

The Mildmay Gazette

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.50 In Advance.

MILDMAY, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 31st, 1918.

J. A. JOHNSTONE Publisher.

M. FINGER
Mildmay
I buy Wool, Hides, Poultry Rags, Rubber and Metal and pay the highest prices. Call up Bell Phone 38, and I will call on you.
Satisfactory dealing guaranteed.

Hot Water Bottle

There are so many uses for such a household necessity that no one should deny themselves of their usefulness.

Ours are sold with an absolute guarantee as to quality, the seams and each hot water capacity.

Our complete sets. We feel you.

W. MILLER
Druggist, Mildmay.
"Drugs at a Drug Store"
Phone No. 28.

TIME TABLE.

..... 7.17
..... 11.14
..... 3.35
..... 9.09

WEEK

est to

returned last

is Hill is visi-

Sale starting on

Weiler Bros.

that Mrs. I. R.

week with blood-

from \$10.00 to

\$5.00 to \$7.50 at

Edwin Gould of Okotoks, Alberta,

is this week visiting his sister, Mrs.

H. Schnurr.

Reports from different parts of the

state that this winter has been an

exceptionally fine one.

There were no shipments of stock

this week on account of the

Grand Trunk.

Save money in buying at

from Saturday, Feb. 2nd

to Monday, Feb. 16th.

We are informed that Mr. A. W.

Guild's application for exemption from

Military service has not been finally dis-

posed of, as reported in our last issue.

Mr. Anthony Wagner, who has leased

his farm on the 8 h concession of Car-

rick to Mr. Geo. Frank of Mildmay, has

arranged to hold an auction sale of farm

stock and implements on Friday, March

16th.

George Buhlman, who is in train

at the London military camp, came

last Friday evening to visit his

neighborhood than it is here, and he

was able to pick up three good horses at

a very reasonable figure.

Raw Furs—Don't forget Seegmiller before selling.

Ladies' and Mens' Raincoats at half price. Weiler Bros.

Mrs. B. B. Patten is visiting relatives at Ayton this week.

A splendid blood purifier and body builder, Tanlac, at the Drug Store.

See M. Finger before you sell your furs. He is paying the highest prices.

Whitford Pants, regular price \$6.00; 50 pair to clear at \$4.25. Weiler Bros.

The Merchants' Bank has received a good supply of calendars to distribute among their patrons.

Rev. Ziegler of Auburn will conduct the service in the Lutheran church next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

All accounts due to Weiler Bros., must be settled not later than Feb. 15.

Messrs. J. N. Scheffer and Geo. Helwig, municipal auditors are examining the township treasurer's books this week.

Jos. Illerbrun of Alberta is home on a visit to relatives at Deemerton. He conducts a hotel in a small town near Edmonton.

Buy your tickets early for the patriotic concert on February 7th. The plan of the hall will open at the Star Grocery on Feb. 1st.

The gale on Monday put the Grand Trunk out of commission for the day, but the service was re-commenced on Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Wm. Knechtel of Hanover is here this week attending her daughter-in-law, Mrs. I. R. Knechtel, who is seriously ill.

Wood Wanted—Twelve cords 20 inch maple and beech wood wanted for Mildmay Evangelical church. Apply to M. Filsinger, treasurer.

Mrs. Spencer, who has been making her home for some time with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Huck, left yesterday for North Bay. Her daughter, Miss Ruby accompanied her.

Mr. Isidor Schultheis, who has been in Alberta for the past six years, arrived home last week and will spend a couple of months here. His mother and two little sisters accompanied him.

Floyd Fink, who has been suffering severely during the past ten days with appendicitis, was taken to the Guelph General Hospital yesterday afternoon to undergo an operation for the removal of his appendix.

Mr. Jacob Werlich, for many years a prominent furniture dealer of Preston, passed away on Wednesday of last week after a brief illness. Deceased was father of Mr. A. A. Werlich of Wallaceburg, formerly manager of the Merchants' Bank here.

Pte. Henry Harrison, in a letter to his sister here, says that he received a Xmas parcel from the Maple Leaf Knitting Club and wishes to thank them for same. Henry has been in the hospital for a month and is ready for active service again.

At the Methodist Church Sunday, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the morning service. A good attendance is desired. A Reception of Members will also be observed. Please be present at the evening service. The subject will be "What Think Ye of Christ?"

Mr. W. F. Curle of Calgary was here last week attending the funeral of his father, the late Mr. Geo. Curle. "Whit" is in charge of the large distributing plant of the Ford Motor Co., located at Calgary, and is making good at the job. He was formerly a member of the local bank staff here.

The fuel situation is becoming more acute as week follows week and no coal arrives. Only ten cars of coal have reached Mildmay since last April, or a total of 410 tons, and 1000 tons will be required to tide our people over till spring. The Reeve of Carrick is making an urgent appeal to the Fuel Controller for assistance.

Mr. Gideon Schnelder returned home last Saturday after spending three weeks in Maryborough township, where he has purchased a 150 acre farm. Mr. Schnelder will move in about 10 days. He says that farm stock is much cheaper in that neighborhood than it is here, and that he was able to pick up three good horses at a very reasonable figure.

Arnold I. Bichholz, Xavier Grub and Louis Grub, all of the 3rd concession of Carrick, have been refused exemption from Military Service. Xavier Grub, the "Oliver Hazlewood Telephone" man, did not attend the appeal tribunal and his appeal was disallowed by default. He has now appealed to the final

The local hockey club will take part in a hockey tournament at Teeswater this week. Brussels, Wingham, Lucknow, Teeswater and Mildmay will be the contending clubs.

The engagement of Miss Maggie Illerbrunn to Mr. George Fortney has been announced. The marriage is to take place at the Deemerton R. C. church next Tuesday.

The scarcity of coal oil here was relieved by the arrival of the supply tanks from Hanover yesterday. The reported scarcity prompted many to buy larger quantities, and this made the situation even worse.

Do not send more than one copy of a newspaper in a wrapper to the United Kingdom. The British government has forbidden the carrying by the mails of newspapers which are not wrapped separately.

This is the last day of January, and nobody will be sorry to see the end of that month. Perhaps never before in the history of the country has January been so steadily severe. February is usually a very cold month, but the fact that there are only 28 days in it offers some little consolation.

Edward Weiler, a partner in the General Store business of Weiler Bros., is being drafted into the army on April 1st. His brother, Alfred, is going to conduct the business. They are putting on a Big Clearing Sale starting February 2nd. Now is your chance to buy at a snap as a lot of lines advertised are below wholesale market price to-day.

Farm Wanted to Rent. Reliable man wants to rent a good 100 acre farm in Carrick. Apply at this office for particulars.

For Sale. Jumbo Swede turnips about 150 bu. and 2 Plymouth Rock cockerels. Apply to Jonas Lorentz, R. R. No. 4, Mildmay.

Auction Sale. Geo. Procknow, arranged with auctioneer John Purvis to sell his farm stock and implements at Lot 11, Con. A Carrick on Monday, February 25th.

Auction Sale. The household effects and real property of the late Mary Ann Frank of Formosa will be offered for sale by public auction on Monday, Feb. 11th. See bills for particulars.

Public Meeting. A public meeting of the citizens of the village of Mildmay will be held in the town hall on Friday evening, Feb. 8th, for the purpose of discussing the subject of incorporation. Speakers will be heard on both sides of the question. Come prepared to take part in the discussion. The meeting will commence at 8 o'clock.

Feb. 7th Is The Date. A patriotic entertainment will be given in the town hall, Mildmay, on Thursday evening, Feb. 7th. The feature of the program will be a play in three acts entitled "A Southern Cinderella." Vocal and instrumental music will be rendered between the acts. A matinee for the children will be given at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Let every person be present at this concert. Proceeds are used for comforts for soldiers overseas.

Siegfried—Kraemer. A pretty wedding was solemnized at St. Mary's church, Formosa, on Tuesday, Jan. 22nd, at 9 o'clock a. m., when the Rev. Father Brohman united in marriage, Miss Philomena Catharine, daughter of Mrs. Rose Kraemer to Mr. Louis J. Siegfried, Markdale, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Siegfried of Walkerton. The bride who looked very charming in a gown of silk crepe-de-chine with over-lace and silver trimming and the tulle veil held in place by a wreath of lilies of the valley, carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses. She was given away by her brother, John M. Kraemer of Richdale, Alta., and attended by her sister, Miss Edna, of Preston, who was becomingly attired in a gas light green paillette silk dress and white plush hat. Mr. Chris. Siegfried acted as best man, and Mrs. John M. Kraemer performed the duties as matron of honor. The groom's gift to the bride was a diamond lavalliere, to the bridesmaid a lavalliere with rhine-stone setting, to the best man a pearl stick pin. At the conclusion of the ceremony the happy couple repaired to the bride's home where a dainty wedding breakfast was served. The evening was enjoyed by the guests from a distance were Mrs. Geo. Geier, Elmira; Mr. and Mrs. Jack Renner, Preston; Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Moyer, Richdale, Alta.; Mr. and Mrs. Joe Reinhardt, Humboldt, Sask.; and Mr. Nich. Schneider, Wales, N. D. The bride and groom who were well known in this vicinity were the recipients of many handsome gifts. They will reside on the groom's farm near Markdale.

