Morning Edition.

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"Manslaughter."

The Three Brothers Receive Life Sentences.

While Lemuel, Their Cousin, Walks Away a Free Man.

The Prisoners Break Down While Being Sentenced.

And Vehemently Declare Their Innocence of the Crime.

Mr. Pegley Pleads Hard for Clemency, But the Judge Remains Firm—The Most Brutal Killing That Ever Happened — Would Not Have Quarreled With the Verdict Had It Been Murder, He Remarked—Exceptions Taken by Prisoners' Counsel.

The Rankin murder trial has ended, Lemuel Freeman is acquitted, while George, William Henry and Alexander are to spend the remainder of their natural lives in Kingston Penitentiary. The three men broke into a wild harangue while being sentenced, protesting their innocence—all talking at once and crying,

Saturday Morning.

The first thing done at the Assizes this morning was the reading of the presentment of the grand jury by Mr. Peter Elson, the foreman, He referred to the decrease of crime in this county, and detailed their visits to the jail and asylum, and praised the manner in which these institutions were conducted. Mr. Elson had many a commendatory word of Jailer Kelly and Matron Doyle.

MELVILLE WASHINGTON.

Then the Freeman murder trial was resumed.

Mr. Washington was at Alexander's house when Dezelia came to arrest him, Witness swore that when Dezelia arrested Alexander, the policeman, said "you are the black —— —— —— that did the shooting."

To Mr. Lount—Alexander rode over that night and Washington rode back with him, leading Alexander's horse. Alexander was wounded and could not drive.

This closed the case for the defense.

REBUTTAL EVIDENCE.

Mr. Lount called on George B. Douglas, late partner with his father, Mr. Wm. Douglas, crown attorney, Kent county, for the rebuttal of George Freeman's evidence. He said that when George desired to make a statement to him the latter duly warned him and cautioned him that what he said would be used in evidence George still wanted to make a statement and the witness was going to relate what had passed between them when Mr. Osler objected.

"Under the procedure that was in force at that time, there was a time and place and only one time and place that information, with such a statement can be taken; that is after the examination of the witnesses for the prosecution shall have been completed."

His Lordship overruled the objection.

Mr. Douglas then proceeded to read George's voluntary statement to him in Chatham. It corresponded with the story told by George in the box, as far as the policeman shooting first was concerned. Mr. Douglas proceeded to read the following: "My brothers, William Henry and Alexander killed the man in the fence corner. I think they killed him with axes and a big club." This George candidly denied when in the witness stand. He also denied recognizing the policeman at sixteen feet, but in the statement Mr. Douglas read, said, "I knew the clothing worn by one was that of a policeman, but I thought he was in disguise to murder me.

This closed the case.

"I move for the discharge of Lemuel on this evidence," said Mr. Osler, before addressing the jury. "The magistrate says in his commitment that there was not much of a case against him, and the evidence of the other witnesses dovetails in, so it is only the very unsatisfactory evidence of Dezelia that connects Lemuel with the case at all."

"But it is positive testimony," said his lordship, evidently unwilling to grant the request. "It is only a little matter of time between these connections, and I think it must go to the jury."

Mr. Osler—Very well, my lord.

THE ADDRESS FOR THE DEFENSE.

Mr. Osler took his place at 10:45 and commenced the address for the defense. The prisoners sat stolidly with their eyes glued on the jury box, and since the judge had objected to discharging Lemuel before sending the case to the jury, even he had ceased his indifferent air and appeared as anxious as any one of his three cousins. After dwelling on the gravity of the jurors' duty, Mr. Osler proceeded to state that there was one of three verdicts that they could find. You can, he said, apart from finding one man or more not guilty, find a verdict of not guilty, or guilty as charged, or you can find a verdict of manslaughter against any or either of the prisoners. They had, as it were, two extremes of guilty or not guilty, and they had the half-way house of manslaughter—a terrible finding at its best. He referred to the circumstances of the attempted arrest, and whether the case warranted the finding of manslaughter was left to the jury. "It is for you to say," said Mr. Osler, "whether there was such provocation as would warrant the verdict of manslaughter, whether there was such a state of terror, whether these men acted under such a state of terror, and that they acted under such circumstances of provocation as reduces the matter to manslaughter or justified the act While this was a more or less debated point before the criminal code that came into force on July 1 last, by the expressed provisions of the statute, this matter of provocation is to be determined as a matter of fact. We have here a settlement of men living peaceably and quietly and orderly together. A man of more than usual power, a man of high character, Jeremiah Freeman, had raised his family and had them grouped about him; William Henry living in the house, Alexander settled in a house to the west of him, George settled in a house on the other side, the homestead between them, the family at once united in their work, free from the courts, free from all criticisms, hard-working, industrious, not in any way quarrelsome. There was the little community as it stood on the evening of the 23rd of January. No thought of crime, no thought of trouble. Nothing to disturb the peace on the concession road, the boys doing their winter's work, and going home at night visiting their neighbors, supporting their families, living quiet and orderly lives, and as out of a black cloud the lightning comes and strikes. This unfortunate family are all stricken down. Poor old Jeremiah, in his old days, charged with this murder and dies from the result, and the other men of the family are before you on trial for their lives, and the weeping women and children waiting and waiting the result. Well, who is responsible for this terrible calamity? Who brings it about? What evil hand disturbed this peaceful scene? The greed of one man—Alexander McDonald—wanting to make his constable fees for the arrest of George. George is in the house, conscious of no guilt, guilty of no crime and Alexander McDonald gets a warrant out on his own information, upon his own responsibility, for an offense against a girl whom he apparently did not know, for an offense of the circumstances of which he had no knowledge—an offense which the crown did not go on with, cannot go on with, daren't go on with, and on that trumped up charge, Alexander McDonald picks up a man of his own heart and goes out on his errand on that evening of the 23rd."

George and Alexander were sobbing by this time, William Henry's head rested on his hands and Lemuel's face was hidden on his arm as he leaned in the corner of the dock. George continued to listen to the address with his head resting on his arm, the sobbing stopped, but William Henry found frequent use for a handkerchief as the passionate harangue fell from their counsel's lips.

Mr. Osler proceeded to say that under the statute McDonald was not entitled to make an arrest in this case. The transaction of the 23rd January was reduced to a wicked, violent trespass. He challenged the crown to show that the men were out there to make a lawful arrest, and he asked the jury to say by their verdict that they would not tolerate any infringement of the rights of citizens in this way. He challenged the crown to prove that these men were acting in concert. The constables had no warrant against William Henry, Alexander and Lemuel, and the officers of the law, if they were such, had no right to touch them in the slightest degree. Dezelia evidently lost his head. He went and laid information against these four men, against Jesse, against old Mrs. Freeman and against old Jeremiah. They laid murder against the whole family. Mr. Osler ridiculed Dezelia's bullet wound in the leg, when the trousers we not cut, and the graze on the belt. He said Dezelia wanted to pose as a martyr. The graze on the belt was no more caused by a bullet than the one that ran up the leg of his trousers and took the skin off.

"It's the fighting instinct of man," said Mr. Osler, "that makes the man and the race. Civilization veneers it over for the use of the community, but civilization recognizes it as the great backbone that has got to be reached for in times of trouble, and, knowing that it is treasured by the community, they respect it and give it place when provocation brings it out. Now, then, I say to you that if these men were being shot at by Dezelia, if these men were in conflict with these two men, the blows that happened are justified blows. The blows that happened are not to be measured by the thickness or the thinness of that man's skull, but they are blows given in conflict brought on by the other side, and a conflict which produced in those men that fighting condition of frenzy that carries a man through the battles of his country. They are no more responsible for the unfortunate death in that private battle that was waged in that corner, than the soldier of his country is responsible for the horrible wounds with which his enemies have died." They could not convict on Dezelia's account, and he would presently show them that they could not convict on McDonald's account. He asked them again to remember that there was no preconcerted action in the conduct of the prisoners, and preconcerted action in attack and also that preconcerted action in defense were two different things. The action of Dezelia, Rankin and McDonald was preconcerted, and if they acted in the manner stated, concerted action in defense was justifiable.

Mr. Osler went into the individual cases of the prisoners. "If Lemuel was not there, it not only lets out Lemuel but it entirely discredits Dezelia and takes away from the crown the support of their principal witness. Now, was Lemuel present? You have got to find that fact and a very important fact it is, for the whole case apart form Lemuel. You have got to find that fact upon the preponderance of testimony, bearing in account the fact that in criminal cases the crown has got to make it out beyond a doubt that Lemuel was there. Lemuel says he was not there. Who says he was there? Dezelia, and Dezelia alone. The crown did not pretend to have a case against Lemuel, and they only kept him because if Lemuel was released Dezelia is discredited."

In George's case, Mr. Osler pointed out, Mrs. Webb's statement is that George had only tapped the prostrate form of the policeman. If they found him guilty of the murder, it let out William Henry and Alexander unless preconcerted action was proved. In the case of Alexander and William Henry they were entitled to the consideration that William Henry was assaulted, that Alexander came to his rescue and at the time they were first seen they had no weapon. Mr. Osler then took up Constable McDonald's case and was scathing in his denunciation of his conduct. It was on the testimony of such a man that the crown wanted the jury to believe that he had a warrant. He then discredited Best's statement—a man picked up in a saloon—a man carrying a whisky bottle in his pocket. The fact of George giving himself up was cited as evidence of his being an orderly cttizen. Referring to George in the witness box, Mr. Osler said: "None of us have ever seen before, and we saw last night for the first time in Canada, a man being cross-examined for his life. And this occasion last night was the first time we have seen the French system of cruelly cross-examining a prisoner. You had that spectacle the first time in the history of the country. Well, gentlemen, a man in the position of the prisoner is entitled to the greatest consideration in your hands. The prisoner not only had to give his testimony in such a way as to tell the best story for himself, but beyond all that he had his deep affection for his brothers. He had that to consider, and if he erred in anything with reference to the evidence as to them and the blows that were struck you will deal kindly with the man who shuts his eye and who holds his tongue when his brothers' lives or liberty may be imperiled. The surgeon cuts into the body and merciful nature has provided an anæsthetic, but the pain of a mind on the rack with the interest of truth perhaps conflicting with the interests of life and liberty is almost beyond comprehension. Mr. Osler referred to the debt that the whites owed to the blacks for long years of oppression and slavery. He made a grand effort in closing. Although he had spoken for two hours and a quarter the stillness of the court room was oppressive. Every syllable of his slow, passionate appeal was distinctly heard, and at the final moment strong men had tears coursing down their cheeks and were not ashamed.

Mr. Lount commenced his address for the crown at 1:15 p.m.

At first Mr. Lount asked the jury to place the prisoners on the same footing as white men. He then went on to assert that McDonald, Rankin and Dezelia were perfectly entitled to act as constables. He held that McDonald was held up as a ruffian, but there was nothing to show that he was. His clothes may not have been of the best, but that was no indication of the man. Then a man's countenance was not always indicative of his character. The warrant had been properly issued and made out, as was shown by the witness, Talbot Torrance. The man who issued the warrant, Squire McNaughton, was on his death bed and could not come to prove it himself. He argued that McDonald had told George on the night of the 23rd that he had a warrant and had come to arrest him. The duties of a constable were detailed. A man of twenty years' experience like McDonald would not be likely to make an illegal arrest. It was not likely that the constable had, as sworn by George, jumped at his throat without stating that they had come to arrest him or that they had a warrant. Both McDonald and Best swore that George fought and resisted as soon as they had made known their object. The only testimony denying this was from George's own lips, and this Mr. Lount asked them not to credit for an instant. There was, he held, preconcerted action in the brothers meeting on the night of the 24th and making arrangements for the next day. The counsel for the defense had laid great stress upon the cross-examination of George for his life, but Mr. Lount contended that he did not place him there. He did not ask him to go into the box, and if the cross-examination was cruel it was in the interests of justice. He placed the time that Alexander went after Lemuel as being just before George arrived at Jeremiah's; that Lemuel was ready waiting and jumped up at once behind Alexander's back, and also that Mrs. Webb could not be got to say that she saw anybody on the horse behind Alexander. It was the duty of George, Mr. Lount said, to have surrendered and not resisted, and it was also the duty of William Henry, Alexander and Lemuel to have aided the officers instead of abetting George in his resistance. The defense endeavored to show that Rankin went behind the meat house for the purpose of committing an unprovoked assault on Alexander. Mr. Lount asked the jury rather to believe that Rankin did what a wise man and no coward would have done—retreated behind the meat house to escape George's flying bullets. That then Alexander and William Henry went after Rankin with their deadly weapons and he ran into the fence corner, calling as he ran for Dezelia, the only man who had a weapon, because he knew that unless help came in a few minutes he would be in the presence of his Maker. William Henry struck Rankin first, then Alexander hit at him with the axe, but missed him. Then Dezelia saw that it was his duty to shoot, to kill if necessary, for the protection of life. He slightly wounded William Henry, and then Alexander struck the fatal blow on the head with the axe. George afterwards brutally struck the prostrate man with a club, handed over by Lemuel, and both Lemuel and George were just as responsible as William Henry and Alexander. They were all parties in this tragedy, all guilty of the one crime. Mr. Osler's criticisms of Mr. Douglas in his taking the prisoners was, Mr. Lount held, prompted more by zeal for his (Mr. Osler's clients, than in condemnation of Mr. Douglas. He asked them to do their duty, even if that involved the saying of that dreadful word, "Guilty."

At 2:40 the court adjourned for an hour for lunch.

THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

The judge took his seat at 10 minutes to 4 and immediately entered upon his summary of the evidence. He touched upon the indictment of willful murder and spoke of the enormity of the crime. "The prisoners are people of another race," said his lordship, "and of another color from yours and mine, and something was said by the counsel for the crown by way of disclaimer, appealing to you not to allow any sympathy for them on the one hand, or any prejudices or dislike for them on the other, to weigh with you in considering this case. That is the way in which you are bound to view it on your oaths. The prisoners are come to you as citizens of the country, upon the same plane as other individuals, and you will deal with them exactly as you would if they were of the Caucasian race. Something has been said also by way of dwelling upon the responsibilities which rest upon you in dealing with the case. There is undoubtedly great responsibility, there is responsibility resting upon all of us—upon every one who has anything to do with the administration of justice, upon the counsel, upon the jury, and upon the judge. You are not bound to find the absolute truth or falsehood of anything that comes before you in a civil or criminal case; you have only to find the facts as they appear to you upon the evidence. With reference to the law there could be little or no dispute except perhaps upon one or two questions. But upon the law you will take that from me, and find as I place it before you. It will be my duty to make some comments of a more or less extended character upon the evidence, and when I do so you will bear in mind that it would be impossible for me in laying before you an extended case like this to deal with every point. I have seen the careful and patient consideration in which you have listened to the case during the last three days, and, while I touch as it were upon some salient points, it will not necessarily follow that other points have no bearing upon the subject. If you are in doubt about anything that has been said during the three days you have been in the jury box, come to me and ask me what was said upon that point, and if I cannot refresh your memory I will have the court reporter read it up. The charge is merely for killing one Robert Rankin, but It has been claimed, and it is said to have been proved, that Robert Rankin occupied a position different from that of an ordinary citizen in what he did, or was attempting to do, upon that day, and that the law places him in a higher and different position than that which an ordinary citizen would occupy." The judge went on to explain that if an officer in the discharge of his duty meets with great opposition and retires, and in retreating is killed, that amounts to murder. In all cases of processes by a magistrate, the justice or injustice will afford no matter of alleviation for killing an officer, for every person is bound to submit himself to the regular course of the law. The question of placing the enormity of the crime was, the judge said, a question for the jury. Culpable homicide might be reduced to manslaughter if the blow was struck in the heat of passion. The difference between manslaughter and murder consisted in the element of malice. Manslaughter might happen in a sudden quarrel. It was argued, perhaps, that this might be the view which the jury might take of some of the prisoners. When a man killed another because he hated him that was murder. The judge exhaustively pointed out the different degrees of crime, murder and manslaughter. The question of concerted action was then taken up. If that was proved to the satisfaction of the jurors, that meant murder, if there was no concerted action they might bring in manslaughter, but he did not agree with Mr. Osler that in that case they could only convict one of the prisoners. Leaving the definition of the crime, the judge said it was possible for the jury on that indictment to find one or any of the prisoners guilty of murder, to find one or all of them guilty of manslaughter, or if the evidence warranted it, to acquit them. The principle of self-defense was described. Even admitting the necessity of self-defense there was a limit placed on the extent of the force to be used in repelling an attack. If in repelling an attack the defenders followed a retreating assailant and beat him, that was undue and unnecessary force and constituted a high crime. The necessity of a warrant was touched on. For the arrest of a prisoner charged with a felony it was not necessary for the constable to have a warrant at all. It was immaterial to know if McDonald did or did not have a warrant on the 23rd except in so far as it would bear on the state of mind of George on the 24th. In respect to the status of Dezelia, Rankin and McDonald, his lordship held that they were to all intents and purposes duly appointed constables for all Kent. It might be more or less reprehensible for McDonald to effect an entrance to George's place by false pretense, yet the judge did not know but that that course was better than breaking in the door. The judge then quoted largely from the evidence, and pointed out the weak points in the testimony of some witnesses and the strong points in others, but in all cases leaving the jury to decide which was right between themselves. As to Lemuel, the judge held that there was no doubt that Alexander had galloped over on horseback for him, but whether before or after the trouble was the point for them to settle. Lemuel and George both swore positively that Lemuel was not there. Mrs. Webb would not say she recognized him on the road going there behind Alexander, and on the other hand Dezelia positively swore that Lemuel was there. As to George's treatment in cross-examination the judge held that when a prisoner took the stand to testify in his own behalf he took his own risk, and whatever his feelings might be, it was the truth above all other considerations that they were trying to get at.

After telling the jury to do their duty according to the evidence before them, the latter withdrew at 5 o'clock.

EXCEPTIONS TAKEN BY THE DEFENSE.

Mr. Osler then submitted the following exceptions to evidence and to the judge's summing up:

1. There being no constable on the 24th, the arrest was at their risk of showing that a felony had been committed.

2. That there was no appointment of either McDonald, Rankin or Dezelia under the statute.

3. That there was no evidence of concert.

4. That there was no warrant against Alexander, William Henry or Lemuel, and they had a right to resist.

5. That the provocation reducing the crime is for the jury and the jury only.

6. That the evidence of McDonald, acting as constable, was not competent. And if it was, the prima facie case made by such acting is rebutted by the evidence.

7. That the cross-examination of George on his statement to Mr. George Douglas, and the subsequent admission of such statement, was error.

8. That the evidence of William Henry and Alexander was withheld by reason of the ruling as to the admission of the Douglas statements. There was error as to them.

9. That there was excess in the officer of the law (if such) on the evening of the 23rd, in the request to Best to shoot, which was provocation to George and others on the evening of the 24th.

10. That if the jury find manslaughter the judge should have charged that only one of the prisoners could have been convicted.

11. That your lordship should have more fairly told the jury that the police officers' evidence should have been taken with caution.

12. That as to Lemuel, the jury should have been charged that on the evidence he should have been discharged, and that as to George, Alexander and Henry, each of them, that the case should only have been sent to the jury on the charge of manslaughter.

13. Then I ask for a case reserved to the court of Criminal Appeal, being the Common Pleas Division, upon the reception of evidence on the points noted; there being two particular receptions of the evidence; that of McDonald acting in the office as constable, which, I say, should not have been received, and upon the right of the counsel for the crown to cross-examine and contradict upon the Douglas statement, and upon the reception of that statement.

THE VERDICT.

The crowd in the court room came and went, but the incoming stream was as large as the outgoing, and the numbers remained stationary during the three hours and thirty minutes' wait for the verdict. The prisoners were removed to the cells as soon as the jury retired. Their colored friends in the audience left and took their lunch baskets with them, for throughout the three days that the trial has lasted they have brought food with them so that it would not be necessary to leave during the day.

The return of the prisoners to the dock at 8:20 caused a flutter of excitement because that meant the return of the jury. The judge took his seat, and at 8:25 the jury filed into the room. It must have been an anxious moment for the prisoners. George could not repress his anxiety and rose to his feet as the twelve men entered the room. He sat down again immediately although neither he nor his three comrades could remove their riveted gaze from the direction of the men whose decision meant life or death to them. The stillness of the court room was oppressive as the jurors answered to their names.

"Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon any verdict?" asked Clerk of the Peace Macbeth.

"We find Lemuel not guilty," answered the foreman, "and with regard to George, William Henry and Alexander, we find them guilty of manslaughter."

LEMUEL FREE.

George and Alexander received the verdict stolidly. William Henry passed his hand across his forehead and appeared greatly relieved. Lemuel smiled.

The Judge—Is there anything else against Lemuel?

Mr. Magee—No, your lordship.

The Judge—Then, Lemuel Freeman, you are discharged.

Lemuel lost no time in getting out of the box. He turned to the left and walked around to where his mother was and sat down beside her. George's wife and little boy were absent, as was also the aged mother of the three prisoners. Alexander's wife was present and wept silently.

THE SENTENCE.

"I move the sentence of the court, my lord, on George, William Henry and Alexander Freeman for the offense upon which they were convicted. It was Crown Attorney Magee who spoke.

The judge then put the question to George, asking him if he had anything to say why the sentence of the court should not be passed upon him.

"Yes sir, I have," answered George in the same quick and nervous manner that had characterized his utterances when on the stand. "I am not guilty, and none of the boys are to blame for what we done."

William Henry was asked the same question, to which he replied, "I am not guilty, sir."

Alexander said, "I am an innocent man; did not know anything about this."

Then the three broke down completely. They started to cry and sob, and all to talk at once. "Everyone that swore, swore a pack of lies," said George. "McDonald came there drunk; so did Best, and I can prove it."

"They came there talking about lynching," said Alexander, "and scared us. I had been working all day, and had went home; was trying to take care of the old folks, and got into this trouble over nothing."

"William Henry, between sobs, reiterated what George had said. "McDonald came there drunk," said he; "so was Best, and I know it."

MR. PEGLEY'S PLEA FOR MERCY.

Mr. Pegley then rose from his seat. "I desire to say, my lord," he went on, "that in sentencing the prisoners for the crime which they have been convicted of, your lordship will take into consideration the previous good character of the prisoners and their quiet disposition. Also that the unfortunate event came with such a suddenness that it took them unawares. You will have regard to the fact that by this unfortunate occurrence, the families of these people have been left wholly destitute of the support and the assistance which they had previous to this occurrence. The poor old father dead and gone, the boys have to leave their wives and families, and everything is left there in desolation and confusion, and any sentence that you impose upon the prisoners, I hope, will be as light as you can possibly make it under the circumstances. I am sure, had time admitted, I could have obtained a numerously-signed petition praying for clemency."

THE JUDGE IS OBDURATE.

"Prisoners at the bar," said Judge Falconbridge, "after a fair trial, an able, ingenious and eloquent defense, the case for the crown presented with equal ability and care, you have been convicted of the crime of manslaughter. In the case of Lemuel, the jury have given effect to an alibi. I have no fault to find with the verdict. It is a question of evidence in your case, and I should not have quarreled with the verdict had it been rendered for the higher crime. A more cruel piece of killing than that has never happened. Your families may suffer —that always happens, unfortunately—but I could not under the circumstances of this case give effect to any plea for mercy. Knowing all the circumstances, as your counsel said in his eloquent plea to me, I am thoroughly conversant with the case, and no petitions or requests could change the sentence which I am about to impose, If I was about to impose the last penalty of the law upon you I could not listen to any plea. The sentence of the court is that you, George, William Henry and Alexander, be imprisoned in the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston for the term of your natural lives.

George received the sentence in tears; Alexander stood solidly, hardly comprehending; while William Henry leaned on his hand and wept. George asked to see Mr. Pegley, and immediately asked if they could get a new trial. Mr. Pegley could not answer definitely but would see what could be done.

Lemuel was receiving the congratulations of friends in the high constable's room as the prisoners were being removed. "What do you think of the verdict?" was asked him. "Oh I don't know," replied he, "I don't see the justice of it at all."

The court adjourned at 9 o'clock to sit again at 12:30 to-day.

NOTES.

Mr. M. F. Johnston, of Toronto, is court reporter.

Now for the great street railway case. Who will win, the city or the street railway company? Win or loose the city will have a lot of expense.

It is stated on good authority that on the first vote being taken when the jury on the murder case went out eleven stood for murder and one for manslaughter. And that the man who stood for manslaughter held out until the other eleven gave in.

The crown witnesses — P. C. Dezelia, Chief Young, P. C. Skirving, Constable McDonald, the Douglases (father and son), Dr. Bray and Dr. Rutherford — have all left for home.

It's an ill wind, etc. Editor Torrance, of the Chatham Planet, had to travel to London as a crown witness, but while here he pushed a pencil with his usual skill at the reporter's table in the interest of his paper.

The criminal cases are all finished, and Messrs. Osler and Lount left for home on Saturday night.

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Horrors from the South.

Starvation Follows the Cyclone.

The People Living on Dead Animals.

Harrowing Details of the Storm That Swept Away 2,275 Human Beings.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 7.—Four thousand persons are without food and clothing. Six boat loads of provisions have been sent to the devastated districts.

Many bodies are floating on the shores at Cat Island, Ship Island and Chandeleur Island. Not less than 70 were counted on Cat Island. They had been buffeted by wind and wave and were in a state of decomposition and are being buried as rapidly as the sorely-tried relief parties are able to dig graves for them in the sand of the beach. Before the storm of Sunday there were 100 craft anchored in and around Billox. Only three survived. The stories of death and destruction which continue to come in from the storm-stricken district of Southern Louisiana, lying between Point a Lapache and the quarantine station, are of the most harrowing character. Scores of dead bodies are still lying on the river's edge or are in the high and tangled weeds of the marshes. Many of those who escaped are starving. It is reported that men and women driven to desperation by hunger are feeding on dead animals. A large number of bodies have already been thrown into trenches and covered up, but those still lying exposed to the hot sun are rapidly decomposing, adding peril to the situation. Ever since Monday certain people arrivied from different points at Cheniere. They reported that they came upon a mission of relief and were received with open arms, but instead of coming to save, they came to plunder and proceeded to ransack the ruins and little piles of belongings which the survivors had saved without regard for the suffering they imposed. They have stolen clothing, money and any articles they could lay their hands on. The total death list is now estimated at 2,275.

UNITED BRETHREN.

In Conference at Attercliffe—They Will Work for Prohibition—Stationing the Minister.

ATTERCLIFFE, Ont., Oct. 9.—The session of the United Brethren conference was brought to a close to-day. The meetings have been largely attended and the addresses of the ministers, especially on mission and temperance topics, have been very earnest and instructive. A resolution was passed which in very strong terms condemned the liquor traffic and the ministers and laymen pledged themselves to support the temperance cause by their votes when the plebiscite is submitted to the people at the coming municipal election.

The ministers were stationed as follows; Sherkston, J. Defoe; Niagara, J. Groh; Mainsboro, J. Geach and G. W. Houseman; Vienna, A. Cooper; Dundee, R. Head; Sheffield, W. Karstead; Berlin, J. Showers; Listowel, J. F. Durker; Hanover, J. Purdy; Port Elgin, — Grose; Shelburne, J. Magor; Novar, F. Welsh and R. Elliot.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Sir John Thompson goes from Glencoe to Montreal, where he will meet his wife, who returns from Europe.

Frederick Greenhalge, of Lowell, has been nominated Republican candidate for governor of Massachusetts.

Annent Bros'. stave factory and saw mill at Brussels was burned down Friday night. Many hands thrown idle. Loss, $6,000 to $7,000; insurance, $2,000.

Bismarck, a cable says, went by special train to-day from Kissingen to Friedrichsruhe. His journey was one prolonged ovation. Every station was crowded by men and women who cheered him. The veteran moved with difficulty, and feebly responded to the crowds.

Should you suffer from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache Gum. zxv

An Intelligent Bird.

Bart Cottam has some wonderful and well-trained parrots for sale. One of them will say, amongst other things, the following: "Three cheers for the Queen. Hip, hip, hurrah." "Draw swords; quick march; D 18 canter." "Oh, dear, what's up? Well awake Brigadier. Wide awake, old boy." Whistles a "bugle call." "Polly is sick; call the doctor. Hang the doctor; call the cook. Hang the doctor; call the cook." "Walter, waiter, Polly wants some beer; quick, quick, and bring it here." "Tea and toast for the ladies, and wine and cake for Polly." "Tommy, get up; it's 6 o'clock, Tommy, get up and kiss the poor baby." "Who are you, eh? What do you want here? Go away, you dirty quack." "Twenty guineas for the pretty green bird. Take her away, quick, cage and all; well worth the money," etc. This parrot will say over 125 words. Also two beautiful Gray and one Mexican Parrot, Mocking Birds and German Canaries for sale cheap.

