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Photographic Sciences Corporation


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## OUR VILLAGE

AND

## MECHANICS NSTITUX:

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## BY <br> REV. WALTER INGLIS,

DEGKERED MAECH 26, $186^{\circ}$, BEFORE TIE MUOTSNK INSTYTUTE OF FINOARDINE.

KINCAKDINE:
Printed by J. Lang, "Bruce Review" Oflec.

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## OUR VILLAGE

AND

## MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

## AbETMPE <br> BY

## REV. WALTER INGLIS,

DELIVERED MARCH 26, 1867, BEFORE THE MEOHANICS' INSTITUTE OF KINCARDINE.

- GUNCARDINE :

Printed by J. Lang, "Bruce Review". Offeen 1867.

Pablished by the Meahanice' Institute with the permission of the Author.

## LECTURE

## Delivered by the Rev. Mr. Inglis, in the Town Hall, Kincardine, uL the auspices of the Mechanics' Institute.

## LADIES AND GNTLEMEN,

It is not withont somo hesitation that $I$ appear before you as a lecturcr, on behalf of the Kincardine Mcehanies's Institute. Never having had sueh a duty laid upon mo before, I have no old manuscripts at hand. Ny course of life has been such as to prevent me from making a hobby of some particular branch of science, or becoming a seribbler on literary sub. jects. Perhaps my impression of what a lecture ought to be is a little extra, yet I am sure it is safer, both for ones.self and the public, to have the measure of judgment high, rather than low. Fundamental exposition is necessary in producing a useful lecture, with a considerable amount of trimming to make it interesting. Our stylo of thought is based upon the writing that is found in Magazines of which we all read more or less; hence the nced be of a local lecturer presenting his thoughts in truo ship-shape fashion.

My first difficulty is to find a subject. On this, as on other matters, the old proverlo will be found to hold good, "A bad reaper never gets a good sickle." Truly there is no laok of sub. jects. Wide is the domain of knowledge, from nothing to everything. The discursiveness of the human intellect is at once its strength and weakness, its freedom and its bondage. Wiso menare making high bids for a close ancestral relation between the man and monkey. This may be so in body. It strikes me that there is a large amonnt of tho humming bee in the modo of action, tastes and appetites of man,${ }^{8}$ sip here, and away with a hum. Ever travel. ling, sipping and humming-such seems to be the nature of man's faculties of knowledge. Tastes differ, of course. So far as I am concerned, I would as soon claim a bee for my great grand sire as a monkey, aye, or a gorilla.
What agitations would disturb the repose of a gay, activo, well-behaved bee, to have a contract for supply of honey to some dainty-mouth. ed persons notorious for honey eating? What Would we say of the man who summoned his friends to a feast, and the fare was found to be much plainer than the usual daily meal ?Cauld kail hardly het again-haggis, lacking suet and salt, these would be poor cheer to a decent-not to speak of a fastidious Scotoh. man. Salt chunk, instesd of good roast beef, steaming and savory, would reduce to silence genial-hearted Englishman. It would
rouse the wrath of the mildest Irishman to have a big yellow turnip presented in the place of glorious whito potatocs. Shall I venture further? Well, just think of trying to fix up a Yankeo without a pie. Just think what a mischicvous imp he wonld be, who dared try such tricks as tho abovo mentioned. Formidable guests, magazino readers for any mental host. They know well what is what; as well as what is that. Tlio intellect may not be stirred to its greatest heights and depths on Englishliterature, but what a feast of reason and flow of soul is prepared and spread uut on the pages of many of our periodicals ! If I were not a humming-bec, what a subject for a lecture I The inlluence of modern liternture upon society. Or still narrower: were I to introspect and state the results upon my own veritable self of Magazine roading during these last two years. Whata subject when a man has to lecture about self not to self! Terrible fellows, these heavy quarterlies. Many a poor unfortunate reader has been made something liko a big drum head by their speculations. Aye; but jou hat lis year got 'Punch' as a corrective of bas : ates. Just so-extremes meet. To get up a iseture on the offects of Magazine reading, it strikes me would just suit more than one of us. What scope from a cartoon to a discussion on the Absolute-from Caudle's curtain lectures, to expositions on the Rights of Women-from the travels of Speke and Grant to the adventures of some young hero seeking the eows by the sound of a bell in the backwoods. This vast variety reminds me of the retort of a Scotohman who was taunted by an Englishman on the impropiety of calling a sheep's head a dish. "Dish or no dishlet me tell ye," said the eater, "that there is some fine confoosed feedin on't." Thank you, my countryman, for the expression. "Confoosed, fine confoosed feedin'"

What would you ssy to a brief discussion on the traits and ultimate teachings of 'Punch?' What is the moral of the little funny man with the wise looking dog? Is there anything real. ly or radically wrong in wit and fun with its queer grimace? Is it one of the essential forees of human might? Is it mest or medicine? Is it mentai alchohol, or narcotic: This traok would lead us into wandering mazes suct. This would be a lecture indeed I Whatever the oracle might ntter, it is to be fervently
hoped that the destiny of the Anglo Saxon race is for a higher purnose than making wry fuees at each other. What if the far renching dogma, "like makes like," is found to be ultimate truth. 'Punch,' you must be a good boy, nud try at times to lonls like other folk. Good-bye; and laugh neither at the good nor the true.

This hunt after a subject reminds me of Coelebs' seareh tor a wife. What do you say. to on inroad into the domain of argumentation? 'I'lat would h? unwise indeed, to venture away upon the dark deep waters of reason. Whateverlight wo may begiu with, we shall at last srope in miduight darkness. It is a funcy nome peoplo have tiken the with-that reason nad reasouing hrings the man noarer the light. Iireat mistakel 'the splendour of midday is fonnd in unreasoned truth; every deduction weakens or refracts the ray. Why should not a man find it possible to argue nway all his mo. tions or reasons, us well as a gambler who has spent his last shilling? We shall leazo J. S. will with tho knotty guestions of Womens lii hits, of Sensations, of Liberty, \&e.

