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## ECCLESIASTICAL NOTES.

Abmishoprio of Australia Pboposed.A motion proposed by the Bishop of Tasmania (Dr. Sandford), recommending that the title of Archbishop be assigned to the primacy of Anstralia and Tasmania was very fully debated in the General Synod, held in Sydney in October last: The Bishop of Ballarat (Dr. Thornton) proposed that it should be referred to a select committee to consider what objec tions, if any, existed to the creation of an Archbishopric, to report to the present session. The Yenerable Dean of Melbourne (Dr: Macartnoy) plead that the title of Primate was superior to that of Archbishop. The President of the Synod' (Dr. Barry) urged that it would be'inexpedient to act without reference to the suthorities at home, who must be more or less affected by the action of this Province. . The Bishọp of Tasmania's proposal was generally received with favor, and after negttiving the amendment, it was carried by a majority of all the orders :-

Honse of Bishops-A yes, 5; noes, 4.
Honee of Clerics-Ayes, '25; noes, 20.
Laymen-Ayes, 15 ; noes, 5.
After this, on motion of the Bishop of Adelaide (Dr. Kennion) it was proposed and carried:-
That a committee be appointed to inquire
offect to the motion of the Bishop of Tasmania: relative to the establishment of the Archbishopric of Spdney, and to report to the Synod at a later period of the sossion."
Aomion of the Genbral Synod of Australia on Unity. - The Bishop of Adelaide moved :-
"That this Synod desires to places on record its solemn sense of the ovil of tho unhappy divisions among professing Cbristians; and througb His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury respectfully prays the conference of Bishops to be assembled at Lambeth in 1888 to consider in what manner stops should bo taken to promote greater visible unity among those who hold the same creed."

This was supprited by a long and eloquent speech, at the conclusion of which the Bighop; was seized with faintness and had to retire. The Bishop of Brisbane (Dr. Webber) was the seconder. The Bishop of Tasmania supported the motion in very wise and thoughtful language. Ho said that it would be unwise to begin to formulate any specifio scheme for: bringing about the unity of all Christians. Greater unity was wanted in their midat. Thore should be a deeper sense in their hearts of the facts that we were all in greal trespase before God so long as there was Bobiem among Cherit ians. He would like it to go forth from the Synod to their brethren who were separated from them that they wore yearning in their hearts after fellowship and union with them. They dasired to love them as brethren in Christ Jesus.
The motion was fully debated in a similar tone of feeling and was finally agreed to. It is an unhappy comment on such a motion that several of our Australian dioceses should be at this time seriously and dangerously distracted by personal and party quarrols or agitations. In one diocese it is a dispute of a Church dignitary with his superiors as to the order of precedence which should be allowed him. In another a high diocesan official, having boon de: posed from his official position and dignity for alleged inearbordination, is now sending circulars far and wide to raise funds to prosecute his Bishop in the Supreme Court of the colony. The post brings one weok a budget of correspondence with one of these circulars, appealing to the judgment of the pablic, and asking funds for the prosecution; the next week it brings another budget, which is intended to set the judgment of the reader light from the op. posite point of view. Again, in our own diocese, the rise of this colonial branch of the Church Association, with all its traditions of prosecntions and bitterness and stirring op of parochial strife, and the opposition it is raising to the Cathedral reredos augur ill for that peace and unity among ourselves which should bo our starting point for more brotherly rolations with others outside our own communion.

Citura Abmy Headquarters.-The Church Army has now settled down in its new headquarters and training home It occupies a cun open position, over 128 and 130 Edgware-road, Loondons and is very nicely fitted up. One of: the roomsis eet apart as a ohapel; and has been
lady who does not wish her name to bo mentioned. There is an oak reredos with the Commandments and the Creed, and the Lord's Prayer over the Communion table. There are two stained. glass windows with very pretty foral designs, and two illiminated texts npon the walls, the one being, "God Himself is with as for our Captain," and the other "The Lord of Hosts is with us." The chapel was solemnly dedicated by the Bishop of London a fow weeks ago, and it is used for the daily domestic office of the inmates. There are cubicles in the dormitory for twenty-four men, the number actaally in residence when we visited the Home being seventeen. The average period of training is a month, but if necessary it is protracted to thrice that time.

Nbw Chubches and Migsion Halls.-It is proposed to erect in the Rural Deanery of Stockport, Eingland, in connection with the Bishop of Chester's fund, ten new churches, at an estimsted cost of $\mathbf{£} 77,000$, and fifteen mission halls at an additional cost of $£ 6,000$; $£ 10$, 300 has already been sabscribed.

An Aged Bighof Dead.-The Right Rev. Horatio Potter, Bishop of the Diocese of New York, died on Sanday, January 2, 1887, at his residence in New York city. He was nearly eighty-five years of age, having been born in Tebruary 9,1802 . He was the fifth on the list of seniority among living Bishops of the American Church, following Bishops Lee, Green, Williams and Kip. He was Pruvisional Bishop from his conseoration in 1854 until the death of Bishop B. T. Ooderdonk in 1861, and Bishop of the Diocese in activecharge until the consecration in 1883 of Assistanl Bishop H. C. Potter, his nephew, who now succeeds him in the title of Bishop of the Diocese. His administration of the Dioceserwas remarkable for its fairuess and discretion in many difficult crises. He saw three dioceses or oted out of parts of his original jurisdiction; uhat is to say, Central New York, Albany and Long Island.

Caúron Papezs.-There, weakly and month1y, are, says the Church Messenger of Raleigh, N.O., among the needs of the Charoh. Between them is only a generous rivalry. Alas, that the reading commanity should have 80 great an apathy in regard to one of the most valuable arms of the service. That this apathy is on the respectable decrease, wo ourselres have good cause to be aware, aud congratulate ourselves accordingly.

The Bishop of Virgiaia has recently confirmed over two hundred colored persons in nine churohes.

A Sproial convention of the Diocese of Southern Ohio is called for January 19th to consider and aot upon the request of Bishop Jaggar for the election of an assistant bishop.
A Good Sogarstion - A correspondent, G. V., in Church Bells (London, Eng.) suggests $^{\text {C }}$ that the parish priest would do well to give, at the least once over'y month, a well-prepared historical sermon on how the Gospel and the Church reached these shores; and the Church took root, became careless, was pe: seouted, grow and was brought on throngh ovil report, century after century, sometimes abounding in good works and sometimes very careless, and lax, and unsound in the faith, until restored again to a better mind. The existence of sach a book in the New Testement as the Acts of the Apostles is in itself an evidence in favor of the propriety of adopting. such a conrse. The books of Samuel, Kings and Chronioles, are Church history, or politioal history written from a Charoh point of view. A spiritually minded man will have no difficulty in so preaohing on these sub. jeots as to render his sermons full of useful his. torical information, as well as abundant in pracficat teaching to be followed by tho hoprers.

Nor is it desired that the people should know a part only of Church history. The Chureh man knows that his Church is the Church of the living God, and that no man founded it, that it is not called aftcr any man, or sect, or party, or special doctrine. Aod he desires that all men should know the whole ston'y of God's Church here in Britain. The Churchman knows that the story is a long, continuous story, and therefore ought to be proulaimed and taught as auch. It is ersy and thorefore it is often popular, to seize apon the incidents of a few years only, and to make them appear to serve the paipose of the apologist for some sect or party which bas geparated from the Churoh of God in this land. But a nation whioh has a history has a religion, and no nation which has a religious history is without its branch of the Church, and to that branch every child of that nation ought to belong. It is time that the divisions and discords which have been made, nourished and fomented in Great Britain and Ireland were gone. They are a disgrace to the country. and they have lowered and thcy weaken the chanacter of the people greatly. But then unity can exist only by a recognition of facts, and facts must be made known. There aan be bat one trathful way of telling truth. The Church was brought here, or was it not. The Church is a divine institution or is it merely a haman invention. Let these matters be looked into and settled, and then let the consequence be ensured. All the Church needs is that her history. origin and olaims be known. The Church of God is not the result of human schemes, and devices and inventions, albeit it is administered by human hands, and too often gives evidence of human errors in consequence. Let the people be well instructed in Church history" hefore the days are long again."

The following Table will be found handy for reference, as showing the growth of The Church of England, and the dates and order of oreating the several Cułonial Bishoprics :
1 Nova Scotia... 1787 ; 38 Columbia...... 1859 2 Quebec. ......... 1793 39 Nassau1.......... 1861 3 Calsutta,........ 1814 40 Central Africa 1861 4 Jamaica......... 182441 Honolulu....... 1861 5 Barbadoes...... 182442 Melanesia...... 1861 6 Madras ......... 1835 43 Ontario......... 1862

7 Sydney (form-
erly Australia) 1836 45 Goulburn....... 1863
8 Bombay......... 1837 46 Niger............. 1864
9 Toronto......... 1839 47 Danedin ........ 1866 10 Newfoundland 183948 Grafton and Ar-
11 Auckland (for-
merly Now
Zealand......... 184
12 Jerusalem...... 184
13 Tasmania ...... 1842
14 Antigua ...... 1842
I5 Guiana.......... 1842
1n Gibraltar.......
17 Fredericton.... 184
18 Colombo .......
19 Capetown...... 1847
20 Nawcastle...... 1847
21 Melboarne....
22 Adelaide.
1847
23 Victoria,China 1849
24 Rupert's Land. 1849
25 Montreal....... 1850
26 Sierra Libone... 1852
24 Grahamstown. 18 ธ̂3
28 Mauritius....... 1854
29 Singapore, La-
buan, and Sa-
rawak..........
30 Christ Charch
New Zealand. 185
31 Perth
31 Perth.. $\qquad$
33 Wollington
34 Nelson
35 Waipa........... 1858
36 Brisbane ........ 1859

## CONTEMPORARY CHURCH OPINION.

## The Churchman of N.Y., says :

It will be observed that the Gospels for the the Epiphany season contain the progressive steps of that complete manifestation of the Christ whick calminates in the Catholic conception of our Lord's mission and life upon earth. His prophetic infancy; His budding boyhood; His supernatural manhood, shown first in His control of the elements of natare, and secondly of haman passions, desires and infirmities, and the establishmentof His heavenly kingdom on earth are all noted, until in the last Sunday of this season His total and regnant Epipbany is accomplished in the second Advent, when all the nations of the earth shall do him homage. From the lovable babe in the manger to the majestic prince upon the throne the manifestation of Christ proceeds. This is the anfoldings of history, parily realized. It is the basiness of the Charch and fits preachers to make this process of bistory a living force today by also taking in the range of the whole Christ, and bringing Him to bear directly upon the problems of the day. The Church must manifest the whole Christ, and so manifest Him that the world shall know Him as He is : the tender babe, the aspiring youth, the Sapreme Man, the Head of God's Kingdom on earth, and the final Judge to whose test of truth and love all the works of men aud all the lives of men shall yet be brought.

