

10 AUG. 1916.
Gazette

J. A. JOHNSTON Publisher.

Offered by the Fire.
Mr. Henry Eidt of the 16th concession of Carrick, who owns a farm in North Ontario, near Matheson, received word last week that his place had been overrun by the big fire, and the buildings and timber destroyed. Mr. Eidt had about thirty acres cleared on his farm, but his buildings were not very extensive. We learn that Mr. Eidt has some notion of moving north soon. Mr. and Mrs. Eidt spent a week there this summer.

Famous Shorthorns.
We notice in the Farmer's Advocate a report of the Brandon Fair, which states that the following Shorthorn Championships were awarded:—Male—Burnbrae Sultan, owned by A. F. & G. Auld. Female—Countess 16th, owned by the same firm. Countess 16th was raised by Mr. J. G. Thomson of Carrick, and has very few peers on this continent. Mr. Thomson's present stock bull is Village Sultan, a half brother of Burnbrae Sultan.

Fall Fair Dates.

Arthur	Oct. 3-4
Chesley	Sept. 19-20
Durham	Sept. 28-29
Fordeish	Oct. 7
Hanover	Sept. 14-15
Holstein	Sept. 26-27
London (Western Fair)	Sept. 8-17
Mildmay	Sept. 11-12
Paisley	Sept. 26-27
Parra	Oct. 3-4
Peaswater	Oct. 2-3
Toronto	Aug. 28-Sept 11
Walkerton	Sept. 12-13
Warton	Sept. 26-27

Conrad E. Baetz Passes Away.
After a six month's illness with cirrhosis of the liver, ex-councillor Conrad E. Baetz of Moltke passed peacefully away on Wednesday morning of this week. Deceased had been a strong, robust man up until a few months ago, and his decease in the prime of life has cast a gloom over the whole community. Mr. Baetz was an outstanding figure in this township. He was one of the largest land owners in this township, and took a deep interest in agricultural affairs. He was a member of the Agricultural Society for several years, and served for two years in the Council board. He was a genial, kind hearted man, and possessed the good will and respect of all his neighbors and acquaintances. He leaves to mourn his death, a widow, seven sons:—John, Fred, William, Otto, Edward, Conrad and Harry, and four daughters:—Rosina, Elizabeth, Alma and Freda. He was 49 years of age and was born and brought up in Carrick. The funeral takes place on Saturday morning, leaving the house at 9.30 for St. Paul's cemetery at Normanby.

War Summary.
The hammer-strokes of the Allies fall steadily upon selected points along the entire battle-front, and the Teutons reel under their persistent battering. Haig, Joffre, Cadorna, Brusiloff, the Grand Duke Nicholas, Murray in the Suez and Smuts in distant East Africa all contribute to the blows that fall unceasingly on the enemy's positions. At the moment the Italians have the centre of the stage. By a sudden and fierce attack the Italians have captured Monte St. Michele and other rocky eminences to the south of Goritz, providing gun positions from which the city itself can be rendered untenable. As a result of these operations the long-coveted Goritz bridgehead is in the hand of the Italians, and they are now shelling the city and driving the enemy from its houses. Over 8,000 Austrians, including over 200 officers, were taken. The importance of the Russian victories on the Sereth, to the northeast of Lemberg, and Dniester Valley to the southwest of the capital of Galicia, was underestimated in the early despatches. This converging Slav attack has put the army of von Bothmer, which still tenaciously holds the Strypa lines, in a position of great peril. He will have to withdraw a large body of men, hampered by the heavy artillery used in the Strypa positions, through a narrow gap extending between two powerful Russian armies now well to the west of his positions and fighting with desperate energy to cut him off. The British advance on the Somme is now being pushed eastward in conjunction with that of the French in the general direction of Compiègne. To the west and southwest of Guillemont the British troops pressed forward during Monday night. Yesterday morning they were reported to be fighting on the outskirts of the village near the station of the light railway which connects it with Compiègne and Peronne. Sir Douglas Haig's midnight report says that during the day's operations the British line was advanced about 400 yards to the southwest of Guillemont, and that fighting continues near the station.

Standing Grain Competition.
The Government expert judge was here on Monday of this week judging the standing crop exhibits in connection with the Canadian Agricultural Society. The following awards were given: First prize, Andrew Schmidt; Second, Louis Washter; Third, Jos. H. Schumacher; Fourth, G. E. Armstrong; Fifth, Joseph Grub. We will publish the scores later.

Good Prospects in Alberta.
Mr. Alex Meyer of Richdale, Alberta, son of Mr. Martin Meyer of Mildmay, writes that prospects are good for another bumper crop again this year. The weather during July was very dry, and many people feared a shortage, but good rains have fallen recently which will bring everything along nicely. Wheat is out in head and ripening, oats has also headed out, and there is an abundance of hay this season. June was a wet month, but July was hot and dry. Mr. Meyer has just finished leading two cars of wheat, the balance of his 1915 crop, for which he received \$1.03 per bushel. He estimates that there are one million bushels of 1915 wheat in that section, but it is moving out rapidly now.

NEUSTADT.

Mrs. Andrew Kreigner left last Thursday morning for Listowel, Stratford and Toronto on a two week's holiday.
Mr. W. Shields of Stratford is spending a few days holidays here.
Miss F. McLennan of Southampton is spending a few day's holiday with friends in town.
Miss Verda Schilling left last Saturday for Niagara Falls after spending a week's holiday with friends here.
Mr. Henry Hachnel returned to Detroit on Saturday after spending a week with friends and relatives in town.
Miss (Marion) Merkel of Galt is spending a few days in town.
Miss Rose Papenhausen of Buffalo is home on her vacation.
Miss Lulu Kyte of Warton is spending a week's holiday with her friend, Miss A. Huether.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Russel returned home last Monday after spending a few days in Berlin.
Miss Marguerite Westerman left last Saturday after spending a few week's holiday with her parents here.
Two of our young men have severed their connection with the chair factory here in the persons of Fred Sander and Ted Fidler. Both have secured positions with the Knechtel Furniture Co., Hanover.

CARLSRUHE.

Mrs. Greibil from St. Clemens and Mrs. Herrgott from Waterloo are visiting their sister, Mrs. D. Schwan.
Mrs. J. Kreutzwizer from Warton is visiting relatives here for a couple of weeks.
Mr. Willie Hunt and family from near Mildmay visited here on Sunday.
Master Roy Freighburger, youngest son of Aug. Freighburger met with a painful accident last week, while playing he fell off his little wagon and broke his collar bone. He is in Dr. Hall's care and is progressing nicely.
Mr. Trux, M. P. of Walkerton, paid our village a short call on Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Peter Doersom of Ayton visited Mr. and Mrs. Halter on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. George Karges of Waterloo visited relatives here last week.
Mr. and Mrs. John Bruder of Walkerton were guests at Mrs. B. Oberle on Sunday.
Miss Cecelia Gerodat from Buffalo visited her uncle, Mr. Peter Girodat on Monday.
John Russworm has threshed the first wheat in this vicinity, and has taken some to the mill which tested 63 lbs to the bushel.
The long looked for rain has reached us at last. Its the life of the root and potatoe crop which have suffered through want of rain.
On Tuesday evening a great many of our young folks attended the lawn social at Hanover, which was held in aid of the R. C. Church.

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A Tenderfoot's Wooing

By CLIVE PHILLIPPS WOLLEY
(Author of "Gold, Gold in Cariboo," Etc.)

CHAPTER XXXVI—(Cont'd).

As he looked he heard the horses stamping in the kitchen.

"Going, is he? I blanked if he shall!" he muttered, and without stopping to think, he ran down into the kitchen.

But the sight which met him there staggered Jim Combe, so that he stood gaping with his hoots still in his hand.

Anstruther in full hunting costume—pink coat, immaculate leathers, top hat, and gloves—turned and faced him. His horse, looking enormous alongside the weedy country breeds, was standing as still as a sheep in the middle of the room, facing the window, from which Anstruther had contrived to take the sashes.

"What in—"

"Going to bed, Jim?" asked Anstruther easily, interrupting him and looking with a grin at Combe's boots. "Sorry to bother you, but before you turn in you might put those up again for me," and he pointed to the sashes.

"But—"

"Say I'll be back soon. So long!" and, before Combe had realized what was happening, Anstruther swung cleverly into his saddle and put his horse at the window.

Combe saw Anstruther touch the great horse with his heel, heard his "Up, boy," as they came to the low window sill, and then the great quarters were gathered beneath it and like a cat, or, to be more exact, a well-broken Heythrop hunter, Roddy-gore reared and popped over into space.

The little cramped jump would have done more to unseat Combe than the worst buck, but the man from Piccadilly sat as if he was in a rocking-chair.

So quietly had Anstruther made his preparations, and the Indians' feint had served him so well, that, with the single exception of Jim Combe, no one had any idea until they saw him from the windows, trotting quietly towards the Indians, who had just returned to their lines, their horses a trifle pumped by the wild gallop they had indulged in.

For a hundred yards he trotted quietly, and then stopping unconcernedly, as if he had been at a meet in his own country, he turned and uncovered to the ladies, smiling and calling a message to them, the words of which they could not catch.

Considering the probability of a volley, it was very gallant fooling, and worthy of the good sportsman he looked, and at any rate it was better and more merciful to Kitty than a tearful leave-taking.

Perhaps he meant it so, but Anstruther was never one of those who parade their good intentions.

Replacing his hat and waving his hand to them, he turned in his saddle, and at a quiet trot rode steadily towards the Indian lines, the great horse reaching at his bit and showing plainly how good the turf felt under his feet after so many days on a boarded floor.

"Great heavens! The boy has gone mad!" cried Rolt. "Can no one stop him?"

"Best let him play his own hand now, Boss," growled Al, whose eyes were beginning to glitter with excitement and understanding. "He knows his long suit. None of us do. Maybe he's going to play peace-maker."

This may have been the idea which kept the Indians quiet, though that could hardly have been Al's reading of the riddle, or the old man's thin nostrils would not have been working so nervously, and though such an attire as Anstruther's would have been in keeping with the traditions of old time Hudson Bay factories when going to a solemn meeting, he carried no white flag or other wilfully misleading emblem.

But he rode unarmed. Except for his horn-handled hunting crop, he carried nothing, and in this fashion, restraining his horse to the steadiest trot, he advanced with the utmost unconcern to within fifty yards of the wondering Chilcotens without a shot fired or a word spoken, whilst his friends watched him with their hearts in their mouths.

At fifty yards from the Indian lines, a dozen voices challenged him, but he rode on as if he had been deaf, without haste as without pause.

Then there was a clank of Winchester pumps, and a rifle went up to a redskin's shoulder. Before the butt touched flesh, in the last second of grace, Anstruther spoke to his horse and touched him with his spurs, so that the gallant beast, unused to such treatment, sprang madly forward on the instant, whilst its rider bent over its shoulder and rode it headlong into the volley which belched out to meet him.

"Give 'em hell! Oh, give 'em hell!" screamed old Al at the window, losing all control of himself, his ace working with excitement. "Didn't I say the colt was clar grit? He's through 'em, I tell you. Miss Kitty, look. Don't shut your eyes, lassie,

Your man's clear through 'em.

And he was.

A beast coming at you is the hardest mark to hit. A man in deadly earnest is even harder, especially when you don't expect him and calculating upon this and timing his dash to a moment, the man from Piccadilly had ridden right over the nearest group of Chilcotens, going on to the east group of Chilcotens, knocking one down with his horse, and breaking old Khelowna's head with his riding-crop as he passed, and now he was going "lickety bridle," as old Al would put it, on the far side of the enemies' lines, whilst they scrambled to their horses instead of stopping to shoot.