Mr. Web. Heldman of Philipaburg is visiting at Dr. Doering's this week.

Wood Wanted. 25 cords of 22 inch maple and beech wood wanted for the Mildmay Public School. Apply to W. G. Helwig, Secretary.

Carrick Wedding. The marriage of Miss Hilda, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John K. Wahl of Carrick, takes place this (Thursday) afternoon, to Mr. Milton Dippel of the 14th concession. Rev. J. H. Grenzbach of Walkerton will officiate.

Discussion Invited. Now that "Incorporation" has become a live issue, the Gazette invites discussion in its columns. Fair, intelligent discussion, properly carried on, will help the ratepayers to decide the question when the proper time comes.

Fractured Her Shoulder. We learn that Mrs. Anna Biehl of Mildmay, who is spending the winter with her son, Charles, at Galt, had the misfortune, recently, to slip and fall fracturing her shoulder. As she is well advanced in years, it will be a long time before she will be well again.

How to Incorporate. There are many enquiries coming in as to the method to be followed in securing incorporation. The Statute bearing on the case reads as follows:— Where a petition signed by at least 100 of the freeholders and resident tenants of the district whose names are entered on the last revised assessment roll of the municipality in which the district is situated, and in the case of tenants who have been resident in the district for at least four months next preceding the presentation of the petition, all of the petitioners being of the full age of 21 years, and at least one half of them freeholders, praying for the erection of the district into a village, is presented to the council, the council, if the district has a population exceeding 750, shall, within three months after the presentation of the petition, pass a by-law erecting the district into a village, declaring the name which it shall bear and its boundaries.

Opposite the name of every petitioner there shall be shown, by reference to the number of the lot, the land owned or occupied by him, and where it is or forms part of a lot laid down on a registered plan, the reference shall be to the number of the lot according to the plan, and the petition shall also show whether the petitioner is a freeholder or resident tenant.

Another course, and one which may be followed in this case, is to make application to the Ontario Legislature to pass a special act of parliament to incorporate the village. The application, of course, would have to be supported by a substantial list of signatures.

The Late George Curle. The remains of the late Mr. George Curle arrived here on Thursday of last week and the funeral was held from the Methodist Church on Friday afternoon. Deceased was born in Newcastle, on the Tyne, England, on Sept. 30th, 1844, and came with his parents to Canada in 1857, settling in the Township of Carrick, where Mr. John Morrison had settled the year previous. About 1885 Mr. Curle went into the hardware business here and did a fine trade. He sold out in 1907 and moved to Vancouver. About 18 months ago his health began to fail, and his physician advised an operation, which took place in June. This appeared to give him considerable relief, and for a time he appeared to have completely recovered. Last fall, however, he again took ill, and during the last two months of his life was confined constantly to his bed. He was taken to the general hospital at Vancouver in the hope that a minor operation might bring some relief, but he passed away twenty-four hours after his arrival there. His daughter, Mrs. McLean of Vancouver, and son John H. Curle of Winnipeg were with him when he died. His son, Webster, of Seattle visited him at Chris-mas and his niece, Miss Georgina Morrison, was with him a week prior to his removal to the hospital. He made many friends in Vancouver, having been an active worker in several churches and missions in that city. During his residence at Mildmay he was very active in religious and musical circles, and enjoyed the highest respect and esteem of all his acquaintances. The memorial service was conducted by Messrs. A. W. Guild, Thos. H. Hickling, and Rev. W. E. Beese of Sebringville, a close friend and admirer of the deceased, spoke briefly. Interment took place in Bala-klava cemetery, many old friends of Carrick being present. He leaves to mourn his death a family of two daughters, and four sons, namely, Mrs. Hossack of Toronto, Mrs. A. McLean of Vancouver, George F. Curle of Windsor, and John Curle of Winnipeg, White, and Webster of Calgary, and Webster

County Council.

The January session of the County Council was held in Walkerton, opening on Tuesday, the 22nd inst., according to Statute. All members were present and ready for business.

The Clerk asked for nominations for Warden and the following were nominated: Messrs. D. Phalen, of Greenock; W. H. Brown, Chesley; D. B. McDonald Tiverton; D. G. Craig, Amabel; G. Kastner, Warton; James Douglas, Hepworth; M. Filsinger, Carrick. Messrs. McDonald, Craig, Phalen and Brown retired, with an intimation that they would probably be in the field in the future, perhaps next year. Two votes were necessary to make a choice, Mr. Filsinger retiring after the first vote, and on the second vote Mr. Kastner had a small lead over Mr. Douglas and was declared elected Warden for 1918.

Mr. Kastner thanked the members for the honor and outlined a number of important matters the Council would have to deal with during the year, emphasizing Patriotic measures and Good Roads.

STANDING COMMITTEES FOR 1918. Finance—Messrs. Brown, Forbes, Ferguson, Johnston Robert, Montag, Munn and Rowand.

Roae and Bridge—Messrs. Johnston Jas., Scott, Phelan, Lewis, Filsinger, Craig, Case, Willoughby, Ruttle, Christie Johnston Jos.

House of Refuge—Messrs. Henry, Filsinger and the Warden.

Equalization and Salaries—Messrs. McDonald D. A., Douglas Jas., Moore, Dobson, Pattison, Johnston Robert, Steele.

Petitions and By-laws—Messrs. Douglas John, McDonald Dan. B., Whicher, Landon, Thomson.

Education and Printing—Messrs. Grant Douglas Jas., Dobson, Brown, Ferguson Pattison, Henry.

Property—Messrs. Rowand, Douglas John, Phelan, McDonald D. A., Case.

Wardens—Messrs. Johnson James, Christie, Forbes.

Hugh McLaren and W. J. Taylor were re-elected County Auditors and A. E. McNab and N. Robertson Auditors of Criminal Justice accounts.

The usual grants were made to Agricultural Societies, Women's Institutes, Boards of Agriculture, Libraries and Teachers Institutes.

It was ordered that a form be printed for the Women's Societies doing work for the soldiers showing what was required in order to get the grant from the County.

This form can now be obtained from any Reeve or from the County Treasurer, Mr. Norman Robertson, Walkerton. All applications for this grant should be made on this form thus saving applicants and officials much trouble and correspondence.

The question of grants to patriotic purposes was considered at length. It was decided to make a grant of \$100,000, same as last year, divided: Patriotic Fund, \$75,000; Canadian Red Cross, \$6,000; Belgian Relief, \$5,000; Y.M.C.A., \$2,000; Navy Relief, \$2,000; and hold balance in reserve for such Patriotic objects as Council may deem best during the year. Of this amount \$60,000 will be raised by ten year debentures and the balance in this year's rates, Council believing part of these amounts should be raised now and not altogether left for the future.

The high cost of living has been responsible for small increases in the salaries of the Clerk, Treasurer, Caretaker of County Buildings and Matron of House of Refuge.

Messrs. C. E. Whicher, Albemarle, D. A. McDonald, Kinloss, and William Case, Culross, were appointed County Highways Committee. The chief duties of the Committee will be to advise with the Superintendent as to the work to be done and to audit all accounts in connection with Co. Highways. It is not the intention this year to do any material work on the system but to keep same in proper repair and any work that has to be done will be done with a view to permanency.

Special grants were made to Tiverton of \$100; to boundary Carrick and Culross \$100, and the usual grant of \$100 to Lindsay.

At the dinner given by the Ladies' Aid Society, the investigation as to why the bridge was in such a state of disrepair.

Mr. E. Constable.

A Committee what arranged for two or more

made the same as the pay of jurors, witnesses at present not getting enough to pay actual expenses.

The House of Refuge Committee was instructed to have the cemetery of the House of Refuge levelled and put into proper condition.

A large number of motions were made to add certain pieces of road to County Highway System. These were all referred to the Highway Committee to investigate and report at June Session.

Council closed a very busy session on Friday and adjourned to meet in Southampton on Monday, 17th June.

Communication.

Editor Gazette—

Permit me the use of a few lines in your valuable paper to reply to certain rumors that have been put into circulation in this village. I have learned that some of those who are behind the scheme to incorporate the village of Mildmay have reported that the Township Council has decided not to build a foot of concrete sidewalks in Mildmay this year, and are using this as a strong argument in favor of incorporation. In order that the property holders of Mildmay may be under no misapprehension, I wish to state emphatically that no such decision has been made by the Carrick Council, that the matter has not even been discussed, and that as far as I am concerned, the usual program of extending the village sidewalks annually will be followed out again this year.

