

# THE CARBONEAR HERALD,

## AND OUTPORT TELEPHONE

Vol. 1

CARBONEAR, NEWFOUNDLAND, DECEMBER 4, 1879.

No. 29.

### THE CARBONEAR HERALD

AND  
**OUTPORT TELEPHONE,**  
Is Printed and Published from the Office, west of the Post and Telegraph Offices, Water Street, Carbonear, every Thursday Morning.  
**Terms - - - \$3.00 Per Annum**  
(Payable half-yearly in advance.)

**Advertising Rates.**  
Five cents per inch for first insertion, one-third of the above for each continuation. Standing Advertisements inserted monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly on the most reasonable terms.  
All communications to be addressed to the Editor, Proprietor and Publisher,

**J. A. ROCHFORD,**  
Herald Office, Water St,  
Carbonear, Nfld.

### ADVERTISEMENTS.



### Government Notice.

RECEIVER-GENERAL'S OFFICE,  
4th November, 1879

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that under the provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of the Legislature, entitled "An Act to authorize the Consolidation of part of the Public Debt of this Colony," I am authorized to raise by loan the sum of **Fifteen Thousand One Hundred and Ninety Two Dollars** upon Debentures of not less than \$200 each, chargeable upon and payable out of the Public Funds of the Colony, after the expiration of Twenty Years, when it should be optional with the Government to pay off the same, on giving Twelve Months' previous notice.  
Tenders for the above amount will be received at my office, until noon, on **TUESDAY** the Eighteenth day of November.

The Tenders must express the amount offered, in Dollars, and the rate of interest, which interest will be payable half yearly.

**JAMES J. ROGERSON,**  
Receiver-General.

November 14.

**ST. JOHN'S, No. 1  
MARBLE WORKS**  
THEATRE HILL, ST. JOHN'S,  
**ROBERT A. MACKIM,**  
MANUFACTURER OF

Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Tables, Mantel Pieces, Hall and Centre Tables, &c.  
He has on hand a large assortment of Italian and other Marble, and is now prepared to execute all orders in his line.  
N. B.—The above articles will be sold at much lower prices than in any other part of the Provinces or the United States

### A CARD.

**T. W. SPRY,**  
Notary Public,  
"EXPRESS" BUILDINGS,  
ST. JOHN'S, Nfld.

**COMMERCIAL BANK OF  
NEWFOUNDLAND.**

A DIVIDEND on the Capital Stock of this Company at the rate of Ten per cent per Annum, for the half-year ending 30th June, 1879, will be payable at the Banking House in Duckworth Street, on and after **SATURDAY**, the 12th instant, during the usual hours of business.

By order of the Board,  
**R. BROWN,**  
Manager

### NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the

**LATE BRIDGET SCANLAN,**  
Carbonear, will please furnish their accounts before the 20th inst., to the undersigned.

**CATHERINE GLENDON,**  
Administratrix.

### ADVERTISEMENTS.

### P. JORDAN & SONS.

**CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS  
ESTABLISHMENT,**  
222 Water Street, St. John's.

Importers of British and Foreign Manufactured GOODS.

Always on hand a large supply of

### CLOTHING,

Made up under their own inspection which they can

**SELL AT VERY LOW PRICES,**

Also a large assortment of LEATHERWARE and other GOODS

All orders in the CLOTHING DEPARTMENT shall receive best attention and be made in any STYLE required and at the **LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.**

Se. 4. 2m.

### JUST OPENED. NEW GROCERY

AND  
**PROVISION STORE,**  
(Opposite the Public Wharf),  
Harbor Grace

The Subscriber begs to inform the public of Carbonear that he has Just Opened the above Premises where he will keep on hand, a choice and well assorted stock of

**GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,**  
AT LOWEST PRICES POSSIBLE  
**N. STEWART,**  
PROPRIETOR

Harbor Grace,  
June 19nd, 1879.

### CARD

**JOHN A. ROCHFORD,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC.

"Herald" Building, Water St.,  
CARBONEAR, Nfld.

Next Post & Telegraph Offices

All business transacted with punctuality and satisfaction.  
May 2.

**ANDREOLI'S  
Book & Novelty Store,**  
HARBOR GRACE,  
116—WATER STREET—116.

The Subscriber offers for sale

### BOOKS

PICTURES,  
LOOKING GLASSES,  
CLOCKS, TIME PIECES,  
LOOKING GLASS PLATES,

Statuses, Picture Framing,  
STATIONARY,

And a Variety of FANCY ARTICLES, too numerous to mention.

PICTURES framed to order.

CLOCKS CLEANED & REPAIRED.

Foreign Orders solicited attended to

**V. ANDREOLI**

Harbor Grace,  
May 22nd, 1879.

**R. MCCARTHY,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT  
AND AUCTIONEER,

AT HIS

Market-stand & Auction-Mart  
WATER STREET,

Carbonear, Newfoundland,  
October 16. 1m.

**JUST RECEIVED,**

Per Cortes, from New York,  
100 Barrels Beckstein's F. M.

### PORK,

50 ditto LOIN, 50 ditto JOLES,  
50 ditto BEEF CUTTINGS.  
May 22

**J. & T. HEARN**

### NEWS PER MAIL

#### The Vale of Cashmere.

THE HOME OF BLEAR-EYED CHILDREN  
AND CASHMERE SHAWLS.

If there was a paradise on earth, believed in by the poets, it was the Vale of Cashmere. Here was the abode of a handsome, industrious and happy race, whose skill and refinement was attested by the marvelous products of its looms. In the most luxurious oriental harem, in the boudoir of the western beauty, the possession of the finest shawl of Cashmere, was a distinction of wealth and favour as high as could be paid. Dwelling high up in the sheltering gigantic Himalayas, in a valley itself ever five-thousand feet above sea level, the people of Cashmere enjoyed a fortunate climate and possessed a soil of almost unequalled fertility. Fruits grew in abundance, and their cultivation was so early a science that we are said to have obtained our knowledge of grafting and budding from the people of Cashmere.

This once beautiful and happy region is now the scene of wretchedness. During this year in grievous famine has stricken the land. The infrequent travellers there report the most heart-rending scenes, and the sight of a desolate land. Great tracts of land are uncultivated; villages are in decay; starvation walks abroad; thousands have died; many have made their way out of the valleys, through the high passes, into Afghanistan, in a wretched plight, and those who remain exhibit every sign of wretchedness.

The cause of this famine and decay is believed to be simply cruel, oppressive, and bad government, and to this of the attention of the English government, if not exactly responsible for the sad state of affairs, is the titular guardian of Cashmere, and has the power of exacting justice and decent government there. Indeed, England sold Cashmere to the oppressors, and received her pay in cash. The story is briefly this: At the treaty signed at Lahore in 1846, which concluded the first Sikh war, Lord Hardinge, in lieu of a money indemnity, offered a large cession of territory, included in which was the province of Cashmere. There was at that time a soldier of Fortune, named Gholab Singh, who had raised himself to the principality of Jummoo, and in a short time annexed important adjacent territory. By a treaty subsequent to that just named it was arranged that Gholab should purchase back a portion of the territory ceded to the English, to be held by him and his heirs as an independent possession. In this way he became owner and ruler of Cashmere, under the English protection. He paid for this in Cash £300,000, and assumed certain obligations to help the English in war, and to take no other Europeans into his service. The English would protect him from his external enemies, and he paid annually in token of allegiance one horse, twelve perfect shawl goats of approved breed (six male and six female), and three pairs of cashmere shawls. He had a good bargain. He ruled over 1,500,000 people, had an army of 27,000 men, and a revenue of £1,000,000. In 1837 Gholab died, and his son Runbeer ruled as maharajah in his stead. Since then the relations between Cashmere and India have been of the ordinary kind, and a considerable trade has sprung up, which has lately fallen away, owing to the disturbed condition of eastern Turkistan, and the suffering in Cashmere.

