POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

VOL. XLVII. ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1908. NO. 83

DRASTIC BILL ABOUT PATENT MEDICINES

Formula of Contents Must be Printed on the Package.

Use of Cocaine Prohibited and no Great Quantity of Alcohol Permissible---Opposition Criticize Large Sums Spent on Foreign Exhibitions and the Small Results Therefrom.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, June 15.—At the afternoon sitting of the house, the bill amending the Yukon act was put through as was also the bill to amend the Chinese immigration act. The latter makes more rigid provisions against evasion of the head tax and also provides for a deposit of $500 for each Chinaman passing through Canada, the amount to be refunded upon the Chinaman leaving the country.

Mr. Templeman moved the second reading of his bill respecting proprietary and patent medicines. The bill, he said, was not so drastic as the legislation introduced last session, and he thought it would be satisfactory to manufacturers and retailers who had been consulted.

The use of cocaine is prohibited, as well as the excessive use of alcohol, When a manufacturer prints the formula on each package the medicine will not come under the act, while if certain potent drugs are used they must be named on the label. The bill was read a second time and referred to a committee composed of the minister of inland revenue, Mr. McIntye (Perth), Dr. Sproul, Dr. Beland and Dr. Chisholm.

The house also passed Mr. Fisher's bill to amend the inspection and sale act. The penalties for infraction of the fruit marks act are reduced to a maximum fine of $25 for first, $50 for second, and $200 for third offence.

Exhibition Expenses.

The house went into supply after the dinner hour, taking up an item of $200,000 for the Franco-British exhibition in London, England, and a smaller exhibition at Edinburgh. The total cost of the Canadian display at the former will be $300,000, a portion of the vote being taken from last year.

It developed that a son of John Tolmie, M.P., and a cousin of J. C. Turriff, M.P., are connected with the Canadian pavilions, which led Geo. Taylor to observe that these international shows were largely for the purpose of finding jobs for political friends.

David Henderson criticized the spending of money on an exhibition remote from the centre of London and advised the building of a permanent pavilion near Trafalgar square. Then Mr. Henderson enquired what class of men it was hoped to attract to Canada. There was the Olympic show. He supposed Tom Longboat would be there and that it was hoped to attract a lot of sporting men to Canada. That was not the class of men we wanted.

Jos. E. Armstrong failed to find in the trade returns any evidence that we had increased business with foreign countries as a result of making displays at foreign exhibitions.

Col. Talbot declared that as a result of the Milan exhibition a $1,000,000 company was organized in Berlin to develop the coal lands of the west and Mr. Armstrong continued, this same company in which Col. Talbot was interested secured the services of a prominent member of the staff of the geological survey to locate mines in the west.

"What is the geological survey for?" inquired Col. Talbot.

Mr. Templeman, who was acting minister at the time, said he gave D. R. Dowling, the official in question, leave of absence to accompany the German company to the west. More recently he had delegated Dr. Ellis to accompany members of a New Brunswick company to see if oil can be extracted from the shales of that province. To some extent this was to the interest of the private individuals, but it was also in the interest of the country.

F. D. Monk pointed out that Canada expended a great deal of money at Milan but the government failed to follow it up by attempting to secure trade concessions, in fact the prime minister actually turned down a representative of the King of Italy, who attempted to open negotiations.

Mr. Monk asked what W. T. R. Preston had done to improve our commercial relations with Japan.

Mr. Fielding asked what advantage the U. S. had in Japan that we did not have and Mr. Monk replied that they were getting the whole of the eastern trade and threatening the supremacy of Great Britain.

French Treaty Not Yet Ratified

Mr. Fisher answered the statement of Mr. Monk that the French treaty makers had got the best of the Canadian plenipotentiaries by saying the French chamber had not yet ratified the treaty.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier having accused Mr. Monk of first having opposed the French treaty afterwards voting for it.

Mr. Monk replied that his only criticism of the French treaty at the outset, was that the government did not make treaties with other countries also. What Sir Wilfrid probably had in view, he said, was the false accusation of the Liberal organs in Quebec that he (Mr. Monk) "Egged on by the fanatical party with which he was allied had opposed the treaty because it was a treaty with France."

Dr. Sproule quoted from the trade and navigation reports to show that there was no proof of an adequate return in trade for the expenditure on foreign exhibitions, possibly the exhibitions in Italy, and Japan had stimulated immigration to Canada from these countries.

Mr. Lemieux argued that the Osaka exhibition had made Canada and Canadian products widely known in the Orient.

Mr. Armstrong complained of the failure of the government to conclude satisfactory trade arrangements.

Mr. Fielding replied that Canada was at a disadvantage in the German market because we declined to give Germany the same preference as the mother country. The British preference was something of which all Canada was proud and with which the people were satisfied. The Conservative party worked for a preferential arrangement for years but in vain.

Mr. Bergeron pointed out that what the Conservative party was working for was a mutual preference.

George W. Fowler said the minister of agriculture advertised the forests, mines and wild animals of the Maritime Provinces at foreign exhibitions to the neglect of the dairying industry, which excelled that of even Ontario.

The member for Kings-Albert thought the allowance of $20 a day for expenses for the commissioners at the London exhibition was merely to cover charges for champagne.

SHAUGNESSY ADVOCATES A TRADE COMMISSION

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, June 15.—Sir Thomas Shaughnessy was the guest of the Board of Trade at the King Edward Hotel tonight, about 200 prominent business men being present. The president of the C. P. R. did not say much new in his speech. He said he saw no reason under present conditions why the west should not produce 100,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, besides other crops and that would pretty well settle the prosperity of Canada for the next year or so.

He advocated the adoption of a policy by Canada to maintain the lines of trade and communication east and west. The conditions of commerce and social intercourse were naturally north and south, but the interests of the solidarity and unity of Canada, the lines of transportation and commerce should be kept as much as possible east and west.

Sir Thomas advocated the appointment of a trade commission to deal with trade questions the same as the railway commission now deals with railway questions.

AUTO PLUNGES OVER WHARF; FOUR DROWN

Machine Became Uncontrollable in a New York Street and Dashed Into Hudson River, Two Women, Man and Child Perishing.

New York, June 16.—Four persons were drowned tonight when an automobile carrying a pleasure party of six, becoming unmanagable, shot at wild speed down West 56th street and catapaulted from an open pier into the North river. The automobile turned over in its flight from the pier and held its four victims fast in their seats. The dead: Adaline Borden, aged 19; Mrs. Rose Coleman, aged 23; John Coleman, 27 years; Virginia Knight, aged 8 years.

John Bauer, the chaffeur, was carried into the river by the automobile, but managed to swim to safety. John Nolan, one of the party, leaped from the machine just as it was tearing wildly for the end of the dock.

After taking his employer home tonight, Bauer decided to invite a few friends for a pleasure ride. With the party Baur sent the machine down 56th street at fair speed intending to run out in the dock and stop. The brake failed to work and the machine began to skid and went over the end of the pier. The four victims were dragged helplessly down by the overturned machine and though the young men made repeated efforts to rescue the drowning persons by diving they were unable to do so. The body of Mrs. Coleman was recovered shortly before midnight.

TAFT LIKELY TO BE THE CHOICE

Majority of Republican Delegates Now Favor Him for Presidency

RUNNING MATE WANTED

Active Canvass Now Going On to Secure a Strong Man for Vice-Presidency, But Candidates Are Scarce—Convention Opens Today, But Little Business is Expected.

Chicago, June 15.—The eve of the National Republican convention finds Chicago on the tip of anticipation with presidential preparations all matured for candidates and the platform, except the ever-doubtful vice-presidency, and with the whole city astir with those tumultuous scenes which usher in a national convention.

After the preliminary gathering of tomorrow there will be a period of suspense for practically two days, during which the committees will meet and the organization be perfected, so that the actual nomination of president is not likely to occur before Thursday.

Wanted a Vice-President.

Among the more important state caucuses of the day were those of Ohio, New York, Indiana and Iowa, as each has some bearing on the perplexing question of the vice-presidency. Each of these gatherings brought forth the odd negative conclusion of declaring not to be in favor of any candidate for the vice-presidency. Ohio, because the Taft backers do not wish to be in the attitude of directing; New York, because advocacy of Sherman or Low or any other New Yorker might impugn the loyalty to Gov. Hughes; Iowa, because the state wants Dolliver to remain where he is in the senate and thus avoid a hari-kari state of politics; Indiana, because long distance persuasion has not induced Mr. Fairbanks to change his attitude towards the first and second places on the ticket. Other state caucuses were equally fruitless in solving the vice-presidential mystery, which deepens as the ballot approaches.

The name of ex-Gov. Herrick, of Ohio, is the latest one to be brought forth for chairman of the national committee to manage the coming campaign. It has been received with much favor, owing to Mr. Herrick's close relationship with Secretary Taft. However, it is understood that the national committee will defer the selection of a chairman until there is an opportunity to confer in person with the nominee.

LAURIER OULINES PROGRAMME FOR THE SESSION

Ottawa, Ont., June 15.—(Special.)—In the commons this morning Sir Wilfrid Laurier, answering Mr. Borden's query as to what additional legislation might be expected, said that there would be some amendments to the criminal code, to the judges act, and the railway act. He did not explain their character.

After some questions by members, to one of which Mr. Pugsley admitted that certain public works employes had not shown up on election day, the house went into committee on the bill amending the Yukon placer mining act. There were further lengthy explanations by Mr. Oliver which took up much of the sitting.

Answering Mr. Blain, the minister of marine said that Kenneth Falconer, the accountant was to be paid $42,315 for his work in establishing a new system of accounting in the department.

R. C. R. PRIVATE TO BE IMPRISONED AND DISGRACED

Fredericton, N. B., June 15—(Special)—Sitting Police Magistrate McCready held court for the first time this morning, being delegated by Col. March to try the charge of assault preferred by John B. Gunter against Policeman Wright. Mr. Gunter wanted adjournment to allow time to procure witnesses and on his request being refused he withdrew the complaint. Wright says that he found Gunter loitering on the street corner a few nights ago and ordered him to move on, but denies that there was any assault.

Solicitor General McLeod returned Saturday evening from a ten days' trip to the upriver counties.

The nomination papers of John J. Weddall, who is contesting St. Ann's ward for the city council, were filed this morning. His opponent is Cornelius Kelly.

Cedric, the youngest son of H. J. McGrath, inspector of masonry on the Intercolonial, is here undergoing medical treatment for injuries to his foot, sustained while playing hockey last winter.

Private Shields, of the Royal Regiment, convicted by a district court martial of theft and attempted desertion, was this morning sentenced to six months' imprisonment at the conclusion of which he will be dismissed with ignominy from the service. It seems that he stole a valise belonging to a member of the detachment of Woodstock Field Battery, which fired the salute at the opening of the legislature here, and afterwards attempted to desert, but was captured at the railway station after he had purchased a ticket for Halifax.

Leighton McCarthy Retires.

Toronto, June 15.—(Special.)—The North Simcoe Liberals held a convention at Staynor today and received an announcement from Leighton McCarthy of his retirement from the commons, owing to family and private reasons. Daniel Wilson, ex-mayor of Collingwood, was nominated and accepted.

CHATHAM CHURCH CONTEST OVER

Congregation Almost Unanimous to Retain Rev. Mr. Sellar

A LIVELY SESSION

One of the Four Opponents of the Pastor Spoke Strongly Against His Attitude and Criticism of the Liquor Traffic, But Big Majority Didn't Agree With Him.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Chatham, N. B., June 15.—A bombshell was thrown into the Methodist congregation here last evening when Rev. G. A. Sellar, pastor of St. Luke's Church, announced at sermon time that as his opposition to the liquor traffic and liquor men did not meet with the approval of his congregation he would cease to be their pastor and would resign forthwith. He then left the pulpit.

Mr. Sellar during his remarks said he had been invited to stay a third year and had consented to do so, and had been subsequently asked to resign and threatened with dismissal if he did not comply. This had been done, he said, because a member of the quarterly board had taken offence at his plain speaking, having applied some strictures to himself, and because complaint had been made of his denunciation of the liquor traffic.

He had not decided whether to resign or not but did not feel that he could preach at that time, so he left the pulpit and retired to the basement. Several of the congregation followed him, and Mr. Knight, Y. M. C. A. secretary preached. There was to be a quarterly board meeting tonight, and on the invitation of Mr. Sellar and an anonymous circular, the congregation is expected to attend.

The board say that they did not ask Mr. Sellar to resign but merely decided at a caucus of the majority to ask him to meet the board and talk it over. It seems that this intimation was conveyed to the pastor in such a way by the aggrieved brethren as to give him to understand that he must get out or be turned out and there is a very strong feeling in the congregation against the method of this thing and the assumption that one man is boss of the church.

The quarterly board did not sit on account of some real or pretended informality in the call, but the congregational meeting was held with James Beveridge in the chair, and several speeches were made. W. B. Snowball opposed Mr. Sellar strongly and said there were other churches in Chatham.

The chairman and others spoke strongly for the pastor and on motion of J. Y. Mersereau, a resolution was adopted, 86 yeas and four nays, reciting the invitation and acceptance and declaring that any departure from that engagement either by the board or pastor, would be a breach of faith and that the congregation desired Mr. Sellar to remain another year.

W. B. Snowball and three others constituted the negative vote.

RECOUNT SO FAR ELECTS BOURASSA

Had One Majority in St. Hyacinthe When the Court Adjourned--Seventy Defective Ballots Cast for Opponent in Two Polls.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, June 15.—A recount of the ballots cast in the St. Hyacinthe election in which Mr. Bourassa was declared defeated by one vote, was begun today at St. Hyacinthe before Judge Martineau. The recount had not been completed when the court adjourned, but Mr. Bourassa had a majority of one vote.

During the proceedings an extraordinary discovery was made which it is believed will result in the seat being given to Mr. Bourassa. In two ballot boxes which gave Mr. Bourassa's opponent, Mr. Morin, a majority of seventy, all the ballots were found not only to have been initialed, but also numbered, which is illegal under the election act. Mr. Bourassa's counsel at once moved to have the ballots thrown out. Judge Martineau will give his decision tomorrow. A recount of the Laval ballots will take place tomorrow and of the St. James ballots on Wednesday.

FROST DAMAGES GARDEN TRUCK IN THE WEST

Cold Spell Said to Be a Benefit to the Grain Crop, by Checking Too Heavy a Growth.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Winnipeg, June 15—Low temperatures were prevalent throughout Manitoba and Saskatchewan Saturday, and last night, when in the former the mercury dipped just below freezing in Winnipeg, and tender garden stuff, such as cucumbers and tomatoes, were touched, while last night four degrees of frost were reported at Carman and two at Cypress River.

No damage was done to the grain crops and the spell of cold weather was needed to check too luxurious growth above, the ground.

TAFT'S PLATFORM MADE PUBLIC

Favors Tariff Revision With Due Regard to All Interests

TO CURB RAILROADS

Would Exercise Federal Control and Prohibit Stock-watering; Makes Bid for Labor Unionist Vote by Curtailing Use of Injunctions.

Chicago, June 15.—The exact text of the plank of Republican platform prepared by Ward Ellis and approved by President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft, relating to railroads is as follows:

"We approve the enactment of a railroad rate law, and a vigorous enforcement of the present administration of the statutes against rebates and discrimination as a result of which the advantages formerly possessed by the large over the small shipper have substantially disappeared. In this connection we commend the appropriation of $350,000 by the present congress in order to enable the interstate commerce commission to thoroughly investigate and give publicity to the accounts of railroads.

"We believe, however, that the interstate commerce law should be further amended so as to give railroads the right to make anl publish traffic agreements subject to the approval of the commission but maintaining always the principle of competition between naturally competing lines and avoiding the common control of such lines by any means whatsover, and we shall specially favor the enactment of such legislation as will provide for federal restriction against the over issue of stocks and bonds by interstate carriers."

More or less serious inaccuracy has characterized the reputed textual publications of the plank relating to the tariff. The exact text of that plank as well as of the plank concerning anti injunction legislation follows:

Tariff Revision.

"The Republican party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff, by a special session of congress immediately following the inauguration of the next president and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of the two houses, which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules. In all tariff legislation the principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries and the benefits that follow are best secured by the establishment of maximum and minimum rates which shall be applied automatically to the trade of other countries in accordance with their treatment of our trade. The minimum should represent the normal measure of protection required for the benefit of our own industries.

"The aim and purpose of the Republican policy is not only to preserve, without excessive duties, that security to which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled, but also maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners of this country who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system.

"Between the United States and Philippines we believe in a free interchange of products with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco as will avoid injury to domestic interests.

"We declare for such an amendment of the statutes of procedure in the federal courts with respect to the use of the writ of injunction as will on the one hand prevent the summary issue of such orders without proper consideration and on the other will preserve undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process, to the end that justice may be done at all times and to all parties."

MONCTON AGITATION FOR BETTER STREETS

Board of Trade Wants to Expend Large Sum on Permanent Work—Entries for Y. M. C. A. Road Race.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Moncton, June 15—The agitation for better streets in Moncton is assuming definite shape towards something being done to improve present conditions. The board of trade tonight discussed the question of permanent streets, and decided to request the mayor to call a meeting of the citizens to consider the condition of the streets with a view to taking some action. The proposal is to borrow money and pave Main street, and construct a more permanent sidewalk. The city council voted down the proposition to borrow $20,000 or $30,000 for permanent streets.

The entries for the local Y. M. C. A. road race closed tonight and the list of competitors numbers fourteen, as follows: Thos. Williams, L. McCoy, Wm. Roundel, Lorne Trites, Ozo Club; E. L. Price, Mohawk Club; C. H. Smith, C. A. Moley, I. C. R. fire department; G. H. Powell, W. J. Edington, Clarence Fawcett, Welsford Case, C. L. Symons, Y. M. C. A.; Ray Carson and Albert Melanson. The race will be held next Saturday.

Church Floor Sank.

York, Me., June 15—With over 600 persons crowded within the old First Congregational church during the graduating exercises of the Yorkshire school this evening, a serious accident was narrowly averted when the floor in the vestibule and rear of the vestibule sank four inches. Thomas Nelson Page, the author, a summer resident of this town, was addressing the graduates when the accident happened, and there was not the slightest panic.

A Fatal Fire Department Test.

Haverhill, Mass., June 15—A collapse of a ladder on an aerial truck during a fire department test tonight, caused the death of one fireman, Alvino L. Brackley, and the injury of three others, one of whom, Neal Owens, may die. The men are call members belonging to Hose No. 1.

NO OPPOSITION TO I.O.F. SUPREME CHIEF

H. A. Collins, Finding Little Support, Withdraws From Contest.

Proposition to Re-rate Old Members on Present Rate at Their Age Likely to Carry by Large Majority---Convention Opens This Morning.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Toronto, June 15.—Harry Collins, supreme treasurer of the Independent Foresters, which court opens here tomorrow, has retired from the contest for the supreme chief ranger, as a canvass of a large number of delegates, already here, showed a majority of a hundred or more in favor of Supreme Chief Ranger Elliott. G. Stevenson, whose re-election by acclamation is now regarded as almost certain.

The overweening question of rates will be dealt with probably on Wednesday morning. At a meeting of the rates committee today it was decided to submit three propositions for decision to the supreme court. The report, which gives arguments in favor of each proposition in detail, is signed by all the members of the committee. The proposals are:

1. Full acturial solvency rates, involving a large increase in the old members' dues and payment of back dues.
2. The readjustment proposed by S. C. R. Stevenson. It is based in part upon actuarial solvency, but gives more privileges to old members than would cold actuarial computation.
3. Re-rating of old members on present rate at their age of entry.

The third proposition is particularly interesting, because it has been generally agreed upon as one for adoption. "It will carry beyond a shadow of a doubt," say some of the confident ones, and there is every possibility of their forecast coming true for it does not involve the paying of back dues.

WALTER McFARLANE LEFT LARGE ESTATE

Probated at $33,000, and Divided Among Many Relations

Daniel-Fenety Wedding This Morning at Fredericton---Assault Case Against Policeman Dropped--Other News of the Capital.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Fredericton, N. B., June 15—The will of the late Walter McFarlane, of Nashwaaksis, was probated this evening before Judge Barry, and letters testamentary granted to the executors—Judge Wilson, Albert B. Smith and Harry Smith. The estate was sworn at $33,000, of which $9,500 is life insurance, and the remainder real estate and personal property.

The testator's interest in McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson Mfg. Co., is valued at $15,000. He held an interest in farms in the parish of Douglas valued at $6,000 besides two-third interest in the McFarlane Wagon Works at Nashwaaksis which is set down at $2,500.

The interest in the McFarlane, Thompson & Anderson Mfg. Co., is bequeathed to the testator's nephews—Albert, Percy and Harry Smith, and the interest in the wagon works at Nashwaaksis goes to George McFarlane, his half brother. The farm properties in Douglas go to Wm. McFarlane, a brother, and Mrs. Edward Bailey, Fred McFarlane, Harry and Percy Smith, testator's niece and nephews, Mrs. Clara Woods, Miss Allie McFarlane, nieces, and Dobert Bruce McFarlane, nephew, all of this city, each received a life insurance policy.

The residue of the estate subject to a bequest of $500 to Earle McFarlane, the grandson of the late Peter McFarlane, goes to Albert and Harry Smith. Albert J. Gregory is proctor for the estate.

The Oddfellows excursion this evening on the steamer Elaine was attended by about 200 persons.

Word was received this morning from Montreal of the death there of Miss Catherine E. Coy, formerly of this city. About three months ago deceased suffered a paralytic stroke. Deceased, who was aged about sixty-seven years, was a daughter of the late John S. Coy, of this city, and resided in this city until about seven or eight years ago, when she removed to St. John, soon afterwards removing to Montreal, where she has since resided. She had no very near relatives. Mrs. Waterhouse, mother of Mrs. Harry Clarke, of this city, and Mrs. Josiah Wood, wife of Senator Wood, of Sackville, are cousins. The late Miss Coy owned a brick block on Queen street, below Regent street. She is believed to have died without making a will. The body will be brought here for burial.

An event of much interest to society people both here and in St. John, is chronicled to take place at Christ Church Cathedral tomorrow afternoon. Fred. W. Daniel, of the well known firm of F. W. Daniel & Co., St. John, will lead to the altar Miss Jean S., eldest daughter of the late E. M. S. Fenety and granddaughter of the late George E. Fenety of this city and of the Honorable Judge Steadman. The ceremony will be performed by Very Rev. Dean Schofield, assisted by the Rev. Arthur W. Daniel, rector of Rothesay, and brother of the groom. Miss Beatrice Fenety, sister of the bride, will be the bridesmaid, while Mr. Alex. McMillan, of St. John, will perform the duties of best man. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party will proceed to the residence of Mrs. A. F. Randolph, aunt of the bride, where a wedding luncheon will be partaken of. The newly wedded couple will leave in the 5.50 train on their honeymoon to Adirondacks. The wedding will be of a quiet nature, the guests numbering about forty, and including only immediate relatives and friends of the contracting parties. Supt. Downie, of the C. P. R., has placed at the disposal of the newly married couple, his private car. This car will leave St. John in the morning for the Celestial, bringing in it the St. John guests, including Lady Tilley, Mr. Downie and others. The bride is the recipient of many valuable presents.

Charles Fitzpatrick, clerk at the Queen Hotel, formerly of St. John, and John Sullivan, of the same house have several their connection with the Queen, and have taken over the Royal Hotel, at Edmundston where they expect to enter into possession the last of this month.

WISHES BRITAIN WAS AS SOBER AS QUEBEC

Bishop of Montreal Pays a Tribute to French Peasantry—Pan-Anglican Delegates in Force at Strathcona's Reception.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Montreal, June 15.—A special London cable says:—Presiding at a breakfast given by the Church of England Temperance Society to the Bishops attending the Pan-Anglican congress the Bishop of London extended a hearty welcome to those who had come from the "ends of the earth." He felt great pleasure, he said, because of the delightful work to do his best to return the hospitality extended to him while in these countries.

Splendid weather prevailed today at Knebworth where Lord Strathcona entertained the members of the Pan-Anglican congress and a number of Canadian visitors to England. It required fifteen special trains to convey the guests to Knebworth.

As a final note in the preparation for the Pan-American congress which opens in London today, the past two days have been taken up with a series of meetings of women. The chief of these gatherings was presided over by Mrs. Davidson, wife of the Archbishop of Canterbury, at which the delegates contributed reports of their special work. One of the most interesting speeches was that made by Deaconess Knapp, of New York, who sketched the history of the training and work of the deaconesses in America.

Speaking at the Church of England Temperance Society's reception, the Bishop of Montreal said if only Great Britain was as sober as Quebec, it would be the greatest blessing for the Empire. The French-Canadian peasantry were as respectable as any in the world.

BIG HALIFAX FOUR PER CENT. LOAN SOLD FOR 92.98

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Halifax, June 15.—Tenderers for Halifax city 4 per cent. loan for $166,000 were opened today and awarded jointly to J. C. MacIntosh & Co., and F. B. McCurdy, at an average of 92.98. The offers ranged from 93.39 to 88.87.

There were eight tenderers including Amelius Jarvis, Toronto, at 90.30; Dominion Securities Co., at 89.66, and the Royal Bank at 91.56.

Colchester Election Case Postponed.

Halifax, June 15 (Special).—Judge Drysdale today filed a decision in Fletcher vs. Stanfield, the Colchester election case. He granted the motion for an enlargement of time of commencement for trial for thirty days after the closing of the present session of parliament.

ENORMOUS PROFITS IN SUBMARINE SIGNALS

Diaphones That Cost $400 to $500 Each to Manufacture, Sold to Government at $5,000 to $6.000 Each---Fair Margin in Calcium-Carbide, Too.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, June 15.—An interesting sidelight thrown on the profits made upon materials supplied to the government was the chief outcome of today's enquiry by Judge Cassels into the affairs of the marine department.

T. L. Wilson of Ottawa admitted, under examination, that the profits on calcium-carbide for the manufacture of acetylene gas was between thirty and forty per cent.

F. S. Mearns, secretary treasurer of the Canadian Fog Signal Company, Toronto, the concern which supplies diaphones to the department, said they cost the company to manufacture about $400 to $500 each. They are sold to the department at from $5,000 to $6,000 each with equipment.

He claimed, however, that the company was losing money, although he declined to divulge its business affairs, lest the information should benefit rival concerns.

POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

FLORENCEVILLE

Florenceville, N. B., June 10.—Rev. Thos. Pierce is attending the Methodist District meeting at Jacksonville this week.

Peter Chapman has gone to Plaster Rock to work on the G. T. P. Railway.

Robert Watson representing the British-American Book and Tract Society, was here on Tuesday.

The Exchange Hotel will be vacant for a few days. Joseph B. Thompkins, late proprietor, has retired from the business and will be succeeded by Dudley Day, of Hartland, who is expected to take charge the last of this week.

The Baptist Women's Aid Societies, of Centreville, Florenceville and East Florenceville, held a Union gathering at the parsonage yesterday afternoon. A very pleasant time was spent by all.

Florenceville, June 13.—A party of young folk drove to Tracey Mills Wednesday evening.

Misses Sadie McKay and Bessie Shaw returned from the Provincial Normal School this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitman are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby boy.

A number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Roy McCain met at their home on the evening of June 12, to celebrate the first anniversary of their marriage.

A basball match between the Glassville and Florenceville teams was played here Friday evening resulting in a victory for the home team. Score 13 to 6. A large crowd witnessed the game.

PARRSBORO.

Parrsboro, June 12.—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Aikman are on a trip to Yarmouth.

Miss Lila Knowlton is visiting friends in Truro.

Mrs. Alloway, of Springhill, is the guest of Mrs. J. G. Aikman.

Mrs. W. B. Mahoney and Mrs. Robert Kerr drove to Amherst today. They will remain over Sunday.

Mrs. A. O. Seaman entertained the ladies' whist club on Tuesday evening.

Dr. and Mrs. Hayes, of Amherst, are visiting friends in town.

Mr. David Pettis is home from St. John on a brief vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield White, of Apple River, were in town last week.

Miss Jennie Puddington, of Windsor, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Puddington.

Miss Ella Corbett went to Bridgewater on Tuesday to visit her sister, Mrs. H. H. Archibald.

Miss Clara Backhurst left on Monday for New Glasgow, where she will remain for some months.

A most enjoyable social function was the at home given by Mrs. Harry A. Webster on Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Webster received her guests, upwards of a hundred in number, in a handsome gown of resada eolienne. She was assisted by Mrs. J. B. Woodland and Mrs. J. C. McDonald.

Misses Mary and Isabel Boyce, Alma McMillan, Emily Young and Marie Fullerton, assisted in serving refreshments, while the guests were admitted by Master Edward Aikman.

AMHERST.

Amherst, N. S., June 11.—Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Morrison have been spending a few days in Yarmouth, N. S.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Canfield are making a trip through the Annapolis Valley.

C. J. Silleika, who has spent the last fortnight in Amherst, returned to Halifax on Saturday.

The Misses Butt are visiting friends in Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Butt attended the annual meeting of the Masonic Grand Lodge at Yarmouth this week.

C. C. Black, B. McLaughlin, Sanford Coates, C. S. Sutherland and C. L. Martin are enjoying a week's fishing trip in the northern part of New Brunswick.

A number of the young ladies of the town met at the residence of Mrs. C. R. Smith one evening last week for the purpose of organizing a literary society. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Rose Smith; secretary, Miss Kathleen Cook, treasurer, Miss Jean McGregor. It was decided to take up the study of Longfellow's life and works at the next meeting.

Miss Fannie Chapman left on Wednesday for Calgary, where she will remain some time.

Mrs. George E. Truman and daughter, Myra, are visiting friends in Moncton.

Principal Lay and the D class went to Black's Point Tuesday afternoon on their annual botanizing excursion. On their return Mr. Lay treated the class to ice cream.

Miss Parker, who has been the superintendent of Highland View Hospital for the past year, has resigned her position and last week returned to her home in Annapolis.

Miss Katherine Fraser, of Waltham, Mass., is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Thomas G. McKay, Church street.

Mrs. H. A. Hillcoat, who has been visiting her parents in New London, Connecticut, returned home on Friday.

N. A. Rhodes attended a meeting of the board of governors of Acadia College at Wolfville last week.

The Amherst Lawn Tennis Club gave a most delightful dance in the Maritime Block on Friday evening, of June 5th. About ninety guests were present, with Mrs. G. K. Chapman, Mr. E. N. Rhodes and Mrs. H. S. Dupuy for chaperons. Excellent music was furnished by the Sibley Orchestra. A very enjoyable evening was spent.

Mrs. J. H. Turner and children, of Springhill, are visiting Mrs. John McCabe.

Prof. Ralph W. Giffin and Mrs. J. L. Lindsay, who have been spending a week in town left yesterday for Truro.

Mrs. Robert Wallard returned to his home in Moncton on Wednesday.

Prof. Singleton left on Wednesday for Charlottetown. Mr. Singleton is visiting friends in Pictou, N. S.

Mr. and Mrs. G. K. Chapman were the host and hostess at a very pleasant dance on Tuesday evening. Miss Geraldine Chapman was the guest of honor.

Miss A. Reid is visiting friends in Moncton.

John S. Reeves is on a business trip to Liverpool.

Miss Ella Loomer who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Reeves, left yesterday for her home in Advocate.

Mrs. Fred W. Bent, of Cincinnati, arrived in town today and will spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Christie.

Fred Mumford, of Halifax, has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Mumford, Havelock street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Froggatt left today for St. John; from there they will take the steamer Senlac for a trip to the South shore of Nova Scotia.

Fred M. Sproul, M. P. P., for Kings County, N. B., spent the day in town.

Messrs. J. A. C. Christie, J. F. Christie and H. S. Dupuis, spent Wednesday and Thursday at River Hebert on a fishing trip.

Miss Bessie Currie, who has been spending the winter in California, returned home on Thursday last.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, June 11.—Mrs. D. L. Hanington returned home on Tuesday from visiting friends in St. John.

