





Resignation of Mr. Galt.

The Leader's Ottawa correspondent telegraphed that paper last (Monday) night that Mr. Galt had resigned his seat in the Cabinet for "private reasons." The Leader thinks that the reasons for Mr. Galt's resignation are not wholly of a private nature, and we are inclined to coincide in the same opinion. We have no doubt it will soon come out that the cause of Mr. Galt's resignation is a difference of opinion between him and his colleagues in regard to the government bank scheme. The dangerous measure initiated by the late Finance Minister, and adopted by a subservient Parliament, has already shown fruit in the failure of the Commercial Bank, which gave rise to widespread, though unfounded, distrust in the stability of some of the other banks, and consequently had a most depressing effect on business all over the country. It is very possible that after the conference between the Cabinet and the bank managers last week, the majority of the members of the government saw the necessity of modifying the scheme in some shape, and Mr. Galt being either opposed to any change in it, or fearing to face Parliament, gave way, and left his colleagues to fight it out. We shall, however, be in possession of all the facts in a day or two. As soon as Parliament meets, explanations will be given, and they will be eagerly looked for. This resignation bodes no good to the Coalition; for the loss of Mr. Galt at the opening of the session, as well as other difficulties, will be a fruitful source of embarrassment and trouble to the government.

THE FIFTH OF NOVEMBER.

Since England had a history there has been no particular day so eventful to her as the Fifth of November. On it events have occurred as momentous to her as we can well conceive could happen in the annals of any nation. The majority of British subjects are well satisfied with the constitution as it at present exists, and consequently we may infer that in their social and political condition they are happier than if results had been contrary. Had the plot, the frustration of which is this day celebrated, been successful, a remodelling of the laws as they existed would have been a speedy consequence, and it might have required years of arduous struggling, and entailed a series of revolutions before Britons were again as free as they had been previously. It was on the Fifth of November that William, Prince of Orange landed at Torbay, and waited to be joined by the nobility of England. They were tardy in giving their assistance, and we read that the soldier Prince, disheartened by the delay, was about to re-embark his troops and return to his own country. Here the fate of England trembled in the balance. On the one hand was the return of King James, bringing back with him the narrow spirit of bigotry which had caused his flight, and a mind rendered still more morbid by his disgrace, and a disposition more tyrannical by the failure of the attempt to dethrone him; and on the other was the government of William and Mary, with religious and civil liberty to every class and condition of the British people. The result is known. The heroic resistance of the garrison of Derry, the battles of the Boyne and Aughrim, at the last of which King James lost the flower of his army, the final stand of the Irish, and their surrender at Limerick—all these great events combined sealed the fate of James, reduced him to an exile and a pensioner on the bounties of the King of France, and forever excluded his dynasty from the Throne of England. On the fifth of November was fought one of the most terrible battles of modern times. In the uncertain light of a misty morning, an immense host of drunken Russians, having secured their position the previous night, attacked a small force of apparently devoted British soldiers at Inkerman. The Muscovites fought with savage fury, still further incensed by the knowledge that they were combatting under the eye of him whom they regarded as the vice-gerent of the Most High; and still their efforts were vain, for that invincible wall of British bayonets defied their attacks until late in the evening, when French cheers rose above the thunder of cannon, and the Muscovites retreated within their fortifications. If we mistake not, that day was eventful even further than in its effect on the Eastern question. Two field pieces, dragged with immense labour into the battle at a late hour in the day contributed in no small degree to the victory of the allied forces, and it was this circumstance which set the ingenuity of Mr. (afterwards Sir William) Armstrong to work, in the endeavour to invent lighter field artillery than that in use, capable of doing equal or greater execution. The Armstrong gun was produced; this gave an impetus to the inventive talent of others, and since then there has been an incessant putting forward

LATEST FROM OTTAWA.