It now appears, by the reports of British officers and travellers, that the famine and suffering in Cashmere are due almost wholly to the rapacity, corruption, and cruelty of the maharajah. He and his rapacious tax collectors have literally sucked the life out of the fair land. As long ago as 1872 the degradation of the people had become almost absolute under these cruel task-makers. This was attested by the half-deserted villages, the neglected lands, and the groups of listless men and beaver-eyed children clustered before the village shawl-loom, toiling out their spiritless lives for the gain of the rajah. Is no object for the wretched tillers of the soil to raise anything, for they are despoiled of all their crops by the extortionate tribute-collectors. The

same thing happened here that happened on the upper Nile; the extortion was so excessive that it did not pay to raise crops—the poor people were not allowed to retain enough of their own crops to sustain life.

That is the state of affairs in one of the fairest of the Indian provinces, in the land of sentiment and song. The poor half-starved remnants of the people cry for English rule. Just now the finances of India are in no condition to buy back Cashmere, but the interest of humanity will not permit the English people to be indifferent to the misery of this once prosperous land. The responsibilities of England are widening year by year in the east.

#### A Notable Family.

Lord William Beresford, who was decorated by the Queen in person with the Victoria Cross for gallantry at Ulundi, has now gone back to resume his duties as aide-de-camp to the Viceroy of India. He is a brother to the Marquis of Waterford. The Beresfords are a dashing set. Lord Charles, distinguished for the number of persons he has rescued from drowning, is commander of the royal yacht now appropriated to the Prince of Wales, with whom he is a great favorite. The mother of these young men was a sister to Mrs. Cavendish Bentinck, whose daughter, Lady Sykes, recently attracted so much notice in New York. Their father was a clergyman, and succeeded to the title and estate when his brother, the renowned practical joker, was killed by a fall from his horse. The present Marquis some years ago eloped with a married lady considerably his senior, whom society condemned as much the most to blame. He married her, but she did not long survive, and then he married a daughter of the Duke of Beaufort, and has turned into a reputable country gentleman, almost always resident on his princely estate, Curraghmore, which, in point of its "demesne," is the finest thing in Ireland. He has great physical power. The Beresfords, although still possessing political influence, do not dominate in Irish politics as they once did. The present head of the house has evinced no political ability.

#### A DYING CONFESSION.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 16, 1879.

About sixteen years ago, Jonathan Weaver, of this city, was cruelly murdered at Ocean Cottage, near the beach, during a drunken row. John McCarthy, now one of the leading business men of the city, was arrested and tried for the offence but he was acquitted, and up to the present time the whole affair has been shrouded in mystery. A sailor who had never heard of the murder now comes forward and states that while recently at a seaport on the coast of Peru he visited a sick sailor, who was rapidly approaching his end. The dying man said to his friend, that he had something to communicate to him before it was too late. He had carried within his breast a terrible secret and had suffered untold miseries. He surprised his friend by informing him that he was a murderer.

A number of years ago, while at Newport, R. I., in a sailing vessel, he went ashore and made his way to what he had since learned was Ocean Cottage. While crazed with rum he got into an altercation, and before he knew what he was about he drew a long black handled jackknife from his pocket and struck a man whom he had never seen before. As soon as he saw that he had probably killed the man he made his escape, and soon afterward shipped on a foreign voyage. He was a stranger in Newport; in fact he had never been here before. He also informed the sailor that he was in the police station here for drunkenness the night before the murder, and that while confined in the cell he stole three blankets and

took them with him on board of his vessel. His description of the station house and the harbor was quite correct.

McCarthy, who was unjustly accused, left Newport soon after his release, but returned to his home after the sad affair had been lost sight of.

In an address lately delivered in Liverpool, Cardinal Manning spoke at some length on the influence of woman. Of all the powers upon earth, he said, there was in the hands of mothers, daughters and sisters a power which could control the greatest strength of man, and this was the power of good example, of a good life, of true christian love, the persuasions of their patience in waiting until the faults of those whom they tried to win to better ways should be wiped out. Men convince one another, but they had not the power of persuasion that a mother or sister or daughter possessed over a father or a brother.

Montreal Star:—Smoking is on the increase among the fashionable ladies of Montreal. It is now, with many of them, considered quite the thing to try a weed, and they make no secret of it either. In their own homes they smoke with visiting acquaintances, and if friends drop in it is just as common to offer them a cigarette as it used to be to offer them a cup of coffee or a glass of wine. As yet, the practice has not gotten beyond the threshold of the house but in a short time, unless there is a change, we may expect to see ladies puff their weeds in the thoroughfares. But if it becomes fashionable, it will not be condemned, for fashion is the queen of fools, and even men who affect to be wise give way to her at times. It is not so very long since a lady or gentleman could not go out to dinner without submitting to have a mixture of fat and flour worked into their hair by some industrious friseur. But even that was preferable, for a woman who smokes may be tempted to drink, and then—

#### Origin of Language.

A Frenchman named Clairefond has published a small work, in which he revives the argument that the earliest attempts at human speech were imitations of natural sounds or the cries of animals; and he contends that out of recollections and repetitions of those sounds, the names of certain natural phenomena, and of animals and other objects, originated. He finds numerous examples in the French language, and thinks that proof might be found in other languages if search were made, and suggests that the Geographical Society of Paris might furnish instructions to their travellers, to collect from amongst the natives of different countries all the sounds traceable to the sources indicated above. M. Clairefond is of opinion that the series of sounds, words, and expressions thus collected, would aid in the discovery of the origin of language. Taken in connection with natural sounds, the origin of words in our own language, such as thunder, sigh, whisper—becomes evident.

Fortune, never tired of favouring the Irish, bestowed on them another distinction. In the hands of one of their race is at last the largest diamond. One Mr. O'Flaherty has found, we are told, at the Cape Fields, no tiny gem, but a huge mass of brightness weighing 150 carats, and promising to be a mine of wealth. The largest ever known before when cut proved only to weigh 113½ carats; the Kooh-i-noor does not boast of more than two-thirds that weight; and yet an Irishman whose claim is, it seems, in the very middle of the diamond mud, has quietly lifted this large and brilliant stone from the earth and taken it down to the Cape. He is said to have three courses open to him:—He can dispose of it at once to speculators, on the spot; or, bringing it to England, he can sell it to be cut; or he may have it cut at his own expense, and take his chance of a colossal fortune or comparatively little.

Stories from Zululand.

Bishop Colenso still manfully upholds the cause of Cetwayo. In a letter written to England he indignantly protests against the deposition and deportation of the Zulu King, "whose appearance and behavior," he says, "are totally at variance with the notion people had formed from the malignant misrepresentations of Sir Bartle Frere." He states that down to the very last both indunas and people were, almost to a man, loyal to their King, and that it is unwise for the English to ignore, as they are now doing, the existence of a sentiment which is as honorable to the Zulus as it is inconsistent with the theory that they have been living under an intolerably cruel and oppressive rule. The Bishop then asks whether the circumstances attending the King's surrender really show any want of loyalty on the part of his people. Some people think that they do, and point to the fact that his hiding place was betrayed to the English force. Upon this the Bishop makes the following remarks:—"Yes; his hiding place was betrayed after he had been hunted by forces of mounted men in all directions for two months, at the end of which the following process was employed by the great English general to secure his capture, for no doubt Lord Gifford acted under instructions. Five Zulus were taken prisoners, and questioned severely as to the place where the King was hiding. They persisted in declaring that they did not know where he was whereupon they were all flogged, with what right let Englishmen judge. They bore their flogging, and still refused to betray their King's hiding place, two of them managed to escape. Then the scheme was adopted which had been practised once before in the war, of taken them blindfolded, each to a separate spot, when two gunshots were fired, and each of course supposed that the other two were killed. And so the secret was obtained from one or more of them." Another incident calls for similar reprobation from the Bishop. It appears that when Cetwayo was on the way to Port Dunford, at dinner he asked for more beef, but this was refused him. He was, however, supplied with a pint of rum, and, according to the Bishop's informant, he was given this allowance daily until he embarked. At Ulundi, when a white trader introduced spirits the King interdicted their sale. The Bishop also expresses a hope that John Dann's qualifications for Chieftainship will be well discussed in England, adding, "I think I may say that his appointment is utterly condemned by all right-minded men in Natal as a mockery of all principles of morality, Christianity and civilization." The Bishop remarks that the list of native rulers of Zululand includes very few of the important chiefs, and he is of opinion that no due provision has been made for controlling the disorders that will inevitably break out among the Zulus or for advancing their progress in civilization. His plan is to unite the whole country under one native ruler, and he sees in the present state of affairs every reason why Cetwayo should, after the lapse of a few months, be restored to that position, "of course with powers duly limited, under a British Resident, who should be an English gentleman of character and ability." He says that Cetwayo has one son, about twenty-five years old, named Duzizulu, who may have been killed among those who tried to escape when his father had been captured, but who, if living, will be an important factor in the future history of Zululand." The Bishop's letter, although registered, was opened in its passage through the English Post Office.