The Church Press (N.Y.), under the title "Parish and Diocese," says:-
Of a certain parish, a Bishop, in his journal, writes: "Faithfal in the performance of its whole duty to the diocese,"

What higher tribute could be paid a parish ? As the parishioner should be faithful in his duty to his parish, so is it the bounden daty of the latter to be likeminded toward the diocese. Every parish has certain relations to the diocese, as the diocese has to the general Charch; and if among them are those of a financial natur'e, very cheerfully should those, as well as all others, be recognised by the parish. And, as the Rector may reasonably expect his parish plans co-operated with, and, so far as possible, carried out by his parishionors, so may the diocesan, by bis parishes, to the same extent, and in the same spirit. . Rectors really uphold themsolves, and their own works, when they uphold their Bishops and theirs.
It is only when the individual is true to his Rector, the Rector true to his Bishop; when parishes and priests are loyal to the diocese, and the diocese and diocesans to the Church at large, and hor varied and important interests, that real progressive work is done, and done in the true and proper spirit-a spirit which is the result at once of love and of order; zeal and enthusiasm at once stimulated and tempered by the sense of common life and plans and purposes.
The Tova Churchman says as to the object of attending Cburch that a leading divine of Brooklyn, N.Y., is reported in the Southern Churchman as using the following language in an address to his poople on returning from abroad : "In the intoned services, as condacted in the Eaglish cathedrals, he took no interest; in fact, he did not go to hear the services, but to hear the preaching." This view of the object of attending courch is not uncommon. Many enter the "House of Prayer," as Christ styles the place where He is to be worshipped, simply as the Brooklyn divine went to the cathedrels in England-to hear the preaching. The Prayer-Book corrects this error when it bids us profess, at the beginning. of every service, that " wo assemble and meet together to render thanks for the great benefits that we have regeived at His hande, to get forth His most
worthy prajse, to hear His most holy Word, and to ask those things which are requisite and necessary, as well for the body as for the soul." Evidently the Brooklyn divine has failed to learn the Prayer-Book's. toaching of the chief ond and aim of our assembling in the House of God. It is to worship in "the beauty of holiness". that we enter the courts of the Most High. If it is only to hear preaching that we go to God's House, we have mistaken the plain requirements of Scriptare; we have overlooked the spirit and letter of our Book of Common Prajor.

## NEWS FROM THE HOME FIELD.

For Diocese of Montreal see page 11.

## DIOCESE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Farmotth.-The sociable held here under the management of the members of Nt . George's Guild at the residence of James Smith, Wisq., on Taesday evening, the 4th, was quite a success. The sum of $\$ 26$ was cleared. Daring the evening choice selections were played by Mre. Harisson and Miss Harvey, adding much to the evening's enjoyment.

Kentvilel.-With the extension of the Church building here during the last summer and the adoption of the free pew system the congregation also has very greatly increased. With this has grown the love for the Church itself and zeal for the religious work connected with it. Never have there been such intensely hearty and earnest services and such a large attondance of especially young men at all the services as at the present time. And if proof were wanted of the cordiality of the feelings existing between the Rector and the people we may note the pleasing fact that a beantiful fur coat was presented to the Rector on Christmas Eve with an admirable address beantifully engrossed.

Halifax.-St. Luke's Cathedral.-The annual meetings in connection with the Societies of Charity in this purish have been held during the past weel.
The three Mother's meetings, viz., St. Luke's, St. Albans and St. Augastines, together with the members of the Blanket and Clothing Clab of each district had their annual dinner, which is usually provided by the ladies of the parish in a most bountiful manner; and certainly this year was no exception for the tables actually groaned with all the good things crowded on them. About seventy mothers and children thoroughly enjojed themselves. After all the eatables had been disposed of, the Rector gave out to the members of the Blanket and Clothing Clubs what was due to them. Each member of the Blanket Club pays in 10 cents per week, and at the end of the year receives a pair of good blankets, a pair of twilled sheets and a fine counterpane, valued at about seven dollars, all of which are supplied by the firm of Messrs. William Silver \& Sons, at wholesale price.
The members of the Clothing Club are required to pay in 25 cents per week at most and at the end of the year they receive the money back again with ten per cent. interest added to bay warm clothing for the winter.

The Woman's Guild.-This Guild nambers about sixty. The members meets every alternate Wednesday. At the meetings garments are made up and given away to the poor from time to time, but as Christmas comes near the garments are specially prepared for different families, for each member is expected to take under her wing a poor family and to have an eye upon their wants during the year, but at the annual Feast, whioh: was held this year, on last Thursday; each member prepared a garment add pregent for each ohild of the family
all of which are pleased on the Guild Christmas tree.
Prior to the disbursement by Santa Clans, an ever welcome guest of the splendid and useful fruit of this tree, the families partook of a sumptuous repast provided in the Junior School room. This year about one hundred women and children sat down to the good things provided for them, and before leaving in various ways found room for the frugments.
The tree, erected in St. Lrke's Hall, was a perfect success. This year it was so heavily faden as to require Santa Claus to bring his son with him as an assistant.

May the fruits of this species of tree never grow less as long as there are any of Christ's poor in need of it.

Extracts from the Rector's report for 1886 :Two hundred and fifty-two families and 134 individuals, making a flock of 1,250 souls. There are 546 on the communicants' roll. During the past year 22 have left the oity, 11 fell asleep, 10 joined other congregations and 108 new communicants were added. Two hundred and twenty-three Mission services bave been held in the two Mission Chapels of St. Albans and St. Augnstines and 47 on Sundays in the City Hospital.

In St. Luke's Matins and Evensong are said daily, and there are celebrations of the Holy Eqcharist every Thursday and Sunday mornings; 51 services of Intercession have been held on Fridays at 12. There have been during the year 305 celebrations with 7,013 communions made as follows: Sundays, 57 early, with 2,944 commanions, average 52 ; 24.at ten o'clock with 695, average 29; It late with 1,255, average 74; 82 Holy and other days with 1,316 , average 16 ; week days 75 with 606 , average 8; 39 Rector's private celebrations with 135; 9 Curate's private celebrations with 292 and 2 apecial at St. Alban's Chapel with 33.
There bas been 46 Sunday afternoon cate chists in St. Inke's, 5 in St. Albans, 4 in St. Angustines with 9 special Children's Festival and Mission services; 33 baptisms, 63 confirmed, 14 marriages, 26 burials; offertories $\$ 8,581.58$. The Rector has made 1,158 recorded visite in ten months and the Curato 351.

There are 4 Sunday-schools at work with Bible classes for men and women on Sundays, and a general one every Thursday.
Teachers' preparator'y classes are held every Friday for the Sunday's work.

Five of the teachers this year have passed the examination beld in Halifax under the auspices of the Church of England Sundayschool Institute. Senior division, Miss Forbes, honors; Miss M. Weir, 2nd class, junior division. Miss R. Forbes, honor; Mrs. Murray, Mi a Stimpson, first-class. (There are also about one hundred members of the Bible Roading Union in connection with the same Institute.)

Three Mothers' mestinge, three Blanket and Clothing Clubs, a Doucas Suciety, a Woman's Guild and e Young Men's Mission Guild are in active operation.
The Juvenile Temperance Guild with ita two hundred merabers is doing a good work, as is also the Senior Guild with ite one hundred members.
The Rector, Minor Canon Murray and the Curate, the Rev. W. B. King, are ably assisted in two mission districts by four lay readers.

Windsor.-King's College.-A meeting of the Board of Governors of this College was held at the residence of the Bishop, in Halifax, on the 4th instant. All the Nova Scotis members of the Board were present with the exception of the Venerable Archdeacon Gilpin and the Rov. H. How who were unavoidably absent.

A large amount of general business was disposed of, and reports from the vigrious standing compittoes were roceived.

The report presented by the "Restoration Fand 'committee was most satisfactory, the total amount of recoipts to date being \$2,403.02. The expenditures ar'e as follows :-
To repairs on Main College Buildings. \$1,736 50 To introducing water to College and

Profbssors' houses......................... To repairs on Convocation Hall:........ 5806 Balance in hand.............................. 28 㕫
\$2,40302
This committee bave in contemplation important improvements to interior of College building, together with the removal and repairing of Steward's barn, new fences, gates, eto.
The Chapel Committee report baving placed a furnace in the Hensley Memorial Chapel during recess. This will supply a long-felt want and must prove a great comfort to the faoulty and students.
A comprehensive roport was presented by the Library Committee, which included plans and specifioations for extensive addition to the shelving oapacity of the library. Theso suggested plans were hoartily approved of by the Board, and the worls will be proceeded with without delay.
Application was received from Bermuda "for the appointment of a board of Examiners in that island for Matriculants. This was favorably received and steps taken to comply with the request.
The Rev. John Ambrose, Rector of Digby, and a member of the Board of Governors, consented to undertake the work of canvassing for the Endowment Fund in the Provinoe of New Branswick, subject to the approval of the Metropolitan.
Steps will also be taken to secure the service of a colloctor for Nova Sootia and Prince Edward Island.

Pemite Riviere,-The Rector of this parish in thanking those who constituted the new Church in this parish gives the following parti-culars:-The size of the church is as follows: Nave $40 \times 22$, with a chancel $18 x 14$; two annexos, one used as a vestry and one as a choirroom. Entrance porch 12 feet wide by 4 deep. The building is of Gothic style, and finished with pine. The wood work is prettily stained and illuminated with vormillion. The windows have been supplied by Spence \& Sons, Montreal, and are very haudsome, and give a rich and warm appearance to the interior. The congregation have raised in money, material and labor about $\$ 800$. Potite Riviere has had a resident Clergyman for the past 40 yoars, but up to the present only a small mission room. Of late jears the congregation has grown very much, and now it forms the contre of a very large scattered parish, and rejoices in a pretty parish church, and three other churches in out stations, viz., La Have Islands, Broad 'Oove, Vogler's Cove; which form part of the parish. The Rev. James Spencer, the present Incambent, who has been in charge for two and o half years, has been the means of erecting tro much needed churches; and has the satisfaction of seeing both free from debt.
Stewianke.-The Rev. Mir, Cox has resigned the charge of this parish.
Oxford.-We regret to learn that the active travelling missionary Rev. R. W. Hudgell, has been indisposed from excessive exposure, but is once more as active as ever.
An Ontario Rector wriies: "I take this opportunity to expresis my admiration of the loyalty of the Cefrioi Guardian towards the par-: est Branch of the Charch of Christ, the Holy, Catholse, Apostolio of England, whose high interests is so ably, advocates and faithfally guards, I could wish that its circulation was commensurate with its merita and that every church-fumil received ity":

SyDNEY,-The Parish Church has been much improved by the replacing of the old pews writh very neat and convenient seats of ash and walnat, and by the refitting of the Charch and the removal of the font to its proper place. A new pulpit of oak and a chancel carpet are being provided by the members of the choir, who are giving a series of musical entertainments. The Christmas decorations were simple and chaste, the font trimmed with overgreens and everlastings and surmonnted by a Latin cross and the sanctuary, with callas and other flowers in pots, and a oross over the altai; having received the most attention.

Thie Christmas services began with a midnight celobration and short sermon. This was followed by Matins and a second celebration at 11 o'clock:
A. violent storm of wind and rain prevented the attendance of many parishioners. The musioal parts of the servicos, particularly the old Ohristmas hymns and the anthem "O Zion, that bringeat good tidinge," by Dr. Stainer, were woll rendered.

The Sunday-school festival was held on Holy Innocents Day: It began with service in the Parish Church at 11 o clock, and a very appropriate address by the Rev. T. Fraser Draper, of touisburg. In the afternoon tea was provided for the scholars in St. George a School Hoase. In the oveñing, after the singing of a few oarols and a reading from Hans Andesen, the Chitistmas tree was uncovered, and its gifts distributed to the great pleasure and satisfaction of the jyarious recipients.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

- Bf. Eleanos and Summeraide.-During the latter part of last November a number of the ladies of the parish met and decided to have a high tea on Now Year's Day for the purpose of paying a few bills against the Churoh and making some needed improvements. The time alTowed was short, but in spite of this and of the bad weather on the appointed day, a good number of people were present and spent a very pleasant ovening. A continuation of the tea was held on Monday, January 3rd. The sum whioh was realised, after all expenses had been paid, amounted to upwaids of $\$ 200$, which will be divided equally between the two charohés-St. John's and St. Mary's-and the Reotory, whioh needs some repairs.