Bart Cottam,
400 Talbot Street, Over Agricultural Bank.

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

Not less than 15 words. | 2c. Per Word

WESTMINSTER RINK — SKATING ON Wednesdays and Fridays. Ladies free; gentlemen, 10c. Band Mondays. Admission, 10c.; skates, 10c. 92tf

CLASSICAL CHAMBER CONCERT — Victoria Hall, Oct. 19, Miss Lotta Fetherston, solo violinist; and best local talent. 90tf

MISS LOTTA FETHERSTON — LEONARDE "Fantaisie Snedoise," Thome's "Andante Religioso," Wieniawski's "Mazurka" in G. 90tf

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY — REOPENS for season of 1893-4 Monday, Sept. 4. Beginners' classes as follows: Gentlemen, Mondays at 8; ladies, Tuesdays at 8; ladies and children, Saturday afternoons at 3 o'clock. Academy open evenings from 8 to 9 o'clock after Aug. 15, for registration of pupils. DAYTON & MCCORMICK, members of N. A. T. of D., Academy, 476 Richmond street. Residence, 241 Oxford street.

MEETINGS.

Not less than 15 words. | 1c. Per Word

W. C. T. U.—ANNUAL MEETING OF Union Tuesday, Oct. 10, Somerset Hall. Afternoon meeting, 2:30. Grand plebiscite rally at 8 o'clock. Special music. All welcome. 92n

DOMESTICS WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in housework. Apply to Mrs. MUNRO, 16 Picton street. 92c

WANTED—A WOMAN OR GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply at 519 Hamilton road. 92c

WANTED — GOOD GENERAL SERVANTS—Good wages, no charge to girls, at S. WOODLIFFE'S, 484 Dufferin avenue. 92c

WANTED—A GENERAL SERVANT—Good wages. Apply at 507 Queen's avenue. 92c

WANTED—GOOD PLAIN COOK—WAGES $12 per month. Apply at 71 Bathurst. 92tf

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED—APPLY H. BRINSMEAD, Britannia House. 91c

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant. Mrs. M. G. LEWIS, 496 Wellington street. 91c

WANTED — A YOUNG GIRL AS housemaid; references required. Apply at 296 Queen's avenue. 87tf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK by 15th October; wages $16 per month. Apply to Mrs. MEREDITH, Talbot street. 89tf

GENERAL SERVANT WANTED IN A small family; also young girl to do light housework. Apply, with references, at 262 Central avenue. 76tf

DINING-ROOM GIRL WANTED—WELLINGTON House. J. O'FLAHERTY. 72tf

GIRLS, GIRLS, GIRLS—NO END TO girls wanted for the best private families and hotels in the city. If you want a situation go to Osborne's Intelligence Office and he will suit you. Apply 66 Dundas street. Tel. 386.

MALE HELP WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED — RESPECTABLE YOUTH for the drygoods business. Apply WHISKARD'S fancy store, 232 Dundas street, London, Ont. 92n

WANTED—TINSMITH—FIRST-CLASS—Steady job; good wages. Address KER BROS., Guelph. 92u

AGENTS WANTED—$20 A WEEK—G. MARSHALL & Co., 253 Dundas street, London

EVERYBODY READS THE WANT column of the ADVERTISER. 30 cents for three insertions for fifteen words.

WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED—A GOOD STORE IN BEST business center, well fitted, medium size and moderate rental; landlord disposed to make suitable alterations and grant reasonable terms, would meet with permanent tenant. Address, with particulars, A. B., ADVERTISER Office. 92tf

WANTED—BY OCT. 1 FOR A TERM of years—A cottage, about 7 rooms, within 10 minutes' walk of postoffice. Address, stating rent, P.O. Box 335. 50 tf

MONEY WANTED—LOANS OBTAINED on first-class mortgage; security at 5 and 6 per cent. G. N. WEEKES solicitor, Market Lane, London, Ont.

LEGAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L. and J. Edgar Jeffery, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries; Offices, Ontario Loan Buildings, Market Lane, London.

MCEVOY & WILSON — BARRISTERS and solicitors, 402 Ridout street, opposite court house. Telephone 979. Money to loan. W. A. WILSON, B.A., LL.B., J. M. MCEVOY, B.A., LL.B.

D. H. TENNENT, BARRISTER SOLICITOR, notary public, etc., 78 Dundas street, London. Money to lend at 5 and 5½ per cent.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN street, Chicago, Ill.; 28 years' experience; secrecy; special facilities in several States; "Goodrich on divorce, with laws of all States" in press.

MAGEE, MCKILLOP & MURPHY—Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices corner Richmond and Dundas, London. JAMES MAGEE, Q.C., JAMES B. MCKILLOP, THOMAS J. MURPHY.

PARKE & PURDOM — BARRISTERS—Offices, opposite City Hall, Richmond street, E. JONES PARKE, Q.C., T. H. PURDOM, T. E. PARKE ALEXANDER PURDOM.

P. MCPHILLIPS—BARRISTER—MONEY to loan. 49 Dundas street, London.

T. W. SCANDRETT — BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 18 Dundas street west London. Money to loan.

W. H. BARTRAM—BARRISTER—Solicitor, notary public, conveyancer. Money to loan on real estate at lowestrates. Office: 19 Dundas street west, London.

LOVE & DIGNAN—BARRISTERS, ETC.—418 Talbot street, London. FRANCIS LOVE, R. H. DIGNAN.

GIBBONS, MCNAB & MULKERN—BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. GEORGE C. GIBBONS, Q.C.; GEO. MCNAB, P. MULKERN, FRED. F. HARPER.

STUART & STUART, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc. Offices, 414 Talbot street, London: Main street, Glencoe. ALEX. STUART, DUNCAN STUART.

A. GREENLEES, B.A., BARRISTER, etc., Canadian Loan Company Buildings, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

T. H. LUSCOMBE—BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 109 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

EDMUND WELD—BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, notary public, etc. Private funds to loan at lowest rates. Office: 10 Dundas street, London.

WM. J. CLARKE — BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, notary, etc., 380 Dundas street (east of Richmond), London.

DENTAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

W. R. WILKINSON, D.D.S., PHILADELPHIA; L.D.S., Toronto. Office room 3, Duffield Block, southwest corner Dundas and Clarence streets.

DR. GEO. C. DAVIS — DENTIST — Graduate of R. C. of D. S., Toronto, 1879; graduate of Philadelphia Dental College, 1893. Specialties: Preservation of the natural teeth, crown, porcelain and bridge work. 174 Dundas street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.

S. WOOLVERTON—SURGEON DENTIST, 216 Dundas street; entrance, seconddoor west of Clarence, next to Edy Bros., photo artists, London, Ont. Telephone 812.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

Not less than 15 words. | 1c. Per Word

FANS—A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ADVERTISING fans, nice designs, with flat handles. ADVERTISER Job Department, London. 8tf

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—ADVERTISER Job Department.

ENVELOPES—PLAIN OR PRINTED—AT ADVERTISER Job Department.

LATEST NEW YORK STYLES IN WEDDING invitations. ADVERTISER Job Department.

COMMITTEES FROM THE VARIOUS societies should get their printing at the ADVERTISER Job Department.

BILLHEADS, NOTEHEADS, LETTERHEADS, on short notice, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

PHOTOGRAPH WRAPPERS ON TOUGH tag stock, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, clean and quick, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS AT BOTTOM PRICES —ADVERTISER Job Department.

YOU MAKE THE SALE EVERY TIME, and the cost is only 1 cent a word under this heading.

POSTERS — ALL STYLES, HANGERS and dodgers. ADVERTISER Job Department.

TO LET—HOUSES.

These adlets pay. | 1c. Per Word

ONE OF THE COSIEST HOUSES IN London: in delightful locality; new brick, bath, gas, all modern conveniences, 185 St. James street, moderate rent. 72tf

TO LET—LARGE BRICK HOUSE, CORNER Craig and Ridout streets, South London; large lawn and garden; every convenience. Apply A. GREENLEES, solicitor, 422 Richmond street. 87tf

HOUSE TO LET—674 QUEEN'S AVENUE —Apply at Hueston's livery stable, Wellington street. 86tf

TO LET—651 RICHMOND STREET—GOOD stand for butcher or grocery store; also cottage 205 Mill. Apply GEO. MCNEIL, on premises. 68tf

TO LET—THE INSIDE HALF OF LARGE two-story brick house on corner of King and Colborne streets; nicely situated; eight minutes' walk from center of city; bathroom, gas, etc. Apply 409 King street. 68tf

TO LET — OFFICE — DOUBLE ROOM — With vault; on first floor, Albion Building. Apply to T. H. CARLING. 66tf

TO RENT—COMMODIOUS DWELLING house on Park avenue near Dufferin. Newly repaired. Modern improvements. Apply GIBBONS, MCNAB & MULKERN. 44tf

TO LET — BRICK HOUSE—OCCUPIED by S. N. Sterling, No. 89 Queen street, South London; large grounds, lawn, shade trees, gas, city water, etc. Apply on premises, or to JAS. B. MCKILLOP. 24tf

"TO LET," "ROOMS TO LET," "HOUSE to Let" and "For Sale" cards always on hand at ADVERTISER office.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

GEO. PARISH HAS A GOOD ASSORTMENT parlor and box stoves, cooking stoves; just what you want these chilly nights. Also bedroom sets, plush and carpet rockers, selling cheap for the cash. Call and price them. 357 Talbot street, south King.

INVENTIONS WORKED OUT — WM. PUGSLEY, developer of mechanical ideas; patterns, models and specialties generally. 76 York street, London.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF FINISHED granite and marble monuments of imperial blue, emerald pearl, dark-red Swede, red Swede, Galway and black granites, Peterhead, Hill o' Fair and Aberdeen. Statuary in Italian marble, terra cotta and zeno. I employ no agents; call and see stock; inquire price. JOHN R. PEEL, Richmond street, opposite Catholic Cathedral.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO LADIES AND THE public—You will find it most convenient to leave your orders and checks at Strogan's livery stable, York street, for T. J. Garner & Sons' drays. Telephone 512.

PRINTING TYPE, INKS, PRESSES—Supplies of all kinds; new outfits our specialty. TORONTO TYPE FOUNDRY, 44 Bay street, Toronto, and 286 Portage avenue, Winnipeg.

JOHN JONES—MANUFACTURER AND dealer in harness, collars, etc., 171 King street, London, Ont. Light harness a specialty.

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW FOR PICTORIAL cards for the Western Fair. The ADVERTISER job department can show you an immense variety. Call and see them. 81f

EYRES & SONS—STEAM DYE WORKS —221 Dundas street, London. Specialties, ostrich feathers, garments, dyeing and cleaning.

STOCKWELL'S STEAM DYE WORKS—259 Dundas street. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to. Telephone 661.

GEO. ROUGHLEY—FELT AND GRAVEL roofer; repairing a specialty; estimates on application. 150 South street, London. Telephone 888.

A. T. CORP—PAINTING, GLAZING, paper-hanging and house decorating. 183 Oxford street. Telephone 758.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SURGEON Office 339 Talbot street. Residence 366 Oxford street. Telephone Nos. 805 and 768.

J. H. TENNENT—VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, King street, opposite Market House; residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

J. H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 994 KING street, London; residence, 846 Richmond street. Telephone.

EDUCATIONAL.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

SHORTHAND QUICKLY LEARNED—New system of teaching Pitmanic method. Evening class. Private lessons. W. S. RHY CARD, 468 Dufferin avenue.

HOTEL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

THE ALBION RESTAURANT—NO. 157 Dundas street. Dining-room on the European plan. Finest oysters in the market. Choice imported wines, liquors and cigars. Telephone No. 703. D. DEWAR, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally situated and first-class in every respect. D. HOGAN, proprietor.

ONTARIO HOUSE — KING STREET— Opposite Market House; remodeled and refurnished; good stabling. JERRY MCDONALD.

OFFICE RESTAURANT — RICHMOND street. Fresh lager. Best brands of all kinds of liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. The best brand of oysters. D. SARE, proprietor.

THE HUB — 203 DUNDAS STREET— Meals at all hours, European plan; choice oysters, imported and domestic liquors and cigars. Call solicited. ALEX. MURDOCK, proprietor.

"VICTORIA"—THE POPULAR $1 A day house—Clarence street, corner Dundas street. J. TOMLINSON, proprietor.

RICE HOTEL (FORMERLY THE MADISON)—Corner Jefferson avenue and Randolph street, opposite the Biddle House, Detroit, Mich. Rates, $1 25 to $2 per day. Single meals 25 cents.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MR. WILLIAM MOXON—STUDENT IN Germany; theory graduate at Cambridge University, England, receives pupils for instruction on the organ, pianoforte, voice production and theory. Address 359 Princess avenue.

MR. J. W. FETHERSON, ORGANIST Queen's Avenue Church. Music lessons given at pupils' residence; also at 383 Colborne street.

AGENTS WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED — CANVASSER OF GOOD address. Salary and expenses paid weekly from start. Position permanent. Canadian and American grown stock. Advantages unequaled. BROWN BROS. COMPANY, nurserymen, Toronto, Ont. 86 bi tzx

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Not less than 15 words. | 1c. Per Word

TO RENT—ON NOV. 1—THE COAL AND wood yard now occupied by Bowman & Co.; 110 feet on Bathurst street. Apply to S. KEAST, 517 York street.

MEDICAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

J. H. GARDINER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON Eng.—office and residence, corner William and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to specific and skin diseases. zxv

DR. A. MACLAREN, CORONER, NORTHEAST corner Park and Queen's avenues. Office hours 11 to 3 and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone 869

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 186 Queen's avenue.

DR. GRAHAM — OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 616 Richmond street. Special attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

DR. BURKHOLDER — OFFICE AND residence, 491 Richmond street Telephone 593b.

DR. ECCLES HAS RETURNED AND will be in his office as usual from 10 to 2.