A calcutta despatch says:—Preparations continue to be pushed forward in India with undiminished vigor. The Sukkar and Dadur Railway is open for engines nearly to Jacobabad, and is being constructed at the rate of over a mile per day. A large number of carts such a quantity of war material are being shipped at Bombay for Hursochee, Sir Richard Temple is personally superintending the arrangements along the Balan line. General Hughes has reached Candahar from Ghelatai-Ghilzi. Everything is going on well there. The publication of General Roberts' proclamation and announcement of the continuance for the present of the existing regime have confirmed any waverers there may have been, and people look on their emancipation from Cabul as complete.

Advices from Afghanistan state that McPherson has effected a junction with Bright's column at Kadazug,

JOB PRINTING

of every description neatly executed at the office of this paper.

AGENTS FOR HERALD.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as our agents; all intending subscribers will therefore confer a favor by sending in their names and subscriptions that they may be forwarded to this office.

- St. John's—Mr. W. J. MYLER, Water St. Brigus—Mr. P. J. POWER, School Teacher.
- Bay Roberts—Mr. G. W. R. HERRLEY.
- Hbar's Cove } —Mr. Richard Walsh, Post Office, Little Bay.
- Twillingale } —Mr. W. T. Roberts.
- Fogo—Mr. Joseph Reidell.
- Tilton Harbor—Mr. J. Burke, Sr.
- Kings Cove and Keels—Mr. P. Murphy
- Bonavista—Mr. P. Templeman.
- Catalina—Mr. A. Gardiner.
- Bay de Verds—Mr. James Evans.

For the present all intending subscribers or advertisers at Harbor Grace will please hand in their names to A. T. Drysdale, Esq.

THE CARBONEAR HERALD

"Honest Labor—our noblest heritage."  
CARBONEAR, N. F., DEC. 4.

Public Highways.

In our columns to-day will be found a most interesting extract from a valued correspondent resident at Southwest Arm, Green Bay. From the extract referred to it would appear that the grant for the construction of the main line of road to the Humber valley, referred to in a former issue of this journal, has been still further supplemented by a sum of fifteen hundred dollars. This sum of money it was hoped would have completed the line of road as far as Indian Brook before the close of the season; but owing to the departure of some of the men employed, the work has unavoidably been postponed until next year. It is, however, satisfactory to know that, notwithstanding the interruption thus caused, nine miles of good road has been laid out, five of which have been gravelled and the remaining four stumped and cleared, a portion of the money still remaining unexpended, which will be available for the completion of the work during the ensuing summer. In the present as in the former communication, our correspondent speaks highly of the agricultural capabilities of the line of country through which this road will pass. In referring to the subject we cannot but express our most unqualified approval of the wisdom which has guided the policy of our present administration in the opening up, by the construction of this line of road, of a most valuable agricultural region, the development of the vast and invaluable resources of which, cannot fail in the future to contribute largely to the material wealth and advancement of the colony. In speaking thus we have in full view the steady progress which has already marked the efforts of agricultural enterprise on the part of our people, and that in the face of obstacles which might appear in many instances almost insurmountable, from the nature of the soil and the almost utter absence of those important and necessary aids to agricultural industry, namely, good and substantial roads. When so much good has already been effected under considerations so disadvantageous, what benefit may not be expected to result to our agricultural interests from the construction of main lines of road such as that above referred to, which will open up to the energy and enterprise of the agriculturist, large tracts of country, rich in all those resources so essential to the successful prosecution of this most important industry. In the course which the Government has thought fit to pursue in the construction of this line of road, we recognize an enlightened and patriotic desire on their part

to promote and advance the best interests of the country by the opening up to development and utilization of her vast and invaluable resources for the benefit of her people. Should our present administration continue to be guided in the future by a similarly wise and enlightened policy, of which we have every hope—we feel confidently assured that before the lapse of many years, Newfoundland, instead of being as at present, dependant upon the resources of other countries, would raise upon her own soil an amount of agricultural produce very nearly equal to the requirements of her population.

Fredericton Star.

Eyes Right! Attention!!

There is an Island beyond the Gulf of St. Lawrence. It is Newfoundland. Away to the North of this Island is a ragged vilage made up of about sixty houses, each one storey. The village, is called Carbonear. The village, is built on the sea coast, and its trade is cod fish and cod oil, caplin and herring—and that is all. The people catch fish, sell it, and get in return flour, pork molasses and tweed.—Fredericton Star, Nov. 11.

There is a province of the Dominion known as New Brunswick. Fredericton is its governmental metropolis. We don't know how many houses Fredericton contains, or the height of said houses. Its people may wear tweed or broadcloth for aught we know. This we know—its horizon is at present illuminated by a "STAR." A brilliant and erratic luminary. The guiding genius of this stellar phenomenon is a disband member of the Terra Nova Mounted Constabulary. He is a native of "an island beyond the Gulf of St. Lawrence." This Island is Newfoundland. His name is JIM COLLINS. The birthplace of this hero is "Piper's Hole," or some other hole of equally classic designation in "Placenshy" Bay. Here amid the beetling cliffs, beach rocks, and other romantic surroundings of this interesting locality, the future Colossus of the New Brunswick press first saw the light. Here in the days of his early youth, ragged and barefooted, did he beguile his leisure hours in the highly intellectual pastime of mussel picking. That an occupation so eminently conducive to the development of literary genius, should exercise its influence upon the intellectual faculties of such a precocious and promising youth as our friend JIM, is by no means to be wondered at. Time, the great arbiter of the destinies of nations and of men, sped on, and JIM, thirsting for fame, availed of a favorable opportunity to visit the metropolis of the land of his birth. Here we find it difficult to follow the then obscure and tortuous windings in the career of one destined in the future to wield such a mighty in the political affairs of New Brunswick. Suffice it to say, a vacancy existed in the new mounted force then in process of formation, and friend JIM accepted the shilling. JIM had not long donned the shako, tunic and belt of the force, before the most decided symptoms of "cacochthes scribendi" began to develop themselves, and that to such a degree as to excite serious apprehensions as to his sanity. We at the time chanced to occupy the position of Editor of the St. John's "Courier," a semi-weekly journal published in the metropolis, and can therefore speak authoritatively on the subject. Our first recollection of this worthy is his ignorant and impertinent intrusion into our private residence at an unseasonably hour for the purpose of inducing us to insert in the columns of the "Courier" an amorous poetical effusion purporting to emanate from his own pen. This production, deficient as it most unquestionably was in grammatical construction or literary merit was absolutely ridiculous in its conglomeration of the various gods and goddesses of the heathen

mythology, which were mixed up throughout the entire affair like mussels in a pot. Not wishing by any means to compromise either the respectability of our position or the paper entrusted to our charge, we politely but firmly denied it insertion. On one or two subsequent occasions we were subjected to annoyance by similar intrusions on the part of the same individual, his ignorance, not permitting him to recognize even the sanctity of the Sabbath. With the foregoing instances terminating our personal knowledge of JIM COLLINS, his career subsequently, including his skedaddle from the force up to his departure from this colony being matters of public notoriety. This base recreant to the land of his birth, taunts the people of Carbonear with being paid for the fruits of their honest industry, in "flour, pork, molasses and tweed." Now we will ask him a straight-forward question, to which we hope he will have the manliness to give an equally straight-forward answer. Was it for non-payment for a suit of tweed or broadcloth made by Mr. Chambers, a respectable tailor of his Water Street, that he, JIM COLLINS, was about to be arrested on the eve of his departure from Newfoundland? Talk of "impalement," JIM. You appear rather sensitive in the matter of "tweed." The "Herald" alive? Yes, so also are the records of the Terra Nova Constabulary—and so also is Mr. Chambers.