The work of the parish is once more going on regularly and the charch appears to have held her own pretty well daring the interval, when we had no clergyman. Rev. C. F. Lowe, . Who is now in charge of the parish, intends opening a Confirmation class shortly in view of the Bishop's regular visit next summer. It is three years since His Lordship was here before $\therefore$ and there should be a large number of candidatos.
The Christmas decorations in both the 'ohurohes were in good tate and had i Yery roleqsing effeph

DIOCESE OF FREDERICTON.
Sr. Jonn's. - At St. Panl's the first of a series of dime entertainments was held in Sandaysohool. The attendance was large and much pleasure was derived from the programme, which inolnded a reading by Rev. A.'J. Reid, oongs by Miss Jones, Misses Underhill, Miss E. Symonds, J. N. Rogers and T. P. Bourne, two chorases by the choir and two tableaux.
At the annual meeting of the Javenile Mie sionary Society in connection with St. John's (Stone) Charch. The Rev: G. M. Armstrong delivered a short address on missionary work, Rev. O. G. Dobbs read a well-written paper prepared by Miss J. Barlow, on the Holy Land, and delivered an address on Home and Foreign missionary work. A number of missionary hymns were sung during the evening and a collection in aid of missions was taken np.

Fredaricton.-The parlor concert and tea given by the Ladies' Branch of the Charch of England Temperance Society, on the evening of the 10 th instant, was successful beyond all expectations. There were fully three handred present. The hall was tastefully deccrated and made very like a parlor. The following ladies and gentlemen took part in the varied pro-gramme:-Mr. John Black, Mrs. C. H. B. Fisher and Misses Richards and Vavasear.

Mrs. Fisher was recalled and responded wity a verse of her first solo. During the itermilssion Dr. Bailey entertained many with his miorosope, which be took to the ball for that parpose, and refieshments were handed around by the young ladies of the association.

## DIOCESE OF QUEBEC.

Shebbrooke.-St. Peter's. -The Christmas aervices this year have been a great succese. The Church decorations were elaborate and the congregations large. The masical portions of the serviee on Christmas day wer'e particularly fine. At the 11 o'clock morning service the crgan accompaniment was supplemented in places by an effective cornet obligato. The " Te Doum " was the Festival setting in E, by Dudley Buok, the anthem being "There were Shepherds abiding," by Max Vogrich; a kyrie (in M's) by Mc: W. Reed, was also sung. At the presentation of the alms, Handel's "Hallelujah" was splendidly rendered. At Evensong on Sl. Stephen's day Agutter's Evening service was sung, and as the anthem, Gounod's "Nazareth," (arranged. by Dudley Buck). At the conclusion of the service an organ recital was giver by Prof. W. Roed, the organiat and choirmaster.
C.E.T.S., Shurbrooke.-The Society holds publio meefings on the first Monding in each munth. They are always interesting, and have always attracted good andiences. The last one was held on Jan. 3rd, the speaker being Rov. Archdeacon Lindaay, of Waterloo, who spoke very earnestly and forcibly on the subject of Cemperance. The musical programme which is always a featare of these meetings, consisted on this occusion of a piano solo by Miss Elkins, solos by Miss Robins and Mr. Jas. Keough, and a pisnoforte duo by Mr. and Mrs. W. Reed. All of which numbers were artistically rendered. The Society has a large membership.

The Woman's Acxiliary of St. Peter's Chobor.-The auxiliary Societies now forming through the dioceses to aid towards a more enlarged mission work, are becuming deservedly popular and growing-in eztent and usefulness, and the time is not far distant when this new growth in Church work, will become standard, and no members will hang baok, Decanse it will have become an essential towards membership as Church going itself.
The Branch Society here has since may last,
gent 800 through the Chiddrepis Bramoh to Mr,

Wilson for his new Home for Indian boys; $\$ 25$ to reboild the Church at Foit McLeod; five barrels of clothing have been sent to Sault St. Marie, and a proposal of $\$ 25$ for one or more Fears to help toward a mission fund for Parry Sound-

There is now a membership of 44 women. There is also a monthly hoinse to house collection. A tin bank is laid on the table during Missionary sittings, and members can if they plaase drop in a trife. The box was emptied at last meating and $\$ 5$ whs taken from it.

The entrance fee is from 10 cents to a dollar. Meetinge are held the last Tuesday in every month, in the Charch Eall, at 3 p.m., the meetinge lasting only one hour. A hymn is sang, and a fow short prayers said, whon the basiness comes ap, and a little reading and conversa tion follows and other matter, and closes with another hymn and the Lord's prayer.

## DIOGESE OF ONTARIO.

Barbiefield,-Tuesday evening, on the 4th instant, Mrs. K. L. Jones, was surprised on receiving a visit from her Suaday-school class. This is the first class of girls in St. Mark's Sunday-school, Barrifield. They are exceedingly nice and intelligent girls, and grateful for the care Mrs. Jones has talsen in their instruction, during the past two yeurs; they took advantage of the New Year to plesent her with an address, and a tokon of their regard. The addross was read by Miss Kate Buxter.

Mes. Jones made a suitable reply, assaring her class that her work was a labor of labor of love, bat yet, at the same time, she could not fail to dorive much pleasure and encouragement from this evidence of their affection. The dressing case is a handsome one, covered with dark blae plush, and lined with light blue satin.

Upper Ottawa,-The new Church of St. Margaret at Lake Tallon, twenty miles west of Maltana, was opened for divine worship on the Festival of the Epiphany. Although a weekday a large congregation assembled and many were the expressions of satisfaction and of thankfulness at the fulfilment of long cherished hopes. It was from this congregation that a contingent went to Mattawa to meet their Bishop and to receive the Apostolic gift in Confirmation just twelve months ago. They were then hoping to for a church. That hope is now realized. May it bring a blessing to many souls. The new church is built of loge, plastered between; Gothic in design and has a very nice appearance, being well situated on a prominence in the centre of a two acre lot. It is $20 \times 40$, with porch, a vestry and room for missionary is being built at the east end, $12 \times 16$. The service consisted of spocial prayers for God's blessing on His House and those who worshipped in it, and for our benefactors. The Holy Communion followed, Mr. Blisa baing celebrant, and Mr. Quartermaine, deacon. This is the first time the Blessed Sacrament has been celebrated in this part of the mission, and it is bat little more than a year sinco the first church service was held in the school hoase. It is a source of great satisfaction to the clergy in this large mission houses being gradually superseded by neat little charohes. Our work for this year is to build at Eau Claire, fourteen miles from Mattawa, and to continue payments on and finish church and house at Mattawa. This is becoming a necessity moro and more each jear.
The congregation of St. Augustine, Deax Rivieres, were as much surprised as they were greatly pleased to be informed by Mr. Bliss at their Christmas service that some ono had kindly remembered them and had presented a large bell to the church. The donor is anknown The letter annonncing the gift was addressed to Misa Flaming, and by her forwarded to Mr . Bliss: It simply announces that having seen Bisg: It simply announoes that having seen
in : apmber of Our Missimary that a ball

Was, among other things, wanted for Denx Rivieres Church, the writer had just ordered one weighinging 126 pounds to be forwarded atonce. - The lettor is dated from Edinburgh and signed "A Member of the C.S.P.S." Wo accept with profound gratitude this generous gift, one among so many for which this part of the mission field is indebted to loving hearts at home. Will notsome of our Canadian friends give us a bell for St. Margaret's Church, Lake Tallon?

## DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

The Toronto Church Sunday-school Association, now in its 4th year of existence has issued in circular form ita Annual statistical report uccompanied with its list of officers, extracts from Constitution and programme of meetings:
The Association is evidontly managed by active and capable men of whom probably its Secretary, C. R. W. Biggar, Esq., of Toronto, Barrister, is the leading spirit.
From the report we find that in Toronto and immediate neighborhood there are thirty-six Church Suuday-schools in connection with the Association having 836 teachers and 8,806 scholars, with an average attendance (which appears exceedingly large) of 6,414. The Association meets on the second Thursday of each month, whon the Sunday-school lesson for tho following Sunday is taken up for half an hour, then general business follows for fifteen minutes; after which a paper prepared by some member and limited to twenty minutes is read and a discussion takes place upon the subject treated of, each speaker being limited to five minutes.

The Association has fixed the following meetinge:
Jan. 13th, 1887.-St. Pbillip's School Honse.-Sunday-school Lesson: Mr. Geo. B. Kirkpatrick. Paper: "Early History of the Church of England,"-Mr. G.S. Holmested.
Feb. 10th.-Holy Trinity School Hombe.-Sun dny-school Lesson : George M. Evans, M.A. Paper: "Religions Teaching and Influence in the Pablic Sehoole.-Alex. Mar ling, M.A.
Mar. 5th.-Grace Church School House.-Sun-day-school Lesson : Mr. S. G. Wood. Paper: "The Order for Morning and Evening Prayer-Rer. John Pearson.
April 14th,-Church of the Ascension School House.-Sunday-school Lesson: Rev. J. P. Lewis. Paper: "Mission Work in St. John's Ward,"-Beverleg Jones, M.A.
May 12th.-St. Luke's School House,-SundayEchool Lesson: C. R. W. Biggar, M. A. Paper : "The Psalter,"-Rev. Canon Dumoulin, M.A.
June 20lh,-Celebration of Her Majesty's Jubi lee.
The General Committee of the Association suggests that the 50th Anniversary of the Queen's Accession might be very appropriately observed by a mass meating of the Charch Sunday-schools of Toronto in the Horticultural Pavillion, or in some other large hall; the Association to make the necessary provisions for such celebration, financially and otherwise.
The Committee also report that the Snndayschool Committee of the Diocese has arranged to hold a written examination during Adrent 1887 for Sunday-school teachors and senior scholars upon the subject of the Church of England S. S. Institute Lessons for 1886 and 1887 , viz. : "The Church Catechism and the Wanderinge of Israel in Egypt and the wilderness.". It is hoped that-the clelgy and Sunday-school superintendents will urge teachers and senior scholars to go up for this examination. Reforence is also made to the complete and valuable help to the teaching of the Institute Lessons to be obtained from the Teacher's Assistant pablished every four weoks by the S. S. Committeo
of the Diocese; specimen copies of whioh may be obtained gratis from Messrs. Rowsell \& Hutchison.

## DIOCESE OF NIAGARA,

Ggorgetown. - The Rev. J. Francis, of Watertown, has been condroting the services here since Rev. Mr. Adams left. A conference botween the Bishop and ohurchwardens, as to the new appointment, is shortly to be held; and it is hoped that a satisfactory arrangement may soon be arrived at. Thorold, too, is still pacant.

Borlinaton.-The Bishop of Niagara administored the rite of Confirmation here on Sunday, the 9th instant, to five candidates who had been unable to present themselves at the Confirmalion beld in Juna. last. Three of them were adults, brought up in other forms of faith. In the evening the new Sunday-sohool was used for service, and the Bishop preached again on bohalf of Foreign Missions. The congregation was pleased and odified with his earnest addrasses.

Motnt Forest.-The entertainment given by the teachers and others of this Sundayschool was most successful in every why. The hall was well filled, the magio lantern views of first-class order and merit, and skilfally handled and explained by Rev. Dean Spencer: The Rev. R. S. Radeliffe occupied the chair. Short speeches were given by Rev. C. G. Snepp, Rev. D. Bickell, Mr. Jos. Reid, of the High School, and Mr. W. C. Perry. The B ble scenes were taude more impressive by the singing of well known hymus bearing on the subjeot of the picture. All seemed to really enjoy themselves, and the Sunday-school children and others behavod in the best possible way. The prizes were given the following Sunday by the Rev. C. G. Snepp.

The watch-night service was held as usual in St. Paul's Church beginning at 11 pm . The impressive office of Holy Commanion with special prayars saitable to the occasion, with practical addresses from the Rector and Carate, made the service one not soon to be forgotten. The attendance was good and abont forty persons received Communion.
Mr . W. R. Cross, a lay reader of the Diocese of Huron, assisted in the services at St. Paul's Church on Sunday last. He expects soon to enter Trinity College, Toronto. Mr. Cross is the son of a Methodist preacher, and father and son are respected by all who know them.

