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WARMER

TWO CENTS

LOYD GEORGE AND ASQUITH IN HEATED DEBATE

Great Heat Developed in Argument Over Motion to Reject Irish Crimes Bill.

IRELAND ACCUSED OF DEEP INTRIGUE

Was Prepared to Join Germany in Drive on Great Britain in Time of Greatest Peril.

London, Aug. 5.—After a debate which developed great heat and a personal scene between Mr. Lloyd George and Herbert H. Asquith, the government, at eleven o'clock tonight, defeated the motion of John Robert Clynes, Laborite, for rejection of the new Irish Crimes Bill and the measure passed second reading by a vote of 239 to 71. The voting was carried out under a motion moved in the house early today by Andrew Bonar Law, providing for passage of the bill by six o'clock tomorrow evening.

Days of Parnell Recalled.

At the very opening of debate the days of Parnell were recalled. Mr. Asquith started an angry duel with the premier by declaring the situation in Ireland needed Cromwellian treatment, but that he could see no Cromwell in the government. The premier retorted by describing Mr. Asquith as Cromwell when he was in power.

Sir Hamar Greenwood, chief secretary for Ireland, opened the discussion by explaining it was not intended for the bill to supersede the ordinary courts; it would only apply to disturbed areas at the discretion of the Irish government and would not be operated in a revengeful spirit.

Mr. Asquith then spoke, blaming the government for the present situation in Ireland. This met with angry cries of dissent. He declared he was not scared by the spectre of an Irish republic, but believed to concede Dominion home rule to Ireland would cause the cry for a republic to dwindle away.

Heated protests were made that Asquith had offered a solution of the difficulty.

"No," he replied, "but I am prepared to offer one now."

Mr. Lloyd George, in his attack on Mr. Asquith, stated it was useless to make a distinction between the conditions about Dominion home rule, and challenged Mr. Asquith to present the name of any one in Ireland able to speak for the Irish people, who would accept his Dominion proposal.

There was not a single Dominion, the premier added, but possessed an army and power to possess a navy, and asked whether Mr. Asquith would give Ireland an army and navy.

Irish ports, Mr. Lloyd George asserted, were the most dangerous ports in the Empire. Were these to be handed over to the Dominion parliament?

Mr. Asquith is merely adding to the difficulty and making worse the situation," declared the premier, "by allowing it to be made known through out Ireland and the United States that, though these things are not intended, British statesmen are willing to give Ireland self-determination."

Grave Charges.

Throughout his speech the premier was subjected to interruptions from both sides of the house, intervention of the Speaker frequently being required to preserve order. In the course of his remarks against Mr. Asquith, the premier said it might have been supposed from Mr. Asquith's speech that Ireland was a paradise in 1918, whereas he declared the facts were that in that year there was an army of over 150,000 enlisted men in Ireland engaged in treacherous conspiracy and in negotiations with the Germans. He said this army had undertaken to attack Great Britain two months after the German offensive of which it had been informed.

"It was in the same year," he went on, "we discovered documents in the pockets of men who are now leaders of south and west Ireland, showing there was an arrangement between them and the Germans to attack us at the moment of our greatest peril."

Prepared to Make Concessions.

Mr. Lloyd George's general argument was that the government was prepared to make great concessions for the sake of peace, good will and partnership, but he said any Dominion solution required definite concessions regarding the army, navy and ports, and the position of Ulster, which could not be forced into a home rule parliament.

No Disposition to Accept Such a Solution.

No disposition to accept such a solution, confined the premier, was apparent in south and west Ireland. On the contrary, he said, the south and west were demanding something Britain could never concede, except as a result of disaster and defeat. He believed there were hopeful indications of changing views concerning these extravagant demands, but while the campaign of outrage and murder continued, he stated, there was no alternative but the bill he was now proposing.

MANNIX TO HAVE FREEDOM OF CITY OF DUBLIN

Dublin, Aug. 5.—The freedom of the city for Archbishop Mannix, Australia, was voted unanimously at a special meeting of the Dublin corporation today. A committee was appointed to meet the archbishop on his arrival.

SOVIET'S REPLY UNSATISFACTORY

Refuse to Call Halt of the Bolshevik Advance in Poland.

London, Aug. 6.—The Russian Soviet's reply to Great Britain's call for a halt of the Bolshevik advance in Poland is a refusal, according to the London Times. The newspaper says the ground is that the armies would not obey an order to halt and will only be content when they reach Warsaw which has been promised to them for loot.

POLES HOLD BOLSHEVIK AT BREST-LITOVSK

Latter Suffer Heavy Losses in Their Attempt to Cross Bug River.

Paris, Aug. 5.—The Bolsheviks are being held by the Poles at Brest-Litovsk and have suffered a loss of 500 killed and drowned there, on repeated attempts to throw their forces across the Bug river, according to Wednesday's communique from Warsaw, which officially confirms facts previously announced.

The communique announces that the Reds have forced the River Narw before Lomza and that Bolshevik cavalry patrols have reached Ostrow, 53 miles northeast of Warsaw, near the Prussian border. Bolshevik forces have occupied Koina, 18 miles north-west of Lomza and have attacked the fortress of Ostroienka, 23 miles south-west of Lomza. The Poles were reported to be making a stand at the latter place. The communique reports forces fighting along the Bug, the Reds having forced the stream in the region of Orzechy and the Polish troops endeavoring to throw the Bolshevik back across the river.

BRITISH DISASTER IN MESOPOTAMIA SERIOUS

Battalion of Manchesters Wiped Out — Fresh Division Sent On From India.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—A cable to the Montreal Star from London says: "The Daily News learns that the British disaster in Mesopotamia was serious. The three hundred casualties which the war office reported are nearly all killed. The defeated column was a battalion of the Manchesters, with miners, sappers and a six-gun battery. Only a few stragglers remained. Four guns were saved. A fresh division has been ordered to Mesopotamia from India.

"Inquiries at the Ashton-Under-Tyne depot of the Manchesters showed that the second battalion was commanded by Colonel Wright, who went to Mesopotamia in March.

"The Kufah garrison, on the lower Euphrates, is still holding out. The town has been partly burned up. The Arabs lost 130 dead and many wounded in a new attack northwest of Hillah."

COMMISSION TO MAKE REPORT ON COAL SITUATION AS THEY HAVE FOUND IT IN MARITIME PROVINCES.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 5.—(By Canadian Press.)—The Royal Commission appointed recently to investigate the coal situation in the Maritime Provinces will hold its first public session at the Provincial Building, Halifax, on Monday, commencing at 2 p. m., according to a statement tonight by E. M. G. Quirk, chairman.

The three members of the commission has just completed a tour of the mining districts, in which they have met mining men personally, gone underground into the mines, examined housing, sanitary and other workmen's conditions, and otherwise obtained first-hand information. Two of the members arrived in Halifax late tonight, and the third went to his home in Moncton.

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GERMAN GOVT GETTING "PUFFY"

Determined to Prevent Troops Passing Through to Poland's Aid.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—The German Government is determined to prevent, by all means, the Entente from sending troops through Germany to help Poland, according to a declaration made in the Reichstag today by Dr. Walter Simons, the Foreign Minister. Dr. Simons intimated that if the necessity arose Germany would fight to prevent such a "violation" of German territory.

MUCH WORK NEEDED ON G. T. SYSTEM

Minister of Railways and Canals Returns from Inspection Trip of Rail Lines.

OTTAWA, Aug. 5.—(Canadian Press)—Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals, has returned from a trip over the Canadian National Railway system in Western Canada. The Minister travelled over the Grand Trunk Pacific to Prince Rupert, thence by steamer to Victoria and Vancouver. He states that the Grand Trunk Pacific will require considerable expenditure to bring its road bed up to standard, including the rebuilding and filling in of a number of wooden bridges. The Canadian Northern he found to be in good condition. In work of coordinating the two government lines is in progress and within a very short time the two systems will be operated under one management.

"The Minister believes that it is in the interest of Ontario and Quebec that some action should be taken to supply these provinces with coal from Western Canada, as well as from Nova Scotia for industrial purposes, in view of the possible shortage of that commodity this coming winter."

GLURS WIFE WHEN SHE VISITS HIM

Night Watchman Invites Help Mate to Visit Him at Work Where, He Said, He Had Surprise for Her.

Lindsay, Ont., Aug. 5.—Intimating that he had a "surprise" for her, local tannery, invited his wife to visit him at work last night, and when she arrived there, he clubbed her with a heavy instrument of wood and steel. The woman's scalp was almost torn off and she is now in hospital in a critical condition. Allport, when arrested said he knew nothing about it till he saw blood. He is a returned inmate of the authorities, is at times practically insane.

A two weeks' old child, with Mrs. Allport at the time of the assault, was not seriously injured.

ELIGIBILITY OF STOVOL QUESTIONED

Premier Norris Says He Must Resign From Industry Council Before He Can Sit in Legislature.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—Mr. Stovel is a member of the Joint Council of Industry and knows he will have to resign that position before he takes his seat in the legislature, was the opinion of Premier Norris on a statement as to the eligibility of John Stovel to the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba.

The name of W. J. Tupper, K. C., was coupled with that of Mr. Stovel, and it was stated that his ineligibility arose through his membership on the commission for the uniformity of laws. Mr. Turner said he had been paid nothing for this work nor had he resigned.

FARNELL GIVEN HIS LIBERTY

Was Serving Sentence for Seditious Utterances During Winnipeg Strike.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—John Farnell, after serving six months of a nine months' sentence for seditious utterances during the general strike, was released from the Provincial jail at noon, today, on telegraphic order of the Secretary of State at Ottawa to Deputy Sheriff John Pyinger. Farnell must report once a month for the next three months.

HEAVY FIRE LOSS AT COQUITLAN

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 5.—The business section of the town of Coquitlan, seventeen miles East of this city, is reported destroyed by fire. Several stores, a hotel and the fire hall are said to have been burned, and at one o'clock the Canadian Pacific Railway freight sheds were burning. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

CANADIAN OIL PROSPECTS ARE VERY BRIGHT

Most Promising Territory is the Declaration of Sir John Cadman.

ENGLISH TESTING EVERY LIKELY SPOT

Meeting With Good Success in Various Parts of the Empire — Some Found in England.

London, Aug. 5.—(By Canadian Press)—Favorable oil development results are looked for in Canada, where a large area of promising territory still remains untested, declared Sir John Cadman, director of the British Government Petroleum Department, in a recent address before the Royal Society of Arts here, when he outlined development in the British Empire. He showed that active work is being carried out in at least 15 different countries, in five of which, including Canada, important production has been obtained. The other four, he said, were Persia, India, Trinidad and Egypt.

According to Sir John, Canada is now producing about 500,000 barrels a year.

About 10,000,000 barrels of oil are now being produced annually in India, principally from Burma and Assam. Prospecting is being undertaken in the Punjab and at Attock a new oil field is said to have recently been discovered. Production of Persia is between 9,000,000 and 10,000,000 barrels annually.

Production of Trinidad has increased from 1,500,000 barrels in 1915, to 3,000,000 in 1918, or 100 per cent, and it is expected to reach 5,000,000 barrels within a few years, according to Sir John. Egypt is yielding approximately 2,500,000 barrels a year. Development work is promising, although as yet unproven, territory, is being pushed in all those countries.

In addition, the islands of the local group, in the Mediterranean, are being tested, and favorable geological conditions seem to justify the testing of large areas in Mesopotamia, adjoining the Persian fields, according to Sir John.

Although no important production has been obtained in England, several tests have been made, one of which proved to be a producer yielding about 10 barrels a day. Further tests will be made.

SIR GEORGE FOSTER REFUSES TO RESIGN

Informing Vets, Who Demand His Resignation from Parliament, He Had His Own Ideas of Service.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Sir George Foster, M. P., for North Toronto, in acknowledging the receipt of a demand from the G. A. U. V. that he and the other representatives of the Toronto ridings resign their seats in Parliament, has refused to comply with the request. In his letter he says: "I have my own ideas of the services I owe to my constituency and the country, and I must be allowed to perform them in the manner I think most profitable to the public interest."

"My constituency gave me a mandate for the legally constituted term and not for any fraction thereof. I am inclined to think that such a mandate should not be disregarded on the ground that you mention."

"As to my work in support of the war, my record is well-known. While regretting that it does not meet with your unqualified approval, it is still open to me to hope there are soldiers and citizens in Canada who may think differently. It may be dullness on my part, but I indulge in the belief that in no instance in the performance of my parliamentary duties am I charged with breach of faith either towards my constituency or the veterans of Canada."

The other M. P. whose resignation was called for merely promised to give the matter consideration.

TO REIMPOSE RUSS. BLOCKADE

London, Aug. 5.—The Herald, the Laborite organ, says today that the British North Sea Squadron has been ordered to the Baltic Sea and that instructions have been issued to reimpose the blockade against Russia.

ENGLAND MAY CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS TO AID IN PRESERVATION OF TREATY

London, Aug. 5.—The Evening News learns that the Government, today, considered the Polish situation, and that large quantities of war materials are to be sent immediately in concern with France.

"There is no intention on the part of the Allies," the newspaper adds, "to depart in the slightest degree from their position regarding Poland. The British Government may call for volunteers within the next few days to aid in the preservation of the Versailles Treaty. It would be possible for the War Office to send four divisions within the next few weeks, two divisions immediately. Steps are being taken to mobilize the navy, but the cabinet has not yet definitely decided."

THE BOLSHEVIK STOPPED BY THE POLISH FORCES

New Polish Army Has Driven Offenders Back From Advantage Line Gained at Brest-Litovsk.

Warsaw, Aug. 5.—(By the Associated Press)—The Bolshevik offensive against the Poles along the Bug River between Brest-Litovsk, and the confluence of the Narwec has been stopped. The Polish counter-offensive north and south is developing successfully, and the new Polish army concentrated between the Narwec and Bug Rivers has driven the enemy back to the edge of the province of Grodno, notwithstanding the pressure of the Bolshevik forces, which cross the Narwec opposite Lomza.

In Volhynia the Polish position upon the upper Styr, on the Stoorod and in the Pripiet marshes are holding well.

Enemy cavalry continues advancing along the Prussian frontier in the direction of the Danzig-Mlawa-Warsaw railroad, but in view of the small number of effectives employed, this movement, aimed at the Thorn region, constitutes, for the moment at least, only an extensive demonstration against Polish Pomerania.

With the Bolsheviks virtually knocking at the gates of Warsaw, the populace has been aroused to the highest pitch of patriotic fervor. The entire press declares that Warsaw must not surrender to the invader.

Fresh drafts of conscripts and many volunteers are moving toward the front, many of them boys of fourteen and fifteen years. The government, in its extremity, has called to the colors the classes of 1890 to 1915 from the district between the rivers Vistula and San for the defence of these sections.

MOB CONTROLS ILLINOIS TOWN

Governor of State Orders Out National Guard to Quell Disturbances at West Frankfort.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 5.—Governor Frank O. Lowden at 10:30 o'clock tonight received a call from West Frankfort, Illinois, for troops. The call was signed by the sheriff and mayor of the town, who declared that a mob, which numbered more than 3,000, was in control of the town.

The mob is determined to drive out the foreign population, following the discovery, yesterday, of the bodies of Amiel Calcuterra, 19, and Tony Hempel, 18, who had been murdered, according to a long distance telephone message received in St. Louis tonight from Cartersville, Ill.

Forty persons have been injured, four seriously, in riots, it was said.

Governor Lowden has ordered five companies of the Ninth Illinois Infantry to proceed at once to West Frankfort under command of Major Wilbur E. Satterfield, Mount Vernon.

TRAMWAY MEN REECT AWARD

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Employees of the Montreal Tramways Company, to the number of 2,400, tonight, by unanimous vote, rejected the wage award of the Board of Conciliation, and gave the company twenty-four hours' notice in which to grant their original demands.

Generally speaking, the award granted the men an increase of from 25 to 30 per cent.

SCHOONER LAUNCHED AT SPENCER'S ISLAND

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 5.—There was launched at Spencer's Island, N. S., today, the tern schooner Rupert K., registering 40 tons. The vessel is fitted with all the latest improvements and is classed in Bureau Veritas. She will load deals at Parrsboro for Europe.

RUMANIA CONCENTRATING TROOPS ON RUS. FRONTIER

London, Aug. 5.—Rumania is concentrating troops on the Russo-Rumanian frontier, says a wireless despatch from Moscow.

PREM. MEIGHEN ADDRESSES THE PRESS ASSN.

Enunciated the Principles Which He Believed Should Govern Distribution of News.

ONLY ONE MOTTO: TELL THE TRUTH

Pleads for Support for the League of Nations That It May Function Successfully.

K—Premier Meighen, when he Ottawa, Aug. 5.—(Canadian Press)—Speaking before a gathering which included His Excellency the Governor General, members of the government and of parliament, delegates to the Imperial Conference from the four corners of the Empire, and others prominent in the life of the Dominion, Premier Arthur Meighen tonight enunciated the principle which, in his opinion, should govern the writer and distribution of news.

"The distribution of news is now the greatest trust in the whole body of democratic life," he declared. "The opportunities for good are infinite, the possibilities of mischief are just as vast. In my way of looking at it there is only one motto an editor need to bother much about and that is to tell the truth. For a good newspaperman, I think, there is only one proverb: 'the truth shall make you free.'"

Live Up To Principle.

Mr. Meighen explained to the gathering that there were a number of ways in which newspapermen might fail to live up to the spirit of this principle. Misstatements might be made, under-statements or over-statements published, but the favorite method, he declared, was the half-truth. "Certain facts were torn from other facts of possible greater importance and featured with the result that a wrong impression was made on the public mind. He made a plea for a fair and just presentation of facts by the newspapers, declaring that they had a work to perform which was of vital concern to the community as government itself.

Support League.

The prime minister asked support for the league of nations. "Let us lay hold on every instrument and organization which makes for peace and give it our help," he said. "Let us encourage the league of nations. Canada intends to do her full part in the work of making it succeed."

He said that there never was such overwhelming necessity as now to direct the currents of British public opinion and expression towards the end of peace and good-will among men as there was today.

Mr. Meighen's speech was made at the official dinner tendered by the government to the members of the Imperial Press Conference at which the Governor General presided. He took advantage of the toast, "Our Guests," to direct the attention of the gathering to his views, and gave to the delegates a hearty welcome to the Dominion.

EVERY SUPPORT TO BE GIVEN POLAND

Lloyd George Informs Commons That Soviets Shall Not be Permitted to Destroy Poland.

London, Aug. 5.—In the House of Commons today, Premier Lloyd George was asked whether pressure was being applied by the Allies or Great Britain to Czechoslovakia to assist Poland with men, an army or munitions against Russia. The premier replied:

"Everything depends upon the answer we receive. If it is unsatisfactory, of course, we shall bring pressure to bear on everybody to give the necessary support to Poland."

Replying to a question as to involving other countries in a new war, Premier Lloyd George said, "you don't go to war necessarily when you do the least transmission of munitions."

Asked whether in case the Soviet answer was unsatisfactory the Home Office could understand that no pressure could be applied to Czechoslovakia or other border states to use armed intervention in favor of Poland, the premier replied:

"If the answer is unsatisfactory, and if it becomes quite clear that the Soviet authorities mean to destroy Poland I certainly could not give any understanding of that kind."

The premier's reply brought out cheers.

WAGE INCREASE FOR THE ELECTRICIANS

Board of Conciliation Awards Increase of Fifteen Per Cent. to Electricians of Toronto Suburban Ry.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 5.—(By Canadian Press.)—An increase in wages of 15 per cent. to electrical workers employed by the Toronto Suburban Railway is recommended by a majority report of the Board of Conciliation which has heard into the dispute between the company and this class of its employees. The recommended increase is to all employees who are now paid upon an hourly basis.

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IRISH AROUSED OVER ACTION TAKEN AGAINST MANNIX

Papers Attacking British Move to Cancel Queenstown Call of Liners—War More Imminent—Plebiscite Being Urged as Settlement Solution.

By C. H. BRETHERTON. (Special Cable Dispatch Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co., Dublin, Aug. 5.—Ireland has stopped talking peace and is getting on with the war, as far as a skirmishing is concerned. Sinn Fein is slightly the best of matters for a few days last week. Nevertheless, the affair is gradually coming to look more and more like war on both sides.

In this connection the decision of the Government, if it is truly reported, to cancel the Queenstown call of all White Star and Cunard vessels sailing from New York, is an admirable one, and will do far more good than the individual arrest of Archbishop Mannix. Already Irish papers are giving their teeth over the matter to an extent that is an accurate measure of the success of the action taken. Its exemplary value lies in the fact that it is an action that the British Government would be at liberty to take if Ireland really were an independent republic and because it hits at hundreds of Irishmen instead of one or two. It is the hundreds and not the one or two who must eventually settle the question with the British Government.