Carbonear has a "live" population of six thousand inhabitants, several mercantile establishments and one hundred and fifty sail of shipping. Very like a "ragged vilage," JIM.

Correspondence.

To the Editor of the "Carbonear Herald."  
CARBONEAR, Dec. 3rd, 1879.

DEAR SIR,— Having seen the somewhat extensive advertising slip of the celebrated travelers, 'Dr. Smith and his wife, announcing that their lectures on 'Wonder and' would be delivered in the Wesleyan school room, last night, I wended my way thitherward, seated myself in a corner and almost breathlessly awaited the result accruing from the expenditure of twenty five cents in this lecture line. A goodly number of persons assembled and at 8 o'clock, the 'Dr.' (I don't know of what 'struck an attitude' and proceeded to 'define his position.' He stated that his wife was a most wonderful woman in fact, none could possibly be more so. He gave us his opinions regarding woman's usefulness and by an indiscriminate use of 'broken English,' endeavored to impress upon our minds the fact that woman was as capable as man in any undertaking. I tell you ladies and gentlemen, Mrs. Smith is the greatest lecturer in the United States excepting John B. Gough, who I've near me at home," and in other words, equally forcible, told us she had no equal. Now, Mr. Editor, does the 'Dr.' think that he can cram the people of any place in Newfoundland with such trash. If so let me say I beg to differ with him though I have never traveled over the Rocky Mountains and among the red 'ingins' "with a bag of 'hard dough nuts' on my horses' back which, with lumps of white sugar, he says served to quiet the noble red man." He told us he had a very hard time and was laughed at by his friends at home, and even Ned, his boy, said the old man was 'crazy as a loon.' Now, sir, if I might venture the remark I believe Ned was right. We had after a few more non-sensical remarks, the lecture, which was wonderfully interesting and abounded in most Geographically eloquent description of the places she saw. During the lecture the Dr. amused himself and the audience by walking up and down the room trying to find the boys who were moving their feet, and getting tired, he called on Mrs. S. to rest while he informed the audience that he had been in all kinds of churches in this Island and the only persons who made a noise were the minister and the congregation who responded, where upon Mrs. S. suggested the boys thought she was saying the Litany, and they were responding. Now this may have been intended for wit but the simile was poor. The very extraordinary statement was also made 'if you had been anywhere you would know that a lecturer was entitled to as much attention as a preacher.' Oh yes! and 'Dr.' if you were anywhere else you would be hooted out of the room. I am sure, Mr. Editor, the people of Newfoundland are most willing to patronize anything in the way

of lectures, but they will not submit to being gulled by such trashy lectures and brazen effrontery without letting the perpetrators know about it. They are sent out by the Lyceum Bureau to study Newfoundland in order to fill many engagements. Just imagine such an idea as the Lyceum Bureau sending people out to lecture and have them offer go watches and cheap jewelry to attracted crowd. If these people want to lecture let them honestly announce their lecture and give it with less blow. But don't, try to throw dust in the eyes of a people some of whom at least, remember a Rev. Mr. Smith and two ladies who visited Newfoundland some 17 years ago.

SHIMSHAI,

TO THE EDITOR OF "CARBONEAR HERALD,"  
BRIGUS, Dec. 1st, 1879.

DEAR SIR,— Nothing worthy of insertion in your valuable paper, has occurred here since I wrote you last if I may except, the revival of explorations in search of gold which, I am happy to state, have been attended with most signal success. Splendid specimens have been found with the precious metal plainly visible to the eye without the aid of a glass, in the immediate vicinity, or I may say in the town itself. Some gentlemen, who are staying at the boarding-house of Mr. W. H. Jerrett, have been very successful in finding an abundance of the ore in claims which they possess in the neighbourhood and are confident of ultimately succeeding in discovering the principal deposit. Their specimens can be seen at Mr. W. H. Jerrett's, and are well worth inspection, which will prove that the existence of gold in our town is not a myth as was supposed by many.

The melancholy news arrived here last week of the death, at St. John's, of Mr. CHARLES GAMBURG, JR., after a very short illness. The deceased was very favorably known in this town where he was employed for some time in painting and embellishing our beautiful Parochial residence, and which he successfully accomplished in excellent style. He made many friends during his short residence among us and was a most estimable young man. His friends in Brigus tender to his bereaved family their condolence and sympathy for his early death.

In business circles there is a general complaint of the scarcity of money and I believe it is felt all over the country. Our people are nearly all now at home except a few craft still at the Northern Bays.

Yours, &c.

SCRIBO.

A Trip to the Dominion.

No. 4.

Early on the following morning I was astir, as I was anxious to conclude my business in the city so as to be in time for the evening train to Ottawa, about 5 o'clock. Having partaken of breakfast, I engaged a sleigh and proceeded to various quarters of the city to execute certain commissions with which I had been entrusted before leaving St. John's, and to transact some personal business of importance necessary before my departure for my intended destination. Being a stranger in the city, the time devoted to the execution of this task was necessarily longer than it might have been to a resident in, or to one more intimately acquainted with the leading thoroughfares of the city, and consequently I was precluded on this occasion from visiting the leading buildings or objects within its environs. Having concluded all my arrangements satisfactorily, I returned to my hotel about half-past four o'clock, and learned that owing to the intended departure for Ottawa of the newly elected members for the city, Messrs. Devlin and McKenzie, the train would not be likely to leave with accustomed punctuality. This short delay, though likely to prove of some convenience, by giving time for the conclusion of final arrangements, was not sufficiently long to permit of its being turned to advantage for personal visitation of any of the public buildings, even within this section of the city. Time however, quickly sped on towards the hour of departure, which was soon made known throughout the city by the more than ordinary bustle and excitement in its leading thoroughfares caused by the congregation of large numbers of its leading citizens, at the various rendezvous for the purpose of accompanying their members to the railway depot, en route for the capital of the Dominion. The time having at length arrived, I proceeded to the station, checked my luggage and secured a comfortable seat for the remainder of my journey the members for Montreal accompanied by a vast assemblage of their friends and supporters with banners flying in the breeze and several bands of music, subsequently appearing on the scene. These gentlemen having taken their places on board the train after a very short delay glided from the station amidst the cheers and acclamation of the assembled multitude

As we proceed number of Montreal comfort, various stations to Ottawa same destination number of ing for the somewhat the owing to the carriages a ventilation almost insence and a limited ca and constri was the sou disapproval many and a sequent inv racted agai pany, espec the legislat extreme v mentiou t ture from of the 3rd, mild, the r but through to the nor few hours Junction, ter a short more suita ones more quirements we arrived ing of the time of our zero. On the east e we could the distan the southw outlines of flag of the Victoria to ment ext cent pile of tion in poi stpenduous on the Am

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About 26th Nov. to New Br master, fr lumber to Grace, wa near Low Bay. Sh of Saturd Conception A heavy springing had to run Having s load, her o'clock, at on Caplin, all saved, uninsured, having be the neigh Doyle wit were desp wreck. S portion of

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The Fa Society of town, was day, at the station the Bishop accompani conio, and Flynn and most respect near were The spacio cy Fair, p appearance ful articles worthy of that the d efforts of t be crowned success

As we proceeded on our journey, the number of passengers, which leaving Montreal was quite sufficient to ensure comfort, was gradually increased at the various stations en route by fresh accessions to our numbers, the greater portion being senators, members of Dominion Parliament and others, bound for the same destination. This increase in the number of passengers rendered traveling somewhat inconvenient and disagreeable owing to the over crowded state of the carriages and the imperfect system of ventilation which made the atmosphere almost insupportable. The inconvenience and annoyance thus caused by the limited capacity of the cars which size and construction were decidedly inferior was the source of universal comment and disapproval of all the passengers, and many loud were the threats of subsequent investigations and exposure directed against the employees of the company, especially by those connected with the legislature. As an instance of the extreme variability of climate I would mention that at the time of our departure from Montreal, late in the evening of the 3rd, the weather was unusually mild, the rain falling in heavy showers, but through the night the wind veered to the northwest, so that our arrival a few hours subsequent at the Prescott Junction, it was freezing intensely. After a short delay at Prescott, where a more suitable change of cars was made once more, in accordance with our requirements, we left for Ottawa where we arrived at half-past nine on the morning of the 4th the thermometer at the time of our arrival marking 30° below zero. On arriving at the terminus, near the east end, before leaving the station we could distinctly recognize, looming in the distance, on an elevated site towards the southwest of the city, the massive outlines of the Parliament Buildings. The flag of the Dominion floating from the Victoria tower, the centre and most prominent external feature of this magnificent pile of buildings, the most attraction in point of architecture and the most stupendous and costly of any to be found on the American continent.

