

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 23, 1911

Vol. XL, No. 34

EVERYONE

Who really enjoys a good smoke should try our

BRIGHT CUT TOBACCO!

10 cts. per package

All Grocers and Druggists sell it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS.

Ch'town, Phone 345.

SUMMER GOODS

Hammocks,
Hammocks,

All prices, splendid values.

CROQUET SETS,

4 Ball, 6 Ball, 8 Ball.

TENNIS GOODS.

Tennis Balls, Tennis
Racquets, etc., etc.

Seashore Goods.

Sand Pails, Sand Spades,
Boy's and Girl's Carts,
Wagons, Doll Cabs, Flags,
Sunshades, etc., etc.

Hundreds of popular Books
for Summer Reading, New-
est Stationery, Post Cards,
etc.

GARTER & CO., Ltd.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment,
Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

Tea Party Supplies.

We are headquarters for Tea Party and Picnic Supplies. We carry a large stock of all requirements for the catering business, such as Confectionery, Cigars, Nuts, Fruits, etc.

SODA DRINKS.

We also manufacture a full line of Sodas, such as Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Raspberry, Iron Brew, Hop Tonic, etc.

We have just been appointed Agents for the

Land of Evangeline Pure Apple Cider

The Pure Juice of Choice Nova Scotia Apples.

This Cider is quite non-intoxicating and can be handled by stores, restaurants, etc. It is put up by a special English process which prevents any excessive amount of alcohol, but retains the exquisite flavor of the Annapolis Valley Fruit. No chemicals of any kind are used in the manufacture—it is just a Pure Fruit Juice, and will remain sweet and clear and sparkling indefinitely in any climate.

A READY SELLER.

In Casks, Pints and Split Bottles. Write us for prices.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

A Rare Opportunity

To secure a Ladie's Cloth Suit will be given you while they last. To make room for our Fall Costumes soon to arrive all suits remaining on hand will be cleared out at and below cost. You will also find special value in Skirts, Panamas in all shades, \$3.15, \$3.75. Also Black Sateen Skirts, the real good kind, 95 cts. We have some nice things in Fay Colored Silks and Muslins, and would ask the ladies to bear in mind our Clearance Sale of Ribbons, In men's attire, viz., Clothing, Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Bathing Suits, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, etc. Our stock will be found complete. Low prices and up-to-date.

Chandler & Reddin.

Mr. Borden Lays Down His Platform Before The People Of Canada

Conservative Leader Issues Manifesto Which Merits Careful Consideration.

What the Conservative Party Pledges Itself to Do if Entrusted With Reins of Government—Glean Logical Reasons Why Canada Should Not Plunge Into Reciprocity Folly.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 14.—Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Opposition, tonight issued a manifesto on the eve of opening his campaign in London, Ontario. He said in part:

"To the people of Canada: When parliament was suddenly dissolved on the 29th July, I issued a statement touching the circumstances under which that dissolution had taken place. It now becomes my duty to indicate the issues which present themselves for decision."

"In resisting the government's proposal for reciprocal trade with the United States we have been met with the cry that the majority must rule. It is clear that the late parliament never received any mandate to surrender to the United States the complete fiscal autonomy with which Great Britain endowed this Dominion, a consequence which follows from the reciprocity compact. The Government without public consideration or discussion have undertaken to commit the country to a treaty which completely alters the conditions and the policy under which our country has grown so rapidly and so surely to its present stature. The objections to the reciprocity compact are profound and abiding. They may be thus summarized:

"It tends to segregate the provinces of Canada which Confederation aimed to unite."

"It shatters the ideal and the hope of reciprocity within the Empire. The President of the United States has avowed that the main purpose with which he sought the treaty was to prevent consolidation of the British Empire."

"It reverses the policy of Canada as a nationhood which sought to bring together the provinces of Canada by intercourse and commerce of east and west lines of transportation; and it nullified the unexampled sacrifices of half a century which the Canadian people have cheerfully made for that high purpose."

"It is a direct and serious menace to our internal lines of water communication and to our ocean shipping as well as to our Canadian Atlantic ports that have been constructed and equipped at such enormous cost to the country."

"It makes Canada a commercial appendage of the United States, and virtually surrenders the control of her destinies."

"It interlocks our fiscal system with that of the United States and fetters the power of our parliament to alter our tariff according to the just requirements of our people."

"His tendency and aim are complete commercial union between the two countries to the exclusion of the rest of the empire."

"It opens to the United States our home market, which consumes 80 per cent. of our animal and agricultural products. It also has the effect of opening that same market to twelve foreign countries and to all the British possessions."

"It abandons the policy of improved trade relations with the British people, our best customers, and centers our hopes on the American people, our strongest competitors in the markets of the world."

AN ABSURD PRETENCE.

"It makes an absurd pretence of bringing relief to the farmer by exposing him to the competition of the world in everything that he sells, and by constituting the existing burden of taxation on everything that he buys."

"It threatens the existence of our fishing fisheries and takes away our power to give such encouragement to any industry affected by the agreement."

"It will destroy the distinctive character and reputation of our staple products which will hence-

forth be merged in those of the United States and will be known as American rather than Canadian products."

"It exposes our natural resources to the depredations of the gigantic trusts which have already secured control of those of the United States. It will for the most part reduce the prices which our producers will receive for their output while the control of the trusts will prevent any reduction to the consumer."

"It will encourage the export of our raw material and unfinished product for manufacture abroad instead of at home."

"It will establish conditions and relations from which it will be extremely difficult and even impossible to retire except with the consent of the United States or under terms dictated by her."

"And, finally, it is at the best, a rash experiment inconsiderately undertaken at a period of unequalled development and prosperity after Canada had long since outgrown the conditions under which such a policy was once thought desirable."

tions. Scandal after scandal was unearthed in the last two weeks of the recent session and not a tenth has yet been told.

"Since the last general election the government has entered upon a new line of policy in regard to the naval affairs which is of far reaching importance. The policy adopted was not debated before the people during that election and it bears all the earmarks of the hasty and ill-considered scheme."

"The plan of the government contemplates the creation of a naval force that will be absolutely useless in time of war and therefore of no practical benefit to Canada or to the Empire."

"The lack of business capacity manifested by the government in connection with the Quebec bridge and other public undertakings should also receive the grave consideration of the electorate."

"The Liberal-Conservative party gives its pledge to carry out the following policy if returned to power:

1. Thorough reorganization of the system by which the public expenditure is supervised.
2. The granting of their natural resources to the Prairie Provinces.
3. The construction of the Hudson Bay Railway and its operation by independent commission.
4. The control and operation by the State of the terminal elevators.
5. The necessary encouragement for establishing and carrying on the chilled meat industry.
6. The establishment of a permanent tariff commission.
7. The granting of substantial assistance towards the improvement of our public highways.
8. The extension of free rural mail delivery.
9. The extension of civil service reform.
10. The granting of liberal assistance to the Provinces for the purpose of supplementing and extending the work of agricultural education and for the improvement of agriculture.

"The true issue is this: Shall we continue in the course which has led us to our present enviable position of prosperity and national development, or shall we at the moment of greatest success and achievement lose heart and abandon the fight for national existence?"