I considered it my duty, Mr. Editor, in all fairness to the citizens of Mildmay, to give publication to the above statements.

Yours respectfully,
M. Filsinger.

NEUSTADT

Mr. A. Abbs buttermaker at the S. V. C. A. here Sunday at his home in Port Elgin.

Mr. Art Weinert of Listowel and Ivan Weiner of Toronto came to Sunday and the parental roof.

Mr. Otto Wepler spent several days visit in Desboro, Toronto and Kitchener.

Mrs. Berlet moved her household effects to her son in Chicago. She had been alone here for the past three years.

Mr. John Rahn of Waterloo spent a few days business in town last week.

Mr. Wm. Lang and M. Murray audited the Neustadt Mfg. Co's books on Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Lantz and daughter Luella spent Sunday at Enno Metzgers in Karlsruhe.

Pte. Gordon Damm of London spent Sat. and Sun. in town and Ayton.

Messrs. Wilbert Lipfert and Harold Ermel attended "at home" in Stratford last Friday.

The annual meeting of the Neustadt Mfg. Co. will be held on Wednesday, Feb. 8th and the annual meeting of the Moore Mantel Co. was held (to-day) Jan. 31st.

Mr. J. J. Weinert being in the hospital for several days, reports that he is getting better.

Mr. Victor Lang has been employed for the past five years, as clerk at Lang & Weplers store has severed his connection with them. He has accepted a position with Gordon & Orr, a large dry goods establishment in Stratford. He leaves on Saturday to commence duties.

Enlarging Cemetery.

The Mildmay Evangelical congregation has decided to enlarge its fine cemetery south of this village, and have therefore purchased an acre of the northwest corner of lot 29, Con. D, from Mr. John Koenig. The price paid for the acre of land was \$200.

Shipped Good Cattle.

Messrs. Wm. and Albin brought out eighteen head of cattle were purchased by Mack of Paisley.

Shorthorn Cattle & Oxford Sheep.

Present Offering in Shorthorns:—
Young Bulls from 8 to 10 mos. old, by same sire as Junior Champion, Female, at Leading Canadian Fairs, 1915.
In Oxfords:—
Choice Ram Lambs by Imported sire.

JAS. G. THOMSON

D. A. WILSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office and Residence—1100 St. George Street, MILDMEAD.

No Guesswork.

Our method of testing eyes and fitting them with glasses, is modern, up-to-date and scientific.

THERE IS NO GUESS-WORK
It costs you nothing to let us examine your eyes.

If you are suffering from headaches, pain in back of eyes, or vision is blurred, or you get dizzy easily. Something is the matter with your eyes. We fit glasses that relieve the strain.

Prices Moderate.

C. A. FOX

JEWELLER & OPTICIAN **Walkerton**

Shorthorn Cattle.

Winners of the Silver Medal at the Northern Exhibition for the past three years.

Choice young stock of both sexes on hand on hand.

H. H. Pletsch

R. R. NO. 1, CARLSRUHE
Lot 13, Concession 13, Carrick.

R. H. FORTUNE.

AYTON ONTARIO

LICENSED AUCTIONEER for Wellington, Grey and Bruce. Reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements can be made at this office.

DR. L. DOERING
DENTIST MILDMEAD.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Licensee of Dental Surgery, and Member of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario has opened up his offices next to C. Reburn's, Mildmead. Entrance on Main Street. All the latest methods practiced in dentistry. Visits Ayton every first and third Saturday, Clifford every second and fourth Saturday, and Newburg every second and fourth Tuesday of each month.

Voluntary enlistment has taken thousands of men from office work. Conscription will take more. Office help is scarce now — will be scarcer very soon. Young women must fill the vacant places and they need training.

NORTHERN Business College
OWEN SOUND, ONTARIO

remains open all summer to help to meet the demand for trained office help. Students may enter at any time. No increase in fees. Circulars free on application.

C. A. FLEMING, F. A. D. FLEMING,
PRINCIPAL O. D. FLEMING,
For 35 yrs SECRETARY

Get the Best! It Pays!

ELLIOTT Business College

Yonge and Charles Sts
TORONTO, ONT.

Canada's Popular School of Business Training! Satisfaction assured all who come here! All graduates and scores of our under-graduates of the past year have secured good business positions and still the demand is far greater than our supply. Our Catalogue gives full particulars. Write for one. Students may commence a course at any time.

W. J. Elliott, Principal.

Man's Greatest Friend.

A local auctioneer, while selling a cow recently culogized the animal as follows: "Of all the animal friends of man she is the greatest. I wish that I, as you are about to sit down to your Sunday dinner might take from your table what she placed thereon, I would remove the cup of milk waiting at chair: I'd take the cream, the cheese, the butter, the custard pie, the cream biscuits, the roast beef and leave you a meal of potatoes and tooth picks. Every scrap of her, from her nose to her tail is used by man. We use her horns to comb our hair, her skin upon our feet, her hair keeps the plaster on the wall, her hoofs make glue and her tail makes soap, her blood is used to make our sugar white, her bones are ground to fertilize our soil. She has gone with man from Plymouth Rock to the Setting Sun. It was her sons that turned the sod in the settlers clearing: it was her sons that drew the prairie schooner, for the sturdy pioneers, while she followed, and when the days march was done she came and gave her milk to feed the babe, that was perchance to become the ruler of his country."

Austria Wants Peace Badly.

There can be no doubt that Austria, the nation which started the war by its ultimatum to Serbia, is exceedingly weary of the long and desperate strife. It is rumored now that she has offered Serbia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and also an outlet to the Adriatic, if she will agree to quit fighting. But Serbia has little reason to trust Austria, as she will not lay down her arms until her Allies do. But Austria needs peace, and it seems doubtful if even martial law will suffice to still the murmurs of the war-weary people. In Vienna and Neustadt 100,000 men are reported to have struck, closing down all the war factories, and the movement is said to be openly anti-German. This movement will probably be accelerated by the fact that in Germany the war-party is now supreme and the policy of "no annexations and no indemnities" has given place to one much more aggressive. The Bolshevik programme is also having its effect in Austria, and peace sentiment is reported to be almost overwhelming.

The Car Shortage.

Shippers are finding a good deal of difficulty in securing cars at the present time; or should we say the Railway Co is finding a good deal of difficulty in meeting the demand for freight cars. Railway men explain that the shortage is due to the fact that since the outbreak of war very few cars have been built, while the usual number have been broken up or worn out. Repair shops also are behind with their work, owing to war work, the demands upon the railways are greater than ever. The railway companies are now up against the serious proposition of building a great number of cars when all the material which goes into a car has greatly advanced in price.

Brant Statesmen Raise Pay.

A "salary grab" on a small scale, but one which is not likely to raise any general uprising or civil war in the township occurred at the inaugural meeting of the Brant Council on Monday last, when the members boosted their own pay by 50c a day for attending committee meetings in the future. As a consequence they will draw \$2.50 instead of \$2.00 for this work hereafter, the legislators holding that it wasn't a very paying job at the old figure. Nor did the rural-law-makers confine the boost solely to themselves, they making a few other souls happy by increasing by 93c the Treasurer's pay, which makes him now draw \$135 per annum and by shoving up the Clerk's remuneration \$25, which inflates his salary to \$225 per year.

Exorbitant prices asked by farmers on the Guelph market for wood were looked into on Saturday by Fuel Controller Foster and he issued a warning to those bringing in wood for sale that it must be sold on a cord basis and that if this was not done the wood would be confiscated. Several loads were offered for sale, but the prices asked were almost prohibitive. A load of dried tamarac cost \$9, while \$10 was asked for a load of log maple poles. Another man had a load of cut white maple containing a half cord for which he asked \$12.

Following up a charge that farmers of Brantford district had secured civil coal orders through "coal sculpers" of Brantford, would procure orders and then turn them over to the farmer to get filled the civic authorities there will enter prosecution against a well known farmer who secured an order by working through a city resident. The civic fuel commission hold that the farmers needing fuel can by all the wood they want from rural residents, though at exorbitant prices, as the city has no control over the demands of rural profiteers, and save in cases of great emergency, coal is being refused to farmers. Further, when farmers by underhand methods have secured coal, prosecutions will follow.

'Twill Shorten your Mileage to Prosperity to trade here at the "LIVE CORNER STORE."



Winning the War can't be done on an empty stomach and we want our soldiers and sailors, serving their country and its flag, to have the best. We can help you conserve the food supply by furnishing you with nutritious and appetizing

Groceries

including substitutes for meat and wheat.

