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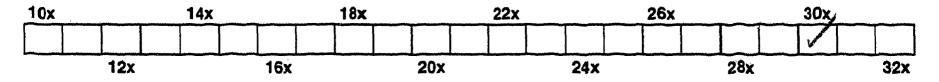
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EMIGRATION (CANADA).

RETURN of the ASSESSED VALUE of the TOWN-SHIPS in Western Canada settled 'by Pauper Emigrants from Ireland between 1825 and 1828, and their present condition ;—also, Particulars of the formation of "THE CANADA EMIGRATION ASSOCIATION," established at Toronto in 1840.

(Mr. Poulett Scrope.)

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed 30 May 1848.

368. Under 3 oz.

EMIGRATION (CANADA).

RETURN to an Address of the Honourable The House of Commons, dated 1 June 1847;-for,

- " RETURNS of the Assessed VALUE of those TOWNSHIPS in the Neucastle District in Western Canada, which were settled by PAUPER EMIGRANTS from Ireland, between the Years 1825 and 1828, at the Public Expense:"
- " Of the Number of the various EMIGRATION SOCIETIES formed in Canada in 1840, by Canadian Proprietors desirous of Settling Emigrants from Great Britain and Ireland upon their Estates."

Colonial Office, Downing-street,] 30 May 1848.

B. HAWES.

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Ordered, by The Ilouse of Commons, to be Printed, 30 May 1848.

(Mr. Poulett Scrope.)

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SCHEDULE.

DATE.	SUBJECT.	PAGE,
l June 1847	Transmitting copy of the Address of House of Commons to Her Majesty, p ing for certain information in regain past Emigration to Canada, and reg- ing to be furnished with the requ- information -	erny- ed to uest-
26 Aug. 1847	In reply; transmitting Return of the Asso Value of the Townships settled by per Emigrants from Ireland, and par lars of the formation of an Emigra Society in Upper Canada in 1840 -	Pau- ticu-
18 Nov. 1847	Referring to Governor-general's Despat 26 August 1847, in reference to the tlement of Pauper Emigrants from Ire in Western Canada; requesting t furnished with any further inform that can be obtained respecting the mation of those Settlements -	e sot- eland o be ation
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		 June 1847 'Transmitting copy of the Address of House of Commons to Her Majesty, p ing for certain information in regar past Emigration to Canada, and requing to be furnished with the requinformation - 26 Aug. 1847 In reply; transmitting Return of the Asse Value of the Townships settled by per Emigrants from Ireland, and par lars of the formation of an Emigra Society in Upper Canada in 1840 - 18 Nov. 1847 Referring to Governor-general's Despat 26 August 1847, in reference to the tlement of Pauper Emigrants from Ire in Westorn Canada; requesting the furnished with any further inform that can be obtained respecting the mation of those Settlements 15 Mar. 1848 In reply; enclosing Return of the nu of Acres granted to the Irish Emig of 1826, and detailed Return sho the present condition of every Lagenty for the present condition of every Lagenty La

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RETURNS of the Assessed Value of those Townships in the Newcastle District in Western Canada, which were settled by PAUPER EMIGRANTS from Ireland, between the Years 1825 and 1828, at the Public Expense and of the Number of the various Emigration Societies formed in Canada in 1840, by Canadian Proprietors desirous of Settling Emigrants from Great Britain and Ireland upon their Estates.

(No. 76.)

-No. 1.-

COPY of a DESPATCH from Earl Grey to Governor-general the Right Honourable Earl Grey to the Earl of Elgin.

My Lord,

Downing-street, 1 June 1847.

I HAVE the honour to transmit to your Lordship the accompanying copy of an Address presented to Her Majesty by the House of Commons, praying for certain information in regard to past immigration to Canada. As there are no means in this office of making a return to this Address, I have to request that your Lordship would furnish me with the requisite information for that purpose, at the earliest practicable period.

I have, &c.

(signed) Grey.

No. 1.- A Return of the Assessed Value of those Townships in the Newcastle District in Western Canada, which were settled by Pauper Emigrants from Ireland, between the years 1825 and 1828, at the public expense.

No. 2.- A Return of the number of the various Emigration Societies formed in Canada in 1840, by Canadian Proprietors desirous of settling Emigrants from Great Britain and Ireland upon their estates.

(No. 82.)

- No. 2. -

COPY of a DESPATCH from Governor-general the Right Honourable the Earl of Elgin to Earl Grey.

> Government House, Montreal, 26 August 1847.

My Lord, In obedience to your Lordship's despatch, No. 76, of the 1st of June last, Governor-general desiring to be furnished with the requisite information for the purpose of making return to an Address presented to Her Majesty by the House of Commons, in to Earl Grey, regard to past emigration to Canada, I have the honour to transmit herewith a ²⁶ August 1847. return of the assessed value of the townships settled by pauper emigrants from Ireland, and a copy of a letter with enclosures, from the Sheriff of the Home District, giving information respecting an emigration society, the only one that I can ascertain as having been formed in Upper Canada in the year 1840.

I have, &c.

(signed)

Elgin & Kinvardine.

No. 1. Governor-general the Earl of Elgin, 1 June 1847.

1 June 1847

No. 2.

Enclosure 1, in No. 2.

Encl. 1, in No. 2.

. 2. RETURN of the Assessed Value of those Townships in the Newcastle District in Western Canada which were settled by Pauper Emigrants from Ireland, between the Years 1825 and 1828, at the Public Expense, according to the Assessment made in the year 1846.

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Asphodel	-	_	-	-	-		£. 4,141	s. 13	d. 2
Douro -	-	-	-	-	-	~	3,365	15	2
Dummer	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,283	17	
Emily -	•	-	-	-	-	-	6,315	6	-1
Envismore	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,158	18	1
Ops -	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,535	11	3
Otonabee	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,848	12	3
Smith -	-	-	•	-	•	-	8,063	1	~
	Т	OTAL,	Sterl	ing -		£.	45,712	12	11

Enclosure 2, in No. 2.

Encl. 2, in No. 2,

Sir.

Montreal, 16 July 1847.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2d instant, requesting information upon the subject of emigration societies formed in Upper Canada in 1840.

In reply, I beg leave to state, that at my suggestion in that year the subject of immigration and colonization was taken up in Toronto by several influential persons, and (upon a requisition presented to me) a meeting was called of the district of Toronto, which was numerously and respectably attended and certain resolutions passed, a printed copy of which accompanies this letter.

At a subsequent meeting, the association was formed, by the appointment of the Hon. R. C. Jameson, Vice-Chaucellor of Upper Canada, President; the Hon. John Henry Dunn, Receiver-general, the Hon. W. H. Draper, Attorney-general, the Hon. John Elmsley, a member of the Legislative Council, and Isaac Buchanan, Esq., as the four Vice-Presidents; several influential persons as Directors, and I was requested to act as one of the Secretaries.

The association agreed to and published a prospectus and bye-laws, and distributed copies through the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and also sent several copies to the British islands; a printed copy of the prospectus and bye-laws also accompanies this communication.

The Lieutenant-governor of the province, Sir George Arthur, Bart., and the Governorgeneral, the late Lord Sydenham, were pleased to express favourable opinions of the objects of the association, as will appear from the printed copies of letters addressed to the secretary of the association. The funds requisite for carrying out a scheme of such magnitude as that contemplated by the association were not expected to be raised in Canada, but it was anticipated that large sums would be raised in Great Britain and Ireland to assist the emigrants from the parent state, sustain them for a time in Canada, and assist the association in locating them on lands, or in obtaining employment which would in a short time place them above want.

It was contemplated that many resident proprietors would place at the disposal of the association 'portions of their waste lands for settlement, either at the market value of the lands or by gift, upon condition of actual settlement and improvement, with the certainty of reaping a rich return for such sale or gift from the increased value of the remaining portion consequent upon such settlements and improvement. The association did not receive any countenance or assistance from individuals or public bodies in Great Britain or Ireland, nor was it (from want of funds) able to take advantage of those lands placed at its disposal by the resident landed proprietors, except in a very limited degree; during its existence, however, several hundred persons were provided with employment in the colony amongst the farmers, and several were provided with portions of land gratuitously, and have become respectable settlers, benefiting not only themselves but the proprietors of, the lands adjoining those on which they have been placed.

