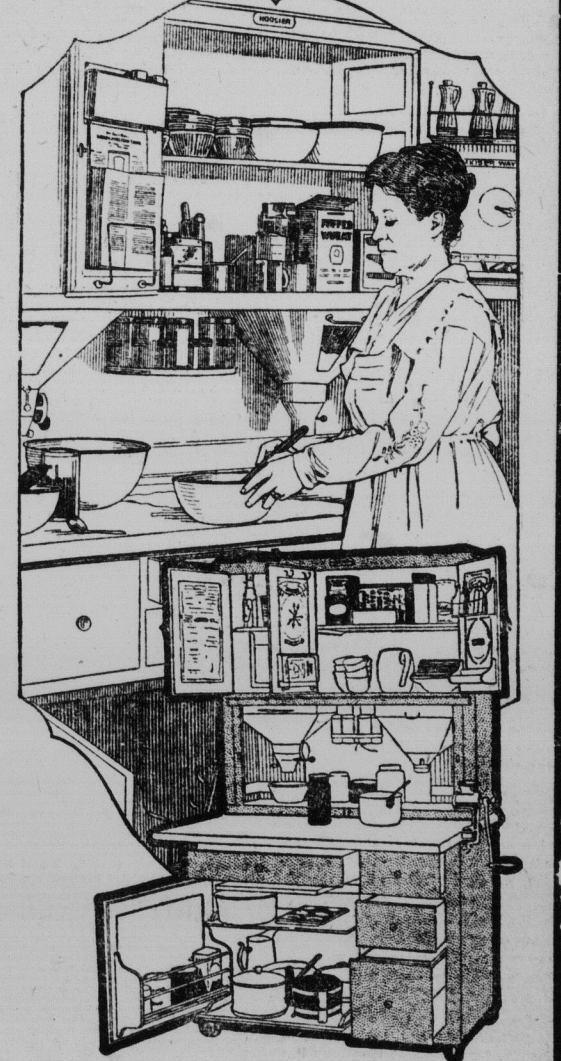
## HOOSIER CLUB SALE COMMENCES THIS MORNING

**Only \$1.00 Down Puts This Hoosier in Your Home**

**Winning The War in The Kitchen**

**Saving Time, Energy and Labor, Providing Extra Hours For War Work.**

It is every woman's patriotic duty, not only to save food but to give part of each day to some other form of war work. To provide the time you should have such a labor-saving kitchen equipment as the Hoosier Cabinet. The Hoosier is becoming more important every day, due to the growing shortage of domestic help and also the extra service that Canada must depend on her army of housekeepers to perform—inside the home and out of it.



**The Famous "White Beauty" Hoosier Fits Any Kitchen**

The Hoosier Cabinet heads the list of kitchen conveniences because it saves steps and time and prevents waste every day in the year in preparing meals and clearing up after meals. It is the housekeeper's work bench and tool chest combined, or it can be compared with a business man's desk and filing case.

Only a limited number of Hoosiers to be sold. Only \$1.00 down today puts this Hoosier in your kitchen and you pay the balance monthly for twelve months.

**The Hoosier Will Last a Lifetime JOIN THE CLUB PLAN TODAY**

THE PLAN IS:

1. One dollar puts any Hoosier in your home.
2. One dollar weekly quickly pays for it.
3. The low cash price fixed by the factory prevails absolutely.
4. Payments are paid monthly.
5. No interest or extra fees.
6. No collectors going to your doors.

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**MARITIME DENTAL PARLORS**

Enjoy life while it lasts. If you must wear a plate, do not be content with one that is a continual source of annoyance to you, but come to us and your mouth will experience all the comforts of childhood and your face will have the charm of youth.

**PEERLESS VULCO DENTURE**

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# The St. John Standard

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Register Your Letters. Do not enclose cash in an unregistered letter. Use postal notes, money orders, or express orders when remitting.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1918.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.  
TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

## JAPAN'S NEW GOVERNMENT.

It is announced that the Emperor of Japan has called upon Marquis Saionji, former premier and leader of the Constitutional party, to form a government in succession to that headed by Field Marshal Count Terauchi, which recently resigned. Saionji has already borne a prominent part in making the history of the Eastern Empire and it is expected that his regime will be successful. At the same time there was no fault to be found with Terauchi, no reason to suppose that his fall was brought about by German influence or that the people of Japan were not in hearty accord with the new obligations to which he committed the nation as a member of the Entente.

Terauchi's overthrow was more directly due to the high price of food, chiefly rice, in Japan, and the prevalence of starvation rates of wages. His attitude toward the laborers who were practically starving was devoid of sympathy and he was even suspected of having profited by speculations in food stuffs, in combination with profiteers who cornered the supply of rice and thus extracted easy fortunes from the consumers. He was typically Prussian in his dealings with agitators for he belonged to the old regime in Japan which was as military, as reactionary, and as anti-Christian as it dared to be.

It was as Governor of Korea that Terauchi first attained international prominence. In 1912 it was announced that a plot had been discovered to murder the Governor, and this was followed by the arrest of native Christians. Their trial and their sufferings enlisted the sympathy of the whole Christian world, and this deepened to indignation when it was learned that many of them had been horribly tortured in order to bring "confessions" from them, while others confessed to escape the tortures. Though the plain intimation of the prosecution was that the plot was hatched by the Christians, the foreign missionaries were not accused, and when they sought permission to testify in behalf of their converts this right was denied. The trial resulted in a hundred Korean Christians being imprisoned for ten years. Like other incidents in Nippon's campaign to crush out all Korean opposition, the trial made an unpleasant impression abroad, and Count Terauchi was taken as a representative of all that was least progressive and humane in Japan. His military record, however, has been a good one, and he has been a staunch advocate of Japan's active participation in the present war. The Allies have no fault to find with him, and will be well satisfied if his successor is as loyal to the common cause as was Terauchi.

## FOOD PRICE CONTROL IN BRITAIN

The demand of the British public for food at reasonable prices is too insistent for the Government to disregard, especially with a general election coming, says the Toronto Mail and Empire. When the price of wheat went soaring, owing to the shortage and the need of a \$2.20 price to producers on this continent, the Government decided to 'venom bread. Setting a price of ninepence for a quarter loaf, it paid the excess in cost out of the Treasury. The annual outlay on this account now has reached about £30,000,000, a tenth of the national revenue. The Food Controller has regulated prices in spite of all the adverse circumstances, and has managed to keep them no higher, on the average, than prices are in this food-producing country. Moreover, he has had to meet a strong demand that restaurant prices be made reasonable, as well as prices of food going into the home. He did not ignore that demand. He established National Kitchens and Restaurants. One of the London restaurants served 17,925 meals in the week of August 24, the average price of each meal being 13 cents—what Canadians have to pay for a sandwich. Even at that rate, the restaurant had a weekly profit of \$350, after allowing full charges for rent, management, renewals, interest on capital, and depreciation of 10 per cent. This success has encouraged the Food Controller to go on establishing National Restaurants in London and provincial cities, and the innovation promises to become permanent. The practical economy of the British food supply system should teach the Canadian public a lesson, for they have too long been victims of outrageous impositions in food prices in many lines, and not in the least in the restaurants.

## THE INDIAN REFORM SCHEME.

Dealing with proposals for reforms in India the Montreal Gazette says: "Nothing, it appears, has so firmly won the confidence of men of mind-

ate views towards the reform scheme than the cheap reprint of the report which the Government of India has been distributing among the interested public. The large number of persons who have thus been enabled to read the Government plans for themselves, instead of being dependent on distorted versions of them, have had an opportunity of judging the Government's intentions on their merits, and the result has been in many cases all that could be desired. This wide circulation of the report has rallied a good many, who were previously neutral, to an honest and hearty appreciation of the scheme, while others who were hostile have begun to show signs of good will. This is said to be especially the case in Punjab and Sind, where influential organs of opinion have rendered valuable service to the cause by strong and well thought out arguments in its favor. Mr. Banerjee and others have been making vigorous efforts against the extremists, who have from the first been working to create and keep alive irreconcilable opposition to the scheme. Those who are laboring most persistently to wreck it are Mr. Tilak and Mr. Besant. They will do all in their power to dominate the special session of the impending Congress, and the danger is that men of moderate views, fearing a repetition of what took place at the last Congress at Calcutta, may either be led to absent themselves, or if they venture to face the enemy, may find themselves powerless.

Meanwhile, the Government of India has addressed an appeal to the Provincial Governments, inviting them to forward their views on the reforms not later than the 1st of November. At the same time they are asked to send in information as to a reasonable franchise, the resultant strength of the electorate and the size and number of constituencies that might be considered suitable. The Times of India, commenting on the resolution of the Bengal Provincial Conference, in which it was insisted that the reform scheme presented no approach to responsible government, says that the local machinery of the National Congress, in Bengal, at least, is in the hands of the extremists. The Times of India then proceeds to consider the possible results of extremist agitation. It thinks it is more than probable that if the reform succeeds, the status quo will continue, which would be bad for India, than that a new scheme will be offered at the dictation of agitators. The extremists, in adopting an attitude of reasonable opposition, are likely to arouse such disgust in British democracy that in its impatience, Indians may find their affairs summarily swept aside. In that case, the extremist leaders would have to bear the blame for postponing their country's advance to the very goal which they advocate. It is, however, to be hoped that the wise counsels of truly patriotic and moderate Indians will eventually prevail.

## SIR DOUGLAS HAIG

One of the ablest soldiers the war has produced does not speak for himself, or about himself. He praises others, and is slow to censure. Sometimes his Government has failed to send him reinforcements when his need of them was sore, but he has not complained, in more than four years of war he has always been at the front, engaged with rare respite in what may be called intensive fighting, often of the most desperate character. The wonder is that he has gone through the ordeal with a sound brain and strength apparently unimpaired. There have been three commanders of the French armies since mid-December, 1915, but only one commander of the British Army. The capture of 75,000 prisoners and 750 guns in the course of four weeks' fighting speaks for the magnitude of your efforts and the magnificence of your achievement. For once D. Haig, so he signs his name, showed more emotion than was ever wrung from him before by success or failure. "We have passed through our darkest days," he said in the address to his troops. "Please God, these never will return." This great soldier, for such he is, goes to a little Presbyterian Church behind the lines every Sunday morning, and when he speaks the name of God, which is seldom, lest his piety seem ostentatious, it is with reverence. One of those dark days was April 12 of the present year, when the British army was fighting for its life in the Ypres sector, where it had held so much, but always indomitably. Sir Douglas Haig then issued his "Back to the Wall" order of the day, in which he said with a simplicity with something of the sublimity in it:

Many among us now are tired. To those I would say that victory will belong to the side which holds out the longest. The French army is moving rapidly and in great force to our support. There is no other course open to us but to fight it out. Every position must be held to the last man. There must be no retreat.

What has Sir Douglas Haig not done in his four years and more in France that an accomplished and intrepid soldier should do? With Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien, his fellow corps commander, he more than once saved the British army on its retreat from Mons. His historian, Major Ernest W. Hamilton, says that one hundred Victoria

Crosses were earned on that glorious retreat for every one given. One-third of the expeditionary army sleep the long sleep in France. Smith-Dorrien, whose head broke down under the strain, and Haig, the man of iron, died with each other in fighting rear-guard actions until flesh and blood could endure no more. The escape of remnants of brigades bordered on the miraculous. "We shall have to hold on here for a while if we all die for it," said Haig on one desperate occasion. The British army was always holding on; every extraction from the German envelopment was like a forlorn hope. Smith-Dorrien, he of the eagle eye and massive jaw, was never himself again. Haig, who did not take life so tragically, lived through many dark days with gleams of glory.

The first Ypres was as a touch-and-go business as anything experienced in the retreat from Mons. The 7th Division, 12,000 strong when it left England, lost 250 officers out of 700, and 9,000 men. On the darkest day, when all seemed lost, down the Menin road galloped Sir Douglas Haig and his smart escort of the 13th Division. He was flanking them, to encourage the faltering troops—for no other reason, the general's place being behind the line. On another day—it was the 10th of the Somme, which he fought himself with Sir John French, who had given an order for the army to fall back, when a courier rode up to say that the German army, retreating, had been met by Sir John French, an Irish soldier, had thrown a Norfolk battalion into a breach in the enemy's line and turned the tide of battle. So critical was the situation that the Ypres fighting, so suddenly did shafts of success pierce the pall of defeat.

Haig was Sir John French's right arm, and when the veteran retired, the Government, in naming the Scotsman for supreme command, reflected the hope of the army. Upon the battle of the Somme, which he fought himself with Sir John French, who had given an order for the army to fall back, when a courier rode up to say that the German army, retreating, had been met by Sir John French, an Irish soldier, had thrown a Norfolk battalion into a breach in the enemy's line and turned the tide of battle. So critical was the situation that the Ypres fighting, so suddenly did shafts of success pierce the pall of defeat.

This Scotch gentleman, son of John Haig, of Lanarkshire in Fife, who commands 2,000,000 British and Colonial troops, is in the prime of life at 57, "tall, lithe, well knit," a consummate horseman, fair of complexion, blue of eye, in manner gracious, reserved but kindly. "I have rarely seen a masculine face so handsome and yet so strong," says one who tried to interview him. He shuns publicity. An industrious student of the profession of arms, it is said that he never commanded a larger body of men than a regiment in battle before the present war. The influence of the genial Duke of Cambridge secured him a commission after he had been rejected for detection of a venereal disease. He predicted the present war in a letter to Field Marshal Sir Evelyn Wood years ago. He has refused a peerage, but is a Knight of the Order of the Thistle. He has owed much to his aristocratic connections, but infinitely more to the virtues of his race and to inherent soldierly qualities. He has a keen sense of humor. He is never visibly laugry. Born in the purple, and a favorite at court and in Mayfair, he is a "soldier's soldier." There are many Haigs on the British Army List, but only one Sir Douglas Haig, and indifferent to fame, he will be reckoned among the great commanders of the greatest war in history.—New York Times.

## A BIT OF VERSE

### HOME FOLKS.

Home folks!—well, that air name to me  
Sounds jif the same as poetry—  
That is, of poetry is jif  
As sweet as I've heard tell it is.

Home folks—they're jif the same as kin—  
All bring up same as we have bin.  
With no sorrow, with no grief,  
Of their oncoming consequence.

They've been no school, but not to git  
The habit fast on em on em yet.  
So as to ever interfere  
With other work 'at's waitin' here.

Home folks he crops to plant and plough,  
Er lives in town and keeps a cow;  
But whether country jakes er town,  
They know when eggs is up er down.

La, can't you spot em—when you meet  
Em anywhere—in field er street?  
And can't you see their faces bright,  
As circus-day heaves into sight?

And can't you hear their "Howdy!" clear  
As a brook's chuckle to the ear,  
And allus find their laughing eyes  
As fresh and clear as morning skies?

And can't you—when they're gone  
Jif feet on shakin' hands all day?  
And feel, too, you've been higher  
By each a meetin'—God be praised!

Oh! Home folks!—they're the best of all  
'At ranges this terrestrial ball.  
But north er south, er east er west,  
It's home is where you're at your best.

It's home—it's home your faces shine  
Er—under your own fig and vine—  
Your family and your neighbors  
"back

Ye, and the latch string hangin' out.  
Home folks!—at home I know o' one  
Old feller, now at hain, got none  
Invite him—he may hold back

some—  
But you invite him and he'll come.  
—James Whitcomb Riley.

## Little Benny's Note Book

By LEE PAPE.

Pop was in the sitting room smoking and thinking, and I was sitting at the table writing, and I said, Do you know what I'm writing, pop? Wait a minute, I'm writing.  
Can it be that your writing your will's set pop, and I said, No sir, I'm writing a story called There's No Place Like Home. Do you want me to read it to you, pop?

Well, I don't feel any overpowering craving, but as long as I'm here I'll promise to stay, set pop. And I started to read it to him, being as follows:  
There's No Place Like Home.

Wants there was a boy named Boldy Tweasers, and he got tired of staying home were nothing keep on happening, and he thawt, G, I bieve I'll run away and see the world. Wich he put on his cap and did, and he distiged himself at base of potatoes and got throwed into the bottom of a ship, and the ship hadent hardly got to the middle of the ocean wen a Germin submareen hit it with a tarpedoo and it went down without saying a word, and Boldy Tweasers was east on a desert island were he dident have anything to eat for 3 weeks except empty shells, and not even many of them on account of every time he went out to look for some, wild beasts and cannibals started to chase him. And the empty shells started to hert his digestion like anything, so one day he started to swim home, thinking he might catch up with a ship and get a ride the rest of the way. And he was chased by wales and sharks and swordfish till he became exhausted and went down and drowned, thinking, G, theres sertenly no place like home. The end.

Thats not the worst story ever ritten, by a long shot, set pop, there must of bin sevral worse than that and the fellows is excellent.

Yes sir, I sed. And jest then I herd the fellows wisseling outside and I sed, G, theres the fellows wisseling for me.

But of course, now that you realize the scooperif attractions of home, all their wisseling will be in vane, I slypp, set pop.

Me not saying anything, and after a while I started to give a imitation of a tertle, and after I crawled around the room twice on my stummick I crawled out the setting room door and went out.

## A BIT OF FUN

Unprofitable Fishing.  
"I'll never take a girl fishing with me again."

"Why not?"  
"Not that one, anyhow. She spent the day fishing for compliments."

—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Especially Among the Farmerettes.  
"The summer borders say they don't get enough to eat," remarked Mrs. Cornstossel.

"That doesn't bother me," rejoined her husband. "But if you see any signs of discontent among the farm hands let me know right off."—Washington Star.

Couldn't Say.  
The children of the neighborhood had been greatly interested by the news of the arrival of a baby at the Newcombs.

"One of them, meeting little Jonathan Newcome carrying some milk very carefully, asked:

"What is you new brother's name?"  
"They haven't found out yet," replied Jonathan. "He can't talk!"

Security.  
"Did you find that forgetful friend of ours the book he asked for?"

"Yes, but I took care to borrow his umbrella the same day."

And Chickens Must Be Reaped.  
"Wild oats," said the twisted moralist, "always come home to roost."

Chole of Voices.  
"Here comes that Miss Gabbins. I think I'll have Norah say I'm out."

"Won't the still, small voice re preach you?"

"Yes, but I'd rather listen to the still, small voice than to hers."

## Ladies' Swell High-Cut Laced Boots

Dark Tan, Mahogany, Royal Purple and Brown Kid with Grey or Fawn, Genuine Buck Tops, \$9, \$10, \$11, \$12.50, \$12.85, \$13.50, \$14.50 and \$15.

Dark Tan, Mahogany, Royal Purple and Finest Brown Kid, with all Leather Tops, \$5.50, \$6, \$6.50, \$7, \$8, \$9, \$10 up to \$15.

Dark Tan, Mahogany and Black; Neolin Soles, \$6.25, \$6.50 and \$6.70, \$7, \$8, \$9 and \$10.

We have these lines with 10:8, 12:8, 14:8, 16:8 Military, Cuban and Half Louis Heels; A, B, C, and D widths, from the best makers, including "Bardon," "Classic," "Hart," "McPherson," "Onyx" and Rochester lines.

The largest Stock and Variety of Ladies' High Class Footwear carried in Eastern Canada.

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will be very fashionable this fall. Have you selected your Galters? We are showing Fall Galters in Brown, Fawn,

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In 7 Button, 9 Button, 10 Button and 12 Button Lengths.

Our Galters are made especially for us in widths so that if you wear a narrow width shoe you can be fitted without getting a shorter size than the shoe you wear.

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If you have any 4 ft. Peeled or Rough Spruce, Fir or Poplar

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For Winter Term

Will begin Wednesday, Oct 2

Nights: Monday, Wednesday, Friday.

Hours: 7.30 to 9.30.

Tuition rates on application.

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## UNIVERSAL Vacuum Bottles

Combine extreme simplicity of construction, unusual strength, absolute cleanliness and unequalled efficiency in the maintenance of temperature. These bottles are supplied with extra drinking cups nested in cover.

NICKELED BOTTLES

Pint size with two cups ..... \$5.00  
Quart size with four cups ..... \$7.50

OTHER UNIVERSAL BOTTLES

Pints ..... \$2.80 to \$3.25  
Quarts ..... \$4.50 and \$5.00

Carafes, Food Jars and Lunch Kits. Refills, which can be inserted by anyone, always.

T. McAVITY & SONS

OVER THREE HOURS LATE.

## Time-Value—and the Boy

Promptness, one of the first and most important lessons in the lad's training, is best emphasized by the bestowal of a Reliable Wrist or Pocket Watch which we are prepared to furnish you in any popular style and finish, with reliable movement.

Our stock embraces all the most desirable lines, at a wide variety of prices.

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Express Wagon Top Bows, Express Wagon Top Covering,

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And needs repair why not use Red Cedar Boards

Nice Clear stock 8 and 10 wide and 8 to 18 ft. long.

10c. a foot.

The Christie Wood-working Co., Ltd. 186 Erin Street.

THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Good Marks In School

Depend on good eyes. A child who cannot see the blackboard or book clearly soon loses interest and has difficulty in doing his work.

The Little one is not stupid. He is fighting a blind defect in refraction which glasses would overcome. With proper care the trouble will be outgrown in a few years and the glasses be no longer needed.

Have your child's eyes examined here.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS, 21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

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Ladies' Suits

All the latest to suit all shoppers which will be our special ten per cent end. This will be a choice at special

If you don't have the privilege we will keep it for you.

LADIES' COATS Less ten per cent

LADIES' SUITS Less ten per cent

LADIES' RAINCOATS Less ten per cent

GIRLS' SERGES Less ten per cent

GIRLS' COATS Less ten per cent

LADIES' SHIRTS have just at the prettiest to \$9.50—

LADIES' CORSETS for month

Don't pay you can get at Ready-made clothes

years ago. They played in ready-made every garment you turn your money

MEN'S SUITS Less ten per cent

MEN'S FALL A \$15.00 to \$20.00

BOYS' SUITS Less ten per cent

BOYS' REEFERS prices for men

MEN'S SWEAT All at last a month end.

MEN'S RAINCOATS Less ten per cent

MEN'S SHIRTS MEN, don't ton Overcoats at your tailor will ch in black and grey

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**Bottles**  
 construction, unusual and unequalled efficiency. These bottles are nested in cover.  
**BOTTLES**  
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**WILCOX'S FALL OPENING**  
**Men's, Women's and Children's Clothing**  
**Of All Kinds At Special Cut Prices For Month End.**  
**LADIES' DEPARTMENT**  
**Ladies' Suits, Coats and Dresses, Also Girls' Coats and Dresses.**  
 All the latest and most up-to-date styles at prices to suit all shoppers, and for balance of September, which will be our opening days, we are going to give a special ten per cent. discount of all our cloth for month end. This will allow the early shoppers to have first choice at special cut prices.  
 If you don't want your coat or suit just now, you have the privilege of paying a small deposit on it and we will keep it till called for.  
**LADIES' COATS** . . . . . from \$15.00 to \$60.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**LADIES' SUITS** . . . . . from \$20.00 to \$50.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**SILK AND SERGE DRESSES** from \$12.00 to \$33.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**LADIES' RAINCOATS** . . . . . from \$5.50 to \$20.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**GIRLS' SERGE DRESSES**, to fit ages six to fourteen years . . . . . from \$7.50 to \$15.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**GIRLS' COATS** at special prices for month end.  
**LADIES' SHIRTWAISTS**—All our new Fall lines have just arrived and I am sure we have some of the prettiest Waists in town at prices from \$1.50 to \$9.50—Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**LADIES' CORSETS** . . . . . from 75c. to \$5.00  
**LADIES' WHITEWEAR** of all kinds at special prices for month end.  
**MEN'S DEPARTMENT**  
 Don't pay your tailor \$45.00 and \$50.00 for what you can get at WILCOX'S for \$25.00 or \$30.00. Ready-made clothing is not made today like it was years ago. The best tailors in Canada today are employed in ready-to-wear factories, and we stand back of every garment we sell. If not satisfactory we will return your money.  
**MEN'S SUITS** . . . . . from \$12.00 to \$33.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**MEN'S FALL AND WINTER OVERCOATS**, from \$15.00 to \$35.00—Less ten per cent. for month end  
**BOYS' SUITS** . . . . . from \$6.50 to \$16.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**BOYS' REEFERS AND OVERCOATS** at special prices for month end.  
**MEN'S SWEATERS** . . . . . from \$1.50 to \$7.50  
 All at last season's prices, less ten per cent. for month end.  
**MEN'S RAINCOATS** . . . . . from \$5.50 to \$22.00  
 Less ten per cent. for month end.  
**MEN'S SHIRTS** of all kinds at special cut prices.  
 MEN, don't fail to see our raw-edge English Melton Overcoats at \$28.50. They're just the same as what your tailor will charge you \$45.00 for. We have them in black and grey, and we guarantee the color.  
**IT PAYS TO SHOP AT WILCOX'S**  
 Corner Charlotte and Union  
 Store Open Till Ten p.m. Friday and Saturday.

**N. B. HOSPITAL COMMITTEE OF THE CANADA RED CROSS**  
 Meeting Held Yesterday When Most Favorable Reports Were Received — Want Games For River Glade Soldiers.  
 The New Brunswick Hospital Committee, Canada Red Cross, Mrs. L. P. D. Tilley, convener, met in the local Red Cross rooms yesterday morning to hear and consider the reports from the different committees carrying on this important work.  
 Mrs. H. A. Powell, convener of the committee on drives, reported that this need had been generously met by the citizens, both cars and money being donated for the men's outings. The needs of the soldiers at the General Hospital in this way was spoken of and arrangements made to include those able to go out in the work of this committee. Mrs. Powell reported that she had on hand \$700 donated to the committee for drives.  
 Mrs. H. Lawrence reported for Miss Payson, convener of the visiting committee, that the visiting had been well done. Mrs. Doody and Mrs. George Lee being very faithful. Tobacco and books had been taken to the men. Mrs. Barbour had also arranged for several outings.  
 The committee wished to report that new books and magazines were needed for the men, a definite request to be made later. Arrangements had also been made through the committee for some delicacy for two patients who were on a special diet; a committee for sewing and mending, was also arranged for. Mrs. C. B. Allan reported that flowers had been generously supplied all summer by those who had gardens, the flowers coming from Rothney, Woodville, St. John and St. Andrews. The supply now is lessening, and it was decided to leave the furnishing of flowers to the committee.  
 The appeal for jam made some time ago was taken up, and it was moved by Mrs. George F. Smith that a special appeal for jam for use during the winter be made. The appeal is sent to the military hospital to Miss Hegan through the Red Cross hospital committee, who will gratefully acknowledge its receipt. It was unanimously carried that a vote of thanks from the committee be sent to Mayor Hayes for a donation of jam and the secretary, Mrs. Frank E. Fairweather, was instructed to write to His Worship from the committee.  
 Adoption of \$5.00 from the Royal Standard Chapter, I.O.D.E., was also gratefully acknowledged and it was decided to devote this monthly donation to the purchase of cigarettes, the money being sent to Miss Hegan, matron of the hospital, for this purpose.  
 In connection with the soldiers, some forty in number, at River Glade, Mrs. Tilley pointed out that the need for games was very great, and Mrs. Lawrence moved that an appeal be framed, checkers, cribbage, cards, dominoes and other small games be made through the local press. If donors will send games of this kind to the Red Cross office at Chipman Hill, marked for the Provincial Hospital Committee, they will be packed and forwarded to River Glade by the Provincial Committee. The need is, it was stated, urgent.  
**GAVE TWO SONS TO THE EMPIRE**  
 Letters of Sympathy Received By Mrs. Emily Glass From Lieut. Simms and W. Frank Hatheway.  
 Mrs. Emily Glass, who has given two sons to the Empire and both of whom have paid the supreme price, recently received a letter from Lieut. Simms, of the New Brunswick battalion, referring to the death of the second boy to give his life for his country.  
 Dear Mrs. Glass:—  
 By the time this letter reaches you you no doubt will have been informed of the death from wounds of your dear son George. I wish to extend to you and yours the most profound sympathy from myself and every one of which your son was an original member.  
 Words of mine can give little comfort in your grief, only that your son died as he lived—a good and brave soldier. I was with him when he was hit and he was carried out almost immediately by two of his comrades to the dressing station, where he received the best possible care.  
 I cannot give you the exact place where George was buried, but you will receive that information from the casualty clearing station.  
 Personally I feel the loss very keenly, as George was a comrade of mine since we enlisted in St. John, and a better friend and comrade one could not have.  
 May God comfort you and yours. If there is anything I can do I will be only too willing to serve you.  
 Yours in deepest sympathy,  
 LIEUT. H. R. SIMMS,  
 26th Battalion  
 Mrs. Glass also has received the following:  
 Dear Madam:—  
 It is my privilege as representing the French government in this city to thank you on behalf of that government for the brave sacrifice that your son has made in aiding France to drive out the Germans from her territory. I know that this is a poor compensation for the loss of your son. In 1916 I was in France for several weeks and saw how grateful the French people were to the Canadian for their bravery and pluck. While France rejoices in the victories of the last month her people sorrow with you in the loss that you and your family have sustained.  
 I have the honor to be,  
 Yours very truly,  
 W. FRANK HATHEWAY.

