

A BUILDING BLOWN UP.

Explosion in a New Haven Factory This Morning Causes Much Destruction.

Some Lives Lost and a Number of Persons Fatally and Seriously Hurt.

Gas Caused the Trouble—One Hundred Thousand Dollars Damage Done at Least.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 21.—At 10:45 this morning the gas regulating machine at the factory of Frank P. Poirer & Co., located in English & Meriden streets, exploded, instantly killing one man, seriously injuring three others and starting a fire which caused the loss of \$100,000. The escape from death of the forty persons employed in the building is considered marvellous, and it is possible that the bodies of several boys will be found in the ruins. It is reported that between 25 and 30 persons were killed in the explosion. The building is still a seething furnace, and the entire department is trying to keep the fire from spreading. It is impossible to tell anything accurately about the number of dead until the job is called.

The first explosion was followed by the almost instantaneous breaking out of fire. In a few seconds the three upper stories were in flames. It is now stated that at the time of the explosion fifty persons were at work in the building, and that it was apparently impossible for them to escape. Three minutes before the explosion the occupants of several of the offices in the front of the building were in a panic, and it is almost certain that some of these people lost their lives. The fire department reached the scene in a hurry, but Chief Kennedy sent in a second alarm at once. In a short time the entire city department came to the scene, reinforced by a call on the reserves. The firemen were helpless in their efforts to save any of the burning buildings, and commenced to work on the surrounding property.

At this hour it is impossible to give the number of dead, but it is known that one man was killed outright, several badly, perhaps fatally, injured, and others painfully burned. The explosion which caused the fire blew the front of the building and smashed the glass in adjacent structures. It was followed five minutes later by a second explosion less severe than the first. Both explosions were caused by gas.

Later—at 3:20 p.m. (under a pile of debris, two more bodies were found. One is supposed to be that of William Stevens, bookkeeper, and the other, that of a son of Edwin J. Toof, of Toof & Co.

QUITE ON THE WRONG TRACK.

The St. James Gazette Has Been Reading Canadian Tory Papers.

Bulletin—London, Jan. 21.—The St. James Gazette, this afternoon gives notice to the Editors of the W. W. Longley, attorney-general of Nova Scotia, on the dispute between the United States and Great Britain regarding Venezuela. The Gazette says his opinion is especially striking testimony from Canada since it comes from a member of the Liberal party, which has always been supposed to desire closer relations with the United States.

THE EPILEPTIC COLONY.

Is Now Ready and Will Soon be Filled With Patients.

Mont Morris, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Craig colony is open for the reception of patients and thirty epileptics will be admitted at once. They will be selected by Dr. Hoyte, of the state board of charities, being geographically distributed. Later patients will be received from county almshouses until the limit of 200 is reached. Applications from all over the United States have been received, and also from other countries, Canada, South America, Russia and Asia. This is the first colony for epileptics in the world.

KING PREMPEH A PRISONER.

He and His Mother-in-Law, Ministers and Chiefs Held as Hostages.

London, Jan. 21.—A dispatch from Comassie says that King Prempeh, who was recently in England, and several chiefs have started under escort for Cape Coast Castle, where they will be held as prisoners pending the indemnity to be paid to Great Britain by Ashanti.

WRONG VERDICT RETURNED.

Two Inhuman Brutes, Miscalled Parents, Beat Their Child to Death.

THE PLAN FELL THROUGH.

A Lawyer's Ruse in the Hyams' Conspiracy Case Falls Flat.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—When the conspiracy murder charge came up yesterday against the Hyams brothers, Crown Attorney Curry announced that he could not secure the attendance of the insurance agents from Montreal, who figured in the transaction of placing money on Mrs. Hyams' life, and whose evidence was necessary to prove the case. He therefore asked for the discharge of Harry Hyams and a change in the information so that Dallas could be tried for conspiracy alone. Harry was discharged accordingly, and was called as a witness against his brother. On the advice of his counsel he refused to answer any questions in view of the charge for forgery hanging over him, and the case was adjourned till Wednesday, when the magistrate will decide what course to take.

CAN'T BE CONSIDERED.

Britain Cannot Allow an Outsider to Manage Her Own Domestic Affairs.

London, Jan. 21.—The Globe, this afternoon, publishes a severe article on the invitation of the United States Venezuelan commission to the governments of Great Britain and Venezuela to submit to the commission all the evidence in their possession, which is likely to further the work of investigation, and also inviting these two governments to be represented before it by attorneys, without prejudice to the claims of either, and says: "Great Britain will never allow this monstrous claim to determine the territory of a British Colony within its jurisdiction; no power could admit it except at the close of a long and disastrous war. Were such a demand made by any other power, our only reply would be to hand its ambassador his passports and forthwith mobilize a fleet."

The United States cruiser Minnesota, which has been stationed at Smyrna, has received orders to go to Messina, to receive the cruiser Marchese, which goes to Egypt.

It is semi-officially stated this afternoon that the negotiations between Great Britain and Brazil are perfectly friendly, and that there is no threat whatever of a diplomatic rupture. Brazil, it is explained, merely requested Great Britain to reconsider the proposal to have the Trinidad matter settled by arbitration, Brazil considering that there is no ground for arbitration as she has no doubt whatever that the island of Trinidad belongs to Brazil.

Paris, Jan. 21.—Senator Rosa, Portuguese minister, is reported to have said in an interview, that there is no foundation for the rumor that Portugal is to sell Delagoa Bay to England. In the first place the Portuguese government will never sell Delagoa Bay nor any portion of Portuguese territory; moreover, the British government, knowing this, could never have made a proposition to purchase it from Portugal.

Cape Town, Africa, Jan. 21.—At a meeting of German residents of Salisbury, capital of Mashonaland, a resolution was passed condemning Emperor or William's dispatch to President Kruger as an act of interference with South African affairs.

Yokohama, Jan. 21.—Viscount Maira, formerly Japanese minister to Corea, and others, charged with complicity in the Corea conspiracy, have been acquitted. The viscount was believed to be in some degree responsible for the outbreak at Seoul, which resulted in the murder of the queen of Corea. He was recalled with the entire Japanese legation and indicted for the murder of the Queen.

DEBS' NEW DEPARTURE.

He Will Enter Journalism.—Two American Generals Dead.

