

Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, May 11. In the House last evening, Galt resumed the debate on the Washington Treaty. He commenced by referring to the importance of the question under consideration, and regretted that the policy of exclusion of Americans from the fisheries had been adopted. He had ever feared it would lead to the loss of headland right, and disturbances of our relations with the Empire. His fear had to a certain extent been prophetic. The enforcement of our rights had mixed up our questions with those of Empire and led to the present unsatisfactory settlement. He accepted the Premier's statement that up to a recent date the treaty was unacceptable to himself and to the Government; and such being the case, he could not understand the delay in assembling Parliament. The question was—what had changed the Premier's views, as to the treaty, between the 20th January and the opening of the House? The explanation, he believed, was to be found in current events. The Alabama claims had much to do with it. In view of the difficulty respecting consequential claims, Great Britain had asked us to waive our views on the Canadian claims. On this question England had spoken more firmly than ever before and put her previous acts into words. The removal of the troops from us, the Act of Confederation, transferring of the North West, the union of British Columbia, all pointed to one conclusion. He could well understand if the Imperial Government had said to our Government, you must adopt the treaty. Canada must take her own political responsibility on her side—how the Canadian Cabinet shrank from the responsibility thrown on them, and if they did shrink from it, it was because the public men in this country had concealed the trouble from the people. The time was not remote when they would have to decide as to our future position. Our Government yielded, and he did not wonder at it, although he would have preferred they had adopted the alternative. It would have been better to accept of all responsibility of our position than cede away our rights. He, Galt, objected last session, and now objected to the main clauses of the Treaty because they weakened our position, and it would be difficult to retrieve it hereafter. He objected because he considered independence better than annexation. (Cheers.) In future if Canada could not be connected with Britain it should at least be independent of the United States. He could well understand how England's enormous commercial interests were imperilled by the possibility of war with the States, and how great was the anxiety to establish friendly relations with that country. No one could suppose that England, if her hands had been clear of us if she had no control over us, would have made such humiliating concessions as the Washington Treaty. If we felt we were a source of weakness, if it was true as stated by Mr. MacDougall and the Premier, that the danglers obliged England to submit to humiliating, it was unworthy of Canadians to force England into that position. Loyalty was shown as much by sacrifice as anything else, and he believed the people of this country were equal to the sacrifice, if it be one, and ratify the treaty rather than see the peace of the empire imperilled by not making concessions. Howe and Gray followed in support of Treaty. The House adjourned at midnight without vote.

London, May 10

The Globe says, it is rumored in trustworthy circles that negotiations between the British and American Governments with regard to the indemnity claims were suddenly broken off to-day.

To-night, Earl Granville in the House of Lords, and Mr. Gladstone in the House of Commons promised that a statement of the conditions of the negotiations will be made on Monday next, whether the papers are received or not.

New York, May 11. A Sugar Refinery in Brooklyn was burned last night, 1 as \$225,000. Thirteen buildings were burned at Tarrytown, N. Y., yesterday, loss \$175,000.

A prominent Jeweler of New York was murdered at his own residence last evening by a sneak thief.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTES.—We select the following extracts from the letter of the clever Ottawa correspondent of the St. John "Daily News":—

THE BUDGET SPEECH has very justly obtained the encomiums of the Press, outside of a few rabid journals who are always bound to prejudge unfairly anything emanating from the Government. Sir Francis Hincks is not an elegant speaker, but he is an able financier, thoroughly qualified to make the best of his case. His statement of Tuesday last was of a nature to make every Canadian hopeful, and encourage him to persevere in working out steadily the destinies of a country capable of such financial prosperity. The Opposition leaders in the House and Peers have not been able to correct a single figure he stated, or a single argument he advanced, but have only attempted to dispute that portion of his remarks which referred to the subsidy we are to receive from the British Government as a return for accepting the Washington Treaty. The Finance Minister's explanations on the point were very clear and must have shown many persons hitherto not well informed on the subject that the guarantee of England is worth far more than they anticipated. One remark of his is worthy of the reflection of every intelligent man, and it is this—that our rejection of the Washington Treaty, and the consequent dangers of collision at any time between Canadian cruisers and American fisheries would not only deprive Canadian fisheries, and make it difficult for us to obtain the

money requisite for the construction of those great works which are absolutely indispensable to our future progress.

MANITOBA

It appears to be a difficult Province to govern. Here is the Government in search of a Governor. The appointment of Judge Johnson has already been cancelled, and the public opinion has come to the conclusion that the Government made a mistake in placing him in the position. In promptly acknowledging their mistake, they have acted with discretion and wisdom. The question is now, who will relieve Mr. Archibald from the office from which he is so anxious to retire? Rumour points to the Minister of Inland Revenue as his successor, but our public men will probably hesitate about accepting a position, apparently so uncertain in its tenure. Ever since Mr. Macdougall was stopped at the frontier of the Promised Land, there seems to be some evil influence at work, to mar the usefulness of the Manitoba Governor. Archibald wants to get away, Johnson is not allowed to fill office even temporarily, and we may expect soon to see some one else disposed of after a few months residence in this troublesome Little Peddlington of the West.