DR. WILSON — QUEEN'S AVENUE — Second door from Wellington street. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

DR. JARVIS — HOMŒOPATHIST — 834 Dundas street. Hours, 8-10, 2-4, 6-8.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. till 12:30 p.m.

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK street, near Talbot. Specialty, nose, throat and lungs.

DR. MACARTHUR, B.A., 485 DUNDAS steeet. Specialty children and women.

C. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—Office and residence, 227 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9:30 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7:30 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. ENGLISH, — OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 488 Dundas street. Telephone

DR. FERGUSON, CORONER, SOUTH London. Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone.

ARTISTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

MISS BELING, ARTIST, 243 DUNDAS street, enlarges portraits in oil and water color. Finest work and lowest prices. Lessons given in painting.

H. M. WAY—ARTIST—PAINTINGS sold and lessons given. Classes Tuesdays and Saturdays. Terms moderate. 253 Dundas street.

ACCOUNTANTS.

Advertisement under this head a cent a word

ALFRED A. BOOKER, ACCOUNTANT, No. 9 Albion Block, Richmond street.

ARCHITECTS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

J. A. GAULD, ARCHITECT, 784 DUNDAS street. Plans and specifications furnished on short notice.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS AND Civil engineers, Albion Building, London. JOHN M. MOORE, FRED HENRY.

MCBRIDE, JONES & FARNCOMB — Architects and surveyors, 213 Dundas street, Duffield Block. H. C. MCBRIDE, C. A. JONES, F. W. FARNCOMB.

INSURANCE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word

INSURE IN THE PHŒNIX INSURANCE Company, Hartford, Conn. Cash capital $2,000,000. Assets $5,676 38679. EDWARD TOWE, agent. Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone 507. zxv

GOLD CURE SANITARIUM.

ALCOHOL AND MORPHINE HABITS cured privately at Lake Hurst Sanitarium (gold cure), Oakville. Treatment invariably successful; luxurious accommodations, picturesque surroundings. Address the medical superintendent, Oakville, or office No. 1, Duffield block, London, for full particulars.

Night School Opening

Two night schools in connection with the London public schools will be opened on

Tuesday Evening Next, 10th inst., at 7:30,

at King street and Rectory street schools, and will be continued throughout the winter months on each succeeding Tuesday and Friday evenings, from 7:30 to 9:30, till the last Friday in March, 1894. Admission free.

By Order of the Board.

R. M. MELHERAN, secretary Board of Education. 92c

L. McDONALD, - DENTIST.
Office—185½ Dundas Street.
TELEPHONE 702.

CHOICE
INDIAN
—AND—
CEYLON
TEAS.
DELICIOUS BLENDS.
PURE COFFEES,
SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED,
Families will find these goods highly satisfactory.
S. FUGE,
Indian and Ceylon Tea Importing House,
436 RICHMOND STREET,
LONDON, ONT.
TELEPHONE 858. zxv

IMPORTANT!
Government School of Art.
Students Can Now Join.

Classes Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 7 to 9 p.m. in Freehand, Model and Mechanical Drawing, Modeling, etc.

Fees for 36 lessons, $3.

Extra classes for china, oil and water color painting Monday, Friday and Saturday from 2:30 to 4:30 p.m.

Mechanics' Institute, Dundas Street.

Send for circulars and particulars to
JOHN H. GRIFFITHS,
Principal.
zxv

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10.
"A GREAT PLAY."
"A GREAT SUCCESS."
THE CRUST OF SOCIETY
By special arrangement with Mr. John Stetson.)
ZEFFIE TILBURY and ELITA PROCTOR OTIS,
As Mrs. Ernestine Echo and Mrs. Eastlake Chapel.
Seats now on sale. Prices—Circle, $1; parquet, 75c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. 91c

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Wednesday, Oct. 11.
MODJESKA
AND OTIS SKINNER
Supported by a company of players presenting
MARY STUART.
Sale of seats Monday. Prices—Lower floor, $1 50; first row balcony, $1; balance balcony (reserved), 75c; admission, 50c; gallery, 25c. 9:c tzx

Tenders for Electric Lighting

TENDERS will be received at my office up to 6 o'clock p.m. on

Tuesday, Oct. 24, 1893,

—FOR THE—
STREET LIGHTING
of this city with 2,000 C. P. Arc lights. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office.
ALD. F. J. FITZGERALD,
Chairman No. 3 Committee.
A. ORMSBY GRAYDON,
City Engineer.
90n

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership!

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned Isadore Goldstick, Susel Goldstick and Abraham Lehrfeld, as hat and cap manufacturers, at the city of London, in Ontario, under the firm of Goldstick Bros. & Lehrfeld, was on the 5th day of October, A.D. 1893, dissolved so far as regards the said Isadore Goldstick, who on that day retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Susel Goldstick and Abraham Lehrfeld. As witness our hand, this 5th day of October, A. D. 1893. (Signed) ISADORE GOLDSTICK, SUSEL GOLDSTICK, ABRAHAM LEHRFELD. (Witness) J. H. A. Beattie. 95u zx

JOHN T. STEPHENSON
LEADING FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Finest hearses in the city
104 DUNDAS ST.
zxw

THE ONTARIO
Loan & Debenture
COMPANY.

Subscribed capital	$2,000,000
Paid-up capital	1,200,000
Reserve fund	415,000

MONEY TO LOAN
On mortgages on real estate AT LOW RATES OF INTEREST. For best terms make personal application at the office of the company.
WILLIAM F. BULLEN,
MANAGER.
Office—Corner Dundas street and Market Lane, London. zwt

HINTON,
THE UNDERTAKER,
202 King St., next to Firemen's Hall
Private residence, 136 King St.
Telephone, store 440; house 428. zxv

THE Canadian General Electric Company (Limited)
HEAD OFFICE
65 to 71 Front street west, TORONTO, ONT.
Capital $1,500,000.
FACTORIES
PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO.
Branch Offices & Warerooms
124 Hollis St., Halifax, N.S.
1,802 Notre Dame St., Montreal, Que.
350 Main St., Winnipeg, Man.
Granville St., Vancouver, B.C.

INSULATED WIRES
For Electrical Uses.
Our wire factory is one of the best equipped on the continent.
We manufacture every description of insulated wires and cables, and our large production enables us to offer special values.
We desire at this season to call attention to our
Standard Weatherproof Wires.
White Weatherproof Wires.
Rubber Covered Wires.
Magnet Wires.
Office and Annunciator Wires.
Flexible Incandescent Light Cords.
Our solid core Rubber Covered Wire has the best insulation resistance, best quality of rubber, and gives the most general satisfaction to users. zvx

FISCAL SALVE.

Verdict for $40,000 in a Breach of Promise Suit.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The breach of promise case of Mrs. Anna D. Van Houten vs. Asa P. Morse was given to the jury, and a verdict for $40,000 for the plaintiff was returned. Asa P. Morse, the defendant, is 75 years of age. He is president of the Cambridgeport National Bank, has been for many terms a member of the school board in Cambridge and served in both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature. He is worth between $200,000 and $300,000, is a widower and has two daughters living.

Mrs. Anna Van Houten, the plaintiff, is 33 years of age and quite attractive of form and feature. She was divorced in 1889 from a senator in the State of Washington.

The plaintiff claimed that the defendant proposed marriage and she accepted him May 14, 1891, that he bought her a $500 engagement ring and her wedding dress; that all relations were finally broken off by him suddenly early in 1892. She asserted that she told him truthfully that she was a divorced woman and why.

The defendant claimed that she concealed facts about her parentage and life.

THE BREWERY'S CINCH.

Testimony Before the Liquor Commission at Hamilton—One Brewery Controls Thirty-one Taverns —How the Scott Act Operated.

HAMILTON, Oct. 8.—At Saturday's session of the Dominion Liquor Commission, a number of witnesses were examined. The majority favored prohibition if it could be enforced, but doubted the possibility of enforcement. Mr. W. L. Cummer, secretary of the Grant-Lottridge Brewing Company, produced figures showing a steady increase in the company's output since 1881, and said the Scott Act decreased sales and its repeal increased sales. He said his company controlled 31 of the licensed taverns in Hamilton, and would close them at any time. The plant of the company could not be used for anything else if a prohibition law were enacted.

THE FALL FAIRS.

Springfield, Springfield	Oct. 6-7
Norwich South, Otterville	Oct. 6-7
Embro and Dawn, Florence	Oct. 6-7
Howick, Gorrie	Oct. 7
Hensall, Hensall	Oct. 7-8
Glencoe, Glencoe	Oct. 9-10
Grimsby South, Smithville	Oct. 9-10
Howard Branch, Ridgetown	Oct. 9-14
West Nissouri, Thorndale	Oct. 10
Drumbo, Drumbo	Oct. 10-11
Eramosa, Rockwood	Oct. 10-11
Leamington, Leamington	Oct. 10-12
Walsingham S., Walsingham C	Oct. 11
Blyth, Blyth	Oct. 11-12
Westminster, Lambeth	Oct. 12
Colchester South	Oct. 12-13
Camden, Dresden	Oct. 12-13
Dungannon, Dungannon	Oct. 12-13
Stamford	Oct. 12-13
Caledonia	Oct. 12-13
Highgate	Oct. 13
Orford, Highgate	Oct. 17
Aldborough, Rodney	Oct. 17
Delaware	Oct. 17
Norfolk Union, Simcoe	Oct. 17-19
Tilbury West, Comber	Oct. 17-18
East Huron, Brussels	Oct. 26-27

AT ALL SEASONS IT KEEPS THE BABY WELL.

In autumn, winter, spring and summer Lactated Food keeps the baby well, hearty and strong. No other form of artificial food can compare with the Lactated as a true nourisher and flesh-builder. By the use of this life-giving food thousands of babies and young children have been saved from the grave. Weak and puny children nearly dying from starvation owing to impaired and bad digestion have been made to relish their meals and grow fat. Young infants who have been deprived of the blessing of nature's food, breast milk, have been reared with great success on Lactated Food, and have escaped the dangers of diarrhea and dysentery. The regular use of Lactated Food has enabled the little ones to escape the dangers incident to the trying period of teething. Lactated Food is earth's greatest blessing to the babies; once fed on it, they will have no other food. If your infant is not strong, dear mother, just try Lactated Food for one week, and note the great change.

Killed at a Crossing.

MONTREAL, Oct. 8.—Another fatal accident occurred at the Chatham street crossing of the G. T. R. to-night, when Mrs. Silverstone, a Jewish woman, was run over by a passing train and almost instantly killed.

Death's Terrible Record.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 7.—A corrected list of the number of persons killed or drowned in Wednesday's storm swells the total to 2,041. This will be increased 200 or 300 when the news from the Louisiana coast is all in.

Run Down and Killed.

AGINCOURT, Ont., Oct. 8.—An accident occurred at 6 o'clock yesterday morning at the Agincourt crossing of the C. P. R. Mrs. Matthews, of Scarboro township, and her niece (name not obtainable) were crossing the track with a wagon and team of horses on their way to Toronto when a train came along and dashed into them. Mrs. Matthews was instantly killed and her niece had her skull fractured.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you

Gentlemen, send your last season's overcoat to the London Cleansing and Repairing Works and have a new collar put on, and have it pressed and cleaned, and it will do you this season as well. Office of works in Arcade Barber Shop, Richmond street. Phone 981. zxv

AUCTION SALES.

HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE UNRESERVED
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Four Elegant Rosewood and Walnut Upright Pianos (New) by Celebrated Canadian Makers on
Thursday, Oct. 12, at 2:30,
At my rooms, No. 242 Dundas street, London, under instructions from one of the largest manufacturers in Toronto. (Each instrument warranted for 10 years.) This sale offers a grand opportunity to parties in want of a high-class piano at their own price. Positively no reserve. Sale promptly at 2:30.
92c tzx J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE.
Heintzman Piano and First-Class Furniture.

MR. NEIL COOPER has received instructions from H. N. Gillis, Esq., to sell by auction at 53 Craig street, London South, on **Tuesday, Oct. 10, at 10:30,** upright piano, parlor suite, Brussels and other carpets, oak hall rack, fancy rockers, handsome couch, chenille curtains, sideboard, extension table, silverware, clock, oak bed-room sets, springs, mattresses, baby carriage, square stove, parlor and cook stoves, hose, etc.
92n NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

PRESS AND PEOPLE.

BEN BURLAP'S BARN.

Ben Burlap bragged about his barn with every man he see,
He said it was the finest barn that any barn could be:
Sez he, "The worl' is full er barns; but still I calkerlate
There ain't no barn like Burlap's barn an hain't been up to date."

An' when yer saw a wild-eyed man who raised consid'ble rumpus,
An' waved an' flopped his arms aroun' to all parts of the compass,
An' swished his whiskers in the wind an' spun a half-day yarn,
You'd know it wuz Ben Burlap, sure, ez pounding on his barn.

An' I went down to see his barn, he hung on so like sin,
One day I tol' my wife I guessed I'd go and take it in.
"Twuz jest ez good ez Jim hed said, ez fine ez it could be,
It beat all barns I ever see, or ever 'spect to see."

W'en I come out sez I to Jim: "What's that small buildin' there,
That kinder wobbly lookin' thing, that tumble-down affair?
It looks so rickety an' weak, 'taint fit to hol' a mouse—"
"Oh, yes," sez Jim, "it's full er mice; that air hut is my house."

—18am Walter Foss.

IT CHECKMATES DISHONESTY.

Money rules the land. It corrupts legislatures, buys courts and contaminates judges. The Referendum will destroy its corrupting influence.—[The Golden State.

OBJECTS OF SHAME.

The objects of shame now are the dudes who do not work, the girls and boys of the rich who have never earned a penny, but who live to consume the hard earned wealth of their parents, the few rich people who are ashamed of the days of the early poverty and honest toil.—[Rev. Frank Hinman.

THE FARMER DOES NOT COUNT.

Mr. Foster recently declared his readiness to increase the Canadian tariff to 50 per cent. if this were found necessary in order to protect manufacturers in this country against American competition. At the same time the Ottawa Government is holding out a standing offer of absolute free trade with the United States in almost every article that the farmer produces.

It is no wonder the agriculturists do not show any great enthusiasm for the N. P., when under that policy it is proposed to tax them 17 per cent, more than now on that which they buy, while forcing them to compete on equal terms with their greatest rivals in that which they have to sell.—[Toronto News.

THE UNEQUAL YOKE.