Toledo, Ohio, Jan. 21.—Eugene V. Debs asserted last night that he would retire from the A. R. U. and will enter the field of journalism, as he has received offers from both New York and Chicago papers, and also had offers from capitalists to establish a paper of his own. He has practically decided to accept the offer of a Chicago paper.

New York, Jan. 21.—General Thomas E. Ewing died today from injuries received yesterday when he was struck by a cable car.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 21.—Joseph Horace Heaton, major and brevet brigadier general of the United States army, died here last night, aged 80. He served with distinction in the Mexican war and the war of the rebellion. He was born in Salem, Mass., and was city yesterday.

Crown Point, Jan. 21.—Blood hounds will be used to trail the criminals who hide in Kanakee swamp. Sheriff Hayes of Lake county has purchased two hounds warranted to be full-blooded man hunters. The desperate characters that the sheriff so much desires to get rid of camp in squads, making nightly forays on hen-roosts and unprotected dwellings. When pursued by constables they retreat to the Kanakee swamp and are secure in its boggy retreat.

To be free from sick headache, biliousness, constipation, etc., use Carter's Little Liver Pills. Strictly vegetable. They gently stimulate the liver and free the stomach from bile.

Victoria Times.

MR. MASSON IS MUDDLED.

He Got Mixed Up Looking at the School Question Through a Theory Spectacles.

Harping on the Mythical Agreement Between Mr. Laurier and Mr. Greenway.

Landmark on Bolters—Sixty-Two Thou and Dollars Increase on Superannuations.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—The debate in the house yesterday was devoid of any special interest. Mr. Masson, M. P. for North Grey, speaking on remedial legislation, made a labored effort to show that the Manitoba government had been acting illegally and unjustly towards the minority from the very outset. He said Mr. Greenway's duty was to give redress when the English jury council declared that a grievance existed. If he had done this, the difficulties which the country is now facing would have been avoided. He claimed that the administration and not the system of separate schools was responsible for the inefficiency and mispenditure of public moneys, and he also repeated the charge that Mr. Laurier and Mr. Greenway have an agreement for the restoration of public schools.

Mr. Landmark followed and kept the house in roars of laughter by his shafts of wit aimed at the ministers.

Mr. Casey, after pointing out the failure of the fiscal policy of the government, stated that the present school question, hoping that some more patriotic means than remedial legislation be discovered to settle the vexed question.

Mr. McMillan, of Huron, made a practical speech, from the former's standpoint, claiming that the many virtues attributed to the national policy were fallacies, and gave figures substantiating his arguments.

At 9:45 Mr. Mills moved the adjournment of the debate until to-day. The ministers asked for a division a number of times, but several Liberals intend to speak yet.

A return of superannuations for 1895 shows that the total number of superannuations added during last year was \$50,068, and of gratuities \$2010, making a total increase of \$52,078. The statement of pig iron bounties paid from April, 1895, to January, 1896, shows the production to be 36,544 tons, and \$72,688 paid on it in bounties.

Ottawa, Jan. 21.—When the house met to-day Mr. Foster and Mr. Laurier referred in feeling terms to the death of Mr. Bryson. Mr. Mills resumed the debate on the address.

Winnipeg, Jan. 21.—The Dairy school, established by the Manitoba government, opened yesterday with about 40 pupils in attendance.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—J. M. Sutherland, general freight agent of the C. P. R., will shortly be removed to St. John, N. B., where he will look after the business of the Atlantic division. He changes places with E. Tiffin.

Montreal, Jan. 21.—Yesterday was municipal nomination day, and the mayor and fourteen aldermen out of twenty-four were allowed to go in by acclamation, as follows: R. Wilson Smith, mayor; Ald. McBride and Stevenson, re-elected in the 1st ward; Ald. C. P. B. LeSoleil and Marsolin, east ward; Costigan re-elected, and Mr. A. A. Atwater elected for St. Antoine; Ald. Jeanette re-elected in St. Gabriel; Ald. Penny re-elected in St. Lawrence ward; Brunet and Dupuis in St. James; Brodeur in St. Jean Baptiste; Dupre in St. Mary's ward; Proulx and Lefebvre in St. Denis ward, and Prefontaine in Hochelaga.

Halifax, Jan. 21.—The Liberals of Colchester, N. S., have nominated Firman McClure, of Truro, a candidate for the commons.

Quebec, Jan. 21.—Simon Cimon, Conservative, and Charles Angers, Liberal, both of Murray Bay, were nominated to-day to fill the vacant seat for Charlevoix in the commons.

Rat Portage, Jan. 22.—The majority re-count elects Barnes by two majority, Barnes gaining one on recount.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—At the board of trade nominations to-day E. B. Osler and E. Gurney became president and vice-president respectively, by acclamation.

IT IS NOT GOOD TO BE ALONE.

At Least So Thought Mr. Rogers, 77 Years Old.

Pomona, Cal., Jan. 22.—The children and grandchildren of James Rogers were amazed by the information that he was married on Sunday last to Miss Ida Nelson at the home of the bride's parents, near Prescott, Arizona. The groom is 77 years old and the bride will be 15 next May. Mr. Rogers was married twice, his second wife dying three years ago. He has six children, many grandchildren and several great-grandchildren. He is still well preserved, genial and level headed, and has a fortune of about \$100,000, invested in farm lands and bank stocks.

Scrofula lurks in the blood of nearly every one, but Hood's Sarsaparilla drives it from the system and makes pure blood.

ROYAL Baking Powder

has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

A CHANCE LEFT FOR HOLMES.

The Defence Think They Can Reverse the Sentence of Death.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—A local paper says: "If the story told by Robert Corbett, private detective, who has been in this city for a few weeks working on the Holmes case, be true, H. H. Holmes is not guilty of committing a single murder in Chicago. The Pielzel murder case is now pending in the supreme court of Pennsylvania, and will come up for a hearing within a few days, and the defence are making a determined effort to secure a reversal of the finding of the jury and lower court on technical grounds. If these fail, then the information gathered by the defence will be resorted to, and it is believed that they will be able to prove beyond doubt that Holmes' alleged victim, Benjamin Pielzel, is alive and living within one hundred miles of Chicago at the present time."

TUPPER'S TRIALS.

A Lively Meeting Was Held Last Night at Sydney, Cape Breton.

Sir Charles the Elder Will Have a Little Trouble Getting His Seat.