So far he had done well, but in a glance his friends realized that his gallant effort had been wasted. Instead of turning to his left and making for the road, in which case he would have had a clear course and two hundred yards' start, he was heading for Soda Creek as the crow flies.

"He has forgotten the canyon," groaned Jim Combe.

"He hain't done no such thing," contradicted Al. "That's what he's a-playin' for."

Jim looked at the old man and understood.

"He can't do it. No horse could," "He can. A buck couldn't. A horse couldn't, but he's a goin' to, Great Scott! See that!"

Perhaps half a dozen Indians followed directly in Anstruther's footsteps like a pack of hounds running in view, but the main body of them realizing their quarry's mistake, making for the dip where the road went through, to which they imagined he must eventually come, if he would cross the canyon.

For half a mile the going was good, firm, grass-covered cattle land, and over this the red coat sailed, going two lengths for every one covered by his pursuers. But beyond this for several hundred yards the land was boggy, and when Al spoke, Anstruther slipped out of the saddle and ran by his horse's side, whilst the Indians seeing this, made desperate efforts to overtake him, and played their horses clean out.

Once through the little bog, he was in the saddle again, cantering easily until, to those watching him, he seemed on the very brink of the canyon, with the broken pine close on his right.

Then he shook his horse together, crammed his hat on his head, and went at his death hands down.

To five people still alive, there is one second in their past lives which was more than a day long.

When it was over, a fair-haired girl sank quietly to the ground, and for the first time in her life Mrs. Rolt did not move to help a sister in trouble. She could not. Her great eyes were wide with the hunger of seeing; her little hands clenched and her parted lips white; and when Al, speaking as if he were in church, whispered: "I take it all back about them duds. There ain't no flies on fox-hunting," the others burst into hysterical laughter which was perilously near tears, for the red coat had cleared the canyon. "Jumped it, by gum; jumped it clar!" as the old song says, and was sailing away, a dim pink spot, straight as the crow flies for Soda Creek.

Does the story want finishing? Before Anstruther had ridden for a couple of hours, a large posse of men came over a rise and were startled by the vision of a white-faced madman riding across the Chilcote country in the uniform of the Vale Hunt; moreover, the madman was so mad that he could barely speak intelligibly, and he appeared to be swooning from pain, though on him was no trace of a wound.

They brought him back with them to the ranch, from which, at their approach the Chilcotens vanished like the mists of morning, and it was Horseley, the leader of the posse, who, a month later, talking to Jim Combe over a pipe, said:—

"Like will to like, Jim. She'd never have made a wife for you, old chap. You'll have to plug along same as we all do until you find another Mrs. Rolt—if the world holds one."

The End.

Australia's Aliens.

Only one per cent. of the male population of Australia were born in Germany or Austria, and as regards women scarcely more than one-half of one per cent. are of German or Austrian birth. These facts are revealed in a return prepared by Mr. Knibbs, the Commonwealth Statistician, from the latest available figures, says the Westminster Gazette. There are, of course, many residents born in Australia of German or Austrian parents, but for the most part they have proved themselves loyal citizens, and a considerable number of them have taken up arms and are fighting on the side of the allies.

ISLANDS CAPTURED

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WHAT THE GERMAN TRAINS MOVED DOWN

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...are bombing hospitals
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...of twice daily.
...German and Austrian
...the eastern front have been
...the supreme command of
...von Hindenburg, ac-
...despatch quoting a Ber-
...announcement. This de-
...was reached during the Em-
...peror's recent visit to the eastern
...front. A similar announcement,
...despatch says, has been made in
...Vienna.



A Photo Which Shows the Odds Our Men Are Surmounting.

German gun crew operating machine gun from bomb-proof shelter of earth, grass, and timber. The gun fires 600 bullets a minute, and is raking the enemy's rifle pits, two hundred metres away. The gun is mounted on an elevation made of planks and filled with earth, and is covered with a bomb-proof shelter.

WORLD'S BIGGEST BATTLE MAKES BRITAIN GREATER

The British Race Is the Greatest in Numbers, Duration and Sacrifice.—Historical Facts.

A despatch from the front says: A month has passed since the beginning of the great battle in the Ploeghe, says Philip Gibbs. We who have been out here and saw the beginning, and day by day followed the progress of the British fighting men, knowing their difficulties and dangers from hour to hour, take breath now for a moment and look back upon its life-time counting its gains and losses, with any glory it may have and any tragedy.

they captured Pozieres and the high ground about it. So in a month, by the greatest battle of history, the British race in the greatest in numbers, duration and sacrifice. They have taken eleven hundred prisoners. They have won back for France a patch of soil eight miles wide by three miles deep. They have brought back about 18,000 German prisoners. They have killed or wounded an immense number of Germany's finest troops, at least 100,000 surely.

INVASION OF BELGIUM. Proof That It Was Planned Many Years Ago.

Some of the German press comment on the death of General Von Moltke is of considerable interest. The Berlin Lokalanzeiger has entirely forgotten the elaborate German fictions about the sudden and imperative need for the invasion of Belgium and about the supposed intentions of France and calmly writes:

"In the splendid successes of the first part of the campaign in Belgium and France we can recognize gratefully fruits which were probably in no small measure due to the joint labors of Schlieffen and Moltke—the tremendous march of victory into the heart of France, and the equally tremendous war of resistance against superior enemy force in the enemy's country and not on the Rhine. The roots of the great scheme which—because of the French girdle of fortresses which has still not been overcome—saw salvation in carrying forward our own offensive in the west, may be sought in the mind of the old Moltke; but Schlieffen and the nephew of the strategic genius ripened the seed in wonderful fashion. Belgium alone—the same Belgium which long before the war had concluded an agreement with those who attacked us—supplied the base for this offensive to cover our country in the west."

CROP PROSPECT FOR DOMINION

Official Review Issued at Ottawa of End of July Conditions.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A special press bulletin issued by the Census and Statistics Office reports on the condition of field crops in Canada at the end of July in part as follows:

Otario—In the peninsula (Essex county) a large crop of hay has been harvested in splendid shape. Wheat and barley are harvested, but are not quite a standard year. Oats will be below average. Corn and hood crops are fair, though later than usual. In eastern Otario crops are suffering from lack of moisture. Wheat is little grown, its condition is fair and it is beginning to ripen. Barley is poor, rather late and very uneven. Oats, the most important crop of the district, shows some great averageness, some crops being far advanced, others only a few inches high. About three-quarters of the hay is harvested and the crop is a very good one. Corn is poor; potatoes are healthy.

Northwest Provinces—The weather conditions of July have been generally favorable, although local hailstorms have done some damage. Grain crops continue to show fine promise, especially on bearing and summer fallow. Grain on the stubble is not so good. In southern Alberta crops are all good, and harvesting will commence sooner than was expected a month ago. Wheat cutting is expected to begin about August 20; hay, roots and potatoes are good.

Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island report all crops as making good growth. In Quebec the hay crop is abundant, but grains have suffered from drought. British Columbia reports cereal crops growing well.

RETREAT ONLY WAY OF ESCAPE

Russian Nut-Cracker Is Slowly, but Irresistibly, Closing In.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The ultimate Russian occupation of Kovel and Lemberg and the retirement of the Austro-German line of defence beyond the Bug River are now regarded here as a foregone conclusion. The armies of Generals von Boehm-Ermolli and von Linsingen, which have been badly crippled in their efforts to hold back the advancing right wing of General Brusiloff's forces, have been forced to retreat to a point which leaves open the approaches to these two important centres, and the Russians in both regions have begun an encircling movement, which is slowly, but apparently irresistibly closing in upon the two cities.

The German loss of the Stokhod crossings and the recently-announced Russian crossing of the river leaves no important line of defence beyond Kovel except a natural barrier consisting of a wide swamp, which undoubtedly will retard the Russian progress. But this movement from the west along the route midway between the Sarny-Kovel and Rovno-Kovel railways, in conjunction with the Russian pressure brought from the south in the region of Vladimir-Volynski, both of which are successfully developing, despite all German counter-attacks, is considered as making the outcome assured.

2,000 ACRES LEVELLED SOUTH OF SASKATOON.

A despatch from Saskatoon says: A hailstorm of unusual severity struck the country eight miles south of this city at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. Two thousand acres of crop in the vicinity of Victor schoolhouse were wiped out completely. One farmer reports a loss of \$2,500, and many other farmers suffered heavy loss. The storm appears to have been purely local.

GERMANS BOMBARD RUSSIAN HOSPITAL.

A despatch from Petrograd says: The Russian official statement is as follows: "An enemy aeroplane bombarded a transport containing wounded near Dusitchi, on the Vladimir-Volynski-Lutsik route, killing one and injuring twenty already wounded men. The same aeroplane also bombarded the divisional hospital in Dusitchi, killing one and injuring eight hospital orderlies. Caucasian front: Our advance continues."

SECOND MILITARY CROSS WON IN ONE FAMILY.

A despatch from Vancouver says: To the second member of the Bell-Myring family has come the honor of being decorated with the Military Cross, according to private advices received in Vancouver. This time it is Roderick Bell-Myring, acting Major in the 16th Canadian Scottish, and is in recognition of his gallantry in leading his company to the attack and the eventual capture of an entrenchment which had been taken from the British by the Germans.

ISLANDS BUILT TO ORDER. The Feat Is Not So Very Difficult As It Sounds.

In the Bismarck Archipelago, now occupied by us, are two small islands that the Germans, with characteristic resourcefulness, built up for themselves in a sea where formerly no land was. This, however, is not quite so difficult as it sounds. One must have a foundation, of course—a coral reef for preference. Given this, and also an unlimited supply of native labor, and island building in these comparatively calm and tideless waters becomes almost as easily possible as does house-building elsewhere.

The Solomon Islanders, for instance, are adepts at the art. When the population of any island of the group becomes too big for comfort, they just set to work and build another one, and the surplus families emigrate to it and settle down there.

The usual plan is to choose a coral reef, which must not be submerged more than three or four feet. A raft is first constructed, and anchored near the centre of the reef, where the water is shallowest. To this coral, torn from the outer fringe of the reef, is brought, and piled up pyramid-fashion to form the nucleus of the island. Lastly, earth is carried in canoes from the nearest land and spread over the coral, cocconut-trees are planted, and homes erected.

Shipwrecked British sailors once built for themselves an island of refuge after this fashion. In 1880 the Queensland labor-recruiting schooner was cast away and battered to pieces on the Indispensable Reef, which is completely submerged, and situated more than three hundred miles from the nearest inhabited land. The plight of her crew seemed hopeless. But instead of giving way to despair, they set to work to manufacture an island on the lines indicated above, and lived on it for several months, subsisting on clams and sea-fish dried in the sun, until they were finally found and rescued by a relief ship sent in search of them.

In South-West Bay, Malekula, one of the New Hebrides Group, is situated a tiny sugarloaf-shaped island, which was entirely rebuilt some years ago by order of our Admiralty at the request of a native chief.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS TO SLEEP 'NEATH MAPLES.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Canadian maples are to be planted around the graves of Canadian soldiers in France. Seed of the red and silver maple, ripened at Ottawa, has been sent to London by Dominion Horticulturist W. T. Macoun and planted in Kew Gardens. After the war the little trees from these seeds are to be transplanted in France. Seeds of the large-leaved maple of British Columbia are to be sent to London for the same purpose as soon as ripe.