The statement in the Houlton Pioneer that Messrs. Shaw Brothers, owning the great tannery at Yarmouth, had "subscribed liberally and agreed to furnish sixty tons of freight weekly" to "a new steam propeller to run between Boston and St. Stephen, touching at Portland, and St. Andrews," is, we are informed, entirely unfounded.—Bangor Whig

The Standard

SAINT ANDREWS, MAY 15, 1872.

THE WASHINGTON TREATY it appears is about "used up" to employ a slang phrase. All the explanations in the Imperial Parliament, and Dominion House of Commons failed to make it palatable, and now the American claims which have been assented and presented anew, it is alleged, are so preposterous that they have been refused by England, which will probably withdraw from the Geneva Conference.

Last despatches indicate, that negotiations between England and the United States have not been entirely broken off. Congress have the matter before them, and whatever they resolve will be carried out by the Washington Cabinet. The British Government have taken a stand, and it is not likely they will recede from their position.

A MUCH REQUIRED LAW.—A bill has been introduced in Ottawa Parliament for the better protection of navigable streams and rivers. It is a bill which will be of great service. It provides that after the 1st July next, no owners or tenants of any saw mills, nor any workmen therein, nor other person or persons shall throw, or cause, or suffer or permit to be thrown, any sawdust, edgings, or any rubbish of any description whatsoever, into any navigable stream or river, either above or below the point at which such stream or river ceases to be navigable.

It is admitted on all hands that such a measure is urgently needed, and has long been required in this Province. Among others we may cite the fact of the St. Croix, which is filling up so fast from the Towns of Calais and St. Stephen down to the Ledge, that vessels of large tonnage cannot pass up or down when loaded, even at high water, such is the extent it has been filled up with edgings, slabs and saw dust. This must be injurious to the trade of St. Stephen, where we remember to have seen ships lying at the wharves discharging cargoes.

The approach to St. George by the river Magaguadavic is quite as bad if not worse, for there slabs are sticking up rendering navigation difficult. The public interest requires some such law as the one before Parliament, which it is to be hoped will become law, and be enforced. The mill owners may grumble, but they have had their own way long enough, and they should be compelled to burn or remove the slabs, edgings, &c.

A petition has been forwarded to Ottawa, praying the Government to issue regulations, and to protect the herring spawning ground in Passanaguddy Bay, which has been ascertained to be one of the best and most extensive in the lower Provinces. The Government it is believed will at once comply with the prayer of the petitioners.

A bill is before the House of Commons, Ottawa, for the extension of the Montreal Telegraph wires to St. John and Halifax. At present their lines stop at Sackville, and the charge for transmission from that point, of messages to St. John or elsewhere in this Province, is the same as from Montreal to Sackville. There is so much correspondence with Canada now, that it is absolutely necessary that the Montreal Company should have power conferred on them to extend their lines throughout the lower Provinces. Competition is the life of trade. Let us have all the profit we can obtain from Dominion enterprise.

NEW GOODS.—We omitted in our last issue, to call attention to Messrs. Odell & Turner's column advertisement of new and fashionable goods, just received by Steamers from Europe. The stock is pronounced by those competent to judge, to be one of the largest and most valuable ever imported into this market.

TO VERITAS.—We were surprised at your sending a communication upon a public question, without paying the postage, and still more at the flimsy disguise of addressing it from "York County." We writing although disguised, is quite familiar, and we are somewhat acquainted with

style and mannerism. Your object is defeated, and the only satisfaction, if such it be, is that your silly letter cost five cents. Try again.—Disappointed Grumbler.

NEW STORE.—We direct attention to Mr. James Bradley's advertisement of New Store and New Goods. Mr. Bradley is a young man, a native of this place, and deservedly popular. We trust he will be liberally patronized.

The returns and statistics of the Inland Revenues of the Dominion, for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1871, are of considerable interest. Excise has contributed \$4,301,389; Public Works \$679,192; Culling-Timber, \$63,228; Bill-Stamp, \$184,255; Total, \$5,128,004. Increase for 1870-71 over the preceding year, \$717,788, or 16 1/2 per cent. Of this increase \$636,920 is due to excise; \$55,580 to public works; \$47,979 to bill stamps. The Liquor statistics show an upward tendency in the use of spirits, our home consumption being 498,217 gallons in excess of the previous year. As compared with 1869 the increase is 1,409,477 gallons. The increase in the quantity of Malt entered for consumption during the year was 3,840,145 lbs., and the quantity of malt liquor manufactured was 853,548 gallons in excess of the production of the previous year. Quantity of Malt exported in 1870-71, 6,224,850 lbs., an increase of nearly 20 per cent. over the previous year. In the article of Rum there has been a falling off since 1868, of 100,000 gallons. During the year the consumption of brandy has increased over 10,000 gallons.