Must Demonstrate Strength of Each. The action of the Protestant majority in the Belfast shipyards in demanding the expulsion of the Catholic minority on account of their Sinn Fein propensities is similarly effective because it operates widely and naturally. Counter measures of an economic nature will be taken by Sinn Fein Ireland. That also is desirable. It is desirable in that it should clearly demonstrate on whose side the economic advantage lies, for that is the side that will be able to end to get its way.

I am told that the policy of conciliation is definitely abandoned, as it will be if extremists continue to control public opinion in Ireland. Sinn Fein will be told that it must either provide its fighting men with uniforms or distinctive badges or it will be assumed that any young civilian who looks like a Sinn Feiner is one and will be shot at sight.

This is merely one of the half dozen unpleasant ways in which the British Government can, if it wishes, turn the war into real war. My informant assured me that the British Government in Ireland would be most reluctant to assume the attitude but that the state of things under which any young Irishman could be delivering a gun from one day and the next was impossible and that if it were not stopped it would be impossible to maintain discipline in the army.

Meanwhile, loyalists in the north are looking forward anxiously to the bill which is to be introduced into parliament for repatriating civil and military courts for trial of offences against the defence of the realm act. At the present moment, there are at large hundreds, not thousands, of young men who are being held in barracks, and are being held in barracks who cannot be convicted because the civil law requires two witnesses to any offence and the authorities have only one. It is questionable, however, whether the government is acting wisely in keeping up the pretence of a civil government though it is certainly a most moderate way in trying to treat the population of Ireland and the actual participants in Sinn Fein military and subversive activities on a separate basis.

Public opinion the world over inclines to do justice to the advocates of what are known as representative measures. They do not understand them as a remedy for the Irish trouble, but as a speedy way of creating an atmosphere in which a settlement will be made of the Irish question. They expect it is not a case calling for good will on both sides before a settlement can be reached. It calls only for an appreciation on both sides of the strength of the other party and the consequent necessities of the case.

The view of many Irishmen has all along been that it is for Premier Lloyd George to make a settlement with Sinn Fein, but with the leaders of a party that at the present is not even formed, the Irish complete self-government within the empire by county option party. That party is at present not approachable, because, to put it bluntly, its members will not come forward until they are kicked forward. They include the whole of the Irish bourgeoisie, farmers, shopkeepers, minor officials and professional men. Their present policy is "money for all, alliances with none." They expect to present their apathy and selfishness but not cost them a penny. If Lloyd George wants to settle the Irish question he has to see that it costs them a whole lot and cost it soon. Merely stopping trains to the races will not be enough.

Plebiscite as Solution. The obvious way to settle the Irish question, according to a very powerful section of public opinion today, is for Lloyd George to announce that on some certain future date, a plebiscite of the Irish people by counties will be taken on the question of whether they will or will not accept self-government with the empire and that the counties which vote to accept it shall have it and that which refuse it will remain as they are.

In the meantime a number of influential Irish people, including, of course, the Sinn Feiners, should be asked to form a committee not for the purpose of influencing public opinion, but to see that a plebiscite is held and that every one knows what he or she is voting about. This would put Sinn Fein leaders in a predicament. If they forcibly stopped a plebiscite from being freely held they would lose all sympathy outside of Ireland and much sympathy in. If they opposed acceptance of the terms offered their opposition might not avail and they would suffer a prompt political relapse while, on the other hand, if they argued acceptance they would retain their control over Irish affairs.

Probably Lloyd George is not strong enough in his own party at the moment to force through such an arrangement, for, of course, it would be necessary for Parliament to authorize both the taking of the plebiscite and the establishment of the Irish government for such count as accepted. But a plebiscite such as is now being discussed here would be a most effective way of giving the people an opportunity to express themselves. It has the advantage that by disorganizing the Irish settlement party, if one can call it that, from the leader of the Sinn Fein it leaves the government free to get on with its war against the latter, not only in the name of the British empire, but in the name of Irish peace.

GERMANS ARE SENDING OUT SPIES AGAIN

Laying Foundations of New International System of Espionage.

Denmark Refuses to Accept German Coal. Danish Socialist Gives His Candid Opinion That Bolshevism in Russia is Failure.

By "POLONIUS." (Copyright, 1920, Cross-Atlantic News Service.) Copenhagen, Aug. 6.—The new German government is at this very moment trying to lay the foundation of the international spy system, which proved so invaluable during the war.

Not daring at present to invade the Allied countries themselves, the German government is sending the first spies to neutral countries, where they are not so carefully watched.

Some time ago there arrived here at Copenhagen a Jewish-looking individual who called himself Cohen and who claimed to be a native of Alsace. Because of his strong French sympathies, he said, he had been forced to flee for his life during the early part of the war, and the German authorities had confiscated all his property. On the strength of this tale, he endeavored to join the staff of various newspapers, whose syndicates during the war had been with palmy days and also attempted to get into touch first with the French and afterwards with the Belgian ministries here. His past, however, was very mysterious and he was very nervous.

Investigations were made, and the secret service men were not long in discovering that he was indeed Cohen, a notorious German spy, Felix Max Cohen, and had worked under the equally notorious American born Cohen, Herman Schoffner, who, like Cohen, is of Jewish origin. To all appearances his papers were in order, and the late Danish radical government saw no reason to expel him. Arthur Henderson, the leader of the Laborites in the House of Commons, is seeking, by a circular to the local labor parties throughout the country, to rally the labor party into organizing demonstrations against intervention in Russia, or supplying men or munitions to Poland. The circular favors the immediate raising of the blockade against Russia and resumption of trade with that country.

In view of the known intense hostility of the labor party to military aid for Poland it is believed here that the government will limit any needful action to economic pressure on Russia.

Mexican Army is Disbanding Rapidly. To Cut Force Down to 50,000—Want Men to Get Back to Peace Activities.

Mexico City, Aug. 5.—More than 5,000 officers and privates in the Mexican army returned from military service in the first week of July, according to El Herald.

This general withdrawal from the army is the result of a campaign recently launched by the government to induce a large part of the soldiers of Mexico to abandon the rifle for the plow, as the Mexican press is fond of phrasing it.

The government's campaign for a smaller army is due to the realization that vast tracts of valuable agricultural land are in urgent need of development and that many factories in Mexico are short of help. It is pointed out that the present military situation is such as to require the services of not more than 50,000 men, thus permitting the other thousands of men under arms to devote themselves to the task of economically rehabilitating the country.

The recent uprisings of General Carrizo Oquendo and Jesus H. Guajardo have not altered the government's determination to reduce the personnel of the army. According to General Antonio Villahermos, Secretary of Agriculture and Development, these two movements do not "present a military problem."

Paris is Quite Foreign Looking. Special Cable Dispatch. Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Co., Paris, Aug. 5.—The adjournment of the Chamber of Deputies Sunday was the signal for an exodus from Paris to the seashore and mountain resorts. The crowds on the boulevards are more "foreign looking than ever, since an unusual number of French have left for their vacations and more than the usual number of tourists from America and England have arrived. The channel boats brought a record crowd of 6,000 in two days via Boulogne, Calais and Dieppe, but many are going to Deauville, Trouville and other resorts on the north coast.

Refuse German Coal. Although the country is in the throes of a very serious fuel famine, and the outlook for the coming winter is very dark, the Danish coal importers, with the exception of a concern founded during the war by the notorious German "Baron" who has refused to accept German tenders for coal until Germany has fulfilled her treaty obligations and delivered the stipulated quantity of coal to France, it is probable that the government for the same reason may issue a bill forbidding the import of coal from Germany.

Denmark's only hope is now that she will be enabled to get the necessary coal from the United States, or possibly from Australia, imports from England having dwindled down to practically nothing.

Boycott Still in Force. The boycott by practically the entire Danish commercial world of the once highly influential "Daily Politiken" because of its attempt to intimidate the King from exercising his constitutional prerogative in summarily dismissing a cabinet suspected of intriguing for Germany in the question of Sleivig, continues unabated.

Less than a year ago the "Politiken," the official organ of the government, was one of the most influential and prosperous papers in the Scandinavian countries; today it has practically committed Hari-Kari. Unable to induce the business men of Denmark to patronize its advertising columns, the business manager recently made strenuous efforts to acquire foreign advertising, and temporarily he succeeded. Now it has been revealed that some time ago the "Politiken" sent a circular to all advertising agencies throughout the entire country, and particularly in England, in which it denounced the Danish press for carrying propaganda against these countries, and in proof of this it enclosed translations of editorials in various papers criticizing the British, and also for his conduct during the negotiations for the return to Denmark of Sleivig.

The result has proved fatal, for the latter has acted as a boomerang. A British advertising agency of world-wide reputation has sent the letter to the Danish press and its contents have been published. What has not been published, however, is a copy of a most characteristic letter which the firm in question sent to the "Politiken," and in which it expresses the opinion that at present that paper in this manner very soon lose circulation to such an extent that it will

Memorial Hospital. Reestablishment Dept. Closes August 15 and Sanatorium to Be Handed Back to Dalton Commission.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Aug. 5.—Dr. J. W. Robertson, addressed a meeting here today in connection with the program of Canadian Red Cross at the Rotary Club on the Boy Scout Movement.

Major C. A. Bell, of Halifax, Assistant Director of the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, Dr. Joseph Hayes, medical doctor and Prof. E. E. Sexton, Director of Technical Education, are here in connection with the closing up of the Rana McLean Memorial Hospital and the Dalton Sanatorium. The vocational training department of the hospital closes August 16, and the sanatorium is to be officially handed back to the Dalton Commission in October. The 12 ex-soldier patients in the latter institution are to be transferred this week to the St. Agathe Sanatorium.

ACADIANS WINNERS. On the Long Wharf diamond the Young Acadians defeated the Young Portlands by score of 2 to 1. The Acadians' team consisted of L. Coyne and Mr. McCausland; for the Portlands, the master and others, Mr. Field has the frame for another vessel of about the same size.

BANK CLEARINGS. The following six weekly clearings for St. John banks: 1920, \$4,045,125; 1919, \$3,015,884.

Ministerial Bad Taste. When the northern part of Sleivig was about to be transferred from Germany to Denmark as a result of a plebiscite, a number of German born citizens, including members of the Danish authorities to be allowed to remain with their congregations, and their request was granted even in cases where the minister in question, during the war, had proved himself a fanatic champion of Germany. It was, of course, supposed, that such men would in the future endeavor to act as loyal Danish citizens, but the fact that some of their congregations had remained loyal to Germany, as long as they were under German rule, even to such an extent that some of them died in the ranks of the German army.

Knocks Bolshevism. Mrs. Philip Snowden, of England, the wife of the well-known Socialist, has not minced matters in giving her opinion of the leading Bolsheviks and their systems, and now comes a Danish Socialist who was the guest of Lenin at the same time, who gives the following impression of the Bolsheviks in the special delegation at Nishni-Novgorod.

What struck me first as very strange," she says, "was that although the common language at Nishni was close to the districts where Krauss is assuring us that Russia has immense stores of foodstuffs of all kinds, they looked even more miserable and starved than the working men of Petrograd or Moscow. It was pitiful to look at them, and even the British delegates began to feel suspicious that the Bolsheviks had a large quantity of milk and honey. One or two of them said to me that evidently the Bolsheviks were hopelessly incapable as organizers.

There was no lack of food, however, at the banquet given in the honor of the British delegation by the Soviets the same evening. The tables, in fact, were groaning under the weight of the wonderful zakuski, for which Russia was famous before the war. My neighbor at the table who has attended a good many Lord Mayor's banquets in London told me that any Lord Mayor would have turned green with envy at the sight of this barbaric wealth of food, but what is strange still was that this enormous quantity of most luxurious food practically all disappeared. Never have I seen human beings gorge themselves in such a manner.

The tables were lavishly decorated with flowers and set with a wealth of dishes of solid gold and silver, formerly the property of the Czar, personally, or of the community, and intended for use at banquets in honor of the Czar.

And during the whole meal all the open windows of the big banquet hall, which was on the ground floor, were crowded with miserable looking, starved individuals, who actually cheered us, and after the banquet accompanied us, as a Bolshevik guard of honor, to the boats that were to carry us off, wildly cheering and singing the inevitable international. If Lenin knows nothing else he certainly knows how to train his starving followers of the common rabble into respectful enthusiasm for the blessings of Bolshevism. But in my heart I thought, as perhaps some of them did too, that surely they were just a little better off under the rule of the Czar."

MANY HARVESTERS GOING WEST TODAY

First of Train Over C. N. R. to Carry Farm Laborers to Waiting Fields Leaves Halifax This Morning.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 6.—(Canadian Press)—Present indications point to a large number of passengers on the first of the C. N. R. harvesters' excursion trains which leaves Halifax tomorrow morning at 8.45 a. m. Already nearly 300 tickets to Winnipeg, the destination of the train, have been sold, and it is expected that the number will be greatly increased before the train leaves. A special train will bring the contingent from Cape Breton and the Eastern Nova Scotia into Truro in time to connect with the train from Halifax and, as far as can be estimated, this year's number of harvesters going from the Maritime Provinces will compare very favorably with previous years.

COUNTRYSIDE OUT FOR LAUNCHING. Special to The Standard. Parrishboro, N. S., Aug. 5.—A handsome tern schooner of approximately four hundred ton register, named Rapier K., was launched this afternoon from Fields' shipyards at Spencer's Island. She is classed for twelve years in Bureau Veritas, has all modern labor saving devices, and is first class in every respect. The launch was witnessed by people from the whole countryside, including a large number from Parrishboro. The new vessel will be commanded by Captain John J. Taylor, of Parrishboro, and will come here to load lumber for the United Kingdom. She is owned by James W. Kirkpatrick, A. O. Seaman, the builder, the master and others, Mr. Field has the frame for another vessel of about the same size.

DIED. SHAW—At West St. John, on Aug. 4, 1920, after a lingering illness, Marjorie Ella, widow of Rev. John Leonard Shaw, leaving one daughter, one step-daughter, two sisters and one brother to mourn. Funeral from her daughter's residence, Mrs. S. Herbert Mayes, corner Winslow and Champlain streets, Friday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock.

Quebec, Aug. 5.—Ard, str Manchester Mariner, Montreal.

BAVARIANS TO ACT RUTHLESSLY. London, Aug. 6.—The Bavarian traffic council has decided to issue a proclamation to the postal and telegraph employees, calling on them to prevent the conveyance of Entente troops or arms and munitions by all means, paralyzing, if necessary, the whole of the Bavarian transport system, says a wireless despatch from Berlin.

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IT'S the stropping that counts! Any razor is soon ruined by unskilled stropping.

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COLONEL HOUSE PAYING VISIT TO CONTINENT

"Journalist Ambassador" Quits England—Will Report on Leading Affairs.

DEVOTED TO CAUSE OF WORLD AMITY

All Europe Highly Interested in Press Venture of Hitherto "Silent Colonel."

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

London, Aug. 5.—Colonel E. M. House sailed from Harwich Monday for Holland after five busy weeks in England. He was accompanied by Mrs. House, his secretary, Miss Denton, and Henry White, former American ambassador to France. He is enroute to The Hague to visit Dutch and American friends before journeying to Brussels and possibly to central Europe.

Colonel House left London not necessarily worried or anxious, but certainly deeply concerned over the present discouraging trend of European affairs. He expects, while on the continent, to meet labor, political, business and financial leaders of all countries, both to learn direct from them conditions as they exist and political and social tendencies, and to talk with them about conditions in the United States.

In Contact With Nation's Leaders.

During his stay in Great Britain Colonel House, in his new and hitherto untried role as journalist ambassador of the Public Ledger and its syndicate of Canadian and American newspapers, has had a most unusual opportunity of coming into contact personally and confidentially with the leaders of the nation's business, finance, labor, religion and politics. He has met the kings of Great Britain and Spain, has breakfasted with the prime minister, dined with all of England's political leaders and has had intimate chats with the leaders of more than one continental country who have made special journeys from their home capitals to discuss conditions with the man who heretofore has always been known as "the silent colonel."

Colonel House's visit has interested European peoples for two reasons: First and foremost because of their intense interest in America. They have bombarded him with questions concerning America and have voiced frankly their own opinions and fears. Colonel House in his quiet way has been able to explain many of the misunderstandings and misconceptions which so many Europeans have of the United States. Many of those who come to him in belligerent mood, charging America with quitting the game, with deserting Europe and the world, have left in a friendlier spirit, more willing to overlook our own shortcomings while America is in the midst of a political cyclone very similar, indeed, to the upheavals which are of daily occurrence in Europe. Because Colonel House is today in Europe on no official mission, but as a private citizen seeking to interpret and understand Europe, he has been able to talk with complete freedom and his reports on America, unbiased and friendly, have been praised by friend and foe alike—even by some of his former political opponents who are traveling over here today in increasing numbers.

New Role of Special Writer.

The second reason Europe has been interested in Colonel House's visit is because of his association with the American press. It was difficult at first for Europe to imagine a man who always shrank from personal publicity in the role of a special writer and interpreter of European affairs. It has been interesting to the colonel's friends to come into contact with him in his new role, and what has impressed them is that this man, who for twenty odd years has been studying foreign politics, should, as the crowning event of his career, change from an adviser of the government to adviser of the American people through the newspapers. Those who know him believe that he will never again advise any government or any statesman, but devote his entire time toward bringing about an understanding between the peoples, and that he will work as zealously to inform the pub-

lic in the future as he has in the past, while chief observer and adviser to the President.

From "Silent" to Public Observer.

Colonel House has, indeed, changed from silent observer for the government to public observer for the press. Believing, as he does, that international understanding between peoples, his trip to Europe at this time has marked a milestone in his career, and from now on, even after his return to the United States, the American public will learn to know a new House, a man who has entered the lists to fight for his ideals of open diplomacy, the rights of weaker peoples, international peace by understanding and the League of Nations.

During his stay in England House has been deeply impressed by an opinion which he has heard so often, that continental Europe is today seething with social and economic unrest. The fear has been often expressed that a Europe is in for an experiment in socialism, modeled somewhat upon the Russian plan, but that it may, and probably will, assume different aspects and importance in the different countries. Upon that point there seems to be little difference of opinion. But differences arise as to whether it is a good thing for Europe and the world that these experiments should take place, or whether Europe should follow the old order more closely than new during this period of reconstruction and new orientation.

Another difference arises on the point as to the effect which this continental unrest will have upon England and America. No one knows today to what extent these two nations will be tarred with the red brush of communism.

CHICAGO PRICES ARE BOOSTED

War News Sent Everything up on Chicago Exchange.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—War news hoisted the price today of every commodity on the exchange. At the topmost point, wheat was up 15 cents a bushel. The close was nervous, 10 cents to 1-1/2 cents higher.

Corn finished at 2 3/4 cents to 6 1/8 cents advance, oats gained 1 1/2 cents to 2 3/4 cents, and provisions 17 to 30 cents.

Closet:
Wheat—December, \$2.40; March, \$2.42.
Corn—September, \$1.48; December, \$1.25 5/8.
Oats—September, 73 5/8; December, 71 3/4.
Pork—September, \$26.80; October, \$27.75.
Lard—September, \$19.25; October, \$16.50.

BEWARE OF TENDER GUMS

Unhealthy soil kills the best of wheat. Unhealthy gums kill the best of teeth. To keep the teeth sound keep the gums well. Watch for tender and bleeding gums. This is a symptom of Pyorrhea, which afflicts four out of five people over forty.

Pyorrhea menaces the body as well as the teeth. Not only do the gums recede and cause the teeth to decay, loosen and fall out, but the infecting Pyorrhea germs lower the body's vitality and cause many serious ills.

To avoid Pyorrhea, visit your dentist frequently for tooth and gum inspection. And use Forhan's For the Gums. Forhan's For the Gums will prevent Pyorrhea—or check its progress, if used in time and used consistently. Ordinary dentifrices cannot do this. Forhan's will keep the gums firm and healthy, the teeth white and clean. Start using it today. If gum-shrinkage has set in, use Forhan's according to directions, and consult a dentist immediately for special treatment.

See and 60c tubes in Canada and U.S. If your druggist cannot supply you, send price to us direct and we will mail tube postpaid.

FORHAN'S, LTD., Montreal
Forhan's
FOR THE GUMS

U. S. FINDING IT HARD TO SELL SHIPS

Very Little Demand for the Wooden Vessels Built During the War—Will Be Big Loss on Them.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Disposal of more than 1,500,000 tons of wooden shipping—406 vessels of various types—built as a part of the government's war time merchant marine programme is one of the most difficult problems facing the Shipping Board. Twenty-one of the craft, aggregating 82,000 deadweight tons, were offered recently but no buyers were found.

Only 194 of these wooden craft are now in operation. Seventy-three are tied up at various ports under managing caretakers and 139 are in storage yards. One hundred and seven of those in "storage" are finished hulls while 22 are converted barges.

Officials of the board say that when the serviceability of the wooden fleet has been demonstrated little difficulty will be experienced in turning it over to private ownership at about \$50 a ton. These vessels were built in an emergency, many of green timber, and some of them made poor showings a year and two years ago but now that they have "seasoned" officers of the board consider them practicable cargo carriers.