No horse is allowed in the judging ring at the Canadian National Exhibition until it has been examined and pronounced sound by the Association's veterinary surgeons.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs.
Toronto, Aug. 8.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.41; No. 2 Northern, \$1.33; No. 3 Northern, \$1.35, on track, Bay ports.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 53c; No. 2 C.W., 52c; extra No. 1 feed, 51c; No. 1 feed, 51c; No. 2 feed, 51c. Bay ports.
American corn—No. 3 yellow, 93c, on track, Toronto.
Ontario wheat—No. 1 commercial, \$1.05 to \$1.07; No. 2, \$1.02 to \$1.04; No. 3, 98 to 95c; feed wheat, 91 to 92, according to freights outside.
Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 48 to 49c, outside.
Peas—No. 2 nominal, \$1.75 to \$1.85; according to sample, \$1.25 to \$1.50, according to freights outside.
Barley—Malt, nominal, 66 to 68c; feed barley, nominal, 62 to 64c, according to freights outside.
Buckwheat—Nominal, 70 to 71c, according to freights outside.
Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.90; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.40; strong bakers, in jute bags, \$6.20, Toronto.
Ontario flour—New Winter, according to sample, \$4.50 to \$4.60, in bags; track, Toronto, prompt shipment; \$4.60 to \$4.70, bulk seaboard, prompt shipment.
Milled—Car 1018, delivered, Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, \$22; shorts, per ton, \$24 to \$25; middlings, per ton, \$25 to \$26; good feed flour, per bag, \$1.75.

Country Produce.
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 26 to 27c; inferior, 24 to 25c; creamery prints, 31 to 32c; solids, 30 to 31c.
Eggs—New-laid, 29 to 30c; do., in carton, 28 to 29c; later for hand-picked.
Beans—\$4.50 to \$5, the later for hand-picked.
Cheese—New, large, 17c; twins, 17c; triplets, 18c.
Maple syrup—\$1.50 per Imperial gallon.
Dressed poultry—Chickens, 25 to 27c; fowl, 23 to 25c. Brunswick quoted at \$2 per bag; Western, \$1.85.

Provisions.
Bacon, long clear, 18 to 19c; do., heavy, 20c to 21c; rolls, 19 to 19c; breakfast bacon, 25 to 27c; backs, plain, 26 to 27c; boness backs, 26 to 27c; straited, 16c; and pails, 17 to 17c; compound, 14 to 14c.
Meats.
Montreal, Aug. 8.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 92 to 94c. Oats—Canadian western, No. 2, 54c; do., No. 3, 54c; extra No. 1 feed, 53c. Flour—Man. spring wheat patents, firsts, \$7.20; seconds, \$6.70; strong bakers, \$6.50; Winter patents, choice, \$5.55; straited rollers, \$5.70 to \$5.75; do., bags, \$2.50 to \$2.50. Rolled oats, barrels, \$5.05 to \$5.15; do., No. 1, \$2.30 to \$2.40; Bran, \$2.2. Shorts, \$2.4. Middlings, \$2.6. Moultrie, \$3.0 to \$3.2. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17.00 to \$17.50; eastern, western, 16 to 17c; do., eastern, 16 to 16c. Butter, choicest creamery, 31 to 32c; seconds, 30 to 30c. Eggs—Fresh, 35c; selected, 33c; No. 1 stock, 30c; No. 2 stock, 26 to 27c.

Winnipeg Grain.
Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—Cash quotations—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.33; No. 2 Northern, \$1.31; No. 3 Northern, \$1.29; No. 4 Northern, \$1.27; No. 5 Northern, \$1.25; No. 6, \$1.10; feed, \$1.04. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 45c; No. 3 C.W., 44c; extra No. 1 feed, 44c; Barley—No. 3, 73c; No. 4, 69c; rejected, 62c; feed, 62c. Flax, No. 1 N.W.C., \$1.98; No. 2 C.W., \$1.85.

United States Markets.
Minneapolis, Aug. 8.—Wheat—September, \$1.34; December, \$1.34; No. 1 hard, \$1.34; No. 1 Northern, \$1.34 to \$1.35; No. 2 do., \$1.33 to \$1.34; Corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1.1 to \$1.1c. Oats—No. 3 white, 39 to 40c. Flour—Fancy patents, \$7; first clears, \$5.70; second clears, \$3.20. Bran—\$19.50.
Duluth, Aug. 8.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, \$1.38; No. 1 Northern, \$1.36 to \$1.37; No. 2 do., \$1.31 to \$1.33; September, \$1.35 asked; December, \$1.34 asked. Lined—on track, \$2.15 to \$2.18; to arrive, \$2.15; September, \$2.15 asked; October, \$2.15; November, \$2.15; December, \$2.13 bid.

Live Stock Markets.
Toronto, Aug. 8.—Choice heavy steers, \$8.15 to \$8.40; Good heavy steers, \$7.75 to \$8.00; Butchers' cattle, good, \$7.90 to \$8.15; do., medium, \$7.35 to \$7.60; do., common, \$6.40 to \$6.75; Butchers' bulls, choice, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., good bulls, \$6.50 to \$6.75; do., rough bulls, \$4.50 to \$5.00; Butchers' cows, choice, \$7.10 to \$7.40; do., good, \$6.75 to \$7.00; do., medium, \$6.00 to \$6.25; choice feeders, dehorned, \$6.40 to \$7.25; Canners and cutters, \$5.50 to \$5.50; Light Ewes, \$7.65 to \$8.65; Sheep, heavy, \$4.50 to \$5.35; Spring lambs, per lb., 11c to 12c; Calves, good to choice, \$10 to \$11.75; do., medium, \$9.00 to \$10.00; Hogs, fed and watered, \$12.25; do., weighed off cars, \$12.50; do., f.o.b., \$11.00 to \$11.75.
Montreal, Aug. 8.—Butchers' steers, choice, \$8.25 to \$8.50; good, \$7.74 to \$8; fair, \$7.25 to \$7.50; rough, \$6.75 to \$7; comon, \$6 to \$6.50; butcher cows, good, \$5 to \$7.50; fair, \$5.50 to \$6.75.

DESTRUCTION IS TERRIBLE. Appalling Loss in France as Result of Enemy Invasion.

A graphic report of the loss of property as the result of the cannonades on the western front in France, was forwarded to the United States Department of Commerce by Commercial Attache C. W. A. Veditz at Paris and made public recently. It shows that enormous damage was done in 754 towns and villages in the invaded district. The report says that 16,669 edifices are known to have been entirely destroyed and 25,594 partially wrecked in the departments of Nord, Pas-de-Calais, Somme, Cise, Seine-et-Marne, Aisne, Marne, Mube, Meuse, Meurthe-et-Moselle and Vosges.

Among these buildings were some of the most splendid architectural monuments in France, including the City Hall of Arras and the Cathedral, Archbishop's Palace, the church of St. Remy and the City Hall at Reims. Other public buildings damaged or totally destroyed were 221 city halls, 379 schools, 311 churches, 60 monumental works of art, and 806 other structures of various public utility. Three hundred and thirty industrial establishments were seriously damaged, which in normal times furnished support for 57,600 persons. The Department of Marne was the heaviest sufferer, having 15,106 buildings entirely or partially destroyed. In Pas-de-Calais 6,660 buildings were completely demolished, and in Meurthe-et-Moselle, 4,930 structures were razed.

Mr. Veditz's report is based on a census made by M. Malvy, Minister of the Interior of the French Republic. The figures are only for the invaded portions of France from which the enemy subsequently was driven.

CURE FOR TRENCH FOOT. War Disease Not Frost Bite, But Form of Mildew.

A Paris correspondent of the Journal of the American Medical Association says that an interesting study of the "trench foot" has been communicated to the Academie des Sciences by Dr. V. Raymond of the Military Hospital of Val-de-Grace, and Dr. J. Paristol of the Medical Faculty of Nancy. "They conclude," the writer says, "that the condition called trench foot or frost bite of the foot is a myceto-ma comparable to Madura foot. It is not really a frost bite, but a mildew of the foot. The fungus found is ordinarily in the infected soil, in straw, &c., and it is brought into contact with the feet by the mud of the trenches.

The writer says that excellent results have been obtained by cleaning and disinfecting the feet by means of soap and camphorated alkaline, or better, borated solutions. "Edema," he adds, "disappears in three days, and the neuritic pains in from fifteen to twenty days. The eschars, characteristic of the graver forms, are cured more slowly, but the treatment prevents the extension of the lesions, so much so that though the number of cases has been large, amputation of the foot has never yet been necessitated."

Bersaglieri Speediest Soldiers. "Prometheus," Vienna military publication, presents some interesting figures about the marching of the various armies now at war. According to these statistics, the Italian Bersaglieri are by far the speediest soldiers in the world, the Russians the slowest. The former take 140 strides to the minute, the latter 112.

ALLIES USE MANY GUNS. Seven Forms of Artillery Are Employed in War.

No fewer than seven different kinds of artillery are taken into the field by a modern army—mountain, horse and field guns, light and heavy howitzers, position guns and siege artillery, says The Glasgow Herald. The most famous of the European field guns is the French "75." Its special excellence consists in its recoil buffer. Most modern guns are placed on carriages designed to absorb the shock of recoil without allowing the carriage to move. In this way great rapidity of fire is attained, as the gunners have not to lay it after each shot. The French gun is held in position by a spade at the end of the trail, and the wheels are strongly braked. The gun when it recoils slides along a cradle and is stopped by the ingenious pneumatic buffer, which operates with marvelous smoothness. The gunner keeps the sights, which do not move with the gun, on the target all the time.

THE SERBS PREPARE FOR A BIG DRIVE.

A despatch from Saloniki says: Crown Prince Alexander of Serbia, accompanied by the Minister of War, had a long conversation this morning with the French Commander-in-chief, Gen. Sarraill. They discussed the military situation and operations. In the evening he talked with Admiral Sir Berkeley Milne, Commander-in-chief of the British fleet in eastern waters.

If one man in ten thousand pays any attention to what you say you are in luck.

CURE DISCOVERED FOR ERUPTIVE TYPHUS.

A despatch from Paris says: A cure for eruptive typhus, the disease which made such terrible ravages in Serbia, has been discovered by Doctors Nicolle and Blaisot. The physicians described their discovery to the Academy of Medicine. It is a serum which they found after exhaustive experiments. So far thirty-eight serious cases have been treated by injections, which were followed by rapid recovery in a number of patients. In addition, the injections of the serum prevented complications so frequent in this disease and reduced the death rate from twenty-five to three per cent.

NEW ZEALAND DECIDES FOR COMPULSORY SERVICE.

A despatch from London says: New Zealand has decided in favor of the compulsory military service bill, which is applicable "to men of any age not less than twenty and more than forty-six." The only important amendment to the measure by the Legislative Council was the stringent religious objectors exemption clause. The Governor has given assent to the bill.

The prize list for the Canadian National Exhibition amounts this year to approximately \$65,000. It practically all goes to the agricultural classes.

If You Have Not a Policy in the CROWN LIFE You are not doing justice to yourself or your family.

Shorthorn Cattle & Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
In Oxfords:—
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

Shorthorn Cattle

Winners of the Silver Medal at Great Northern Exhibition for the past two years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on hand for sale.

Herbert H. Pletsch
R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. E. CLAPP, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

GRADUATE Toronto University and member College Physicians and Surgeons, of Ontario. Office and Residence, Elora, St. south, MILDMAV.

J. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College, Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—Elora Street North, MILDMAV.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDMAV.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Licentiate of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario has opened his offices next to C. Schurter's, Mildmay, Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and Neustadt every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK

It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX
JEWELLER & OPTICIAN Walkerton

SPRING TERM

at the
NORTHERN Business College
OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

Opens on Monday, April 3rd

Students are admitted any time. Young women should begin making preparation at once to fill the places of the office men who have enlisted.

Write for particulars and circular.

C. A. FLEMING, F.C.A.
PRINCIPAL
For 35 yrs
G. D. FLEMING,
SECRETARY

The discussion of conditions that will exist after the war is taking up considerable space in many papers. It must not be forgotten that the real consideration just now is what takes place during the war.

It is stated that as much as \$20,000,000 acres in Canada are sown to flax which is grown for seed only, and the straw goes to waste. The fibre of this straw would make excellent linen, but owing to the cost of labor in this country it is not practicable to produce linen here at market prices. Now it is pointed out that the mountains of flax straw which have heretofore been worthless could be used for making hundreds of thousands of tons of good grades of paper. Experiments on a small scale have proven this, and it is possible that the extensive manufacture of paper from flax may be entered upon in the near future. This is one of the possible ways of increasing the wealth of Canada that is being discovered by industrial research.

AUGUST CLEAN-UP SALE

Sweeping Clean-up Sale. Biggest Bargains of the Season.

Sale Starts Friday, August

We are going to make this the biggest event of the season. Don't delay, the good things won't last long.

Brooms Brooms!
6 doz. brooms, good value at 30 and 35 cts.
Sale Price 21 cts.
Only 2 to a customer.

Baking Powder
Quart jars Baking Powder. These are good value at 25 cents. We will include with each a useful kitchen article valued up to 10 cts.

Men's Shirts.
Good values at \$1
Sale Price 79 cts.

Collar Buttons
One piece and reversible
Special 6 for 5 cts.

Muslins and Voiles
Special values at 25 to 35c
Sale Price 19c yd.

Plain and Flowered Voiles
12 pieces reg 50 to 60c
Sale Price 39c yd

Kimona Crepe
Japanese design reg 30 to 35c
Special 19c yd

Middies, Blouses and Waists
A large assortment at 25 to 50 per cent. off

Ladies' House Dresses
Values up to \$1.50
Sale Price 87 cts.

Children's Dresses.
Values up to \$1.25 to clear at 49c. Values up to 75c to clear at 29 cts.

Grocery Specials

Every One Extra Special Value

Valencia Raisins reg. 13c	Sale Price 10c lb.
Kellogg's Wheat Biscuit reg 15c	Sale Price 9c pkg.
Club House Spices reg 10c	S. Price 2 cans for 15c
Talcum Powder reg 25c	Sale Price 2 for 25c
Pink Salmon good value at 13c	Sale Price 3 for 32c
Green Tea good value at 30c	S. Price 4 lbs for \$1
Coffee, fresh roasted reg 25c	S. Price 5 lbs. for \$1

Bruce Battalion Pennants
Assorted designs. Every loyal Canadian should have a few of these in their homes.
Regular 25 cts. each.
Sale Price 2 for 25 cts.

August Clean-up Sale
This is an annual event, a necessary event. We are making a clean sweep of Summer Goods. Our counters will contain many bargains in mens and ladies hats, etc., that it is impossible to list here.

Hair Nets
12 doz. elastic Hair Nets in black, medium and brown.
Regular 5 cts each, while they last
2 for 5 cts.

Terms—Cash or Produce. Come early and avoid disappointment.

HUNSTEIN & KNECHTEL

GENERAL MERCHANTS

PHONE 20. P. O. BOX 335.

Items Of Interest.

The first fatal case of infantile paralysis in Huron occurred at Aarna on Wednesday morning in the death of a fourteen months old daughter of Mr. Albert McGee.

A man being tried for his sanity in Lindsay, stated, in reply to a question, that Sam Hughes was the premier of Canada. Case was dismissed amid loud applause.—Guelph Mercury.

Don't let your interest in Red Cross work drop because the weather is hot. The soldiers at the front are doing their hardest fighting right now, and the work at home should be carried on accordingly.

Hepworth proposes to tax liversies \$50 per season, whether the livery be by horses or motor, and the rate the liveryman can charge shall not exceed 15 cents per mile. This looks like radical legislation.

The Toronto and York County Patriotic Association have received another sum of \$750 from the officers and employees of the Ontario Division of the C. P. R. Co., this making a total of \$9,350 paid to the fund since September 1915.

During its 50 years of experience this Bank was never in a stronger position and more able to safely guard your savings than it is today.

Capital \$7,000,000.
Reserve \$7,000,000.

Accounts invited—large or small—\$1 will start.

Merchants Bank of Canada

MILDMAV BRANCH H. G. WRIGHT, MANAGER.

Let us have your order for Check Books.

CREAM.. WANTED

We are in the market to buy CREAM, sweet or sour, at the highest market price.

We Supply Two Free Cans

Pay twice each month, test each can received, send our patrons a statement of the weight, test and butter fat in each can, with the empty can returned.

We refer you to any bank as to our standing. Write for cans to-day.

PALM CREAMERY

TRELEAVEN & RANTON
PALMERSTON, ONT.

NOTICE—We want an Agent here for Palm Dairy Ice Cream. Write for prices and terms.

MONEY

AR LOAN

SEPTEMBER!

You will help
and obtain for
of the highest
most attractive rate

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
OTTAWA.

Paris Green
Hellebore
Insect Powder
Zenozeum
Creso Dip
Creolin
Fly Nocker for
the Cows.

JOHN COATES
Mildmay.
Druggist.

M. FINGER
Mildmay

I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry
Ragg, Rvber and Metal and pay
the highest prices. Call up Bell
Phone 38, and I will call on you.

Satisfactory dealing guar-
anteed.

5%
Are Issued
for Short
Term of Years
DEBENTURES INTEREST
Coupons Payable
Half-Yearly
NEGOTIABLE
Assets: \$7,480,339

The Great West Permanent Loan Company
20, King St. West, Toronto

J. A. JOHNSTON
Agent Mildmay

The apple crop this year will not be as
good as at first anticipated. The wet
weather in the early season has been
too much for the blossom. The apples
are blighted and deformed. The blossom
and stem being on the one side of
the fruit.

A lake, which will serve as a bathing
place, will be made on the Pine River
near its junction with Bear Creek by the
construction of a dam and other works.
A sheet of water a mile and a half in
length and a third of a mile wide, will
thus be secured at a point where it can
be used by the soldiers after parade.

Write to-day for large Catalogue.

Fall Term Opens August 28.

ELLIOTT
Business College

TORONTO, ONT

Made this remarkable average record for the last 12 months. We were asked to fill more than thirty times as many positions as we had graduates. The Business World calls you: prepare here and now; splendid opportunities; good salaries. All who are anxious for a successful start in business life should arrange to enter this school.

Yonge and Charles Sts. W. J. Elliott, Principal.

"ANURIG!"
THE NEWEST
DISCOVERY IN CHEMISTRY

This is a recent discovery of Doctor Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Doctor Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that there is no other eliminator of uric acid that can be compared to it. For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—as backache, scalding urine and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anuric" acts. The best of results are always obtained in cases of acute rheumatism in the joints, in gravel and gout, and invariably the pains and stiffness which so frequently and persistently accompany the disease rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and simply ask for a 50-cent package of "Anuric," manufactured by Dr. Pierce, or send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce for a large trial package. If you suspect kidney or bladder trouble, send him a sample of your water and describe symptoms. Doctor Pierce's chemist will examine it, then Dr. Pierce will report to you, without fee or charge.

NOTE:—French scientists affirm that "Anuric" is thirty-seven times more active than lithia in eliminating uric acid, and is a harmless but reliable chemical compound that may be safely given to children, but should be used only by grown-ups who actually wish to restore their kidneys to perfect health, by conscientiously using one box—or more in extreme cases—as "Anuric" (thanks to Doctor Pierce's achievement) is by far the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector obtainable.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the original little Liver Pills. One little Pellet for a laxative—three for a cathartic.

Pictures of Crime.

The Herald-Times has to thank Sir Robert Borden for several copies of forty Raemakers war cartoons. For a horrible arraignment of Tueton crimes against civilization these cartoons excel anything that it is possible to describe with a pen. A copy of these cartoons should be in possession of every man and child living in the world to-day. The pictures are not overdrawn, but represent actual events as proved time and again by commissions of investigation. With a copy in your possession one can form a better conception of the devilish cruelty of the enemy than he could by reading all the literature ever printed on the subject. The Kaiser is furious at Raemakers for holding him up to the world as the arch butcherer of civilization and the murderous ravisher of peaceful Belgium.—Times.

Perfect cooking and baking with least expenditure of heat is assured by the double flue system forcing heat twice around the oven of

McClary's
Pandora
Range

Come in and I'll show you why the Pandora stays as good as new long after other ranges have to be repaired or replaced.

Sold by Liesemer & Kalbfleisch



Farm Laborers

WE MUST HAVE HELP!!



Excursions

Going Trip West

\$12.00

TO WINNIPEG

Return Trip East

\$18.00

FROM WINNIPEG

Going Dates

August 17 and 31

From Toronto, Sudbury Line and East, but not including Smith's Falls or Renfrew, also from Main Line East of Sudbury to, but not including, North Bay.

August 19 and September 2

From Toronto, also West and South thereof

Further particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents, or W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

Roumania is still wondering if it is safe to make the plunge. The fate of Serbia deterred Koumania from hasty action but with the drives against the Central Powers now taking place on all the fronts, it looks as though Roumania might be too late to get any of the fruits of the victory if she hangs back much longer.

A Real Fighting Parson.

Rev. William Beattie, of Cobourg has had an illustrious career as Chaplain at the front. He was one of the first of the Chaplains to go. He was one of the first to be sent over from England to the front. He has not been in any base hospital in the rear. He is always found strictly at the front—in the trenches with the men.

Many interesting stories are told about Col. Beattie. He was with a company of his men in a desperate struggle. The men were exhausted and without food for forty-eight hours. Beattie was determined to go and get the boys food. He had stayed at the risk of his life—he crawled out a still greater risk. After a long, exhausting tramp he found a supply depot, asked for provisions for the boys, stating the conditions they were in. The officer in charge said he did not know him, had no orders and could not act. Beattie asked him if he had heard what he had said about the desperate need of these men. The official replied it didn't matter, it was impossible for him to act without orders. Beattie, who is a 6-footer and a giant in strength, gave him orders on the spot by means of a "knock-out" blow. He took what he could carry, found his way back, and met the need of his men.

He is not afraid of the most dangerous position, and never hesitates to take the supremest risk. One who has been six months at the front writes to the Board of Military Service, saying—that a spot, in what is known as "Plug Street", said to be the hottest corner along that part of the line, is constantly spoken of as "Beattie's Post." Hence the men love him, listen to him, would be glad to fight or die for him.

His heroism and self-sacrifice have been recognized alike by the military authorities and by His Majesty King George. He is now Lieut. Col. Beattie, the Senior Canadian Presbyterian Chaplain at the front. He is entitled to write the letters "C. M. G." after his name, King George having made him a Companion of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

New Zealand, with woman suffrage has a high birth rate, and the lowest infant death rate in the world. This appears to be a fair argument in favor of giving Canadian women the franchise. Woman suffrage means feminine intelligence, observes the Toronto World.

A terrible forest fire has been raging in Northern Ontario during the last few days but was extinguished by a heavy downpour of rain on Sunday. The town of Matheson was burned down in an hour after the flames reached it. The towns of Cochrane, Belleek Cut, Nushka were wiped out, and Timmons, Porcupine, Ramore and Iroquois Falls were badly damaged.