The quantity of all grades of manufactured tobacco in warehouse on 1st July, 1871, was 3,040,533 lbs., and the quantity of manufactured tobacco exported was 680,552 lbs. The quantity of refined petroleum entered for consumption was 819,864 gallons over the quantity in 1869-70. The quantity entered for export was 5,531,780 gallons an increase of 357,582 gallons. In 1861, 8,881,670 gallons of Molasses were entered for home consumption, and in 1870, 15,281,029 gallons, showing an increase for the latter year of 6,399,359 gallons.

The Annual Report of the state of the Militia for 1871, shows that the total strength of the Active Militia on the 31st December last, including all ranks, was 43,174 officers and men. Of this number, 34,414 performed the annual drill for 1871-72, of which 22,714 officers and men, with 1,996 horses, assembled at Divisional or Brigade Camps of exercise, for 16 days drill, and were paid, supplied and maintained as if on actual service. 5,210 officers and men, with 319 horses, assembled in camps for eight days drill under the ordinary regulations; and the remainder, numbering 8,760 officers and men, performed their annual drill either at the headquarters of the Corps, or as in the case of many Batteries of Garrison Artillery, at certain forts where instruction in gunnery could be more advantageously afforded, and shot and shell practice properly carried out. 1,189 Cavalry and all the Field Artillery (10 batteries with 42 field guns), performed their drill for 1871-72 in the various camps of exercise. Return No. 2 shows that in the four Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, there are nearly 700,000 men within the fighting ages, liable by law to military service in defence of the Dominion. In the Reserve Militia there has been an increase of 37,942 men since the first enrolment under the present law, a period of only two years.

J. Pollet, Esq., from the large manufacturing and mercantile establishment of Messrs. J. P. Westhead & Co., of Manchester, England, visited this Town last week, and was the guest of T. T. Odell, Esq. Mr. Pollet expressed himself much pleased with St. Andrews. We learn that Miss Odell leaves with him in the Steamer "Caspian," on a visit to her relatives and friends in England.

MR. EDITOR.—In looking over the School Act, I find by the 19th Regulation, that all the children in the province have 19 more Holidays than St. Andrews, St. Andrews being placed in the same category with the back settlements.

Is this right? For the credit of the place this should not be. St. Andrews is one of the oldest Towns in the Province, and although, not incorporated, is still a place of some importance, certainly, is not yet to be classed with back settlements. I do not know what the Teachers think of the regulation; I do know that many parents have objections to it. They know no reason why their children should be deprived of the usual relaxation from study, during the hot days of midsummer.

It is gratifying to learn through your columns and otherwise, that our schools are in a flourishing condition. That the teachers are industrious and attentive. The Tax payers would, I am sure, like to see them receive the same privileges as in other towns.

I ask you as a journalist of long standing, and as one who takes a deep interest in the progress of education, to give us your ideas on this question. We have an excellent board of Trustees, they have done everything in their power to make the Law a success. The 19th regulation cramped them in this matter, or no cause of complaint would exist. I am astonished that our respected townsmen, the Hon. Surveyor General, did not give this matter his attention. No doubt it has escaped his observation in the multiplicity of duties connected with his office.

A PARENT.—We quite agree with our correspondent "A Parent;" it is a great mistake to keep children so many hours each day, confined in a school room, and grudge them and the hard worked teachers the few holidays provided by law. This old saw of "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," holds good now as ever it did. We urge upon the Trustees the propriety of allowing the pupils and teachers all the holidays provided

by law, and they may with great propriety, throw in an extra day occasionally.

SUMMARY.

At the recent ordination of the Bishop of Worcester, in England, Mr. N. H. McNeill was admitted to the office of deacon. Mr. McNeill is the son of the Dean of Rippon, and has been blind from his infancy. In spite of this misfortune, however, he made such use of the opportunities afforded him by means of embossed books—classical, mathematical and theological—that he graduated with honors, and took the prize for Hebrew in the University of Dublin.

Walter S. Butler, Esq., of Queens, who has already enjoyed legislative honors at Fredericton, and was considered a creditable member, is in the field for the representation of that county in the place of Hon. Gideon D. Bailey, who is now a member of the Legislative Council.

By a special telegram from Fredericton we learn that Mr. John A. Morrison's lumber mills on the St. John river, about a mile from that city, were burned to the ground on Saturday. These mills have been for a long time engaged in sawing for Alex. Gibson, Esq., and their destruction at this time is particularly unfortunate.—[Tel.]

The following gentlemen have been elected Officers and Directors of the River du Loup Railway:—

Alexander Gibson, Esq., President, J. L. Inches, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer, Nicholas, Esq., Engineer. DIRECTORS.—Thomas Temple, and A. F. Rimey, Esq., of this city; Alexander Jardine, B. B. DeVeber, Stephen H. Hall, Esq., St. John, and Robert Robinson, Esq., Canterbury.