North Sydney, C.B., Jan. 22.—Sir Charles Tupper arrived here at 2 p.m. On his trip throughout the province, after an absence of five years, he was very enthusiastically received by the local Conservatives en route.

Sydney, C.B., Jan. 22.—There appears to have been a very lively meeting at Sydney last night. Attorney General Longley, in the course of his speech, using the language of Sir Richard Cartwright, denounced Sir Charles Tupper as the worst type of a boodler. His speech was characterized by the attorney general as shameful, adding that Mr. Longley's words were lies. Thereupon an elector jumped to his feet and stated the grandest stinging blow in the mouth. A. M. Ferguson, of Sydney, interposed in behalf of McKinnon and was quickly knocked out by one McKenzie. Great excitement and pandemonium prevailed, but before the attorney general could get to his feet, his speech was playfully withdrawn and his offensive epithets about Tupper. To-day warrants have been issued for the arrest of Lawyer McKenzie for assault.

The incident has greatly embittered the relations between the two parties, and the fight is now one for blood and not the finish.

The Liberals are putting up the liveliest kind of a fight. They have a good programme of meetings, and canvassers are covering the entire country. Among their stump speakers, besides Cartwright, Murray and his local friends, are Attorney General Longley, C. P. Chisholm, M.P.P. for Antigonish, C. Fraser, M. P., and Mr. Devlin, M.P.

Sir Charles will rest to-day and deliver his first address at Glace Bay, a heart of the mine district, to-morrow.

THE GUILTY ONE CONFESSES.

Hanged for One Crime, a Man Acknowledges Far Worse.

Fredericton, N.B., Jan. 22.—About six years ago a log cabin, occupied by a family named Crier, of this city, was burned and Mrs. Crier, who was a widow, and her adopted daughter, were cremated. The son William was also supposed to have been lost in the fire, though no trace of his body could be found in the ruins. Another son, John, escaped. The latter afterwards removed to Minneapolis. A letter has just been received that John has been hanged for the murder of a man in a saloon in Minneapolis City, and that just before the execution he confessed to murdering his brother William while on their way home, and then on reaching the cabin he fired the place in order to cover up his crime.

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Toronto, Jan. 22.—At the board of trade nominations to-day E. B. Osler and E. Gurney became president and vice-president respectively, by acclamation.

THE DEBATE DRAGS ON.

Hon. David Mills on the School Question as Affected by the Constitution.

Mr. Daly Upholds Remedial Legislation and Sounds His Political Death Knell.

Movement to Make the Adjutant Generalship a Political Appointment.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—(Press Dispatch.)—Hon. D. Mills, M.P. for Bothwell, took up the debate on the address in the house yesterday, and gave members an exegesis on constitutional law. Taking Mr. Powell's assertion that provincial autonomy was a myth, he argued that the autonomy of the provinces was full and complete on all matters of internal concern, and that the constitution never intended otherwise. The Dominion constitution was framed after the British system, but there was not a word in it to warrant the assumption that provincial autonomy was to be subservient thereto.

Mr. Daly followed, and in a lengthy speech, reviewed the whole history in connection with the school case, the gist of which went to show that the entire fault of the present difficulties rested with the Manitoba government. It was the duty of the Greenway government to have thought, to restore the privileges of the minority immediately the second decision of the privy council was received. The Dominion government, he asserted, has the courage of its convictions, and intend to fulfill all the pledges made for remedial legislation, and if unfortunate conditions arise, the people will have to blame those in Manitoba who have persisted in defying the highest court of the land.

Mr. Forbes, Queen's, N.S., replying to Mr. Daly's remarks on the school question, claimed that neither the house nor the government were in possession of sufficient facts to justify them in dealing with the remedial measure. Though Mr. Daly had said that Manitoba would be coerced, he felt that the government were about to violate one of the most sacred principles of the constitution.

Mr. Northrop spoke on the school question from a broad Canadian standpoint. He said that parliament was not legally bound to carry out the terms of the imperial privy council, but was morally bound to do so, and considered that a higher and more inviolable bond than a legal one. The debate was then adjourned.

In the senate yesterday, Premier Borden stated that in withholding assent to the Northwest school ordinance, Lieutenant Governor Mackintosh had acted on his own responsibility.

The premier expressed some uncertainty as to whether debts contracted for the Northwest exhibition would be paid by the government.

The writ for Northumberland, N.B., has been issued. Nomination takes place January 30, and polling February 1.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—In the house to-day Mr. Cameron, West Huron, was introduced by Sir Richard Cartwright and Mr. John McMillan. He was received with Liberal cheers. The debate on the address was then resumed by Dr. McDonald, East Huron.

A delegation of local military men and citizens, headed by Major Borthwick, waited on Mr. Desjardins, minister of militia, to-day, and asked that Lieutenant-Colonel Aylmer be appointed permanently to the adjutant-generalship.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—A big delegation of Western Ontario members to-day waited on the minister of militia and asked that Lieutenant-Col. Smith, of London, be made adjutant-general in place of Powell, resigned. It was generally understood that the assistant adjutant-general, Lieutenant-Col. Aylmer, was to get the position; he has a longer and better record as a soldier and an officer, but the above members say that they want the appointment made a political one instead of military. This is an illustration of party loyalty at the present critical time in the history of the country.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—Mr. McMillan will move that whereas the United States government offers to admit free of duty, plows, harrows and certain other agricultural implements from any country which admits free of duty like articles imported from the United States, it will be greatly to the interests of both the Canadian agriculturalists and Canadian manufacturers that Canada should accept that offer by admitting those articles into Canada free of duty, and at the same time so relieving the Canadian manufacturers of the taxation on raw material as to enable them to take advantage of the markets of the United States.

Halifax, Jan. 22.—Hon. G. H. Murray was elected by a unanimous vote as the Liberal candidate for the by-election in Cape Breton.

—Read Ayer's Almanac, which your druggist will gladly hand you, and note the wonderful cures of rheumatism, catarrh, scrofula, dyspepsia, eczema, debility, humors and sores, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the only Sarsaparilla admitted at the World's Fair.

ASHAMED OF THEIR NAME.

Toronto Young Conservatives Find They Need a Little Respectability.

HYAMS CONSPIRACY CASE.