"Upon this momentous issue I appeal to the people with the utmost confidence, and in the strong belief that their verdict will be for the unity and not for the disintegration of Canada, for the strengthening and not the loosening of the ties which bind this Dominion to the British Empire."

Signed,
R. L. BORDEN.

Let Us Prize Canada As Much as Taft Does

The tremendous efforts that have been made to carry out the Continentalist policy in Canada have had one good effect for this country—they have turned the thoughts of Canadians upon their mighty national heritage, and have deepened their love of country and pride in it.

For the host of newcomers the wide discussion of Canada's grand resources, of her wonderful progress, and of the future that is opening out for her as one of the very greatest nations on earth is educational.

For the native too, the attention, covetous as it is, that the United States is giving to their country cannot but make them prouder of it.

When the President of the United States sinks for months all other public business, and makes the work of establishing his country's advantage in Canada his paramount issue, when he keeps Congress nearly a third of a year in extra session for the sole purpose of sanctioning the provisions of an agreement with Canada, when the two great political parties across the line unite to pass that agreement, and practically all the newspapers there join in supporting it, our people must acquire new sense of the importance of their country.

Let them admire it and prize it as the United States admires and prizes it, and then they will be sure of keeping it as their own peculiar national possession.

There will be few Canadians to vote for the pact if the greatness of their country is as fully realized on this side of the line as it is on the other.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

The editor of a western exchange calls his behind-hand subscribers, "Kathleen Mavourneen subscribers," because "it may be for years and it may be forever," before he will get any money from them. The Sacred Heart Review.

Just so, brother. We know the kind.

Was Troubled With Sour Stomach and Biliousness

Miss Bessie O'Leary Campbellford, Ont., writes:—"I was troubled with sour stomach and biliousness for two years and could get no relief until I tried Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills. I had only taken them a short time when I felt like a new person, and now I can recommend them to all sufferers."

There are very few people who have ever suffered from a sour stomach or biliousness, but to those who are so afflicted, we highly recommend our Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills, as they are a specific for these not dangerous but very unpleasant complaints.

The price of Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills is 25c. per vial or 5 vials for \$1.00 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Home-seekers' Excursions.

The Grand Trunk Railway has issued a circular authorizing all Agents in Canada to sell Home-seekers' Excursion Tickets to points in Western Canada. This is interesting information for those desiring to take advantage of these excursions on certain dates from April to December 1911. The Grand Trunk route is the most interesting, taking a passenger through the populated centres of Canada, through Chicago, and thence via Duluth, or through Chicago and the twin cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. Ask Grand Trunk Agents for further particulars.

Minard's Liniment cures disterper.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatism Pills. Price a box 50c."

Sunday School Teacher—"If you are a good boy, Willie, you will go to heaven and have a gold crown on your head."

Willie—"Not for mine, then. I had one of them things put on a tooth once."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after-effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

"Hi!" shouted the rich man, peering cautiously over the stairs, "I want you?"

"Well," chuckled the burglar, reaching for the silver, "I'm at your service, sir."

A Sensible Merchant.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after-effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

"Have you ever noticed how a blame actor can get laughter and applause by using a cuss word?"

"Oh, yes. What's the reason?"

"I've found out, I think. The audience has been wanting to swear, but is too polite."

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Diarrhoea Dysentery Summer Complaint

and all
Bowel Troubles

Are Curable by the Use of

DR. FOWLER'S Extract of Wild Strawberry

THIS STERLING REMEDY HAS BEEN ON THE MARKET FOR OVER 65 YEARS AND HAS YET TO FAIL TO DO WHAT WE CLAIM FOR IT.

If an unscrupulous or dealer says:—"This is just as good or better," just say—"Give me 'Dr. Fowler's,' I know what I want when I ask for it, and give me what I ask for."

The price is 35 cents per bottle. See that the name, The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont., appears on the label as we are the manufacturers and sole proprietors of this remedy.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1911
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR
TO THE UNITED STATES \$1.50
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
AT 81 QUEEN STREET,
CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND.
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor

Please Send In Your Subscriptions.

The Situation Summarized

In the course of his masterly speech at his opening of the election campaign at London, Ontario, on Tuesday of last week, Mr. R. L. Borden, Leader of the Opposition, summarized the situation, from an economic point of view, as follows:

We have maintained in Canada for thirty-two years a policy of protection for the legitimate development of our natural resources, and for securing the home market for our producers.

We have sought to build up interprovincial trade and intercourse and to establish the unity of the Canadian Dominion on that solid basis.

We have sought and found in the British Islands an unequalled market for our products, and in that market our producers have built up a splendid reputation for the commodities which we export.

Our farmers have been guided in some of the provinces into the higher methods of agriculture so that the products of the farm may be turned out in finished form.

We have encouraged the production of commodities which can be advantageously manufactured out of natural resources.

We have undertaken the conservation of our natural resources and their development in the interests of the people.

We have sought to guard our water powers and other similar natural facilities from monopoly and exploitation.

We have made extraordinary and unexampled sacrifices to develop our inland waterways and to provide railway facilities; and the guiding principle in all this work of nation building has been to induce traffic and commerce and intercourse along east and west lines.

For that purpose we are now expending enormous sums and undertaking great obligations in developing and improving our inland waterways and in building new railways from east to west.

We have sought to upbuild and equip our Canadian ports and to provide such safeguards as would make them the entrepôts of our external commerce.

Will this compact serve to aid in any way the scheme of national endeavor which I have thus outlined? On the contrary it strongly tends to reverse or negative every item of this policy and it nullifies the effects and sacrifices by which the accomplishment of that policy has been sought.

No Compromise.

It will be remembered that Mr. Lloyd Harris, member for Brantford, Ontario, was one of the Liberals in the House of Commons who spoke strongly against the reciprocity pact. Last week the Liberals of his riding met and they asked him to be their candidate. He came to the convention and stated that he was as strong as ever against the pact, and would not accept a nomination on any conditions requiring him to vote for it. He was opposed to the pact and would vote against it in Parliament. A wing of the delegates assembled were for reciprocity, although the majority were willing to allow him freedom of action. Mr. Harris refused the nomination.

In the course of his speech he made the following declaration:

"When reciprocity was first mentioned ninety per cent of the Liberal members at Ottawa were not in favor of it. When the question of the negotiations actually came up, I put the question to liberal members and I honestly believe if a caucus had been held the vote would have been ninety per cent. against it." There was no sign of protest. The meeting accepted the speaker's word as absolute. He continued: "I considered I had no mandate from the people of this constituency. I gave the question very carefully, very serious consideration, and my viewpoint was announced in the House of Commons. I see no reason why I should change my mind."

NO CANADIAN BRANCHES.

"The town of Welland, Ontario, has grown within the last six years from 2,000 to 10,000, and the reason for it has been the establishment of American factories there to take care of the Canadian business. If the manufactured goods of the United States are to be permitted to pass into Canada without paying duty, American manufacturers will no longer be under the necessity of maintaining branch factories on Canadian soil, and those already there will be in danger of abandonment. This would unquestionably be a serious blow not only to the town of Welland, but to Port Colborne, Bridgewater and other border places which are thriving under the present system." — Buffalo Commercial.