On Saturday afternoon last the first golf tea of the season was very successfully held at the club grounds and a large number of members were present.

Mrs. Kinder and son, Stanley, have been spending a few days in Moncton this week.

Rev. E. A Hall. went to Mt. Whatley on Tuesday to be present at a Deanery meeting being held there this week.

Mrs. O. H. Horne is expected home from Boston at an early date.

Mrs. Chesley Wells, of Sackville, was the guest of Mrs. John Dickie over Sunday.

On Tuesday evening a meeting was held at the home of Mrs. C. S. Hickman, of the lady members of the golf club.

Mrs. Fred Ryan, accompanied by her son and daughter, passed through town in their auto on their way to Fredericton to spend the summer. Master H. W. Fawcett accompanied the party to St. John.

The Ladies' Bridge Whist Club was entertained this week at the home of Mrs. Allan W. Chapman.

Mrs. Hunter has returned to Moncton after a week's visit with Mrs. James McGrath.

Sheriff and Mrs. McQueen and Miss Etta Chapman arrived home last week from a month's trip to Chicago and other American cities.

PETITCODIAC.

Petitcodiac, June 11.—Mrs. J. D. Cochrane returned Monday from a short visit in Gagetown.

Mrs. J. J. McAfee left Thursday on a trip to Boston.

Mr. Elmer Brown returned home last week from Acadia University, Wolfville, to spend the vacation.

F. A. Taylor, D. D. S., and Mrs. Taylor, of Moncton, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Goggin, Monday.

Mrs. C. B. Herrett spent Sunday with friends in Havelock.

Mrs. Addy, of Salisbury, has been spending a few days among friends here.

Miss Wheaton and Miss Nellie Wheaton, of Cambridge (Mass.), arrived Tuesday to visit their parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Wheaton.

Mr. Randall Emmerson and Miss Emma Emmerson, of Moncton, spent Saturday with friends here.

Rev. W. B. Armstrong returned Thursday from Mount Whatley, where he was attending the quarterly meeting of the Shediac Deanery.

Miss Armstrong left Wednesday for St. John and Welsford, where she will visit relatives.

Mrs. Samuel Taylor, of Moncton, spent the week-end with Mrs. H. W. Ryan.

Mr. Uz King spent a few days of last week in Truro (N. S.)

Mrs. J. W. Lowery returned Wednesday from Jerusalem (Queens County), where she has been spending the past few months.

CHATHAM

Chatham, N. B., June 12.—The event of the week was the tea given by the ladies committee of the Lawn Tennis Club on Thursday afternoon in the Temperance Hall. The hall was very tastefully decorated with flags, bunting and flowers and made a very pretty scene. Those in charge of the tea tables were Mrs. T. I. Byrne, Mrs. F. A. Ritchie, Mrs. W. B. Scovil and Mrs. H. B. McDonald, assisted by a corps of young ladies. Mrs. William Dick and Mrs. R. A. Snowball served salads, Mrs. L. J. Tweedie and Mrs. W. C. Winslow pouring tea. The candy table was presided over by Mrs. J. G. Meller and Miss Katie Anderson. Mrs. W. P. Eaton and Mrs. R. D. Hanson looking after the ices. A delightful dance was held in the evening, attended by club members and a few friends.

Miss Sarah Byrne, of Sussex, is the guest of Mrs. T. J. Byrne.

Mr. Edward Gerow, of St. John, spent a few days here this week.

Miss May DesBrisay, of Newcastle, is the guest of Mrs W. C. Winslow.

Mr. L. C. Jordan, of St. John, was in town this week.

Miss Mame Tweedie is visiting friends in St. Stephen.

Miss Frances Travers, of St. John, has been visiting friends in town for the past week.

Mrs. John Lewis and Miss Bessie Crocker and Miss Florence Crocker, of Newcastle, spent Thursday in Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Fisher returned from Moncton on Saturday, where they have been the guests of Mr. Fisher's sister, Mrs. D. Pottinger.

Miss Mary Burchill, of Nelson, is spending a few days with her friend, Miss Beatrice Dick.

Inspector Mersereau is in town this week.

Mr. F. E. Neale was in Bathurst last week and returned to Chatham on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Munro went to St. John on Friday.

Mr. Percy Burchill, of Nelson, was in town on Thursday attending the Tennis Club dance.

GRAND FALLS.

Grand Falls, June 12.—Miss Lina Mersereau, Fredericton, was in town last week.

Hon. John Morrissy, Newcastle, and Hon. W. C. H. Grimmer are guests at the Curless.

H. V. Dalling, Woodstock, is a guest at the Curless.

Mrs. Fred Dixon is visiting her husband, Mr. Dixon, Inspector of concrete, at St. Basil.

Miss Helen Hallett spent Sunday in St. Leonards with her father.

A very pretty wedding took place in the R. C. Catholic church, Monday morning, when Ernestine, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alphonse Gagnon, was married to Mr. J. Levesque. Only the near relatives were present. Dinner was served at the bride's home. Mr. and Mrs. Levesque will reside at St. Andre.

A fancy sale and bazaar was held in the Burgess Hall. on Tuesday and Wednesday. The refreshment table was in charge of Miss Tuck and Miss Mallen. The chance table and bean toss in charge of Miss Goodive and Miss H. McCluskey. Mrs. Frank Goodreau, Mrs. Caldwell and Mrs. McCluskey, had charge of the fancy table. The tea table was in charge of Mrs. Rich Willett, Mrs. J. J. Kelly, Mrs. J. P. Kelly and Mrs. P. Tuck. A large amount was realized.

Mr. and Mrs. William McVay left on Tuesday to attend the Flewelling—McVay wedding in St. Stephen.

Mrs. Burton Miller, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. J. J. Gallagher, returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. H. W. Thomas, who has spent the winter months here, left on Thursday for Montreal, from thence she goes to England, to visit her father in London.

Mr. Williard Kitchen and family are camping on the Ennishone road about two miles from town.

MONCTON

Moncton, June 11.—Miss Maud Daley of St. John is the guest of Miss Bertie Berry.

Miss Luella Kinnear is visiting friends in Boston.

Mrs. H. G. Williams has gone to St. Stephen to spend some time with her parents, Rev. R. S. and Mrs. Crisp. Mr. Crisp's many friends in this city regret to hear of his illness and are hoping for his permanent recovery.

Mrs. Edgar West is in Hillsboro for a few days, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Bruce Steeves.

Mrs. A. E. Holstead and Mrs. L. R. McLaren were in St. John a day this week.

Mrs. Karl Kutschka of Dusseldorf (Germany) is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. G. Innes.

Miss May Benedict was in town on Saturday on her return from Bermuda, en route to St. John's (Nfd.).

Miss Janet McKean, who has recently graduated in art at the Cooper Institute in New York, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Melville McKean. Miss McKean secured several prizes for proficiency.

Mr. W. F. Wood of Sackville spent Tuesday in town.

Mr. C. J. Osman, accompanied by Mrs. Osman and son, Master Conrad, were in the city on Wednesday.

Mr. G. T. Smith has returned from New York where he was spending the winter.

A very quiet home wedding was solemnized on Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. Joseph Steeves, when his daughter Miss Lillian Blanche was married to Mr. Seymour C. Carpenter. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. McLatchy, pastor of the Free Baptist church. The bride was gowned in white silk organdie and carried a bouquet of white roses. After luncheon, the young couple left on a trip through Nova Scotia. The bride's going away gown was of brown broadcloth, with hat to match. Many gifts were received, the groom's being a handsome gold watch.

Mr. Edmund N. Harris left on Wednesday for Paolo, near San Francisco, where he intends residing permanently.

Mrs. A. B. Branscombe has returned from a visit to Summerside where she was the guest of Mrs. S. M. Hicks.

Miss Mae Atkinson spent the week end in Petitcodiac.

Mrs. H. W. Sumner left on Thursday for Toronto to bring her daughter Miss Marjorie home for the summer holidays. Mr. Roy Sumner accompanied his mother.

Miss Jean Henderson is spending a few weeks in Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McCarthy have gone to St. Paul for a short trip. On their return they will spend a few days in North Bay (Ont.), with their son.

Dr. and Mrs. Coleman left on Wednesday for Mystic (Conn.).

Mr. Ben Toombs is on a holiday trip to Boston.

Miss Hattie Tweedie returned on Wednesday evening from St. John, where for some days she had been suffering from a severe attack of tonsilitis.

Miss A. Reid of Amherst is visiting in town.

Mr. H. A. Powell of St. John spent Wednesday in town.

Moncton, N.B., June 14.—Mrs. James M. Shay, who lived with her husband at Kent Junction, hanged herself in the attic of her home Saturday morning. When Mr. Shay came home to dinner he was surprised at not finding his wife about and the meal not ready. He made search and found his wife's dead body swaying from a beam in the attic of the house. Deceased was in poor health and was despondent. She was sixty-two years old and had no children.

In the opening game of the soccer football league here Saturday afternoon, Moncton and Amherst tied at three each. The teams were very evenly matched.

Members of the I.C.R. brotherhoods today held their annual memorial service attending in a body in St. Paul's Reformed Episcopal church. The sermon was preached by Rev. J. E. Brown.

What's taken as a kit of burglar's tools, were found last week by workmen at Sunny Brae and handed over to the police.

ROTHESAY.

Rothesay, June 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Percy Thomson, Misses Lou McMillan and Nan Barnaby, and Mr. Douglas Reid were among last Sunday's visitors.

Mr. Henry Gilbert has returned from a most successful fishing trip to Sussex.

Mrs. Currie, of Amherst, spent yesterday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Hall.

Miss Des Brisay, of Bathurst, who has been the guest of the Misses Fairweather, "Fir Shade," returned home this week.

Mr. John Sayre arrived home by today's C. P. R.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Mitchell left yesterday on a few weeks trip through Nova Scotia.

Mrs. J. Morris Robinson, St. John, is visiting at the summer home of her son, Mr. John M. Robinson and his family.

Miss Helen Collins is expected in Rothesay on Saturday, and will be the guest of Mrs. Avery during next week, when the closing exercises of the boys' and girls' schools will be held.

Mrs. Louis Barker spent Tuesday with Mrs. W. A. Harrison.

Rothesay summer residents who have recently moved out of the city, are Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sayre, Mr., Mrs. and Miss Steed, Col. J. R. Armstrong and family.

Mrs. D. D. Robertson and the Misses Robertson, last evening entertained at dinner, the bridesmaids and ushers who are to assist at the marriage of Prof. A. B. de Mille and Miss Barker, next week.

Mrs. and Miss Vassie returned from England on Saturday and, with Mr. William Vassie, are at the Kennedy House for the present.

Mrs. Henry Gilbert and Mrs. Mackay presided at the tennis tea last Saturday. This week the tea will be in charge of Mrs. and Miss Puddington and Mrs. Bell

Mrs. W. D. Forster, of St. Andrew's, is the guest of Lady Tilley, "The Grove."

Rev. Mr. Hibbard, the new principal for Rothesay School for Boys', is expected here on Saturday and will visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. A. L. Fairweather.

Mrs. Percy Thomson and Master Eric spent a few days at Rothiemay this week.

Mrs. George E. King, of Ottawa, and Mrs. H. A. Austin, of St. John, were yesterday guests of Lady Tilley.

Mrs. J. W. Barnes spent Saturday with the Misses Thomson, "Lincluden."

Mr. Percy Page returned home today after some months spent in New York, with his sister, Mrs. O'Day.

Rev. Mr. Townsend, Mrs. Townsend and Mrs. Dimock, of St. Martins, who are delegates to the Baptist District meeting, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Calhoun.

Mr. Price and Mr. Whitehead were among last Sunday's visitors, dining at the Kennedy House.

Messrs. Robert Thomson, T. E. G. Armstrong and Col. J. R. Armstrong returned on Saturday from a most successful fishing trip to Morse's Lake, P. E. I.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Robertson, Miss Hooper and Mr. H. F. Puddington left on Monday for a week at Morse's Lake, where they will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Holmes and Dr. and Mrs. M. A. Currie, of Halifax.

Mrs. A. O. Crookshank arrived from Fredericton yesterday, to spend the summer with the Misses Thomson, "Lincluden."

Invitations have been sent out by the principals of Netherwood and Rothesay College for the school closings next week.

SUSSEX.

Sussex, June 11.—Dr. A. B. Teakles, who has been ill for the past week is able to be out again.

Dr. J. U. Burnett and Colonel H. M. Campbell, were at Chisholm Lake this week.

Mrs. Leigh Langstroth and son, Robert, are visiting friends in Moncton.

Mrs. Robinson and her mother, Mrs. Parlee are guests of Mrs. J. Hornbrook, Mable avenue.

Miss Pearl Stockton, who has been training for a nurse in Somerville Hospital, arrived home last week.

Mrs. L. R. Murray received her friends on Thursday and Friday of last week. She was assisted by Miss Mabel Murray, Mrs. Ora P. King ushered. In the dining room Mrs. Palmer and Mrs. G. S. Kinnear poured tea. Miss Carrie Roache, Miss Jennie Gamblen, Miss Annie Heustis, Miss Mary McAulay, Miss Jean Langstroth and Miss Anna Gamblin served.

Quite a large party of Sussex people left for Arnold Lake on Monday, among them were Judge and Mrs. J. M. McIntyre, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Keith, Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Titus, Mrs. Edwin Arnold, Miss Morison and others.

J. W. Foster left for Moose Jaw on Wednesday.

Mrs. W. C. Hunter visited Norton this week.

Mrs. C. P. Clarke went to Moncton last week, where she will make her future home, her husband having accepted a position with the Sumner Company.

Mr. Percy Thomson and party visited Waltham Lake the first of the week in his automobile.

Fred Peters and his two sons of St. John, Harry DeForest, St. John and Harry Gilbert, of Rothesay were at Waltham Lake this week.

Mrs. Symons and son, Mrs. McKinney and Mrs. Secord, of St. John, are stopping at the Knoll.

Mrs. D. H. Fairweather, of St. John, is visiting in Sussex.

The many friends of Miss Margaret Belyea, formerly a teacher in the High School here will be pleased to learn of her grand success at the U. N. B., in carrying off five first and two second prizes.

Miss Blanche Fownes is visiting in St. John this week.

Mrs. W. S. Fairweather went to St. John on Wednesday.

Mrs. Everett Vanwart is visiting friends in St. John.

Rev. J. Rogers, D. D., was in St. John Wednesday.

SHEDIAC.

Shediac, N. B., June 11.—Rev. Thomas Hicks, of Albert, was in Shediac this week, the guest of Mrs. D. S. Harper, "Sunny Brae."

Miss Pickup, who has been visiting the Misses Tait, "Elmbank," for the past few weeks returned on Wednesday to her home in Granville Ferry, N. S.

Mr. James Dustan and son, Master Gordon, of Moncton, were guests at the Methodist parsonage for a short while during the week.

Mrs. W. Weldon, of Moncton, is spending some time with her son, Mr. J. D. Weldon, "Weldon House."

Mr. J. W. Y. Smith and family, of Moncton, have re-opened their summer cottage, "The Bungalo," Shediac Cape.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Moore and little son, Fred, of Moncton, spent Sunday in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moore, "Lawn Cottage."

Mrs. W. R. Williams spent Sunday at her home in Moncton, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Steeves.

Mrs. O'Brien entertained a few lady friends very enjoyably at tea on Tuesday evening of this week, at her residence, Main street, east. Those present were Mrs. R. C. Tait, Mrs. W. A. Russell, Mrs. Charles Harper, Mrs. Thomas Hicks (Albert), Mrs. D. S. Harper, Mrs. W. B. Deacon.

Mrs. Albert Steeves, of Dover, Albert County, accompanied by her baby daughter, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Doucette, Sackville street.

Mr. F. G. Williams, of Moncton, was in town for over Sunday, the guest of his brother, Mr. W. R. Williams, Main street, east.

Rev. W. Penna and I. Howie are spending a few days in Port Elgin, this week.

Mr. McManus and family of Memramcook, are spending the summer in town and are occupying a residence on lower Water street.

Mr. F. W. Sumner, of Moncton, has re-opened his charming summer cottage at the Cape.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McKenzie, of Moncton, visited Brule on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Cecil McManus, of Moncton, visited town last Sunday in their automobile.

The Misses Tait, in honor of their guest, Miss Pickup, gave a most enjoyable little tea on Tuesday of this week to a number of their young friends at their cottage at the shore. The night being moonlight the merry little party remained on the beach until the evening was well advanced, music forming the chief feature of entertainment. Those present were Miss Pickup (Granville Ferry), Miss Margaret Evans, Miss Joy Charters, Miss Ruth O'Brien, the Misses Mary, Minnie and Elsie Weldon, Miss Beatrice Harper and Messrs. Melanson, Johns, Penna, O'Brien and Tait.

Conductor McPherson and family of Moncton recently re-opened their Summer cottage at Point du Chene.

Mr. and Mrs. Schwartz and family, of Moncton have also arrived at the Point to occupy their summer residence during the coming season.

Mrs. Price, of Moncton, last week, reopened her Point du Chene summer cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. Magee and family are also among the number of Monctonians who have returned to the Point for the season.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, June 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Sabine Carr, of Bellingham, Wash., arrived in town last week, and are guests of Mr. James Carr.

Mr. J. Carter Barker, of Mexico, and Mr. Evans Barker, of Great Falls, Montana, reached town yesterday with the body of their uncle, the late Mr. Robert Caldwell, who died at Johnsbury, New Hampshire, on last Thursday.

Mrs. R. G. Fulton spent a few days of last week in Fredericton.

Mrs. F. Allison Currier, of Winnipeg, is visiting her parents, Dr. I. N. W. and Mrs. Baker.

Miss Beatrice Williams and Mr. Norman Williams returned yesterday from Johnsbury, N. H.

Miss Lillie Odell will leave today for California to visit Mr. and Mrs. John Vanwart.

Miss Mabel Miller, of Hawkshaw, is visiting Miss Agnes True.

Miss Blanche Dibbiee spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fercy Graham at Hartland.

Mrs. Green and children, of St. John, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Edgard Teed, last week.

The funeral took place yesterday of Mr. Thomas Gray, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Gray.

Mrs. J. C. Winslow, of Ottawa, is the guest of her son, Mr. J. N. W. Winslow, and Mrs. Winslow.

Mrs. F. B. Carvell was a visitor in Fredericton last week.

Mr. Everett, of New York, is making a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Everett.

Miss Inez Burtt is visiting her sister, Mrs. John E. Lepage, at Wabigoon, Ontario.

Mr. N. Foster Thorne, Mr. Wood Kyle and Mr. C. I. Churchill left last week for Toronto, delegates to the annual meeting of the Canadian Order of Foresters.

Mrs. Laura Balmain will leave today for Edmonton, Alberta.

Mrs. W. S. Corbett attended the annual meeting of the Women's Missionary Society, of the Methodist church, at Fredericton last week.

Mrs. Manus Aitken and children, of Bathurst, arrived in town last evening, called by the death of Mrs. Aitken's mother, Mrs. John McAfee.

Woodstock, N. B., June 11.—The funeral of Mrs. John McAfee was held this afternoon, Rev. G. D. Ireland officiating. Appropriate selections were rendered by the choir of the Presbyterian church. The floral offerings completely filled a barouche, a large attendance at the funeral testified to the regard in which deceased was held in this community. A. Wilmot Hay, W. W. Hay, G. W. White and G. H. Harrison carried the pall. Interment was made in the Methodist cemetery.

The church of England Sunday School conference commenced today's session with the celebration of holy communion in St. Luke's church at 8 o'clock with a semi-choral service, the celebrant being Very Rev. Dean Schofield, assisted by Rev. Craig Nichols. At 10.15 the chairman called the conference to order and after the singing of a hymn and prayers the first paper, entitled "Bible study," by Rev. H. G. Allder, was read which was a very interesting paper full of suggestions on the subject. Rev. Craig Nichols then gave the last address of the conference, entitled "Temperance Department," and to what length it is advisable to go with Sunday school scholars. The reverend gentleman gave some very valuable suggestions of how to start with the very young children and thence on to the normal classes, advising very strongly having lessons on the subject at least quarterly. The conference then closed with votes of thanks to the rector of Woodstock and his parishioners for their hospitality.

ST. ANDREWS.

St. Andrews, June 11.—Mrs. James Scallan is in Boston (Mass.) at present, being treated for rheumatism of the nerves, from which she has been suffering for some months. Her many friends hope to have her return in time, much benefitted from the treatment.

Mrs. William Morrison and Miss Eliza J. Bell, of Bocabec, spent Tuesday in town calling on friends and received a hearty welcome from all.

Miss Rebecca Morrison returned from St. Stephen on Thursday last by Aurora.

Mr. W. S. Maxwell, architect of the very handsome cottage of Mr. C. F. Smith, which is about finished, came from Montreal on Friday last to inspect the work and returned on Saturday, after highly complimenting the workmen who have been engaged for months on the building.

Mr. R. A. Sinclair, of the firm of Linton, Sinclair & Co., of St. John (N. B.), was a guest at Kennedy's Hotel last week for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Odell and daughter, Emma C., spent Sunday very pleasantly in St. Stephens (N. B.), the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Duston.

Messrs. Don Grimmer, E. Reed, John Wall, Heber Manzer and George Teed, of St. Stephen spent Sunday in town.

Mr. Edward Holt, who recently sold a weir, at Bocabec, for the phenomenal price of $8,000, on Monday last concluded negotiations for the purchase of the Exchange Hotel property in this town. Mr. Holt intends opening the hotel on Saturday of this week and also intends conducting a first-class house.

The Rev. A. W. Mahon, who has been seriously ill for over a week from complications, is much better at the time of writing. His many friends hope to see him in good health very soon.

Miss Bessie Hanson, a graduate from the Ladies College, at Sackville, returned last week.

Rev. W. Wilson Lodge conducted the morning service on Sunday in the Presbyterian Church most acceptably.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Ganong, of St. Stephens, were guests at Kennedy's Hotel on Monday.

Rev. Phipps Ross, with Mrs. Ross and servants are occupying their beautifully situated and commodious home at Chamcook.

Mr. Charles Neill and daughter, Miss Queenie Neill, of Calais (Me.), are among the recent visitors in town.

Mr. W. Clerke and son, Master Dean, of St. Stephen, visited here this week coming in their pretty motor boat.

Judge Cockburn, with Mrs. Cockburn will take the train for St. John (N. B.) this evening and by I. C. R. will go to Toronto, where Judge Cockburn is a delegate to the Foresters' Convention in that city. They propose to stop over in Ottawa, Montreal and Quebec. Before returning they purpose visiting Niagara Falls, and making a trip down the St. Lawrence through the Thousand Isles. They will be absent from town about two weeks.

Miss M. Short, of St. Stephen, is a guest of Miss Jennie Kennedy this week.

Miss Hazel Maloney is at home on a vacation.

The Misses Fortune have returned from Boston (Mass.) and are occupying their summer home.

Mr. J. G. Ganong and Mrs. Ganong with party came to St. Andrews on Wednesday in their automobile.

SACKVILLE.

Sackville, June 10.—Mrs. George Campbell, of Middle Sackville, held her first reception since her marriage on Thursday and Friday afternoons and on Thursday evening of last week. She was assisted by Mrs. W. Campbell, Mrs. Baird and her sister, Miss Alice Ayer. Mrs. Alfred Ayer did the honor of the tea equippage, assisted by Miss Alice Campbell. The bride was beautifully gowned in a handsome costume of blue silk and received many callers.

Miss Helen Smith, who has been taking a course in nursing in Fredericton is spending her vacation at her home in Middle Sackville.

Mrs. Day and her son, Edward, of Chelsea (Mass.), are enjoying a visit with friends and relatives in Sackville. At present Mrs. Day is the guest of her sister, Mrs. George E. Ford.

Rev. A. B. Dickie and Mrs. Dickie attended the wedding of their son, Rev. Gordon Dickie, at St. John, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowser, formerly of Mount View, have taken possession of their newly purchased property of Mr. John Hillson, on Main street.

Miss Ogden and Miss Faulkner spent Sunday in Point de Bute the guests of Miss McLeod.

Mrs. H. E. Pickard and Mrs. Andrews returned from Fredericton on Saturday.

Miss Emma Baker has gone to her home in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Kinley Spence of Jolicure are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter.

Mrs. H. E. Fawcett is in St. John this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Bowser, of Mount View, have moved to Shediac, where Mr. Bowser will have charge of Mr. Calhoun's farm.

Rev. J. L. Dawson is attending the District meeting which is held at Port Elgin.

A baby boy is being welcomed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Putnam, York street.

Miss Harriet Stewart returned from Fredericton on Monday.

Mrs. N. E. Nichols, of Winnipeg, arrived in town on Tuesday of last week and will spend the summer with her parents, Senator and Mrs. Wood.

Miss Elsie Turner, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Woodford Turner, Squire street, who has been taking a course of nursing at Corey Hill (Mass.), is home on her vacation.

Dr. R. K. McClung returned from a pleasant visit spent at the home of Mr. Seymour Fisher, Burlington, N. S.

Miss Fanny Chapman, of Amherst, left on Wednesday for Calgary, Alberta, where she expects to stay for a short time.

Mrs. C. A. D. Siddall and little daughter, Frances, spent Sunday in Amherst, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harmon Scott.

Mr. E. Dixon, the efficient teller of the Bank of Nova Scotia here, left Thursday for Oxford (N. S.), to which place he has been transferred.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Weldon, of Mount View, sympathize with them in the loss of their little daughter, Annie, whose death occurred on Saturday morning, from Brights disease.

Mrs. John Carter returned yesterday from a visit to Sydney (C. B.).

The death occurred recently of Mrs. John Ayer, at her home in Fairfield, after a lingering illness, of consumption. Deceased leaves a husband and several children.

Mrs. F. McDougall spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. J. L. Black, Middle Sackville.

Mrs. Lunan, of Campbellton, who has been visiting her parents, Colonel and Mrs. Harper, Middle Sackville, is now visiting friends in Baie Verte.

Mrs. Eugene Huntley, of Ingramport (N. S.), is the guest of Mrs. George Read, Middle Sackville.

Miss Forbes, of River Hebert has been visiting friends in Middle Sackville.

Miss Peck, of Hillsboro, is the guest of Principal and Mrs. James, Middle Sackville.

Master Weldon Avard has secured a position in the Bank of Nova Scotia here.

Professor A. D. Miller, who was called to Toronto to attend the funeral of his mother, arrived home on Friday evening.

Mrs. H. Tower, of Upper Sackville, after enjoying a most pleasant vacation in Boston and vicinity, returned home last week.

Miss Bessie Horseman, teacher in the High School, was a victim of mumps last week and was absent from school for three or four days.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Amos are receiving congratulations upon a visit from the stork which took place last Friday. (A daughter).

Mr. Alfred Dixon, of Bedford (N. S.), was in town on Friday and was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. William Ogden.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fawcett are looking forward with much pleasure to the arrival of their daughters, Mrs. J. Robinson and Mrs. Sprague, of Vancouver.

A very sad event this week was the death of Mr. Walter Fowler, which occurred at his residence, Main street, on Tuesday morning, after a long illness of heart trouble. Deceased leaves a widow and two sons, both grown to manhood, to mourn their loss.

The congratulations of their friends are being extended to Mr. and Mrs. C. Fred Fawcett, on the visit of the stork this week. (A daughter).

Miss Margaret Keiver, of Albert, was the guest recently of Miss Edna Humphrey, Weldon street.

Miss Bessie London, of Canterbury, who has been the guest of Miss Jennie Richardson has returned home.

ST. GEORGE.

St. George, June 10.—Mrs. Tom Kent gave a most enjoyable whist party at her home on Wednesday evening last. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Justason, and Miss Flewelling, Pennfield; Miss Branscombe, Centreville; Miss McCallum, Miss Marion Wetmore, Miss Johnston, Miss Mary Johnston, Miss K. Maxwell, Miss Florence McGee; Messrs. Hay, McCallum, Smith, Webster, Magowan, O'Neil and Mann.

Senator Gilmor returned to Ottawa on Wednesday.

Miss Cook, Red Beach, is the guest of Miss Ella Hanson.

Mayor Lawrence returned from St. John this week.

Mrs. James Dodds returned from Wolfville last week. Her son, Victor, who graduated with honors from Horton Academy this year, has accepted a situation in Halifax.

Mrs. A. B. Fox, who has been spending a short time with friends, left on Tuesday, via St. Andrews for her home in New York.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude Thorne daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Thorne, to Mr. Samuel Dodds, took place on Saturday, Rev. E. Thorpe officiating.

The ice cream and candy sale in the Baptist vestry, by members of the mission band on Monday evening was a grand success. The promoters of the affair were Miss Helen Grearson, Miss Hazel Stewart, and Miss Laura Spofford, assisted by Mrs. G. K. Wetmore and Mrs. Wallace Stewart.

Miss Jean Kelman, a student at Wolfville Seminary, is at home for the summer vacation.

A. D. Wetmore, Truro, was a recent visitor in town.

Rev. E. V. Buchanan, Mr. Bailey, and Mr. Gambol returned from Fairville on Tuesday, where they had been attending the meetings of the Baptist convention.

ANDOVER

Andover, N. B., June 11.—Miss Duffy, who has been instructor in Manual Training at the Madawaska Training School at Fort Kent, was in town on Friday last, the guest of her cousin, Miss Tilly Watson.

Mrs. William Reed, of St. Almo, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Tibbitts for a few days.

Mrs. George T. Baird returned home on Saturday from St. John, where she has been visiting friends.

A Sunday school convention will be held in St. James' Presbyterian Church, on June 22, under the auspices of the Presbytery of St. John, conducted by the Rev. J. C. Robertson, of Toronto, Rev. J. H. A. Anderson and Rev. J. J. McCaskill, representing respectively the Dominion Assembly and Maritime Synod and the St. John Presbytery.

J. E. Magill, of Caribou, Maine, is th drew Phillips leaves in a few days for a few days.

H. H. Tibbitts spent a few days fishing this week at Dead Waters of Three Brooks.

James Hutcheon in company with Andrew Phillips leaves in a few days for a three months' trip to Scotland. They will sail by the S. S. Victorian from Quebec on the 19th. Their many friends wish them bon voyage.

Miss Laura Hopkins, of Aroostock Junction, returned on Monday from a visit at Gibson.

THE BORDER TOWNS.

St. Stephen, June 10.—This afternoon at three o'clock the Presbyterian Church, St. Stephen, was filled with the elite of the St. Croix to witness the nuptials of Miss Sarah Jane, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McVay, to Mr. John Medley Flewelling, of Edmundston. The church was most tastefully adorned with flowers for the occasion by friends of the bride. White lilacs, ferns, palms, were most skillfully arranged. Promptly at three o'clock the strains of the wedding march sounded through the church, when the bridal party entered, first came the groom, attended by Mr. Irvine Dibblee, of Woodstock, as groomsman. Then the matron of honor, Mrs. Lewis Wadsworth, of Boston, who was beautifully gowned in pale green duchess satin, with trimmings of gold passamenterie. She wore a picture hat of black, with plumes and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Then slowly up the aisle came the bride, escorted by her father, looking most charming and radiant with happiness. She was attired in a lovely gown of white silk embroidered net, over white chiffon and taffeta. She wore a veil of tulle fastened to her hair with sprays of lilies of the valley, and carried a shower bouquet of bride roses. She was followed by her bridesmaids who were her sisters, the Misses Addie and Lelia McVey. They were dressed alike in dainty gowns of white silk mousilline, over taffeta. They wore picture hats of white lace with wreaths of pale pink roses, and carried bouquets of pink carnations. Then the little flower girl, Miss Elizabeth Smalley, of St. John, niece of the bride, carrying a basket of flowers. The Rev. Leonard Gibson, pastor of the church, performed the marriage ceremony. The ushers were Messrs. Harold C. Purves and Lewis T. Wadsworth. After the ceremony there was a reception at the home of the bride's parents at which all the young friends of the bride and groom were guests. The house was beautifully decorated with flowers, garlands of smilax and palms filled the bay window in the drawing room and where the bride and groom stood to receive congratulations hung a floral "Swastika," the Indian emblem of good luck. The dining room was also decorated with roses and ferns. The young ladies who assisted in the dining room and gracefully served refreshments were: Mrs. Harold Purves, Mrs. Walter Murchie, Miss Belle Woodcock and Miss Alice Maxwell. Mrs. Edgar G. Beer and Mrs. Lewis Wadsworth served punch. The wedding gifts were elegant and numerous and were in an endless variety. The groom's gift to his bride is a lovely sunburst of seed pearls. To the matron of honor he presented a crescent of pearls and to the bridesmaids pearl pins. The ushers received pearl scarf pins and the groomsman a pin set with amethysts. The bride presented as souvenirs of the happy occasion silver hat pins to all the ladies who assisted in the dining room and to the organist, Miss Alexander, she gave a pretty set of gold lace pins. At half past five o'clock the bride changed her bridal costume for a handsome travelling dress of Copenhagen blue cloth, with hat to match and amid showers of rice, cheers and congratulations the happy young pair drove to the C. P. R. station and left in the evening train for St. John to spend a few days before going to their home in Edmundston.