Because of the bad record of some of the vessels operators have condemned them all, officials declare, whereas the records of those now in operation show very creditable performances. One wooden ship out of six round trips across the Atlantic, at

sea 500 days and in port an equal number, was laid up for repairs only 22 days.

To date 532 wooden and composite ships, aggregating 1,948,250 deadweight tons, consisting of 322 cargo ships, one tanker, 115 finished hulls, ten sailing craft, 56 hulls converted into barges and 20 standard barges, have been delivered to the board. A total of 114 of these vessels, aggregating 397,283 deadweight tons, has been sold and 12 totalling 44,546 tons have been lost at sea.

The total cost of the construction of this fleet, estimated by the board at \$179 a deadweight ton, was approximately \$333,000,000. Sale of the 1,500,000 tons now held by the board at \$50 a ton would yield \$135,000,000. The board already sold brought about \$28,000,000 so that if the 406 remaining in the government's possession are disposed of to private owners the total loss through the wooden ship venture would be something like \$10,000,000.

WEEKLY CROP REPORT

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 5.—Weather conditions during the past week have not been of the best for hay-making. Frequent showers have somewhat retarded operations. The clover has been practically all harvested; generally speaking, there seems to be less clover in the province than last year. Much of the hay crop still remains to be cut. Since starting to cut, farmers are verifying the earlier reports put out that there is from 20 p. c. to 25 p. c. less hay than last year. Pastures are said to be poor in nearly all the reports, but recent rains will cause them to improve.

The grain crop is good. Some reports say "Never better." A splendid grain crop in the province seems assured. The turnip crop is growing well and should be well up to the average. The potato crop has improved very much during the past few weeks;

many fine fields of potatoes are to be seen. Late blight is starting to develop in some fields and, if it continues to develop, may cause considerable loss. Those farmers who have sprayed well with Bordeaux Mixtures will again find it the very cheapest form of insurance. There are quite a number of misses in fields in certain districts, but, considering the province as a whole, the potato crop looks fairly promising, and, if late blight does not develop to any extent, the potato yield of the province may yet be well up to the average.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding or Pruritus. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. See a box; all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.



Your Pleasure—and 15 Cents

If Virginia Cigarettes are your favorites, you will get your greatest pleasure by smoking "MILLBANKS." If you are particular about flavour, you will appreciate the delightful fragrance, mild and mellow richness of



MILLBANK VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

If you are a judge of fine quality, the first few puffs of a "MILLBANK" Cigarette will tell you that here is the choicest of Virginia leaf, cured and blended by experts.

If you are one of those sensible practical men, who demands a high-grade Virginia Cigarette of supreme quality and distinctive flavor, the "MILLBANK" Virginia Cigarettes will be your steady smoke.

10 for 15 Cents

MOVE BY VATICAN SEEN IN IRISH CHURCH KILLING

Men Who Shot Sergeant Placed Under Interdict — Dublin Now Talking War—Stopping of Trains to Curragh Races Stirs Middle Classes.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Dublin, Aug. 5.—Dublin talked settlement until Thursday. Today, it talks war. I ascribe the sudden access of hopefulness early in the week to the following causes:

1. An order reported to have reached the Irish hierarchy from the Vatican that they must be more explicit in condemning murder and lawlessness and must take active steps to suppress them. This order is supposed to have been the result of a letter to the Vatican worded in the strongest language by Catholic bishops of the United States and of the action of Bishop Cohan of Cork, himself an ardent Sinn Féiner.

2. The stopping of trains to the Curragh races, and other inconveniences, has stung the selfish and apathetic middle classes of Ireland into some sort of activity. Once got these fellows thoroughly aroused and the settlement of the Irish question will be a matter of days.

3. The Belfast disturbances have made it clear to the Catholic and the Nationalist element of the Irish people that the war between loyalty and disloyalty is going to be an expensive business for them, whatever the rights and wrongs of the matter may be.

4. Interesting features of the occasion were the sudden demand of the birth-rite truce from the Sinn Féin Journal for peace and reconciliation and a resolution of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, stanch Unionists to a man, that Ireland should be given the fullest measure of self-government within the empire.

5. The Freeman's Journal had not even went so far as to point out as an unmistakable fact that there was something doing, from the fact that for twenty-four hours no policemen had been marching in the streets of Dublin.

6. Dublin hopefulness evaporated like snow in May.

7. Undoubtedly the murder of Brooke and the attack on the military police in Dublin, together with simultaneous outrages of a grave nature in other parts of the country, may seem to be putting the clock of settlement back and playing into the hands of the extremists of both sides.

8. In the other hand, these incidents may make it clear to the now slowly awakening

Barneget light to stay in commission.

Effort will be made to save the historic old tower which waves are undermining.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Washington Aug. 5.—The Government will not abolish the light house at Barneget Inlet, N. J., nor does it intend to abandon the historic old tower now in use if funds can be found to assist the citizens of Barneget who hope to save it from the water of the inlet.

According to Geo. R. Putnam, federal light house commissioner, who has just returned from Barneget, where he made a survey of the situation, the Government will cooperate with the plan now being carried out to build a section on the west side of the Barneget light house where the current is eating into the foundation.

Since his return, Mr. Putnam has communicated with the residents of Barneget for an estimate of the cost of this work begun by local authorities, but abandoned for lack of funds. If the light house department can complete the job out of its general funds it will do so, Mr. Putnam said, for the service would be to preserve the tower.

"In any event," said Mr. Putnam, "there need be no apprehension that the Government will abolish a light at Barneget, even if a lightship is placed seven miles off shore, as has been planned. The lightship will not do away with the necessity of a light house at Barneget Inlet, although it will reduce the light house to serving the local needs of Barneget Bay rather than needs of general coastwise navigation. If sufficient funds are not found to save the present tower from the changing current of the inlet, a steel tower light will be erected there. Such a light house, now in New York and can be shipped to Barneget and put up in a short time.

Mr. Putnam indicated that the Government had determined definitely upon the advisability of putting a lightship off Barneget. Shipping interests, he said, were unanimously in favor of this course as essential to continue navigation. He explained that the coastwise routes from New York to the south separated off Barneget. Ships proceeding for Cape Cod, terms or south continued the south of the inlet, while vessels bound for the Chesapeake and the Delaware steered southwest after passing Barneget. The lightship also was equipped with a fog horn and would greatly aid navigation that far off shore as the horn at the inlet light house could not be heard far enough out to sea.

U. S. NEWSPAPERS INTERESTED IN CANADA

Many Items of News and Editorial References to This Country Found in American Dailies.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

New York Aug. 5.—(By Canadian Press.) Increased interest which the people of the United States are displaying in Canada and Canadian affairs is reflected in the columns of the U. S. newspapers. The Canadian Bureau of Information during June collected no less than 1,700 items concerning the Dominion and the bureau's records cover only 22 out of the 48 daily newspaper number, less does not include Canadian items published in trade papers and special publications.

Statistics for July are not yet available, but the present figures show that this month will exceed June in the matter of publicity accorded the Dominion by the press of the United States.

A significant fact in connection with this newspaper matter is that the U. S. editors appear suddenly to have awakened to the fact that their readers are interested in the people and the problems of their British neighbor. This is shown in the remarkable increase in the number of editorials dealing with Canadian affairs, and in the fact that 54 editorials of this nature were collected by the Bureau of Information from the papers in the 22 states covered.

Six months ago, not an editorial on a Canadian topic was to be seen in any publication south of the international boundary. It is probable that this war-torn Europe was again calling for the help and assistance of the America of Abraham Lincoln.

"Do not let us blind ourselves to the gravity of the European situation," said Lord Birkenhead, adding that "if the strength of all the nations could have been employed harmoniously, Europe would never have experienced the conditions of today. He said further that England and America would have to maintain the fabric of civilization. They and they alone with us have to cope with the social, economic and revolutionary consequences of today.

The luncheon was attended by a large number of prominent British and American public men and business leaders, including the Lord Mayor, Viscount Astor, the Ambassadors from Belgium, Brazil, Argentina and Chile, Justice Brandeis, Martin Voegd, James M. Beck, Lord Asquith and others equally distinguished. They all showed surprise and anxiety that the farewell luncheon to the American Ambassador should be the occasion of such a remarkable display of interest in the news of the Dominion.

The U. S. editors realize that their readers are interested in Canadian affairs and they are only too anxious to give them the news of the Dominion. This is shown by the fact that the Associated Press, the United Press, the Canadian Press and the Associated Press are all sending news of Canadian affairs to their respective newspapers.

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UNITED STATES TO BLAME FOR PRESENT CRISIS

If Strength of All Nations Used Harmoniously Today's Conditions Impossible.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

London, Aug. 5.—Ambassador Davis was given a most solemn and serious message by the American Launching Club on the eve of his return to the United States. During six months residence in London I have never experienced a public function over which there hung such clouds of anxiety and concern as over today's meeting. Only two men spoke—Lord Birkenhead, the Lord Chancellor, and Ambassador Davis—but the subject matter, tone and emphasis of their remarks were decidedly foreboding.

It seemed as though both men spoke for equal exhortation. In these grave days of reconstruction, Mr. Davis added, that he echoed the sentiment expressed by Premier Lloyd George last Wednesday that "this war-torn Europe was again calling for the help and assistance of the America of Abraham Lincoln."

"Do not let us blind ourselves to the gravity of the European situation," said Lord Birkenhead, adding that "if the strength of all the nations could have been employed harmoniously, Europe would never have experienced the conditions of today. He said further that England and America would have to maintain the fabric of civilization. They and they alone with us have to cope with the social, economic and revolutionary consequences of today.

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For the Protection of the Public The Trade Name "SALADA"

Is printed on Every Genuine Sealed Packet, which guarantees the Quality and Value of the Contents - TRADE WITH YOUR EYES OPEN -

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

South Brookfield, Queens Co., N.S., Oct. 1919. "Our little girl was very sick with Stomach Trouble and different foods were recommended, but everything failed until a nurse told me to give her OLIVEINE EMULSION. She is now a big, healthy baby and I would not be without it in the house. For coughs and colds and as a health builder, it is the best to be had. We recommended OLIVEINE EMULSION to quite a few who were suffering from the effects of Influenza and they used it with good results." (Name on request.)

OLIVEINE EMULSION is more than an ideal cough remedy, to pave the way for a quick recovery from heavy colds and deep-seated coughs. It is a body builder—gives strength to the weak—tones up and invigorates the whole system. It is pleasant to take and is agreeable to the most sensitive stomach.

Sold everywhere.

Prepared by Fraser, Thornton & Co. Limited, Cookshire, Que. 1

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

One of the interesting phases of the proposed new cotton mill to be erected at San Antonio, Texas, is that Mexican operatives are to be employed.

The mill, which is to be erected by Americans, will specialize in heavy, coarse fabrics used exclusively in the production of automobile tires.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Toronto Aug. 5.—A. C. MacMaster, solicitor for a number of creditors of the Dominion Shipbuilding Company, of this city, states that the company's plant must remain closed unless funds can be found from New York, where the principal shareholders and directors are located. The failure is attributed largely to strikes and high wages.

That he was going back to the United States to help interpret England to America and Europe to the people of the United States.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Washington Aug. 5.—If the American government contemplates all and official disclosures of the new attitude of the United States toward Japan's aggressive policy in Siberia, the announcement apparently will await the receipt of the Japanese reply to America's recent note of protest of the occupation of northern Saghalien and Nikolai.

The Japanese reply, which arrived from Tokyo last week, has been drafted, but not been delivered at Washington and state department officials today consistently declined to affirm to deny the sending of the American note. Officially the attitude of the department is that foreign governments usually reply to American notes and that Japan has received a note which calls for a reply, that reply will be forthcoming.

The interest attached to the Japanese note now is known to go far beyond a mere discussion of the Saghalien incident. The conversations are expected to reveal a new and definite policy to be adhered to by the United States in the handling of Russian and far Eastern affairs.

If the notes are made public, it was learned today, they will reveal this country as standing for a policy of no dismemberment of Russia, no recognition of the Soviet regime and preservation of the "open door" in the far East.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Camphobello, N. B., Aug. 2.—On Thursday evening a party comprising the guests of the Rosewood, Gibson and Merriman cottages had an early luncheon at Raconon Beach, Saturday, July 31st, proved a gala day.

The ball teams of the island and Grand Manan played a game of ball on the grounds (the site near the old Tyny-Ood). A picnic from Eastport, Me., was also held on that day, having previously been deferred by bad weather. A band and other sports made the day eventful.

P. Gallagher, of St. John (student), traversed the island during the past week in the interest of McLean Magazine Co.

Miss Hazel Calder returned from Rimaville on Wednesday.

Word was received here of the death at Lancaster, Pa., of Mrs. Annie Jenkins, formerly Miss Annie Forster, of East Galloway. She is survived by

SHIPBUILDING CO. MUST CLOSE PLANT

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CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS EASTERN LINES.

St. John River Bridge Substructure, SEALED TENDERS, addressed to C. B. Brown, Chief Engineer, Montreal, N. B., and marked on the outside, "Tenders for St. John River Bridge," will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, August 21st, 1920, for the construction and completion of the substructure for a single track Railway Bridge over the St. John River at Fredericton, N. B.

Plans, specifications and blank form of contract may be seen and tender forms obtained at the following offices: The Chief Engineer, Canadian National Railways, Montreal, N. B. The Division Engineer, Canadian National Railways, Tunnal Station, Montreal, Que.

The Station Agent, Canadian National Railways, Fredericton, N. B.

Tenders must be submitted in duplicate on the tender forms supplied for that purpose.

Each contractor tendering must submit with his tender a security deposit in the form of an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank of Canada and made payable to the "Canadian National Railways" for an amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00). Security deposits will be returned to all unsuccessful tenderers. Security deposit of successful tenderer will be forfeited to the Railway if Contractor refuses to enter into a contract based on his tender when called upon to do so. Contractor's security deposit will be returned on the satisfactory completion of the work.

Plans and specifications will be loaned to bona fide contractors on the deposit of security amounting to Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars. This security deposit to be in the form of an accepted cheque on any of the chartered Banks of Canada, made payable to the Canadian National Railways. Security deposit will be refunded on the return of the plans and specifications.

No revision of any order will be considered if received by the Chief Engineer at Montreal at a date later than 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, August 21st, 1920.

All conditions of the Specifications must be complied with.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

F. P. BRADY, General Manager, Eastern Lines, Montreal, P. Q., July 30th, 1920.

1600 ACRES TIMBERLAND FOR SALE.

THERE WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION AT CHURCH'S CORNER (so called), in the City of Saint John, on Tuesday, the 24th of August, 1920, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, 1600 acres of Timber land, containing 11 acres in the Parishes of Saint Martins and Simonds, Saint John County, Province of New Brunswick, as follows:

1. THE SHILOH LOT (so called), being lot "O" on the plan of lands of Richard Lovett and John S. Parker, and being Thomas O'Keefe, containing 100 acres more or less.

2. THE COLLAINE LOT (so called), being lot "P" on said plan, containing 310 acres more or less.

3. THE HILL LOT (so called), being part of lot "M" on said plan, containing 100 acres more or less.

4. THE CLAY FIELD LOT and HILL LOT (so called), being a lot on said plan, containing 37 acres more or less; and lot "B" on said plan containing 12 acres more or less.

5. THE CHURCH HILL LOT (so called) being lot "J" on said plan containing 89 acres more or less.

6. The southern half of the NORTHWEST MARSH (so called) marked on said plan as containing 25 acres more or less, and the northern half of the SOUTHWEST MARSH (so called) marked on said plan as undivided and containing 25 acres more or less, both lots being situated on the western side of Ten Mile Creek and marked on said plan.

7. A half share or interest in all MILLS PROPERTY (so called) marked on said plan containing one hundred acres more or less.

8. THE HILL LOT (so called) containing one hundred acres more or less.

The above eight lots being known as the LOVETT MARSH and situated near TEN MILE CREEK.

9. Lot Twenty of the EMIGRANT LANDS, Parish of Saint Martins on the North side of the upper road leading from Loch Lomond to Quaco.

10. Lots 21, 22, 23 and 24 of the EMIGRANT LANDS, on the North side of said road from Loch Lomond to Quaco, Parish of Saint Martins, as said granted by the Crown to John Dooley and Henry Larries, October 16th, 1828, known as the Lacey and Dooley lands. These lots are estimated to contain one million feet of virgin hardwood timber and one million feet of spruce.

For full description and further particulars apply to

TEED & THOM, 120 Prince William St., St. John, N.B.

July 19, 1920.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY Limited

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Canada After America's Cup

A. C. Ross Expresses Himself As Enthusiastic About Project to Provide Canada With a Challenger—Confident of Plenty of Money to Supply a Yacht.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Montreal, Aug. 5.—A. C. Ross arrived in Montreal today from Toronto and expressed himself as being enthusiastic about the project to provide Canada with a challenger for the famous America Cup. The way his idea has been received to date, he said, gave him great confidence that there will be little difficulty in securing one million, or even two million dollars, if required to supply a yacht. On his arrival he received a wire from H. D. DeWolfe, commodore of the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Squadron at Halifax, which read as follows: "An quite sure the Royal Nova Scotia Yacht Squadron will gladly cooperate in your project."

Already Mr. Ross has received a number of voluntary cash subscriptions and these will be placed immediately in a bank with others still to be made. A committee will be appointed by the Canadian Yacht Clubs to look after these funds, he said.

The following telegram was sent to J. P. Morgan of the American Cup committee this morning:

"J. P. Morgan, New York Yacht Club, New York.

"Thanks for your message re conditions under which yachts may challenge for your cup. You will receive a letter in a few days a challenge from a duly organized yacht club on the seaboard of Canada to compete for your cup in 1922. Please reply in care of Old Colony Club, Montreal."

"Signed, A. C. Ross."

This wire was in answer to one received from Mr. Morgan while Mr. Ross was in Toronto.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Washington Aug. 5.—If the American government contemplates all and official disclosures of the new attitude of the United States toward Japan's aggressive policy in Siberia, the announcement apparently will await the receipt of the Japanese reply to America's recent note of protest of the occupation of northern Saghalien and Nikolai.

The Japanese reply, which arrived from Tokyo last week, has been drafted, but not been delivered at Washington and state department officials today consistently declined to affirm to deny the sending of the American note. Officially the attitude of the department is that foreign governments usually reply to American notes and that Japan has received a note which calls for a reply, that reply will be forthcoming.

The interest attached to the Japanese note now is known to go far beyond a mere discussion of the Saghalien incident. The conversations are expected to reveal a new and definite policy to be adhered to by the United States in the handling of Russian and far Eastern affairs.

If the notes are made public, it was learned today, they will reveal this country as standing for a policy of no dismemberment of Russia, no recognition of the Soviet regime and preservation of the "open door" in the far East.

(Copyright,

THE STANDARD'S SPORTING SECTION

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Grand Circuit Races Yesterday

Toledo, O., Aug. 5.—Hal Mahone won the sweepstakes for 2:05 paces after losing the first heat to John Henry, while Great Britton won the Toledo Times 2:14 trot for three year olds, the features on today's grand circuit racing card at the Fort Meigs track.

The track was fast, the weather ideal and a large crowd turned out to see the sport. Arion McKinney won his first race of the season on the grand circuit when he took the 2:12 trot, but four heats were necessary as Letanna S came through in the second heat and Walnut Prico won the third one. The heat winners then raced off and Arion McKinney led all the way.

John Henry led all the way in the first heat of the 2:05 pace, but Hal Mahone outpaced the son of Wilkie in the next two heats, beating him in the stretch drive.

Louis Gratian won over the favorite, Goldie Todd, in the 2:03 pace, in straight heats. The last quarter of the second heat was paced in 29 seconds. Great Britton equaled the mark made by Day in the fastest mile race and is tied for the fastest mile for three year olds this year, when he stepped both heats of the 2:14 trot in 2:07 1/4.

Summaries: 2:12 Trot, Purse \$1,200, Three Heats. Arion McKinney, b s, by McKinney (Egan) 1 2 3; Letanna S, b s, by Unko (Morrison) 4 5 6; Golden Spire, ch m, by Directum Spire (Stokes) 7 8 9.

Betty Thornton, blk m, by The Northern Man (Egan) at Kalamazoo and in tie for the fastest mile for three year olds this year, when he stepped both heats of the 2:14 trot in 2:07 1/4.

2:03 Pace, Purse \$1,200, 3 Heats. Arion McKinney, b s, by McKinney (Egan) 1 2 3; Letanna S, b s, by Unko (Morrison) 4 5 6; Golden Spire, ch m, by Directum Spire (Stokes) 7 8 9.

2:05 Trot, Purse \$1,200, 3 Heats. Arion McKinney, b s, by McKinney (Egan) 1 2 3; Letanna S, b s, by Unko (Morrison) 4 5 6; Golden Spire, ch m, by Directum Spire (Stokes) 7 8 9.