It Is Expected the Twins Will be Set Free on Friday.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—When the Hyams brothers appeared in the police court this morning, Magistrate Deussen stated that he had not decided what course to pursue in regard to the refusal of Harry Hyams to answer questions. Counsel for the crown finally agreed that the case should come up again on Friday, and he finally disposed of Larry and John Hyams, solicitor for Hyams, expressed the opinion that the crown was purposely delaying the case in order that a long expected witness might turn up. It is expected that the suffering American twins will be set free on Friday.

"HELLO, HERE WE ARE AGAIN."

Lord Sholto Douglas Will Make Barnum's Shade Feel Ashamed.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 22.—Lord Sholto Douglas hopes to be at some time a showman of whom the shade of the great Barnum would be ashamed. At any rate that is what his mother-in-law, Mrs. Mooney-Addis, says. She declares that he is becoming an American business man and that, according to his very practical mamma-in-law, is greater than to be a king. This is one of the reasons why Mrs. Mooney-Addis, who hypocritically has named since her daughter got her name into the recognized official register of the peerage, has opened her motherly heart to her son-in-law, who is so far away from his kith and kin.

"Sholto—for I never call him his lordship; I am his mother and so it is only Sholto with me now—has very good business ideas. He is becoming quite practical and we are all very much pleased with the way in which he is developing. He has some excellent plans for the future and is already something of an expert in the show business."

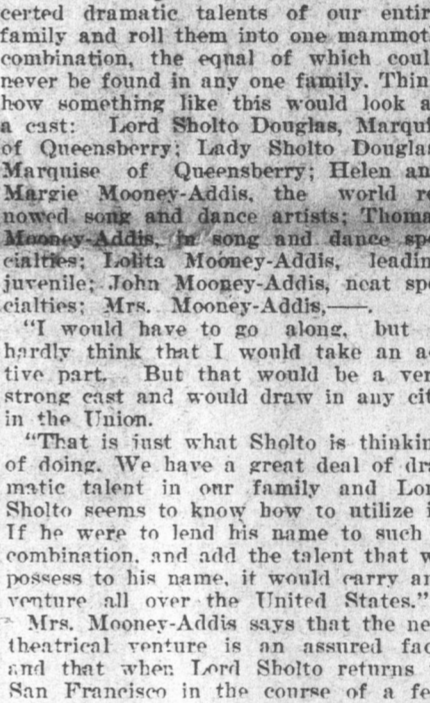
"His latest plan is to utilize the concealed dramatic talents of our entire family and roll them into one mammoth combination, the equal of which could never be found in any one family. Think how something like this would look as a cast: Lord Sholto Douglas, Marquis of Queensberry, Lady Sholto Douglas, Marquise of Queensberry, Helen and Margie Mooney-Addis, the world renowned song and dance artists; Thomas Mooney-Addis, her song and dance specialist; Leola Mooney-Addis, leading juvenile; John Mooney-Addis, neat specialties; Mrs. Mooney-Addis.

"I would have to go along, but I hardly think that I would take an active part. But that would be a very strong cast and would draw in any city in the Union."

"That is just what Sholto is thinking of doing. We have a great deal of dramatic talent in our family and Lord Sholto seems to know how to utilize it. If he were to lend his name to such a combination, and add the talent that we possess to his name, it would carry any venture all over the United States."

Mrs. Mooney-Addis says that the new theatrical venture is an assured fact, and that when Lord Sholto returns to San Francisco in the course of a few days the arrangements will be made. His two sisters-in-law will be back in a few weeks and everything will be ready by spring.

Oroville, Cal., Jan. 22.—Lord Sholto Douglas is not having an easy time as manager of a theatrical troupe. His company played here last evening. When Lady Douglas gave her song and dance act, Lord Douglas rushed upon the stage crying: "My wife can't sing to such music as that." The audience hissed, and to-day the leader of the orchestra, meeting Douglas on the street, asked if he wanted trouble. Lord Douglas answered in the negative, whereupon the musician attacked Douglas. Lady Douglas made a great outcry and both Douglas and the musician were arrested.



DISEASED LUNGS

CURED BY TAKING

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

"I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, and I did what is often done in such cases, I consulted a doctor, who found, on examining me, that the upper part of the left lung was badly affected. The medicines he gave me did not seem to do any good, and I determined to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking a few bottles my trouble was relieved, and before I had finished the bottle I was cured."

A. L. FLETCHER, Steelmaker, Orangeville, Ont.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Highest Awards at World's Fairs.

Ayer's Pills Cure Indigestion.

THE BOER REPUBLIC

First Settlement of the Transvaal and the Leading Events in Its History.

Conflicts With Native Tribes—Dealings With the British Government.

All eyes are turned now to the Transvaal, where Boers, Uitlanders and British South Africa Company's troops are at the present moment entangled in a dispute, the real circumstances of which have not yet come to light, but which will result in a great political battle in South Africa and which has already seriously endangered the diplomatic relations of Great Britain with Germany.

Important as the little Boer republic, which is the cause belli, is, it is probable that few know much about it. That it was peopled by a handful of Boers, that a dozen years ago there was a British protectorate over it, that in 1854 repudiated the latter, that in 1857 at Majuba Hill inflicted an ugly defeat upon a British detachment, that Mr. Gladstone's policy of non-interference was approved of not only by the English residents but even many of the Dutch republicans themselves.

At this time it seemed the only means of saving the country from total ruin, although when the danger of a native rising was over, protests began to be uttered against the foreign domination.

The discontent continued to increase, and came to a head when some injudicious measure was taken by the administrator tending to make English the official language in the courts and schools. A deputation was sent to London with instructions to demand the maintenance of the local uses, administrative autonomy, the right of continuing the official use of the Dutch language, and some other provisions which seemed scarcely compatible with the established order.

Anyhow, the deputation was coldly received, and the whole Boer nation felt aggrieved and insulted by the supercilious conduct of the British authorities. They began to prepare to assert their rights by force of arms, probably not with much hope of success against the inexhaustible resources of Great Britain, but in the expectation that the struggle might at least secure for them the respect and consideration of the conquerors.

But, to the surprise of everybody, and even of themselves, they triumphed over the British troops in three successive slight encounters, in the last of which, at Majuba Hill, they certainly showed themselves worthy descendants of the brave trekkers who had faced so many dangers and fought against such overwhelming odds in their endeavors to secure political freedom in their new homes beyond the Vaal.