There were many handsome toilettes worn. Mrs. McVay, mother of the bride, wore a handsome dress of pearl gray silk with trimmings of pearl and chiffon embroidery.

Mrs. J. W. Richardson: White embroidered batiste gown over taffeta silk picture hat of white with plumes and roses.

Mrs. Smalley: Pale blue crepe de chene over taffeta, picture hat of white with black plumes.

Mrs. W. A. McVay: Old ecru brocaded silk, large black picture hat with plumes.

Mrs. G. J. McNalley, Fredericton: Pretty gown of pink silk.

The out-of-town guests were:—

Rev. J. E. Flewelling, Canterbury; Dr. and Mrs. McNalley, Fredericton; Dr. and Mrs. C. G. Main, Martin Wilmot Main, Edmundston; Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Smalley, St. John, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McVay, Grand Falls; Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Wadsworth, Winchester, Mass.

A very pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. Edwin G. Vroom last Thursday evening when a number of their friends went together to spend the evening with them at their new home. Bridge and dancing made a jolly evening and it was a late hour when the guests left for their homes.

Mrs. Lewis Mills has arrived from Portland (Me.), and is most cordially greeted by his circle of young friends.

Mrs. John D. Chipman has arrived home from Fredericton.

Mrs. Edgar Hitchcock has arrived from San Jose, Costa Rica (C. A.) and will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. C. N. Vroom.

A very pleasant society event this week was the surprise party given on Monday evening to Mr. and Mrs. George T. Baskin to celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding day. There were some fifty guests and the evening was a most jolly one. At ten o'clock when all the guests had arrived, Mayor R. W.

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Grimmer, in a happy little speech, presented Mr. and Mrs. Baskin with a silver candelabrum, a gift from their friends as a souvenir of the occasion. There were also speeches from Colonel Chipman and Mr. Almon Teed, to which Mr. Baskin most happily responded. The evening was greatly enjoyed, the whole affair being a complete surprise to Mr. and Mrs. Baskin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Stevens have returned from a visit in Restigouche County.

Mrs. Willard B. King has arrived from New Haven (Conn.), and will spend the summer in Calais.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar G. Beer have returned from a visit to Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Wadsworth have arrived from Boston and will spend the summer as it is their usual custom in St. Stephen.

Mr. James Vroom is visiting Boston this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur T. Burdette and their daughter, Miss Edith, arrived from San Jose, Costa Rica on Monday and are registered at the Windsor. Mrs. Burdette, and her daughter will remain during the summer but Mr. Burdette returns to San Jose next week. They are most cordially greeted by hosts of friends, Mrs. Burdette being a great addition to St. Croix society.

Mrs. Louis A. Abbot is another welcome visitor for the summer from the South, arriving from Cuba on Monday after spending the winter there. Mr. Abbot will come to St. Stephen at a later date, business detaining him in Cuba during this month.

Senator and Mrs. Gillmor, of Montreal, were recent visitors in town.

Miss Rose Brittany has recently graduated from the School of Domestic Science in Boston after a course of several months' study.

The efforts to hold a four days' carnival early in September have been most successful and already arrangements are being made for amusement for the different days.

Mr. William Earp, of St. John, has been the guest for several days of Mrs. O. S. Newnham at Christ Church rectory.

The reception concert and ball given in the Calais Opera House on Tuesday evening by the Thistle Athletic Association of St. Stephen, was a most brilliant and enjoyable affair. There were a large number of guests and dancing was enjoyed until an early hour Wednesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur S. Burdette and Miss Edith Burdette are visiting in St. Andrews today.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, June 11.—The event of the week was the garden party on Wednesday afternoon when Mrs. Howard Shaw was at home to a large number of her friends. Mrs. Shaw, with her mother, Mrs. Bull, received her friends on the lawn, where tete-a-tete tables and cosy seats were scattered on rugs under many trees in full blossom, which gave a charming effect to the pretty decorations. Hanlon's orchestra furnished music.

The table from which refreshments were served was prettily decorated in pink and white and was presided over by Mrs. W. C. Crocket and Mrs. W. T. Whitehead. Mrs. Street served ices and Miss Rainsford presided over the fruit punch. Miss Whitehead, Miss Florrie Stopford, Miss Stella Sherman, Miss Lenore Allen, Miss Cunningham, Miss Bailey, Miss Caverhill, the Misses Hazen and Miss Jane Rainsford served the guests.

Mrs. McRae of St. John, paid a week's visit to her father, Judge Gregory, returning home on Tuesday.

Rev. L. and Miss A. Giles have arrived here from England and are at Brooklands, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Giles.

Mrs. Carvell of Woodstock, who was the guest of Mrs. W. T. Whitehead, has returned home.

Mrs. George Young Dibblee entertained informally at the tea hour on Friday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Carvell.

A double wedding of much interest was solemnized yesterday afternoon at St. Peter's Episcopal church, Springhill, Rev. Canon Montgomery officiated when Miss Bessie L. Murray became the bride of Mr. Fred H. Everett, and her sister, Miss Mabel M. Murray was married to Mr. J. N. Harper of Victoria, B.C. The brides were the daughters of the late Coun. J. C. Murray. They were prettily gowned in cream eolienne, with bridal veil, the church was prettily decorated with spring blossoms and was filled with relatives and friends of the contracting parties. Mr. and Mrs. Everett and Mr. and Mrs. Harper left by the five-fifty train for Niagara Falls and Toronto, and will be absent ten days. Mr. and Mrs. Everett will reside in this city and after returning from their bridal tour Mr. and Mrs. Harper will visit friends here for a few weeks before leaving for their future home in Victoria, B.C.

Mrs. Rannie Murray of St. John is visiting her sister, Mrs. Thos. Colter, having come up to be present at the marriage of her cousins, the Misses Murray.

Mrs. John Kilburn paid a short visit to St. John this week.

Mrs. Rogers of Sussex is visiting Mrs. George Coulthard and meeting with many of her old time friends.

A picnic party in honor of Mrs. Rogers, is being held this afternoon on the grounds of old Government house.

Mrs. F. B. Edgecombe and family have gone to their summer home, "Cherry Bank," at Springhill and later will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. Ryan of Sackville, who will spend the summer with them.

Miss Wilmot is visiting Dr. and Mrs. Bridges.

Mrs. Massie gave a pleasant bridge on Saturday evening—five tables.

The first tennis tea of the season will be given on the club grounds on Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Law and Mrs. Crompton of St. Mrs. W. C. Crockett entertained the Ladies' club on Tuesday evening when Mrs. W. T. Whitehead was prize winner. John, were among the visitors here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Risteen are visiting in Woodstock.

Mrs. F. S. Hilyard has returned from New York and is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. John C. Allen.

Mr. J. F. VanBuskirk and family have gone to their summer camp on the river "Sunny Crest" for the warm weather.

Fredericton, N. B., June 14.—Mrs. Elizabeth Burnett, wife of James Burnett, died at her home in Kingsclear this morninf after a lingering illness, aged 74. Besides a husband, she leaves a family of five sons and one daughter.

Rev. Dr. Harrington, of Yokohoma, Japan, who is visiting relatives here, occupied the pulpit of the Brunswick street Baptist church very acceptably this evening.

A liberal collection in aid of the Victoria hospital was taken up in all the city churches today.

The cricket match yesterday between the soldiers and civilians resulted in victory for the latter. With an inning to spare the score stood 72 to 69 in their favor. Rev. Dean Schofield played with the civilian team and made a good showing.

The water in the river has been falling steadily for some days past and will soon be down to ordinary summer level. There was quite a heavy shower of rain this morning which will be of great benefit to the crops.

Rev. Mr. Westgate, a returned missionary from East Africa, preached in the Cathedral this morning.

The June term of the York circuit court opens Tuesday, Judge Gregory presiding.

The value of real estate available for assessment in Fredericton this year is $2,755,493 an increase of $4,889 over last year. The assessable personal property is $1,360,704 a decrease of $98,755. The assessable income is $350,328, an increase of $21,382. There are 1733 polls a gain of 73 over last year. The rate of taxation is $1.50 per $100. From banks and insurance companies the city will realize about $5,500. Personal property in the form of bank stock amounting to $300,000 is exempted by law.

The 71st York Regiment, Col. Chipman commanding will leave for Camp Sussex on Tuesday, June 23rd.

HAMPTON

Hampton, Kings Co., June 10.—Alderman H. H. Pickett, Mrs. Pickett, and their three children, were visitors to Hampton on Saturday last, and Mrs. Pickett improved the occasion by visiting old friends and renewing pleasant memories.

Miss Edith Humphrey and Miss Flossie Peters returned from New York on Friday last, making a short break in their journey to visit friends at Newton, Mass.

The Rev. Millidge Walker, Mrs. Walker and family, have returned to their home at Lakeside, after their spending the months of Winter and Spring at Cocoa, Florida.

Mr. Fred M. Sproul, M.P.P., for King's County, on the closing of the legislative session, went to Boston to consult a specialist in regard to his hearing, and returned home on Saturday last, after receiving encouragement to hope that a permanent remedy may be found even if somewhat slow in coming, as no operation was found to be necessary. Mr. Sproul will visit the same specialist again in about six weeks for observation and further treatment. Mrs. F. M. Sproul, who has been visiting her parents at Barronsfield, N. S., is expected home this week.

Ralph Humphrey spent the last weekend at Hampton Station.

The Rev. E. Evans, D.D., and the Rev. Geo. A. Ross are spending the week so far, in St. John, attending the St. John District Meeting of the Methodist Church, which is being held in the Portland street church.

Mr. W. Frank, Hatheway, M. P. P., and Mrs. Hatheway, St. John, came up on Saturday, and are guests of Riverview Hotel, across the river from Hampton Village.

Mrs. Clark, of Church Hill, Hampton Station, is spending some weeks pleasantly in a visit to friends in Boston and adjacent cities.

After an absence of six weeks, the Rev. Mr. Anglin will be at home to take his place in his church, St. Paul's Presbyterian, Hampton Village, on Sunday, 21st. He has been on a visit to his old home in Ireland.

Miss Edith Humphrey has gone to Ononette, on a visit to her brother and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Humphrey.

Mrs. M. E. Skillen and a party of ladies came from St. Martin and went to St. John on a visit for a few days.

Dr. Pratt from St. John and a number of gentlemen, went out to Henry Lake on Tuesday, fishing.

The Rev. Dean Schofield, wife and children, will spend a part of next week with Mr. and Mrs. E. Allan Schofield, at Allandale.

Mr. William Carson, of French Village, met with a very serious accident while hewing timber with a broad axe. The axe slipped and went into his foot. He had to be brought into Hampton to Dr. Wetmore to have it dressed.

HARCOURT

Harcourt, June 12.—H. H. Stuart, of Newcastle, spent yesterday in Beersville.

Rev. R. H. Stavert is spending a few days at his home in Summerside.

Mrs. George Lampkey, who has been visiting her parents in Smith's Corner, returned to her home in Dalnousie last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Smallwood returned to their home in Moncton this morning.

Mrs. A. H. Ingram and Mrs. H. M. Buckley, who have been visiting friends here returned to their homes in Campbellton and Bathurst.

At the manse, Moncton, by Rev. Mr. McOdrum, Robert Keswick, of Bass River, was united in marriage to Miss Beatrice McCray of Emmerson.

REXTON

Rexton, N.B., June 12.—Miss Marjorie Henderson and her brother, George Henderson, formerly of Jardineville, but now of Providence (R.I.), came here Wednesday for the purpose of removing the remains of their mother, the late Mrs. Donald Henderson, to Providence. Mrs. Henderson's body was interred in St. Andrew's cemetery thirty-seven years ago. Mr. and Miss Henderson leave for their return home this morning.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Gertrude Keswick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Keswick of Bass River, to George Davis of Andover (Victoria Co.). The ceremony will be performed at the bride's home, Thursday, June 25.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Hebert and child, of Moncton, were in town this week.

Mrs. Bourque, of Fox Creek, was in town this week and proceeded to Buctouche to visit friends.

Mrs. Fred Reid, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. McGregor, has returned to her home in Sackville.

The Tennis club have their courts in good condition and are enjoying good games.

A number of Moncton fishermen have been enjoying the Molus River fishing grounds.

Hon. D. V. Landry, minister of agriculture, was in town Tuesday.

James Elward returned from Newcastle Tuesday.

Rev. Fr. LaPointe celebrated high mass here Thursday morning.

RICHIBUCTO

Richibucto, June 11.—Mrs. T. J. Bourque is visiting relatives at Bathurst Village. She goes tomorrow to St. John.

Miss Alma Carter returned the last of the week from a short visit to Moncton.

Harry Jakeman, of Halifax, arrived in town last week for a short visit.

W. E. Forbes left yesterday for Charlottetown, to take part in the Inter-Maritime Rifle competition. He was accompanied by his mother, Mrs. K. B. Forbes, who was going to Summerside for a few weeks visit.

Mrs. J. A. Edmunds, who has been spending a few weeks in town, left on Saturday on her return to Fredericton.

Hon. D. V. Landry, minister of agriculture, was in town, on Tuesday.

Master Lawrence O'Leary, who since last fall has been attending St. Dunstan's College, Charlottetown, arrived home yesterday to spend his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. O'Leary.

The Barkentine Roda, from Cadiz, arrived in port, on Tuesday, with a cargo of salt for R. O'Leary.

In an eight inning game, on Monday evening, the Chatham "Stars" defeated the home team, the "Clippers" in a game of base ball—score 12 to 6. The home battery, Murray and Shaddick, did excellent work, but the fielding was wretched, ten runs being made, on this account in the third inning.

Mrs. I. McNeill, of Charlottetown, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Irving.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Herbert, of Moncton, were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Palmer, who were visiting Mrs. Palmer's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Jardine, Kouchibouguac, and were present at the marriage of their youngest daughter to Harry E. Lawrence, left last week on their return to Fredericton.

Trusting Lodge, I. O. G. T., was reorganized on Monday evening and elected the following officers:—R. W. Beers, C. T.; David Thomson, P. C. T.; R. H. Davis, L. D.; Alex. Haines, V. T.; Flora Atkinson, R. S.; Herbert Halleran, A. S.; Mrs. J. D. McMinn, F. S.; Mrs. R. H. Davis, Treas.; Richmond Mundle, Mar.; Kate Lawson, Chap.; Carrie Mundle, G.; Maggie Halleran, S.; Lizzie Morton, D. M.; Lizzie Irving, Organist.

NEWCASTLE.

Newcastle, June 11.—The ministerial session of Chatham Methodist District opened here yesterday afternoon. Clergymen present were: Geo. A. Sellar, Chatham; H. C. Rice, Newcastle; J. B. Young, Richibucto; Richard Opie, Buctouche; Charles H. Manaton, Harcourt; A. D. McCully, Bathurst; W. A. Thomson, Campbellton; W. J. Dean, Gaspe; J. F. Powley, Millerton, and Geo. Patterson, Tabusintac, the last two being probationers. The only absentee was Rev. R. G. Warman of Cape Ozo, Que., who is too ill to attend.

Rev. A. D. McCully occupied the chair, Rev. J. B. Young was chosen secretary.

The probationers passed very satisfactory oral examinations.

The annual financial district meeting convened last evening. Lay delegates present were T. A. Clarke, New York, and Henry Phair of Sevogle.

Rev. G. W. Dean was elected journal secretary, Rev. J. F. Rowley, assistant, and Rev. J. B. Young, statistical secretary; Rev. Geo. Patterson, assistant.

The committees were appointed and the real work of the meeting began this morning's session.

The base ball game last night between Moncton and Newcastle teams resulted in victory for the home team—15 to 2.

Thomas Foley met with a serious accident last night. While out driving, the carriage in which he and Edward Dalton were, was overturned, Mr. Foley falling under it and being stunned by the shock. Fortunately the horse did not run away, but stopped at once, thus probably saving Mr. Foley's life. The injured man was carried to his home and Dr. Pedolin was summoned. No bones were broken, and Mr. Foley will soon recover. Mr. Dalton was unhurt.

Yesterday, at the residence of the bride's mother, Miss Frances Fogan and Harry Smallwood were united in marriage by Rev. H. C. Rice. Wm. Fogan, brother of the bride, was best man, and Miss Violet Smallwood, sister of the groom, was bridesmaid. Only the immediate relatives of both parties witnessed the ceremonies. The bride was handsomely attired in white silk. Mr. and Mrs. Smallwood will reside with Mrs. Smallwood's mother.

Newcastle, June 12.—Yesterday's session in Chatham District Meeting opened here at 9 a. m.

Reports were received from circuits.

Membership for district shows a decrease of seven during the year. Contributions for ministerial support, missions, and all other purposes showed substantial increase.

Report by Sunday School Secretary Rev. H. C. Rice was of very satisfactory nature.

The following were elected lay delegates to General Conference, which opens in Moncton, Thursday, June 18:—

S. McLoon, Chatham; T. A. Clarke, H. H. Stuart, Newcastle; J. W. Robertson, Tabusintac; Henry Fair, Sevogle; R. W. Beers, Richibucto; J. Wesley Coates, Coates Mills; L. J. Wathen, Harcourt. Alternates—Azor Kayes, McKee's Mills; Evan Price, Campbellton.

The following were appointed on Conference committees:—

Educational—Rev. A. D. McCully, H. H. Stuart.

Sunday School—Rev. H. C. Rice, T. A. Clarke.

Epworth League—Rev. H. C. Rice, S. McLoon.

Contingent Fund—Rev. J. B. Young, H. Fair.

Sustentation Fund—Rev. R. Opie, Jas. W. Robertson.

Temperance, Prohibition and Moral Reform—Rev. A. D. McCully, H. H. Stuart.

Memorials and Miscellaneous Resolutions—Rev. W. J. Dean, L. J. Wathen.

Sabbath Observance—Rev. W. A. Thomson, S. McLoon.

Church Property—Rev. J. B. Young, L. J. Wathen.

State of the Work—Rev. C. H. Manaton, R. W. Beers.

Nominating—Rev. H. C. Rice, J. W. Coates.

Class Leaders—Rev. C. H. Manaton, T. A. Clarke.

Children Fund—A. D. McCully, J. W. Robertson.

Stationing Committee—Rev. Geo. A. Sellor. Alternate—Rev. R. Opie.

Statistical—Rev. J. B. Young.

The next annual meeting will be at Buctouchie.

Newcastle, June 12.—Mrs. Larder of Lawrence, Mass., is visiting her brother, Andrew Mather.

Rev. and Mrs. F. C. Simpson and family of Douglastown left yesterday for a trip to relatives in Cape Breton and Newfoundland.

Misses Winifred and Loretta Cronan, who have been studying at St. Mary's convent for some two years, left yesterday for their home in Cambridge, Nebraska.

Miss Susie Harriman left yesterday for Kansas city, via New York, Chicago and Minneapolis, at each of which places she will visit relatives.

Miss Lucy Lingley returned on Saturday night from Fredericton.

Mrs. J. D. Buckley of Rogersville visited her sister, Mrs. Thomas Foley this week.

Harold Ritchie of Montreal is visiting his home here.

Mrs. Clinton Hynes, of Roxbury, Mass., is visiting in town.

Miss Harquail of Campbellton was in town on Friday.

Mrs. J. A. Follansbee returned from Fredericton on Friday.

Miss Araminta Johnston of Chatham spent Friday with friends here.

The Misses Hamel of St. Pierre, Que., are the guests of Miss Sadie Ryan.

Miss Helen Mersereau of Doaktown spent last week with her sister, Mrs. W. J. Scott, in Fredericton.

Mrs. Peter Clark of Bedeque P.E.I., is visiting her brother, Rev. S. J. McArthur.

Miss Agatha E. Forsyth of Whitneyville was in town yesterday.

Miss Agnes Falconer has returned home from a two weeks' visit to Boston.

Miss Laura Taylor of South Esk spent last week with her sister, Mrs. John John Witzell.

Miss Nellie Lingley is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, Chatham.

Harold Allison, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, St. John, is spending a vacation with his parents, ex-Ald. and Mrs. John R. Allison.

The engagement is announced of Miss Katie Ward, daughter of John W. Ward, of Harcourt, and James Macdonald of the same place. Wedding will take place on the 17th.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Mackay, who were married in Harcourt on the 10th instant, will reside in Millerton.

J. D. McNutt returned from Fredericton Saturday morning.

F. H. Henderson, train despatcher, is visiting in Truro.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Mayhew, of Antrim, N.H., (the latter of whom is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ashford, here); Mr. and Mrs. Harry Miller, Newcastle; and Mr. and Mrs. Peter DeWolf, of Nordin, are all rejoicing over the arrival of baby girls this week.

Newcastle, June 13.—Wm. E. Fish and four assistants have gone to the N. B. Iron Mines Co.'s lands on Tomogonips to begin active mining operations.

Mrs. John Clark left this morning for Hopewell, N.S., to visit her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Robbins.

The committees in charge of the Dominion Day celebration met last night and reported substantial progress.

HARTLAND.

Hartland, N.B., June 11.—Hon. J. K. Flemming and family have taken rooms at the Commercial hotel for a few weeks, while their recently acquired residence at the south end is being overhauled. Mr. Flemming sold his residence at Peel to Weldon W. Melville.

A great deal of hay and straw is being shipped today. The price is $8.50 per ton, pressed.

Miss Helen Alexander is confined to the house by illness.

Uriah Thornton and Miss Abbie Hervey were recently united in marriage at the United Baptist parsonage by Rev. E. C. Jenkins.

Rev. A. C. Archer will preach a farewell sermon to the Hartland Reformed Baptists on Sunday evening. He has been in charge of the church for two years but has resigned on account of ill health. He and his family leave next week for Beulah Camp where they will spend the summer.

Mrs. Avard Finley, of Everett (Mass.), who was called here by the illness of her father, the late William Hearst, has returned home, visiting St. John en route.

Miss Emma Miller, who has been ill with typhoid pneumonia, is recovering.

Mrs. Murray Cluff, formerly Miss Della Rideout, of Middle Simonds, who has been very ill of appendicitis, is recovering.

The Peel school closed last week and the teacher, Miss Ruth Belyea, has returned to her home in Queens County.

Scott Sipprell has the contract for carrying the mails between the post office and trains in place of J. D. Shaw, deceased.

Miss Laura Jones of Presque Isle is visiting her brother, Ensley Jones.

TORBROOK

Torbrook, N. S., June 13.—A frog farm has been started at Bear River.

The residence of the late Rev. Dr. A. W. Sawyer, on Acadia street, Wolfville, has been purchased by the board of governors of Acadia College, and will, it is expected, soon be occupied by President Hutchinson.

While driving from Centrelea to Bridgetown, Walter F. White, an Englishman, was stricken with heart failure and fell from his team. When picked up he was dead. His father and two brothers had all died suddenly of heart failure.

The Wolfville town council is dissatisfied with the award of the arbitrators for the purchase of the plant of the Acadia Electric Light Company, and is taking steps to install a municipal plant.

R. R. Gates, of Middleton, has just been given his Ph.D. degree by the University of Chicago.

The marriage took place at Lawrenceton on Wednesday of Miss Clara Daniels, daughter of Mrs. Edward Daniels, and Isaac C. Archibald, of Wolfville.

The Middleton driving park will be opened to the public for the first time on Dominion Day.

DIGBY.

Digby, N. S., June 12—(Special)—The tug Alfred A is in port today with a lighter containing a steam winch, boiler and engine and 16,000 feet of creosoted timber which was taken in at the government wharf. She is from North Head (G. M.), and endeavored to clear for Cape St. Marys (N. S.), but Customs Officer Viets discovered that this boat has no certified master. She hails from Yarmouth and has on board her managing owner Louis A. LaBlanc, of Tusket Wedge. An investigation will probably to held to ascertain how she cleared from North Head, and also how she has been running without a certified master.

Arrangements are being made to engage Capt. Wm. Snow at one time master of a steam trawler, to take command of the Alfred A, in order to resume the voyage.

President of French Republic at His Home

M. Clement Armand Fallieres, President of France, whose recent visit to England was the occasion of many festivities in his honor, is here shown in his home life, with the members of his family, his secretaries, and representatives of his personal and state staff.

ST. JOHN AS THE PLACE FOR G. T. P. TERMINALS

Mr. Morse's Views as Expressed to St. John Delegation---Members Returned Home Saturday---Well Pleased With Results---Harbor Commission Plan to Go to Council This Week---Further Information as to Aboideau Wanted--Lot Opposite Customs House Now Talked of as Armory Site.

The city delegation which went to Ottawa to discuss with members of the dominion cabinet some important projects affecting the city, returned to St. John on Saturday. They express themselves as well satisfied with the results achieved. One of the members, in referring to the proposal to pass a bill this season to put the west side of the harbor in commission, went so far as to say that the delegation had done more for the benefit of the city than had been accomplished in twenty years.

One of the principal objects was to discuss with Hon. William Pugsley the extension of South Rodney wharf and the alternative suggestion of the minister that the government should proceed with the development of the city's property below Sand Point.

Was Not Intended to Talk Commission.

The idea of pressing for a commission is said to have formed no part of the original programme.

According to members of the delegation who have been interviewed the remark was made in conversation that an argument against the city giving over the west side wharves and properties was that bond holders would lose a portion of the city's assets.

After discussion there developed the proposal of vesting the property extending from North Rodney wharf to the breakwater in a commission of three on trust, and that the government should advance the money at a low rate of interest for improvements, and also guarantee the bonds, or make a payment to cover all previous expenditures. By this latter suggestion investors in city securities would have a double guarantee as far as the west side properties were concerned.

A meeting of the harbor facilities committee will be held tomorrow afternoon to discuss the proposal and it is probable that a meeting of the council will be called to take definite action before the end of this week. The members of the delegation are unanimously in favor of the commission and will endeavor to have the plan adopted at once so that it may have the sanction of parliament this session.

Dr. Pugsley agreed to the delegation's request that the government would extend South Rodney wharf as finally proposed. The question of acquiring the 1,600 foot strip now leased to the C. P. R. will probably be dealt with by the commission.

The G. T. P. and St. John.

The matter of borings in Courtenay Bay was discussed with Mr. Morse, vice-president of the G. T. P. on Friday. Mr. Morse gave the delegation to understand that the company were bound to secure an Atlantic port to be used as a terminus and that it would be reached over their own lines. He expressed himself in favor of St. John, and designated Courtenay Bay as the place. He also intimated that in course of time the company would have their own fleet of steamers on both the Atlantic and Pacific.

It is probable that the council will be recommended to agree to spend a sum in borings, so that the information may be placed at the disposal of the G. T. P.

The question of a drill shed was discussed with Dr. Pugsley and Sir Frederick Borden. It is understood the most probable site would be opposite the Customs House.

Repairs to the aboideau at the Marsh bridge were taken up with the minister of railways by Ald. Elkin and Frink, who remained in Ottawa for that purpose. It is understood that Mr. Graham asked for further particulars in order to determine his department's liability.

ST. STEPHEN METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING

St. Stephen, June 10.—The Methodist District meeting convened in the school room of the church at 10 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. The examination of the ministerial character was the first item of business.

Rev. J. S. Allen and George Harrison were recommended to be continued as supernumeraries. Rev. Joseph Parkins, late of St. Andrews, but now of Medicine Hat, was recommended to be restored to the active work.

Percy A. Fitzpatrick was recommended to be received on probation as a candidate for the ministry. John T. Costain was continued on trial as a probationer for one year. Henry S. B. Strothard, M. A., B.D., having completed his probation was recommended to be received into full connection and ordained.

Resolution of sympathy to Rev. Robt. S. Crisp, in his illness was passed.

The annual district meeting with laymen present opened at 9 o'clock this morning.

Returns from the various circuits were presented and showed the work of the church in the district to be in a flourishing condition. Sixty-seven persons have been received into the membership of the church which after making the necessary deductions for deaths and removals leaves a net increase of thirty-one.

Rev. W. W. Lodge, of St. Andrews, was elected to represent the district on the stationary committee and Rev. John F. Estey as reserve.

The lay delegates to the conference are: G. S. Wall and T. R. Mitchell, St. Stephen; Alex. Barter and W. S. Robinson, Milltown; A. B. Christie, Oak Hill; Dr. Wade, St. Andrews; George M. Young, Oak Bay; Alonzo Conley, Deer Island; Charles Smith, Pomeroy Ridge; reserve delegate is Peter McCallum, Elmsville.

NEW BRUNSWICK YOUNG LADIES PROMINENT

The closing exercises of the Halifax Ladies' College are of more than usual interest this year as it has been one of the most prosperous years in the history of the college from every point of view and as it has attained its majority, having been twenty-one years in existence.

The closing exercises will take place in the following order: Friday evening, 19th, Miss Susie Sylvester, of New Glasgow will give a graduation pianoforte recital. On Saturday evening a graduation elocution recital will be given by Miss Jennie Irving, of Buctouche (N. B.); Miss Nina Murray, of Chatham (N. B.); and Miss Amy Witter, of Dartmouth (N. S.). The anniversary sermon will be preached by Rev. George Wood, of Chatham on Sunday morning in St. Matthew's Church. On Monday evening Miss Mary B. Stewart, of Andover (N. B.), will give a vocal graduation recital. Miss Stewart is a fine vocalist and has received excellent training. She has already been appointed to the staff of the conservatory and will enter on her duties next September. On Tuesday evening, 16th, there will be a general musical recital and on Wednesday afternoon the commencement exercises will be held.

BRITAIN PLANS A 21,000-TON BATTLESHIP?

Will Use Gas Engines for Propulsion and Mount 13.5 Guns.

Washington, June 13—According to the London Telegraph, the British admiralty is planning a battleship with heavier armament and greater displacement than any in existence. The St. Vincent, which will be launched in October, 1909, is of 19,250 tons and will cost about $9,500,000. The new battleship, it is declared, will be of 21,000 tons and will cost $11,250,000. It is said that she will have two novel features. Instead of twelve-inchers, which are now the largest guns used in the fleet, she will mount weapons of the new 13.5 type. The other feature, The Telegraph understands, will be her equipment with gas engines. Hence the new ship will have no funnels.

The paper recalls that Mr. McKechnie, of Vickers, Sons & Maxim, announced some time ago that his firm had developed the gas engine to such a stage that it could be employed on a warship. It says that the admiralty engineers have since been considering this engine and have apparently adopted it.

CONDITIONS IN MILLS FOUND SATISFACTORY

Factory Inspector McMulkin Tells of Trip to Albert County and North Shore.

Factory Inspector John McMulkin returned on Friday evening after a week's inspection trip to Albert county and the North Shore. During his absence he visited a large number of mills and reports that on the whole he found every thing satisfactory. He left here by steamer and first went to Point Wolfe, Albert county. From there he made his way to Alma, West River, Albert, Hillsboro, and Coverdale. He then took the train for Campbellton and inspected all the mills in that locality. Dalhousie and Bathurst were also visited and all the mills inspected.