Nantiooke.-December 30th was a red letier day in this mission, a substantial and well finished Church was dedicated to the service of Almighty God to take the place of one which had boen used for over forty years. Great credit is due to the energetic Missionary, Rev. John Seamon, who never spares himself in his work, and his loyal congregation that in about six months after laying the foundation stone, the building, which cost in all aboat $\$ 3,000$, was finisbed, free from debt, and ready to ke consecrated.
The Scriptural and Apostolic Rite of Confirmation was administered to eleven grown ap persons, who were address by our Bishop in such loving and forcible worde that all present must have been greatly edified and instructed. The Holy Communion was celebrated by His Lordship, assisted by Rev. Geo. A. Bull, M.A., Rev. T. Motherwell, B.A., in which a large number participated. The Charch was filled to its ut most capacity.
At the evening service addresses were delivered by the Bishop, Rer. Geo. A. Bull, Rev. G. Johaston and Rev. T. Motherwell to a large and attentive congregation. May this be the beginning of many more happy and joyful days to be spent by pastor and flock togelher
and joys are to be found in the presence of Him who dost promise that when two ar thiee are gathered together in His name He will grant their reqnest.

## DIOCESE OF HURON.

Clinton.-St. Paul's Church.-Christmas day was welcomed as nsual at this churoh with the old-time decorations, and a bright and hearty service of prayer and praise. The ma. sical parts of the sorvice were well rendered lby the choir, assisted by Iadies and gentlemen of this town, Stratford and Toronto, who were kind enough to give valuable and appreciated assistance. It was generally agreed that nevel before had there been singing superior to that of Christmas day. The "Te Deum" may be especially mentioned for evenness of tone, correct time and well-balanced parts. The sermon was from St. Luke ii. v. 8, 9, 10, 11. Another thing that added mach of interest was the improvement in the appearance of the church made by a handsome brass pulpit which had been ereotod the day before. A new prayer-desk bad also been pat in, and we feel sure every one will acknowledge that these additions must help to maire the charch attractive and pleasant to the eye, which is something not to be lightly despised.

Stbataroy.-The Christmas and New Fear's. Festival of St. John's Churoh Sunday-sohool was held in the Albert Hall on the evoning of. the 7th inst. The building was fillod with happy children, their parents, teachers and friends. The Rector, in the opening address, congratalated the school on having begun; during the past year, the missionary work of contributing half the annual support of an Indian boy in the Algoma Shingwauk Home, and expressed the hope that next year the whole support would be raised. Bosides rocal and instirumental masic, the children were entertained with a fine set of stereopticon views, taking them in imagination across the continont, from the natural wonders of the Yosemite Fallep to the Capitol at Washington. The prizes for the past year were distributed, and the evening closed with a beautiful ohildron's operatta, entitled "The Sleeping Princess," and performed with great credit by seholars of the school.

Warsdville.-There was a good congregation in the Church on Christmas Day, a considerable number being children, who sang some carols with pleasing effect. The Church was: prettily decorated. The offortory for the Board of Missions, eince taken up, was a good one, considering the circumstances of the congregation it is one of the largest in the diocese,
The Christmas entertainment of the Sandayschool, was a most decided auccess. We have, seldom seen a prettier sight than that presented by twelve children, all in white, on a seesaw, keeping time to the singing of the sohol, ars, who voiced that popular melody. The Als phabet, in rhyme, was most amusing; everyy child represented a letter and a character; for instance, A was an archer, who shot at a frog; B was a batober, who bad a big dog, and so ont with all the letters. The appearance of the children as they filled the platform was mostes effective; while the other scholars sang the pretty air to which the words were set the children passed one by one across the platforme enacting the characters personated. Thent followed a most comical series of "Nursery" Rhymes," which caused the greatest merriment "Little Miss Muffit sat on a tufft," etc. When the spider appeared, a huge creature abont 182 inches long, swinging not only over Miss Maffite bat over some of the andience, oreated quite: sensation. This was very effective. Then came "Simple Simon met a pieman;"with hij laughable experionce; "Jack and Jill" "J. Je" Sprat," "The little old woman who lived in
 tocived with ahoote of Jlaighter." The dog was Colerverly done and was a capital make:up; and When it danced ajig the children langbed until Stit 'seemed they conid laiagh no longer. Innocent fiñ and some capital leesons were conveyed in sand through its different parts. The Rev. Mr. Traylor acted "as chairman, and expressed bis "adelight in being present: Th Since then abont fifty of the children of the stchool pased an avening at the Rectory, snd tipent $\boldsymbol{n}$ ver' pleasant time. They were proOvided with a heavily laden tree, whose-gifts 7. Wुere distributed to them at the close by the frivergyman and his wife.

Prizolit.-The Bishop of Huron has ap. pointed Rev. P. Bi LoLom to be roctor of Ohrist Ohurch, Pctrolia, to which he was temporarily appointed in the absence of Rev.M. Hatohing-the latter still remaining in Eng land.

Wansizad.-Bisbop Baldwin formally opened the new Church here, on Sunday, 9th instant, preaching to large congregations both morning :and aftornoon. In the evening he delivered a sermon at Wyoming' Rev. J. M. Gunne is in cambent of the mission.

Eabi Woodstook.-The Rev. John Darwin who has recently been appointed to old St. Paul's, has just sent in to the Bishop his resig nation and will for the present remain in bis old parish.
Lóndor.-A "Mission" will be held next week in St. Matthew's Chureb, East London. Mr . Taplor is to bo the preacher.
A" "Mission" is to be held in Christ Chnuch. beginning Feb. 6th. The Rev. Mr. Moorehouse is to conduct the Mission.

Mitomall.-Rev. Mr. and Mra, Ker gave a reception at the rectory. Wedpeeday evening last; at whilioh between sisty and seventy mem bers of the Cbureh attended.
New Ybar's Skeviof.-The time honored cnastom of holding the Watch Night Bervice was duly observed this season in Trinity Charch, and was fairly attended. The time of the actual going out of the old year and the coming in of the new, was passed in silent prayer, aud an inistructive address was given by the rector, Rev. Mr. Ker. The town bell performed the offfififilied duty of ringing out the old and the new one in.

## diocese of atgoma.

## NEPIGON MISAION, LAKE NEPIGON.

This miseion, like many others, being sup ported by kind friends, whom reither the In dians nor missionary have yet sgen face to face, Ifeel that it is not only just, bat altogether necedeariy, that I should, from time to time, give an acoount of my stewardship; that those who have tried to help and oboer and comfort us with their mones, with their clothing, with their medioines. with thoir books and papers, with their sympattiving litters, and with their prayera, may ybe still enoouraged to rally round us-more eapecialy
that our hopes are brighter and results more matiffactory than before; and that a real worl of grace, wo hope, is going on in the hearts of many of these poor children of the forest.

In the history of almost all missions, I sup. pose, where a adid foondation is to bo laid, and
where the Gospel is to be brought.in real con-
 pagianism, there are period of dieoouragements and dospondency; a orisis in which there is a 3and dospondency; a orisii in which there is a
standstin, The missionary feels te has toiled
in yain seems' to be no 'spiritalal growtb; he\%longs to see toome substantial proof of real conversionaa first step, a-frest word, or a first prayer, to prove that the seeds of life have taken roo within. Perhaps the miseionary expeocts too much, or:builds -too confidontly apon his. own plans, his own zeal, his own offorts; and if so, he will have to learn the truth of the old remark, "The old Adam is too atrong for the young Melancthon." But be this as it may, the friends of our Mission will bo glad to learn that there is now visible proof in our midast that the old paganism: is not too strong for the Gospel of our Lord and Saviour Jesns 8 hrist.
I have now spent almost five winters among these poor Indians. I came among them when they were yet almost. wild, uncouth pagans, possessing all the widdom of simplicity and the vicés of ignorance. There were only two log. houses there; almost all the Indians lived in wigwams, and there was only one who made any attempt whatever' at cultivation. There were two extemporiziad buildings, which represented the school and Mision-house, used by an Indian catechist, who had been there teachung ten months before my arrival. These buildings were not chinked, only partly roofed. No ceiling, no floor, and not one square gard of groand fit for caltivation; and the habits and minds of the Indians corresponded entirely with the disorder and wild aspect of the surrounding scene.
It is not mecessary that I should now dwell at length on the many viciesitudes and strange ordeals through which we have safely passed. The cold and hunger, the faintings and weariness, the siokness and deaths. The Lord has indeed lrept us and sustained us with His mighty arm. Wo may well say, "If the Lord had not been on our side, we should have perished long ago.
I have many times lain down in my tent when all my clothing had been saturated through and through with drenching rain, and thoy only dried upon me while I , blept, A fow days after recovery from scarlet fever, at a time when:one would think that a damp foot or a sadden chill might be fatal, I was obliged to jump ont of my canoe into the Nepigon River to try and puil it up the carrent. There was not one Indian with us at the time, and we had to make our way from Red Rock to the Mibsion, a distance of sixty milos, with three navvies to manage our canoe, who were by no means adepts in the work. The Indians at the Mission had never hoped to see me again. They heard that I had been very sick at Red Rock, and that I might very likely share the same fate as my dear boy, who had died about three weeks before.
And now let me state briefly the present aspect of our work. There are eight log honases, a charch, school-house, and Mission-house. When the Indians are all at home, we have a congregation of forty. They are as regular and attentive at Divine service as any fock could possibly be. We have two services on Sundays, at which we chant the "Te Denm" in English at morning service, and the "Nunc Dimititis" in English at evening pervice. We have aleo a prayer-meeting in the school-house every Wednesday. The day-sohool is condacted by an In dian who has been educated at the Shinwauk Home. There are fifteen children on the roll. They read and write, and talk and sing, in Eng. lish; any one of these, with the exception of two or three very small ones, can repeat, in English or Indian, the Creed, the Lord's Prayer the Ten Com mandmente, and twenty texte from the Holy Seriptures.
There is aboat twenty acres of oleared land, and 300 busbels of potatoes have been raised in the village last summer, besides turnips, paranips, carrots, onions, peas, beans, radiebes, lettuce, wheat and Indian corn ; bat, I am sorry to say, that a considerable quantity of our potatoes which we had in our cellar for winter nes has been frozen, although we keep fires
going all night, and although they are eecarely covered with hay. Our Mission-house is in a miserable condition; I don't think it will stand snother winter. The snow comes in through the roof, and then melf. through the ceiling upon our heads' when the room is warm. I wish some one who reads this acoonut, and who has money to spare, would invest a fow hundred dollars in God's bank, that a good, warm honse mav be built for the missionary and his family. It's the only loxary we ask, and we only ask from those who will not mise it out of their thoasands. And then, if another kind friend woald help as to line the roof of our church with some dressed lamber, to prevent the snow from falling upon the Commaniontable. Last Christmas morning the bread was frozen when I was administering the Holy Sacrament.
A few words more about the Indians, and then I shall close.
They have family prayer in their bonses morning and evening. They always say grace at meala. They no longer squat upon the ground when eating; they have tables and eat like Cbristians. Formerly, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen was all one; now they have both kitchens and bed.rooms. Daring the first three years I conld not provail apon them to make an offering to God at Christmas-time, but last Cbristmas morning their united offeringa in fur and money amounted to 810 .
I now losve my readers to draw their own conclusions. Without any painting or exaggerations, I have statod facte ; snd if these poor Indians, who have to live the whole winter round on frozen fish and potatoes, could make an offoring of $\$ 10$ out of their penary. to show thair gratitude to God for the gift of His dear Son, how will it be with those who give almost nothing out of their abundance?
I would thinks it a great honor conferred upon me if, along with my own time and thought and life, I conld afford to give $\$ 1,000$ to the eanse of Christ and his Gospel.