2:07 1/4 Trot, Purse \$1,200, 3 Heats. Arion McKinney, b s, by McKinney (Egan) 1 2 3; Letanna S, b s, by Unko (Morrison) 4 5 6; Golden Spire, ch m, by Directum Spire (Stokes) 7 8 9.

2:14 Trot, Purse \$1,200, 3 Heats. Arion McKinney, b s, by McKinney (Egan) 1 2 3; Letanna S, b s, by Unko (Morrison) 4 5 6; Golden Spire, ch m, by Directum Spire (Stokes) 7 8 9.

The City League Game Last Evening

Alerts Were Shut Out by the St. Peter's Team—Winners Made Six Runs in Seven Inning Game.

The St. Peter's in the City League played a seven inning game last evening and managed to shut out the Alerts.

The champions hit harder and played cleaner but having but one error while the Alerts totaled six bores.

For the first four innings neither team scored but the St. Peter's scored two runs in each of the last three innings.

Live official box score and summary follows:

Alerts	AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
S. Sterling, lf	3	0	1	4	0	0	0
Brogan, 2b	3	0	0	2	2	2	0
Gill, lb	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
Costello, cf	2	0	0	1	0	1	0
Brown, rf	2	0	1	0	1	0	1
Forayth, ss	3	0	1	0	0	0	0
Knudell, 3b	3	0	0	1	2	2	0
Brittain, c	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
Stirling, p	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Total	22	0	4	20	6	6	0

St. Peter's

AB	R	H	P	O	A	E
O'Hagan, 2b	4	1	2	0	2	1
Mooney, 2b	4	0	0	8	2	0
Dover, c	4	1	2	2	2	0
Gibbons, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Callaghan, cf	4	0	0	0	0	0
McGovern, lb	4	1	2	10	0	0
Milan, cf	3	0	0	3	0	0
Harrigan, rf	3	1	2	1	0	1
Harrigan, p	3	1	2	0	2	0
Total	32	6	10	20	11	1

Alerts

Summary—Sacrifice hit, Milan; stolen bases, Dover (2); Harrigan; struck out by Doherty 2, by Stirling 7; bases on balls, of Doherty 3, of Stirling 6; umpire Howard and Hayes. Score, Curvey.

Records Shashed On Chatham Track

Exposer, Fredericton's Speedy Trotter, Hangs Up a New One for Fast Speedway.

Chatham, Aug. 5.—The second day's events of Chatham's mid-summer racing meet were run on this afternoon under most auspicious weather conditions, the day throughout being fine and warm with little wind.

The programme, consisting of a 2:18 special class trot, with five starters, and the 2:14 trot and pace with five starters, drew a large attendance, a conservative estimate being 1,800, and patrons were not disappointed as both events produced real contests for supremacy and exceptionally fast time was made in both events.

In the 2:18 class Border Prince lowered his event in straight heats, but gave to the fast local speedway another enviable record, that of the three fastest miles ever trotted in a half mile track in Canada. The Chatham track also holds the Canadian record for the fastest heat by a trotter, and the Maritime record for the fastest mile. The summary follows:

2:18 Class Trot

Border Prince, Jewett, Procter 1 1 1; Victoria, McAllister, Barnes 2 2 2; Dolly Duroc, Potvin, Montreal 4 4 4; Leone, Perkins, Boston 5 5 5; Lochiel, O'Neill, Halifax 6 6 6. Time—2:18 1/4, 2:18 1/4, 2:18 1/4.

2:14 Trot and Pace, Purse \$400

The Exposer, Jewett, Potvin 1 1 1; Tony, Hoo, St. John 2 2 2; Lake De Sore, Faulkner, Mt 3 3 3; Roy Volo, Lint, Fredericton 4 4 4; Jennie Penn, McAllister, Sussex 5 5 5. Time—2:07 1/4, 2:07 1/4, 2:07 1/4.

2:03 Pace, Purse \$1,200, 3 Heats

Royal (Flaming) 1 1 1; Goldie Todd, b m, by Toia Mac (Geers) 2 2 2; Johnny Quirk, s g, by Hedge-wood Boy (Egan) 3 3 3; Barones Edgewood, b m, by Baron Review (Childs) 4 4 4. Time 2:02 1/4, 2:07 1/4, 2:07 1/4.

2:14, 3 Year Olds Trot, the Toledo Times Stake, 2 in 3 Heats, Purse \$2,000.

Great Britton, b c, by Peter Chasalt (Dodge) 1 1 1; Harvest Hors, b s, by Harvestor (Geers) 2 2 2; Miss Em, b c, by J. Malcolm (Forbes White) 3 3 3; The Great Miss Morris, ch f, by Peter the Great (Cox) 4 4 4; Peter Asell and Margaret the Great also. Time 2:07 1/4, 2:07 1/4.

KEEN PLAYING AT MARITIME PROVINCES GOLF MEETING

Players From All Over the Maritime Provinces and Spectators at Riverside Links Enjoying Good Weather—Yesterday's Results—The Annual Meeting—Officers Elected—Next Meet in Amherst—Programme for Today.

In the third day's play of the Maritime Provinces Golf Meet Gerald Mielke the phenomenal young player from the Brighton Club, Halifax, defeated A. E. Scrutten, of the Westfield Club, the only N. B. player to get into the semi-finals of the amateur championships, 7 up and 5 to play, while J. M. Murphy, of Halifax, defeated his club mate C. A. Evans 4 up and 3 to play.

Mielke has things nearly all his own way in his match and is by far the outstanding player at the tournament. Though still a mere youth he drives wonderfully well, has a deadly approach and is a very accurate putter. He is the best possibility that has been uncovered in the Maritime Provinces for many years, and properly coached should go far. This is the first big event that he has ever competed in and judging by his form to date he will be the amateur champion.

Scrutten is also a wonderful driver and got away some long ones yesterday. He has a beautiful style but he does not enter seriously enough into the game to give a proper account of himself.

C. A. Evans made a strong bid in the early holes of his game with Jim Murphy to turn the tables on him. He won from his club mate H. M. Wylie 5 up and 3 to go. Father and son meet this morning in the finals and it should be a close match.

Me. Henry, Sr. is not only a first-class golfer, but a first-class athlete. He is one of the best known athletes in Canada, and is probably the best all round athlete that the Maritime Provinces has produced. In the early eighties he captained the Maritime football team. He is one of Canada's outstanding cricketers and has been a member of practically all the All-Canada cricket teams that have come over to the Old Country, but Mr. Henry won from his club mate H. M. Wylie 5 up and 3 to go. Father and son meet this morning in the finals and it should be a close match.

In the semi-finals of the first consolation two Riverside players were returned—witness, A. C. Currie beat J. Pope, Barnes, while H. N. Stetson won from C. W. Durant, Brighton, 1 up in the nineteenth hole. Mr. Durant was leading 3 up at the end of the fifteenth, but Mr. Stetson took the next three and made 5. Mr. Durant lost his stroke at the nineteenth and Stetson took the hole.

It was expected that Nova Scotia, on account of the showing in the first round, would win the inter-provincial match. But after the smoke of battle had cleared away it was found that New Brunswick had been returned the winner by a point, G. C. Mielke, of St. John's, won from C. J. Jones, Woodstock, but lost the second and the match.

Malcolm Martin, Lingan, won both rounds and the match from C. J. Jones, Woodstock.

J. D. McKenzie, Lingan, halved the first round with H. M. Stetson, River-ville, and lost the second and the match.

H. D. Paterson, Riverview, halved one round with C. W. Montgomery, Truro, and won the other.

A. E. Scrutten halved the first round with Hugh Henry and won the second.

J. A. Cameron, Woodstock, halved one round with J. McCaskill, Lingan, and won the other.

In the special consolation, or as it is jokingly termed, the "consolation" match, H. B. McLaughlin, Truro, won from N. C. Rogers, Amherst 2 up and Geo. A. Taylor, Fredericton won from Geo. Mitchell, Woodstock, 3 up. Mr. McLaughlin left evening for his home in Truro so the final goes to Mr. Mitchell by default.

The professionals went over the course several times during the morning and afternoon getting in trim for their match today. Quincey and Bryant were getting off some wonderful drives while Kettle made some marvellous putts. S. Langard, the Riverview pro, and G. C. Mielke played a 18-hole practice match in the afternoon. Mielke won 4 up. He had a 27 in the 2nd year and Langard had a 49. Both had 4 at the first hole in the second round while at the seventh hole in the first round Mielke had a beautiful 4. This is a 56 net hole and he a bogey 6.

Quincey and Langard are well favored in the professional match. Carnfoot, the Langard pro, is handicapped on account of his right wrist. It was perforated with a piece of shrapnel during the war and interferes with his drive.

The annual meeting of the association was held yesterday and the following officers elected: Percy Black, Amherst, President; Dr. G. W. O'Brien, Amherst, Vice-President; I. R. Cross, Amherst, Secretary; W. A. Henry, Brighton, Stewart McCawley, Lingan, W. H. Semple, Truro, Andrew Jack, Riverview, and Geo. A. Taylor, Fredericton are members of the executive. The 1921 meet takes place in Amherst.

In the evening the visitors were guests at an enjoyable informal dance in the Club House.

Today's programme follows: G. C. Mielke plays J. M. Murphy in the finals of the Amateur Championship round. The first 18 holes will be played in the morning and the second in the afternoon.

W. A. Henry plays Hugh McE Henry in the finals in the first consolation.

H. N. Stetson plays A. C. Currie in the finals in the second consolation.

In both of these consolations 36 holes will be played, 18 in the morning and 18 in the afternoon.

The first 18 holes in the open professional championship, medal play, will be played at 10 o'clock and the second 18 holes at 2:30 o'clock.

A purse totaling \$105 is offered and is divided as follows: 1st, \$75; 2nd, \$40; 3rd, \$20. Brighton, plays A. Carrfoot, Lingan. Sydney Lingard, Riverview, plays O. Braut, Truro.

Henry, Westfield, plays Andrew Kettle, Amherst. The approaching and putting competition will take place in the afternoon also.

Industrial League Game Last Evening

Hartland Won From Fredericton

Capital Y. M. C. A. Ball Team Were Given Surprise and Was Trimmed Yesterday by a Score of 16 to 8.

Fredericton, N. B., Aug. 5.—The local Y. M. C. A. baseball team had a surprise pulled over them this afternoon when they were defeated by the Hartland Base Ball Team in a loosely played nine inning contest by a score of 16 to 8. Paynter, a former member of the Y. M. C. A. team, had the mound for the visitors and pitched good steady ball throughout. He was well supported in the field. Fraser, another former member of the Y. M. C. A. team held down the second sack and out of seventeen field chances he secured fifteen. The game was won by steady hitting on the part of the Hartland team. Wheeler of the Y. M. C. A. team being batted out of the box in the fourth inning and replaced by Williams. The Y. M. C. A. team are the leaders of the York County League, while the Hartland nine is one of the strongest on the upper St. John.

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Yesterday's Results in the Big Leagues

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh 8; Brooklyn 5.

At Brooklyn—1000001008—4 14 0; Brooklyn 100001009—5 12 1; Batters—Cartson, Hamilton and Haefner; Grimes and Miller, Elliot.

New York 2; Chicago 1.

At New York—Chicago 000001000—1 2 0; New York 000003002—2 4 1; Batteries—Vaughn and Dady; Barnes and Snyder.

Boston 1; St. Louis 0.

At Boston—St. Louis 000000000—0 4 1; Boston 010000008—1 6 1; Batteries—Schupp, Goodwin and Clemens; Watson and O'Day.

Cincinnati 7; Philadelphia 0.

At Philadelphia—Cincinnati 001104100—7 11 1; Philadelphia 000000000—0 2 2; Batteries—Ludwig and Wingo; Hubbell, Erdmann and Wheat.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston 4; Chicago 2.

At Chicago—Boston 000000510—4 8 0; Chicago 000000000—0 8 1; Batteries—Ludwig and Walters; Cicotte and Schalk.

Detroit 7; New York 1.

At Detroit—New York 010000000—0 5 3; Detroit 000110058—7 14 1; Batteries—Shawkey and Hannah; Hueb, Flinke and Stanga.

St. Louis 2; Washington 1.

At St. Louis—Washington 001000000—1 5 0; St. Louis 000001001—9 14 2; Batteries—Shaw and Gharby; Shocker and Severed.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Reading 8; Syracuse 2.

At Syracuse—Reading 101013101—8 15 1; Syracuse 000000020—2 6 0; Batteries—Karp and Cotter; Quinn, Carlson and Ousey.

Toronto 13; Buffalo 7.

At Buffalo—Toronto 543000010—13 20 4; Buffalo 000130005—7 12 2; Batteries—Ryan and Devine; Thomas, Gordonier, Helman and Bruszyk; Corvee.

Akron 9; Rochester 3.

At Rochester—Akron 800010101—3 5 2; Rochester 310110020—9 16 1; Batteries—Coffin and Manning; Finnan and Smith.

Baltimore 9; Jersey City 5.

At Baltimore—Jersey City 400000001—5 12 5; Baltimore 120440208—9 15 0; Batteries—Carlson, Gill and Freitas; Anderson; Ogden and Egan.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP CRICKET MATCHES

London, Aug. 4.—(By Canadian Associated Press)—In championship cricket today Nottingham defeated Surrey in an exciting finish at Kennington Oval. Nottingham held 275 runs to get to win and won by three wickets. Carr, the Nottingham captain, made 106 not out.

Killam High Man At Yarmouth

Leads the Field Thus Far in Grand Aggregate—St. John Second in Main Shoot.

Special to The Standard.

Yarmouth, N. S., Aug. 5.—The first day Golden Sports were held in dog and fish, but were well attended. Halifax won the Yarmouth cup for the five-man team by one point, with a score of 214. St. John second with 213. Yarmouth third with 197. Amherst fourth with 128. St. John scores were: Killam, 45; McAvily, 47; Russell, 49; Berry, 37; Dickson, 36; total, 213.

In the individual 25 bird match there are four ties, which will be shot off Friday. They are Skinner, Yarmouth; Smith, Yarmouth; McLaughlin, Halifax, and Killam, St. John, with 24 each. Killam leads the field thus far in the grand aggregate by two points.

The championship five-man team match takes place Friday. Russell and Killam, of St. John, scored the possible 25 targets in today's matches.

Interesting Bout At Halifax

Decision of Ireland Given Williams Over Vera of Massachusetts.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 5.—(Canadian Press)—The scheduled fifteen-round bout at the Mayflower Rink between Kid Williams of Ireland, and Tony Vera, of New Bedford, Mass., was awarded to Williams in the ninth round, when Vera injured his left hand and, though willing to continue, was sent to his corner.

In the opening rounds Williams had the better of the going through superior speed and stiffness, but in the fourth Vera started using a straight which found the Irishman to good advantage. The American boxer also opened up on the speed break and from the fourth until the seventh put up one of the most interesting arguments seen here for some time. In the eighth session Williams delivered some heavy punches and landed effectively with both right and left to the Italian boy's jaw.

The ninth had barely started when Vera, after coming out of a clinch, allowed his left hand to hang and it was seen that he had injured it. Referee Ted Power stopped the bout and awarded the decision to Williams.

A semi-final between Kid Blake of Halifax, and Harry Lyman, of Moncton, went to the local entry in the eighth round after a strenuous battle in which Blake had the better of the going in all but one of the rounds.

WOLFFVILLE WON FROM KENTVILLE

Kentville, N. S., Aug. 4.—Kentville and Wolfville played their last Valley League game at Aldershot this afternoon before a small crowd. Wolfville won with a score of 11 to 3. Kentville played lightly in the box and Walsh behind the bat. Wolfville's battery was Haines and Hart. Wyman Porter of Kentville umpired the game.

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Presque Isle Races Yesterday

Four races pulled off today before big crowds. 2:25 pulled off easy. Great interest of today in Free-for-All. Great disappointment not to have the Ghost start owing to lameness as this is the first visit of this horse to the county owing to reputation in past many years anxious to see him race. After third heat Oyo Pino went lame, which was also a great disappointment as he was looked to be a favorite. The Problem won easy after Oyo Pino was drawn. In second heat 2:18 trot and pace, Woodcliff King led and horses behind him Colley Swift and Dulcet Patch piled up in a heap. Claude Dewitt, driver of Woodcliff King had his right arm injured, and perhaps broken as result. No other horse or driver hurt.

2:21 trot and pace, after second heat, owing to jam, was decision of judges and drivers to call the race off.

Summaries:

2:25 Trot and Pace. Oyo Pino was drawn. In second heat 2:18 trot and pace, Woodcliff King led and horses behind him Colley Swift and Dulcet Patch piled up in a heap. Claude Dewitt, driver of Woodcliff King had his right arm injured, and perhaps broken as result. No other horse or driver hurt.

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The St. John Standard.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1926.

THE AMERICA'S CUP.

Replying to the toast of his health at a civic reception given in his honor in New York, on Tuesday, Sir Thomas Lipton said that the only fault he found with the Americans was that they built a better boat than his. We do not profess to know very much about yacht racing, or the building of yachts, but it seems to us that Sir Thomas' criticism is not exactly to the point.

One of the conditions applying to the challenger is that the boat shall be such as will cross the Atlantic and do her own sailing, so that such a boat must naturally be heavier and more strongly built than would be the case with a boat that is not called upon to undergo that trial.

Dismissing the race, an English contemporary remarks that it would hardly have been foreseen by the yachtsmen of the Royal Yacht Squadron in the year of the Great Exhibition, when they offered the now famous Cup for competition at the regatta of 1851, that they were founding an international event of world-wide interest.

MR. MACKENZIE KING'S OPTIMISM
Some few years ago the late Hon. George F. Hill, speaking in the Legislature on a day on some railway proposals submitted by the then leader of the Government, who had happened to remark that he was quite optimistic with regard to the outlook for them, defined an optimist as "one who swears after the unattainable, dives after the unobtainable, and who doesn't pay cash."

THE LAUGH LINE
Make That Little Do. Our portion is too large, indeed; But then how little do we need; For nature's calls are few, In this the art of living lies, To want no more than may suffice, And make that little do.

PANAMA CANAL ROUTE.
Both the Maritime Provinces and British Columbia are asking if the new increases in freight and passenger rates will not make the Panama Canal route commercially profitable for trans-Canada shipments.

month have considered the Panama route, but conditions since the armistice have not favored experimenting with it. The Mail and Express points out that before the war, a ship loaded with grain was sent from Vancouver to Liverpool, via the canal, to test the effect of the heat on the grain, and the results were not satisfactory.

The Panama Canal was formally opened ten days after the outbreak of war. Landslide stopped traffic for various periods up to September, 1916, but the Allies found the short cut most useful in the movement of traffic to and from Australia and the west coast of South America. The canal has not really had peace-time use, under competitive conditions, when a saving of a few hundred miles of steaming, or a cent or two per hundredweight on cargo means the difference between profit and loss.

The Canadian Government Merchant Marine is operated as a feeder for the National Railways, which need traffic. From this point of view, development of the Panama Canal route for Halifax-Vancouver traffic is against the principal object of the marine. But with rates on the railways so high, increased Canadian commerce will have need to seek cheaper channels of traffic, if they exist, and the Panama Canal situation will have to be fully explored.

MURDER IN THE PRESENCE OF GOD.

A few days ago Sergeant Mulhern, of the Royal Irish Constabulary, was killed as he entered Bandon Church for Mass. Two men concealed in the porch shot him, and other murderers are said to have laid in wait in the church itself. This man, a servant of the British people, whose only crime was to do his duty, was killed on the verge of the Sacrament of his Church.

There have been, in the sorry history of Ireland, unnumbered conspiracies and reigns of terror and armed insurrections. That is the history of Ireland. It was even the history of Great Britain. There, in its records, a crime more dastardly and cruel and pitiless and godless than the murder of Sergeant Mulhern?

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A professor of Wisconsin University, who desires to note the physical and moral effects of the use of tobacco by girls and young women, is offering forty cents an hour to

twenty-four students of the University who will undertake the job. We take it the form of "weed" provided will be cigarettes, as it takes a case-hardened smoker to "stay with" a pipe for very long, and the average cigar, too, would be more than most women could stand. We fear these young ladies will not earn any very large amount of money, and it is not unlikely that their efforts in this direction will present more or less of a sickening spectacle, in more senses than one.

WHAT OTHERS SAY

After Defending This Land. (J. Ramsay MacDonald's "Socialism After the War.") When the soldiers return, they will be able to make claims upon the nation of quite a new kind. Peace-conditions have hitherto been determined by buying and selling; now they can be based upon sacrifice and service. This materially affects land ownership, the purchases of which have been cancelled by the war. The nation has become the people's inheritance.

Like Rheims Cathedral. (Vladik, Soviet Russian.) By the Polish outrage in Kielb, terrible sufferings are imposed on the very population which General Pilsudski and General Poturra declared it was their aim to help and to liberate from the Bolsheviks. The destruction of the Vladimir Cathedral is a greater act of barbarity than was the destruction of Rheims Cathedral by the Germans during the Imperialist war.