**TRADES AND LABOR ORGANIZATIONS HELD MASS MEETING LAST EVENING**  
 Addresses By F. A. Campbell, W. Frank Hatheway, Charles Stevens, J. A. Barry, Peter Sharkey and Jas. L. Sugrue—Mr. Hatheway Said One Man Car Situation Inaugurated To Combat Recent Victory of Railway Employees.  
 A mass meeting of the Trades and Labor organizations was held last evening in Oddfellows' Hall. The hall was filled to its capacity. F. A. Campbell, vice-president of the Trades and Labor Council, acted as chairman of the meeting. Mr. Campbell addressed the gathering on the question for which the people were being called upon to decide, and believed, as did many others, that their basis for the recall was just, and merited support of all who exceeded franchise in this city. He then introduced W. Frank Hatheway.  
 Mr. Hatheway on arising was given a grand ovation and was greeted with applause when he stated he was in sympathy with the labor men of the city; and again in sympathy with their present course of recall.  
 Continuing he mentioned the one man car situation, which, he believed, was inaugurated to combat the recent victory of the street railway employees in their grievances. He traced the growth of labor in reference to Canada, its aims, its purposes, and the present aims of the labor party in the upholding of a just cause, which merited the support of the citizens of the city.  
 Charles Stevens, of the Dominion Express Company employees was next called upon, and referred to the recent trouble between the Dominion Express Company and its employees, which trouble was alleviated by the unity of the Teamsters' and Chauffeurs' Union of the city, which refused to accept a parcel for the company while the employees were out on strike. Referring to the present situation he stated today is the call for unity, and by unity alone the labor organizations will be able to accomplish their aims, which in the present case (referring to the policemen's union) was a worthy one, as these men, although receiving a charter from the Trades and Labor Congress could not go out on strike with other organizations; and further that the cause merited the sole support of the citizens, as the men had approached the commissioner of public safety to scrutinize and submit the by-laws to govern them; and only those laws which the commissioner believed right. Failing to cooperate with the men, and then insisting that they be elected to the city to elect a man in his office who would listen to the just appeals of the men.  
 J. A. Barry, legal adviser of the men, gave an address, and as the former speakers alluded to the cause of the present trouble, which was more denunciation of the men, and a refusal to listen to their claims for just rights.  
 Council has inaugurated the obstruction to be overcome in the present undertaking, and the course which would prove successful, if rightly followed, as these men, plainly understood that the policemen, who endeavored to form a union, were entitled to do so, as past acts of the Privy Council 1912, accorded all men the right to organize; and although affiliated with the Trades and Labor Congress, they could not go out on strike with other organizations as a distinct clause mentioned the fact that these men being guardians of the peace, could not take active part in any labor troubles.  
 Continuing, Mr. Barry said the present crisis is not a strike, but a "lock-out" which is not permissible. Other speakers were Peter Sharkey and Jas. L. Sugrue.  
 Mr. Sharkey spoke in favor of the cause, and corroborated the statements of a previous speaker in reference to the police, who were willing to grant the Commissioner the privilege of scrutinizing their by-laws, but were refused, and even ignored in their advancements.  
 Mr. Sugrue alluded to the rumors of a police association being unable to organize, when affiliated with the Trades and Labor Congress, and gave facts to show the men could organize, and further that they were not accorded the privilege of going out on strike with other organizations, as they were custodians of the law, and by-laws were in effect, which denied the men this privilege. Further, that other unions themselves could not go out on strike, as they were subject to the dictations of the "mother unions."  
 At the conclusion of his address Mr. Sugrue moved the following resolution, which was afterwards unanimously accepted:  
 "That a committee be appointed from the meeting to wait with the Board of Trade delegation, upon the Mayor, and ask him to authorize a meeting between the council and the respective committees; that an advancement be taken, whereby the present difficulty might reach an amicable settlement at once."  
 It was reported at last evening's meeting that a delegation from the Board of Trade would meet the council on Monday noon and ask for an amicable statement over the present situation. In all probability the committee appointed last evening will confer with the council at the same session.  
 Some minor details of the campaign were arranged, among which was the sheets, which will be presented to citizens today for their approval of a recall, as failing a settlement by the council the recall is the background for settlement. Anyone wishing to sign such sheets, may do so, by calling today at Odd Fellows Hall, Union street, between the hours of two and six in the afternoon; and from seven to ten o'clock this evening.  
 All details are now arranged and the recall will be at once inaugurated should an amicable settlement not be forthcoming from the city council on Monday noon.  
 Another mass meeting of the Trades and Labor organizations, free to the public, will be held in Odd Fellows' Hall on Monday evening, when a report will be given on the success attained at noon hour's session with the council board.  
 of the fact that it cost \$800 per year for ice at the G. P. H. to recommend that a refrigerating plant be installed at an estimated cost of \$4,000.  
 The Board of Health submitted the following statement of the cost of coping with the smallpox situation last fall and asked that the committee increase Vaccination \$9,869.00  
 Guards, provisions, professional services, . . . . . 2,522.89  
 Boarding and nursing patients at Isolation Hospital 1,522.68  
 Credit—Care of naval and military patients, . . . . . 277.87  
 \$13,637.67  
 Bills to be considered . . . . . 472.09  
 \$14,110.76  
 The request was granted.  
 The petition of J. V. McLellan, registrar of deeds and probates for St. John County, to the Provincial Government for an increase of salary, was endorsed by the committee.  
 The action of Warden Girdling in placing a restraint from the parish of Lancaster at River Glade, was endorsed.  
 The committee decided to recommend the financing of part of the cost of operating the Lancaster Ferry until such time as legislation could be secured allowing the parish to do so; the money to be taken out of the highway or any other fund in which there might be a surplus in the parish of Lancaster.  
 The expenses of removing a person of unsound mind from the parish of St. Martins to the Provincial Hospital were endorsed for payment.  
 It was decided to credit Albert Henderson of the parish of Musquash with the amount of taxes claimed by him.  
 The committee recommended that the arbitrators in the expropriation proceedings relating to lands owned by Edward Haney on Richey Street be paid \$30 each.  
**HONOR ROLL**  
 Pte. Harold Fowler.  
 Mrs. Elizabeth Fowler, 138 St. James' street, has received official notification that her son, Pte. Harold Fowler, had been wounded and admitted to hospital on September 18. Further particulars have been cabled for Pte. Fowler crossed over with No. 7

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 Snappy Styles for Now  
 Pretty! Practical! Perfect!

TO MEET YOUR NEED OF DOROTHY DODD SHOES for Social, Business and Outdoor wear, we have lately received some most attractive styles for your approval. Will you see them soon, while the selection is complete?

The new styles of Dorothy Dodd Faultless-Fitting Footwear complete the harmony of color of the well-dressed woman.

"The Home of Reliable Footwear."

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**GAS MANTLES**  
 Our Gas Mantles are of superior make and more desirable than the ordinary mantles.  
 Gas Burners, Globes, etc.  
 Gasoline Mantles, Friction Lighters.  
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 Try Royal Balm of Canadian White Pine. It seldom disappoints. 25 cts. bottle.  
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 COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.  
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 Come in and Let Us Show You  
**HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors**  
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 For Fall and Winter Overcoats and Suitings  
**EDGEcombe & CHAISSON**

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 Engineers and Machinists  
 IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS  
 West St. John. Phone West 15  
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 Send your next repair to us.  
 D. BOYANER,  
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 ARE NOW IN SEASON.  
 Canada Food Board License, No. 9770.  
**SMITH'S FISH MARKET**  
 25 Sydney Street. Phone M. 1704

### SENDING NEWS TO AMERICANS BY BALLOONS

#### Germans Waste Time and Effort in Foolish Plan To Break Allied Morale.

(By Wilbur Forrest.)  
Special cable to the N. Y. Tribune and the St. John Standard.  
(Copyright, 1918, New York Tribune Inc.)

With the American Army in Lorraine, Sept. 27.—The Germans are sending large numbers of small balloons over the American lines, carrying newspapers printed in English and captioned, "America in Europe." Many floated over today with well drawn cartoons, the first page showing John Bull "feeding" money to his little friends.

The friends, black crows with white wings, are taking money from John's right hand, while his left is reaching into a huge money bag. One of the crows portrayed The New York Tribune. Others are the "Echo de Paris," the London "Daily Mail," the "Contra d'Europa," of Rome; the "Freie Zeitung," of Switzerland; the Reuter and Havas news agencies and "The New York Times."

The newspaper quoted from "The New York Times," however, at great length a Washington despatch against government control of telegraph, telephone, wireless and cable messages. Among other things printed were pictures of two American officers who are prisoners of war and the names of fifty of Germany's latest American prisoners, with numbers of their regiments and home addresses.

Another item says that during the war the Allies have lost 5,915 aeroplanes and 450 sausage balloons, against Germany's loss of 1,927 aeroplanes and 163 balloons. Another says that the Allied navy has lost 25 battleships, 26 battlecruisers, 43 torpedo boats, 187 submarines and 76 auxiliary cruisers during the four years of the war, or a greater number of craft than Germany's entire navy possessed before the war. The U-boats are given credit for most of these sinkings.

Another item announces that the American Embassy at Bern has stopped issuing passports to Americans in Switzerland and is refusing to extend those expired, adding: "Everything points to the fact that Wilson contemplates exchanging Switzerland into the war."

Under the caption "News From America," the newspaper says: "Let us preserve democracy here while Exhibiting for its abroad." Under the above heading, "The San Francisco Examiner printed a remarkable editorial. The article is very much to the point and at the same time written in a thoroughly dignified style. It should be made known to every American soldier fighting in mud in the 'French trenches.'"

The Examiner's article thereafter was printed in full.

The American officers are making no effort to keep these aerial newspapers from the doughboys. They obviously have been written by some one in Germany who knows Americans and is cleverly edited, but the least educated doughboy would know their object immediately.

"America in Europe" brazenly announces under its headline that it is a paper published in the "interest of the good fellowship of all the nations," and asks that all communications be addressed to the America in Europe Company, Frankfurt-Main, Germany. Postoffice Box 55.

**JEMSEG**  
Jemseg, Sept. 27.—The saw mill is starting work again. It has been closed down for the summer.

Mr. D. Ham of Narrows, is here now working in mill and boarding with Mrs. C. G. Colwell.

Mr. Edwin Cowan of St. John, is spending a few days at Mrs. J. R. Lykeman's.

Miss Susie Colwell of St. John, is visiting her father, Mr. G. Colwell, at Ashley Estabrook's motor home on Upper Gagetown on Tuesday.

Rev. and Mrs. A. W. Brown left on Tuesday for Maryville, to attend the association.

Mrs. C. D. Dykeman has returned home after visiting friends in St. John.

Mrs. Herman Dykeman and family have been visiting friends in St. John. A number of the young people motored to Lower Jemseg to a patriotic supper in the hall. Among those who went were Misses Nellie Clark, Nellie Rankine, Jennie Currie, Mabel Currie and Mr. Claude Simms, Vernon McLean, Burpee Colwell, Hugh McAlpina and Frank Reardon; all had a very enjoyable time amid the heavy rain.

Mrs. Charity Gunter has returned home after spending a few days with relatives in St. John.

Miss Marion Wasson is visiting friends in St. John.

Every 10c Packet of **WILSON'S FLY PADS** WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN \$87 WORTH OF ANY STICKY LIP CATCHER.  
Clean to handle. Sold by all Drug-gists, Grocers and General Stores.

### War Nights in London

#### New Lights and Scenes the Result of the War

About ten o'clock one Sunday night in August, I found myself on Waterloo Bridge crossing the Thames. There was a bright moon and a myriad of stars. London at night seen from one of the great bridges has always had a fascination for contemplative minds—the uncanny barges on the moving flood of black water, the shadow of Westminster and the dome of St. Paul's. War-time provides a new fascination. The ribbon of lights along the embankment is missing and the glow from the brilliant streets has disappeared. But the heavens are now cut into segments by great shafts of light that have their beginnings at every point of the compass, and move backwards and forwards, sometimes hesitatingly, sometimes rapidly. They search every cloud.

I had ridden on the tops of omnibuses many nights so that I might gaze at those shafts of light and experience those sensations which have become London's new comedy. They are in the sky and tragedy in the moonlight. Why such anxiety over that particular cloud? Why are so many lights saying "no" to it? Does it conceal an enemy bombing machine? Have the watchers seen something suspicious in it? Is there any likelihood of a bomb dropping from that "little cloud"? Would such a bomb strike just where we are? If it turns out to be an air raid shall we dodge into one of the many underground shelters whose signs have so frequently caught our eye in our daily travels?

The shafts of light were there long ago. I had seen them nightly and come to know them as a part of the wonderful system of defence around London against Hun air raids. But tonight on this bridge there is a difference. All those shafts, may be 50 or 100, are concentrated on a spot in the centre of the sky dome. All are moving slowly in the same direction. What is there in that spot where all those shafts of light meet and cross? After searching three little stars at that point to be moving also. The mystery is solved. It is an airplane—a friend by airplane, because any enemy would be afraid to show lights. Its passage from one side of the dome of light to the other seems slow, yet it must be travelling at a great rate. And the shafts of light radiating from a line that completely encircles the great city follow it to the very last. How patently in comparison seen all those electric displays previously seen at great international exhibitions. What extraordinary scenes this war has provided!

**Precaution Against Raids.**

There was no air raid in London during the two months I was in England, but Londoners do not brag about the absence of the Boche airplanes. There have not been any air raids since Whitsunday, but—touch wood, is the kind of comment received if one touches the subject. On the Whitsunday night ten Hun planes were brought down, and either because the German higher command decided it was too costly, or because the wings are needed more at the front, the visit has not been repeated.

There is in London a great deal of evidence of precaution against air raids but unless one goes deliberately and systematically in search of it, very little to show that the city has suffered in the past. I did see in the suburbs rows of dwellings that had been destroyed. Signs—"Shelter During Air Raids" are frequent. Every underground station is such a shelter, and the crypt of St. Paul's and the basements of many other churches and buildings. In some of the theatres and offices there are announcements that certain portions of the buildings are comparatively safe from bombs, and on the other hand, one comes across placards, particularly in restaurants and such resorts, that they offer no protection and that the building would collapse if struck. The important statues and many of the historic buildings are defended by means of sand bags. The presses of the London Times are partly under the famous "Times Square" and this is piled also with sand bags.

**A Dreary Place After Dark.**

London after dark is a dreary place indeed. Under the Defence of the Realm Act, it is a criminal offence to show a light from any window after a certain stipulated hour. There are double blinds on the windows of the hotels and the bedrooms get very stuffy, especially on warm nights. One hurries into bed so that the window may be opened for air. In the daytime there are no lights in the shop windows and the only street light is supplied by small incandescent lamps, the rays of which are painted black. Pedestrians are merely walking shadows. No public gathering may be continued later than 10.30, and the restaurants are closed an hour earlier than that. The theatres open at 7.45. It is a weird sight when they disgorge their crowds. Taxis that have not been engaged early in the evening are unobtainable. Everybody walks to station or to hotel. Even he who ordinarily knows his London well has to puzzle out directions in the darkness and trust to luck that he will wind up near his destination. For everything looks so different in the shadows. The Strand, Haymarket, and Piccadilly in peace days were congested with vehicular traffic at theatre-closing time. Now, these great thoroughfares are practically deserted by such traffic. Instead, people walk in the roadways. Does one disembark at the tube station on the Thames embankment and desire to reach the Strand the way he should through the narrowest streets lit by small incandescent 200 yards apart. The experience reminds one of landing on a cloudy night in some small Canadian town whose street lighting is economically operated on moonlight schedule. How is it, one wonders, that there is not more crime with such inviting places for hold-ups as these London lanes plunged in darkness? Yes, London is a dreary place after dark and the streets are abandoned at an hour that in former days would have been regarded as early.

But even in the day time the

### EVIDENCE OF GERMAN FEAR OF THE TANKS

#### Captured Document Shows That Hun Troops Were Disorganized When "Land-Cruisers" Appeared.

With the American Army on the Lorraine Front, Sept. 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—A tribute to the effectiveness of the tanks is contained in a German document found in the captured territory north of St. Mihiel. It referred apparently to the defeat by the British when they advanced on the Hindenburg line before Cambrai. The document says: "The defeat of the second army, according to the report of officers sent to general headquarters to the combat zone, may be imputed to the following reasons: "First, that the troops allowed themselves to be surprised by an attack of tanks en masse, and, in particular, they lost all cohesion when they were suddenly confronted by tanks coming from behind them; second that in the advance combat zone, as well as in the villages in sectors in the rear, there existed an indefinite position or organization."

At first it is strange to see women driving motor buses and collecting fares, but tonight on this bridge there is a difference. All those shafts, may be 50 or 100, are concentrated on a spot in the centre of the sky dome. All are moving slowly in the same direction. What is there in that spot where all those shafts of light meet and cross? After searching three little stars at that point to be moving also. The mystery is solved. It is an airplane—a friend by airplane, because any enemy would be afraid to show lights. Its passage from one side of the dome of light to the other seems slow, yet it must be travelling at a great rate. And the shafts of light radiating from a line that completely encircles the great city follow it to the very last. How patently in comparison seen all those electric displays previously seen at great international exhibitions. What extraordinary scenes this war has provided!

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**Zin SHOE POLISHES**  
KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT  
LIQUIDS AND PASTES, FOR BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES. PRESERVE THE LEATHER.

car, haul my heavy trunks onto the platform, go in search of a truck, wheel it a quarter of a mile, hoist on the baggage, push it another quarter mile, and then hunt for half an hour for a cab. Everybody was doing it so I tried not to mind; but I decided that a truck was also a superfluity and thereafter travelled light.

As a matter of fact, one learns to travel as little as possible in England these days. We used to point to London as a place where there was no overcrowding of public conveyances; today it is a shining example of that misery. Every bus, every tramcar, every train is packed to the doors as a general rule—and nobody kicks or "writes to the Times." The Englishman who stood on his rights has apparently learned to forget that he ever had any rights—he has thrown them into the discard to help on the war. Most of them have done it voluntarily, the rest fear the jeers of their fellows.

The discomfort of travel is nearly equalled by the discomfort of most of the hotels. Shortage of labor has made the life of the hotel manager miserable. London hotelkeepers that formerly were noted for their efficient service are today splendid examples of inefficiency—but nobody minds. It's all in the game, all part of the war.

**Vanity of Riches.**

"Now that you have made your pile I suppose you are happy?"  
"No, I ain't. My wife won't let me go where I want, my daughter won't let me talk as I want and my doctor won't let me eat what I want. What's the use?"

seem strange until one gets used to it. One receives something of a shock at a railway station when one's lousy baggage is picked up by a truck and wheeled to a cab. One wants to help and one does. But still more of a shock did I get when I arrived one day at a London station to find nobody, male or female, to help locate and remove my baggage from the train. It meant that I had to dive into a baggage

**Fawcett**  
**NEW CHAMPION RANGE**  
A GREAT BAKER  
Fawcett Ranges are the handsomest, most economical, durable, and satisfactory, as well as the best bakers.  
Send for our booklet explaining why. It contains facts about ranges that you, as a housekeeper, ought to know.  
**CHARLES FAWCETT LIMITED**  
SACKVILLE · N · B · CANADA  
Philip Grannan, Dealer, St. John, N. B.



## Penmans Hosiery

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

In wealth of color and excellence of texture Penmans Hosiery stands aloof and alone. It has that smart "todayish" look, fits faultlessly and keeps its stylish appearance.

Penmans, Limited  
Paris

**Maxwell Ability Emphasized by Champions**  
The ability of the Maxwell to take most any kind of road without apparent effort is the direct result of selecting equipment of the same high standard as the car itself.

## Champion Dependable Spark Plugs

Champion "Minute" Spark Plug Cleaner  
Every motorist should have one. Cleans a set of plugs perfectly in a few minutes without taking them apart or wetting your hands dirty. All you have to do is hold the tube with pliers, screw in the plug and shake for a minute.  
Sole in N.B. \$1.50

were developed for and are factory equipment on all Maxwell cars—this is the strongest possible proof that your replacements should be Champions.  
The patented compression-proof asbestos lined copper gaskets, on both shoulders, protect the porcelain against cylinder shock and temperature changes, guaranteeing long life and satisfaction.  
Insist on the name "CHAMPION" on each porcelain. It guarantees "Absolute satisfaction to the user or free repair or replacement will be made."  
Dealers everywhere sell Champions that are, particularly adapted to your motor.

**Champion Spark Plug Co.**  
of Canada, Limited  
Windsor, Ont.

Success  
Ex  
Special in The Standard  
Newcastle, Sept. 27.  
Most successful agricul-  
tural exhibitions ever held in  
held yesterday afternoon  
the agricultural exhibi-  
Chatham and Dougl-  
united for their annual  
the Chatham Home A-  
the Chatham Boys' and  
Club, and the Chatha-  
Girln' Pig Club all a-  
Sibbings, while the cl-  
ham and vicinity had  
Gardens exhibit. All i-  
grand successes, their  
unusually value being  
order.  
Various games and  
were provided for the  
and tea was served in  
and evening from five  
ladies of the Chatham  
large amount of money  
Principles, Harrison an-  
eta of Chatham, and P-  
of Donolouston.  
James Bremner, Jr.,  
and Mrs. V. J. Mac-  
the agricultural dep-  
present, and gave valu-  
to the local promoters  
were:  
School exhibits of  
James Bremner, Jr., a-  
father.  
School Domestic Sci-  
B. Snowball and Mrs. V.  
School Writing and  
see Victoria Wright  
Lynch.  
Home Efficiency Exhibi-  
Jorie Flawelling  
Poultry and Pig Club  
E. B. Tait.  
War Gardens Exhibits  
and W. Collier.  
The prizes for Effici-  
the girls of Home Edu-  
all of whom were under  
were awarded as fol-  
1. School No. 1, by Mrs.  
lection of canned food-  
ner: 2, Helen Walls;  
Walker.  
Exhibit No. 2, best of  
table—1, Marion Gray;  
2, School No. 1, by Mrs.  
McEwen and Dawson C-  
big winners. The prizes  
were:  
Class 1, best cooking  
Ewen 1, Geo. Crobble  
Curry 3, Lyman MacDon-  
Class 2, best pullet—1,  
1, Dawson Curry 2, Mar-  
3, Newcastle, 4, Colleen  
Class 3, best pairs with  
1 and 2 not compe-  
Curry 1, Hazel Kitch-  
Walls 3, Colin Shea 4,  
Class 4, best display  
Ewen 1, Robt. Walls 2,  
3, Margaret Stables 4.  
Class 5, best dozen 1,  
Hazel McEwen 1, Geo-  
Class 6, best display  
George Crobble 1, Hazel  
Class 7, speaking out  
members of club—Mar-  
Newcastle, 1, Johna Tre-  
Miller 3, Hazel McEwen  
Pig Club.  
There were seven en-  
bred Yorkshire sows, sh-  
boys and girls are min-  
est in this branch of in-  
The prizes were aw-  
lows—Lancelot Dickson  
Godfrey 2, Hazel McE-  
McDonald 4, Clarence S-  
ney Bremner 6, Stuart  
School Fair.  
In the union Chatham  
school there were  
200 entries.  
The prize list was as  
Potatoes, best 12-1,  
erion; 2, Hector MacDon-  
Smith; 4, Walter Kitch-  
Potatoes, best hill-1,  
Donald; 2, Bennie Burk-  
Kitchin; 4, Gordon Pini-  
Turnips, Swede, feed-  
Atkinson; 1, Johna Tre-  
gusville Bell; 4, Harris E-  
Turnips, Swede, table-  
McDonald; 3, Ethel M-  
Nina; 4, Leonard; 4, Ber-  
Tomatoes, 3 ripe—1, V-  
Tomatoes, 6 green—  
Stead; 2, Willie McNaug-  
Barnes; 4, Sadys Watte-  
Onions, 6 from seed—1,  
len; 2, Viral Oleskovic;  
Vantour; 4, Willie Smi-  
Onions, 6 from seed—1,  
Donald; 2, Elizabeth Ste-  
Smith; 4, Jennie Simpson  
Squash—1, Jennie Simp-  
Carrots, best six—1, G-  
erion; 2, Edna Bell; 3,  
Bell; 4, Harris Bell;  
Pumpkin—1, Johna  
LoBERT; 2, Gordon P-  
4, Vera Oleskovic,  
Cucumbers—1, Gordon  
Vini Oleskovic,  
Beets—1, Willie McNa-  
Bell; 4, Jack McCosh.  
Cabbage—1, LoBERT Pa-  
alle Perkins; 3, James  
Derohy MacLaughlin,  
Beets, 1 plant shelled  
Sprout; 2, Violet Craft; 3,  
4, Mable Trevors.  
Beans, 3 plants bearing  
Harris Bell; 2, Idya Jardi-  
Sprout; 3, ordan Pinker-  
Carn, 6 ears—1, Gordon  
2, Marion Marvon; 3, Nina  
4, Dorothy King.  
Home Plot (Chatham)  
Smith; 2, Hector McDon-  
Reel Pallen; 4, Frances  
School Garden Plots (C-



### Successful Agricultural Exhibition in Chatham

Special to The Standard.  
 Newmarket, Sept. 27.—One of the most successful agricultural exhibitions ever held in this county was held yesterday afternoon and evening in the agricultural hall, Chatham.

Chatham and Douglastown schools united for their annual school fair, and the Chatham Home Efficiency Club, the Chatham Boys' and Girls' Poultry Club, and the Chatham Boys' and Girls' Pig Club all had separate exhibitions, while the citizens of Chatham and vicinity had a Grand War Gardens exhibit. All the shows were grand successes, their actual and educational value being of a very high order.

Various games and amusements were provided for the young people, and tea was served in the afternoon and evening from five till eight by the ladies of the Chatham Red Cross, a large amount of money being taken in by that enterprising society.

R. P. Steeves, director of elementary agricultural education, directed the school fair, assisted by Miss Steeves, Principal Harrison and other teachers of Chatham, and Principal Stuart of Douglastown.

James Bremner, Jr., W. E. B. Tait, and Miss Marjorie Flewelling, of the agricultural department, were present, and gave valuable assistance to the local promoters. The judges were:

School exhibits of vegetables—James Bremner, Jr., and George E. Fisher.

School Domestic Science—Mrs. W. B. Snowball and Mrs. W. L. Hogan.

School Writing and Drawing—Misses Victoria Wright and Ida C. Lynch.

Home Efficiency Exhibit—Miss Marjorie Flewelling.

Poultry and Pig Clubs Exhibit—W. E. B. Tait.

War Gardens Exhibit—E. Perkins and W. Collier.

Home Efficiency.  
 The prizes for canned food done by the girls of Home Efficiency Clubs, all of whom were under 18 years of age, were awarded as follows:

Exhibit No. 1, largest and best collection of canned foods—1, Lea Bremner; 2, Helen Walls; 3, Frances Walker.

Exhibit No. 2, best of canned vegetables—1, Marion Gray; 2, Rosalie Perkins; 3, Margaret Cassidy; and Dorothy Malby.

Exhibit No. 3, best of canned fruits—1, Jean Sprout; 2, Edna Bell; 3, Marion Marvin and Mary McLaughlin.

Exhibit No. 4, canned fish—1, Edna Bell; 2, Jean Sprout; 3, Margaret Cassidy.

Exhibit No. 5, food preserved by other methods—1, Mary McLaughlin; 2, Helen Walls; 3, Kathleen MacHardy.

Poultry Club.  
 There was a first class show of fifty Barred Plymouth Rocks from supplied to members by the Department of Agriculture, over 350 birds being shown by the club. Hazel McEwen and Dawson Curry were the big winners. The prizes were as follows:

Class 1, best cockerel—Hazel McEwen; 1, Geo. Croble; 2, Dawson Curry; 3, Lyman Macdonald.

Class 2, best pullet—Hazel McEwen; 1, Dawson Curry; 2, Margaret Stables; 3, Newcastle; Colin Shea.

Class 3, best pairs winners, classes 1 and 2 not competing—Dawson Curry; 1, Hazel McEwen; 2, Robt. Walls; 3, Colin Shea.

Class 4, best display—Hazel McEwen; 1, Robt. Walls; 2, Dawson Curry; 3, Margaret Stables.

Class 5, best dozen brown eggs—Hazel McEwen; 1, George Croble; 2, Class 6, best dozen white eggs—George Croble; 1, Hazel McEwen; 2, Class 7, speaking contest between members of club—Margaret Stables (Newcastle); 1, Mona Glezie; 2, Norman Miller; 3, Hazel McEwen.

Pig Club.  
 There were seven entries of pure bred Yorkshire sows, showing that the boys and girls are taking great interest in this branch of industry.

The prizes were awarded as follows—Lancelot Dickson; 1, Willard Godfrey; 2, Hazel McEwen; 3, Lyman Macdonald; 4, Clarence Searle; 5, Stanley Bremner; 6, Stuart Fenton; 7, School Fair.

In the union Chatham-Douglastown school fair there were upwards of 200 entries.

The prize list was as follows—Potatoes, best 12—1, Gordon Pinkerton; 2, Hector Macdonald; 3, Jean Smith; 4, Walter Kitchen.

Potatoes, best hill—1, Hector Macdonald; 2, Bessie Burke; 3, Walter Kitchen; 4, Gordon Pinkerton.

Turnips, Swede, feeding—1, Esie Anderson; 2, Johnnie Trevors; 3, Marguerite Bell; 4, Harris Bell.

Turnips, Swede, table—1, Douglas Macdonald; 2, Ethel McLennan; 3, Nina McLennan; 4, Bertha Christie.

