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Editor Miramichi Advance, Chatham, N.B.

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PLEASING FRENCH TRAIT.

Brotherly Affection a Marked Characteristic.

One of the ways in which the close union of French family life shows itself is the great affection of brothers for each other. There is an intimacy between them in good and evil fortune which one does not find in other countries. A brother who takes a high position by his talents loses no opportunity to forward the interests of one of lesser ability or of no ability. He never treats the latter as a drag on him, and, perhaps, scarcely feels that he is one. Married brothers often like to live in the same house, on different floors, and to hire summer villas in close proximity.

Most of the famous Frenchmen who I knew had each a brother to whom he was devoted, says a writer in the London Daily News. Louis and Charles Blanc, though so dissimilar in appearance, tastes, disposition, and married to women who disliked each other, were, morally speaking, Siamese twins until death severed the bond. The same might be said of the Garnier-Pages, of Jules Favre and his brother Leon, of Ernest and Arthur Picard, of Puech, the sculptor, and his brother the deputy. Paul and Hippolyte Flaudrin, the painters, were known in their student days as the Siamese twins. It not unfrequently happens that brothers go into literary partnership. Instances that occur to me are the Goncourts, the Rosnys, the Margueritte. It would be impossible to discern the work of one of any of these brothers from that of another. What is very curious, each brother, as in the case of Charles and Louis Blanc, Ernest and Arthur Picard, Jules and Leon Favre, differed strikingly in every characteristic from the other. The dissimilarity of the Margueritte is so great that one wonders how brothers could be so unlike. Alphonse Daudet was not a bit like his brother Ernest, an accomplished novelist also.

CHOOSING HIS PRESENTS.

Those about to celebrate their birthday might take a hint from Grand Secretary Yung Li of Peking. On the sixtieth anniversary of his birth a few days ago he refused to accept any presents unless they were of intrinsic value. Some brought him storks and deer of solid pure gold, each a foot high and beautifully chased; gold buddhas; green jadestone vases and rings; and a foot-high "God of Longevity" of solid pure gold, ensconced in a miniature temple of the finest jadestone of the purest white color, incrusted with diamonds and precious stones of great value. All these presents were graciously received, but others, such as scrolls and tablets, unless of great antiquity, were uniformly refused without even a word of thanks.

A TARIFF QUESTION.

A Custom House decision on fleas has been rendered in Switzerland. A package marked "Trained Fleas" reached Geneva. The nearest analogy the collector could find that that of June bugs, which had been ruled to be "edibles" The case went from one official to another, till it reached headquarters at Berne, whence, after much investigation and deliberation, the conclusion was reached that the fleas came under the head of "wild animals in a menagerie."

An Innocent Accomplice.

"Do you always ride on the wrong side of the road?" I asked, irritably, as I emerged from the wreckage of my bicycle.

"And is it absolutely necessary to touch the handle-bar with your nose when you are riding?" was the apology vouchsafed me by the girl, who, taking the wrong side of the road round a sharp bend, had crashed into me a few seconds earlier. "It was entirely your fault, Mr. Lascelles."

It is useless, as a rule, to argue with a woman, so I silently turned to help the real culprit to withdraw from the hedge in which she had taken up a temporary habitation.

"Why, it's you, Miss Purleigh!" I exclaimed, in surprise. "Are you hurt?"

"Only a little shaken, I think, but I don't feel that I owe you any thanks for that. You ought to be punished for riding so furiously round a corner," Miss Purleigh declared, in hot anger.

"I'm sure I wasn't 'scorching,'" I protested.

"You were not keeping a proper look-out. I hope you haven't damaged my bicycle; I'll never forgive you if you have."

A mere glance was sufficient to assure me that both machines were beyond the skill of an amateur repairer.

"Oh, this is awful!" the girl exclaimed, when I told her the result of my investigation.

"Where were you off to?" I asked.

"I wanted to catch the 3.15 train to Oxford at Temple Junction — and now I can't."

"There's another at 4.30," I said, philosophically.

"But that may be too late. What shall I do?"

These last words were scarcely addressed to me, but seemed to be wrung from her by extreme distress. The fact, too, that she had not troubled to set her hat straight after her fall convinced me that her journey was of a serious import.

We had become good friends during her stay at Brandon Manor, and, after she had opened my eyes to Edith Bevan's treachery, I had sought to drown my disappointed love by throwing myself into a flirtation with Gladys Purleigh. It was hard luck that I should be even the innocent cause of grief to her.

"Is it very serious?"

"Yes, my brother — he is in trouble. I have had a telegram from him, and I must see him before it is too late. He is in such distress that I am afraid lest he should do himself an injury. Oh, I am miserable!"

"Now that I cannot ride," she added, "is it not impossible for me to reach the junction in time for the later train?"

The tears were streaming down her pretty face and her body was shaken by a storm of sobs.

"Hush, hush!" I said, and in a rush of pity I took both her hands in mine and drew her to me. "I think I can manage. I'll run across the fields to the Hall and bring my sister's machine. You can ride it to the station and leave it there."

"Oh, thank you so much, Mr. Lascelles; you are very kind," she said, looking gratefully at me with her beautiful tearful eyes. Then she tried to draw herself away from me. "Please make haste, Mr. Lascelles, for I shall not have a minute to spare."

My arm clasped her slender waist and temptation came strong upon me. Gladys Purleigh always used a peculiarly dainty perfume, and now the subtle scent of her hair as her head lay back on my shoulder intoxicated me, and I said, daringly:

"Give me something to spur me on, Gladys."

Without a moment's hesitation she turned her face and lifted up her lips for me to kiss.

With this to urge me on my way I sped across the fields in record time, and, dashing open the door of the bicycle shed, drew out my sister's machine.

"Mary meant to use it this afternoon, but Gladys needs it most," I thought.

I was about to mount the machine and ride off, when a happy idea entered my mind. The under-gardener had chanced to come by, and was standing near the lake.

"Where's your bike, William?" I shouted.

"There, sir," he answered, pointing to the wall of the fruit-garden.

"Lend it to me for an hour or two," I said, and jumping into the saddle rode down the avenue, wheeling my sister's machine by my side.

Gladys Purleigh had not wasted her time. I was surprised to find how far she had walked before I caught her up.

"I thought you were never coming," she informed me, curtly, as she lightly sprang into the saddle of Mary's bicycle.

That was all the thanks I received for my raid on the bicycle shed. Nor could I flatter myself that Miss Purleigh was particularly well pleased to find that I was going to accompany her to the station. If I had hoped to gain any more sweet favors from her I was disappointed. She gave me absolutely no opportunity, pedalling so vigorously that I found some difficulty in keeping my old-fashioned cushion-tyred bicycle level with hers. So rapidly did we spin along that, as we were passing through Rudleigh, a policeman shouted out a warning.

At the station we dismounted, and I hurried into the booking-office to take her ticket for her, but when I came out again I could see no sign of her. After a brief search I guessed that she had mistaken the platform, so I strolled across to the up-line. I soon discovered her in one of the waiting rooms, but she had already found a cavalier. As I entered I saw Miss Purleigh and a stranger bending over some luggage placed out on the table. They had their backs turned towards me, and, as I was wearing rubber-soled shoes, they did not hear my entrance. The mention of my name stayed me momentarily at the open door.

"It's no use blaming me, father; but for Mr. Lascelles lending me his sister's bicycle I should not be here now—the stupid little fop! Pah! I had to kiss him before I could get the machine."

The words were bad enough, but she had the effrontery to take her handkerchief and pretend to wipe out the stain of my kiss. It was most unfair. I may be stupid, but I certainly am not little, and I do not believe I am a fop. But, above all, I do protest that I had no intention of meanly forcing a kiss from Miss Purleigh in return for the loan of the bicycle—I was stupid enough to think that she was willing.

"I wonder your woman's wit couldn't find an excuse to keep him from coming to the station with you," the man grumbled. "You've been foolish about this fellow."

"I assure you I didn't want him. It's true he amused me during a very dull month, but that's all," the girl answered, defiantly. "He was so madly attached to a plain frump of a girl—a Miss Bevan — that I amused myself by making him believe she was false to him. In his mistaken gratitude he transferred his attentions to me; then I nearly undeceived him. All the same, I should have been much later if I had had to walk here. As for the risk, he won't think of looking for me on this side, as I told him I was going to Oxford. That's quite enough to put his limited intellect off the scent."

"Edith innocent!" I murmured, as I noiselessly retired. "What a brute she must think me! And I have to thank this heartless girl for making me doubt her. Certainly it would not be kisses now that I would inflict upon you, my dear Miss Purleigh. There's something mysterious about your railway journey, but I don't think it's any concern of mine."

Sufficiently curious, however, to wish to see the end of this little drama, I went into the third-class waiting room higher up the platform, and, when the Langport train came in, had the satisfaction of seeing Gladys Purleigh get into a compartment just as it was starting. As the train passed I had a good view of the father, a tall, thickly-built, close-shaven man.

"Going up to town, I expect. What a splendid little liar she must be!" I thought.

In great dudgeon I left the station, and mounting rode off homewards to make my peace with my sister. I had ridden more than half way when a trap came rattling at a furious pace down the road. As it came nearer I saw that Colonel Miles, the head of the County Police, was driving. With him was the constable who had cautioned us for furious riding at Rudleigh. I saw him lean forward and speak to the colonel. The latter reined in his horse immediately.

"Halloa, Lascelles, what the dickens have you been up to?"

"Nothing, colonel, beyond a ride to the Junction."

"With a Miss Purleigh?"

"Yes."

"You've been aiding and abetting a felony. Here, man, jump up! Leave your bicycles in the hedge — we shall want you."

In great bewilderment, but anxious to understand the mystery in which Miss Purleigh and her father were involved, I clambered up into the trap, and the colonel started his horse again at full gallop.

"I presume you're an innocent accomplice, Lascelles," the colonel remarked, "or you would scarcely have the cheek to come back and face the music. But this Miss Purleigh has gone off with——"

"Her father," I put in.

"That I don't know, but she has absent-mindedly taken with her Lady Brandon's diamonds—worth £20,000."

"Oh, that's the mystery!" I ejaculated. "She told me she wanted to go to Oxford because her brother was in trouble. She and I collided with one another just outside the Hall gates, and as she was in such a hurry I ran across and fetched machines and rode with her to the station."

"Against her wish, I guess!"

"Well, I didn't think at the time that she objected——"

The colonel laughed grimly.

"As far as I can make out, from a short interview I have just had with Lady Brandon, the girl has been making fools of you all. I've heard several tales of your flirtation with her, my boy."

I flushed as I remembered how complete my folly had been, and to cover my confusion told my companion what I had overheard.

"Ah, that's better. But I expect it was jealousy rather than intelligence, Lascelles," he added, jokingly, "that made you linger to obtain a good view of the girl's companion. We must wire a description of both all along the line, as they may get out anywhere, and possibly separate again—in which case the man will probably take the diamonds. I must go on to Langport by a special."

"Now, Mellor," he said to the policeman, as we dashed into the station yard, "go and wire a description of these two to Langport and to all the intermediate stations."

"I want a special, Barclay, at once," he exclaimed, as the station master appeared.

"I'm sorry, sir, but it'll be half an hour, at least, before I can have one ready."

"Then it'll be no good. I want to be at Langport before the 3.40 gets in."

"Can't do it, sir. Well, there's one way, perhaps. There's a light engine coming back after piloting the express. If you badly want to get to Langport I'll stop her, and you might go by the loop and so get in front of the 3.40. They generally go back that way, because, although it's a bit farther, there's less traffic and not so much chance of a block. Would the engine answer your purpose, sir? I haven't a spare carriage."

"Splendidly, Barclay! I wouldn't waste time in having a carriage coupled on, if you had one to spare. When will she be in?"

"She's signalled now, sir," the official replied, and, seizing a red flag, he waved it energetically over the rails. The engine emitted a shriek.

"That's all right, then, sir. I wish I could offer you better accommodation."

"This will do very well, Barclay. Now, get up, Lascelles; I shall want you at Langport."

When the driver knew what was wanted he forced his engine along at its quickest pace. Jumping and rocking, puffing away, we sped through the country. With his watch in hand, the colonel braced himself against the tender.

"Shall we do it, driver?" he anxiously asked.

"Yes, sir, if the signals are not against us at the crossing. Unless she's before her time the slow train won't be ahead of us."

"The signal's down for us," he added, a moment later. "We shall be in first, and you'll probably have five or six minutes to spare."

"We will place ourselves on the bridge, Lascelles," the colonel said, as we walked up the long platform. "We shall then be able to watch the passengers as they come along. If, as I suspect is their intent, our couple mean to go to Euston, they will have to cross the bridge. If they have not already left the train, we are bound to stop them."

"Could they get out on the other side and cross the line?" I asked, when we had taken our stand on the bridge.

"I have told off a man to watch on that side—they won't escape in that direction. Indeed, they would be just giving themselves away."

Six or seven minutes after our own arrival the passenger train rolled into the station. My pulses beat rapidly as I watched the people passing up the platform.

"Well, Lascelles, are they here?"

"I'm afraid they are not here, colonel. They must have got out at another station."

"Look carefully, my boy. I see a man and a woman near the end of the platform."

"Yes, but it is a young man and an old woman, whereas our couple should consist of a very good-looking girl and her father."

"Ah! Then we've had our run for nothing," the colonel said, lugubriously.

"I'm afraid so."

The couple whom we had noticed came up the stairs, and, after a moment's hesitation whether to turn to the right or the left, went towards the exit. By what seemed at the time a curious freak of my brain, my thoughts went back to the moment when, in the road outside the Hall gates, I had clasped Gladys Purleigh in my arms.

"What's the joke?" Colonel Miles asked, testily, as I involuntarily laughed at the recollection of a folly I was far from wishing to repeat.

"Nothing, colonel," I answered. Then I suddenly realized that my thoughts had been turned towards my brief triumph by a strongly pervading odor of scent that had floated towards me as the last passengers had passed us. A second later I became conscious that it was undoubtedly the peculiar intoxicating perfume which I had come to associate entirely with Miss Purleigh. I sprang forward.

"It is the perfume!" I exclaimed.

"What about it?" my companion asked, curtly.

"Did you not notice it—a strong, peculiar perfume?"

"I really don't know," Colonel Miles snapped, for he was feeling very irritable after his disappointment. "I don't pretend to be an expert in scents. This station possesses, I should say, a score of them, at least."

"I could swear to it as a perfume which Miss Purleigh always uses," I exclaimed. Then, as the truth flashed upon me, I almost shrieked:

"That must be Miss Purleigh," and I pointed to the young man in front.

"I hope you're not causing me to make a fool of myself, Lascelles. Do you mean that she has changed her clothes in the train and is disguised as a man?"

"That must be it. Quick, colonel, or she will escape."

My companion did not hurry his steps, but kept his eyes fixed upon the outer doors of the booking-office.

"You are quite sure?" he demanded.

"It must be," I repeated, doggedly.

"It's worth trying," I heard him mutter; and, just as the supposed young man reached the exit, he raised his hand. One of the ticket collectors at once blocked the doorway, stopping egress.

"Ah, you must be right, Lascelles, and the old woman's an accomplice. Did you see that he passed a package to her?"

But the action had been done so deftly that it had quite escaped my notice.

Despite their angry protests they were both taken into custody, and, when searched, the stolen jewels were found in the possession of the father. The coup which had been so nearly successful had been arranged by the latter — a man who had formerly moved in good society. He had succeeded in obtaining an invitation for his daughter to Brandon Manor — to gain possession of the valuable jewels being his special object. The girl watched her opportunity, while the father spent his time at the Temple Station Hotel, ostensibly engaged in fishing.

The raid on the diamonds was carefully planned, and but for my collision with Gladys Purleigh the girl would have escaped with the booty to the junction, where her father was anxiously awaiting her. Luggage, conveniently left in the cloak room, contained a suitable change of garments for each, which would have made them secure from recognition had I not detected the familiar perfume.—London Tit-Bits.

SOME CURIOUS WITNESSES

DOGS AND BEETLES BEFORE THE COURT.

Frogs Called to Give Evidence - A Dog in a London Police Court.