The whole of South Africa into a battle-field, when the governor of Capetown received from the Gladstonian ministry a memorable dispatch, such as seldom been recorded in the annals of international strife, to the effect that the Boers had been wronged, and that peace was to be concluded without further bloodshed.

Despite the superiority of their forces, which was preparing to crush all resistance, the English generals were fain to withdraw without being afforded an opportunity of removing the whole of South Africa into a battle-field, when the governor of Capetown received from the Gladstonian ministry a memorable dispatch, such as seldom been recorded in the annals of international strife, to the effect that the Boers had been wronged, and that peace was to be concluded without further bloodshed.

Mention has been made of the gold fields. The discovery of huge quantities of this mineral has done more than anything else to bring about the present crisis. In 1867 gold was discovered in the country to the north of the Transvaal. In 1873 further gold fields were discovered in the limits of the republic, and in 1885 still more extensive gold fields, while a little later on the great Witwatersrand field, near Johannesburg, was discovered.

Experienced geologists are of opinion, according to M. Reclus' geography, that in places the gold actually lies in beds. A tremendous rush of miners followed. Barberton, who in 1855 possessed only a few huts, in 1888 had several hotels, three banks, two share exchanges, a good club, and a theatre. Johannesburg in 1887 was not entered on a single map, but it has 60,000 inhabitants, almost all "Uitlanders," or members of the white population. In 1888, by the way, the population was estimated at Boer and Dutch-speaking about 40,000, British and English-speaking about 20,000, and natives from 300,000 to 400,000 and upwards. The Boers were practically all in the country districts, scarcely one being in the towns.

The Boers founded the republic to escape from English influence, and in the constitution seem to have made as effectual arrangements as possible to keep out the influence to which they so greatly and justly desired to be free. The natives, first of all, are utterly disfranchised and barely tolerated. They are not even allowed to receive payment for their services in gold, under penalty of the lash and imprisonment. The Boers possess the entire soil. At first citizens who took the oath of allegiance, had resided in the country for five years and paid £25 were admitted to the franchise, but subsequently the period of residence was increased to 10, then to 15, then to 20 years. Further, no one is eligible for office who is not a native of the Transvaal or a resident of fifteen years' standing, and possessor of one of the vast landed estates, often 6,000 acres or more. Lately the Boers are reported to have denied citizenship to the children of Uitlanders born in the Transvaal.

The controversy which recently raged over the appointment of a police officer for Johannesburg illustrates this. The city was utterly without police protection, and a competent police officer from Capetown was engaged on trial for a year. He retired, but when the question of his permanent appointment came up President Kruger refused to permit one not a citizen to hold such an office. The Boers were ready to take the oath of allegiance, but the President was obdurate, and the city had to organize

vigilance committees. The Boers, who have absolute control of the government, refuse to allow English to be taught in the schools, and, it is stated in the columns of the New York Tribune, characterized as rebellion an attempt to establish private English schools, supported entirely by the Uitlanders. Finally, the Boers allowed the schools to be opened on condition that Dutch should be taught as well as English. There are in Johannesburg, with its 60,000 inhabitants, according to the Tribune, but 900 voters, Boers who happen to live in the city. The taxation has been altered 40 per cent to fall most heavily upon the utterly unrepresented Uitlanders; and the Boer treasury, which at the time of the annexation of 1877 was popularly reported to contain but eighteen pounds, is now overflowing. The objection which the Uitlanders entertain to this state of affairs, and their desire to be taken into the full citizenship of the republic, seem to be the cause of the present trouble.

The Transvaal, it may be said in closing, is the richest of all the South African states in natural resources. The soil is fertile, and the crops are always of excellent quality. The tobacco grown is rated as first class. European cultivated plants thrive well, and the climate is suitable for oranges and lemons. As grazing land it is not as good as the Orange Free State, and parts of it are infested with the deadly tsetse fly, whose bite is death to horses and cattle. But in its gold fields, however, it is pre-eminently rich. There are also to be found copper, iron, cobalt, copper and argentineiferous lead. The gold is found in an auriferous white quartz, which requires powerful ore-crushing machinery, and thus confines mining to wealthy capitalists.

WOMEN'S SUFFERINGS. UNTOLD ANGUISH OFTEN BORNE IN SILENCE. A Plain Statement From One Woman Who Had Suffered Such a Critical Period—It Points Out a Means of Relief to Others.

Every female who is nearing the critical period of a woman's life will be pleased to hear the story told by Mrs. Frank Murray, as follows: Mrs. Frank Murray, who resides near Ogdensburg, N. Y., says: "I am 46 years of age and for a number of years resided in Prescott, Ont. We moved over here some time ago and have worked on this farm since. It is what is known as the Ferguson Farm and is about six miles out from the city. My husband is now working in Ogdensburg at his trade, that of stone mason, while my children and myself carry on the farm."

"I have been a great sufferer from sick headache, which would generally come on about evening, and I would be completely prostrated in any way. My hand or help myself in any way. These spells would last about 24 hours, and would leave me so weakened in condition that for a few days I could scarcely drag about the house. Periodically the spells would come on me. I have also had considerable spinal trouble, the sharp, darting tongues of pain being most severe, following along my spine and to the back of my head."

"I have doctored much, but without result. I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and also later heard of the cures they had effected in a number of persons personally known to me, and it was their published stories that decided me to try them."

"I got some of the pills and after I had taken the first box I had no more headaches for several months. Last fall the headaches returned, however, and I took another box of the pills and am happy to say have not since been bothered."

"This summer my head began to have a heavy feeling, and at times I was quite drowsy, but no pains accompanied it. I now have more pills and though I've taken only a few I feel well again."

"I don't think I stand in a great while to be troubled as I was and stand the amount of pain. I know that Pink Pills are a good medicine and fully what they are represented to be. I have recommended them to some of my friends who have been suffering. Oh, my, Yes! They have done wonders for me. I do all my own housework on the farm. We have a dairy of twelve cows and often when the boys are very busy getting in the crops I have milked all the cows alone."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing remedy for all troubles arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, such as pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anaemia, chlorosis or green sickness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, swelling of the feet, neuralgia, pain in the back, nervous headache, dizziness, loss of memory, feebleness of will, ringing in the ears, locomotor ataxia, rheumatism, sciatica, all diseases depending on vitiated humors in the blood, and also for invigorating the blood and system when broken down from overwork, worry, disease, excesses, and indiscretions of living."

Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

How to Get "Sunlight" Books. Send 12 "Sunlight" paper wrappers to Lever Bros. Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 160 pages. For 6 "Lifebuoy" Car-bolic Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully. Remember "Sunlight" sells at six cents per wrapper, and "Lifebuoy" at 10 cents. One cent postage will bring your wrappers by leaving the ends open.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

See the prize puzzle in the window at Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson St.

GO IN, GIRLS.

Eight years is a long time to the maiden who is nearing the mellow stage and still hangs on the limb, hence the importance of the fact that after the present year the primary privilege usually accorded the fair sex once year in four, of making matrimonial advances to bashful swains, will be withdrawn until 1904, that being the next occurring leap year. The coy dame who flattered herself that she was one year in four, failed to reckon on the proviso that there shall be no 20 days in February in century years which are so divided.

There will be a 29th day of February this year, but that will not occur again until 1904. A child born on that day will therefore have to wait eight years for his next birthday. Leap year is a device for correcting the calendar, and it had its origin in the time of Julius Caesar, who, in the year B. C. 45, fixed the solar year at 365 days and 6 hours, every fourth year being a leap year, or 366 days. This was called the Julian year, and it was adhered to by Russia. It was, however, defective, because the solar year consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 46 seconds, or 71 minutes and 4 seconds less than the Julian year. In the time of Pope Gregory XIII, in 1582, the error extended from 1572 to 1582, there was an error in the calendar amounting to ten entire days, the vernal equinox falling in the 11th instead of the 21st of March. To obviate this error Gregory ordered in 1582 that that year should consist of only 355 days, October 5th becoming October 15th, and to prevent further irregularity it was determined that a year beginning a century should not be a leap year, with the exception of each fourth century. Thus 1700 and 1900 will not be, but 2000 will be a leap year. By the new arrangement three days are retrenched during four hundred years, the 11 minutes and 4 seconds a year making up those days in that period. In this way the year is made to correspond as closely as possible with the true solar year, there being only a difference of four-tenths of a second in a year, or thirty-four hundredths of a second in four hundred years.

It is just a little rough on the girls and sad reflection that there are so few of the older generation who know their worth better by experience with their mothers who are at liberty to come to their relief! Still the girl who defied conventionality and straddled a bicycle and donned a dickey and four-in-hand may yet summon up courage to defy Julius Caesar, Pope Gregory XIII, and his calendar, and casting her fate in her hands demand that this killing dawdlers to the mark. This is a business age, and leap year or no leap year, no youth has any business to waste several years of a girl's life and keep a better if more businesslike man from taking straight business, or even looking it out of the corner of his eye. Has he, girls?

The Gregorian calendar was adopted by France, Italy, Spain, Denmark, Finland and Prussia in 1582, but such were the effects of prejudice that it was not adopted by Great Britain until 1752, when the year was adjusted by leaving 11 days out of the calendar. September 3rd, according to the reckoning of 1713, became September 13th.

C. W. WELDON DEAD. A Prominent St. John Citizen and Political Passes Away.

A St. John, N.B., dispatch says: The death of Dr. Charles Weldon Weldon, which occurred to-day, was heard by the people of this city with sincere regret, for while it was known that he was suffering from serious illness, not many expected fatal results and those who were aware of the nature of his disease, had no idea that the end would be so soon, for it was only known a few days ago that the malady which caused his death was Bright's disease, which had taken such hold of his system as to be incurable.

C. W. Weldon was in his 66th year. He was born at Richibucto, N.B., in 1830, and was a son of the late Judge Weldon. He graduated from King's College, Windsor in 1847, and was admitted to the bar in 1852. In the legal profession he soon became a shining light and was generally admitted to be one of the ablest lawyers of the provincial bar. He built up a large and lucrative practice, which he maintained up to the time he was stricken by illness. In politics he was one of the pillars of the Liberal party. He opposed confederation in 1867, after which he enrolled himself as a member of the party of Hon. Alex. Mackenzie. In 1878 he was elected to parliament for the county with Sir Isaac Burpee. In 1882 he was re-elected and in 1887 he again carried the county with C. N. Skinner as colleague. He met with defeat in 1891, when Mr. Skinner, who had deserted the Liberals, opposed him. He was again chosen last March, by J. V. Ellis, as candidate of the Liberal party in the coming election, and he looked forward to the contest confident of success. His death will be greatly felt by the party, but none the less so by the community, as everyone recognized his honorable, upright character and sound judgment. He has had many positions of trust and honor. At the time of his death he was chairman of the board of school trustees and solicitor for the C. P. R. He leaves a wife but no children.

One Honest Man. Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses, and general shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and able to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp, L. A. Edwards, Jarvis, Ont.

ROYAL Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report

ROYAL SCALP FOOD. Price \$1.00. 6 Bottles \$5.00 Exp. Pa. ONE HONEST MAN AND BUT ONE RELIABLE HAIR FOOD. NO DYE. We feed the Hair that which it lacks and nature restores the color. THEORY. ROYAL SCALP FOOD destroys the diseased germs of the scalp and a healthy action is set up. It contains the principal properties of the hair that are necessary to its life without which it will not grow. It fertilizes the scalp the same as you do a field of corn and growth is certain. It purifies the sluggish scalp, cleanses it and thoroughly eradicates all dandruff, which is the forerunner of baldness. It is the only remedy ever discovered that will restore the Life, Beauty and Natural Color to the hair without harm. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. Send for Free Pamphlets. STATE AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER. PURE & WHOLESOME. My Husband Says I Can BEAT HIS MOTHER at baking biscuits since I have been using WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER. Diploma awarded 1895.

The Great Muscle-Former. The nutritious elements of Beef that make muscle, sinew, and give strength, are supplied by Johnston's Fluid Beef. Largely used by Athletes when training.

Snow or Rain. We are ready for business. All business has a money basis. Dollars Talk. A little Cash Talk with Our Patrons. Sugar has gone up and it is 20 lbs. for \$1.00, 7 lbs. Rolled Oats for 25c is a starter for Breakfast, Pratt's Astral Oil, NOT REFINED tins, \$1.50; Jam, 5 lb. pails, 40c; Seafoam Soap, light as a bubble, try it.