Through all the districts he visited, the inspector says he found all the mills idle and had been closed down for repairs. He found some of the mills improved from the standpoint of the safety of the laborers as some of his suggestions made the year before had been adopted. He says the men seemed satisfied with the conditions.

Though not able to speak of the amount being manufactured this year, Inspector McMulkin said that some of the mills he visited had already engaged enough lumber for the season cut. This was true of the mills at Bathurst operated by Messrs. Adams and Burns and the Messrs. Tracy.

The factory inspector will leave on another inspection up the main river in a short time.

HEAVILY FINED FOR SELLING LIQUOR TO G.T.P. ITALIANS

St. Stephen, June 12.—(Special.)—On Tuesday last one of the contractors on the G.T.P. construction work laid before Chief of Police Foster information against Baptiste Theriault, of Salmon River, Victoria County, charging him with selling liquor to the Italian workmen. A hearing was held today at Perth before G.T. Police Commissioner Hon. L. P. Ferris. Joseph Lorry and Hans Chrietiansen were the witnesses and on their evidence Theriault was proven guilty of seven offences. Commissioner Ferris fined him $50 or three months for each offence. The liquor was seized and ordered to be destroyed. Hon. W. P. Jones, K.C., prosecuted.

The chief work of the new G.T.P. police is to prevent the sale of liquor in the construction camps and it is hoped that the firm manner in which Commissioner Ferris has handled this the first case of the kind, will have a wholesome effect.

POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGPARH

K—The semi-wewelkly telegraph is issued every Wednesday and Saturday by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by Act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.

JOHN RUSSELL, JR., Mgr.
E. W. McCREADY, Editor.

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Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 25 cents for each insertion.

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The following agent is authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz:

Wm. Somerville

Semi-Weekly Telegraph

ST. JOHN, N. B., JUNE 17, 1908.

MATTERS POLITICAL

Conservative members at Ottawa are engaged in unusually active speculation as to the date and result of the Federal elections. The Quebec and Ontario contests have lent additional interest to talk of this sort, and there is, morever, a growing conviction that the session will not last much longer. Many Conservatives predict that the government will go to the country in August or September. When it is pointed out that another session is not only possible but that there are considerations which would seem to render it desirable from the administration standpoint, the Conservatives shake their heads and speak of the coming autumn as pretty certain to bring the contest. As for the outlook, there is no doubt that recent events have given the opposition members considerable confidence and raised their fighting spirit to a degree which will have its effect when they return to their constituencies. The result of the provincial elections in March last, followed by the result in Ontario, where Mr. Whitney won such a sweeping victory, is quoted as indicating a marked loss of popular sympathy with the government at Ottawa. It is argued that the Conservatives will be able to win at least a handful of seats in Nova Scotia, improve their position in New Brunswick and carry from twenty to thirty seats in Quebec. The contest the other day in Quebec did not give the Conservatives quite as many seats as they had hoped to win, but the gain was encouraging in view of the conditions, among which was the fact that the LeBlanc forces had not money enough to pay the ordinary expenses of organization. It has been said that Mr. Bourassa would assist the Liberals in the Federal elections, but some of his recent speeches have led Conservatives to believe that he has definitely cut loose from Sir Wilfrid. At one meeting he directed some very pointed remarks to Hon. Messrs. Lemieux and Brodeur, telling them that his turn with them would come before long and that they would find he would make good use of it. He charged them with assailing and misrepresenting him, and his speech was interpreted as a clear threat to take his revenge when the general elections came. This is the more significant because of the great strength Mr. Bourassa developed in the provincial contest. The reception accorded him in Montreal after the returns came in was a tremendous popular ovation. Some who saw the crowds and marked their enthusiasm, assert that there has been nothing of the sort to equal it in Montreal in a generation.

The Ottawa Citizen, in an interesting article dealing with Federal prospects in the light of the recent provincial contests, has this to say, in part:

"Four years ago the Conservative party held power in only one small province. Today it controls the admiration of four provinces and on Monday a notable increase was made in re-establishing Conservatism in the Liberal stronghold of Quebec. On the first of Nov. last, of the 214 seats in the Dominion house, the Liberal party held 138, giving it a clear majority of sixty-two. At the next election there will be seven more seats, four in Saskatchewan and three in Alberta, making a total of 221. Counting Mr. Bourassa and Mr. Lavergne as opposition members, and Mr. Thompson, of the Yukon, having formally announced his adhesion to Mr. Borden, the relative positions of the government and opposition by provinces on Nov. 1st, were as follows:

	Gov.	Opp.
Ontario	38	48
Quebec	52	13
Nova Scotia	18	0
New Brunswick	8	5
Manitoba	7	3
Saskatchewan	5	1
Alberta	2	2
British Columbia	7	0
Prince Edward Island	1	3
Yukon	0	1
	138	76

"In view of the tremendous political change in Ontario, it is not unreasonable to expect a turnover of ten seats at the next Dominion election; neither is it unreasonable to expect a similar gain in Quebec with the forces now at work there. Out of eighteen seats in Nova Scotia it is not too optimistic to expect five in view of the general trend of public sentiment as evinced at the recent New Brunswick elections; and in the latter province the Conservatives should at least break even. At present British Columbia has a solid representation in the Dominion of seven Liberals; it has since gone Conservative provincially, and, in view of the recent conflict of authority between the Federal government and that province, the statement is freely made that British Columbia will not return a single supporter of the Liberal government at the next Federal election. Should that be the case, the Conservative party would have a majority of six, provided it held its own in Prince Edward Island, and exclusive of the three Northwest provinces. At present the latter stands fourteen to six in favor of the Liberals, and seven more seats will be added to this representation, making a total of twenty-seven to be divided between the parties as the event shall befall. There is no reason to believe that the government has strengthened itself in the Northwest by its corrupt dealings with public lands and timber limits, and even if the Conservative party should only break even in the three Northwest provinces, it would have a working majority which, in the natural course of events would be rapidly augmented. The support of the present Laurier government is such that if it once commences to dwindle it will melt away rapidly. It is also idle to minimize the fact that the prospect of installing a government at Ottawa which will not be altogether dependent upon 'a solid Quebec' will have a strong influence upon the attitude of the people of the other provinces irrespective of their normal political leanings."

A BENEFICENT SCHEME

In proposing, in an article in the Columbia Quarterly, the creation of a school of sanitary science and preventive medicine in connection with Columbia University, Dr. Norman E. Ditman presents some considerations that are of great importance in relation to the public health. He first points out that one-third of the human beings born alive die before the age of five years; that over a million persons die every year of tuberculosis; that pneumonia kills over a hundred thousand people every year in the United States; that twenty-five thousand each year needlessly become blind; and that plague, smallpox, fever and cholera cause an enormous number of deaths, while half a million are crippled every year in the United States by preventable accidents.

Dr. Ditman contends that enormous benefit would result from the establishment of the proposed school in connection with Columbia University, which already has a school of law, the school of philanthrophy, Barnard College, the Teachers College, and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, with its numerous clinic and hospital connections. The situation of these departments in the heart of a city of the type of New York would also operate effectively in providing opportunity for the study of social and industrial conditions. He points out that opportunity would be offered to classes to inspect existing city departments pertaining to health problems and to observe conditions which require improvement. For the increased efficiency which is stimulated by publicity, such class inspection would be of real benefit to the public when directed toward such subjects as: Municipal departments of water supply, sewage and refuse disposal, street cleaning and health departments; tenement houses, sweatshops, slaughter houses, dairies, markets and water sheds; offensive trades and dangerous occupations; child labor and factories. In connection with hospital laboratories, health boards, etc., research should be instituted into the features of preventable disease, and such subjects as the investigation and preparation of antitoxins, vaccines, etc., for the prevention and cure of disease; also investigation of such subjects as the efficiency of filtration and disinfection methods. Fellowships should be founded, the holders of which, by availing themselves of material from institutions, such as the Sage Foundation, the Rockefeller Institute, health boards, etc., should strive to solve such problems as the following:

"The best methods for the prevention of alcoholism, preventable accidents, venereal diseases, insanity and social conditions causing disease (child labor, etc.).

"The collection of social and vital statistics for specific purposes.

"Relations between varieties of food and disease.

"Results obtained by the use of pasteurized milk, immunization by vaccination and antitoxin administration, seashore and mountain hospitals, etc.

"Utilization of sewage for commercial purposes.

"Methods of garbage disposal.

"Modes of transmission of contagious diseases.

"Study of epidemics and their causes."

Dr. Ditman rightly declares in conclusion that "Familiarity with modern conditions of life will at once make manifest the fact that the field thus outlined is one as barren of suitable relief of the most effective form as it is broad."

THE PORT AND THE GOVERNMENT

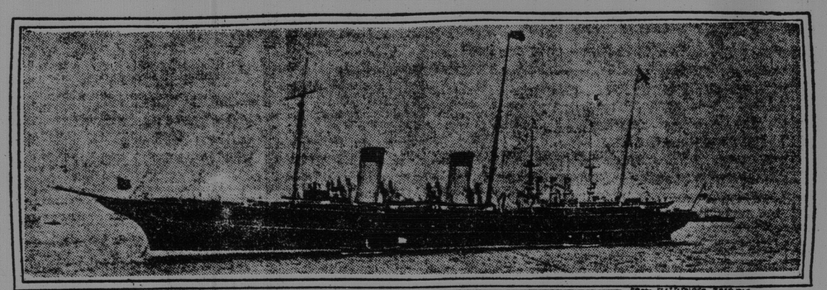
No great wave of emotion will sweep over the city because of the news that delegates from the Common Council and the Minister of Public Works have agreed upon a plan for the development of this port, which plan is subject to confirmation by the Dominion government on the one hand and the Common Council on the other. If any taxpayer's pulse were unduly accelerated by the tentative programme of port extension, it would be easy to recall matters whose memory should restore his wonted calm. The drill shed receives fresh mention in connection with the civic delegation's visit. The drill shed was dangled before the eyes of the electors here before a former Federal election. The statements made at that time concerning it were specific and positive; yet once the elections were over the urgent necessity for a drill shed no longer appealed to the politicians. The speeding years brought no closer approach to a fever for construction than sundry unprofitable disputes over the site. Even talk about the site languished, and the drill shed became a mere unsubstantial election promise. Very likely its walls are now to be reconstructed by vote-seeking orators, for another election approaches. This time the government should build the armory before election day. Seeing is believing. If one of Sir Frederick Borden's relatives were to secure an option on some suitable drill shed site in St. John we should be disposed to regard the first essential step as having been taken.

And the harbor plans outlined at Ottawa are about as old as the drill shed question. The government would have taken a long step toward the proper development of the Winter Port if it had carried out the recommendations of the National Transportation Commission. That commision, appointed by the present government, urged extensive improvements here several years ago. Its report was not acted upon. The matter was ignored almost wholly. It may be assumed that the approach of the Federal elections has caused the government to remember.

St. John's position and the government's duty because of St. John's position are pretty clearly understood here. Properly speaking the government should not expect to reap any political advantage by merely doing its duty in respect to this port. For the necessities of national transportation demand that St. John harbor be equipped to meet the demands of the country's winter export trade. St. John is the winter port nearest the West. Its deep water berths are of local importance, but they are of greater national importance. The trade of the Dominion rather than the local trade renders them necessary. The enterprise in forwarding which St. John has spent more than a million dollars is of national value first and of local value thereafter. It is the business of the Federal government, therefore, to provide deep water berths for the steamers that carry western grain and cattle and other freight for the British market, to widen the inner harbor by the removal of the Beacon bar, to dredge a channel from Sand Point to Partridge Island so that the biggest steamers may be docked at any stage of the tide, and to close the western channel by extending the breakwater.

These improvements should have been made by the government long ago. St. John's position entitled it to have them regarded as works of national importance. These improvements should not be used for campaign talk. They should have been made years ago. And, as a preliminary—because this is Canada's winter port—the government should have insisted that the Grand Trunk Pacific, which is being built by public money and public credit, come to St. John by the shortest route which would afford grades suitable for heavy traffic. That was not done. The present Minister of Public Works kept telling the people of this province that the new transcontinental would utilize the Central Railway. There never was any satisfactory assurance that it would do so. There is none yet. Recently the talk shifted to borings in Courtney Bay. In considering the programme of harbor improvements just outlined at Ottawa it is well to remember the crop of promises which former elections have produced—promises which were forgotten after the votes were counted. The Federal elections are before us. Beyond doubt there will be a great number of promises—but much water may run under the bridge before they are realized, and no matter how pleasing the promises seem or how numerous they are, they must not be permitted in any way to obscure the scandals by which the present administration has shocked the country. St. John will get justice sooner or later. No government can forever ignore the elementary laws of transportation. Meantime St. John will remember that performance is a better word than promise.

PEACE THE THEME OF KING EDWARD AND CZAR AT REVAL



THE RUSSIAN IMPERIAL YACHT STANDART — THE TSARITSA. — THE KING'S YACHT, VICTORIA AND ALBERT. — QUEEN ALEXANDRA

Reval, June 11.—The texts of the toasts exchanged between the King and the Emperor have just been published. The two sovereigns mutually expressed the wish that the meeting would draw the two countries closer together and promote the peace of the world. King Edward intimated that this meeting in Russia would be followed soon by a visit of the Russian Emperor and his wife to England. King Edward appointed Emperor Nicholas an admiral of the British fleet.

The toasts were textually as follows:

"It is with feelings of the deepest satisfaction and pleasure," said Emperor Nicholas, "that I welcome your majesty and your majesty's queen to Russian waters. I trust that that this meeting, while reasserting the many and strong ties which unite our houses, will have the happy result of drawing our countries closer together and promoting the peace of the world.

"In the course of the foregoing year several questions of equal moment to both Russia and Great Britain have been satisfactorily settled by our governments. I am certain that your majesty appreciates as highly as I do the value of these agreements for, notwithstanding their limited scope, they cannot help spreading among our two countries feelings of mutual good will and confidence. I drink to the health of your majesty, to the health of her majesty the Queen, to the prosperity of your family, and that of the British nation."

King Edward's Reply.

In his reply King Edward made use of the following words:

"I thank your majesty most heartily on behalf of the Queen and myself for the cordial manner in which you have welcomed us to the waters of the Baltic and for the affectionate words in which you have proposed our healths. I have the happiest recollections of the welcome which I received on the occasion of my previous visits to Russia at the hands of your illustrious grandfather, your beloved father and yourself, and it is a source of the sincerest gratification to me to have this opportunity of meeting your majesties again.

"I most heartily endorse every word that has fallen from your majesty's lips regarding the convention recently concluded between our two governments. I believe it will serve to knit more closely the bonds that unite our people and our two countries, and I am certain that it will conduce to a satisfactory settlement in an amicable manner of some momentous questions in the future. I am convinced that it will not only tend to draw our two countries more closely together, but that it will help very greatly in the maintenance of the general peace of the world.

"I hope this meeting may be followed before long by another opportunity of our meeting your majesties. I drink to the health of your majesty, to that of the Dowager Empress Marie Feodorovna, and the members of the imperial family, and above all to the welfare and prosperity of your great empire."

MR. BONAR LAW

"Now the opening speech which Mr. Bonar Law delivered was the finest and most closely woven in argument which he has ever delivered in the House of Commons. If ever there was any doubt that he is the legitimate qualified successor of Mr. Chamberlain as the great protagonist of tariff reform it has been removed tonight."

The words quoted are used by the London Standard's parliamentary reporter, in describing the debate in the House of Commons on the night of June 2, when the government's finance bill was under discussion. Mr. Law, it will be remembered, is a native of this province. His progress in British politics has been followed with considerable interest by Canadians, and there has been abundant proof that he is now recognized as a leading figure in the Unionist forces. The fact that the Standard gives him the rank it does in the passage quoted is striking evidence of the place he has won by merit in the estimation of his party in the United Kingdom. The Standard's report and comment upon the debate is filled with passages which should make pleasant reading in Mr. Law's native province. We quote a part of the article:

"Unemotional, but with swiftness of delivery and with never recourse to a note, except to quote an opponent, Mr. Law poured into the ministry the shot of deadly argument. He had a full House, closely knit in attention. He showed how, with a reduced revenue from sugar, owing to the lowering of the tax, a smaller return from income-tax, owing to bad trade, and the necessity to provide for old age pensions, the Chancellor of the Exchequer would next year be faced with a deficit of something like seven million sterling. But no indication had been given by the government how they proposed to meet their liabilities. He easily demonstrated how Mr. Asquith had vacillated The nervousness which led him to introduce this year a popular, rather than a sound budget was induced by the recent by-elections. Further, he reminded the House of Mr. Asquith's promise that the strength of our navy must be kept proportionately ahead of the German navy, and, knowing the German naval programme, the expenditure of millions on naval construction would have to be faced next year. Yet last night Mr. Lloyd-George talked about reductions in armaments. 'If,' said Mr. Bonar Law with seriousness, 'the views of the government are represented by the Chancellor of the Exchequer the country is in the gravest danger. But if the views of the Prime Minister represent the government, then the Chancellor of the Exchequer, in courting the applause of his followers below the gangway by talking about reductions which are not possible, is following a course which is not worthy of him.' This was a chastisement of Mr. Lloyd-George delivered amid the ringing cheers of the men who were amazed at Mr. Lloyd-George's flap-jack talk last evening. Next Mr. Bonar Law took the Prime Minister to task for having promised in the country that the working classes should themselves contribute to the old age pensions, but having now reduced one of the few taxes by which working men contribute to the national revenue. 'If this reform,' said Mr. Bonar Law, 'is to be paid for by all classes of the community it is a fair social reform. But if it is to be paid for entirely by one class exclusively for the benefit of another class, then it is practical Socialism, and we should recognize it as such.' With keen illustration he demonstrated that the government had adopted the Socialistic plan. The Socialists grinned. He pressed ministers, but unsuccessfully, to say from where they would get the money. From the incomes of the rich, he assumed. But in these days capital was fluid, and he warned the government that if they embarked on a confiscatory policy capital would leave the country. At this a querulous grunt came from the radical benches, and some one shouted, 'Oh, that is very old.'

There was a blaze of irony when he spoke of broadening the basis of taxation. He turned on the enemy. 'By sneering you flatter yourselves you are answering, but in practice you do the same thing.' Eyes were opened. He thereupon showed that in the Government Port of London Bill dues which formerly were gathered from ships were now to be divided between ships and cargo. That was broadening the basis of taxation, and not a single argument used in favor of it could not be used in regard to the ordinary taxation of the country. Then. quickly, Mr. Bonar Law knocked on the head the Radical proclamation that Unionists wanted to raise a prohibitive tariff against foreign goods. He revealed the ignorance of the Prime Minister, and especially of Mr. Lloyd-George, in regard to the condition of Germany. Before the last election the Radical cry was that if they were returned everything would be cheaper. Yet all the necessities of life had risen in price. Logical, and a master of his subject, the member for Dulwich created a fine effect with his spirited speech."

Editorially, also, the Standard praises Mr. Law's contribution to the debate as incisive and effective.

A HINT FOR POLITICIANS

Mr. E. W. Thomson writes in the Boston Transcript a long review of the Ontario and Quebec elections and seeks to analyze the results for American readers. What he has to say about Premier Whitney's success should afford a hint to Liberal and Conservative politicians who are inclined to ignore the importance of having public facilities operated in the interests of the people rather than in the interest of selfish corporations.

Mr. Whitney's administration, Mr. Thomson writes, "has been plain, straightforward, upright and quite contemptuous of the usual tricky methods of Canadian politicians. In every department his reforms were obvious, economical, valuable and essentially liberal. Hence Liberals who prefer the real thing to an imitation carrying the 'Liberal' tag had no option but to support him or leave him unopposed. Insofar the result contains a lesson for politicians in general, it is that honesty wins more than corruption, and that the people of a well-educated and intelligent province favor policies looking to the public exploitation of public lands, water powers, mines, forests, etc. The practice of the previous so-called Liberal ministry of Ontario had long been to hand over public properties and franchises to individuals and corporations, by which I do not mean to signify that dishonest manipulation was habitual, but only that the old-fashioned laissez-faire liberalism, which stood for individualistic and capitalistic operation of public utilities, was practised. This was notably the case in respect of the water power of Niagara Falls. When Whitney came in three years ago he found that huge force in course of being monopolised by promoters of electrical companies, whose programme was to sell Niagara horsepower to municipalities and other consumers at about thrice its actual cost. Instantly he set about with plans for compelling the chartered companies—partly by threatening them with 'State competition' and partly by adroitly playing them off one against another—to give the consumers a 'square deal.' In this the Ontario opposition was foolish enough to obstruct rather than plainly oppose him. Hence the result of Monday's election there."

Generally speaking, Mr. Thomson says Premier Whitney's triumph is a blow to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but the Quebec elections, he thinks, can afford little comfort to either party. To quote again:

"The overwhelming victory of Mr. Whitney must be regarded as a blow to Sir Wilfrid. His friends expected to regain something of what they lost three years ago. They hoped to be able also to get a basis for the prediction that their party would make a better Ontario showing in the coming Federal elections than they made there in November, 1904. Laurier has, however, nearly eighteen months to turn round in. As Ontario has so decidedly backed 'public ownership' ideas, he may conform to them more than before. Already he has been slowly going that way. The premier is avowedly an opportunist. He holds that a premier's business is to give his people the sort of government they desire."

Mr. Thomson is friendly to Sir Wilfrid, but he does not hesitate to say that the Premier has made a mistake in obstructing investigation of the public departments of which the public has so much cause to be suspicious. Even now, Mr. Thomson argues, the Premier should "give the Canadian people what they ardently desire, viz., a thorough 'look in' to the suspected departments. It is dangerous to stand out against a public wish so manifest and reasonable. As he has eighteen months to turn round in, and as something drastic seems now more than ever necessary to his success, it is conceivable that he may, at the ninth or tenth hour, take pattern by that great political genius who wishes to give up his presidency to Mr. Taft."

This is a suggestion that the Premier may, like Mr. Roosevelt, go in for exposure of public evils and show by drastic measures that he is bound to have reform. There is little chance that any such development will come. The Premier is in the hands of the reactionaries. Relatively his power is greater than Mr. Roosevelt's—but his inclination, that is another matter. There is no one today—unless it be Mr. Thomson—who thinks it possible that Sir Wilfrid will throw the door wide open and permit the complete investigation of every department of the public service. The very suggestion is enough to throw his worst lieutenants and followers into a panic.

BALLOONS AND DIRECTOIRE GOWNS

In England the other day, thirty balloons, all carrying passengers in search of pleasurable excitement, ascended from one place at the same hour. The incident shows to what extent popular fear of accidents in the upper air has been removed by increased knowledge of aerostation, and the absence of serious mishap on the occasion in question goes far toward justifying the increased confidence with which so many persons in Europe and America now contemplate a journey through the air.

In commenting upon the balloon race at Hurlingham, the London Standard seeks to prepare its public for an era of flying machines, and perhaps Directoire gowns also. The Standard in the course of an editorial, has this to say:

"At any rate, as we have said, aerostation has assumed its place as a fashionable sport. Ladies have taken to it as well as men, and there are members of the sex once accounted timid who own their own fleet of balloons and step into their cars with considerably less trepidation than that with which their grandmothers adventured into a high-wheeled curricle. There are persons of both sexes who spend the British Sunday regularly in skimming the upper ether; there is even a club devoted to the new recreation which will provide you with a balloon, a skilled aeronaut, and everything necessary (including perhaps a life insurance policy) at a fixed inclusive charge. In the fashionable intelligence one reads that country house guests are being entertained for aerial trips; and no doubt in the near future no garden party will be deemed complete unless in the corner there is printed the word 'Ballooning.' The question of a suitable costume is, we understand, agitating the minds of those who arrange the fashions. Perhaps the Directoire style could be adapted. There is no superfluous room to spare in the car, and the clinging robe without superfluous skirts and furbelows would be welcomed. As to the fascination of the game, even apart from the excitements alluded to above, there can be little doubt. To leave the dull earth below and sail with birdlike freedom among the clouds or above them is a delight which even the mountain climber can hardly appreciate. The exhilarating breath of the clean, clear air at the higher altitudes must be tasted to be really understood. There is nothing like it unless it be amid the sempiternal Polar snows; for even on the summit of the Matterhorn or the glaciers of the Selkirks one does not wholly escape from the touch and the sounds of earth. Moreover, ballooning has the great attraction of being still somewhat expensive and exclusive. When the cheap aeroplane has been put on the market the multitude may be able to fly. At present a balloon is a costly luxury,, and the gas bill for each inflation is no trifle. People who fly regularly must have well-filled purses as well as good hearts and lungs and heads. It was the fatal defect of bicycling that anybody could ride a bicycle and almost anybody could buy one; so wheeling as a fashionable craze had a very brief career. The motor car is better, but even that is becoming plebeian, now that one can hire the machine in the streets. But we are not yet within a measurable distance of the period when the cab shelters will display the legend, 'Mooring place for light aerostats.' So for the present, ballooning remains select and rather aristocratic, though its day of widespread popularity may even now be at hand."

CURZON'S IMPERIALISM

Lord Curzon, at an Empire Day banquet, given by the United Empire Club, predicted a reform of the House of Lords, permitting Colonial representation in that body, and looked forward to the organization of an Imperial Council, deliberative but not executive. The chairman, Mr. J. H. M. Campbell, K.C., M.P., proposed "United Empire." He pointed out the importance of Colonial Preference, and said that action in the matter might be difficult, but inaction would be diastrous. If they continued to refuse to the Colonies those advantages in their markets which they were willing to extend to Britain in theirs, they were not only driving them into the arms of foreigners, but would be losing an opportunity of strengthening the Empire. He believed that the people of the country would insist on such a change in fiscal policy as would at least result in the establishment of a system of preferential tariffs within the Empire.

Lord Curzon, in reply said there was sometimes a tendency to forget and ignore India in considerations of Empire. "The problems of Empire were not blood problems, but problems of character and work. As an Empire we should stand or fall even more by what we did to others than by what we did amongst ourselves. He believed that the Canadian and the Australian were as proud of the work being done by Englishmen in India as was any inhabitant in these islands. India was essential to a United Empire, and he welcomed the opportunity of pointing out how closely interwoven were the interests of India and the Colonies. They met on one of the series of days which seemed to be devoted to the honor of Empire. All the celebrations—salutation of the flag, sermons, and speeches—revolved with absolute consistency round the idea of closer union in some form or other. Changes had taken place in the way in which the Colonies were regarded and in the matter of Imperial Federation. If the people of these islands were to lose the Colonies we should still continue as a nation, but we should no longer be an Empire; we should live a dull and material life, divorced from the stimulus of an high ideal, having lost the inspiration of a world-wide duty. Empire was not an unpopular creed. As long as the leaders of the people—and there was nothing that a democracy welcomed so much as leaders, were willing to lead and to speak out with fearlessness and truth, so long would the people either in this country or in any British-speaking country be willing to follow them. Deep down in the heart of every man of British origin, was an eradicable pride of race and a sense of the reality of his national destiny. The present government was not supposed to be imbued with a very strong Imperialist feeling, but when it laid down its office at no distant date it would find that the Empire had grown and it would congratulate itself on its admirable service. He hoped that the time would soon come when the Empire was connected by cables under British control with a tariff of not more than 6d. a word. Some talked of an Imperial Parliament, and for his part he looked forward to a reformed House of Lords as a means of offering representation to the Colonies and other parts of the Empire greater than that which they now enjoyed. That an Imperial Council, deliberate though not executive, would sooner or later come into being he had no doubt. The last Imperial Conference had bequeathed the latest and the most valuable symbol of increased union in the policy of preferential tariffs within the Empire, the raison d'etre of the club. The conference brought home to the people of this country the consciousness, sincerity, and affection with which the cause was urged by the Colonies themselves, and the practicability of putting it into effective operation. Before long there would be another conference, and it was conceivable that it might meet under another Ministry. Let them hope that it would be followed by a different result. When the British government took action on what he believed would be the report of that conference then we should have taken the greatest forward step in the direction of a United Empire that the last fifty years had seen. Let them look a little further and picture to themselves the United Empire of the future, one in origin, literature, language, and sentiment, powerful enough to protect its industry and maintain its borders, and contributing to the elevation and the amelioration of mankind."

NOTE AND COMMENT

British newspapers in recording the death of Gen. Buller refer to the exploit for which he received the Victoria Cross. It was in the operations against the Zulus that he earned the cross for acts of devotion. The "Official Gazette" narrated the occurrence as follows:

He assisted, while hotly pursued by Zulus, in rescuing Captain C. d'Arcy, of the Frontier Light Horse, who was returning on foot, Colonel Buller carrying him on his horse until he overtook the rear-guard. On the same day, and in the same circumstances, he conveyed to a place of safety Lieutenant C. Everitt, of the Frontier Light Horse, whose horse had been killed under him. Later on, in the same manner, Colonel Buller saved a trooper of the Frontier Light Horse, who was completely exhausted, and who otherwise would have been killed by the Zulus, who were within eighty yards of him.

Fire at Oak Point.

John F. Watts, a farmer of Oak Point, who arrived in the city on Saturday, tells of a fire on Tuesday night last, as a result of which his pretty home with all its furnishings is now a heap of ashes and his wife and children were forced to flee for their lives.

Mr. Watts, at the time was on his way home from Fort Fairfield being summoned by the illness of his wife. When he reached Oak Point he first received the information that he was homeless.

The fire occurred about midnight on Tuesday last after Mrs. Watts and family had retired for the night.

Mrs. Watts was awakened by the fire in her room and with her two children fled to a neighbor's clad only in her night clothes. The house, and all its furniture and the milk house were destroyed. The barn and some cattle were saved with great difficulty.

Mr. Watts values his house at $800 and his furniture at $400. He has $300 insurance on the house but the furniture is unprotected.

Sunday School Conventions.

In the "Schedule for County Conventions for N. B." as published in the June number of the S. S. Advacate, a slight error occurred with regard to dates in certain counties, which may lead to confusion. For the following counties, the correct dates are:—Kings and Queens West (at Oak Point), July 2; Sunbury, (Gaspereaux Station), July 3; York, July 17; Westmorland, July 17; Kings, Sept. 2.

FEATHER-BRAINED.

Gibbs—"So you've hired a new stenographer. Is she light haired or dark haired?"

Dibbs—"She's dark haired, but I'm afraid she's light headed."

POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE

The leafy month of June seems to be more particularly adapted to bridal festivities than any other of the year. Ideal weather favored all the weddings last week and according to the old adage, the brides must have been a happy group.

The wedding of Miss Ada May Dunn and Mr. George Robertson, manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, took place on Tuesday at the summer cottage of Mrs. James L. Dunn at Westfield. The Rev. W. W. Rainnie, of Milltown, performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom. The drawing rooms were profusely decorated with apple blossoms and feathery ferns. Following the ceremony, a delicious luncheon was served, after which Mr. and Mrs. Robertson left on a honeymoon trip to Boston and New York, followed by the best wishes of hosts of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Robertson will reside at Westfield for the summer.

The wedding of Miss Rhona Scott of Riviere du Loup, Quebec, to Rev. Arthur J. Vibert, was an elaborate function. The church was beautifully decorated, the decorations being the gift of an intimate friend of the bride. Mrs. E. A. Smith, of this city, aunt of the bride, was matron of honor and was beautifully gowned in a Princess robe of pale blue mirror silk and ecru lace, with touches of pink and wore a large picture hat of lace and pink roses. The charming bride was attired in an exquisite bridal costume of Princess and filet lace over chiffon and silk. She wore the customary bridal veil, fastened to her train with sprays of lilies of the valley, draped from a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a white and gold prayer book. The ceremony was followed by a reception at the home of the bride's parents, Maplehurst. Subsequently the happy young couple, amid showers of rice and confetti, left by the Maritime express for a tour through the United States and Canada. The bride's traveling costume was of blue broadcloth, braided in black, with hat to match.