The Globe's Ottawa correspondent says: "The Ministry is in a good deal of trouble over the appointments of Speakers for the Senate and Commons. It is said the candidates are to be fixed on to-morrow. Mr. Cauchon, it is expected, will be the nominee for the Senate. Colonel Grey, of New Brunswick, lately Speaker there, is spoken of to-night as likely to be brought forward for the Speakership of the Commons. He is strongly supported by members from the Maritime Provinces. Hon. Jas. Cockburn's friends are pressing his claims vigorously. It is expected that the Clerks of the Senate and Commons, and the Black Rod and Sergeant-at-Arms will be appointed to-morrow. The Governor will proceed to the Senate Chamber, on Wednesday afternoon, summon the Commons to the Bar, and then ask them to elect their Speaker, when he will retire. The following day, Thursday, he will deliver his speech at three o'clock.

FRANCE UNDER NAPOLEON III.

The following we take from the London Advertiser:—The material progress of France under the present Empire has been so great that no man with eyes to see or ears to hear can deny it. We are told that Augustus found Rome of brick and left it of marble. The same praise may be given to Napoleon III.—not only as regards Paris, but as regards almost all France. And there has been order in his time under which trade has flourished, and France, for the time, has become wealthy. To us, who are deeply in love with self-government, it seems passing strange that so great a people should submit themselves to the will of one man; but when we perceive and acknowledge, as we are bound to do, how greatly the prestige of the nation has been increased under this rule, we can hardly wonder that they should also be in love with their Empire. And we must remember that it has sprung by no unnatural birth, from their often expressed desire for equality. A cry was made for "Liberty, Fraternity and Equality." Of liberty the Frenchman finds that he has, at any rate, so much that he can live nearly as he lists while he obeys the laws. That fraternity is to be produced by no form of government he is by this time aware. But under the Empire equality of a certain nature has been achieved. In order to obtain this he is willing to acknowledge one superior, and to regard as a part of that great one, the counsellors, the generals, the favorites, the parasites, and the creatures with which a one so great must necessarily be encumbered. Under the Emperor and his Court all men are equal; and thus one of the fondest dreams of democracy is, after a fashion, fulfilled. Many an American will tell you, being much in the dark as to liberty, caring nothing for fraternity, but revering equality in his very soul, that the present Government of France is of all Governments the best, because equality has been attained. Under this government no subject is greater than another, and there is, at any rate, ease for an obedient people.

RECIPROCITY.

We find the following in the Ottawa Times:—The revival of reciprocal trade between Canada and the United States is alluded to in both countries, and the hope seems to be gathering strength that some day soon, renewed efforts will be made to secure a new commercial treaty. Some parties in the United States have had the candour to confess that the abrogation of the old treaty was a mistake, and that a new one might be made that would be advantageous to the interests of both countries. But we do not think that the Americans feel very warmly upon the subject, or that they are likely to take early action towards a renewal of the intimate commercial relations which formerly subsisted between us. They are so much distracted with constitutional questions; so firmly wedded to protectionist theories, and so well weighed down by taxation, that it will be very hard to persuade them of the fact that they are losing infinitely more than Canada by their short sighted exclusiveness. They may not yet have fully realized the other fact that the "starving" process has already failed to convert us into annexationists; that in reality we have been getting fat upon it, even if some interests have suffered; and until they can fully realize this we do not hope much from them. It is well, however, that it should be steadily kept before them that Canada is favorably disposed to enter into negotiations for a new treaty, and to consider dispassionately how an equitable basis of agreement may be found.

LORD ROSSE.—The death of Lord Rosse, an English peer, is announced by cable. He was born in 1800, and after having graduated at the University of Oxford, became a member of the House of Commons, and afterwards Lord Lieutenant of Kings County; in 1845 he was elected to be representative peer of Ireland, and voted for the Liberal party. Lord Rosse was a passionate admirer of astronomy and the optical science, and had an observatory erected on his domains with a telescope inferior in quality and size to none but Herschel's. As a philanthropist he is entitled to the thanks of the community, and the Academy of Sciences in St. Petersburg elected him to be one of their members. He was decorated with the Legion of Honor, and became in 1863 Chancellor of the University of Dublin. He leaves a son, who becomes heir to his father's estate.