Lost Valuable Horse

While pasturing in a field at Mr. Geo. Eckenswiler's on Saturday last, Tommy, a baby broncho belonging to Constable Briggs and one of a splendidly matched team, broke its front foot near the hoof and as the bones were protruding when the animal was found, Dr. Fortune, the local vet., decided that its day's work was done, and despatched the animal with a knife. Although Mr. Briggs had driven the beast for the past twelve years he had a standing offer of \$100 for it, and in its demise his finances suffer to that extent. How the accident occurred is a mystery, as the animal was limping around on three legs when found.

Died in the Hospital.

Mr. Solomon Hardy, one of the wealthiest farmers of Culross, and who had two of his legs amputated near the hip some time ago in the Hospital here for gangrene, died in that institution on Friday afternoon from the effects of an artery becoming terribly swollen in the stump of one of his legs and obstructing the blood current in a manner that effected his heart and caused his death. The deceased, who was 78 years of age, was born in Prince Edward Island, and came with his parents to Greenock over 60 years ago, and located on the Durham Road about two miles west of Enniskillen. He moved nearly half a century ago to the 12th Con. of Culross, where he successfully farmed until his death. A wife and one son, James, survive. Another son was killed about twenty years ago by a falling tree. The funeral which took place to Smith's cemetery, 10th Con. Culross, on Sunday last, was largely attended.—Herald & Times.

Stock Feed

A large shipment of first-class mixed feed for all kinds of stock just arrived, composed of corn, barley and oats ground. Also a full line of the best flours always on hand. Prices right.

Highest cash price paid for Butter and Eggs.

GEO. LAMBERT.

Mildmay

Ontario

About Watches.

Although Watches have advanced in price lately, I am still going to sell them at the old price. A fine assortment in stock. Call and see for yourself.

Brooches, Tie Pins, Neck Chains and Pendants, C. F. Bracelets, Collar Pins and Cuff Links at about half the regular price. Also a fine assortment of China and Silverware for wedding presents.

Repairing done and satisfaction guaranteed.

C. Wendt

Jeweler



SKUNK

Get "More Money" for your Skunk
Muskrat, Raccoon, Foxes, White Weasel, Fisher and other Fur beavers collected in your section
SEND YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" in Grand Haven in the World dealing exclusively in BEAVER, MUSKRAT and other FURS. We have a reliable—reasonable—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for more than a third of a century. A long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Skunk Manual" the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published. Write for it—NOW—It's FREE
A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. DEPT. C 383 CHICAGO, U.S.A.



New Prices August 1,
1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1, 1916

Chassis - - - \$450.00
Runabout - - - 475.00
Touring Car - - - 495.00
Coupelet 695.00
Town Car 780.00
Sedan 890.00

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario.

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch

MILDMA Y

ONTARIO

Use more water and
less flour, and get better
bread with—

PURITY FLOUR

"More Bread and Better Bread"

THE FASHIONS

Fashion has at last managed to combine comfort with grace and charm. The sports costume predominates; various styles of middie and Russian blouses are worn with trim fitting skirts; chic suits of striped and plain mohair, pongee or linen, with Norfolk coats and pleated skirts, are favored; and sweater coats, with self contrasting skirts, also popular. The middie blouse costumes are popular in the regulation white linen, topped in the regulation white linen, duck or galatas, with collar and cuffs of blue and skirts of the new striped cotton novelties, mohair or plain white linen. The modified Russian and "slip-on" blouses favored the white and colored Japanese silks, pongee, plain or figured, Shantung, or, Georgette, and are usually combined with skirts of thin, light or dark silks. One especially pretty costume developed in plain natural colored pongee, trimmed and combined with a skirt of dark blue foulard dotted with bright green, is illustrated here. It is a slip-on model with cool, becoming sleeves, and an effective collar. The skirt is a simple gathered design, short and full, but unusually graceful.

The plain white Russian blouse costume of Georgette crepe is particularly effective and cool for these hot summer days, and perfectly appropriate for summer evening wear. The simple voiles, too, are being developed

colored transparent sleeves, they are in reality quite as cool as a light colored frock. Dark blue Georgette is often used for the entire dress, collar and cuffs with taffeta, and trimmed with a band or two of the taffeta on the skirt. A dark blue serge and Georgette frock has an odd, applique design in blue velvet trimming the jumper, which is of the serge; the design, which is a small leaf, is repeated on the collar and cuffs. Sashes, which are a feature of both linen and serge frocks this summer, often a



Slip-On Blouse and Foulard Skirt

pleasing opportunity for introducing a bit of colored embroidery. The sash on the serge frock is generally of black satin and the embroidery is worked out in colored wools, soutache braid, or beads. These motifs may be as bizarre as desired and are often repeated in the trimming of the hat.

Variety in Tailored Hats.

It is no longer the price of the hat which counts, for there are some very inexpensive hats being worn just now by the best dressed women, but the chic of its coloring and trimming which is important. For instance the soft, light weight Bankok, the Wen-Chow, and the chair-cane hats are all favored, finished with just a touch of colored wool, beads, or a bright bit of applique embroidery which harmonizes with suit or frock. One of the smartest hats is a dark tan tan Wen-Chow with one of the new quartered crowns in dark purple satin, trimmed with a motif in delft blue and white Chinese embroidery. A purple satin hand-bag with another blue and white motif completes the effect, which is charming. This hat and bag are worn with a dainty little corded frock of tan crepe de Chine, made with a petticoat of cream batiste embroidery which shows just a bit below the silken skirt.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, 70 Bond St., Toronto, Ont. Dept. W.



Middie Blouse and Serge Skirt

ed in charming models with a touch of black, or a bright color at girdle or throat. The new voiles are washable in most mixtures, and generally satisfactory.

Cool Frocks for Street Wear

Dark blue in taffeta, Georgette, serge and satin is the leading color for street wear, in spite of its apparent warmth. As most of these frocks, however, are made with white or self-

THE SUNDAY LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON
AUGUST 13.

Lesson VII.—The Grace of Giving.
2 Cor. 9. Golden Text.—
Acts 20, 35.

Verse 1. The Saints—"God's people," as we have paraphrased, in Jerusalem, where impoverished largely by the famine (Acts 11, 28), which had occasioned the former gift of the Gentile Christians. But we must not forget the consequences of their experiment in communism, undertaken in the enthusiasm of their conviction that the advent would be speedily accomplished, and provision for earthly needs accordingly was needless.

2. I glory. Paul was a very boastful man—about other people's good deeds. He kept these unstable Corinthians up to the mark by committing them in advance, in talk with other Christians to a generosity they had promised, from which it is clear not a few of them were in danger of receding. Macedonia—including the far more generous and high-minded Philippians. Paul used their generosity as an incentive for the Corinthians in the previous chapter. Stirred up—Paul uses a term capable of a bad meaning, just as the writer "to the Hebrews" daringly speaks of the "provocation of love." (10, 24—see last week's note on 1 Cor. 13, 5). It is the one field in which rivalry is a good thing, for love sterilizes all its microbes.

3. The brethren—Especially Titus and "his brother" (so render 2 Cor. 8, 18), who from that verse appears to be none other than Luke. The notable discovery of an inference from the Greek, obvious when once pointed out, incidentally shows why Titus is not named in the Acts. We must go to the Epistles to see how important these two brothers were, modestly having suppressed their record where we should have expected it to figure largely.

5. Make up beforehand—Superintending such arrangements for collection as Paul sketched in 1 Cor. 16, Bounty, here and in verse 6, is, literally, blessing; see note there. Extortion—The word usually rendered covetousness. Even though they had promised this gift to a good work, Paul was acutely sensitive to the possibility that by postponement and hurried collection the money might be got ultimately by methods unworthy of the high privilege of Christian giving. It might come as an irksome duty, and God would know those coins again, even if they did meet the need. Hence the wise provision of the weekly gift, a regular sacrifice hallowing the Lord's day. John Wesley was wise as usual when he ordained the penny a week!

6. Bountiful—Paul applies the thought of Gal. 6, 7 to one more of its many fields. That large-handed bounty is a "blessing" (see above) may be illustrated by Shakespeare's great line about mercy:

"It blesteth him that gives and him that takes."

7. Giving is to be (1) calculated, not merely impulsive; (2) an act of "cheerfulness," not of "grudging" (literally pain); (3) absolutely spontaneous, not enforced by any kind of pressure. God loveth—Quoted from the Greek version of Prov. 22, 8, where there is nothing resembling it in the ordinary Hebrew text. It is a good illustration of Paul's regular use of the Greek Bible. He does not call it a quotation, and he knew the Hebrew may well have remembered it was a mistranslation.

8. The figure calls up a flood of divine bounty, which after satisfying every need flows over into the manifold activities of good men. Sufficiency—The everyday use of the word which in Phil. 4, 11 Paul has with the sense content, common in the philosophers.

9. Quoted from Psa. 112, 9, which establishes the familiar Jewish idea that almsgiving establishes perpetual merit. See note on last Sunday's lesson, verse 3, for New Testament qualifications. He who told the young ruler that it would save him—for it meant the abandonment of his own besetting sin—told also how limited was the "reward" of almsgiving that was preceded by "sounding brass" instead of love (Matt. 6, 2).

10. Seed to the sower and bread for food—Quoted from Isa. 55, 10. Paul turns it into a parable of spiritual husbandry. Seed for sowing—A single word, that of Luke 8, 11, which is its commentary. The fruits of your righteousness—a reminiscence of Hos. 12, 12.

Liberality—As in Rom. 12, 8. The noun is derived from the word single (as in "the single eye"). The suggestion is that niggardly giving is from trying to look at two things at once, personal advantage as well as the neighbor's need, where the "single-minded man can only see the latter. Through us—Paul is to have the privilege of telling the recipients how much that gift meant.

12. Ministration of men who remembered his coming "not to be ministered unto, but to minister." Service—Greek liturgy, a word originally used of a service to the state, but now beginning to be applied to the service of God, which colors its use here. Aboundeth—"Overflows," again: its secondary effect is beyond its primary importance. Note what stress Paul lays on the enrichment that comes from gratitude to God.

13. Proving—A favorite word, also

rendered proof and probation. Thus in Rom. 5, 4 it is the outcome of endurance and the producer of hope. Obeyance—The corresponding verb in 1 Cor. 15, 25 speaks of the subjecting of all things to Christ. Confession—Compare 1 Tim. 6, 12; Heb. 4, 14 Contribution—This rendering misses the great feature of the word, fellowship, sharing. A true gift brings giver and receiver to a common meal.

44. Grasp, the same word as thanks in verse 15. In this context the collocation is hardly accidental. God's free bounty—this is the essential idea of grace—was evidenced by the Corinthians' generosity, which showed that they "knew the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ" (2 Cor. 8, 9). It was a heart unless it is always flowing out as fast as it comes. It pours out upon God's people, and it rises back to God in thankfulness for "his unspeakable gift."

15. Unspeakable—The same sense of the inadequacy of language breaks out in Rom. 11, 33. Compare Eph. 3, 18, 19. Gift—"In the redemption of the world through our Lord Jesus Christ." It is the word of Eph. 2, 8, and is found in the Master's saying, "Freely ye have received, freely give."

HEALTH

Treatment of Apoplexy.

Apoplectic strokes are of various degrees of severity. Some attacks are so severe that death is almost instantaneous; others are so slight that after a few months' care and appropriate treatment the sufferer is able to resume almost all his wonted activities. The wisest treatment is the preventive. Certain constitutional changes are precursors of a stroke, and as soon as these are recognized it is wise to change the mode of life at once.