THE TRUSTS TO CONTROL.

"It (Reciprocity) will give to American trusts a power, an influence and a control in this country equal to that which has been exercised so remorselessly and unsparingly in the United States. It will for the most part reduce the prices which our producers will receive for their output, while the control of the trusts will prevent any reduction to the consumer. It will discourage the higher and more progressive methods of agriculture and encourage the export of our raw material and unfinished products for manufacture abroad instead of at home." — R. L. Borden.

SPOILING SHEEP MARKET.

It is highly entertaining to hear Liberal newspapers declare that the influx of American sheep into the Canadian market, paying freight and duty to get here, is only a temporary affair. Such talk is sheer nonsense. Remove the duty and the very same causes that our contemporaries say have brought about the present state of affairs will result in further flooding our market, to the lowering of the prices paid here. — Guelph Herald.

DUMPING MAINE POTATOES

Have you read the Houlton market report? "Potatoes, \$1.25 a barrel." The Fredricton price is \$2 and \$2.25 a barrel. On Monday two carloads in Carleton County brought \$2 a barrel. The potato buyers want to get into the Maine market to buy at the expense of the home market; but the farmers of this Province who have potatoes to sell are not the people who will agree to make our home market a dumping ground for the surplus of Maine. — Fredricton Gleaner.

Fighting for his Life.

F. B. McCurdy, the well-known Halifax banker and broker, has been nominated by the Conservatives of Shelburne-Queen's, to oppose Mr.

Fielding, Finance Minister. It is generally conceded that Fielding will have the fight of his political life in this contest. In his speech accepting the nomination Mr. McCurdy, among other things said: "We should not chase a delusion, nor indulge in a dream, nor be deluded by the hazy glory which the exponents of the secret pact draw so vividly."

Challenges Laurier.

R. L. Borden, Leader of the Opposition, spoke last Friday night in the constituency represented for a score of years by the apostle of free trade, Sir Richard Cartwright, late minister of trade in the Liberal Government, and prophesied that riding would repeal the reciprocity pact. Mr. Borden challenged Premier Laurier to meet him on a platform and declared, "I say that thousands of liberals will vote with us in the fight against the reciprocity agreement, which seems so much of injury to Canada and the British Empire."

"The day that Reciprocity becomes a fact, the chief interest of Canada will be here in the United States. Should we not with Reciprocity be far more important in the eyes of Canadians than the imaginary 'Empire of Great Britain' which they look to now? The ideal condition, of course, would be a political as well as a business union of this North American Continent." — New York American.

"Is it not a fact that Reciprocity, bringing the people of Canada and the United States closer together every day, will do more than anything else to promote eventually the complete political and business union of the United States and all the great territory north of us? The Reciprocity agreement will check the east and west development of Canada and make that country a business part of the United States, with the lines of traffic running more to the north and south." — New York American.

"Reciprocity will really cut Canada into two countries. The section east of Lake Superior will merge with the New England States, and the west will become part of the west of the United States." — New York American.

The President's Cottage, Beverly, Mass., July 29th, 1911.

Editor New York American, New York,—I wish to express my high appreciation of the energetic work of the seven Hearst papers, and of the members of your staff for their earnest and useful effort to spread the gospel of Reciprocity, and I congratulate them on the success that has attended the Evangelist.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.

Conservative Campaign Chorus.

Cheer boys cheer for R. L. Borden, He's our leader staunch and true; For he's bound to win the day Over Wilfrid Laurier And the members of the Ag-NEXATION CREW.

Whether Capt. Langville and the crew of the two-masted British schooner Minnie, which was found abandoned off Great Point, Mass., made their escape or have been drowned in lifeboat, is not known yet, although life savers looked for them. A crew of three men left their vessel apparently in great haste, although schooner is in fairly good condition except for open seams. The Minnie is owned in Halifax, N. S., and has hard coal aboard from New York to Canada.

Comparative Prices

(Concluding Portion of Mr. A. L. Fraser's Speech at Georgetown on the 12th inst.)

Before we accept this proposed measure, I will quote the words of President Taft in the letter of transmittal of the proposed measure to the United States Senate. This letter of transmittal with the statistics and information annexed is now referred to as Senate Document Number 849, in this the President says, 'I transmit herewith a report from the tariff Board giving the information in its possession relating to farm products including live stock, and current relative prices in Canada and the United States of wheat, barley, food products of the farm including meats, poultry, eggs dairy produce and vegetables.'

On page 110 table 26th of this Senate Document we find the following:

Table 26—Number and average value per head of live stock on farms, by classes, in specified States and Canada. (in 1909.)

Prices of other cattle vary in the United States from \$14.30 a head in Minnesota to \$27.40 in Montana, while in Canada the range of prices is from \$31 in Saskatchewan to \$34 in Ontario.

Prices of sheep are much lower in the United States than in Canada, due to the fact that Ontario specializes on pedigreed flocks, as appears later on. In the United States they range from \$2.90 per head in Texas to \$5.30 in Illinois and Iowa, while in Canada the range is from \$4 in Nova Scotia to \$7 in Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Prices of swine are slightly higher in Canada than in the United States. In our eastern border States, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and New York, they range from \$10 and \$11.50 a head; and in the central border States the range is about the same. In the western border States the range of prices is from \$10.40 to \$11.10. In the

RECIPROcity WITH CANADA.

Comparative prices of agricultural products, January, 1911—Continued. Dressed Meats. (February, 1911.) Wholesale prices per 100 pounds.

Table with columns for No. 1 beef carcass, No. 2 beef carcass, Mutton, Pork, Beef, Rib roast, Lamb, Leg, Veal chops, Pork loin, Fresh shoulder.

With regard to hay, oats and potatoes the information in this book is given in detail in the different cities. In 1910 the oats crop in the United States was 1,126,785,000 bushels and the average price was \$40 per bushel. In Canada during the same period the total crop was 323,443,000 bushels and the average price was 35c, and in P. E. Island the average price was 30c per bushel so that our farmers should not gain much from the United States markets for their oats in fact as on our own prices were \$1.20 per bushel better.

The price of hay in the United States averages about \$2.00 a ton higher than in Canada. But the better class of our farmers know that if they sell their hay, potatoes and oats in the raw state that their farms will soon become impoverished. There could be only one and that is this disastrous mode of farming and I do not think our farmers wish to revert to the old methods.

Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing. We are still at the old stand, 311 PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN. Giving all orders strict attention. Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers. H. McMILLAN



A. M. WOODSIDE.

Mr. Woodside is a graduate of the Union Commercial College, and since going west has met with great success. In a recent letter to Principal Moran, he says: "My advancement with the Company was first due to the Commercial Course which I received at the Union Commercial College, and I will never regret the day that I returned to the East to attend your college, for advancement has followed every year since. I wish your college every success."

Mortgage Sale.

To be sold by public Auction at the Court House in Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 17th day of August, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon: All that tract of land situate on Township Number 34, bounded on the north by the St. Peter's Road and extending between east and west fourteen chains, and extending between the Hillborough River extending thereon fourteen chains and ninety links, on the east by a line of road, and on the west by the farm once owned by David Rose, now Mr. Darrach, and extending thereon seventy-three chains and fifty links, containing one hundred and seven acres a little more or less.