Patronize us for best qualities at fair prices. Canned Salmon, Herring, Sardines, Baked Beans, Corn, Tomatoes, and Peas.

Smoked Herring, Smoked Finnen Haddie, Labrador Herring. A limited quantity of Lake Herring at \$6.50 per keg.

Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Romanmeal, Self-rising Buckwheat flour, etc.



Staple

Dry

Goods

We have a splendid assortment of needed Dry Goods that will save our patrons money. Many of these lines are worth 25 to 50 per cent more to-day.

We have a fine range of allwool dress serges at prices from 25 to 50c per yard below to-days market for serges containing 40 per cent cotton.

Don't forget we have some splendid values in Ladies and Children's Coats and Furs.

Bring your Cream, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, etc.

KNECHTEL & KNECHTEL

The Store for Honest

How We Can Afford To Do It.

The secret of our success with the Bachelor Suit is found in the turnover. We are content with a very small margin of profit in order to be able to sell the

Bachelor SUIT \$20.00

AT

"The Suit with the Guarantee."

The profit on each suit is small, but we can afford to do it because we sell such a big quantity.

If you want a suit that will wear as well as it looks, don't lose any time about coming in here.



Knechtel's For Clothing

WOMEN ARE NEEDED TO HELP IN WAR

Women can be usefully employed in nursing the wounded, in making up the soldiers' kits, and a thousand other ways. Many Canadian women are weak, pale or anemic from woman's ills. For young girls just entering womanhood; for women at the critical time; nursing mothers and every woman who is "run-down," tired or over-worked—Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a special, safe and certain help. It can now be had in tablet form, procurable at any good drug store, or send Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., 15 cents for trial package. Branch office, Bridgeburg, Ont.

St. Catharines, Ont.—"I have taken Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during expectancy when I felt especially in need of a tonic and it benefited me greatly. I always take pleasure in recommending 'Prescription' to young mothers, because I know it will never fail to help them."—Mrs. J. H. FAWCETT, 8 Beach St.

Stratford, Ont.—"I do think Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription one of the best medicines I have ever known for the ailments of women. I had for quite a long time been all run-down, weak and nervous. I doctored, but nothing seemed to give me relief until I began taking 'Favorite Prescription.' This medicine gave me such wonderful relief that I am glad to recommend it to others."—Mrs. A. GODWIN, 60 Brant St.

The teacher was examining the class in physiology.
"Mary, can you tell me," she asked, "what is the function of the stomach?"
The function of the stomach, the little girl answered, "is to hold up the petticoat."

The wholesale thefts of whiskey from the Seagram distillery in Waterloo are greater than at first thought. To date it is known several thousand gallons have been stolen, the wholesale value of which exceeds \$12,000. According to one of the chief agency detectives working on the case a quantity of the liquor at different times was taken by motor car to Guelph, where it was disposed of. In the Guelph business, several women figured conspicuously.

A Prayer for the New Year

Let me be a little kinder,
Let me be a little blinder
To the faults of those about me;
Let me praise a little more.
Let me be when I am weary
Just a little bit more cheery;
Let me serve a little better
Those that I am striving for.
Let me be a little braver
When temptation bids me waver;
Let me strive a little harder
To be all that I should be;
Let me be a little meeker
With the brother who is weaker;
Let me think more of my neighbour,
And a little less of me.
Let me be a little sweeter;
Make my life a bit completer
By doing what I should do
Every minute of the day.
Let me toil without complaining,
Not a humble task disdainning.
Let me face the summons calmly
When death beckons me away.

Passenger Rates Increased.

Mr. W. E. O'Brien, the local G. T. R. agent, is in receipt of a circular, advising of the proposed increase in passenger rates, which comes into effect the first of next month. Instead of three cents a mile, 3 1/2 cents will be charged.

One that promises to give him more embarrassment, comes from the office of the superintendent of the Stratford division and directs that in order to have the passengers purchase and present their tickets before entering the trains he shall announce in the waiting room and on the platform "In a distinct and sufficiently loud voice, the following: Please purchase your tickets at office and have them ready to present when entering train. At the larger stations, it goes on to say, "where station masters or station police are employed, they, instead of the agent, will make the announcement."

Other clauses read:
"Conductors and other employees of trains (whose usual duty it is to receive the passengers) while standing in their usual positions on station platforms, will request passengers to present their tickets before they attempt to ascend the steps of coaches. If passengers do not present tickets, courteously request them to procure them at the ticket office and to enable them to do so, the train is to be held a reasonable time, if necessary. In stormy weather, the precise observance of class B of this rule must

not be insisted upon.
"At initial starting point of trains, conductors and other employees of trains, whose duty it is to receive passengers, will be ready to receive them thirty minutes before leaving time of their trains."

"All vestibule doors and traps, except those used for receiving and discharging passengers, must be kept closed while train remains at stations, except that, according to law, the rear vestibule of the last passenger carrying car on train nearest the station platform, must remain open."

"When two or more cars in train are open for use by passengers two or more vestibule doors must be open for the convenience of passengers."

"When trains are approaching junction stations, where passengers must transfer, conductors and other trainmen will request passengers who intend to transfer, to have their tickets ready to present when entering the connecting train."

Low shoes and spats for women are advocated to save the leather that has been piled into women's boots in recent months. Pretty good idea, that. Some women have been wearin' boots so high that they've got corns on their knees.

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the Estate of Mary Ann Frank, late of the Township of Carrick in the County of Bruce, Widow, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the revised statutes of Ontario (1914) chapter 121, Sec. 56 that creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Mary Ann Frank who died on or about the 7th day of December A. D. 1917, are required on or before the twenty-third day of February A. D. 1918 to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Bernard Beingsesser, Formosa P. O., the executor of the last Will and Testament of the said deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims and a statement of the accounts and the nature of their securities (if any) held by them. And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said executor will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person whose claims noticed shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.
Dated the 25th day of Jan. A. D. 1918.
B. Beingsesser, executor.

Application to Parliament

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly for the Province of Ontario, at its next sittings thereof, for incorporating the Village of M... in the Township of ... County of Bruce, settling thereof and making provision for the election of the first Ratepayers and for things necessary for the administration of the said Village when so incorporated. The lands to be included in the limits of the proposed Village are situated in the Township of ... County of Bruce, and measure ... acres more or less, the following lots namely: ... Lots numbers twenty-five and twenty-six and part of Lot 27, Con. D., and Lot number eleven, Con. 7, all in the said Township of Carrick, together with all subdivisions of said farm lots. Dated at Walkerton this 22nd day of January A. D., 1918.
Robertson & McNab,
Walkerton, Ontario,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

THE SAD STORY OF THE STRUGGLE FOR LIFE

is frequently revealed in these war times even in this well-to-do Province. Hard enough to be poor—still worse to be sick and poor.

The lot of the consumptive is a specially trying one. Only recently a family was discovered living in two small rooms over a store. At one time they had occupied a comfortable home but the father took sick and had to give up work. With the savings all gone, they were forced to sell the furniture to buy food. When the man was found to be a consumptive, this was the opportunity of the Muskoka Free Hospital to bring relief so that not only would the stricken husband have a winning chance for life, but more desirable still, the wife and children should be removed from danger of contracting the disease. Under skillful guidance the home was cleaned up and the family temporarily provided for. It is now reported that the patient is doing well, with every chance of recovery.

This is the great work carried on by the Muskoka Free Hospital which is now appealing for help.

Contributions may be sent to W. J. Gage, Chairman, 84 Spadina Street, Toronto, or Geo. A. ... Treasurer, 223 ...



The Ford Saves the Hay and Oats the Horses Eat

IT HAS been estimated that five acres of land are required to maintain one horse for a year, and that the same five acres would produce nearly enough food for two people. If 50,000 Canadian farmers each replaced one horse with a Ford, 250,000 acres would be added to the Nation's source of food supply and enough extra food made available to feed 100,000 people.

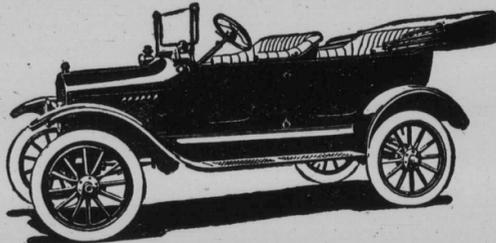
Just think what a great service this means to the country at the present time and the benefit to the farmers from the sale of food produced on this acreage.

A Ford car also saves the farmer a week or more of valuable time each year, which can be used for further productive work. The Ford travels three times as fast as a horse and rig—costs less to run and keep, and is easier to take care of. With labor so scarce and high priced, time is money, so do not delay in getting your Ford.