Tomatoes, 6 ripe—1, Willis Smith; 2, Tomatoes, 6 green—1, Elizabeth Stead; 2, Willie McNaught; 3, Annie Barnes; 4, Sadys Watterson.

Onions, 6 from seed—1, Lebert Pallen; 2, Viral Olskevics; 3, Yvonne Vantour; 4, Willie Smith.

Onions, 6 from seed—1, Allie McDonald; 2, Elizabeth Stead; 3, Willie Smith; 4, Jennie Simpson.

Squash—1, Jennie Simpson.

Carrots, best six—1, Gordon Pinkerton; 2, Edna Bell; 3, Marguerite Bell; 4, Harris Bell.

Pumpkin—1, Johnnie Trevors; 2, Lebert Pallen; 3, Gordon Creighton; 4, Vera Olskevics.

Cucumbers—1, Gordon Pinkerton; 2, Vera Olskevics.

Beets—1, Willie McNaught; 2, Edna Bell; 3, Jack McCosh.

Cabbage—1, Lebert Pallen; 2, Rosalie Perkins; 3, James Gammon; 4, Dorothy MacLaughlin.

Beans, 1 pint shelled—1, Harry Sprout; 2, Violet Craft; 3, Edna Bell; 4, Mable Trevors.

Beans, 3 plants bearing fruit—1, Harris Bell; 2, Indya Jardine; 3, Harry Sprout; 4, Gordon Pinkerton.

Corn, 6 ears—1, Gordon Pinkerton; 2, Marion Marvin; 3, Nina McLennan; 4, Dorothy King.

Home Plot (Chatham)—1, Willie Smith; 2, Hector Macdonald; 3, Lebert Pallen; 4, Frances Searle.

School Garden Plots (Chatham)—1,

Gladys Jardine; 2, Clarence Macdonald; 3, Alex Brown.

Plain sewing by girls under 14—1, Sarah Greenberg; 2, Harriet Johnston; 3, Bertha Hoffman; 4, Laurine Walker.

Plain sewing by girls from 14 to 18—1, Jennie Simpson; 2, Marion Marvin; 3, Jessie Fleger; 4, Mabel Trevors.

Loaf of bread by girls under 14—1, Gertrude Curt; 2, Dorothy King; 3, Wenonah Shields; 4, Gladys Sleeth.

Loaf of bread by girls 14 to 18—1, Rosalie Perkins; 2, Mary Boyle; 3, Marguerite Bell; 4, Florence Jardine.

Collection of Domestic Science and Home Efficiency Work—1, Vorne Stewart; 2, Mary Boyle; 3, Blanche England.

Canned vegetables grown by exhibitor, 1 jar—1, Lea Bremner; 2, Anne Young; 3, Lea Bremner; 4, Mildred Wood.

Canned fruit, 1 jar—1, Marion Gray; 2, McL. Connors; 3, Marion Marvin; 4, Lillian King.

Drawing of Plant—1, Isabel Forrest; 2, Albert Fleger; 3, Yvni Olskevics; 4, Llewellyn Groat.

Drawing of local insect from life—1, Ellen Fleger; 2, Jessie Fleger; 3, Gertrude Cassidy; 4, Florence Jardine.

Writing—1, Florence Fleger; 2, Frances MacEwen; 3, Eldon Anderson.

Collection of weeds—1, Zena Burdige; 2, Edrie Abbott; 3, Jessie Fleger; 4, Sadys Watterson.

Pair Barred Plymouth Rocks—1, Miriam Hall; 2, Frances Martin; 3, Jack Rubenstein; 4, Marguerite Bell.

Cockerel—1, Rhoda Lockhart; 2, Ida Macdonald; 3, Frances Leggett; 4, Edna Bell.

Pullet—1, Miriam Hall; 2, Gladys Hendry; 3, Alice Hannah; 4, George Gillespie.

Greatest number of chickens with quality—1, George Gillespie; 2, Frances Leggett; 3, Alexander Brown; 4, Hazel Walker.

The prizes for compositions to Chatham pupils and for school garden and home plots to Douglastown pupils are to be awarded. The total prize list was about \$400, which the Department of Agriculture paid 40 per cent, and Chatham and Douglastown school boards the rest.

The War Gardens Prize List was as follows:

Best collection canned vegetables—Mrs. J. J. Pinkerton; 1, J. Harris Pallen; 2, LeB. Finley; 3, Mrs. J. J. Pinkerton.

Best collection canned or preserved fruit—Mrs. J. Harris Pallen; 1, Mrs. R. S. Curt; 2, Mrs. J. J. Pinkerton; 3, Mrs. J. J. Pinkerton.

Best collection homemade pickles—Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 2, Mrs. J. Harris Pallen; 3, Mrs. V. A. Danville; 1, Mary and Everett Connors.

Beets—Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 1, Isaac Copping; 2, H. W. Craft; 3, Geoffrey Stead; 4, John Irvine.

Beans, 1 pint shelled—John Irvine; 1, G. G. Harrison; 2, Mary L. McLaughlin; 3, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton.

Beans, 3 stalks with pods—Harry McIntosh; 1, Frances Leggett; 2, H. W. Craft; 3, Geoffrey Stead.

Carrots—Isaac Copping; 1, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 2, May McLachlan; 3, Adeline Duplessis.

White cabbage—Joseph P. Wood; 1, W. R. Smith; 2, Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 3, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 4, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton.

Red cabbage—Joseph P. Wood; 1, Corn—Harry Loggie; 1, Stephen Gauchey; 2, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 3, J. P. Wood.

Late cucumbers—Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 1, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 2, Mrs. A. C. Woods; 3, Joseph P. Wood.

Field Pumpkins—John Reid; 1, Frances Cammell; 2, LeB. Finley; 3, Mrs. H. G. McEwen.

Onions from sets—Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 1, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 2, Mary Connors; 3, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 2, John Irvine; 3, Wm. Lockhart, Sr.

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Irish Cabbler Potatoes—M. F. Haley; 1, John Irvine; 2, Eva Hicks; 3, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton.

Early Rose Potatoes—M. F. Haley; 1, A. C. Woods; 2, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 3, Joseph P. Wood.

Other varieties of potatoes—Mrs. C. J. Sprout; 1, W. R. Smith; 2, Joseph P. Wood; 3, Mrs. A. C. Woods.

Green Mountain or Delaware Potatoes—Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 1, Harry Nealy; 2, Harry McIntosh; 3, Geoffrey Stead.

Paranips—John Irvine; 1, W. B. Snowball; 2, Geoffrey Stead; 3, Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 4, Eva Hicks; 5, W. R. Smith; 1, Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 2, Mrs. Stanley Fleger.

Early Squash—Harry Loggie; 1, Rev. J. J. Pinkerton; 2, Late Squash—Eva Hicks; 1, Stephen Gauchey; 2, Geoffrey Stead; 3, Joseph P. Wood.

Swede turnips—Isaac Copping; 1, Mrs. Stanley Fleger; 2, Mrs. Clem Brevel; 3, Robbie Snowball.

Ripe tomatoes—Eva Hicks; 1, Mrs. V. A. Danville; 2, Joseph P. Wood; 3, Geoffrey Stead.

Green tomatoes—Geoffrey Stead; 1, Eva Hicks; 2, John Irvine; 3, E. B. Gillespie.

Best collection vegetables—Geoffrey Stead; 1, Harry Loggie; 2, Alex Brown; 3, Best pullet—D. P. MacLachlan; 1 and 2, Gertrude Curt; 3, Hazen Lobban.

Best pen of 3 pullets and 1 cockerel—W. B. Snowball; 1, Joseph P. Wood; 2, Walter Kitchen; 3, Mrs. Daniel McLean.

St. Michael's Band rendered excellent music during the afternoon and evening.

At the close of the day's entertainment the ladies of Chatham gave a dance, proceeds for patriotic purposes.

### BERLIN PAPER IS OUTSPOKEN ABOUT THE FOOD SHORTAGE

#### Adulteration of Food in Germany Reaches Point of "Swinish Substitution."

Amsterdam, Sept. 27.—Correspondence of Associated Press—"It may truly be said that the people are being given stones for bread," the Berlin Vorwarts says in commenting on a food adulteration statement issued by Director Roehrig of the Municipal Analytical Bureau of Leipzig.

Director Roehrig asserted that samples he examined of prepared meats contained "the most loathsome slaughter-house offal," and that chalk, plaster, alum, soda, sawdust, and plain common clay are in great demand and fetch unprecedented prices because they are used extensively for purposes of adulteration.

"Eratz Schwelnerel," which translated means "Swinish substitution" was the heading on the Vorwarts article.

London, Sept. 27.—Correspondence of The Associated Press—"Drunkenness and deaths from alcoholism in the United Kingdom show a decline ranging from 45 to 80 per cent, since the war regulations against drinking were instituted by the government three years ago, according to Lord D'Abernon, chairman of the Liquor Control Board.

Abolition of the custom of "treating" and drinking on an empty stomach and the virtual extinction of the saloon loafer, were the main factors contributing to the growing tendency to national temperance, Lord D'Abernon told The Associated Press.

"The lines on which we have proceeded," he continued, "are to a large extent novel and they have succeeded beyond expectation. Nor is there any evidence of growth of the drug habit, which is usually one of the consequences of too drastic interference with facilities for obtaining liquor."

"This happy absence of undesirable features I attribute to the fact that, while facilities have been greatly curtailed—the liquor shops being open 5 to 12 hours daily compared with 18 or 19 hours before the war—our arrangement of two periods, one at mid-

### GROWTH OF TEMPERANCE IN GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

#### Decline of From Sixty-Five To Eighty Per Cent. in Drunkenness and Deaths from Alcoholism in Past Three Years.

day and the other in the evening, has been found sufficient by those who desire reasonable refreshment and nothing more, and those are of course the vast majority of drinkers. We are not out to interfere with them. It is the loafer and soaker, who would drink if he could from dawn to dusk, who interferes with national efficiency and whom we are out to stop. I think we have succeeded in that."

Drinking on an empty stomach, he remarked, was one cause of intoxication which the hours fixed for the sale of liquor tend to check. Those hours are from noon to 2.30 and from 6.30 to 9.30 in the evenings. Most drinks consequently are taken with meals.

On charts illustrating the temperance advance in England and Wales, Lord D'Abernon traced the decline of illis incident to alcoholism. "The delirium tremens and alcohol mortality figures," he said, "are of special importance as showing that there cannot have been any diversion of excessive drinking from the public house to the home.

He thought that the abolition of treating had also contributed largely to the gain in temperance."

**Your Fall Top Coat**

ought to be "Cravenette" Regd. Proofed, because it will give you just twice the service of an ordinary Overcoat or Raincoat. Being Showerproof, you can wear it in foul weather, as well as fall. Showerproofed by the wonderful "Cravenette" Regd. process, which assures protection against showers, and insures the coat holding its smart shape and color in spite of rain and dampness. You can get "Cravenette" Regd. Proofed Coats ready to put on, or your tailor can get "Cravenette" Regd. Proofed cloth by the yard and make your Top Coat to measure.

**Cravenette** REGD.

Look for the Trade Mark on every garment and yard of cloth. If a dealer cannot supply the genuine "Cravenette" Regd. Proofed, write us.

**THE CRAVENETTE CO. Limited**  
 P. O. BOX 1924, MONTREAL.

**Old Dutch**

Makes scrubbing quick and easy. Don't wear out your back and your temper. Just let Old Dutch clean your

Tile, Oil Cloth, Linoleum, Wood Floors

**FLAVOR-FULL**

Undoubtedly there are degrees of flavor. Take Fruit for instance—you select an orange, and on eating it you find it to be flavory, certainly, but sharp—acid—choose another, a riper more matured fruit, and it is luscious, the flavor is mellowed and rounded—it is FLAVOR-FULL. Nature made a better job of the second orange. Exactly the same is true of Tea. Nature is not equally kind to all. It requires expert knowledge and continual care to select and combine FLAVOR-FULL Teas to produce the delicious cup obtained from KING COLE Orange Pekoe. If you love your cup of Tea, unusual pleasure awaits you in KING COLE Orange Pekoe.

Ask your Grocer for it by the full name—**King Cole Orange Pekoe**  
 The Extra in Choice Tea  
 Sold in Sealed Packages Only.

Published under the authority of the Minister of Finance of Canada

**Kitchener was right**

when he said—

*"Either the Civilian population must go short of many things to which it is accustomed in times of peace or our armies must go short of munitions and other things indispensable to them."*

**NOW**, the only way we can possibly live up to that obligation is by going without in order that our soldiers may have. For the money we waste is not money at all—it is equipment, clothing, shot and shell that are urgently needed in France.

By denying ourselves, therefore, we enable Canada to procure to the fullest extent the materials and labor which she and our Allies need for the successful prosecution of the war.

What happens when we fail to save?  
 A pull on labor by the Government in one direction and a pull on labor by the people in the opposite direction. Hundreds of millions of dollars are of no use to the country if goods and services can be secured only to the extent of eighty millions of dollars. So we must do everything in our power to release both goods and labor for the purposes for which Canada needs them.

**WHETHER** it be food, coal, wool, steel, leather, labor or transportation, the result in all cases is the same. Whoever competes with the nation by freely satisfying his own desires, selfishly appropriates to his own use that which is so urgently required for our fighting men in France.

*For the sake of your country and the boys "over there," spend cautiously. Think of what Lord Kitchener has said, and ask yourself first, "Is this something I really need or can I do without it?"*

**W RANGE**

most economical, as the best bakers.

It contains facts you ought to know.

**LIMITED CANADA**

St. John, N. B.

**ns**

Maxwell Cars

repaper gaskets, under shock and insulation, porcelain. It free repair or

**HAMP**

repaper gaskets, under shock and insulation, porcelain. It free repair or

Government Municipal and Corporation Bonds Bought and Sold... Eastern Securities Co. Ltd. Halifax, N. S.

MONTREAL SALES. (McDougall and Cowans.) Montreal, Friday, Sept. 27—Morning. Steamships Com.—10 @ 45 1/2, 35 @ 45, 15 @ 47 1/2.

N. Y. QUOTATIONS. (McDougall and Cowans.) Open. High. Low. Close. Am Car Py. 88 1/2 88 1/2 87 3/4 88 1/2.

MONTREAL PRODUCE. (McDougall and Cowans.) Montreal, Sept. 27.—OATS—Canadian Western, No. 5 @ 99, Extra No. 1 feed 97 1/2 @ 98.

COTTON MARKET. (McDougall and Cowans.) High. Low. Close. Oct. 148 142 142 1/2.

WALL ST. MARKET BROAD AND ACTIVE. Best Day Since Last Week's Period of Liquidation—Bulgarian Peace Offer Helped.

THE CHANGES ON C.G.R. LINES. Time changes effective on September 29th on Canadian Government Railway Lines.

AMERICAN'S GOOD WORK. On the extreme right American detachments captured a series of trenches and fortified farms.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY. BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICE. Wholesale and Retail.

COAL. BEST QUALITY REASONABLE PRICE. Wholesale and Retail. R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD.

HAIIG'S REPORT TELLS OF FRESH SUCCESSES ON WESTERN FRONT

London, Sept. 27.—Americans operating on the extreme right of the British this morning captured a series of trenches and fortified farms.

HAMPTON. Hampton, Sept. 26.—Mr. and Mrs. William Langstroth left on Monday for a trip to New York and other American cities.

MINARD'S LINIMENT. Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France. To Mrs. R. D. BAMBURCK.

MINARD'S LINIMENT. Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France. To Mrs. R. D. BAMBURCK.

MINARD'S LINIMENT. Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France. To Mrs. R. D. BAMBURCK.

SHOWED STRENGTH IN THE AFTERNOON

Wall Street Gains Most Pronounced in Specialties—U. S. Steel Up. (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

CANADIAN FINANCIAL CHANGE OF TIME. Attention is called to the advertisement of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

McDOUGALL & COWANS. Member Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B.

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WAR NEWS AFFECTED PRICES OF COTTON

Bulgarians' Reported Desire For Peace, Coupled With Unfavorable Weather, Stimulated Demand. (McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

WAR NEWS AFFECTED PRICES OF COTTON. Bulgarians' Reported Desire For Peace, Coupled With Unfavorable Weather, Stimulated Demand.

WAR NEWS AFFECTED PRICES OF COTTON. Bulgarians' Reported Desire For Peace, Coupled With Unfavorable Weather, Stimulated Demand.

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WAR NEWS AFFECTED PRICES OF COTTON. Bulgarians' Reported Desire For Peace, Coupled With Unfavorable Weather, Stimulated Demand.

CANADIAN PACIFIC PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE FROM ST. JOHN Effective Sept. 25.

CUNARD ANCHOR ANCHOR-DONALDSON. Passenger and Cargo Services. MONTREAL, HALIFAX, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

Stmr. Champlain. On and after Tuesday, Sept. 27, Stmr. Champlain will leave St. John.

The Maritime Steamship Co. Limited. TIME TABLE. On and after June 1st, 1918, a steamer of this company leaves St. John.

McDOUGALL & COWANS. Member Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B.

McDOUGALL & COWANS. Member Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B.

McDOUGALL & COWANS. Member Montreal Stock Exchange. 58 Prince William Street, - St. John, N. B.

A RE... AUTOMOBILE... WILLIAMS... STORAGE... OTTIE S. M...

BARRISTERS... MILES B. IN... Solicitor, E... 50 Princess St., St. John, N. B.

BAKERS... IZZARD'S BAK... Home-made Bread, Rolls a Specialty.

CONTRACTORS... V. J. DUNN... Carpenter and Repairer.

ROBERT M. THOMPSON... Carpenter and Repairer.

W. A. MUN... Carpenter-Contractor.

EDWARD B... Carpenter, Contractor.



The Soldier's Consolation An Insurance Policy. ONE of our Soldier-heroes was struck down by the enemy; he believed himself mortally wounded.

The Mutual Life of Canada WATERLOO ONTARIO. Hugh Cannell, Provincial Manager.

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TRAVELLING? Passage Tickets By All Ocean Steamship Lines. WM. THOMSON & CO. LIMITED.

CASTINGS. We are in a favorable position for prompt deliveries on castings in IRON OR Semi-Steel.

Paul F. Blanchet. Chartered Accountant. Telephone Connection. St. John and Rothesay.

A RELIABLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY

AUTOMOBILES
LBA - WILLARD - LBA
STORAGE BATTERY
OTTIE S. McINTYRE
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Modern Artistic Work by
GORDON PROMPTLY FILLED
THE McMILLAN PRESS

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MILES B. INNES
Solicitor, Etc.
50 Princess St., St. John, N. B.
Money to Loan on Real Estate.

BAKERS
IZZARD'S BAKERY
Home-made Bread, Buns and
Rolls a Specialty.
Sold at All Grocery Stores.

ST. JOHN BAKERY
Standard Bread, Cakes and Pastry.
H. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

CONTRACTORS
V. J. DUNPHY
Carpenter and Builder
Alterations and Repairs to Houses
and Stores given Special Attention.

KANE & RING
General Contractors.
85-13 Prince William Street.
Phone M. 3709-41.

W. H. ROWLEY
Carpenter and Builder, House Raising
and Moving a Specialty.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

ROBERT M. THORNE
Carpenter and Builder
Specialty of Chamberlain
Metal Weather Strip, guaranteed to
keep out all wind and dust around
windows and doors.

R. A. CORBETT
General Contractor
272 Douglas Avenue
Phone M. 1974.

Engineers & Contractors, Ltd.
E. R. Reid, President.
E. M. ARCHIBALD, Engineer.
102 Prince William Street
Phone Main 1743.

W. A. MUNRO
Carpenter-Contractor
134 Paradise Rd.
Phone 2129

EDWARD BATES
Carpenter, Contractor, Appraiser, Etc.
Special attention given to alterations
and repairs to houses and stores.
Duke Street. Phone M. 783

CANDY MANUFACTURER
"G. B."
CHOCOLATES
The Standard of Quality
in Canada.
Our Name a Guarantee of the
Finest Materials.
GANONG BROS.,
St. Stephen, N. B.
Food Board License No. 11-364

CUSTOM TAILORS
A. E. TRAINOR, Custom Tailor
Successor to E. McFarland.
Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired
Goods called for and delivered.
55 Princess Street.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
Telephone Main 1619-41.

COAL AND WOOD
COLWELL FUEL CO., LTD.
Coal and Kindling
UNION STREET, W. E.
Phone W. 17.

H. A. DOHERTY
Successor to
F. G. MESSINGROE
COAL AND WOOD
375 Haymarket Square
Phone 3030.

DENTISTS
DR. H. P. TRAVERS,
Dental Surgeon,
50 Waterloo Street.
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

ENGRAVERS
F. C. WESLEY CO.
ARTISTS ENGRAVERS

ELEVATORS
We manufacture Electric Freight,
Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Wait-
ers, etc.
E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

ELECTRICAL GOODS
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.
Gas Supplies.
Phone Main 873. 84 and 86 Dock St.
J. T. COFFEY
Successor to Knox Electric Co.

FARM MACHINERY
OLIVER PLOWS
McCORMICK TILLAGE AND SEED-
ING MACHINERY
J. P. LYNCH, 270 Union Street,
St. John, N. B.
Get our prices and terms before
buying elsewhere.

FORESTRY
R. R. BRADLEY
Consulting Forester to The New
Brunswick Railway Co. Timber and
Fuelwood Estimates, Forest Maps.
Advices on the management of
Woodlands; Timberlands listed for
sale.
Globe Apts. Bldg., St. John, N.B.
P. O. Box 3, Ottawa, Ontario

FIRE INSURANCE
WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.
Incorporated 1881.
Assets over \$4,000,000.
Losses paid with organization, over
\$63,000,000.
Head Office Toronto, Ont.
R. W. W. FRINK, Branch Manager,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

"Insurance The Insure"
-SEE US-
Frank R. Fairweather & Co.,
13 Canterbury Street. Phone M. 943.

HUGH H. McLELLAN
Fire Insurance.
Phone M. 2642.
47 Canterbury Street.

QUEEN INSURANCE CO.
(FIRE ONLY)
Security Exceeds One Hun-
dred Million Dollars.
C. E. L. Jarvis & Son,
Provincial Agents.

AUTO INSURANCE
Ask for Our New Policy
FIRE, THEFT, TRANSIT,
COLLISION
All in One Policy.
Enquiry for Rates Solicited.
Chas. A. Macdonald & Son,
Provincial Agents.
Phone 1536.

WESTERN ASSURANCE CO.
(1851).
Fire, War, Marine and Motor Cars.
Assets exceed \$6,000,000.
Agents Wanted.
R. W. W. FRINK & SON,
Branch Manager - St. John

GROCERIES
Green Tomatoes, Cauliflower,
Celery, Sweet Potatoes,
Squash, Pumpkins, etc.
Cooking Apples. \$1.00 per bushel.
J. I. DAVIS & SON,
588 Main Street. Main 358-369

T. DONOVAN & SON
Groceries and Meats
203 Queen Street, West End
Phone West 266.
Canada Food Board License No. 8-8366

JOS. L. McKENNA
Groceries and Provisions.
35 WATERLOO STRE.
Phone M. 1412
Food Board License No. 8-6008

HACK & LIVERY STABLE
WM. BRICKLEY
Boarding and Livery Stable
74 1-2 Coburg Street
Phone M. 1367.

FRANK DONNELLY
Livery and Sales Stable
14 Coburg Street. Phone M. 2640

THOMAS A. SHORT
TAXI CAB AND LIVERY STABLE
Right Opposite Union Depot
10 Pond Street. Phone M. 2649

JOHN GYLYNN
13 Dorchester St. M. 1854.
Coaches in attendance at all boats
and trains.

HARNESS
We manufacture all styles Harness
and Horse Goods at low prices.
H. HORTON & SON, L.
9 AND 11 MARKET SQUARE
Phone Main 448.

We have a large consignment of
WOOL STREET BLANKETING
which has just arrived from the mills.
Now is the time to order and prepare
for winter and protect your horse.
B. J. GURRIE
467 Main Street. Phone M. 1146.

HORSES
HORSES of all classes bought and
sold. Also for hire by day or week.
EDWARD HOGAN, 150 Union St.
Phone Main 1557.

HOTELS
VICTORIA HOTEL
Better now than ever.
87 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
ST. JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.,
Proprietors.
A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

IRONS AND METAL
100 Brass Pumps, suitable for plumbers;
3 Tons Rope Ends, suitable for
building strings; 1 Ton Rope, suitable
for clothes lines, etc.; Chains, to cover
wagons, boats, engines, etc.; all
second hand.
JOHN McGLDRICK
65 Smythe Street

JEWELERS
POYAS & CO., King Sq.
Full lines of Jewelry and Watches.
Prompt repair work. Phone M. 2695-11

LADDERS
EXTENSION
LADDERS
ALL SIZES.
H. L. & J. T. McGowan, Ltd.
139 Princess Street, St. John.

MANILLA CORDAGE
Galvanized and Black Steel Wire
Rope, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Oils, Paints,
Flags, Tackle Blocks, and Motor Boat
Supplies.
GURNEY RANGES AND STOVES
AND TINWARE
J. SPLANE & CO.
19 Water Street.

MACHINERY
J. FRED WILLIAMSON
MACHINISTS AND ENGINEERS
Steamfitters, Mill and General
Repair Work.
INDIANTOWN, ST. JOHN, N. B.
Phones: M. 329; Residence, M. 2368.

NERVOUS DISEASES
ROBERT WILBY, Medical Electrical
Specialist and Masseuse. Treats all
nervous diseases, neurasthenia, loco-
motor ataxia, paralysis, sciatica,
rheumatism. Special treatment for
uterine and ovarian pain and weak-
ness. Facial blemishes of all kinds
removed, 46 King Square.

Liquor habit cured in three to seven
days. Cigarette and tobacco habit
three to ten days, without pain or
suffering. Ask your doctor to investi-
gate or write us for full particulars.
All correspondence confidential.
Charges reasonable. Cure guaranteed
or money refunded. Gaitin Institute
Co., Ltd. 46 Crown Street, St. John,
N. B. Phone M. 1485.

OPTICIANS
For reliable and professional
service call at
S. GOLDFEATHER
146 Mill Street
Out of the high rent district.
Phone M. 2664.

PATENTS
FETHERSTONHAUGH & CO.
The old established firm. Patents
everywhere. Head office Royal Bank
Building, Toronto; Ottawa office, 5
Elgin Street. Offices throughout Can-
ada. Booklet free.

PLUMBER'S
WM. E. EMERSON
Plumber and Gener.
Hardware
81 UNION STREET
WEST ST. JOHN. Phone W. 173

STOVES AND RANGES
STOVES AND RANGES
PHILIP GRANNAN
PLUMBING AND TINSMITHING
688 MAIN STREET

Francis S. Walker
SANITARY & HEATING
ENGINEER
No. 14 Church Street

SPORTING GOODS
Sporting Ammunition of the best
quality—Shells, Cartridges, Powder,
Primers, etc., and other Hunters' Sup-
plies.
A. M. TOWAN
331 Main Street. Phone 398.

SHOE REPAIRING
JAMES L. WRIGHT
Custom Boot and Shoe
Repairing.
16 Winslow St., W. E.
Phone W. 154-11.

FRESH FISH
Fresh Codfish, Halibut and
Gaspereaux
JAMES PATTERSON
19 and 20 South Market Wharf,
St. John, N. B.

NOTICE
TO DOUGLAS SPINNEY, of the
City of Saint John, in the City and
County of Saint John in the Province
of New Brunswick, Carpenter, and to
all others whom it may concern:
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
under and by virtue of the power of
sale contained in a certain indenture of
Mortgage bearing date the tenth
day of January, A. D. 1914, made be-
tween the said Douglas Spinney of the
first part and Charles W. Thom-
son, of the said City of Saint John,
Inspector, of the second part and reg-
istered in Book 130 of Saint John City
Records, pages 223, 224 and
225 by the Number 89703, there will,
for the purpose of satisfying the
moneys secured by the said mortgage
and interest thereon, default having
been made in the payment thereof, be
sold at public auction at Chubb's Cor-
ner, so called, in the City of Saint
John in the City and County of Saint
John, aforesaid, on Saturday the
twentieth day of October, A. D.
1918, at twelve o'clock noon, the
leasehold interest in and to the lands
and premises hereinafter described
under and by virtue of a certain in-
denture of Lease bearing date the
first day of November, A. D. 1878 and
made between William Hazen of the
City of Saint John aforesaid, Civil
Engineer, and Sarah Elizabeth Hazen,
of the same place, Spinster, Ex-
ecutors of the last Will and Testa-
ment of Robert F. Hazen, late of the
City of Saint John, Esquire, decen-
sed, of the one part, and John McDer-
mott, of Portland, in the Province and
Dominion aforesaid, Ship Carpenter,
and Barbara, his wife, of the other
part, whereby the said William Hazen
and Sarah Elizabeth Hazen, Ex-
ecutors as aforesaid did demise and
lease and to farm let unto the said
John McDermott and Barbara, his
wife, their executors, administrators
and assigns:—
ALL that certain lot, piece or par-
cel of land situate, lying and being in
the Town of Portland, in the City and
County of Saint John, in the City and
County of Saint John, on the north-
western side of that part of the City
of Saint John, bounded as follows,
and that is to say: Beginning on the
Northwestern side of Lombard Street,
(so called) at the eastern corner of
the lot formerly leased to George F.
Spence; thence in a Northerly direc-
tion along Spence's Northwest-
ern line forty-seven feet more or less
to the southern corner of a lot here-
before leased to John Milten; thence
in a northerly direction along
Milten's rear line twenty-four feet;
thence at right angles southeasterly
forty feet more or less to the said
northwestern side of Lombard Street;
and thence southwestwardly along
the said northwestern line of Lom-
bard Street twenty-four feet three
inches to the place of beginning for
the term of nineteen years and six
months from the date of the said
lease at an annual rental of twenty-
four dollars, as will more fully and at
large appear by reference to the said
in part recited Lease duly registered
in Book T. No. 7 of Records of the
City and County of Saint John,
pages 261, 352, 353, 354 and 355,
together with the appurtenances.
DATED this sixteenth day of Sep-
tember, A. D. 1918.
F. L. THOMPSON,
Mortgagee.