From the want of that countenance and support which the association had expected at its organization, it was not continued beyond the first year of its formation.

I have, &c.

d) W. B. Jarvis, Sheriff of the Home District, (signed) and Secretary of the late Association.

Major Campbell, Civil Secretary, &c. &c. &c.

RESOLUTIONS.

No. 1.-Resolved, THAT for the purpose of promoting emigration to this colony, from Great Britain and Ireland, it is expedient to form an association of landed proprietors and other influential persons, to co-operate with the "British North American Colonial Com-mittee" now established in London, which committee is composed of some of the most wealthy and influential noblemen and landed proprietors in Great Britain and Ireland.

No. 2.-Resolved, That this association be now formed under the name of "The Canada Emigration Association."

No. 3 .-- Resolved, That the objects of the Association shall be the promotion of emigration from the parent state to this colony, and in connexion with the British North American Colonial Committee of London, to establish such a system of emigration and colonization as will be beneficial, not only to the emigrant, but to the mother country and this colony; to assist the emigrant upon his arrival by information, in the procurement of employment, and in the location of lands; to form branch societies in the several districts of this province; to ascertain and procure from the landed proprietors lists of such lots or portions of lots as they may be willing to dispose of, either as a free grant or by sale; to appoint in the several district towns, also in Montreal, Quebec and New York, agents, whose duty it will be to render such information and assistance to the emigrants as may be requisite; to establish offices in different parts of the province, for the sale and location of lands; to correspond with the British North American Colonial Committee, and such other societies as may be established in Great Britain and Ireland in the promotion of emigration and colonization; and generally, by every means in its power, to aid, comfort and assist our fellow subjects from the British Isles upon their arrival in this colony.

No. 4.—Resolved, That the following gentlemen do form "The Canada Emigration Association," and that they be Directors thereof for the first year, and until the first Monday in January 1842.

No. 5.—Resolved, That every person subscribing annually to the funds of the Association the sum of 20 s. or upwards, shall become a member of the same, and shall be entitled to vote for Directors at the first and all subsequent annual elections.

No. 6.-Resolved, That the affairs of the Association shall be conducted by one President, four Vice-Presidents, Directors, two Secretaries, a Treasurer, three Trustees and a Solicitor; and that the said Directors now appointed, together with those from the other districts, have power to elect their President, Vice-Presidents, Secretaries, Treasurer, Trustees and Solicitor, at a meeting to be convened in the month of November next.

-Resolved, That the several districts of this province and of Lower Canada be No. 7. requested to form branch societies in connexion with this Association and the committee in London; and that the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the branch societies be *ex-officio* directors of this Association; but until such branch societies be respectively formed and in operation, the following gentlemen be invited to become Directors pro tem. for their respective districts.

No. 8.—Resolved, That so soon as may be convenient, and at least on or before the third Monday in November next, a meeting of the Directors hereby appointed, together with those invited to become Directors for the other districts, or the Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the respective branch societies, be called, for the purpose of framing a constitution and bye-laws, and of issuing a prospectus of the proceedings and intentions of the said Association,

The following PROSPECTUS and BYE LAWS, which on a former meeting were referred to a Committee for revision, were then read, and unanimously confirmed.

Toronto, 12 November 1840.

THE Directors of the Canada Emigration Association having this day assembled, pursuant to a resolution passed at the late general meeting of the friends of emigration, deem it advisable to lay before the public the object of their union, and the mode in which they propose that it shall be effected.

Their object is to promote the wealth and population of the province, by affording increased facilities to the settlement of persons emigrating from the British Isles, more especially by removing those obstacles which have hitherto so materially impeded the introduction into this province, and perverted into another channel, those valuable members of society upon whom our agricultural and commercial prosperity so essentially depend—the labouring farmers and artizans—without whom it is vain to expect that the more wealthy classes of settlers

settlers will bring hither their capital. It is confidently hoped that the society's exertions will affect a great increase of happiness to the persons intended to be primarily benefited, to be followed very soon by a proportionate advance in value of the possessions of those who, with a wise self-interest, shall contribute liberally to the cause.

It is unnecessary now to set forth the importance of colonization when judiciously directed. Its advantages are manifest, alfording to the parent state a corrective to a redundant population, an extension of its commerce and a market for its manufactures; to the man with capital, who finds in a country abounding with it a difficulty in securing a profitable investment, it affords opportunities of a rapid increase, without the risks of speculation; while to the emigrant destitute of capital, or rather possessing only that best and safest of capitals, industry and health, it has proved to thousands a blessed change from indigence to independence, and will so continue to all who do not ensure their disappointment by the unreasonableness of their expectations. Its advantages are equally obvious to the country which, by its vast resources and natural treasures, afford a field for the enterprize of the one class, and a reward for the industry of the other.

The Association is cheered and supported by perceiving how rapidly this conviction has lately extended throughout England, Scotland and Ireland; where men, the highest in rank and in wealth, judging accurately from previous results, have benevolently united themselves in societics to enable their poorer fellow subjects to participate in the benefits of colonization; and it is mainly with a view to co-operate with those patriotic bodies, that the present Association has been formed; convinced as the members are, that however active individual benevolence may be, its effects may be greatly increased by combination and unity of purpose. If any sanction were wanting to persons entertaining doubts of the practical good and the national importance of the subject, it will be found in the elaborate Report of the House of Commons, and in the several resolutions and earnest addresses of our Provincial Legislature.

There never was a period in the history of the province, when the exertions of an association like the present could promise such happy results; great public works have been accomplished for the facilitating of social intercourse, and the transport of commodities, works which would be deemed great in any country npon earth; the Welland, the Rideau, and other artificial navigations, connecting our inland seas with each other and with the ocean; macadamized loads are intersecting the province in every direction; other extensive works of the same kind, together with railroads, are either in the course of construction or intended to be constructed; the statistics of the country, and the inexhaustible capabilities of the land are become thoroughly known; and above all, the country is at peace within and without, and men by common cousent are uniting, by a laudable attention to private good, to swell the aggregate of public prosperity.

The Executive Government too, is actively at work for the good of those under its protection, especially in the forming of roads, and rendering some of the most fertile tracts in the country accessible for settlement. It is making preparations on a grand scale for those who choose to avail themselves of its paternal aid; but great as is its power, and wise and benevolent as they may be who wield it, there is still a vast amount of good connected with the colonization of this country, which circumstances have rendered it impossible for the local Government to perform. It is precisely that deficiency which it is in the power of the Emigration Association to supply, if they be joined and sustained by the good sense and good feeling of the country; may, even the self-interest of individuals will, if judiciously exercised, contribute to the common good.

An evil attendant upon the colonization of Canada in times past, is industriously represented as still existing in its aggravated forms, by those who would deter settlers from selecting this province as their home. It is urged, that nearly all the lands within the settled precincts of the province have passed into the hands of private individuals, and that the new emigrant must necessarily go far into the depths of the forest, remote from the peopled settlements, where, whatever may be the excellence of his land, he will be r mote from markets, mills, or even roads, or the means of procuring labour or supplies during the first years of his residence.

These difficulties have existed to a great and disheartening extent, sometimes so as to induce the settler to abandon his possessions. It is true, also, that a great proportion of the land, especially in the older surveyed townships, comprehending the choicest locations in the neighbourhood of roads and navigable waters, now belongs to private individuals, and it is this very fact that enables the Association to be of the most essential service. These tracts are at present unproductive to the owner, and if retained in their wild state, with the view to their owners obtaining higher prices, would interpose such a serious obstacle to the settlement of the country, as might well justify the Legislature in imposing a tax upon lands kept unimproved from so selfish and narrow a policy. The Association are happy in knowing—for many of such proprietors are amongst its most zealous members—that such lands generally remain in their profitless fertility, only because the hand of man is wanting to turn them into productive corn-fields and animated pastures; and that if their fellowcountrymen were here to make use of them, they would be happy in giving to them portions equal to their utmost wants, without money and without price; yes, and every other aid which could tend to their future advantage, and this too without any affectation of generosity on the part of the members of the Association, for they are well aware that by the settlement and cultivation of a portion of their lands, the adjoining part will become better worth the purchasing by future emigrants, or by the settler himself when he shall have become prosperous.