Thu re is u field in the wide doman of modern litoratme that has much green grass, and many a gandy tintod flower in its rango to tempt a ranhhe. What say you to a talk upon the fatnly of story-telling, alias tho novel, alias Invention? I have hard of a good simple. minded father who allowed his danghter to stity the high art of cooking as part of her education and necomplishments. The result was mosi satisflectory, The old gentleman doclued that it was "reel spent siller." He must have been a Scotchman. "For," said he, "our A enn can noo mak a dinner oot o' nacthing." Happe father! happy daughter! but happier fur the vonug man that won'l get suil $n$ treaswe! Just llink of it young gentlemen! A $y$ ung dashing wife able to keep the house on 'warthing.' If I were able to entertain yon upon nothing, that would be something. Ah ma! the dittictilty of getting sottlod in mind; men choosing wives, women ehoosing colors, ineturers choosing suhicts-difficulties, prave - littenlties. ull these. 'The melancholy fact folluws, as Allan Ramsny has it: "Dorty bairns, They'll seart unither's leavins at tho last." 'That is too stitr for Einglish cars-hear it then. - Pett'd children are giad at last to scrape peoples' pota for a morsel of food." Weary wanifrers at last look homewurd-happy recolleclions of
" Home, sweet homo ; there is no place liko home."
What do you sny to the home subject-Our Vilhage! our Mecbanies' Institute, and tho intluence of secular knowledge in advancing sbiritual truth?

Ist. Ocr Villios. What associntions gather alout the word home. Here is our home; here are our hearths and altars. It is no Botany Bay to us. Of our own choico wo came liere, in preferenee to 10,000 other localities in this wide land, to live, and if it is the will of

God, here to die. It is true that in this land of emigrations, many, very many n9ver take root and never find a homio; ever in seareh of that most desirablo spot which is not to be found. They are to rost when and where the pocket ia flled-alas for them! IIavo we, then, anything amongst us of root-giving vitality? Is thore any soil for tho heart, the nffections to penetrate intn? What aro tho advantages and natural beautios of this place? I recolleet of hoing asked by a young lady what I thought of Canada, after I hat been some months in it. "Well", I snid, "NIiss, it reminds me as much as anythiny of a fat pancake." Hastily my fair querist begged mo to loe guinl. "I am truly in that happy state of mind," I replied; "panenkos nro tine things, simplo things ; no diff. culties in outting and carving; no bones; all to be vaten." That was my impression of Cannda then-s land to be eaten; good for meat. Kincardine, it strikes me, has uil the advantage. of tho paneake, but it lins something more. Our bread lake bonnds the Western aky. Whilst I nm not a poct to sing its praisers-to me lake Huron is a thing of beanty, and it will be $n$ source of joy to the people of our Vil. lage to the end of time. Who that has seen, upon a summer's evening, can ever forget or remain unimpressed with the beauty of the golilen pathway from the bright setting sun over the deep blise waters I As I continue to gaze towaras the distant horizon, I find year by year something new-still more delightful, and suggestive of nll that is lighest and best. So may our sun of life go down.