If the lives of the wealthier were simpler, the lives of the poorer would be more comfortable. The poor in England live a life of perennial starvation. Thousands of girls in Eastern and Southern London eke out a miserable existence, principally at sewing. They have to work twelve or fourteen hours a day to keep, as they express it, the body and soul together. These girls are poorly clad. The wind that was pleasant to the well fed and and warmly clad was death to them. They die of consumption or bronchitis. It was simply murder brought about by the social condition of things. She had seen an 11-year-old girl stitching until the needle prodded into her flesh. These girls were surrounded by temptations every day, but withstood them. When the poorer classes compared their poverty with the extravagance of others, the contrast was dangerous. Was it any wonder that they should be angered at hearing of a baron presenting $10,000 worth of flowers at a marriage ceremony, while they are starving. The people are being educated by this sort of thing, and being educated, will ultimately ask for justice.—[Mrs. Annie Besant in Toronto.

THE INITIATIVE IN SWITZERLAND.

One of the most interesting incidents in the history of last month was the first application of the principle of the Initiative in Switzerland. The Initiative is the complement to the Referendum. By the Referendum the authorities can appeal to the people to vote "Yes" or "No" upon any specific measure. By the Initiative a certain number of private citizens can compel the authorities to submit any proposal which they desire to see carried into effect to a mass vote. The first topic upon which this Initiative was exercised was rather an odd one. The Jews among their many virtues do not include that of the merciful slaughter of animals. It is contrary to the Jewish religion to put an animal out of pain before you cut its throat. This offends the German Swiss, and a proposal to forbid the slaughter of all animals which have not been previously stunned was submitted to a mass vote of the whole of the citizens. In order to carry out such a proposal, it was necessary that it should be carried by a majority of cantons as well as by a majority of the citizens. The result was that the proposal was carried by a majority of one canton, 11½ voting for prohibition, and 10½ against it. The mass vote was 195,000 to 120,000. It is curious to note that the voting went almost exact, German against French, the German canton of Zurich voting six to one against the Jewish torture method of slaughter, and the French canton at Geneva voting six to one in favor of it.—[Review of Reviews.

To gain strength—Hood's Sarsaparilla.
For steady nerves—Hood's Sarsaparilla.
For pure blood—Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The popular pianist finds little difficulty in realizing on his notes of hand.

"Was the play bad?" "Well, I guess it was. Why, even the gas went out at the close of the second act."

Burdock Blood Bitters is a purely vegetable cure for dyspepsia, constipation and all diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

No man is as good as he demands the young man shall be who asks for his daughter.

A mans' wife should always be the same especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so too.

It is rather too much to expect a man on his uppers to be a whole-souled fellow.

"That beats me," the drum said confidentially, referring to the rosewood stick.

At Death's Door.—Dyspepsia Conquered.—A Great Medical Triumph. GENTLEMEN,—My medical adviser and others told me I could not possibly live, when I commenced the use of Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY for Dyspepsia. My case was one of the worst of its kind. For three years I could not eat meat and my weight decreased from 219 to 119 pounds. All the food I took for thirteen months previous to taking the VEGETABLE DISCOVERY consisted of milk. I am now entirely cured and have regained my usual weight, can eat anything with a keen relish and feel like a new man. I have sold over 30 dozen VEGETABLE DISCOVERY since it cured me, as I am well-known, and people in this section know how low I was, and thought I could not possibly be cured. They are eager to try this grand medicine. It certainly saved my life, as I never expected to recover when I first commenced using it. I am not exaggerating anything, but feel glad to be able to contribute this testimonial and trust it may be the means of convincing others of its merit as a certain cure for Dyspepsia.
(Signed.) JEAN VALCOURT,
General Merchant
Wotton, P.Q. 2

WHISKARD'S

SPECIAL NOTICE

FOR THE

FALL TRADE.

Ladies, you will find our prices right in all departments.

Our prices tell every time and our goods are right.

We would call special attention to one case special import of Children's Fine-Ribbed

CASHMERE HOSE

beginning at

20c PAIR.

One line in Misses' Wool Combination

UNDER SUITS,

Large size, worth $1 50,

Whiskard's Price **75c**

Penman's best goods in

Ladies' Wool Vests

Large size, worth $1 50, Whiskard's price

$1 15.

Large size Ladies' Woolen

UNDER VESTS,

Worth $1 25,

Whiskard's Price **$1**

CHILDREN'S

DIAPER PINAFORES

ONLY **10c** EACH

Bargain for somebody's Children!

Children's large size Checked

MUSLIN PINAFORES

ONLY **25c** each

Just in one special line of

Wool Tam O'Shanters

ONLY **25c** EACH

FINE LINE OF

WOOL FASCINATORS,

Regular price, 75c, Whiskard's price,

25c each.

28 Inch All-Wool Gray Flannel

ONLY **25c** YARD.

LADIES' FELT HATS,

New shaped Sailor, regular price $1,

Whiskard's Price **75c.**

—AT—

Whiskards'

232 Dundas Street

Preaching Protection

Sir John Thompson's Missionary Tour Ends at Glencoe.

Fine Cabinet Members Address West Middlesex Electors,

And Reaffirm Adherence to the Old Policy.

"The People Do Not Desire Tariff Reform"

Will Be the Verdict of the Tariff Commission—The Farmers the Least Taxed of Any Class—Pay Duty Only on Pepper and Mustard—Addresses to Sir John—Ontario Politics Worked In.

Sir John Thompson's western tour came to a close at the pretty town of Glencoe on Saturday. The end was rather abrupt because the Premier, Sir Adolphe Caron and Hon. John Haggart had to leave the meeting an hour after it opened. Sir John hurried to Montreal to greet Lady Thompson, who is just home from England; Sir Adolphe had an engagement in his own riding; and the Honorable John left on general principles. The departure of the big guns broke the backbone of the rally, though the small artillery remaining did its best to hold the crowd, which had, perhaps, gathered to see as much as to hear the high priests of protection.

ARRIVAL AND PROCESSION.

The Government party included, besides the three mentioned, Hon. T. M. Daly, Minister of the Interior, and Hon. Clarke Wallace, Controller of Customs. They arrived on the Air Line from St. Thomas at 1:30 p.m. on a car hitched to a freight train, and were met by a blue-badged delegation of supporters at the station. On behalf of the municipal council, Town Clerk George M. Harrison read an address of welcome, couched in customary terms, disclaiming political significance, etc.

Sir John Thompson replied formally. He and his colleagues entered their carriages and were escorted to the grounds by a hundred Conservatives on foot, accompanied by the Thirty-sixth Battalion and the Muncey (Indian) Bands. Main street was gaily decorated with flags and streamers, the latter bearing the usual stock-in-trade mottoes. The meeting, an open-air one, was held in the racecourse, Recreation Park, a very suitable and convenient place. The speakers' platform, handsomely festooned, was erected in front of the grand stand, and the track between was filled in with benches, making the seating accommodation ample. The audience at first was large in numbers; half of those on the grand stand were ladies. "I'm glad it's a good turnout," said one of the speakers. "Our chief object was to make a show. After the poor one at Lucan, Sir John would have been disappointed if we hadn't."

Reeve J. A. Leitch, of Glencoe, presided, and with him on the platform were 50 or more prominent party men. Among those from London were noticed: Dr. Roome, M. P. for the riding; J. H. Marshall, M.P., East Middlesex; R. W. Barker, postoffice inspector; A. G. Chisholm, W. Swaisland, W. A. Wilson and James H. Fraser, Q.C.

A BATCH OF ADDRESSES.

The following addresses were presented to Sir John Thompson and replied to:

Conservative ladies of Glencoe — By Katie Thompson, with a bouquet accompaniment by Mary McAlpine. (Sir John neglected to kiss.)

Conservative Association of West Middlesex—By George Richardson, secretary.

Chippewa Conservative Indians—By Chief Joseph Fisher.

Indian Conservative Association of Caradoc—By Scobie Logan.

Conservatives of East Elgin—By President Backhouse.

The Speeches.

Chairman John Leitch, as president of the West Middlesex Conservative Association, introduced the speakers briefly, and said the Liberals of the riding had not followed their leaders because of so many changes of policy.

Dr. Roome, M.P.

Dr. Roome, M.P., of London, was received with applause. Alluding to what he termed the heinous charges against members of the Government, he said the latter emerged like molten gold from the crucible, free from dross. He accused Mr. Laurier of making a contract with Mr. Mercier to give Quebec an increase of $400,000 in subsidy in return for his (Mercier's) support. Mr. Laurier he referred to as the silver-tongued orator from Quebec and Sir Adolphe Caron as the flowery-tongued. Sir John Thompson was the greatest Canadian statesman to-day

Sir John Thompson.

The Premier was cheered on rising to speak. Sir John's tour has evidently played him out. He gave evidences of a very tired feeling within and it was with apparent effort that he threw his voice to the grand stand. He was glad, he said, this stalwart county had sent three Conservatives to Parliament. He and his friends were there because of present political activity in the Liberal party. "Laurier said that 75 per cent. of the people were farmers, and that he was on their side every time—brave as usual. He tells you prices are lower than they used to be. But of what benefit will the new policy of the Opposition be? We, the Conservative party, are of the opinion that in view of the prosperity of the country the tariff might be thoroughly revised, therefore we proposed to consult all classes affected and not to go, like our opponents, into a committee room and map out a tariff in fifteen minutes by the watch. They summoned a convention to do this. There were so many of them there in the dog days of July that I thought they had come from the uttermost parts of the earth. But what the Conservatives proposed to do was to go about the country, meet the farmers and other industrial classes and see what they required." (Applause.)

Sir John admitted prices of products and farms were low, but it was because of intense competition and the opening up of cheap lands in the Canadian Northwest. The Liberals proposed to lower them further by increasing that competition. The farmers had protection; did they want Canadian cities supplied with Armour's and Swift's meat? Sir John devoted some time to showing how bad was the condition of the farmers of the mother country under free trade. "We are

PREPARED TO OFFER RECIPROCITY

to the United States in agricultural products and in some manufactures," he admitted. "We asked the same change as the South American republics. It was refused. In Mr. Blaine's words we were not going to have the liberty of singing 'God Save the Queen,' and have the benefit of the American markets.

"Some of our young people, thank God not as many as used to, are going abroad because they see more chance among 60,000,000 people than among 5,000,000. We can never hope to stop the outflow." Sir John then drew a gloomy picture of affairs in the Republic. He sympathized with the farmers there. "Would you exchange this sad state for the happy and comfortable condition of the farmers and the progress of Canada?" he asked in grave tones, and a few of the faithful answered nay.

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.

Sir John, before leaving to catch his train, said he had been asked to state his views on two subjects—prohibition and the Manitoba school question. "We felt," said he, "that before the Government is called upon to deal with the question of prohibition, it was our duty to investigate it thoroughly, not only in Parliament but among the people, and until the report of the prohibition commission is laid on the table of Parliament it would be unjust on the part of the Government to announce any policy on the question. When the report was submitted it would be the Government's duty, and they would not shirk it, to announce their policy on prohibition.

Sir John said he would not have time to touch on the Manitoba schools.

Sir Adolphe Caron.

Sir Adolphe Caron had barely time to adjust his eyeglass and throw a few rhetorical nosegays at the crowd before leaving for the station. He was delighted to see the happy feeling among the people of this locality. No differences of race and religion could affect the people of Ontario, he knew. They looked upon Canadians from the national standpoint—as those who loved Canada. How great was the honor bestowed upon Sir John Thompson when the first lady of Europe, Queen Victoria, chose him as the representative of Canada and the Empire on the most important tribunal in the world's history. (Applause.) And how correct had been her judgment when they saw the results.

Hon. John Haggart.

As the whistle of the Hon. John's train blew soon after he rose, he had no chance to talk business. The gathering assured him that Dr. Roome was as popular in his own riding as he was in Parliament. The Liberal policy was one which could accommodate itself to any locality so long as it would put the party in power. He really hoped the audience would forgive him for leaving, but if Dr. Roome needed his assistance around election time, he would come again and bring some of his colleagues with him.

Sir John, Sir Adolphe and the last speaker hurried to the carriage in waiting, and the chairman introduced

Hon. T. M. Daly

as the brilliant young Minister from Manitoba. Mr. Daly proved himself fluent and long-winded. He was glad to return to his native Province of Ontario and find, not the depression the Grits talked about, but splendid farms, brick houses, fine cattle and substantial school houses. His audience was well dressed and happy looking, and the women as good-looking as any to be seen in the world. (Cheers.) He found no indications that prosperity was lacking, or that the farmers were oppressed. The Liberals told them so, because they had an eye to the fleshpots at Ottawa.

"When Mr. Foster proclaims, as he must do at the next session, the result of the Government investigation on the tariff question, you will find that the people of Canada have

NO DESIRE FOR TARIFF REFORM."

The people from Dakota and the Northern States, said Mr. Daly, were flocking to the Canadian Northwest in dozens, hundreds and thousands to be relieved of the burden of taxation, to live under the old flag and to worship God as they pleased. Oh, the tales of woe and misery some of them could tell! The speaker alluded to Sir John Thompson's services on the Bering Sea commission, and sketched in glowing colors what the Premier had told that tribunal of Canada's grand resources—awaiting development.

In conclusion he touched on the

MANITOBA SCHOOL QUESTION,

and accused J. Israel Tarte and others of stirring up party and religious strife. He refuted Mr. Tarte's statement that a conspiracy had been entered into between the Government and the Roman Catholic hierarchy to settle this question in favor of the Roman Catholic Church. No matter what the result of the appeal to the Supreme Court might be it would be settled on constitutional lines. He retired by expressing the belief that victory would perch on their banners in the riding when Dr. Roome again appealed for their votes.

Clarke Wallace.

Controller of Customs, followed with a long speech. The policy of the Liberal party, said he, discriminated against the mother land in favor of a nation (the United States), which had always been antagonistic to the Dominion. "The Almighty intended," he said, "that there should be a great British nation built on the northern half of this continent, and we will build up here a mighty empire under the protection of Great Britain, and we will be able to assist the mother land in her hour of distress." (Cheers.) Mr. Wallace was astounded at the audacity of the Grits in terming the Conservatives the party of extravagance, and quoted figures to prove that while the Dominion current expenses had been reduced that of the Grit local governments had increased, and that in five years while Mackenzie had added $40,000,000 to the public debt with nothing to show for it, the Conservatives had only added $2,500,000 with railways and canals to show.