The public is no longer uninstructed about the dangers of high blood pressure, and it is a simple matter to ascertain the exact degree of that pressure. People who have high blood tension and weakened vascular walls (and these two conditions often go together) live in daily danger of a cerebral hemorrhage. Such people should moderate their activities, both in work and in play, until their lives can be properly described as "quiet." It is well to take gentle outdoor exercise, but they must avoid fatigue. The game of golf is a variable godsend to thousands of such persons. Their meals should be regular and light, and they should eat little or no meat; alcohol and tobacco should be forbidden, or very strictly limited.

Many of those who live in danger of apoplexy are in middle life, of settled and even obstinate habits, and inclined to be more or less self-indulgent. Others, who are in the midst of life's battle, cannot, or think they cannot, abandon any of their activities. But intelligent persons can generally see a point, if it is driven home, and selfish persons can always be frightened. A good plain talk from an honest physician is invaluable in these early stages.

After the attack has occurred, the patient should be handled with the utmost care and gentleness. He should be placed lying down, but with his head and shoulders slightly raised, and his collar or any tight clothing should be loosened or cut away. Sometimes, his tongue falls back into the throat and threatens to stop the breath; in that case turn his head gently until the paralyzed side rests on the pillow. Summon a physician at once, but until his arrival do not try to do very much, and do what you do gently and carefully. Flannel-covered hot-water bottles are sometimes helpful. Do not try to remove the patient to another room if you can help it, but bring a mattress to him.

If he recovers, the patient must gradually take up the manner of life we have outlined above. Complete recovery will be very slow in any case but obedience to the doctor's rules, a quiet, regular life and faithful exercise to overcome whatever paralysis may exist will often work wonders.—Youth's Companion.

Rules for Cool Sleep in Summer.

- 1.—Eat largely from vegetable kingdom. Eat more frequently and less in quantity.
- 2.—Drink hot drinks on hot days. Avoid ice water and intensely cold drinks.
- 3.—Bathe in tepid water before retiring. Do not use soap in great quantities. Rub the body briskly with a crash towel after the bath.
- 4.—Sleep outdoors if possible. If indoors, do not sleep directly in a draft from open window, but a little to one side.
- 5.—Exercise mildly before retiring. Avoid strenuous calisthenics because they heat the blood unduly.

There is always room at the top, but the only elevator thither is toil and self-effort.

Commercial travellers in Sweden are compelled by law to take out a licence.

"Women's feet," it is asserted, "are growing every day." This may be Providence's kindly method of preventing the ladies from becoming top-heavy.

About the House

Appetizing Cucumber Dishes.

The cucumber appeals to the jaded palate, but it has been longed for as the cause of indigestion following a few simple rules it is its gastric-disturbing qualities.

Cucumbers gathered early in morning are sweeter and less likely to cause indigestion. Never cucumber gathered during the day.

Lay the cucumber for the table, not in the refrigerator since it is ready to use; then remove the skin, next to the skin, so do not a particle of green; slice thin and on a dish with crushed ice, soaked in cold water before they go to the table. Many persons partake of them cooked who cannot enjoy them raw.

Cucumber Sticks.—Pare some sliced cucumbers and cut them their full length into sticks about as thick as a pencil; serve them on a dish of chopped ice; to be eaten with salt and celery.

Cucumber Sauce.—Turn into a colander a cupful of peeled and chopped cucumbers and drain, then put in a bowl that has been rubbed on the inside with a clove of garlic. To a pint of whipped cream add a pinch of soda and beat in the cucumber; add half a teaspoonful of onion juice, salt, a pinch of red pepper and teaspoonful of vinegar. Keep on ice till needed.

Stewed Cucumbers.—Peel a large cucumber, cut it up in slices and soak in two teaspoonfuls of vinegar, with salt, and an onion stuck with two or three cloves. Stir these every now and then, and in an hour's time dry each piece of cucumber carefully on a cloth, flour slightly and fry in good drippings with a sliced onion until quite brown. Then moisten with a cupful of stock and let simmer gently for 30 minutes; afterward add pepper and salt, a little coloring or thickening if necessary, and two spoonfuls of tomato catsup. Put in some slices of cold beef, shake thoroughly for 15 minutes and serve.

Cucumber Salad.—Peel two medium-sized cucumbers, cut in thin slices one carrot, add one slice of onion, a teaspoonful of salt and a little cayenne. Cover with a pint of boiling water, simmer till soft. In the meantime, soften a tablespoonful of granulated gelatine in cold water, dissolve with three tablespoonfuls of boiling water, add a tablespoonful of lemon juice to these vegetables, stir in the gelatine, strain all while hot through cheese-cloth. Line a mold with slices of fresh cucumbers and fill in with the jelly; set away on ice for several hours. When ready to serve turn on to a salad bowl, garnish with slices of fresh tomatoes and serve with French dressing.

Cucumber Sandwiches.—Pare as many cucumbers as will be required, split open, remove the seeds and, with a very sharp knife, cut into thin slices; soak for 20 minutes in ice water, drain and dry on a towel; then dip each slice into a rich mayonnaise dressing, sprinkle with salt and arrange on a thinly sliced bread; cover with a lettuce leaf and a second slice of bread, and serve at once.

Cucumber Soup With Toast Sticks.—Simmer in a quart of water nine sliced cucumbers and four small onions until very soft, then press through a sieve; to this add a pint and a half of scalded milk, a thickening of two tablespoonfuls of butter with three of flour, some salt and pepper and simmer slowly. Serve hot with buttered toast sticks.

Creamed Cucumbers on Toast.—Stew the cucumbers as described above, drain off the water in which they are cooked, then pour over them a rich cream sauce thickened with butter and flour and serve hot on toast or in pastries.

Cucumber Fritters.—Carefully peel and grate ripe cucumbers; press the juice from the pulp, and to each tablespoonful of thick, rich cream, half a tablespoonful of butter, a fourth of a cupful of sifted flour, teaspoonful of salt, dash of cayenne pepper and one beaten egg; drop by spoonfuls into hot fat, and when a delicate brown turn, drain on blotting paper and serve.

Cucumbers for Lunch.—Select a large, long cucumber, wash but do not peel, cut into half lengthwise, scoop out the contents, chill and fill with a dressing made with whipped cream; have this piled up on top of it, and place in the centre of a shallow, round bowl. Arrange around this first a border of thinly sliced new onions, next to this one of sliced tomatoes and on the outside a border of sliced cucumbers. This makes a pretty dish, and can be served at the table with dressing in the centre boat.

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Coffee Ice Cream.—A pint of milk, two eggs, a cupful of cream, two-thirds cupful of sugar, two heaping tablespoonfuls of ground coffee. Bring the milk and coffee slowly to the scalding point, placing them in a double boiler. Beat the eggs, pour the scalded milk over them through a strainer, so as to keep out the coffee grounds. Return to the saucepan,

with a former to be prepared short, especially if the apples are hard and in readiness. They should be sour, and when cold should be immersed in boiling water to cover. Let stand until ready to cook, then strain and sweeten to taste. If raw apples are used, three or four juicy sour apples of fine flavor should be pared and sliced, and, if desired, a few slices of lemon rind added to them. Pour over them two cupfuls of boiling water, and let them stand for three hours. Strain, sweeten, and add a small piece of ice.

Beets Aspic Salad.—Two bunches beets, one cup water, three-fourths cup vinegar, one-half cup sugar, one and one-half tablespoonfuls gelatin or jelly powder, four whole cloves, two whole allspice, two crushed bay leaves one teaspoon salt. Cook beets until tender and rub off skins under cold water. Slice very thin and round and put them in mold—angel food tin will do. Put water, vinegar, spices, salt and jelly powder in saucepan and boil gently for five minutes. Strain and pour over beets. Set in cool place to harden. Unmold one dish and surround with lettuce leaves, placing heart of lettuce in center to look like rose. Cut in thin slices or wedge shaped piece at table and serve on lettuce leaves. Cover with spoonful of boiled or mayonnaise dressing.

Things Worth Remembering.

Oatmeal is an effectual softener of hard water.

Salt added to mustard is said to prevent its drying up.

A lump of sugar saturated with vinegar will stop hiccupping.

After the rust is wiped off a mirror a little camphor will brighten it.

Never use water from a stone reservoir for cooking purposes.

Wash silk handkerchiefs in tepid water with a little borax. Iron while damp.

If fruits are canned as soon as they are picked there will be less loss by fermentation.

If silver is to be stored away for some time, pack it with dry flour; it will remain un tarnished.

When the color has been taken out of black goods it is possible to apply the application of liquid available Naphtha soap at 10¢ than stored away at price 20¢ yd. of moths.

To revive and that are drooping plants of ammonia in three parts water the plants through this mixture.

To save knife polish, if the knives and forks are first washed with cold water immediately after dinner, they will not be stained, and so require little cleaning and much less labor.

A piece of alum kept in the silver will aid in warding off tarnish, and gum arabic is said to have the same virtue.

Never try to clean yokes, collars or cuffs while sewed on the gown. Such things should always be made detachable.

To destroy flies boil some quassa chips in a little water, sweeten with molasses and place in saucers; destructive to flies, but not to children.

To wash soiled dress shields lay them on a board or table, soiled side up, and give a thorough scrubbing with a stiff brush and any good laundry soap, with plenty of lukewarm water. Hold under a faucet until completely rinsed. Do not squeeze, but hang each dripping piece on the line until dry.

A Five Spot for One.

Dr. X. was a man who took his profession seriously, and he had an immense practice. What annoyed him was to be sent for by fussy women to treat the most trifling ailments. One woman was particularly aggravating in this respect, and he resolved to cure her. One day she observed a red spot on her hand, and at once telephoned for him. He came, looked at the spot, and said: "You did well to send for me early."

"It is dangerous, then?" she asked.

"Certainly not," said the doctor, "but to-morrow it would have disappeared and I should have lost my fee for this visit."

Family quarrels are never serious unless the kissing and making up ceremonies are omitted.

GERMANY STILL HOPEFUL

EXPERIENCE OF A BRITISH OBSERVER.

As Desired, But It Must Be On Terms Dictated by the Teutons.

London Times publishes the following account of the true condition of Germany "from an unimpeachable source." The article is based on the observations of an observer who recently visited Switzerland, after having been in Germany and enjoyed special facilities for observation from the front of the war. He says:

"My first impressions of Germany were derived, certainly from a partial truth in sufficient detail to give its readers no share in German illusions. What more can be asked of a neutral press?"

"Scarcely less astonishing than the discovery that the position of the Allies is not what Germans fondly believe it to be is the mistaken conception prevalent in some allied countries of the real condition of Germany and of the state of mind of the German people. I propose to describe as simply as possible what that condition and that state of mind really are."

"Unless I am entirely mistaken—and my experience of life in Germany has been continuous—no essential change has taken place among the German masses since the beginning of the war; or, if there has been a change it has not been in the direction of discouragement. The utmost which ordinary Germans can be got to say is that 'it is high time that peace were made,' but they mean, of course, a German peace, one which shall consolidate and correspond to German victories. They not only feel that they are victorious, but they are firmly persuaded that they cannot be beaten."

Conscience Is Easy.
"It must not be supposed that the German people have an uneasy conscience. The Imperial Chancellor's declaration to the Reichstag at the beginning of the war that Germany was 'doing wrong' in invading Belgium was never taken as a confession of guilt. His phrase that 'necessity knows no law' meant and still means to Germans that Germany found herself in a condition of what is called Notwehr—that is to say, of legitimate self-defence."