A few days ago, at a London police court, the queerest witnesses that ever appeared there were called to give evidence. One hundred and nine frogs, mostly alive and kicking, were placed on the fore part of the witness box to decide whether or not the owner of them ought to be convicted of overcrowding, says London Answers. They came in a glass bowl, and gave the Court a good deal of trouble, for the counsel for the prosecution did not know what to call them, beginning with "beasts," which was strongly objected to, and falling back on "reptiles," and then "fish," both of which were wrong, and finally described them correctly as "amphibians."

The magistrate kept his eye on them all the time, and their testimony was disputed. It took three-quarters of an hour to come to any conclusion, neither of the learned counsel being able to agree on the frogs' testimony, for the creatures did nothing but jump round the bowl; but finally it was decided that the frogs had made good their case, and the owner was fined $20.

Early last month a dog, which was called as witness in another London court, gave very sound evidence, and got its owner out of what promised at first to be an awkward fix. The defendant — a poor man, and a costermonger — was prosecuted for the alleged offence of having stolen a valuable collie,

WHICH A FANCIER HAD LOST.

A dog answering to that description was found in the possession of costermonger, and the fancier claimed to identify it as his own. It was proved that the coster had not had the dog long, but he declared that the dog was his, and had returned to him after being lost for over a year.

Evidence showed that he certainly had owned a valuable collie a year before, and the fancier had so many dogs that he might be mistaken, though he had made a pet of this one. The case was going against the coster, when the dog was brought into the witness box. It was made to appear before both of the contestants, and at once sprang to the coster with wild signs of joy, declining to take any notice of the fancier. The charge was withdrawn, and the dog given to the coster.

It is not very long since a prickly but amiable porcupine was deposited on the witness table of a county court, to show whether or not it was worth the money claimed for it. The purchaser had given $20, and complained that soon after he had bought it the animal began to shed all its quills, and soon had only about a dozen left out of hundreds. He declined to pay, and the vendor sued him. The latter claimed that porcupines moult in the spring, and that it would grow a fine crop of prickles later on; while the defendant's counsel dismissed this as rubbish, and even a veterinary surgeon who overhauled the animal before the magistrate could throw no light on the point. Finally an agreement was arrived at.

A DANCING BEAR

which had frightened horses in the city was led into the witness box a little while ago, and threatened to clear the court by suddenly commencing to growl and paw at its muzzle. The Bench commanded the ushers to clear it out at once; but the owner showed that he had no nails or teeth, and so could do no harm. He also tried to argue that, being in a clawless and toothless condition, it could not possibly do any harm, and the charge was disproved. But the Bench held that, as it had frightened them and the whole court, there was no doubt it would frighten a horse, so the owner was fined.

It was greatly to the credit of the baboon that appeared in one of the Manchester police courts some time ago that he did not do any damage beyond stealing and chewing up one of the pens on the writing table. He was "hauled up," together with his owner, for having broken into a fowl house and choked fourteen chickens, but the defendant claimed that a fox had done the deed. The baboon, however, had been arrested while at large, and in the box it was shown that his paws bore fatal evidence of the crime, being stained and covered with feathers. So his owner had to pay for the chickens.

Wealthy Merchant—"What, you here again? Why, I kicked you out into the street this morning." Pedlar—"Ish dot so? Vat a splendid memory! I had forgotten all about it. Don't you want to buy a fodder duster before you kick me out some more?"

Piles To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.
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Kidney Disease and Stomach Troubles — More Evidence of the Efficiency of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Kidney disease and stomach and liver disorders are almost always found together, and for this reason Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, on account of their direct and continued action on these several organs, are wonderfully effective in curing such complications.

Mr. James Keeley, caretaker of the Primary School and Presbyterian church, Newmarket, Ont., states:—"I find that Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the best medicine I ever used. I was troubled for some time with kidney disease, pains in the back and stomach disorders. At times I suffered very severely from backache, but since using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills I am all right again.

"It is my belief that they are the most effective medicine a person can use for kidney disease and stomach troubles."

Mrs. Ross, 100 Manitoba street, St. Thomas, Ont., states:—"I had a very weak back, and at times suffered very much from severe pains across the small of my back. Believing these to be caused by derangements of the kidneys, I began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. This treatment seemed to be exactly what I required, for it was not long before the pains entirely left me, and I was quite strong and well again. We have also used Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine for the children when they had coughs and colds, and I never knew it to fail to relieve the trouble at once."

There is no quicker or more certain way of curing back pains and kidney disease than by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Scores of thousands have proved this, and many have sent us statements similar to the above. One pill a dose, 25cts. a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Canada House,
Corner Water and St. John Sts., Chatham.
LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM,
Every attention paid to THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.
Located in the business centre of the town
Stabling and Stable Attendance first-rate.
Wm. Johnston, Proprietor

The Factory
JOHN McDONALD & CO.
(Successors to George Cassady.)
Manufacturers of Doors, Sashes, Mouldings
—AND—
Builders' Furnishings generally.
Lumber Planed and Matched to order.
BAND AND SCROLL SAWING
Stock of Dimension and other Lumber constantly on hand.
East End Factory, Chatham, N. B.

Mark You!
We have the BEST Studio, BEST assistants and the largest and most varied EXPERIENCE, and use only the BEST materials and therefore produce the
Best Photographs.
Whether our patrons be RICH or POOR we aim to please every time.
—IF YOU WANT—
Picture Frames
Photographs or
Tintypes
Come and See Us.
Mersereau's Photo Rooms
Water Street, Chatham.

MACKENZIE'S Quinine Wine and Iron
THE BEST TONIC AND
—BLOOD MAKER—
50c Bottles
We Guarantee it at
Mackenzie's Medical Hall,
CHATHAM, N. B.

WE DO—
Job Printing
Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Hand Bills.
Printing For Saw Mills
A SPECIALTY
WE PRINT—
ON WOOD, LINEN, COTTON, OR PAPER WITH EQUAL FACILITY.
Come and see our Work and compare it with that of
Miramichi Advance Job Printing Office
CHATHAM, N. B.

THE COST OF THE WAR.

The war cost £228,000,000, which is three times the cost of the Crimean war; the people have borne it without a murmur; and this enormous expenditure has no whit impaired the credit of the United Kingdom, says the Pall Mall Gazette. Could Germany have achieved this result, or France, or Russia? No. Financially the United States of America might have been equal to the task, but there is not a single power on the Continent of Europe which it would not have ruined. In any one of them the expenditure would have bred riots, revolution, and the loss of empire. Still, even as England has never gloated over her military successes in the great extremity with which she was recently beset, so she will not be purse-proud over her financial triumphs.

CUBA'S FIRST PRESIDENT.

Much of the future new Cuban Republic now depends upon President Palma. He is quite one of the most remarkable men of his time; his history reads more like romance than sober biography. He comes of a distinguished Castilian line and was elected "President" by his compatriots nearly thirty years ago. His mother was starved to death early in that long-lasting struggle. The Spaniards confiscated the estates of the President, and eventually captured him, and sent him, loaded with chains, into captivity. He was offered as an alternative to the intense hardships to which he was submitted, freedom and position if he would swear fealty to the Spanish crown. His reply was prophetic: "No, you may shoot me if you will, but I will die as President of the Cuban Republic."

HONESTY IN PERFECTION.

To find honesty in its full perfection it is said that one must go to the Welsh colliers of the Ogmore Valley, who travel by a workman's train which runs from Maesteg to Abergwynfi every morning and returns in the evening. There are heavy penalties for taking pipes and matches down the pit, so when the train reaches its destination in the morning every smoker lays his pipe on the seat, and when he returns in the evening it is exactly where he left it. During the day the coaches are shunted to a siding; the doors are not locked, but there is no single instance of a pipe having been stolen.

THE TAILORS' BLACK LIST.

The Austrian tailors have decided to publish quarterly a black list for their own protection against bad payers. The list is to contain the names of unsatisfactory clients, their addresses, occupations, age, personal appearance, and the exact amounts of their debts.

"Will you give me this little hand?" he pleaded lovingly. "Reginald, this hand is already pledged," she replied. "I will redeem it," he answered absently. "If you will let me have the ticket."

General Business.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CO.

International Division.

ADDITIONAL DIRCT SERVICE.

Commencing June 30, 1902, Steamer leave St. John at 8 a.m., Atlantic Standard, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, for Lubec, Eastport, Portland and Boston. For Boston DIRECT, on TUESDAY and SATURDAY at 6.30 p.m.

Returning, from Boston via Portland, Eastport and Lubec, MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 8 15 a.m. From Boston DIRECT, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS at 12 noon.

Freight received daily up to 5 p.m.

L. H. HANSCOM, Gen. F. and T. A. W. G. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B.

CALVIN AUSTIN, Vice-President and General Manager, General Offices, 359 Atlantic Ave., Boston, Mass.

COMMON SOAP

WILL CAUSE

ROUGH SKIN

On Face and Hands.

We have just imported a large lot of

Olive Oil and Cucumber Soap

direct from the factory which we can sell for the next TWO WEEKS

—AT—

3 Cakes for 10 cents.

This is made from Pure Olive Oil and the Juice of Cucumbers. We can recommend it.

Mackenzie's Medical Hall.

DENTISTRY!

Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S.

Office Hours:—9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. Tuesday—9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 7.30 p.m. to 9 p.m.

GAS ADMINISTERED.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE—OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL.

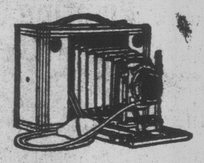
CHATHAM, N. B.

THE BEST STORE TO PATRONISE.

I beg to return thanks to my patrons for their favors of 1901, and as the year has come to a close the most important feature of my business is to make the next year more successful than the last. With that object in view I have selected my stock from best houses in the Dominion of Canada and United States and bought it at lowest prices, so as to still enable me to increase my business by selling goods cheaper than I ever did before.

Call and prove my assertions when we show you my new stock at rock bottom prices. Thanking you for past favors, I await your visits.

ROGER FLANAGAN.
Water Street, Chatham.



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CARTRIDGE KODAK

and may be used with either Plates or Film.

It is our Highest Priced one, costing $25,

but we have them at

$20.00 $17.50 $15.00 $12.00 $10.00 $8.00 $5.00 $2.00 and $1.00.

Full Supply of

FILMS, PLATES, PRINTING PAPERS, DEVELOPERS, ETC., always on hand.

Mail orders promptly attended to.

HICKEY'S DRUG STORE

Administrators' Notice.

All persons having any just claim against the estate of Joseph M. Buddock, late of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, proprietor of the Miramichi Foundry, are hereby requested to file the same with the undersigned administrators within three months from this date duly attested, and any person indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment forthwith to the undersigned.

(Sgd.) MARGARET J. BUDDOCK,
CHARLES D. BUDDOCK.

SUMMER TIME FABRICS

for your choosing.

We have an elegant assortment of Summer Goods, which, when made with that touch of smartness which only the artistic tailor can give to your garments, will give you a greater amount of genuine satisfaction than can possibly be had elsewhere.

Prices are greatly reduced as we have a record season and purpose cleaning out the balance of summer goods at cost. Call early.

W. L. T. WELDON
MERCHANT TAILOR.
CHATHAM, N. B.

DR. C. B. MCMANUS.

DENTIST.

Rooms over J. D. Crazban's store, Newcastle. Is prepared to do all work in a most satisfactory manner by latest methods. All work guaranteed.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N.B. - SEPTEMBER 11, 1902.

St. John's Little Alliances and the Local Government.

The St. John Daily Sun, the St. John Daily Globe and Mr. Michael McDade have formed a triple alliance against the Local Government. Mr. McDade has written somewhat voluminously, not to say verbosely, in the Globe, placing his views as to the duties of the electors of the Province before the public, but we fail to have observed that he has made any attempt to fully explain the cause of his defection. Having supported Mr. Tweedie up to 1901 it might be well for him to take the electors into his confidence and give them his reasons for his present opposition to that gentleman.

According to his own statement in the Globe Mr. McDade was a strong supporter of the Government up to the time of his voluntary resignation as reporter of the House of Assembly, since which voluntary resignation he has been a violent opponent of Mr. Tweedie. Perhaps Mr. McDade could make further explanations. He might, for instance, explain why the reports of the debates, when he made them, cost so much more than they have since he resigned. The Sun and Globe might also say whether their alliance with Mr. McDade and their uniting with him in denouncing Mr. Tweedie are because of the economy effected in the synoptic reporting matter.

The Globe and Sun, apparently, have nothing to offer to justify their opposition to the Government. They simply state that the country is ashamed of the Government. This reminds us of the story of the lady of the house who, at the tea table, was reading in a newspaper about the Dreyfus trial. Her husband, unfortunately, was not fully acquainted with the details of the subject and her questions concerning it were somewhat embarassing to him. She asked him who Dreytus was? He managed to explain that he was a soldier of France who was accused of giving military information to the Germans. She asked where Devil's Island was? He did'nt understand the geography of it, but said it was a place where prisoners were sent, and to turn the conversation into a new channel, he observed that he ought to have a new pair of shoes, as his boots were giving out. She still persisted and asked what a "borderer" was? This was a poser—the straw that broke the camel's back—so, with his eyes flashing and great severity of expression, he reproachfully said "It's a very strange thing to me, Elizabeth, and I am ashamed of it, that you would ask such an improper thing before the children.

It's a good answer to say you're ashamed, when you don't know what else to say.

When Premier Tweedie was interviewed about the Sun and Globe alliance against the government the other day, he said:

"I have observed that they are working together, but I am also pleased to observe that they have no charges to make against the government's policy. Failing in that, they unite in saying that the country is ashamed of the government. Probably, the intelligent electors of the Province require some more substantial statement from those two papers. It will be admitted that if the policy of the government is defective or liable to condemnation the legislature in session is the proper place in which to formulate charges and condemn that policy. With a great degree of satisfaction, I can point to the last two sessions and draw the attention of the public to the fact that, in view of the careful conduct of the government in relation to all matters of public administration, the guns of the opposition leader were spiked and he was without ammunition. The Globe and Sun are fully and painfully aware of the fact, and are in the position I myself once was in the eighties when, speaking for a certain candidate for the legislature, I spoke somewhat briefly of his qualifications and then branched off on the subject of the progress of Canada and its development since confederation. I spoke of trade and commerce, the development of the west, of the hidden forces of nature having been brought to light and the secrets of the Almighty having been made subserviant to man's will, instancing the ocean cables, the telephone, the electric light, etc.

"Coming out of the hall, I was congratulated on my speech by a representative of the New York Herald, who happened to be present. He said: 'Tweedie, I like to hear you speak. You always manage to strike some new idea when the occasion requires it. When you can't say much about your candidate, it's always safe to talk on electricity.'

"So with the Sun and Globe. When they can't say anything to the point against the government, they seem to think its safe to talk about being ashamed of it."

Liverpool Wood Market.

In its August 30th Liverpool notes, the Timber Trades Journal says:—

"An air of lassitude seems to pervade the entire trade this week; the imports into the North Docks at Liverpool are exceedingly light, whilst those to Garston Dock are comprised within five or six small vessels with spruce.

"With this week concludes the Lancashire wakes, the most important being Oldham, and on Monday next we may expect to see business being pursued with all its northern energy.

"The wholesale merchants' yards are once again assuming a better stocked aspect than they have done this season; gaps are being filled here and there that have long been vacant. It is evident they have come to the conclusion that they will do best by storing up some goods now, for, as we said last week, shippers in every direction are asking for higher prices. These they are likely to get in all classes, ranging from pitch pine, United States hardwoods, to Canadian pine and spruce deals.

"Referring again to our last report, we then said: 'The position of the spruce market is likely to be maintained here for the remainder of the season, if, indeed, an advance is not made.' We hope our readers took these remarks with full consideration of their importance. The advance in spruce values has come sooner than we anticipated, for a strong upward movement has been made this week in c. i. f. contracts, and all grades may be marked 5s. per standard up. Holders of stocks are thus in a happy position, and can look forward to the future with complacency. No pressure will be put upon the market by shippers from open-water winter ports, such as St. John, N. B., and Halifax, N. S., as they will want some reserve on that side to supply the regular liners. The shippers in the ice-bound ports in these provinces will have to scurry up, as there is only some three to four months left in which to clear out their season's productions."