Runabout - \$475
Touring - \$495
Coupe - \$770
Sedan - \$970

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SPECIAL—We will also send you free a package (value 15c) of our choice Butterfly Flower

This is one of the finest and daintiest flowers imaginable, especially adapted to bordering beds of taller flowers and those of a heavier growth. The seeds germinate quickly and come into bloom in a few weeks such as to completely obscure the foliage, making the plant a veritable pyramid of the most delicate and charming bloom. The Butterfly Flower makes admirable pot plants for the house in late winter and early spring. For this purpose sow in the autumn.

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FIVE FUNERALS IN THREE YEARS

Family Almost Wiped Out By Consumption.

From a hotel in the rear of more pretentious buildings comes a ghastly tale, one that in this fair Province of ours seems almost incredible; yet, to those who know the ravages of consumption, it is but a typical case.

Grief stricken, the mother tells us of her five small children buried from this lowly home during the past three years, of her only remaining child, suffering from a tuberculous hip, and then as though in mockery of their misery, the father, too, was stricken. He is now a patient at the Muskoka Free Hospital, where every endeavour is being made to save his life. The Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives is appealing for help to carry on this fight against the Great White Plague. The money you give will help them seek out these unfortunate families and give them a fighting chance for their lives.

Contributions may be sent to W. J. Chairman, 84 Spadina Avenue, Toronto. Geo. A. Reid, Secretary, 100 College St. Toronto.

Persistent Thief Sentenced.

Tom Kelly, a rich farmer from Ashfield township, and who had been in the habit of stealing for years out of rigs in the hotel sheds at Lucknow, was brought to Walkerton on Thursday last by Constable Cameron, the Lucknow sleuth, who had been laying for him for some time. The following Friday morning the thief was arraigned before Judge Greig at the Court House here, and after pleading guilty to a long list of thefts, was sentenced to six months in jail and also to pay a fine of \$50.00 for his crime. If he fails to liquidate his fine the prisoner is to serve an additional three months for this neglect. That Kelly was as much fool as knave was demonstrated by the lot that Constable Cameron captured in his place, for although a bachelor and living like a hermit, he had swiped a good quantity of women's clothes. Unless he were contemplating matrimony these could be of no use to him. The plunder captured made a good-sized sleigh load and showed what an adept at pilfering Kelly was. The plunder included articles all the way from a suit of clothes down to children's school books. That he was a miser as well as thief is evidenced by the fact that although in good circumstances and owning a valuable farm, he would beg scraps of meat from the butcher shops and leavings from the bakeries. On being placed in

the lockup prior to coming to Walkerton he was eating three hearty meals in the belief that someone else was paying for them, but on being informed that he might have to cash up these himself he decided he could hang out on two meals. In the Walkerton jail he boasted of his adroitness as a thief and told how he knew the constable suspected him, and the measures he took to fool him. His game was to drive up to the sheds where other rigs were standing, and after making sure that no one was around to go through the rigs, load up and drive off. As he never sold any of the stuff, nor wore it about, he was able to pull off his work for years before he was nabbed and brought to time. That his skin was like his actions, dirty, was amply demonstrated when the lime light was turned onto him, few traps that have done time in the Walkerton jail having anything on his bath for a dusty hide. The hands at the hot tub had a busy spill before they had their latest guest in proper trim.—Herald & Times.

"Every One a Farmer."

The latest number of the Canadian Food Bulletin, makes a special appeal to dwellers in towns and cities to use every backyard for the production of fruit and vegetables, and to see that suburban areas do not lie idle during the coming season. The assertion that office and factory staffs could do much by organizing clubs to cultivate vacant areas in the municipality was verified last year in Toronto and other communities. Thousands of men and women found healthful recreation in these experiments, which were usually made without thought of personal profit, the motive being a purely patriotic one. These activities should be renewed this year on a larger scale. Even where they are carried on for profit they serve a public purpose by increasing the volume of food production. Many families will find that intensive cultivation of their backyards will make an appreciable difference in the household budgets. Amateur gardeners will be encouraged by the knowledge that every ounce of food they produce frees labor and develops land for the production of grain for export to the Allied armies and peoples.

The Food Bulletin advises the market gardener to devote part of his land to grain. It says there will be probably as much profit for him in growing oats, or even wheat, as in raising cabbages or similar vegetable crops. The cities are gradually working towards the time when a large part of their requirements

of perishable vegetables will be provided from city land. The market gardener must adjust his operations to this changing situation. But the cities and towns must do more than cultivate backyards and vacant lots. There are many thousands of men not eligible for military service who could do necessary work on a farm, and who should consider their individual responsibility. Unless the farmers and farmers' wives and children are aided by labor from the cities the situation will become increasingly serious. "Fight or farm" should be the motto this year.

Overcome by Gas.

Mr. Jos. Dentinger of the Knechtel factory staff was hurriedly summoned on Sunday to Formosa, where his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Dentinger sr., were found on Sunday afternoon lying in their room in an unconscious state, the result of being overcome by gas escaping from a coal stove in their bedroom. It seems that before retiring on Saturday night Mr. Dentinger put on fresh coal and closed the damper on the pipe without first permitting the gas to burn off, and as their room was closed the venerable couple were almost asphyxiated while they slept. Two sons who reside with them in the home paid little heed when their parents did not arise in the morning as usual, thinking that they were merely sleeping in. Shortly after noon, however, they visited their room and found the place filled with gas and the couple lying unconscious on the bed. With the aid of a doctor, the pair were finally revived, and although still in a nauseated condition, they will shortly be around again.

Murders Increase in U. S.

Observers in the United States note with alarm that the murder rate is on the increase in that country, and it is suggested that this is accounted for by the laxity with which the law against homicide is enforced.

In 1916 there were no less than 7,450 killings reported in the country, and though for nearly all of these crimes the law demands capital punishment, there were only 107 legal executions.

Men much oftener than women are the criminals. In the period 1911 to 1915 the male homicide rate for the whole country was 10.7 per one hundred thousand of the population, while for women it was only 2.9. About half of the women used firearms in committing the crime, while eleven in every seventeen male murderers used firearms of one kind or another. The revolver is altogether the most common instrument used.

The big cities are hot beds of crime. In 1916 Chicago had 390 murders—almost one per day. New York had 256, Philadelphia 110, St. Louis 124 and Memphis, Tenn., 134. Memphis has altogether the highest rate per hundred thousand. It is 89.9, while Chicago's rate is only 13.2 and New York only 4.6. Next to Memphis is Atlanta, Georgia, with 31 murders in every hundred thousand of the population.

The very bad reputation of Memphis is explained by the fact that it is located practically at the corners of four states. It is said that would-be murderers go to Memphis to commit their crimes in the hope of escaping into one of the nearby states and thus baffling the officers of the law in their efforts to prosecute and convict them.

Lynching appears to be on the decrease the past few years. In 1917, 36 negroes and two white men were lynched. Of the negroes lynched, eleven were accused of attacks upon women; the others of such offences as, "not getting out of the road, and being insolent," "disputing a white man's word," "sterling a goat," "accidentally killing a child by running over it," "vagrancy," "writing insolent letters." All but two of the lynchings were in the South.

Big Fire at Guelph.

GUELPH, Jan. 27.—The most disastrous fire which has visited Guelph in over 40 years occurred early to-day when the splendid drygoods establishment of G. B. Ryan & Co., on Upper Wyndham street, was completely destroyed, and several adjoining stores sustained more or less damage. The estimated loss is \$225,000.

The fire was discovered about 3 o'clock by a member of the police force. When the brigade arrived smoke was coming from the rear of the building, and it looked as though the fire might be easily checked. It soon became evident that the interior of the store in the basement was ablaze.

The thermometer registered 8 below zero. As soon as the fire reached the ground floor the flames spread rapidly, and in a short time the entire three stories was a mass of flames. The brigade was absolutely powerless to save the building, and much of its energy was devoted to protecting adjoining buildings.

The main store of G. B. Ryan, which has a 50-foot frontage, is completely destroyed, but the men's store next door was saved by a fire wall. The stock in the latter store was damaged, but most-

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Silverware, China and Glassware, Musical Instruments, Spectacles, Smoke pipes, Purses, Cones, Gold filled Rings, Cuff links, Tie pins and Locketts at less than half regular price.

Wedding rings in stock and made to order.
Repairing done and satisfaction guaranteed.

C. Wendt - Jeweler

Capital paid up	Total Assets	Reserve Funds
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W. J. Elliott, D. A. McLachlan, President, Principal.

ly by smoke. On the other side is a fancy goods store owned by Miss Johnston, and her stock was ruined by smoke and water. J. W. Rogers' photograph gallery on the second floor is a wreck. In this same flat was George M. Yates' insurance office, and he lost everything. In the stores occupied by George Richardson, hardware, McNiven & York Bros., furniture, Keleher & Hendley, gents' furnishes, the stocks were damaged by both smoke and water. In the cellars of these stores there was water from three to six feet deep.