This system of free grants of portions of private properties scattered over the whole province, and therefore presenting endless choice of locality in respect to previous settlement of friends, &c., to such persons as have no money to pay, or having small means, might more beneficially to themselves and the country apply them to accelerate the improvement of the land, forms a principal feature in the scheme of the Association, by which they hope to be useful to their countrymen. But it is only one; there are cases where not only the poor, but even the comparatively affluent settler, has had to encounter difficulties which might well dishearten him, and even drive him to abandon his enterprise. Many members of this Association have had practical knowledge of the evils which they are now intent upon averting from others, and are desirous of giving their experience without its price. The establishment of their registry office for the sale of lands not devoted to the above-stated object, and for supplying accurate information, statistical and otherwise, will be found of great use to such as are beyond the necessity of receiving any other kind of assistance; while in locating those who shall be disposed to accept of their land, they will carefully avoid the evil before-mentioned, of sending them where they will be isolated and solitary; but under such an arrangement as will ensure to each the comforts of society while he is engaged in the first, and in all cases the most discouraging task he has to encounter-subduing the forest.

The practical object of the Association is to establish, in connexion with the societies of Great Britain and Ireland, an effectual system, as well of direct colonization, as of aid and assistance to emigrants generally, whether rich or poor, supplying information to the one, and permanent employment or locations in land to the other. To such emigrants with families as shall come out under the auspices, or with the special recommendation of the societies at home, it is proposed to give 50 acres each, upon condition of actual settlement, and clearing a space of 10 acres of the front of their locations, erecting a dwelling-house, &c. for themselves, and clearing one-half of that portion of the road lying in front of the lot of which the lot forms The use and possession of this land will be secured to them immediately; and after a part. three years' actual residence, and the performance of the conditions above specified, a deed in fee-simple, without charge, will be given to them.

For the convenience of emigrants generally, an office will be opened in Toronto, for the registration of all lands possessed by private individuals, with descriptions of the lots, con-cessions, townships, districts, &c., classifying the same under the several heads of-Lands for sale-for lease-or for free settlement, under the direction of this Association; with every information connected therewith, their local peculiarities, situation in relation to roads, mills, markets, &c., the nature of the adjacent settlements, the countries from which the set-tlers therein came, together with every matter, the previous knowledge of which may tend to save the applicant the labour and time of personal inspection. It is further proposed, that full abstracts of all the above matter should be placed in the hands of the different societies in Great Britain, in order that even there some reasonably accurate information might be obtained before passing the Atlantic.

Books and subscriptions will be opened in every town and township in the province. A contribution of 20 s. annually will constitute a member qualified to vote for directors; a donation of 12l. 10s., or a gift of land equivalent in value, will qualify such contributor to be elected a director.

These books will remain open at the different places, and returns from time to time made to the secretaries, and the subscribers of land will be called upon, when necessary, to make the proper conveyances to the trustees for the purposes of the Association.

Upon these principles, and with a view to such plan, the Association earnestly call upon the inhabitants of this province to contribute in their degree to the cause of colonization, whether by gifts of land or otherwise, in the full confidence that in proportion to the good which they shall confer upon their country, will be the benefit reacting upon their individual prosperity.

BYE LAWS.

THAT at all meetings of the directors, the president, if present, or, in his absence any one of the vice-presidents, do take the chair; and that such president (or vice-president while so presiding), have, besides his vote as a director, a casting vote as chairman. That six directors, including the president, or any of the vice-presidents, be a quorum for

the transaction of business.

That the directors meet on Thursday of each week at the hour of three.

That if any vacancy takes place amongst the directors, whether of president, vice-president, director or other officer of the Association, the remaining directors have power to fill

the vacancy for the remainder of the year, and until the next general election. That after the year 1841, no person shall be eligible to be elected as a director, unless he be, or hath been a contributor to the funds of the Association of the sum of at least 12 l. 10 s. or of land equivalent thereto in value.

That public notice be given by circulars, and by advertisements in the newspapers to the landed proprietors of the province, advising them of the formation of the Association, and requesting them to send in at their earliest convenience lists of such lands as they may be willing to dispose of either by grant, or sale or lease, according to the annexed Schedule, in order that the same may be transmitted without delay to the different branch societies of the districts in which such lands are situate.

That books be prepared for the registration or entry of such lands so returned, classifying the lots by numbers, concessions, townships and districts; and that diagrams be obtained 368. through A 4

through the intervention of the Government, of such townships as the Association may require.

That, so soon as a fund shall be raised, by the subscription of members or by donations in money and land to warrant the expenditure, transcripts be made of the entries mentioned in the last section, of such lands as may be placed at the disposal of the Association, to be transmitted to the several districts respectively in which the lands may be situate, which books shall remain in the possession of the branch society of the respective district, if any be established, or in the hands of the agent of the Association resident in such districts respectively, and be open to the inspection of the public.

That the trustees be authorized to receive deeds of conveyance, in trust for the uses of the Association, from such persons as may be willing to make free grants of land for settlement, upon receiving from the registrar of the county in which such lands are, a certificate that the same are unencumbered.

That a draft of such conveyance be prepared and printed for the purpose mentioned in the last section.

That such conveyance be made and certificate obtained by the party granting the lands, and be transmitted to the trustces free of all charges whatever.

That, for the incidental expenses of the Association, the treasurer be authorized to pay any check signed by the president, or, in his absence, by any one of the vice-presidents, the secretary and any two of the directors other than the secretary or treasurer.

That, each person who makes an entry of land for sale, unless he be a member of the Association, pay to the treasurer of the Association at the time of making such entry the sum of 5s.

That, upon a sale being effected for any person, the following sums be paid by the vendor to the treasurer of the Association; viz.:

	£.				£.	5.	d.
If to the amount o	f 100,	the	sum	of	1	5	
>,	200	-	,,	-	2	10	
>>	300	-	,,	~	3	~	
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All sums over £,1,000, one per cent.

That, for the first year, no officer of the Association be paid for any service he may perform for the Association except for actual disbursements in the payment of books, postage, stationery, clerks' wages, fuel, lights, attendance and travelling expenses.

SCHEDULE of Lands the property of Canadian Emigration Association : "---

8

, placed at the disposal of the

Name of Proprietor Place of abode Addition

- Numbers of lots and concessions, townships and districts in which lands are situate, with the number of acres in each lot; specifying the state in which each particular lot is, whether uncultivated or otherwise, and if cultivated, the quantity; the buildings thereon; the kind of timber; nature of the soil; how watered, and by what streams; the distance from mills, merchants' shops, villages or towns, naming the same; distance from the district town, naming the same; also, from the principal high road or water communication passing through the district.
- Price per acre, and the terms of payment; also, whether any portion thereof will be surrendered to this Association for settlement, and if so, how much; specifying the particular lots or portion of lots which will be so surrendered.
- The number of families located in the township in which the lands lie; the number of manufactories, such as flour-mills, saw-mills, merchants' shops, &c.; number of churches and other places of worship; number of schools, and whether the same are conducted upon a satisfactory system, and presided over by proper and capable persons for the instruction of youth.
- The state of the roads and bridges, and whether any public works are in progress or in contemplation, specifying the nature of such public works.
- The number and description of emigrants that could be employed, classifying the same thus:—Farmers, farm servants, house servants, mechanics, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, shoemakers, masons, coopers, &c.

The uncunt of annual subscription to the funds of the Association.

The

amount of donations to the Association; the signature of the party, witnessed by a stice of the Peace or Commissioner of the Court of Requests, when the same can be adily obtained.

.B.-The return to be made as soon as convenient to the president of the district sty, or to the Secretary of the Association at Toronto. Postage in all cases to be paid he party.

ddressed to the Secretary of the "Canada Emigration Association," as, in the event of absence, no communication otherwise addressed will be opened by the person acting him.

Sir,

Government House, Montreal, 3 November 1840.

I AM commanded by the Governor-general to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of e 19th ultimo, enclosing copies of the proceedings at a meeting of the inhabitants of the ome District, called with a view to the formation of a society to promote emigration. His xcellency desires me to thank you for this communication, and to assure you that he has served with great satisfaction their proceedings, and that he will have much pleasure in p-operating with the society for the promotion of its object.

I have, &c.