Port Sydnet, Muskoka.-The Rev; R. W. Plante gratefully acknowledges on bebalf of the several congregations throughout his Mission, the receipt of a bountiful supply of gifts for the Christmas Tree, and valuable parcels of clotbing, \&e., for distribution. Space forbids a de tailed acconnt of Christmastide in the Mission. In general it bas been mariked by bright and hearty services, and many expressions of "goodwill."
The "trees," as nasal, formed a bright festare in our festivities, aad parents as well as children were gladdened by the timely and useful gifts,
To the following donors we are deeply indebted: The C.W.M.A., Toronto, per Mrs. O'Reilly; The C.W.M.A., St. George's Branch, Toronto per Mrs. Cayley; Mra. Henderson, (Thee. College), Montreal; Geo. Robinson, Eisq., Waterloo, P.Q.; Miss Spence, Toronto; Mrs. Rowe, Port Hope; Mies Jennie Hamilton, Collingwood, and various friends in England.

## DIOCESE OF NEW WESTMINISTER.

## onistrias in baiftrb columbia.

Lrytion.-Christmas servioes commenced at St: Panl's Church with Evensong at half-past seven on the Eve. The Church had been very tastefally decorated by William Michell, the interpreter, and some helpers, with overgreens, which were wreathed around the aprights of the rood sereen, and hung in wreaths from the rood-beam, and there interspersed between the stations and pictares upon the walls. At midnight, the Rev. R. Small celebrated the Holy Eucharist, and preached to a large congregation of Indians, some five and forty of whom received the Blessed Sacrament then. There was a second celebration at 10:30, when a number of Indians communicated, who had been unable to attend the midnight servioe. The
offertories were for the Diocessan Fand. EvienEong at 2:30 Ginishod the services on Chyistmas Day. The Indians sang the Adeste Fideles at Erensong, in their own tongue, as it was taught them by Mr. Good. At the Communinn service, the kyries, surnum corda were sung.
On Dec. 29th, the Rev. C. Croucher, at the request of the clergy paid a visit to the Indians at Lytton. After supper, which was served to a large namber of Indians in a large house on the ranche, through the kindness of W. Michell and some of the inhabitants of the town, who very generously contributed supplies in kindand of which it may be said that it would have done credit, both in cooking, quality, and style of serving to a most civilized community. Mr. Croucher kindly exhibited his Magis Lanters to an audience who appreciated both his kindness and the entertainment most highly, and gave him three bearty cheers and their very warn thanks in acknowledgment. Some carols were sung at intervals by Mr. Smail, Mr. Edwardes and the Indians, A very pretty effect in the decorations at the Indian supper, was produced by festaons of cigarettes and tobaccos, cleverly hang from wreaths of evergreens over the tables. As the evening wore on they were gradually palled to pieces for the satisfaction of both male and fomale. On the $30 t \mathrm{t}$, Mr. Croucher exhibited the lantern to just as bighly appreciative an audience of the white inhabitants of Lytton, children and adulte, in the school-room. Some carols were sung and songe given by the Rev. E. I. Wright and Mr. and Miss Hautier. A very pleasant evening was spent, and at the close hearty cheors were given Mr. Croucher and the Mission clergy for their kindness.

Indian Chubof, Yale.-The chancel, reading desk, and pulpit, were very neatly decorated by the Indians themselves. Many of the Indians on the Lower Fraser, came to Yale in their canoes, for their Chrisimastide. There was a celebration on Monday at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$., when fifteen communicated. The services on Christmas Day and Sunday were also well attended.

## "BEGGING."

There is a word which ought to be expelled from the vocabulary of Churchmen, in the sense in which it is too froquently need. If it bocomes neceesary to solicit money for any charch purpose, how often the members of the committee appointed to look after this matter cover their embarrabsment by saying, with sickly smiles, "We have come begging for the charch." If a clergyman, sent out for that very parpose by the proper authority, presents the claims of some institution of learning, or hospital, or orphans' home, or mission, or other object demanding and deserving liberal support, it is gaid that he "came on a begging expedition." If a Rector, as is his bounden duty, reminds his people of their bounden duty to give of their mesps to God's service, some of those people are very likely to say, "We had a 'begging eermon' to-day," very nearly in the same tone in which they woald mention an epidemic of small-pox; or a sporadic case of cholera.
Suroly all this arises from a radically wrong view of the question of Christian giving. To correct this erroneons view, it is necessary to go to the root of the matter, and start afresh in an entirely different direction. If to many (as will probably be the case) our statements. should appear to be mere truisme, ull the less excuse is there for the frequeney with which this expression is used by people who are so well-informed in theory, but so wofully negligent in practice.
The Chorch of God does not stand at the door of the Tomple of Mammon "begging a dole" from the worshippers who throng the courts of the Baal of this money-loving age; she has, howiever, a right to demand, oven of them, some sabistantial acknowledgment of the protection to liff, to property, and to morality, phich is, directls or indirectly, the result of her
teachings. The experiences of the Fronch Revolation, when the attempt was. made to formally carry on a Government " without God in the world," led Napoleon, as:a measure of state polioy, to restore the outward worship of "the High and Mighty Roler of the Universe." He realized that an ounce of religione provention was worth a pound of secular cure. So, at the present day, all men of comprehensive minds, howover indifferent they may be as to their own religious life, recognize the value of religion as a powor for good, which, even from belfish motives, it woald be well for them to sustain.
How mach more, then, ought the Christian, who professes to realize something of the value of the gift of God's dear Son-who olaims by that very profession to have been delivered out of the power of darkness, and translated into the kingdom of that blessed Son-how mach more ought the Christian to acknowlodge his indebtededness, so thoronghly, so gladly, that the opportunities afforded for giving to the canse of Christ should be counted as occasions of joyful recognition of the loving kindness and tonder mercy of our God 1 No just person questions the obligation to pay taxes for the support of the Government under which be lives, and to which be looks for protection of ife and property; why then should the olaims of the King of Kings be deemed an entreaty for alms, or the protection of the life which now is to be connted of more worth than the hope of the life to come?
Those who press the claims of any worthy object connected with the worls of ihe Church are not "begging," but demanding, in Christ's stead, a portion of what is our bounden daty and service. Let all, then, who love the Lord Jesus Christ in sincerity, eschew the use of this unworthy term for a tagk which is diffoolt at best, and which is made still more so by such fippant and unjust criticismes.-Systematic Giver, the Paper of the Society of the Treasury of God.

## CORRESPONDENCE,

To the Editor of The Cuubich Guardian:
Str,-Your correspondent, "Charchman," in your issue of November 10, dealt with the quegtion of Provincial Synod efficiency. . The correspondence this elicited does not seem to have taken hold of the main subject. "Another Churchman," in your issue, 24th November, welcomes the formation of the Society spoken of, but seems to have a limited idea of the scope of its operations. An "American Charohman," in yours 1 st December, gets away from the question of the corporate life and efficiency of the Provincial Synod, and begins to discuss the question of name. As any change of name can only come through the action of the Provincial Synod, it is our first business to get that institution to the highest point of effciency; the Synod resolution referred to by "Charchman" showing that within the Synod itgelf the feeling is deep and widespread for a faller manifesta tion of life.
Subsequent correspondence has not got be yond discussing change of name. To me this appears somewhat prematare, the immediate question being, How can the large corporate life of the whole church in Canada be best quickened, and her moral power best utilized and applied to the world?
For that large action, which is tho first step to real unity. the Provincial Synod working is indispensible. Diocesan Synods certainly cannot do the work. "Charohmen" refers to the expressions of Mr. Legyo, of Winnipeg, on the subject-. This gentleman, at various times, contribated to the Church Press a namber of very powerfal articles on the necessity for such united action of the whole Church, demanded by modern conditions; as would best conduce to its extension and prosperity, and strongly
reprobated the system of isolated dioogsanism which oheoked growth. Before laat Provincial Synod, he wrote in the Dominion Churchman a most suggestive letter as to what the Provinoial Synod ought to aim at. Another article of a most comprehensive and thoughtfal charaoter appeared abont the same time in the Globe as to the polioy and work of the Provincial Synod. Many thinking minds in the Church are evidently considering this question very seriously.
As to what the Provinoial Synod did at its last assembly, the criticism of the Evvangelical Churchman appears to give the truest estimate: not materially differing from the atterances of Hon. Thomas White, based on former experiance, at the Charch Congress in Toronto in 00 tober, 1884.
In reference to the motion quoted in "Charohman's" letter, the Elvangelical Churchman advises the Provicial Synod to disoharge its present duties more thoroughly before taking ap new work or larger jurisdiction, and about the same time commends the action of the Synod of Niagara for refusing to be bound by the legislation of the Montreal Synod in the matter of the Permanent Diaconate.
The Evangelical Churchman strongly advocates Diocesan Synod independence, which is all right as far as it goes, or oan go, but the Provinoial Synod cannot possibly be made more efficient, unless by some re-arrangement of the entive Church system, which will reoognizo the proper obligations, righta, powers, and privileges of the individual, the parish, the Diocesan Synod, and the Provincial Synod.
We are thas at the point where the motion passed takes up the question, but the education of Charohmen in it mast go on now through the asual channels, as it will take all the consideration that can be given it before next meeting of Provincial Synod to give the requisite momientum there, for the attainment of any practioal result.
Meantime, it is the duty of every lover of the Charch to give this matter all the thought and discussion and study that he can, and assiat in the formation of such Church opinion as will onsure a decided step in advanoe. 'The questions that will be raised in the course of the discussion will prove to be of the utmost importance. The proper settlement of this Provincial Synod question means an adrance along the whole Church line, a better understood harmony between the corporate life of the Church and the individual life of the member, and a perceptible approach to that nnity which we all so mach desire.
The Auxiliary Society, "Churchman" talks of, seems to be indispensible for the proper and necessary action of mind on mind, and the large consideration required in such a supremely important matter. While a Church Society, in one sense, mast be exclusive, in another rense. it mast be inclusive, and must afford room enough for all varisties of people, all modes of thought, or degrees of colture and experience; provided there is agreement on fundamental principles. I hope the Society will be high enongh and low enough, and broad enougit to take every loyal and true Churchman in.
I further hope that, now the movement has begun, that it will go on with unabated vigour; that those who have anything to say in the way of suggention or criticism will do Bo; and that by discassion throagh the press, or in snch organizations as "Charchman" talke aboat, the position will be oleared, the real wants of the time found out, and the proper, means emploged to enable the Cburch to take the high standing she should.
A very little thought will enable us to realize that if the Church is to "enlarge the place of her tent and lengthen her cords," she must of necessity " streng then her stakes."

Yours truly,
Petrolia; 3rd January, 1887.
Layman,

## The Churd Guathian

- Editor and:Pdopremion:-
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 requested to remit at their earliest convo nience. The Label gives the date of expiration.
## CALENDAR FOR JANUARY.

Jan. lot-Circumcision of Our Lord.
2d-Second Sunday after Christmas(Notice of Epiphany.
6th-Epiphany of Our Lord.-(Athana sian Creed.)
9th-First Sunday after Epiphany.

- 16th-Second Sanday after Epiphany.
" 23 rd-Third Suaday after Epiphany.(Notice of Conversion of St. Paul).
25th-Conversion of St: Paul.
30th-Fourth Sunday after Epiphany.(Notice of Purification).