W. S. STEWART, Auctioneer of Mortgages, July 19th, 1911—41.

COAL!

All kinds for your winter supply. See us before you place our order. HARD COAL—Different Sizes Soft Coal—All Kinds. G. Lynos & Co. Charlottetown, P. E. I. Nov. 30, 1910.

LIME.

We are prepared to supply best quality Roach Lime from Kilns on St. Peter's Road in large and small quantities, suitable for building, farming and whitewashing. Orders left at our office will receive prompt attention. C. LYONS & Co. June 28, 1911—17

JAMES H. REDDIN

Barrister, etc. Has removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets.

Collections attended to. Money to loan. Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911—6m

STEWART & CAMPBELL, Barristers, Solicitors, etc. Office in DeBrisay Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN. W. S. STEWART, A. C. | A. A. CAMPBELL. July 3, 1911—7y.

COAL. COAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED DEALERS IN Hard and Soft Coal HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND At their Old Stand, Peake's No. 2 Wharf

A large supply of Coal suitable for all purposes. Orders, verbal, by mail or by telephone promptly attended to. Our telephone No. is 312, and we should be pleased to have your orders.

Peake Bros. & Co.

Ch'town, July 19, 1911—3m

New Waltham

AND Other Watches

We have tested them and they are now READY FOR THE POCKET

New Gold Filled Frames and 1st quality Lenses

JUST RECEIVED.

We make no charge for testing each eye separately to see if you need glasses, and they can be ordered or not at a future time, just as you please. We keep a record of test so that when desired we can fit you with any style of lenses or mountings wished for and at a moderate price.

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, City.

A BIG TEN DAYS' SHOE SALE!

Here is a chance you will never get again.

150 Pairs of Men's American Lace Boots

Goodyear Welted, Velvour Calf, made on two different lasts, medium heavy oak sole — "a beauty" comfort. Compare them with any Five Dollar Boot in the city. Ten Days Only—\$3.50 a Pair.

We have also RUSSIAN CALF and PATENT at the same price. All new stock. They've got the lead, they've got the style, They've got all others beat a mile.

Hockey Boots! Hockey Boots!

We lead for Low Prices on Hockey Boots. A good Boy's Hockey Boot at \$1.65. Men's \$3.00 a pair. Others at \$1.75, \$1.85 and \$2.25 a pair.

A. E. McEACHEN

THE SHOEMAN 82 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Tea Party Supplies.

We are headquarters for Tea Party and Picnic Supplies. We carry a large stock of all requirements for the catering business, such as Confectionery, Cigars, Nuts, Fruits, etc.

SODA DRINKS.

We also manufacture a full line of Sodas, such as Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Raspberry, Iron Brew, Hop Tonic, etc.

We have just been appointed Agents for the

Land of Evangeline Pure Apple Cider

The Pure Juice of Choice Nova Scotia Apples.

This Cider is quite non-intoxicating and can be handled by stores, restaurants, etc. It is put up by a special English process which prevents any excessive amount of alcohol, but retains the exquisite flavor of the Annapolis Valley Fruit. No chemicals of any kind are used in the manufacture—it is just a Pure Fruit Juice, and will remain sweet and clear and sparkling indefinitely in any climate.

A READY SELLER.

In Casks, Pints and Split Bottles. Write us for prices.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

Eureka Grocery,
QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

A Rare Opportunity

To secure a Ladie's Cloth Suit will be given you while they last. To make room for our Fall Costumes soon to arrive all suits remaining on hand will be cleared out at and below cost. You will also find special value in Skirts, Panamas in all shades, \$3.15, \$3.75. Also Black Sateen Skirts, the real good kind, 95 cts. We have some nice things in Fay Colored Silks and Muslins, and would ask the ladies to bear in mind our Clearance Sale of Ribbons. In men's attire, viz., Clothing, Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Bathing Suits, Waterproof Coats, Umbrellas, etc. Our stock will be found complete. Low prices and up-to-date.

Ghandler & Reddin.

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys,
Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I.
MONEY TO LOAN.

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

As to Reciprocity and the Fish Interests

To the Editor of the Montreal Star:

There has been a disposition to make it appear as though the reciprocity pact were to be of special advantage to the fishing interests of this country, and especially of the Maritime Provinces. Indeed those who have talked about the pact have very often taken for granted that it would have an immediate stimulating effect upon the fisheries.

There is no reason in the world to assume anything of the kind.

It may and probably will be very stimulating to the fish consumers of the United States, if they no longer have to add the amount of duty to such imported fish products as are now free.

The demand regulates the price that the producer gets. Our friends over the border do not produce enough of certain kinds of fish to supply their own demand and are obliged to import.

The duty is just so much tax they put upon themselves. To remove it will possibly lower the price to the consumer, but will neither add to the demand nor increase the price to the producer.

THE FISHERIES HAVE BECOME GREAT SINCE AROGATION.

For years we have heard how greatly the fisheries would be benefited if we only had back the "good old days of reciprocity."

The fisheries of all the provinces forming Canada now have become great and powerful and important since the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty in 1866. In 1861, when the reciprocity treaty had been in operation for seven years, and the outbreak of the civil war had sent prices away up, the products of our largest fishery, that of Nova Scotia, amounted to \$2,376,721, and the next in importance, that of New Brunswick, reached a value of \$184,800. In 1869 three years after the reciprocity treaty had been abrogated, the Nova Scotia product reached a value of \$2,501,507, and New Brunswick \$638,576, showing that even then the industry was increasing in value and importance without free access to the United States market.

THE FISHERIES INCREASED WITHOUT RECIPROCIDY.

In 1871 the Washington treaty threw open the American market to us, and the products of our fisheries did not increase at any greater rate than they had during the five years that our neighbors maintained a tariff against our fish.

In 1885 they abrogated the Washington treaty, putting a duty on most of our fish products. It is since then that the fisheries of Canada have had their greatest development and the output, which was but four and a quarter millions in 1869, amounted to nearly twenty-five and a half millions in 1908, this sum, too, represents an increase of close upon ten millions since the free market of our neighbors was closed to a large portion of the output by the abrogation of the Washington treaty.

LOBSTER INDUSTRY GROWTH AFTER RECIPROCIDY.

Some of the productive fisheries of today did not exist in the days of the reciprocity treaty. Lobsters for instance, canned and shipped alive, representing the snug sum of \$4,200,000 in 1908. In the days of reciprocity this was not a serious industry at all. How would this be affected by the proposed pact? Not to the extent of one copper, because lobsters, canned or alive go into the United States now free of duty. If they put a duty on them they would have to pay it or go without lobsters, because there is no other supply worth considering outside of that of Canada and Newfoundland. Our neighbors fished out their own waters and now they have to depend on ours. Of more importance to the fisheries than the passage of the Fielding-Taft compact would be the abolition of what is nothing more or less than an export tax on even free goods, collected for United States before the goods leave Canada. Every shipper of lobsters to the United States knows that there is no duty on them, but he also knows that he has to go to a consul or consular agent of the United States and pay a substantial fee for certified invoices, or his goods will not be admitted to the United States. The abolition of this charge might well be demanded, as we make no such charge on their goods coming into Canada.