BANK OF UPPER CANADA.—It is understood that an application will be made to the Federal Parliament, at its approaching session, for an Act to legalize and continue in force the deed of assignment under which the winding up of the estate of this bank has been proceeding for the past year. Numbers of the shareholders feel that the hasty action of the meeting at which the assignment was made requires revision before it becomes fixed law by the proposed legislation. At a meeting of stockholders, held in Toronto yesterday, a series of resolutions were unanimously passed, tending to indicate a strong feeling in favour of several changes in the present system of management, and

New Advertisements.

Cordwood Wanted.

WANTED about 20 cords of good GREEN BEECH or MAPLE Cordwood. Quantities of from 5 cords upwards will be taken. Apply at once to the MANCORY Office, Guelph, 5th Nov, 1867. dwf

STRAYED RAM.

CAME on the premises of the subscriber on Friday last, the 1st November, a shagging ram. The owner can have him by proving property and paying expenses. EVAN MACDONALD, Guelph, 5th Nov, 1867. w3

BERKSHIRE BOAR.

THE subscriber has newly purchased a first-class pure-bred Berkshire Boar, which will serve sows during the season. Terms, \$1 cash. ALLAN SIMPSON, Blacksmith, Guelph, 5th Nov, 1867. 4wd6

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of Daniel Livingstone, an Insolvent.

THE creditors of the Insolvent are notified to meet at the Law Office of Messrs Blair & Guthrie, in the Town of Guelph, in the County of Wellington, on MONDAY the Twenty-fifth day of November, instant, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, for the public examination of the Insolvent, and for the ordering of his estate generally. CHARLES SYMON, Assignee. Acton, 5th November, 1867. w2

MUTUAL Fire Insurance Comp'y.

THE annual general meeting of the Stockholders of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the County of Wellington, will be held in the Anglo American Hotel, Guelph, on

MONDAY, 2nd DECEMBER, 1867,

at 1 o'clock p.m., under authority of the recently amended Mutual Insurance Companies' Act, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business of regular meetings. By order of the Board. CHAS. DAVIDSON, Secretary. Guelph, 5th Nov, 1867. w4

The usual County and Waterloo papers copy.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR

AT THE

GUELPH

CLOTH HALL!

A. THOMSON & CO.

Guelph, 5th November, 1867. dw1

CARD.

MRS. MORRIS, Midwife, from McGill College, Montreal. Residence on Essex Street, near Mr. James Lynch's, constable. All calls by day or night will be promptly attended to. Guelph, 4th Nov, 1867. d6

\$10 REWARD.—MONEY LOST.

LOST on Saturday afternoon last (2nd instant), between Rutherford's store and Beck's House, Waterloo Road, a pocket-book containing \$100, in Montreal; Bank of British North America and Ontario Bank Bills. The finder on returning it to the Mancoy Office will receive the above reward. Guelph, 4th Nov, 1867. dw1

LAMP GLASSES!

Of every size and description.

JUST RECEIVED

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Lamp Glasses,

AT THE MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

E. HARVEY

Opposite the English Church, Wyndham-st., Guelph, Ontario. dw

MORTGAGE

SALE OF A FARM

UNDER and by Virtue of the Powers and authority contained in a certain Mortgage, bearing date the Twelfth day of May, 1865, duly registered and made by one Samuel Platt (his wife joint grantors to her dower), there will be offered for sale at the

MARKET HOUSE, GUELPH,

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON,

On Wednesday, Nov. 6, Fair Day

The West-half of Lot No. 18, in the 11th Concession, Guelph, 100 acres.

This property is in an excellent section of the County—not far from the

VILLAGE OF DOUCLAS.

Of the 100 acres, about 35 are cleared and there is a dwelling house, with barn and other buildings on the lot.

Title indisputable, and immediate possession given. Terms—Cash.

For further particulars apply, if by letter post-paid to

EDWARD R. MARTIN, Solicitor for Mortgagee.

W. S. G. KNOWLES, Auctioneer. Guelph, Oct. 16, 1867. d75 w730-1d

Fresh Coffees

At E. CARROLL & Co's

Guelph, Oct. 7, 1867 No. 2, Day's Block

Brooch Lost.

LOST between the Great Western Station and Robert Burns' Grocery, Northumberland St., a Lady's Brooch, with a plain gold rim, the centre being a white Scotch pebble. Any person having the same at St. Savage's Jewellery

New Advertisements.