Miss Barker, whose wedding will take place next week, has been receiving much social attention. Among the numerous functions given in her honor was the tea last Friday at which Mrs. Busby presided as hostess. Mrs. J. Douglas Hazen poured tea and coffee, Miss Helen Sydney Smith served the ices. The young ladies who assisted were Miss McMillan, Miss Katie Hazen and the Misses Constance and Leslie Smith. Among the guests were Miss Barker, Miss Winnifred Barker, Mrs. George Rolt White, Mrs. George West Jones, Mrs. Fred Sayre, Mrs. Ogilvie, Mrs. Fred Jones, Mrs. S. Skinner, Mrs. Edward Schmidt, Mrs. Sherwood Skinner, Miss Furlong, Miss Ethel Smith, Mrs. Easson, Mrs. J. Roy Campbell, Mrs. Alward, Mrs. Harold Schofield, and Miss Tuck.

The ushers for the Barker-DeMille wedding next week, have issued invitations for a dinner of fourteen covers to be given to the bridal party on Monday at the Golf club, to be followed by a dance. Prof. A. B. DeMille has arrived in the city from Belmont (Cal.).

At the Golf club on Tuesday a number of the golfing friends of Miss Barker entertained her at a very handsomely appointed luncheon. The table was beautifully decorated with apple blossoms. Long white satin streamers fell from the gasolier to the centre of the table. Place cards were in the shape of wedding bells and attached to the chair occupied by the guest of honor was a large bell which tinkled merrily at each motion of the fair occupant. Miss Helen Sydney Smith and Miss Muriel Robertson took charge of all the arrangements which were perfect. The guests included Miss Barker, Miss Winnifred Barker, Miss Helen Sidney Smith, Misses Mary and Muriel Robertson, Miss Frances Stead, Miss Constance Smith, Miss Frances Stetson, Miss Leslie Smith, Miss Alice Walker, Miss Mabel Thomson, Mrs. Harold C. Schofield, Miss Constance Inches, Dr. Margaret Parks.

Miss Grace Robertson was hostess at Rothesay on Wednesday, at a high tea given for the ladies and gentlemen of the bridal party.

Miss Constance Inches entertained at a ladies and gentlemen's bridge last evening, in honor of Miss Barker and Prof. De Mille.

Mrs. Hunter Ogilvie of Wellington Row will entertain the bridal party at a picnic at Bay Shore, this afternoon.

Mrs. Stetson entertained at afternoon tea yesterday in Miss Barker's honor.

Mrs. James Manchester was hostess on Friday at luncheon at her residence, Lancaster road, in honor of Mrs. Walter Scammell and Miss Barnaby. Among the guests were Mrs. Scammell, Miss Fanny Scammell, Miss Barnaby, Miss Nan Barnaby, Mrs. Percy W. Thomson, Mrs. R. K. Jones, Mrs. Alexander Wilson, Mrs. Byron Cushing, Miss Edith Skinner and Miss Annie Scammell.

Mrs. Walter Allison was hostess at the golf club on Tuesday at luncheon given in honor of Mrs. Walter Scammell and Miss Scammell, of New York. The table decorations were very lovely. In the centre stood a large basket filled with apple blossoms, tied with pink satin ribbons, similar baskets, containing delicious confections and tied with pink satin bows of ribbon, were placed at intervals along the table. The guests included Mrs. Byron Cushing, Mrs. Alexander Wilson, Mrs. Barnaby, Miss Barnaby, Mrs. Joseph Allison, Mrs. R. K. Jones and Miss Annie Scammell.

Mrs. J. Morris Robinson and Miss Vera Robinson have returned from Toronto, and are at Rothesay, to be present at the closing exercises of the Netherwood School, when Miss Nora Robinson will be one of the graduates. Mrs. Robinson is the guest of her son, Mr. John M. Robinson. Miss Vera is the guest of Miss Frances Stead, Rothesay.

Mrs. McMillan is spending the week at Rothesay with her daughter, Mrs. W. Malcolm MacKay.

Mr. Beverly Armstrong left yesterday to sail on the steamer Tunisian, for a short business trip to England.

At the Tennis Club tea on Wednesday, Mrs. George West Jones, Miss Mary L. Harrison and Miss Constance Smith were hostesses.

Mrs. Easson, Mrs. Sherwood Skinner, Miss McMillan and Miss Tuck were the hostesses on Thursday at the Golf Club tea. There were present a large number of those society folk who have not as yet left town for their country residences.

Miss Annie Murray, of New York, has taken rooms at Miss Armstrong's, Sidney street, for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Philipse Robinson, of Boston, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Barclay Robinson, Wright street.

Miss Dony is visiting Mrs. Silas Alward, Mount Pleasant.

Mr. A. Gordon Leavitt has returned home after a two months business trip to Prince Edward Island.

Mr. W. H. Thorne has returned home from Montreal.

Mrs. Taylor is in the city, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Macdonnell, Germain street.

Mrs. Edward Schmidt has gone to Boston to visit Mr. and Miss Fennell. She will return to St. John accompanied by Miss Helen Furlong, in about a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Boak, of Chicago, are in the city on their wedding tour, and are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. J. Boyle Travers, Lancaster Heights.

Mr. MacDonald is expected in Westfield early next week. Mrs. MacDonald, who spent the winter with her mother, Mrs. James L. Dunn, will return soon with Mr. MacDonald, to the west.

Mr. J. Douglas Hazen and family will occupy a cottage at Bay Shore, for the summer season.

Mrs. Charles Hare and children are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Manning at the Bay Shore. They are occupying Mrs. Andrew Jack's cottage.

Mrs. A. A. Stockton returned to St. John from Ottawa on Thursday and is at her residence, Mount Pleasant.

Mrs. Alexander Wilson entertained informally at bridge this week, in honor of Mrs. and Miss Scammell.

Mrs. Macdonnell has removed to her new house in Duke street, adjoining Mr. L. P. D. Tilley's residence.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Christie, Waterloo street, are being congratulated upon the arrival of a son, born this week.

Mrs. Whitman, of Bridgewater (N. S.), is visiting her sister, Mrs. John S. McLaren, Paddock street.

Mrs. William Vassie and Miss Charlotte Vassie have returned home after spending the winter in European cities. They have taken up their residence at Rothesay for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Sayre have opened their country residence at Rothesay for the season. Mr. John Sayre has returned from Clifton Springs much improved in health, and is being warmly greeted by his numerous friends.

Mrs. Dever expects to return home from England the latter part of July.

Miss Frances Travers is visiting Mrs. Neil at Chatham.

Mr. Edmund Breese is in Chicago, filling a special engagement, where he is creating the title role in a play to be produced in New York later in the season. Mr. Breese expects to be in St. John early in July to spend his vacation.

Mr. Roland P. Stockton, son of the late Dr. A. A. Stockton, and who is a graduate of the University of Toronto, will study law at Osgoode Hall, Toronto.

Mr. Leonard Tilley was at Niagara this week.

Mrs. W. E. O. Jones, of Mount Pleasant avenue, with three daughters and maid, is spending a few weeks in Wolfville, the guests of Dr. and Mrs. R. V. Jones.

Mrs. W. D. Fielding, of Ottawa, was the guest of Mrs. Gershon Mayes, Lancaster Heights, this week.

Mr. J. E. B. McCready, of the Charlottetown Guardian, is in the city.

Mr. R. E. Powell, of this city, was graduated M.D., C.M. at McGill University on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Foster are being congratulated upon a visit from the stork, early this week, a boy.

Mrs. W. D. Forster, of St. Andrews, is the guest of Lady Tilley at Rothesay.

Mr. W. C. MacNeil is fishing in Prince Edward's Island.

Miss Jean Fenety left Rothesay for Fredericton early this week. Miss Fenety's marriage to Mr. Fred Daniel will take place on Tuesday in Fredericton and will be attended by relatives and intimate friends only.

Mr. W. E. Earle was in Vancouver recently. Mrs. Earle will join her husband in Chicago before he returns home.

Miss Edith Humphrey returned on Saturday from New York, where she has been pursuing her art studies.

Mrs. Edmund Breese is in the city, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. J. D. Landry, Leinster street.

Col. Edwards is expected to arrive home from Scotland soon.

Mrs. George K. McLeod and little daughter Audrey are in Ottawa, visiting her sister, Mrs. Hazen H. Hansard.

Mrs. J. Robertson MacIntosh and Masters Jack and Sandy MacIntosh are in Montreal the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Sharp, Wellington street.

Rehearsals, under the direction of Mr. Theodore Bird, for A Sailor's Sweetheart, to be put on in the Opera House on June 24, are being held in the assembly rooms of Keith's Theatre every afternoon and evening. Caprice will be repeated. There is every reason to suppose that the success which attended that play last summer will be repeated in this production.

The newly formed Chatham Choral Society gave its second and final concert on Monday last. The work chosen was Cowen's Cantata, The Rose Maiden. Three of the four soloists were from this city. Miss Frances Travers was the soprano and sang throughout with great effect. Mr. John A. Kelly won golden opinions by his artistic and refined style. His duet with Miss Travers brought down the house. Mr. Sydney Beckley was in fine voice and sang some difficult music with great spirit. Miss Mersereau sang well and Miss Mayme Synett was an excellent accompanist. Great praise is due Mr. E. S. Peacock, who in a short time has done wonders with his chorus. It is a matter of comment that in St. John nothing is being done to give the young people opportunities of hearing and taking part in good choral music.

On Monday afternoon Miss Marjorie Barnaby gave a buck board drive for a number of Acadia student friends. They drove to Ben Lomond House and returned in the evening.

A party of Acadia students went up river on Tuesday for an outing at Oak Point. They planned on being under canvas ten days or a fortnight and to enjoy trips to various parts of the river. The chaperones are Prof. and Mrs. W. E. Wortman, of Acadia. In the party are Misses Marjorie Barnaby, Mabel Elkin and Helen Estabrooks, of St. John; Beatrice Shand, of Windsor; Vera Dickson, of Hillsboro; Miss Woodman, of Wolfville; Miss Helen Christie, of Amherst, and Messrs. Roy Davis, of Sussex; Fred Goucher, of St. Stephen; Gordon McIntyre, Stockwell Simms and Mr. Wilson, of St. John; Holly Lounsbury, of Fredericton and Mr. Lewis, of Truro.

Mrs. Jessie Eldridge Southwick, of Emerson College of Oratory, Boston, is the guest of Miss M. Florence Rogers, West End.

DUCK COVE

The season at the seaside has commenced earlier than usual, this year, owing to the bright weather and the entire absence of fog. Already many of the cottages at this popular resort are occupied, and the coming week will probably see most of them filled up.

Dr. James Magee and family moved down on Thursday and will occupy the same cottage as last season.

Mrs. Stanbury, with her son, Mr. H. M. Stanbury, will occupy the cottage used by Colonel Ogilvie last season, and is already in possession. Her summer home which has always been noted for the beauty of the floral display, promises this season to be quite up to former records.

Miss Katie Hazen with Miss Tibbets, spent a day at the Cove this week. The Premier and Mrs. Hazen will occupy the same cottage formerly occupied by them, and will move in as soon as some needed repairs to the cottage have been completed, probably early in the coming week.

Rev. J. A. McLean has taken the cottage occupied last season by Mrs. Fitz-Randolph, and has been living at the Cove for the past fortnight.

Dr. James Christie and family spent a day at the Log Cabin during the week. Some slight changes are being made in the interior of this picturesque summer home, which will make it even more convenient than formerly.

Mrs. G. Bently Gerard is expected from London early in July, and with her family will at once make her home at the Cove.

Mrs. Winter and family and Miss Fowler, were as usual, among the first arrivals this year, and are greatly enjoying the delightful weather. Their efforts in the gardening line will make their respective cottages quite as charming as heretofore.

Mr. and Mrs. James Ford have spent several days at the shore, arranging their home for summer occupation. They will probably move to the Cove as soon as Mr. Ford's professional duties will permit, possibly about the 20th instant.

Mr. L. L. Sharpe and family were among the early arrivals, and are looking forward with pleasurable anticipation to the arrival of numerous summer guests. This is their first season at the Cove.

Mr. E W. Ward is also occupying the same cottage as last season. Mrs. Ward has taken out many pretty knic-nacs, and this cottage has one of the most artistically arranged interiors to be seen at the shore. She has had many lady callers, who have greatly enjoyed the bright and warm weather at the shore.

Mrs. J. Primrose Carritte, who has been spending the winter at Carvill Hall, has taken the cottage occupied last season by Mrs. Albert Gregory and expects to move to the shore with her family at the closing of the schools, which will be in a few days.

Mrs. Harry A. Gibson and party from Marysville, have taken a large double cottage occupied last season by Mrs. Stanbury. A doorway has been opened up, uniting the two cottages, and other minor alterations made to suit the requirements of the prospective occupants. This will be Mrs. Gibson's first season at the Cove.

Mrs. William Hazen and family have had their cottage put in order, and expect to move to the shore at the end of the present week

Mrs. W. L. Hamm, Wellington row, spent several days recently at her summer home. Her daughter, Mrs. Lambord, will spend at least part of the summer at the shore and will be joined later by Mr. Lambord.

The Saturday evening hops, which have been popular at the shore in previous years, will commence on the first Saturday evening in July, and will continue through the season. Owing to the presence of so many young people at the seaside it is anticipated that they will be even more popular than formerly. The fine location of the amusement hall, with its wide veranda overlooking the ocean, makes this a most attractive spot for an evening's enjoyment.

TORONTO MAN, SWEPT OVER NIAGARA FALLS, TELLS HOW IT FEELS

Toronto, Ont., June 12.—Swept over the highest point of the Niagara Falls and alive to tell the tale, will ever be the proud boast of David Hutton, 36 Niagara street, and his many friends are strong in their belief that the young man bears a charmed life.

In company with Mr. William Allison, of this city, Mr. Hutton went to Niagara Falls to spend a day. They had spent the time sightseeing and about five o'clock went to Amusement Park, on the Canadian side. Their attention was attracted to two lady friends, and together the quartette wandered close to the iron railing that marks the dividing line between safety and danger at the top of the cliff.

"How did you come to fall over the embankment?" asked the reporter.

"Well, it was this way, as near as I can remember," said Mr. Hutton. "One of the girls dared me to vault the iron railing and after noticing that there was plenty of room on the other side I took the dare and cleared it with ease.

"A few minutes later, while Allison was looking for a four-leaved clover, I slipped and the next thing I remember I felt the cold water. I saw the young lady peering over the railing and the look of terror in her eyes I will never forget till my dying day. In fact, I saw it when I must have been buried deep in the water. I also saw some of the most beautiful lights on my downward trip and I imagined I could hear a number of voices singing.

"The only jar I felt was like as if I was being jostled in a crowd, but I suppose that was when my head struck one of the rocks."

From the point that Hutton fell is about 100 feet high, and to the place where his friend Allison picked him out of the water, the river is filled with dangerous looking rocks. His head is cut in nineteen different places, proving that while being swirled about by the current, which goes at terrific speed at this particular spot, the unfortunate man came in contact with that number of hidden rocks.

"I remember nothing until Thursday last, when I found myself in the hospital," continued Hutton, "but by degrees it is all coming back to me."

While the young fellow was confined in the hospital at Niagara Falls an enterprising circus man offered Hutton a big sum to appear in his show.

"I told him I was not a circus freak, but a rubber cutter and next week I expect to be at my bench in the Gutta Percha Works as if nothing had happened.

"I had to laugh when I read in the newspapers that both my legs were broken, why I feel fine—just the way a fellow does after playing his first baseball match—the muscles are just a wee bit sore, but that's all as my head don't bother me in the slightest."

Mr. Hutton is twenty-six years of age and served with the Third Mounted Canadian Regiment in the South African war, and in spite of many thrilling experiences both on shipboard and in South Africa he came out unscathed and without a scratch.

HEARST GAINS VERY LITTLE IN RECOUNT

New York, June 12—The examination of ballot boxes today in the recount of the disputed mayoralty election of 105, showed gains for William R. Hearst of 23 votes. Hearst has so far gained 238 votes in the recount of 630 ballot boxes. There are still 1,318 ballot boxes to be examined and at the present rate of progress it is expected that the result will be known about the end of the month.

PRINCE OF MONACO'S MADNESS HELPS PAY FOR 200 SUICIDES A YEAR

His Income of a Million Dollars a Year Comes Chiefly from the Losses of Gamblers at Monte Carlo, and Although the Fate That Has Overtaken Him Looks Like a Nemesis, it is Said That He Has Never Troubled Himself at All About the Tragedies at the Beautiful Plague Spot on The Riviera.

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Nice, June 2.—It seems like an act of Nemesis that Prince Albert of Monaco, ruler of Monte Carlo, should be suffering from insanity after being connected all these years with the gambling resort, which has driven thousands of others to madness and suicide. As one of the largest shareholders in the Casino, the prince bears, with the rest of the management, an equal portion of the responsibility for those terrible tragedies of human frailty which have so often shocked the civilized world. It is strange that the latter years of the prince's life should be darkened by mental affliction; but perhaps it is well that he no longer can realize the full and cumulative enormity of the series of tragedies which take place at Monte Carlo year after year.

For some time previous to the present disaster, the Prince had shown signs of a mental breakdown. At the peace conference held at Rouen a few years ago the Prince of Monaco entertained on his splendid yacht, and even then several of his friends remarked that he did not seem to be quite normal. On one occasion he started to make a speech, but forgot his words, and several times used the wrong words in attempting to convey his ideas. These signs of aphasia—one of the first indications of mental derangement—were put down at the time to the usual eccentricities which princes seem privileged to show, and no particular attention paid to them. Recently, however, on starting out for a cruise in the Mediterranean, the prince gave such unmistakable signs of aberration that his physician had to interfere, and the trip came to a sudden end.

It has been said, doubtless with kindly intention, that the prince's present condition is the result of brooding over recent tragedies at Monte Carlo, especially the terrible Goold affair. But one of the friends of the prince told me yesterday that he did not believe events at Monte Carlo could have had anything to do with his condition.

"The Prince of Monaco is not that sort of a man," said this friend. "His vast yearly income at Monte Carlo always has been a source of pride to him; he never has given serious thought to the suicides and murders that take place there save in the light of attributing them to the individual failings of the persons who have plunged and lost."

The general public has little conception of what Monte Carlo means to the Prince of Monaco. In the first place, he derives a direct income from the Casino Company of $250,000 per annum. This is paid to him whether the Casino has a good or bad year, and is entirely independent of "business done." A few years ago, during a depressing season, the company found some difficulty in meeting this obligation at the exact date when it was due, and the shareholders proposed an extension of time. But the Prince of Monaco would not hear of this, and the sum was handed over to him at the agreed time.

This tidy little revenue is paid to him for the "concession" which the Casino Company holds for transacting business in his dominions, and is an inherited right from the father of the present prince, who owns the land on which the Casino is built. Aside from this he holds 5,000 shares in the Casino Company. The founders of the Monte Carlo gambling company—Edmond and Camille Blanc—only held 4,000 shares each in the original company. So it will be seen that the prince's interest predominates. In addition to the quarter of a million dollars which he gets for the "concession" every year his stock and "perquisites" bring him in $750,000. So he gets $1,000,000 a year paid out of the losses of the gamblers.

But to the power he wields as landlord of and shareholder in the gambling concern must be added the fact that the Prince of Monaco constitutes in himself practically all the offices of state. He is head of the army, chief administrator of justice, controller of police—in fact, a veritable Pooh Bah in modern governments, combining in himself practically all important functions. To afford an instance of the prince's power in matters of mere detail the case of the poster artist who tried to blackmail the Casino Company out of a large sum of money a few years ago might be mentioned.

This artist had conceived the brilliant scheme of placing at the Monaco railway station several huge posters depicting various scenes in the tragic history of Monte Carlo gambling. One of these showed the gardens of the Casino with the bodies of two suicides in the foreground; another portrayed a mother and her child in the attitude of delivering a curse upon the place, while a third plainly depicted the Prince and Princess of Monaco sitting upon the throne, crowned with roulettes and receiving bags of gold and rolls of bank notes from the manager. The Casino Company made every effort to get these posters removed, even offering the artist a large sum of money, but he demanded a million francs ($200,000).

This the Casino could not pay, owing to the bad season, and so the posters remained, much to the detriment of "business." However, the prince at this point came to the rescue of the company. As the ground landlord of the site occupied by the posters he demanded their removal, and, putting into operation the machinery of the law, soon had the obnoxious posters torn down.

Though the Prince of Monaco combines all the various state offices in his own person, it must not be forgotten that, after all, the Casino company pay every expense. They support the "standing army" of 126 men, which forms the prince's bodyguard, and attends his state "functions." What the army lacks in numbers is made up in gorgeousness of uniform, for the men sport more real lace than any other military corps in Europe. The upkeep of this glorious force amounts to $70,000 per annum.

The prince also dispenses large sums of money by way of governmental "patronage." Through his hands pass the $200,000 a year which go to keep up the government and muncipality of Monaca, with an additional sum of $15,000 for the courts of justice. Strange to say, the gambling company also contributes, through the prince, $60,000 a year to the support of the "bishops and clergy."

Despite all the glory attached to running a real kingdom, however, together with the substantial reward which accrues from the "winnings" of the bank, there is a reverse side to the picture which is anything but pleasant. Every year there takes place at the famous gambling resort an enormous number of suicides, and during recent years even murders are not unusual. Though the Casino authorities distribute to a subsidized press the enormous sum of $400,000 a year to keep these happenings out of the papers, the facts are becoming more and more known.

PALATIAL HOME OF PRINCE OF MONACO.
Out of the $1,000,000 a Year Which the Prince Receives from the Gambling Tables He Lives Like a Monarch—His Palace and Castle Is Shown on the Promontory Overlooking the Town of Monaco.

LATEST PHOTO OF PRINCE ALBERT OF MONACO.
Principal Beneficiary of the Losses of the Gamblers at Monte Carlo, Now Suffering from the Madness to Which His Tables Have Driven Thousands of Others.

The entire financial strength of the company could not hush up the Goold affair, and already the attendance at Monte Carlo has begun to drop off.

Though the papers employed to "boom" Monte Carlo paint everything with roseate colors and attempt to minimize the number of suicides, there is foundation for the statement that not less than 200 now occur every year within the principality itself, while numberless others take place when the unfortunates have reached their own homes, "assisted" by the fund which the Casino provides for those whom it has "cleaned out." The Casino is quite willing to get rid of these people in order to avoid the "unpleasantness" of suicide in the grounds.

Most of the suicides at Monte Carlo take place in the gardens immediately surrounding the Casino; though there have been several in the main room, where the playing takes place. There is a table known as the "Suicide's Table"—the second on the right as you go into the salon. It was at this table that the young Hungarian artist, Julian Kardos, killed himself not long ago. Having lost all his money, the Casino manager, fearing a "scene," offered Kardos $200 to leave Monte Carlo. He refused, saying that he would soon have a "turn of luck." One of his friends lent him another $2,500 to continue the play, and this he also lost. Kardos had played this money with the utmost care, but the turn of the wheel was not in his favor, and he had seen it go, piece after piece. Suddenly, without rising from his seat, he placed the barrel of a revolver in his mouth and fired. His body fell across a French woman sitting next to him. She fainted, and a terrible scene of panic followed.

It is a singular fact that in all these terrible tragedies the Casino managers and the servants never exhibit the least sign of disturbance. They remain imperturbably calm. Even during a severe earthquake shock which occurred one night, the croupiers kept calling out their familiar phrase "Faites vos jeux, Messieurs; le jeu est falt—Make your bets, gentlemen; the game is on."

Suicide by pistol seems the favorite means by which men remove themselves from the scene, while women at the resort prefer either poison or throwing themselves over the high terrace which surrounds the outer gardens. The manner of death, however, is a matter of individuality. With most cases, it is a sudden impulse, with little premediation, and consequently, the suicides at Monte Carlo have been described by a brutal connoisseur in such matters as "extremely inartistic." It is owing to the suddenness, the violence of these acts, that the Casino authorities employ hosts of detectives to watch any case which exhibits elements of desperation. This surveillance does not take place through any philanthropic motive, but simply to keep these "disagreeable affairs" from getting noised abroad.

One of the saddest phases of these terrible affairs is the fate of newly married couples who find their luckless way to Monte Carlo on their honeymoon trips. One young married couple who had lost all they possessed not long ago threw themselves in front of an express train at the Monte Carlo station and, of course, there was no "hushing up" of such an affair.

There is one case on record of a young German couple who were traveling in the north of Italy. They decided to take a run over to "Monte" for a few days, just to see the sights, and not to take part in the play. The husband had just collected for his firm $8,000 which he was taking back to Germany. In order to place himself beyond temptation, he handed the money over to his wife, taking only $20 with him to the Casino to try his luck.

The husband and wife did not always go together. One night, on returning to his hotel, he was told that his wife had not come home, and on making inquiries he found that she had played away the whole of the $8,000. Her desperation after the loss had attracted the attention of one of the "specials" employed at the Casino to watch suicides; but somehow the young woman eluded his vigilance and managed to throw herself over the cliff, where her lifeless body was picked up by her husband, who thereupon killed himself.

Another case was that of a young American couple from Cincinnati, each of whom had a small amount of money. They visited Nice—quite close to Monte Carlo—and, unknown to each other, paid secret visits to the gaming tables where both lost all the money they possessed. When absolutely penniless, they committed suicide together in a room at their hotel.

Another tragedy of recent times was that of young Harold Clarke of San Francisco, who killed himself in the Hotel Regina, Paris, immediately after a trip to Monte Carlo. He was a young law student with a brilliant future, but the roulette table brought about his ruin. In various parts of Europe nearly every day or two one reads of suicides from Monte Carlo losses, and the number of human families wrecked by "play" every year, if counted up, would run into many thousands.

There is a grewsome little graveyard just at the foot of the mountains which borders Monaco on the north, and it is here that one can count hundreds of unknown graves. Little effort is made to communicate with relatives or friends in these cases, and every possible attempt is made to keep the public from obtaining information. A few months ago a young Russian shot himself on the very steps of the Casino, but so quickly was all trace of the crime obliterated that five minutes afterwards persons passed in and out of the Casino, walking light-heartedly over the very spot where the man had died. If persons of prominence commit suicide at Monte Carlo, of course their friends are communicated with and all due respect is shown. But this is simply to forestall disagreeable consequences.

Though the subsidized Monte Carlo papers state that the average number of suicides a year at the gambling resort are not more than six or seven—a low average considering that Monaco only has 16,000 inhabitants and a yearly visiting population of 1,250,000—still these figures are a gross understatement of the fact. According to a carefully written book, "History of Suicides," it appears that not less than 3,000 suicides have taken place at Monte Carlo since the company was formed in 1863 to "exploit" the rights, privileges and concessions belonging to His Serene Highness Prince Charles of Monaco. Since that time these rights have certainly been "exploited" with a vengeance.

All things considered, it cannot be with very much gratification that the Prince of Monaco in his "lucid intervals" looks back upon the part he has taken in the affairs of this gambling plague spot. Though the prince has had more than a plentiful supply of worldly wealth from the place, it does not seem that his life has been overfilled with happiness. His domestic relations have certainly not been felicitous. His first wife—Lady Mary Douglas Hamilton, whom he married in 1869—was divorced in 1880. He had one son, Louis, by this marriage, the present heir to the "throne." He married in 1889 a New Orleans girl, the widow of the Duc de Richelieu, but this marriage was also annulled in 1901, since when the prince has remained single.

Though drawing his income from Monte Carlo, the prince has ceased in recent years to identify himself openly with the place and has been glad to devote himself to his hobby, the study of oceanography. It has been his wont—until illness interfered—to spend months at a time on his huge yacht, dragging the ocean bed for strange "specimens," apparently oblivious to the fact that Monte Carlo existed and not concerning himself about the fate of the hundreds of thousands of human beings who flocked to the gaming tables to stake their lives on the throw of the ball.

A. R. WALLINGS.

SKULL FRACTURED

Theodore Fraser Struck by Deal in Carleton on Saturday.

Theodore Fraser, of Market Place, Carleton, had his skull fractured by a deal on Clark & Adams' wharf on Saturday afternoon. A large deal was being nailed up the side of the wharf and it fell striking Mr. Fraser on the head.

He was taken to the hospital where it was found that he had a fractured skull.

REPLY TO "A FORESTER"

To the Editor of The Telegraph:

Sir,—A letter is published in the issue of your paper, dated June 10th, signed "A Forester," which contains statements that I think call for comment.

I am of the opinion that any man who undertakes to give to the public such views as are set out in this communication, should sign the same with his own name. I would not enter into a discussion with an anonymous correspondent and will therefore now say that I would ignore any reference to my letter by other than one who has sufficient confidence in himself to sign his name to whatever he writes.

1. "A Forester" is correct in his statement with respect to the principle of Law, regarding written contracts. If he will look at his policy he will see that he has signed an agreement which says: "I hereby expressly agree that the constitution and laws of the I. O. F., as well as any amendments thereof, which may be adopted from time to time by the Supreme Court, shall be part of this contract," etc.

I think it must be admitted that the cry of breach of contract will not avail anything.

2. With respect to assurances that a member would not be called upon to pay more than the old rates; if any such were given, they must have been unofficial, not binding upon the Order and in direct contradiction to the constitution and the above recited agreement as to amendments, etc.

3. The necessity of a change of rates is clearly established by the report of the insurance commission and the position taken by the finance minister. (a) It is admitted that the old rates were tentative and experimental and not founded on any scientific basis. This is true of all fraternal associations. The National Congress consisting of representatives of some fifty societies grappled with the question of rates; and, after scientific investigation and comparison of their several experiences, prepared the table which differs but little from that now enforced in the I. O. F. and pronounced it the lowest scale that could be adopted with safety.

(b) Honorable Mr. Fielding, Canadian finance minister, takes the stand that a fraternal organization, authorized to do business by Parliament must provide rates at least equal to the minimum of safety agreed to by the N. F. C. at the time Oronhyatekha was president of that body.

c) The very deficiency of $700,000 in the payments mentioned by "A Forester" is proof of the inadequacy of the old rates.

4. I admit that there is something in the reference to the extension of the order tax, and I have always felt that the old members should be given some consideration for this increase in their rates. Now as the present rates are admittedly the lowest rates that guarantee safety, if the old members should hereafter be required to pay at these rates as of age at entry, without being called upon to make up back payments as suggested in the plans A. B. and C., they would get a substantial advantage for their payment of the extension of Order tax—an advantage to which I think they are entitled.

5. Your correspondent refers to the Foresters' vows and, like the gentleman who is said to quote Scripture for his purpose, selects a few words which I think are inapplicable, and ignores more important portions of them which he might well take to heart. He grieves over the suffering of innocent families, etc., and almost in the same breath states that in case of increase he would like to put the whole institution into liquidation, when it must be manifest that he would cause suffering to hundreds under such proceedings, for every one that would be injured by the increase of rates.

6. Placing the blame where it belongs will not help the innocent or suffering, for should we all agree as to the person or persons by whom we have been misled, there is no way by which we can make the culpable ones pay up.

We are a representative order and every member is as responsible for the heads of the order in the past as the electors of the country are for the governments which they have put in power. It is useless for us to attempt to shirk our responsibility by throwing mud. Our present duty is to establish the order on a sound financial basis with as little injury as may be to our old members.

I submit that this can be done by having the old members pay at the present rates, (as of age of entry) and adopt the amendment of section 157 of the constitution approved of by the High Court of New Brunswick.

Yours, etc.,
ALEXANDER W. MacRAE.

St. John, N. B., June 10th, 1908.

POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

THE MAN WHO WAS DEAD

BY ARTHUR W. MARCHMONT

Author of "In the Cause of Freedom," "When I Was Czar," Etc.

CHAPTER VII—(Continued.)

"There is a ball here tonight; come to it, and you will see for yourself. A man of great influence is to be present, and he must not yet be estranged."

I coughed suggestively.

"I understand. You hold him by the ties of attraction, eh? You are a very beautiful woman, Stephanie, and he won't have much chance. Poor devil! Who is he?"

"Baron Von Epstein," she replied, with a smile. I believe she liked my equivocal reference to her beauty.

"A big fish to catch in the conspiracy net," I said. I knew of him well enough. "Then our little compact is to be a secret, eh?".