"Surrounded by a ring of jealous enemies who had conspired to assail and crush her, they claimed that her only chance was in breaking through the ring by all possible means and of vindicating by the sword her right to free existence."
"Statements by people like Harden that Germany wanted war, and made it deliberately, are regarded as heresy. Harden has been badly received by audiences in provincial towns when he has attempted to propound this view."

"At first it was thought that the war would be short and triumphant. Confidence in the army and its chiefs was boundless. Illustrated papers represented the spirit of Bismarck as brooding over Paris and pointing to a repetition of the mighty deeds of 1870 and 1871. The Battle of the Marne was taken as a proof that the task might be longer and harder than had at first been supposed, but all talk of a German reverse was checked by the explanation that, on the Marne, the German armies had merely stayed their advance for a time, in order to take up positions carefully selected fifteen years earlier by the foresight of the General Staff."

Fighting for Existence.
"As time went on the conviction grew and deepened that Germany was fighting for her very existence. Though obliged by the necessities of the situation to attack, the view constantly inculcated upon the people was that Germany was and is on the defensive. There are no means of getting this notion out of the public mind."
"Gradually the bitterness of feeling toward England increased. It is now intense. The Germans had been hopeful that, in the event of a European war, England would at least be neutral. Some even dreamed that England might be on their side. They never imagined that she would declare war upon them. The declaration of war was consequently a great blow, though the phrase of the King of Bavaria—'So much the better; the more varied—So much the better; the more varied from mouth to mouth. At the time I felt, and I still believe, that had the attitude of England been plainer, Germany would have shrunk from making war until she was quite sure that England would stand aloof."

Only Thorough Defeat Will Do.
"Now nothing short of thorough military defeat will convince the German people that they can be beaten. Otherwise there will be no peace except on Germany's own terms. The people are prepared to suffer, much as they may dislike the inconvenience to which the war has put them. This is particularly true of States, like Bavaria, where I spent some time before leaving the country."
"If the Bavarians could be given a smashing blow there might be a rapid end of the war, but they are now as persuaded as they were at the beginning that their Generals and their soldiers cannot be defeated. Even a

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Prussian defeat would not make much impression in Bavaria unless the Bavarian armies were defeated at the same time.
"The Allies may not have noticed how carefully the Berlin Government plays upon the feelings of the various German 'tribes.' To-day it is the Pomeranians, to-morrow the Brandenburgers, next day the Saxons, and then the Bavarians who are singled out for special praise in the official bulletins. Everything is so organized in every detail by the Government in order to carry out its policy that the public has no opportunity of acquiring views of its own. Popular confidence in official management and in the official accounts of things is still absolute."

ROLL OF HONOR.
Several thousand officers and employees of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company enlisted for active military duty with the Canadian Expeditionary Forces, and the majority of them are now in Europe, bravely battling for Canada and the Empire.

As particulars of Army Reservists are not available, these lists of those who have given up their lives for their country or been wounded in action are necessarily incomplete, and do not therefore indicate fully the extent to which the Company's officers and employees have participated in the great struggle.

Addison, Herbert, carpenter, Winnipeg, wounded; Anderson, John M., clerk, Calgary, wounded; Arke, Harry, tariff compiler, Winnipeg, wounded; Atkinson, Arthur, cook, Montreal, wounded; Boushear, Henry, engineer, Fort William, wounded; Burrill, Edgar M., clerk, North Bay, killed in action; Chapman, Edward, machinist, Angus, killed in action; Diver, John W., car repairer, Toronto, killed in action; Ellis, Thomas G., record clerk, Montreal, died of wounds; Foster, James B., car repairer, Fort William, wounded; Gilchrist, Thomas R., draftsman, Ogden shops, suffering from shock; Hamilton, Edward, deliveryman, Winnipeg, wounded; Haswell, John, boiler-maker's helper, Moose Jaw, wounded; Hilliard, Samuel J., porter, Edmonton, wounded; Hogg, James, clerk, Montreal, killed in action; Hunt, Thomas, fitter's helper, West Toronto, suffering from shock; Kinahan, Ernest, switchman, Brit. Colum. Div., wounded; Kirwan, George L., brakeman, MacLeod, wounded; McCourt, Samuel, laborer, Strathcona, killed in action; MacLaurin, Douglas C., student fireman, Sortin, died of wounds; Maslin, Walter, wood machine hand, West Toronto, wounded (2nd time); Morrison Harvey, asst. agent, Pilot Mound, wounded; Moss, Albert, car inspector, Saskatoon, killed in action; Parkes, Herbert W., clerk, Montreal, wounded; Price, John, loco fireman, Montreal, wounded; Ross, Lorne, fitter's helper, London, killed in action; Scammell, Edward J., clerk, Bull River, wounded; Sheen, Wilfred J., clerk, Winnipeg, suffering from shock; Sweetman, L. H., asst. agent, Strathcona, died of wounds.

The attendance the first year of the Canadian National Exhibition was 1,010,000. It ran three weeks. Last year there was a daily average attendance of 72,000 for 12 days, a total of 864,000.

Perverted Proverbs.
Strike while the iron is hot.
The more you wait the less speed.
A thrown kiss spreads no germs.
One slow waltz doesn't make a supper.
It's a long loan that has no returning.
It is more blessed to give than to be given away.

Minard's Lintment used by Physicians.
Used To It.
The man had been haled before the magistrate on some trivial charge.
"Let me see," said the judge. "I know you. Are you not the man who was married in a cage of man-eating lions?"
"Yes, your honor," replied the culprit, "I am the man."
"Exciting, wasn't it?" continued the justice.
"Well," said the man, judicially, "it was then; it wouldn't be now."

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GERMAN MUSIC FOR TURKS.

Only a Few Ladies Smoked During the Programme.
More than a column is devoted by the Berliner Tageblatt to a description of German concerts in Constantinople. The leading Liberal journal is strongly of the opinion that the performance of German music, instrumental and vocal, in the Turkish capital has not only "important cultural significance," but is also fraught with a deep political meaning.

For more than a week, we are told, German instrumentalists and singers, male and female, have been delighting the Turks with the works of Beethoven, Bach, Brahms, Schubert, and Schumann, as well as with the liveliest strains of Johann Strauss. Everywhere the audiences were delighted, and applauded vigorously. We hear that the Sultan and Imperial household were frequently regaled, and that in these august circles music is cultivated with a passion and success of which few have any notion. Nearly every member of the Sultan's family is musically gifted. All the princes and princesses play some instrument or other, and several of them have developed such talent as to be almost artists.

The Tageblatt correspondent was quite charmed to notice the respectful behavior of the Turkish audiences. Nearly everybody sat quietly, and it was interesting to note that few ladies, except the very ancient ones, indulged in cigarettes during the performance. A number of very lofty pieces did not meet with the recognition which was expected, but on the whole "the concerts were a marvelous gift of the Germans to their Turkish friends and allies which they will long remember, and which touched their hearts deeply."

The Altered Sign.
He was running a summer hotel, and to keep departing guests from forgetting their belongings he put up a helpful sign.
"Stop—Look! Have you left anything?"
Of course the drummer had to get busy with it, thus:
"Stop—Look! Have you anything left?"

Ask for Minard's and take no others.
Everything But.
"If a man has the price he can get anything he wants and the way he wants it."
"Don't know about that. There's the medium soft boiled egg."

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Joffre's Ambition.
When you think of the great commander directing the operations and shaping the fortunes of the armies of France, think also of the best and the truest story that is ever to be told of him. The battle of the Marne had been fought and won. Gen. Joffre was apparently unmoved.
"Do you know, general," said one of his staff, who thought it strange that at such a time a victorious commander should not almost sing and dance: "do you know that you have won what is perhaps the greatest battle in history?"
Joffre looked calmly and reflectively upon him for a few moments, and then he answered: "What I have won, I hope, is a right to rest the sooner in my little house in the eastern Pyrenees."

Why, Thomas.
"Why is it that the telephone operators are all women?" Mrs. Thomas asked her husband.
"Well," answered Mr. Thomas, "the managers of the telephone exchanges are aware that no class of people work so faithfully as those who are in love with their job; and they know that women would love their work at the switchboard."
"What is the work of a telephone operator?" Mrs. Thomas further inquired.
"Talking," answered Mr. Thomas.

Perhaps a little exaggeration mixed with your talk would make it more interesting.
Two hundred and twenty-four millions of people are engaged in agriculture in Iraqia.

Britain the Enemy.

Our firm opinion is that there is in this war no room for a compromise with England, says the Vossische Zeitung. England is the enemy who has raised up and is still keeping against us a world of enemies. We can expect from England's good-will nothing... for our national future. We must for the sake of a reconciliation with England abandon none of the war-aims which we have achieved by conquest and which we deem it necessary to retain in the interests of our country. The only important thing is to weaken England's power and to strengthen our own to an extent that would allow us to impose peace upon England, willy-nilly, and to make her recognize our right to existence, our right to the future, our right to access to the world and to the world's oceans.

KEEP CHILDREN WELL DURING HOT WEATHER.

Every mother knows how fatal the hot summer months are to small children. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentery and stomach troubles are rife at this time and often a precious little life is lost after only a few hours illness. The mother who keeps Baby's Own Tablets in the house feels safe. The occasional use of the Tablets prevents stomach and bowel troubles, or if trouble comes suddenly as it generally does—the Tablets will bring the baby safely through. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Kind of Relief.
"How did you like the show last night?"
"Great. For the first time I've seen my wife shed tears that I'm not responsible for."

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30.00. Cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT and sold him for \$85.00. Profit on Liniment, \$54.
MOISE DEROSCE.
Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

Remembered Him.
Uncle George—Come here, Willie! Don't you know who I am?
Willie—You bet I do! You are ma's brother who stayed here two months one time and never offered to pay a cent for board. Oh, yes; I've heard pa speak of you often.

A Chance for the Boys.
The Prize List of the Seventh Annual Toronto Fat Stock Show is now out and contains many new classes with attractive prizes. Among these is the Boys' Steer Feeding Competition, open to the boys entered in the inter-county Baby Beef Competition conducted by the Department of Agriculture. The management are offering a good prize and this class should be a popular one.

Going Back Some.
"Mamma, be more careful when you are speaking of your age."
"Well, now, what did I say?"
"You said you remembered when eggs were sold at 8 cents a dozen."

Both Changed.
An elderly married couple, each of weighty proportions, were about to take an automobile ride. As the husband made no attempt to assist his wife into the car, she turned to him and said: "You are not nearly so gallant as you were when you were a boy."
"Aw! you, my dear," he returned "are not nearly so buoyant as when you were a gal."

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Wheelock Engine, 150 H.P., 18 x 42, with double main driving belt 24 ins. wide, and Dynamo 30 K. W. belt driven. All in first class condition. Would be sold together or separately; also a lot of shafting at a very great bargain as room is required immediately.

S. Frank Wilson & Sons
73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

ED. 4. ISSUE 32-16

GILLETTS
CLEANS LYE DIRT
CLEANS-DISINFECTS

Almost.
Mrs. Kawler—I understand that the eldest Jones boy went west and got into politics. He became mayor didn't he?
Mrs. Blunderby—I don't think he quite got to be mayor, but I heard he was an ex-mayor.

Minard's Lintment Zimmerman's Friend
Stuff.
Mother—Who do you think the baby looks like, its father or me?
Visitor—Its father. Isn't it a pretty child?

The Toronto Board of Trade urged the C.N.E. directors to run the Fair for three months as far back as 1885, but the management thought two weeks quite long enough.