THE ST. JOHN EXHIBITION:—The International Exhibition at St. John closed on Saturday. It was the most successful ever held there.

Great Development of the Canadian Northwest.

The extraordinary development of the Canadian Northwest during the last two years is attracting attention not only in the Dominion and United States, but equally so in Great Britain and on the Continent. It is not to be wondered at that it should be so, especially as it is based on the fact of thousands of the most desirable class of settlers flocking into the country from the United States, to make for themselves homes under the British flag. An Indian Head despatch of 5th inst., gives some particulars which are most interesting and go to show the solid foundation on which the new prosperity rests. It says: To Manitoba is usually given the credit of being the great wheat-producing area of the west. The experiences of the harvests of 1901 and 1902, and the rapidity of recent settlement in the western plains, show that hereafter the crops of the territories must be reckoned with as of increasing importance. Last year there were thirteen million bushels of wheat, of a total of twenty-seven millions of grain in Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. With the increased breaking by old and new settlers this will reach fifteen millions of wheat, and more than thirty millions of all grains this year, while for 1903, as reliable an authority as Hon. G. H. U. Bulyea, Commissioner of Agriculture for the Territories, anticipates double the area under cultivation, as compared with this year, which, supposing the yield to be equally heavy, will mean thirty million bushels of wheat and probably sixty or seventy millions of grain of all varieties. The importance of this is seen when it is remembered that until last year thirty millions, the crop of 1890, was high water-mark in the wheat production of Manitoba. This most satisfactory outlook is largely the result of the so-called "American invasion," which, whatever effect it may have on the timid eastern mind, disturbed by even the name of Morgan, has no terrors for the westerner. It simply means that a large number of Americans, numbering so far about 20,000 this year, have sold their improved lands in the northwestern States at perhaps $30 an acre, and have come to our northwest and bought new lands, unimproved, for from $5 to $10 an acre, and are starting life over again, after making a very shrewd deal.

It is simply a business matter and the man who thinks the new-comers have designs on the crown and dignity of Edward VII. will soon be reassured by a talk with Western Canadians. The anxiety displayed by Uncle Sam's late citizens to become naturalized is a matter of comment in Assiniboia. In this portion of the Territories the Americans have chiefly settled along the Soo line, between Portal and Moose Jaw, the land along which is now reported as all taken. This stretch was thought until a year or so ago to be practically useless, owing to a scarcity of water. The well-borer, however, revealed plenty of it below the surface, and land which, to use the western phrase, "could not be given away two years ago" is now worth $8 to $10 an acre.

Another swarm of the invaders settled along the Prince Albert branch of the C. P. R., where the Saskatchewan Valley Land Company bought 1,100,000 acres at between $2 and $3 an acre, and are now selling it out to actual settlers and to smaller land companies. The speculative object of the buyers is not denied, but the fact that over 300 settlers have been located by the company on Government homesteads since July shows that their efforts to attract population have been effective and beneficient. A company is being formed at Clear Lake, Iowa, for the purchase of a block of 10,000 acres on the same line, while another at Mason City, Iowa, has purchased 50 000 acres in the vicinity of Carman and Myrtle, Manitoba.

The homestead entries at the Dominion Lands Office at Regina show an increase over last year numbering 1 005 in June and July, compared with 252 for the same period in 1901. At the same time railways are reaching out to tap the newly settled districts. The C. P. R. will soon complete a 100 mile branch from Kirkella on the main line, just east of the Assiniboia boundary, running northwesterly through a good territory, and intended ultimately to reach Saskatoon and Edmonton. This, it is generally thought, is an effort to head off the Canadian Northern, which is rapidly pushed westward from northwestern Manitoba towards Prince Albert and Edmonton. The line from Kirkella westward will result in the cultivation of a largely increased area, and will relieve to some extent the pressure on the elevator capacity of the towns on the main line. For the settlers south of Regina a new branch of the C. P. R. is being surveyed, to connect that town with Arcolo. This, President Shaughnessy says, is to be completed in time for the crop of 1903, if not sooner.

NEWS AND NOTES.

One of the government powder magazines on Governor's Island, Boston harbor, blew up Saturday evening. One man was killed, five injured and two are missing. Hundreds of visitors to the island had a narrow escape. The cause of of the explosion was a mystery.

A Quebec despatch of last Saturday says:—"Steamer Westphalia on her way to Montreal collided with schooner Marie Ann near here. The schooner was out in two and her captain and the pilot drowned. A sailor was saved by a boat from the steamer."

Just wait until they run that fast line up and down the St. Lawrence!

Henry Watterson, in the Louisville Courier-Journal, makes a savage attack on New York's "four hundred," declaring that the women are as bad as the men and that they all make life one unending debauch. Henry is the newspaper man who made such a fool of himself over Admiral Dewey. He is again advertising himself.

Strikers' pickets near a colliery in Pennsylvania on Monday saw two men approaching with guns on their shoulders. The pickets attacked and beat them to death because they thought they were "scabs." Then, they discovered that the dead men were two strikers, who to employ themselves during their enforced idleness, were starting on a hunting trip.

London Timber Trades Journal of 30 h ult., says:—"The whole of the timber of which the Canadian Arch (the delight of the thousands who viewed the preparations made in the streets for the Coronation procession) was made, has been purchased by Mr. Stowell, wine merchant of Ealing. The timber weighed 40 tons. The arch will not be rebuilt, Mr. Stowell intending to use the wood in the construction of sheds, etc., at his warehouses at Ealing."

In an interview at Rothesay, Scotland, on Monday, with a reporter of the Associated Press, Sir Thomas Lipton informed the latter that he would file a formal challenge for the America's cup to the New York Yacht Club within two or possibly three weeks. If, however, in the meantime, any yachtsman or combination of yachtsmen, challenge, they would have his cordial assistance and the use of the Shamrock I. as a trial horse absolutely free of cost. Sir Thomas Lipton added that the stories about his new boat being already half built were false.

The Richibucto Review says:—Very little interest has been taken up to the present time in the approaching provincial contest. It is reported that Richard Poirier, one of our present representatives, will not seek re-election and that his place on the government ticket will be taken by John B. Gogain, of Cocagne. The government candidates will in that event be Messrs. Barnes, Johnson and Gogain. The only other candidate so far announced is Pascal Hebert, of Rexton, as an independent supporter of the government.

The Moncton Times says:—It is rumoured Dr. M. F. Keith, of Harcourt is to be a candidate in Kent.

A despatch from Paris to Dalziel's News Agency quotes M. Santos-Dumont as saying that he has begun the construction of an airship which will be a reply to those critics who contend that such a vehicle can have no practical value or utility. The new vessel will be a combination of an airship such as his own models have made familiar and the motor will be provided with inclined planes arranged on the right and left, and at the back and front, so as to ensure perfect stability. The balloon will contain 1,500 cubic metres and the motor will be an engine of 45 horse power. The vessel will be able to carry eight persons, and it is Dumont's intention to establish with it a regular passenger service. He says that he anticipates no difficulty in gaining people to patronize it.

King Edward's hospital fund for freeing London hospitals of debt, has received another munificent gift from Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Canadian High Commissioner in London, and Lord Mount-Stephen, who have been associated with many charitable enterprises, including the endowment of a fine hospital at Montreal upon the occasion of the first jubilee of late Queen Victoria. They have now provided jointly a sum sufficient to produce $80,000 a year for the hospital fund and this income is likely to increase. The gift is the subject of editorials in most of the London journals. They comment on the romance of success connected with the lives of the donors. The fact that both made Canada the land of their adoption is taken to emphasize Canada's practical loyalty and affection for the mother country.

A St. Johns, N'fld., despatch says:—The expedition under the leadership of Colonel Willard Glazier, of New York, which left here July 10, on the steamer Virginia Lake to explore the unknown wilds of Labrador, has returned, having accomplished comparatively little. Colonel Glazier and his followers were forced to abandon the attempt to penetrate the peninsula from Hamilton Inlet, owing to a lack of canoes. They went north to the Nain, and made a ten days trip inland, discovering some new river. The members of the party are much dissatisfied with the result of their trip. Colonel Glazier's expedition, which was organized in Boston, and numbered twelve persons, had among its members representatives of leading American universities. It was reported that the object of the expedition was to determine the feasibility of a new railroad line for the Atlantic shipping combination.

The Cosmopolitan.

Among the most widely read fic ion which has recently been published must be included "The War of the Worlds," "The First Men in the Moon," and other shorter semi-scientific stories, by Herbert George Wells. The readers of The Cosmopolitan Magazine will have great satisfaction in learning that it has secured all of Mr. Wells' work for the year of 1902, with the privilege of renewing this contract for 1903. The work which Mr. Wells begins in the Semptember issue of The Cosmopolitan is undoubtedly the most serious yet undertaken by him. Scientist and philosopher, he has hitherto used the delightful stories of his imagination to convey profound philosophical teachings by indirection. In this he has drawn to him many million readers who, while carried along by the remarkable incident of his plots, were fascinated by his simple exposition of scientific truths. Dealing in "The New Republic" with a plain discussion of the world's problems, he will not perhaps draw new readers, but he will undoubtedly receive the careful attention of those who have learned to follow him in the lighter journeys of his imagination. Undoubtedly Mr. Wells possesses one of the most direct minds of the century, and his extraordinary power of seeing Truth with a vision undimmed by custom or environment will give him as readers of his speculations even those who radically differ from him in his conclusions.

Mr. J. L. Stewart's Charges Against Mr. F. M. Tweedie.

[From the Chatham World 28th July, 1902—J. L. Stewart, editor.]

"There was no yacht race on Thursday. Oriana was out, ready to defend the championship pennant, but no other yacht appeared. The failure of the secretary-treasurer to pay prizes promptly, when it is known that he has the funds on hand, has had a very depressing effect on the club racing. What we have well held seems to be the favorite game with club treasurers and others in this region. It is a pity that a club that has so vigorous a life, and afforded so much healthful sport, should be frozen to death by its own officers. Mr. Tweedie has $24 of prize money belonging to Maude's owner (having had part of it for two years) and smaller sums belonging to others, and it is quite natural they are not to the front when races are called; not because they care so much for a few dollars, but because they resent such conduct on the part of a club official. It is time for a change or for a club funeral. It is no wonder that many members do not pay their dues. Why should they pay if the money is to be spent on keeping up the steam yacht Wenonah for the secretary and his friends, instead of being used for encouraging yacht racing."

[From the Chatham World, 23rd Aug. 1902—J. L. Stewart, editor.]

"Thursday was the day set for the annual yacht race for the Adams Cup, but there was no race. Maude and Oriana were cruising around, and the others lay at moorings. The fact that Secretary-Treasurer Tweedie had used the club funds for his own purposes, instead of paying the prizes due to the yachts, has killed the racing. It is the same old story. Other Miramichi clubs have been slaughtered and buried by their treasurers in the same way."

A special meeting of the Miramichi Yacht Club was held last Thursday afternoon at the office of Colonel Call, Newcastle, Commodore J. C. Miller presiding. The Commodore stated that he had called the meeting at the request of the secretary-treasurer, Mr. F. M. Tweedie, against whom certain charges had been made by The World and to enable Mr. Tweedie to explain or refute them. In order to afford him an opportunity to do so more freely it might be well to have some other member act as secretary of the meeting, pro tem.

Mr. Fred. Dyke was thereupon requested to act as secretary, which he did.

The Club members present were Commodore J. C. Miller, Hon. L. J. Tweedie, J. S. Fleming, R. A. Lawlor, Ernest Hutchison, R. H. Anderson, Jas. Johnston, R. R. Call, Fred. Dyke, D. G. Smith, F. M. Tweedie and J. L. Stewart.

W. A. Park came in later.

Mr. Lawlor suggested that Mr. Stewart, being vice commodore of the Club and having published certain charges in his paper reflecting on Mr. F. M. Tweedie as secretary-treasurer of the club, he should be first called upon to restate the charges before the club and justify his action in making them public. Then the club would be in a position to deal with the matter.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said Mr. Lawlor had anticipated him in stating what was the correct course to take; he agreed with that gentleman's suggestions. It was no light matter to practically charge a young man just starting out in life with embezzlement—converting other people's money to his own use—as Mr. Stewart had publicly charged his son with doing, in his paper, the Chatham World. He had read the charges when he was abroad and felt much aggrieved over them, for he felt proud of his boys and believed he had reason to do so, and when he saw it stated by Mr. Stewart that his son had improperly retained some $24 belonging to the club, which he should have paid out as prizes, and expended it upon his own steamer, the Wenonah, he determined that, for the protection of his son's character, he would see that the matter was probed to the bottom. If his son were guilty of what Mr. Stewart charged he (Mr. Tweedie) would move for his expulsion.

Mr. J. L. Stewart: I didn't use the word, "embezzlement" and I didn't say Fred spent the money on the Wenonah. Why don't you produce the paper to show what I said. I have made no charges against him in the club. I said he withheld the money belonging to the club, which he should have paid out in prizes.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie—That was not the gravamen of the charge. You said that he had spent the club's money in keeping up his own steamer, the Wenonah.

Mr. Stewart: Produce the paper.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said the club, was or ought to be composed of gentlemen, and he was astounded to find that Mr. Stewart, an officer of the club, having published the charge stated in his paper, the World, lacked the manliness to admit it. His duty was to substantiate it here and now, when he was called to account.

Mr. Stewart declined to admit the club's right to call him to account for what he might publish in his paper, beyond the statement that the secretary had not paid the prizes.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie remarked that if Mr. Stewart were differently situated, physically, from what he was, another course would have been taken with him long ago, but he shielded himself behind his infirmity, while he used his paper to make outrageous statements against reputable citizens.

Mr Stewart said, amongst other things, that he would be ready to meet Mr. Tweedie in any way on getting timely notice either physically or in a libel suit, and he had the money with which to do it. Mr. S. became quite insolent, evidently wishing to provoke an assault, in which, of course, he was disappointed.

Mr. Ernest Hutchison said he had read the charges made by Mr. Stewart in his paper and thought that anything of that kind should have been made before the club—not in a paper. Because a man can buy a few pounds of tea lead and a mangle it was no reason why he should proceed to publicly vilify decent people's characters because he had a spite against them.

Mr. J. S. Fleming, asked if Mr. Tweedie, who was only the custodian of these funds for the club, had ever, been directed to pay the prizes?

Mr. Fred. Tweedie said he had never received any instructions to pay and, in fact, never had sufficient money in his hands to pay the prizes.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said that Mr. Stewart knew all this and it was not Mr. Fred. Tweedie he was after, for he named only Secretary-Treasurer Tweedie in his attacks—leaving the public to infer that it was he (Hon. Mr. Tweedie) who was meant and he had, no doubt, done it maliciously, for political reasons

In reply to Mr. Smith Commodore Miller said he had never instructed secretary-treasurer Tweedie to pay out the money in his hands.

Secretery-Treasurer Tweedie was asked to state just how the finances stood. He then showed that, up to the meeting of 1901, he had in his hands a $10 gold piece given as a prize by Colonel Call and won by the yacht Maude. As the crew of the Maude suggested at the time it was won that they would, at some future time, decide what disposition should be made of it and that he should, in the meantime, hold it, he had wrapped it in a piece of paper marked it accordingly and placed it in the office safe where it had lain ever since, until he took it out this morning for production here. Besides this gold piece he had in his custody $1.85 in the spring of 1901 and during that season he collected $5 in dues, so that when the annual meeting was to take place in 1902 he had $16.85 in his hands, including the $10.00 gold piece.

He was unavoidably absent from the annual meetings of 1901 and 1902, and Mr. R. A. Lawlor had acted for him. At the 1901 meeting $10 were paid to that gentleman and at the 1902 meeting, $9. That $19 had remained in Mr. Lawlor's custody, but it was available any time and with what was in his own hands would make $23.85, exclusive of the $10 gold piece. This amount, however, would fall short of paying the other prizes due, which amounted to $27, and as he had not been directed to pay them it was hardly to be expected that he would take it upon himself to apportion the money in his hands, as the other officers might differ from him in any course he might think was right in the matter. The reason why the $10 gold piece was not handed over to "Maude" in 1901 was because Mr. James Miller, who usually sailed, her did not participate in any of that season's races and the crew told him to retain it meantime, as stated.