(signed)

T. W. C. Murdoch, Chief Secretary,

Sir,

Mr. Sheriff Jarvis, Toronto.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of this day's date, enclosing a copy of the proceedings which took place at a public meeting convened by you as Sheriff of the Home District, upon a requisition numerously signed, for the purpose of promoting emigration to this colony from the British Isles.

In reply, I am commanded by the Lieutenant-governor to say, that it has been a source of great gratification to his Excellency to find that a subject of such vital importance to the welfare of the Province has been taken up with so much zeal. I am also directed to inform you, that it will afford his Excellency much satisfaction to be enabled to further the object contemplated by every means in his power.

I have, &c.

S. B. Harrison. (signed)

W. B. Jarvis, Esq. &c. &c. &c.

Sir.

Canada Company's Office, Toronto, 26 October 1840.

WE have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 19th instant, enclosing a copy of the resolutions passed at a public meeting held at the Court-house on the 15th instant, of which you were the chairman, for the purpose of forming an association for the promotion of emigration from the United Kingdom, and for the adoption of a system of colonization in this Province.

We beg to assure you that the Canada Company will, as it has from its formation undeviatingly done, lend its most ready and zealous co-operation in the furtherance of promoting emigration to this Province, and securing its settlement; we are convinced that we need not give this assurance, as it is evident that the prosperity of the Company can only co-exist with that of the Province at large, and which can only be successfully attained by pouring into it a continuous stream of emigrants, and retaining them in the country.

We shall at all times cheerfully render any assistance to the Emigration Association whenever they may deem our services available.

By the enclosed copy of a circular, dated 15th July last, which we addressed to about 60 intelligent and experienced gentlemen residing in various parts of the Province, the Association will perceive that we have not slumbered in the good cause they are now so meritoriously and efficiently advocating ; we have received many reports and returns to our circulars, copies of which have been transmitted to London, and we shall have much pleasure in placing them at the disposal of the Association when they are complete, as we feel convinced

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vinced the Association will derive great gratification by the perusal of the mass of highly interesting information we have obtained, and which exhibits this Province in a more prosperons state than perhaps the most sanguine and experienced inhabitants could have anticipated.

I have, &c.

(signed) Frederick Widder, Commissioner. W. B. Jarvis, Esq., Sheriff of the Home District, And Chairman of the Meeting of the 15th of October 1840.

It was then moved by Sir Allan N. Macnab, and seconded by Robert Dixon Esq.; and Resolved, That Robert S. Jameson, Esq., Vice-Chancellor of Upper Canada, be the President of the "Canada Emigration Association" for the ensuing year, and until the next annual election.

Carried unanimously.

My Lord,

— No. 3. —

(No. 137.) COPY of a DESPATCH from Earl Grey to Governor-general the Right Honourable the Earl of Elgin.

No. 3. Earl Grey to Govenor-general the Earl of Elgin, 18 November 1847. Downing-street, 18 November 1847.

REFEREING to your Lordship's despatch, No. 82, of the 26th of August last, enclosing a return of the assessed value of certain townships in the Newcastle District, in Western Canada, settled by pauper emigrants from Ireland between the years 1825 and 1828, for the purpose of being laid before Parliament, I have to inform your Lordship that I gather, from two Reports of a Select Committee of the House of Commons on Emigration, dated on the 26th May 1826, and 29th June 1827, that 2,024 Irish pauper emigrants embarked from Cork in the year 1825, for Upper Canada, under the superintendence of Mr. Peter Robinson; that of this number 621 men, 512 women, and 745 children were located on the Newcastle District, and that the total expense of the conveyance of these emigrants from Ireland to Canada, and of their settlement at Newcastle, including their sustenance up to the period at which their first crops enabled them to provide for themselves, was 48,1451, no portion of which appears to have been repaid by the settlers.

I have now to request that your Lordship will ascertain and report to me, whether the townships, of which the assessed value is contained in your despatch, No. 82, are the townships on which these Irish pauper emigrants were settled, and if not, that you will furnish me with any information which it may be in your power to obtain respecting the formation of these settlements.

> I have, &c. (signed) Grey.

(No. 30.)

COPY of a DESPATCH from Governor-general the Right Honourable the Earl of *Elgin* to Earl *Grey*.

- No. 4. ---

Government House, Montreal, 15 March 1848. (Received 10 April 1848.)

My Lord, WITH reference to your Lordship's Despatch, No. 137, of the 18th November, calling for further information respecting the settlements formed in the year 1826 by emigrants from Ireland, under the superintendence of Mr. Robinson, I have the honour to communicate such additional particulars as it has been in my power to collect from the scanty records remaining in the public offices here, relating to those settlements, and from inquiries which I have instituted on the spot.

Enclosed is a return of the number of acres granted to Mr. Robinson's emigrant's in each township, and returns in detail showing the present condition of every lot so granted, that is to say, the number of acres in each lot (generally 100,) the number of acres now cleared and under cultivation, the number of souls, houses, cattle, &c., on each lot. From these details it will be sufficiently apparent, that none of these townships were settled exclusively by the emigrants of

No. 4. Governor-general the Earl of Elgin to Earl Grey, 15 March 1848.

No. 1 No. 2.

of 1826. Since that period the remaining lands have continued to be taken up by voluntary settlement, and the present condition of these townships may be gathered from the following Table, compiled from the best information that can be obtained.

			Prosent Number of Acres settled in the Township, Total.	Number of Acres settled by Mr. Robinson's Emigrants.	Present Number of Inhabitants.	Present Assessed Value of Rateablé Property.
Douro			DE 7740	9 646	1,194	£. 14,751
Douro	-	-	25,740	6,000	1,194	14,701
Smith	-	-	33,410	3,000	1,989	26,828
Otonabee	-	-	48,138	5,200	2,689	36,307
Ennismore	-	-	8,090	6,600	463	4,169
Asphodel	*	-	22,013	3,600	870	14,022
Emily	-	-	35,899	13,800	2,341	20,667
Ops -	-	-	33,831	610	1,855	20,972

It must be observed, that in the year 1826, when Mr. Robinson brought out the Irish emigrants, the above townships were all wilderness lands, in the rear of the Newcastle District, and far removed from the settled tracts. They now form part of the District of Colbourne which has the flourishing town of Peterborough for its chief town, a town first laid out in the same year of 1826.

> I have, &c. (signed) Elgin & Kincardine.

Enclosure 1, in No. 4.

No. 1 .- RETURN of the Number of Aores in each of the under-mentioned Townships of Encl. 1, in No. 4. Upper Canada, located by Emigrants from the South of Ireland, under the superintendence of the late Honourable Peter Robinson, in the year 1826; also exhibiting the Number of Acres in the said Townships respectively, for which Patents have since issued.

	TOW	NSHI	PS.			Number of Acres Located.	Number of Acres Patented.
Douro -	-	-		-	-	6,000	5,200
Smith -	-	-	-	-	-	3,000	2,30 0
Otonabee	~	-	-	-	-	5,200	5,050
Ennismore	-	-		-	-	6,600	4,600
Emily -	-	-	-	-	-	13,800	12,200
Asphodel	-	-	-	-		3,600	1,800
Ops -	-	-	-	-	-	610	300
	Tota	l Loca	ated	-	~ *	38,810	
	Total	Pate	nted	-			31,450

Of the unpatented lands, the parties concerned are from time to time proving their claims, of the inpatented lances, the parties concerned are non time to time proving their claims, and applying for patents; the decease of the locatees in some instances rendering it necessary to prove before the Heir and Devisee Commission their claims. A very small proportion of the lots have been resumed in consequence of the locatees

abandoning their lands.

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Enclosure 2, in No. 4.

TOWNSHIP OF EMILY.