It is estimated that Sweden and Norway will not produce more than a half supply of iron for the present year. This condition of affairs abroad has caused a steady advance in American iron for some time past, which had been followed by an advance in copper, brass and other metals. The effect of all this has been to advance American hardware composed chiefly of iron, from ten to twenty per cent. Articles manufactured of steel have advanced from five to twelve and a half per cent., here in Europe.

President Grant was fifty years old on Saturday.

Now is the time to set out shade trees, and there are places where they are needed. A country minister attributed his poverty to the fact that he had "preached so much without notice."

The latest fashionable and extravagant present for a lady friend, is a large cage holding pots of zara flowers, with a gilt bird cage, mounted on the handle, with a canary bird inside.—[N. Y. Mail.]

By a new discovery steel can be heated without losing its temper; pity that the process cannot be applied to human beings in general and to ardent politicians in particular.

A young lady, very pretty, walked round the new road (7 miles) in one hour and forty five minutes. We remember escorting one around that road once by moonlight. Time—four hours and forty minutes. But then she said she wasn't in a hurry. The old folks had gone to camp-meeting, and she had a night key.—[Norwich Adv.]

Mr. Vandine's famous Jersey cow, mentioned in the TIMES a few weeks since, is excellent herself in the increased quantity and richness of milk. During 4 days of last week, besides supplying the family with milk and cream, 8 1/2 lbs. of excellent butter was obtained from the surplus cream.—[Houlton Times]

A GOOD LEAPER.—As an officer was taking a prisoner from D-x-r to Bangor, when near Hermon Pond, and the train going twenty miles an hour, he managed to elude the vigilance of the officer and leaped from the baggage car, striking upon his head and shoulder and breaking his handcuffs. Apparently unhurt, he gathered himself up and took to the woods.

Of the immigrants that arrived at Boston during the quarter ending March 31st, 949 were from Ireland, 432 from Germany, 1,081 from England, and fifty from Nova Scotia.

The Dock Commissioners of New York were sinking a borer through the bed of North river, a few days since, when a stream of water four inches in diameter rushed up through the borer. It was perfectly fresh.

The Bishop of Oxford having sent round to the church wardens in his diocese a circular of inquiries, among which was, "Does your officiating clergyman preach the Gospel, and are his conversation and carriage consistent therewith?" one church warden replied, "He preaches the Gospel, converses beautifully, but don't keep any carriage."

Rather a good story is told in connection with the late Teachers' examination here.—They had been working pretty hard at their exercises and Mr. Rand the Superintendent, thought that a short respite and little physical exercise would be appropriate. He suggested this to Mr. Crockett who approved of the suggestion. Now it may be necessary to remark, that physical exercise in the Training School means exercises with dumb bells, &c. Mr. Rand called up one of the candidates, Miss D., and said to her "Miss D., we are going to have some physical exercise," "All right," she replied rolling up her sleeves and squaring off a la Tom Sayers in the most approved style, "how will you take it?" Mr. Rand being a man of peace declined taking it precisely in that way.—[Express.]

TUNNEL UNDER THE STRAIT OF CANSO.—A Quebec exchange states that it is proposed to tunnel under the Strait of Canso, between Nova Scotia and Cape Breton, in order to connect the railroad of the latter place with the mainland. The distance is two and a half miles, and the cost of the undertaking is \$2,200,000. By this plan, connection will be

made with the steamers from Glasgow to Louisburg.

CAPE BRETON MARBLE.—Advice from the "Marble Mountains," Cape Breton, states that the Company struck, on the 23rd ult., the face of the main deposit of marble two hundred feet below the surface, by means of a tunnel driven into the side of the mountain. The tunnel is 396 long, and runs through banks of limestone and marble. The quality of the marble now at length reached is pronounced to be very superior—"white as the driven snow," and without flaw. The work of excavating the tunnel has been going on since last autumn, and having resulted successfully, there remains not a doubt as to the enormous value of the deposit of marble in local locality. Active operations will, we understand, be begun at an early date, the Company having secured a charter authorizing them to have a capital of \$500,000, in \$100 shares.—[Halifax Reporter.]

The Chicago plasterers, finding it hard to make both ends meet on the wretched little pittance of \$4 00 per diem, "went in" on the 1st of May for \$5.00 a day. It is to be hoped the oppressed creatures will be able at least to exist on that paltry wage.

MARRIED.

On the 14th inst., by the Rev. George Seeley, at the residence of Capt. W. Glass, Capt. James Tatton to Miss Lavinia Wright, all of St. Andrews.

DIED.

At Brooklyn, on the 13th inst., after a short illness, Mary Ann, wife of Mr. Andrew Murray, and daughter of Mr. Lochary, of St. Andrews.

NOTICE.