Again what a majesty thero is in tho wild sweep of the western blast! True, these fierce Octobry and November gales are a terror to the struggling mariner-to the beholler from Kin. cardine's lieights, the surging wave is full of Heaven's misic. As Byron says of old ocean, "'There is music in its roar.' No huckster cen ever peddle nway these natural beauties. In this utilitarinn age, let us retlect upon the advantage of health which our position gives us. It is no vain boast, but a soler, well atteste? fact, that a more healthy spot is not to bo found in this great North Eastern America. No ngues and lingering fevers have here a hirth-place or home. Our beach has no fatal minsma lurking amongst stugnant waters or intermedinte marsh. The time is at hand when hundreds of weary invalids will seek from us, during summer, health and strength; when the oppressed with business and study, will find along our shore, pence from the murmaring or rather rippling wave. No sultry, choking, damp heats paralyze. Daring is tho mosquito that can meet the requirements of life with us. These and other advantages we have as our heritage. No doubt our elimate is in some sense sovere, irregular and blustering. The furur flbre of life will find scant nourishment with us. Providence has given to every place its drawback. Often I think of the contrasts of this country and South Africa-especially
durtag wintar-there no min, no now, the eronings dipping down to hoar frost, One blosaing to me is atill to be mentioned, pos. ceored by Kincardine, and that no amall ono: we are out of the sone of deep Canedian mud. What a deplorable atate for a man to bo in, up to the knoen in mudl You know the quention put to strangers: What do sou think of this placo, thla village, this town or counts. Our dituation is, to mo, good. We leok the Mait. load. of Goderich, and the Sangeen, of southampton, and happily we lack the high, unaightly alay banks of the one, and the barren and of the other. Taking our situnation as a Whole, I belliave that wo have a position cap. able of bringing out a fair, yea, benutiful vil. lage. The valleys behind contala nooks and retired spots for rotreate, being built away from the bustio of life. All along our front, froing che lake, we have a narrow belt of sand, but it is living earth sand. Very little of our torders need be loft to common and barron wate. Where the fruit tree cannot aucoeed, we have the delightrul atrawherry, ready to occupy and compete for high honors in the list of delicious truita. Why should I detain you in noticing all therth by our our gardens o Let apable of being put forth by our gardens ? Let us turn our thoughts to the position of our village for business and
antimate growth. Our Eastern shore prucludea the vinion of city spleadour-Railmerse may out and divert trado-yet, weighing all these ponsl. bilities, if we have the right sample of men in our midst, wo shall be able to compete in many renpects, with all our neighbors in the Western Countiea. As for the material part of our Vil. lage, it is etill the day of raw youth-merely the beginnings of things. It would be difflcult to form a pioture of Kineardine fifty years hence-probably notone of the present housee left atanding-churches, school-houses, stores, sco., all rebuilt. When we hear, from tima to time, of the havoc made by fire sucs ung these lemporary wooden buildings, one cices long for stone or briok, with other provencives of such other day.
There is sometbing dignifled and beooming in building houses that will last handreds, is not thousands of years. Buileing is not the work of this age or country. The represents. tive man is the clearer of land-it is enough for Ine generation to olear away the forest. Often I feel pained that there is so little taste displayed in the laying out of our Canadian vil. lages and owns; our streets are too narrcw. Look at Queen street; it ought to have been
half fas wide again. Again, there is no provis. ion for a park whera the young can play and the aged rest. What a book to read-the mode, style, tasto and finish given to a hovse, atrest, or town. You lmow the man by his surround: ings. What is the canse of so little originaility or taste displayed among ua? I herr some ov. claiming, povorty, Sir, povorty. Notaltogethor, sriend. Is there not less of denign (I mean of
the beacitial) in people of cold racione, than is thom of warm? This won't coocunt for all that wo see olther. What man be the conaco of an intelligent peoplo allowing ple and yeue to bo the playmatee of their ohildran? Think of a child' carlioat amoociations anving the in. evitable pig at the door 1 . With what indigna. tion would an Arab or a Enatir apurn the com. pany. At moralist, spoculating on those reat pointe of our peoplo, 1 should my, grow fa largoly the ouse of our laok of roined rato: groed is a grast sbeorbent of the benutiful. I am not anre but that a darkening hind of aim must prow ovor the eyo, arining from leok of nese, lite fog on stones. At - phyulologits, I have my fraver that grog and tobecoo thke ofrt the fine edge of aight and tasts for the benutiful. A man continually angaged in Alling spittoona Wan hardly be reckoned o man of doliente vidion. With all the falta of orr race, thare it, nevar. thelenk, a long way botireen the nonteot, and the uglient; whother in the individunal, the houso, the stroet or the town. And the question gressen itvelf upon ms: have we the men to make a handsome iown : Before passing on to another toplo, allow me to put another quention. Why have we not compotition io neat villagee at our National Agricultural Show, as woll as other triale of akill? We try the buildinge on the farme; why not be eble to put the fipger on the map and kay: here is the best built, the cleanest, yea, the model village in British North America ? Why mey not Kincardino aim at this honor ? It would pay.
In one amongst us found so void
Of beanity's worth, from utter greed,
That by his planes sid olumes oraft,
Our atruets are apoiled for lack of art;
"If suoh there breathe, go mark him well,"
Kincardine has for him no wail;
His name and grave shall be forgot,
No stone shall mark the dreary opot.
2nd. Having spoken of tise outwand, let us dirset our attention to the man of our villageto ourselves-in other language, to our Institato. To the thoughtfol, great are the insues of life, in the case of individuals, of vil. lages, and of nations. of old, the ory was rila. ed on Mount Soir: "Watahman, what of the night ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "The strange double answor wes givon, The morning cometh, also the night. In press: ing the fature for an answer, we may well cay, the light cometh, also the night. There is no doubt, a tremendous confliot ts going on in our midet, betwean good and evil. Knowledge in boing increased. It is yot to be seen whether there is also an increase of sorrow, or of joy. Knowledge produese vante and enlayges deciire. It is yet to to seen whether the supply is equal to the domand. Whatover the future mey bo, hom sed to read of tha past1 It eoems a derris and roid cheos. Let us road about our own bo. loved Fatherlands-the edrented, the wies, the good, the loving and the true, have boen com. parativaly for indeed. Take Soothnd, with ite echoole for centuries, what ignornnop; wrotoh.
odness and vico are fonnd in our towns and oities! All the moans put forth to stom this torrent of inifuity have in many respecte come whort. With other means of education, Mochadics' Institutes arose. Wo had considerable lifiliculty in getting hold of a subject ; it would be au ideteresting topio to write upon: the rise, progress nul benefit of such means of inatruc. tion. I wish I had it in my power to loy befora you the results of one or two of the most suc. cessful. I knew a little of the Institute in Edinburgh, whela student, some thiry years ago. I knew somestriking exsmples of mental culture, in the midst of daily, drudging toil. My lot has been far apart from city life. Like 'a voice crying in the wilderness,' my days have been spent emidst the rude beginnings of things. The same piaciple and power thát led zoe to the wilds of africu, leal others to put forth the hand and tongun to educate the ignorant massos in our citios. After all that has been dono, poverty and hard eauly work atill hold multitudos in their grim grip. Vion is ever casting up to the surface thousands of neg. leoted youth. She raco of lifo becomes yearly more exciting. Neok and noak men hurry onward; the prize is to the strong and to the swift; the cry comes up from behind and from Dolow-Onward. To halt is peril ; to stand is denth. Men nust now have knowledge, or sink in irretriewable poverty. IIence the ery of knowlelge ; linowledge is bread, it is life. Woa to the ignorant! It is no longer fermitied or antisfactory to pick unt a fow sons of genius and aducate them, and lat the dull raass mone. The motto now is, "lay hold of the mass, let genius shif for itself." Common stonus do well for building comfortatie hcuses; many fair homes are found, though not built of poiishou marble. We work up our rags. as well as our brokon pots; we hurry away city fith liy unheard of modes, to the hangry fleld; thus saving our perplo from fever and pestilence, and our poor from hunger. If it is a thing of terror to nllow city filth to gather, it is far inore frightful to allow igncrance and vice to stalls abroad. Political economists tromile to ses an ignorant brute force oreature, as much as they do a cosa-pool. Selfishness of old said, "let them alone, they are always accuraed." Now it cries, "Educste; lo, I perish ! by the night, the mental and moral typhoid arising from ignorant men. Right thinkers are weary of living in the neighborhood of brute force and savage ferocity, weary of dall ennui and degrad. ing vicc-.-weary of soulless gossip carried on so extensively during those precious hours between work and slcep. It is either slay, or be slain, with these gannt giants, no neutrality, no treaty of pesce. Two questions presrnt themselves, in reference to our Institute whish we take the liberty of answering.