Local and other Items.

The extensive circulation of the "Herald" throughout Conception Bay and the various outport districts of the colony render it a most desirable medium for advertising purposes. We would direct the particular attention of business men generally to the above mentioned most significant

About seven o'clock a. m., on the 26th Nov., a fore and after belonging to New Harbor, Trinity Bay, Miller master, from Random, with a cargo of lumber to John Munn & Co., of Harbor Grace, was wrecked at Caplin Cove, near Lower Island Cove, Conception Bay. She left Trinity on the evening of Saturday the 24th ult., arrived at Conception Bay about Sunday night. A heavy storm from the Southwest springing up on Monday morning she had to run to Caplin Cove for shelter. Having succeeded in saving the deck-load, her two chains burst about eight o'clock, and she became a total wreck on Caplin Cove beach. The crew were all saved. The vessel and cargo being uninsured. A portion of her gear having been plundered by parties in the neighbourhood. High Constable Doyle with other members of the force were despatched to the scene of the wreck. Some arrests were made and a portion of the property recovered.

Two boys named respectively, Pike and Brown were drowned in Spaniard's Bay Pond, by the breaking of the ice, on Sunday evening last. The bodies have since been recovered.

A child belonging to Mr. Josiah Caplin, blacksmith, of Bay Roberts, was literally choked from sore throat resulting from scarlatina, on Saturday last.

The English and St. John's mail arrived here overland from Bay Roberts between nine and ten o'clock last evening.

The Fancy Fair in aid of the Altar Society of St. Patrick's Church, in this town, was opened at two o'clock yesterday, at the School Room of the Presentation Convent, by His Lordship, the Bishop of Harbor Grace, who was accompanied by the Very Rev. D. Falconio, and the Rev. Messrs. McLois, Flynn and Walsh; large numbers of the most respectable inhabitants of Carbonar were present on the occasion. The spacious room devoted to the Fancy Fair, presents quite an attractive appearance from the variety of beautiful articles on exhibition, and is well worthy of a visit. We sincerely wish that the disinterested and philanthropic efforts of the Ladies of the Society may be crowned with the fullest measure of success.

Mr. John Cooper, of Random Sound, Trinity Bay, who was in town last week is, we believe, the heaviest man in America, weighing 352 pounds, or twenty-five stone two pounds. Mr. Cooper is a "solid man" and has no appearance of "dry rot" about him. He is a 'staying' specimen of the hardy Newfoundlander. His weight, we may add, was not taken at Random but at Carbonar.

Brig Trusty, Captain Hurst, arrived at Harbor Grace yesterday morning from Europe.

The following is an extract from a letter dated, South West Arm, November 22nd, 1879:

"Since my last the grant for our main road has been increased by a sum of \$1500 and it was hoped by the parties most interested, that they would reach Indian Brook, distant twelve miles, before frost or snow prevented their working but owing to unavoidable causes, chiefly the leaving of some of their men, and whose places could not be filled without incurring more expense than the occasion warranted. As a matter of course, with the small number of men employed for some time past all the money has not been expended and will be available for the operations of another year. The work has stopped about three miles from Indian Brook, about five miles being gravelled and the remaining four stumped and cleared. All work ceased this evening. The soil is still of an excellent quality."

TELEGRAPHIC.

HALIFAX, Dec. 3.

Better feeling in Ireland. The Clergy successful in their efforts for peace. The tenants tired of agitation, and seek terms with the Landlords.

Austria supports England in Eastern matters.

Czar intimates determination to call a number of unofficial advisers to assist the Government—purely deliberative; to be chosen partly by the suffrages of the peasants and middle classes and partly from the hereditary nobility.

King John of Abyssinia imprisoned the Papal Vicar Apostolic. The Pope invites France to intercede for his release.

The Boers and Kaffirs threaten renewal of war.

Ministerial crisis at Constantinople. Resignation of Minister of Interior probable.

Negotiations with Berlin closed. Times advises Canadians to permanent settlement of Fishery question.

Godfrey of Loudon failed, half million sterling.

Dec. 4

Queen seriously ill, biliousness and sore throat, much public anxiety recovering. Relations between England and Russia reported threatening.

Swiss federal council deputation to Canada, to investigate suitability Swiss emigration. Attempt to assassinate Czar near Moscow. Infernal machine placed on track—train did not explode till Czar passed. Czarina ill.

Religious News.

Within the past few days we have learned, that the Rev. S. Flynn is about to take charge of the important settlement of Fortune Harbor and harbors adjacent, and may be expected to leave Carbonar within the next ten days, to make final arrangements prior to departure for his destination. By the people of Carbonar of all sections and classes amongst whom he has spent the last four years, and to whom he has endeared himself by his many public and private virtues, the news of the Rev. gentleman's departure will be received with sincere regret. We in common with his many friends wish Rev. S. Flynn many years of happiness and utility in the sphere of his future labors.

The Annual Missionary meeting in connection with the Wesleyan Church was held at Hearts content on Friday evening last at half-past seven o'clock, Mr. Richard Penny of Hearts Content in the Chair. The following clergyman were present on the occasion, Rev. Messrs. Payne, Goodison Boyds & Myres John Bemister Esq. addressing the meeting. There being a large number in attendance a good collection was the result.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Fabre of Montreal has arrived at Rome. On the 15th ult, he received kind audience from his Holiness, Pope Leo XIII.

The Abbe Ouin-Laeroix, Canon of St. Denis, who died last week in his 66th year, was for many years the administrator of the Irish foundations in France, and during the siege of Paris in 1870-71 he organized a hospital within the walls of the Irish College.

The Rev. Father Dawson delivered a lecture in St. Patrick's Church, Ottawa, on Sunday on the growth of the Catholic Church and referred to Canada. He said in 1867 Canada east and west counted ten dioceses and 779 churches including Sherbrooke, Chicoutimi and the vicariats apostolic of Northern Canada.

The Bishop of Toronto is expected home from England about the middle of December.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNION BANK OF NEW FOUNDLAND.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of Eight per cent. ups on the paid up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the for the half year ending 30th November, 1879, and is payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after Friday, 5th December.

Transfer books closed from 3rd to 5th both days inclusive.

(By order of the Board), JAMES GOLDIE, Manager.

LOST—At Red Bay, by the wreck of the s.s. "ERIE," one of three BOXES, addressed A. DOUGLAS, Glasgow.

The finder will be handsomely rewarded by leaving it with the Subscriber.

JAMES FLETCHER, St. John's.

NOTICE.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I, ROBERT CHURCH, of the City of Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada. Shoe-maker; hereby give notice that I have made application, under Sec. 13, Cap. 19, XIX Vic., for Letters Patent of the Island of Newfoundland on "Improvements in Boots," said improvements being applicable to "Tongue Boots," and consisting mainly in forming the leg, of a single piece of special pattern, with the seam in front.

ROBERT CHURCH.

BROOKVILLE MILLS, HALL'S BAY.

Lumber of all kinds, always on hand and all orders either for large or small quantities attended to with punctuality and despatch.

All orders to be addressed to, McKAM, CURTIS & Co. Brookville Mills, Hall's Bay.

HARBOR GRACE STOVE DEPOT.

Glass and Tinware Establishment.

(Opposite the Mercantile Premises of Messrs. John Munn & Co.)