Mrs. Holtzchamp of Otter Creek, wife of the new miller at the Säugen Valley Roller Mills, while shaking a carpet on the verandah of her home on Saturday afternoon, overbalanced herself and fell off the verandah, landing on the zenith of her head, which rendered her unconscious for a time. She escaped, however, with nothing more serious than a badly bruised head and a severe shaking up.

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The Oldest, Cheapest and Safest Company in the Province.

Amount at risk, over four million dollars.

This Company pays market cash value for live stock killed by lightning.

J. M. Fischer
Agent - Mildmay

A car of coal consigned for Tara was seized by the authorities here last Sunday and distributed in half-ton lots throughout the town. The fuel situation is certainly serious in Palmerston unless the situation is relieved in the near future, many families will be without fuel. It might be well at the present time to foster an interdenominational spirit and a number of the churches arrange to worship together. This idea has already gone into effect in a number of places. By a united effort of all public institutions and all public companies and individuals much could be accomplished to relieve the present situation.—Palmerston Spectator.

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

The Garden Seed Bed.

A noted garden writer has said that the greatest pleasure in gardening is "the joy of seeing things grow," and in no way can this pleasure be had in the same measure as in the raising of small plants from seed for your own garden.

It does not require a very large space to grow a large number of young plants. For the home garden, 50 by 100 feet in size, a plot three feet wide by fifteen feet long will be amply sufficient. This for the start, but in following years, when you become more expert in handling of the seed bed, you will cut this down and get just as good results.

It is an advantage to have the seed bed long and narrow, so that it can be easily reached from the path, making the work more pleasant and getting better results. A short person will get better results with one thirty inches wide.

The location of the seed bed is very important; in fact, there is but one good location in every garden, and that is along the north fence, so that it will be exposed to the sunshine all day and be protected from cold winds. If the fence is an open one, such as palings or wire, it will be well to cover it along the seed bed with building paper, fastened on, to make it tight from the wind.

Good Drainage Necessary

The seed bed should be specially prepared. The soil should be deep and well drained. If necessary to get it so, excavate it to a depth of two feet, fill in four to six inches of drainage materials, such as stones, the size of railroad ballasts, bats, coarse cinders or other similar mineral rubbish.

On this put the soil, which should be specially prepared. Use the loam removed from the excavation, with as much in addition as may be needed to take the place of the subsoil removed. Give it a heavy dusting with powdered lime, and one of a good chemical fertilizer. Work all well together.

On top of the drainage put four to six inches of the richest well-rotted manure you have available, and on this

the soil, which should then be worked as fine and smooth as possible. However, the soil is not just thrown in. It is an advantage in earliness to plant seeds on a bed which slopes to the south. This you can accomplish when putting the soil in the seed bed by making it six inches higher at the back than the front, using a board in front to retain it. This makes a warmer bed, and produces a better growing condition for continuous seed and plant growth.

In the seed-bed are planted the main crop or late varieties of vegetables, and a small space should be reserved for the transplanting of a few of the early ones when it is safe to plant them out, but before setting them in the garden proper.

Sow Seeds Compactly

Do not plant the different kinds of seeds promiscuously, or in long ribbon rows. Try the newer and better way. Mark off the seed-bed into as many squares as may be needed, each of a size to suit the quantity of seeds to be planted. Plot these on a paper, and mark the names of the seeds on them, as a matter of reference and record. You will find it very convenient to be able to work with all the plants of one kind right under your hand in a compact square, instead of having to walk along a long row.

Take sufficient time to plant the seeds in the seed-bed thinly; by which is meant do not crowd them in the rows. When planted carelessly they are likely to be bunched in some places and thin in others. Practice a few times dropping small seeds from the thumb and two fingers on a paper until you can do it evenly, and you then are ready to sow them in the soil.

One of the things desired to be attained in transplanting plants is to increase the root-mass before there is much top-growth. When a plant is taken from the seed-bed and transplanted it loses most of its root hairs, which are reproduced in greater number in its new location before the top gets additional growth. This makes for a vigorous plant.

The vegetables usually sown in the seed-bed are: Cabbage, onions, beets, cauliflower, parsley, peppers, celery, lettuce, tomatoes, chard.

Hogs

Two or three pigs are enough to a pen during cold weather for the animals crowd and when many are together they become very sweaty. Exposure while in this condition makes them unhealthy.

Little pigs are happy in a snugly built, warm, movable hog house, and so is their mother. Such a house is splendid in providing warmth, dryness, abundant ventilation, safety, comfort, convenience, serviceability, durability, low first cost, low maintenance, and pleasing appearance.

These movable snit houses are easily cleaned because they have solid wooden floors and plenty of space inside in which to work. That they are durable is proved by the fact that several such houses built at the Iowa Experiment Station in 1907 look as if they would stand ten years' more service.

Such a house is good for the brood sow, the little pig, the fattening hogs, and the herd boar. All are contented within its walls; and it costs not more than one half the present value of a 250-pound hog.

The Dairy

Finding The "Boarder" Cows.

I have been in the dairy business for fifteen years with varied success, says a dairyman. According to my experience it takes about five years for a cow to develop. Up to that age I am not positive whether she is going to be a "boarder" cow or not. Now if there could be some means provided to aid one in determining exactly whether a yearling is going to grow into a good cow or not, such means would prove very valuable to dairymen. Many of the heifers would be fattened and sold for meat while, on the other hand, not a few that go directly to the shambles without a trial at the pail would be given a chance to show their value as dairy animals. The scales and the Babcock test are the only way a cow can do, but these can be used only when the animals are producing, and as a heifer may prove to be a good cow after an unprofitable season or two, we cannot see where the practical dairymen are going to avoid the heavy expense involved in weeding out the "boarder" cow and at the same time not waste valuable potential dairy cow material.

Artificial coloring of gold fish by keeping them in water containing certain chemicals is extensively carried on in Sicily.

Poultry

Selecting a Receiver.

In selling eggs in case lots, or live poultry by the crate, locate good trustworthy receivers and stick to them. The writer met a poultrykeeper the other day who had shipped eggs to the same city concern for twenty-five years. He seldom had cause for complaint about returns, and when he did complain, errors were quickly rectified. Between him and the commission firm there was more than an ordinary business relationship; there was friendship. The steady, dependable shipper gets the attention at the hands of a receiving firm that the producer does who ships first to one house, then to another.

Business standing and reputation should be considered in selecting a receiver. Some egg receivers deduct no commission, others deduct one or two cents a dozen, and still others charge a percentage. Some concerns buy either by case count or loss off (for breakage, bad eggs, etc.), and others by case count only. Simultaneous trial shipments and a comparison of returns from different firms is the best way of getting at facts. The concern which charges no commission may really be the costliest one to ship to. It will pay the producer of well-graded eggs to ship loss off where that is possible. On numerous markets there are no loss-off buyers.

Beware of the agent who calls at your farm and solicits shipments, promising better than market prices.

A Fan-Bag Obstacle Race.

To prepare the "race course" for this amusing contest, form a zigzag passageway about three feet wide by arranging two lines of chairs, tables, benches, and other articles of furniture. The more it winds the better it will serve the purpose.

Blow up a medium-sized paper bag and tie it at the top with string. Place the bag at the beginning of the course; then get a palm-leaf fan and, while one of the company times you with a watch, fan the bag along the passageway to the end.

You must take care not to allow the bag to strike at any time the sides of the course or any part of your person. Neither should you allow the fan to touch the bag during the entire effort. Should you commit either of those errors, you lose your turn. The player who covers the course in the shortest space of time without violating any of the rules of the game wins the contest.

"Observation is the most enduring of the pleasures of life." George Meredith.

Eat More Poultry and Eggs.

"We are short of red meat. Our soldiers and our allies require more than ever before. We are advocating in every household, every hotel and restaurant in this country the substitution of poultry for red meat. Increased production of poultry can be effected much faster than beef, pork and mutton. While we want increase in all the latter, we must have a quick response in poultry and poultry products. There is a great waste of poultry feeds from every household and farm. It requires little labor. Cannot the poultry raisers of the country help us by providing the increased supply we need?"

These are the words of Herbert Hoover in an appeal directed to the American Poultry Association and producers of poultry and eggs in the United States. The words are just as applicable to Canadian Poultry Producers. More meat must be provided for the fighting men. Less of the meats that can be shipped must be eaten at home. Something else must be substituted for the red meat. Poultry and eggs make the best and cheapest substitute at the present time and should be used more than they are for that purpose.

The prices asked for these are reasonable when compared with the prices of other meats. At present rates poultry, either fresh or stored, is one of the cheapest meats on the market. Though new-laid are high, the stored eggs are reasonable in price and quite palatable. Fresh poultry is selling on many markets at from 15c. to 24c. per lb., and good stored eggs from 40c. to 50c. per dozen. These prices are practically the same as before the war but when compared with the present prices of other meats prove conclusively that they are no longer a luxury.