"With one exception—Normia."

'And why Normia?"

She threw her head back and laughed.

"Because I wish it. Call it my personal vanity, if you will. I shall be very proud of you, Guy."

"Exactly. And the real reason?"

She hesitated, and then nodded.

"Yes, you may know it. It is policy. Normia believed in you once, in your capacity to do things—that was in Guy Pershore. She would not believe that he could ever be forced to marry me, and this will ever destroy any lingering doubt. If she believed in you, she might try to get your help to avoid this marriage with the prince; and I know you well enough to believe that that might be dangerous."

I was careful not to let my face indicate my opinion of this, for she eyed me very keenly. I gave a shrug and a short laugh, and replied in the same half-flippant manner.

"If she doesn't wish to marry the man, why doesn't she just bid him good day?"

"Why don't you bid me good day?" The words were not out of her mouth before she regretted them, and sought to cover the mistake. "The reason is obvious; she understands the responsibilities of her position and accepts them."

"And that's why you fear she would seek my help to get out of them." I returned. "You made a little slip there, Stephanie. But never mind. By the way, though, hadn't you better cultivate the habit of calling me something else than Guy?" I asked, to get away from the subject. I'm not very particular; but seeing that I murdered the man, it's scarcely nice taste to take his name, is it?" I rose as I spoke, suppressed a yawn, and laughed lightly.

"Do you still care for Normia?" She flashed the question at me suddenly.

I answered very leisurely:

"I do trust that in addition to the other circumstances of our exceedingly unusual betrothal, you are not going to add the uncomfortable complication of jealousy. If you feel that you can't trust me, it will save an infinity of trouble just to ring for your head assassin and let him give me the happy despatch on this red rug here. It wouldn't spoil the color; and I promise not to squeal."

Her face darkened, and she grew almost passionately earnest.

"Are you merely acting with me?"

"Of course I am. Do be reasonable. Haven't you told me off for this spy's part, and now tacked on this bethroal business? As I'm one of the principals in the comedy—or tragedy, whichever it is—surely I may give my own impression of the part. Much more my line of work to play it as a comedy part, I assure you."

"You had better beware," she cried, with a quick gesture of anger.

I smiled.

"That's how the heavy villainess talks. I'm not going to 'beware, or anything of the sort. As for Normia, if she means to marry Prince Lepova, I am not going to murder him in order to stop her. You are too extravagant in your views. And now, have you any orders? Any murders or spying on the kitchen slate? Do I call every day for orders?"

"Are you seeking to fool me with your jibes, or merely to anger me?"

"A little of both, I think. If we don't quarrel, we shall only bore one another prodigiously. By the way, what should I call you—baroness or Stephanie, or what? And am I to kiss you? And if so, on the cheeks or the lips or the fingers? You're running this, you know."

Her eyes sparkled dangerously. "I will make you view this seriously and turn those jeers to earnest."

"I shall watch the process with deep interest, I assure you. And now, au revoir, Stephanie." I emphasized her name with exaggeration and laughed. "I'd stay longer, but Gerard Provost has no dress clothes, and I must go and buy some."

She let me get nearly to the door, and then called me.

"Guy!"

"I really don't think 'Guy' is safe." I said, turning back slowly. "Suppose you call me Popsy or Spy or Fido or Murderer, or any little pet name of the sort?"

"Oh, don't!" she cried almost fiercely, stamping her foot.

"You're a very unreasonable woman, Stephanie," I said as I went to the door again.

"Come back, Guy."

"No, I sha'n't come back to be 'don't-ed' in that tone. Till tonight." And, with that, I walked out of the room.

I was by no means dissatisfied with the result of the interview. I had got at some of her plans, while keeping my own to myself. As for the betrothal, I could just laugh at it. It would come to nothing, and the flippant, bantering manner I had adopted would blunt the point of any attempt at serious love-making on her part.

It was not impossible that I might even laugh her out of any imaginary infatuation. Love has no enemy so keen and deadly as ridicule, and it should be my fault if the farcial side of this thing was not always on the surface.

In the meantime I had scored one important point. I should see Normia that night, and have a chance of delivering to her the letter I had found in Provost's wallet; and perhaps find an opportunity of speaking to her on other matters.

I looked forward with the keenest anticipation to the meeting with her. I was prepared, of course, to find her very antagonistic to me. Stephanie had calculated rightly enough the probable effect of the betrothal upon Normia, and I was ready to gnash my teeth at the cunning with which the barriers between us were being piled up.

Nor was it likely that at the ball I should have much chance of talking privately with Normia. Stephanie's eyes would be on us all the time, and no doubt she would put the prince on his guard, also. Still, I was not in a mood to be easily checked, and as I entered the house for the ball, I was resolved to force matters with a strong hand, if I only should find Normia herself ready to listen.

Intentionally I maintained the same air of rather insolent swagger. I acted as though the deed with which I was credited had turned my head. I had dressed myself with scrupulous care, and when I had swaggered up the broad staircase I waited at the door of the room where Stephanie was receiving until there was a comparative lull in the hubbub, when I made the man bawl out my name at the top of his lung power.

Many heads were turned in my direction as I went up to Stephanie.

Baron Von Epstein—a red-headed fiery little person, with bold, insolent eyes—was in close attendance upon her, and as I bent over her hand, which I held a good deal longer than etiquette required, I murmured two or three phrases to the accompaniment of ardent looks, which I knew would stir his jealousy.

It was a good beginning. After a moment or two, during which I had the satisfaction of seeing that she was exceedingly uncomfortable, he pushed forward to claim her attention. I behaved with abominable rudeness. I gave him a very stony, impertinent stare, and asked, in a tone loud enough for some of those about us to hear:

"Who is this—person?"

"Barn Von Epstein, let me present Monsieur Provost, one of the stanchest adherents of our cause," said Stephanie quickly, coloring with vexation.

He stared at me, and I murmured: "Delighted," and immediately turned my back on him and went on talking to her.

But she cut me short. "You must excuse me now, monsieur. The baron was telling me something I would not miss for the world." And then I found myself at liberty to make the round of the rooms in search of Normia.

How many of those present knew me I could not even guess, of course, nor did it trouble me much; I had become absolutely indifferent to the risks of being recognized; and I sauntered from one room to the other with a lordly air as if the whole place belonged to me.

But to my dismay Normia was not present; and when presently I saw Prince Lepova I resolved to ask him if she was coming. He was the center of a little group, and in conformity with my conception of my great personal importance, I pushed my way through the peope, and said familiarly: "Good evening, prince."

"Ah, Monsieur Provost, good evening," he replied, somewhat distantly. He was apparently none too well pleased at my greeting.

"So her highness, the princess, does not honor us tonight?"

"On the contrary, monsieur, she has been present, and will return," he replied rather curtly.

"I am glad," I said indulgently, as though graciously bestowing my approval upon the arrangement. "I shall be happy to meet her again."

"Indeed," he rapped back, thinking to snub me.

But I stared at him steadily, and replied in a tone of studied insolence:

"Yes, indeed, Monsieur le Prince. May I ask if you have any objection?"

My impertinence brought two little spots of color to his cheeks, and he bit his lip. But he smothered his anger. "No, monsieur; none, of course."

"Then it is a pity you should so address me as to imply to those about us that there was," I retorted, and without waiting for his answer, I turned on my heel.

Doctor Arnheim was standing with two or three other men close by, and heard this. I saw them glance at one another with shrugs and smiles, and the doctor came up and bade me good evening.

I glanced down at him superciliously and waved him away. "I have no commands for you tonight, doctor. You can stay with your friends." And I sauntered on as he rejoined the men, looking bitterly mortified and not a little discomfited by the sally of laughter with which they greeted him.

It was, however, good policy for me to keep every one at a distance, and as to the means by which I could best accomplish that result, I was indifferent. That they should look upon me as a swashbuckling braggart was nothing to me.

Presently Stephanie, flushed and angry, came up to me. "Are you mad that you seek to make enemies on all sides?" she exclaimed.

"I am not very particular. What is the matter?"

"First you insulted Baron Von Epstein, and then the prince. That is very much the matter, indeed."

I smiled. "Of course I'm jealous of the baron. What else? As for the prince, he tried to snub me. Would you have Gerard Provost, the man you are honoring with your hand, take a snub from a third-rate prince, my dear Stephanie?"

"You will ruin everything," she cried.

"No more than returning the compliment paid to Guy Pershore. I am naturally elated over my betrothal, and really must get all the enjoyment I can out of it."

And at that she flung away from me with an exclamation of anger.

I resumed my tour of the rooms and was standing close to one of the conservatories when Normia came out of it on the arm of a man. My pulses leaped at the sight of her, but I had myself well in hand, and when she saw me I bowed.

I feared that she would avoid me, but to my surprise she returned the bow, and after one or two nervous glances about her, she said something to the man, took her hand from his arm, and came toward me.

It became very difficult for me to retain my composure.

"I—I wish to speak to you, Monsieur Provost," she said. She trembled and stumbled over the name.

"You honor me, princess," I replied loud enough for those about us to hear. "Will you walk with me down the room?"

"I—I mean privately."

"Believe me, it will be safer not to leave this crowded room."

Her glance of suspicion told me that she half-thought I wished to avoid any private conversation. But I took no notice, and as we turned down the room I began to talk of the heat and the crush and so on. She replied in monosyllables, and was so obviously uneasy that I gave her a word of caution.

"Many eyes are on us. I beg you play your part as though this were merely a casual conversation. I also have much to say to you."

"Did you bring nothing for me from Belgrade, monsieur?" she asked, after a few moments.

I saw Stephanie and the prince watching us from a distance. I laughed as if at some jest of hers, and waved my hand about the room, as I replied: "I have a paper for you. If you will drop your handkerchief I will give it you."

A moment later she dropped the handkerchief, and with the paper folded in my hand I stopped to pick it up.

"Permit me," said a voice. It was Lepova. He had come up with Stephanie on his arm, and reached out to recover the handkerchief.

"You will scarcely rob me of the choice to render the princess this trifling service," I said quickly, as I picked it up. Then, holding his eyes on mine that he might not see what I was about, I crushed the paper into the handkerchief and returned it, with a bow, to Normia.

As I stood up, I met Stephanie's eyes.

Normia was very confused, and obviously much afraid of them both. She changed color, bowed to me, and with a murmured "Thank you, monsieur," went off on the prince's arm, just as Von Epstein came up to Stephanie, much to my relief.

Had either of them seen anything?

CHAPTER IX.

The Dregs of the Cup of Degradation.

As Prince Lepova led Normia away on his arm, I glanced after him with a very unamiable frown. So far as she was concerned, Guy Pershore might in reality have been as dead as common report stated.

She could never be anything to me, nor I to her. I knew that. I had carefully schooled myself to accept that as a hard, unalterable fact.

But love is love, and hot blood, hot blood, and will not be denied. And to see her marched off in this fashion with his air of masterful ownership galled me no less than it would have done had I been once more myself instead of the pitiful pigeon-carrier and go-between of these conspiracy-mongers.

The mask must have fallen from my face for awhile, for suddenly, with a sneering chuckle, a low, deep voice said in my ear:

"A handsome couple, Monsieur Gerard Provost, eh?"

I turned, to find a tall, angular man at my elbow, staring at me, his narrow-set, gray-green eyes screwed up, and his long thin ugly face wrinkled into a cunning grin.

I returned his stare, and had the greatest difficulty in repressing a start, of surprise as I recognized him as a Captain Neschers, of the Servian Army—a man whom I knew to be heart and soul a supporter of his government.

What could such a man be doing here in the centre of this Black House conspiracy? A hundred suggestions flashed through my thoughts in the moment of pause before I spoke.

"A cat may look at a king," I said coolly.

"Or a rat at a princess."

"Or an honest man at a rascal."

"One of us may be doing that at this moment," he retorted pointedly.

"You're none so pretty a sight that I wish to detain you," I said with a shrug.

Instead of taking offense, he laughed, and let out an oath with a sort of tolerant contempt of me.

"They tell me you've picked up some courage during your absence—as well as some other things."

That he had not resented my insult was plain proof that there was something behind his manner, and I resolved to investigate what his last words meant.

"Time to talk about that when the need arises."

"Come out on the balcony, here. I have something to say to you."

We went out, and he led me to an alcove at the far end, which was almost concealed by palms and shrubs. A very cozy corner indeed.

"We can talk here without being overheard, but keep your voice low. So you've been out of your mind, they tell me! Vosbach says so, and Arnheim believes it. Very convenient at times."

"Have you brought me out here to give me your views on lunacy?"

"No, I haven't—except on your lunacy. I've brought you out here to tell you I don't believe in your madness. Others may, but I don't. See?"

"I don't see that I need care what you think. Others may, but I don't. See?" And I mimicked his manner and his phrase.

"In my opinion, it may be a very convenient excuse for forgetting things. That's all. No more. Places and times of unwelcome meetings, possibly. Possibly, also, the whereabouts of sums of money."

This was suggestive enough. Was it possible that he was one of the men of whom Vosbach had spoken? One of the men in the plot to carry off Normia? If so, the affair was vastly more significant than I had believed. I was interested now, indeed.

"Personally, I prefer plain speaking," I said.

"Patience, Monsieur Provost, patience. You shall have that from me, I promise you. Am I right that you forgot the meeting with us?"

"What meeting?"

"Exactly," he laughed. "I suppose you are not yet sane enough to remember that? But make an effort—just a little effort." His manner was a blend of banter and threat, and the talk interested me greatly.

"I am afraid my wits are in too great a whirl," I answer lightly.

"I suppose you haven't forgotten that you went to Belgrade?" he asked next. He was beginning to lose his temper

"Oh, no. That's all clear enough."

"And that you saw Major Raskoff?"

"Well?" I was obliged to him for telling me what I wished to know.

"And that he spoke to you about the princess?"

"A good deal was said about the princess," I agreed.

"And also about the sum to be paid when she was safely in the hands of his friends here?"

"Ye-es," I assented, as if recalling the fact with difficulty.

"And that he gave you a considerable sum to bring to us?"

"Ah! that's just where I begin to get very hazy."

He sat up suddenly, with an oath.

"And that's just where I mean you to be perfectly clear," he cried sternly.

I assumed a good-natured air.

"I'll try. To oblige you. You're such a nice fellow, and have such winning ways that——"

"Enough of that," he broke in angrily. "I'm not Vosbach, to be fooled by you; nor Arnheim, to be frightened by your monkey tricks with a revolver. You're dealing with Jacob Grundelhof, and I don't suppose you've forgotten the lesson I gave you once before."

"Let's see—what was that?" I asked putting my hand to my head.

This enraged him. He seized my hand, tore it away from my face, and forced me round toward him.

"If you seek to fool me, I'll do worse next time than thrash you."

I affected to be cowed.

"There's no need for force, Grundelhof. What is it you want?"

"That's much better," he said laughing with great self-satisfaction. "There was a meeting last Thursday night in my rooms to hear your report and receive the money you brought back with you. We meet again tomorrow night. Don't forget it, and don't forget to bring that money. If you come without it, Provost, something ugly will follow; and if you don't come at all—well, you'll regret your failure of memory, as long, or as short, as your life lasts. Is that plain speaking enough for you?"

"What time?" I stammered.

"Nine o'clock—the usual time; and the usual address—368 Kammerstrasse. You shan'n't have any excuse for forgetting that, either, for I've told it you after your madness." And he chuckled sneeringly as he rose.

"I'm not likely to forget, after this," I muttered, with a shudder. He glanced at me with another chuckle, and as he was moving off, another man came out and lit a cigarette. "Is that you, Baumstein?" he asked.

"Hello! Cogitating a poem, Grundelhof?" was the reply.

"No. Something more practical. Been curing a man of madness—Gerard Provost. Teaching him how to get back that memory of his."

"Oh! that sort of madness!" laughed Baumstein. "Suppose because the dragoness has taken him up he thinks he can do as likes, eh?"

"I've told him that if he doesn't remember where that money is and bring it to us tomorrow night, there'll be trouble."

"Ithink we can find a way between us to lead him back into the paths of sanity and virtue," sneered the other.

"Depends on the value he puts on his skin," said Grundelhof, as they moved away together chuckling, leaving me with the knowledge that they regarded me as both a liar and a thief. If I attended the meeting I should probably be killed; while if I stayed away the probability became a virtual certainty.

A comfortable outlook. It was a good thing that I had made up my mind to face death. But it was not the men's threats that disturbed me so much as the cheap contempt in which they held me. Nothing was too mean and despicable to be set down to my credit. I had the feel of the fellow's grip on my arm still; he had boasted of the thrashing he had given me, and had expected me to cringe at the mention of it. I was a sort of door-mat for others to wipe their feet upon.

I don't know whether men who are the "real thing" in blackguardism feel anything like the hot shame which I felt that night. But if they do, then, poor devils, they must carry their own rack about with them and stretch themselves on it every moment of leisure.

I could, and would, do something to change the character these men so lightly gave me, and this thought eased the sense of degradation. But if I had been in truth the miserable wretch they believed, I would have jumped there and then from the balcony and broken my neck on the flags below.

These personal feelings outweighed for the time even the significance of the discovery I had made that behind this plot against Normia was the Servian Government. This Captain Nescher was, without doubt, acting for the government, and Normia was in vastly greater peril from it than I had thought.

But for the moment I was so mad with rage that I could think of nothing else. I was sick to death of the part of Gerard Provost, and as my temper cooled, I grew profoundly miserable and dejected.

The lights of the great city which spread out in front of me served only to remind me in bitter mockery that in the world they typified I had lost every thing. Position, hopes, desires, and love—all gone; and the very memory of my name would have been tainted by the foulest of crimes but for an elaborately acted lie and fraud.

Here in this false little world of which I was now a lying part, those who believed they knew me could think of nothing too despicable to believe and say of me. And as I sat there, brooding over my troubles in this moody fashion, flushing at one moment in shame and the next in rage, it did not seem possible that there was any lower depth of degradation or bitterness left for me to sound.

Yet there was still worse to come.

One minute crumb of comfort I had; the merest starvation diet, it was true, yet something. I had succeeded in getting that paper to Normia, and I had hoped she would read in the act a desire to help her.

It was evidently a matter of much moment to her. She had sent some message to Belgrade by Provost to which this paper and the money were the reply. It was an easy guess that she had sent an appeal for help, for I held in my belief that she was only taking part in this scheme because of the hold which Stephanie held over her, the "dragoness," as Baumstein had rather happily called her.

Why she had chosen Provost, never having seen him, was something of a puzzle; but I looked for a solution in the fact that Catarina had been at the Black House and had probably persuaded her that he could be trusted. My delivery of the paper might be accepted as a proof that that trust had not been misplaced, and in that case I might be able to persuade her to trust me still further.

For me to be of any assistance in the dangers that threatened her, it was essential that she should trust and come to rely on me. But it would have to be in the hated character of Provost.

Tell her the truth about myself I could not. In the first place I was bound by my pledged word to Stephanie, and that must have held me silent without any other consideration. But there was another and a far stronger consideration. If she cared for me it would be the rankest cowardice to tell her the truth so long as I was unable to clear myself from the charge of murder and while I had resolved to end my life. The result would but be that in a measure she would have to bear a part of the shame and misery which had forced me to that resolve.

No. If I was to win her trust it would have to be as the man Provost, and I must succeed in showing her in my acts that my desire to help her was sincere. My secret must be kept at any cost.

I was deeply absorbed by these thoughts when I became aware that some other people had come out on to the balcony and were standing close to a huge azalea which shielded my seat from observation.

I had no wish to play the eavesdropper, and was about to strike a match to light a cigar, and thus make my presence known, when I recognized Stephanie's voice:

(To be continued.)

JURY DISAGREED IN DOHERTY MURDER CASE

Summerside, June 14.—The trial of Alonzo Doherty for the murder of Joseph D. McMillan, whom he admits he shot as he was walking along the road with a young woman, ended on Saturday afternoon in a disagreement. The jury were out all night Friday and till 10.30 Saturday morning, when they came before Judge Fitzgerald and reported a disagreement. He sent them back, telling them the evidence showed the prisoner was not insane when he killed the man as he pleaded in the defence that he was, and appealing to them to agree on a verdict in accordance with the evidence.

They retired a second time but at 3 o'clock in the afternoon again returned a disagreement, when they were discharged. The jury stood seven to five for acquittal. The new trial will begin tomorrow.

Judge Fitzgerald, when the jury returned the first time, said a crime had been committed and confessed. The only evidence to prove the prisoner's insanity was his own expert medical evidence, which went to show that the act could not have been committed while the prisoner was in a conscious condition. His own conduct before and after the act showed he was perfectly conscious. Four medical experts declared he was conscious. If a man is found guilty of killing another the motive is presumed, even if none were apparent. It is not in the interests of justice that you should be discharged without giving you ample time to consider. I see no good reason for want of agreement, and I will therefore send you back.

SHOOTING DOWN PRISONERS IN THE WAR WITH MOROCCO

Correspondent Witnesses a Summary Slaughter of Disarmed Arabs by French Troops--French Officers Admit That Prisoners Taken in Arms Are Not "Kept"--An Officer With Pistol Finishes the Work Left Undone by Volley Firing.

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Tangier, May 22.—Any of the officers in the French army now fighting in Morocco would admit that they "keep" no prisoners taken in arms. The Arabs opposing them, they point out, are murderers who had looted Casablanca, attempted to slaughter the European residents, and, failing, had turned upon each other to fight not only for plunder but for wives. What would have happened to the European women, the Frenchmen asked, had the consulates not sustained the seige? What happens to French soldiers who are captured? The French officers argue also that drastic methods bring submission quicker.

On one recent excursion with the French I happened to witness the shooting of six prisoners. We set out from camp as usual at early morning and moved up the coast for a distance of eight miles, with the object of examining a well which in former dry seasons supplied Casablanca with water and was now no doubt supplying the Arabs round about. By marching in close formation and always keeping down in the slopes between hills, we managed to get to the well and to swing a troop of Goumiers round it without being noticed by a party of thirteen Moors, of whom only three were properly mounted.

The unlucky thirteen had no earthly chance. The Goumiers swept down upon them, killing seven and making prisoners of the remaining six. As I was marching with the artillery at the time I missed this little engagement and my first knowledge of it was when the prisoners trailed by me on foot—six tall, gaunt, brown men, bare-legged, and three of them bare-headed, none clad in more than a dirty woolen shirt that dragged to his knees. They moved in quick, frightened steps, keeping close to one another and obeying their captors implicitly. Allah had deserted them and their souls were as water. The Goumiers, fellow Mahometans and devout—I have seen them pray—followed on tight-reined ponies, riding erect in high desert saddles, their colored kaftans thrown back from their sword arms—brown men these, too, with small black eyes and huge noses.

One of the Frenchmen who followed brought along a gun, a long-barrelled Arab flint-lock, an antiquated thing safer to face than to fire. Besides this I learned, one of the prisoners had carried a bayonet fastened with a hemp string to the end of a stick; the others seem to have been unarmed. They were indeed a poor bag.

I did not follow to their summary trial, but moved instead over to a spring where some artillerists were watering their horses while a dozen sportive tortoises stirred the mud. The gunners had bread and water, while I had none. Bread and water are heavy on campaign and a few cigarettes I had found were good barter. My cigarettes were distributed and we were just beginning our breakfast when a man standing up called our attention to the Goumiers coming our way again with the Moors. They were walking in the same order, the prisoners first in a close group moving quickly on foot, not venturing to look back, the Goumiers, probably twenty, riding steadily on hard bits. "Pour les tuer," said a soldier smiling. "Pour les tuer," repeated the others, looking at me to see if I smiled.

I shook my head in pity, for the doomed men were ignorant, pitiable creatures.

A hundred yards beyond us was a clump of dwarfed trees and some patches of dry grass among the rolling, almost barren hills, and for this spot the Moors were headed. Mechanically I went on eating, undecided whether to follow, for I did not want to see the thing at close range. I thought the Moors would be lined up in the usual fashion, their sentence delivered, and a moment given for prayer. But suddenly, while their backs were turned, just as they set foot upon the dry grass, quickly a dozen shots rang out almost in a volley—then came a straggling fire of single shots. The single shots were from a pistol, as an officer passed among the dying men and put a bullet into the brain of each.

The Goumiers set fire to the grass about the bodies and soon the smoke and smell, brought over on a light Atlantic breeze, caused us to move away.

On another occasion, crossing a trodden grain field, we came upon three Arabs, dead or dying, a dead horse and the scatterings of a shell. A lean old brown man with a thin white beard and a shaven head lay naked with eyes and mouth wide open to the sun, arms and legs flung apart, a gash in his stomach and a bullet wound with a powder stain between the eyes.

Choosing a high point from which to watch an engagement, we saluted the captain of a line of Algerians and lay down among the men. Below us, in plain view not a quarter of a mile away, was the camp of the Moors, about 400 tents, ragged and black with dirt, some of them old, circular army tents, but mostly patched coverings of sacking, such as are to be seen all over Morocco. It was to destroy this camp, discovered by the balloon, that the French army had come out, and we had managed to come over the knoll at the moment that the first flames were applied to it; just beyond the camp the squalid village of Taddert, beneath a cluster of holy tombs, a place of pilgrimage, was already afire. The Moors evidently had been taken by surprise. They left most of their poor possessions in the camp, getting away with only their horses and their guns. A soldier of the Foreign Legion came back driving three under-sized donkeys, with several short, pot-like Moorish drums. We spoke to him and he told us that they had taken seven prisoners and had shot them.

When the Shawia tribesmen made their first attacks upon the French at Casablanca they were thoroughly confident of their own prowess and of the protection of Allah. They had often, before the coming of the French, called the attention of Europeans to the fact that salutes of foreign men-of-war entering port were not nearly so loud as the replies from their own antiquated battery—always charged with a double load of powder for the sake of making noise. But they have come to realize now that Christian ships and Christian armies have bigger guns than those with which they salute; and the news that Allah, whatever may be his reason, is not on the side of the noisy guns has spread all over Morocco.

The Arabs now seldom try close quarters with the French, except when surrounded or when the French force is very small and they are numerous; and as I have indicated before, their defense is most ineffective.

One morning on a march toward Medi-una, I sat for an hour with the Algerians under the war balloon, watching quietly an absurd attack of the tribesmen. From the crest of a hill behind which they were lodged, they would ride down furiously to within half a mile of us, and turning to go back at the same mad pace, discharge a gun, without taking aim, at the balloon, their special irritation. It was all picturesque, but like the gallant charge of the brave Bulgarian in "Arms and the Man," entirely ridiculous. If the Algerians had been firing at the time not one of them would have got back over the hill.

The Arab losses under the fire of the French 75-milometre guns and the fusillade of the troops are usually heavy where the Arabs attempt a serious resistance. I should say it would average a loss of fifty men to the Moors for every French soldier they wound. What is worse, when a Moor is severely wounded he dies, for the Moors know nothing of medicine and the only remedies of which they will avail themselves are bits of paper with prayers upon them, written by Shereefs; these they swallow or tie about a wound while praying at the shrine of some departed saint.

The arms of the Arabs are generally of the most ineffective sort, many of them made by hand in Morocco. While I was out with the French on one occasion we found on a dead Moor (and it is no wonder he was dead), a modern rifle, the barrel of which had been cut, evidently with a cold chisel, to the length of a carbine. The muzzle being bent out of shape and twisted, naturally threw the first charge back into the face of the Moor who fired it.

There are in Morocco many Winchester and other modern rifles aside from those with which the Sultan's army is equipped. Gun running has long been a profitable occupation among unscrupulous Europeans of the coast towns, the very people for whose protection the French invasion is inspired. A fellow countryman told me that for years he got for Winchesters that cost him $15 as much as $30 and $40. The authorities suspecting him on one occasion engaged a trader to ascertain how he got the rifles in. Suspecting the trader, the American informed him confidentially, "as a friend," that he brought in the guns in barrels of oil and sixteen boxes of provisions arrived at ——— in one steamer. The American went down to the custom house, grinned graciously and asked for his oil, which the Moors proceeded to examine.

"No, no!" said the American.

The Moors insisted.

The American asked them to wait till the afternoon, which they consented to do; and after a superficial examination of one of the provision boxes a load of forty rifles, the butts and barrels in separate boxes covered with cans of sardines, tea, sugar, etc., went up to the stores of the American.

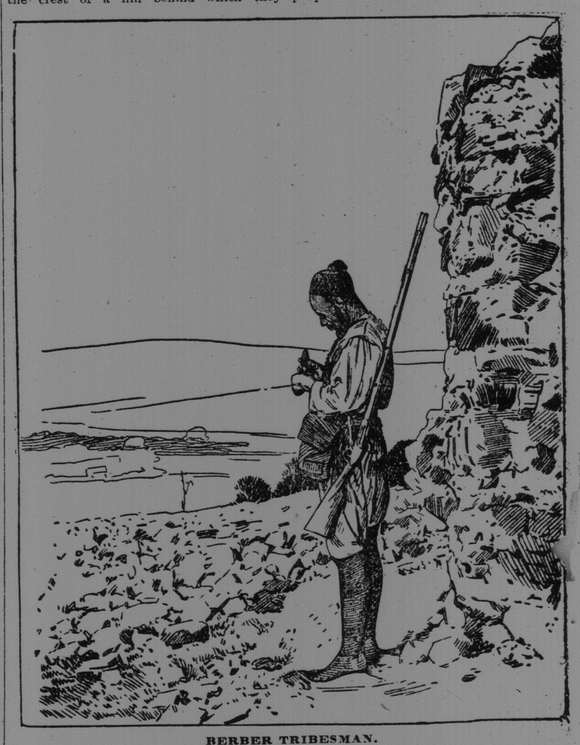
I am of the opinion that the French army under General d'Amade, now numbering 13,000 men, could penetrate to any corner of Morocco with the utmost facility, maintaining at the same time unassailable communication with their base. With 60,000 men the French can occupy, hold and effectively police—as policing goes in North Africa—the entire Moorish country. Such an army as this last could make the roads safe for Arabs and Berbers as well as for Europeans, punishing severely, as the French have learned to do, any tribe that dares continue its marauding practices and any brigand who essays to capture Europeans; and as for the rest, the safety of life and property within the towns and among members of the same tribe, the instinct of self-preservation in the Moors themselves is sufficient. There is no danger for the French in Morocco.

Nevertheless their task is not an easy one. Conservatism at home and fear of foreign protest keeps them from penetrating the country as they must in order to subdue it. So far they have made their power felt only locally, and though they have slaughtered thousands of Moors their position today is to all practical purposes the same as it was after the first engagements about Casablanca. For four months General Drude held Casablanca, with tribes defeated but unconquered all about him. With the new year General d'Amade took command and the district of operations was extended inland for a distance of fifty miles. But beyond that there are again many untaught tribes, ranging over a vast territory.

The struggle in which the French are engaged in Morocco is a serious, trying, sometimes unclean business, which will drag on its bloody course for an indefinite time. For fear of interference from Germany or some other power or powers, France can establish herself only gradually; and at the same time fearing that another power might find excuse to take her place ,thereby creating a permanent menace to Algeria, she dare not leave Morocco to continue in its reign of anarchy and disorder. It has been said by an European statesman that "France has got a wolf by the ears and dare not let go."

FREDERICK MOORE.

LADIES OF THE IMPERIAL HAREM ENTERING THE GATES OF RABAT.
Following After the Sultan from Fez. They Crossed the River Bu Regreg in Barges that Could Carry But Five or Six at a Time wit Their Eunuchs. It Took a Day to Ferry the Whole Three Hundred.
From a Photo Taken for This Article by Frederick Moore.



BERBER TRIBESMAN.
From a Snapshot Taken for This Article by Frederick Moore.

CURIOUS RELICS.

(Toronto Globe.)

The prevalence of the antiquarian spirit in England is illustrated by the fact that there are preserved on the estate of the Earl of Essex at Watford a handkerchief that was used to bind up a wound received by William III. at the battle of the Boyne and a part of the ribbon of the Garter worn by Charles I. at his execution.