OUR CODFISH EXPORT TO THE WEST

Of those articles of sea food

As to Reciprocity and the Fish Interests

which are dutiable and are to be admitted free under the pact, our codfish export to the world amounts to over three and a half millions a year, of which the United States takes but \$11,500 worth; China takes more than twice as much of our pickled herring as the United States does; for all sea food outside of lobsters and fresh mackerel, the West Indies are of infinitely greater importance to us. While the United States is our only foreign market for fresh lobsters, and they are now free, we ship over two millions and half dollars worth of canned lobsters to the markets of the world, of which our neighbors only take \$732,000 worth, or sixteen thousand dollars worth less than Great Britain and nearly a quarter of a million dollars worth less than France consumes. Yet canned lobsters are on the free list of the United States and have been for years.

The annexation of the British West Indies would be of infinitely greater value to the fishing industry of Canada than the passing of the Taft-Fielding pact. Our sub-tropical fellow subjects take over seventy times as much of our chief fish product, salt cod, as the United States does.

Reciprocity may not hurt our fisheries as much as it will other industries, but let no man think that in favoring reciprocity he is helping those down by the sea. (Yarmouth) NOVA SCOTIA.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS

The price of cheese at the board meeting last Friday was 12 1/2 cents per lb.

We had a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. John T. Roe of the Montreal Gazette editorial staff, and Mrs. Roe. They were making the round trip by the Cascapedia.

Four persons met death shortly after 1 o'clock last Sunday morning on the St. Lawrence River, between Quebec and Montreal when a collision took place between the steamer Hero and the tug Chieftain.

In consequence of the unfavorable weather on Wednesday last, the Scottish gathering was postponed to the following day. The attendance on Thursday was not as large as it would have been had there been no postponement. The games, however, were keenly contested and those present enjoyed themselves.

Four men were killed, four more were fatally injured, and nine others suffered fractured arms and legs in an explosion last Sunday night, which wrecked the moulding building of the Illinois Street Company's Plant, Joliet, and imprisoned one hundred men. The accident occurred when a ladle of molten metal upset on the wet floor.

The dead body of a man found in the marsh near the Insane Asylum Monday evening proved to be that of George Ling, a Chinaman formerly in the employ of John Ling & Co., Launderers, of Johnston Street. It appears there was some disagreement among the Chinamen in the above named laundry a little over a month ago, and George mysteriously disappeared from view. Nothing was ever heard of him until his dead body was found as stated.

The body was in an advanced state of decomposition; the head was severed from the body and an arm was broken.

FOR THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.—Conventions have been held in almost all the electoral districts and Opposition candidates for the Legislature have been nominated. Messrs. Dalton and Gallant are the men for the first district of Prince; and Messrs. Doherty and Matthews are the chosen standard-bearers for the second district. Messrs. A. P. Prowse and Murdoch McKinnon are again in the field for the Murray Harbor district, and Messrs. J. A. McDonald and J. A. Dewar have been nominated for the Cardigan district. Yesterday Mr. John H. Buntain and Mr. Louis Jenkins were nominated for the second district of Queen's County.

The Market Prices.

Butter	0.23 to 0.24
Eggs, per doz.	0.19 to 0.20
Powder	0.10 to 0.11
Chicken per pair	0.90 to 0.90
Flour (per cwt.)	0.90 to 0.90
Beef (small)	0.10 to 0.14
Beef (quarter)	0.08 to 0.10
Mutton, per lb.	0.08 to 0.09
Sheep per lb.	0.07 to 0.08
Potatoes (quar.)	0.50 to 0.60
Hay, per 100 lbs.	0.45 to 0.50
Blk Oats	0.48 to 0.50
Hides (per lb.)	0.10 to 0.11
Call Skins	0.14 to 0.15
Swamp	0.90 to 0.90
Oats (per cwt.)	0.90 to 0.90
Turnips	0.00 to 0.00
Turkeys (per lb.)	0.00 to 0.00
Geese	0.00 to 0.00
Pressed hay	3.50 to 10.00
Straw	0.20 to 0.25
Ducks per pair	0.90 to 0.90
Lamb	0.90 to 0.90
Lamb Pails	0.30 to 0.30
Lamb	0.14 to 0.15

MARRIED.

KELLY-HUGHES—On Tuesday, the 15th inst., by the Rev. A. J. McDonald, P. P., Miss Mary Anne Hughes, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hughes, Fort Augustus, to Mr. Patrick Kelly, of Charlottetown.

CAMPBELL—McDONALD—At Charlottetown, P. E. I., on August 18th, 1911, by Rev. Ewen McDougall, Malcolm H. Campbell, of Kinross, and Mary Ann McDonald, of Orwell.

DIED

WHITE—In this city on the 20th inst., Charles White, aged 19 years.

STEWART—In this city on the 20th inst., William Albert, infant son of Wallace C. and Mrs. Stewart, aged 8 weeks.

WEBSTER—At Marie, St. Peter's Bay, on Wednesday, the 16th August, the 20th year of his age, C. Perry, third and beloved son of Kambie A. and Sadie Webster.

CRAIG—In this city, on the 20th inst., Ross, fourth son of Peter and Mrs. Craig, aged two years and two months.

Dominion Election.

Additional Political Meetings in Queen's County.

Political Meetings in addition to those already advertised will be held in the interest of the Liberal-Conservative Candidates for Queen's County as follows: Little York Hall, Monday, 23rd August; Brookfield Hall, Tuesday, 29th August; Hope River Hall, Wednesday, 30th August; North Granville Hall, Thursday, 31st August; Westley River Hall, Monday, 3rd Sept; Brackley Point (Howe's Hall), Wednesday, 6th Sept; Cherry Valley School House, Thursday, 7th Sept; Caledonia Hall, Monday, 11th Sept.

These meetings will be addressed by leading Liberal-Conservative Speakers. Speakers on behalf of the Government Candidates are invited to attend.

S. W. CRABBE, President.
A. A. McDONALD, Secretary.

Liberal-Conservative Association for Queen's County.
Aug. 23, 1911—41

ONANADA, PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

IN THE PROBATE COURT, 2nd GEORGE V., A. D. 1911.

In re Estate of Peter A. McIntyre, late of Souris, in King's County, in the said Province, Medical Doctor, deceased, testate.

By the Honourable Richard Reddin, Esq., Registrar Judge of Probate, do. do. do.

To the Sheriff of the County of King's County, or any Constable or literate person within said County.