TOWN HALL.

TUESDAY EVENING, 5th NOV.

Return of the World Renowned Champion

For ONE NIGHT Only!

DICK SANDS'

Combination and Brass Band

MINSTRELS

THIS Company is composed of the best Singers, Comedians and Musicians now before the public.

DICK SANDS!

Is the only acknowledged

Champion Clog Dancer

Before the public.

Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c. Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 precisely.

Grand Balcony Serenade at 7 1/2 o'clock.

SANDS & THORNTON, Proprietors.

JAMES FISH, Leader of Band and Orchestra.

T. H. SHANNON, Agent.

Guelph, November 1, 1867.

Guelph, 1st November, 1867.

COMMERCIAL BANK BILLS

TAKEN AT PAR FOR CLOTHING, AT

SMITH & BROTHERS,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET, GUELPH.

Commercial Bank

Bills

Taken at PAR!

A. O. BUGHAM

Will take Commercial Bank Bills at Par FOR GOODS.

Guelph, Oct. 28th. tf

OYSTER NOTICE

If you want to buy Oysters that come direct from Baltimore to Guelph, buy them at

WALKER'S

OYSTERS.

OYSTERS.

As he is the only dealer who imports direct from the Oyster Packers. Will supply the trade with BETTER OYSTERS at a LESS PRICE than any other house in town.

HUGH WALKER.

Wyndham Street, Guelph.

Guelph, 31st Oct, 1867. (dw)

A Large Stock of New French Fruits

At E. CARROLL & Co's

New Advertisements.

BROOCHES!

Silver and Filagree Brooches

Silver and Scotch Pebble Brooches.

D. SAVAGE,

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH,

Guelph, November 4, 1867. dw

COMMERCIAL BANK.

ROBERT RUTHERFORD

Will take Commercial Bank Bills AT PAR for the

SALES OF DRY GOODS,

For ONE WEEK from this Date. Being anxious to clear out the Stock Bargains will be given.

ROBT. RUTHERFORD.

Guelph, November 4, 1867. daw-1f

BOOTS AND SHOES

THE Neatest, Cheapest, Best Fitting and Best Wearing Boots and Shoes, manufactured from the best brands of French Calf, Goat, Kid, &c., Sewed or Pegged are to be had at

THOMAS BROWN'S

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE

He would advise all who are not satisfied with such Boots and Shoes as they get elsewhere to call and give him a trial, and be convinced that

The Boots and Shoes he makes are the Best they ever Had.

Repairing neatly done. All orders attended to promptly.

THOMAS BROWN,

Guelph, 5th October, 1867. dw Day's Block, Wyndham-st., Guelph.

R. B. MORISON & CO.

HAVE received Large Additions to their FALL PURCHASES and have reduced all their old Stock from 25 to 50 per cent., as also their

Recent Purchases to Meet the present Decline in the

Markets.

THE SHOW ROOMS.

They would invite attention to their Show Rooms, the greater portion of goods in the same having been imported direct from the British Markets. Their stock of CLOTHS is not to be surpassed in any retail store in the County, and prices as low if not lower than any other.

A Great Variety of Ready-Made Clothing.

Clothes made to order in the best of Style and on short notice. Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Paints and Oils, Furniture, Stoves, Boots and Shoes—all supply.

R. B. M. is still AGENT FOR THE SALE OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Morrison, Oct. 24, 1867.

COMMERCIAL BANK

TAKEN AT PAR

FOR ONE WEEK FROM DATE

FOR GOODS AT THE

Co-operative Store,

WYNDHAM STREET.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, &c. New Goods daily arriving

WM. MACKLIN & CO

Guelph, 2nd November, 1867.

OYSTERS!

IMPORTED direct from the Packing House in Baltimore by

GEORGE WILKINSON,

Those celebrated and select

XXX BALTIMORE OYSTERS!

Wholesale and Retail, equally low as any house in the trade. Enquire prices before purchasing elsewhere.

GEORGE WILKINSON,

Next door to the Telegraph and Express Office, Guelph, Nov. 1, 1867. daw tf

TEACHER WANTED.