## THE SECRET OF OHURCH GROWTH.

From Dean Kitchin's address at the S. P. G. we quote the following valuable words:-
"In the historical study of the growth of Christianity, nothing is so indicative of life in the Ohừch as àn enlarged view and increasing energy in the matter of the spread of the Gospel outside thi limits vf your own body, and outside the limits of your own country. That has been the case over and over again in the bistory of the worrld, and it will commend itsolf as quite obvious. It has'been the case singularly in the history of our own country again and again. Looking back the other dav at the bistory of the first development of England, I. Was struck by the remarkable way in which Archbishop Theodore set to work to throw now life into the English Church, which he did by a series of works of organization and activity. From that moment this country became in Europe the chief missionary centre of the world. The great work Theodore really accomplished was creating a national church, and thereby making it posisible to have an English nation. Up to his time, as all know, and long after his time, it was divided into a number of small countries, each baving its own monarch and each its own system-wheiher you choose to call it a heptarchy or not 1 do not care. There is but little bond in common, but the bond of the Christian religion-the religion of the Churec of England -wbich Archbishop Theodore created, spread oper the whole country, and the antion became one by means of the Gospel. This act of his led at once to a great outbreak of religious zeal outside the limits of this country. What I wish to call attention to in respect to this is that in the present day you have come upon a condition of things in which a somewhat similar necessity is laid upon the English pcople as was laid upon the Charoh in the days of Archbishop Theodore, vie., jou must take care that there shall be a great bond of union existing between all those who, whether at home or in the colonies, form the great bulk of the English-speak-

Tog race. Will go further and addalso tho United States of America. $\geqslant$ The óne great bond of union'for the English-speaking race is the Cbristian faith, and the Christian faith, as the Church of "England holds" it, "seems to me to have in jt the singalar power of combining people together, and uniting them heart and soul together, which is lacking apparently in even the best political system. So, instead of a mere political anion between England and her colonies and America, I cannot help hoping the business of the English Charch is to provide a real spiritual and temporal bond between all these branches of the English people by means of organizations, especially that of the Society you are now considering. The real importance of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel seems to me to be that il endeavors to make your fellow-countrymen all over the world still feel that; though they may not longer owe allegiance to the Queen of Great Britain and Ire land, or be under the laws of the English Parliament, or have. in fact, very muoh to do with us in other thinge, that still-though they be in the backwoods of America-they have a great union with us, a union arising from a com mon faith and a common organization of that faith. And this happy prospect of aftairs comes at a time when I feel quite sure there is agreat revival in English religion at home, and has arisen very mach out of this. Each successive wave of feeling which has affected our English mind from the religious side has a great tendency to produce great missionar' movements, and one looks with some anxiety to reports such as has been read to you to see if there are any signs of a growth and improvement in what, after all, you have to measnre your efforts very much by-the monetary standard."

## THE NATIONAL CHURCH OF INDIA.

In reading Dr. Pulney Audy's address at the opening of the National Church of India on the afternoon of Sunday, the 12th September, 1886, one could not" but be struck-says the Indian Churchman of Calcntta-with the earnestness with which he deplored the want of union amongst Christians, and" one or two sentences either quoted from someother writer, or spoken by himself particularly attracted one's attention.
For instance:-"How can it be said in the trae sense of the word that we love one an other, when there are divisions amongst us, when one says, 'I am an Episcopalian,' an other 'I am a Presbyterian,' and another still, 'I am a Congregationalist,'

Or again: "Oh, let us own the exceeding wickedness of sectarianism; and let ns retarn unto our God with confession and humiliation How fearfally has Christendom departed from that beantiful scene when the maltitade of them that believed were of one heart and one soul !" or again: "Let us be farther convinced that al sectarianism is in direct opposition to God."

Such words as these seemed fall of hope, full of longing for a graat re-anion of Christendom But what a sad disappointment awaited one when one read on further as to how this re union was to be effected.

After deploring the existence of sectarianism the proposed scheme says that members may be enlisted from the several denominations now in existence without insisting on the severance of their connection with their former place of worship. Men are arged to acknowledge the exceeding wickedness of sectarianism, and to raturn to God; and how ?-by joining a National Church now to be opened!

Did Christ leave this world without founding a Church: Have Christians lived 1800 jears without a Charch, always longing for one always without one? Dr. Palney. Audy would
ream to say, yes.
But is the Bible so very hard to understand?

In one ciapteralone (St yatt xiti) arese corded seven parables of our Blessed Lord on one subject; "the Kingdom of Heaven, the Kingdom of which Christ is the King, which be came to establish on the earth : the Kingdom of God, the Chirch.
"And it is to be much observed," says Bishop Moberly, "that the teaching of our Blessed Tord before the crucifision, in so far as it respects the Charch and its privileges, powers and blessings, is altogether of a prospective or anticipatory kind. But the care was altered when having yielded to the death upon the Orose, and by yielding conquered the powers of sin and death He etood before them in His glorified body, baving received in some manner in which He bad not received it before, all power in heaven and in earth. The Kingdom of God: so long declared at hand, was now come. What had betore been promised, was now to be given ; that which was said in prediction and anticipation before, was now to be imparted in faot and reality. Even yet, the fulness of light and power was to be withbeld for a few days until the fall coming of the feast of Pentecost should bring the fall effasion of the Holy Ghost upon the Apostles; bat in these sacred forty dsys the words wero spoken, the powers convejed. the promises ratified, the commission given, the delegation completed, the visible Church founded."

And this Church is one for all nations and all people. It has continued from our Lord's time till now. It is in all countries at the present day. May no new National Church ever be opened, but what is a part of her, what is one in commanion with her.
It is refreshing to tarn from Dr. Pulney Audey's address to an address to young commanicants prefixed to a small edition of Bishop Ken's "Approach to the Holy Altar."

We are told of Bishop Ken that amidst many reat changes in this kingdom, at the sacritice f all his worldly interests, he remained immorbly steadfast to the Church of England-dear o him above all things on earth.
He exhorted the people "to adhere to the written Word, and to persevere in the Faith taught in the Church of England, Whose doctrine for Catholicity and soundness he preferred to all the Commanities and Caurches of Christians in the world."
His last declaration was, "As for my religion, I die in the Holy Catholic and Apostolie Faith, profersed by the whole Church before the disunion of East and West; more particularly I die in the communion of the Church of England, as it stands distinguished from all Papal and Puritan innovations, and as it adheres to the Doctrine of the Cross."

He never for a moment doubted that she is a true and a pure member of the "Holy Catholic (or Universal) Church, which is made up of the collection of all particalar churcbes, united in one body-Jesus Cbrist Himself being the Head." This Holy Catholic Church inherits His own rich promise, "that at the name of Jesus every knee should bow,-confirmed by His own gracious command, Go and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost."
"It is Holy like its Author; Holy by the original design of its Instttution ; Holy by Baptismal Dedication; Holy in all its Administrations, which tend to produce holiness; and though there will be always a mixture of good and bad in it in this world, yet it has always many real caints in it."
It is Catholic in respect of time, comprehending all ages to the world's ond, to which it is to endure; Catholic in respect of all places out of which believers are to be gathered; Catholic in respect of All-saving Frith, of which the Apostle's Creed cuntains the substance, which shall in it always be tanght; Catholic in respect of all Graces which shall in it be practised; and Catholic in respect of that Catholic war it is to
wageagainetal ite ghotiy eremieg, for which it is called the Cburch Militant:
These were the principles held by Bishop Ken, and therefore it was that he so rejoiocd in the communion of the Cbureh of England.

## CONOLUSIVE TESTIMONY.

It is constantly affirmed in Methodist circles and literature that the so-called founder of Wesleyanism (the Rev. Joth Wes'ey), though a Church elergyman at the commencement of his career, did not continue so to bis death. The following Address, embodying the action of Conference (takon from the Irish Ecclesiastical Gazette) shortly aftor Wesley's death, is conclusive; it is the written act of the authoritative body of that denomination, and not only proves Wesley's Churchmanship, but also his unshaken attachment and fidelity to the Church. It also shows how flimsy was the excuse for breaking his oft-repeated admonition not to separate from the Church, and how atterly without authority is the administration of the sacraments by ministers of that denomination. How could any authority be conveyed by the action of the Conference, which itself had received none, according "to the original plan of Methodism established and left us by our venerable friend," but which "friend," on the contrary, had in scathing terms, and language which would bo strongly resented in these days, rebuked the proposal to administer the sacraments, comparing those seeking these powers to "Dathan and Abiram." The italics in the following are, for the most part, ours:-
An Address to the Members of the Methodist Societits throughout England, from the Confer-

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\text { ence assembled at Leeds, Aug. 6, } 1793 .
$$

[Copied from the Annual Register for the year 17.93, page 81.$]$

Dear Brepthren - We feel it our daty to send you this address, lest the insinuations of any who are enemies to our prosperity and unity sbould grieve your minds and injare the work of God. Our venerable father, who is gone to his great reward, lived and died a member and friend of the Church of England. His attachment to it was so strong and unshaken, that nothing but inevitable necessity induced him to deviate from it in any degree. In many instances God Himself obliged him to do this. He powerfully called him forth into the streets and open fields, and afterwards raised to his assistance hundreds of men who never passed through the usaal forms of ordination. To all these evident providences of God Mir. Wesley submitted, though at first with great reluctance. In consequence, he found himself obliged to erect chapels, which were neither consecrated according to the usual meihod of the Charch of England, nor in the least subject to the National Episcopacy.
In all these things hedeviated from the Establishment, merely on the ground of unavoidable necessity, or, which is the same to a pious sonl, from the clear manifested providence and will of God. No dilemma or difficulty of a similar kind has beer experienced by us since the death of Mr. Wesley. A fow of our Societies have repeatedly importuned us to grant them the liborty of receiving the Lord's Supper from their own preachers. But, dosirous of adhering most strictly to the plan which Mr. Weeleg laid down, we again and again denied their request. The subject; however, has now come to its crisis. We find that we have no other alternative but to comply with their requisition, or entirely to lose them. Oh, brethren! "hate putting away," especially those who are mem bers of the mystical body of Christ and our
 Where they do ert, is that of the judgenont, not of the heart. And canine suffer those to forsake their faithful pastors, and possibly to y yn into the jaws of some, ravening wolf, when the point in contest must be allowed by nul to be non-essential to ealvation? But we are sensible that our brethren on the other side may juatly urge, "Are not our interests as dear to you as theirs? Why then will you grieve us in so tender:a point? Why will you oppose us in those principles, which we think of very great importance to the prosperity of Zion? Why will you force upon us a term of communion to which we never consented? or expeet us to remain united to those who will be ever grieving us, by pressing the decessity of compliance with that which we judge to be highly injurious to the cause of God?". Such is the dilemma to which, dear bretbren, we have been reduced. We allow the full force of the arguments which the brethren who disapprove of the administration of the Lord's Supper urge, as above; nor can we on any consideration, lay on them a new torm of communion, or suffor $a$ single person among them to be grieved by the reasoninge of those who wish for an innovation in our plan.
We, therefore, weighed this delicate matter with the greatest seriousness and deliberation, feeling the greatest pity for those of our brethren who thought themselves aggrieved, and came finally to the following resclution : "That the Sacraments of the Lord's Supper shall not be administered by the preachers in any part of our connexion, except. when the whole society is unanimous for it, and will aot be contented without it. And even in these few exempt societies it shall be adminis!ered, as far as practicable, in the evening only, and according to the form of the Church of England. For we could not bear that the Sucrament, which was instituted by our Lord as a bond of peace and muion, should become a bone of contention, and are determined never to sanction the administration of that holy ordinance for the purpose of strife and division. You may hence cleariy see" dear brethren, that it is the people in the instances referred to who have forced us into this further deviation from our union to the Church of England. Still we wish to be united to it as a hody at large. The ferw socioties which answer the description above mentioned in the foregoing resolution need but have a amall influence on the whole connexion. Wo cannot, however, we will not, part with any of our flock who love God and man, on account of non-9ssential-points. For we love you all, and are all your servants, for Jesus' sake,. But we entreat our societies at large (the few exempt cases excepted) to continue as usual in connexion with the Church of England, and we shall, with great cheerfulness and contentment, labour among them, according to that simple and original plan of Methodigm established and left to us by our venerable friend. We must obsorve to you, in conclusion, that we feel the most unfeigned loyalty to the King, and a sincere attachment to the Constitation. We reverence the Government, are conscious of the many blessings we enjoy under our gracious Sovereign, and are thankful to God for them, and do earnestly and sincerely recommend the same principles and spirit to yon. We remain, dear brethren; your most affectionate servants and faithful pastors,
(Signed on behalf of the Conference),
Join Painson, President.
Thos. Coze, Secretary.
During he last one hondred years more than one hundred Missionary societies bave beon formed, and three thousand Missionaries are at work in the field; while three millions of converts have been "gathered in. The work accomplighed must not be estimated, however by thie namber of converts; it has been largely of a preparatory kind-the sowing of the segd which is yet to bear a glorious harveat,

## EDITORTAL NOTRS.

It would appoar from the reports of the proz coedinge of the General-otherwies the Pio-vincinl-Synod of the Churech in Australiáthat the Bishops, Priests and Laity constitute but one honse, and act and vote together, but by orders. At the last meeting, held in October; there were nine Bishops present and a large number of Clergy and Laity. A Bishop appeared frequently as mover or seconder of a resolution, and as participating actively in the debato, opposing and being opposed like ordin. ary mortals.