NOTICE
FURNITURE SALES
AT RESIDENCE.
We are now prepared
to bid and sell at public
sale of household furniture
at residence. Our ex-
perience in handling furniture enables
us to get the highest prices for goods
of this kind and it is important that
you bill your sales as soon as possi-
ble to secure good dates.
POTTS
Auctioneer and Real Estate Brok-
er, 96 Germain Street.

JAPAN TO HAVE NEW CABINET

Former Premier and President
of Constitutional Party
Commanded To Form Gov-
ernment.
London, Sept. 27.—Marquis Kinnom-
ochi Satonji, former premier and pres-
ident of the Constitutional party, has
been commanded by Emperor Yoshihito
to form a Japanese cabinet in suc-
cession to that headed by Field Mar-
shal Count Toruchi, recently resign-
ed, according to a Tokio despatch for-
warded from Pien-tsin to the Ex-
change Telegraph Company. It is prob-
able, the despatch adds, Count Satonji
will organize a coalition ministry.

London, Sept. 27.—Captain M. Don-
aldson of the British army medical
corps, who rowed for Cambridge
against Harvard in 1906, is officially
reported to be a prisoner in Germany.

MAILED CONTRACT.
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to
the Postmaster General, will be received
at Ottawa until noon, on Friday,
the 8th November, 1918, for the con-
veyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a
proposed Contract for four years, 6
times per week on the route Millidge-
ville and St. John, commencing at the
pleasure of the Postmaster General.

Printed notices containing further
information as to conditions of pro-
posed Contract may be seen, and blank
forms of Tender may be obtained
at the Post Offices of Millidge-
ville and St. John, and at the office
of the Post Office Inspector,
H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector,
St. John, N.B., Sept. 23, 1918.

MAILED CONTRACT.
SEALED TENDERS, addressed to
the Postmaster General, will be received
at Ottawa until noon, on Friday,
the 26th October, 1918, for the conveyance
of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed
Contract for four years, 3 times per
week on the Nerepis Station Rural
Route, No. 1, from the 1st January
next.

Printed notices containing further
information as to conditions of pro-
posed Contract may be seen and blank
forms of Tender may be obtained at
the Post Offices of Nerepis Station and
Westfield, and at the office of the Post
Office Inspector,
H. W. WOODS,
Post Office Inspector,
St. John, N.B., September 19th, 1918.

CITY OF ST. JOHN.
SEALED TENDERS will be received
by the Common Clerk on Friday,
the 26th October, 1918, at the
Perry Slip at the east side of the
harbour, according to plans and specifi-
cations to be seen in the office of
the City Engineer.
The City does not bind itself to ac-
cept the lowest or any tender.
No offer will be considered unless
on the form supplied by the City En-
gineer, and to be had in the En-
gineer's office.

Cash or a certified check for five
per centum of the amount of the ten-
der must accompany each tender.
This will be returned to all rejected
bidders, but the City will hold the de-
posit accompanying the successful
bid until a satisfactory bond has been
entered into for the prosecution and
completion of the work.
Dated at St. John, N.B., Septem-
ber 26th, A. D. 1918.
T. H. McILLOCK,
Commissioner H.F. & P.L.
ADAM P. MACINTYRE,
Comptroller.

Pay your out-of-town accounts by
Dominion Express Money Orders.
Five Dollars costs three cents.

Typewriters are about the only
commodity that have not advanced in
price since the war broke out. There
is now a scarcity of machines. Ad-
vance in price will likely follow. A.
MINE FRASER, Jas. A. Little, Mgr., 37
Dock Street, St. John, N.B.

ISAAC MERCER
Carpenter and Jobber
197 Carmarthen Street
Telephone, Main 2991-31

CATARRH
and DISCHARGES
Relieved in
24 Hours
SANTAL MIDY
Each Cap-
sule contains the MIDY

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood &
Bile Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Venereal
Disease. Price in England 2s. 6d.
SOLE IMPORTERS: THE FINEST DRUGS CO., LTD.,
100, QUEEN STREET, W. LONDON.
SEE TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" ON
THE TOP OF EACH CAPSULE TO GUARANTEE GENUINE

SURPRISE SOAP
A PURE HARD SOAP
The Highest Grade of
Laundry Soap—Most
Economical in every
sense of the
word

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
One cent per word each insertion. Discount of
33-1-3 per cent. on advertisements running one
week or longer if paid in advance. Minimum
charge twenty-five cents.

Wanted
To Purchase
WHOLESALE
Nails, wire, iron bars, iron
sheets, tin plates, square and
round nail wire. Payment
against warehouse receipts.
Apply Box A B C, Standard

WANTED
WANTED—By middle of October
under graduate nurses. Some
hospital training. St. John County Hos-
pital, East St. John.

MAID WANTED—Apply Matron, St.
John County Hospital.

GIRLS WANTED IN GANONG
BROS. Candy Factory, St. Stephen, N. B.
Good salaries and steady work.
Board will be furnished at our board-
ing house, which is presided over by
a competent matron, at a very reason-
able amount. Write for particulars.

WANTED—Experienced sprinkler
fitters. Apply F. St. Pierre, Sprinkler
Foreman, Robb Engineering Works,
Amherst, N. B.

WANTED—Second Class Female
Teacher for District No. 1. Apply
stating salary to A. D. Case, Secretary
Wickham, Queens Co., N. B.

WANTED—Teacher for District No.
8, Parish of Hamstead for next term.
Apply stating salary to Seth DeLong,
Secy., Truro, N.S., or Hibernia,
Queens County, N. B.

WANTED—Bright, active boys in
every village and town in New Brun-
swick to earn pocket money by a
pleasant occupation. If you are am-
bitious write at once to Opportunity
Box 1109, St. John, asking for par-
ticulars.

TO SUBLET HEATED FLAT—Six
rooms and bath. Modern conveniences.
Elliott Row, Phone M. 153.

FEMALE HELP WANTED
EARN \$25 WEEKLY, spare time,
writing for newspapers, magazines.
Exp. success details free. Press Syn-
dicate, 210 St. Louis, Mo.

MALE HELP
MEN—Age 17 to 55. Experience
unnecessary. Travel; make secret
investigations; reports. Salaries and
expenses. American Foreign Detective
Agency, 728 St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED
AGENTS—Salary and commission,
to sell Red Tag Stock. Complete ad-
dressive lines. Specially hardy. Grown
only by us—Sold only by our Agents.
Elegant free samples. Write now to
Dominion Nurseries, Montreal.

AGENTS—See commercial products
save customers' money. Your
anted sales mean big profits and
repeat orders make a regular cus-
tomer of every family. Many clear-
ance banks \$385.50 the first
month. Another sells 20 in two
hours. Others cleaning up \$10 daily.
No capital necessary. Goods shipped
to reliable men on time. Territory
going fast. Write quick to secure
your field. Combination Products Co.,
Foster, Que.

WE WILL PAY YOU \$225 to distrib-
ute religious and patriotic literature
in your own community. Experience
not required. 90 days' work. Terri-
tory international Bible Press, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED—Agents \$3 a
day selling mendels, which means
graniteware, hot water bags, rubber
boots, reservoirs, boilers, metal tubs
and linings without cement or solder.
Sample 50 cents. Collect Mt. Com-
pany, Collingwood, Ontario.

FOR SALE
TWO 25 TON JACKS (Buda) for
sale at a bargain. Apply Box "A,"
Edmondston, N. B.

FOR SALE—Mare, carriage, harness.
Apply Geo. Murphy, 110 Paradise
Row.

FOR SALE—Two Portable Lumber
Mills, capacity about 20,000 and 40,000
per day respectively. For full particu-
lars apply to J. F. H. Teed, Box 1211,
St. John, N. B.

FOR SALE—Forty-five or fifty cords
dry hardwood, also 200 cords dry slash-
wood and edgings. Can be delivered
at Hatfield Point wharf. Apply H. A.
Myers, Norton, N. B.

FOR SALE—Second Hand Nation al
Cash Register, up to date; good con-
dition. Address Box C. H., care
Standard.

FOR SALE—Box Alley for sale, all
in good condition. Apply R. S. Welch,
Woodstock, N. B.

FOR SALE—1 50 H. P. Keturu
Tubular Boiler; 1 40 H. P. Vertical
Engine; 1 18 foot Rotary with 48 inch
inserted tooth saw; 1 Dumbor shingle
Machine; 1 Lath Machine; 1 Trimmer
complete. With belts, pulleys, shafting,
all in first class condition. Com-
municate with A. A. MacKinnon,
Miscou Centre, Gloucester Co., N. B.

TIMBER SALE
The lands which were advertised for
sale on the 5th of September, 1918, and
postponed, will now be held at the
Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N. B.,
on Thursday, the third day of October,
1918, commencing at 12 o'clock noon
under the following conditions, viz:—
Berths to be sold on a straight stumpage
rate per thousand superficial feet the
upset rate of which will be an-
nounced at the time of sale, conveying
the right to cut and carry away the
merchantable lumber as advertised for
the term ending August 31, 1919.
Ten per cent. of the bid stumpage
price on the estimated quantity of mer-
chantable lumber standing on the berth
to be paid as each berth is sold.
The lands to be sold embracing in all
about four hundred square miles as ad-
vertised in the Royal Gazette of Sep-
tember 18th.
For further particulars, printed esti-
mates of the timber on each block,
plans, etc., apply to the Deputy Minis-
ter, Crown Land Office, Fredericton, N.
B.

E. A. SMITH,
Minister of Lands and Mines
Crown Land Office,
Fredericton, N. B.,
September 11th, 1918.

HOTELS
CLIFTON HOTEL
The Grandest Hotel in St. John
REYNOLDS & FRITCH
(Corner Germain and Princess Sts.)

"THE PRINCE WILLIAM"
A comfortable homelike hotel. Cozy
lounge room and smoking room. Pre-
tense lawn overlooking harbour. Tran-
sients and permanent guests. Special
rates for guests remaining week or
over. P. St. J. Heard, Manager.
Prince William Street.

ROYAL HOTEL
King Street
St. John's Leading Hotel.
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.

HOTEL DUFFERIN
FOSTER & COMPANY, Proprietors.
King Square, St. John, N. B.
J. T. DUNLOP, Manager.
New and Up-to-Date Sample Rooms in
connection.

MISCELLANEOUS
FREE DEVELOPING when you order
1 dozen pictures from a 6 expo.
film. Prices 40c, 50c, 60c, per dozen.
Send money with films to Wasson's,
St. John, N. B.

VIOLINS, MANDOLINS, and all
string instruments and Bows repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS,
81 Sydney Street.

Saskatchewan Teachers' Agency
Established 1910, 1861 Scarth, Regina,
secures suitable schools for teachers.
Highest salaries. Free Registration

Around the City

SHOWERY.

Sort of Holiday. It was a sort of holiday in police circles yesterday, as no arrests were made, consequently no cases came up.

To Solemnize Marriage. Rev. Wm. Hogan, C. S. R., of St. John, has been registered to solemnize marriage.

Assembling Material. The Engineers and Contractors, Ltd., who were awarded the contract for new sheds at Reed's Point, are now assembling the material for the work and are expected to make an early start on the construction.

Good Crops Reported. S. A. Lyons, New York, passed to choose from. Prices are as follows: to his home, after a trip in the peninsula. He reported crops in Nova Scotia as up to the average in every feature, and were being well gathered.

Resignation Accepted. The resignation of J. B. Cudlip, vice-president of the Board of Trade, who has removed to Montreal, was respectfully accepted at a meeting of the council of the board held yesterday.

Valuable Horse Killed. A valuable horse owned by C. F. Francis and Co. was struck yesterday morning by an automobile owned by F. A. Peters, and had one of its hind legs broken. A veterinary was summoned and put the animal out of its suffering.

Safe in England. J. Willard Smith yesterday received a cable announcing the safe arrival in London, England, of his daughter, Miss Ella L. Smith. Miss Smith crossed to England for the purpose of filling an educational position which she was capable of taking.

The Pictou Coal Strike. Ottawa, Sept. 27.—It is understood that encouraging word has been received here from the officials at present endeavoring to secure a working agreement between the employees and operators of the Pictou collieries. A message was received this morning indicating that work probably will be resumed at the collieries in question immediately.

Navy League Campaign. While full returns from the Navy League campaign have not yet been received from all points in the province, the indications are that over \$5,000 will be realized in addition to the \$19,000 from St. John. Amounts reported are: Fredericton, \$1,600; St. Stephen, \$1,300; St. Andrews, \$400; St. George, \$275; Miramichi, \$550; Shediac, \$200.

Texas to Sydney. H. B. Stein, New Bedford, was in the city yesterday en route to Sydney, N. S. Mr. Stein when speaking to the Standard stated he had recently returned from Tallahassee, Texas, and noted the degree in climate in this province. At the former place the time of his departure, September 4th, it was growing cooler, and even light overcoats were being utilized to advantage.

The Summer Deckload. A communication was received yesterday by the Board of Trade from the Department of Marine, stating that a cable had been received from England to the effect that the latest date at which vessels might arrive at ports in the United Kingdom with summer deck load, from any part of Canada, was November 15, and the notice previously sent out stating that vessels sailing from a Nova Scotia port might arrive with a deck load up to December 15, had been cancelled.

Country Market Prices. Vegetables and meats are fairly plentiful this week in the country market, and there is a large variety to choose from. Prices are as follows: Potatoes, 50c a peck; beans, 40c a peck; lettuce, radishes, cucumbers, beets and carrots, 5c; cauliflower, 20c to 30c; tomatoes in dockages, 10c; apples, 40c to 60c; corn, 25c to 40c a dozen; squash, 5c; beef, 15c to 40c; sirloin steak, 45c; round steak, 40c; pork, 35c to 40c; chicken, 90c to 55c; fowl, 40c to 45c; eggs, 55c to 60c a dozen.

Avoid Duplication. Some time ago the Board of Trade took up the matter of duplication of firm names and addressed a communication to the Department of State, asking what measures were adopted to avoid such duplications. Yesterday a reply was received that every application for incorporation was carefully scrutinized by the officials of the department to see that no two firms had the same name. The matter has also been taken up with the provincial government, but no answer has yet been received from them.

An Unfounded Report. A report has been circulated in sections where it will do more harm than good to the effect that Mrs. Walter J. Hall, whose husband is in France fighting, was not in the least worried a couple of weeks ago when her eight year old son was missing from his home one night, and who had been found with a small boy companion at Ononete the next morning. The Standard will vouch to the fact that Mrs. Hall was distracted over the loss of her boy, and with a woman companion searched the streets nearly all night for her son, and she is a loving mother who takes the best of care of her children.

The Deckload Question. Ottawa, Sept. 27.—Owing to an error in the original cable received by the marine department, announcement was made some time ago that steamships sailing from ports in Nova Scotia would be permitted to arrive in the United Kingdom, carrying summer deckloads, up to December 15th, and that steamships from other ports in Canada would be restricted to November 15th. Notices received yesterday make it clear that steamships sailing from ports in Nova Scotia would be permitted to arrive in the United Kingdom, carrying summer deckloads, up to December 15th, and that steamships from other ports in Canada would be restricted to November 15th.

Inspectors Busy. Sub-inspectors McAlain and Garnett were on the move yesterday, but were unsuccessful in landing any violators of the liquor law. Boot-leggers are apparently growing scarce in the city, and former importers, whose strong point was in evidence about a month ago, are now dry.

TOO MUCH CONTROL SAYS SHIPPING MAN

J. Willard Smith Talks on Difficulty in Getting Coal From United States To St. John—Has Been No Lack of Vessels.

The great difficulty in getting coal from the United States to St. John is "too much control," was the way J. Willard Smith summed up the situation yesterday in talking to a representative of the Standard.

Mr. Smith was asked if the statement which has often been heard that bottoms were not available for the bringing of coal from United States ports to this city were true, and he answered most emphatically that this was not the case. At the present time, and in fact but for a short time last summer, when the United States Shipping Board had refused to allow vessels of American registry to sail for foreign ports, at no time since the war began had there been a lack of bottoms. The trouble had been to get the coal to put in the vessel after she was chartered.

Speaking of present conditions, Mr. Smith said it was very hard for dealers to arrange for both coal and vessel to be at the same time, and he pointed out that the merchant had first to get permission to import the coal, then he had to obtain a license to export it, and arrange for a ship to bring it here. If he chartered a vessel at the time he applied for his export license and anything held up the issue of it, then he had to face a big demurrage bill. If he had a vessel in sight, but waited to charter until he had gotten the permission of the United States authorities to take the coal to Canada, he might lose the vessel; and looking at the matter from all sides, the "lot" of the coal dealer this year was not a particularly happy one.

His experience had been that coal dealers here had been perfectly willing to charter bottoms when there was any possibility of getting the coal to put into them. Mr. Smith expressed the opinion that if the dealers had been allowed to go out into the market and buy their coal wherever it could be obtained and not confined to the dealers they bought from in 1916-17, and so long as the total shipments did not exceed the allotment made for this year, there would have been a much larger quantity of coal reaching here than had been the case this summer and fall.

In the matter of freights Mr. Smith contended that St. John was not the worst off place in the Maritime Province. The rate now prevailing for St. John was \$7 per ton with free discharge, which brought it up to \$7.35 per ton. For Halifax a charter recently signed called for \$7.50 per ton and free discharge, which meant \$8 per ton as the charge for discharging cargo in that city was fifty cents per ton.

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Public notice is given in the Royal Gazette of Wednesday last that, under the New Brunswick Companies Act, 1916, and amending acts, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer of the Province, bearing date the twentieth day of September, A. D., 1918, incorporating James Gregory Harrison, merchant; Alexander Lawford, merchant; and Thomas Edward Grindon Armstrong, merchant; all of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, for the following purposes, namely:

To build, purchase, own and manage sailing and steam ships and other vessels, whether self-propelled or otherwise, and carry on a general business of sailing and steamship owners and merchants; by the name of "The St. John Steamship Co., Limited," with a total capital stock of forty-nine thousand dollars, divided into four hundred and ninety shares of one hundred dollars each, and with its head office at the City of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick.

USUAL NUMBER OF FEVER CASES

Not Many More Than in Previous Years — Board of Health Official Says No Need of Anxiety.

In conversation with Dr. Melvin, of the Board of Health, yesterday, he stated that there were a number of cases of typhoid fever in the city, though not very many more than in previous years. He stated that a considerable portion of the cases were contracted outside of the city and as the disease is prevalent at this time of year there was no need of anxiety on the part of the public. Other doctors who were interviewed stated that they noticed no increase in the number of typhoid fever cases in the city, and that there was a kind of an epidemic is apparently without foundation.

BOARD OF TRADE HEAR LABOR MEN

Will Ask City Council To Extend Approval To A Board of Conciliation.

At a meeting of the council of the Board of Trade held yesterday to consider the request of the labor organization candidates in any civic contest that may result from the application of the recall to the whole situation with respect to the police union was laid before the council by President Gosline of the policemen's union, and Vice-President Campbell of the Trades and Labor Council. The council did not take any further action than to decide to ask the city council to extend its approval to the board of conciliation, as the Industrial Disputes Act provides. The members present were constituted a committee to lay the matter before the city council.

MORE RECRUITS ARRIVE

Thirteen men reached the city yesterday en route to peninsular training camps. Of the above, number two men were forwarded to Sussex, two to Aldershot, and the remaining number to Camp Ford Edward.

One hundred and eight men came in on the Bosto express last night, which was one hour and twenty-three minutes late in reaching the city. The recruits last evening were mostly Jewish young men, the remaining number colored boys.

A reception committee of the "Red Mogen David Society" met the boys at the train, and distributed light lunches to each of the men. Last evening's crowd enticed immediately en route to various training centres in the peninsula.

Sub-inspectors McAlain and Garnett were on the move yesterday, but were unsuccessful in landing any violators of the liquor law. Boot-leggers are apparently growing scarce in the city, and former importers, whose strong point was in evidence about a month ago, are now dry.

SOME INTERESTING MILITARY NOTES

Capt. Smith Leaves For Petawawa—The Siberian Unit—Capt. Scully Leaves For Victoria.

Capt. E.-B. Smith, hospital representative for Military District No. 5, and whose appointment to the second Canadian tank battalion was authorized last Thursday, left last evening on the Montreal express, en route to Petawawa Camp, where his unit is stationed.

A report reached the city yesterday afternoon over long distance that the Siberian unit, formerly stationed at Sussex, under command of Major F. S. Bould, D.S.O., left yesterday morning for Ottawa, the mobilization centre for the above unit. Some of the members of No. 1 Depot Battalion are awaiting transfer into this unit, and upon receiving same will proceed to Ottawa.

Captain Frank Scully, M.D., formerly training officer at the hospital in charge of the Bellevue Military Hospital at Halifax, left the sister city yesterday morning en route to Victoria, B.C., where he assumes his new duties under command of the medical unit of the Siberian contingent.

Capt. Scully, who in the near future will enjoy the rank of a 4 grade captain of McGill, where he made a successful course, and was at that time president of the McGill Medical Society. He donned the uniform immediately after his graduation and has braved the winds and waves of the Atlantic; and the Hun submarines, in the discharge of his duties.

INCORPORATION OF STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Three Local Merchants Owners of St. John Steamship Co. Ltd. — Capital Stock \$49,000.

Public notice is given in the Royal Gazette of Wednesday last that, under the New Brunswick Companies Act, 1916, and amending acts, letters patent have been issued under the seal of the Provincial Secretary-Treasurer of the Province, bearing date the twentieth day of September, A. D., 1918, incorporating James Gregory Harrison, merchant; Alexander Lawford, merchant; and Thomas Edward Grindon Armstrong, merchant; all of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John and Province of New Brunswick, for the following purposes, namely:

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ONLY CONTAGIOUS NOT INFECTIOUS

Dr. Farrell of Boston Says St. John Need Not Fear Epidemic of Spanish Influenza Which Is in Eastern States.

In speaking with the Standard last night, Dr. Farrell, of Boston, who is stopping at the Victoria Hotel, stated that St. John need not have much fear of an epidemic of Spanish influenza which is sweeping through the Eastern States, as it is only contagious and not infectious. He stated that people could only contract it by coming into contact with somebody who already had it and therefore people were immune in this section of the country unless a chance traveler from the infected area should carry the germs of the disease with him.

In reference to the situation in Boston, Dr. Farrell stated that from his observation he judged that the situation there was severe, especially as there had been a number of cases of pneumonia which is spreading through the Eastern States, and a wide-spread visitation of influenza twenty-five years ago, though it was not such a very bad pestilence as the cases did not develop into pneumonia as in the present instance.

At the last session of the Fire Chiefs it was reported that fire losses in Canada amounted to the sum of \$3 per capita per annum, and in view of this fact the Association decided to set aside one week in each year to be known as fire prevention week, when in all cities and towns a campaign for cleaning up of premises and removal of rubbish likely to start or help spread fire, should be inaugurated. The date for this year has been set for the week of October 9, and all good citizens are asked to make it a success.

SIX CENT FARE STARTS TUESDAY

Strips of Five Tickets on Street Cars Will Cost Thirty Cents — No Reduction, Nothing Extra For Transfer.

"Tuesday morning marks the day when the fare on the St. John Street Railway jump to six cents straight, in accordance with the judgment of the Royal Commission," so stated one of the officials of the company yesterday. Asked if a strip of five tickets would be issued for thirty-five cents, he stated: "Strips will be issued containing but five tickets, and will cost thirty cents. Thereby no reduction will be made as in the former case, previous to the issue of the new tickets."

WEIRS DAMAGED

That the big storm yesterday had damaged many of the outside weirs in the harbor was the statement of Louis Connors last night to the Standard. He stated that he was getting a full catch of salmon off Bear Island and at other points for his factory at Hook's Harbor but that lines still wore a scuffed article.

TWELVE HOURS HEAVY STORM

Total Fall of One and One-Quarter Inches of Rain—Wind Reached Velocity of Forty Miles.

St. John was yesterday visited by another heavy rain storm, beginning about three o'clock in the morning, and lasting until three o'clock in the afternoon. During that time the total fall was one and one-quarter inches. This makes a total for the month of September to date of six and seven-tenths inches, which is considerably more than the average rainfall for the month of September. The rain was accompanied by a high southeast wind, which at times reached a velocity of forty miles an hour.

About three o'clock yesterday afternoon the rain stopped, and the weather became much cooler, at nine o'clock last night the thermometer registering 48 above.

Following is a table showing the Septembers in which the total rainfall has exceeded six inches since the year 1861:

1863	7.44 inches
1866	7.54 inches
1868	7.48 inches
1886	6.06 inches
1905	7.70 inches
1909	7.43 inches

CONFERENCE IN MONTREAL TUESDAY

Delegates From Different Divisions To Represent Express Employees in Meeting With Company.

The Dominion Express Company employees held a meeting last evening in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Union street, and only routine business was transacted. Several new members were initiated.

President G. D. Gibbs, of Division 84, C. B. of R. E., acted as chairman. President Gibbs leaves this evening on the express for Montreal, as representative of Division 84, C. B. on R. E., and delegate of same division to the meeting between the company and employees to be held on Tuesday next.

At this meeting the schedule will be discussed, as promised in the compromise made between the company and its employees over the recent strike.

President J. Ellis, of Halifax, representing Division 82, will in all probability be sent as delegate to the conference, as representative of Division 82.

ROTARY CLUB AT BALL'S LAKE

Members Were Guests of Executive At a Chicken Dinner — Sum Realized For Playgrounds.

Thursday afternoon between thirty-five and forty members of the Rotary Club journeyed to Ball's Lake, where they were the guests of the executive at a chicken dinner. On the arrival at a chicken dinner. On the executive at a chicken dinner. On the arrival at a chicken dinner.


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CHIEFS ASK BOARD OF TRADE TO ASSIST MAKING WEEK A SUCCESS

Yesterday a communication was received from the Dominion Association of Fire Chiefs, asking the Board of Trade to do all they could to make fire prevention week, beginning October 9, a success.

At the last session of the Fire Chiefs it was reported that fire losses in Canada amounted to the sum of \$3 per capita per annum, and in view of this fact the Association decided to set aside one week in each year to be known as fire prevention week, when in all cities and towns a campaign for cleaning up of premises and removal of rubbish likely to start or help spread fire, should be inaugurated. The date for this year has been set for the week of October 9, and all good citizens are asked to make it a success.

**Electric Reading Lamps**



Autumn's early nightfall suggests the convenience and comfort of Electric Reading Lamps which bring as so the needed air of brightness and just the required touch of color.

Our large, comprehensive showing of Electric Reading Lamps embraces the most pleasing effects in dull brass finish with art glass shades, also mahogany with silk shades.

Floor Lamps of mahogany with silk shades, Boudoir Lamps, Banquet Lamps and Desk Lamps are equally prominent in our

**ELECTRIC LAMP SECTION—KING STREET STORE**

**W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.**

**SPECIAL SALE TODAY TRIMMED HATS**

**\$4.00 to \$7.00 each**

**Marr Millinery Co., Limited**

**Ash Sifters and Ash Barrels**

The Success Ash Sifter will pay for itself in a single season.

**Saves You Coal, Time and Labor.**

Fits over top of ordinary wood or galvanized ash barrel.

**Success Ash Sifters All Steel Ash Sifters**  
**Metallic and Beacon Ash Sifters**  
**Galvanized Ash Barrels, Coal Hods, Canvas Gloves, etc.**

**Emerson & Fisher Ltd.**

Stores Open at 8.30; Close at 5.25; Saturdays 10 p.m.

**Japanese Silk Blouses**

A Jap Blouse is always dressy, easily laundered and moderate in price—a combination that has created a demand at the present time hard to meet. We were fortunate in securing a large assortment at practically price. All new styles, tucked, pleated and hem-stitched effects; 34 to 46 inches, \$2.75 to \$7.00 each.

**Colored Lining Satin**

A pure dye satin. Light weight, high grade, specially adapted for lining purposes, also for undershirts, etc.

Brown, Green, Fawn, Copen, Purple, Pink, Old Gold, Mid Grey, Ola Rose, 36 in. wide, \$2.35 per yd.

**BLOUSE DEPARTMENT.**

**New Coat Cloths in Black FOR WOMEN'S WEAR**

Black Pop Cloth, 52 in. . . . . \$2.90 yd.  
Black Freize Cloth, 56 in. . . . . \$3.50 yd.  
Black Whitney Cloth, 56 in. . . . . \$3.50 yd.  
Black Curl Cloth, 50 in. . . . . \$3.90 yd.  
Black Poney Cloth, 56 in. . . . . \$4.00 yd.  
Black Vicuna Cloth, 56 in. . . . . \$2.50, \$3.50, \$3.60 yd.  
Black Pressed Plush Cloth, 50 in. . . . . \$5.50 yd.  
Black Plain Plush, 50 in. . . . . \$7.80, \$10.25, \$11.90 yd.