Will be sold by Public Auction on the Market Square, on SATURDAY, the Fifteenth day of JUNE next, at eleven o'clock, A certain lot of Land on the Western Common of St. Andrews, ground known as the Cricket Lot. By order of the Seignior. S. H. WHIFFLOCK, Auctioneer. St. Andrews, May 15, 1872.

FARM FOR SALE.

Without Reserve. The pleasantly situated Farm, at Bay Side, occupied by Wm. Barber, containing about 35 acres, together with House, barn, out houses, stock, &c. The latest fashionable and extravagant present for a lady friend, is a large cage holding pots of zara flowers, with a gilt bird cage, mounted on the handle, with a canary bird inside.—[N. Y. Mail.]

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

The Commissioners appointed for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, hereby give Public Notice that they are prepared to receive tenders for "Track-laying and Ballasting, on about 634 miles of the line, from the Post Road, near Trois-Pistoles, to the Eighty-six and a half mile Post at the Metis River—tenders" to be for the whole distance. Specifications and forms of Tender can be obtained at the Office of the Chief Engineer at Montreal, Dalmonie, Newcastle and Amherst. Sealed tenders marked "Tenders," and addressed to the Commissioners, will be received at their Office in Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the 11th JUNE, 1872.

Tenders will also be received, at the same time and place, for 250 tons of Rail road Spikes, according to sample to be seen at the above Office. Tenders to state price per ton of 2,240 lbs., delivered at the Grand Trunk Railway Station at River du Loup, in equal quantities, in the months of July, August and September next. A. WALSH, ED. B. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES, A. W. McLELLAN, Commissioners.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, 3rd May, 1872.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

MAY 14, 1872.

Per the "Oromocto" from Liverpool, "Liscombe" from Clyde, and "Choice" from London.

4 Hds } Fine Old Whiskey. 17 qr. casks } 4 Cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter. 12 Bbls Ginger Ale and Champagne Cider, 10 Boxes T D Pipes, 5 qr. casks } Fine Old Dublin [B] Whiskey, 28 Cases } 35 Bbls "McEwan's" Pale Ale. 25 do "Bass's" do do 10 cases old Tom Gin, quarts, Paints & Oil.

14 cases boiled and raw Linseed Oil. 25 Cwt. Branam Bros' No 1 White Paint Red, Yellow and Green Paints.

Wines. 3 Butts } Sherry Wine, 3 Hds } 6 qr. casks } 8 Hds } Port Wine, 9 qr. casks } 18 cases Champagne, quarts and pints, Dunville & Co's Whiskey, Ex "Oromocto" and "John Parker" from Liverpool.

14 Hds } 10 qr. casks } Old Irish Whiskey, 50 cases } Ex "Choice" from London, 70 Chests and Half Chests Congou Tea, 10 kegs Bi-Carbonate Soda.

J. W. STREET & CO. Leferey's Patent Door Strips.

THE Subscriber has been appointed agent for the sale of the above articles in this County, and is prepared to supply them wholesale and retail, at Manufacturer's prices. May 8. W. B. MORRIS.

SCRAPS.
READING—The amusement of reading is among the greatest consolations of life; it is the nurse of virtue; the upholder of adversity; the prop of independence; the supporter of just pride; the strengthener of elevated opinions; it is a shield against the tyranny of all petty passions; it is the repeller of the fool's scoff and the knave's reason.
—The water power of the Falls of the St. Anthony is estimated at one hundred thousand horse power.
—Some girls lately escaped from Blackwell's Island in a tub. The World says they were washed ashore.
—A chap in Memphis has written a fifty page pamphlet to prove that Abraham Lincoln was the Gog foretold by the prophet Ezekiel.
—It is less than six years since the first six miles of railway was opened in Minnesota. It has now four hundred and four miles in actual use.
—The Western Music World says: "One evening at a social gathering, a young lady played a piece of music consisting of twenty-four pages. A gentleman referring to it next day, said they were favored with music by the quire."
—"Suprise weddings" are an Ohio novelty.
—Fort Dodge, Iowa, is going to build a \$25,000 school house.
—The Passaic river is spoken of as a "liquid corkscrew."

RAILROAD STORE,

(Lower end of Water Street.)
St. Andrews.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he has OPENED A STORE at the above locality, where he will keep for sale a Stock of

FLOUR,

together with

HARDWARE,

and other articles, usually found in such an establishment; and trusts by attention to business and reasonable prices, to merit a share of public patronage.
He is also Agent for the "Travelers Accident and Life Insurance Co.," of Hartford, and is ready to take risks in life and accident.
He has also a LUMBER YARD, from which he will furnish lumber for building and other purposes; and will also transact business as an Auctioneer.
W. R. MORRIS.
St. Andrews, Oct. 4, 1871.

THE MAILS.

THE Present Mail arrangements at the Post Office, St. Andrews, are as follows:

ARRIVE

From East and West, daily by train, Sunday excepted, 6:20 P. M.
By Stage—From St. George, daily at 6 P. M. From Chamcook and Bocabec, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 P. M.
By Packet—From Grand Manan, Campo Bello, Indian Island, Lord's Cove and Fairhaven, Wednesday and Saturday at 8:30 A. M.
From Bay Side—Thursday and Saturday at 10 A. M.