TEACHER wanted for school in Section No. 6, Township of Erinosa. He must hold a first-class certificate. His engagement must commence on the first day of January, 1868. The Trustees will appoint the Teacher on Saturday 9th November. Applicants must bring certificates of character and qualification.

THOS. W. SAUNDERS, Agent, Guelph.



**TO SUBSCRIBERS.**  
 Subscribers wishing to take the Evening Mercury by the week, or for a longer period, will please leave their names at the office, and it will be regularly delivered at their residences. Subscribers whose papers are not regularly left by the Carrier Boys, will please call at the office at once and inform us of the neglect.

**Guelph Evening Mercury**

TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 5.

**NORAH CUSHALEEN**

OR THE  
**HAUNTED CASTLE.**

"This is an outlet from the chamber," he mentally exclaimed, and greatly excited, he began to pull away the rubbish from the side of the wall. Soon his surprise was confirmed, for as he removed the stuff the outlines of a low archway began to show itself. The sound of voices grew also more distinct, giving him reason to suppose that there was a chamber adjoining, in which, probably, the other two prisoners were confined, and that it was their voices in conversation that reached his ear.

This idea somewhat damped his hope, for the aperture he had discovered would only lead to another prison, and not to liberty; still he wrought on, drawing back the rubbish and increasing the cavity till a beam of light shone upon him from the other side, and the voices came full and distinct to his ear—as distinctly indeed, as if he had been in the room with the speakers. Bending his head still lower, his eye came opposite the aperture, through which the light streamed, and he obtained a view of a chamber similar to their own, but smaller, and more comfortably furnished.

An old, grey-haired man sat on a cushioned chair, and beside him stood a fair and beautiful girl with flushed face and beaming eye, and a look of scornful dignity settled on her features. She stood erect, and her bosom heaved, as if some strong feeling surged through it. "You have made up your mind to leave me here, then," she said, in cold and frigid tones. "You will sacrifice your wife rather than part with a little of your superfluous gold."

"A little," repeated the old man in great indignation. "Do you call five hundred pounds little?"

"It is little, compared with what you possess," she rejoined, "and little, surely, when compared with the safety and honour of your wife."

"Haven't they robbed me of a thousand pounds besides?" he querulously returned; "and do you think I am fool enough to squander any more? Not a farthing. I shan't ruin myself for any body, so you needn't plague me. But that's always the way with women.—They don't care what cost they put a man to. It is spend, and waste, waste, with them for ever."

"When did I ask you to spend money on my account before?" she asked. "It is certainly little that you have lost by me."

"Little that I have lost!" he repeated. "Didn't I lose the thousand pounds which your father owed me?"

"No," she firmly rejoined; "I paid that money—paid it by the sacrifice of myself. When you put before me the cruel alternative of my father's imprisonment or my marriage with you, did I not go to the altar, to save my father from the dishonour of a jail, and from dying with a broken heart? And in doing this, did I not relinquish all that was dear to me—all that I cherished? Did I not even forswear my plighted troth, and prove untrue to the man whose honourable love I had received, and to whom I had given my heart. He never knew the cause of my desertion. Rather than utter one word discreditable to the man I consented to marry, I gave him no explanation, and to this hour, if indeed he still lives, he thinks me a mean, miserable wretch, who bartered myself for gold. All this I gave up—all this I endured—and now you will consign me to dishonour and death. I appeal not to your love, for that you never had; nor to your humanity, for gold has eaten it out of you; nor to your sense of duty, for that exists not in your nature; but I appeal to your fear of that God at whose bar you must soon stand. For the sake of your own soul, heap not this guilt upon your aged head. Very soon the grave will claim you as its prey, and what will your gold avail you then?"

"Oh, you think I'll die soon, and you will get my money," he cried with a bitter, mocking laugh. "Ha, ha! I'll live for many years yet. My gold is mine, and I mean to enjoy it."

"The men are ready to conduct you down the mountain," said a gruff voice and one of the robbers entered the chamber and beckoned on the old man to follow him.