"Never mind," said he,

"ONTARIO WILL BE CONSERVATIVE

at the next election, and you are going to throw out your present member, G. W. Ross. We're going to throw out the Grit in West York, too. Keep your eye on us." (Cheers.)

The speaker told a choice story that when a deputation of farmers went to Sir Richard Cartwright to ask a revision of the tariff he told them to go to Old Nick. Sir Richard said they went at once to Sir John Macdonald—(laughter)—but they didn't. They went straight home; they saw enough of Old Nick when they met Sir Richard. Mr. Wallace went on to say that the farmers were the least taxed of any class in the country. The only things taxed on their dining tables were the

PEPPER AND MUSTARD.

The National Policy preserved to the farmers their best market—Canada. "What would become of our cities and towns if Mr. Laurier's policy were enacted?" asked Mr. Wallace. "Why, the grass would grow in the streets and we would be simply hewers of wood and drawers of water. The policy of the Conservative party is to bring in the necessaries of life and raw material free of duty; yet they call us the restrictionists and high taxationists. Why, sir, we are the low taxation party. Gentlemen, we are going to

KEEP RIGHT ON WITH THE NATIONAL POLICY."

The speaker held up the direct taxation bogey and said every farmer in Canada would have to pay $1 per acre in addition to municipal taxes under direct taxation, whereas under the N. P. he need not pay a cent unless he chose. The Controller accused Messrs. Paterson, of Brant, Daley, of the Northwest, Lister, of Lambton, Charlton, "the good man," and Campbell, of Kent, of gross inconsistency. They were tariff reformers all round, save where their own selfish interest were affected.

They did not expect the Manitoba school question to come back to Parliament, but if it did they would do the square thing. He asked the riding to fight the good fight not only for the Dominion, but for Ontario, "because we have many interests there."

A. B. Ingram, M.P.

A. B. Ingram, M.P., East Elgin, said Sir John Thompson stood head and shoulders above any other politician in the Dominion. Sir Oliver Mowat, he said, applied the gag law to his supporters when the resolutions of the Quebec conference were presented to the Local House. He was afraid to trust his own supporters.

W. P. Killackey,

of Chatham, who unsuccessfully opposed Arch. Campbell, M.P., in Kent, managed to hold the remaining fragment of the crowd by his eloquence. Their opponents, he said, tried to separate province from province, set race against race, creed against creed, farmer against manufacturer, and do all kinds of nasty things to attain power. The Conservative party was as essential to the success of the country as was the sun to the harvest. It would be a surprise to him if the Conservatives did not stand by Sir John Thompson even more firmly than by Sir John Macdonald, because the danger was greater.

This concluded the speech-making, and cheers were given for the Queen, Sir John Thompson, the other Ministers and for the chairman.

THE WIND UP.

In the evening Messrs. Wallace and Daley were entertained to supper in the McKellar House. At 10 o'clock two or three dozen torches were handed round, and Mr. Daley was escorted to the G. T. R. station, where brief speeches were made. Dr. Roome expressed the hope that Reeve Leitch would be their candidate at the next local election. Mr. Wallace had previously left for London by the C. P. R.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

"The hammock fell with me last night!" "Was Jack hurt?"

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is a sure and safe cure for coughs, colds, sore throat and all throat and lung diseases.

"Billy was too much bent on getting that girl." "Yes, and the first he knew he was broke."

All throat and lung troubles, from a simple cough to incipient consumption, are easily cured by Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Clara—Mr. Nicefello said my face was classic. What is classic? Dora—Oh, most anything old.

Nothing impure or injurious contaminates the popular antidote to pain, throat and lung remedy and general corrective, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It may be used without the slightest apprehension of any other than salutary consequences. Coughs, rheumatism, earache, bruises, cuts and sores succumb to its action.

Originality is a good thing to aim at—which may be why the world is always throwing bricks at cranks.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.



PURE PORK SAUSAGE NOW READY

Very Cheap for Cash Only.

All orders for delivery must be given before 10 o'clock every morning.

We buy Hogs off farmers' wagons, delivered at the Packing House every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning from 8 to 10 o'clock.

We pay highest price for Hogs between 160 to 220 pounds, live weight.

The Canadian Packing Company,

Office: Albion Buildings, Room 6. Telephone 960.

SLEEPLESSNESS is instantly relieved and permanently cured by the faithful use of CAMPBELL'S QUININE WINE.

It tones up the system and restores failing strength. Recommended by all doctors as a restorative after debilitating illnesses.

Prepared only by K. CAMPBELL & CO., ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. MONTREAL.

CAFFAROMA

The finest pure ground Coffee in the world, sold in tins only. If you cannot get it at your nearest grocer send postal card direct to ACME MILLS Montreal, who will mail immediately free trial sample to the address given. 2XV

HEALTH FOR ALL!!!

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

Manufactured only at 78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 533, OXFORD STREET), LONDON, and sold by all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.

BBB CURES DYSPEPSIA.

Dyspepsia arises from wrong action of the Stomach and is the cause of much misery and many diseases such as Constipation, Biliousness, Bad Blood, Headache. Burdock Blood Bitters is a prompt and effectual cure because it tones the stomach, aids digestion and renovates the entire system. Cases which seemed past hope have been completely cured by B.B.B.

LIFE WAS A BURDEN.

"Life seemed a burden, the simplest food disagreed with me, and I was in misery from Dyspepsia, but two bottles of B.B.B. entirely freed me from it," says Miss L. A. Kuhn, Hamilton, Ont.

R.R.R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

The most certain and safe Pain Remedy in the world that instantly stops the most excruciating pains. It is truly the great

CONQUEROR OF PAIN,

and has done more good than any known remed.

FOR SPRAINS, BRUISES, BACKACHE, PAIN IN THE CHEST OR SIDES, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE OR ANY OTHER EXTERNAL PAIN, a few applications rubbed on by the hand act like magic-causing the pain to instantly stop.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat Inflammation, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Asthma, Difficult Breathing, Influenza,

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica. Lumbago, Swelling of the Joints, Pains in Back, Chest or Limbs.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty or pain exists will afford ease and comfort.

ALL INTERNAL PAINS, PAINS IN BOWELS or STOMACH, CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, NAUSEA, VOMITING, HEARTBURN, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHEA, COLIC, FLATULENCY, FAINTING SPELLS are relieved instantly and quickly cured by taking internally a half to a teaspoonful of Ready Relief in half a tumbler of water.

MALARIA,

Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague Conquered.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious, and other Fevers, aided by Radway's Pills, so quickly as Radway's Ready Relief.

Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY'S PILLS,

For the cure of all disorders of the STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS, KIDNEYS, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION, COSTIVENESS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUSNESS, FEVER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS, PILES, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or DELETERIOUS DRUGS.

Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., 419 St. James street, Montreal.

To the Public—Be sure and ask for Radway's and see that the name "Radway" is on what you buy.

NAVIGATION AND RAILWAYS.

CUNARD LINE

"LANE ROUTE."

From New York to Liverpool via Queenstown. Fast Express Mail Service.

UMBRIA.....Saturday, Oct. 7, 4 a.m
LUCANIA.....Saturday, Oct. 14, 8 a.m.
AURANIA.....Tuesday, Oct. 17, 10 a.m.
ETRURIA.....Saturday, Oct. 21, 2 p.m.
CAMPANIA.....Saturday, Oct. 28, 7 a.m
SERVIA.....Tuesday, Oct. 31, 10 a.m
UMBRIA.....Saturday, Nov. 4, 2 p.m.
LUCANIA.....Saturday, Nov. 11, 7 a.m.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $60 and upwards. Second cabin, $35 and upwards, according to steamer and location; return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage tickets to and from Liverpool and Queenstown and all other parts of Europe at lowest rates. Through bills of landing given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other parts on the continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

VERNON H. BROWN & Co., agents, 4 Bowling Green, New York.

E. DE LA HOOKE, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas Sts.

A. G. SMYTHE 443 Richmond St., sole agents for London.

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PALACE STEAMERS

Macassa & Modjeska

Commencing June 10, leave Toronto 7:30 and 11* a.m., 2 and 6:15* p.m. Leave Hamilton 7:45* and 10:45 a.m., 2:15 and 5:30* p.m.

*Calls at Oakville, weather permitting.

F. ARMSTRONG, General agent, Toronto. J. B. GRIFFITH, Manager, Hamilton 65tf

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships. Liverpool, Calling at Moville.

REDUCTION IN CABIN RATES.

	From Montreal at daylight,	From Quebec, 9 a.m
Laurentian	Oct. 14	Not calling
Numidian	Oct. 21	Oct. 22
Sardinian	Oct. 28	Oct. 29
Mongolian	Nov. 4	Not calling
Parisian	Nov. 11	Nov. 12

Rates of passage—By Parisian, $50, $60, $70; by Sardinian, $50, $55, $60; by other steamers, $45 and $50. Second cabin $30, extra accommodation $35, steerage $24.

STATE LINE SERVICE

New York and Glasgow, via Londonderry.

	From New York.
STATE OF CALIFORNIA	noon Nov. 2
STATE OF NEBRASKA	10 a.m. Nov. 16
STATE OF CALIFORNIA	10 a.m. Dec. 7
STATE OF NEBRASKA	3 p.m. Dec. 21

Cabin passage, single, $40 and upwards; return, $80 and upwards, according to location of berth; second cabin, $30; steerage at lowest through rates. For tickets and information apply to

AGENTS—E. De la Hooke, "Clock," corner Richmond and Dundas, and Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets. F. S. Clarke, 416 Richmond street; John Paul, 391 Richmond street.

AMERICAN LINE.

New York, Southampton, London.

NEW YORK.....Wednesday, Oct. 11, 7 a.m.
PARIS.....Wednesday, Oct. 18, 11:30 a.m.
BERLIN.....Wednesday, Oct. 25, 6 a.m
NEW YORK....Wednesday, Nov. 1, 11:30 a.m.
PARIS.....Wednesday, Nov. 8, 6 a.m.

From Pier 43, N.R., foot of Christopher street, New York.

Shortest and most convenient route to London. Passengers land at Empress dock, avoiding inconvenience and exposure of transfer by tender. First cabin passage to Southampton, London or Havre, $60 and upward, according to steamer. Second cabin, $35 to $60. Steerage at low rates.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION CO. 6 Bowling Green, New York. F. S. Clarke, A. G. Smythe, E. De la Hooke, London, Ont.

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—TO—

CHICAGO,

Wednesday, Oct. 11

—VIA—

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

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JOHN PAUL, City Ticket Agent.
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass. Agent. JOHN G. LAVEN, Can. Pass. Agent.

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No Delays! No Transfers!

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VIA

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Good to arrive back at starting point by Oct. 18

OCTOBER 13 and 14

Good to arrive back at starting point by Oct. 25.

OCTOBER 20 and 21

Good to arrive back at starting point by Nov. 1

OCTOBER 27 and 28

Good to arrive back at starting point by Nov. 8,

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SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE

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MANITOBA ALBERTA AND ATHABASCA

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Thos. R. Parker, City Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. 77tf

WORLD'S FAIR EXCURSION

Oct. 6 and 7.

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"Clock" Corner

RICHMOND & DUNDAS STS

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E. De la Hooke,

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—TO—

CHICAGO AND RETURN,

EVERY

Wednesday & Saturday

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WHITE STAR LINE

Royal and United States Mail Steamers for Queenstown and Liverpool.

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BRITANNIC.....Oct. 15
*TEUTONIC.....Oct. 22
GERMANIC.....Oct. 29
*MAJESTIC.....Nov. 5
*TEUTONIC.....Nov. 8

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—[BROWNING.

If you trust in God and yourself you can surmount every obstacle. Do not yield to restless anxiety. One must not always be asking what may happen to one in life, but one must advance fearlessly and bravely.
—[PRINCE BISMARCK.

London, Monday Oct. 9.

—Mexican silver dollars are now worth only 57 cents. They were worth 65 cents before the United States House of Representatives resolved that it was not profitable to buy western silver coin it and leave hundreds of millions of dollars lying unused in the mint vault.

—Ex-Warden Pierson, who has been chosen Liberal candidate for the Legislature in North Bruce, is a popular farmer. For 21 years he has been reeve of Saugeen. He is a clear and convincing speaker, a thorough temperance man, and an ardent promoter of every movement for the advancement of the county during the present generation.

—Sir John Thompson concluded his tour of talking at Glencoe Saturday afternoon. D'Alton McCarthy is the next orator to go on deck. Mr. McCarthy has been called the "scotched snake" by "protectionist" journalists trying to read him out of his party, but at last accounts he refused to regard himself as "scotched."

—While Sir John Thompson is being unmercifully "heckled" by those who desire to get a definite opinion from him on the question of prohibition, Mr. Foster, who has been accustomed to pose as the chief apostle of temperance, is prancing up and down the Midway Plaisance at Chicago. Why did Mr. Foster desert his chief the moment that "heckling" on this topic began?

—With lumber so scarce throughout a wide area of the Northwest, it is to be regretted that some effective steps cannot be taken to prevent the forest fires in Northwest Manitoba which have done immense damage. The dispatches lay the blame on the Indians, who are said to fire the woods in order to get at the game. Surely the Indians could be taught to give up this short-sighted expedient. It would pay the people to feed the Indians altogether rather than let them destroy so much property while in quest of sustenance.

—The Inter-State Commerce Commission of the United States, in its fifth report now issued, finds that on June 30 last the total railway mileage of the United States was 173,563, an increase of 3,160 miles during the year. The total number of railway corporations was 1,122, of locomotives 33,136 and of cars 1,215,092. The number of passengers carried during the year was 560,858,211. Of railway employes there were 821,415 an increase of 37,130 over last year. The gross earnings from operation of railways during the year were $1,171,407,343. The operating expenses were $780,997,996. The capital value of the railway lines was $10,226,746,134. Fewer employes were killed than in the previous year, the number being 2,554. Over 28,000 employes were injured, and 376 passengers were killed and 3,227 injured. It is proved from this that only one person in about a 1,500,000 passengers is killed. The railway affords pretty safe traveling after all.