1st. Are there any prospects of our Institntion being permanent? If such a hope is to be indulyed, can uny ching be done by us to effeot greater good? In pressing an answer to the question of permanence it will be needfal
to lay before you some general principles.
lst. What is permanent must have its seat deep in human nature. With what tenacity men loold on to some things. The Atheniail desiro of now thinga has its limitation. Wis cant away mush-old ciothes, \&ec. it is sald, TVe aven cast away our very body every 7 years; but we tonscioualy rotain ths Ego, tise I, our idenity. Look at some of the instan of of the: permanont. In this great wave of emigeation, riany vory many have fluiganvay the comforts of llfe, and rushed to the baek woods to possess a freedhold, a pieen of land...believing that happiness must be obtsined by a permanent possession of lacil. They wore borne on wards by a forvid inagination, uotil oettled in thn midat of primeval formets, lige and bye they a wake as from a feverish dreem...finding nisery aid want in lisa face like a grim wori. Gentle eroatsuas! What could they do in hopping and lurning? "Their nieve a nit, their arm " guid whup siank." Amidst the sad examplos of nisery maltitudes still ury out for land.-.though the; ary in every way unfted for tilling the ground. Take again, relizion. Combinatinn for worship will rumain as long as our race ex. ists---heesuse it spring from tho deepest desires and necessities of man. Lack agnin at sohool houses. Childruu nust be hought together to Jearn the oloments of knowledge. What are Merhanie's Institutes lutt the carrying out of the prucess of education amongst the working 2uass? By the law of progress man daily becomes moru comples and universal in his tsstes and desires. The $\&$ rent wreld is coring nearer to limevory day. The fiudings of science continuslly press upen his attention strange things. His wonder is largely fod by ficts...not ancient fibbles. Norasn can coaduct business without a widc ragge of outside knowledge. Duily we hear of men missing their mark from this cause. They go on very well for a time...but they lack bottom; in plain phrsse, they possess not breadth of understanding. To supply this lacs many young working men are compelied to atted the village or city night college...there to flnd needful knowledge. Poor fellow ! What did the knowledge of his echool boy days amount too? Reading, writing, calculation then only begun...to become of use they must be carried on-..developed. Work he must during the day. Golden precions hours are those between 7 and 10 for this young aspiring raind ! This interdependence of knowledge is fully seen in the so called learned professions. An acenmplished divine must intermeddle with all knowledge. So in like manner the jurist and the doctor. What endlees ramifications have the arts and sciences ! So in like menner mechanice and artizans, farmers and plough. men; yes you find this overlapping all the way through life. Is it not miserable to see a hage hulk of a fellow topple of asleep whenever a book is putinto his hand f His mass of raw brain is seff as pulp. Thought isa maarineas to him. Ten to one he will hardem off at last.by hard drinking and vice. What a melancholy
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must
thought, that one half of acholars never get over the drudgery of reading, never anter upon the pleasures of knowledgol Thes know not the pleasure of a good book.
2nd. What is permanent must be cultivated artively. The sonl of man can only be fully doveloped by having the intelleet charpenen by uze. Solomon long ago saw this truth, "Iron sharneneth iron; so a man sharponoth the "ountenance of his friend" We must be sonio. thing more than mero liencers if permaniont good and life are to characterize us. What is the reason that mere hearers of lectures, sermons and prayers, \&e, wake so little progresn? A nunss of clureh goers are littlo better than idlle drenners Instend of growing in know. ledge, their intellectual powrrs bocoms all strunk und withered...aye multitudea, haar thembelves into mental and as a coaraquenco spiritual dosth. Youn never contd teasoh the ehild liy leetures. The littlo one must enorgize, repeat, imitate." The seholar all the wny through his course. inust aucwer questions, $\mathbf{y}$ mmit to mem. orf. Mo doos not know true acadomio lifo untill he hre waur questions to ask. Further on he adds syeaking and writiug, aud becomas himaclf an instructor. It is an, ld kaying the best way to trach yourself is to teach uthers. Without these active stimulants the mind will Wandor, dreets and fnally sloep. True ndvanee in enducation is putting forth the uetive. No man cun learn atrade or art by meroly looking on. In fart the doom o $0^{c}$ henven is written against all lookers on. There is no ${ }^{1}$ rovision made for them hue denth, plyss'cal, moatal end spiritual. This is the weak point of vuany men and Institutes in theso days-thoy thick thoy have the pritilcge of locking ou. The passivo haunts me liku a hideous nightmaro...like a huge mis. ahapeu holigeblin spreail out over ucres of land catching in its dewdly narns the unwary traveller. Lazinuss is the popular term for this dure ene. 1il:- Lat us eschan it, pass it hy...- yea flee from it -.struserle and fight it...jea, pray against it. Alluw tie to say tbal rosding itsolf bocolles in its tern pazsive, Liks many things else, in the Wruld rending will never make a nua. Reading, hearing tothaty in, aro meens to no ond, tint w. the lumea librirum. hat olv forwks. Tho miser,
 matrahle of men.. wrupped up in siltishnoss
 Phe miser ithambedpe is a far worse man to lis tillows mas we ohall sec in the thired hlserva.
:3rl
Brid. What is Ir rmanent nust the unselfich, ir in other torms we tanist pive aut knowledge, It I vere to thish off with is sermon, my toxt wnuld he, ". Ki man liveth to hiinself." Knowledge must circulate - must he free. It is mine -- it is yours..-it is Heaven's current coin to man. Its image sud superscription is 1100 Censer's-but that of Ceaser's Gina. Woo hetide un, it we try to hourd, to hide knowledge from our sellows. To use another illustration, knowledge must flow like wator. When that essentiol in.