Where She Erred. Miss Gerty God called the new maid, and said tartly: "If you don't improve, Maria, I shall have to dispense with your services!" "But I do my best," Maria insisted. "Yesterday afternoon you insulted a friend of mine."

Needed at Dances And the Sea Shore. (Aids to Beauty.) Here is a home treatment for removing hairs that is quick, painless and inexpensive. With some powdered delatone and water make enough paste to quickly cover the objectionable hairs, apply and after 2 or 3 minutes rub off, wash the skin and it will be left soft, clear and hairless.

A BIT OF VERSE
HIS MISTRESS' EYEBROW. (The newest beauty fad for women is shaving the eyebrows, which "are carved by means of the razor from the average thick shapeliness into fine, crescent-shaped, delicate lines.") Amaze, once I get you down Among the learned class of high brows, Because of that forbidding frown Suggested by your ample eyebrows.

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Benny's Note Book BY LEE PAPE

A waggin full of oranges came down the street yesterday afternoon, and me and Sid Simkins and Sid Hunt were standing there looking at them while the man was across the street selling some to Mrs. Wernick, and suddenly all of a sudden the horses tale came around as hard as it could and hit me rite in the face, being more of a surprise than a accident, and I quick jumped back saying, Hay, wat the dickins, hay.

I bet you could see that man for that, his horse aint got eny-rite to go around hitting people in the face with its tale, sed Puds, and Sid Hunt sed, G. Benny, wy dont you perend your going to sue him enyway? Me and Puds will be your witnesses and maybe he will give us each about 6 oranges apiece to settle the case out of cort.

Sure, G. that's a grate idee, Benny, even if he ony gives us each 4 oranges apiece it wont be so bad, sed Sid Hunt. Sounding like a pritty good of idee, aint pritty soon the man came back, being a tuff looking man with a long mouth properly being stretched on account of him yelling Orindges so awfen, and I sed, Hay, mister, your horse hit me rite in the face with its tale.

Well wy dont you keep away from horses tales? sed the man. Being a kind of unexpectid answer, and I sed, Well I got 2 witnesses and I could sue you for that if I wanted to, you saw it happen, didnt you fellows?

I saw it, I was standing rite heer looking, sed Puds, and Sid sed, I saw it, I was standing so close if id of him standing eny closer it mite of hit me too, and Ill prove it in cort, too. So will I, sed Puds.

Heers my witnesses I sed, and the man sed, Aw go home and tell your mother she wants you, illgive the hole 3 of you a kick in the tale, oranges, orindges, nasy oranges. And he waked away and so did his horse and nutting ets happened.

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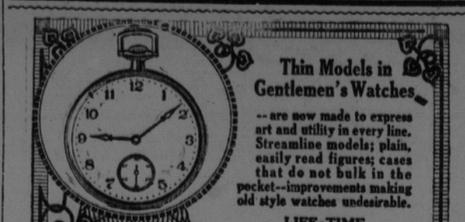
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Accurate news, cleanly and briefly written, covering the field completely. High class fiction. A woman's page with features and articles of interest to women. The best sporting and financial pages. Brainy editorials and many other features, put The Standard in a class by itself and make it the best newspaper buy for people who are particular.

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TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS OF AIRMEN

French Aviators' Experience on the Margin of the Sahara Desert.

DEATH CLAIMED ONE OF THE PARTY

Others About Dead When They Were Rescued — Spent Nearly Four Weeks in Torment.

(Copyright, 1920 by Cross Atlantic News Service.)

Paris, Aug. 5.—An extraordinary human document is published by L'Illustration in the shape of a report by Marcel Vasin, one of the two French airmen accompanying General Laperriere on the flight to Timbuctoo, West Africa, last February, when their aeroplane made a forced landing in the Sahara.

The airmen's first thought after the forced landing on February 18 was to resume the water, and next day the general decided that they should start for the mountains of the Adrar. The two airmen loaded themselves up with provisions and water, and the three agreed to ration themselves so one and a half pints of water a day each.

The going was terrible hard, their feet sinking four inches into the hot sand, and the sun was terrible. They marched at intervals until the afternoon of February 20, when they reached a little height in the sand, and, looking out, saw nothing but the desert stretching out in front of them, and no sign of the mountains. The general anxiously consulted his maps, "but," says Vasin, "we read in his face that we were lost."

It was then decided that they must return to the aeroplane. All three were growing weaker, and the general suffered greatly. They reached the aeroplane again after three days' march.

They rigged up a tent and recovered six gallons of water from the radiator leaving six pints in it as a reserve stock. So they remained until February 25. On that day Marcel Vasin made his will and signed it "Marcel Vasin, whom Fate is leading to God." Once or twice a gazelle appeared, at which they shot but without effect. The recurrent sand storms added to the horror of their existence.

The two airmen then tried to reach the military post at Tin Zaouten, which they reckoned to be 85 miles away, but Bernard collapsed almost at once, and with despair growing in their hearts, they returned to the general, who had consented to their departure. Laperriere was by now obviously dying. "On March 4," says Vasin, "we saw vultures circling round us, crying, 'They caught that one of us was about to die.'"

The general died the next day. Before his death he said: "My children, people think I know the desert, but nobody knows it. I have crossed the Sahara ten times. On this my eleventh trip, I shall stay here."

By March 10 the airmen had consumed the last of their provisions. The diary says: "Bernard ate some glycerine which the general had in his valise. I ate toothpaste, which made me very thirsty. We took a few pastilles. We reduced our consumption of water to one pint a day between the two of us."

"On March 12 Bernard wanted to make an end of it, and proposed it to me. I tried to restore his morale."

Next day Bernard insisted on suicide more insistently than before. "We drank the last of the water. Bernard got out of his valise two razor blades. We took one each, but beforehand we put two receptacles beside us to catch our blood so that we might drink it at intervals. I had just begun to wound myself, also, but seeing that no blood came from Bernard's wound I refrained. My poor comrade got very angry. He threw away the blade and I did the same. Then he said: 'Well do it tomorrow with our throats last cartridges.'"

"Very early on the morning of March 14 I heard Bernard say: 'I still have a little hope left. On this I pulled the blanket over us again. We did not sleep, but we reflected. An hour had scarcely passed when I heard the buzz of a camel. At this some unknown voice gave me strength. I seized the carbine and fired three shots.'"

Lieutenant Provost, head of the party which had providentially stumbled on the missing men, explained that he was not looking for them, but was going to Agades for rations.

THE BEGINNING OF PAN-GERMAN MOVEMENT SEEN

Congress of German Socialists Believed the First Steps Toward Unification.

REGARDED AS DEFINITIVE FLUNG AT ENTENTE

Agenda Makes No Secret of Objects Aimed at in Calling of the Congress.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Berlin, Aug. 5.—The beginnings of the new Pan-German movement are seen in the forthcoming congress of Socialists of the German tongue which will convene at Salzburg, August 7 and 8. The initiative in this movement to unite all non-Slavic German territory into a single bloc springs from the Austrian Socialists, and undoubtedly a definite attempt will be made to form a unified Pan-German party and revive the old dream of the homogeneity of the German races.

Among the items on the programme, of the congress is a report, concerning relationship with Germans in the empire, the fixing of a framework for a programme to be followed by all groups in Germany and former Russia, election of a common interstate board of management and a report on the future outlook of Germans in the "liberated regions."

Indicative of the thoroughness with which the organization is being planned is the fact that even the German element within Czechoslovakia, small though it is, has been invited to send delegates and has been given four votes in the congress. In the appeals sent forth by the Austrians, no endeavor is made to hide the Socialist guise or the Pan-German character of the movement. It is indeed considered a very bold move, in the face of what the peace-makers have been trying to do in the past, and though there is no trace of governmental participation in the undertaking, there is no doubt it has its official approbation.

It is evident the Pan-German Socialists have flung their deft at the Entente, particularly at France, where constant efforts to dismember Germany and prevent the fusion of German Austria with the empire is alleged to have tended only to fan the flame of racial consciousness to greater proportions. By placing upon the agenda of the congress a report of the future outlook of Germans in unliberated territories and by the election of an interstate party committee, the initiators of the movement show a decided intention of intervening in the destinies of the various states comprising the new settlement, surely show a tendency toward the reviving the Pan-German conceptions of the Bolshevik offensive may have not a little influence upon the outcome of the Salzburg congress.

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"Very early on the morning of March 14 I heard Bernard say: 'I still have a little hope left. On this I pulled the blanket over us again. We did not sleep, but we reflected. An hour had scarcely passed when I heard the buzz of a camel. At this some unknown voice gave me strength. I seized the carbine and fired three shots.'"

Lieutenant Provost, head of the party which had providentially stumbled on the missing men, explained that he was not looking for them, but was going to Agades for rations.

The funeral of Mrs. Ann Hoyt was held yesterday afternoon from Leinster street Baptist Church. The service was conducted by Rev. F. H. Bene, and interment was in Fernhill.

The funeral of William Arnold Rolston was held yesterday afternoon from his parents' residence, 125 Rodney street, West End. The service was conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson, and interment was in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Louis Henry Mouch, who died at Lakeside, was held yesterday afternoon from the undertaking rooms of M. N. Powers. The body will be sent to Ontario for interment.

A. McM. Thurott.

Many in the counties of Queens, Simsbury and Kent will learn with regret of the death of Alexander McMillan Thurott, which took place at his residence, Newcastle Bridge, Queens County, on Sunday evening, August 3rd.

Mr. Thurott was a son of the late John Thurott, of West Branch, Welford, Kent County, where the deceased was born and brought up. He came to Salmon Creek, Queens County, in the early eighties to teach school. He later taught at Newcastle Bridge, and there began his successful and honorable business career by opening a small general store. Lumbering, mining and real estate soon claimed his entire attention, and he built up a large and profitable business both at Newcastle and at Minto. He was for some time a member of the Simsbury County Council, and was keenly interested in both Provincial and Dominion politics.

About five years ago his health began to fail, and though he spent a winter in Florida, and had the best of medical skill at his service at all times, he gradually declined and finally succumbed to malarial rheumatism after much suffering, at the age of 61. He was of a cheerful and optimistic disposition, was hospitable in his home to a remarkable degree, and was a liberal supporter of the needs and of every good cause. The whole community mourns him and deplores the loss of a man of character and honor. The funeral was held on Tuesday, August 3rd, and conducted by Rev. A. Sutherland, of the Chapman Presbyterian Church, assisted by Rev. Frank Baird, was attended by an immense gathering, service being an immense gathering, service being in the Baptist Church, Newcastle, and interment at the Red Bank cemetery.

Macaulay Bros. & Co., Ltd.
Stores open 8.30 a.m. Close 6 p.m. Friday Close 10 p.m. Saturday Close 1 p.m.

Friday and Saturday Have Special Bargains
—TO END—
ANNUAL Clearaway Sale

These last two days of this big selling event, are unusual money savers for **Men - Women Children**

There are big values in:

- Men's Furnishings
- Wash Goods
- Dress Goods
- Silks
- Stamped Goods
- Veilings
- Purses
- Hosiery
- House Furnishings
- Linens
- Dresses
- Blouses
- Millinery
- Whitewear
- Corsets
- Underskirts
- Underwear
- Sweaters
- Gloves

Real bargains are offered in all of these lines, and remember you have only two more days in which to take advantage of them.

Dictate to the Dictaphone AND

Leave your office, not because a day has gone, but because the work of a day is done.

Owing to increased demand, demonstrations limited to three days, until further notice.

ST. JOHN TYPEWRITER & SPECIALTY CO., LTD.
COR. MILL AND UNION STS.

The Chocolate Shop Management has been fortunate in securing the services of four competent lady cooks, and the dishes they are turning out cannot be surpassed.

Our Menu comprises dishes, which when properly prepared and served by our specialists, will tempt and satisfy the most discriminating appetites.

THE CHOCOLATE SHOP
90 KING STREET

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MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Contains no alum



Made in Canada

FOR WOMEN

AMUSEMENTS

"THE CRANK" IS BEING HELD AS KIDNAPPER

Refuses to Reveal the Whereabouts of Coughlan Child Unless Granted Immunity.

WOMAN FIGURES IN BOLD CASE

Authorities on Her Trail, Believing When Apprehended Child Will be Found With Her.

Philadelphia, Aug. 5.—The Crank disclosed as August Pascol, of New Britain, N. J., refuses to reveal the whereabouts of little Blakely Coughlan unless he is granted immunity in the kidnaping. He is believed now to exchange the child, stolen from his parents' home in Norristown, on June 2, for the freedom. He is said to have gone so far as to admit the first month old baby is hidden in Atlantic City.

Important developments in the case are expected following the disclosure early today that "The Crank's" name is August Pascol, of French and Italian extraction, who recently lived in this city and since last week in New Britain, N. J.

Woman in Case

A woman, long expected, as having a part in the kidnaping, looms up afresh today. An acquaintance of Pascol's, during the six weeks following the kidnaping, he is believed to have been in a house here, says he knows Pascol had a woman friend. The state police and postal agents are now on her track and believe she is the child.

Pascol Buys Farm

Pascol recently bought a farm from William Gregory, of New Britain, and drove from this city in a motor car last Thursday to take possession, according to W. H. Kelly, railroad agent at Tuckerton, near New Orleans. Pascol took three or four rifles, and a quantity of liquor to the New Jersey farm, when he moved there last Thursday, said Kelly.

Pascol, the police learned today, opened an account with a Philadelphia bank on June 21, four days after the father of the kidnaped child had placed \$12,000 in a hiding place near his home. The mysterious letter writer, signing himself "The Crank," had directed that this be done as a preliminary to the return of the child.

The first deposit was \$1,000. Later large sums were added. On Monday morning, before his arrest, Pascol paid

STOMACH TROUBLES ARE DUE TO ACIDITY

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief for Acid Indigestion

Tells Safe, Certain, Speedy Relief For Acid Indigestion. So-called stomach troubles, such as indigestion, gas, sourness, stomach-ache and inability to retain food are probably nine cases out of ten, simply evidence that excessive secretion of acid is taking place in the stomach, causing the formation of gas and acid indigestion.

Gas distends the stomach and causes that full oppressive, burning feeling sometimes known as heartburn, while the acid irritates the lining of the delicate lining of the stomach. The trouble lies entirely in the excess development or secretion of acid.

To stop or prevent this souring of the food contents of the stomach and to neutralize the acid, and make it bland and harmless, a teaspoonful of Bisurated Magnesia, a good and effective corrector of acid stomach, should be taken in a quarter of a glass of hot or cold water after eating or whenever gas, sourness or acidity is felt. This sweetens the stomach and neutralizes the acidity in a few moments and is a perfectly harmless and expensive remedy to use.

An antacid, such as bisurated magnesia which can be obtained from any druggist in either powder or tablet form enables the stomach to do its work properly without the aid of artificial digestants. Magnesia comes in several forms, so be certain to ask for what is especially prepared for the above purpose.

TODAY IS DOG DAY IN COURT

Expected Many Excuses Will Be Forthcoming Why Licenses Have Not Been Taken Out.

Today is dog day, and it is expected that over one hundred dog owners will be required to present themselves before the magistrate and explain why they have not taken out a license for their particular canine. The reasons, of course, will be legion. "Our dog is dead," "It's only a household pet, and never goes on the street," "My dog's in the country" (with the wife), and so on, but the authorities will have to be satisfied as to the bona fides of these claims.

The balance due on his new home in New Britain with a certified check of the Philadelphia bank.

YOUNG WOMEN WANT THEIR FULL LIBERTY

Lady Students Put up Big Kick at Restrictions on Use of Latch Keys—Refuse to Obey Instructions.

Edinburgh, Scotland, Aug. 4.—(A. P.)—Young women students of the University of Edinburgh have revolted against what they regard as "childish" restriction in the use of latchkeys after the regulation hour for closing the hall in which they live.

Thirty-three students of Masson Hall, one of the numerous hostels in which women students reside, have gone on record as refusing to obey instructions regarding the use of night keys. The girls assert that they are being treated as children rather than as young women well able to take care of themselves.

The protest resulted in a petition to the University requesting a change in the curfew of the hall. The view of the management is that too much liberty was given the girls under the previous regime and that unless they alter their petition the girls must leave the hall at the end of the session.

The Pall Mall Gazette of London is commenting on the incident says: "With the merits of the particular case we are not concerned but there is a principle involved which sooner or later will have to be decided. When women want their right to compete with men in the professions they practically want all the rights that appertain to the acquisition and practice of those professions. Those who imagine that young women will submit to the exercise of authority which would not be tolerated by their brothers, make a great mistake, a mistake which, if it is persisted in, will do an immense amount of harm, for opposition to liberty is the surest fosterer of license."

LATE SHIPPING

London, Aug. 5.—Ard. str Javary (Br), Montreal. Bordeaux, Aug 5.—Ard. str Mississippi (Fr), Montreal. Antwerp, Aug 1.—Ard. str Western Star, Montreal; Reading (Br), Montreal. Greenock, Aug 4.—Ard. str 2 Bath (Br), St. John, N. B. Liverpool, Aug 5.—Ard. str Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm (Br), Montreal. Manchester, Aug 4.—Sld. str Manchester Division (Br), Montreal. Bristol, Aug 4.—Sld. str Louisiana (Br), Montreal. Liverpool, Aug 5.—Ard. str Canadian Seignor (Br), Montreal. Preston, July 29.—Ard. str Port Ingis (Br), Chatham, N. B.

REDS' ACTION VINDICATES U. S. STAND

In Carrying on Hostilities Against Poland Prove Utter Unreliance.

STATE DEPARTMENT MAY PUBLISH FACTS

Documents Now in Its Possession Show Lenine, Trotsky Co. in Their True Light.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

By FREDERIC W. WILE. Washington, Aug. 5.—Complete vindication of the United States government's policy of uncompromising refusal to deal with Red Russia is found in the disclosure of hostilities against Poland during the so-called armistice. The mockery of that situation is described in Washington as fresh proof, if such were needed, that no sort of reliance is to be placed upon a pledge bearing the Bolshevik official imprimatur. The state department expresses some anxiety over the sentiment widespread in the United States that Bolshevism is more sinned against than sinning. Ways and means may presently be found for an official and sweeping presentation of facts designed to make American sensibly-sympathizers with the ideals of Lenine, Trotsky & Co. realize that they are wasting their commiseration on a regime of political thuggery without parallel in history. The Russian division of the state department was described today as "bugging" with data of the most authoritative and up-to-date character revealing that bolshevism has brought Russia to the brink of utter ruin. The tragic chaos of things almost baffles recital.

The department's archives of Bolshevistic horrors are now in charge of Lieutenant Albert W. Kliefoth, who was assistant military attaché at the American Embassy in Petrograd when the Red revolution broke out. Philadelphia delinquents who belong to the Scotch-Irish society will recall Lieut. Kliefoth's powerful indictment of Sovietism at the society's dinner last winter.

MAJ. THEO. BARKER HOME FOR VISIT

Son of Robert S. Barker, Frederick, Aug. 5.—Major Theodore Barker, son of Robert S. Barker, private secretary to His Honor Lieut. Governor Pugsley, arrived home at noon today from Quebec where he landed a day or two ago with his wife and child from England.

Major Barker enlisted in 1914 with the 23rd Battery, and went overseas in February, 1915. He was transferred to the Royal Field Artillery and went to France. After the signing of the armistice he was sent to Ireland with a battery of the Royal Field Artillery and stationed at Cork, Tipperary and Limerick. He was later transferred to Constantinople where he served until three months ago when he returned to England and has since been doing depot work at Woolwich.

When asked about conditions in Ireland he said that it was a year since he was stationed in Ireland and while there the people had always treated his Battery well and held no hatred against the English or Canadian, but were fighting among themselves in Greece the only New Brunswicker he met was Lieut. Col. Carl Brown, who visited here a short time ago. Major Barker is on a three months' leave of absence and is trying to get transferred to the R. C. H. A. the C. F. A. or any other Canadian Field Artillery, saying that there was no place after all like Canada.

U. S. GOVERNMENT HOLDS UP CABLE

British Cable Ship, Laying South American Cable, Ordered to Keep Out of American Waters.

Miami, Fla., Aug. 5.—The British cable ship, chartered to lay the South American cable from Miami to Barbados in the British West Indies, will not enter American waters until permission is granted by the State Department in Washington, according to advices received today from the British Ambassador, Sir Auckland Geddes by A. H. Hubbard, British vice-consul in Miami.

Hubbard was instructed in a long code despatch from the Ambassador to take command of the cable ship and to keep it outside the three mile limit until further instructions from Washington. Director George L. Cox, who has been with the American Film Co. Santa Barbara, for a period of time, having completed his last contract with that organization, has removed to Los Angeles, where he will direct pictures for a large producing concern. Announcement of his plans in detail, will be made within a few days. Mr. Cox has won an enviable reputation as a director because of the excellence of his work in nearly a score of pictures for American, and many years in a similar capacity for other producing companies. One of his most recent pictures is "The House of Toys," just released.