—The United States taxpayers have been paying many millions of dollars annually in payment of civil war pensions, and the settlement of these claims has had much to do with the heavy taxation of our neighbors in the past twenty years. But the high water mark has been reached, and from now onward it is expected that the annual amount to be expended on pensioners will steadily decrease. On July 1, 1893, according to a report just issued from the Pension Bureau, there were 966,012 pensioners of all kinds on the rolls. On Sept. 1, 1893, two months afterward, there were only 964,393, showing a net decrease during that time of 1,604 pensioners. This is an average net decrease of 807 per month, and if extended through the year would show a net decrease of 9,684. This is the first time in 33 years since the war that a net decrease has been shown. It is estimated at the bureau that the loss to the rolls during the present fiscal year by death, remarriages, minors reaching the non-pensionable age, etc., will reach 50,000, as against 35,000 last year. And it is not thought that the additions to the rolls will reach much more than 40,000. The sum now expended for war pensions is over $160,000,000.

—It is now seen that it was fear of "heckling" and of being compelled to acknowledge the weakness of their case that moved the so-called Controllers in the Dominion Government to hold their tariff interviews with farmers and others in private. If these investigations had been held in public, it would have been impossible for the "protectionist" agents to burk them, or to deny the accuracy of the spicy "heckling" that took place whenever they undertake to argue with the tariff-afflicted populace. These itinerant members of the Government are not contented to hear evidence, they argue with and brow-beat the witnesses, and attempt to ridicule them into taking the high tax view. The farce is longer than a Chinese play, but even to those who only hear the echoes from outside the sealed chamber it is extremely ludicrous.

—The long and stubborn fight over the repeal of the silver purchase measure in the United States Senate is now believed to be nearing an end. It is proposed by the Administration leaders to keep the Senate in session all night on Wednesday and on Thursday and during the succeeding night if necessary. If during these 24 or 36 or 48 hours, if need be, the repealers stand shoulder to shoulder without flinching; if they remain in their seats and force the other side to do all the fighting the silver men will become so discouraged that they will, it is believed, lose their nerve and run. After that it will be a rout and the citadel will soon capitulate. If this method is followed out the repealers may succeed in forcing the vote which the advocates of compulsory coinage of silver, in connection with "protectionist" senators, have staved off for so long a period. The physical exertion necessary to remain in the house without rest for so long a period suggests a Chinese method of punishment meted out to a criminal. He is kept awake by his guard till he dies. If he lives two weeks he almost always becomes a raving maniac. Some senators that we know of would not take that length of time to reach the lunacy stage.

LIQUOR TRAFFIC COMMISSION.

The Dominion "Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic" will hold a meeting in the council chamber, City Hall, this city, on Friday next at 10 a.m. Though little confidence is placed in the commission by temperance men, it is advisable that when the commissioners sit here there should be no lack of evidence in favor of the temperance side of the liquor question. Those of our readers who are in a position to give evidence should be ready to do so on the day named.

THE TEST IN RELIGIONS.

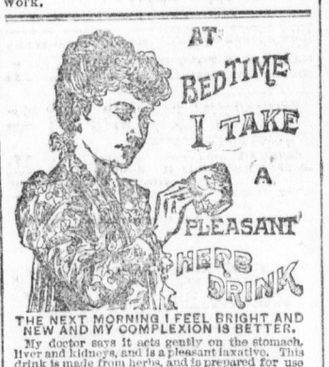
The Parliament of Religions has been brought to a close, and many people are asking if any practical result has flown from the strange and unusual gathering. What immediate results were expected? No vote was taken on any subject discussed, but it has to be admitted that the leaders of thought in the various parts of the world made their systems of religion better understood. These other religions, whether they be regarded by Christians as wholly or partially false, give consolation and hope and some idea of the problem of existence to hundreds of millions of people, and for this reason no harm could come from having a clear statement regarding them placed side by side with that of the religion adhered to by the Western world. It is well that popular misconceptions regarding "heathenism" have been exposed, for great injury may be done to a reforming cause by the promulgation of false views of a system attacked. The cementing and civilizing influences of the congress were probably its chief features. That aspect of the gathering is well put forward by Principal Grant, of Queen's College, Kingston, who was a delegate to it. Writing to the Canada Presbyterian, Dr. Grant says:

"The occasion was altogether unprecedented. In no other age of the world's history could such a congress have been convened. The ends of the world have been brought together. Steam and electricity are annihilating time and space. Commerce and British rule have made our speech the language of progressive men everywhere. The unity of the world and of the race is realized for the first time. The spiritual natures and needs of men are felt to be the same. Profound changes in our points of view have taken place and other changes are impending; and the question is simply this: Seeing that Christianity has already proved itself divine, by surviving shocks that would have destroyed it, had it been merely of human origin, shall we admit that its divine power is exhausted and that it cannot adapt itself to present conditions, or shall we not rather boldly, and in the spirit of our reforming fathers, employ new methods to meet the new age in which our lot is cast? There can be no doubt what the answer of the believer must be. He stands as ready to adapt his methods to the new order of things as a good soldier is to throw away his bow and arrow for Brown Bess and Brown Bess for arms of precision and smokeless powder. At a conference with men like Mozoomdar, he feels it absurd to talk about non-essentials or disputed points of doctrine, ritual or government. He has to get down at once to bedrock."

How easy Christian Union for the overthrow of evil can be accomplished when the people set about it in the right spirit is shown in this extract from Principal Grant's testimony:

"Every morning the vast audience united in praise. Never did I hear the long metre doxology sung with more fervor. Then, on the first day, Cardinal Gibbons led us in the words of the Lord's Prayer. On another day we were led by a Presbyterian, on another by an Anglican, on another by a Methodist, and so on. I envy not the man whose heart and soul did not exult with joy as he joined in these devotions, or the man who would seek from them only the gratification of denominational pride, or use them for the purpose of taunting others with inconsistency. There are inconsistencies for which we should only thank God and praise men. And I mention the attitude of the liberal party in the Roman Catholic Church in the United States, simply to praise it, and because it puts to shame the reactionary attitude and tone of some who call themselves Presbyterian. To quote language which I used in my second address and which was listened to respectfully by bishops and priests on the platform and in the audience: 'The Democratic principle has now triumphed in the church as well as in society. The most despotic and the most aristocratically constituted churches admit it and pay homage to it as the real king. Can we ask for a more significant illustration of the fact than this parliament itself? And now that democracy has triumphed, the question is, shall the children of those who fought and bled in its cause, who stood by it in the dark and cloudy day, when no man regarded, be afraid of it or false to it, when perhaps their aid is needed more than ever? For, democracy does not mean disorder in Church or in State. It must be organized, and it cries for leadership and organization; but it demands that those who would be its guides shall trust it; for they who do not trust may betray.'"

Did Christianity hold its own in contrast with the other religions? Most assuredly. Some good people were astounded at the idea of permitting Christianity to be placed in comparison with the religion of the Hindoo or of Mahomet. But it suffered nothing in consequence. Christianity can claim to be the religion of progress, enlightenment and happiness. It is not true that western civilization would have worked out its destiny as well under Hinduism as under Christianity. It was proved beyond all doubt at Chicago, as it has been proved in the experience of millions, that however well satisfied eastern nations may be with their religions, Christianity is the chief corner stone of a civilization advanced and adapted to the wants of the people as no civilization has been since the world began. Honest and united effort in forwarding its tenets and in combatting wrongdoing is what is needed in its several branches to-day, and if the congress has done nothing more than to demonstrate how easily this co-operation can be established it will have accomplished a great work.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.
My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called
LANE'S MEDICINE
All druggists sell it for 50c. and $1.00 per package. Buy one to-day. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

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We bought a line of 27 dozen, worth $24 dozen, or $2 each wholesale. We bought them cheap, Yours at 75c each. A bargain. See our window.

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SCOTCH LAMBS' WOOL UNDERWEAR
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We have opened up a great bargain for you here. Received to-day: Capes, Collars and Muffs; almost anything you could wish for in Furs. 16 inch Capes, 18 inch Capes, 24 inch Capes, 30 inch Capes, from $3 to $50. We bought them at sterling prices. No duties to pay on this lot—Your benefit.

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An item of interest just now. Fathers and mothers alike interested over this subject. Our business to tell you that your money spent at Chapman's will procure you better satisfaction than any place else we know of. Try it. Our stock is very large. Perfect-fitting garments at $3, $4, $5, $7 50, $10 and upwards.

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Mantles to order. Two first-class cutters employed. Sealette Coats, Fine Wraps and Mantles a great specialty.

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I spent trying to find a cure for **Salt Rheum**, which I had 13 years. Physicians said they never saw so severe a case. My legs, back and arms were covered by the humor. I was unable to lie down in bed, **could not walk without crutches**, and had to have my arms, back and legs bandaged twice a day. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon I could see a change. The flesh became more healthy, the **sores soon healed**, the scales fell off, I was soon able to give up bandages and crutches, and a happy man I was. I had been taking

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for seven months; and since that time, 2 years, I have worn no bandages whatever and my legs and arms are sound and well." S. G. DERRY, 45 Bradford St., Providence, R. I.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache. Try them.

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The Cobourgs Win the Deciding Ball Match at Toronto.

A Good Day's Sport on the Thames—Success of the London Rowing Club's Regatta—Football Match on Tecumseh Park—Other Sporting Events.

BASEBALL.

COBOURG TAKES THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

TORONTO, Oct. 8.—The final baseball game between Cobourg and London for the championship of Canada was played off here yesterday before about 800 people. At the start betting was 5 to 4 on London, and after the first inning changed to 5 to 3. But in the fifth Cobourg made 7 hits, which, with two errors, gave them 7 runs, and put them in the lead, which they kept. It was an exciting game throughout. The fielding was good, though errors were somewhat numerous, a feature being the brilliant catches on both sides. Big excursions came from both contesting points. Score:

Cobourg	1	0	1	0	7	0	1	0	*	—10
Alerts	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—	5

ELYS.

The New York and Brooklyn baseball teams began their post-season series for the championship of the metropolitan district Saturday. The score was New York 12, Brooklyn 0.

AQUATIC.

THE REGATTA AT SPRINGBANK.

The London Rowing and Canoe Club's fall races Saturday afternoon were successful in every sense. The weather, the condition of the course and the attendance all conspired to bring about this result.

FAVORABLE CONDITIONS.

Scarcely a ripple agitated the surface. The ladies came out in their latest toilets, and lent additional beauty to a scene already made lovely by the charming foliage.

The first race, the double sculls—contested by E. Rechnitzer and H. Dahlgren, A. D. Huff and G. Beling—was a fairly close contest. The two first mentioned proved themselves the better crew, and won, after hard racing, by three lengths.

Two crews were entered in the club fours—A. F. Gilpin, A. Furness, W. E. Eardley, R. Southam (stroke) against J. C. McLean, W. C. Coo, R. Shillington, G. H. Gillespie (stroke). The former four out-rowed the crew stroked by Gillespie, and in spite of a gallant spurt on the part of the latter, won by two lengths.

There were five boats in the sailing race. These were severally directed by M. J. Kent, W. S. Smith, G. D. Sutherland, Capt Cartwright and E. Masuret. Kent and Cartwright had both the misfortune to upset early in the race and were consequently unable to proceed. Smith's boat won easily.

The inter-club contest between fours representing the Leanders, of Hamilton, and the London rowing organization was the event of the day. The Leander crew were A. Jarvis, R. Calvin, W. R. Marshall and D. M. Cameron (stroke); the London four were E. Rechnitzer, A. D. Huff, G. Beling and H. Dahlgren (stroke). Both crews got a good start, and kept well together until about 50 yards from the finish. Here the Leanders began to forge ahead, winning by two lengths. The London boys, of course, were handicapped through having rowed against each other in the double sculls.

M. J. Kent and H. Cronyn paddled against A. Furness and J. P. McNaughton in the tandem canoe event. This was a plucky race upon the part of the two latter. They had a bad start, and were, in spite of a brilliant display of speed, behind all the way up the course. Both pairs worked with united action and grace of movement.

G. Beling and E. Rechnitzer tried conclusions in the single sculls—the last event of the afternoon. Bealing won easily. Rechnitzer claims that he had his boat interfered with early in the race.

George D. Sutherland acted impartially as starter, and Archibald D. McLean as judge gave entire satisfaction. A great deal of the success of the day's enjoyment is attributable to the energy and thought of the captain, G. H. Gillespie.

THE VIGILANT BEATS THE VALKYRIE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The Vigilant won and all the patriotic citizens who went down the bay to see the first of the international yacht races came back shouting themselves hoarse over the performance of the cup defender. The day was a beautiful one, the race was prettily sailed and while Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie came in second by 5 minutes and 48 second she showed qualities which make her a dangerous antagonist in a stiff breeze and a windward race. Saturday's race was the race that ended in a fluke last Thursday and was postponed until Saturday. It was to be a run of fifteen miles to windward or leeward and return. The direction of the wind made it necessary to sail first to the leeward. The start was the most beautiful ever seen in the American waters, and to the spectators it seemed as though both boats had been simultaneously shot out of a cannon.

At the end of ten minutes the English boat was fully two lengths ahead and apparently gaining every moment. This state of affairs continued for fifteen minutes when the American seemed to gather headway and gradually closed up the gap until she overtook and passed the Valkyrie, placing one-third of a mile of clear water between them at the end of the first hour.

Toward 1 o'clock, just as the turning mark hove in sight, the wind became so light that both yachts seemed almost dead in the water. At 1:25 the wind freshened and was almost abeam. The racers braced in and stood for the mark, the English boat about a quarter of a mile astern and rapidly picking up. Following is the official time of the run: Vigilant, 1:50:50; Valkyrie, 1:58:56. From this it can be seen that it took the Vigilant just 2 hours, 25 minutes and 50 seconds, and the Valkyrie 2 hours, 33 minutes and 56 seconds to make the run of fifteen miles to the leeward, a difference of 8 minutes and 6 seconds. The course from the outward turn was really a close reach. It was a straight sail in a smooth sea, and both yachts made remarkably quick time, very few of the excursion boats being able to keep up with them. The yachts logged at least 12 knots, and the Valkyrie showed herself a speedier boat on this point of sailing, rapidly gaining on the Yankee, and would have overtaken her had the course been a little longer. Though official records show only a gain of 30 seconds for the Valkyrie, she gained at least three minutes, but after the Vigilant had crossed the line the wind suddenly died away, so that the three-minute gain of the British cutter was reduced to 30 seconds with a distance of one-fourth of a mile.