Commodore Miller said Mr. James Miller intimated to him that he did not intend to claim that portion as prize.

Mr. Stewart said Mr. James Miller had spoken to him several times in reference to its not being paid over. It ought to have been paid over.

Mr. R. A. Lawlor corroborated what sec'y-treas. Tweedie had stated and said Mr. Stewart knew, as well as every other member did, that the money in hand was available to pay as far as it would go, when so ordered.

Mr. Stewart said the former treasurer always paid prizes without an order.

Commodore Miller said the prizes ought to have been paid as far as the funds went. He had, however, not directed the secretary to so pay them.

Mr. Lawlor said Mr. Stewart, if he felt aggrieved, should have brought the matter before the club and not before the public in his paper as he had done. He had attempted to injure the young man's character and it was very reprehensible.

Mr. R. H. Anderson, who is Manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia at Chatham, being present, said in reply to Hon. Mr. Tweedie that there had been no time in the last two or three years when Mr. F. M Tweedie had not under his control, by reason of holding Hon. Mr. Tweedie's power of attorney, from $750 to $2,500, for which his check would be honored at the bank.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he asked this question so as to show that his son had no occasion to use the club's $6 85 or even $25 85 and expend it on the Wenonah, as Mr. Stewart had charged. It was for the club to say whether that charge had any foundation, in view of the facts.

Mr Stewart contended that the fact that the prizes were not paid was proven. He never meant to charge Fred., whom he really liked, with using the money for the Wenonah. That was only a rhetorical flourish, and, in any case, it was not a matter for the club to deal with. He had heard he was to be expelled but, even if that were done he was philosopher enough to take it calmly. He was satisfied now that Fred did not use the money as stated and he would say so in his paper, as a man, a journalist, a yachtsman and a brother; not however under any fear of what the club or anyone else might do. He realised that all those present were of the same little family and he was at their mercy He had not gone around and got his friends to attend the meeting.

Hon. Mr. Tweedie said he had just come from St. John, directly to Newcastle to be present and was to return at once; he had seen none of the gentlemen present until he met them here. Such mean insinuations could not help Mr. Stewart's case. Mr. Tweedie, continuing, briefly reviewed the offence Mr. Stewart had committed against an officer of the club and he asked the club to find whether his son had been guilty of any impropriety whatever? If not, then it should deal with Mr. Stewart.

The matter was further discussed, Mr. Stewart's conduct being unanimously condemned by all the members present. It was the view of the club that prizes should be paid by the secretary-treasurer only on the authority of the Commodore or Regatta Committee. Finally, the following resolution was moved by Mr. J. S. Fleming, seconded by Mr. Ernest Hutchison and carried unanimously:—

"Resolved, that the members of the club regret that unfounded charges have been made against the Sec.-Treasurer, and they find no reason for such charges; and that this meeting adjourn for one week, from this date to obtain the papers published, and for further consideration of this matter, and that such meeting be at Col. Call's office on Thursday next, 11th inst., on arrival of 2 p. m. boat from Chatham."

The members of the Yacht Club had reason to expect that Mr Stewart, after realising how untruthful his statements concerning Mr F M Tweedie were, would have withdrawn them and expressed regret for having made them. Instead of that he has rather aggravated the offence by an article in his paper entitled "Mr Tweedie's latest" in which he characterises the meeting above reported as a "farcial" one—meaning farcical no doubt—but is up Hon Mr Tweedie and the other members of the club who were present to ridicule, by characterising them as Mr Tweedie's "own little circle of intimates" and saying tears trickled down their cheeks, etc., and generally demonstrating that he is unfit to be recognised as either a yachtsman or a gentleman. He, of course, withdraws anything that has appeared in the World in regard to Secretary-Treasurer Tweedie having used the club money for personal expenditures, but expresses no regret whatever for his attempt to blast the young man's character. It now remains to be seen whether the gentlemen of the club, whom he has ridiculed and vilified, are prepared to assert their self respect in the only way open to them for doing so.

LOST APPETITE QUICKLY REVIVED.

A Fitful Appetite is Generally Associated with a General Weakness of the System. Ferrozone the Best Tonic and Appetizer, Should be Taken After Each Meal, and a Rapid Improvement is Sure to Follow.

Distaste for food often follows La Grippe and fever, or is brought on by over excitement or worry. It is a dangerous condition and paves the way for more sickness. On this account it should be at once corrected by the regular use of Ferrozone.

A new and wonderful medicine is Ferrozone. It instantly imparts a real zest for food, and gives power to the stomach to digest and assimilate all that is eaten. Dyspepsia and indigestion are quite unknown to those who use Ferrozone, simply because it digests food so quickly, that it has no time to ferment or sour on the stomach.

Ferrozone regulates the bowels, quickly remedies urinal disorders and causes all the organs of the body to perform their functions, with proper regularity. If the liver is torpid, or the kidneys not eliminating as they should, they are soon restored to normal action, and the poisons that might otherwise be retained in the body to cause disease and ill health, are carried off through natural channels.

The surest road to perfect health is Ferrozone. Young girls who have been accustomed to eat almost nothing at breakfast, soon get over the bad habit by using Ferrozone, and as a result grow into healthy vigorous womanhood. When people get up in years and lose the strength and vim of youth, they need a good tonic and blood builder to enable them to resist the trials of our vigorous winter, and this is where Ferrozone can be used to great advantage.

Both the young and the old, the weak and the strong, male and female can derive untold benefit from Ferrozone. It is guaranteed to contain no opiates or injurious drugs, and will do just what is claimed for it.

Druggists recommend and sell it, price 50c. per box or three boxes for $1.25. Sent to your address by mail if price is forwarded to N. C. Polson & Co., King ton, Ont. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham, N. B.

PUBLIC NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have deposited in the Offices of the Honorable, the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, the plan and a description of the site of a proposed extension and addition to their mill wharf at Loggieville in the County of Northumberland, Province of New Brunswick, and on the southerly side of the River Miramichi, and that duplicates of the said plan and description have been deposited also in the Office of the Registrar of Deeds for the said County of Northumberland, at Newcastle in the said County. Also that application will be made to His Excellency the Governor-General-in-Council for approval of the said plan and site and of the building of the said extension and addition to said wharf

Dated, Chatham N B, July 23rd, A D 1902

DAMERY & McDONALD.

Bank of Montreal.

ESTABLISHED 1817.

Capital (all paid up) $12,000 000
Reserved Fund 8,000,000
(TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS!)

IN THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

of this Branch, interest is allowed

AT CURRENT RATES

on sums of $4.00 and upwards and paid or compounded twice a year, on 30th of June and 31st December. This is the most convenient form for depositors, but deposit receipts will be issued to those who prefer them.

COLLECTIONS

made at all points in Canada and the United States at most favorable rates.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Chartered Banks in Chatham, N. B. and Newcastle N. B. have decided to change the Saturday closing hour to 12 O'CLOCK, NOON, commencing on October 4th next.

Until further notice, for convenience of customers, this Bank will be open for business from 9.30 a. m. on Saturdays. On other days as usual from 10 a. m. until 3 p. m.

R. R. CROMBIE,
Manager Chatham Branch.

UNPACKING TO-DAY!

ONE CAR LOAD

—OF—

FARMERS' WAGONS, DUMP-CARTS, CART WHEELS AND AXLES

(the latter in all sizes from 1½ to 4-inch tires) with and without bodies.

Call and see this lot at

THE WAREROOMS

—OF—

THE LOUNSBURY Co., Limited.

Cunard Street, Chatham.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.

IN EFFECT JUNE 16, 1902.

Until further notice, trains will run on the above Railway, daily (Sundays excepted) as follow:

Between Fredericton, Chatham and Loggieville.

FOR CHATHAM (read down) Freight	Express		FOR FREDERICTON (read up) Express	Freight
7 00 a m	4 00 p m	..Fredericton..	1 45	5 23
7 10	4 08	....Gibson....	1 42	5 20
7 40	4 15	..Marysville..	1 25 p m	5 05
9 20	5 27	..Cross Creek..	12 00	2 50
10 45 lv / 11 00 lv	6 25	..Boiestown..	10 45 lv / 10 40 ar	1 15 pm
12 00				
12 05 p m	7 10 ar	.. Doaktown..	9 50	12 00 lv
1 55	8 25 lv	...Blackville...	8 42	11 45 ar / 10 00
3 10	9 20 ar	Chatham Jct	7 40 lv	8 30
3 45	9 25 lv		7 30 ar	7 30
4 05	9 45	.... Nelson	7 00	7 10
4 40	10 05	... Chatham....	6 40	6 50
5 00 ar	10 20	.. Loggieville ..	6 20 a m	6 25 a m

Connecting with I. C. R.

GOING NORTH.

	Maritime Express.	Day Express
lv Chatham,	12 00 p. m	1.00 p.m.
Nelson	12.20 a m	1 20 "
Ar. Chatham Junc.,	12 40 "	1 40 "
Lv. " "	1.00 "	2.05 "
Nelson	1 20 "	2.25 "
Ar. Chatham,	1 40 "	2 45 "

GOING SOUTH.

	Maritime Express.	Day Express
Chatham,	6.30 a. m.	10.20 a. m.
Nelson	6.50 "	10.40 "
Ar. Chatham Junction,	7.10 "	11.00 "
Lv. " "	7.40 "	11.50 "
Nelson	8.00 "	12.10 "
Ar. Chatham	8.20 "	12.30 "

The above Table is made up on Atlantic standard time.

The trains between Chatham and Fredericton will also stop when signalled at the following flag Stations:—Derby Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chelmsford, Grey Rapids, Upper Blackville, Blissfield Derby, McNamee's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Zionville, Durham, Nashwaak, Manner's Siding, Punnian.

Maritime Express Trains on I. C. R. going north run through to destinations on Sunday. Maritime Express from Montreal runs Monday mornings but not Sunday mornings.

CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. RAILWAY for all points East and West, and at Fredericton with the C. P. RAILWAY for Montreal and all points in the upper provinces and with the C. P. RAILWAY for St. John and all points West, and at Gibson for Woodstock, Houlton, Grand Falls Edmundston and Presque Isle, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

THOS. HOBEN, Supt. ALEX. GIBSON, Gen'l Manager

STANLEY, SHAW & PEARDON,

Practical Plumbers

—AND—

Sanitary Engineers.

Plumbing and Hot Water Heating.

WATER STREET. (next door to the Hocken Building) CHATHAM N. B.

POST OFFICE BOX 189.

CITATION.

In the Probate Court of Northumberland County.

To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland or any Constable within the said County, greeting:

Whereas James F. Connors and J. Thomas B. Kane, Executors of the last will and testament of Daniel Cranmer, late of Chatham in said County, deceased, have filed an account of their administration of the said estate, and have by their petition represented to me that the personal estate of the said deceased is not sufficient for the payment of the debts due by the said deceased, and have prayed that the said account may be passed and allowed and that license to sell the real estate of the said deceased may be granted to them to pay the said debts

You are therefore required to cite the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased, the creditors and all others interested in the said estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate, to be held at my office, Newcastle, within and for the said County of Northumberland, on Friday the Third day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to attend the passing of the accounts of administration and show cause (if any they have) why the real estate of the said deceased should not be sold as prayed.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this 25th day of August 1902.

(L.S.) (Sgd) SAM'L THOMSON,
Judge of Probate
(Sgd) G. R. FRASER, Northumberland County.
Registrar of Probate
for said County.

BUILDING STONE.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish stone for building and other purposes.

Apply to

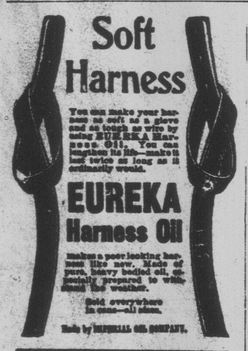
L. J. TWEEDIE,

or at the office of L. J. Tweedie.

TO LET—IN ELKIN BLOCK.

ONE STORE 21 x 55 feet, with basement well ventilated and drained and good rear entrance and accommodation.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY with single slant light, 20 x 40



W. S. LOGGIE COMPANY, Limited.

School Books, Pens & Pencils,
Rulers, Scribblers,

Drawing and Copy Books for School opening.

We also have a nice line of Ladies' Stationery.

Our Boot and Shoe Department is Complete.

IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT we carry a full stock of goods.

The above lines as well as our WALL PAPER and BLINDS we carry in our store in the COMMERCIAL BUILDING.

We shall be pleased to see all. It is a pleasure to show our goods even if you do not buy just at the time.

W. S. LOGGIE CO., LTD.,
Commercial Building Store.

FIRE:—Mr A Boucher's dwelling at Acadieville was burned last Friday.

CORONATION CHOIR:—Thursday evening next in St. John's church.

REMOVED:—Mr J C T Arseneau has removed his family grocery to Mr Anthony Adams' new building on Ferry-corner, Water Street.

THE CITIZEN'S BAND came up from Chatham last Tuesday night and serenaded Mr Chas F Park. Mr Park has frequently made them donations of music.—Advocate.

PASSED:—At the last examination held at Yarmouth, N. S., J. F. Atkinson, of Rexton, Kent county, N. B., passed as master for the coast aide.

FOR CAMP:—Major Mackenzie, accompanied by Capts. Irving, Cameron and McNaughton, Lieut Ward and thirty non-commissioned officers and men of the 73d batt. went to Camp Sussex on Tuesday.

LT.-GOVERNOR SNOWBALL'S MATCHED TEAM of carriage horses took first prize at the St. John Exhibition. There were three entries. The prize awarded was $20, which his honor donated to the Exhibition fund.

"WHISKY, YOU'RE THE DEVIL!" says the Irishman, who nevertheless employs it to oust out the uglier devil, a cough or cold; how much more sensible to employ Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam, which never fails. 25c. all Druggists.

A NEW TERM: Mr Stewart of the World, being cornered and compelled, after a flat denial, to admit that he publicly and falsely, in his paper, charged a fellow-citizen with embezzlement, endeavored to laugh it off, and asserted it "was only a rhetorical flourish." Hereafter, when the World is indulging in its usual vilifications, people will realise that Mr Stewart has a continued attack of "rhetorical flourishes."

MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS:—Now is the time to place your orders for cemetery work and avoid the spring rush. We have now on hand and coming one of the largest stocks of marble and granite monuments, headstones and tablets ever shown on the north shore, all from the latest designs and worked from the best material the market can produce. Call and get our prices. They are right.

JOHN H. LAWLOR & CO.

BLACKVILLE GARDEN PARTY:—The congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, Blackville, are making preparations to hold a garden party on the manse grounds at that place on Wednesday next, 17th inst. There will be a tea served from six until eight o'clock, for 25 cents, and ice cream and other refreshments available from the time of opening at half past four in the afternoon until the close in the evening. Music will be provided and a very enjoyable time may be anticipated.

FATALITY AT REXTON:—William Fougere, a seaman on the schooner Fanny Young, met with a fatal accident at Rexton on Monday evening of last week. He left the vessel and started to walk up the run to the mill. He slipped on one of the rollers and fell, striking his side on a timber. He lived until Wednesday morning. The deceased was aged fifty-seven and belonged to Montague, P. E Island, where he leaves a wife and six children. The schooner sailed with the remains Wednesday evening

SERIOUS ACCIDENT:—As Mr David Blakeley, of Napan, was returning to his home from Chatham, on a slover, on Monday night, he slipped from a bag of oats on which he was sitting, and it is supposed that his head was struck and forced downward by a turning wheel, as when Dr McDonald examined him he found a wound near one eye and that his neck was dislocated. He lies at his home paralysed, and his life is in danger. His wife and little children, as well as the unfortunate man, himself, have the sympathy of the community.

THE SHIP LABORERS' EXCURSION:—At a meeting of the J B Snowball Co's ship laborers, Monday evening, 8th inst, a resolution was unanimously passed thanking the J B Snowball Company for the gift of their steamer St George on Labor Day. The Committee wish to say that after paying for refreshments, music, etc, they have $5.10 on hand, which they will hold over for next year.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

Chatham, 8th Sept, 1902.