"And I'm ready to go," answered the latter, rising with great alacrity. "My orders are to prevent the lady from accompanying you," added the man. "I know, I know," said the heartless, hoary-headed miser, as he walked deliberately past the wife he was basely deserting, and without one farewell look or word, quitted the chamber.

The door was closed with a grating noise, and the helpless and forsaken girl was left alone.

"Oh," she murmured, clasping her hands and looking upward, "this is heaven's retribution for the terrible sin I committed in proving false to Henry.—Father, father! it was all for thee. Do you see me now? Oh, if you do, pity me, and ask heaven to save me, if salvation be possible!"

And with a long, mournful moan, the hapless girl staggered to a couch and fell upon it, weeping and sobbing in the very bitterness of despair.

Hargrave reverently withdrew his gaze from the scene of private anguish and desolation, and hastily heaping up the rubbish, returned to the couch to think over the conversation he had just listened to.

TO BE CONTINUED.

**CANADIAN SOCIETY AT DETROIT.**—A meeting of Canadian gentlemen, residents of Detroit, says the Free Press, was held at the Russell House on Wednesday evening, in pursuance to a call for the preliminary steps to be taken for the organization of such citizens or residents, into a Canadian Society, similar to that of the St. Andrew's, St. Patrick's, St. George's, the Lafayette, and similar national and benevolent organizations. A committee was appointed to draft and submit to an adjourned meeting, by-laws or a form of organization for the governance of such society. The committee as appointed consists of the following gentlemen:—Thomas R. Forsyth, H. W. McKee, David Bethune, E. W. Irwin, R. A. Ship-

**Note Lost.**

LOST on Saturday night last, the 26th October, near Rockwood Station, a note of hand, made by Stephen Matthews, in favour of the subscriber, for \$24. This is to caution any one from negotiating or buying the same, as payment of it has been stopped.

THOMAS BENSON  
 Guelph, Nov. 1, 1867.

**FRESH BISCUITS.**

ARROWROOT, Albert, Coffee, Pic-nic, Queen's, Wine, Boston, Soda, Abernethy and Imperial BISCUITS, at  
**JOHN A. WOOD'S.**

**TOBACCOS.**

FINE CUT CHEWING, Cut Plug, and Turkish Smoking. The best brands of Bright and Black Tobacco, at  
**JOHN A. WOOD'S.**

**Bottled Ale and Porter.**

TORONTO Bottled Ale and Porter, at

**JOHN A. WOOD'S.**

Guelph, November 1, 1867. dw

**THE RED MILL.**

**GRISTING & CHOPPING**

THE Subscriber begs to inform the farmers and the public that his Mill on the Waterloo Road is now in running order, and that he is prepared to do **Gristing and Chopping** on short notice.

**FLOUR AND FEED**

FOR SALE AT THE MILL.

**GEORGE BALKWILL.**

October 24, 1867. 2m

**NEW**

**Pork & Sausage Shop**

**THOS. MILLAR**

BEGS to inform the people of Guelph that he has opened a new Pork and Sausage Shop in **DAY'S OLD BLOCK,**

Gordon Street, next door to Cull's Hotel. The Sausages are all of first-rate quality, and of his own make, from pork carcasses bought on the market. Always on hand superior corned beef, salt rounds and pickled tongues. Poultry of all kinds on hand.

The above are all of first-class quality. I purchase no meat from any Packing House, but buy the best carcasses in the market.

Guelph, 26th October, 1867. dw-1m

**Insolvent Act of 1864.**

In the matter of **Thos. McKee Grier,**

AN INSOLVENT.

THE creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects under the above act to me, the undersigned assignee, and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it, and if none stating the fact, the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

THOMAS SAUNDERS,  
 Official Assignee.