The prices of eggs and poultry were formerly comparatively high, and consumers, to a certain extent, discontinued eating poultry produce, now, when the relative prices have changed, the impression remains that poultry and eggs are still a luxury. As a

result the consumption of these is not as large as it usually is.

There are several good reasons why poultry and eggs should be used more than they are as a substitute for beef and bacon.—The soldiers and the Allies must have meat and we cannot send them poultry and eggs: We have a good supply of poultry products in Canada at present. They make a palatable and a cheap substitute for the red meat required by the soldiers: Poultry are more easily grown and can be produced in less time than other live stock: The young and the old can supply all the labor necessary for this work.

Take-It-Back Day.

Be quick to take it back again. The article you borrow; And don't postpone that duty plain To some remote to-morrow.

I fear it sounds a little stern. And yet I have the feeling That borrowing without return Is 'most the same as stealing.

Our neighbors good our needs supply Without a word of fretting. 'Tis wrong to pass such kindness by And pay it by forgetting.

Then take it back, whatever you owe, 'Till neighbors all are sunny; For friendly hearts, of course you know, Are worth far more than money.

Oh, all who labor, all who strive, Ye yield a lofty power! Do with your might, do with your strength.

Fill every golden hour—The glorious privilege to do Is woman's noblest dower. Then to your country, to yourself, to your own God—be true! A weary wretched life is theirs Who have no work to do.

When making cakes with dripping if a few drops of lemon juice are beaten up with the dripping the cake will taste as well as if butter had been used.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M. D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not it will be answered personally, if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnoses. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Who would not be covetous, and with reason, if health could be purchased with gold.—Temple.

Cancer.

Cancer is always a tumor, a swelling, a "lump," as many people say, and they are apt to think of a tumor as being necessarily a cancer. But to the doctor any kind of a swelling means a tumor; and there are at least a score of them—bone, cartilage, fat, fibroid and the like. Also there are several kinds of cancer differing in the degree of their malignancy (their life-endangering effects) and in their development. Most benign tumors, however innocent to begin with, may by reason of constant irritation become cancers; therefore whenever possible they should be removed. Thus may not only definite and sure cure be vouchsafed, but also such a relatively slight and shockless operation will result in the least disfigurement or mutilation. Certain kinds of moles and birth marks may take on malignancy. For their removal, only the expert advice and skill must be sought. An unskillful operator (many a beauty doctor is such) may leave some microscopic portion of the growth, which may become the seat or focus of a future cancer. Superficial cancers, as those of the face and lips, are reasonably recognizable by professional sight and touch and a deep microscopic examination. Deep seat-microscopic examination of deep seat-cancers are much more difficult to detect. Oftentimes the only indication of them is a functional disturbance of the organ involved in the growth and perhaps also of other and associated organs. Therefore those

QUESTIONS AND ANSWER.

Take No Chances.

About a month ago a swelling formed under the left side of my tongue bluish black in color. About in the center of this is a little pus pocket. Although I have been using a mouth wash prescribed by a druggist I don't seem to notice the swelling go down. It is about the same size as at first. It troubles me mostly when I eat.

Answer—I have no desire to frighten you; but this may be cancer, as may any growth in the mouth that does not get well within a week or at most a fortnight. Go to a capable physician and get thoroughly examined. Yours is no case for over-the-counter prescribing. Read the above. I am mailing you further information.

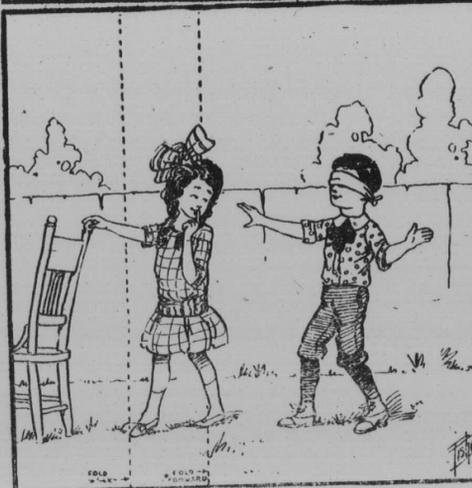
Bronchitis.

I am 20 years old. This fall I broke down with my nerves. I have chronic bronchitis, and have had a bad set of boils and carbuncles. I have now no desire to keep up my physical being.

Answer—Are you sure the ailment is bronchitis; better get thoroughly examined. Am mailing you information regarding boils, which are most weakening.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



Sister, tip-toed softly by. It really wasn't fair; For Willie thought he had her sure, And only caught the chair.

MOTHER WISDOM

By Fisticuffs and Quarrels the Child Works Out Ideals of Right and Justice

By Helen Johnson Keyes and John M. Keyes, M.D.

There are many ways in which children receive education; many ways outside of school, even outside of the direct influences of home. These are forms of self-education—education through the instincts.

Quarrelling is one of these educational instincts. It is exceedingly disagreeable to grown-ups; it is noisy, vulgar and selfish. Yet, undoubtedly, it is a means by which children learn for themselves the meaning and need of fair play, peacefulness and co-operation.

We may preach these virtues to our young people year after year without really gaining their attention. When Sam learns from Bill's fisticuffs that the social organization does not tolerate a bully; and when Julia finds out from May's bitterness that friendship will not endure piggishness, these children are beginning to become citizens.

Most of our moral progress since first we tasted of the knowledge of good and evil, has been along the line of yielding to other men the same privileges we claim for ourselves.

It has been a strangely slow progress. Truly it is curious that it should have taken our race hundreds and hundreds of years to learn the joy of being just to the human creatures with whom we share this earth.

Curious that we are learning so slowly that law and order make for happiness! Even into the midst of an age confident of its humanitarianism has broken the great European war. In view of all this we should be patient with our children who, like us, learn the golden rule very slowly and who, after having seemed to learn it, like ourselves, break it over and over again.

Fight For An Ideal

When men go to war, we look beyond the horror and brutishness and the atrocities and find the courage, the loyalty, the idealism of the fighters. Do not you believe that children when they quarrel and fight also have an ideal for which they are struggling? Surely they have! Beyond the coarse struggle for a sack of candy or for the front seat at their "show" there is a principle in their minds and they are working out a problem of right and justice even stronger than their greed.

I believe it is dangerous to make a habit of settling children's quarrels for them, to separate them in their encounters. I think the education of experience and the punishment of consequences are the strongest corrective forces we have. When we settle a quarrel we shield our children from the consequences of their acts and thereby, perhaps, make cowards of them or else headstrong men and women who will rush into experiences without counting the cost because they have never had to pay that cost.

I said it was dangerous to make it a habit to settle children's quarrels. Of course, there are occasions when they must be stopped abruptly. I do not believe that children should be allowed to disturb the quiet of the home and the work and rest of older

people. There is no necessity for it, and the effect of such license is their selfishness.

On the other hand, they must have the freedom of outdoors, space and privacy to wage their wars. Children will quarrel. Boys will fight. Fortunately, we can not help it. Their honor is involved and it should make us feel more trustful of humanity to observe that when a child's sense of honor demands a certain act, he performs it even though some grown-up may tell him his sense of honor is all wrong.

So then in quarrelling and fighting, a child has an idea of justice to fight for and a law of honor to fight with. These are his moral inspirations. Physically, in the fight, he must be strong, quick-witted and decent, all qualities deserving respect and exercise. Moreover, a boy's fights do not destroy friendships; they often make them stronger.

Quarrels Are Educational

Girls usually remain "huffy" after their quarrels, probably because these are only intellectual and do not have the exhilaration of physical exertion! Even so, I believe their quarrels are educational. They make girls less sensitive to disapproval and criticism, which is a hardening they need when they go out into the world; and these encounters teach them to take care of themselves and express themselves outspokenly, which power is a real defense to a girl in many perilous situations.

Teasing has become an employment in the school. It has all the traits of a broken-down profession. It ruins a disposition, it is such a thing as is so common in the attack without tears.

A child grows into a man or woman through his struggles, powers of working and playing faith with other human beings. He does not learn this until he has found out the penalties of being unfair and ungenerous. What he learns from experience, he believes in thoroughly; what he is merely told he must believe in, he always feels doubtful about.

Moreover, what he learns for himself he likes; what is taught him commands from other people he dislikes. The men and women like goodness are the real ones and we should give them a chance to find out the advantages of virtue.

I do not say that children need guidance and no checks. In the case of quarrelling and fighting, harm comes of it in the moment when the place (unless they are in the peace of the household) is not best guided away from the quarrel.

The influences of a home member has his or her own part to play in the matter. I am taught to yield the place to his family and neighbors generously.



INTERNATIONAL LESSON

FEBRUARY 3.