**DRESS GOODS, GROUND FLOOR.**

**Manchester Robertson Allison Limited**  
KING STREET • GERMAIN STREET • MARKET SQUARE.

**THE STORE FIT AS A FIDDLE—READY FOR YOUR FALL SHOPPING.**

A host of people have already sampled the splendid readiness of this store to meet all the demands of Fall shopping.

Great satisfaction in doing your fall shopping now will come in the assurance that the store is full of new goods, the right goods, fresh goods—selections and assortments to meet every requirement of Autumn, and the great advantage of Dykeman's pricing will prove a most effective help to keeping down the rising cost of living.

There are busy preparations ahead, for everyone shopping in Dykeman's is a means to making the dollar go farther without curtailment of buying. Better shop at Dykeman's. You'll be glad you did.

Oct. 17th Cousin Kate appears.

**CANADIAN PACIFIC SUBURBAN SERVICE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 28TH.**

Trains will leave as follows: 1.10 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 10.15 p. m. Train will arrive from Wainford at 9.15 p. m. There will be no train leaving at 6.10 p. m.

N. R. DesBrisay, D. P. A., C. P. Ry.

**BOYS' WORK CONFERENCES.**

The location of the three Boys' Work conferences have finally been decided on. The first two conferences will be held at Newcastle and Woodstock respectively from the 23rd to the 27th of October, and the third at Sussex from the 1st to the 3rd of November.

Mademoiselle Saulnier has resumed her French classes, 218 Princess street.

St. John Business College evening classes will open next Wednesday evening. See advertisement on editorial page.

**STARTS THIS MORNING.**

The Hoosier Club sale starts today at Amland Bros., 15 Waterloo street. The "White Beauty" Hoosier heads the list of kitchen conveniences because it saves steps and time and prevents waste every day in the year. Only a limited number to be sold, \$1.00 down puts it in your kitchen. Read our advertisement on page 5.

**MISCELLANEOUS SALE.**

Send men's, women's and children's clothing, shoes, underwear; anything to the Kings Daughters' Miscellaneous Sale, October 8th. Phone M. 1847-41.

**CANADIAN RED CROSS Local Branch Annual Meeting**  
Oct. 4th, Friday, 2.30 p.m.  
St. John Church Schoolroom

FEAT... Home R... Comi...  
"Doesn't that sound...  
"The pamphlet at me...  
"Oh-huh," says I...  
"And then that ab...  
"Just what we want...  
"It's taking a sporti...  
"but at the worst I...  
"and a couple of weel...  
"That was all in A...  
"pulled down at the...  
"another not spent in...  
"Jeland curl up and g...  
"the wife. And before...  
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ROTHESAY

FREDERICTON

The return of the suburbanites after the summer season gives a fresh impetus to patriotic activities and already plans for the winter campaign have been drawn up for the several societies.

Miss Clara Schofield and Miss Portia Mackenzie left on Monday for Oranoc, where they are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wilmet Hubbard.

Miss Leslie Pickett left on Wednesday for Windsor to resume her studies at King's College.

Rothsay, Sept. 27.—On Wednesday morning this week, there were special attractions at the Red Cross market, it being the closing of a most successful season.

Mrs. T. E. G. Armstrong and family of Rothsay, Mr. and Mrs. Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Langley of Riverview, and General McLean left this week for Ottawa.

Fredericton, Sept. 27.—The success with which the K. O. Army Hut fund committee met with last week in this city has surpassed all expectations.

on Sabbath, Mrs. O. S. Crockett, and Mrs. Harold Babbitt.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Groat left on Wednesday evening on their private car for Montreal and Toronto, enroute to Wausau, Wisconsin.

Mr. Sherman Dearborne spent last week-end at Millidgeville, the guest of Miss Jeanette Beverley of Fredericton.

Major and Mrs. Cuthbert Morgan returned from their wedding trip on Monday.

Over the last week-end Mrs. W. A. Snytle of San Francisco, Mrs. Sylvia of Fredericton, and Mrs. Ernest Craxton, were guests at Government House.

At the Tuesday Red Cross market, there was the usual supply of fresh vegetables, home cooking, cream, etc., and a change was given those starting a perennial flower garden.

Each number was well received and the selections from the Ladies' Mandolin Orchestra were much appreciated.

At the Methodist church on Wednesday a holiday trip to New York was held.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Williams have leased for three years the residence of Mr. Bullock, Germain street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Williams have leased for three years the residence of Mr. Bullock, Germain street.

Many friends here are glad to know that Acting Major Bayard Coster, who has been ill in hospital with diphtheria, has recovered sufficiently to resume his duties.

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On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Salmon was assisted in the drawing room by her sister, Mrs. Benjamin Hamilton in white Georgette trimmed with mauve, and stylish black hat and Mrs. A. E. Macaulay in a gown of mauve silk with black lace and red and white accessories.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Gilbert and family closed their summer house at Rothsay on Monday and have taken up their residence in Charlotte street.

Mr. and Mrs. George K. McLeod have returned from a motor trip to Boston and Cold Springs.

There was a great gathering at Moss Hill on Wednesday, when the Fair was launched on the schooner, "Ada A. McIntyre."

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At the Methodist church on Wednesday a holiday trip to New York was held.

The engagement is announced of Miss Norah Wetmore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Wetmore of Sussex, to Captain Guy Short, of the 4th Battalion, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Frederick Short of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Burchill of Nelson, N. B., are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a little son at their home on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Stetson returned this week from Rothsay and have opened their residence, 161 Mount Pleasant Avenue for the winter months.

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The engagement is announced of Miss Margaret Lynd, daughter of Dean Lynd of All Saints Cathedral, Halifax, to Lieut. John Campbell Glickery, of the 26th Battalion, son of Mr. and Mrs. Overton, of the patrol boat Cartier, spent last winter in St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. Percival Bonnell returned to the city after spending the summer at Rothsay.

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MONCTON

Moncton, Sept. 27.—Miss Mayme Power, of Bathurst, is visiting in the city, the guest of Miss Leahy, Fleet Street.

Miss Stella Allingham and Miss Ella Totten, of St. John, were recent guests of Mrs. Ida Mitchell.

Miss George Sherrard returned this week from a visit to friends in St. John and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. John McEachern has returned from a visit to relatives in Waterville, Me., and White Mountains, N.H.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lord and baby daughter, Elsie, who have been visiting relatives here, returned this week to their home in Amherst.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Rayworth are spending a few weeks with relatives in Charlottetown.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hensley and Miss Margaret Horan of Montreal, are guests at the Astor Hotel, N.J., en route to Atlantic City, N.J.

Miss Annie Jones left this week for Waltham, Mass., to take a course in nursing.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Harrey are in Charlottetown, attending the exhibition.

Miss Lillie McMahon left on Monday for Charlottetown to spend her vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Hector McQuarrie have returned from their wedding trip to Montreal and Toronto.

Miss Florence Terrio, of the West, returned from a trip to Amherst.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Glendenning, of New Glasgow, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kiehl, of this city.

Ald. P. A. Belliveau, A. McLellan, and W. LeBlanc, left this week on a motor trip to F. E. Island.

Mr. F. E. Dayton left this week on a business trip to Brookville, Ont.

Miss Ada West, of this city, is spending several weeks with relatives in Boston.

Mrs. S. J. Patrick, of Camrose, Alta., is visiting in the city, the guest of Mrs. W. L. Broad.

Miss Winnifred Murray, who has been visiting in this city, returned to her home in St. John this week.

THE ONLY MEDICINE THE BABY NEEDS

Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine a mother needs for her little ones. They are a gentle but thorough laxative which instantly relieves all stomach and bowel disorders.

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SUSSEX

Sussex, Sept. 27.—Mrs. B. Robertson, St. John, arrived on Wednesday to visit her sister, Mrs. Harry H. Hill, in Antill Monday.

Rev. G. B. McDonald was at Marysville, N. B., this week attending the Baptist Association which convened at Antill Monday.

Miss Helen Jones has returned home from a pleasant trip to Parrabro, N. S.

Senator Fowler and Mrs. Fowler arrived on Sunday from Ottawa and are guests of Sheriff and Mrs. S. A. McLeod. They will shortly return to Ottawa, where they will reside for a time.

Cedric Fowler, who accompanied his parents, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Everett Keith.

Miss Alice Rising has returned to St. John, after spending the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Lord and baby daughter, Elsie, who have been visiting relatives here, returned this week to their home in Amherst.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Rayworth are spending a few weeks with relatives in Charlottetown.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Harrey are in Charlottetown, attending the exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Fairweather, Masters Harold and Walter Fairweather, Mr. Walter Golding, St. John, and W. E. McLeod left the first of the week by auto to take in the Charlottetown, P. E. I. exhibition and races.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Baldwin and Miss P. Lyman were visitors to St. John on Wednesday.

Herbert J. Rogers, of St. John, was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Helen Keith of St. John, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Keith.

Miss Kathleen Willis of Amherst, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Walker, of this city.

Miss Jean Strong, St. John, was the weekend guest of Miss Marion Keith, of this city.

F. B. Sharp of Midland, Kings Co., was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Hazel Whitney is visiting friends in Shediac and Moncton.

SACKVILLE

Sackville, Sept. 27.—Mrs. Flint, who has been visiting in town, guest of Mrs. A. W. Bennett, leaves this week for her home in Concord, N. H.

Mrs. Herbert M. Wood and family, who have been spending the summer at Shediac Cape, have returned home. Hostesses at the golf tea on Saturday afternoon were Mrs. C. W. Fawcett and Mrs. E. Hart.

Miss Agnes MacKenzie is to be guest of Rev. Canon and Mrs. Daniel, when Mrs. C. O. Foss spent a week here, preparing to move their furniture to St. John. Many friends were glad to have them in town, again.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Flowering took place at the home of his son, Mr. W. E. Flowering, Rothsay, on Monday morning. The deceased, who was in his eightieth year, had lived here about two years.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Stantbury have moved into the house recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Foss and plan to spend the winter here.

Miss Fanny of Fredericton, has been quite ill at her home on business.

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SHEDAC

Shediac, Sept. 27.—The usual Tuesday evening social was held at the home of Mrs. Wm. Wellington, and for were prepared. They looked attractive, with Christmas stockings and red and white stockings.

Miss E. Wortman, Mrs. C. Boyer were on Monday.

Miss Wm. Wellington returned to Cambridge take up her duties in work at Harvard.

Miss Elizabeth Morrison of St. John, is visiting Miss Frances Hawthorne, in Sackville.

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THE OLD W

The advantage of a leavening and soda prepared factory economic price of Magic is the best possible to

Winnipeg



SHEDIAC

Shediac, Sept. 27.—The Red Cross met as usual Tuesday afternoon, when the twenty-five Christmas socks and...

A number of our citizens are ill, due to Spanish influenza. This malady is also in the surrounding country and a number of very serious cases are reported.

The summer cottage people are gradually leaving us. Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Wilbur have closed their home on Pleasant street, and returned to Sussex.

Miss E. W. Wortman, Miss B. Harper and Miss C. Boyer were in Moncton on Monday.

Miss M. Welling, professional nurse, after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Welling, Shediac Cape, returned to Cambridge on Monday, to take up her duties in institutional work at Harvard.

Cadet Dean Smith of the Royal Air Force, Toronto, has been spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith.

Mrs. Macdougall after some time, spent with members of her family in the United States, has arrived in St. John, and is at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Flowers.

Mr. Hal. Weldon, manager of the Bank of Montreal, in Mexico City, Mexico, has been spending a few days at his old home here. He left town on Wednesday, accompanied as far as Moncton by his mother, who will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. R. L. Ritchie.

Ned and Bob White, son of Dr. and Mrs. Jas. E. White are taking up studies at St. Joseph's.

Miss Belle Macdonald, after a visit at the home of her brother, Mr. J. A. Macdonald, has returned to Halifax.

St. Andrews Church Guild met during the week with Mrs. Tomalins at the rectory, Shediac Cape.

Mrs. W. A. Flowers, Mrs. Macdougall, Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. R. S. Murray, and little daughter Emily and Miss Crossdale, were among Shediac people in Moncton this week.

Reginald Murray has returned to his studies at Mount Allison University.

Miss Jean McDonald is attending Mount St. Vincent, Halifax.

Miss Anna Avar, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Jardine and Miss Elsie Jardine are home from a pleasant holiday trip to P. E. Island.

An old and well-known citizen passed away last week, when the death occurred of Capt. Givan, at his residence, "Idylwyld," Shediac Cape.

Rev. George F. Dawson occupied the pulpit of McCoil Methodist church, both morning and evening on Sunday last, and was heard with great pleasure by large congregations.

Rev. H. S. Strothard has returned from St. John.

Miss Ethel Jenks and Miss Mary Dudley are guests of Mrs. George Carey, at her home on Princess street.

Miss Gertrude Rediker of Minneapolis, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Ritchie, at her home in St. John.

Miss Laurette Paturel expects to leave town this week to take up a course in professional nursing, in one of the American hospitals.

Mrs. D. Harnett and children of Moncton, and Mrs. Lyman and child of Burlington, Vt., are in town owing to the death of their brother, the late Geo. Robidoux.

The congregation of the Methodist church here of which Rev. Dr. Weddall is pastor and numerous other friends of the reverend gentleman, congratulate him on the honor done him, when in the Central Methodist church, Moncton, on Tuesday evening by direction of the conference of the Methodist church of New Brunswick and P. E. Island, he was made the recipient of an address and gold headed cane on his attainment of his jubilee in the ministry of the Methodists.

A pleasant event of the week was a bridge of three tables at which Mrs. E. Freese was hostess at her home in Cocagne, having returned to the West.

Mrs. E. L. Bell of Moncton, is a guest of Mrs. D. S. Harper.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pray and son Wilbur of Calais, Me., left on Tuesday morning for a motor trip to Gardner, Me.

Mrs. Augustus Cameron and young son Douglas, left on Monday evening for Boston.

ST. STEPHEN

St. Stephen, Sept. 27.—Miss Amy Dawson of St. John, is the guest of Miss Roberta Grimmer at her home on King street.

Mrs. W. H. Stevens entertained a few friends at the supper hour on Thursday evening last, for the pleasure of Mrs. Maria Watts, Miss Marg. Harris and Mr. and Mrs. Ben S. Blay.

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Mrs. Helen Henderson is visiting friends in Edmundston.

ST. GEORGE

St. George, Sept. 27.—Mr. Mayor E. M. Caery of Eastport, spent his vacation with Mr. H. V. Dewar at Lake Utopia.

Mrs. George Agnew and daughter, Miss Eleanor, motored here from Red Beach on Saturday, and were guests of Mrs. Frank Murphy.

Miss Margaret Penwarden entertained a number of friends at her home in honor of her birthday last week.

Mr. Edward Bryne, Miss Lillian Bryne and party motored here from Boston on Wednesday evening, to take effect after Oct. 6th.

Mr. H. L. Lynde of Lockport, N. Y., a member of St. Mark's Episcopal church here, is spending a few days in town at the Victoria.

Mr. H. Earle Dow returned to Ottawa, on Tuesday.

Miss Laura Brown has returned from Pennfield after a visit with friends.

The schooner Chas. L. Jeffrey has arrived from New York with a cargo of 500 tons of coal and is unloading at the Public Wharf.

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Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Long and family, Mrs. James Robinson of Mount Hebron were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Gambin.

Miss Margaret Burgess of Sussex, and Miss Ethel Wright were week-end guests of Rev. L. J. Leard and Mrs. Leard at the Methodist parsonage.

Mrs. Lena Fenwick is spending a few days in St. John.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, Sept. 25.—Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Frapp are visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. M. Queen in St. John.

Mr. W. C. Olive has moved his home to Halifax, where he has secured employment.

Mrs. W. A. Gallant of West St. John, is visiting friends in town.

Mr. L. S. Alexander and son, Frank, of Central Billisville, are guests at the home of Dr. C. C. Alexander.

Mr. H. E. DeWolfe, assisted by Rev. E. V. Buchanan.

Miss Julia McCready is spending a few weeks in Pennfield Ridge, the guest of Miss Mary Daley.

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GRAND BAY

Grand Bay, Sept. 25.—Mr. and Mrs. Urban Caulfield were guests of friends at Hatfield's Point for a few days this week.

Mrs. W. B. Tennant motored to Grand Bay and spent Monday afternoon with her mother, Mrs. George Salmon.

Sergt. John Robertson of the Depot Battalion, Sussex, was a week-end guest at "Camp Paradise," Pandemonia.

Miss Elsie Trentowsky, St. John, spent the week-end with friends in Pandemonia.

Miss Beatrice McAndrews is the guest at Miss Bertha Weatherhead's for a short time.

Mr. Fred Irvine of Nelson, B. C., spent a few days during the week with his brother, Mr. Joseph Irvine, at "Ervineville."

Miss Helen Rogerson, St. John, was the guest of Mrs. T. J. McPherson over Sunday.

Miss Bertha Weatherhead is spending several weeks in Moncton.

SACKVILLE

Mrs. E. L. Whittaker, Vegreville, Alberta, was the week-end guest of Mrs. Andrew Melick.

Mrs. H. M. Wood, Mrs. McDougall, Mrs. Raleigh Trites, Mrs. Melville, Miss Beattie McLoud, Miss Margaret Black, Miss Gladys Borden, Miss Lou Ford, Miss Netta DesBarres, Miss Marjorie Bates, Miss Muriel Taylor, Miss Ada Ford, Miss Carrie Cahill, Misses Dorothy and Edith Hutton and Miss J. Rainnie.

The Soldiers Comforts Association gave a very enjoyable knitting party in the Town Hall on Tuesday evening of this week.

Mrs. Ray Wilson and children have returned from a visit with friends in St. John.

Mrs. Augustus Cameron and young son Douglas, left on Monday evening for Boston.

Mrs. Helen Henderson is visiting friends in Edmundston.

Dr. E. C. Bates of Houlton, Me., was in town during the week.

Miss Marion Stragan and Miss Marjorie Bailey left Tuesday morning for Sackville, where they will represent the "Y" in the conference being held there.

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SUSSEX

The bride was the recipient of many costly and useful gifts, showing the esteem in which the young couple are held.

The groom who has been a member of the Baptist church, of which they were both members, presented them with a handsome rocking chair.

The bride's traveling suit was of taupe broadcloth with hat to match and black fox fur.

The groom, who is one of Sussex's most popular young men, is a member of the Baptist choir and Sussex Citizens' Band, and has always been a prominent factor in musical circles.

The bride has many friends here and will be welcomed to Sussex.

Mr. and Mrs. Black on their return will reside on Pleasant Ave.

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The advantage of a good baking powder as a leavening agent instead of cream of tartar and soda is twofold. First, it is scientifically prepared in such a way as to insure satisfactory results.

Magic Baking Powder is guaranteed to be the best and purest baking powder it is possible to produce.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER CONTAINS NO ALUM

EW. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED WINNIPEG TORONTO, CANADA MONTREAL

Exclusive New York Models in Fall Costumes

Stunning indeed are the new Suit Fashions for Fall and with scrupulous care we have brought together truly splendid assortments for your selection.

These New York models are beautiful creations of tailors' art and will give you a correct idea of what features are commanding attention in fashion centres.

You'll see the new slender silhouette featuring semi-fitted lines, the new severely plain and one-sided and uneven panelled effects in Skirts, the new three-quarter length Coats with long rather tight sleeves, the new fur trimmings, the new suede finished and other fabrics such as Oxford Cloths, Mixtures, Broadcloth, Velvet, and Satin and the new shades of brown, gray and taupes along with blues and blacks.



London House DANIEL Head of King St.

Motto: Kindly Deed s Make Happy Lives

Uncle Dick's Chat With the Children

Dear Kiddies:— During the past few weeks since many of you have returned from the country, and got back to school, I have been somewhat surprised to notice so many boys and girls, particularly the former, out playing aimlessly about, at all times of the evening. Now, don't think that I have anything to say as to playing. I know you kiddies should have as much play as ever possible whenever you can, and at the present time of your youth, in fact I am inclined to favor more hard work at school, and less home lessons, so that you may be allowed as much freedom in the play hours as you are able to get.

Remember that there is Play and Play. What I mean by that is: many boys and girls imagine that they are having a great time if they are running about the street, enjoying themselves in a somewhat aimless manner. But there is quite another way of getting the most out of your play hours, and that is by organizing the time, from the end of your play when you have to return home you will feel that you have made the most of your freedom from study, etc. The best plan so far as the boys are concerned is to refer to the Boy Scouts, The Cadets, or the Junior Y. M. C. A. By becoming a member of any of these institutions you will be surprised to find how much more pleasure, enjoyment and valuable training you will receive. You will have a large number of boys who at one time spent their evenings standing around street corners, or past the time of some other equally wasteful way. They are initiated in the above mentioned movements, with the result that they are not only happily engaged each evening, either in good healthy indoor pleasures, or in some other form of pleasure, but they are also getting a valuable training in the way of self-discipline, and in the way of making their mark in the world as they get older. In a similar way, you may find a great deal more pleasure by organizing into junior clubs, etc., or joining some junior branch of the many societies.

There is a small club formed of about ten young girls, in St. John, who have for the past four years had the greatest amount of enjoyment by undertaking hikes, week-end parties, and doing good turns for those in need of same, and in a hundred and one ways made the most of their spare time. They have organized their club the "Jolly Kindness League" and they certainly live up to their name. The above are only a few suggestions as to the subject, and I shall be pleased to hear from you kiddies, as to how you are really spending the play hours. Just write and tell me, and the best letters received will be published for the benefit of others. To encourage you in the matter, I shall award a prize of a splendid story book to the sender who writes the most sensible letter, telling of the most profitable way to play. All letters must reach me not later than October 10th.

I have arranged to include a most interesting new illustrated feature in the Corner, and expect to give the first in next week's Children's Corner. You will have a better order your copies of The Standard right away, so as to prevent any disappointment through the dealers being sold out.

Uncle Dick Children's Editor

A DO-AS-YOU-PLEASE DAY

"If I could have my wish," Jack was saying as Mrs. Porter came out on the porch, "I'd wish that I could do as I pleased all one day—just have a good time. I wouldn't wish for a doll with real hair or a toy piano," and he looked at the girls as if to say they wished for very foolish things. "The children were playing quiet games, after getting tired of the toys and dolls. "That would be nice," agreed Emily. "Mamma, we are playing the Wishing Game. Cousin Florence wants a toy piano and I wished for a doll with real hair. What is your wish, I wonder?" "I'll think about it and tell you later," said Mrs. Porter, threading her needle. "You go on with your game while I think."

"I only have one wish today," went on Jack. "If I could do as I pleased a whole day I'd be perfectly happy. It's always, Jack, don't, and 'You mustn't do that, Jack, from morning till night.' "Well, it seems to me it wouldn't be so very hard to manage a Do-as-you-please day," said Mrs. Porter. "Of course it would depend upon whether you wanted to get into mischief or not. I think tomorrow you may all try doing as you please. If you will promise not to want to do things that will injure you or anyone else."

The children were all excited and promised very readily to keep out of mischief. Then they began to plan what they would do the next day, and the rainy afternoon passed very quickly. "I shall stay in bed till 'way late," said Emily, "and then get up to play the rest of the day. I won't have to do a single thing all day, will I, mamma?" "Nothing but the things you want to do."

"And I shall wear my best dress and my white shoes," said Florence. "I think I'll take my new pink petticoat and go walking, or maybe play with Geraldine Mignonette where folks can see me. I don't like to save my best dresses. I like to wear them all the time."

his cham, Fred, by the river. Florence came faintly down the stairs in her pretty new dress, holding her pink parcel carefully over her best hat, and started out for a walk, without her best doll in the new carriage Uncle James had given her. "Auntie, did you think it was going to rain?" asked Florence, coming home wet and bedraggled, a few minutes later. "Why didn't you tell me?" "But my dear, the other day when I told you it was going to rain you cried and said, 'You see, it is a Do-as-you-please Day, you know.'"

Jack came in tired and warm and dirty after a very happy morning. When he saw Aunt Molly at the table in her white dress he said he would eat in the kitchen rather than wash his hands. He left his dinner for a moment, and the spot upon his face seemed so that he thought he had better go to the table the next time. Emily fared better than any one of the rest, for she had a long happy day with her friends and her books, and her little friends from next door, but she was glad when evening came.

"Well, how did you all like it? Shall we try it again, Mrs. Porter, as they gathered about her chair in the twilight. "I don't want to," said Jack, quickly. "It's no fun doing 'you please.' "I don't want to try it again," said Emily. "I had a good time today, but I'm sorry I didn't help mamma. It's all right in the daytime, but when it comes evening and mamma is very tired, I'm sorry I didn't do a thing but please myself. Don't let us do it again, mamma."

"I don't want to do as I please, either," said Florence. "I spoiled my petticoat and my new dress, and Geraldine Mignonette looks like a fright. I'm not going to go after this when auntie wants me to stay at home." "Well, we won't try it tomorrow," said Mrs. Porter. "But the next time we might try another Do-as-you-please Day."

That was last summer, but none of the children have ever asked for another day to please them selves. Of course they often want their own way in many things, but when somebody says, "Do as you please," they are usually laughing, and everything gets straightened out in a hurry.

AIR CASTLES

"If Katie were not always building air castles," said mother, "the steak would not be burned, the potatoes soggy, and the coffee brewed to death nearly as often as it is."

"What are air castles, mother?" Robbie was not very big, but he was just full of questions. Mother laughed and looked at Uncle Jim. "Air castles, Robbie boy, are wonderful houses that topple to pieces every day, and are looking at them. When you get older you will understand better, and know that a good builder selects a firm foundation, and doesn't build on a shaky one."

Robbie didn't just see what mother meant, but he took the penny which Uncle Jim had given him and went as far as the corner where he saw where he flattened his little nose against the window for some time in order that he might spend his money wisely. But what could he have wanted more than a pipe to blow soap-bubbles. Carrying it carefully, he entered the house by the back door where Katie was naturally waiting for him. She had a dish of warm water, and a small piece of soap.

"Sit down in the doorway and you'll have the garden to float them away in," and Robbie needed no second invitation. Soon both he and Katie were watching with delight the airy balloons which were borne along the gentle breeze. "Seems to me I can see things in them," said the imaginative girl. "There's a dear little house with a garden, and a piano inside, and a baby playing on the doorstep—oh, so many things I can see! Look close, Master Robbie!—maybe you'll be seeing things in yours—oh! oh! my biscuits!"

With a shriek of dismay she ran and opened the oven door to pull out what should have been puffy white biscuits—now burned to a crisp. "Robbie was very sorry. He put the pipe down beside the dish of soap water and came over to look at Katie's face. "I believe I see now what mother meant," he said, earnestly. "These were air castles, Katie. Now I see that you see air castles so much that you let things burn and taste horrible."

"I guess I do, Master Robbie," acknowledged the girl, a little sheepishly. "I guess your mother is right. And I've only made more work for myself, for now I've got to mix my biscuit in a hurry, or dinner'll be late. Air castles, are not much good say way, for I couldn't live in a cottage in a soap-bubble, could I?" and as they both laughed, she said earnestly, "I believe you would have better meals if I didn't build air castles so much."

Oliver and Harry lived on a farm. They were always happy and loved all the animals that their father owned. Harry was especially fond of horses and wanted to ride them every time he got a chance, but his sister had a different kind of pet. Her favorite was an old woolen sheep, that had lived on the farm a long time and was really quite intelligent. It always knew Oliver when she went out to the farm to feed it or pet it, and generally ran forward to meet her.

"One day, when she was on her way to pay her pet a visit, she met Harry in the barnyard. "Going to see your old sheep, Olive, I suppose," he said, scornfully. "I wouldn't have a sheep for a pet—they're not half so intelligent as horses."



CHILDREN'S CORNER

CONDUCTED BY UNCLE DICK.

Good Night Stories

WINTER. It was winter time; over everything lay a thick covering of beautiful white snow, so deep, so warm, to keep Earth's sleeping children cozy during their long weeks of rest. The frost sparkled on trees and shrub, and truly the earth looked like a bit of Fairyland.

IN TRAINING

"Look at the comical kitten, chasing the leaves as they fall. He's running himself all out of breath for nothing." "Isn't that funny, Timmy?" said the tiny, animated fair girl and cuddled with it. "Why yes, we can, but there's nothing to be so hot and bare trees," said Mary. "Is that all you can see, you poor child? Come, let us stroll out. I believe we shall find many things to look at, and to think about, even if it is winter," said Uncle Will.

The children gladly put on coats, caps and mitts and started out. "Keep a sharp lookout, youngsters," was their uncle's advice. "How quiet everything is!" said Tom. "There isn't a bird singing." "No, the birds that stay with us all winter are not singers, but chirpers. Just now they are too busy looking for food to think of chirping," said Uncle Will. "Oh! see all those bird-tracks!" cried Tom. "I wonder what they mean!"

"Do you see the remains of that red berry?" It grew on the spruce in briar bush yonder. It was full of seeds, and this is where a number of our feathered friends ate their breakfast this morning. "This is there breakfast table," laughed Uncle Will. They went on a little farther, and Fred exclaimed, "Aren't these tracks of a rabbit, uncle?" "That's what they are, boys. What a funny track he makes! One mark behind and two before. Here he was frightened, for look at the great leap he made. A rabbit is a nervous creature, always sniffing to see if danger is near. Let us follow the track."