GREETING: WHEREAS, upon reading the petition on file of Michael McCormack, of Souris, aforesaid, Gentleman, and Dennis O'M. Reddin, of Charlottetown, in said Province, Druggist, Executors of the will of the said deceased, praying that a citation may be issued for the purposes hereinafter set forth: You are therefore hereby required to the all persons interested in the said Estate to be and appear before me at a Probate Court to be held in the Court House in Charlottetown, in Queen's County, in the said Province, on Wednesday, the Twenty-seventh day of September next coming, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon of the same day, to show cause if any they can, why the Accounts of the said Estate should not be passed and the Estate closed as prayed for in said petition, and on motion of Arthur E. McQuaid, Esquire, Proctor for said Petitioner. And I do hereby order that a true copy hereof be forthwith published in some newspaper published in Charlottetown aforesaid, for at least four consecutive weeks from the date hereof, and that a true copy hereof be forthwith posted in the following public places respectively, namely, in the Hall of the Court House in Charlottetown, in said Province, and in front of the School House situate at Souris and in front of the County Court House at St. Peter's Bay, in King's County aforesaid, and also let a true copy be served on May Irene McIntyre, of Souris, aforesaid, and Herbert Cecil McIntyre, of Charlottetown, aforesaid, and also let a true copy hereof be posted through the Post Office at Souris, aforesaid, to the addresses respectively of Easton Temple McIntyre and Mary Mand Gormerly now residing out of this Province, and the Certificate of the Post Master of the place of delivery shall be sufficient proof of their having been served with a copy of this Notice so that all persons interested in the said Estate as aforesaid may have due notice thereof.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the said Court this Sixteenth day [L.S.] of August, A. D. 1911, and in the second year of His Majesty's reign.

(Signed) RICHARD REDDIN, Registrar Judge of Probate.
Aug. 23, 1911—41

W. J. P. McMillan, M.D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
148 PRINCE STREET
CHARLOTTETOWN.

June 15, 1910—41

Fraser & McQuaid,

Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.,
Souris, P. E. Island.

A. L. FRASER, M. P. | A. F. McQuaid, B. A.
Nov. 10, 1900—2m.

Political Meetings

Are You Prepared For A Good Position?

The undersigned will address the Electors of King's County on the Political Questions of the Day, on the dates named and at the undermentioned places—

Place	Day	Date
Murray River	Tuesday	Aug. 22nd
Cambridge	Wednesday	Aug. 23rd
Fredericton	Thursday	Aug. 24th
Fredericton	Friday	Aug. 25th
Fredericton	Saturday	Aug. 26th
Fredericton	Sunday	Aug. 27th
Fredericton	Monday	Aug. 28th
Fredericton	Tuesday	Aug. 29th
Fredericton	Wednesday	Aug. 30th
Fredericton	Thursday	Aug. 31st
Fredericton	Friday	Sept. 1st
Fredericton	Saturday	Sept. 2nd
Fredericton	Sunday	Sept. 3rd
Fredericton	Monday	Sept. 4th
Fredericton	Tuesday	Sept. 5th
Fredericton	Wednesday	Sept. 6th
Fredericton	Thursday	Sept. 7th
Fredericton	Friday	Sept. 8th
Fredericton	Saturday	Sept. 9th
Fredericton	Sunday	Sept. 10th
Fredericton	Monday	Sept. 11th
Fredericton	Tuesday	Sept. 12th
Fredericton	Wednesday	Sept. 13th
Fredericton	Thursday	Sept. 14th
Fredericton	Friday	Sept. 15th

All the meetings will be held at 7 o'clock p. m., with the exception of the meeting at Georgetown on Nomination Day, which will be held at 2 o'clock p. m.

A. L. FRASER,
J. J. HUGHES.



Price \$2.50

Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00
Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35
Children's " " 1.00

Alley & Co.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, G. B.

SUN FIRE OFFICES OF LONDON.

FIDELITY PHENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN AGENT.

Telephone No. 362.
Mar. 22nd, 1906

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlottetown P. E. Island

Tickets
Dodgers
Posters
Check Books
Note Books of Hand
Receipt Books
Letter Heads
Note Heads

EVERYONE

Who really enjoys a good smoke should try our

BRIGHT CUT TOBACCO!

10 cts. per package

All Grocers and Druggists sell it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS.

Ch'town, Phone 345.

Hard Coal

Daily expected per schooner "R. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons best quality Hard Coal in Eggs, Stove and Chestnut sizes.

C. Lyons & Co.

July 26, 1911—41

Grand Trunk Railway System

Round Trip Homeseekers' EXCURSION TICKETS

To Western Canada via Grand Trunk Double Track Route to Chicago, etc., on sale every second Tuesday until September 19th, at very low fares. The finest farming country in the world is to be found along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan. Descriptive literature with beautifully engraved maps, and giving full information about the Free Homesteads and how to obtain them free, can be had at any G. T. R. Ticket Office.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., E. A. MacDonald, Jas. D. Stewart.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,
Newson's Block, Charlottetown,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
McDonald Bros. Building,
Georgetown

You cannot possibly have a better Cocoa than

EPPS'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 4-lb. Tins.

McLEOD & BENTLEY
Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN
Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

The Romance of a Poor Lawyer.

(By Florence Gilmore.)

(Continued from last week.)

'They had a trying experience on the way, but they laughed about it, and insisted that as Mary said, 'it was great fun.' A wreck blocked the track and they had to walk to town from somewhere near the junction. A young girl who was the only other passenger in their car walked with them. Mary fell in love with her, and even my father, who is so unobscuring that he seldom notices anything more about a stranger than that she is a human being, said more than once that she was a pretty child, with big, wistful eyes that look as if she had never had half enough affection.'

Elizabeth's face was crimson. Persistently she watched the fire, thankful that John Shae was, like his father, unobscuring. 'Mary said that she had a pretty Southern accent—and that reminded me of you.' He glanced towards Elizabeth, who was still intensely interested in the glowing logs. For an instant he studied her averted face, red to the roots of her dark hair, and an inspiration came to him. 'Why, it was you—was it not?'

'Whether it was I or someone else, I assure you of two things; you have one of the kindest fathers in the world and the sweetest little sister; and—she felt a sudden desire to make reparation for the almost rude indifference she had often shown him and for the silly way she had talked against him to her friends—and I believe you are the kind of a brother I'd like to have.'

John Shae smiled happily. He saw a ray of hope where all had been darkness. There was a long, oppressive silence before he said, shyly, 'Miss Morrison, don't you think you could—that as I am not your brother I might be—something else?'

For the fraction of a second Elizabeth hesitated, then looked up at him frankly without a trace of coquetry in her face or manner. 'I like you very much. I am not sure that I do not.'

Only a lover could have caught the words 'love you,' but John Shae heard them and was content.

Bread Upon the Waters.

Noemi! Noemi! Just listen, my dear! Here is the very thing we want. For sale, La Houassaye—a small farm near Percely. Only 3000 francs!

As he spoke, Pere Ferrand laid his newspaper and looked with a beaming smile at his better half, who sat knitting busily in the opposite chimney corner.

Madame Ferrand uttered a cry of rapture as she glanced over her spectacles. She was a little woman, with smooth, gray hair, neatly parted under an immaculate white cap, a black gown, and a large blue apron that almost entirely covered the skirt.

'The very price we wanted to give,' continued Monsieur Ferrand. 'I know the place well. The Jamains had it for three years before they want to live with their married daughters.'

'And will there be room for ducks and hens and rabbits?' asked Madame Ferrand, eagerly.

'To be sure—to be sure, and some to spare. Don't be afraid, old woman, there will be plenty of room for all your pets.'