C. I. KENNEDY,

Begs to intimate that he has recently received a large assortment of the latest improved and very best quality of Stoves comprising Cooking, Fancy, Franklin and Fittings of all sizes—English and American GOthic GRATES.

In addition to the above, the subscriber has always on hand—American Hatchets, Harness Rings and Buckles, Sheath Knives and Belts, Wash Boards, Brooms, Clothes Lines, Water Pails, Matches, Kerosene Oil—best quality, Kerosene Lamps, Burners and Chimneys Turpentine, Stove, Shoe, Paint & Clothes Brushes, Preserved Fruits, Condensed Milk, Coffee, Soaps and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Glassware, Tinware etc.

Can Cut Nails—all sizes—by the lb. or keg.

C. L. KENNEDY.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

The Subscriber begs to intimate to the Public of Carbonar that he will, on THURSDAY, Nov. 13th., open a NIGHT SCHOOL for young men.

Special attention paid to young men desirous of obtaining Masters or Mates Certificates from the Marine Board.

Particulars made known on application to

JOHN KEEF, Teacher South Side School.

SEWING MACHINES.

Just arrived per "Nova Scotian," from Liverpool,

A CHOICE LOT OF

Sewing Machines,

HAND AND FOOT.

BRADBURY'S FAMILY SINGER, BRADBURY'S WELLINGTON, BRADBURY'S BEATRICE, &c., &c.

All which are offered at a large reduction for CASH.

Send for Catalogue now ready.

E. W. BOWDEN,

Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot, St. John's, Nfld, Oct. 16th,

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Statutory Notice to Creditors.

In the matter of the Estate of JOHANNA MOLLOY, late of Brigus, in Conception Bay, deceased.

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the 6th Section of "The Trustees Act 1878," all persons claiming to be creditors or otherwise, to have any claim or demand against the Estate of the said JOHANNA MOLLOY, who died on or about the 14th day of March, 1879, are hereby required on or before the 10th day of December, 1879, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands to the Very Reverend EDWARD FRANCIS WALKER, of Brigus, aforesaid the Executor of the Deceased, and to whom probate has been granted, or to the undersigned solicitors for the said Executor, and in default hereof the said Executor will, after the said 10th day of December, proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated at St. John's, this 6th day of November, A. D., 1879.

LITTLE & KENT,

Solicitors for said Estate, Duckworth Street, St. John's November 13. 3i.

NOTICE

A FANCY FAIR,

IN aid of the funds of the ALTAR SOCIETY of St. Patrick's Church Carbonar, will be held by the Ladies of the Society in the School of the Presentation Convent, D. V., during the first week in December.

Donations of money or saleable articles, Fancy Work, &c., will be thankfully received by the ladies of the Society,

MISS MCCARTHY,

Lady President.

MISS KENEALLY,

Treasurer.

MISS MACKAY,

Secretary.

JUST RECEIVED

Per Hero from Greenock,

100 Barrels Bass & Co's

ALE,

(QUART.) 100 Bls. ditto ditto Pints May 22. J & T HEARN

NOTICE.

MRS. B. FURLONG,

256 Water St., Harbor Grace,

(OPPOSITE POST OFFICE),

Would respectfully intimate that she is prepared to accommodate permanent or transient

BOARDERS.

TERMS REASONABLE.

129-Sign of the Red Lamp-129

CHEAPEST DRY GOODS IN TOWN.

RICHARD HARVEY

Is now offering to the Public an Immense Stock of

DRY GOODS,

At prices to defy competition.

Flannels, all wool.....1s 0d per yard

Blanketing ..... 1s 3d

Calicoes ..... 0s 2d

Cotton Prints ..... 0s 3d

Winceys ..... 0s 3d

Ladies Cloth Jackets.....4s 6d each,

Felt Hats.....4s 6d

Felt Skirts .....2s 6d

Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 3s

Ulsters—cheap. 1 per doz.

A large Assortment of

Boots and Shoes,

200 Pairs Men's Elastic Side Bogs, a

8s 6d.

100 Pairs Men's Deeked Boots, at 10s.

300 Pairs Women's Pebble Laced Boots at 6s 6d.

100 Pairs Men's Grained Deeked Boots, at 16s 6d.

NEW TEAS,

at 1s 2d per lb.

No. 1 FAMILY SOAP, in 30 lb Boxes a

7s per box, and everything else at equally low prices.

—And daily expected—

A Lot MEN'S BLUCHERS.

at 5s per pair.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF!

RICHARD HARVEY,

No. 129 Water Street, St. John's,

Sign of the Red Lamp

SEWING MACHINES,

A FULL SUPPLY.

AT BOWDEN'S SEWING MACHINE

DEPOT, ST. JOHN'S,

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES PAIRD, DRAPEY SHOP

SIGN OF THE LION,

195 WATER STREET,

GROCERY WAREHOUSE,

217 WATER STREET,

St. John's, Newfoundland.

Has completed his Importations for the opening of this Season's Trade in the various Departments of his EXTENSIVE STOCK, and now offers as Varied and CHEAP an assortment of

GOODS

as is to be found in the City.

CALICOES, SHEETINGS,

WINEYS, SHIRTINGS,

BLANKETINGS, FLANNELS,

DRESS GOODS,

HATS AND ACPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And all the Variety of Goods in a DRAPEY Stock are this Season LOWER IN PRICE than ever known.

IN THE

GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT,

TEAS are special y selected, and of rare good value.

SUGARS, of various grades and prices.

COFFEE a Speciality—the very best quality imported.

COCOA,—Homeopathic, Maravilla, &c.

HAMS & BACON,—Belfast, English and American.

CHEESE,—Cheshire, Dutch, Canadian, &c.

A full variety of ITALIAN

WAREHOUSE GOODS,

of Superior quantities.

CANNED GOODS,

of all the best known brands, in MEAT,

SOUPS, FRUITS, &c.

TOBACCO & CIGARS—all the various grades.

ALE, PORTER, WINES SPIRITS,

of the best and approved brands, with a full variety of all Goods suitable for a Wholesale and Retail

Family Grocery Trade

We use every effort to maintain the reputation we have already earned of keeping a Stock of FIRST CLASS

GOODS and our friends favoring us with their business shall have every care and attention paid to their orders.

St. John's, Oct. 1st. '79. 2m

MILLINERY!

The undersigned begs to announce to the public of Carbonar and vicinity that having engaged the services of

A Competent Milliner,

she is now prepared to execute with promptness, and in a manner calculated to give every satisfaction, all orders in the above line that may be committed to her charge.

Mrs. JAMES WALL.

Harbor Grace, Oct. 23, 1879.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

GENUINE SINGER

Sewing Machines.

The best in the World. The most popular SEWING MACHINE ever made.

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Machines.

You can get the Genuine Singer only at 172 Water Street, St. John's; for Cash or easy monthly payments.

The Trade Mark is on the arm of each Machine. The Singer Manufacturing Co. is in gilt letters on the top of the arm. Any Machine you can't find the above Trade Mark on is not a Genuine Singer.

Bickford Knitting Machines, Eureka, Clothes Ringer, Washing Machines, Plaiting Machines, Oil, Needles, and Attachments for all Sewing Machines on hand.

The Singer Manufacturing Co., New York, U. S.

M. F. SMYTH,

Sole Agent for Nfld.

Sewing Machines neatly repaired. Warranted for two years.

Oct. 30.

FOR 1880 FISHERIES.

We are prepared to supply to any extent, made from best New Orleans Cotton and hard laid TWINE—the very best—all our STANDARD NETS for Herring, Cod, Caplin and Lance SEINES, put together—Roped, Corked and Lead in the most approved manner.

AMERICAN NET & TWINE Co,

St. Boston.

LITERARY

In a Time of Trouble.

As an eagle from the height,  
Looking down upon the lands,  
On forests black as night,  
Fair fields and desert sands,

Sees the traveller below  
Loosing heart as league on league,  
Long wilderness show  
No end to his fatigue.

So Faith amid her stars,  
Beholding far beneath  
The bright or gloomy bars  
In the web of life and death.  
Sees weary hearts that deem  
The dark breadth is the whole;  
Sees happy hearts that dream  
The bright rays all their goal.