		}		ASSES	SOR'S	'S REPORT of IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.				
L O T.	Con-	Acres.	NAMES.	Number of Acres Cleared.	Horses.	Horned Cattle.	No. of Family.			
N 4, 21	12	100	John Sullivan, jun	15	-	4	8	Justice Peace.		
W Į, 21	8	100	Thomas M'Carty	6		3	5	NW 1, in occupation.		
E 1, 8	10	100	William Houlehan	12	1	1	7			
W 1, 8 N 1, 1	10	100 100	Dennis Houlehan Daniel Donoghue, sen	$10 \\ 25$	2	13	6 6	Justico Pence. Richard Dobbins in occupation.		
S], 2	10	100	Maurice Donoghue	10] _) _	6	Telenara Dovolis in occupation.		
W 1, 6	9	100	John Leary	10	-	1	7	Dennis Leay in occupation.		
S 1, 1 W 1, J	10	100 100	Dennis Donoghue George Wynne - S 1	10	1	-	7	Dennis Stiller in an unstiller		
W], J N], 18	6	100	George Wynne - S J James Cunningham	25 20	1	4	7	Dennis Shire in occupation.		
N 🛃, 19	7	100	John Brien	10	}] 1	8	Thomas O'Brien in occupation.		
E 1, 18	7	100	John Carey	4	-		8	Dennis Diverse tables and the		
W $\frac{1}{2}$, 14 N $\frac{1}{2}$, 12	10 0	100 100	Daniel Fitzpatrick Patrick Walsh	10	-		11	Dennis Fitzpatrick in occupation. gone to States; no assessment.		
S J. 12	10	100	Jeremiah Dwyer		-			no assessment for two years.		
S 1, 18	11	100	Dennis Connell - SW 1	n #	-	(-	(3	Thomas Fitzgerald, SW 1.		
$S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 13$ $S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 17$	11	100 100	John Sheehan Daniel Sheehan	15 12	-	3	4	Mary Sheehan. John Geary in occupation.		
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}, 1$	¹¹ 0	100	William Mulcahey	65	2	4	6	Putrick Mulcahey.		
E 1, 3	5	100	David Mulcahey{	30	1	2	5	NE 1, William Lang in occupation.		
	1	ł		25	1	-	4	SEL, William Lang in occupation.		
E 1, 5 N 1, 23	9	100 100	Patrick Barragy Michael Flaherty	5	1 -	1]	6	NE 4, Widow Barragy. no assessment four years.		
S 4, 18	12	100	Richard Owens		-	- 1	-	no assessment four years.		
$ \begin{array}{c} N & \frac{3}{2}, & 23 \\ S & \frac{1}{2}, & 18 \\ E & \frac{1}{2}, & 19 \\ E & \frac{1}{2}, & 14 \end{array} $	12	100	Daniel Owens	5	-	1	11			
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 14$ $S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 22$	10 5	100 100	William Halloran William Boate	10	-	-	-	no assessment three years.		
$S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 22$ $S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 15$	11	100	Owen Keily	10 15		3	5	Timothy Reily in occupation.		
N 1, 8	9	100	John Nagle NE	0	-	1	8	Luke Connell in occupation.		
	Į	{		7	-	-	6	Cornelius M'Carty in occupation.		
S 1, 17 N 1, 4	1	100 100	John Blackwell Daniel Finnigan	30 30]	2	3	William M'Call. John Hanna.		
N 1, 15	11	100	Thomas Slack) _	-	no assessment four years.		
N 1, 1	8	100	Robert Wynne	20	-	4	9	-		
E 4, 1 N 4, 3	97	100 100	Henry Wynne - N ½ John Hogan	30	2	23	11	David Mulcahey in occupation. Michael Hogan in occupation.		
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 20$	0	100	Michael M'Auliffe	40 10	-	-	-	- Martin M'Auliffe, lives on 21, in 8 concession.		
N 1, 20	7	100	Abraham Groves	40	2	4	4			
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{E} \stackrel{1}{2}, 2\\ \mathbf{E} \stackrel{1}{3}, 6\end{array}$	6	100	Michael Sullivan	25	2	1	9	Michael Welsh in occupation.		
比論。	9	100	Bartholomew Downey -	6	-	-	4	N E 4 on S E 4, Eugene Donney, 5 cleared, 3 family.		
S 2, 11	10	100	John Flynn	25	-	3	7			
$N_{\frac{1}{2}}, 10$	9	100	Daniel Flynn	15	-	1	8	Widow Grogan in occupation.		
$S \frac{1}{2}, 16$ N $\frac{1}{3}, 16$	10	100	Moses Bigley - SW 1 Michael Buckley -	10 6	-	1 _	5	Daniel Bigley, SE4, Michael Buckley.		
	}	j –	· · ·	(-		-	SW1, H. Atnill.		
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 3$	5	100	Andrew Ormsby{	10	-	1	5	N W 1, David Thornton.		
S 1, 23 W 1, 5	9 9	100	James Hargrovo		-	-	-	no assessment for seven years, bro. 80.		
N J. 17	5	100	Richard Lowes	10	1 -	3	5	no assessment for four years.		
S ½, 23	6	100	Edmond O. Donnell -	20	2	2	8	}		
$N \frac{1}{2}, 12$	8	100	Dennis Fitzpatrick		(-	-		no assessment 1847.		
N $\frac{1}{2}$, 13 N $\frac{1}{2}$, 13	11	100 100	Michael M'Carthy Charles M'Carthy		1 -	-	-	no assessment 1846 and 1847. no assessment for four years.		
W 1, 19	11	100	Jeremiah Murphy	10	1	1	5			
$N_{\frac{1}{2}}, 1$	5	100	John Leary - $N \frac{1}{2}$ of $N \frac{1}{2}$	3	-	-	1	S 1 of N 1, Patrick Leary, 10 acres, one horse, one cow, six family.		
S 1, 1 N 1, 6	5	100	Timothy Leary	10	1	3	4	St of St.		
	10	100	Michael Collins	20	Ī	$\left \begin{array}{c} - \\ 1 \end{array} \right $	84	SE 1, William Herlehey.		
S ½, 14	12	100	Patrick Herlehey, sen{	6	1 -	li	2	SW , Timothy Herlehey.		
N 1, 5	5	100	John Callaghan	15	1 -	-	2			
W 6, 0 N 1. 18	11	100	John Collins John Connell	10 10		2	94			
N 2, 5 W 2, 6 N 2, 18 N 2, 14 S 2, 4	12	100	Patrick Herlehey, jun	15	1 -	3	5	5		
S 1, 4	10	100	George Connell	10	2	2	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	l	l	l	t	I	1	1	1		