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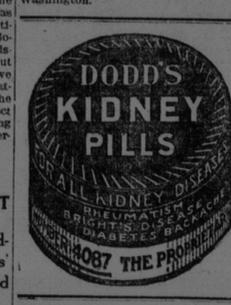
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MOVIE NEWS

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Ora Carew, star of "Mountain Madness," "The Figurehead" and other big screen successes, was the first film actress to fill the tank of her car with gasoline imported on a special train from Texas to break the famine in Los Angeles. Miss Carew motored to the tracks of the Southern Pacific to see the train come in, and her tank was the first filled, after the Mayor of Los Angeles had officially welcomed the train to the city.



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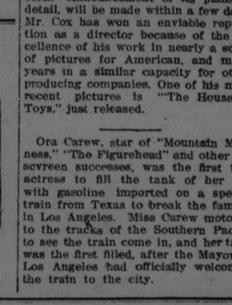
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FARMERS ARE FOLLOWING THE LEAD OF LABOR

Movement on Foot to Pledge All Candidates in Farm Interests.

URGED TO VOTE ONLY FOR FRIENDS

President of Farmers' Union Points Out That Now is Opportunity of a Lifetime.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.) F. W. WILE.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The farmers of the country were urged in a statement issued here today by Charles S. Barrett, president of the National Farmers' Union, to follow the lead of labor in its non-partisan campaign and to elect no man to public office this fall who is not a friend of agricultural interests and pledged to support their views in Congress.

The statement of Mr. Barrett was issued through the national board of farm organizations which claims to represent several million farmers, and the members were urged to study very carefully the legislative records of all members of Congress. The board does not intend to issue a blacklist of members of Congress who have not been friendly to the farmer, but asks that the agriculturalists of the nation undertake to work themselves and vote solidly for their friends and against their enemies.

Mr. Barrett's statement follows:—"For the first time in the history of agriculture great political party conventions have given it a distinct and unmistakable place in their platforms. The national board of farm organizations, which body the National Farmers' Union holds a prominent place, presented a series of planks. These have been adopted in the main and now it appears to be the manifest duty of the farmers of the nation to see that the pledges predicated on these planks are redeemed.

"It is one thing for a political party to pledge itself to the performance of certain well-defined tasks; it is quite another thing to show itself to have the ability or capacity to translate its promises into statutory law. Some of the promises to agriculture contained in the platform of the two great parties may be administratively re-deemed, but to make others effective legislation must be obtained.

"The pledges which can be administratively re-deemed are left to executive branch of the government. These promises can be performed through the Department of Agriculture or through other departments operating in harmony with the president. It is hoped, therefore, that the farmers in voting for presidential electors for the highest office in the land will consider what the candidate is likely to be willing or able to do for agriculture.

"The right of elective franchise is sacred and should be exercised with greatest care and without undue external influence. Therefore I am merely asking the farmers to study with the greatest care the present and probable attitude of candidates toward agriculture and then vote as their conscience may dictate.

"Permit me to suggest that the farm question being administrative and legislative it is most necessary that a Congress be elected that will carry out the wise agricultural suggestions of the executive. All of the moral, material and spiritual forces of this mighty nation should be mobilized and first of all they should be directed toward the development of an industry without which the nation must perish.

"Therefore it is essential that friends of agriculture should occupy the places of voters on the political platform of the country. It is true that

HAS THEM MILK

Life-Long Resident of Says Tanlac Did S for Him He Wa Everybody Abou

"Tanlac has done so much for me that I simply want to tell I see about it," was the statement made by the 110-year-old resident of 155 Chebucto Road, a Hill street of Halifax.

"To tell the truth, the war from stomach trouble is a word can express. Ever seemed to taste the same my appetite was so poor I did eat a bit of my food. I digested, and cause such a would form in such quantities I did not want to eat. I ad terribly from violent headache I would lie awake for fore I could go to sleep, and I became so nervous and

there should be no enemies placed in the exclusive custody of the farmer is to be a useful friend to the farmer, but I am urging for no man who is known to intelligence and contr pathy for the tiller of the soil. I should not be a special or executive position can be permanently to country can be permanent if it ignores the needs an agriculture, or if through indifference or a criminal real fundamentals it falls magnificent industry its farmers.

"I recommend, therefore, farmers exercise with the most care the public relations seeking their suffrage that they exact from all special business to prevent lie can, the election of an is not known to be in ev American. The man who i agriculture is not a fre country and therefore can among those who are not aspects loyal."

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FARMERS ARE FOLLOWING THE LEAD OF LABOR

Movement on Foot to Pledge All Candidates in Farm Interests.

URGED TO VOTE ONLY FOR FRIENDS

President of Farmers' Union Points Out That Now is Opportunity of a Lifetime.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.) F. W. WILE.

Washington, Aug. 5.—The farmers of the country were urged in a statement issued here today by Charles S. Barrett, president of the National Farmers' Union, to follow the lead of labor in its non-partisan campaign and to elect no man to public office this fall who is not a friend of agricultural interests and pledged to support their views in Congress.

The statement of Mr. Barrett was issued through the national board of farm organizations which claims to represent several million farmers, and the members were urged to study very carefully the legislative records of all members of Congress. The board does not intend to issue a blacklist of members of Congress who have not been friendly to the farmer, but asks that the agriculturalists of the nation undertake to work themselves and vote solidly for their friends and against their enemies.

Mr. Barrett's statement follows:—"For the first time in the history of agriculture great political party conventions have given it a distinct and unmistakable place in their platforms. The national board of farm organizations, which body the National Farmers' Union holds a prominent place, presented a series of planks. These have been adopted in the main and now it appears to be the manifest duty of the farmers of the nation to see that the pledges predicated on these planks are redeemed.

"It is one thing for a political party to pledge itself to the performance of certain well-defined tasks; it is quite another thing to show itself to have the ability or capacity to translate its promises into statutory law. Some of the promises to agriculture contained in the platform of the two great parties may be administratively redeemed, but to make others effective legislation must be obtained.

"The pledges which can be administratively redeemed are left to executive branch of the government. Those promises can be performed through the Department of Agriculture or through other departments operating in harmony with the president. It is hoped, therefore, that the farmers in voting for presidential electors for the highest office in the land will consider what the candidate is likely to be willing or able to do for agriculture.

"The right of elective franchise is sacred and should be exercised with greatest care and without undue external influence. Therefore I am necessarily asking the farmers to study with the greatest care the present and probable attitude of candidates toward agriculture and then vote as their conscience may dictate.

"Permit me to suggest that the farm question being administrative legislation it is most necessary that a Congress be elected that will carry out the wise agricultural suggestions of the executive. All of the moral, material and spiritual forces of this mighty nation should be mobilized and first of all they should be directed toward the development of an industry without which the nation must perish.

"Therefore it is essential that friends of agriculture should occupy the places of vantage on the political plateau of the country. It is true that

HAS THEM ALL BEAT A MILE, SAYS REYNOLDS

Life-Long Resident of Halifax Says Tanlac Did So Much for Him He Wants to Tell Everybody About It.

"Tanlac has done so much for me that I simply want to tell everybody I see about it," was the emphatic statement made by Thomas Reynolds of 153 Chebucto Road, a life-long resident of Halifax.

"To tell the truth, the way I suffered from stomach trouble is more than words can express. Everything just seemed to taste the same to me, and my appetite was so poor I didn't relish a bit of my food. What little I did eat would lie in my stomach undigested, and cause such awful pains it would almost double me up. Gas would form in such quantities I could hardly breathe, and I also suffered terribly from violent headaches. At night I would lie awake for hours before I could go to sleep, and at times I became so nervous and restless I

there should be no enemies of agriculture anywhere in the world. To be an enemy of the farmers is to constitute oneself the enemy of the human race. But to be a useful friend of agriculture it is very necessary that one must have a comprehensive knowledge of the needs of that essential industry.

"Of course I am not demanding that the government of this nation be placed in the exclusive custody of the farmers, but I am urging you to vote for no man who is known to be without intelligence and constructive sympathy for the tiller of the soil. I have said repeatedly that agriculture wants no special or executive privileges. I have never asked for the farmer anything that I should not concede to other legitimate interests, but no nation can be permanently prosperous, no country can be permanently safe, if it ignores the needs and rights of agriculture, or if through ignorance, indifference or a criminal disregard of real fundamentals it fails to give our magnificent industry its place in the sun.

"I recommend, therefore, that the farmers exercise with the most scrupulous care the public records of all men seeking their suffrage. I urge that they exact from all candidates for Congress and for other political honors pledges of fealty to an institution which is at present decadent. I implore every farmer to make it his special business to prevent as far as he can, the election of any man who is not known to be in every way an American. The man who is an enemy of agriculture is not a friend of his country and therefore can be listed among those who are not in all respects loyal.

CHICAGO PRICES table with columns for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Pork and various grades with High, Low, and Close prices.

LONDON OILS table with columns for London, Aug. 5—Close; Calcutta, Inceed, 23 1/2; Inceed oil, 75s. 6d.; Petroleum, American refined, 2s. 1 3/4d.; Spirits, 2s. 2 3/4d.; Turpentine, spirits, 163s.; Rosin, American strained, 45s. Type "C," 56s.; Tallow, Australian, 65s. 6d.

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1-12 lb. Package—15 Cents

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS for the construction of the substructure of an International Bridge between Edmundston, N. B., and Madawaska, Maine, will be received by the undersigned at the office within the Supervising Engineering of the Department of Public Works, Post Office, Quebec, up to the hour of three o'clock p. m. Wednesday, August 18, 1920, and there publicly opened and read. The envelope containing the tender should be endorsed "Tender for the construction of the substructure of the Edmundston, N. B., Madawaska, Maine, International Bridge" and should be addressed as follows:

R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Canada.

PAUL D. SARGENT, Chief Engineer, Maine State Highway Commission, Care Supervising Engineer, Department of Public Works, Quebec.

Tenders are notified that—Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied and signed with the actual signatures of the tenderers stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms the actual signature and nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, equal to 10 p. c. of the total amount of the tender and payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, Canada, and the State Highway Commission, Maine, jointly, as a guarantee that the tenderer will execute the contract within ten days of the award and furnish a satisfactory bond amounting to one-half of the contract price for the faithful performance of the work.

The cheque will be forfeited should the tenderer fail to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, and returned if the tender is not accepted. Plans, specification, bond and contract can be seen, and forms of tender obtained, at the following places in Canada: Department of Public Works, Hunter Building, Ottawa, Ontario; at the office of the Public Works, Custom House, St. John, N. B.; Supervising Engineer, Department of Public Works, Post Office, Quebec, P. Q.; District Engineer, Department of Public Works, Shaughnessy Building, Montreal, P. Q.; also at the office of the Postmaster at Edmundston, N. B., and at the office of the State Highway Commission, Augusta, Maine.

The Department of Public Works of Canada and the State Highway Commission of the State of Maine do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order of R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary, Dept. Public Works, Canada. PAUL D. SARGENT, Chief Engineer, Maine State Highway Commission.

Department of Public Works, Canada, Ottawa, July 29, 1920.

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NOW IN SEASON Scallops, Oysters and Clams. SMITH'S FISH MARKET 25 Sydney Street Phone M. 1704.

WEEK'S CLEARINGS WESTERN BANKS Montreal \$145,221,078 Brandon 790,578 Medicine Hat 558,317 Moose Jaw 1,883,783 Prince Albert 468,484 Calgary 6,480,215 Lethbridge 850,908 Edmonton 5,653,387 Vancouver 16,971,112 New Westminster 811,329 Regina 4,334,783 Saskatoon 2,422,911

The British Columbia Minimum Wage Board recently issued five additional orders fixing minimum wages for females employed as theatre workers, in the manufacturing industry, in personal service occupations and in telephone and telegraph operators.

THE STANDARD'S FINANCIAL SECTION

The Great Im

By E. PHILLIPS OPP

QUOTATIONS IN ST. JOHN MARKET

The midsummer sales fever struck the local market this week, and several commodities were reduced. The reductions, it is said, affect the local market only.

Rice and tapioca dropped a dollar per hundred, cream 10c, butter four cents. Molasses, which ran from \$1.70 to \$1.75 per gallon last week, was firm at \$1.70. Canned corn advanced five cents, and tomatoes from seven to eight cents per dozen.

Country beef was lower by two cents than last week.

Prices in country produce were higher. Hops, butter sold at 55c, and lard at 60c; fresh eggs at 70c, and case eggs at 65c a dozen. New potatoes sold from 50c to 90c a peck.

In wholesale fruits, lemons dropped 50c, and California oranges advanced from 50c to a dollar a crate.

Oats dropped six a bushel. Palatine oil advanced two cents a gallon.

There was little change in hides.

Groceries	
Sugar—Standard	\$24.10
Yellow	23.60
Rice, Siam	14.50
Tapioca	14.75
Beans—White	8.25
Creole of tartar	8.10
Molasses	9.05
Peas, split, bags	8.75
Barley, pot, bags	6.11
Cornmeal, gran.	0.00
Haisins	0.00
Choice seed, 100 lb.	0.31
Live, 100 lb.	0.32
Salt, Liverpool, per sack	2.10
Soda, bicarb.	4.75
Pepper	0.31
Pepper, black	0.31
Pepper, white	0.31
Pepper, red	0.31
Pepper, green	0.31
Pepper, yellow	0.31
Pepper, orange	0.31
Pepper, purple	0.31
Pepper, blue	0.31
Pepper, brown	0.31
Pepper, grey	0.31
Pepper, black	0.31
Pepper, white	0.31
Pepper, red	0.31
Pepper, green	0.31
Pepper, yellow	0.31
Pepper, orange	0.31
Pepper, purple	0.31
Pepper, blue	0.31
Pepper, brown	0.31
Pepper, grey	0.31

INDUSTRIAL STOCKS SUFFER LOSSES

Unfavorable News from Poland Has Depressing Effect on Issues.

New York, Aug. 5.—Unfavorable foreign news bearing on the Polish situation and renewed liquidation and short selling caused losses among industrial stocks of 1 to 10 points in today's market. Except for an interval in the first hour, when a rise in rail road shares had a tonic effect, the downward movement was continuous. Conditions in the foreign exchange and money markets were more favorable but were ignored.

Reports that the banks had called loans on certain industrial collateral attended the decline. The bear faction devoted their energies to driving down individual shares, causing uneasiness among holders of other securities as to where the attack would be next directed. Oil, steel, shipping, sugar and leather were the largest declines in these groups dragged down the balance of the list.

Resistance was poor against the wave of selling, even the investment railroads falling back 1 to 2 points. Midland estates oil crashed from 29 1/2 to 10 1/4 on dealings approximating 250,000 shares. This break was a signal for active selling of other low priced oils and a variety of specialties. The total sales approximated 1,150,000 shares.

Uncertainties and lack of different information as to business conditions and dividend policies in various companies also was instrumental in shaking confidence among shareholders.

The bond market maintained a fairly good tone in face of the extreme weakness of stocks. Total sales, par value, were \$11,375,000.

Foreign issues fluctuated narrowly, and Liberty bonds were irregular.

Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

MONTREAL SALES	
(Furnished by McDougall & Cowans)	
Montreal, Aug. 5, 1920.	
Abitibi—400,000	87
Brazillan L. H. and P.—38,500	38 1/2
Brompton—600,000	61
Canada Car Pfd.—100,000	80 1/2
Canada Cement—100,000	89 1/2
Canada Cement Pfd.—100,000	104
Detroit United—100,000	91
Dom Iron Com.—60,000	91
Dom Iron Pfd.—100,000	105 1/2
Laurentide Paper Co.—107 1/2	108
MacDonald Com.—29	29
M. L. H. and Power—84 1/2	84 1/2
Ogilvie—100,000	250
Pennan's Limited—125 1/2	250
Quebec Railway—27 1/2	27 1/2
Riduron—100,000	200
Shaw W and P—100,000	106
Span River Com.—105 1/2	106
Span River Pfd.—111 1/2	111
Steel Co. Can Com.—61	68
Wayamack—110	113

N. Y. QUOTATIONS	
(Furnished by McDougall & Cowans)	
New York, Thurs., Aug. 6.	
Am Beet Sug 81 1/2	81 1/2
Am Car Pfd 134	134
Am Loco 96 1/2	96 1/2
Am Smet 56	56
Amcon 51 1/2	51 1/2
Am Tele 96 1/2	96 1/2
Atchafson 81 1/2	81 1/2
American Can 35	35
Both Steel 77 1/2	77 1/2
Bait and O 35 1/2	35 1/2
Bald Loco 108 1/2	108 1/2
B. R. T. 10 1/2	10 1/2
Cruicible Stl 129 1/2	129 1/2
C. P. R. 118 1/2	118 1/2
Cent Leath 49 1/2	49 1/2
Erie Com 13 1/2	13 1/2
Gen Motors 21 1/2	21 1/2
GT Nor Pfd 74 1/2	74 1/2
Goodrich XD 62 1/2	62 1/2
Inter Paper 73 1/2	73 1/2
Mex Petrol 158 1/2	158 1/2
NY NH and H 36	36
N Y Central 72 1/2	72 1/2
North Pacific 75 1/2	75 1/2
Pennsylvania 41	41
Pr Steel Car 94	94
Reading Com 89 1/2	89 1/2
Republic Stl 82 1/2	82 1/2
St. Paul 35	35
South Pac 93 1/2	93 1/2
Studebaker 65 1/2	65 1/2
Stromberg 71 1/2	71 1/2
U. P. Com 117 1/2	117 1/2
U. S. Steel Com 87 1/2	87 1/2
U. S. Steel Pfd 85 1/2	85 1/2
Wills Overd 16 1/2	16 1/2
West Elec 47 1/2	47 1/2
Steeling \$160 1/2	New York Funds
12 bid: France 13.80; Merit 21.	

ERRATIC PRICES ON STOCK TRADE

Substantial Net Losses Recorded in Many Issues on Montreal.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Today's trading in listed securities on the local stock exchange consisted of a continuation of the liquidation of the past three or four days, except that it was on a much larger scale and prices around midday showed declines more drastic than on any day this year.

In the afternoon there was some bargain buying, and Spanish River, Wayamack, Laurentide, Atlantic Sugar and Ames Holden preferred recovered, although in each case, except the last named, substantial net losses were incurred.

Spanish River showed effects of wild selling in the morning, when a low for the day of 101 was reached and then recovered to 105 1/2, a net loss of 9 points. The preferred slumped 19 points to 110, from which a sharp recovery to 114 was made, 13 points down for the day.

Laurentide dropped 5 1/4 points to 104 1/2, and then rose to 107 1/2, reducing the net loss to 5 1/2 points. Wayamack dropped 10 1/2 points to 107 1/2 and rallied to 110.

Sugar common went as low as 131 3/4, and then rose to 136. The preferred was inactive and one lower at 165.

Brompton and Abitibi showed little rallying power from the low of the day. Abitibi sold down to 87, losing 8 points, and Brompton, after touching 59, closed at 60 1/2, with a net loss of 5 3/8 points. Riduron was offered down to 200 without bids.

The cotton and allied stocks were especially targets for sellers and as a group showed the greatest weakness in the list. Textile dropped 14 points to 135 without recovery. Penman's dropped 6 1/2 points to 135, despite the drastic shake out in this stock during the past three or four days.

In the whole list there were but three net gains. Bell Telephone dumping as fraction to 103; Forging gaining a point at 119 and Royal Bank firming a fraction to 211.

Elsewhere in the last car was down 9 1/4 points, Dominion Steel 4, Shawing 3 1/2, Merchants Bank 5, Brownings 3 3/4, Cannors 3 3/4, and Asbestos 4.

Total transactions: listed, \$5,779; unlisted, \$7,010.

TORONTO GRAIN QUOTATIONS

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Manitoba Oats, No. 2 c.w., 95, in store Fort William; No. 3 92; extra No. 1 feed, 91; No. 1 feed, 89; No. 2 feed, 87.

Manitoba Wheat, No. 1 northern, \$3.15; No. 2 northern, \$3.12; No. 3 northern, \$3.08.

American Corn, No. 2 yellow, \$3.15, nominal, track Toronto.

Canadian Corn, feed, nominal.

Manitoba Barley, in store Fort William, No. 3 c.w., \$1.40 5/8; No. 4 c.w., \$1.30 5/8; feed, \$1.07 1/8.

Barley, Ontario, malting, \$1.25 to \$1.30.

Ontario Wheat, No. 1, \$2.20 to \$2.30; No. 2, \$2.10 to \$2.20; No. 3, \$2.00 to \$2.10.

Oats, Ontario, nominal.

Buckwheat, nominal.

Rye, No. 2, \$1.75 nominal.

Ontario Flour, winter in June bags, government standard, prompt shipment, \$12.90, delivered at Montreal, \$13.00.

Manitoba Flour, government standard, \$14.85.