THE MOOSE PROBLEM:—Dr. Bailey, who has been upon a scientific expedition on the Tobique for the past month, reports that the moose are very plentiful in that region and he saw them almost every day, although not on the hunt for that kind of game. Very few bull moose were seen and few calves; those which the party came across being almost invariably females. Dr. Bailey states that the guides of the Tobique report that the male moose is becoming scarce, owing to the fact that hunters are allowed to shoot only males. At the present rate, according to the source of information indicated, it is a question of only a short time before moose will be extinct in that locality.—Gleaner.

Obituary.

Walter McKenzie, who was injured at the Dominion Pulp Mill, died at 10.30 yesterday forenoon at the Hotel Dieu Hospital, Chatham.

The death of detective John Ring took place at his home in Moncton yesterday morning.

Mrs. Jane Somers—formerly Mrs. Robert Johnston of Chatham—died at Los Angles, Cal. on Monday, 1st inst.

Presbytery of Miramichi.

A meeting of the Presbytery of Miramichi was held on 3rd inst., in St. James' church, Newcastle, to receive and deal with a call, from the congregation of that church to Rev. Murdock A. McKinnon, late assistant to Rev. Dr. Armstrong Black, of St. Andrew's church, Toronto.

The call, which was unanimous and largely signed by the members and adherents of the church, was sustained as a regular gospel call and ordered to be forwarded to Mr. McKinnon.

Provisional arrangements were made, should he accept, for his ordination and induction to take place at the next regular quarterly meeting of the Presbytery of the Miramichi, on Tuesday evening, Sept. 23

Mr. McKinnon is a native of Cape Breton, and a nephew of Alexander McKinnon, of Chatham.

The salary offered by St. James' congregation is $1,200 and manse.

Mr. McKinnon has accepted the call.

Nature's Remedy for all Summer Complaints.

Is only costs Twenty-five cents to have on hand a safe and sure remedy for all Summer Complaints, Diarrhoea, Cramps and Pains. Buy a bottle of Fuller's Blackberry Cordial to-day, there is no remedy "just as good," tried and tested for over twenty-five years, it regulates the bowels and relieves promptly. Useful alike to both Children and Adults, prepared by The Baird Company Limited.

Poachers Caught.

Some cases against the salmon poachers on the St. John river were before Magistrate P. G. Fraser at Andover the other day. The inspector for the district, Mr. Harrison, was present with Warden L. W. Wilson. Thomas Lawson appeared as counsel for the prosecution and J. J. Gallagher represented the defence. Convictions were made against Alex. Lennon, Archie Lennon and George Dixon, and a fine of $10 and costs imposed.

The hearing of the information against Bud. Hitchcock, charged with unlawfully fishing for salmon with a spear was, on motion of defendant's counsel, adjourned.

The defendants who were convicted obtained copies of the proceedings and an application is to be made to the supreme court for a writ of certiorari to bring up the convictions with the view of having the same quashed. Among other objections, it is contended that the Dominion Fisheries Act, so far as it relates to inland waters, is ultra vires of the parliament of Canada, which, of course, is put forward merely to "mark time."

International Argument

There is one State of Maine Yankee who will hereafter reserve the expression of his opinions of England and the English for the safer climate of home.

He stood in a hotel bar in St. John yesterday morning and made several remarks. They were vigorous, decidedly uncomplimentary and ungentlemanly. Some of his friends tried soothing means, but the man from Maine was out for blood—British blood.

He didn't get any. There was present at the time a mayor of a New Brunswick town, who is not a very big man, while the talker towered up about six feet. But the mayor didn't approve of either the sentiments or the language, so he walked over and said: "See here—you're considerable bigger than me, but that kind of talk don't go down here. This is where you get poked good and hard." And his fist shot out and landed fair where the talk was coming from.

Friends hauled the mayor off because nothing more was needed. There were no further strictures regarding British policy.—St. John Sun

Sure Cure for Sick Stomach.

Such maladies as Nausea, Sick Stomach, Cramps and Colic, yield instantly to Polson's Nerviline, and if you suffer periodically from any of these complaints just keep Nerviline handy and take a few drops in water for quick relief. A large 25c. bottle of Nerviline is a comfort and safeguard in any household, and will save great suffering and big doctors' bills every year. Do you use Nerviline? Try it. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham, N. B.

HAMILTON'S PILLS DON'T GRIPE.

Personal.

Rev. A. T. Kempton of Fitchburg, Mass., and Mrs. Kempton, were in town last Friday, guests at the Adams House. Mr. Kempton visited the North Shore under the auspices of the New Brunswick Tourist Association, for the purpose of collecting material for a lecture which he is preparing on the subject of New Brunswick as a resort for tourists, anglers and sportsmen.

Mr Fred Coates of St John and Miss Mary Leonard, formerly of Chatham, and a graduate of the ADVANCE office, were married at the pro-cathedral yesterday morning. We wish them a long and happy life together.

Rev Geo Steel was elected Secretary of the Methodist general conference at Winnipeg last Thursday over about a dozen others who were nominated for the office.

Manager Crombie, of the Bank of Montreal, and Mrs Crombie and family have returned home from their holiday visit to Youghal.

Mr and Mrs Alex Burr went to Moncton yesterday, on the invitation of Mr and Mrs T V Cooke, whose daughter, Annie, and Mrs Burr's brother, Mr A E Wilkinson of the I. C. R. offices were married last evening.

Miss Helen Blair is visiting her sister, Mrs F E Neale, accompanied by Miss Edwards, of Fredericton.

Mr Pelham Winslow has entered the service of the Bank of Montreal, Chatham.

Lieut Governor Snowball returned home on Tuesday night's Maritime Express from Montreal, where he was a guest of the Board of Trade of that city at a banquet given on Monday evening to Sir Edward Barton, G. C. M. G., premier of the Commonwealth of Australia.

Miss Helen Grant, of St. Stephen, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. D. G. Smith, Chatham.

F. W. Emmerson, Esq., was in town last week.

[Union Advocate 10th.]

The Leading Social Function of the Season.

Last Wednesday evening a delightful dance was given by Mrs. Robinson, wife of James Robinson, Esq., M. P., at their beautiful residence, River View, Miramichi.

Mrs. Robinson was assisted in receiving by her daughter, the former was gowned in black point d'esprit, diamond ornaments, the latter, in white lace, with pearl ornaments.

The music supplied by McEachern's orchestra, was all that could be desired. A dainty supper was served at midnight.

The invited guests included:

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Snowball. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sargeant. Mr. and Mrs. W. A Hickson. Mr and Mrs W S Moore. Mr and Mrs R T D Aitken. Mr and Mrs C G Hubbard. Misses Hanley, Sargeant, Bell, Russell, Snowball, Tweedie, Stables, Muirhead, Aitken, Munyan (Boston,) Burchill, Watt, Lawlor, Morrison, Hutchison, Harrison, Misses Fleming, Misses Troy. Messrs W A Park, J Staples, Hoyt, A E Shaw, Duff, Cal., F M Tweedie, C A C Binoe, F Dyke, S Benson, J P King, W Gilbert, H Adams, C Adams, (New York), T A MacLean, J Petrie, J Rundle, G Stead, Dr Vaughan, A Ferguson, Dr F W MacDonald, (Boston.)

Lameness in Horses, Hard and Soft Lumps relieved by Leeming's Spavin Liniment.

For curing lameness from whatever cause, Sprains, Curb Splint, Ringbone and for removing obstinate Lumps and all similar injuries or diseases. Cures when everything else fails. Do not confound this preparation with Spavin Cures and other preparations. Leeming's Spavin Liniment is different from any of them, the effects produced by the applications of Leeming's Spavin Liniment are certain yet comparatively mild. Prepared by The Baird Company Limited.

At the Normal School.

Following are the names of the North Shore students who are enrolled at the Normal School, together with their home address and religious denominations:

NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Osburn N. Brown, Newcastle, P.
Clare Crenghan, Newcastle, R. C.
Ethel J. Fowlie, Little Branch, P.
K. Helena Dunn, Grainfield, R. C
Mary A. Casey, Chelmsford, R. C.
Arthur G. F. Freeze, Doaktown, P.
Jessie Keane, Douglastown, R. C.
Maud T. McElwee, Derby Junction, R. C.
Agnes Perry, Rogersville, P.
Lida A. Wishart, Tabusintac, P.
Margaret H. Murphy, Doaktown, R. C.
C. Burnette Tobin, Upper Nelson, R. C.
Mabel M. Crocker, Millerton, M.

RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY.

George D. McMillan, Black Point, P.
Ellen Blake, Black Point, P.
Josephine F. Culligan, Jacquet River R. C.
Annie Dickie, Point la Nim, P.
Mary E. Mahoney, Campbellton, R. C.
Lily J. Miller, Dalhousie, P.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

Jean G. Robichaud, Shippegan, R. C.
M. Hermina Hachey, Bathurst, R. C.
M. Zita Lordon, Bathurst, R. C.
M. Ada Boudreau, Beresford, R. C.
Bertha L. A Hodgins, Belledune, P.
M. Loretta Meahan, Bathurst, R. C.

KENT COUNTY.

J. Gladys Hodson, Richibucto, C. of E.
Margaret E. Fraser, Rexton, R. C.
Carrie E. Ayer, Buctouche, B.
Lewis Jack King, Buctouche, P.
Colin E Carruthers, Fords Mills, P.
Nellie M. McK. Stewart, Richibucto, C. of E.
M. Aletha Wathen, Harcourt, P.

A True Nerve Tonic

Will act, not so much directly upon the nerves as upon the digestive functions and the abundant formation of red, vitalizing blood. Nerves can't be fed on medicine. They can, however, be restored and strengthened by assimilated food. The marvelous action of FERROZONE arises from its action over the digestive and assimilative processes. When you take Ferrozone the blood is purified, strengthened, and grows rich and red. Then you grow vigorous, healthy and beautiful, ready for work, because you have the strength to do it. No tonic for the brain, blood or nerves compares with Ferrozone. Price 50c., at Druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham, N. B.

HAMILTON'S PILLS ARE EFFECTIVE.

Chatham Town Council.

Chatham Town Council met in regular monthly session on Monday evening last, His Worship Mayor Snowball presiding. After the minutes were read, amended and approved—

The clerk read a letter from William C. Brent, asking for an extension of time in which to negotiate town bonds—Referred to Finance Committee.

In response to a notice of overdraft on current electric light account from the Bank of Montreal, the Mayor reported explanations which he had made to Manager Crombie, showing why the money available at the present time was not sufficient, the chief points being that revenue was lightest in the summer months while large purchases of coal and other fuel had to be made, etc.

On motion of ald. Nicol, it was ordered that the Mayor and Treasurer be authorized to make over-drafts on electric light account at Bank of Montreal up to $2,500.

The Mayor read a communication from Messrs. H. A. Hanscom & Co., of Boston, asking to be relieved of their bond obligation under their sewer contract if the town was satisfied that their work had been completed.

Referred to Public Works Committee.

The Mayor read a request from the Miramichi Steam Navigation Co., asking Council for the use of the town wharf for their steamers next season.

Consideration of this was deferred until later in the session.

The Mayor read a communication from Mr. S. J. Hickey, asking relief from personal property assessment levied on him, as he had no such property.

The matter was not in proper form as a petition, but ald. Nicol thought that might be overlooked.

Ald. Hocken said it might be well to let it go back to Mr. Hickey to be amended and sent in as the law required. The law required that such claims should come in by sworn petition and it would not be right to establish a precedent that they might hereafter regret. He was ready to do justice in the matter on its merits when properly presented.

The Mayor, ald. Murray and Murdoch agreed to the principle stated by ald. Hocken. All agreed that it would be right to deal with the matter on its merits, when presented by a legal petition.

On motion, ordered that the communication be returned to Mr. Hickey to be amended and presented in proper form.

Ald. Hocken, for Chairman McIntosh, who was absent through illness, presented report of the Public Works Committee recommending that Mr. R. A. Loggie be permitted to open a cellar drain to Princess street. The report and a number of accompanying bills passed as recommended.

There was some discussion raised by ald. Maher over the accounts to which a bill of Engineer Scott for services should be charged.

The Mayor said that the pump people had not yet got ready for testing, and it was not known when they would be ready.

A bill of Messrs. Ruddock for completed stand pipe was referred to the Public Works Committee.

The Mayor said there were some charges to be deducted from Messrs. Ruddock's bill for stand pipe, such as the running of the pumps daily when they might have been unless frequently had the stand pipe been completed as per contract; also on account of services of Mr. Scott which had been specially required by reason of delay of the work.

Ald. Murdoch, in absence of Chairman Morris, presented a number of bills from the Police Committee, and on their being moved for payment—

Ald. Murray said a report should have come in from the committee, especially in view of some things which had transpired in reference to one of the policemen.

The Mayor agreed that there should have been a report. He observed that policeman Foley was not on duty. Why?

The report was laid on the table in the absence of Chairman Morris.

Ald. Hocken reported from the Park and Fire Committee. A number of the old fire tanks had been ordered to be filled up and some other matters were reported upon, including a recommendation that the services of hoseman Johnston Marsh be discontinued and John C. Stewart be engaged in his place. Ald. Hocken also read a communication from Secretary T. Fitzpatrick of the firemen, asking Council to provide for the cleaning and keeping in order of the firemen's room.

Ald. Maher objected to the cutting off of the water tank opposite Dr. J. B. Benson's. If that were done a hydrant ought to be put there for the use of the public.

Ald. Hocken said ald. Maher was at the committee meeting when the closing of this and two other tanks was agreed to on Supt. McKay's recommendation. The tank referred to was flooding cellars in that vicinity, and the water was bad. The town should not be required to be at the expense of maintaining these tanks, which had been built for fire purposes. It was not fair to the ratepayers generally that a few people who were able to pay for water should have it furnished at public expense.

Ald. Maher contended that the water in the Benson tank was good, though Supt. McKay reported that it was bad.

Ald. Nicol thought that the town should not go to expense to provide free water when it had established a water system, but it might become a hardship to shut down this particular tank before say next spring.

The Mayor said the hydrant of the tank opposite Benson's would freeze up as it did last winter when the cold weather came and in the spring nearby cellars would be flooded.

Ald. Murray said these tanks should be closed up, as they were not needed for their original purposes. If this Council continued to maintain them the next might think they should continue that policy. Some members of the Council seemed to consider the interests of the few who were unwilling to pay water rates as against those of the ratepayers generally, which the Council was here to protect. He, for one, would not cater to that kind of thing.

The report was taken up section by section.

Ald. Nicol moved and ald. Maher seconded a motion that the Benson tank be not closed till Dec. 31st. This was lost by casting vote of Mayor, ald. Nicol, Maher and Murdoch voting for it and ald. Hocken, Murray and Wyse against.

John C. Stewart was appointed in Johnston Marsh's place on the fire company.

The bills as read were ordered to be paid.

Ald. Murray, from the Light, Water and Sewerage Committee, reported as follows:—

Your Water, Sewerage and Electric Light Committee beg to report as follows:

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

The expenditure for the month of July was $1157 85; $560.00 of which however was for interest paid on the Electric Light bonds, and the revenue for the same month was $385.00. It may be mentioned that during the midsummer months the reports show the expenditure to largely exceed the revenue, by which ratepayers might be led to suppose that the electric light plant is being operated at a loss, but it must be remembered that owing to the length of the days, the consumption of light during those months is at its very lowest, while the operating expenses (with the exception of cost of fuel and that also to a some extent) are undiminished, and that during those months large amounts are being paid out for fuel, a great portion of which is being laid in for fall and winter use. In the winter months the revenue is very much increased while the expenditure is greatly less so that the apparent deficit in summer is more than counterbalanced. It may also be added that the costs of lighting of streets, Town Hall, pumping station, etc., are not included in above receipts,

WATER.

During the month of August nine additional water connections were made, making a total at end of month of 101.

Water rates being collected quarterly, there will be no water revenue to be reported till after the end of the current quarter, October 1st.

SEWERAGE.

Eight additional sewerage connections were made in August making a total of 74 at end of that month.

Your committee recommend that 2000 feet of 8 in. sewer pipe be purchased as same will be required for sewer connections.

We also recommend that the following amounts be credited to Electric Light station and charged to proper accts.

3 months street lighting.....	$ 340 00
3 " lighting of Town Hall	42 28
3 tons coal from station to Town Hall	11 55

Also that maintenance of Water Works be credited with the following, which shall be charged to the proper accounts.