The old woman wiped her spectacles! Surely it was all too good to be true. For years it had been their dream to retire from work and spend their remaining days on a small farm in the country; and often on a winter's evening, when the lamp was lighted in the cozy little kitchen, picturing the delights of the farm that should one day be theirs. And now the dream seemed to be realized. No wonder that the little woman's needle flew with increased velocity as they kept time with her excited fancy.

How delightful it would be to wander out of a summer's morning, while the dew still lay thick upon the grass, and releasing the imprisoned hen, watch them crowd around her, clacking loudly for their breakfast! And how pleasant in the cool of the evening, armed with an appetizing cabbage, to tempt the shy little rabbits from their hiding place, and see them nibble the dainty morsel, while their bright eyes watched her warily, and the long, silky ears moved rapidly to and fro!

At this point in her day-dreams, her husband's voice broke in. 'We must lose this chance, my dear! It is as you say. Such a golden opportunity doesn't occur every day. As to the price, we can manage it, I think. Two thousand francs in the bank; he counted, checking off the figures on his finger tips; 500 or so in my breast pocket, and 500 we lent to Pinquet, the cobbler, nearly a year ago.'

'Oh! I gasped his wife. 'But en posing he won't pay us back?'

'I will see to that,' Pere Ferrand asserted confidently. 'I will go to him myself tomorrow morning. You, my dear, are much too old and exact. You would bother any

All Stuffed Up

That's the condition of many sufferers from catarrh, especially in the morning. Great difficulty is experienced in clearing the head and throat.

No wonder catarrh causes headache, impairs the taste, small and hearing, pollutes the breath, deranges the stomach and affects the appetite.

To cure catarrh, treatment must be constitutional—alterative and tonic.

'I was ill for four months with catarrh in the head and throat. Had a bad cough and raised blood. I had become discouraged when my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and persuaded me to try it. I advise all to take it. It has cured and built me up.' Mrs. H. H. B. Jones, West Liscomb, N. S.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures catarrh—it soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane and builds up the whole system.

story he told you, and come back without a penny.'

So early next morning Pere Ferrand set out for the shoemaker's shop, firmly resolved to secure the rather considerable sum he had lent Pinquet. He found the cobbler seated by the window with a small, curly-headed child on each knee.

'Good morning Pinquet!' he said, entering the dingy shop. 'I have come over to ask you for those 500 francs I lent you several months ago. My wife and I have decided to buy the farm of La Houassaye, which happens to be going cheap just now.'

The cobbler, a tall, pale-faced man, rose, and, putting down the children, bade them run off to their mother; then he turned to his visitor.

'A, Monsieur. I haven't forgotten the debt I owe you! It has weighed heavily on my mind. But, indeed, I cannot possibly pay it back just now. This is the slack season of the year, and for the last three weeks I have not done a stroke of work.'

'Ah, Monsieur, you can see for yourself the sore trials to which we are reduced! Even the few bits of furniture are all gone—gone to the pawnshop,' he added in a low voice.

Pere Ferrand began to feel strangely uncomfortable as he gazed round at the bare walls and the naked floor, that proved so clearly the proof of the cobbler's words. But he steeled his heart with the thought of the farm.

'And yet I must have the money,' he insisted in a louder voice. 'I won't leave the shop until I have it; you must manage it somehow.'

The cobbler passed his hand wearily across his forehead.

'You can sell my tools, Monsieur. They are all we have; though God knows what is to become of us if our only means of subsistence is taken from us.'

Monsieur Ferrand sighed heavily, for he was really as kind-hearted as his wife.

'Look here!' he said, after a short silence. 'Why don't you ask your brother to help you? He has a good piece of land and no family.'

The cobbler's pale face flushed to a dusky red.

'My brother!' he cried vehemently. 'I would rather starve than ask him for a penny. I went to him when we first fell into trouble; but he refused to listen to me, and turned me out of his house as though I had been a beggar.'

'Well, then, what about your wife?' Monsieur Ferrand paraded all the more irritably, because he felt an uncomfortable sensation in the region of his heart. 'Why doesn't she do something toward the support of the family?'

'My wife!' repeated the cobbler, 'God bless her! For the last three weeks we have been living on what she earns. But she is not able to do much. Our baby is only a few weeks old, and needs constant attention. Madame is in the next room, Monsieur, if you would like to see her.'

With a perplexed frown wrinkling his usual serene countenance, Pere Ferrand rose and opened the door pointed out to him. Before a table heaped with neatly cut squares of paper sat a pleasant-faced woman working. With wonderful dexterity she folded and gumming the sheets, ying stacked on her right hand, and piling them up ready for use on her left. She looked up and smiled at her visitor entered—without, however, pausing in her work.

'Are these paper bags that you are making?' he inquired, watching her with interest.

'Yes, Monsieur, she replied, placing another bag on one of the unfinished heaps.

'And how much do you get for your work?'

'Seven sous a thousand,' said the woman, as her fingers flew on folding and gumming, gumming and folding in quick succession.

Pere Ferrand started incredulously.

'Seven sous a thousand, impossible! Why, that would be less than a son a hundred! Surely no one would think of paying so little!'

'It is the price, Monsieur; and

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring an illustration of a woman and child.

glad I am to get it. These last weeks we have been living on the money I earn. I have been poor all my life, Monsieur, and one gets accustomed to everything—but never quite so poor as at present. For myself, I do not care; but when the children cry because they are hungry, and one has nothing to give them. O, Monsieur, you do not know what it is to be so poor!'

Pere Ferrand was silent as he thought of his neat little kitchen at home, of his well-stored cellar, and of the many delicacies in his brood cupboard; and he felt a sudden intense pity for this poor woman who worked so hard that she might earn a few paltry sous before nightfall.

After a moment's hesitation he returned to the husband.

'Look here, Pinquet!' he said. 'How is it that you are so wretchedly poor! I know a shoemaker in D. who keeps his wife and children comfortably on what he earns.'

The cobbler slowly put down some tools he had taken up.

'Monsieur, you see it is this way. The cobbler in D. has a large stock of ready-made boots and shoes, which he orders from the factory, and sells at a small profit to the villagers. When he has no mending to do, this brings him a little money; but when I started my shop I was unable to afford the extra expense. I should have registered another 500 francs at least.'

'Five hundred francs!' Pere Ferrand repeated thoughtfully; then from his breast pocket he drew out a well-worn pocket book and extracted a bank note for 500 francs.

'See here, my friend!' he continued. 'Take this; go to L. and get a complete stock of the articles you require. That little wife of yours is the pluckiest creature I have ever seen. Good morning!'

And while the cobbler still stood staring at the magic slip of paper before him, Monsieur Ferrand was walking rapidly towards his home. For the first few minutes the old man felt a thrill of keenest pleasure while he pictured to himself the happiness he had left behind him; but as he drew nearer to his abode, his steps began to lag. He remembered how confidently he had promised to bring back the money he had lent, what would his wife say when she heard of his impulsive generosity? Was his dream of a happy country home vanished forever?

He found the object of his thoughts in the kitchen, singing in the fulness of her joy an old Breton lullaby.