gredient of lifo ceases to flow, it stapnatos-becomes minsma-denth. Whit, says one, are a mans thonghts not his own, Can he not bury them in his own hosom? They will herome liko the old stery of the man with the stolen fox in his hosom. They will gnaw upon the vitals of the hider. The vays of efreulation or giving out are various. A man inventa some new instrument or plan of action-ho mekeq. He uleo writes an acerount of tho name. Others follow snit. They givo ont. This is the renson why in our day, meelinnieal and agricultural nind isso healthy. Thay hava no secrets. The law of patent is sisply a toll gate upon the Queen's liggh way. A means to keop tho road in repair nad further improve it. The inventors of the age are full of matter-likg tlihu of old they must give out. Go to the in"ly farmer whose hend is teeming with new dieas and im . provements. No dumb dog ls he. What de. light he has in showing his friend all over bis brounds, drains, fences, manuros. crops, herds of enttle, \&c., aro all subjects of deep interest to him. You will say, the moving spring of sll this is selfishness. Not necessarily so. His intorest he enn seo as a consequent of public henefft-not the cause. How strikingly is all this health of mind exhivited in our agripultural shows, sur, when we como to contrast classes that would hide linowledge from their fellowa Striking are the lossons from those who prevented the Biblo from boing rend by the peoplo.
Let us look at your position as a society. One of the canses of your formation was to learn to speak, Wull groat is the gift of public apeaking, and it ought to be rnost earefully cultivator. zet the young inan of fluent sleech cultivnte eloquence in all its persuasive forms. Let- the logieinu ant... the lists of ol hae dubate-let him feel the warrior's stern joy ia meeting a fooman worthy of his steel. Gifts are various. Many ean neither plead nor reason. Look at mnny of my countrymen. Some of them neither fools nor surly, dirty dogs-who snerl even at ihe question of, How is tho way ' Saunders' etrength lien in question and brief answer. Nons of your longwinded arories for him ; come to the point at onee, out with $\mathrm{ir}^{\text {r }}$ no humming and having. Ask him aquestion or two-his sneweris like a pol. ieeman's batton, ehort, stont, deeisive. Have you any questions to put yourself Satuders? aske the bystander. Deed have a', ssys the auld farnand dovee man-a, wad like to speer a quostion. Look out neighbor with the thuent tongue 1 Somu hard posers are coming. Some people try to get up a joke on the man of quentions and answer. They may laugh that win. It is the grand old Socratic inode of teaching, of aequiring knowledge. Go on old fellow, ealechism and altogether. Give out, not grudgingls but with full pressed down measure. One of the grandest forms of giving out ie to be fuund in conversation. Have jou read Wilson's Noctes? I have to confess ouly to a taste of the book. What life, when men are warmed up in cenversation 1 Think of the flow of soul when wit flashes, and sense ponetrates-all the ficul-
tien of the soul awake. This is peouliarly life at home life in the man'e den. I detain you on thls point. Why should I not linger: If feel the importance of the quention raisod. If our Inatitutu is based upon intellectand solashness wo cannot be permanent. EreI pase on let merefor egein to the miser. Then he dies, all him gold is brought forth - not a penny loft-theagh late, all is pat into circalation again. Not so with the minnthat keeps all his knowledge to himeelf. All goes down to the grave. True, he loaves his library. A small gift to posterity. The monument of $a$ fool.
4th. I would notioe again : for pormanent life there must be a sufflient amount of vitality or momeatum to propel onwards. Lifo is motion....decth is inert. What I want to expresn on tnis head is that aotivity muat rise to a cer. tain height life the thermometer-..say blood heat. This is what in called the enthusiamza of humanity. Metals only fuse at a oortain heat. Iron only walda at white heat. Some such ane. alogy is found in the soul. It has ite welding white heat....ns all you married folke well re. momber. It was a white heat that day when you jouned hands. All tzue lovers of knowledge muat have the white heat of intellectual passion. A calobrated writer says well of virtue, "It must be passionate." I am well aware of the wide applieation of the word enthusiasm in a bad senge. It is quite posaible for a stupid apprentice to be blowing the fire when the iron is burning. Passion withcut reason is medness. It is a bsd sign of the times when high breeding has ever to alow cold impastive moderation. When the great man hears-ho is to look as if he knew all about it-as if nothing particular was being narrated. True a man cannot always be jumping aboat like an impatient child-but I have no patience with that feokless soul that is not waiting at his own boundaiy of knowledge for something new 1y. 1 l .
It may be asked- How are we to know the right gaage of enthusiasm ? Simply by realizing knowledge as a necessity. Whon a man is truly aware that he oannot do without knowl. edge, ho has the passion me spenk of. Is not this 50 with all those misearable appotites that oarry amay men ? The drunkard cannot do vithout his grog. Gamblers must play. All the way through the ranks of sir what enthuiliasm men digplay 1 Piorpocket have a perfoet dolight in their high profession of flill. Truth, or true knowledge is a fair lady-coy, and modent. He that gains her hand munt preas his suit or he will miserably fail. It is good to bo zealously affected in a good thing. The fire of the viso man'e soal has its place to heal up the whole house. It in the part of a madman to fire hif houso in order to warm himpolf. Misorable lopt one 1 He dia not in. tend it $I$ yot all is leit-burnt to death. Aro thoce terible oxamples going to metre men put out thair trow immediotaly? By no menns. It is a cold night-put on another moral log-