Milled, carloads, delivered Montreal, \$14.85; 52; \$15.00; good feed flour, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

UNLISTED STOCKS

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Following changes unlisted, reported by Balfour, White & Co.—Woolens, common, 52 to 53; Sugar Pfd., 72 1/2 to 73, common, 46 1/2 to 47 1/4; Lowsa Ottawa Pfd., 81 asked; N. A. P. 7 1/2; Southern Canada Power Pfd., 73 to 76; Tram, 14 to 1 1/2; Whalen common, 47 to 48; Pfd., 75 asked; Mattagami, 62 to 65; Riddon, 54 to 55.

Sales—Laur, 110 at 62; N.A.P., 25 at 7 1/2, 50 at 7 3/8, 105 at 7 1/4, 5 at 7 1/2, 5 at 7 3/8, 90 at 7 2/5 a 17; Tram, 25 at 14 1/4, 100 at 14, 25 at 14 1/4, 65 at 14, 25 at 14; Woolens, 32 at 55, 25 at 53; Riddon common, 5 at 48, 20 at 46, 10 at 48, 20 at 47.

Manitoba Flour, government standard, \$14.85.

Milled, carloads, delivered Montreal, \$14.85; 52; \$15.00; good feed flour, \$3.75 to \$4.00.

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Cash Assets, \$54,595,050.31. Cash Capital, \$6,000,000.00. Net Surplus, \$15,825,966.32. Surplus as Regards Policyholders, \$18,615,440.71.

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Order Your Hard Coal NOW!

McGivern Coal Co., Main 42, 1 Mill St.

Call in and see our SPECIAL FIXTURE SET \$18.50. Parlor 2 light No. 1059 shower plate, 11 in. Brush Brass, shade No. 1027, Dining room—2 light No. 1059 shower plate, 9 in. Brush Brass, shade No. 1027. Hall—Collar and 6 in. Ball. Bed room—Bracket No. 511, shade No. 8205. Bath room—Bracket No. 1244, shade No. 8205. Kitchen—Drop light, no shade.

All above wired with key sockets ready for installation.

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ANDREW WILSON & CO. TORONTO



MISS CLARA WILL RECEIVE YOU IN THE PARLOR

GRANDMA HAD TO WORK VERY RAPIDLY THE OTHER DAY WHEN CLARA IN HER VERY SHORT SKIRT WAS UP IN THAT TREE TO GATHER FRUIT AND A YOUNG MAN TURNED IN THE FRONT GATE.

G. S. S. S. - The Demon Chaperone

(Continued from yesterday)

"This," observed Dominey, "is history, dished up in a somewhat partial fashion. I repeat my suggestion that we confine our conversation to the professional."

"This is my house," the other rejoined, "and you came to see me. I shall say exactly what I like to you and if you don't like it you can get out. If it weren't for Lady Dominey's sake, you shouldn't have passed this threshold."

"Then for her sake," Dominey suggested in a softer tone, "can't you forget how thoroughly you disapprove of me? I am here now with only one subject; want you to tell me out to me any way in which we can work together for the improvement of my wife's health?"

"There can be no question of a partnership between us."

"You refuse to help?"

"My help isn't worth a snap of the fingers. I have done all I can for her physically. She is a perfectly sound woman. The rest depends upon you, and you alone, and I am not very hopeful about it."

"Upon me?" Dominey repeated, a little taken aback.

"Fidelity," the doctor granted, "is a good nature with all good women. Lady Dominey is a good woman, and she is no exception to the rule. Her brain is starved because her heart is starving for love. If she could believe in your repentance and reform, if any statement for the past were possible, and were generously offered, I cannot tell what the result might be. They tell me that you are a rich man now, although heaven knows when offered one considers that a lazy, selfish fellow you were, that sounds like a miracle. You would have the great specialists down. They couldn't help, but it might save your conscience to pay them a few hundred guineas."

"Would you meet them?" Dominey asked anxiously. "Tell me whom to send for?"

"Pooh! Those days are finished with me," was the curt reply. "I would not send none of them. I am a doctor no longer. I have become a villager, and so to see Lady Dominey as an old friend."

"Give me your advice," Dominey begged, "is it of any use sending for specialists?"

"Just for the present, none at all. And what about that horrible woman, Mrs. Unthank?"

"Part of your task, if you are really going to take it up. She stands between your wife and the sun."

"Then why have you suffered her to remain there all those years?" Dominey demanded.

"For one thing," because there has been no one to replace her," the doctor replied, "and for another, because Lady Dominey, believing that you slew her son, has some fantastic idea of giving her a home and shelter as a kind of expiation."

"You think there is no affection between the two?" Dominey asked.

"Not a scrap," was the blunt reply, "except that Lady Dominey is so sweet and gentle a nature—"

The doctor paused abruptly. His visitor's fingers had strayed across his throat.

"That's a different matter," the former continued fiercely. "That's just where the weak spot in his brain remains. If you can't, I believe I'll persuaded to by Mrs. Unthank. Come to think of it," he went on, "the Domineys were never towards. If you've got your courage back, send Mrs. Unthank away, sleep with your doors wide open. If a single night passes without Lady Dominey coming to your room with a knife in her hand, she will be cured in time of that man's any rate. Dare you do that?"

Dominey's hesitation was palpable, also his agitation. The doctor grinned contemptuously.

"Still afraid?" he scoffed.

"Not in the way you imagine," his visitor replied. "My wife has already promised to make no further attempt upon my life."

"Well, you can cure her if you want to," the doctor declared, "and if you do, you will have the sweetest companion for life any man could desire. But you'll have to give up the idea of town houses and racing and yachting, and grouse moors in Scotland, and all those sort of things I suppose you've been looking forward to. You'll have for some time, at any rate, to give your moment of your time to your wife."

Dominey moved uneasily in his chair.

"For the next few months," he said, "that would be impossible."

"Impossible!"

The doctor repeated the word, seemed to roll it round in his mouth with a sort of wondering scorn.

"I am not quite the idler I used to be," Dominey explained, frowning. "Nowadays, you cannot make money without assuming responsibilities. I am clearing off the whole of the mortgages upon the Dominey estates within the next few months."

"How you spend your time in your affair, not mine," the doctor muttered. "All that I say about the matter is that your wife's cure, if ever it comes to pass, is in your hands. An opportunity to see me here, in the light of this window. I want to look at you."

Dominey obeyed with a little shrug of the shoulders. There was no sunshine, but the white north light was in its way searching. It showed the sprinkling of grey in his ruddy-brown hair, the suspicion of it in his closely trimmed moustache, but it could find no weak spot in his steady eyes, in the tan of his hard, manly complexion, or even in the set of his somewhat arrogant lips. The old doctor took up his box of files, again and jerked his head towards the door.

"You are a miracle," he said, "and I hate miracles. I'll come and see Lady Dominey in a day or so."

CHAPTER XIII.

Dominey spent a curiously placid, and, to those with whom he was brought into contact, an entirely uneventful afternoon. With Mr. Mangin by his side, murmuring amiable platitudes, and Mr. Johnson's agent, opposite, revealing in the unusual situation of a satisfied landlord and delighted tenants, he made practically the entire round of the Dominey estates. They reached home at six, but Dominey, although he seemed to be living in another world, was not neglectful of the claims of hospitality.

Probably for the first time in his life, Mr. Johnson and Mr. J. J. watched the opening of champagne. Mr. Johnson said, "It isn't only on my part."

"Sir Everard," he said, "your hearty good health, I suppose you know, is a rough mine, some of them've stood it like we here's from them and my and may see plenty of parts."

Mr. Lees associated these sentiments, and the steadily emptied and filled tenor in my mind, the agent observed, "the promised to do today with ten to fifteen thousand."

"Dominey nodded."

"Before I go to bed tonight I shall send a cheque thousand pounds to the bank."

"I suppose you know, is there waiting, put aside its purpose and—well, as we have it."

Agent and bailiff leaned towards their mutual friend, their mouths and a pleasant warmth in their veins. Sense of having drifted into their philosophy, how situation.

"It's a fair miracle," clared.

"A modern romance," who reads novels, innumerable a visitor for the day, as a car swept by the road.

"Comfortable-looking as Lees remarked."

"The comfortable-looking Otto Seaman, who presided at the Hall with a small and a great many apologies."

"Found myself in Northward," he explained.

"Business there all my life, my customers were finished early, and when I was only thirty miles couldn't resist having a little rest in any way inconvenient to me, but I must be hanging after you too, I did not want to come to be urgent."

"We can send Mangin, Dominey suggested."

"I am the early bird in the weary reply. 'I was not a man of business, but dinner that night was and social meal. Mr. Mangin was uplifted. Ever since that night, I must be hanging after you too, I did not want to come to be urgent."

"Nine o'clock tomorrow, Dominey replied."

"Not a word until the whistler's back. I must be hanging after you too, I did not want to come to be urgent."

"My dear fellow," Dominey replied, "there are no ready. All that we need is an old-fashioned will do the rest. You Mangin?"

"The two men shook hands, but accept a little rest for his drive. He lingered a moment after the dress suit."

"What time is that for?" he asked.

"Nine o'clock tomorrow, Dominey replied."

"Not a word until the whistler's back. I must be hanging after you too, I did not want to come to be urgent."

"I have found a bin of fifty-one, sir," he announced the lawyer in his whisper. "I thought you might be a couple of bottles of the corkers appear to be condition."

"After this," Mr. Mangin said, "it will be hard to get Seaman, very early in the morning, and retired, leaving his Mangin alone over the pu although an attentive and man of business, Mangin, who was not a man, was conscious that hardness almost arrogant and somewhat unattractive, he left his patron."

"I can't tell you, Sir," said, as he sipped his wine, "what a pleasure to see us here, this is of an old family. If I loved to say so, there's necessary to round the world, as it were."

"The return of Lady health. I was one of the remember, privileged to acquaintance at the timeriage."

"I paid a visit this morning said," to the doctor been in attendance upon her marriage. He agrees there is no reason why I should not, in course of stored to perfect health."

"I take me liberty of glass to that hope, Sir," lawyer murmured.

"Both glasses were set out on the stem Dominey ped in two. Mr. Mangin his polite regrets."

"This old glass," he looking at his own, and comes very fragile."

Dominey did not appear brain had served him a good deal of the world's troubles, startled by the abruptness of an old-fashioned looking at things now. Dominey relaxed into a smile.

"I suppose so," he admitted. "That night a storm somewhere across that waters, a storm heralded by which came blowing wind shaking the latted wind

The Great Impersonation

BY E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM.

(Continued from yesterday)

"This," observed Dominey, "is history, dished up in a somewhat partial fashion. I repeat my suggestion that we confine our conversation to the professional."

"This is my house," the other rejoined, "and you came to see me. I shall say exactly what I like to you, and if you don't like it you can get out. If I haven't for Lady Dominey's sake, you shouldn't have passed this threshold."

"Then for her sake," Dominey suggested in a softer tone, "can't you forget how thoroughly you disapprove of me? I have not now with only one object: I want you to point out to me any way in which we can work together for the improvement of my wife's health."

"There can be no question of a partnership between us."

"You refuse to help?"

"My help isn't worth a snap of the fingers. She is a perfectly sound woman. The rest depends upon you, and you alone, and I am not very hopeful about it."

"Upon me?" Dominey repeated, a little taken aback.

"Fidelity," the doctor gazed, "is second nature with all good women. Lady Dominey is a good woman, and she is no exception to the rule. Her brain is starved because her heart is craving for love. If she could believe in your repentance and reform, if any atonement for the past were possible and were generously offered, I cannot tell what the result might be. They tell me that you are a rich man now, although heaven knows, when one considers what a lazy, selfish fellow you were, that sounds like a miracle. You could have the great specialists down. They couldn't help, but it might save your conscience to pay them a few hundred guineas."

"Would you meet them?" Dominey asked anxiously. "Tell me whom to send for?"

"Pooh! Those days are finished with me," was the curt reply. "I would meet none of them. I am a doctor no longer. I have become a thinker, and I see Lady Dominey as an old friend."

"Give me your advice," Dominey begged. "Is it of any use sending for specialists?"

"Just for the present, none at all. And what about that horrible woman, Mrs. Unthank?"

"Part of your task, if you are really going to take it up. She stands between your wife and the sun."

"Then why have you suffered her to remain there all those years?" Dominey demanded.

"For one thing," because there has been no one to replace her," the doctor replied, "and for another, because Lady Dominey, believing that you slew her son, has some fantastic idea of giving her a home and shelter as a kind of expiation."

"You think there is no affection between the two?" Dominey asked.

"Not a scrap," was the blunt reply. "except that Lady Dominey is of so sweet and gentle a nature—"

The doctor paused abruptly. His visitor's fingers had strayed across his throat.

"That's a different matter," the former continued fiercely. "That's just where the weak spot in her brain remains. If you & me, I believe it's mastered by Mrs. Unthank. Come to think of it, he went on, "the Domineys were never cowards. If you've got your courage back, send Mrs. Unthank away, sleep with your doors wide open. If a single night passes without Lady Dominey coming to your room with a knife in her hand, she will be cured in time of that mania at any rate. Dare you do that?"

Dominey's hesitation was palpable, —also his agitation. The doctor grinned contemptuously.

"Still afraid?" he scoffed.

"Not in the way you imagine," his visitor replied. "My wife has already promised to make no further attempt upon my life."

"Well, you can cure her if you want to," the doctor declared, "and if you do, you will have the sweetest companion for life any man could have. But you'll have to give up the idea of town houses and racing and yachting, and grouse moors in Scotland, and all those sort of things I suppose you've been looking forward to. You'll have for some time, at any rate, to give every moment of your time to your wife."

Dominey moved uneasily in his chair.

Probably for the first time in their lives, Mr. Johnson and Miss, the bailiff, watched the opening of a magnum of champagne. Mr. Johnson cleared his throat as he raised his glass.

"I isn't only on my own account," Sir Everard, he said, "I drink your hearty good health. I have your tenants too in my mind. They've had a rough time, some of them, and they've stood it like white men. So here's from them and me to you, sir, and may we see plenty of you in these parts."

Mr. Lees associated himself with these sentiments, and the glasses were speedily emptied and filled again.

"I suppose you know, Sir Everard," the agent observed, "that what you've promised to do today will cost a last-of-ten to fifteen thousand pounds."

Dominey nodded.

"Before I go to bed tonight," he said, "I shall send a cheque for twenty thousand pounds to the estate account at your bank at Wells. The money is there waiting, put aside for just that one purpose and—well, you may just as well have it."

Agent and bailiff leaned back in the tonneau of their motor-car, half an hour later, with intense cigars in their mouths and a pleasant, rippling warmth in their veins. They had the sense of having drifted into fairyland. Their philosophy, however, met the situation.

"It's a fair miracle," Mr. Lees declared.

"A modern romance," Mr. Johnson, who reads novels, murmured. "Hello, here's a visitor for the Hall," he added, as a car swept by them.

"Comfortable-looking gent, too," Mr. Lees remarked.

"The comfortable-looking gent" was Otto Seaman, who presented himself at the Hall with a small dressing-bag and a great many apologies.

"Found myself in Norwich, Sir Everard," he explained. "I have done business there all my life, and one of my customers needed looking after. I finished early, and when I found that I was only thirty miles off you, I couldn't resist having a run across. If it is in any way inconvenient to put me up for the night, say so—"

"My dear fellow!" Dominey interrupted. "There are a score of rooms ready. All that we need is to light a fire, and an old-fashioned bed-warmer will do the rest. You remember Mr. Mangan?"

The two men shook hands, and Seaman accepted a little refreshment after his drive. He lingered behind for a moment after the dressing bell had rung.

"What time is that fellow gone?" he asked.

"Nine o'clock tomorrow morning," Dominey replied.

"Not a word until then," Seaman whispered back. "I must not seem to be hanging after you too much—I really did not want to come—but the matter is settled."

"We can send Mangan to bed early," Dominey suggested.

"I am the early bird myself," was the weary reply. "I was up all last night. Tomorrow morning will do."

Dominey's host was a pleasant and social man. Mr. Mangan especially was uplifted. Everything to do with the Domineys for the last fifteen years had reeked of poverty. He had really had a hard struggle to make both ends meet. There had been disagreeable interviews with angry tenants, formal interviews with dissatisfied mortgagees, and remarkably little profit at the end of the year to set against these disagreeable episodes. The new situation was almost beatific. The concluding touch, perhaps, was in Parkin's congratulatory whisper as he set a couple of decanters upon the table.

"I have found a bin of Cockburn's fifty-one, sir," he announced, including the lawyer in his confidential whisper. "I thought you might like to try a couple of bottles, as Mr. Mangan seems rather a connoisseur. The cork appears to be in excellent condition."

"After this," Mr. Mangan sighed, "it will be hard to get back to the austere life of a Pall Mall club!"

Seaman, very early in the evening, pleaded an extraordinary sleepiness and retired, leaving his host and Mangan alone over the port. Dominey, although an attentive host, seemed still a little abstracted. Even Mr. Mangan, who was not an observant man, was conscious that a certain hardness, almost arrogance of speech and manner, seemed temporarily to have left his patron.

"I take the liberty of finishing my glass to say so, there's only one thing necessary to round the whole business off, as it were."

"The return of Lady Dominey to health. I was one of the few, you may remember, privileged to make her acquaintance at the time of your marriage."

they Place, shrieking and walling amongst its chimneys and around its many corners. Big clouds leaned over the land, and drenching streams of rain dashed against the loose-framed sashes of the windows. Dominey lit the tall candles in his bedroom, fastened a dressing-gown around him, threw himself into an easy-chair, and fixed an electric reading lamp by his side, tried to read. Very soon the book slipped from his fingers. He became suddenly tense and watchful. His eyes counted one by one the panels in the wall by the left-hand side of the bed. The familiar click was twice repeated. For a moment a dark space appeared. Then a woman, stooping low, glided into the room. She came slowly towards him, drew like a moth towards that semicircle of candle. Her hair hung down her back like a girl's, and the white dressing-gown which floated diaphanously about her was unexpectedly reminiscent of Bond Street. "You are not asleep," she said anxiously. "See, I have nothing in my hands. I almost think that the desire has gone. You remember the little siletto I had last night? Today I threw it into the well. Mrs. Unthank was very angry with me."

"I am not afraid," he assured her, "but—"

"Ah, but you will not scold me?" she begged, "it is the storm which terrifies me."

He drew a low chair for her into the little circle of light and arranged some cushions. As she sank into it, she suddenly looked up at him and smiled, a smile of rare and wonderful beauty. Dominey felt for a moment something like the stab of a knife at his heart.

"Sit here and rest," he invited. "There is nothing to fear."

"In my heart I know that," she answered simply. "These storms are part of our lives. They come with birth, and they shake us when death seizes us. One should not be afraid, but I have been so ill, Everard. Shall I call you Everard still?"

"Because you are not like Everard to me any more," she told him, "because something has gone from you, and something has come to you. You are not the same man. What is it? Had you troubles in Africa? Did you learn what life was like out there?"

He sat looking at her for a moment, leaning back in his chair, which he had pushed a few feet into the shadows. Her hair was glossy and splendid, and against it her skin seemed whiter and more delicate than ever. Her eyes were lustrous but plaintive, and with something of the child's fear of harm in them. She looked very young and very fragile to have been swayed through the years by an evil passion.

"I learnt many things there, Rosamund," he told her quietly. "I learnt a little of the difference between right doing and wrong doing. I learned, too, that all the passions of life burn themselves out, save one alone."

She twisted the girdle of her dressing-gown in her fingers for a moment. His last speech seemed to have been outside the orbit of her comprehension or interest.

"You need not be afraid of me any more, Everard," she said, a little pathetically.

"I have no fear of you," he answered. "Then why don't you bring your chair forward and come and sit a little nearer to me?" she asked, raising her eyes. "Do you hear the howl, it shrieks at us? Oh, I am afraid!"

He moved forward to her side, and took her hand gently in his. Her fingers responded at once to his pressure. When he spoke, he scarcely recognized his own voice. It seemed to him thick and choked.

"The wind shall not hurt you, or anything else," he promised. "I have come back to take care of you."

She sighed, smiled like a tired child, and her eyes closed as her head fell farther back amongst the cushions. "Stay just like that, please," she begged. "Something quite new is coming to me. I am resting. It is the sweetest rest I ever felt. Don't move, Everard. Let my fingers stay in yours—"

The candles burned down in their sockets, the wind rose to greater fury, and died away only at the dawn, broke through the storm clouds. A pale light stole into the room. Still the woman slept, and still her fingers were clasped in his. Her head fell back, and her breathing was all the time easy and regular. Her silky black eyelashes lay motionless upon her pale cheeks. Her mouth—a very perfect, finely shaped, and sweetly quiet line. Somehow he realized that about this slumber there was a new thing. With hot eyes and aching limbs he sat through the night. Dream after dream rose up and passed away before that little background of port-cries and wails. When she opened her eyes and looked at him, the same smile parted her lips as the smile which had come there when she had passed away to sleep.

"I am so rested," she murmured. "I feel so well. I have had dreams, beautiful dreams."

The fire had burned out, and the room was chilly.

"You must go back to your own room now," he said.