LENZ & LEISER, IMPORTERS OF Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, ETC. Nos. 9 and 11 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

THE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, COR. WHARF AND JOHNSON STS., VICTORIA, B. C. This popular and well known Hotel will re-open about November 15th under the management of W. JENSEN, its founder, with everything new and bright. It will be conducted as in former years, aiming to make it homelike for its guests.

ANOTHER RAILROAD WRECK. A Lehigh Valley Train Plunges Into a Coal Mine—Several Deaths. Hazleton, Jan. 21.—The Lehigh Valley passenger train, which left Wilkesbarre at 5:15 last night, due here at 7:22, in charge of Engineer Michael Loner and Conductor George Pease, was precipitated into the depths of a coal mine near this place. Loner was wedged between the baggage car and the ground, and crushed to death. Fireman Frederick Meyers will probably die. Several passengers are injured, but all were able to walk to the city. Since the wreck, the earth overhead has dropped completely into the mines, and steam from the underground cavity issues from the holes.

CURE FITS! Valuable treatise and bottle of medicine sent Free by any sufferer. Give address and Post Office address. R. G. BOWEN, P. O. Box 120 West Adelaide Street, Toronto, Ont.

THE BOER REPUBLIC. All the troubles of the system, such as a man, distress after. While their most shown in curing.

Little Liver Pills. Constipation, curing complaint, while of the stomach, regulate the bowels.

Our pills cure all the troubles of the system, such as a man, distress after. While their most shown in curing.

Improved KNITTER. Knit 12 pairs of socks in a family, honoring your name. IMPROVED KNITTER on the Market.

Small Price. Our pills cure all the troubles of the system, such as a man, distress after. While their most shown in curing.

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LEGISLATURE OPENS

The Formal Opening of the Provincial Parliament This Afternoon.

Speech From the Throne by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor.

There was an unusually large attendance at the formal opening of the provincial legislature this afternoon by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor. Every seat on the floor of the house was occupied and the gallery was crowded.

The strained relations existing between the Imperial Government and certain foreign countries has called forth a spirit of loyalty from all parts of the empire, and British Columbia cordially unites in the expressions which have been exhibited.

It is with profound regret that I have heard of the bereavement of the Royal Family, through the death of Prince Henry of Battenberg, whilst serving in the Ashanti war, and I feel confident of your expressions of sympathy for Her Majesty the Queen and the Prince and Princess Beatrice, in her grief over the loss of her gallant husband.

I now leave you to your deliberations, with the sincere hope that they may have the blessing of Providence, and that the results may redound to your credit and to the prosperity of the province.

Prayers by Rev. Solomon Cleaver, D.D. The clerk read the certificates of election of Hon. D. M. Eberts for Victoria South; Geo. A. Huff for Cowichan-Alberni, and D. A. Stoddart for East Lillooet. Hon. J. H. Turner and Hon. Col. Baker introduced Hon. D. M. Eberts, and Hon. J. H. Turner and Major Muttter introduced Mr. Huff.

The usual formal motions were moved and adopted. Hon. J. H. Turner moved a motion of condolence with Princess Beatrice in the loss of her husband, Prince Henry of Battenberg. The motion was seconded by Mr. Semlin and carried.

Hon. Mr. Eberts introduced a bill to amend the revenue act. Hon. Mr. Turner presented the public accounts to June 30th, 1895. The house adjourned at 3:30 until Monday.

FROM SUNNY ITALY The Italian man-of-war Christoforo Colombo is expected in Esquimat. She will remain three or four days before going to San Francisco.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

A Statement of How Last Year's Funds Were Expended is Presented.

Trustee Hayward Re-Elected Chairman and Mr. Ben Williams Secretary.

The first meeting of the board of school trustees as constituted for the present year, was held last evening in the police court chambers, city hall.

Trustee Hayward called the meeting to order and Secretary Williams read the ordering officer's official notification of the election of Mrs. Helen Grant, and Messrs. Belyea, Yates and McKicking.

Trustee Saunders moved, and Trustee Belyea seconded, that the following be elected as chairman of the board: Mr. Hayward. The motion was carried.

Mr. Hayward in accepting the position thanked the members for his election. He trusted that they would work as harmoniously as possible in the future.

Mr. Ben Williams was re-elected secretary of the board. Trustees Belyea and Yates held that as the board is a corporate body, it was unnecessary to adopt the rules and regulations, as they are in force until the board sees fit to amend them.

Mrs. Helen B. Lee sent a communication to the board in which permission is asked for her to attend South Park school. Communication was received and filed and the request granted.

Mr. Munroe Miller, secretary of the board of trustees of Cedar Hill, invited the members of the Victoria board to a meeting to be held in the city hall on Friday next, for the purpose of discussing educational matters. The communication was received and the invitation accepted.

Donald Dallas, vice-principal of the Rock Bay school, asked for an increase of salary from \$1,000 to \$1,200 per month. The matter will be dealt with in the preparation of the estimates for the ensuing year.

W. T. Drake, trustee officer, sent in his report for the past month. Received and filed. The annual statement was ordered to be published when certified to by the city auditor.

RECEIPTS. Provincial govt. per capita grant, \$18,000 04. Provincial rev. tax, net, 11,702 12. Special rate on one mill, 2,802 12. Education loan by-law, 412 86. From gen. city revenue, 4,280 02. Total, \$25,207 14.

WEST COAST ROUTE

The C. P. N. Company Purchase a Steamer Thoroughly Adapted for the Route.

The Saint Pierre, Formerly on the Halifax-St. Pierre Route, is the Vessel.

The largely increased traffic on the West Coast of the Island has induced the Canadian Pacific Navigation Company to purchase a steamer thoroughly suited for the route. This they found in the screw steamer St. Pierre, which formerly ran between Halifax and St. Pierre.

The vessel is a wooden vessel, well sheathed to protect her against the ice. She was built in Yarmouth in 1884 by the Burrill-Johnson Iron Company for the Anglo-French Company.

She was placed on the Halifax-St. Pierre route and remained there until a short time ago, when she gave way to a larger vessel. Her registered dimensions are: Length, 131.7; breadth, 27.6; depth, 17.2; net tonnage, 275; gross tonnage, 496; and under deck 433. Her engines are 95-horse-power.

LOCAL NEWS. Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form. From Tuesday's Daily. Frederick Ellerington, arrested yesterday for vagrancy, was this morning bound over in the sum of \$25 to appear on the 27th instant.