DEPART

Daily by Train, Sunday excepted, 8:30 A. M.
By Stage—To St. George, daily, 7 A. M. Chamcook and Bocabec, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 7 A. M.
By Packet—To Grand Manan, Campo Bello, Indian Island, Lord's Cove and Fairhaven, Wednesday and Saturday at 8:30 A. M.
To Bay Side—Thursday and Saturday at 10:30 A. M.

Letters and papers to be forwarded by Train must be posted by 8 A. M.
Besides the usual hours during the day, the Office will be open for delivery 1 hour and 30 m. every evening after the arrival of the Train.
GEO. F. CAMPBELL,
Post Master
P. O. St. Andrews,
6th Feb., 1872.

MADAM JUNCTION EATING HOUSE.

S. W. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.
Meals always ready on Arrival of Trains.
Jan. 10, 1872.

Dana's Patent Sheep Marks.

THESE MARKS ARE THE CHEAPEST, the most lasting, the least troublesome, and the most complete ever invented. They are used and recommended by many of the best breeders in the United States and Canada, such as G. B. Loring, Salem, Mass., President New England Wool Growers Society; John S. Ross, Hennepin, Ill.; Professor M. Miles of the State Agricultural College, Lansing, Mich.; Hon. George Brown, of Toronto; Hon. John A. Macdonald, of Montreal, &c. On each Mark is stamped the owner's name and the sheep's number. They will be sent FREE by mail or express, for ONLY FOUR CENTS EACH, and will last for TWENTY YEARS.
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, JR.,
Sartia, Ont.

REMOVAL.

W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the kind support and patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed his establishment to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin, corner of Water and Edward streets; where he will keep as usual.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS

Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
Toilet Articles, Groceries,
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the other articles commonly found in a Druggist Shop.
"St. Andrews."

IRISH HOUSE,

(NEW HOTEL.)
ST. GEORGE, --- Charlotte Co.,
S. F. FRISBIE, PROPRIETOR.
In connection with this establishment is a good Livery Stable.

CHEAP BOOTS

AT THE
ALBION HOUSE,
John S. Magee.
—Great Bargains.—

We offer a few pairs of Ladies KID BOOTS at \$1 per pair. Former price \$2.00.

NEXT MONDAY—we will offer a Lot of
REMNANTS
in COBURGS, TICKINGS, COITONS,
at a GREAT REDUCTION in price.

To close consignment, we offer the celebrated
FLOCK MATTRESSES
at cost price. Any persons requiring them will do well to embrace this opportunity of getting MATTRESSES at a BARGAIN.
Feb. 20, 1872. JOHN S. MAGEE.

Private Bills.

PARTIES intending to make application to Parliament for Private Bills, either for granting exclusive privileges, or conferring corporate powers for commercial or other purposes of profit, or for doing anything tending to affect the rights or property of other parties, are hereby notified that they are required by the 21st and following Rules of the House of Commons (which are published in full in the "Canada Gazette"), to give TWO MONTHS NOTICE of the application (clearly and distinctly specifying its nature and object), in the "Canada Gazette," and also in a newspaper published in the County or Union of Counties affected, sending copies of the first and last of such notices to the Private Bill Office.
All Petitions for Private Bills must be presented within the first three weeks of the Session.
ALFRED TODD,
Clk. Clk. Committees and Private Bills, H. of Commons.
Ottawa, 7th Dec. 1871. jun 10

TO LET.

And possession given 1st JANUARY
The House and land owned by the late MARTIN GRANT, at Bay Side. There are about thirty acres of wood land and fifty under cultivation. The house is in good repair and the property well fenced. For terms &c., apply to Jas. T. Grant, or J. R. BRADFORD,
St Andrews Dec. 17, 1871.

BACK TEA

Ex Schr. "Pointer" from New York.
182 Bx Chests } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 Chests }
For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rate.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

Partnership.

The Subscribers have this day entered into a Partnership, under the style and firm of
Street & Stevenson.
GEO. D. STREET,
L. R. STEVENSON.
St. Andrews, June 1, 1871.

GEO. STEWART, JR.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
Chemist and Druggist,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS,
DYE WOODS AND STAINES, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS,
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
24 King Street, Saint John, N. B.
Orders from the Country promptly executed.
Particular attention given to the Preparation of Physicians' Prescriptions.
April 12, 1871.

MILLINERY

AND
Fancy Goods.
MISS E. ONIHL, respectfully intimates to the Ladies of St. Andrews and vicinity that she has opened a
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT
in the building formerly occupied by Mr. J. S. Magee, where she has a stock of FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, and will be happy to execute all orders in her line with neatness and dispatch.

SUGAR & MOLASSES.