r	~			ASSES	SOR'S	EPO	ORT o	f IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.
L O T.	Con- cession.	Acres.	NAMES.	Numher of Acres Cleared.	Horses.	Horned Cattle.	No. of Family.	
W 1, 7	11	100	Jumes Shenig		_	-		not assessed for six years.
N j , 7	10	100	Patrick Shenig	6	-	-	8	in occupation Patrick Fox.
N 1, 14 W 1, 19	11	100	Timothy Dorgan	10	1	4	8	should be With 20 is to see sector
W 4, 19	13 9	100 100	John Owen James Flaherty, jun	2 15	-	3	77	should be $W_{\frac{1}{2}}$, 19, in 12 concession.
S 1, 22 N 1, 22	5 5	100	James Boate	35	2	2	4	
S 1, 18	3	100	John M'Carroll	25	2	2	5	
S 1, 10	8	100	James M'Carroll	30	2	5	õ	should be S ½ 10, in 5; A. M'Quaig
G 1 7	10	100	Patrick Ryan	20	1	1	7	occupier. in occupation MI. Geary.
$S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 7$ E $\frac{1}{2}, 21$	8	100	Martin M'Auliffe	15	2	12	7	N E 1, in occupation.
N 3, 4	10	100	Edmond Piggott	10	2	1	10	
W 1, 5	11	100	Daniel Piggott		-	-	-	not assessed in 1847.
S 1, 21	6	100	Thomas Carew	40	2	3	8	Robert Casem, in occupation.
S 1, 19 E 1, 28	6 8	100 100	Samuel Carew Martin Doran}		-	-	-	no assessment at any time.
E 1, 28 W 1, 28	8	100	William Doran}	20	2	2	9	
S 1, 18	5	100	Jobias Switzer	14	2	2	4	ı.
N 🙀 23	3	100	Michael Lowes	-	-	-	-	no assessment any time.
N 1, 23	4	100	John Shoulders Adam Shoulders	12	-	8	7	in occupation George Shouldis.
$N \frac{1}{2}, 22$ S $\frac{1}{2}, 10$	3 9	100 100	Michael Flynn	20 10	1	4	11 8	Bro. lot.
$S_{\frac{1}{2}}, 10$ $W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 10$	11	100	John Ryan		-		-	no assessment any time.
N 1, 28	5	100	James Rotchford	5	_	2	4	in occupation William M'Carroll.
S 1, 28	5	100	Edward Sliney		-	-	-	no assessment, advertized for taxes.
W 1, 3	9	100	Timothy Connors			-	-	no assessment for two years.
$N_{\overline{1}}, 0$	11	100 100	Cornelius Lynes George Connell	10 7	-	1	5	in occupation John Owens. in occupation Daniel Connell.
E. $\frac{1}{2}$, 3 S $\frac{1}{2}$, 15	9 0	100	William Barrett	20	1		-	in occupation Patrick Clancey.
E 1, 4	6	100	Cornelius Calleghan -	12	ļ _	2	2	in occupation George Stewart.
N 1, 6	6	100	Jeremiah Callaghan -			-	-	never assessed, advertized taxes.
N 🚽, 15	9	100	Patrick Clancey	25	~	1	4	
E 1, 19	11 8	100 100	John Collins William Fitzgerald	10 15	12	22	4	in occupation Maurice Collins. in occupation Michael Powers.
$S_{1}, 6$ $S_{2}, 14$	11	100	Timothy Dorgan	6	-	8	5	in occupation Michael Dorgan.
N 1, 23	7	100	John M'Grath	15	-		7	in occupation Patrick Lennard.
E 1, 8	8	100	John Finn - $\begin{cases} N E \\ S E \end{cases}$	8 3	-	-	-	N E 1, Francis Leary. S E 1, Patrick Lyons.
N 1, 18	4	100	George Miller	25	2	4	9	
W 1, 5	- 11	100	Burtholomew Piggott -		-	- 1	-	not assessed 1847.
N 1, 21	6	100	John Geary	40	-	-	3	James Geary in occupation.
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\mathbf{N} \ \mathbf{E} \text{and}\\\mathbf{S} \ \mathbf{W} \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{'s} . \ 17\end{array}\right\}$	7	100	Thomas Groves - N 1	25	2	1	5	N <u>1</u> .
S 1. 28	10	100	John Hartnell, sen	15	-	5	5	Jerry Linganne.
S 1, 28 S 1, 8	12	100	John Hartnell, jun		-	-	-	wild land.
S 1, 13	10	100	Jeremiah Callahan	20	-	8	4	James and John Callaghan,
E 1, 20	9	100	Martin M'Auliffe	10 15	-	5	7	S E 4, William English, in occupa-
S ½, 6	5	100	George Ormsby	3	-	-		S W 1, Francis Taylor, fion.
W 1, 2	6	100	Richard Sullivan	20	-	-	-	Daniel Scully, occupation.
E 1, 1	6	100	Edmond Shea	65	2	4	õ	Patrick Mulcahey the whole lot.
W 1, 9	10	100	Edmund Brisbano		-		-	not assessed 1847, patent in error.
S 1, 21 N 1, 7 N 1, 7 W 1, 7	12 7	100	Patrick Callahan	50	2	2	5	not assessed two years. Patrick Lyons in occupation.
N 1, 7	9	100	Daniel Donoghue		~	1		no assessment, wild land.
W 1, 7	11	100	Thomas Shenick			-	-	no assessment four years.
N 1, 17	11	100	John Sheehan	12	-	3	12	John Geary in occupation.
S 1, 12	11	100	Timothy Ryan	 4ù	-	1	<u> </u>	no assessment.
S 1, 1 W 2, 8	11	100 100	Bartholomew Kenely - Edmund Callaghan -	40 12	1	1	9 8	Benjamin' Madigan, occupant. Edward Lyons, occupant.
S 1, 23	7	100	Edward Sullivan -	20		3	8	and and another .
N j̃, 19	8	100	Patrick Dawson	15	2	1	9	
W 1, 16	9	100	Patrick Shea	25	-	8	5	Terence Trainer, rented.
N J, 11	10	300	William Flynn - S 1	25 20	-	3	7	S 1. Educard Mountary can
N 1, 14 N 1, 22	9 9	100 100	John Morrisy James Flaherty	30 8	1	5 3	9	Edward Morrisy, son. Thomas Flaherty, son.
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TOWNSHIP of EMILY-continued.

(continued)

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TOWNSHIP OF DOURO.

				ASSES	sors	REP	ORT (of IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.
L O T.	Con- cession.	Acres.	NAMES.	Number of Acres Cleared,	Horses.	Horned Cattle.	No. of Family.	
W 1/2, 7	4	100	Richard Meade - N W]	20	-	-	-	T. Rogers in occupation ; stock on other land.
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6 10 5 1 1	100 100 100 100 100	Daniel Sheehan Robin Welsh Maurice O'Brien John Moloney Thomus Moloney	50 30 30 30 30 30	2 2 1 2 2	3 3 4 3 3	6 8 4 6 9	John Welsh in occupation.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 5 3 6 3 5	100 100 100 100 100	Richard Williams Daniel Sheehan, jun Michael Casey William Mahoney John Walsh *	40 20 30 40 30	200 21 1	2 3 - 0 5	5 7 1 4 8	occup. Alexander Swinton. ditto P. R. Sheehan. ditto Daniel O'Brien. ditto George Hare. ditto John Cranley, whole lot.
$ \begin{array}{c} W \frac{1}{2}, & 3 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 3 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 9 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 9 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 12 \end{array} $	7 7 9 9 5	100 100 100 100 100	John Allan Edmond Allan Michael Sullivan, juň Daniel Maloney John Cranley *	$\begin{array}{c} 25\\ 30\\ 40\\ 40\\ \end{array}$	1 2 2 1 -	2 3 2 1 -	6 4 6 5 -	ditto William Allen. ditto David Logan. ditto John Carnaigie. ditto John Cranley ; see above.
W ½, 5	4	100	George Byrnes $\begin{cases} S & W \\ N & W \end{cases}$	30	1 1	5 2	11 11	ditto Michael Welsh. ditto John Morrogan.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 5 8 8	100 100 100 200	Morgan O'Brien Michael Mal.oney William Hogan John Armstrong	30 30 80	2 1 4	3 4 - 9	10 4 9	ditto Maurice O'Brien. not assessed since 1842. Tim. Coglan in occupation.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 3 4 4	100 100 100 100	Cornelius Sheehan Timothy Sheehan Michael Torpy John Torpy	40 20	1111	6 3 	9 - 6 -	not assessed since 1845. Henry Sheehan in occupation. not assessed since 1843.
E 1, 9	5	100	John Quinn - $\begin{cases} S E \\ N E \end{cases}$	30 20		5 1	4 3	Thomas Quinn in occupation. John Quinn in occupation.
$ \begin{array}{c} E & \frac{1}{2}, & 10 \\ W & \frac{1}{2}, & 2 \\ W & \frac{1}{2}, & 10 \\ E & \frac{1}{2}, & 10 \\ E & \frac{1}{2}, & 6 \end{array} $	5 6 7 2 7	100 100 100 100 190	James Flynn Michael Sullivan, jun Patrick Hownid Michael Condon Patrick Leahy, sen	$ \begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 30 \\ - \\ 30 \\ 50 \end{array} $	- 1 - 1 2	4 3 - 6 5	6 4 	Michael Murphy in occupation. Jos. Trotter in occupation. not assessed since 1841.
$ \begin{array}{c} W \frac{1}{2}, 10 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 9 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, 9 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 10 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 5 \end{array} $	4 3 3 8 4	100 100 100 100 100	Thomas Torpy Michael Elhott Michael Keaue Thomas Tobin Maurice Clancy	20 25 20 80 20	2 2 1 1 1 1	3 2 4 5 2	6 5 4 8 7	John Torpy in occupation. Michael Rane in occupation. Peter Fitzputrick in occupation. Widow Tobin in occupation.
$ \begin{array}{c} E \frac{1}{2}, & 3 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 3 \\ W \frac{1}{3}, & 10 \\ E \frac{1}{3}, & 10 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 9 \\ \end{array} $	5 5 3 7 7	100 100 100 100 100	Michael O'Brien - { Dennis O'Brien - { Charles Crowley Michael Leahy - { William Leahy - {	$\begin{array}{cccc} 75 \\ 35 \\ 30 \\ 40 \end{array}$	1 1 2 2 1	10 1 5 7 -	11 4 7 8 -	Edward Nolan in occupation.
$\begin{array}{c} E \frac{1}{2}, & 7 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 7 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 6 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 10 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 1 \end{array}$	7 7 7 6 8	100 100 100 100 100	Patrick Leahy, jun John Leahy Timothy Leahy Edward Cotter Michael Landorgan	50 30 20 20	ର ର ୧ ୧	5 3 2 - 1	11 5 7 - 4	David Leahy in occupation. advertized for arrears taxes. John O'Copnor in occupation.
$\begin{array}{c} W \frac{1}{2}, & 2\\ W \frac{1}{2}, & 8\\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 8\\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 7\\ E \frac{1}{2}, & 7\end{array}$	6 10 6 4	100 100 100 100	Dennis M'Carty Daniel Maloney Michael Leahy Mary Casey, widow of James	80 20 20 30	2	5 4 6 6	7 6 6 9	William M'Carty in occupation. Richard Hungerford in occupation. William O'Brien in occupation. John and James Casey in occupation.
E 1, 10	6	100	Cusey. James Cotter	15	1	1	1	Michael Farley in occupation.