Lesson V. Jesus Lord of the Sabbath

—Mark 2. 13 to 3. 6. Golden Text, Mark 2. 28.

Verse 23. Grainfields.—"The sown lands." Not-breaking a path through the standing grain, but following the path through the fields, as one does in Palestine to-day.

24. Pharisees said—Mark's second mention of this leading religious sect, whose name, "Pharisee," "the separated," indicates their aloofness from the masses. They were known by their peculiar garb and their ostentatious piety, so roundly scored by the Master. A prominent element in the creed of the Pharisee was his Sabbath law.

How could Jesus and his disciples be religious leaders for the Jews if they violated the Sabbath? On the Sabbath day that which is not lawful—Not unlawful in itself, but unlawful on the Sabbath. Resting on the Sabbath was forbidden (Exod. 34. 21) but Jewish rabbis had decided that even picking a few heads of wheat and rubbing them out in the palms was reaping, hence, the offence of the disciples.

25. Did ye never read—He refers them to their own history for a glimpse of the larger meaning of the Sabbath. Under stress of emergency that may be done which at other times might be condemned as sacrilege. He enunciates a principle which the world has been slow to recognize, that the individual man is greater than any institution; that men are not to be sacrificed to bolster up institutions; that rigid restrictions must give place to the higher requirements of necessity and mercy.

26. House of God—The "tent of meeting" at Nob (1 Sam. 22. 19), a locality in the northeast of Jerusalem. The showbread—The law of the showbread is found in Lev. 24. 5-9. It consisted of twelve new-baked loaves placed every Sabbath on a table in two rows of six, sprinkled with incense and left for the week.

27. The sabbath was made for man.

not man for the sabbath. It is vastly more observance of every respect. He places man and institutions. Everything in state and church ought to serve to bring the individual to his best.

28. The Son of man is lord even of the sabbath—He will do what he pleases on the Sabbath, but he will not please to do anything save for the ministering to the highest needs of man.

1. Into the synagogue—This was again in Capernaum with no definite indication of time. His hand withered—The text suggests that it had become so; that is, by injury or disease. Luke tells us it was the man's right hand.

2. Watched him—The traditional law allowed help on the Sabbath if the man was in danger, but would Jesus do this paralyzed man on the Sabbath? 3. Stand forth—Jesus realized their critical attitude, but now publicly and formally challenges it. There is to be no question of his position concerning the Sabbath and this case will determine it.

4. Is it lawful on the sabbath day to do good or to do harm?—He appeals to their knowledge of the law. He is here the challenger. Matthew introduces Christ's words about the sheep fallen into a pit, thus showing that it was not contrary to the law to do a beneficent work on the Sabbath. Held their peace—This is peculiar to Mark. Evidently they could say nothing to his challenge for he was really backed by their traditional law.

5. Looked round about—An expression used several times, by Mark, indicating the sweeping glance around the listening circle. With anger—Not evil passion in this glance but a righteous indignation which is perfectly consistent with holy character. To be angry and sin not is the New Testament standard (Eph. 4. 26). Stretch forth thy hand—The healing is immediate, without contact with the sufferer.

Apples and dates make a good combination requiring no sugar. To prepare them, steam until tender in a covered pan, one and one-half cups of sliced apples, and one-half cup of sliced dates, and one-half cup of one lemon with the juice and water.

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THE CORNER HARDWARE.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO.

With receipts of approximately 2500 cattle on the Union Stock Yards yesterday and the outlook for the balance of the week very unsettled the market yesterday took on a decidedly firmer tone, though it was not reflected so much in the prices. The market was 25c. higher, due to the big storm and unsettled conditions, with the prospects of few, if any more cattle for the balance of the week.

Medium and common cows were lower, probably 25 cents, but there was a good demand for breedy stocker steers all the way from \$8 75 to \$10 25.

The best butchers sold from \$11.25 up to \$12 per cwt., with some odd extra choice lo's selling at better prices. There was little change to note in the price of milkers and springers; and last week's prices would probably be applicable to them. Altogether a good market, with the drovers and commission men not worrying over any left overs in view of the probable short run and increased prices.

The market for sheep and lambs was steady to strong. Lambs sold at 18c. to 18 1/2c. lb; light sheep, 12 1/2c. to 14c, and heavy fat sheep and lambs at 11 1/2c to 13c lb.

Choice veal calves brought from 18c to 16 1/2c lb; medium, 12c to 14c; grassers and common calves, 6 1/2c to 10c, and heavy fat calves, 10 1/2c to 12 1/2c lb.

The market for hogs is again very unsettled, the packers having failed to realize their aim of taking another 50c off, as against last week. Just what the price will be remains to be seen, but the figure yesterday for fed and watered hogs was 18 1/2c lb., with a little better in fed odd lots.

FORMOSA.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Formosa Electric Light Co. was held at Opperman's Hotel last Wednesday evening. The following were elected as directors:—F. A. Heisz, Manager and President, A. A. Schwartz, Sec.-Treas., A. Opperman, J. H. Scheffer and G. G. Benninger.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Kraemer left on Monday for their home in Richdale, Alta., after spending a couple of months with friends here.

On account of the severe storm and bad roads, the rural mail carriers did not make their trips on Monday.

Mrs. Rose Kraemer went to Preston and Elmira on Monday to visit her daughters.

Messrs. Alex Oberle, Wm. Schill and J. H. Scheffer spent Sunday with Hy. Schnurr on the Elora Road, Carrick.

"Advertising is the education of the public as to what you are, where you are, and what you have to offer in the way of skill, talent and commodity. The only man who should not advertise is the man who has nothing to offer the world in the way of commodity or service."

Both animals and men exposed to the blizzard of Saturday, Jan. 12th, suffered a great deal. The Owen Sound Sun tells of the death of a team of horses hauling logs in that locality. As they were facing the wind they could not get their breath and finally both suffocated, dying on the road within a few minutes of each other.

Letter of Thanks.
The following letter was received this week by the U. J. K. C. from Pte. A. C. Schultheis of Witley Camp, England:—

Dear Friends—
I rec'd your Xmas box of comforts all O. K., and thank you very much for your kindness. The muffler is certainly good and warm, as also the socks. The boys and I enjoyed the cake and sweets very much. To-day I had a good chat with Clarence Sieling, who is over here on pass from France, he is looking fairly well. Kindly tell his mother that he is in good health. The weather here is quite like our Canadian winter now, the one thing that we haven't though is snow, but it freezes hard every night, and is also cold enough during the day, quite a change from last year. The boys here, are all enjoying good health, no doubt you have heard from several of them ere this letter reaches you. Will not v close, wishing you a very Happy New Year, again thanking you for your kindness. I remain,

Yours sincerely
Pte. A. C. Schultheis.

Farm for Sale.

110 acre farm, consisting of the East half of Lot 18, Con. 9, and 60 acres of Lots 19 and 20, Con. 8, Carrick. On the premises are 8 acres of hardwood bush, 12 acres of good cedar, soft maple and soft elm swamp, good bank barn and driving shed, brick veneered house and good orchard. Conveniently located on a well travelled road.

Mrs. Catherine Hoffe,
Administratrix.

Yorkshire Hog.

Pedigreed Yorkshire hog for service at Lot 35, Con. D. Carrick.
Geo. Siegner, Prop.

Helwig's Weekly Store News...

Mid-Winter Specials

Heavy Coating

1 only piece of fawn diagonal Coating, heavy quality suitable for winter jackets for young ladies and girls, this cloth is 54 inches wide. Regular price of this quality cloth \$2.00.
Price to clear 1 29 a yd.

Indigo Prints

10 pieces of navy and butcher blue print 36 inches wide, spots, stripes and small spray designs, splendid cloth, has been selling for the past two years at what we ask you to-day. Mill price to-day for this cloth is 28c. Our price to you 20c a yd

Men's fleece lined drawers, sizes 36, 38 and 40, worth 90c a garment. These broken lines to clear at 63c per garment.

Women's Furs

Our Fur department has still some nice new neck pieces and muffs left over, these we are offering you at great reductions.
Neck pieces 2.50 and up to 25.00
Muffs 3.80 " " 25.00

Ladie's Jackets

These are real bargains, your winter coat now while we have it in size. All colored Coats, plain greys, Reg. Sizes 16 up to 40. Reg. Prices 5.90

Peabody Overalls and Smocks will be much higher price when the present stock is gone.

Boy's Pants

Boy's Cottonade Pants lined throughout with flannelette, these pants give good wear, and are much cheaper than tweed. Sizes 26 to 34.
Price per pair \$1.00

Flannelette Blankets

Flannelette Blankets, only the best quality, Grey with Blue or Pink border, all White with blue or pink border in small, medium and large sizes.
Prices per pair \$1.50, 2.00, 2.50

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