Ex "Rapid" from Barbados via St. John: 20 Hds. Moscovado Molasses, S "Choice" do Sugar.
J. W. STREET.

Alcohol and Old Rye.

Just received via Portland.
5 Puncheons } ALCOHOL.
25 Bbls } 95 O.P.
10 Hds Old Rye Whisky, 25 p. U. P.
Gouderham & Werts' Distillery, Toronto.
July 4, 1871. J. W. STREET.

NEW IMPORTATION.

Ex "Choice" from London, and "Kats Up Jam" from Liverpool.
20 Casks "Bridges & Son's" best Stout Porter.
30 cases "Guinness" Dublin Porter, quarts and pints.
2 Puncheons fine old Jamaica Rum.
30 chests London Congou Tea.
50 half chests " " "
60 dozen pints Irish Whiskey.
40 " " Old Tom Gin
3 casks Ginger Wine.
200 cases Geneva, &c.
J. W. STREET.

JOHN McCULL,

GENERAL AGENT,
Commission Merchant,
AND
AUCTIONEER
St. George, N. B.
References: Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Sur. General, W. Whittell, Esq., St. Andrews; Jas. A. Moran and Alvin Young, Esqs. St. George; Chas. F. Church, Esq., St. John; J. Murdoch, and David Main, Esqs., St. Stephen.

RAISINS.

100 Boxes Layer Raisins.
25 Bbls. Dried Apples, very nice. For sale.

GRANULATED SUGAR.

35 Bbls. Boston Granulated Sugar. In Bond or Duty paid.

Vacuum Pan Sugar.

53 Hds. Demerara Vacuum Pan Sugar choice quality, just received and for sale at lowest market rates, in Bond or Duty paid.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

The Standard

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
45 B. Old Rye Whiskey, 25 U. P.
For sale by J. W. STREET.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company,

OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.
FIRES & LIFE
CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING (WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS)
The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.
NICHOLAS T. GREATHEAD, Esq., Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity.
HENRY JACK,
General Agent.
Aug. 9.

G. F. STICKNEY,

WATCH MAKER & JEWELLER.
Has received a further supply of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,
Chains, Rings, Brooches,
Lockets, Studs, Solitaires, Keys, &c.
Electroplated Britannia Metal and British Plate Wares,
Paper Maché, Parian, Spa, Wedgwood and Ighemian Goods.

JET AND RUBBER GOODS.

CULINARY, HARDWARE, EDGE TOOLS
Toys, FANCY SOAP AND PERFUMERY,
Together with a general assortment of
House Furnishing & Fancy Goods
WEDDING RINGS made to order.
July 19, 71.

IMPORTATIONS.

Ex the "Vass" from Liverpool, and "Choice" from London, via St. John.
50 Cases Old Tom Gin, quart & pint flasks
50 do best Scotch & Irish Whiskey, do
20 Qr. Casks best Scotch and Irish Malt Whiskey.
3 Hds } Ailsopp's best Double Ale.
25 Bbls } do Bottled do
12 cases "Guinness" Extra Stout Porter.
10 Bbls Bridges' London Brown Stout Porter and Pale Ale.
8 Hds } Borden Bros' best Linseed Oil
30 Cwt. do do best White and coloured Paints.
1 Cask best Putty.
6 Hds } Best Pale Sherry
12 qr. casks } and Marsale Wine.
20 Hds } "J. DeKuyper & Son's"
15 qr. casks } do do
200 cases } Pale Geneva.
To arrive from Charlotte and Delishaven.
40 Hds } "Merrill, Hennessy, and
40 qr. casks } V. G. Co." Brandy.
600 Cases } do do
40 Hds } "J. H. Henkel's"
55 qr. casks } Best Pale Geneva,
200 cases } 4 o. p. O. I. Proof.
St. Andrews. J. W. STREET.

FLOUR, CORN, PORK, &c.

OCTOBER 23d, 1871.
Landing ex "Mary Ellen," from New York.
230 Bbls extra State Ohio and fancy Flour
16 1/2 bbls Family
2 Tons "Sugar cured" Hams
20 Hds Leavy Mess Pork,
5 " clear "
200 Bushels Corn, &c.
Oct. 25, 1871. J. W. STREET.

Canada Ale.

6 Hds } Canada Bitter Ale.
6 Qr. Casks }
Nov. 2, 1871. J. W. STREET.

MOLASSES.

Ex Schr. "Emma" from Cienfuegos direct.
211 Hds. } BRIGHT CIENFUEGOS MOLASSES.
19 Tons }
16 Bbls. }
The above is a very choice Cargo and will be sold at lowest market rates, in bond or duty paid.
TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.,
April 1871. St. Stephen.

GIN, WINE, TEA, &c.