TOWNSHIP OF ENNISMORE.

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LOT.	Con- cession,	Acres.	NAMES.	ASSES Number of Acres Cleared.	Horses.	Horned Cattle.	Family.	F IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.				
N 1, 8 N 1, 9 S 1, 6	4 4 4	100 100 100	Bartholomew Sullivan - John Sullivan Dounis Shannahan	25 12	21	6 - 1	6 6	Cornelius Sullivan in occupation. assessed wild land. B. M ^a Manus in occupation.				
N 1, 6 S 1, 8 E 1, 2	4 4 8	100 100 100	Patrick C. Sullivan - Putrick Twooney - Joseph Sheehan - S 1	20 20	ର ମ	4 - 3	8 7	Justice Peace. assessed wild land, George Dunbar.				
N $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 S $\frac{1}{2}$, 9	3 4	100 100	Patrick Lynch James Pope	5 55	1 1	2 -	3 	Patrick Sheridan in occupation. assessed and in occupation George Dunbar.				
N $\frac{1}{2}$, 5 N $\frac{1}{2}$, 2	5 8	100 100	Michael Carew Duniel Foley	$egin{array}{c} 35 \ 15 \end{array}$	1	7 4	9 4	David Schollard in occupation. Widow Flood in occupation.				
S 1, 7 N 1, 8 S 2, 8	4 5 5	100 100 100	Owen M'Carthy John Sullivan Cornelius Houran	25 50 30		8 5 7	11 4 7	Eugene M'Carthy in occupation. Patrick Sullivan in occupation.				
B, 6 & 7 S 1, 1 N 1, 3	2 6 5	100 100	Timothy Curtin Joseph Bolster, jun John Bolster	25 10 10		2 3 2	5 2 6	William Cormack in occupation. Nathaniel Bolster in occupation. Michael Hennessey in occupation.				
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7 4 7	100 100 100	Cornelius Sullivan Patrick Fahir Tho:nas Cahill		1 1		1 1	no assessment four years. no assessment 1847. no assessment three years.				
S 1/2, 1	3	100	John Collins	30	-	4	4	Morgan Collins in occupation.				
No. 6 SW] , 6	$\left.\begin{array}{c}11\\10\end{array}\right\}$		Ganett Gallivan	35	2	6	10	Patrick Gallivan in occupation.				
$ \begin{array}{c} N & 1, & 12 \\ N & 1, & 11 \\ S & 1, & 12 \\ \end{array} $	6 6 8	100 100 100	Patrick Shanahan Patrick Brick Duniel Donoghue	25 25 	- 3 -	1 8 -	11 9 -	no assessment three years.				
N 1, 7 N 1, 8 N 2, 14	7 7 6	100 100 100	Murty Driscoll - Patrick Murphy - John Pope	20		7	7	no assessment, all water. George Rivington, jun., whole lot. no assessment 1847.				
$S \frac{1}{2}, 11$ N $\frac{1}{2}, 1$ N $\frac{1}{2}, 13$	6 7 6	100 100 100	Patrick Collins Edmond Gillmon Willium Fitzgerald	33 20	2	3 - 2	3 - 9	no assessment three years. Thomas Harrington in occupation.				
N 1, 6 S 1, 5 S 1, 1	10 7 2	100 100 100	Patrick Gallivan Robert Slack Bartholomew Langam -	4		1 1 2		Patrick Gallivan. See above. no assessment four years. Patrick Donnell in occupation.				
	7 6	100 100	John Stack Daniel Castello (J. Peace)	20 50	- 2	1 5	7 10	James Dorothy in occupation. - WS 1, 9 in 6, M. Costello, sen. in occupation.				
S 1, 8	0	100	Timothy Donghue		-	-	-	no assessment three years.				
N 1, 9 N 1, 1 N 2, 2	6 5 3	100 100 100	Michael Costello, jun John Hickey Michael Lowes	35 8 10		7 3 4	8 7 7	Thomas Hicky in occupation. William Geary in occupation.				
	4 6 6	100 100 100	James Brenan Patrick Driscoll John Cosletto	8 3 22		5 3 3	9 3 4	Daniel Byrne in occupation.				
$S \frac{1}{2}, 12$ $S \frac{1}{2}, 1$ $N \frac{1}{2}, 10$	7 5 5	100 100 100	Joseph Curtin Joseph Bolster Honora Ryan	25		1	6	no assessment 1847; sold. John Bolster in occupation. no assessment at any time.				
N 1, 6 S 2, 5 S 2, 8	7 5 6	100 100 100	Cornelius Hourain - John Maloney - John Sullivan	25		5	4	no assessment three years. Francis Maloney, son. no assessment.				
ار	TOWNSHIP OF OPS.											
E 1, 3	11	100	James Cunningham -	50	2	8 8	4					
E 1, 4	11	100	John Cunningham	40	3	2	9					

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E 1, 17

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Charles Corneille

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(continued)

lives on another lot, a clergyman.

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				ASSES	SOR'S	REP	ORT a	f IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.
L O T.	Con- cession.	Acres.	N A M E S.	Number of Acres Cleared.	Horses.	Horned. Cattle.	No. of Family.	
W 1 10	3	100	Dennis Sheehan	50	3	7	5	occupies whole lot.
W 3, 19 W 3, 16	3	100	Patrick Quinlan - SW ‡	50 14	0 -	1 -		ditto; John Hare lives on other land.
	10	100	Patrick Healy - $\begin{cases} N W \\ S W \end{cases}$	12	-	3	6	
W 1, 11			SW 1	20		-	-	William Scanlan lives on other land.
E 1, 19	2	100	John Reardon	35	2	10	10	
E 1, 19	6 2	100 50]	Charles M'Carthy	50 [25	2	11 6	7	Patrick Quinlan.
SW 4, 19 E pt., 11	12	50	John Murphy*	12		1	4	Robert Sepper, whole lot.
W 1, 18	7	100	Daniel Healy	60	2	11	5	respect coppert where ton
W 1, 14	7	100	Thomas Healy	30	_	7	9	
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 11$ E $\frac{1}{2}, 91$	12	100	William Murphy*	12	-	1	4	Robert Sepper, whole lot.
E 4, 11	10	100	James Barry	36	-	4	3	Michael Reardon in occupation.
W 1, 19	16	100	Thomas Miles (W 1, 19, 6) William Mullins	60 00	2	10	6	should be W ½ 19, in 6 concession.
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 15$ W $\frac{1}{2}, 13$	10 10	$\frac{100}{100}$	William Scandlan	20 20	_	2	8	stock on other lund. John Scanlan in occupation.
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 14$	10	100	Patrick Engan	30		2	9	Com Soundin III occupations
W 1, 19	5	100	David Leahy		-	1 -	-	no assessment four years.
W 1, 19	3	100	Dennis Sheehan	50	3	7	б	in occupation, whole lot.
	. 1		Jeremiah Shea	50	2	6	5	
W 1, 17	4	100	Michael Leahy	35	-	8	3	James Leahy in occupation.
E 1, 20	1	100	John Fitzpatrick		-	-	-	no assessment, advertized for taxes.

TOWNSHIP of ASPHODEL.

TOWNSHIP OF OTONABEE.