"Why do rabbits have such big ears?" said Mary. "So that they can hear well," Tom replied. "You see, they have no sharp claws or cruel teeth like the cat or dog, and they have to run from their enemies. Fear makes them cunning. They have strong paws, and can scrape a hole in sandy ground very quickly, and so escape that way. Here we have followed the trail to where the rabbit ate his lunch last night. What do you see there, Tom?"

"A part of a head of cabbage that has either been dropped or thrown here," was Tom's answer. "I guess Bunny thought it smelt good and he will come to it and feast until he has nibbled it all up. Do you see that handsome blue bird, Mary?" "Yes, uncle; that is the jay, isn't it?" he replied. "See his beautiful blue coat of deep sky color; a black feather neck-lace adorns his neck, and a tuft of feathers lighter in color than the wings makes a fitting crown for his proud head. Almost any time of the day we may hear his busy call: 'Phee-fay, phee-fay, phee-fay.'"

His Discovery. A professor of history met one of his classes just returned from the museum on the Western Front, and asked if he had learned any particular lesson from the war. "I have discovered," replied the young man, "that it is a great deal easier studying history, than it is making it."

Geography. Tommy—"I'm going to make an expedition on the pole." Friend—"Oh, when will this happen?" Tommy—"Tonight; I'm going to the barber's."

High and Dry. "Is my son getting well grounded in the classics?" asked a millionaire. "I would put it even stronger than that," replied the tutor. "I may say he is actually stranded on them!"

Courtsip is the enchanting view from a safe distance and marriage is climbing the mountain.

Good Night Stories

WINTER. It was winter time; over everything lay a thick covering of beautiful white snow, so deep, so warm, to keep Earth's sleeping children cozy during their long weeks of rest. The frost sparkled on trees and shrub, and truly the earth looked like a bit of Fairyland.

"Well, he said, 'I guess your old sheep isn't so slow, after all. But how did she get out?' "I suppose somebody forgot to bolt her door, and she just thought she would come out to say 'Good-morning' to me when I came. You see, she is intelligent, now, isn't she?" and Harry had to admit that she was.

"I wish the spring would come, Uncle Will," said Mary, "and then we could go out for walks." "Can't we go out for walks in winter, Mary?" he replied, in that pleasant voice of his that brought cheer with it. "Why yes, we can, but there's nothing to be so hot and bare trees," said Mary. "Is that all you can see, you poor child? Come, let us stroll out. I believe we shall find many things to look at, and to think about, even if it is winter," said Uncle Will.

The children gladly put on coats, caps and mitts and started out. "Keep a sharp lookout, youngsters," was their uncle's advice. "How quiet everything is!" said Tom. "There isn't a bird singing." "No, the birds that stay with us all winter are not singers, but chirpers. Just now they are too busy looking for food to think of chirping," said Uncle Will. "Oh! see all those bird-tracks!" cried Tom. "I wonder what they mean!"

"Do you see the remains of that red berry?" It grew on the spruce in briar bush yonder. It was full of seeds, and this is where a number of our feathered friends ate their breakfast this morning. "This is there breakfast table," laughed Uncle Will. They went on a little farther, and Fred exclaimed, "Aren't these tracks of a rabbit, uncle?" "That's what they are, boys. What a funny track he makes! One mark behind and two before. Here he was frightened, for look at the great leap he made. A rabbit is a nervous creature, always sniffing to see if danger is near. Let us follow the track."

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and see him sit about among the trees," said Uncle Will. "Oh, look quick!" cried Tom, grasping his uncle's arm. "What sort of bird is that little black-and-white fellow on the tree?" "That is the chickadee. He is one of the loveliest, best-natured birds we have. He likes to be friendly with boys and girls, and if they invite him in the right way he will come and dine at their house."

"Now you're just making fun, uncle," said Mary. "No, indeed I'm not," he replied. "You can have a whole troop of birds about you if you wish them. "Tell us how," said both boys at once. "When we go home, we'll go to the kitchen and get some of the meat rind that came off the bacon we had for breakfast. We'll tie a little bunch of them together in the tree just opposite the window. Then Mary with her quick fingers can make us a little net bag, and we'll put some scraps of meat, bits of wet and plenty of crumbs in it, and we'll hang it in the tree close to the window. You'll soon see that that is the sort of invitation the birds want, and they'll come and feast and chatter and chirp. They won't mind you watching them from the chawer, either, and I'm sure before spring comes you'll have them quite tame," explained Uncle Will.

"We'll do it. Let us go right back now and get things ready," said Tom. "Do you think the big blue jay will come?" asked Mary. "Yes, I'm sure he will. Why, you'll see it won't be very long after things are ready that word will go about among the birds. One will say to the others: 'Come over to that house on the corner, near the bridge. There are two boys and a girl living there, who want to be friends with them. They have put out meat and bread, and cake, for us to eat. Come along. No danger from the cat, for everything is too high for puss to reach.' Then they will come and feast. For a change of diet we can get a bit of corn and hang it up, and once in a while, a few stalks of wheat or oats in the ear. You'll have a glorious time watching the bird-guests," said Uncle Will.

It all happened just as he said it would. The children never again thought there was nothing to see during the winter, for in the walks taken with their uncle they found the hiding-places of the muskrat and the rabbit, and they were able to read signs in the snow that told them of many curious happenings among their outdoor friends. Couldn't See Him. Her mother was showing little Elsie a book full of the pictures of idols and false gods. There were the great, black, ugly idols which are worshipped in the East, the queer-looking, rude gods of the North American Indian, the Greek and Roman deities, and then there was the picture of a woman in India, throwing her baby into the Ganges to her god, and said her mother: "Our God is not like that, is He? He loves us so much and is so kind?" "I don't like God," said Elsie, decidedly. "Oh, why do you say that?" "Because He has no looks."

"No looks!" "No, I can't see Him. How can you see anybody you never saw?" "Well, don't you like Aunt Bessie?" "Well, don't you like Aunt Bessie?"

When past the pigsties and the cowshed into a meadow, through which a brook trickled. Football was in full swing—not very scientific play—but full of spirit and good humor. One heard the shouts of Lancashire lads and mingling with others, unmistakably from Whitechapel or Clyde-side. A heartily boisterous game, such as one might see in any village green at home in peace days. Not far off, a rickety roller had been rigged up by a group of sturdy gunners, and, hauled by dragropes, was being pressed into service to level a space for a cricket pitch.

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A Regular Saturday Page for the Kiddies

You never saw her; she is away in California. "Oh, yes, I like her, but I have seen her picture, and it is so nice; and then she sends me such lots of presents, I can't help but like her."

"You have seen the picture of Jesus, Elsie, haven't you?" "Why yes—Jesus taking the children in His arms and making the blind man see. He don't look just like in all the pictures, but I know I'd like Him. He looks so kind. Anybody would like Him—a big, nice man, something like daddy!"

"But you know, Elsie, Jesus was God, and when we read about Jesus and think about Him and picture Him in our minds, we are thinking about God." "So God has looks then, hasn't He?" said Elsie, thoughtfully. "Yes, certainly," answered her mother, "and God sends us nice presents, far more than Aunt Bessie. He gives us the good food we eat, and our clothes and our home and keeps us well, and makes us better when we are sick; and all the things you get from Aunt Bessie and daddy and me really come from God."

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The midday sun blazed on the well-cultivated fields, the tall poplars swayed to the light summer breeze, the sails of the ancient windmill on a near slope creaked and spun. Along the road a ramshackle wagon rumbled and as it turned into the farmyard with its full load of hay, the carters exchanged pleasantries with the farm hands, who were chasing a plump porker with comical objections to confinement in a pen. War? Just the usual vocations of peace. Peace in War Time. On a door opening on to the yard was chalked in unmistakable English, "B. C. Post. O. C. Untenth Battery Artillery."

I knocked and entered. Inside a spacious room with heavy oak rafters and a massive crucifix over the mantel-shelf, sat a middle-aged man in khaki with the mark of a major on his cuffs. He had a placid look in his quiet, grey eyes. He was clean shaven, and when he spoke his manner and the timbre of his voice reminded me of the curate. He was reading, and a glance at the book revealed its title, "The Golden Age."

At another table an officer was checking the Mess accounts with a bombardier, and through a half-open door came the strains of "My Home in Tennessee" played on a gramophone. The O. C. relinquished his reading to greet me with a subdued smile. We talked of my recent leave and his prospects of getting some more days; of places and people both of us knew in Blighty; of the weather and the crops; of a score of things far removed from war and its horrors. All round the room were maps and charts, on the tables were slide rules, protractors, clinometers and many more gunnery "gadgets," but nothing was said about any of them. I had been posted to an adjacent battery but a merely casual reference was made to this.

"Come and have a stroll round the farm," the O. C. suggested. We stepped into the sunshine across the yard. On the door of a weather-beaten barn was written "Canteen." A brisk business was being done in cigars, arrettes, polishing pastes, biscuits, jams and potted meats, matches and writing pads. When past the pigsties and the cowshed into a meadow, through which a brook trickled. Football was in full swing—not very scientific play—but full of spirit and good humor. One heard the shouts of Lancashire lads and mingling with others, unmistakably from Whitechapel or Clyde-side. A heartily boisterous game, such as one might see in any village green at home in peace days. Not far off, a rickety roller had been rigged up by a group of sturdy gunners, and, hauled by dragropes, was being pressed into service to level a space for a cricket pitch.

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Like magic the whole scene changed. A whistle sounded shrilly. From the playing fields, every gunner came dashing. In what seemed only a few seconds each was at his post. The words of command were few. The monster shell already hoisted into its place behind the quick breech and forcibly rammed home. At a sign from the gun commander the firing lanyard was pulled. Then halt was let loose, and "Fleete" continued its grim work until the observers reported "Successful destructive shoot."

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# Will War End Double Moral Standard By Which Woman Suffers? Asks Caine

By HALL CAINE, THE FAMOUS NOVELIST.

The altered social conditions called for by the war, so less than the sorrow entailed by it, have had the effect of opening up the deep places of life and having some of the hidden sanctuaries of the soul. Particularly in this so among the women of the nation. The old order has gone which made women dependent upon man, in one form or other his subject and servant, to be "given" in marriage by her father or "taken" by her husband.

The sudden and violent necessities of war have called woman up to her rightful place as the co-partner of man, and never, as long as the world lasts, can she step down from it. That, already, is one result of the war, and even in the most gloomy sorrow and suffering, our younger women seem to be finding a certain joy and thrill in it.

Will it be one of the good results of this bad war that, as soon as the days of peace come, woman will rebel against the unequal obligations of marriage, whether imposed by church or state?

Will she declare that though the wife may be an offender in the eyes of the law if she breaks her vows to her husband, in the eyes of God the husband is as much to blame who breaks his vows to his wife; that where the duty is the same the sin is the same and that it shall be no more permitted to men to have many wives than to women to have many husbands?

Frequently there come to me letters from mothers who have lost their sons in the war—so utterly lost them that there is no one to say where they have been buried. Oh, the wild questioning that comes of that forlorn condition!

If God is a beneficent Father, who loves His children, why does He permit war, with all its barbarities, to go on, when by stretching out His hand He could stop it?

Sometimes a woman, overcoming the reticence of her sex, will stop me in the street with such questions, and before she has time to answer she has the swollen eyes and quivering lips that have happened to her.

It seems only a little while ago that she was nursing her boy on her knee, and only yesterday since he came to her, in all the beauty of his strength, to bid good-by before going to France.

The ghost of that last bright hour of glory and pride is hovering about her still, although the leaves of her memory are now rustling in the dark; for the incredible, inconceivable, unbelievable thing has happened, and the days are long and the nights are long in which she is asking herself, "Can it be true? No, no, it can't be true! It is impossible, isn't it?"

And so, passing through the bewildering streets, with their flowing streams of faces, she catches at the first face she thinks she knows, just as the shipwrecked sailor catches at any broken spar, not knowing how little help it can give her, and how hard it will find itself to keep from sinking in the same tempestuous sea and under the same unanswerable sky.

Perhaps it is not altogether the fault of the churches that they are often unable in these days of war to light up the dark places of a mother's sorrow with a heavenly torch.

And one wonders whether Christianity itself, as they understand and teach it, has much to say to the suffering ones that will enable them to live as well as to die.

For twenty years before the war began I used to travel twice every winter and spring across the long stretch of country that is now the battlefield of Europe, and with a poignant sense of the change that has since come over it, I recall the soft beauty of the scenes that looked upon from the trains, usually going out in the gathering gloom of the evening and returning in the freshness of the morning.

There with the green fields and orchards between, were the quiet old towns and villages, each with its little church surrounded by its crowded churchyard and crowned with its glittering cross.

It was not difficult in imagination to pass through the open doors of the little sanctuaries to the slumberous silence within, where the big crucifix, with its bleeding figure, would be hanging from the chancel arch, and the stairs of the cross would be telling the story of agony from the walls.

## FASHIONS FOR CANADIANS

The slit skirt has come again. This was to be expected, with the desire to save fabric. But the new slit skirts are modest and graceful and they are "slit" skirts only when the wearers elect to make them so. A skirt less than a yard and a half in width is not comfortable to walk about in, and it is a fact that many smart fall frocks and suits feature skirts no wider than a yard and a half. An opening at sides or back is frequently seen with buttons and buttonholes outlining it so it may be closed when desired, and the arrangement includes dresses, suit and separate skirts as well. One of the latter recently noted buttoned from hem to waistline in the centre back.

The frock shown in the sketch demonstrates the slit skirt tendency. It is very narrow, and the buttons down each side of the skirt, running from waistline to hem, are decidedly decorative for a severely plain tailored dress. Either or both sides of the skirt may be opened a few inches in order that walking may be simplified, and the slit skirt may be kept closed if preferred.

This little dress would be charming in velvet or it may be made up in serge or wool jersey cloth. It closes at the centre back, fastening with small buttons. The round neck is finished with a little puff of Georgette in contrasting color (with navy serge, petunia color or French blue, would be smart), the same fabric being used for the inside sleeve.

This is a distinctly youthful frock, but its extreme simplicity makes it a very good selection for any woman with a slender, straight figure, even though she may be well beyond sweet sixteen.

It is interesting to observe there are really no unusual fashion lines for the coming season. Simplicity is the rule, but there are innumerable smart trimming features including embroidery in plain wool, angora, chenille, silk and beads, braiding of all kinds, tucks and accordion pleating. And fringe must not be overlooked. That is seen on every type of frock, not even excepting negligee apparel.

And remembering the long martyrdom of agony from the walls, and the crowded criminals who were in the home, who, perhaps, had more worries and anxieties than usual. So let all girls and women take heed and renew their blood promptly at the first approach of pallor, lack of appetite, headache or backache. This can be best and most effectively accomplished by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which make new, rich blood and thus help womanhood so perfectly. No woman need fear failure of health if they take these pills occasionally to keep them well, or give them a fair trial if they find themselves rundown.

Miss Pearson has an interesting personality. She is a girl who loves her work, and who gives many hours to the study of the characters she portrays on the screen. Like many others she has found during her study times away from the studio she has been continually interrupted and her train of thought disturbed. She has tried many schemes to overcome this and has at last found the ideal.

She lives in a handsome apartment in Riverside Drive, New York. She selected a room far, far from the maddening auto horn, but everything out of it and then fitted it up in a royal boudoir. The draperies are of velvet cloth. The furniture consists of only an easy chair and a handsome blue velvet couch. Aside from this there is only an antique vase—a vase that is said to be two thousand years old.

Here she spends an hour every evening after her tiring work at the studio. Here she prepares for her new play. No one is allowed in this room. It is for her and her meditation—for her thoughts alone. There is only one touch that she allows herself, that is a dark blue bowl containing water and holding a few flowers. She declares this room is as good to her as a fortnight's vacation.

A book of her life is taking up Miss Pearson's time just now. Recently she declared she had finished twenty-five chapters and was only just beginning to tell her story. She admits it will be some book.

Miss Pearson believes psychic powers guide her.

Great success is attending the opening of sewing rooms or overalls, for Italian women refugees and the poor women of soldiers' families (these are conducted by American Red Cross units) in Rome.

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Graceful Frock Featuring Slit Skirt.

## THE CURIOUS SIDE OF EPITAPHS.

Remarkable sentiments are sometimes found in epitaphs on tombstones. Here are a few, not as familiar, perhaps, as others:

In a Country Churchyard—Here I lie, and no wonder I'm dead, For the wheel of a wagon went over my head.

In an English Parish—Here lies me and my three daughters, Brought here by using Cheltenham waters.

Over Mr. Bor's Grave—Here lies one Box within another, The one of wood was very good, We cannot say so much for 'tother.

A Little Doubtful—Marie Brown, Wife of Timothy Brown, aged eighty years.

She lived with her husband fifty years, and died in the confident hope of a better life.

By a Grateful Family—Here lies Bernard Lightfoot, Who was accidentally killed in the forty-fifth year of his age, This monument was erected by his grateful family.

THE BUSINESS WOMAN

Today, more than ever before, is woman's opportunity. Heavy new occupations are now opened to her, which, before the war, she was deemed unqualified to fill. And truth to tell she has risen to the opportunity, and now shares many business responsibilities in former times confined to men.

But, as women are subject to more frequent fluctuations of health than men, they regard their health requirements too lightly.

The nervous strain, long hours and prolonged mental or physical fatigue thin the blood and weaken the nerves. Such conditions as women are now called upon to undergo can only be endured by a full-blooded constitution. This is as true for men as for women, only weaker women suffer sooner.

The woman worker, in any line, requires her blood replenished frequently. She needs new, rich blood to keep her health under the trying conditions of business life, and to fortify her system against the effects of overwork. This applies also to the woman in the home, who, perhaps, has more worries and anxieties than usual.

So let all girls and women take heed and renew their blood promptly at the first approach of pallor, lack of appetite, headache or backache. This can be best and most effectively accomplished by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which make new, rich blood and thus help womanhood so perfectly. No woman need fear failure of health if they take these pills occasionally to keep them well, or give them a fair trial if they find themselves rundown.

How to Forget.

If you were busy being kind before you knew it, you would find you'd soon forget to think 'twas true. That someone was unkind to you.

If you were busy being glad, And cheering people who were sad, Although your heart might ache a bit, You'd soon forget to notice it.

If you were busy being true, To what you know you ought to do, You'd be so busy you'd forget The blunders of the folks you've met.

If you were busy being right, You'd find yourself too busy quite To criticize your neighbor long, Because he's busy being wrong.

# HOW TO KEEP YOUR FIGURE, TOLD BY STAR

Virginia Pearson of the William Fox Corporation Says She Nearly Lost Her Plumpness By Strenuous Picture Making—Cries For Forty-Five Minutes—Actress Has a Dark Blue Rest Room in Her Apartment.

"Why Miss Pearson how do you keep your figure so slender and beautiful?" the William Fox star was asked recently by a casual acquaintance.

"Well, until I began the making of my latest picture 'The Firebrand,' I exercised regularly, morning and night," replied the Rose of Dixieland.

"But my work in the photoplay has given me so much exercise that I have been compelled to dispense with my morning and night gymnastics. Why for four weeks I lost eight pounds.

"Fighting with a hundred men at once. You see in this photoplay I seem to have the entire Russian revolution on my back at times. I know my back is broad and solid but it takes some exertion to battle with one hundred men. At times I am wrestling around a room with the leader of the revolution or with some of his men. I am completely exhausted by the end of the day, the last one in exactly eleven and one-half hours. Mrs. Fay was the war bride in 1861 of Lieut. William W. Fay, 15th Massachusetts Volunteers, and she served with her husband at the battle of Antietam.

Later, while stationed at Fortress Monroe, Va., she pulled the lanyard which fired the shot announcing Lee's surrender to Grant.

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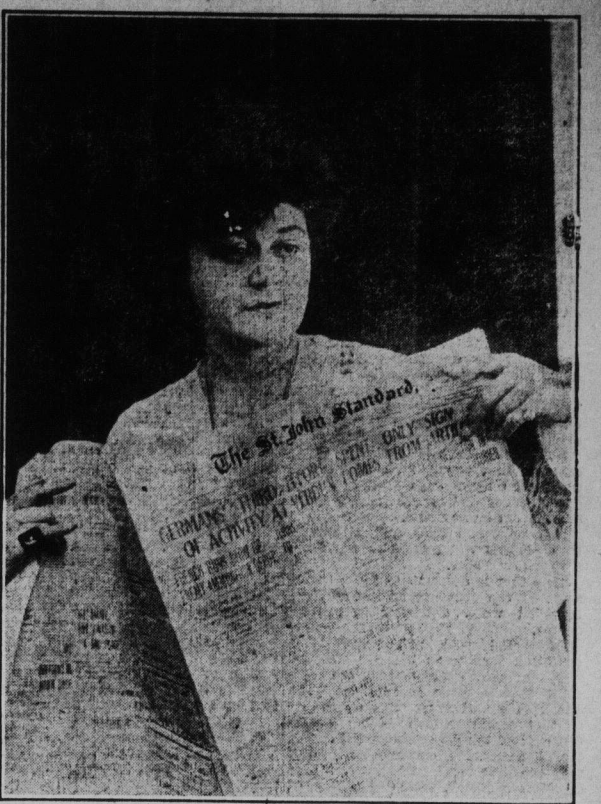
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## Not a Corn or Callus on Feet

Apply few drops, then lift them off without pain.

A noted Cincinnati authority discovered a new ether compound and called it "Freezone" and it now can be had in little bottles for a few cents from any drug store.

You simply apply a few drops of freezone upon the corn or painful callus and instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off with fingers.

No pain, not a bit of soreness, either when applying freezone or afterwards, and it doesn't even irritate the skin.

Hard corns, soft corns or corns between the toes, all you need to do is lift off so easy, it is wonderful! It works like a charm.

Women should keep freezone on their dressers and never let a corn ache twice.

There's no excuse for any woman having wrinkles now. It has been found that a simple mixture of lime and witch hazel has a remarkable action upon the deepest wrinkles, no matter what their nature, whether caused by worry, habitual frowning, or the debilitated condition of the ravages of Father Time.

This harmless remedy, which anyone can easily make and use at home, acts both as an astringent and as a wrinkle-remover. The combined effect of tightening the skin and heightening its vitality is to immediately affect every line and wrinkle, keeping the cuticle smooth and firm as in youth.

The proportions are one ounce saville (powdered) to one-half pint witch hazel, ingredients which are found in every drug store. The solution should be used as a wash lotion. It is equally effective in disposing of flabbiness on the neck and face, as well as sagging below the eyes.

With pure, rich blood—a healthy stomach—and an active liver—you may laugh at disease, and you may have all three by taking

H. Dr. Wilson's HERBINE BITTERS

## WOMEN ARE UNFIT TO BE SOLDIERS, MME. BOTCHKAREVA TELLS Y. W. C. A.

Mme. Botchkareva, the former cell of the Russian Battalion of Death, told the members of the Young Women's Christian Association at Washington, D. C., that women can never be soldiers comparable with men. She spoke from experience, having fought and been wounded fighting the Germans.

Mme. Botchkareva was attired in the uniform of a Russian commander. She wore a number of medals. She is not above average womanly height, has a rather full figure, and wears black hair cropped squarely at the back.

Mr. Robbins, who is Mme. Botchkareva's secretary, explained that the visitor suffered from a throat trouble, due to war exposure, that made talking difficult, but she felt that she must not neglect opportunity to more closely relate her country to ours.

"I know you are all friends and allies of my country," she said. "I believe you know Russia always was a great and honorable country, but she is bearing her cross. She is not any of her sons through war than any of the allied nations. But I want you to know her people. They are open-hearted if uneducated. Because of these acts the German spies have taken advantage of them. Russia feels she must again stand up. And she asks the allies to help her win back her place. And when she does stand up she will be the great and honorable nation she was before her downfall."

Mme. Botchkareva urged women to work earnestly and not playfully. "Do your pretty things," she said, "is not doing the best things. They cannot stand the stress of actual warfare in the trenches and field. They break down under it. A few may hold up but most of them succumb. But women can perform great and helpful service behind the lines and at home."

In Mme. Botchkareva's party were Miss Bounistoff, of the Russian embassy, and Lieut. Philippoff, of the Russian army. He saved the life of Mme. Botchkareva on the field of battle and she was able afterward to save his. Mme. Botchkareva was up before a firing squad when her sex was noted by a courageous soldier and her life was spared.

"Tell the women not to go to the front, not to think of fighting in the trenches as I have done. Their work is here. It is God's work. It was faith in God that helped me to get away to come here, and faith in God will bring Russia out of all her trouble."

## IMPERIAL--FRIDAY-SATURDAY



ASK ANYBODY WHO SAW IT YESTERDAY Mrs. Humphrey Ward's Sweet War Story

## "MISSING"

Not Grosseome But Very Emotional. AN ENGLISH NOVEL WITH HEART-THROBS. Incidental Vocal Selections Make the Photographic Players Really Live.

"A FIGHT FOR MILLIONS" The 6th Chapter Today and Saturday. Vitagraph Farce As An Extra.



The Theatre of Quality

## OPERA HOUSE VAUDEVILLE

ALMA and MERRIMAN SISTERS UNIQUE NOVELTY IN XYLOPHONES.

AL LEIGHTON THE OZAVES Character Songs, Stories, Whistling Comedy Juggling Offering.

SCOTT and KANE Singing and Talking Skit "CHEMISTS OF COMEDY"

LA MAZE TRIO Serial Drama Comedy Acrobatic Feature. THE LION'S CLAWS

## IMPERIAL THEATRE TWO DAYS OCT. 3 AND 4 MATINEE-FRIDAY

Charles Dillingham's Greatest Musical Comedy Success "CHIN-CHIN" With Walter Wills and Roy Binder

The Only and Original New York Production With Its Wealth of Scenery and Startling Effects. CLEAN WHOLESOME FUN RUNNING OVER ACTS WITH CLEVER ACTS

The Famous Clown Saxophone Band COMPANY OF 65--MOSTLY GIRLS "Chin Chin" Has a Name of Magic Music That is Scenery, Pretty Dresses, Nifty Little Chinese Maids, Mandarins, a Real Circus Tent, Toys, Coolies, Bears, Grotesque Dancing Apently.

PRICES Nights: Orch. \$1.50, \$2.00, Balc. \$1.00, \$1.50, Rear 50c. Mat.: Orch. \$1.00, Balc. 75c.; Rear 25c. SEAT SALE STARTS MONDAY

UNIQUE LYRIC A CLASSY PROGRAM for the Week-end. The Biggest Serial on Record "THE HOUSE OF HATE" THE KING MUSICAL CO. IN "A BUSINESS MAN'S TROUBLES" A Riot of Laughter! DANCES--NEW--SPECIALTIES Matinees Daily at 3. Evenings 7:30 and 9 o'clock. Watch For Monday's Bill

YOUR HEALTH

By ANDREW P. COURIER, M. D. SUBACIDITY OF THE STOMACH—II.

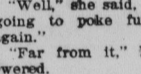
No organ of the body gives more trouble and distress than the stomach, though it also gives much pleasure and satisfaction. Its troubles range from the simplest dyspepsia to the serious ulcer and the fatal cancer. Especially since maturity, when people are constantly indulging in all sorts of impurities in eating and drinking, is the stomach prone to be rebellious and refuse to submit to maltreatment. The stomach is at work so many hours out of the twenty-four, it is not strange it should give out and show its exhaustion by disease. All kinds of food pass into this organ, but it digests only the potatoes or albuminoids. The mucus secreted by its glands gives moisture and adhesiveness to the food mass, and the hydrochloric acid and pepsin digest or liquify it. These substances may be in excess, they may be deficient, and in rare cases they may be absent. Sub-acidity, or hypochylia, means there is not enough of them for digestive purposes, just as in super-acidity there is too much. Sub-acidity is less common than super-acidity, occurs oftener with those who have some kind of nervous disorder and is unattended by inflammation or gastritis. It comes and goes and alternates with periods when there is too much hydrochloric acid. This fact is determined by examination of the contents of the stomach removed when digestion is at its height. Connected with sub-acidity is a condition known as "atony" of the stomach; which means that the muscular coat is more or less paralyzed and does not contract and churn its contents about, which is an essential part of the digestive process. The conditions causing sub-acidity may continue until at length no acid at all is secreted, which would mean that some of the tubules which produce gastric juice have atrophied or withered, and will be of no further use. If there is only moderate sub-acidity, there may be no urgent symptoms of any kind; but if the condition persists, anaemia may develop, with possible termination in cancer; hence the matter must not be neglected. The ordinary symptoms are discomfort and a sense of weight and fullness when digestion is going on, want of appetite, heaving, headache, dizziness and constipation. In treating it, the general condition should be improved by simple food, a glass of hot water before meals, sleep in abundance, out-door exercises, sunshine, and freedom from worry if possible. Should the disease become very troublesome, the contents of the stomach should be examined and a course of treatment instituted by one who is familiar with stomach diseases. Questions and Answers. M. S. A.—Am a girl of sixteen and troubled with pimples and enlarged pores on my face. I walk to business four times a day and am not an excessive meat eater. Can you tell me what I can do to relieve this trouble? Answer—You are suffering from acne, which is one of the most common and persistent troubles from which young people suffer. Very many methods of treatment have been used for this trouble, including the use of vaccines; but I do not know of anything which can be said to be universally helpful. The important thing to remember is to have a very simple diet; to take plenty of exercise; and to keep the bowels freely open. J. G. B. P.—F.—If you will send a self-addressed, stamped envelope, reply will be sent to you in response to your inquiry.