Guelph, 2nd November, 1867. dw1

**THOS. GRIFFITH & CO.,**

Wholesale Grocers,

**39 Front-st., TORONTO,**

ARE now receiving Ex. S. S. Nova Scotian, Moravian, and other vessels,

**Boxes New Valencia Raisins**

" **New Layer do**

" **Very Prime West End Layer Raisins**

**Bbls English Crushed Sugar**

" **New Currants**

**Bags and Pockets choice Java Coffee**

**Or Casks and Cases Dunville Irish Whiskey**

**Cases Kinahan's L. L. do**

**Chests, Half Chests, and Caddies New Season, Ping Suey, Young Hysons, Gunpowders, Congous, Souchongs, Color'd and Uncolor'd Japans, Imperials, Twankay, Orange, Pekoe, &c., &c.**

**Bags superior Arracan Rice**

**Cases English Thumb Blue**

**Bbls Brazil Nuts**

**Bags S. S. Almonds**

" **Walnuts**

" **Filberts,**

**Cases Pearl Tapioca,**

" **Thin's Pickles**

" **Booth's, Betts' and Barclay's Old Tom**

" **John Bull Bitters**

**Crates Wine, Beer and Whiskey Bottles**

**Cases Orange, Lemon & Citron Peel**

**Boxes Valencia and Jordan Almonds**

**Cases Table Salt, in glass jars do Liqueurice, &c. &c.**

**AND DAILY EXPECTED**

**Crosse & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Preserves.**

The above, together with a large stock of

**GENERAL GROCERIES,**

INCLUDING

**Raw and Refined Sugars, Bright and Dark Tobaccos,**

(in Caddies, Butts and  $\frac{1}{2}$  Butts), and

**WINES & LIQUORS,**

COMPRISING

**Pale and Dark Brandies, Hollands and Old Tom Gin, Jamaica Rum**

**Pale and Deep Golden Sherries, Champagnes, &c.,**

Will be sold at unusually Low Prices to the Trade.

**TERMS LIBERAL.**

**THOMAS GRIFFITH & CO.,**

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

**39 Front Street.**

Toronto, Nov. 1, 1867. dw-2m

**COW LOST.**

STRAYED from the premises of the subscriber, near Goldie's mill, a brindled cow, with white spot on forehead and shoulder, and white on the belly. She is about 6 years old, and with horns turned inward. Any person giving such information to the owner as will lead to the recovery of the animal will be rewarded.

DANIEL CARTER,  
 Guelph, 30th October, 1867. dw8m

**ESTRAY STEER.**

CAME on the premises of the subscriber, Lot 5, Con. 2, Guelph Township, about six weeks ago, a one year old Steer, red with some white spots. The owner can have him by proving property and paying expenses.

**SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS.**

**Gore Bank,**

**Ontario Bank, and**

**Montreal Bank Bills**

**TAKEN AT A PREMIUM**

**AT CUTHBERT'S**

**Book, Jewellery and Fancy Store.**

Guelph, 29th October.

**The**

**EXHIBITION**

**Prize**

**SHIRTS**

**and**

**DRAWERS**

**For Sale**

**At the Guelph**

**Cloth Hall.**

**A. THOMSON & CO.**

Guelph, October 3, 1867. dw1f

**MONTREAL BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM.**

**JOHN McNEIL**

INVITES his customers and those in want of **BOOTS AND SHOES** to call at his establishment and be convinced that, without doubt, he has

**The Largest and Best Stock**

to select from in or out of the County of Wellington, no matter what the pretensions of others may be to the contrary.

**MY GOODS ARE ALL NEW!**

and made to my special order, I can therefore recommend what I sell as being second to none.

**Home Manufactured Goods always on hand.**

**ALL WORK WARRANTED.**

No Barren Humpbug on this side of Wyndham Street.

**JOHN McNEIL,**

Montreal Boot and Shoe Emporium, Wyndham-st., Guelph, Ontario.

Guelph, 41st November, 1867. ds9 w733 tf

**FALL IMPORTATIONS!**

**WM. STEWART**

HAS NOW OPENED A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF

**Fall and Winter Dry Goods!**

In Fancy Dress Goods, in all the new styles and textures. **Winceys, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Blankets, Cottons, Prints, &c.**

**FANCY MANTLE CLOTHS,**

Water-proof Cloakings, New Mixtures, Velveteens and Whitsefs, **Hosiery and Gloves.** large choice of **COLLARS and CUFFS** in Linen and paper. A large variety of **Jet Bugle Trimming, Mantle Ornaments, &c.**

Purchasers may rely on getting the Cheapest and Best Goods. All Departments will complete.