'Well?' she said, hastening to meet him. 'Have you brought the money?'

Pere Ferrand shook his head.

'I suppose I must tell you all about it,' he said, sinking into a chair, with the air of a criminal about to be condemned; then, plucking up heart, he related the whole story from beginning to end.

'And so,' said his wife, affecting an indignation she was far from feeling, you not only have not brought back the money we lent, but have given away another 500 and, with those 500, all chance of our dear little farm?'

'Yes,' acknowledged her husband, with a groan, 'That's about it, my dear.'

'Oh, you wicked, wicked man!' said Madame Ferrand; then she rose up from her seat, with moist eyes, and slipping behind her husband's chair, dropped a tender, forgiving kiss on the top of his bald head.

Some minutes later Pere Ferrand was busy adding up some belated accounts when he heard a sound of scratching and scraping in the direction of the cellar.

'What are you up to, little wife?' he called out.

'Tidying up the cellar,' came the muffled answer. 'There are some potatoes and some apples down there that won't keep very long. Wouldn't it be a good thing to get rid of them?'

'Certainly—certainly!' said her husband with a knowing smile, as he once more proceeded to cast up a reactionary column.

When did he evince any attention when his wife emerged from the cellar, and throwing a kerchief over her head, started off in the direction of the shoemaker's shop, with several very large bundles protruding from under her blue apron.

A few years later the cobbler's shop had taken on quite a different appearance. Rows of ready-made boots of all sizes lined the front window, and the shoemaker himself was working busily at a pile of shoes waiting to be mended, when a man hastily entered by the open door.

'Monsieur Pinquet,' he said, hurriedly. 'Your brother is dying, and wishes to see you at once.'

(Concluded next week.)

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Goods. Our trade during 1910 has been very satisfactory.

We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Madigan.

WAS TROUBLED WITH HEADACHE FOR OVER TEN YEARS Dr. told him to try Burdock Blood Bitters

Mr. Henry Siro, Dumas, Sask., writes: 'For over ten years I have been troubled with headaches every morning, accompanied by an acidity or bitter taste in the mouth. Thinking the cause of it was the too great use of smoking tobacco, I have quit the pipe for two months, but it was always the same. I went to the doctor and he told me to try some of your Burdock Blood Bitters. I got a bottle and found quite a relief before I had done with it. I then bought another one and used it all. Now I can say that I am perfectly cured. I used to be without appetite especially in the morning and now I feel as good as a new man. I cannot too highly recommend Burdock Blood Bitters to all persons suffering from headaches and sour stomach.'

Burdock Blood Bitters is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Sbc.—They say that an apple a day will keep the doctor away.

He.—Why stop there? 'Did your son lack mentality at school?' 'No, sir, he didn't. He didn't lack nothing' what money could buy for him.'

'I once proposed to a girl in a conservatory.' 'With what result?' 'A lot of expensive plants were nipped by frost.'

Teacher—What change takes place when water freezes? Tommy (innocently)—A change in price, I guess.

This is to certify that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for years in my family, and consider it the best liniment on the market. I have found it excellent for horse flesh.

(Signed) W. S. PINCO. Woodlands, Middleton, N. S.

I wish I knew which of those young men to marry. I believe I shall consult a fortune teller. That's a good idea. Consult Bradstreet.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25c.

Willis — Why was the will set aside? Gillis—It kept getting in the way of the lawyers who were settling the estate.

Did the play have a happy ending? 'I might have been worse. My wife only lost her handkerchief and one glove.'

Beware Of Worms. Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 50c.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria

Druggist (to his stout wife) — Don't come in just this minute, I am about to sell six bottles of fat-reducing mixture.

The Hague has done much towards promoting peace in the world. 'Yes,' replied Miss Cheyenne, 'and so has Reno.'

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spasms without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25c.

'My wife married me to reform me.' 'Did she succeed?' 'Yes, thoroughly. I wouldn't marry again if I lived to be as old as Methuselah!'

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Suffered From Her Heart, Could Not Stand Hard Work

Mrs. Harry Smith, 31 Eagle Ave., Brandon, Ont., writes:—I have suffered with my heart a great deal, and could not stand any hard work. I was doctoring with the doctor, and he told me I had to stop doing anything but, however, a friend told me about your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, so I got a box and tried them. I had to take several boxes before I felt any benefit, but after doing so I found they were beginning to help me so I continued their use and am now in a position to do all my own work, which I felt I would have to give up.'

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are a specific for all weak run down women, whether troubled with their heart or nerves, and if you will only give them a trial we can assure you that they will have the desired effect.

Price 50c. per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, for sale at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Advertisement for MacLellan Bros. Merchant Tailors, featuring an illustration of a man in a suit and the text: 'You can save money as well as add to your character and appearance by wearing made-to-order clothes. You Cannot Buy Made-to-Order CLOTHES Cheaper than WE SELL THEM.'

Advertisement for MacLellan Bros. Merchant Tailors, featuring the text: 'MR. MAN---We Can Save You Money on Your CLOTHES. Some men think that when they spend their money for a Ready-made suit, that they are buying their clothes at the smallest possible cost. They think only of the first cost. They do not consider that if they would spend a few dollars extra and have a suit made for them by a good tailor, that it would wear at least double as long, and from this standpoint alone, they would be saving. And then again, in a tailor made suit along with getting at least double the wear, you get style and good looks that stay, you get comfort and satisfaction that can only be had in a made-to-order suit. Are not these features worth from three to five dollars extra? Buy Your Next Suit Here. When you want your Spring Suit come here, look over the hundreds of different cloths we have, pick one that pleases you and let us build you a suit. We will put the finest of work on it, and use the very best of everything in it's make-up; we will make it to fit you perfectly, and in the newest style, and when finished you will be so pleased with it that you will never wear a ready-made again. 153 Queen Street MacLellan Bros., Bank of Commerce Building. Merchant Tailors.'

Advertisement for H. McMILLAN, featuring the text: 'Fall and Winter Weather Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing. We are still at the old stand, PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN Giving all orders strict attention. Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers. H. McMILLAN'

Advertisement for Stanley, Shaw & Peardon, featuring the text: 'For New Buildings We carry the finest line of Hardware to be found in any store. Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability. Also a full line of pumps and piping. Stanley, Shaw & Peardon. June 12, 1907.'

Advertisement for A. E. McEACHEN THE SHOEMAN, featuring the text: 'A BIG TEN DAYS' SHOE SALE! Here is a chance you will never get again. 150 Pairs of Men's American Lace Boots. Goodyear Welted, Velvour Calf, made on two different lasts, medium heavy oak sole — "a beauty" comfort. Compare them with any Five Dollar Boot in the city. Ten Days Only—\$3.50 a Pair. We have also RUSSIAN CALF and PATENT at the same price. All new stock. They've got the lead, they've got the style, They've got all others beat a mile. Hockey Boots! Hockey Boots! We lead for Low Prices on Hockey Boots. A good Boy's Hockey Boot at \$1.65. Men's \$3.00 a pair. Others at \$1.75, \$1.85 and \$2.25 a pair. A. E. McEACHEN THE SHOEMAN 82 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.'