Material and labor in connection with conveying water to fountain in Park	$ 87 10
Material and labor in conveying water to McNaughton Memorial Fountain.....	24 60
8 months supply of Fire Hydrants at 35.08 per an.....	1353 33
2 months supply water for fountains in Park and Haymarket Square.....	15 00

(The latter item is based on an estimate of the actual cost of pumping the water.)

We also recommend payment of the following bills—namely

Water and Sewerage pay sheet July 28 to Aug 16.....	$ 181 70
Water and sewerage pay sheet Aug 16 to Aug 30.....	70 25
Electric Light pay sheet Aug 1 to Aug 15.....	72 86
Electric Light pay sheet Aug 16 to Aug 31.....	60 10
T. McAvity & Sons.....	60
" " "	39 20
" " "	54 00
The Imperial Oil Co.....	4 80
" " "	17 80
" " "	6 80
" " "	33 84
M. Mitchell.....	1 20
Alex. Morris.....	75
" "	10 95
Montreal Pipe Foundry Co.....	44 38
" " " "	4 02
" " " "	5 19
Miller's Foundry & Machine w'ks	28 62
" " " "	10 19
John Starr Son & Co.....	54 00
John Fleger.....	4 90

Your committee would request that authority be given to purchase metal wheelbarrows for Pumping Station and Electric Light Station.

The report was adopted and bills ordered to be paid as read.

Ald. Maher, from the By-Law Committee, moved changes in the by-laws so as to provide a tax of five dollars on bulls brought to the town for sale, leaving all other animals as before. Adopted.

Ald. Nicol reported from the Finance Committee against granting Mr. W. C. Winslow's application to exempt the Maritime Salphite Fibre Company's Chatham property from the assessment levied on it this year. Adopted.

Reverting to the Police Committee's report, which was now taken up, ald. Hocken said the chairman of the committee had been instructed to dispense with policeman Hannah's services. It seemed that he was still on duty.

Several members of the committee said that they knew nothing of his being retained, and that his salary from August should not be paid without further enquiry as to why the committee's decision had been ignored.

Ald. Hocken said he objected to policeman Hannah being paid in view of the developments at the committee's investigation. It was shown that policeman Hannah had been intoxicated and neglected the duty he was engaged to perform. The committee had decided on his dismissal. It seemed that he had been retained. Someone had set himself above the committee and had not given the policeman notice that his services were no longer required.

Ald. Murray said policeman Foley was not on duty. It was said he was away from the town. As a member of the Police Committee he had heard nothing of policeman Foley being granted leave of absence.

Action on the report was deferred for the present.

The hosemen's letter in reference to the keeping of their room in order was referred to the Public Works Committee.

Mr. Winslow was heard on the application by the Miramichi Steam Navigation Co. for the use of the town wharf at a nominal sum as a landing place for their up and down river steamers. The company would keep the wharf in repair, furnishing ashes, etc., for filling and levelling. He presented the claims of the company as strong on account of its carrying on a public service of much benefit to the community.

Ald. Nicol said they had been looking for a revenue for the town wharf for some time. After discussing the matter at some length he said if the two steamers used the wharf it would practically shut out all other craft.

Ald. Hocken said the company would have to provide a coal shed and a freight shed, and also a waiting room for the ferry boat, so this expense ought to be considered in fixing the rental to be charged.

Ald. Murray moved, seconded by ald. Maher, that a lease of terminal privileges at the town wharf for three years at $75 a year be entered into with the Steam Navigation Company for the accommodation of two steamers, with the right to erect freight and coal warehouses and a waiting room.

In reply to a question, ald. Wyse said $4 wharfage had been collected for the wharf this season.

Ald. Murray discussed the matter, pointing out that the town should not let anyone have the wharf at a nominal rental, as asked by Mr. Winslow. It had cost a good deal of money to build it and it was not provided so that anyone should have the use of it for a nominal sum. The town could not afford to be so generous.

The Mayor suggested that the application of the company be referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Nicol, Maher and Murray to consult with the company and report back to Council. This was accepted, moved by ald. Maher and passed.

Ald. Wyse said somebody is throwing debris in the park fountain and it should be protected by the police.

Adjourned.

McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup.

Always the same safe, pleasant and effectual remedy.

For Knowing How.

It is knowing how to do things that is of value.

It is said that a skilled mechanic once sent in the following items in a bill for a small job:

For doing the work.....	$ .25
For knowing how.....	24 75
Total	$25.00

It was knowing how that added value to his services, not the mere doing. It was the years of discipline, of dry details and drudgery, the years of learning the trade, with little compensation, that gave the value.

Hundreds of boys in this country to-day are bemoaning their small salaries and lack of opportunities, when they are right in the whirlpool of business or trade, the finest school possible for them. If they would keep their eyes open and their minds alert, and learn to see things and absorb knowledge, they would no longer complain of "no chance," or say that luck is against them. They would realize that they have been set on the road to fortune, and that by sturdy trudging they can arrive in triumph at the goal.—O. S. Madren in "Success."

The foregoing suggests the underlying principle of success in life, which is far too often lost sight of. Young men with the most superficial acquaintance with and experience in trades think they "know it all" before they have made even a fair start towards learning them. Instead of continuing as learners, they induce someone to engage them as workmen, with the result that their want of competency is soon exposed and they go through life as failures, simply because they would not begin it by giving the necessary time to the duty of learning to "know how." The professions, too, are having in them an ever-increasing proportion of men who lack the training necessary to qualify them for their work, for the tendency towards laxity in literary as well as technical examinations is a vicious outgrowth of the prevailing distaste for hard preparatory work and the desire to take short cuts to professional positions.

The Cause of Deafness.

Deafness and impaired hearing are due almost entirely to catarrhal inflammation of the eustachian tubes. Permanent cure is guaranteed to all who inhale CATARRHOZONE as directed. This vegetable antiseptic is inhaled at the mouth, and after traversing all the air passages of the respiratory organs is exhaled through the nostrils; it completely eradicates catarrh from any part of the system, clears the ears, nose and throat, and allays, inflammation, congestion and soreness. For Deafness, Earache, Ringing in the Ears, Head Noises, Catarrh, Asthma and Bronchitis, medical science can devise nothing as beneficial as Catarrhozone. Complete outfit for two months' use, price $1.00; trial size 25c. Druggists, or N. C Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham, N. B.

HAMILTON'S PILLS ARE EFFECTIVE.

Shipping News.

PORT OF CHATHAM.

Entered from sea.

Sept 8—Bk Teutonia, 595, Gregersen, Bilas, Thos D Flett bal.
9—Bk Teocle, 764, Porzio, Bath, Me, J B Snowball Co. bal.
9—Bk Jonva, 457, Omnendsen, Liverpool, W S Loggie Co ltd, ballt.

Cleared for Sea

Sept 9—Sch Pydna, 1854, Crossley, Great Britain via Sydney, F E Neale, deals
9—Sch I N Parker, 98, Lipsett, New York, J B Snowball Co, laths
10—Bk Amore, 774 Terre, Arzew, Africa, J B Snowball Co, deals.

Marlin
.32 Cal. High-Pressure Smokeless
IN MODEL 1893

We are prepared to furnish our full line of Model '93 rifles, solid and take-down, for the new .32 Caliber HIGH PRESSURE SMOKELESS cartridge. This size uses a 165-grain bullet and has a velocity of over 2,000 feet per second, making it the most powerful cartridge made for an American arm, with the exception of the .30-40 U. S. Army. It is sufficiently deadly for any game known in North America.

Another great advantage is that the barrel's are bored and rifled (but not chambered) exactly the same as the regular .32-40 Marlin, one turn in 16 inches. This makes the use of black powder and lead bullets as satisfactory and convenient as in a regular black powder rifle.

This size is the first high-pressure arm developed in this country for a caliber larger than .30, and the first to use a slow enough twist to give best results with black powder ammunition.

Prices same as .30-30 MARLIN.

120-page cat. big of rifles, shotguns, ammunition, etc., cover in 3 colors, mailed for three stamps.

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NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

M.S.N.CO.

CHEAP EXCURSION RATES
TO THE
SEA SIDE!

New Steamer
'ALEXANDRA'

will commence running down river on

TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1902,

making the usual calls as per Time Table, and in addition will call at BURNT CHURCH twice EVERY WEEK DAY, giving passengers for Burnt Church from 4 to 5 hours on the beach on Mondays, Wednesday and Fridays, and from 1 to 2 hours on the beach on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, and passengers for BAY DU VIN 3 to 4 hours on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

EXCURSION TICKETS good for day of issue only.

FARE for ROUND TRIP, 35 cts.

except on Saturday, when

FARE will be 25 cts.,

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The "ALEXANDRA" is an excellent excursion boat licensed to carry 397 passengers Room for promenading and dancing. The saloon deck is entirely covered aft and affords protection from sun and rain

It is the intention of the management to furnish an orchestra on TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS, until further notice

REFRESHMENTS and MEALS served on board at reasonable rates

The steamer lands passengers at the New Pier at BURNT CHURCH

Good Hotel Accommodation, Sea Bathing, Deep Sea and Trout Fishing

'MIRAMICHI'

(UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE)

On MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, Excursion Rate for round trip to Newcastle will be 15 cents

On WEDNESDAY, commencing with the trip leaving Nelson at 11.30 a m Excursion Rates to all points, 15 cents

Excursion Rate to BUSHVILLE and return, any afternoon, 15 cents

Children under 16, 10 cents

J. ARCH'D HAVILAND, Manager.

July 23th, 1902 [Phone 46]

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AND
BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

We have started a Cash Grocery in the store on Duke Street, recently occupied by Mr. B. M. Moran, and would respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. We offer the following stock for sale, which is all new and fresh. The goods are of the best quality and will be sold at a living profit.

We keep a full line of Boots and Shoes
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LADIES, GENTLEMEN AND CHILDREN.

Homemade Bread, Cakes, Pies, Doughnuts etc., etc.

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The J. B. Snowball Co. Ltd.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Hams, Breakfast Bacon,
Short Rolls, Plate Beef,
New Crop Extra Choice
Porto Rico Molasses.

Clear Barrel Pork,
Pure Kettle Rendered Lard,
Napan Creamery Butter,
Choice Roll Butter,

Two Tons Tub Butter.

What 25c.
WILL BUY:—

3 Tins Blueberries for	25cts.	3 lbs. Prunes for	25cts.
3 Tins Delhi Corn for	25 "	3 Pks. Quick Tapioca for	25 "
3 Tins do Peas for	25 "	8 Bars Happy Home Soap for	25 "
3 Tins Stringless Beans for	25 "	8 Bars Maple Leaf Soap for	25 "
3 Tins Halibut for	25 "	2 Jars French Mustard for	25 "
3 Tins Mackerel for	25 "	1 lb. Ginger for	25 "
3 Tins Clams for	25 "	1 lb. Pepper for	25 "
3 Tins Salmon for	25 "	6 Pks. Gold Dust (small) for	25 "
4 lbs. Boston Pilot Biscuit for	25 "	10 lbs. Baking Soda for	25 "
4 lbs. Family " " for	25 "	7 lbs. Beans for	25 "
4 lbs. Blue or White Starch for	25 "	6 lbs. Rice for	25 "
4 lbs. Pearl Tapioca for	25 "	3 Bottles Pickles for	25 "

3 lbs. Borax for 25cts.

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Standard Granulated Sugar,
Bright Yellow Sugar,
Red Path Paris Lump Sugar,

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CLUBBING OFFER.

Haven's some of our young friends in town or country a desire to make a little money? To anyone sending us FIVE new subscriptions of 35 cents each for the ADVANCE and Family Herald and Weekly Star for the balance of 1902, we will pay 50 cents; for TEN such subscriptions $1 00 and so on in proportion for greater numbers than ten. Each subscriber will receive each paper separately at his post office address, so that the person getting up the club will have no further trouble after sending us the subscriptions.

Address or call at

THE MIRAMICHI ADVANCE OFFICE, CHATHAM, N. B.

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ALL RAIL TO BOSTON	Two fast trains daily, except Sunday, from St John Parlor and Sleeping Cars between St John and Boston.
SHORT LINE To MONTREAL	Through Fast Express leaving Halifax at 8.45 a.m., St. John 6.05 p m. Daily except Sunday. First and Second Class Coaches and Sleepers Halifax to Montreal.
IMPERIAL LIMITED To PACIFIC COAST	The Fast Train leaving Montreal every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday, making the run to Vancouver in 97 hrs. Carries Palace and Tourist Sleeping Cars.
PACIFIC EXPRESS For CANADIAN NORTHWEST AND BRITISH COLUMBIA POINTS	Leaves Montreal daily, carrying First and Second Class Coaches, Palace Sleepers, and on Thursday carries Tourist Sleepers Reaches all points in Canadian Northwest and British Columbia

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WANTED.

Old Postage Stamps used between 1840 and 1870 worth most on envelopes. Also old Blue Dishes; old China, Brass Andirons, Candlesticks, Trays and Snuffers, and old

A Scourge of Doubt.

OR.....

THE ERROR OF LADY BLUNDEN.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.—Kitty and Gretchen Tremaine are two most charming girls. Kenneth Dugdale, crippled in a hunting accident is staying with the Tremaines and is Gretchen's especial charge. He marries her. Kitty marries Sir John Blunden. Arthur Blunden, Sir John's cousin, is immeshed in the toils of a charmer by the name of Fancy Charteris, a flame of Sir John's prior to his marriage.

CHAPTER XXI.

"Come in," says Kitty, quietly.

She is standing before her glass, adding one or two last finishing touches to the already charming picture it reveals. So lovely is it, that involuntarily her lips part, and she smiles at it, as though honestly in love with her own beauty. It is almost a pity, she tells herself, to hide so fair a face beneath the small mask lying on the couch beyond.

Her maid, tired of admiration, which, though of the silent order, she takes care shall be felt, has left her. She is at this moment quite alone.

Sir John, opening the door, comes in, and closes it behind him. So many weeks have come and gone since those happy days when he would seek her room to sit and talk to her during her toilet, that Kitty, pausing in her occupation, stares at him expectantly, and colors very distinctly. There is in her expression a marked surprise, hardly complimentary.

"Don't let me disturb you," says Blunden, in a tone cold and forced; "I found this note from Gretchen, directed to you, in my pocket; it came enclosed in a letter to me this morning, but I quite forgot to deliver it until now."

His voice is suggestive of indifference. He barely glances at her as he speaks, and betrays not the faintest shadow of admiration. What woman could stand such evil behavior! Kitty's lips tighten and her blush fades. Taking the little note from him (that Gretchen had sent through him in the fond hope that it might cause some kindly words to be spoken between them), she deliberately turns her back on him and begins to read it. Whereupon Sir John, finding her eyes occupied, raises his head, and, changing his tactics, looks at her a good deal.

By her impetuous movement she has placed herself in front of a large mirror. In it he can see each line of her face and figure, can mark the haughty, beautiful features, the long dark lashes that cast faint shadows on her cheeks, the perfect mouth that once—and not so long ago—had only smiles and tender words for him.

Her bosom, beneath the amber satin of her gown, rises and falls in quick pulsations with some hidden agitation, surely caused by a feeling stronger than could be created by the mere perusal of Gretchen's letter. Yet, sweet as is the vision in the mirror, Sir John tells himself she is—than it—"as much lovelier as herself is lovelier than all others."

Looking up in a minute or two, she meets his eye in the glass, and, slowly turning, confronts him.

"Thank you," she says, icily; "you were kind to bring it yourself; but Minton could have spared you the trouble."

Minton is the maid.

"I never give open notes to servants," — curtly.

"I dare say you are right,"—carelessly; "so for the future I shall ask Gretchen to direct my letters to myself. I can't think what she meant by inclosing it in yours."

"Possibly she saw nothing strange in sending a note to a wife through her husband," — with a slight sneer; "she has much to learn."

"She has indeed. She has not been fortunate enough to secure so willing a mentor as I have. But pray do not let me detain you longer. Are you coming with me to Twickenham to-night?"

The almost insolence of her tone irritates him past endurance.

"I really don't know whether I shall be in the way or not," he returns bitterly. "Which of your friends is coming?"