SEED POTATOES.
SEED POTATOES, IRISH COBBLERS, Delaware, Carman. Order at once. Supply limited. Write for quotations. H. W. Dawson, Stratford.
FOR SALE
FOR SALE. Good 100-ACRE FARM, Huron County, Morris Township. Must sell. For particulars write F. S. SCOTT, Brussels, Ont.

TEAMSTERS WANTED
TEAMSTERS WANTED. STEADY employment to competent men. Apply HENDRIE & COMPANY, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.
NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE
PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS
INTERNAL TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Internal and external cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.
MECHANICS WANTED
We want a few good mechanics. Have steady work and good wages for late hours. Handy, handy men, also a few wood-working mechanics and handy men for wood shop wanted. Apply in person only.
Dodge Manufacturing
West Toronto.

Become a Registered Nurse
and receive pay while learning
The Beth Israel Hospital of New York City Founded 1890
Accredited by the New York State Education Dept. Offers a two-and-one-half year course in training for nurses with allowance and maintenance. Applicants must have one year high school instruction or the educational equivalent. For particulars address Beth Israel Hospital, 66 Jefferson St., New York.

BOOK ON DOG DISEASES
And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.
118 West 31st Street, New York

For Freezing Ice Cream
you get best results with **CRUSHED ROCK SALT**
A more even freeze. Smoother Ice Cream. Takes one-third less salt and keeps Cream hard twice as long. Write **TORONTO SALT WORKS,** 60-62 Jarvis St., Toronto, Ont.

I Boy and 10 Hogs Made \$350 at Our 1915 Show.
The same chance for a bright boy at the Seventh Annual Toronto Fat Stock Show, Union Stock Yards, Toronto, December 8th and 9th, 1915. Premium Lists with many new classes now ready.
C. F. TOPPING, Secretary,
Union Stock Yards, Toronto.

A Gold Mine On Your Farm
You can double your profits by storing up good green feed in a **BISSELL SILO**
"Summer Feed all Winter Long"
Scientifically built to keep silage fresh, sweet and good to the last. Built of selected lumber treated with wood preservatives that prevent decay. The BISSELL SILO has strong, rigid walls, air-tight doors, hoops of heavy steel. Sold by dealers or address us direct. Get free folder. Write **E. S. BISSELL CO., Ltd.** Dept. U. Elora, Ontario.

Machinery For Sale
Wheelock Engine, 150 H.P., 18 x 42, with double main driving belt 24 ins. wide, and Dynamo 30 K. W. belt driven. All in first class condition. Would be sold together or separately; also a lot of shafting at a very great bargain as room is required immediately.

S. Frank Wilson & Sons
73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

ED. 4. ISSUE 32-16

Tea and Coffee For Children?

These beverages contain drug elements that hinder development of both body and mind, especially in children.

Nowadays, for their children, wise parents choose

POSTUM

This delicious table beverage, made of cereals, has a wonderfully satisfying flavor and is entirely free from caffeine, the drug in both tea and coffee. Postum is a true, pure food-drink that has helped thousands to forget the tea or coffee habit.

"There's a Reason"

Grocers everywhere sell POSTUM
Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Windsor, Ont.

Spices of Superior Quality

The first requisite with us is quality, purity and freshness. We cater for those who insist on a high standard of living.

The best food are the healthiest and happiest — notably so when the element of extra expense is entirely eliminated. This important feature has always been a cardinal principal with us. Our customers live better for less money than those who buy elsewhere.

We sell nothing but the purest and best spices and vinegars, and you know that the best are always the cheapest and we believe it is a waste of money to use anything else.

Of course we have to pay more for the pure goods but that is your profit, as we charge you no more than you would pay elsewhere.

Let us have your orders now.

The Star Grocery.
The Store of Quality.

J. N. Scheffer

Terms—Cash or Produce.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

Receipts at the Union Stock Yards yesterday: 167 cars—2372 cattle, 32 calves, 546 hogs, 1075 sheep and 1088 horses.

While receipts were large at the Union Stock Yards yesterday, all grades of cattle held their own, with the exception of cows, which were 10c to 20c lower.

Calves were steady.
Hogs steady, but packers quote them 2c lower.

Lambs were much lower, the highest price paid being 11c a lb.

Light, handy butcher sheep were steady to strong.

Butcher Cattle—Choice heavy steers, \$8.20 to \$8.50; good heavy steers, \$7.80 to \$8.

Butcher cattle—Choice, \$7.90 to \$8.15; good, \$7.70 to \$7.80; medium, \$7.25 to \$7.50; common, \$6.50 to \$6.75.

Cows—Choice, \$6.75 to \$7; good, \$6.40 to \$6.60; medium, \$5.75 to \$6; common, \$5 to \$5.50.

Canners and cutters, \$4 to \$4.75.
Bulls—Best heavy, \$7 to \$7.75; good, \$6 to \$6.75.

Stockers and feeders, \$5 to \$6.50.
Milkers and springers, \$5 to \$100.

Spring lambs—Choice, 10½c to 11c per lb.; culls, 8c to 10c a lb.

Light, handy sheep, 7½c to 8½c a lb.; heavy, fat sheep, 4c to 5½c a lb.

Veal calves, 5½c to 11½c a lb.

Hogs—Fed and watered, at \$12.25 to \$12.35; weighed off cars at \$12.35 to \$12.60.

Additional Locals.

Farm Laborers Excursion will be run to the West on Aug. 17 and 31 for this district. The fare to Winnipeg is \$12.

The largest black bass that was ever caught around Goderich was landed last week by Wm. Patten, G. T. R. engineer. It weighed six pounds five ounces and measured 27½ inches long. Mr. Patten caught the fish with a trawl.

A mother of eight sons, seven of whom are in the army, has recently been granted total exemption for her eighth son. One of the sons is a sergeant-major in the Grenadiers, and served in the Boer War and was also a bearer at the funeral of King Edward. Another son is a sergeant-major instructor in India.

One of the queerest farms in the world is the snake farm at Butantan, Brazil, where thousands of poisonous snakes are kept in captivity. The venom is removed from these reptiles and injected into the veins of a number of young horses kept for the purpose. It has been learned that thousands of tubes of serum are distributed from this institution every year, and much has been done to reduce the high mortality rate resulting from snake bites.

From dead cow on the battle-field to new boots on the same field is the completed cycle accomplished in Russia. It is reported that a large number of cattle grazing along the Russian battle front have met their death by getting in the way of flying shells. There were so many dead cattle lying about and the Russian General Staff feeling it a pity to let all the hides go to waste that the attention of the Gemstone Union (a Russian citizen body) was called to the matter and they went into the leather business. A tannery took care of the hides collected by the union, and Bossie's skin soon became the best quality of leather ever made into boots.

Prohibition in Manitoba.
After two months of prohibition in Manitoba, both retail and wholesale businessmen assert that their businesses have increased and that a notable change in the matter of collections has taken place. Drink proved responsible for 75 per cent. of the police court prosecutions and at present the police commission, while not dismissing any men on the force, is not filling vacancies from time to time. The city is thereby saving money. In the past two months there have been only 25 convictions on drunkenness. In May, the month before prohibition came in, there were 233.

Gave Circus With a Car.
Lymon Chapman, a farmer of Williams brought his car and a neighbor to Strathroy Thursday, and while Chapman was in a store on Front street the car and the neighbor put on an interesting performance which ended in the wreck of the car. Mr. James McQueen, the neighbor had no experience with cars, so that when he accidentally stepped on the self-starting lever he did not know what the consequences would be. The car had been left in high gear and when the engine started it almost lifted the car off the road, and started it down the road at a speed approaching 25 miles an hour. McQueen could not stop the car but hung to the wheel cork-screwing through the street at high speed. Finally the machine skidded and crashed through the front door of James Northcott's residence, knocking out the door frame. Several windows also were broken in the house. The car was almost a complete wreck, but Mr. McQueen escaped. The tires were torn to shreds and the floor of the car was badly smashed.

Helwig's Weekly

Straw Hats

All straw hats going at 25 to 50 per cent off regular prices. Mens, Womens, Boys and Girls. Now is the time to get a new lid.

GLOVES

TIES

HOSIERY

Mens Fine

Shirts

98 cts.

Broken lots and sizes in Mens fine shirts, good assortment of patterns, sizes 14 to 16½ Regular values \$1.25 and 1.50 to clear at 98c.

House Dresses

98 cts.

Women's print and gingham house dresses, good style, sizes 34 to 40, prices \$1.25 up to \$2.00 to clear at 88c.

Childrens Dresses

Girls dresses made from good quality gingham and plain chambray, sizes 1 to 15 years of age. Prices 39, 59, 79 and 99 cts.

Childrens Parasols

Childrens colored parasols. Small size 18c, large size 25c.

Trimmed Hats

Your choice of any trimmed hat at 98 each.

Flowered Crepe

Flowered and plain crepe Regular values 15, 20 and 25 cts. Price to clear 12½c per yard.

LOTS FOR YOUR MONEY NOW

YOU'LL GET LOTS OF CHANGE BACK IF YOU COME IN AND BUY FROM US NOW.

WE HAVE PUT OUR PRICES AWAY DOWN LOW TO MOVE OUR SUMMER GOODS OUT FAST.

August Clearing Specials

Plain and Twill Sheeting Special 25c yd

150 yds of plain and twill sheeting, 2 yds, wide very special to clear at 25c per yd.

36 inch Bleach Cotton 10c yd.

200 yds. of fine even thread bleach cotton at less mill price, to-day 10c per yd.

86 inco Factory Cotton Special 10c yd.

350 yds of medium weight factory cotton 36 inches wide, closely woven threads making a good around cotton for many uses.

indigo Galatea Suiting at 20c yd.

8 patterns to choose from, fast judging for boys, girls and women's wear. Prices manufacturers are asking to-day at old

AUGUST PRICES ON SUMMER GOODS.

Bring us your Butter, Eggs, Wool, etc.

HELWIG BROS.

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Gold Medal
650 foot

Silver Sheaf
600 foot

Green Sheaf
550 foot

Plymouth
Special 500 foot

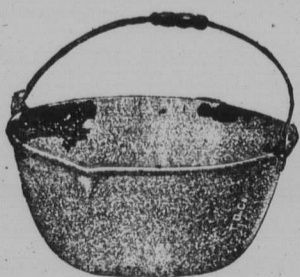


THIS trade-mark on the tag is your assurance that you have received the genuine Plymouth Twine—the kind that's always good.

Pure Paris Green. 1 lb. pkg. 50 cts,
1-2 lb. pkg. 30 cts.

Gold Medal Brand Harvest Tools—

Forks, Rakes, Hoes, Scythes, Swaths, etc—Are the Best on the Market.



Preserving Kettles

We have a big variety of sizes and prices.

ROCK SALT
HANOVER CEMENT

Liesemer & Kalbfleisch
THE CORNER HARDWARE.

Alfred Weiler The People's Grocers Ed. Weiler

Flour

White Rose and Peerless

Gargill's

Feed

Bran, Shorts, Low Grade.

Meats

Bologna, Wieners, Pork Sausages, Head Cheese, Cooked Ham, Smoked Hams, Picnic Hams, Spiced Rolls, Summer Sausage etc.

Dumart's

Sausages

SPECIALS

3 lbs Japan Tea, regular 40 cts per lb, now 3 lbs for One Dollar.

10 lbs of Orient Coffee, regular 40c lb, now \$3.50 per Tin

—Terms—
Cash or Produce

Weiler Bros., Prop.