Ex "Choice" from London.
40 Hds } Best Pale Geneva.
30 qr. Casks }
200 Cases }
30 Chests } Congou Tea.
20 Half }
2 Hds } Refined Crushed Sugar.
75 lbs } London Brown Stout & Pale Ale.
30 Qr. Casks } Pale Sherry.
1 Ton } "Grandram Bros" Best White Lead
4 Hds } do Boiled and Raw
4 qr. Casks } Linseed Oil.
J. W. STREET.

Dominion Whiskey.

Just received via Portland, from "Gouderham & Werts" distillery, Toronto:
45 B. OLD RYE Whiskey, 25 U. P.
For sale by J. W. STREET.

STREET & STEVENSON,

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.
OFFICES—WATER STREET,
ST. ANDREWS



THE GREAT REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, LUNG COMPLAINTS.

and asthma induced by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable Preparation ever introduced for the RELIEF and CURE of all
LUNG COMPLAINTS.
This well known remedy is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years, and whose efficacy is so general, seldom fails to effect a speedy cure of
Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Pains or Stiffness in the Chest and Side, Bleeding at the Lungs, Liver Complaints, &c.
The unequalled success that has attended the application of this medicine in all cases of
FELICITARY COMPLAINTS
has induced many physicians of high standing to employ it in their practice, and whose advice is so far from being a mere recommendation, we have space only for the names of a few of them:
ALEX. HATCH, M.D. A. A. CURRIE, M.D.
E. BOSTON, M.D. W. H. WEBB, M.D.
W. A. BRYCE, M.D. W. B. LYON, M.D.
E. FALLOON, M.D. A. BRIDGES, M.D.
NATHAN FLETCHER, M.D. H. D. MARTIN, M.D.
H. G. BARNUM, M.D. W. A. BRAD, M.D.
RICHARD KENT, M.D. A. W. MACLEAY, M.D.
SIR JOHN THORNTON, M.D. S. H. FINLAY, M.D.
Such testimony CANNOT BE DISCREDITED.
From the mass of evidence in our possession we select the following:
From L. J. RAGINE, Esq.,
of Le. Mercer, Montreal. "Having experienced the great relief and cure from the use of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, I am induced to express the great confidence which I have in its efficacy. For some months I was much afflicted with a severe and obstinate cough, accompanied with acute pain in the chest, which did not improve, the use of various remedies being unavailing, and I was on the point of recovering from the law and fatigue which so slight an ailment would have induced. At this juncture I commenced taking the Balsam, from which I found immediate relief, and after having used a few bottles I was completely restored to health. I have used the Balsam in my family, and administered it to my children with the happiest results. I am sure that only those who use the Balsam can fully appreciate its value. It is a preparation which has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the remedy par excellence."
A CURE FOR WHOOPING COUGH.
By FRANCIS, C.K., Esq.,
M.D., 107 St. James Street, London, W.
"I have known several months since a little daughter of a friend, ten years of age, was taken with Whooping Cough in a very aggravated form, and nothing would do for her but to be put to bed, and to be kept there, she at length decided to try a bottle of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. In three bottles after she had commenced using it, she was greatly relieved, and in less than three days was entirely cured, and in a few days she had quite recovered from the law and fatigue which so slight an ailment would have induced. I have used the Balsam in my family, and administered it to my children with the happiest results. I am sure that only those who use the Balsam can fully appreciate its value. It is a preparation which has only to be tried to be acknowledged as the remedy par excellence."
F. GUITT,
Proprietor of the Balsam of Wild Cherry.
Clergymen, Lawyers, Singers,
and all those whose occupations require an unusual exercise of the vocal organs, will find this the best Remedy which will effectively and instantaneously relieve their difficulties. This Remedy, unlike most others, is completely
PLEASANT TO TASTE.
A small quantity allowed to pass over the irritated part at once removes the difficulty.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND IMITATIONS.
Remember, they imitate in name only, without possessing the virtues. Buy only cases signed "J. Wistar" on the wrapper.
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY
IS PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SON,
15 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.
And for sale by all Druggists.

GRACE'S BALM

This Balm is a valuable preparation discovered in the 17th century, by Dr. Wm. Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. It was the secret of the great success of the eminent physician of the day, and was regarded by all as a public benefactor.
GRACE'S CELEBRATED BALM
Cures in a very short time
CUTS, BRUISES, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, RHEUMATISM, SALT RHEUM, RINGS, WOUNDS, CHAPPED HANDS, BURNS, FROZEN LIMBS, FALGERS, CHILBLAINS, FILLS, CORNS, &c.
GRACE'S CELEBRATED BALM
is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most severe inflammation and restores the part affected to its natural state.
ONLY 25 CENTS A BOX.
SETH W. FOWLE & SON, BOSTON,
Proprietors.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

SEWING MACHINES.

WHAT EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE
One of the original Wood Sewing Machines.
These celebrated Machines are now on sale at the Subscriber's, where the public are invited to examine and test for themselves.
JAN 16.
JAMES STOOP,
Agent.
EXCHANGE HOTEL,
King Street
Saint Stephen N. B.
J. SELL, Proprietor

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