All the store-that is-the heart. Lot it talk, lot aro-and wind-and oold mako muoio.Pipes and obimney are all good and olean. Heppy man, who roalizes lifo ma guin-all gain -time not lont.

Oth. The lantobeerration I have to makeon the lat of permanence in-Arotherhood. Human nature is ever running into brotherhoods for good or evil. Little can be done by man alono. difence the necessity of Union. It may be dififult to get us welded into a homogencons mose-seoing wo are in a menagre all strangery to eech other, trained in different modes of thought as weli as life, we lack the antecedeots of fresh montal friendship; Like our Volun. toars we can be drillod-keep stop-maroh-Theol-form $\rightarrow$ harge-fire. Philosophio ties have groat olasticity. What ehall we say if the strongoat is Kinoardine arc found amongst the tipplars, gamblers ? Do they not apend more money upon each other? Query-Do they heat the enuroh brotherhood; Tut, tut 1 What if a dollar to two maudlin cronien? Piety has no ohanoa with its ooppera.
2nd. Thesecond question I proposed to ask'wns coan anything be done by us to offeot greater good ? I do not intend to assume the position a fault finder. In jour caso I am no destructive. What you have done-let it stand on its own good foundation. Go on your way-brilding stong after stone-adding wing aftor wing, until 6 goodly componite of old and new rasy arrost the aye of the passing stranger. Let us be impressed with the gravit"of our situation as the fathers and founders of a Literary Institute. To have a good end you mat hare a good be. ginning. Small matters have much infuence in starting tapo lifo. Wo may have hinder. ences in the way of attaining to dity, greatnoss bat wo have nothing in the way of reaching imperial mind. If we are personally small, unnotioed and unknown in the world of letters, Who can tell the future, and the influencees we may put in motion? Whatevor field for ultimate devoloppment, great men may find in our capitals-rillages and out of the way places are favourite spots for the otigin of genius. AB streams have their source in the distant mountains-so these great centres of thought have boen gathered from dark unknown distant villages, hamlets and hats, as vell as from halls and palacose It was a glorious thought that dwalt in the mind of the Jewish mother, the possibility of giving to the world the Mossiah. Is tharo the posibibility of the man of the ageHigh hopes, how inspiring I Possibilities, how reall That man is to be somewhere. Is he not warth expecting ? © Our motto boing.What is possible for man to do-we shall aim at. Longfallow says wall:

On the world'e broad fold of battle,
On the bivounc of life,
Be not like dumb driven onttle,
Be a here in the atrife.
The ege of physical prowess bas past. Not jot meatal and moran. I well reoolloct when -
wee fellow bnilding castles in the air, of reading Blind Harry's Wellace. The effeot was, thet Sootchmen were far strouger mon than the English. There wes a passage that eclipsed all the rest. Wallace and his army were besieging one of the English towns-Durham or York. (mind you it is more than forty years since I saw the book,) Wallace had ordered his men to drive in the gate. They failed. He orderea them to stand bsck. On the Hero went like a mighty battering ram, drove the gate before him, with three ells of the wall, Was not that great, grand? What nation like my own? snid the boy. It was a big story of course. It was meat suited for the hairbrained boy. Popular ignorsnce has to be stormed, its heavg gates driven in, its mnd walls levelled.
I would tender the following advices. First, let a large proportion of your subjects of debate be practicls, definite, capable of an aye or a no. I am well aware you must always keep on. hand a few old gates and walls for Mr. Hardb -1 to run against. If you do not, Don Quixo : : ' se, he will try his strength some other wiere. Mind you, I speak not of your past as if you had erred. I believe its in human nature, to show good and valid reasons why the moon is not made of cheese. It may be said that the local, the definite, the real would engender strife. Strife! out uponit. Are we yet to take a vote on the question. Is wrath reason? Why to be sure if we still beliove in brute force we must pout, sulk, scold, declaim, denounce, rave and rattle, and then wind up with coats off, and settle mstters with fisticuffs.
Proof, fact, demonstration give edge to the mind. Let the locomotive be suited to the rosd.
2nd. I have the impression that some meeting s ought to be held in the free and easy conversational style-chairman of course-no stand-ing-mingling the Socratio form, of putting a question on the bsck of an assertion. This talent is required in this land of law and proeess. One argument in behalf of this is the love of brevity in this our dsy and generation. The mass of men are fearfully one sided. I must say I should like to see this draw badger game, by posing a fellow given to assertions with a few questions. Rare talent! to question closely.
3rd. You are aware there was a frightful oontroversy among the philosophers of a past age. The colours were : Realist and Formulist. I desire to touch on form-it, even it, is a reality. Mode of speech enters largely into the influence of man in oonveying knowledge. Mode of apeeoh is a cash article. One can hardly do business with a man that neither pronounces words rightly nor cares a straw for manner. Some of you may remomber the story of Cole. sidge, if I mistake not. He saw a man in the tavern whose appearance pleased him very much. He was sure there wes mind in the man. At last they were seated at the pablic dinner table. Coleridge watched his maxs fromething boing offered to eat, the man utter.
ed, ' Them's the jookeys for me.' It was enough. He had a big enapty house to let. Wonder and interest were tarned into contempt.
-We have apparently failed in publio readings. Why not vary your Friday nights with a read. ing of five minutes from three or four members -men being appointed to correct errors of pronunciation, \&c., \&o. None of us can be so thin in the skin as not to crand this gentle process ci training. Fine field for improvement emongst us. We may be able by this means of progress to bring to the village thousands of dollars.
Rude spsech is fit to give some people a head. ache. This is neither a joke nor a fanoy buta well known fact. Friendship is often formed by reason of speech. Many a Scotchman has often gropned by reason of his Dorio hindering him in life. Sootch is Scotch. English is English. Speak in London as the Londoners do.

4th. Whilat weare doing our very best to get a library I would suggest that we begin and press into existence a cabinet of all the scientifio foots or specimens in our neighbourhood or county. Let as all choose our hobby. I should like to see before me a specimen of every kind of wood (of native grouth). This might be put together very neatly by some of our mechanics. Again, plants, roots, flowers, \&c., \&c. Again, earths or soils. Think of a skilled oyo coming here and finding the clay for Bath Brick! What a fact if it should take the prize at Paris this year! Again rocks, stones, shells, \&o. Agaiza our birds and beasts. This would be some. thing to show our visitors from afar. You are a ware that men of the highest culture reoommend ss a necessary branch of education, some science that requires the habit of observation. The eye takes in just as much as there is soul behind it. Baron Humboldt said of an Amoriosn|that he had travelled more and seen less than any man he knew.
$\sigma$ th. Let us as one grand part of our work, make our Institute a school,-a houf-a den for the young and thoughtless. We must have something to competo with th, Bar-room and Billiard table. • Waiving drunkenness altogether, these places cannot makemen.