The two Chinamen, Lim Hong and Lim Sing, whose examination for their connection with the theatre alley robbery and assault case occupied several days, were last evening committed for trial.

At a meeting of the Capital Gun Club held last night, it was decided to call a joint meeting of the gun clubs in the city for the purpose of securing concerted action in the matter of introducing certain amendments to the existing game laws.

Ald. Macmillan will move at the next meeting of the council that the mayor be authorized to obtain a conference between the council, the petitioners and the property owners interested in Craigflower road, Victoria West, with a view of arriving at an equitable settlement of the matter in dispute.

Mr. W. A. Carlyle, M. E., provincial mineralogist, delivered the first lecture of the course on mining in the board of trade rooms last evening. The lecturer was introduced by Hon. Col. Baker, minister of mines. Mr. Carlyle avoided the use of technical terms, making his lecture easily understood by the large audience present.

The contract for a handsome villa residence on St. Charles street has been awarded to Thomas Carter, who was also the successful tenderer for the extension alterations to be made in the old Presbyterian church on Gordon street.

Mr. C. A. Semlin, leader of the opposition in the local house, who arrived from his constituency, West Yale, last evening, says they have had very little cold weather so far. From the cattle raiser's point of view, the winter has been a very good one.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

There are no less than 100,000,000 lbs. of this flour milled every year in the world.

There are no less than 100,000,000 lbs. of this flour milled every year in the world. It is the most perfect flour ever produced.

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BRITISH COLUMBIA

From our own correspondent. Nanaimo, Jan. 21.—The mayor and council were sworn in last night...

ROSEBLAND.

The public school has been closed since Tuesday owing to the illness of Mr. F. W. Lang, the teacher...

TRAIL.

The merchants have decided to take a half day rest in each week, if they can get no more, and entered into an agreement...

MIDWAY.

Building operations are being retarded at Midway owing to a scarcity of lumber...

BURGOYNE BAY.

From our own correspondent. Burgoyne Bay, Jan. 21.—The annual Christmas party and distribution of the Bazaar...

KASLO.

The Kaslo-Slocan wagon road has been opened between Kaslo and Three Forks for travel...

ROSEBLAND.

The heavy machinery for the War Eagle, which has been held at the Watsons' house, has been released...

cluded that the idea was purely utopian, and could only cause endless trouble and mischief...

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A YOUNG LADY'S SUCCESS.

Miss McBride's Experience Given for the Benefit of All Weak and Nervous Men and Women. She Specially Recommends Paine's Celery Compound.

Miss Minnie McBride, of Bethany, Ont., positively declares that Paine's Celery Compound is worth its weight in gold for sick people...

cause he was mixed up in the McGreevy-Conolly boondoggling schemes. The British investors who were swindled by this wild cat scheme...

IN EAST KOOTENAY.

The Land Gobbled Up and Settlement Therefore Retarded. The situation with regard to the "land question" in this district is a matter requiring serious consideration...

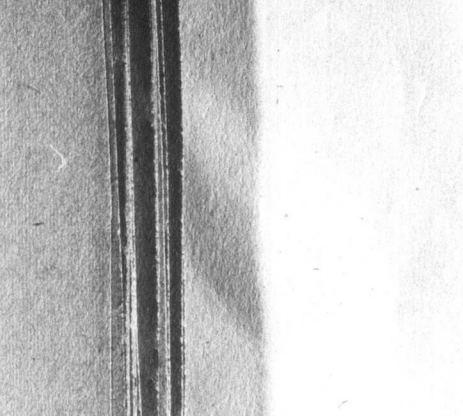
from taxation for five years subsequent to the completion of the road. That time must have nearly elapsed, and it is to be hoped that the government will see its way clear to assess the land...

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the Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian high commissioner, who had the infatuation of his name and position as "guinea pig" director of the floating of this wild cat scheme...

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Miss McBride's Experience Given for the Benefit of All Weak and Nervous Men and Women. She Specially Recommends Paine's Celery Compound.

Miss Minnie McBride, of Bethany, Ont., positively declares that Paine's Celery Compound is worth its weight in gold for sick people...

cause he was mixed up in the McGreevy-Conolly boondoggling schemes. The British investors who were swindled by this wild cat scheme...

IN EAST KOOTENAY.

The Land Gobbled Up and Settlement Therefore Retarded. The situation with regard to the "land question" in this district is a matter requiring serious consideration...

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a "kind" when but provided for the ritable portion of the to this case.

neon John Nesbitt Elean took in the evening adj. cabin, both the most im. for supper. A fight nearly friendly com. uply taps. Nesbitt, Me. having Nesbitt, Me. urate dismissed the he is considered both

ady's Daily. for left this morning ary Jensen, who is burglary.

BOATING NEWS.

g Boat Company Move From Townsend.

R. & N. Company's bosina-Along Harvar.

ad Tugboat Company move its headquarters end unless the Key cent in taxes on the raised nearly one during the past year. d Townsend were equi vize by the effe- cians chamber of com- pany's taxes for ng they would be ably, of the tugboat "Our payroll alone is addition the company ide at Townsend, and is taxes are to be provided we that is not ghtly these means. The mpany will meet next Port Townsend can her cities can for us The King City boat Sound engineering wnsend are both sup- port companies."

Jan. 23.—News comes t the pilots from the ton who have been mouth of the Colum- the beginning of the have withdrawn from ed up their schoone- on pilot speaking of the men from the river, said: "The are in the habit of river in the busy seam- team of the business, ck to their farms in- in again. In this way no expense in keeping the dull months. pilots are in business."

Prince line of sailing Albert, Capt. John- into the Royal Roads by the Sea Lion yest- is 102 days of the and is chartered to Hastings saw mill for on. She will be to- on Saturday by the h takes the bark Alt- tomorrow.

for several days for a silverhow, loaded with United Kingdom, was t evening by the ste- The helon's pack will be tak- which is at present raser.

The Times from Al- ship Janet Cowan is She is broken in two The forward end is after end is still thir- and jigger mast still account of the heavy could not get near her.

in the Strathelvie, lib- in taken so far as the soul in the cause of that of the Mow-ers not be heard until the 22.

22.—The Allan line Captain Moore, from 9th for Glasgow, ran river Clyde at high wa- very fog, this morning- gone to her assistance.

last evening toward the ark Silverhow to sea.

Baking Powder awarded highest at every world's fair exhibited.