**WILLIAM STEWART.**

Guelph, 8rd October, 1867. dw

**HAY IN TRUSSES**

Constantly on hand. Also fine Straw for beds.

**TERMS, CASH.**

**JOHN WEST.**

**CAUTION.**

I HEREBY give notice that a promissory note, dated 7th October, 1867, for \$50, payable to Daniel Hoffmann or bearer, made by me, has been obtained from me without value, and that I will not pay the same.

**GREAT BANKRUPT SALE**



**HOGG & CHANCE,**

**GOLDEN LION, GUELPH,**

Have Bought a **WHOLESALE BANKRUPT STOCK** of **DRY GOODS,** value over

**\$40,000!**

AND ARE NOW OFFERING THE SAME AT ABOUT ONE HALF ITS VALUE.

**TREMENDOUS BARGAINS!**

**CALL AT ONCE.** Goods are being offered at Great Reduction on manufacturers' cost. We have bought this large Bankrupt Stock, and are determined to offer the whole at such prices as will ensure a complete clearance in a short time.

Goods Wholesaled 20 per cent. under Hamilton or Toronto prices.

**HOGG & CHANCE.**

**20,000 Cotton Bags, 900 No. 1 Buffalo Skins, 170 do., Lined, Cotton Yarn** at Manufacturer's Prices. **20,000 Overcoats, Saccos and Shooting Coats, Vests and Pants—No. 1 GOODS.**

Guelph, 2nd November, 1867. dw

**GREAT BARGAINS!**

**STAND ASIDE!**

**DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING**

**AT TREMENDOUS LOW PRICES.**

**A. O. BUCHAM**

HAVING again visited the Eastern Markets, begs to announce that he has purchased for cash the entire Wholesale Stock of one of the best Dry Goods' Houses in Montreal at less than 50c. in the dollar, and will

**On and After TUESDAY NEXT**

offer the whole Stock at unparalleled prices. **A. O. BUCHAM** always keeps on hand the best and most select stock of Goods, and will never be undersold by any person, no matter what his pretensions may be. And in order to do a large business this season, he has secured an immense stock, which will be sold at prices far below the mark.

**Cheap Dresses and Shawls.**

MANTLES AND JACKETS AT ASTOUNDING PRICES.

**TRIMMED BONNETS and HATS AT PRICES WHICH MUST SATISFY EVERY PERSON.**

Splendid Grey Cottons - - - - 10c per yard  
 Superior White Cottons - - - - 12c " "  
 Best Striped Shirtings - - - - 20c " "  
 Good Red Flannel - - - - 25c " "  
 Fast Colored Prints - - - - 8c " "  
 Best Heavy Ginghams - - - - 15c " "

Beautiful wide Fancy Winceys - - 12c per yard  
 Foulard Delaines - - - - 12c " "  
 Double Width Fancy Lustres - - 12c " "  
 First-rate Tickings - - - - 15c " "  
 Heavy large Blankets - - - - \$2 per pair.

Damaaks, Morrisens and Lace Window Curtains at a tremendous reduction from regular prices.

**CLOTHING. CLOTHING. CLOTHING**

Men's and Boys' Ready-made Clothing in great and splendid variety at surprising prices. The best Goods only manufactured by us, and such as can be safely recommended to any person.

**Don't Forget Tuesday next.**

**A. O. BUCHAM.**

Guelph 31st October 1867. dw

**DIRECT IMPORTATIONS**

**OF STAPLE AND FANCY**

**DRY GOODS!**

**AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE.**

**GEORGE JEFFREY**

Has much pleasure in announcing the arrival of his

**FALL AND WINTER STOCK!**

WHICH WILL BE FOUND ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN CANADA. HE WOULD PARTICULARLY DIRECT ATTENTION TO A FEW DEPARTMENTS:

**SILKS, Black and Coloured.**

**REPS, PRINCESS' CLOTHS,**

**MANTLE CLOTHS,**

Some things Quite New.

And every other description of Goods will be shown as they appear in the Market.

**GEORGE JEFFREY**