ALLEGED HUMOR

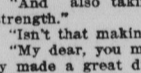
Umson leaned back in his chair at the dinner table, held a corky between the thumb and first finger of his right hand, and eyed it closely. Mrs. Umson looked but did not smile. Planching the corky and moving it up and down as if to carefully ascertain its weight, Umson continued his inspection. By this time Mrs. Umson was glowering. "Well," she said, "I suppose you are going to poke fun at my cooking again." "Far from it," her husband answered. "Then what in the world are you doing with that corky?" "It was testing its resiliency—"



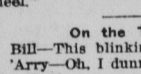
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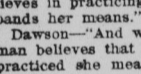
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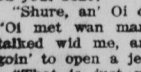
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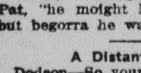
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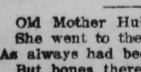
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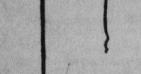
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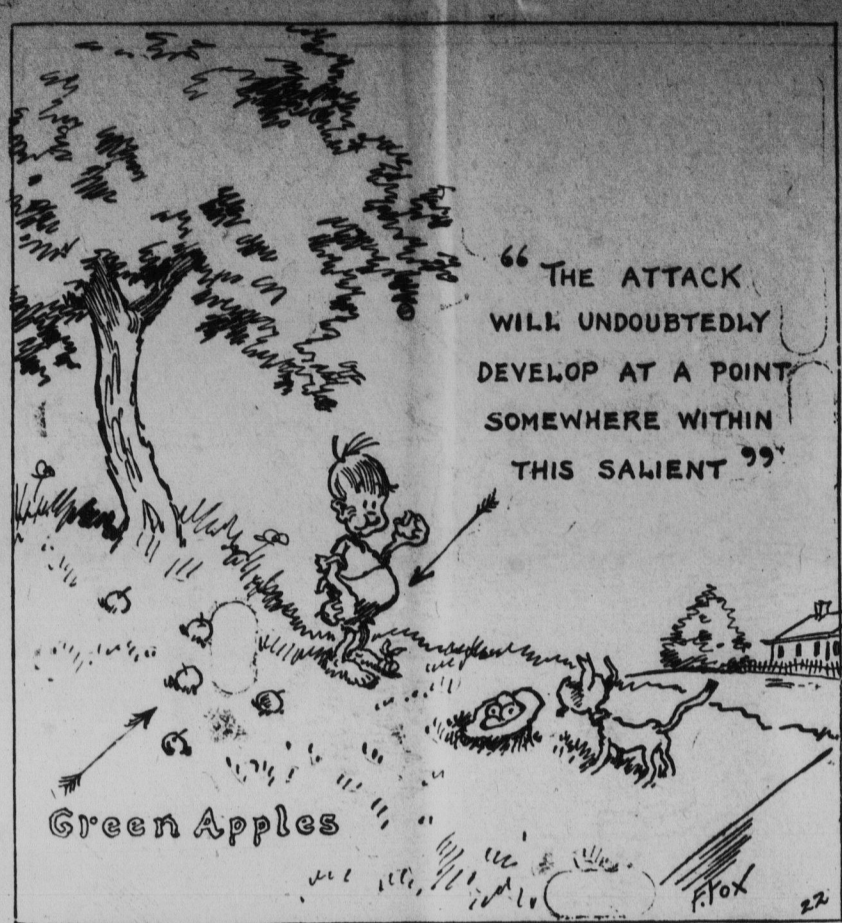


Green Apples



Green Apples

Illustrated War Phrase



INDIAN PRINCESS AIDING PALEFACES

Wife of Richard Croker, Former Tammany Chief, Active in Red Cross. Palm Beach, Fla., Sept. 26.—When the young Indian princess married the venerable political chieftain all the world recognized a supreme triumph of romance. And the romance has lasted. Richard Croker looks younger and happier than he did twenty years ago. And Princess Ketaow lives a kind of fairy tale. She may not believe in fairies, but she believes in some Indian equivalent. Many, many years ago, when Andrew Jackson's task of keeping the world safe for democracy consisted chiefly in trying to keep the Southern Indians in a pleasant frame of mind, the Seminoles roamed the fields of Florida. They were the most ferocious and cunning of the Indians of the South. Under government hunting grounds and they had a lively notice that the paleface was not to be tolerated in that neck of the woods. It was quite true that the Seminoles and the Crokers did not always agree on tribal matters, but they were in agreement on the one point that Old Hickory's legions constituted the chief menace to mankind, as mankind appeared through Indian eyes. Thus it happened that his children had advantages that were only measured by their capacity to accept them. For culture follows the dollar as surely as the constitution follows the flag. And Miss Edmundson had cultivated a taste of rare sweetness, had made artistic progress, and was a poet and a lecturer at an age when most girls are hardly starting. She had been at Boston studying music following her graduation from the Wisconsin University, and had already won note as a lecturer on Indian folk lore, much of which she had learned from her uncle, T. A. Ault. Croker was at once attracted to her. She told him of the customs of her people and he listened for hours as she gave him an insight into the way the real Indians ran politics in the days before Tammany came into being. The old man and the young man became fast friends. It was through her that the young man learned what was said in the other. When the young man finished his talk one old man went to them as an ambassador and learned what they thought should be done. Then he returned and reported to the old men, and they took the rough edges from the suggestions and put them into effect. "It was wise," commented the old Tammany leader, "because old men always want to do things in the same old way." Falls in Love. Then, verifying his statement, the chief proceeded to fall in love with the girl, and she, in turn, fell in love with the chief. The wedding took place in November of 1914. They went abroad to his Irish estate for a time, and then the lure of America called them home. Still the Indian maiden, Mrs. Croker had garments fashioned after the traditions of her tribe. She wore them only at the home place, and she likewise demonstrated her skill with bow and arrow just to show that the art was not lost. At the Florida place they have a yacht, automobiles and horses, but they often leave their horses, as they go for long side trips, and walk along the roads hand-in-hand. More than once the Indian nerve has shown in emergencies. Once when an automobile she was driving threatened injury to a pedestrian, she promptly swung the wheel and ran her car into a telegraph pole, regardless of danger to herself, but mindful only of the safety of the person in the pathway. And in the twilight she continued teaching the old chief the ways of the wigwam, and among them the nine Indian commandments that came before the days of Moses, probably, for they make up the common law of the redskin life and no man knows when or where they originated. Here are the commandments as the chief's squaw taught them to Jim in the palatial wigwam on the Florida estate: 1.—To neglect the old in any manner, or to refuse to share with them the fruits of the chase or the products of the fields, and it was especially sinful to neglect or disregard aged or infirm parents. 2.—To speak in derision or lightly of anyone who might be lame, blind, idiotic, insane—cripples in any manner or unfortunate in any degree, or to refuse to give them aid or shelter. 3.—To refuse to share food or shelter with any one, who might apply for either, or to fall to care for the sick or the orphan or the widow. 4.—To break any treaty or agreement made at the council fire when the pipe of peace had been smoked, or after the parties making the treaty had partaken of food together. 5.—To harm any woman. 6.—To kill animals for any other purpose than for food or covering and for

SIDE TALKS

How much happiness we crowd out of our lives by trying to crowd too much in. A club of young married women came down to a cottage near ours which is owned by one of their number one day last week. Their program was to open it up for the day and have an all day picnic. They had planned half a dozen things to do—bathing, lunch, a walk, a short motor boat trip, etc. Had they had the full day at their disposal that would not have been so bad, but they did not arrive until ten o'clock, after a two hour motor trip down, and they had to start back in the middle of the afternoon as several of the girls had dinner engagements. The result was that they rushed steadily all day. I wasn't with them so I don't know how much they enjoyed it, but I am sure I should not have. And then think of going home and dressing for a dinner engagement! All in the name of pleasure! Surely if they had planned half as much they would all have had a better time. Both Work and Pleasure Spoiled. When you are hurrying you are always thinking of the thing you are going to do next instead of the thing you are doing. The result, if it is a question of pleasure, is that you never savor the present and really enjoy yourself. When it is a question of work, you never concentrate wholly on the work of the moment and hence never put your full efficiency to use. A Poorly Phrased Letter. I was writing a letter in a great hurry the other day. My impatient mind pushed ahead of what I was going to write and I could not myself think of the next sentence to the detriment of the present one. The result was a very poorly phrased letter. Every time you try to crowd too much into your life either of work or play you crowd peace and poise out of it. Does it Pay to Break the Box? Of course there never was a time the temptation was so great to crowd oneself. One wants to do so many new important things and one does not want to give up one's pleasures altogether. Which is sane and normal. But suppose you want to get a larger number of important things into a box or basket or suitcase than would go in, in which would be better—to compromise and give up the least important or to break the container so that it would hold nothing at all?



Just Folks

THE TEXAS RANGER. I've heard the English Tommy make his after-dinner speech, I've heard him tell what happened when the shells began to scream. I've heard the brave Canadian describe the tangled mess of men who died for freedom at that little town of Ypres. And I've heard a gallant Frenchman in his cap of blue and red—And each one of them has told me what some Texan did or said. Oh it seems some son of Texas, long before our Flag was there. Heard the summons to the trenches, and went out to do and dare. It may be he heard the shooting, it may be alone at night. As he rode the misty ranges that he saw the star shells bright. But the fact is that he traveled, land and water, rail and ship. And the Germans found him waiting, with his gun upon his hip. Every mile of trench has had him, every dugout's heard him swear. Not a raid or light has happened, but the raw-boned Yank was there. And those heroes of the battles, who've come back to us, relate How the ranger out of Texas won our laurels for his feat. And they thrill us with his courage or his humor never hid. As they make a point of something that a cowboy said or did.

GERMAN PROPAGANDA IN SOUTH AMERICA WILL BE RESUMED

Preparing For Work When Seas Are Opened Again—document is Offered Youths—German Kultur Through Scholarships To Argentine's Young Men. The Neue Zuercher Zeitung is informed that according to all reports the German economic organizations interested in trade with South America are very busily occupied in making preparations for the re-establishment of trade connections with that continent directly the seas are again open to traffic. It is realized in Germany that South America is today the sole economic sphere not confessedly hostile to Germany and that everything must be done to prevent its falling economically into the hands of the United States. The protection of growing crops or human life. 7.—To tell a falsehood, even though it be of the most innocent character. 8.—To show cowardice in meeting any kind of danger or to shrink from exposure, pain, suffering, sickness or death. 9.—To take human life unless it was a protection to himself. 10.—To the statement of these savage doctrines by as fair a savage as ever came from the topee. Croker gave grave attention. Surely they offered no code of procedure that one of a newer faith might not accept, and they formed but a small part of the Indian lore that came to him from his young wife. Persons who have seen them in their Florida home say that they make an ideal couple. The frost of seventy-eight years has not brought any chill to Richard Croker. He is able to take part in outdoor exercises that are so dear to his wife, and together they are drifting along over life's rapids toward the sunset. Mrs. Croker is fervently interested in the war. Her sympathies and patriotism are shown in devoted labor for the Red Cross and for every agency contributing to victory that comes to her hands. The commission to be sent to South America will get into touch with leading politicians and also with the German residents. As a market for German manufactures and as a source of raw materials South America now enjoys an importance far above that of pre-war days. For the purpose of carrying out this scheme a sum of several hundred thousand marks is to be collected from those interested, and it is expected that there will be no difficulty in obtaining the amount required. But, the Neue Zuercher Zeitung remarks, it is open to question whether the Germans have sufficiently made allowance for certain difficulties. Mistris—So your matrimonial life was very unhappy? What was the trouble? December wedded to May? Chloe Johnson—Lan' sakes, no, ma'am! It was Labor Day wedded to de Day ob Rest. The Millennium. The Dominie—"I'm glad to see you realize what our country is fighting for. This war will make the world a better place to live in. 'Behaviors to it will, boss! De winnin' are beginning to do all de work."

KEEPING UP WITH THE JONESES

ALOYSIUS P. JONIS: Y'HEAN TO SAY YOU'VE GONE AN' BOUGHT A COW? SURE! I'VE HEARD OF A FART WITHOUT A COW? WHIT'LL Y'SEE THIS COW, SHE'S A PIPPIN! SHE GIVES SIXTEEN QUARTS OF RICH MILK A DAY! OH SHE'S A REGULAR COW CLARICE! SIXTEEN QUARTS A DAY EH? LET ME SEE THIS COW! TH' QUESTION IS HOW ARE WE GOIN' TO GET THOSE SIXTEEN QUARTS? NONE OF US KNOW HOW TO MILK A COW! BY GOLLY! I NEVER THOUGHT O' THAT!



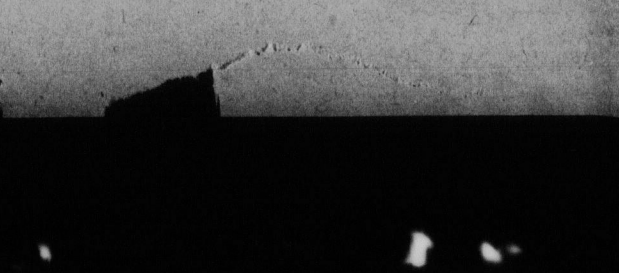
By POP.

POP. The man is stark, stark mad! I sentance him to works asylum for life." He a comfortable woman realises that the world what size shoes she wears. WEDD. ANNE SAID MEET ME O' SEAGH BUT FIND HER N...



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RANN-DOM REELS

By HOWARD L. RANN THE SEWING MACHINE.



Husband taking a well-earned rest on the sofa while his wife plays feverishly on the pedals of a sewing machine.

The Sewing Machine is a useful household implement which prevents women from becoming an idle doll of fashion. One of the first things a young husband does after an air-

to rise to its knees. From this lowly beginning originated the sewing circle, which has become a community center of missionary effort and moral enthusiasm. If it were not for the sewing circle thousands of benighted heathen in India, China and Japan would be obliged to wear the rude cactus skirt and frail palm leaf chemise, which would be a greater hardship than having to commit to memory the fourteenth chapter of the Book of Hosea.

AND THE WORST IS YET TO COME.



OUR SHORT STORY WHY CALLED "HUNS"

ALL THE WAY BUGS. "Your honor, the defendant is undoubtedly insane, and in behalf of the other members of the family, whom I represent, I ask that he be committed to an asylum," said Causeway Plead, attorney for the offense. "I ask your honor to remember that witnesses have testified that the defendant, for instance, suddenly conceived the idea that he is a battering ram and that at such times the family have to take refuge behind locked doors, inasmuch as the defendant believes them to be castles that it is his duty to storm."

The Detachable Motor Backfired When the Powerful Katrinka Was Turning It Over.



THE EVENING STORY

LOWEST OF BIG KITCHEN

Plug—the name unsurpassed and which smothered any other that might have been more rightfully his in the forgotten days—was filling the woodbox, slouching over it and dropping down the sticks one by one. He was in no hurry, for that was not his way; and, moreover, he was just now afraid to face the jeers in the kitchen. "But when the last stick had been dropped into the box and he had stood gazing at it for fully three minutes there seemed nothing for him but to recross the wide kitchen to the asylum on the outside door, which now seemed a long way off. This he did with burning downcast face and a more diffident shuffle than usual. He felt all their eyes boring into him. "S-say, Plug, not that a-way," called Ben, the stable boy. "She's over you by the sink. Where's your eyes, boy? Go an' speak. She's been blushing ever since ye comed in."

RIPLING RHYMES

By WALT MASON WAR GARDENS. They will not let me bleed and die or shoot up Kaiser Bill, so here at home I stay and ply the spade of Bunker Hill. I wield my dull and rusty spade with quite as much delight as I would wield my flashing blade, if I were fit to fight. I may not lead my dauntless men, and cry, "Charge, Chester, charge," for I am old and have a won, my waistline is too large. But I can toll in wind and beat, and raise my garden seas, the huciosus squab the juicy beet, the wholesome sparrowgrass. And every time I reap a bean, according to the dope, I queer a Prussian submarine, and bust a Teuton hope. In times of peace this raising peas is work that I abhor; but I am raising greens like these, for peas will win the war. I'd rather mount a pawing steed, and charge, with lance at rest, to make the trifling foeman bleed, and knock him gallily west; but since I dare not sit a horse that has no iron spine; I'm busy raising prunes and gorse, I'm pruning plant and vine. Oh, prunes, are things I don't admire—which is no metaphor—but I toll on and never tire, for prunes will win the war. At night I dream of crimson fields, and crimson flowers, and crimson mud; I dream of steeds and swords and shields till I fall out of bed. At dawn I chant a martial lay by Julia C. R. Dorr, and then I ho my spuds all day, for spuds will win the war.

BLAZE OF LIGHTS GUIDES FLYERS IN COLOGNE RAID

London, Sept. 26—Cologne was bombed by British airmen recently. Details have now reached London which enable Capt. Paul Bewsher, R. A. F., to give the following description of the raid: Night had come clear and the stars glittered overhead in a cloudless sky. Far away could be seen the black manes of the forests and a clear cut line of hills. Unobscured by mist, low in the east hung a brilliant golden moon. The thickly clad pilot gave an order to the waiting mechanics and climbed up into the machine. Sitting in his leather covered seat he tested the two engines which roared with a steady note. On either side of him sat a heavily muffled observer, equipped with maps, pistols, notebooks and a couple of thermos flasks. He settled himself for the journey. All was ready. The whistle blew. The engines roared with a splendid note of power, the great machine shook itself and began to move across the grass and thundered triumphantly to the air. Soon the airmen crossed the line of hills over which the star shells were bursting and moving steadily forward over the curving river which lay glittering like a silver scarf far below them.

SPEED OF BIRDS

Hawk Can Attain Velocity of 200 Miles an Hour. Birds differ greatly in method and rate of flight. Contrast a bat and an eagle; the former cannot rise from a perfectly level surface, the latter can "push off" from any place, at any angle, with astounding celerity, and rise 6,000 feet, says a writer in Our Dumb Animals. A few other birds, notably the lark and the crow, travel at an altitude of 5,000 or 6,000 feet, but ordinarily birds stay within 1,000 feet of earth. It is characteristic of birds the West that they fly in wide circles, but when aiming at a certain point the eagle uses the steady wing beat method. For combination of speed and grace, swallows are hard to surpass. I read of one's flight from Antwerp to Compiegne. The distance of 140 miles was accomplished in 63 minutes. "Cultures can fly 150 miles an hour. Perhaps nature gave them great power of flight as a compensation for two great handicaps—weakness of talons and a poor sense of smell. They have to rely entirely on sight and are unable to carry off their prey. The condor, the South American vulture, is kept in the nest longer than any other bird I know of; its nine-foot wing expanse gives it great power and speed. The hawk is a king of flight. With the power to fly 200 miles an hour, the courage to execute his designs, a hawk is a formidable yet an admirable bird. The wind plays such a part in flight of any bird that speed in the air cannot be intelligibly discussed without some consideration of its effect. Experiments have shown that a carrier pigeon's flight with a sailing with a moderate wind is 1,540 yards a minute, as compared to 1,200 in calm weather. With a strong wind, its speed is nearly double or about 2,900 yards a minute. It would be interesting to know just how rapidly the fastest hawk, backed by a strong wind, could cut through space!"

WEDLOCKED.



THE ONLY WAY.



POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Theory is a vine from which facts are sometimes gathered. When pluck gets busy luck takes a back seat. The proper material for umbrellas is watered silk. Charity with a string to it uncovers a multitude of sins. The small boy is always heard when posing amid the scenery. The last turn of the worm is apt to be on the anglers.

ANNIE SAID SHE'D MEET ME ON THE BEACH BUT I CAN'T FIND HER NO PLACE!



OH BOYS!



HUSSY!



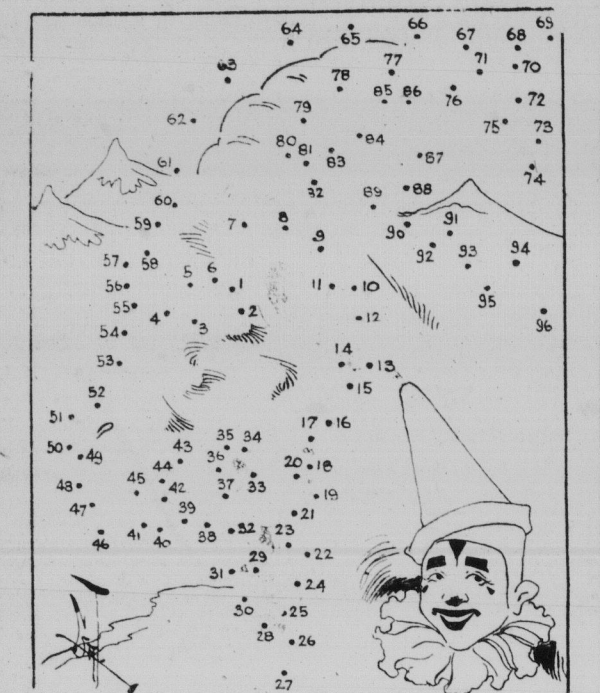
JIMMY COON STORIES

By DR. WARREN G. PARTRIDGE
JIMMY INVITES COUSIN BRUIN TO ATTEND A CONCERT.



And Jimmy Coon was so excited and charmed with the building, that he got right up on his hind legs and began to dance.

THE DOT PUZZLE



Can you finish this picture? Complete the picture by drawing a line through the dots, beginning at No. 1 and taking them numerically.

BEAUTY CHATS

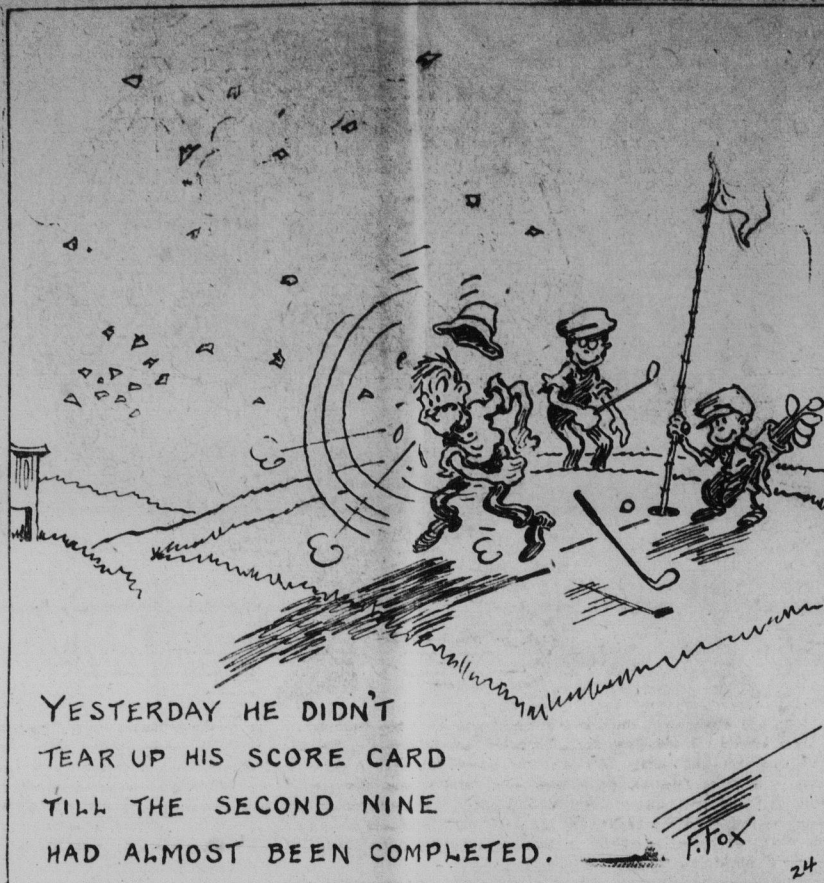
By EDNA KENT FORBES FROM AN OLD BOOK
It is interesting to read about the cosmetics that were brewed in olden times—to pore over the strange and complicated formulas that ladies hundreds of years ago brewed to make themselves attractive.

Boil a handful of parsley in a quart of pure water. Filter and add— Powdered alum...15 grains Pulverized camphor...15 grains Powdered borax...15 grains

"CAP" STUBBS.



The Terrible Tempered Mr. Bang Is Shooting a Little Better Game of Golf These Days.



YESTERDAY HE DIDN'T TEAR UP HIS SCORE CARD TILL THE SECOND NINE HAD ALMOST BEEN COMPLETED.

Movie Actress Gives Vivid Pen Picture of War-Stricken Paris

Lillian Gish Tells of How She Saw the Famous City Under War Conditions — Would Like to Help Bear the Burden — Brave French Women Still Can Laugh and Joke Though Home Is In Ruin.



LILLIAN GISH.

By Lillian Gish. You know everyone is troubled with "showoffness." I suppose that is what you might call it, or ambition, or what ever it is makes you feel so grand when you get your first automobile ride and go spinning by your friends that are just walking.

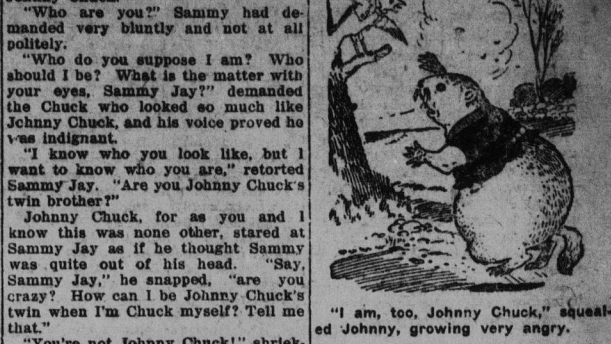
the road was the road to Compiegne, the very town where sits in olden splendor the palace of the Napoleons. Through the fields are long lines of barbed wire where the trenches are. The very trenches that they used to defend Paris against the Germans.

I have been in cellars myself with a lot of other people around, frightened to death, sitting close to mamma and Dorothy, who always has the shakes worse than anybody and whimpers like she used to when she was a baby.

LITTLE STORIES FOR BEDTIME

By Thornton W. Burgess

JOHNNY CHUCK AND SAMMY LOSE THEIR TEMPER. Never in all its history had the Old Orchard witnessed such a foolish quarrel. No, sir, it never had.



"Who are you?" Sammy had demanded very bluntly and not at all politely. "Who do you suppose I am? Who should I be? What is the matter with your eyes, Sammy Jay?"

EFFICIENT HOUSEKEEPING

By HENRIETTA D. GRAUEL THE AFTERMATH OF HOUSEKEEPING.

After housecleaning days are over, many odds and ends remain to be straightened out, made over and refreshed. Glue, paint, patent cleaners, and needle and thread are in constant demand, until there is no more time to spend and the store of patience is at an end.

If a stain or paint container directs you to remove the old finish before applying the new, use paint remover or sand paper vigorously. No patented articles can give satisfaction unless you do your part.

When you get further along and closer to the lines you feel as if you want to do something to help. Anything to beat those horrible Huns.

IT'S SOME WORD NOW.

The recent vogue of the word "some" as an adjective, in a sense for which there is absolutely no synonym in the dictionary, has been the despair of many a parent and pedagogue.

—By EDWINA.

AND WHAT PA WOULD DO IS STILL A MYSTERY.



SAYS JACK DE

JOHN L.

Conqueror of Fred

ent Flock

By Veteran Ob

Out in Chicago they

ing about the quick fin

Fulton by Jack Dempsey.

The result of the fight

was no surprise to Chit

who has had a good ch

up both Dempsey and Fu

Here no one consid

any sort of a match for F

Fulton's quick finish was

nothing about the

that the only loser on the

position is Jack Curley,

ed the affair. Jack hand

\$9,000 and Fulton \$9,000

entered the ring, who th

thought for the glory

There was evidently ev

for each man to do his

Dempsey favored

Who odds were 10 to 6,

say the favorite. Some o

praised by backing was

heavily, but there is n

anything of this sort bet

And Dempsey either won

its or Fulton lay down

good betting which I b

can give him at any a

accident and provided th

level.

That their last fight w

able to at least one man

He fact that while Cu

\$17,654.50 at the gate

fighters \$18,000 and had

for park rental and othe

The first time I ever

Dempsey I thought he w

promising a young heav

had even seen.

He reminded me w

John L. Sullivan when

the same age as Dempse

You remember how

the biggest and the b

They all looked alike f

saying: "I like them be

bigger they are the har

RAIN PREVENT

RACES FINISH

CHARLOTT

Two Heats in Ty

Pulled Off and S

in Each Event—

All and 19 Trot

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

(Special)—Owing to t

the exhibition races to

be held. Two heats w

held in two classes. Fol

low summary:

2:35 Trot.

Napoleon C. (Gates, M

Usetta, (Christoph, T

Jellicoe, (Kelly, Ch'low

Acadian, (Sempie, Keu

Border Prince, (Brick

John L. (Gibbs, New

Doe Duncan (Blanch, A

Time, 2:19 1/2, 2:22

In the second heat Ac

first, but was put back

to poleon C.

2:22 Trot, 2:25 F

Kellie (McPhee, North

Jas. K. Noonan (Belliv

ton)

Loretta Directum (Lewi

ney)

Crown Jay (Pharlow, J

Glasgow)

Robert L. (Fraser, New

ford)

Jennie Penn, (Cogger at

well, St. John)

Manriceb, (Keefe, St.