The suggestion-so often made elsewhereto revise the Prayer Book found expresssion in the General Synod above named through the Bishop of Ballarat, who under cover of a resolation affirmingthe need of such revision in order to nugment its flexibility, variety and comprehensiveness, without introducing any doctrinal changes, sought to include alterations in every part of the Book of Common Prayer, expresily including Morning and Evening Prayer, the Athanasian Creed, the Burial Service, the Confirmation Service. Other speakers, chiofly lay men, dragged in the Visitation of the Sick, the Forms of Absolution, the Marriage Servioe, cum multis aliis.
The motion aroased great suspicion and strong opposition and a long and animated diacussion, which would appear to have terminated in the adoption of a very harmlesis motion asking the Archbishops of the Church of England to take action for shortened and adapted services. In the course of the debate the Primate is roported to have said that he was not surprised that alarm should have been oreated by the comparative width of the changes which were proposed. This expression, says the corropondont of the Guardian, London, on the part of the President will help to convey an idea of the strong aversion whioh the Bighop of Ballarat's treatment of this sabject had aroused in members of the Synod. One of the great features of the debate was an eloquent speech from the Venerable Dean of Molbourne, who at eighty-six possesses a voice, an eloquence, as well as a noble dignity of carriage that com. mand the attention of the whole assembly. His speach against the Bishop of Ballarat's pro. posal on this occasion was met with rounds of raptarous applauso. Amongst the good things to which he gave expreasion, the Dean said of the Prayer Book that-"Its very archaisms were precious to Churchmen, and if some of its language was not understood by the people, it was the office of the clergy to instruct the people in its meaning."

To abolish the superstition, the misrale, the vice, the misery of this world, that is what Christ will do when He has pat all enemies under His feet. That is what Christ has been doing, step by step, ever since that day when first He first came, to do His Pather's will on oarth, in great hamility. Therefore, that is What we must do, ench in our place and station if wo be indeed His sabjects, fellow-workers with Him in the improvement of the haman ace, fellow-soldiers with Him in the battle against evil. - Kingsley:

Now is the time to subscribe to the Churon: Guardian. Read special offerg on Firat Raga:

## FAMLIY DEPARTMENT:-

## EPIPHANY

## Bons or men, behold from far, Hall the long expocted star <br> Star of truth thit gilds the alght, And guldes bewlder'd nature right

Mild it shines on all beneath, : Plercing hrough the ghades of death; Bcatierling error's wide-spread night;
$\therefore$ Nations all remote and near, Haste to see your God appear


Thare behold the day spring rise, Pouring lighton mortal eyeg; Bhining to tho perfeot day!

Sing, Fe morning stars, agaln, God descends on earth to retign God in meroy leaves the sky !
Bhout, yesone or God, on high !
-From Church Regtater, 1828.

## SOMETTME.

"Somotime's come! Harry up / Some-time's come!
"Sometime! What do you mean? Where are you, anjway? and who's speaking to me? I don't see any one, " and Rose Murray rubbed her:eyes, shrugged her shoulders, and pinched ber hand a little, just to find out if she were awase, or if she were dreaming. She wasn't dreaming, that she knew; for the same voice, with no apparent owner, kept on talking. And such queer thinge it said in that unpleasant way:
"Some-time! That's next door to in-a-min ute aclose neighbor to after a-while and goingto de-it te Pretty-soon, to-molrow, one-of-these days-they can all be found together. And you don't know where some-time is? Well, I never, heard a girl of your age talk more about it. But come along; you'll soon find out phore it js."
"Come along ! Where? How can I go anywhere with only a voice ?"
"jमomedid you go to Paris last week, and to that' strange party the other night, where the ginls all wore their school dresses, and the boys forgot to stand by themselves on one side of thercom?"
"Those places? I didn't go to either of thosen I was only dreaming them. But I am not asleep now-am I ?" and Rose squeezed her loft hand little finger rery hard, und xubbed the heel of her boot on the sensitive side of her right fook: "No, I'm not asleep. Where are yon going to take me?"
"Nover mind, just come," replied the voice; and added, as Roso moved slowly in the direction from which it came: "Now jou're in Somotime, and I hope you'll enjoy yourself. I'll come back for you one of-these days, one-ofthese:days," and the voice died away as it re. peated these words in a malicious tone.
"Wibait a queer dream I're had !" thought Rose;" "this is my own ro m, and it's almost dinner-time by the clook. I'd botter go and make the dessert I told mother I would after awhile."
"No, nol. Me firstl Me firstl" called out voices all around her-some close by her, some far away, some loud, some faint she could just catch the woids, but 60 many. The room was fall of them, and bach one belonged to something. The loudest of all came from the algebra at her feet, which had fallen from her lap as she looked :over the last St. Nicholas, baying, "Inl do that old problem in a comple of minutes."

## The problem spoke now:

"You can't get away, you must do me first."
"Very well; answered Rose, "you'r a great bother to me, but I'll soon settle you," and she took a pencil from the table in preparation for hard wolk.
"No, nol Give me bace to my owner. You said you-would in-an-hour-pr-so, when you borrowed me this morning."
"I want to be sewed up," demanded a great ront in her dress. "You promised to do me some time, and it's some-time now.
"Put me in order, then," came from the work-basket.
"Find me first;" cried out the thimble fromwhere?

Poor Rose looked round despairingly. It was her own room, truly, but it was full of voices, so crowded with things that ought to be done and so many more were pushing in through the doors and windows. What should she do ? Books wanted to be returned to their owners, the newspapers must be read to her grandmother, piotures mast be hang etraight, the table drawer must be pat in order, even the dast on the farniture insisted that it should be takon off immediately.

Where shonld bhe begin? Be done they must; aud she went to work in good earnest trying to quiet some of the voices nearest her. But what was the use? For everything done, a dozen others orowded around her. Promises she had made long ago kept calling to her ; and worat of all, little still voices in her heart reminded her of her broken promise to amase the baby while her mother took a nap before dinner, of the visit she had meant to make a sick friend, of the little quarrel she had been going to make right with her cousin, of the bundle of warm clothes she had promised to give Tommy Brown, the washerwoman'e son, early in the winter.
Rose had been called a little procrastinator long before she knew what that big word meant; and only last week one of her best friends had written to her, and began the letter, "My dear Going to-do-it!" But now what was to be done? something mast. She never could do all these things. It seemed as if everything she had meant to do and didn't do, everything sbe had promised to do and had forgotten to do, since the time she was five years old, was here now, pushing against her, and erying to her with tormenting voices "It's some-time now, Rose. O Rosel it's some-time."

What did she do? Well, what any other ffteon-year-old girl would have done. She said, "I can't I can't, I can'tl" and then sat down and barst into tears. Still came the dreadful chorus, "Some.ime ! some-time!"
"Why, Rose, it's dinner-time! Don't you hear the bell ?" and some one tonched her shoulder.
Rose staited, opened her eyes, and there stood her little brother, laughing, and ringing the bell in her ears.
"How funny you look when you're asleep," he said. "I almost thought you pere going to cry before I shook you."

They wondered at dinner that evening, why Rose looked so selemn; and when dessert time came, and her mother asked, "Rose, dear, did yon forget again ?" something very like tears flled her eyes as she answered; and she felt her face grow red and hot; as grandma s:id "No one ever expects Rose to do as she says she will.;
But for a month, or for a year-yes, longer. even yet-she remembers (and Rose is a grownap woman now), those ten minates of misery spent in Sometime. So strong an impression did the dream make on ber, that she has ever since followed the only plan by which one can conquer the little thief, Going-to-do-it. This is to attend to each thing as it comes, and not to wait for a convenient sessan.-Sunday.school Times.

A Clergyman in the United States writes:-
"I wish to say that I thoroughly appreciate the paper (the Crurof Guardtas). In fact it is my only source of direct information respecting Canadian Church matters."

A lady in United States writes:-"I am much pleased with the Guarduan and think it improves muoh."

## NOT ABOFE WORK

"Nover be ashamed of your business" is a wholesome proverb. If one has an honest business he need not feel ashamed of it. Some young persons act as if they thought many kinds of honest toil menial and degrading. Bat they are wrong.
"Man bath his daily tisk of body and mind Appointed, which declares his dignity."
When the service is for the good of man or the glory of God, and is performed in the light spirit, it must ever be ennobling. It is the work we do in an unwilling, slavish spirit that degrades us. Toil is manly, even if it be that of a bootblack. "If a were a bootblack," said a noble Christian man, "I woold strive to be the best bootblack in the world." The lad who determines to do his best everywhere, in every place, however lowly, where honest work is needed, will soonest rise to honor.

- If little labor, little are our gains;

Man's fortunes are according to his pains."
Not long since a joung man was asked to carry - s small package of writing paper to his sick relative, bat be turning turned up his nose with the answer: "No, you don't now; send it by an expressman."

One evening, near the hour for closing a store, in Philadelphia, a bundle of prints was ordercd in haste by a house not more than a block distant. The carts and porters had gone. The merchant requested one of his joung men to deliver the bandle, bat as he did so he perceived a look of digust in the clerk's face; and without saying another word, be tarned to his deek, put on his hat, picked up the bundle and walked off to deliver it himself, leaving his proud clerk dumb with mortification as well as with fear of losing a good position.
There are some city-bred boys who act as if they ware above carrying a market basket home. Even when mother is bearing a heary loed for their eakes, they think it degrading to be seen doing such ser vice. They soon get too big to wait on themselves. They grow up to be of less use in the world than batterfies. The following story of one of the greatest men in America is worth impressing upon each generation of youth.
Chief Justice Marshall was a great and good man. Good men are not proud men, for pride is an indication of a weak mind. Chief Justice Marshall was not too proud to wait upon himself. He was in the habit of going to market himself, and carrying home his purchases.
Often might be be seen returning at sunrise with poultry in one hand and regetables in the other in the most homely fashion.

On one of this occasions a fashionable young man was swearing violently because he could find no one to carry home his game. Judge Marshall stepped ap, gently rebuked him, and asked him where he lived. When he heard the reply, he said:-"That is in my way, and I will take you game home for you."

When they came to the honse the young man inquired: "What shall I pay you ?"
"Oh, nothing," said the judge; "you are welcome. It was all in the way, and it was no tronble to me."
"Who is that polite old gentleman who brought home my game for me prt asked the young man of a bygtander.
"Oh," said he, "that was Judge Marahall, Chief Justice of the United Stater."
"Why did be bring home my game ?"
"He did it," said the byatander, "I suppose, by way of teaching you uot to be above attend. ing to your own business."-Truth in Life.

The consumption of tobacco in the United States, instead of declining, is rapidly increasing. The revenue derived from that source has inoreased over that of last jear to $\$ 1,499$,281.