POOR DOCUMENT

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Long distance telephone connection.

TO FEATURE DRIVING HORSES AT EXHIBITION

What promises to be one of the best features of the St. John Exhibition is the class for driving horses. Additional prizes have been devoted to this class, so that the inducements held out this year are sufficient to attract the attention of all who own good horses and handsome turnouts.

The exhibition management are arranging for the accommodation of these turnouts, so that the exhibitors will not be placed at the disadvantage of removing their traps from the grounds. Better facilities for washing the carriages and looking after them in every particular will be provided, and in fact everything possible will be done to make this feature of the exhibition stronger and better than ever.

Applications for space and privileges are coming in very rapidly and there is every prospect that the exhibition will be more varied than it has ever been.

"The person who buys any other tea always hopes it will be "as good" as "Salada." 44

PREMIER HAZEN TALKS OF MATTERS WHICH TOOK HIM TO MONTREAL AND OTTAWA

The Central Double Subsidy Claim Explained---Minister of Railways Promises Early Decision--C. P. R. to Send Official to Agricultural Commission Meetings---Favorable Renewal of Provincial Loan---In Upper Canada They Are Predicting Defeat of the Laurier Government.

Hon. J. D. Hazen, who returned to the city Friday from Montreal and Ottawa, was interviewed by a Telegraph reporter last evening and gave some interesting particulars of the affairs of the New Brunswick Coal & Railway Company, which resulted in the late provincial government claiming a double subsidy from the federal authorities. While in Ottawa the premier took the matter up with the minister of railways who promised an early decision.

Hon. Mr. Hazen met Sir Thomas Shanghnessy, in Montreal, and the president of the C. P. R. intimates that he intends sending an official of the road to be present at the sittings of the agricultural commission as he regards the agricultural development of the province as a matter of great importance to the company.

The premier also touched upon his interview with the Bank of Montreal, regarding the renewal of the temporary loan, and is now awaiting a report from the agent of the bank in London before deciding what course to adopt.

With regard to the effect of the recent elections in Ontario and Quebec, Mr. Hazen said the opinion in Montreal and Ottawa was freely expressed that the dominion government would be defeated at the next general election.

Asked for some particulars of the result of his intentions with the authorities of the Bank of Montreal, the premier said, "Mr. Flemming and I had an interview with the general manager of the Bank of Montreal, last Monday. The principal object of our visit was to make arrangements to retire the loan of $1,500,000 maturing in London, on Aug. 12 next, to arrange for a loan to cover the over expenditure of the late government and to pay for bridges already constructed and now under construction.

"After discussing the matter with the Bank of Montreal, it was decided to obtain the advice of their London agents before deciding what course to take. The question to be decided is whether it is better to issue long term bonds now, or to make a loan on treasury bills for a year, in the hope that the bond market will be better twelve months hence. A great many Canadian loans are being placed on the London market at present, and in the opinion of some financial authorities, better prices could be obtained for New Brunswick bonds in twelve months time.

"The matter will not be decided, however, until advices are received from London, but we were assured by the Bank of Montreal, that they would arrange for a renewal at fair rates of interest, of the loan falling due in August if it was thought best not to issue long term bonds at present. What the rate of interest would be on such renewal, I am not in a position to state, but I think I am quite safe in saying it will be less than the province is paying on the loan negotiated last August, by Mr. Robinson.

"From Montreal," continued Mr. Hazen, "I went to Ottawa to see the minister of railways with regard to the double subsidy for the fifteen miles of the Central Railway extending from Chipman to Minto. When the government of Canada rendered a bill to the province recently for rails and fastenings supplied several years ago for a sum of over $47,000 it was stated that the late local government claimed that an amount of $3,200 a mile of double subsidy was still due by the Dominion government. In view of these facts. I wrote to the minister of public works urging him to have the matter taken up by the Dominion government, and to press for a decision on the matter. It was in response to his suggestion that I went to Ottawa from Montreal.

"The facts of the case are that the N. B. Coal and Railway Co. in 1901, entered into a contract with the James Barnes Construction Co., to build the fifteen miles section from Chipman to Minto for the sum of $117,000, which would be equivalent to $7,800 a mile. The contractor abandoned the work in 1903, the company taking over the plant and completing the fifteen mile section. In 1904, Mr. Shannon, accountant of the railway department of Canada, examined the accounts and reported to the minister of railways that the cost of the fifteen mile section was $14,963 a mile.

In arriving at this sum, Mr. Shannon estimated the amount of work done by the James Barnes Construction Co. to April 30, 1903, when they threw up the contract, at $95,921.59. It is claimed by the late government, however, that the company paid the contractor $27,954.83 more than the amount estimated by the government accountant, and that this should be included in the cost of the road. In addition, it is claimed that the cost of building nine miles of sidings to the coal mines amounting to $30,000, and the further sum of $28,234, paid for interest, while the work was under construction, should be added to the cost of the road.

If this is done the cost of the road will be equal to $22,000 a mile. In order to get a double subsidy the cost of a road must equal $21,400 a mile. It will be seen, therefore, that the points to be determined are: shall the $27,000 which it is claimed was paid to the Barnes Construction Company over and above the amount to which they were entitled on progress estimates; shall the $28,000 of interest, and shall the cost of the spurs or branches be added to the cost of the main line for subsidy purposes?

"Dr. Pugsley and I had a long audience with the minister of railways, and he promised to take the matter up, and arrive at a decision with regard to it.

"Five years have elapsed since Mr. Shannon made his report, and the matter had been urged upon the attention of the railway department by members of the late government and by Mr. Copp, of Westmorland, who was paid for his services by the commissioners of the N.B. Coal & Railway Co. It is very desirable that a decision should be promptly arrived at so that the province may know where it stands. From what Mr. Graham said I believe he will come to a decision at an early date.

"While in Montreal," continued Mr. Hazen, "I had the pleasure of a conversation with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy. He was very deeply interested in all matters affecting the welfare of the province of New Brunswick and informed me that he intended to appoint an official of the C. P. R. to attend all the meetings of the agricultural commission that will be held during the coming summer and autumn, as he regarded the matter of great importance to the people of the province and incidentally to the great railway of which he is the head. It is quite certain that in developing its agricultural resources the government of New Brunswick will have the hearty co-operation of the C. P. R."

In reply to a question as to the effect of the recent elections, Mr. Hazen said he found the general opinion in Ottawa and Montreal to be that the Dominion government would be defeated at the next election. The victory in Ontario was regarded as more than an endorsation of Premier Whitney. In many quarters it was taken as an emphatic condemnation of the methods of the Dominion government, and the opinion was very generally expressed that at the next general election the Conservatives in Ontario would have a larger majority than would the Liberals in Quebec. Influences in the latter province, such as the Licensed Victuallers' Association, which was very active for Premier Gouin on Monday last, would be absent from the Dominion contest. Conservative leaders in Quebec looked for a largely increased representation from that province.

"Everywhere," concluded Mr. Hazen, "I found unbounded confidence expressed in the leadership of R. L. Borden."

WORD PICTURE OF QUEBEC PAGEANT

Frank Lascelles, The English Designer And Manager Of Tercentenary Show, Tells Toronto Press Club Of The Wonders That Will Be Reproduced.

Toronto, June 12.—Frank Lascelles, of Oxford, England, the designer and manager of the pageants at the Quebec tercentenary was the guest of the Toronto Press Club here tonight and addressed a large gathering of press representatives, their wives and daughters on the wonders of the greatest event from a spectacular point of view the world has ever seen.

In a steady flow of flowery language Mr. Lascelles outlined the historic past of Quebec and French America whose chivalry is bound up in its history up to the present time. Next mouth he said there would be wonderful days. Hundreds of thousands of people from every corner of the earth would tread lightly over the ground where brave deeds gave the nation a birth. Lights in every window, and flowers on every sill to beautify and illuminate the land and below on the winding River St. Lawrence will lay the battleships of the three great nations whose history is so intricately interwoven with that of Canada, while on the Plains of Abraham the bugle calls of the arms of these same nations.

If this pageant had been merely a theatrical enterprise or something that was to be merely spectacular in its character, he would not have left England, he said, but the scope afforded in the scenes was so impressive from a standpoint of history, inviting, as it did, the best work of the best historians, painters, musicians, artists and all those who took part, that it would be talked of as a spectacular production by millions yet unborn.

Mr. Lascelles gave a word picture of what is to be produced. As nearly as possible with the aid of the best that the world is able to afford in the way of record and costume, the important events will be enacted as they actually took place. The weird Indian circles, disturbed by the landing of Jacques Cartier and his little band, the quaint scene showing the gathering of the Indians and the erection of the wooden cross with the inscription of the king, the bringing of the maimed and sick to Jacques Cartier to be healed, the reading of the first gospel, and the final departure of the discoverer.

From this the witnesses of these great scenes are taken from the shores of the newly discovered land, and placed in Paris. The reproduction of the gorgeous spectacles that attended the arrival of Jacques Cartier at the court of Francis I. Women in delicate shades of silk on caparisoned horses with string instruments and a maze of magnificence that has never before been attempted in the world.

Other acts are the arrival of Laval, of Champlain, of Madam De La Pellerie, of Dollard and his sixteen braves who save the situation and altered the destines of nations.

There is nothing in the fashions either of women or men that will not appear in the vast coterie of characters that are to take part. The armies and the navies of three great nations will give representations of historic battles. The canvas and painted scenes are the largest that have ever been used, some of them 2,000 and 3,000 feet long.

Arrangements have been made for the entertainment of 40,000 guests at a time, and the tented city that is being put up for the purpose next month will accommodate 6,000 or 7,000 more.

WIDE SCOPE OF COMMISSION

Questions Which Agricultural Commission Is Asking Farmers To Answer

NOW BEING SENT OUT

Cover Wide Range Of Subjects Affecting The Farming Interests Of The Province—What It Is Sought To Learn—Places of Meetings Announced.

It has before been stated that the agricultural commission, preparatory to holding a series of meetings, would send circular letters to the districts where meetings are to be held asking information along various lines to assist in the work for which the commission was created. These letters have now been prepared and are being sent out to various school districts. They ask the number of farms and acres of cleared land in the district, the vacant farms, how much cleared land on each, the estimated value, the numbers of farms for sale, the total acreage last year in hay, oats ,wheat, etc., garden produce, and number of apple trees. It is also asked if there has been any information available from the illustration orchards.

Another set of questions asks the number of cattle in the district, how many milch cows, names of breeds, etc.; also the numbers and breeds of swine, sheep, fowl, turkeys and ducks. It is asked if there are any difficulties in the way of keeping sheep.

Relative to dairying, information as to number of farmers sending milk or cream to cheese or butter factories is asked for. The number of head of stock sold or slaughtered since Nov. 1, 1907, is sought for. It is also asked how much cream or milk was sold for city consumption.

Relative to horses it is sought to learn how many horses, breeding mares and stallions are in the district, and it is also asked if holding of monthly sales at a convenient centre would be an advantage.

The number of men required for hire in the district is asked, also the wages paid; how many domestic servants and what wages.

Questions relative to apple raising are asked, also relative to weeds and it is also asked if any peat or black mud is to be found in the district; also how much commercial fertilizer was used last year and what did it cost.

Questions relative to drainage are put to the farmers. They are also asked how many belong to the agricultural societies and what benefits do they derive. They are also asked to suggest how the societies might do better work. They are also asked their opinion of farmers' institute meetings and what benefits the farmers receive from exhibitions. Suggestions as to making of exhibitions more useful are also asked for.

The number keeping bees is asked. Another question is as to the nature of the forest growth on uncleared portions of farms or upon unoccupied areas. It is also asked what markets are available for round lumber, pulpwood and hard wood and what are the average prices of each. The supply of fuel and fencing is queried about. It is also asked how many farmers go from home with teams to work in the woods, and how many without teams. It is asked if there are streams good for water power and what is the fall to the mile and the volume of water.

Then, too, the commission ask as to minerals in the district, are there deposits of limestone, building stone, granite, gypsum or brick clay? It is asked if anyone is making a practice of selecting and improving seed grain or potatoes, and if there has been any experience from the sowing of selected seed. Opinion is also sought as to whether agriculture should be taught in the public schools, in the high schools, at the university, or to special local classes; also would the people be willing to join with other districts to establish a consolidated school and would they pay higher taxes for a consolidated school or to get teachers qualified to teach agriculture.

The following places and dates have been arranged for sittings of the agricultural commission during June and July:

Carleton County.

Tuesday, June 23, Woodstock.
Wednesday, June 24, Hartland.
Thursday, June 25, Centreville.
Friday, June 26, Glassville.
Saturday, June 27th, Bath.

Victoria County.

Monday, June 29, Andover.
Tuesday, June 30, Plaster Rock.
Wednesday, July 1, New Denmark (afternoon); Grand Falls (evening).

Madawaska County.

Thursday, July 2, St. Leonards.
Friday, July 3, Clair.
Saturday, July 4, Edmundston.

York County.

Monday, July 6, Canterbury Station.
Tuesday, July 7, Harvey Station.
Wednesday, July 8th, Prince William (front).
Thursday, July 9, Southampton (Grand View).
Friday, July 10, Upper Hainsville.

Sunbury County.

Monday, July 13, Lakeville Corner.
Tuesday, July 14, Burton (Court House)
Wednesday, July 15, Fredericton Jct.

Charlotte County.

Thursday, July 16, Rollingdam.
Friday, July 17, Waweig.
Saturday, July 18, St. Stephen.
Monday, July 20, St. George.

St. John County.

Tuesday, July 21, Musquash.
Wednesday, July 22, Loch Lomond.
Thursday, July 23, St. Martins.

TEMPERANCE MEN PLEASED

The amendments to the Canada Temperance act debated in the senate on Thursday caused gratification to the local temperance men. A prominent temperance man here, speaking of the matter yesterday afternoon said the proposed alterations to the law are just what is wanted.

He expressed the opinion that the Scott act is the best piece of temperance legislation ever introduced into Canada. The case, however, with which liquor could be transported from a license into a no license county had always interfered with its proper enforcement. It is true that the provincial legislatures might pass legislation to cover this point as had been done in New Brunswick but the proposed amendments introduced into the Dominion act would make it very much easier to enforce the law.

HOME MISSIONS DEALT WITH

Unite Work in Three Provinces Under One Board

The concluding sessions of the annual meeting of the sixth district of the United Baptist church in New Brunswick were held Friday at Gondola Point. A resolution was unanimously adopted that on account of the cost of administration being out of all proportion to the revenue, home mission work should be taken back into the maritime convention, and that this department in the three provinces should be united under one board. A committee was appointed to assist in securing pastors for the pastorless churches in the district. Several addresses were delivered and other business transacted.

The morning session opened with devotional exercises led by Rev. H. G. Kennedy. In the absence of Rev. Samuel Howard, who was to have addressed the meeting on Our Vacant Churches, Rev. J. W. Kierstead continued the subject on Our Depleted Ministry. In the course of his remarks he brought to the attention of the meeting many practical problems connected with country churches, showing that in all parts of the province the smaller churches were weak and that unless some remedy should be applied soon it would come too late.

The city churches, he said, had reported a creditable increase, but with only five exceptions in the whole district, the country churches showed a decrease. While this was going on, one third of the annual income was being spent on administration which, as results had proved, did not administrate.

Regarding the subject of the depleted ministry, Rev. Mr. Kierstead said he thought the situation was not so critical and had been somewhat exaggerated.

The sentiments in the address were heartily endorsed by Rev. D. Hutchinson, Rev. E. J. Grant, Rev. Mr. Kennedy, R. March and others. A committee consisting of Rev. Mr. Hutchinson, Rev. Mr. Grant, John E. Slipp and N. Hughson, was appointed to draw up a resolution making a recommendation to the provincial association regarding changes in home missions. The committee submitted the following resolution:—

Well as the administration of our home mission work in New Brunswick has been carried on, it is costing a sum out of all proportion with the revenue for this purpose and with the work that is being done.

Therefore, it is the consensus of opinion of this 6th district meeting convened in annual session at Rothesay, that the time has come to take our home mission work back into the maritime convention and to unite the home mission work in the three provinces under one board.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

At the closing session in the afternoon, after devotional exercises led by Rev. C. W. Townsend, an excellent address was delivered by Rev. W. W. McMaster, on the principal purpose of a Sabbath school. A permanent committee consisting of Rev. Mr. McMaster, Rev. Mr. Hutchinson and Rev. Mr. Kierstead was appointed to assist the pastorless churches in the district to secure pastors and also to assist pastors to effect a settlement.

Michael Kelly, of St. Martins, delivered an eloquent address on temperance, in which he stoutly advocated the enfranchisement of women. It was not, he said, a case of women's rights, but of human rights.

After passing votes of thanks to the Rothesay people, for the hospitable manner in which they had entertained, the delegates and to the press for the space given to the sessions, the meeting adjourned to convene at the call of the executive.

FORMER CARLETON COUNTY WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH

Mrs. Agnes Cluff, a Native of Northampton, Victim of Oil Stove Explosion at Lewiston.

Woodstock, N. B., June 13—Mrs. Agnes Cluff, aged 50 years, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cluff, of Northampton, met with a fatal accident at the home of her sister, Mrs. George Rogers, with whom she was living in Lewiston, Maine, on Thursday. She was warming some milk on an oil stove when the stove exploded and she was so badly burned that she died in a short time.

Besides her relatives in Lewiston, two brothers—Herbert and William, reside in Northampton, and Burns Cluff in Seattle. The body arrived this afternoon.

ARTIST MET HIS FATE ON NEW BRUNSWICK FARM

Boston, June 12—What is said to be the culmination of a pretty romance occurred yesterday afternoon at Providence (R. I.), the Gretna Green of New England, when Chipman Sherar, of Philadelphia, an artist, and Miss Elizabeth Kelso, who said her home is in New Brunswick, were granted a license to wed. Miss Kelso said she was thirty years old and the daughter of John Kelso, a New Brunswick farmer. Sherar, who is forty-eight years old, is said to have first met his bride while painting near her home.

NEW OPERATING WING IS OPENED

Tablet in Memory of the Late Dr. Bayard Also Unveiled

HOSPITAL CEREMONIES

Dr. Stewart of Halifax Recounts the Work of Lister, the Great Surgeon, in a Fine Address—Premier Hazen Extols Dr. Bayard and Hopes Provincial Aid in Greater Measure May Be Granted Hospital After a Time.

The new operating room in the general public hospital was formally opened on Saturday evening. A number of visitors were present, including Dr. John Stewart of Halifax, a former pupil of Lord Lister, who gave an interesting address on the early work of the great surgeon. A tablet in memory of the late Dr. William Bayard was also unveiled.

The first part of the proceedings took place in ward B. On the platform were Dr. Thomas Walker, president of the hospital commission; Rev. Lauchlan A. Maclean, pastor of Calvin church; Dr. John Stewart of Halifax, and Henry Hilyard, chairman of the committee in charge of the building of the new operating room. Among those present were Hon. J. D. Hazen and Mrs. Hazen, Mrs. Thomas Walker, Hon R. J. Ritchie, John E. Wilson, M.P.P.; Mrs. Silas Alward, Mrs. W. W. White, Hon. C. N. Skinner, Ald. Pickett, Willet and Lewis, E. J. Everett, F. Neil Brodie, the architect, and the contractors. The board of commissioners, the house staff and the visiting staff were also present.

After a few introductory remarks from Dr. Walker expressing the debt of gratitude to the late Owen-Jones, Rev. Mr. Maclean offered prayer.

The president then called on Dr. Stewart, whom he introduced as a former pupil and assistant house surgeon to Lord Lister.

Dr. Stewart dealt with the work of Lister in connection with surgery. Considering all he had done for the cause of humanity, he regarded him as the greatest man living today. Life saving operations which no one would have dared to perform fifty years ago were now, through Lister's discoveries, of every day occurence.

Dr. Stewart spoke of the early life of Lister, who is now in his 82nd year. Lister's career at University College, London, was touched upon and his subsequent decision to begin his studies again at Edinburgh University.

His researches at that time were little known but, dealing as they did with the nature of inflammation and with the nervous system, the foundation of all surgical work, the results were in every treatise on the subject today.

Speaking of the time, forty-one years ago, when Lister accepted the chair of surgery in Glasgow and began his great work, Dr. Stewart said it was difficult to convey any idea of surgery as then practised and when Lister read his first paper. The feature of all diseases in surgical wards was their uncertainty. Blood poisoning, seldom seen today; hospital gangrene, now never heard of; and erysipelas were the chief enemies. Lister was much affected by the too often fatal results. Others had sought for the causes and some wonderful guesses had been made, but no solid ground had been arrived at until Lister began his researches.

He always acknowledged the priority of the researches of Pasteur, who had discovered organisms in the yeast plant. Hitherto it had been supposed that all fermentations were due to the air acting on a substance. When Lister found out what Pasteur had done it occurred to him that the changes in wounds which caused fever and death were due to minute organisms. He was in the minority, it being almost universally held that putrefaction in wounds was due to the oxygen in the air.

Dr. Stewart went on to draw the distinction between simple and compound fractures, pointing out that the latter were among the most serious accidents which could happen on account of the exposure of the wound to the air. In those days, he said, so great was the danger of inflammation that any attempt to save the limb was seldom made. Carbolic acid had previously been used as a wash. Lister by mopping out a wound in a bad fracture, packing it with gauze and laying on a dressing after washing with the acid, brought about for the first time recovery from a compound fracture without suppuration. The operation was performed forty-one years ago. The method was afterwards improved.

When Lister succeeded Prof. Syme in the chair at Edinburgh, he introduced the steam spray to disinfect the air by killing the germs as they fell on the wound. He abandoned this method in 1890, but its use was continued by others for many years.

To Lister, Dr. Stewart said, was also due the isolation of the germ which caused milk to sour and from that investigation came the knowledge that many contagious diseases depend on germs, and also the modern methods of preserving foods.

As an instance of the wonderful success of Lister's antiseptic treatment, Dr. Stewart referred to a hospital in Munich where, after it was introduced in 1875, the mortality declined fifty per cent.

Dr. Murray MacLaren, as senior on the surgical staff, thanked Dr. Stewart for his address. Referring to the new operating room, Dr. MacLaren spoke of the long felt desire of the staff to have such an addition to the hospital and complimented the commissioners.

Mr. Hilyard then gave a short history of the way the operating room came to be built. He paid a warm tribute to the excellent work the hospital was now doing and on behalf of the committee then formally handed the key of the room to the president.

On the invitation of the president, the company then adjourned to the upper floor of the building, and inspected the new operating room, which has before been described.

The contractors for the new wing were: Masonry work, Clarke & Adams; carpenter work, A. Dodge; plumbing, G. & R. Blake; painting and glazing, B. A. Denniston; electric lighting, F. E. Jones; copper work, James McDade.

After inspecting the new wing, the company returned to the main hall to witness the unveiling of the memorial tablet to the late Dr. Bayard. Dr. Walker, after removing the drapery which concealed the tablet, called on Premier Hazen.

The premier said he felt it a great honor on such an occasion to say a few words. Dr. Bayard was held in universal respect throughout the province and was worthy of an address to which more thought should be given than in the time at his disposal.

The circumstances were especially fitting because Dr. Bayard might be regarded as the founder of the hospital. Something had been said with regard to an increased grant to the hospital. To no object, he could assure them, would the legislature contribute with greater pleasure than the hospital and he only regretted that they could not afford to increase the grant this year. He trusted that in the future they would be able to recognize its worth in a more generous manner.

Dr. Bayard, it had been said, needed no tablet to perpetuate his memory—the hospital itself was an enduring monument. It was impossible to measure the good which he did. He needed no praise, he was a citizen who bore the proud old name of gentleman and all his dealings were true to his name without fear and without reproach. He had gone to his place and his reward.

The tablet, which is a handsome piece of work by R. H. Green & Son, is placed on the central pillar. It bears the following inscription:

In memory of
William Bayard, Esq.,
M.D., LL.D., Edin.
The founder of this hospital
and
its honored president from
1863 to 1902.
Born 1812. Died 1907.

PRESENTATIONS TO MISS ELLA McCARTHY

Miss Ella McCarthy, who through ill health, recently resigned from the position of the King's Daughters' Guild, was made the recipient, by the boarders, of a handsome silk umbrella, with pearl and silver handle, suitably engraved with her monogram. It was accompanied by an address signed by the boarders and assistant matron, expressing the esteem in which she was held by them, and with best wishes for her future.

Miss McCarthy received from the general-secretary, a volume of Rev. Cortland Myer's works. Miss McCarthy entertained the boarders on Friday night with games and singing, and a most enjoyable time was spent by all. Refreshments were served.

The King's Daughters, who accepted the resignation of Miss McCarthy with regret, wish her a speedy restoration to her usual health.

NOTES FOR FARMERS FOR JUNE

(By John Fixter, Farm Superintendent, Macdonald College.)

1. Keep down all weeds in the fields, along ditches, and especially the roadside.
2. Do your statute labor this month and do a decent day's work. One day extra will do good.
3. Use the hand wheel hoe on the roots as soon as they appear.
4. If mangels or carrots have missed, resow with turnips.
5. Thin carrots, mangels and turnips before haying, and cultivate often.
6. Thin corn plants 6 to 8 inches apart in the rows, and cultivate often; close at first, further away as the plants grow.
7. Spray potatoes with Paris Green and Bordeaux Mixture, and cultivate often.
8. Prepare for the clover harvest—have horse fork, rope and track in perfect order.
9. Keep the mower knives sharp; also the sides and point of the guards.
10. As to clover common red, cut it when well in bloom. Use the tedder freely before coiling.
11. Save part of the clover field for seed; allow it to ripen.
12. In drawing hay, have end pieces on your rack for convenience in loading.
13. Draining may be done this month in pasture fields that are to be in hoed crop next year.
14. BEES. Give plenty of room for surplus honey and prevent swarming as as possible. Have hives in readiness case they swarm. Do not extract a honey this month; allow it to ripen.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne
The ORIGINAL and ~~ONLY~~ GENUINE.
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POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

PRIZE WINNERS OF WINDSOR, N. S., COLLEGIATE SCHOOL

Windsor, N. S., June 15—Beautiful weather dawned this morning and permitted the gymnastic display to be given on the tennis court at the Collegiate School. Each year new drills, figures and pyramids are introduced by the instructor, Sergt. Cunningham, and the sight is always a pretty one.

At the completion of the drill the prizes were presented by Rev. G. R. Martell, rector of Christ church.

Alumni prizes, $40, senior boy, H.W.Jones, Halifax;$20, junior boy, G. H. Morrison, Amherst; $5, French, H. W. Jones; $5, mathematics, A. G. Lawson, Cuba; $5, classics, H. W. Jones; class one, English, H. W. Jones, H. W. Windeler; class two, Scripture, G. H. Morrison; classics, J. Harley, Windsor; mathematics, Eric C. Lovitt, Montreal; English, G. H. Morrison; French, G. H. Morrison; class three, Scripture, J. R. McLean, Morenci, Arizona; Latin, E. Oxley, Halifax; mathematics, E. Wainwright, Halifax; E. Boulden, Windsor; English, J. R. McLean; French, R. Morris; class four A, Scripture, C. Laylor, Weymouth; Latin, M. Hensley; mathematics, F. Hanright, Halifax; English, L. Oxley; class five, Scripture, H. Dunlavy, Bridgetown; Latin, A. M. Parsons, Londonderry; mathematics, H. Dunlavy; English, H. Dunlavy.

Gymnasium prizes—Class one, best all-round, K. Campbell; class work, A. C. Morris; progress, H. Binny; class two, best all-round, M. Young, Kentville; class work, J. R. McLean; progress, Sric Boulden; class three, best all-round, F. Hanright; class work, V. Brown, Windsor; cricket batting, A. C. Morris; bowling, H. R. Jones; little boys' class, Andrew Curry, Windsor, for progress; the W. T. Whitehead Cup, for the best all-round boy in school, was won by A. G. Lawson; a challenge cup presented by G. Breville Haslam to the best athlete was won by K. Campbell, Weymouth.

The prizes were all handsomely bound books and were the generous donations of the following friends of the school. W. L. Whitehead, Montreal; W. Marshall Black, Wolfville; A. S. Henshaw, Almonte, Ont.; Chas. S. Hesley, Yellow Grass, Savannah; J. P. Edwards, Londonderry; Rufus Curry Haley, B. Tremain, Dr. C. E. Willets, Mrs. Handsomebody, Windsor.

The matriculants into Kings College are: G. Harrison, of Halifax, and the following from the Collegiate School: H. W. Jones, F. C. Windeler, V. K. Forsyth, A. G. Lawson, A. C. Morris.

The attendance at the school numbered sixty-five, with fifteen day boys. This has been a very successful year in the school work. F. T. Handsomebody, the head master, is very popular with both parents and students, and is steadily increasing the popularity of this school for the training and education of young boys. The staff will still retain the services of Mr. Buckle and Mr. Morris. Mr. Bullock has decided to continue his studies at Kings and the vavancy caused by his resignation will be filled by Mr. G. E. Tobin, B. A., of Kings.

Mr. and Mrs. Handsomebody entertained many of the visitors at luncheon at the close of the presentation of prizes.

Salisbury Notes.

Salisbury, N. B., June 15.—Edward Gray, M.D., who recently completed his studies at Harvard College, arrived home recently and is the guest of his father, P. J. Gray, Sr. It is understood that before opeing up an office, Dr. Gray will practice his profession for a year in one of the leading American hospitals.

Frank McNaughton arrived home from Fredericton Normal School last week and will take charge of a school after the summer holidays.

Among the visitors to Salisbury over Sunday were: Mrs. Alonzo Jones Allison, Mr. and Mrs. David Jonah, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Goggin and Frank Wheaton, Petitcodiac; Mrs. Elliott and daughter, Miss Margaret Holstead and Messrs. Fred Wortman and George Robertson, Moncton; Miss MacLellan, Toronto; Mrs. M. S. Cox and Messrs. Truman and Byron Jones, River Glade Station.

Mr. and Mrs. Waltter Melanson, of Sackville, were the guests last week of the latter's uncle, J. W. Carter.

Harry Baird, of Richibucto, was in Salisbury over Sunday, visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Baird.

Eight more members were added to the United Baptist church at this place on Sunday. Several children were christened at the Methodist church Sunday afternoon.

William Trites, C.E., will leave for Fredericton this week where he will be one of the principals in an interesting event.

James W. Trites left for Norton this morning where he will be engaged for the summer in railway ballasting.

Fred Wheaton, a student at Harvard Dental College, returned to Boston last week after a short visit here with his parents.

Miss Isabella Foster, teacher at Dawson, Albert county, spent Sunday at her home in Salisbury.

St. Martins News.

St. Martins, June 15.—Sch. Emily F. Northam, Capt. Reid, which underwent extensive repairs here, saiked on Friday for Windsor, N. S., where she will load for New York.

Sch. Valetta, Capt. Charles Smith, from St. John for Pt. Wolfe, called here on Sunday.

Mrs. Joseph McCumber and family, who have spent the winter here, left last week for Boston, where they will visit before going to their home in Charleston, S. C.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Titus are spending a few days with friends in Central Norton.

Rev. C. W. Townsend and wife, Mrs. Annie Dimock and Michael Kelley and wife returned on Saturday from Gondola Point, where they had been attending the district meeting of the United Baptist churches.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip McIntyre and son Willis left last week for Lower Blissville, Sunbury Co., where they will visit for a short time.

Horace Babson, of Boston, is the guest of his mother, Mrs. W. E. Skillen.

Misses Anna Bentley and Annie De Long, who have been students at the Provincial Normal School, Fredericton, returned to their homes here on Saturday.

Douglas Wood, who has spent the last two years in Island Falls (Me.), returned to his home here on Saturday.

Miss Grace Carson, who has spent the past week in St. John, has returned to her home.

E. Vernon McCumber, of St. John, who has been visiting relatives and friends for a short time, returned home on Monday.

Lady Shaughnessy and family will leave Montreal about the twenty-second of the month, to spend some time at their country residence at St. Andrews.