Ah! let this faith be ours—  
That even 'mid the pain,  
Above the present towers,  
And sees the nearing gain;

While, breath by breath appears,  
As from the weaver's hand,  
The pattern of the years  
Which God himself has planned.

"BOREEN."

CHAPTER III.

(Continued.)

When the room was cleared in order to permit the committee to deliberate in private upon a point raised by the youthful advocate, Walter Nugent received congratulations from those who but a moment ago he had caused to reel at the point of his skilfully directed lance.

"I hear you've made our case, Mr. Nugent," observed Mr. Calvert Somerset.

"Did my best, sir," was the other's modest rejoinder.

When the committee reassembled the chairman announced that the preamble had been proved, adding—"I speak the sentiments of the committee, when I say that our decision has been arrived at mainly through the able, exhaustive, and complete argument of the junior counsel for the prosecution, Mr. W. Nugent."

Walter, wild with delight, telegraphed to his mother. "Had to do all the work. Have won. Complimented all round. This is grand luck."

"I hope the dear woman will have half crown, as Gavin would say 'handy' to pay for this telegram," he laughed as he crossed the lobby, divesting himself of wig and gown.

When he reached the Lavistock late that night—for he wandered out amongst the green lawns beyond Finchley—he found a note awaiting him in the mahogany rack under the letter N. The envelope was square, the superscription in a strange hand. On the back was a raised coronet in gold; beneath the coronet a monogram which he failed to decipher.

"It must be for me," he muttered, as he carefully cut along the upper edge. "Walter Nugent, Esquire." Could it be? By George! it must be from the Pomfret people.

The gilt-edged paper was so thick that it refused to unfold. Again the coronet and monogram met his eye as he read as follows:

"The Marchioness of Pomfret requests the pleasure of Mr. Walter Nugent's company at a 'fete champetre' on Thursday next, to be given to celebrate the birthday of her daughter Ethel. Rendezvous, the Guard Club, Taplow Bridge, 11 a.m.," and enclosed a tiny note written in round hand. "You must come, Walter. Please bring Boreen."

ETHEL.

"Am I justified in refusing this invitation?" argued Nugent, gazing at the coronet and monogram. "If I am to go for Parliamentary business, the more I extend my connection in London the better it is not every fellow who get an invitation from the wife of a cabinet minister and a marchioness to boot. They must wish me to go or why this note? And yet, perhaps it has been sent to gratify little Ethel, not out of true spirit, of courtesy to myself. Noblesse oblige. Her little ladyship started the question, and it was well backed up by Miss Evans comé. Why should I not go? It is not doubting myself to permit hesitation to creep in on a collateral issue? The Nugents of Kifferran are as red in blood as the Pomfret-Branscombes. I say, why should I not go? Shaking the note wickedly, as though to elicit the medium of this action, "Am I not entitled to one day of all sunshine? I have earned it. Fortune is fickle, and she is mine now. Why should I not suit myself to her

mood? I'll go, aye, and bring Boreen. I'll quaff one goblet of the champagne of life ere I settle down to my usual small beer." And uttering this sentiment half aloud Mr. Nugent lighted his candle at the gas-jet in the corridor, slipped his shoes, and retired to his bed-room.

CHAPTER V.

I shall leave Mr. Walter Nugent in London, and, crossing the Channel, ask my readers to step into the coffee-room of Spadacini's Hotel, in College Green, Dublin. It was the morning subsequent to the young barrister's Parliamentary triumph and no less a personage sat at breakfast in this well-known hostelry than Andy Gavin. The ex-whipper-in, news-paper in hand and breakfast not yet disposed of, looked the very picture of solid respectability and comfort. His shirt was snowy white, the collar ascending to his ears; his black frock coat was sleek and satiny, as were his waistcoat and trousers. His boots, very new, were polished like the handle of the big front door so feelingly alluded to by Admiral Porter, K.C.B., in E. M. S. Pinafore, and if his leather gave indications of conventional care, so did also his chin, which shone again the direct and happy result of a perfect shave. Mr. Gavin had ordered himself an alderman's breakfast. On a dish right in front of him reposed three cork nosed Dublin Bay herrings, taken that morning under the Hill of Howth; beside the herring, ham and eggs appeared in red, white and gold; a couple of mutton chops were 'convainant,' and a pile of toast, built up in the form of a battery, completed a very delectable array of creature comforts.

Andy was engaged in perusing a paragraph in the Freeman's Journal that seemed to afford him the most exquisite delight, as he muttered while he read—

"More power," "Whisht!" "That's me darlin'," "I knew it was in the boy," "An' forinst all the Parlimint," "Be the mortal, it's Harry Grattan we've a hout of."

The paragraph appeared in the Parliamentary intelligence, and had been wired from the House of Commons;

"A young Irish barrister, Mr. Walter Nugent, has proved that the glories of the bar of Ireland have in no wise departed. At the hearing of Linadel and Drumkeeran Drainage Bill before a select Committee of the House of Commons today, this gentleman in the absence of Mr. Calvert Sommerset, Q. C., his leader, took the whole weight of the case upon his shoulders, and proved a veritable Atlas. His arguments were brief, concise and cogent, his satire immensely telling and his eloquence of the very highest order. No debut at the Parliamentary bar has come off in a manner at once so marvellously successful and so thoroughly armor riveted. Mr. Nugent completely took the committee by storm, and won what without his powerful aid would have proved a very shaky case. This young gentleman has a career behind his wig and gown."

"See that now," exclaimed Andy Gavin aloud as he plunged at the herrings. "Master Walter will bate every man of them yet, ay, Gladstone an' Drizleye an' all. He'll sit in Parlimint for the countny like his grandfather afore him, God bless him! Musha, musha, but this is a great day for the ould family, that was almost bet up intirely by the loose hearts edness ay the poor masher, the Lord be merciful to him, amin!"

Andy, carefully folding the paper and placing it in his breast pocket, finished his breakfast, a joyous chuckle coming to the surface a most after every mouthful, and, clapping a soft felt, unmistakably American hat upon one side of his head, strutted into St. Andrew Street, and paused opposite an archway to read upon a large brass plate the words;

D. & T. FITZGERALD,  
Solicitors.

"Them's my men," he muttered, as he entered an office wherein half a dozen clerks were engaged in writing upon very wide margined paper. "Is the boss in?" demanded Andy of a spruce looking gentleman with closely-cropped red hair.

"The what?"  
"The boss, the head man."  
"Mr. Fitzgerald?"  
"Yes."  
"I think so."  
"Tell him ay ye plaze that I want for to see him most particular."  
"Your card, please."  
"Is it the likes o' me wid a card? Go on o' that! Me name's Andy Gavin; that's hapas."

TO BE CONTINUED.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES BAIRD,  
DRAPERY SHOP  
SIGN OF THE LION.

195 WATER STREET,  
GROCERY WAREHOUSE,  
217 WATER STREET,  
St. John's, Newfoundland.

Has completed his Importations for the opening of this Season's Trade, in the various Departments of his EXTENSIVE STOCK, and now offers as Varied and CHEAP an assortment of

GOODS

as is to be found in the City.  
CALICOES, SHEETINGS,  
WINEYS, SHIRTINGS,  
BLANKETINGS, FLANNELS,  
DRESS GOODS,

HATS AND ACPS,  
BOOTS AND SHOES,  
And all the Variety of Goods in a DRAPERY Stock are this Season LOWER IN PRICE than ever known.

GROCERY ESTABLISHMENT,

TEAS are specially selected, and of rare good value.  
SUGARS, of various grades and prices.  
COFFEE a Speciality—the very best quality imported.  
COCOA,—Homeopathic, Maravilla, &c.  
HAMS & BACON,—Belfast, English and American.  
CHEESE,—Cheshire, Dutch, Canadian, &c.

A full variety of ITALIAN  
WAREHOUSE GOODS,  
of Superior qualities.

CANNED GOODS,  
of all the best known brands, in MEATS, SOUPS, FRUITS, &c.