I was glad to see that by the energios of a few in London, C.W. a reading-room has been there established. Tell me of a town that has no reading room, and I will pronounce the ansthema of ofignorance upon it.

As King Charles II said of Prinoe George of Demmark, that he had ,tried him drunk and tried him sober, but he had found nothing in him. Is it a vision of the night or of coming dsy that I see a comfortable room open for all comers from 6 to 10 every night for reading, ysa, or gossiping if you will, in this our village?
6th. And to tusk it up in a word, se the old divine did when at the sepentieth hend of hitit discourse, it hes at times struck me that intellectual societies fail in not having roben of of. fice, and titles of honour. Cariyle is right-
clothes rale the world. They are the banner of Humanity. As artyle says-let a wicked imp atrip the Britioh Empire of its robes of office all power woald vanish like smoke. A large amount of Freemasory is found in its antique eplendour of costume. Look at the Orange So. siety. Take array the sash and that big lout of - fellow would not give a cent for all that re. maina. Look at the Tee-totalers-wise in their day and generation. Yee, look everywhere-but among ourselves. What do you find? Robes of office- grand worthy Patriareh-grand mas. ter and other high fying titles. Let the order be given for all the Kincurdine Societies to turn ont and see and be seen. Why the learned, wise, literary Institute men would be found nowhere. The very children would be apt to hee-hee uas. Our fair ones would hang down the head. It is true that there is an anachron. ismo - serew loose, in putting sashes, and belts and mottoes on the shoulders of those old rep. resentative men, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.No doubt these find old worthies would protest against auch fashion. It weuld be as hard to fir them ap after the Nineteenth century, as to pat seckeloth over their luins. It would be e day of grief and humiliation. Never mind those nice apeeulative points. We want to
catch the gay.sighted fellows, and logd them to oatch the gay-sighted fellows, and lead them to higher things. Some may call these dreasing tendencies-weakness. What do we say of our Universities? -they are gowned and capped.
One thing-we are not yet known in the village. By all means let us turn out some fine day, with the Band at our hesd, and demonstrato the fact of our oxistence to all classes. It would not do to carry our Lubsary with us-as emblems...as our weapons of war. Yet what have we else?
What a glorious sight to see youth following in the paths of wisdom 1 It would be to the thancementofoar village-yea, of every town on the continent to have our halls open every night for one branch of study or another. Is man to be ever as he bas boen? Is the multitude al. in the strain of our sccomplin we not join man :
"Oh haste your tardy coming days of gold,
Long by prophetio minstrelsy foretold,
Where you bright purple streo tsa the orient skies
Riae, Science, Freedom, Peace, Religion rine."
The third topic we proposed to discuss was soientiffc truth adrancing apiritual teuth. The difficulties of our position come from other quartere as well as from the ignorant and the wioked. In the religioua world there are men who do yot give secular trath ito due: There it is enough respectable man who tellia us, that it is enough for him to know his Bible.
looke upon soience, iterature, as by.paths to be avoided. I believe in the value of earthly knowlodge possessing power to aid the spiritual. In illuatrating this point I shall lead you to the midas of Aftion as presenting fento of tho wime

Missions different opiniona have been adru...u. as to the best modee of preaching the Gorpel. One sajs Chriatianize, then oivilize, another angs oivilize, then Christianize. Whilst I have lithle sympathy with the latter class, as they aro only talkers...Athenian oritics...I cannot agroe with the former. The endings of experienee ohow that civilization and Christianity, go hand in hand. Look at the question from an every dey, common sense point of view. You bave to raise up nations, just as you do families and in. dividnals. How does the mother deal with her her son and danghter? She washee, olothes, feeds, then 'sends to school. There we havo zind and body growing together. Eating and thinking are good frieuds...so are body and toul...time and eternity. You will all admit that before you can influence a man you mast command his respect. Will you listen to a man whom you hold in contempt ? How are you to arrest the attention of that fierce warrior ? Wo, Wour Bible? Verily not. With Religion? No, not at all. He has none, he is armed with spear, shield, and batule axe. You go forth with him, not to battle, vut to bring down the lion, the elephant, the rhinoeeros, the buffalo. He looke at your weapons, he has never been the like. There is a flash, a report, and the still distant besst lies dead. Oh this to $h$ him is power... new power...fre from heaven: The white man is at once admitted as the superior. You aro in a bense his lord. This is the beginning of this atep man's influence. All wish a gun. By this step you make the African dependant upon you. I could go therefore with the Bible in one hand and the gun in the other, and give them, $\cdots$ shall I say it $9 \cdots$ both, the gun first and then the Bible to these warlike people. I by no means say as the late lamented Livingston did-that guns stop war. Tbis step leads to farther intercourse-then, by the blessing of God, to the Bible. It, alas, is the last thing of the white man perceived to be of value.
Again, there was a swamp of aboit 1000 aeres at my station. I told the obief to drain and dry it. The old wise men took np the case a...cried impossible. I 1 easoned...told them What had been done. All was of no avgil. Few men can reason-they rather believe. It was a matter of faith. We laid aside talk es useless. The chief, believing that I wae noither a fool nor a rogue, told me to go ahead and that he would follow. I ordered my weggon-driver, a noble little fellow, to take the plongh to the gwamp side. I got all the spades we could muster far and near. It was early gpring. The ground wes bare...as the rank reads and grass had been burnt. With ten good oxen and powerful plough, with share as sharp as e hnite, we drow a furrow along the edge, for hafi a mile... smeltered through two fountains to the hip...returned with a back furrow: The chiof ordered his men to out and throw aside abo tough matted sid. We gave them other tho farrows. Then commenced the dighing ed dith 3 feet deep. $A$ striong stream of wattr follow. ed. After thio, a year passed: By this tima