Kitty's large eyes blaze. Her lip curls. For a full minute she gazes at him intently, as though too possessed with scorn for speech. And it is at this unlucky moment that the door opens, and Minton, entering with a rare and exquisite bouquet, presents it to her mistress.

"With Mr. Launceston's compliments, my lady," she says; after which, scenting battle in the breeze, she retires discreetly.

Kitty, holding the fragrant blossoms to her face, inhales their perfume slowly.

"How delicious!" she says to herself, with a pleasure greatly exaggerated. "How thoughtful to send them! They are my favorite flowers."

There is a rather lengthened pause, and then Blunden says, in a curiously changed tone, so calm it is and so carefully suppressed—

"Do you permit Launceston to send you flowers?"

"I certainly have not forbidden him to do so."

"He is then in the habit of sending them?"

"These are not the first he has sent, if you mean that."

"They shall be the last,"—quietly.

"You mean you will desire me not to accept them?"

"Certainly not. I should not presume to dictate to you on any subject,"—bitterly. "I shall speak to Launceston."

"How like you that will be!" — with a contemptuous shrug of her fine shoulders; "it will be in exact keeping with all your conduct to make your wife's name a by-word. Speak lightly of me, by all means. No doubt I have deserved it at your hands. But first answer me one question: Is it worse for me to receive these flowers than for you to send them?"

"You allude to those I sent to Mrs. Charteris. The cases are widely different; mine were given merely as payment of a debt."

"You are quite right to give it a decent name. Well, let us then say that these flowers from Mr. Launceston are for payment of another debt."

"You trifle," — sternly. "I have not spoken on this subject before, but now you shall listen to me. This man follows you wherever you go, haunts your footsteps, betrays in a thousand ways the passionate admiration he plainly feels for you, and has felt for some time past; yet, knowing all this you encourage his intentions, and accept the homage that can be only an insult."

Kitty's hands tighten on the flowers she is holding, and her lips pale. She is an intensely proud woman, one whom nature would compel to reject with quick indignation advances from any man except her husband. To hear Sir John now accusing her of encouraging Launceston's attentions is exceedingly bitter to her. Yet, rather than forego her revenge, she accepts the situation as it stands, and, refusing to permit herself to reply to his last speech, says, calmly—

"And you? Were there then no passages between you and Mrs. Charteris in the old days before we met? Take care, Sir John; people living in glass houses should be careful to throw no stones."

"Recriminations are worse than useless," — coldly,—"and we have gone into all that before. You only play with the question. Kitty, you will not wear those flowers tonight."

"I certainly shall, as you will see later on."

"That is unlikely. I shall not go to Lady Monckton's if you persist in your determination."

"No?"—with a quick start. Then, controlling all emotion, "You will please yourself about that, of course. But I think, considering what a pronounced ball it is likely to be, and how the world talks, and how far from being above suspicion is your domestic felicity, that, no matter how distasteful the task may be, it is your duty to accompany me."

"You seem very clear about other people's duties; it is a pity you can't see your own."

"I do see it. But for a mere whim of yours I am not going to behave ungraciously to Cecil Launceston. There is no harm in what I am doing. I never knew it was wrong to accept a bunch of flowers from a friend."

"Your taking them, after all I have said—after all you know—is a deliberate insult to me."

"You will not come with me, then?" demands she, deliberately, confronting him with a cold and steady light in her eyes. She moves a step nearer to him, and in the gleam of the wax candles that illumine the room her clinging satin gown shimmers softly. Some diamonds are glittering in her hair and sparkling on her neck. Just now, with the passionate defiance and reproach upon her face, she looks like a queen.

Blunden, almost as handsome in his own way, stands at a little distance from her, his face dark with anger, and, though acknowledging her beauty, is quite unmoved by it.

"I have told you my condition," he replies, immovable determination in his tone.

"And I have refused to comply with it."

Sir John bows. "That settles the question," he says, gravely.

"You positively refuse to come with me?"

"I positively do."

Kitty, raising one hand, lays it impulsively upon her bosom. There is majesty and something like despair in the gesture. The other hand rests, as though seeking support, upon the arm of the chair near her.

"That ends it," she says, in a low, compressed voice; that somehow, in spite of his anger, disturbs him strangely. "It is your own doing. If any harm arises from it, blame yourself."

"What do you mean by that?" demands he, hastily. "Is it a threat?"

"Whatever you like. Go; you are wasting your time here."

"The carriage is ready, my lady," says Minton, opening the door; and Blunden, feeling himself dismissed, with her last words ringing in his ears, leaves the room unwillingly, and, descending the stairs, finds Arthur awaiting him in the library below.

"You here?" he says, wearily, sinking into a chair. "What is it, Arthur?"

"Not much," says that young man scanning his cousin's features anxiously, but secretly. "The fact is, I never meant to go to this ball, but at the last moment I have changed my mind, and now!" —with a laugh—"my going seems to be a matter of life or death."

"Then go."

"But I haven't a domino. A wild hope that you might be able to lend me one has brought me here. We are so much the same height and figure, I dare say yours would suit me. I know you used to do a great deal of masquerading one winter in Rome, and it occurred to me you might have a second."

"No, I have only one; but you can have it," says Jack, with his eyes fixed absently upon the paper-knife he has taken from the table.

"Yours, my dear boy? No; not that. Surely you are going to Twickenham yourself?"

"Surely I am not," — smiling. "I too have changed my mind at the last moment."

"But what a sudden decision! There is something wrong with you Jack."

"Very likely. There is something wrong with most people, is there not? Say I have got a headache, neuralgia, a fit of the spleen, what you will,—I don't care what name you give it. I shall not go to this mad dance to-night."

"You refuse to confide in me?" says Arthur, gently, perhaps a little hurt at the other's tone.

"Well, and if I do? What then? There are things a man must grin and bear in silence, and—I hate whiners myself, and so do you. You are going, Arthur? Wait; let me send for the domino."

There is a short pause while the servant comes and goes and returns again, with the soft fawn-colored garment in question.

"You were right in your surmise," says Jack, glancing at it with some small interest. "The last time I wore this domino was in Rome, during one of the liveliest nights I ever put in. See the red cross on the shoulder; it was stitched on for a purpose. To-morrow, if not too done up, drop in and tell me how you get on. Though I doubt whether you will have as much fun out of it as I had in those good old days in Italy."

"Are not your present days better?" asks his cousin, regarding him bravely. "Why should you look back with such regret upon your past? You are certainly happier now."

"Beyond all doubt," — with a queer laugh. "Ten thousand times happier. I have literally nothing left to wish for. Money, title, the world's respect (what married man is without that?), and—a wife who adores me."

"True, you have all that. Kitty surely loves you."

"I said adores me. You put it too weakly," says Blunden, still with the odd laugh. "My good Arthur, don't give yourself the habit of staring people out of countenance. It is execrable form. Go. You are late as it is. The woman who doubtless tells you she adores you is suffering agonies of suspense all this time."

With a gentle friendly push he guides him to the door.

"Well, good-night, old man. I'm awfully obliged, do you know," says Arthur, gratefully. Then he hesitates even on the threshold, and says again, "I wish you were coming."

"Don't be hypocritical," replies Sir John, with a smile, pointing to the domino. "My going now would, I dare say, reduce you to despair. Good-night. I hope that red cross will bring you luck."

(To Be Continued.)

About the ....House

"OH, MY FEET."

Women who are obliged to be on their feet a good deal suffer from tired and aching feet to an extent few except the victims are able to realize. Especially is this true at this season of the year, when corns and bunions, if one has them (and how few have not!) seem the principle part of one's anatomy.

Sometimes the trouble is in part at least, due to ill-fitting shoes, those that are out of shape or are run over at the heels. Such shoes are a prolific cause of corns. Sometimes they are minus buttons or are only half laced, and slip and slide when one walks. Never wear a run-over shoe; it will make you sorry if you do. There is a strain on the tendons of the leg that adds a good deal to the general tiredness.

To change the shoes and stockings at noon and again late in the afternoon is a relief to tired and aching feet. When changing shoes wring a cloth out of cold water, wipe the feet and rub dry with a coarse towel. The relief is only temporary, it is true, but even that is something, and the wiping need occupy but a few seconds.

A hot foot bath, with the addition of salt and a little bay rum or ammonia often gives ease. A preparation which deserves the name of "foot ease" requires four ounces of carbolic acid and one ounce each of camphor and ammonia. Get the strongest solution of each ingredient. A tablespoonful of this to two quarts of hot water will give certain relief. Equal parts of turpentine and kerosene, applied freely, make a good remedy for chilblains, and will remove the itching and burning that usually follow

THE ORIGINAL TROUBLE.

Vaseline rubbed on a bunion takes out the soreness. If very bad, apply on a cloth and bind over the joint. The feet should first have a good soaking in hot water.

If "in youth" we would only sacrifice our vanity and not try to cramp our feet for the sake of making them appear small, we would suffer less pain in after years.

The foot is usually proportioned to the body, and to cramp it in tight shoes is suffering torments for pride only. One wouldn't mind so much if the consequence did not abide after we have arrived at common sense, and care a good deal more to be comfortable than to emulate a Chinese woman. I have suffered thirty years from a bunion invited by a shoe which was too short for my foot, writes a correspondent. I wore the shoes three months, then gave them away, but the mischief was done.

The present fashion in shoes gives ample length, but see to it that the shoe is broad enough to let the foot well into it without undue pressure.

Be as particular about the fit of the children's shoes as you are about your own, and to save a few cents don't let a child wear shoes that pinch.

Don't mess with the sticky, destructive liquid shoe polish, but use the paste blacking that is applied on a bit of woollen cloth and polished in the same fashion.

You can black half a dozen pairs of shoes without soiling the tips of your fingers. I know a girl who ruined a new tailor suit by tipping a bottle of polish over it. That can't happen if you use the paste.

TESTED RECIPES.

Custard Johnny Cake.—Two well-beaten eggs, 2 tablespoons sugar, ½ cup sweet milk 2-3 cup corn meal, 1-3 cup flour, 1 teaspoon cream tartar, ½ teaspoon soda. Just before putting in the oven add 1 whole cup sweet milk. Bake 20 minutes in a hot oven. There will be a streak of custard through the center.

Tomato Jam—Peel ripe tomatoes and take out all the seeds. Put the tomatoes into a granite kettle with ½ lb sugar, and juice of half a lemon to each pound of prepared tomato. Boil slowly, adding a little water now and then. When it has boiled for three hours, add the grated rind of the lemons, and 1 cup strained honey for every 1 qt tomato. Boil half an hour longer and then put into glasses.

Pickled Walnuts—Gather walnuts when soft enough to be pierced by a needle, and prick each well through with a darning needle, holding in a cloth to prevent staining the hands. Cover with strong salt brine, let stand two or three days, changing the brine every day; then pour over them a brine made by dissolving salt in boiling water (let it get cold before using); let stand three days more. Now drain, and expose to the sun until they turn black (two or three days) and pack in jars not quite full. Cover with strong spiced vinegar.

A Salmon Salad—Mince finely 1 teacup salmon. Add 1 tablespoon the natural oil from the fish and the juice of half a lemon. Mix thoroughly. Cut into fine dice 1 teacup cold potato, toss it in a large bowl containing 2 tablespoons melted butter and ½ teaspoon salt. Add the salmon and mix lightly until they are well blended, then pile on a pretty shallow dish. Slice across two cold hard boiled eggs, and lay the rounds in a circle at the base of the heap. Now mix together 2 tablespoons melted butter, ½ teaspoon ground mustard, and 1 tablespoon lemon juice. When nearly cold put ½ teaspoon on the yolk part of each slice of egg. If liked, pepper may be added to the mixtures, and olive oil used in the dressing.

Hash—There is a right way and a wrong way of making hash. One is to have a nice brown oblong sort of loaf, and the other is a watery mass like mush. Use twice as much finely chopped potato as there is meat. Season with salt, pepper, celery salt and a little Worcestershire sauce. Put 1 tablespoon butter on beef drippings in a frying pan. When melted, put in the hash, which has been thoroughly mixed. Spread over the bottom of the pan and heat slowly, stirring occasionally with a potato knife. A very little water may be added at first to keep it from getting crumbly. After it has been well heated through, form into a loaf shape with the knife and allow it to brown slowly on one side. When serving, slip to the side of the pan, then turn over quickly on to a hot platter.

GOLD AND SILVER SILK.

Gold and silver silk are coming from South Africa. The fibres are spun by two remarkable spiders of Rhodesia, and an experimentor has found that the creatures may be reared in captivity, and that the silk can be utilized. The webs are stretched on bushes and trees, often in a vast network. Both filaments have a brilliant metallic lustre and are very fine and strong, the fineness of the golden silk being about that of the silkworm's thread, but the strength being much greater. A thread of steel of the same size, in fact, has only two-thirds the strength of this spider's thread. The golden silk spider at least, the larger of the two kinds, exists in vast numbers on the veld, where it feeds on the common fly.

Suet Suggestions—The tallowy taste of suet may be largely removed by rendering. Cut in small pieces and let lie in cold water 24 hours, changing the water at the end of 12 hours. Drain well in a soft cloth, and put in an iron kettle ¼ teacup sweet milk for every 1 lb suet. The bottom of the kettle should be smooth so that the suet will not adhere. Cook slowly, avoid stirring, but occasionally carefully loosen the pieces from the bottom. When the sound of cooking has ceased and the fat is light brown and clear, strain. Save the fat pressed from the cracklings by itself, as it is not as white. Uncooked suet may be kept for puddings by keeping it under brine, or it may be chopped, packed and covered with molasses or with lard softened just enough to run smoothly. Suet is nice for frying doughnuts, and is considered more hygienic than lard. It is also a good shortening for the crust of pies that are served warm, such as mince, apple and pumpkin. Chop the rendered suet very fine for pastry, and use warm water. Roll the crust with a large, long-necked bottle filled with hot, or quite warm water.

PROCESS OF PRESERVING.

This process is really very simple, and the success lies, chiefly, in the perfect sterilization of the fruit or vegetables and making them perfectly air-tight. This is done by heating the fruit until all germs that would promote fermentation are destroyed, and then sealing the fruit in air-tight jars while scalding hot. If this is properly done the fruit should keep indefinitely, as no mold or new ferment germs can possibly reach the contents of the jars. Glass patent jars are to be preferred for canned and preserved foods. Select those with glass tops. Sterilize the jars and tops in scalding water before filling them; this also prevents their breaking, and will show you any imperfections in the jars. The jars should be placed in a damp cloth while being filled, and the fruit put in scalding hot and as quickly as possible. Fill to overflowing and run the handle of a heated silver spoon down at the side of the jar to liberate any air bubbles. Cover as soon as this is done and screw the lids down tight.

Very rich preserves may be made impervious to the ferment germ and very effectually protected by a covering of melted paraffin. Melt the paraffin on side of the range while filling the jars. Wipe the jars free from syrup above surface of fruit and pour a layer of melted paraffin over the top and let the jars remain undisturbed until the paraffin hardens. When the fruit is used, take the paraffin off, wash and dry it and keep it to use again.

ALMOST IN DESPAIR.

THE CONDITION OF MRS. JOHN SHOTT, OF ORANGEVILLE.

Suffered From a Burning Sensation in the Stomach.—Food Became Distasteful and She Grew Worse and Despondent.

From the Sun, Orangeville, Ont.

The Sun is enabled this week through the courtesy of Mrs. John Shott, a lady well known and much esteemed by many of the residents of Orangeville, to give the particulars of another of those cures that have made Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a household remedy throughout the civilized world. Mrs. Shott, in conversation with our reporter, said:—"About three years ago, while living in Ingersoll, I was a great sufferer from dyspepsia. The trouble first began with severe headaches, dizziness and sometimes vomiting. Next I suffered continually from a burning sensation in my stomach; food distressed me, I did not sleep well at night, lost flesh and became very weak. I was continually doctoring but it did me no good. In fact I was gradually growing worse and despaired of ever being well again. One day a friend who called to see me strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. She spoke so highly of them that I decided to take her advice, and I soon discovered that they were not like the other medicines I had been taking, and that I had at last found something to help me. I continued using the pills for perhaps a couple of months, when I found myself fully restored to health. I have always since enjoyed my meals with relish and have had no return of the trouble. With my experience I feel certain that if other sufferers will give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial they will find a certain cure."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enrich and nourish the blood and strengthen the nerves. It is thus that they cure such troubles as dyspepsia, kidney ailments, rheumatism, partial paralysis, heart troubles, St. Vitus' dance and the ailments that make the lives of so many women a source of misery. These pills never fail to drive away pain, bring a glow of health to the whole body and make despondent men and women bright, active and strong. Do not take any pills without the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WIVES RULE HUSBANDS.