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S 1, 23	12	100	Thomas Eagan		40	2	6	9	
W 1, 19	10	100	Thomas Buck -		45	ĩ	10	11	
E 1, 19	11	100	John Hodge -		80	4	9	7	sold to Alexander Borrie, and in occupation.
N ½, 23	12	100	Richard Powers		40	2 1	6 3	5 8	- occupiedone
31 337 1 - 0	2		Thomas Clancey (son		20	I	J	0	AT TO I A SHITTING MARKED
NW 1, 19 NE 1, 19	$\left. \right\} 12$	100	•	ΝΕĮ	40		-	-	NE‡; sold to William Morgan, and in occupation.
E 1, 21	10	100	Thomas Hallahan		60	2	3	3	
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 25$	12	100	Thomas Condon			-	~	-	sold, not in occupation.
$W_{\frac{1}{2}}, 22$	8	100	Maurice Londergan		25	1	6	5	quære, W 2 29, in 8; Lundriggan,
W 1, 28	10	100	John Serjeant, sen.		30	1	4	6	dead; widow, now Mrs. Coulters, in occupation.
W 1, 16	15	100	James Crowley		30	_	4	8	
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 15$	16	100	John M'Grath		27	1	5	6	in occupation Patrick Crowley, sen.
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 22$	13	100	James Slattery		25	2	5	5	John Slattery.
Ē 1, 29	9	100	Patrick Heffernan		50	Ĩ	7	10	
W 1. 20	9	100	Maurice Hanlon		20	1 -	-	2	a mason, lives in town.
	9	100	James Hanlon		60	2	2	4	dead; rented.
32	10	100	Dennis Keleher, bro	. 80 -	20		4	4	sold to Dr. Flood.
W 1, 20	12	100)	1			1	}	1	
E pt., 20	13	50	Patrick Crowley		40	2	2	4	W 1 20, in 12; P. Crowley, jun.
W 1, 30	7	100			40	2	11	9	Denis Killiher; sold.
2, 32	8	200	Thomas Murray		20	- 1	4	5	Bro. lot, 82 acres.
E 1, 14	14	100	Patrick Kearney		80	_	-		in occupation Florence Driscoll.
E 1, 31	8	100	Dennis Kearney		30	1 1	4	2	
32	9	200	David Hogan, bro.	82. A		1 -	-	-	John O'Connor, no assessment.
W 4, 26	5	100	Thomas Roach		60	-		-	in occupation David Armstrong.
W 1, 20 W 1, 23	5	100	Patrick Brien -		50	1	10	6	
W 1, 29	2	100	Jeremiah Grady		70	1	11	4	in occupation William Simpson.
•				SWA	25	1 1	4	3	
$\mathbb{W}_{\frac{1}{2}}, 19$	4	100	Lawrence Kent - {	NW	15	2	1	6	Michael Kent.
E 4. 29	3	100	John Leary -		30	2	7	2	
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 29$ $E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 28$	4	100	John M'Koy -		1	-	2	1	in occupation Adam Beavis.
W 1, 30	8	100	Thomas Rahelly		20		4	6	quære, should be 31, in 8.
W 1. 91	6	100	Richard Condon		70	-	6	11	
E 1. 17	14	100	Florence Driscoll		1	1	3	4	
E 1, 29	11	100	John Falvey -		-		-	1 -	assessed to William Coulters.
E 1, 25	2	100	Nicholas Keating		40	1 -	4	13	
E 1, 17 E 1, 29 E 1, 25 E 1, 17	1	100	James O'Keefe		30		3	6	widow in occupation.
$E_{\frac{1}{2}}, 12$	17	100	Patrick Roach -			-	-		no assessment.
2, 44	1				1	1	1]	

L O T.	Con- cession.	Acres.		ASSESSOR'S REPORT of IMPROVEMENTS, STOCK, &c. &c.					
			NAMES.	Number of Acres Cleared.	Horaca.	Horned Cattle.	No. of Family.		
$ \begin{array}{c} W \frac{1}{2}, 14 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 19 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 28 \\ N E \frac{1}{2}, 28 \\ N E \frac{1}{2}, 27 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 21 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 21 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 22 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, 31 \\ E \frac{1}{3}, 23 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 16 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 24 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, 25 \\ W \frac{1}{2}, 19 \\ E \frac{1}{2}, 30 \end{array} $	16 10 2 7 6 10 8 10 15 11 12 9 9	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Maurice Roach	$ \begin{array}{c} 20\\ 50\\ 60\\ 35\\ -\\ -\\ 18\\ 20\\ -\\ 20\\ 15\\ 40\\ -\\ 16\\ \end{array} $		3 11 6 4 - 4 3 - 3 3 1 - 6 -	7 6 8 9 - 4 8 - 6 3 9 - 1	S E 1, William Lang) in occupa- N E 1, Edward Tobin) tion. see other page. William Cleary in occupation. in occupation James Hayes; pur- chased. Patrick Sheehan in occupation. assessed to Robinson Moore. Dennis Hallahan in occupation. assessed; no improvement.	

TOWNSHIP of OTONABEE-continued.

TOWNSHIP OF SMITH.

										المتحين ومتعالمين ومناصب ومربعا تعريني ومتعاصي ومناصبتها المتباعث والمتحي والمتحية والمتحد والمتحد المتحد المتح
S 1, 2	4	100	Henry Burgess		25		2	9	8	S 1; Robert Tully in occupation.
E 1, 35	12	100	Francis Young			-	-		-	wild land, tax paid.
E 1, 3	3	100	Daniel Shine		50	{	2	7	8	William Shine in occupation.
W 1, 21	10	100	Edmund FitzGerald	-	80		2	7	4	should be $W \frac{1}{2}$, 21, in 6 concession.
E 1, 21	10 Ì	100	Thomas FitzGerald -		40		3	16	6	should be E $\frac{1}{2}$, 21, in 6 concession.
W 1, 3	3	100	Michael Shine		50		_	-	_	James Culbert, who lives on other lan
B F, 23	4	-	Henry Gardner -			-		_	-	wild land, taxes paid.
N 1, 23	10	100	John Gallivan		40		1	6	8	wind initial made pain.
l) 👘	E. side	1				Í	-	Ň	Ŭ	
	of Con.	1 ~	Richard Hull Thornh	nill -	85	1	_		_	J John Milburn in occupation, liv
	road.	1				1	Í	· (Lwith father.
$N_{\frac{1}{2}}, 8$	5	100	Richard Andrews -		40		1	7	7	Thomas Young in occupation.
S 1, 24	12	100	Denis Hanan		50		2	8	13	George Hannan in occupation.
N 3, 24	12	100	George Hanan -		85	1	2	¥	8	Samuel Manning in occupation.
N j, 21	4	100	William M'Donald -		50	1	_	8	9	John M'Donald in occupation.
S #, 8	4	100	John Bolster		100	1	4	7	7	John Paul in occupation whole lot.
E 1, 20 W 1, 20	7	100	Andrew Daley .		5		_	8	9	Owen Daly in occupation.
W Ĵ, 20	7	100	Owen Daley -		30.		_	6	6	James Daly in occupation.
~ 3	4	200	Henry Burgess				~	_	_	no assessment, 1847.
S ½, 26	12	100	Samuel Young .		-	-	_			wild land, assessed.
N ¹ , 26 E ¹ , 1	12	100	John Young		-	-	-			ditto ditto.
E_{1}^{2} , 1	4	100	Daniel Burgess	• •	25	1	-	[5	Henry Burgen, ditto.
N ¹ , 26 E ¹ , 1 S ¹ , 25	12	100	Cornelius Crowley .		50		2	5	9	Lioniy Durgon, utito.
-					r 20		1	ī	ī	50 acres in possession Micha
337 1 077	13	100	38741114						-	Brennan, sen.
W 🛔, 37	13	100	William Young	• •	1 20		_	5	2	50 acres in possession Micha
					11	ļ		Ť	-	Brennan, jun.
W 1, 48, &)	∫ 14 Ղ		John Lane		[1				
B, 42 (〔18 ∫	-	Joun Lane	• •	-		-]			advertized for taxes, wild land.
Ŵ 1, 34	18 1	100	Henry Daly	• •	-	-	_	-	_	no assessment seven years.
$\dot{W} \frac{1}{3}, 34$ S $\frac{1}{2}, 7$	9	100	Catherine Ryan -		-	-	_	_		no such lot in township.



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