Seymour Dillon (Thorn

Joker, (McGregor, Thom

Time 2:30, 2:22 1/2

This race will be final

Free-for-all Pace and 2

so be put on. White So

to beat track record in

all.

JOHNNY OVERT

GREATEST

Johnny Overton has s

net victory—and run h

The clean-cut son of Tr

a year ago last March,

indoor mile ever credit

human legs, gave his

country while leading

race across No. Man's

Chateau Thierry. He

into this race—his life

there is—the glory of

Lieutenant Overton v

great American athlet

ie. Johnny enlisted v

ines on the same day th

States declared war. I

petuous thoroughbred—

anything doing he just

it.

As an athlete Overton

as a "front runner"—

the pace, and held it

legs and lungs could s

safe to say that he tel

ped pace across No. M

the Marne.

Overton was the gre

runner that ever won

Tale. As a cross-coun

peer has never been s

lego world. He held

door mile record of fo

sixteen seconds, made

phia last year, and th

cord for 1,000 yards,

minutes and fourteen

in New York.

SAVE

TO SA

REDTIME

THEIR TEMPER. r of the Old Orchard this Johnny Chuck who was grow...



too, Johnny Chuck," squeaky, growing very angry.

he added, remembering that Polly was not, eh? "shriiled Sam-dancing about on his perch. body said you were. I said...

PEEPING

CLEANING. your bath room is an ideal shining tile and porcelain...

the bathroom and in some cases, it is advisable to water-proof the ceiling...

SAYS JACK DEMPSEY LOOKS LIKE JOHN L. WHEN LATTER FIRST FOUGHT

Conqueror of Fred Fulton Appears Awya the Best of Present Flock of Heavy weight Fighters.

By Veteran Observer. Out in Chicago they are still talking about the quick finish of Fred Fulton by Jack Dempsey.

Here no one considered Fulton any sort of a match for Dempsey and Fulton's quick finish was no surprise.

He reminded me very much of John L. Sullivan when the latter was the same age as Dempsey is now.

RAIN PREVENTED RACES FINISHING AT CHARLOTTETOWN Two Heats in Two Classes Pulled Off and Split Heats in Each Event—Free-For-All and 19 Trot Today.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Sept. 27.—(Special)—Owing to the heavy rain the exhibition races today were un-

he has just come from "some" me, and you will perceive that adding word has ceased to be a current within the body, a part of the spirit. Some words, true superword, in fact.

JOHNNY OVERTON'S GREATEST VICTORY Johnny Overton has won his greatest victory—and run his last race.

As an athlete Overton was known as a "iron runner"—he always set the pace, and held it as long as his legs and lungs could stand it.

By EDWINA. SAVE TO SAVE McMANUS

CHRISTY MATHEWSON IN THE BIG GAME



Christy Mathewson, the oldest and best pitcher in the National League, who has fought many a hard battle on the diamond for the New York Giants, is now in a new game, that of war.

REAL STORY OF MEEHAN VICTORY TOLD BY SAN FRANCISCO WRITER

Here's the real story of the sensational victory scored by Willie Meehan, a San Francisco blue-jacket, over Jack Dempsey, seer styled "fighting the midsection, fat all over him, heavy-lift champion of the world."

We have cited to you in the second round Old Man Dempsey's son, came charging to the battle like a wild man and popped one to the Meehan jaw, causing said Meehan to go tumbling to the mat, disarranging his countenance and generally muddling up his wardrobe.

TRENCH THE NEW WAR GAME The game of "Trench" is making a hit in the United States, and champion chess and checker players are putting aside their favorite games and are taking greatly to the new game of war.

JOE BURMAN WINS FROM JOE TUBER Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 28.—Joe Burman, advertised as the "fast little bantam" from Chicago, lived up to his name at the National A. A. tonight and surprised his opponent, Joe Tuber of this city and the crowd, by scoring a clean-cut victory over the local boy in three of the six rounds.

AUGIE TO PLAY CANNEFAX FOR \$500 SIDE BET

Three-Cushion Stars Matched, But Kieckhefer's Title Will Not Be At Stake.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—Augie Kieckhefer, three-cushion billiard champion of the world, who last week, successfully defended the Brunswick, emblem against Charles Otis of New York at Mussey's street amphitheater by the score of 150 to 123, was yesterday matched with Robert L. Cannifax, former champion, to play a three-tinge contest here within three weeks for \$500 a side.

STRIKE OF BASEBALL PLAYERS CALLED OFF Philadelphia, Sept. 28.—The workmen at Gramps shipyard who went on strike yesterday because baseball players, pugilists and others alleged by them to be inexperienced shipworkers were placed over them as bosses, returned to work today.

CAN. LEAGUE MAY BE RE-ESTABLISHED NEXT YEAR IF NO BASEBALL IN THE U. S.

Ottawa, Toronto, Montreal, Brantford, Hamilton and London Names For the Circuit—J. J. McCaffery, of Toronto Club, Strong For It.

Major League magnates in the United States are agreed that no attempt will be made to carry on next season unless Kaiser Bill's mad dreams have been cramped before that time, but Canada will not be without baseball, if present plans materialize.

Arrangements are under way for a six-club league on this side of the border, with teams in Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford and London.

GRAND CIRCUIT HAS CLOSED AT COLUMBUS

Four Class Races on Yesterday's Card All Went To Split Heats.

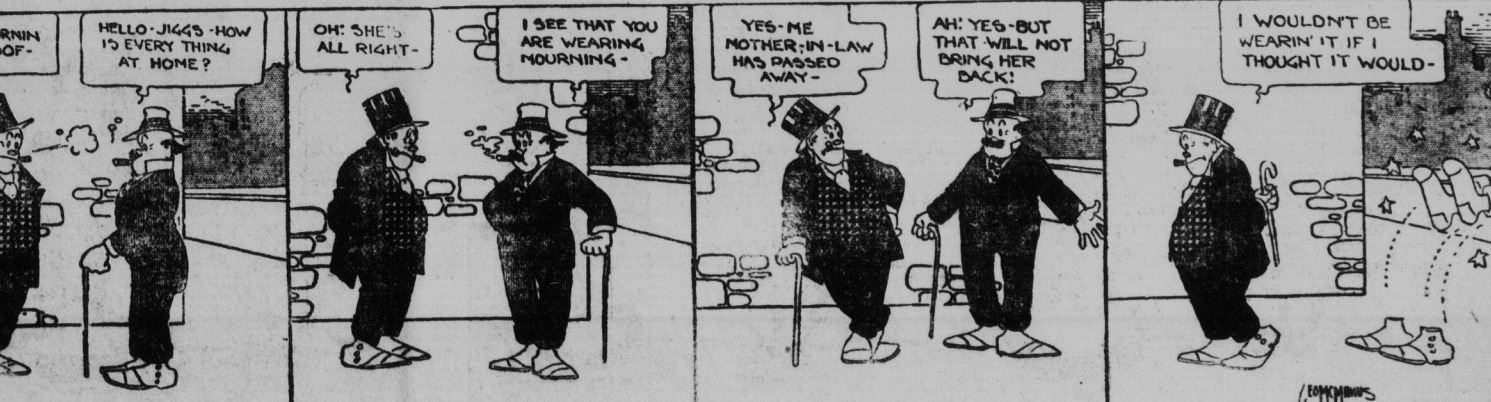
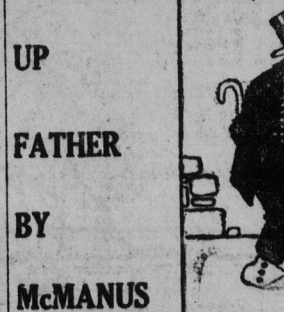
Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 27.—Columbus said farewell today to the Grand Circuit races for 1918, when four class races were offered and every event went into split heats before winners were declared.

BACKWARD SKATING CHAMPION DEAD Archie Mason, Skater and Long Distance Swimmer, Died in Montreal Yesterday.

PLAN TO TAKE IN The Big Racing Event At FREDERICTON October 2nd, 3rd and 4th Wednesday, Thursday, Friday \$19,000 in Purses 6 Classes Over 60 Entries have been made for the event.

The classiest field of horses ever brought together in this section. The Fredericton Trotting Park Association is sponsor. HUGH O'NEILL, Secretary.

BRINGING UP FATHER BY McMANUS



# WHY IS SUGAR SUPPLY SO TIGHT? A CRIPPLE FOR THREE YEARS

12,000,000  
Cups of Tea, Coffee & Cocoa  
are used in  
Canada Daily.



would mean  
240,000 Pounds of Sugar used Daily

26,000 Tons of Sugar were lost in  
the recent submarine raids on the  
Atlantic Coast.  
This Sugar would have  
served Canada's table needs for  
8 months.

Here Are Some Pointers Which Give You An Idea How It Is That Your Restaurant Sugar Supply Has Dwindled and Your Grocer Is Stingy With the Precious Crystals.

Why the Urgent Necessity to Conserve Sugar?

To meet the allied shortage. To release ships formerly used in the sugar trade to carry soldiers and supplies to Europe.

To make up for the loss of beet sugar lands, and factories captured or destroyed by the Germans in Northern France and Italy.

Shortage of crop. There is a 300,000-ton shortage in Cuba and a considerable falling off of cane production in the South.

Shipping which would have ensured greater supplies has been sunk. Twenty-six thousand tons of sugar were lost recently in submarine raids on the Atlantic coast. Fifty thousand tons of sugar-carrying shipping were transferred to meet the requirements of Belgian relief.

Will There Be Enough to Go Around?

"Yes," says Mr. Henry B. Thomson, Chairman of the Canada Food Board, "provided due care is exercised in the meantime."

Twelve million cups of tea, coffee and cocoa are used daily in Canada. Even an average of half a teaspoonful of sugar is left undissolved at the bottom of each cup, the sugar would be 12,000,000 pounds of sugar daily.

It is estimated that about one-third of all the sugar consumed in the home is used in tea and coffee. By doing without any in tea and coffee, or by keeping strictly to one level teaspoonful, a tremendous saving can be effected.

Then—And Now?

Normal consumption of sugar on the North American continent is 90 pounds per annum per capita, or about 1.34 pounds per week.

In Britain the rate is now 26 pounds per year per capita; in France 13.14 pounds, and in Italy less than 7.13 pounds.

The Canada Food Board is asking

the individual to keep to 1.2 pounds a month. This is 18 pounds a year, for personal consumption.

Where Did the Allies Formerly Get Their Sugar?

France, Italy and the Low Countries raised a good deal of their own. England received more than one-half from the Teutonic Empires, while she imported largely from Java and to a small extent from the British West Indies. Production in Italy and France is only using about 5-12 per cent. for the war.

What About the Candy Manufacturer?

Before he was regulated by the Canada Food Board he used approximately 11 per cent. of the total quantity of sugar imported into the country. His supply has been cut in half, so that he is only using about 5-12 per cent. now.

What Other Sugar Regulations Are Being Enforced by the Food Board?

The sugar bowl has been banished from the restaurant table. Sugar icing for cakes is now taboo. Candy must not be made in the home.

Householders can only have 15 days' supply of sugar on hand. Manufacturers and dealers handling sugar are only allowed to have 45 days' supply for their ordinary trade requirements.

Manufacturers of cakes and biscuits have been limited to the proportion of 40 pounds of sugar to 100 pounds of flour.

The ice cream manufacturers have been reduced from 12 pounds of sugar for an 8-gallon can to 6 pounds of sugar.

Manufacturers of soft drinks and kindred confections have been limited to a maximum of 75 per cent. of the average monthly amount of sugar used during the year 1917.

Canners are only allowed an average

## Helpless in Bed With Rheumatism Until He Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



MR. ALEXANDER MUNRO

R. R. No. 1, Lorne, Ont. "For over three years, I was confined to bed with Rheumatism. During that time, I had treatment from a number of doctors, and tried nearly everything I saw advertised to cure Rheumatism, without receiving any benefit."

"Finally I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives.' Before I had used half a box, I noticed an improvement; the pain was not so severe, and the swelling started to go down. 'I continued taking this fruit medicine, improving all the time, and now I can walk about two miles and do light chores about the place.'"

ALEXANDER MUNRO. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

of 25 pounds of sugar to 100 pounds of prepared fruit. Based on last year's pack, this order alone will effect a saving of 784,865 pounds of sugar per annum.

Bakers have been forbidden to use granulated sugar in bread-making. Public eating houses must have sugar certificates, which means keeping check on them so that no more than 2 pounds of sugar can be used for 90 meals.

What is the Saving Effected as a Result of These Regulations?

It is estimated that the saving as a result of the public eating house regulations is in excess of 40 per cent. The voluntary measures taken by Canadian householders, together with the Food Board's regulations, are resulting in a sugar saving of over 100,000 tons annually.

Are Householders to Consider Themselves on a Definite Sugar Ration?

Yes. They're in honor bound to confine themselves to 1.2 pounds a month and to accept their reduced ration.

## ROUNDING UP THE MILITARY "ABSENTEES"

Dominion Police Officers Home After Month's Searching of Restigouche County.

After a month's sojourn in the forests and wilds of Restigouche County in search of military absentees and defaulters, Dominion Police Officers Fred Laska, of St. John, and Officers Pagan and Klunie of Moncton have arrived home from Campbellton where they reported after assisting the Dominion Police Officers and military authorities, in rounding up bands of defaulters and absentees that sought the security of the forests surrounding the towns of Kedgwick and Anderson on the International railway, some distance between Campbellton and Edmundston.

To get to the hiding place of the numerous defaulters in hiding there, the officers were obliged to go by horseback, in many cases thirty and forty miles from any town or settlement. Much of the territory was new or less of a boggy nature and for roads, a sort of trail had to suffice. At the various lumber camps in that district were hidden numbers of men who had never reported to the authorities in any shape or form. Others had reported but later deserted from camp and found their way into the wilds of the forests where they thought themselves safe from the prying eyes of any officer of the law.

The greatest difficulty encountered by the officers in their work of trailing and rounding up the men, was that warning of their approach was in most cases sent ahead to the next camps. When they arrived not a man would be in sight but those over the age for military service. On one occasion a defaulter was apprehended at a certain camp and left there until the return of the officers from a camp further along. At the latter were a large number of defaulters. No sooner had the officers got away from the camp on their way to the hiding place than the defaulter left behind started on his way to warn the band of the approach of the officers. Bandheaded and without even taking time to put his cap on, the defaulter made his way fourteen miles and gave warning of the coming officers. When the latter got to the place not a man was there. Some time later, however, they came across a camp where much cooking was going on. One of their number learned by getting close to the cook and his wife that the "grub" was for the band of defaulters in hiding. Both the cook and his wife were taken in custody and threatened with arrest if they did not warn the defaulters to come in and surrender at once. The cook agreed to do this and was allowed to go on forward. The officers took good care that he left the supply of provisions behind, however. After patiently waiting for some time, the band at last put in their appearance. Each man was armed but put up no fight. All were handcuffed together, taken along to the next camp where they threw themselves on the beds and slept like logs. In the morning the march continued to the next camp and from there to Campbellton where the defaulters were handed over to the military authorities.

Instances like the above were numerous but in all their search for evaders of the military law, they were met with no actual violence. A large number of men were seen to camp under escort as a result of the work of the officers. With the co-operation of the French clergy a goodly number of defaulters were also induced to come in and give themselves up. In all upwards of sixty or seventy men were sent in to Camp Sussex as a result of the activities of the officers during a period of three weeks or a month's taurant sugar ration without complaint.

Are They Supposed to Use Substitutes For Sugar?

Yes. White corn syrup is on the market in time and is an excellent satisfactory substitute in cooking. Then there is glucose, maple sugar, honey, maple syrup, fruit juices, etc.

Does the 1.2 Pound Ration For Householders Include Sugar For Canning?

No. A limited amount of sugar is allowed for preserving fruits at home.

Why Does the Canada Food Board Encourage Canning Despite the Scarcity of Sugar?

Because perishable fruits would be lost if not canned. If fruit is sterilized and air excluded, sugar will not be needed as a preservative, and enough sugar can be added when the fruit is eaten to make it palatable.

How Much Sugar Should Be Used in Making Jams and Jellies?

Allow no more than three-fourths of a pound of sweetening to each pound of fruit. One-half pound is enough for sweet fruits.

Can Sugar Substitutes Be Used in Canning?

Yes. Corn syrup and other table syrups, not made from granulated sugar, can be used along with sugar.

How Else May Fruits Be Saved Without the Use of Sugar?

Some fruits may be dried; others may be stored in a cool cellar. Fruit pulp may be evaporated to a paste, thus concentrating the natural fruit sugar.

What Are The General Sugar Saving Rules?

Use all sugar sparingly and when 2-WHY IS—ever possible use substitutes. Be sparing in the use of confections and sweet cakes. Swear off sugar in tea and other beverages. Supplement sugar with honey, maple syrup and corn syrup. Sugar is a fuel-food. Get fuel from potatoes and other starchy foods rather than from sugar.

## IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL SERVICES AT DEVON, N.B.

Fredericton, Sept. 26.—With services beginning at 9 o'clock in St. Anthony's Church, North Devon, the funeral obsequies were performed over the mortal remains of Mr. Peter Hutchins, aged 77 years, one of the most respected citizens of this district. High Mass of Requiem was celebrated by the Rev. M. Murphy, Miss Catherine Lynch of Fredericton, presided at the organ. This was due to the fact that the regular organist was among the mourners, being the daughter of the deceased. Many well known people were present, including His Honor Justice Barry of the Supreme Court of New Brunswick. The windows and chancel were draped in black, and this, with the lighted tapers, gave a solemn effect.

## LARGE HONOR ROLL.

Rev. G. A. Kurling, who last Sunday preached in Hamilton, Ont., addressed one congregation which has given over seven hundred men to armies of the Empire and they were deeply interested in the message which Mr. Kurling had to give of conditions on the firing line.

MARVEN'S  
**WHITE LILY BISCUITS**

Surely Satisfy  
Sister,  
Sweetheart,  
Many Lovers

Soldier,  
Son,  
Everyone

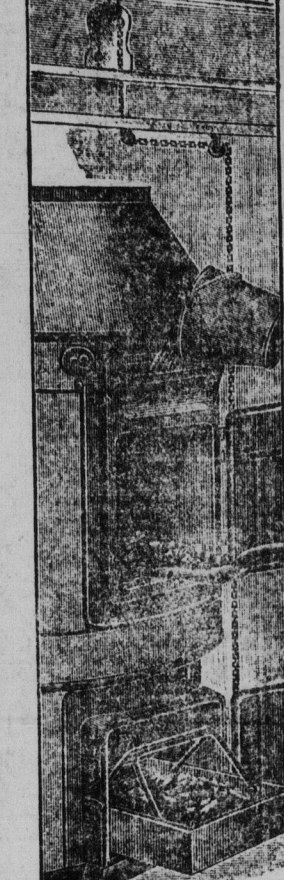
All Good

SOLD IN BULK -- IN PACKAGES -- IN TIN PAILS

J. A. MARVEN, LTD.  
BISCUIT MANUFACTURERS  
MONCTON HALIFAX ST. JOHN

Canada Food Board License No. 5-928.

## Furnace Management Ease of the Sunshine



- Feeding the furnace;
- shaking down the ashes,
- removing the ashes,
- keeping the health-giving water pan filled,
- fixing the drafts for the night,
- those are the five major operations in managing a furnace—and what a trial of the temper and destruction of your raiment any one of them may be.

If your furnace is the famous McClary Sunshine these operations will cause you little more trouble or effort than winding up the clock.

The feed door of the Sunshine is big—you don't hit the side and damage your shovel and temper and scatter coal and naughty words all over the basement.

You don't shake the Sunshine grates, you merely rock them a few times,

—and the ashes drop from the perpendicular fire box walls and grates and are guided into the big ash pan,

—and you lift the ash pan out with handles that are always cool.

—No shovelling of ashes—no ashdust on your clothes or in your hair or in the house.

And at night, without going down to the basement, you drop the damper and open the check with pulls that always work.

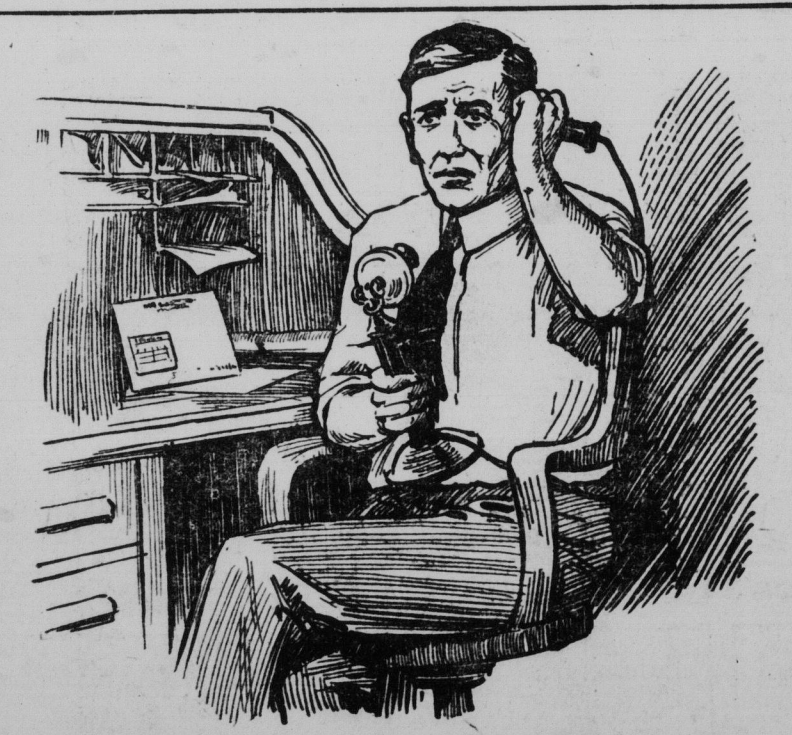
And the water pan is right above the fuel door—very accessible—in plain view, where you can't forget it.

Sunshine furnace management is not even exercise.

## McClary's Sunshine Furnace

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Calgary Montreal Hamilton Winnipeg Vancouver

Full information about the Sunshine Furnace will be sent free to any address upon request to our nearest Branch office.



## GOOD HEALTH is as necessary to the winning of the war as good guns, good shells and good airplanes.

And it is not alone the health of the soldier that is important, for this is watched and guarded as never before. But there is the health of the people at home, who are manufacturing and sending forward the supplies which make it possible to continue the fight.

Men and women have never in the world's history carried such mental and physical burdens as they do to-day.

From Ministers of State, Commissioners, Manufacturers, all the way through the enormous staffs of men and women workers, there are problems to be solved and schedules to be lived up to that mean enormous anxiety and strain on the nervous system.

It is under these conditions that many resort to the use of narcotics to produce sleep or stimulants to whip up the tired nerves. In either case the temporary help is obtained at an enormous expense to the nervous system.

The only rational treatment is that which goes to build up new nerve cells

and new nerve force, and supreme in this class is Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Most people know about this food cure, but all do not realize that it has revolutionized the treatment of diseases of the nerves by the new idea of supplying to the blood the elements which go to the creation of nervous energy and vigor.

The most common indications of nervous exhaustion are inability to sleep and rest, failure of digestion and loss of appetite, nervousness and irritability. You arise tired in the mornings, and are easily annoyed over little things. You put off the duties of the day because you lack the energy to take hold and clean them up.

It is evident that you must have help to overcome this condition, and there is nothing so sure to befriend you as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

For your protection the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, are on every box of the genuine Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.75, all dealers, or Edman-son, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

## The Daily Tragedy of BELGIUM

May this country never know the bitter agony Belgium passes through EVERY DAY.

May WE never live to see our people rationed on a bowl of soup and two pieces of bread a day. . . . .

Our children emaciated by slow starvation and falling easy victims to consumption, rickets and all the diseases fostered by mal-nutrition.

It's the little children that suffer most fearfully. The daily ration provided by United States loans to the Belgian Government is so pitifully inadequate for a growing child; it no more than momentarily staves the gnawing hunger.



There is hope for Belgium and her future generation only if YOU and the thousands who in the past contributed so generously to Belgian Relief, will help again. The brave souls who are attempting to administer the needed help to Belgium's children must have the necessary funds to carry on.

Mr. Hoover in his appeal of July 28, 1918, for help for Belgium's children says, "This transmission of money is absolutely safeguarded by virtue of an agreement between the belligerent Governments, the C.R.B., and the Neutral (Spanish and Dutch) protecting Ministers in Brussels."

Don't wait for someone to come and ask you for a contribution. Send it in. Be generous. Be quick.

Make cheques payable and send contributions to

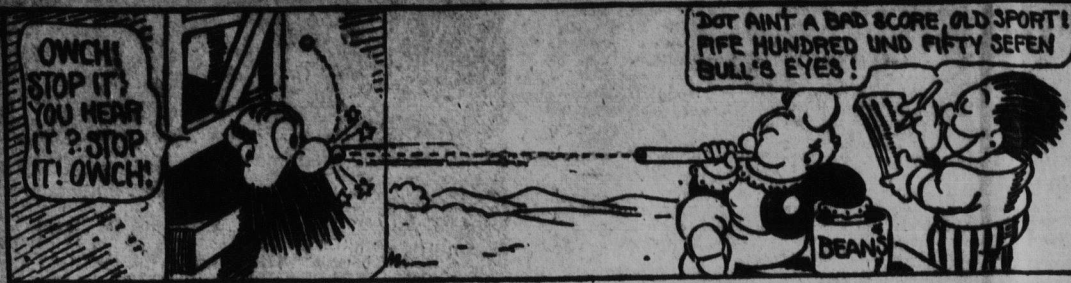
## Belgian Relief Fund

(Registered under the War Charities Act) to your Local Committee, or to Headquarters: 59 St. Peter St., Montreal.

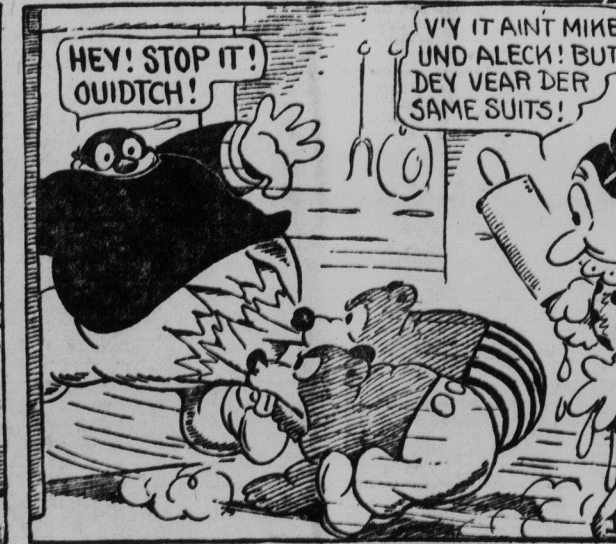
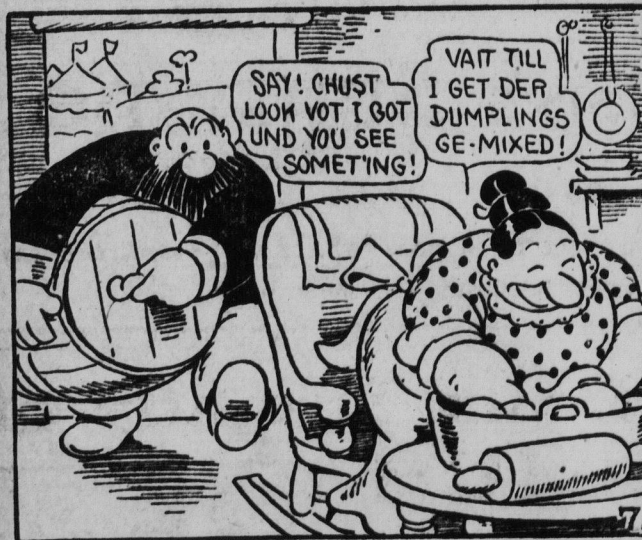
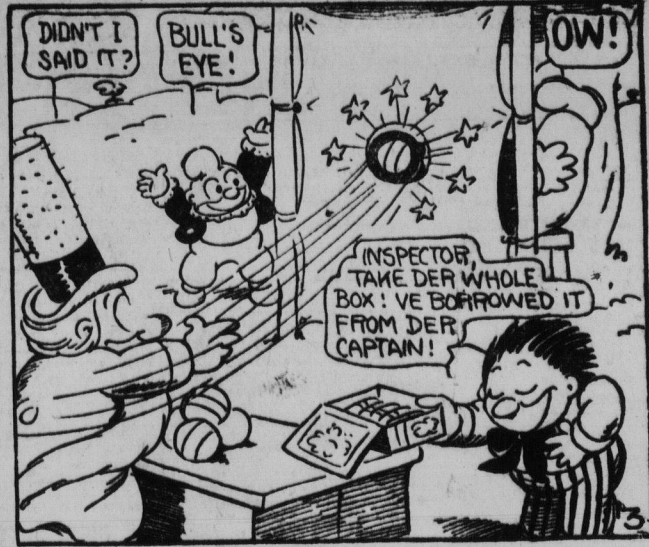


# The St. John Standard

September 28, 1918



## The Shenanigan Kids





# AND HER NAME WAS MAUD