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have to d Christian but as aft 2ud. A)
wards, hel all true ea perverted us the ade ligious cro great-gran you hear $t$ belliove in A scholar that aid an
8rd. You
a first class gling appre man of 8 L than any mi pure thougl
4th. Kind
or talk to a -then say, great csuse drifted away

Ladiea कn another wha rald, a litt time, in whic
the ditoh had done ite work. Wo oarried the poor people with us. All believed. It was a ract... demonstration...ol power and wisdom. Look again at the power of surgery. I shall not speak of my own simple aid in that line. Among the French Missionaries there was a very accompllahed doctor. There came a very serious case of surgery under his care. Ho racle. All Why, the people said it was a mi. racole. All missionaries ought to be accom.
plished surgeons fellows ! Books, Let this case suffice. Poor many child's Rlaks, Reading, \&e., \&o., seem to Thers was one point kind of legerdemain. poser. We shall suppose a chief has some mes. sage to another chief somo hundreds of miles distant. The custom was to give a verbal mes. sage. Let me tell you in doing this work they excel. But there is a missionary where the chief lives to whom the message is sent. Your chief comes and requests you to write a letter. He dictates, you write word for word. The if it is the first time he h8s he goes...doubtful; gives the letter to the ehief. Away they go to the missonary. He reads. The they go to man hears word for word as his chief had dicTo hin a faet, a demonstratlon to this poor rude man 1 the whito man. We demonstration of the power and wisdom of monstrating goodnees, might have led you to examples, dethat the " whilte man yes goodncess. They aaw and sald days of Esan and Jacob, there have heen Aye, from tho hearts-two people.
The lessons I men
brefy as fellows :
1st. Few men can reason or deal in abstract trath. You have to demonstrate - - put before the eyo to convince. Christanity is a fact-facts-not srguments in advance, but as after-ridera Falth is weak
2nd. Art and scleneo from these slmple examples, upWarts, help the spiritual. Therefore I bld " God apeed" to all true earthly knowiedge. I know this great gift can be perverted in the hands of wleked men. Such for instance, us the adoption, by a very able man of eclenee, of some religious crotchot. His welght is great. Huxley says our great-grandathers were spes. The queetion ts put. Do you hear that? A great mathematician esys ho does not believo in the Books of Mosee. Men cry : Ho: A Bishop 1 A sololar 1 Do yon hear that? Proudiy me point to men that ald and do believe.
3rd. Your artizans and men of work-mark the weight of a frrst elass workman. He bulks in the eyes of poor atrug. $g_{\text {gling apprentices as a great man. For good or evil, this }}$ man of skull wll have more authority, weight, infuluence,
than any man or minlister, who phent pure thought alone. minter, who presents to his opagne vision,
4th. Kindness com
 -then say, poor fallow1 Want of attention to thats is ono great cause why multitudes of clitizens. workmen, have drifed away from the Church-tho Bille.
Toallee and Gemticmer, I Lave aid in one shispa or another what 1 intended, and protably, as the 1 ifvisuan culd, a Hitle more I could have, wiahod far more


Beginnings and bogtineers are gencerally apared poliah. If1 have given you truth in the rough-cast, to lay on the mind, it.ts well -I am content. I have to thank you for your attention-that so many have come out to hear. It is pleasiug to see all classees represented, I have to state that ao far as I am concerned, my connection with you, and, all my assoclatione of memory during tho lant two yeers, are very pleasant. I heve had some "grand confoosed feedin' $n$ from.the magazines. It is a luxary of no ordinary kind to alt down to a good Quarterify. \& What caros the reader for Lake Huron's wlads and Canadina colds? They rather help you on with some treochant artide, on politice, hlastory or war. Flae, to got amay to thought to lends of sun and heat, when yonr own cllmato is at zero. When the Imagination firea up and leads you through tho wldd snd the beautiful-the new and the oldthe reminesences of the past-the very apot where yon ait becomes a aacred centre. If you get wearied with the dou and the local-as one poor yearning spiriti) oang whillo among us---"Bnt hero in the wilds of the Wesh, to-morrow the same as to-day"--It refreahes the whole man, to got away amongst the revolutions of the past-to read of the heroes that fought and hled for us, and taste of the cosmopolitan Iffe. Tho loeal 1 s ever to be balanced with on-Iverall-point Elven to the wide, wide world, to the general domaln of thought, by the local--the two-fold man working out a glorious harmony.
My lecture, you may say, la the reffection of a magasine reader-ft is also Introductory and general. Yon will pleaso throw the mantie of charity over my ahort-comingge. The iltle labour bestowed on this paper has been free from pain-save the consclousuese of what would be inprovements. The well knowa queer old lines have jnst turned up as a refratin:
> "The man that Aghts and rung sway,
> May live to fight some othor day;
> But he that fights and there is slain,
> Shaill never live to fight again""

Will the following clink for a little amall change,
He that writea with little paln,
May try for you a theme agam;
But ho thas writes agalnot the grain,
WHI never try to wrte agaln.
It will never do to close with home-spun doggerel. That the Kincardilne Mechanlc'a Insttute may prosperismy earneat prayer. Let te motto be "Eso perpectua"

Lives of great men all remind as
We can make our luves anblime,
And departing, leave behthd no
Foot-priats on the sands of time;
Foot-printa, that perhaps another,
Salling o'er Hifec solemn metin
Salling o'er Hife's solemn main,
A foriorn and ahipwrecked brother,
Seeling, ahall take heart again.
Let us, then, be up and doing,
With a heart for any tate;
Still achleving, etil purauizi:
Learn to labour and to wail.