"Very slowly her fingers relaxed. She held out her arm.

"Carry me," she begged. "I am only half awake. I want to sleep again."

He lifted her up. Her fingers closed around his neck, her head fell back with a little sigh of content. He tried the folding doors, and finding some difficulty in opening them, carried her out into the corridor, into her own room, and laid her upon the untouched bed.

"You are comfortable?" he asked. "Quite," she murmured drowsily. "Kiss me, Everard."

Her hands drew his face down. His lips rested upon her forehead. Then he drew the bedclothes over her and fled.

(Continued tomorrow)

MARINE NEWS

PORT OF ST. JOHN, N. B. Friday, August 6, 1920. Arrived Thursday.

Dredge Tomado, 737, Foote, Norfolk, Va.

Coastwise—Gas sch Bessie L Morse, 35, Morse, Parrsboro, N. S.; gas sch Walter C, 12, Belding, Chance Harbor; sch Emily, 59, Walter, St. Martins; str Bear River, 70, Moore, Bear River, N. S.

Cleared Thursday. Coastwise—Gas sch Bessie L Morse, 35, Morse, Parrsboro, N. S.; gas sch Walter C, 12, Belding, Chance Harbor; sch Lillian, 25, 12, Milner, Annapolis Royal, N.S.; sch Emily, 59, Walter, St. Martins; str Bear River, 70, Moore, Digby, N. S.

Sailed Thursday. Str Manchester Exchange, 2640, Struss, for Philadelphia. Str Charlotte Comau, 782, Stuart, for Montevideo.

Canadian Ports. Halifax, Aug 4—Ard, str Biran, Philadelphia. Sld, str Manchester Importer, Manchester; str Stella Marie, Newfoundland ports. Port of Montreal, Aug 4—Ard, Lord Antrim, Barry; Bankoku Maru, Weymouth.

RMSP TO THE WEST INDIES FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FROM HALIFAX

Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara

MAILS, PASSENGERS, FREIGHT. The most attractive Tourist Route available to the Canadian traveler LITERATURE ON REQUEST The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co. HALIFAX, N. S.

Furness Line From London to London via Halifax. July 31—S. S. Comino, Aug. 20

Manchester Line From Manchester to Philadelphia and Montreal. July 16—S. S. Main, Exchange Aug 5

FURNESS, WITHEY CO., Ltd. Royal Bank Bldg. Tel. Main 2016 St. John, N. B.

GRAND MANAN S.S. CO. DAYLIGHT TIME. Commencing on the 1st steamer leaves Grand Manan Mondays, 7.30 a. m., for St. John via Campbell and Eastport, returning 1.30 same day.

FRIDAYS, leave Grand Manan 6.30 a. m., for St. John direct, returning 2.30 same day.

SATURDAYS, leave Grand Manan, 7.30 a. m., for St. Andrews, via intermediate ports, returning 1.30 same day.

NEW THROUGH SERVICE BETWEEN EASTERN AND WESTERN CANADA OPTIONAL ROUTES VIA Canadian National Railways

MARITIME PROVINCES TO WINNIPEG VIA QUEBEC.

LV Sydney, 7.00 a.m. A.T. Sa. M. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. Lv Halifax, 8.10 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Charlottetown, 9.10 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv St. John, 10.10 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Moncton, 11.10 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Quebec, 12.10 p.m. E.T. Sa. M. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. Lv Montreal, 1.10 p.m. C.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M. Ar Winnipeg, 6.00 p.m. C.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M.

TRAIN EQUIPMENT—Standard sleeping and dining cars between Halifax, and Lewis (Quebec), Charlottetown, and Digby between Sydney and Truro. Puller car St. John to Moncton. Standard sleeping and dining cars between Quebec and Winnipeg; Tourist Steep between Cochrane and Winnipeg; Colonist car between Cochrane and Winnipeg.

Canadian National—Grand Trunk THE MARITIME PROVINCES. — PACIFIC COAST. VIA MONTREAL, TORONTO, NORTH BAY, COCHRANE.

LV Sydney, 8.30 p.m. A.T. Sa. M. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. Lv Halifax, 9.30 p.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Charlottetown, 10.30 p.m. " " " " " " " " Lv St. John, 11.30 p.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Moncton, 12.30 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Montreal, 1.30 a.m. E.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M. Lv Toronto, 2.30 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv North Bay, 3.30 a.m. " " " " " " " " Lv Cochrane, 4.30 a.m. C.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M. Lv Vancouver, 5.30 a.m. P.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M.

TRAIN EQUIPMENT—Standard sleeping and dining cars between Halifax, Moncton and Montreal—Montreal and Winnipeg. Cafe Parlor car between Montreal and Sully, Observation car between Montreal and Winnipeg. Colonist cars between Toronto and Winnipeg and between Winnipeg and Vancouver. Compartment Observation car between Edmonton and Vancouver.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES. — PACIFIC COAST. VIA MONTREAL, OTTAWA, PORT ARTHUR, FORT WILLIAM.

LV Montreal, 6.10 p.m. E.T. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M. Ar Ottawa, 7.10 p.m. " " " " " " " " Ar Port Arthur, 8.15 a.m. C.T. " " " " " " " " Ar Fort William, 9.15 a.m. " " " " " " " " Ar Winnipeg, 10.15 a.m. P.T. Sa. M. Tu. W. Th. Fr. Sa. M. Ar Victoria, 8.00 p.m. " " " " " " " "

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GENERAL PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, MONCTON, N. B.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Two cents per word each insertion. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

PERSONALS. LADIES ATTENTION—Dr. Le Preser Parisian Complexion Cream quickly removes Blackheads, Pimples, Enlarged Pores, Crows Feet, Wrinkles. Immediate results guaranteed. Full treatment, price \$1.50 sent on receipt of Postal or Money Order. Sole Agents: The Merchants' Publicity Association, Suite 423, 430 Standard Bank Building, Vancouver, B. C.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE—All the standing hay on Samuel Creighton's farm, Silver Falls, is offered for sale and prospective buyers can make application to Herbert E. Creighton, Silver Falls.

FOR SALE—We have several well graded cows for sale to freshen in fall and winter. Apply W. H. Reid, Bloomfield Station, N. B.

Dominion Express Money Orders are on sale in five thousand offices throughout Canada.

HELP WANTED. Young Men and Girls wanted to learn Cotton Mill work. Good wages to beginners.

First-class new Boarding House for girls, with meals furnished to men at reasonable rates.

Apply by letter, or at Office of Canadian Cottons, Ltd., Milltown, N. B.

FORTUNE TELLING. PALMISTRY AND CARD READING. 136 King St. West, upstairs.

ESTATE SALE. 1065 Acres M. or L. Containing Hard and Soft Wood in great quantities. We will make 50 Farms about 20 Acres M. or L. each, or sub-division, 8 miles from city, 1 mile from C. P. R. Station, Parish Lancaster.

BY AUCTION. I am instructed to sell by Public Auction at Chubb's Corner on Saturday morning, August 7th, at 12 o'clock noon, that very valuable block of land consisting of about 1000 acres M. or L., with abundance of green, hard and soft woods, also pulp wood, situated at Marton, Parish Lancaster, eight miles from city and one mile from C. P. R. Station. For further particulars, etc., apply to F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer.

Dr. DeVan's French Pills. A reliable Regulating Pill for Women. 25¢ a box. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Seebell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vim and Vitality; for Nerve and Brain. Increases Energy; makes a Tonic—will build you up. 4¢ a box, or 25¢ for \$5. at drug stores, or mail on receipt of price. The Seebell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ontario.

MAILED CONTRACT. SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 3rd September, 1920, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, 3 times per week, on the Lawrence Station Rural Route No. 2, from the 1st January, next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Lawrence Station, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, H. W. WOODS, Post Office Inspector, St. John, N. B., July 21, 1920.

MONTREAL PRICES. Montreal, Aug 5—Oats, Canadian Western, No. 2, \$1.20 to \$1.22; No. 3, \$1.18 to \$1.20. Flour, Man. new standard grades, \$14.85 to \$15.05. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., \$5.80 to \$5.85. Bran, \$5.25. Shorts, \$5.25. Cheese, finest easterns, 24 1-2. Butter, choicest creamery, 68. Eggs, fresh, 58.

Excursion Dates August 6th to 13th. For information regarding Special Trains, Rates, Etc., apply to: A. L. GIBBS, City Ticket Agent, St. John, or F. W. ROBERTSON, General Passenger Dept., Moncton.

WANTED! 30,000 HARVESTERS. Fare from St. John, via Valley Route, to Winnipeg \$20.20. Half a cent per mile to points beyond. Return: Half a cent per mile to Winnipeg, plus \$25.00. Special accommodation for Women. New, comfortable colonist cars of latest design. Through Service. Box Lunches.

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THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—The weather has been mostly fair and rather warm today over the Dominion, except near the eastern end of Lake Superior, where light scattered showers have occurred.

Table with weather forecasts for various locations including Toronto, Montreal, and Halifax.

AROUND THE CITY

C. P. R. OFFICIAL EXPECTED. Grant Hall, vice-president of the C. P. R., was at McAdam Junction yesterday morning.

CHANCE FOR WOLVES. The Blue Ribbons wish to challenge the Wolves to a game of baseball to be played on the Dufferin diamond.

TWO ARRESTS. Joseph J. Osborne was given in charge by M. Sletcher, last evening for stealing a cap, valued at one dollar from his store on Mill street.

OLD ST. JOHN BOY. G. N. A. Burnham of Woodstock is visiting friends in the city. He is an old St. John boy, having left here thirty-five years ago.

THE HOTEL NEEDED. Hotels and lodging houses were filled to capacity last night. Late arrivals to the city found difficulty in securing quarters for the night.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY. The regular quarterly meeting of St. Andrew's Society was held last evening in the society's rooms at Germain street.

BANK CLEARINGS. The bank clearings for the week amounted to \$4,045,125, as compared with \$3,015,864 in 1919, and \$2,781,719 in 1918.

IN COLLISION. A collision between an automobile and a delivery wagon occurred yesterday morning at the south corner of King and Germain streets.

SIMONDS RATE PAYERS' MEETING. The ratepayers of School District No. 1 of the Parish of Simonds, met last evening in the Glen Falls school house to consider the matter of sanitation, heating and repairs for the two schools of the district at Glen Falls and Brookville.

NEW PASTIME FOR THE KIDDIES. Those building houses in the city have to watch the shingle pile these days. A new craft has made its appearance on the high seas of the fountain in King square.

Protestant Home Quarterly Meeting

Reports Yesterday Showed 94 Children Being Cared For—Expenses Have Been Very Heavy and Assistance from Public Would be Gladly Received.

President D. C. Clark presided at the quarterly meeting of the St. John Protestant Orphans' Home (inc. 1854), held yesterday afternoon in the British street institution.

It was reported that in both institutions of the Home—British street and West St. John—there was a total of ninety-four children. Of this number, twenty are infants, being cared for in the special "babyland" suite of the across-harbor home.

In his regular report for the quarter Dr. W. S. Morrison, of the standing committee, which has charge of the incoming and outgoing of little ones, told of one of the graduates of the Home now apprenticed to the watchmaking trade.

President Clark told of numerous changes and improvements in connection with the West St. John Home. A large new refrigerator has been received, furnaces overhauled, clothes closets built, tables for the children's study set up, and the electrical wiring repaired under the direction of Inspector Wilson.

Treasurer H. C. Rankine in discussing this extra expense said while there was still some ready cash in the treasury, it was being rapidly consumed under stress of high costs in every department.

The bank clearings for the week amounted to \$4,045,125, as compared with \$3,015,864 in 1919, and \$2,781,719 in 1918.

Other Canadian cities report: Halifax, \$4,110,683; 1919, \$4,201,394. Ottawa, \$3,191,233; Quebec, \$7,897,956; Toronto \$9,064,583.

A collision between an automobile and a delivery wagon occurred yesterday morning at the south corner of King and Germain streets.

George Simpson was elected chairman and, after considerable discussion a committee consisting of Trustees J. S. Clayton, Trustee George Irvine, Trustee John Whalen and Walter Peterson, George Whalen and Mr. Piercy were appointed to ascertain the cost of the necessary repairs and report back at a meeting to be held on Thursday the 12th.

The master of taxes also came up for discussion. It was said that over a thousand dollars could be checked off in the arrears, and it was decided that all taxes in arrears, prior to 1919, should be collected by law.

Commissioner Bullock referred to the recent fall of the railing around City Hall roof and suggested to Commissioner Thornton that he have the building inspector make an inspection of all the roof railings in the city.

ATTEMPT AT TRAIN WRECK. What is believed to have been an attempt to wreck the St. John-Truro train on Tuesday morning, was reported yesterday. The trackman and repairers, making their morning inspection, found that, at a difficult part of the road, near Lake Fossil, not far from Truro, all the spikes had been taken from one of the rails.

The contest closed yesterday afternoon at six o'clock and even if some disregarded the rules of the competition and sent in free hand drawings they have not been overlooked for their good work.

The body of Andrew Smith of Framingham, Mass., who committed suicide on Tuesday morning on the Dominion Hotel Company's wharf, is still at Chamberlain's undertaking rooms awaiting disposal.

Week-end buyers will find enticing values in men's and young men's suits, raincoats and Fall overcoats. In some sizes good picking in suits at sale prices \$15 and \$25 and blue suits at \$35 and \$40, reduced from \$50.

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City Full of Men For Harvest Fields

Hundreds Gathered Here Last Night to Depart Today on Harvest Excursion Trains

From the foot hills of the Rocky Mountains far across the prairies of Alberta, of Saskatchewan, and of Manitoba, the wheat is once more golden in the August sun, and again the West has sent out its call for harvesters.

There will be over 100 harvesters leaving here by the C. N. R. in the morning and the 2:15 in the afternoon, via Moncton, or by way of the Valley and McTavish at 1:30 in the afternoon.

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Board of Trade Council Meeting

Session Held Yesterday—Secretary Armstrong Presented Interesting Report Regarding Conference in Moncton on Freight Rates.

At the meeting of the council of the Board of Trade held yesterday morning the report of R. R. Armstrong, who represented the board at the conference in Moncton re the proposed increase in freight rates, was heard and the resolution of the meeting heartily endorsed.

The resolution adopted pointed out that the increase was such a vital matter to the manufacturer and merchant of the country that more than one session of the railway board should be given to the discussion of the matter, and action taken after mature deliberation had been given to the whole subject.

The meeting was a very representative one. The three Maritime Governments were represented, Prince Edward Island by the Premier, the Maritime Branch of the C. M. A., and the various boards of trade in the three provinces.

Another matter considered was the practice of sending the C. G. M. steamers which came here with cargo to other ports for loading, and this will be brought to the attention of the department, with it is hoped, good results for St. John.

The report of the fire underwriters on the West Side fire protection was also taken up, and it was decided to make representations to the proper authorities in this connection.

The harvesters, who congregated here yesterday and will continue to arrive today, are coming from far different sections, from across the bay, from up river, and adjoining counties, and the city itself. In addition to these local men, quite a few are coming from Boston and other parts of the States.

Naturally such an influx has taxed the hotels and boarding houses and many last night were hard put to find accommodation a number remaining in the waiting rooms at the depot. The Salvation Army Hostel on Prince William street was filled to overflowing with men sleeping on break downs, on the lobby, on stair cases, and wherever they might, the Army's other establishment on British street was also well booked. Over a hundred and fifty men were lodged in the two buildings.

The Standard is at all times looking out for the comfort of its newboys. These are the youngsters that call at the office of the early hours of the morning, receive their papers and start out to sell to the citizens long before some are out of bed and on their way to places of employment, but many citizens are out earlier than others, and like the old saying, "The early bird catches the worm," the man who proceeds to his work early in the morning can now always find a newboy ready to sell him The Standard, and this citizen can obtain all the news from all over the world before he starts in on his daily task no matter what his class of employment consists of.

In addition to looking after its newboys, The Standard is open to please its young readers who don't sell papers, and has been, and will continue to give prizes for the young readers of The Standard, and these number well in the thousands.

The last competition has been for the boy and girl who could best draw in the mouth and eyes of the famous Katzenjammer kids "Hans" and "Fritz." The result has proven beyond the expectation of The Standard circulation manager, for not only the youngsters in the city, but those throughout the province have been active and have sent in their drawings that nearly one thousand drawings have been received within the past week. All the drawings received have been found excellent, and it has proved a hard matter for the judges to pick out the fifty winners in the contest. At all events the half hour has been chosen and their names will be found on the amusement page of this morning's issue. Each and every one of the winners will be asked to call at The Standard this morning, or even up till two o'clock this afternoon and receive their prize, which is a free admission ticket to the Katzenjammer performance in the Imperial Theatre this afternoon. There is hardly a youngster who does not know of these famous "kids" and the winners will surely enjoy their free chance of witnessing "Hans" and "Fritz" in real life this afternoon. It is the pleasure of this paper to make its young readers and readers happy, and it is needless to say that the boys and girls will have an enjoyable time this afternoon.

The fifty prize winning drawings are on exhibition in the windows of the Imperial Theatre and the little ones are certainly to be congratulated on their good work.

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The Best Paint is Cheapest in the End

Experience is proving every day that, for economy and for all round satisfaction, there is nothing that will measure up to

Martin-Senour 100 p. c. Pure Paint which spreads easiest—works better under the brush—hides best, and gives an even, durable film of finest texture that will resist wear and weather and retain its new look longer than any other prepared paint or hand-mixed lead and oil paint.

Ask for Color Chart Folder at Our PAINT DEPARTMENT—STREET FLOOR.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED Store Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Close at 1 p. m. on Saturdays. Open Friday Evenings till 10 o'clock.

Final Clearance Sale Today and Tomorrow Morning of ALL SUMMER HATS

Ladies' Trimmed Sport Hats—Quick clearing price, your choice \$1.00. Children's Trimmed Sport Hats, limited number left, clearing 50 cts. One table of Tailored Ladies' Hats up 'til tomorrow noon, your choice \$1.50. Trimmed Matron's Turbans, \$3.00 each. Ladies' Trimmed Transparent Hats, \$3.00 and \$4.50. Ladies' Banded Panama Hats, sacrifice price 50 cts. Ladies' Untrimmed Hats, perfect condition, 50 cts.

Marr Millinery Co., Limited

No Hats Exchanged. No Hats on Approval.

JAPALAC

"WEARS LIKE IRON." THE ORIGINAL STAIN AND VARNISH COMBINED. Many Kinds—Many Colors—Many Uses.

There are many kinds of "Japalac" in an endless variety of colors and effect, all for touching up worn and discolored surfaces about the home. Whether on furniture, floors or woodwork, you'll get just the right effect with "Japalac" Household Finishes.

In Tins from 30c to \$8.50. AGENTS FOR MOORE'S PAINTS AND MURESCO. EMERSON & FISHER, LTD., 25 Germain Street

WOOLEN SCARFS

Are Going to Prove Popular For Fall Wearing. These are a splendid substitute for the fur neck piece or sweater and are made in very attractive styles.

The newest scarfs are wide on the shoulder and have broad belts and tuxedo roll. Some are in two color combinations such as grey and American beauty, helio and white, turquoise and apricot, as well as plain white and tan. Two big buttons are used to hold scarfs in place in the front. Plain colors, \$5.75. Fancy, \$6.75.

Coat and Pull-Over Sweaters for Women and Girls. Made of fine wool in newest colors and stitches. Coat Sweaters have tuxedo fronts or are very plain and practical. Pull-Overs have high or low cut necks—a few have surplice fronts, and there are many fancy collars and peplum ideas.

Coat Sweaters, \$8.75 to \$11.50. Pull-Overs, \$4.65 to \$12.50.

Women's Bathing Suits Specially Priced. Cashmere or woaded jersey, fashioned in one piece style with skirt. These are the season's favorite style for swimming, and are in a variety of good colorings with trimmings of contrasting bright shade.

Special, \$5.75 and \$6.50. (Costume Section, Second Floor.)

Manchester Robertson Allison

WHAT THIS WEEK-END HAS IN STORE FOR YOU AT MAGEE'S

Another opportunity to take advantage of the Clearance Prices operating here week-ends is afforded today and Saturday. Briefly, here are a few outstanding features:—

Betty Wales Frocks. Light summery frocks with all the innate goodness Betty Wales carries in the line. Gingham that ran in price from \$20.00 to \$32.00, now just a half. Voiles from \$34.25, and in easy stages to \$46.75, just half. Muslins from \$25.00 to \$50.00, all for half.

Plush Hats. Women's Silk Plush Hats in colors. \$14.50 each, instead of \$21.00. All of finest quality of French Silk Plush and fully guaranteed.

For the Kiddies. White Linen Real Tub Hats at two prices, \$1.45 for \$2.50 and \$2.85 Hats, and \$1.25 for \$1.75 and \$2.00 Hats; also Silk Poplin Hats, green, white, terra cotta and sand colors, \$2.15, formerly \$4.50.

D. Magee's Sons, Limited—Saint John, N. B.