For Dainty Women

Excessive perspiration is the bane of many a woman's existence in summer. It leaves its disagreeable odor on all garments. It keeps one uncomfortable in mind and body. "Talcum Powder" used to be the standby, but women have found that Talcum and host of other toilet powders give only temporary relief at the best. They may absorb a little of the perspiration but they do not completely destroy odors nor soothe the skin.

"Foot Elm" is the one friend to dainty women in hot weather. "Foot Elm" is delightfully soft and cooling to the most delicate skin. "Foot Elm" removes all odors, due to excessive perspiration—keeps the arm pits and other parts of the body sweet and clean. "Foot Elm" is the original foot tonic. It is a toilet necessary to every woman who loves cleanliness and daintiness. Remember, there is nothing "just like" "Foot Elm" nor nothing "just as good." At all dealers—25c a box.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

Monday, June 15.

Stmr Coban, 689, McPhail, Louisburg (C B), coal.

Bktn Shawmut, (Am), Reicker, Calais.

Schr Vere B Roberts, 124, Roberts, Port Reading for Fredericton, coal.

Schr Jennie A Stubbs (Am), 159, Dickson, Lubec, master, bal.

Schr Annie M Parker, 307, Duffy, Apalachicola, R C Elkin, pitch pine.

Schr Rebecca W Huddell (Am), 210, Ward, Bar Harbor, D J Purdy, bal.

Schr Oriole, 124, McLean, Boston, C M Kerrison, bal.

Coastwise—Schrs Augusta Evelyn, 30, Scovil, North Head; Viola Pearl, 23, Tadlin, Beaver Harbor, and cld; Lizzie B, 80, Campbell, Alma; Fanny, 91, Reid, Apple River; Comrade, 77, McHarg, Apple River; H R Emmerson, 98, Handy, River Hebert; Sloop Florence, 18, Lamax, Lepreaux, and cld.

Cleared.

Monday, June 15.

Schr Rewa, 122, McLean, New Bedford, Andre Cushing & Co, 137,715 ft spruce plank; 55,438 ft spruce scantling.

Schr Paragon (Am), 80, Harmen, fishing.

Coastwise—Schrs Selina, Nevers, Apple River; LeBlanc, Pubnico; Georgia D Jenkins, 398, Jenkins, River Hebert; Adella, 58, Morrison, Canning; Harry, 421, Patterson, Apple River.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Dalhousie, N B, June 13—Ard ship Glooscap, 1,721, Lewis, Barbados.

Chatham, June 12—Ard, stmrs St Andrews (Nor), Nanen, New York; Fram (Nor), Hansen, Portland.

Hillsboro, June 12—Ard, stmr Hird (Nor), Gundersen, Norfolk; schr Crabtree, Crabtree, Sackville.

Yarmouth, June 9—Ard, schr Wandrian, Patterson, Port Johnson.

Cld 12—Bark Dalston, Bie, Buenos Ayres.

Quebec, June 10—Ard, stmrs Dunmore Head, McFarran, Montreal (to finish loading for Dublin and Cork); Orthia, Brown, Montreal (to load.)

Halifax, June 15—Ard, stmr Halifax, Boston, and sld for Hawkesbury and Charlottetown; schr Hope, Sherwood, Perth Amboy.

Sld—Stmr Rosalind, New York; Siberian, Philadelphia; Senlac, St John via ports.

Cld—Schrs Pilgrim, Charlottetown; Georgia, Newcastle.

St Stephen, June 15—Ard, schr Otis Miller, Parrsboro.

BRITISH PORTS.

Preston, June 13—Ard, stmrs Arcola, Chatham; Unima, Newcastle.

Liverpool, June 13—Ard, stmr Cape Antibes, Campbellton via Sydney (C B).

FOREIGN PORTS.

Boston, June 15—Ard, schrs Ida M Barton, St John; Temperance Bell, do; John B Miller, P. E. Island; Golden Rule, Weymouth.

Vineyard Haven, June 15—Ard, schrs Talmouth, St John for City Island; Genevieve, do, for Pawtucket; Romeo, for Bridgeport; Cora May, do for orders; E C Gates, bound west.

Portland, Me., June 15—Ard, schrs Theresa Wolfe, St John for New York; R Carson, do for Boston; Stella Maud, do for do.

City Island, June 15—Baund south, schrs Laney Cobb, Calais; Sarah Reed, do via Vineyard Haven.

Eastport, June 15—Ard, schr Wawenock, St George.

Sld—Schr Orozimbo, St John.

Calais, June 15—Ard, schr Maryfield, Parrsboro.

CHARTERS.

The following charters are announced by Scammell Bros., of New York, in their circular of June 13: Br stmr Antillian, 3,678 tons, St John to Liverpool, deals, 31s 3d, June, declared on old contract; Aust stmr Margherita, 2,070 tons, Grindstone Island to W Britain or E Ireland, deals, p t, June; Dan stmr Russ, 1,577 tons, St John to W Britain or E Ireland, deals, 30s, June; Br stmr Harewood, 1,671 tons, Gulf to the Continent and U K, timber, p t, July; Br schr Harry W Lewis, 297 tons, Guttenburg to Annapolis, coal, p t; Schr Susie P Oliver, 236 tons, Perth Amboy to St John, coal, $1.05; Schr E Marie Brown, 378 tons, Richibucto to New Bedford, dry hemlock, $3.25; Schr Manie Sanders, 234 tons, Sackville to New York, lumber, p t; Schr John Hancock, —— tons, Sherbrooke and Halifax to N Y or Philadelphia, lath, 60c.; Br schr Helen Shafner, 183 tons, Perth Amboy to Sydney, coal, $1.25; Br schr Theta, 420 tons, Philadelphia to Moncton, coal, p t; Br schr Nevis, 124 tons, Guttenburg to Hansport, coal, $1.15; schr F A Plummer, 330 tons, Elizabethport to Halifax, coal, 90c.; Br schr Phoenix, 396 tons, Edgewater to Halifax, coal, 90c; Br schr Wandrian, 311 tons, Pt Johnston to Yarmouth, coal, $1.10; Br schr Greta, 146 tons, Pt Johnston to Canso, coal, $1.10; Br stmr Sandsend, 2,480 tons, Carthagena to Sydney (C B), ore, 4s 9d, July; schr Andrew G Pierce, Jr., 234 tons, Pleasant River to New York, stone, $750.

LIST OF VESSELS IN PORT.

Barkentines.

Shawmut, 401.

Schooners.

Abbie & Eva Hooper, 276, R C Elkin.
Annie A Booth, 165, A W Adams.
Annie M Parker, D C Elkin.
Annie Lord.
Almeda Willey, 493, J E Moore.
Cheslie, 330, G E Holder.
Dora C, 402, J W Smith.
Eric, 119, N C Scott.
Earl Grey, 379, J W Smith.
Evadne, 361, R C Elkin.
E M Roberts, 322, R C Elkin.
E Merriam, 331, Stetson, Cutler & Co.
Florence R Hewson, 289, J A Likely.
F & E Givan, 99, C M Kerrison.
Fred W M MacKay.
H M Stanley, 97, J W McAlary.
Harry Miller, 246, A W Adams.
Hunter, 187, D J Purdy.
Jennie A Stubbs, master.
J. Arthur Lord, 189, F C Beatteay.
Leora M Thurlow, A W Adams.
Lois V Chaples.
Oriole, C M Kerrison.
Rebecca W Huddell, D J Purdy.
Talmouth, 99, J W Smith.
Vere B Roberts, J W Smith.
Winnie Lawry, 215, D J Purdy.

Hopewell Hill Notes.

Hopewell Hill, June 14.—Albert county court opens at the shiretown on Tuesday next, June 16.

James Douthright, son of Ezra Douthright, received a bad cut in the face while working in the woods yesterday. Young Douthright was measuring up a felled tree, which another workman was "limbing," when the chopper's axe, which was double bladed, on being swung back, accidentally struck the young man in the face, cutting through the nose and making a bad gash on the cheek. Dr. Carnwath attended to the injury.

The stallion Hernando Jr., at one time well known on the track, got his leg broken recently and had to be killed. He was owned by J. W. Steeves. Mr. Steeves was selling the horse by lottery, and had already sold a good many tickets.

Joseph P. Calhoun, son of W. E. Calhoun, Cape Station, left on Thursday on his return to British Columbia, after being at home a year on account of poor health.

The steamer Wilfrid C. took a large excursion party to Grindstone Island and Pink Rock on Friday. The party included the teachers and many of the scholars of the Consolidated school, the members and secretary of the board of trustees, ex-Governor McClellan, and others.

Edwin Wagstaff occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church here this evening in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Thos. Hicks, who has been attending the district meeting.

YARMOUTH THIEF GETS SEVEN YEARS

Yarmouth, N. S., June 15 (Special).—On Saturday evening the police, armed with search warrants visited the residence of Charles McDougall, colored, an employe of Cook & Stoneman, dry goods merchants, of this town and discovered therein four cartloads of merchandise, which had been stolen from the firm named.

McDougall was immediately arrested and on being arraigned before Stipendiary Pelton pleaded guilty and was remanded till morning, when he was sentenced to seven years in Dorchester penitentiary.

OUTLOOK GOOD FOR CROPS IN PROVINCE

W. W. Hubbard, Secretary of Agricultural Commission, Speaks of Conditions.

W. W. Hubbard, secretary of the Agricultural commission, speaking of the crop prospects for the present season, yesterday said that generally speaking the grass looked better and there is every likelihood of excellent hay crops all over the province. Grain too is looking well in spite of the fact that the season for cereals is about ten days later than usual.

Where the frost did not kill the blossoms there is a much better showing for fruit than usual. Mr. Hubbard remarked that many had assured him when conversing on the subject that they had never seen so many blossoms on the fruit trees as this year. Of course, he said, no one will be able to tell just how fruit is likely to be for a week or two yet as the blossoms are just falling.

CELEBRATE GOLDEN AND SILVER WEDDINGS

A happy family gathering was that at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Heans, of 85 Paradise row, Monday, when the four sons and four daughters of the aged and respected couple met with them to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Heans were married in St. John and have lived here ever since. Mrs. Heans was the daughter of the late Donald Munro.

The sons who were present Monday at the celebration were Messrs. Fred S., William J., Charles and George Heans. The daughters were Mrs. H. Willis, of Montreal, who is here for the anniversary celebration, Mrs. George L. P. Swetka and Misses Laura and Emma at home. There are also ten grandchildren of whom the greater number were present last night.

Mr. and Mrs. Heans are still vigorous in health and enjoyed the merry making as much as anyone. Mr. Heans is but seventy-five years of age and Mrs. Heans is six years younger.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Belyea celebrated the 25th anniversary of their wedding at their home, 136 Duke street, Carleton, Monday. About fifty guests assembled to offer their congratulations and join in wishing many years of happiness in the future. During the evening Joseph H. Mosher, in a fitting speech, presented to Mr. and Mrs. Belyea on behalf of their friends, a silver scallop dish, fern dish and pie fork. Mr. and Mrs. Belyea made suitable replies. The proceedings were thoroughly enjoyed and a most pleasant social evening was spent.

CARLETON COUNTY FARMER SUFFERS BIG LOSS BY FIRE

Woodstock, N. B., June 15 (Special).—Nelson McBride, a well-to-do farmer of the parish of Richmond, met with a heavy loss by fire yesterday afternoon. Three barns, two sheds and a granary with all their contents, including a large amount of last year's wheat, a valuable mare and colt, all his harness, wagons, grinding mill, mowing machine, pung, etc., were burned. Two calves, pigs, and a highly prized dog were also consumed. The insurance is $450. The origin of the fire is a mystery, as the boys visited the barn in the morning and Mr. McBride in the afternoon. Both found no signs of fire. There were no children around who might use matches. By hard work four horses were cut loose and saved.

St. Stephen Happenings.

St. Stephen, June 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Killam, who have been spending a few days in town the guests of Mrs. Killam's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. McKay Deinstadt, left by last evening's train for their future home in Vancouver B.C. Mrs. Killam will be much missed in this community where she was a great favorite.

Rev. G. M. Young left this morning for Moncton, where he will attend the Methodist conference. There will be no service in his church on Sunday, 21st inst.

On Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Baptist church, Miss Elsie McCrum, of the Rollingdam, and Mr. Lloyd Budd of this town, will be united in marriage.

Miss Eunice Bartlett, assistant in the High School, has tendered her resignation, to take effect at the close of the present term. She will be succeeded by her sister.

Mrs. Albert Melone is seriously ill at her home on Porter street.

Mrs. Rogers and Miss Bertha Taylor, of Seattle, are spending a few weeks with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Taylor, on King street.

Grand Master J. D. Chipman, with grand lodge officers, paid an official visit to Alley Lodge F. & A. M., on Friday evening.

Mrs. Neil of Boston is visiting her mother, Mrs. Keating, Water street.

Herbert DeWolf, son of B. R. DeWolf, went to Rothesay by Saturday evening's train, where he will occupy the pulpit of the Baptist church during the summer months until the opening of Acadia College in September, when he will become a student of that institution.

Mr. Crisp, son of Rev. James Crisp, president of the Methodist conference, occupied the pulpit of the church at Milltown today. His uncle, Rev. Robert Crisp, is improving slowly.

F. S. Morrison, instructor of manual training here and Milltown, has tendered his resignation, to take effect on June 30. He has accepted a similar position in St. John.

Miss Ethel Teed, daughter of ex-mayor Teed, expects to leave for Guelph, Ontario, next week where she will take a post graduate course as a nurse.

Jerusalem Items.

Jerusalem, N.B., June 15.—Mrs. F. W. Killam and children of Halifax are visiting Mrs. L. J. Leard at the parsonage.

Charles A. Kee, Jas. Smith, and Miss Mary Harrison of St. John, spent Sunday here.

Miss Florence Inch of Fredericton, and Miss Sadie Inch of Hampstead, spent Sunday with their aunt, Mrs. W. T. Inch.

Mrs. Richard Peer and daughter of Westfield, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

Child Drowned in Barrel of Water

Charlottetown, June 15—Yesterday afternoon the eighteen months' old son of Benjamin Davy, of Albany, near Murray Harbor, while playing in the yard, fell head foremost in a barrel of water sunk in the ground and used for holding creamery cans. He was taken cut dead.

FORMER P. E. I. WOMAN KILLS HERSELF LIKE HER PARAMOUR

Essex, Mass., June 11.—One of the most sensational affairs which has taken place in this town for years was the double suicide which took place here when George Alden Gorton, aged 59, and Mrs. Edith A. Bowe, aged 35, the wife of T. F. Bowe, both of Grove street, living within a half mile of each other, ended their lives by taking strychnine.

Last Saturday morning Mr. Gorton and Mrs. Bowe were arrested, charged with a statutory offence.

The house was entered at 1 o'clock in the morning upon a complaint issued to the Essex police by T. F. Bowe, husband of Mrs. Bowe, who learned a few days ago that Mr. Gorton was visitng the house.

It is said Mr. Bowe travels on the road selling bitters of his own manufacture, and when away Mr. Gorton called at the house. It is also alleged that Mr. Bowe had planned a trip last Friday which was known to Mr. Gorton, and thinking the coast was clear visited the house. Mr. Bowe learning that his wife was entertaining company kept watch on the house, and seeing Gorton enter, called the police.

Gorton and Mrs. Bowe were taken to Gloucester and placed under arrest. Their case came before the court Tuesday morning and was held over to the grand jury both being held in $400 bonds, which were furnished.

Gorton returned to his home and on his way went to a store in Essex and endeavored to buy poison, saying that he wished to kill a cow. It was refused and so he went to Gloucester and bought some strychnine, after which he returned home and drank it. He suffered terrible agony and died about 1 o'clock.

It was claimed that he stopped on the way and left some poison with Mrs. Bowe.

Within 24 hours of the time that Gorton ended his life, Mrs. Edith A. Bowe also died by the strychnine. It is said Mrs. Bowe received word that the bondsman had withdrawn the bonds after learning of the death of Gorton, and she feared to go to jail.

She said that she would never be locked up and went into the house and took the poison. She was found in her room by Miss Cheney, who was stopping at the house, and Mr. Bowe.

It was stated that the mother gave her 7-year-old daughter Alice a drink of the strychnine and that she was in a serious condition, but later this was denied. As the story was told by Mr. Bowe to a Globe reporter the little child entered the bedroom and saw her mother dying on the floor. She fainted and it was some time before the child was brought to.

In speaking of the tragedy tonight, Mr. Bowe said he had always done everything that he could for Edith. "I do not know how my wife became acquainted with Mr. Gorton, and on first hearing that he visited my house I took very little notice of it, but after hearing several times of his visits I investigated and had the police keep watch of his movements, which led to the arrest."

Mrs. Gorton was seen at her home tonight. She said that Mrs. Bowe called at the house several times after Mr. Gorton to go down to her house to see her, and when she did not come herself she would send a note by her daughter.

"I had begged of my husband not to pay any attention to her and keep away from the house, but he would insist on going. He said that he would not stop and that he was going to stick by her as she wanted to leave her husband."

George J. Gorton, son of George A. Gorton, was seen at his home, and stated that he had nothing to say about the affair, excepting that he knew that his father was visiting Mrs. Bowe, and that he did all in his power to stop him from going to the house.

Mrs. Bowe was born at Prince Edward Island, Nov. 8, 35 years ago, and was married to T. F. Bowe at Portsmouth, N. H., April 15, 1898, and came to Essex June 18 of last year, where they have since resided. Mr. Bowe is 69 years of age.

George A. Gorton was born in Essex and always made it his home. He was born in the house where he resided up to the time of his death. He was a farmer. He leaves a wife and one son.

NEW YORK ALARMED AT LOSS OF GRAIN TRADE TO MONTREAL

New York, June 15.—The withdrawal from service of the freight ships of the White Star Line, and the complaint of the company that the railroads have so discriminated against New York that the grain of the country is being sent abroad by way of Montreal, will be thoroughly gone into by the New York Produce Exchange next Thursday, when its trade and transportation committee will submit a report on the subject which is expected to recommend the appointment of a committee to confer with the railroads.

"New York should be the natural shipping point for the grain of the country," said President Ring of the Exchange, "and there seems to be no other reason for the grain being sent to Montreal than that the railroads are giving that port lower rates than they are giving New York. They are handling the grain and all the terminals are in good shape to admit of its handling. The railroads have plenty of cars and engines." Mr. Ring said that every thing that could be done would be done by his associates to bring back the business to this city.

MARRIAGES

JONES-SIMPSON—At the residence of the bride's mother, 7 Rebecca street, on June 10th, by Rev. L. A. MacLean, of Calvin Presbyterian church, Leslie J. Jones, to Laura M., daughter of the late Robert Simpson, Esq.

BICKFORD-McKNIGHT—At Sussex (N. B.), June 11, by Rev. Frank Baird, Walter Lane Bickford, of Scarsville, to Ida May McKnight, of Sussex.

EVERETT-MURRAY—On the 10th inst., in St. Peter's church, Kingsclear, by the Rev. Canon Montgomery, rector, Frederic H. Everett, of Fredericton, to Elizabeth L., youngest daughter of the late John C. Murray, of Kingsclear.

HARPER-MURRAY—On the 10th inst., in St. Peter's church, Kingsclear, by the Rev. Canon Montgomery, rector, John N. M. Harper, of Victoria (B. C.), to Mabel, fourth daughter of the late John C. Murray, of Kingsclear.

DEATHS

HUTCHINGS—Entered into rest, in this city on the 12th inst., Margaret A. Hutchings, daughter of the late Thomas Hutchings, after a lingering illness.

JUNE WEDDINGS

Jones—Simpson.

A quiet and pretty wedding was celebrated at the home of Mrs. Robert Simpson, 7 Rebecca street, on the evening of June 10, when her daughter, Laura M., was united in marriage to Leslie J. Jones. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. A. MacLean, of Calvin Presbyterian Church.

Among the presents received were a handsome clock and a carving set from the employes of the Red Rose Tea Company, with whom the groom is employed.

McVinney—Hannigan.

Last Wednesday Miss Margaret Hannigan was married in the Cathedral to Joseph McVinney by Rev. A. W. Meahan. Miss Mary Grady acted as bridesmaid and the groom was supported by James Barrett. Mr. and Mrs. McVinney, who formerly resided in Hyde Park (Mass.), have made many friends since coming to St. John.

Stevenson—Peters.

Richibucto, June 11.—At Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, on Wednesday, June 3, two of Richibucto's most popular young people, J. Harry Stevenson and Miss Mary H. Peters, were united in marriage. The wedding took place in St. John's Episcopal church, and the ceremony was performed by Rev. F. W. Johnson. The bride was becomingly attired in a navy blue pongee traveling dress with hat to match. Besides two brothers of the groom, now of Saskatchewan, a number of New Brunswick friends were present; among them: Mrs. W. D. Carter, of Richibucto; W. H. Irving, Buctouche, and A. Inglis, Shediac.

The young couple will reside at Lawson, Sask., where the groom has been making a home.

Deacon—Good.

A very pretty home wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. E. Good of Fillmore, Saskatchewan on the afternoon of Thursday the 4th inst., when their daughter, Ethel McLeod Good was married to Oscar Frederick Deacon of the C. P. R. The bride, who was one of the most highly esteemed young ladies of Fillmore, looked charming in a princess dress of white silk mull elaborately trimmed in Valenciennes lace and insertion and carrying a shower bouquet of carnations and sweet peas. Miss Gertrude Good, sister of the bride, who acted as maid of honor, was prettily attired in spotted Swiss muslin.

The bridal party entered the drawing room to the music of the Bridal Chorus from Lohengrin, played by Miss Helen Good. The ceremony, which took place under a bridal arch of lilacs and maidenhair fern, was performed by the Rev. Arthur Smith. After the wedding ceremony the guests partook of a recherche luncheon and then drove to the depot, whence the happy couple departed for an extensive trip to Calgary, Banff and points west, intending to return by way of Toronto and Niagara Falls to their future home in Benton, (N. B.).

The bride's going away dress was of striped brown broadcloth with hat to match. The presents, which were beautiful and expensive, consisted of cut-glass, silver, linen and cutlery, besides several substantial cheques. The groom's present to the bride was a handsome brooch of pearls.

The noticeable feature of the company was the large number of Maritime province people who were present, including Mr. W. Dell Hartt and Miss Hartt, formerly of Fredericton Jct.; Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Block, of Sackville and Moncton; Mr. and Mrs. Geo E. Stopford and Aire Stopford, of Fredericton; Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Branscomb, of Baltimore; Mrs. Kinnear (nee McLeod) of Millstream, N. B.; Mrs. E. A. Banbury and Mrs. Levi Thomson, daughters of Senator Perley, late of Sunbury Co., Guy McLeod, of St John; Mr. and Mrs. Trueman Brundage, of Amherst, besides Mr. and Mrs. Good and family, late of Millstream, Kings Co. All these are now residents of Sackatchewan, yet have fond memories of Atlantic sea breezes and old N. B.

McDonald—McDonald.

At 5.30 Monday morning W. J. McDonald of Amherst, was married to Miss Florence McDonald, of Merigomish (N.S.), in St. John the Baptist church by Very Rev. W. F. Chapman, V.G. Miss Agnes Donald was bridesmaid and R. F. Cunningham best man. The bride came from Boston for the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald will reside in Amherst.

Brown—McCook.

A quiet and pretty wedding was solemnized at 14 Richmond street at 5.30 on Saturday afternoon, June 13, when Miss Margaret McCook of the parish of Duffus (Scot.), was united in marriage to Walter C. Brown of St. John. The ceremony was performed by Rev. L. A. McLean of Calvin Presbyterian church. The bride was becomingly attired in a traveling dress of grey chiffon cloth and corn colored hat with Grecian trimmings. She was attended by her sister who wore a pretty dress of cream pongee. After the ceremony, the happy couple left on the boat for a trip to Boston and other United States cities.

Stevenson—Peters.

In St. John's Episcopal church, Moose Jaw (Sask.), J. Harry Stevenson, formerly of Richibucto, now of Lawson (Sask.), was united in marriage with Miss Mary H. Peters of Richibucto, by Rev. F. W. Johnston.

Nel—Oldenhon.

An interesting ceremony took place Monday in the residence of the officiating clergyman, Rev. David Hutchinson, 41 Douglas avenue, when William Nel and Miss Josina Oldenhon were made husband and wife. They are natives of Holland. Miss Oldenhon has been in Canada for some time, a resident of Milford. Mr. Nel arrived only recently. He is a painter by trade. Mr. and Mrs. Nel will reside in this city.

Woods—Evans.

The wedding of Miss Alice Evans, daughter of Mrs. Annie Evans, of Britain street, to Thomas Woods, formerly of Manchester (Eng), and now visiting in St. John, took place in the rectory of Trinity church at 8 o'clock Monday evening. Rev. R. A. Armstrong performed the ceremony. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Annie Evans. J. Redfern supported the groom. At their future home in Britain street, Mr. and Mrs. Woods received the hearty congratulations and best wishes of many friends. The large number of presents received was substantial evidence of their popularity.

McCurdy—Connelly.

On Thursday, June 11, St. Peter's church was the scene of a pretty wedding at 6 o'clock, when Miss Mary A. Connelly was united in marriage to John McCurdy. Miss Ella Connell, niece of the bride, was bridesmaid and the groom was supported by James Daly. The bride was attired in a grey costume of broad-cloth and wore a black picture hat, while the bridesmaid wore a princess gown of cream and old rose hat to match. Rev. E. Scully, C. SS. R, performed the ceremony. The newly married couple will reside at 270 Main street.

OBITUARY

Rev. John D. Pickles.

Rev. John D. Pickles, a native of St. Andrews, and pastor of St. Paul's church, Lynn (Mass.), died in the Union Hospital there on Thursday of acute gastritis. He was aged sixty years and is survived by his wife and three daughters. Rev. Mr. Pickles was a former president of the Massachusetts Sunday School Association and for two years was educational secretary of that organization. He was a brother of Rev. F. W. Pickles, formerly of this city, and had preached here on several occasions.

Miss Margaret A. Hutchings.

The death of Miss Margaret A. Hutchings occurred Friday at her home, 236 King street east, after a lingering illness. She was for many years a prominent member of the Centenary church and took much interest in mission work. For several years she acted as treasurer of The Little Girls' Home under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. Her many friends will learn of her death with much regret. She leaves one sister, Miss Sarah Hutchings, residing at home and two brothers, Thomas H., of Halifax, and Charles H. of this city.

Miss Jessie Petley.

Harcourt, June 13.—The death of Miss Jessie Petley occurred at her home here last evening. The deceased was nineteen years old, and besides her family leaves a large circle of friends to mourn their loss.

D. R. Pridham.

Amherst, N.S., June 14.—(Special.)—After three months' illness the death occurred at his home, Albion street, last evening of D. R. Pridham at the age of 51.

Deceased had carried on the business of photography for many years in the Black block, his work attracting much attention by its high class. He was a member of the Methodist church, a man of a quiet unassuming nature and of strict integrity. He belonged to Prince Edward Island. His wife and three children survive him. The children are Carlos, associated with him in business and Misses Bessie and Lena at home. Three brothers and two sisters also survive, among them being Reuben T. and James of Amherst, and R. S., photographer, of Sackville, N.B.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon and will be attended by the Independent Order of Foresters, of which he was a member.

Albert S. Waddell.

Albert Stanley Waddell, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Waddell, of Reed's Point, Kings County, died on the 8th inst., aged fourteen months.

Alex. C. Berry.

Amherst, N. S., June 15 (Special).—Alex C. Berry, aged 78, died at the residence of Ira Wood at Macon, this morning. Mr. Berry was widely known throughout the province and was for many years postmaster at Nappan. He leaves one son, Harry J., formerly ticket agent of the I. C. R. here but now of Winnipeg. His wife predeceased him some months. The funeral takes place tomorrow at Macon.

Funeral of John A. Henry.

Salisbury, N.B., June 12.—The United Baptist church at River Glade station was completely filled at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, the occasion being the funeral of the late John A. Henry, of Scott Road. A short service was held at the house, after which the casket containing the body, was removed to the church at River Glade, where an impressive memorial service was held. Four clergymen were present, viz.: Rev. R. H. Ferguson, pastor of the church, who conducted the services; Rev. C. W. Hamilton, pastor of the Salisbury Methodist church; Rev. Mr. McFadden, of the Petitcodiac United Baptist church and Rev. E. B. Colwell, pastor of the North River United Baptist churches. Prominent singers present assisted in rendering appropriate music. The high esteem in which the late Mr. Henry as well as his family are held brought together a very large company of sympathising friends. Interment took place in the River Glade cemetery near the Episcopal church.

DO NOT EXPECT BEEF PRICES TO BE HIGHER

Shortage of Cattle in West Not Looked for to Affect Market Here.

According to some despatches in the papers recently there is a shortage of beef cattle in the west and prices have advanced in England. Kane & McGrath, the wholesale meat dealers here, said in reference to the matter that there is little likelihood of prices advancing in St. John. They do not think that the shortage in the west can continue long because grass fed stock will soon be on the market.

During last week thirty-seven births—twenty-four males—and twelve marriages were recorded in St. John.

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NUTRIOTONE
Is Bringing the Pasture to the Stable

Here is results of Bennett's second trip among the Nutriotone customers who have made a thorough use of it since last October. Halifax people are getting great results, stating they would not be without it at twice the cost. Mr. Worman, of Lounsbury Co., Ltd., Moncton, says it does better work than any preparation he ever used. The Lounsbury Co., Ltd., who have just sent in another and larger order, are to handle it in all their territory from Moncton to Campbellton. See a few letters from reliable horsemen.

Truro, N. S., June 3, 1908.

Messrs. W. D. Carpenter & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

Gentlemen,—We started using Nutriotone last October and are most pleased with the results from this wonderful Tonic. Since we started feeding it we have had some twenty horses in our stables and have given each one a course of Nutriotone, and, in every case, the results have been most satisfactory. We consider that for putting a run-down horse into condition it has no equal. We have recommended and sold it to many of the leading farmers and horsemen in this section, and since introducing it to them our sales of Nutriotone have steadily increased and where fairly tried has given good results. We are feeding it to "Arclight" 2.19, sire of the speedy "Marguerite" 2.22¾, and he has never been in better condition than he is this spring.

Nutriotone is all right.
We use it—We sell it. Yours very truly, McMULLEN & FRASER.

Truro, N. S., June 3, 1908.

Messrs. W. D. Carpenter & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

Gentlemen,—I have been using your Nutritone since last fall with the best of results, and have advised others to try it, and it has given much better satisfaction than anything we have ever used.

My horses have done much better, with less grain than formerly, and for a poor hidebound mare it did wonders and all who try it, where I have recommended it, are much pleased. Yours truly, NEWTON LEE.

Moncton, N. B., June 10, 1908.

Messrs. W. D. Carpenter & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

Gentlemen,—Last fall my horses were all run down after a hard summer's work in the ice business, and your agent persuaded me to buy a tub of Nutriotone, which I have used with several more, and it has put my horses up into fine, slick condition; cleaned out worms, and I would not be without it, as I am convinced that it is a far better tonic than I have ever used before.

Sincerely yours, HERMAN BLAKENY.

A few of the many agents handling our goods: T. B. Shaffner & Co., Halifax (N.S.); McMullen & Fraser, Truro (N.S.); A. D. Gillis, New Glasgow (N.S.); C. B. Whidden & Son, Antigonish, (N.S.); McGilvrey & Bulman, Sydney (N.S.); L. H. Bentley Harness Company, North Sydney (N.S.); George Hills, Oxford (N.S.) Lyman Ryan, Springhill (N.S.); H. C. Anderson, Amherst (N.S.); W. A. Gass, Sackville (N.B.); Sussex Mercantile Co., all their stores; W. Riley Trafford, Florenceville (N.B.); D. T. Day, Hartland (N.B.); Gallagher Bros., Woodstock, (N.B.); Wm. A. Cairns, St. John; Grimmer & Keay, St. Andrews (N.B.); Peter McKenna, St. Stephen (N.B.)

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