In the Valley of the Barca, in Abyssinia, there is a community where the women, without holding meetings or agitations of any kind, have emancipated themselves. All the women work hard, while the men are idle; but, by the way of compensation, the house and all it contains belong to the wife. At the least unkind word she turns the husband out at night, in storm or rain, and he cannot come back until he makes amends by the gift of a cow. The wife considers it a duty to abuse the husband, and if she were weak enough to show any love for him in life, or grief at his death, she would be scorned by her tribe. The wife, without any reason, may strike her tent and go, taking with her one-third of the joint possessions. The husband, unless he is travelling, may not live out of his tent, but the wife may go to her parents for a year, and annul, for the time, her own marriage.

"Here's an account of a man," said Mrs. Gadsby, "who hasn't spoken a word to his wife in three years." "That's rather a rigid adherence to one of the rules of politeness," said Gadsby. "Rules of politeness!" said Mrs. Gadsby in a scornful tone. "Yes—never interrupt a lady when she is talking."

Photographer—"You are all right now except your expression. Please look pleasant." Jay Green—"Hang it, man, I can't! I'm bow-legged an' am tryin' to hold me knees together so's it won't show. When I smile I forgit all about my knees, an' when I pay attention to my knees I forgit to smile."

Wise Ways of Women.

No "prizes" offered with common soaps will long tempt the wise woman to use common soaps. The wise woman soon sees she has to pay dearly for "prizes" in the low quality of soap, in the damage common soaps do her clothes and her hands. The wise woman considers her health—so soon ruined if she were to continue breathing the steam of adulterated common soaps. The wise woman recognizes the difference between such soaps and Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar. 212

RICH WITHOUT KNOWING IT

FORTUNES THAT WENT A-BEGGING FOR OWNERS.

An Opera Singer's Luck.—Sailor Ran Away From $2,500,000.

A half share of $200,000 was for years waiting for Mme. Nordica, the famous opera singer. The other $100,000 was to go to her brother. A condition of the bequest left by the mother to her children, however, was that neither could take a share without the participation of the other. The prima donna's brother had been lost sight of for years, and searches and advertisements in newspapers had proved alike in vain. One day last year in the streets of New York, Mme. Nordica accidentally came upon the lost brother. He had been unconscious of the good fortune that so long awaited him, says Pearson's Weekly.

A German dentist living at Ekaterinoslav, South Russia, was entitled to the sum of $7,500,000; but he went on working for a master at a salary under $7.50 a week, simply because he was not aware of his good fortune. Thrze years the executors of the will advertised for the heir to the legator, who had died in California.

One day, while at dinner, the dentist caught sight of the startling announcement that $1,000,000 was waiting for him at the Konigsberg Bank, while over a million was invisted in gold mines. Without further ado, he rushed to a notary, and together they journeyed to Konigsberg. Here the dentist met no opposition to his claim, and soon returned to rank as the most opulent man of his native town.

RAN FROM FORTUNE.

For some months a young bluejacket belonging to the gunboat Starling, tender to H.M.S. Benbow, literally ran away from a fortune of half a million. This sum was acquired by a large manufacturer in the Midlands, who left it to his nephew as sole heir. That the young man was in the navy was known to the agent of the deceased man, and he at once began to search for him. Traced to H.M.S. Benbow, the Clyde guardship, the agent next discovered that his quarry was on the tender. By curious chance port after port was reached only to learn that the Starling had sailed just previously. He pursued the lucky sailor so far north as Lerwick, eventually coming up with him at Greenock. The young man still spends a considerable portion of his time upon the sea, but aboard his superbly fitted steam yacht.

FISHER HAWKER GETS $55,000.

Archibald Stables had experienced so much ill luck that on an advertisement being pointed out to him inviting applications for $55,000 and a sugar refinery in North America from persons of his name, he refused to make inquiries regarding it. When he was persuaded, however it was his for the asking. Archie was a tailor, but his eyesight failed, and at last he was compelled to earn a livelihood by wheeling barrows of fish for the women hawkers of Aberdeen at 2d. a load. Yet he is well connected, and a cousin of Dr. Gordon Stables, the well known writer. Archie quickly changed the corporation lodging house, in which he had lived for some months, for a more sumptuous residence. The fortune came to him from an uncle, who died intestate.

A very pretty wedding was celebrated last Easter between a factory girl and John William Atkinson, the recent inheritor of $2,000,000. A few weeks previously he was a worker in a Huddersfield warehouse, and utterly unconscious that for some months the large sum, invested in American railways, was his to command. His father had emigrated to America many years ago, and had bequeathed the railway stock to his son when his lawyers could find him.

$400,000 TO HIS SON.

Another worker's romance is that of Lawrence Welch. When he ran away to sea, his father, a merchant captain, swore he would never forgive him. But when the captain was drowned a year or so ago he left a will bequeathing $400,000 to his son. The executors could not find the lucky young fellow, who is hardly yet out of his teens, for many months. Then it became known that he had left the sea and was employed driving the cart of a tradesman at Altrincham, near Manchester. Needless to say the fortune did not go a-begging long after that.

A butcher named Julius Wagner, of Rossland, British Columbia, was lately about to shut up his shop from business failure, when he heard that over $25,000,000 was left to a person of his name. Wagner's inquiries set his pulses beating, for he knew then that the worries of a small business would no longer trouble him. Where he had failed his brother had succeeded, and at his death left him sole heir to the immense fortune.

FORTUNE IN A WARDROBE.

How a poor widow of Campagne, near Bordeaux, lived in a state of abject misery for many years, while all the time the possessor of a goodly fortune, is a pathetic story. The poor old lady had come to her last sou. In the little hovel in which she tried to exist was neither food nor fuel, and it was the depth of winter. The sole remaining relic of better days was an old family wardrobe, left her by a grandfather, forty-five years ago. The widow decided to break it up for fuel. Seizing a hatchet she dealt it a blow, when, to her great surprise, out poured a stream of gold coins from a secret drawer. The total value of the coins thus discovered was over $2,000, besides much paper money. For forty-five years the poor widow had endured hardships and struggled continuously with poverty, while under her very nose was sufficient money to have kept her in comfort in the small village and among the peasantry with whom she lived.

COULDN'T TELL ALL.

"Harold," she said, "the letter you wrote me while you were away was beautiful. I was proud to receive it."

"Were you?" he responded, his eyes glowing with pleasure.

"Yes. And yet—I could not help feeling that it was not from yourself."

"Didn't you recognize the handwriting?"

"Yes. But I felt that you were not speaking to me just as you felt—that there were things in your mind which you did not say."

"Eh—er—of course. It was certainly clever of you to discover that. You see, I couldn't tell you all that was in my mind. I wrote that letter with a fountain pen."

HABIT OF SPITTING.

City of London Roused Against the Practice.

The Public Health Department of the city of London is embarking upon a crusade in which it will have the sympathy of every decent man and woman and equally, it is to be hoped, the active support of public bodies and large employers of labor, says the Lancet. The department has issued a circular asking for co-operation "in preventing so far as possible the growing habit of spitting in the streets and other places of public resort." The objectionable nature of this practice on grounds of ordinary cleanliness need not be emphasized. It becomes painfully obvious to all who travel by public conveyances and who some day or other have the misfortune to be to windward of the careless expectorator of the omnibus top.

Nor need we lay stress upon the serious import as a means of spreading tuberculous infection that indiscriminate expectoration bears in public places. Our readers are well aware that, whatever may be the result of the commission inquiring into the power of infected food to spread tubercle among us, there is no doubt in the mind of any authority upon the subject that the most formidable vehicle of infection of all is the sputum of tuberculous persons.

The whole question is really one of educating the public. It is not essential to anybody's comfort or safety that he should expectorate freely into the air or on the ground about him. When all his fellow men and women realize this they will taboo the indiscriminate expectorator. At present his performance is regarded largely as a matter of course. The working man or woman by his side knows nothing of the possible danger and is not yet "nice" enough to deplore the nastiness of the casual expectoration of a neighbor. Our medical readers can more than any other class of men assist public bodies in the education of the public mind in this matter.

Already both in Glasgow and in Liverpool the corporations have inserted a clause in their by-laws making spitting on the municipal tramway cars a finable offence. The metropolis in many similar matters is wont only to follow instead of to lead the steps taken by other cities. It is to be hoped that it will not be long before the example of Liverpool and Glasgow in this matter is widely followed in the public conveyances of London.

COMPLETELY LAID UP.

A CONTRACTOR CONFINED TO HIS BED WITH KIDNEY TROUBLE.

He is Better Now and Writes an Interesting Letter Telling of His Recovery and How it Came About.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 18.—(Special)—There are few men in the west end of this city who are more widely and more favorably known, than Mr. W. J. Keane, 86 Lippincott St., who for years has conducted a business as builder and contractor.

Some five or six years ago Mr. Keane was a very sick man. He had Kidney Trouble which developed until he was absolutely unable to leave his bed.

Mr. Keane found a cure where so many sick and suffering ones have found it, in Dodd's Kidney Pills, and has given for publication the following written statement:

"I deem it a great pleasure to give my experience of Dodd's Kidney Pills and the good they have done me. I was a great sufferer with pains in my back, and used to be often so laid up as to be unable to do my work.

"A friend advised Dodd's Kidney Pills, but as I had used so many other medicines without any good results, I had little faith in anything. However, I got some of the pills and commenced the treatment. I had only used part of the first box when I was able to resume my work.

"I used altogether seven boxes, and I can say that I was completely cured, and as the trouble has not returned in any form, I feel safe in saying that my cure was perfect and permanent.

"I believe Dodd's Kidney Pills saved me from death. They are certainly worth their weight in gold to a sick man."

What has done so much for Mr. Keane and many others is certainly worth a trial by those who may be suffering from Kidney Disease or any of its consequences.

WASHERWOMAN'S TRUST.

Following the example of great financial potentates, the Japanese washerwomen at Vladivostock have formed a species of trust, the members of which agree to the following rules—(1) No washing per month at contract rates, (2) no washing to be done at less than 2d. per article; (3) no washing to be done for customers owing money or making deductions for loss, spoiled, or badly-washed linen. Fines varying from $12 to $25 are to be levied on washerwomen departing from these rules.

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for $30.00, cured him with $1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT, and sold him in four months for $85.00. Profit on Liniment, $54.00.

MOISE DEROSCE,
Hotel Keeper.
St. Phillip's, Que., Nov. 1st, 1901.

A little boy was asked by his Sunday-school teacher why a certain part of the church was called an altar. "Because it is where people change their names," he promptly answered.

Stops the Cough and works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

TOO MUCH TO STAND.

The prisoner rose to speak in his own defence.

"Gentlemen of the jury," he said, "I knew the man whom I am accused of killing for years, and I suffered much at his hands. He swindled me of the greater part of my fortune, ran away with my wife, horsewhipped me three times, practised on the cornet for hours at a time in the room adjoining mine, and seriously annoyed me in various other ways, but I bore all uncomplainingly and forgave him. But, gentlemen, when he came to me with a tale about how he caught sixteen four-pound trout in a brook that wouldn't support a half-ounce minnow, the iron entered my soul and I slew him."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Have you tried Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea yet? Put up Black Mixed & Ceylon Green

W·D INDUSTRIAL W·D BRAND "ENDURANCE-BY-RIGHT" STRENGTH QUALITY STRENGTH TRADE MARK.

WHOLESALE Staple Clothing Also PANTS, KNICKERS, OVERALLS, SMOCKS, &c. Ask your dealer for these goods. BEST EVER. WYLD-DARLING COMPANY, LIMITED, TORONTO.

LEMONS Extra Fine Stock 300 or 360 size, $3.50 PER BOX. The DAWSON COMMISSION CO., Limited, TORONTO.

OUR BRANDS. King Edward "Headlight" "Eagle" "Victoria" "Little Comet"

E. D. EDDY'S PARLOR MATCHES

Don't Experiment with other and inferior brands, USE EDDY'S

QUITE IMPOSSIBLE.

At a certain school a teacher had explained to her class the meaning of the words "possible" and "impossible."

Wishing to see if one of her pupils, a dull boy, understood what she had just explained, she said:

"Now, Tommy, what do I mean when I say 'it is possible'?"

"Something," said Tommy doubtfully, "that can be done."

"What is impossible?" asked the teacher encouragingly.

For a few minutes Tommy looked stupidly at the teacher, then suddenly he exclaimed:

"Ah! I know what's impossible."

"Tell the class," said the teacher kindly.

"Impossible," shouted Tommy, "is to ever see a cow sitting on a tree and singing like a lark."

MAKING A MENAGERIE OF IT.

A bright boy had attended some evening lectures on astronomy, and after three or four visits was questioned about it by his mother, a good and very devout, but very ignorant woman,

The youngster, proud of his superior knowledge, probably exaggerated what he had heard and learnt, he told her about the Great Bear, the Swan, the Lion, the Bull, Ram, Scorpion, Fishes, and other constellations.

The mother listened with ill-concealed dismay, and when the boy stopped she turned round to her husband, and said:

"William, I'm very much afraid that that boy is being contaminated by wicked atheists, because he's making the blessed firmament into a menagerie!"

NESTING BETWEEN TARGETS

Quite recently, while the targets on the range at Glenalmond, Perth, Scotland, were being examined, a partridge's nest with twelve eggs was discovered situated on the butts midway between two targets. The bird took not mind the noise of the shooting, which goes on daily, although some shots must go unpleasantly near it.

For Over Sixty Years.

An Old and Well-Tried Remedy.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

PAID FOR BURYING CABLES.

One curious post in connection with cables is that of "cable burier." At different places, certain men are paid a small sum to keep the cable buried by the sand on the shore from the cable station as far out at sea as it is possible to work. This is to preserve the cable from injury by exposure to land influences.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

Teacher—"What does the word celibacy mean?" Class—"The state or condition of being single." Teacher—"Correct. Now, if you wanted to express the opposite of celibacy or singleness what word would you use?" A Bright Pupil—"Pleurisy."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Barber—"Will you have anything on your face when I have finished, sir?" "Victim—"I do not know. But I hope you'll leave my nose at least."

Monkey Brand Soap cleans kitchen utensils, steel, iron and tinware, knives and forks, and all kinds of cutlery.

"Of course," said the bachelor, thoughtfully, "there can be no such thing as joint rule in a family. Someone must be the head." "True but the sceptre passes from one to another." "How?" "Well, at the beginning of married life the husband holds it; then it gently and unobtrusively passes to the wife, and he never gets it back again." "She keeps it forever?" "Oh, no; the baby gets it next."

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mother—"So your Aunt Jane won't be able to come to-day after all, Tommy!" Tommy—"Boo-hoo!" Mother—"Why, Tommy, I didn't know you were so fond of Aunt Jane?" Tommy—"I ain't, but here I've gone and washed my neck and brushed my boots—all for nothing. Boo-hoo!"

LIBBY'S NATURAL FLAVOR FOODS

Are U. S. Government Inspected, Perfectly packed in TANKS FROM, and sent to you fresh, Dainty and Deliciously flavored. Put up in convenient size, easy-opening cans. Ask your grocer. If not in stock, he will order it at your request. Prepared only by LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY, CHICAGO

The World's Greatest Caterers.

Our new edition of "How to Make Good Things to Eat" mailed free for the asking.

WHITE SLATES.

It is the opinion of a German oculist that the use of ordinary slates by school children tends to produce shortsightedness. As a substitute he recommends pen and ink, or an artificial white slate and black pencil. The latter have been introduced in some of the German schools.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

"Was that bowl you just broke cut glass, Hannah?" "Was it, mum! Look at me fingers!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds etc.

"All things come to him who waits." "Yes; and when they come he finds they weren't worth waiting for."

W P C. 1142

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