TOBACCO & CIGARS—all the various grades.  
ALE, PORTER, WINES SPIRITS,  
of the best and approved brands, with a full variety of all Goods suitable for a Wholesale and Retail

Family Grocery Trade.  
We use every effort to maintain the reputation we have already earned, of keeping a Stock of FIRST CLASS GOODS, and our friends favoring us with their business shall have every care and attention paid to their orders.  
St. John's, Oct. 1st.. '79. 2m

MILLINERY!

The undersigned begs to announce to the public of Carbonear and vicinity that having engaged the services of

A Competent Milliner,

she is now prepared to execute with promptness, and in a manner calculated to give every satisfaction, all orders in the above line that may be committed to her charge.

Mrs. JAMES WALL,  
Harbor Grace, Oct. 23, 1879.

THE WORLD RENOWNED  
GENUINE SINGER  
Sewing Machines.

The best in the World. The most popular SEWING MACHINE ever made.

Beware of Bogus Agents and Spurious Machines.

You can get the Genuine Singer only at 172 Water Street, St. John's; for Cash or easy monthly payments.

The Trade Mark is on the arm of each Machine. The Singer Manufacturing Co. is in gilt letters on the top of the arm. Any Machine you can't find the above Trade Mark on is not a Genuine Singer.

Bickford Knitting Machines, Eureka, Clothes Ringer, Washing Machines, Plaiting Machines, Oil, Needles, and Attachments for all Sewing Machines on hand.

The Singer Manufacturing Co., New York, U. S.

M. F. SMYTH,  
Sole Agent for Nfld.  
Sewing Machines neatly repaired, Warranted for two years.  
Oct. 30.

FOR 1880 FISHERIES.

We are prepared to supply to any extent, made from best New Orleans Cotton and hard laid TWINE—the very best—all our STANDARD NETS for Herring, Cod, Caplin and Lance SEINES, put together—Roped, Corked and Leaded in the most approved manner.

AMERICAN NET & TWINE Co.,  
Boston

ADVERTISEMENTS.



HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

This Great Household Medicine ranks amongst the leading necessities of Life.

These famous Pills purify the blood and act most powerfully, yet soothingly on the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWLS, giving tone, energy and vigour to these great Main SPRINGS OF LIFE. They are confidently recommended as a never failing remedy in all cases where the constitution, from whatever cause, has become impaired or weakened. They are wonderfully efficacious in all ailments incidental to Females of all ages and as a General Family Medicine, are unsurpassed.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

Its Searching and Healing Properties are known throughout the world.

For the cure of, BAD LEGS, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores & Ulcers. It is an infallible remedy. It effectually rubbed into the neck and chest, as salt to meat, it Cures SORE THROAT, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colic, and even ASTHMA, For Glandular Swellings, Abscesses, Piles, Fistulas,

GOUT, RHEUMATISM, and every kind of SKIN DISEASE, it has never been known to fail.

The Pills and Ointment are Manufactured only at  
533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON,  
And are sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World; with directions for use in almost every language.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the British Possessions who may keep the American Counterfeit for sale, will be prosecuted.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 355, Oxford Street London, they are spurious.

SEWING MACHINES.

Just arrived per "Nova Scotian," from Liverpool,

A CHOICE LOT OF  
Sewing Machines,

HAND AND FOOT.

BRADBURY'S FAMILY SINGER, BRADBURY'S WELLINGTON, BRADBURY'S BEATRICE, &c., &c.

All which are offered at a large reduction for CASH.

Send for Catalogue now ready.  
F. W. BOWDEN,  
Bowden's Sewing Machine Depot,  
St. John's, Nfld.,  
Oct. 16th.

AGENCY CARD.

The undersigned thankful for past favours informs his friends and the trade, that he continues to manage the Collection of Debts due by persons residing in Conception Bay District, Newfoundland. Security for future payment taken by mortgage on property or otherwise. Holding commissions as Notary Public Commissioner Supreme Court, and Land Surveyor, business under these heads carefully attended to. Plans of Land taken.

Inquiries made—questions answered. All business considered confidential. No greater publicity than necessary given to any matter.

The proprietor of any newspaper copying this card will have his newspaper bills collected as payment for yearly insertions in the paper and copy paper sent to my address.

Bay Roberts.  
G. W. R. HIERLIHY.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TERRA NOVA MARBLE WORKS

West corner of Duckworth St.  
East, St. John's.

OPPOSITE STAR OF THE SEA HALL

JOHN SKINNER,

Manufacturer of  
Monuments, Tombs, Gravestones, Counter-Tops, and Table Tots, &c.

All orders in the above line executed with neatness and despatch from the latest English and American designs.

THOMAS GOFF,  
TAILOR,

CLOTHIER & OUTFITTER.

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed

WEST END, CARBONEAR  
May 22nd, 1879.

NOW LANDING

Ex. Racer, from Greenock,  
10 Octaves Scotch

WHISKEY

10 Quarter Casks ditto  
25 Cases LORNE ditto  
50 Cases HAZELBURN ditto  
75 Cases IRISH ditto  
50 Hhds JEFFRY'S ALE,  
50 Tierces PORTER.  
May 22nd. J. & T. HEARN.

CAUTION.

The PILLS Purify the Blood, correct all disorders of the Liver, Stomach Kidneys and Bowls, and are invaluable in all complaints incidental to Females. The OINTMENT is the only reliable remedy for Bad Legs, Old Wounds, Sores, and Ulcers, of however long standing. For Brouchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds, Gout, Rheumatism, and all Skin Diseases it is no equal.

BWARE OF AMERICAN COUNTERFEITS.

I most respectfully take leave to call the attention of the Public generally to the fact, that certain Houses in New York are sending to many parts of the globe SPURIOUS IMITATIONS of my Pills and Ointment. These frauds bear on their labels some address in New York.

I do not allow my medicines to be sold in any part of the United States. I have no Agents there. My Medicines are only made by me, at 555 Oxford Street London.

In the books of directions affixed to the spurious make is a caution, warning the Public against being deceived by counterfeiters. Do not be misled by this audacious trick, as they are the counterfeiters they pretend to denounce.

These counterfeiters are purchased by unprincipled Vendors at one-half the price of my Pills and Ointment, and are sold to you as my genuine Medicines.

I most earnestly appeal to that sense of justice, which I feel sure I may venture upon asking from all honorable persons, to assist me, and the Public, as far as may lie in their power, in denouncing this shameful Fraud.

Each Pot and Box of the Genuine Medicines, bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, LONDON" engraved thereon. On the label is the address, 533, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, where alone they are Manufactured. Holloway's Pills and Ointment bearing any other address are counterfeiters.

The Trade Marks of these Medicines are registered in Ottawa. Hence, any one throughout the British Possessions, who may keep the American Counterfeits for sale, will be prosecuted.

Signed THOS HOLLOWAY,  
333, Oxford Street, London.

NOTICE.

ACROSS NEWFOUNDLAND WITH THE

GOVERNOR;

A VISIT TO OUR MINING REGION;  
A N D—THIS

Newfoundland of Ours,

Being a series on the natural resources and future prosperity of the colony, by the Rev. M. HARVEY.  
For sale at the office of this paper price fifty cents

Vol. 1

OUTPORT

Printed and Office, west of the Office, Water THURSDAY MORNING Terms - - - (Payable half Adver

Fifty cents per tion, one-third continuation. ments in-erced half-yearly reasonable terms All commun ed to the Editor lisher, J. A. F. Her

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Government

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I HEREBY under the passed in the lature, entitled the Consolidat Debt of this C to raise 1/2 lo Fifteen thou dred and N upon Debutent each, charged of the Public ter the expira when it should vernment to pa Twelve Month Tenders for be received at TUESDAY the ber. The Tendar offered, in Do terest, which half yearly. JAM

November 1

ST. J MARB THEATRE ROBERT

MAN Monuments, Tombs, Gravestones, Table Hall and He has on ha Italian and oth pared to execu N. B.—The at much lower part of the Pro

T. W Notar

"EXPRES ST. J

UNION FOU

A DIVIDEN of this C per cent per ending 30th Ju at the Bankin Street, on and 12th instant, d quiness. By or

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All persons the Estate of LATE B Carbonear, wi ounts before desigued, C