DIOCESE OF MONTREAL．
Fheliarbbida－－On the ever－ ing of the 10th instant，the Reo tor of St．Armand Eiat，the Rev．Canon Davidson，Mía，was presented with an address and a beartiful aleigh and costly robes by his parishioners，in recognition of his faithfal，earnest and lowing ser－ vices amonget them．The present month marked the 25 th anniver sary of his labours in this old his torical parish．（that of Bishop Stewart originally，and after him of Rev．Dr．Reid），during which evidences of advancementon．every band are not wanting．The erec－ tion and completion of the Bishop Stewart Memorial Church is in it self a life work．Mre．Davidson was also made the recipient of a purse containing over $\$ 27$ ．The presentation took place at a paro－ chial meeting and tea given bp the congregation and was an absolate surprise to the recipients，neither of whom had the slightest intima－ tion beforehand of the kindly act of their parishioners．It afforded unmistakeable evidence of the well deserved affection and esteem Which the Rector and his family are held．

Sunday－Sohool Absoctation．－ The Aunual Meeting of the Dioce－ san Sunday school Association took place in St．George＇s School－room on the evening of the 17th instant． The appointed speakers were the Lord Bishop of Huron and the Rev． G．O．Troop．Further particulars will be given next week．

Montreal．－The Lord Bishop of Haron paid a visit to this citydur－ ing last week remaining over Sun－ day aud preaching in the morning at the Church of St．Matthias，Cote St．Antoine，and in the evening at Trinity Charch in the cily．The Bishop is an ever welcomo visitor， and memhers of his old congrega－ tion as well as friends gladly arail themselves of every opportunity of hearing him from the pulpit．
St．George＇s．－The very Rav．The Dean resumed his lectures to young men on＂Dnity＂on Sunday－after－ noon last in St，George＇s School－ room，when 30 or 40 young men were in attendance．The special aspect of the question treated of was＂The Church and Cburch au－ thority．＂．The Dean compared the definition and standard of the Church of England and those of the Presbyterian and Methodist bodies， quoting the definition given by each of the word Cburch，and also the provisions in regard to the ex－ ercise of authority by the Church in ruling，ordering，disciplining and teaching，He referred，in the course of his lecture，to the absence of express legislation in tbe Charch in Canada in regard to the discip－ line of the laity，and expressed his astonishment that the laity were content to leave the matter in its present position．

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## MAGAZINES．

The Church Review－Houghton， Mifflin \＆Co．，Boston－for January contains an interesting article by the Rev．E．Gould，M．A．，Pastor of the Swedenborgian Charch，Mon－ treal，upon the Divine origin of Episcopacy，in which，although disagreeing with the views of the Church of England he yet arrives at a like conclasion by interpreting the word＂prophets＂as referring to a distinet class and a distinot or der of the ministry，and through whom the commission has been handed on．His argument is an in－ genions one，and is based largely upon the Didache and followe some what the views and interpretation of Olshausen．A farther article is promised in a subsequent number of the Review．
The Church Eclectic－W．T．Gib son，Utica，N．Y．，for January is an excellent number，rather better we think than usual．On the question of unity there is an original article by A．C．H．Haverstick，entitled ＂The See of Peter and Catholio Unity．＂The question of change of name of P．E．Church in Ameri－ ca also receives notice from the pen of the Rev．Dr．Battershall．

The Homiletic Review－Fank \＆ Wagnall＇s，N．Y．，for January in its Rev ew section contains the first of a series of articles apparently，un－ der the heading of＂Applied Cbris－ tianity；Rolation of the Church to the enormous growth of our cities， which will well sepay perusal． There is also an article from Rev． Dr．Eddy dealing with the charge against Ministers of not being prac－ tical business men．

Littell＇s Living Age．－Littell \＆ Co．，Boston，for Jan．8th，contains an excerpt from the National Re－ view on＂Canon Kingsley as a natur－ alist and country Clergyman．＂The whole number is good．
Arthur＇s Home Magazine－T．S． Arthur \＆Son，Philadelphia．－The January number of Arthar＇s Home Magazine is at hand，with an unu－ sually attractive table of contents and charming illuatrations．The short stories are good，and the so－ rial by M．G．McClelland begins well，and promises to be one of the best by this rising．young writer． In addition to the etories，the ladies will find many thinge useful in its woll－filled departments，including illustrated bits of fanoy work．The enlarged form of the Magazine is a great improvement upon its old style，and placer the Home promi－ nently before the pablic as one of the best of the lower－cost monthly magazines：

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ban and
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MARRIED，
Wrbber－Mrers－At Owl＇s Head．on the 6th January by Rev．John Partrldge， Mrers，or Mrerg＇Polnt，Jeddore West yero， MrTorfid－MYERS－At Rt．George＇s Ch Gew Mitohell to Xre Andrew Myers both of Jeddore．
Dean－Mark－At St．Stephen＇s Church Ship Harbour，on December 28th，by the Rev．John Partridge，Willam Dean to mour．
Chatteneurg－Peaci－At Jordan Falla， Shelburne County on Dec，3lst，by the Rev．Rural Dean Gtbbons，Charles Clat－ tenburg，of Port Medway，to Annte DIED．
GTEROUT－At Quebec on tho 144 b Jnnnary， 55th the Req．Narcis－
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## Mission FiELD.

STATISTIOSOFFOREIGN MISSIONS.
[FTom the Spirt of Missions, N. Y.] The Rev. James Johneton, a Fellow of the London Statistical So ciety, and the author of various statistical works, presents, in a parmphlet recontly issued, the fol Jowing information concerning the number of agente now employed by the various missionary societies of Protestant Christendom for the evangelization of the pagan and Mọham miedian world, the amonut of money raised annually by the societies, the reesults in converts, and other facts:

## misbionary workerg.

Three thonsand ordained missionaries, 730 laymen, and 2,500 women have been sent out by the Protestant Christians of Britain, America, and the continent of Enrope, into all parts of the heathen and Mobummedan, world. These 6,230 mossengers are now preaching the everlasting Gospel in twenty times as many languages as were
epoken onithe Duy of Pentecost. epoken On: the Duy of Pentecost.
If the $870,000,000$ of heathen and 170,000,000 of Mohammedans were equally apportioned to these 6,230 agents, it would give 167,000 souls. to each man and woman sent out; buti, asthoy are very unequally dis tributed, some may be found groíped with less than a thousand to each, while others are scattered as one in the midst of millions. As many of the women are the wives of missionazies, there is not one female misgionary to a quarter of a million of womon, in those countries in which they alone can carry the Gospol to the secluded viotime, chiefly by the tedious process of pisits to their homes. The 3,730 men have often to labor aingly among ten or twenty millions of heathen-the most unproductive form of mission work. Concentration, within certain limits, is generally the most effective form of labor.
Twenty-seven thousand native converts ne now employed and paid as evangolists to their own countrymen, and 2,500 are ordained pastors of native congregations. Many voluntary workers give themsolves willingly to evangelistic work, and many thousands of tenchers and professors are employed in the more secular but important work of teaching the young in schools and collegea.

## MONEY RAIBED ANNUALIT.

In America and Great Britain and on the continent, $\$ 12,250,000$ is raised to support the Americen, Furopean and native agents, and to corer all expense日 connected with the work at home and abroad. Of this , sum fully $\$ 4,250,000$ is raised in Americ C , by more than fifty missionary societies, nearly all, so' far as we can learn, directly or indireotly connected with the different religious bodies. Nine hundred thousand dollars are col-: lected by thirty-four societies from all the nationalities on the continett ${ }^{+\quad \text { Nineteen }}$ accieties belong. iug to the religions bodies in Eng.
land and Scotliand raise annally \$4,750;000; while twentr societies, independent of them collect for the most part from the members of these same bodies $\$ 750,000$ a year. arbolts.
Eight handred and seventy thonsand adulte, converts from amiong the heathen, are now in com manion with the Church of Christ, as the result of Protestant Mibsionary labor. These with their families and dependents, form Christian communities scattered over almost ever'y portion of the habitable globe; pumb ring in the aggregate at least $2,800,000$ sonls. Two thonsand five hundred of these converts are ordained ministers of the Gospel, placed over Christian congregations; twenty-serea thoneand are employed as evangelists to their heathen fellow-countrymen, and a large number are acting as voluntary agents, in preaching and teaching in Sunday-schools, and engaged in other wurks of Cbristian usefalness. The children of these converts, with a large namber of the children of the heathen, are receiving secular and religions instruction in day-achools.
These are facts which can be tabulated, but there are others of vast importance whioh cannot be so expressed: the wider influence of Christian teaching and Christian life of missionaries and their converts: the elevation of the lowest races to the comforts and advantages of civilization; the establishment of penceful government among savage and cannibal tribes, whose lives were misery, and whose work was war; the spread of com meroe ; the promotion of industry; the creation of written languages, with the gift of the Word of God to more than 200 tribes and nations; the abolition of cruel rites and religious crimes amongst those who still remain heathen, and the diffusion of new aspirations and hopes amonget thousands who are still strangers to the higher blessings of the spiritual life which the missionary seeks to impart by the preaohing of the Gospel.

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## Temperance Colnmn.

Among the candidates who re ceived Priest's Orders at the Ad vent Ordination of the Bishop of Bath' and Wells, was the Rev. T. Dixon Spain, C.E.T.S. Organising Secretary of the Diocese.
The foundation of the C.E.T.S. will be oommemorated by a Fes tival Servioe in Westminster Ab bey on Monday, May 2nd, when the sormon will be preached by His Grace the Archbishop of Canter bary.
Branches of the OPE.T.S. exist in 24 parishes of the Diocese of Toronto, and contain 3,208 abstain ing and 661 non-abstaining members. There are 23 O.E.T.S. Bunds of Hope in the Diocese, with an ag gregate membership of 2,888 .

Mr.T. W. Beaver, a well-known temperance worker, one of the Hon. Seoretaries of the St. Pancria Total Abstinence Asbociation, a member of the St. Pancras Vestry, and Chairman of the Works Com. mittee, died at his residence at Highgate on Saturday.
Deaths by alcoholism, the New York Herald asserts on what it declares to be authenticated statistics that make the fact clear, have decreased throughout the United States daring the firit fifteen years from a ratio of 111 to 45 in each 1,000 from all causes.
In a case nuder the Licensing Act, heard at the Wolverbampton Police gourt rocently, in which the deféndánt was charged with selling sle after hours, the defence was that the ale wias actually sold and paid for ten minutes before the time for olosing the house, although it was not sent out to the purohaser by the defendant's servant until ten minutes after the hour. The Stipendary held that the sale of the liquor was not complete until after ite delivery to the purchaser.
Canon Liddon, in a remarkable sermon preached in St. Paul's on the lest Sunday in Advent, from the text "I am with you as he that serveth," said :-" Human nature is just the same at either end of the social scale, whether in its regenerate or unregenerate state; and many a man who mighl find work ready to his hand, and might spend an honest and happy life in the bosom of his family, bat who sponde nis time lounging about the streets and in the publio houses till want and desperation drive him, perkaps, into violent courses, is not fess a aybarite at heart than is the other, though there may be more to be said in excuse for him. When suoh types of character as these are common, the ruin of a great ooun. try, ke aure of it, is not far off; and that whioh defers the hour of ruin is the resolate adoption by her better citizens of a life of servioe, of work diotated by a sense of obedience or by a sense of duty, suoh as was that life of which onir Lord and Sapiour hap given us the supreme example."

It is the straggle and not the attainment tipt mencures ohain aoter,

THE ADVANCE OF TEMPER ANOE.

Most of our readers will be pleasod to see that, under the action of healthy public discussion, temporance is becoming more and more a cusiom with oar coantrymen. Alcoholic drinks, which once were claseed with daily bread in very many households; rich and poor alike, are now laxuries less common than tea, and have, indeed, in an everwidening range of public opinion, come to be no.more than the stimulant accessories of impaired nutrition. They certainly should not, as a rale, be takea apart from food, and neglect of this precaution has probably mach to do with the formation of the drinking habit. We have beard it sug gested, in conformity with this view, that licensed houses chould be required to supply food as well as intoxicant liquor, and it is possible that in that case the consumption of the latter would be less than it is. Erery means of restraining drunkenness is heipfol to the canse of Temperrace, therefore, we willingly note the suggeation. At the same time it should be remembered that there is not for those whose health is good, much help, if any, in alcohol, that it rather hindera thau assists their energies, and that non-stimulant restoratives and food can best rearrit them after toil; while thirst, the want of water, is best allayed by making good that want.-Lancet.

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