Though the day was perfect and the American yacht gained an honest victory it was not a steady wind from start to finish and therefore not a fair test of the two boats. It was ascertained, however, that in light airs the Vigilant is speedier than the Valkyrie, but in a fresh breeze and in a reach the English boat is superior. This makes it fair to presume that the Valkyrie may win Monday's race if the wind blows steady and strong.

The official figures of the race are: Vigilant, outer mark, 1:50:50; Valkyrie, outer mark, 1:58:56. Vigilant wins. Corrected time, 5 minutes 48 seconds.

FOOTBALL.

A GOOD GAME.

The London Rugby Football Club had a practice match on Saturday afternoon on Tecumseh Park. A good crowd was present and enjoyed the game. At 4 o'clock play was started, and for a while it was uncertain as to what the result would be. "Doc" Sippi made his appearance on the field and held up his reputation equally as well in kicking the ball as he did in batting it. Any unfortunate who happened to come in contact with Sippi was shown no mercy, in many cases the force of the collision being so great as to send the victim several feet away. Beltz, D. Mills and Brown also played a fine game. When time was called the game was given to the first team. The teams were made up as follows:

FIRST TEAM.	POSITION.	SECOND TEAM.
Minhinnick	Forwards	Pumphrey
Screaton		Sharp
Meek		Keogh
Jeffrey		Carmichael
Farncombe	Wings	G. Sippi
S. Graydon		D. Mills
Courtwright		G. Graydon
A. Sippi		Crawford
Lund		Dawson
Wade		Kerrigan
Skey	Quarter backs	E. Mills
Beltz	Half backs	Hobbs
Walker		Milligan
Niven		Lee
Lockhart	Full backs	Richardson

After the game a committee met and chose the following team for Tuesday's game at Petrolea: Forwards, Crawford, Screaton, Minhinnick, Jeffrey; wings, Lind, G. Sippi, A. Sippi, Skey (captain), E. Farncomb, Carmichael; quarter back, Hobbs; half backs, Lee, Beltz, Walker; full back, Milligan; spare men, Brown and Lockhart. The train leaves the G. T. R. depot at 11:30 a.m., and every member is requested to be on time.

Woodstock defeated Galt 2 to 0, on Saturday, in the second match of the Western Football Association.

At Kingston, Saturday, Osgoode Hall Football Club, 30; R. M. S. Cadets, 11.

At Toronto on Saturday Toronto and Ottawa played their senior Ontario Rugby Union tie match. Score: Toronto 32, Ottawa 1.

The intermediate Rugby football match, scheduled to take place at Stratford, between Hamilton and Stratford, was not played, the latter having defaulted.

THE WHEEL.

BADLY HURT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—The New York Cicyling Association contests yesterday afternoon, at Manhattan Field, were marred by serious accidents to several of the contestants. On the home stretch in the third race, W. J. Schofield, the English champion, saw that his wheel was breaking and attempted to throw himself in the grass at the side of the track. He fell heavily on his back, one bicycle striking him on the left side and one passing over his chest. Schofield being in the lead at the time, the others were thrown on top of him.

Directly behind him was Charles W. Price and J. E. Starbuck. Price's bicycle struck Schofield's wheel and he was dashed headlong to the ground. Starbuck and his wheel both turned a complete somersault, the rider landing heavily on his head. Schofield, Starbuck and Price were taken to the Manhattan Hospital.

ROAD RACE AT TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 8.—Several thousand persons saw the start and finish of the Canadian national bicycle twenty-mile road race yesterday under the auspices of the Athenæum Bicycle Club. The course was a mile round the Woodbine racetrack, nine miles down the Kingston road to Highland Creek and back round the track to the start. There were 207 entries and 163 starters, of whom 128 finished. The first to finish were: A. Bergoine, T. B. C. (13½ minutes), 1:07:29; A. Rogers, T. B. C. (12½ minutes), 1:07:59; S. Wharzin, A. C. C. (13½ minutes), 1:09:57.

W. Hyslop, the Canadian champion, started at the scratch and finished 85th in 1:03:17. G. M. Wells, the other scratch-man, was riding in great form until the turn, when he fell, receiving severe cuts and bruises. It is feared his spine is hurt. The best times made by the following:

1, Wm. Carman, A. C. C. (1 min.,) 1:00:20.

2, W. R. Hensall, R. C. B. C. (1 min.,) 1:00:41.

3, J. F. Deeks, W. B. C. 4½ (min.,) 1:02:48.

The club team race in connection with the road race was won by the Athenæums by 86 points.

BILLIARDS.

ROBERTS WON THE MATCH.

NEW YORK, Oct. 8.—The eleventh and last series of the 10,000 point billiard match between John Roberts, jun., the English champion, and Frank C. Ives, of Chicago, America's champion, was played last night in the Lenox Lyceum. Roberts held his lead and ran out his necessary 10,000 points at 10:45 o'clock. Ives' score was 8,738.

ATHLETICS.

BIDDING FOR THE BRUISERS.

VICKSBURG, Miss., Oct. 8.—The Metropolitan Athletic Club, being eager to secure the proposed Corbett-Mitchell fight, offers a purse of $50,000 for the contest to take place in its arena.

THE TURF.

FAST TIME AT CHILLICOTHE.

CHILLICOTHE, Oct. 8.—The last day of the October races was a success in so far as racing was concerned and the day showed some sensational features in the 2:25 pace, especially in the third heat, when Will Kerr tried to beat the track record of 2:08¼. Summary:

2:25 race—Stake $1,000:

Will Kerr	1	1	1
Guinette	2	3	6
Coastboy	8	2	4
Vassar	6	6	2
Cyclone	3	5	3
Cambridge Girl	5	4	7
Lora	4	7	5
Major Wolf	7	8	ds

Time—2:10, 2:09¾, 2:08¼.

AT LEXINGTON.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Oct. 8.—A most eventful meeting began at the fair grounds yesterday under the management of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association. The most important event in point of value was the Kentucky futurity; $5,000 was distributed among the three 2-year-olds, and the value of the money, estimated at over $30,000, will be competed for next year. Summary:

Kentucky futurity, 2-year-olds: purse $5,000, of which $3,000 goes to first, $1,000 to second, $500 to third, and $500 to nominator of winner's dam: two in three heats:

Nellie A, b. f.	2	1	1
Ella Woodline, b. f.	1	2	2
Billy Parks, g. c.	3	3	3
Red Pointer, r. c.	3	5	4
Spinaway, b. f.	4	4	dis

Time—2:23¾, 2:22¾, 2:26¼.

2:12 class, trotting: purse $1,500:

Pamlico, b. s.	1	1	1
Hazel Wilkes, ch. m.	3	2	2
Cicerone, br. s.	2	3	5
Kentucky Union, ch. f.	6	4	3
Mark Sirius, ch. s.	5	5	4
Dr. Sparks, blk. s.	4	6	dis

Time—2:13¾, 2:13¾, 2:11¼.

YO TAMBIEN WINS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 8.—The autumn meeting at Latonia closed yesterday. The event of the afternoon was the Cincinnati Hotel handicap, worth $2,640 to the winner. Seven starters faced the flag, Yo Tambien taking the plum, winning easily by three lengths in 2:06¼, distance 1¼ miles. Faraday was second and Picknick third.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The race for the Duke of York stakes at Kempton Park yesterday was won by Sir W. Throckmorton's Avington, with Broderick Cloet's Ceresa second and Sir R. Jardine's Llanthony third.

RACES AT WINDSOR THIS WEEK.

At the coming meeting of the Windsor Driving Park Association there are to be three days of racing, and the average number of entries is something like ten for each race. The first race will be called at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

TIPS.

Fides Stanton, the sensation of the early part of the season, is taking slow work at Hamilton, Ont. He got footsore after the Detroit meeting, and the swimming cure was tried without success.

CRICKET.

PHILADELPHIA DEFEATED AUSTRALIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.—The All-Philadelphia defeated the Australians in the two innings which were played yesterday. Score—Philadelphia, 227; Australians, 206.

LEGAL QUERIES.

MINOR.—Can a boy under age legally do business in his own name? ANS.—He can do a cash business; but if he gives or gets credit legal difficulties might arise.

BIRNAM.—Can anyone gather nuts from trees growing on the roadside within six feet of my fence? ANS.—Yes. The road is public property, and the public may gather nuts from any trees growing on or overhanging any part of the road, but no one has any legal right to reach over your fence without your permission.

BROOKLIN.—A gave a mortgage to a loan company, who had the property valued by their own valuator, and he afterwards disposes of the property. Can the company hold him responsible for the mortgage debt and interest after three or four years time, he having left it in good condition and the present owners having let it run down and go out of repair? ANS.—Yes; he remains personally liable to the company.

Efficacious.

"What horrible smell is that?" he asked as he unpacked his winter clothes.

"That's the stuff I used to keep the moths out of them," his wife answered, proudly.

"Well, it must have answered the purpose. I know it'll keep me out of 'em."

Eyes and Ears

have we that we may see and hear; brains, that we may reason and understand; so there's little excuse for much of the suffering that is tolerated. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is fast becoming the one recognized remedy for all diseases resulting from thin, impure and impoverished blood.

Indigestion and dyspepsia, scrofulous affections, liver and kidney diseases, sores and swellings, catarrh and consumption are blood affections. With purified, enriched and vitalized blood they flee as darkness before the light! Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the only guaranteed blood purifier and liver invigorator. Sold on trial! Money promptly returned if it doesn't benefit or cure.

The lawyer is like the slugger. If he wants to succeed he must keep in practice.

The sculptor is generally flashing for fame when he makes a cast.

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Parlor suites, bedroom setts, easy chairs, divans, Albert lounges, extension tables, secretaires, leather couches; furniture at your own price at WM. TRAFFORD'S, 85 and 87 King street.

Late Canadian News.

Three Men Crippled by the Fall of a Scaffold in Montreal.

Pitiable Plight of Ex-Secretary-Treasurer H. F. White, of Walkerville.

Jas. W. Ponton, aged 74, for 35 years registrar of county of Hastings and a pioneer in that section, died at the residence of his son, W. N. Ponton.

The terrible gale of Friday night drove the schooner David Stewart, of Port Huron, ashore on the west side of Point Pelee, about seven miles from Leamington. The crew were rescued.

Thos. Fullerton has begun suit against Undertaker Jas. Dwyer, of Hamilton, for $2,000 damages. He alleges that defendant did unlawfully cut and mutilate the body of the plaintiff's wife.

At Montreal on Saturday three workmen employed on the new building of McGill College fell a distance of 30 feet by the breaking of a scaffold. Vincent Page had three ribs broken, A. Payette had his skull fractured and a young man named Farley received a broken leg.

A. F. White, the absconding secretary-treasurer of the Walkerville malleable iron works, was taken to Windsor from Chicago on Saturday by Government Detective Rogers and Detective Ford, of Chicago. His trial was fixed for Oct. 16. His shortage is now stated to be $15,000. White is on the verge of delirium tremens.

A GORGEOUS ROCKFELLER HOUSE

To Cost Over $1,000,000 on Land Valued at Nearly as Much.

John D. Rockfeller, the Standard Oil magnate, is about to complete the purchase of real estate at Tarrytown, to cost upwards of $750,000, and on it he is going to build a mansion to cost more that $1,000,000. The land on which the mansion is to be built aggregates about 500 acres, and it is the plan of Mr. Rockfeller to have a considerable portion of this made as beautiful as the landscape gardener's art, and its own natural advantages can make it. The property is being purchased from a dozen different owners. All but a few small holdings have already been secured. The site is one of the most desirable in Westchester county. It almost adjoins the estate of William Rockfeller, brother of John D. The ground is very high, and grand views of the Hudson and the neighboring country are to be had from the various points upon it. On the 500 acres there are little hills and valleys, patches of woodland and several small brooks and ponds. The mansion is to be built on the highest point, about the center of the tract.

A very considerable portion of the property will be devoted to public uses. Already contracts are being prepared for cutting of roadways and footpaths. There are many engineering difficulties to be overcome in this direction, but Mr. Rockfeller has given orders that in this, as in the landscape gardening, no expense will be spared. The roads and paths, with few exceptions, will be open to all. The mansion will be of marble and granite, three and four stories high, with an abundance of towers, turrets, portices and broad piazzas.



Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by W. S. Barkwell, city.



ELEGANT.

NEW FALL SUITINGS,
NEW FALL TROUSERINGS,
NEW FALL OVERCOATINGS,
NEW FALL SCARFS AND TIES

PETHICK & McDONALD,
Fashionable Tailors, 393 Richmond Street, London.

WM. MALLOCH & CO., MACHINISTS
—MANUFACTURERS OF—
ELEVATORS,
PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS and SPECIAL MACHINERY
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Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb boxes.
"CROWN" GRANULATED, Special brand, the finest which can be made.
EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.
"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).
"YELLOW SUGARS of all Grades and Standards.
SYRUPS of all Grades in Barrels and half Barrels.
SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 pounds and 8 pounds each.

2xv

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The Great One-Price Clothiers.

If there is another stock of Men's and Boys'

FINE TAILOR-MADE OVERCOATS

In the city like this one of ours we don't know it.

For just experience tells in every soil,
For those who think will benefit those who toil.

Oak Hall are the Clothing thinkers and workers—
Our customers reap the benefit.

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148 AND 150 DUNDAS ST.
ALFRED TAYLOR, Manager.

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ART STAINED GLASS WINDOWS,
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Cures Dandruff. Promotes Growth of the Hair, Prevents Falling Out and Imparts to the Hair a Beautiful Gloss.

It being a purely Vegetable Compound it may be used freely without injury to the most delicate scalp.

Every Bottle Guaranteed.

$1 PER BOTTLE

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283 Richmond street, London, sole proprietor and manufacturer, London, Ont. All orders by mail are promptly attended to.

Ask your druggist for it. All the druggists please take notice and send for particulars.

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TABULES
REGULATE THE
STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS
AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.

RIPANS TABULES are the best Medicine known for Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Chronic Liver Troubles, Dizziness, Bad Complexion, Dysentery, Offensive Breath, and all disorders of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Ripans Tabules contain nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution. Are pleasant to take, safe, effectual, and give immediate relief.

May be obtained by application to nearest druggist.

Sold wholesale and retail by W. T. Strong 184 Dundas street, London, Ont.

Good Dry Wood.

I am getting in a fresh lot of Soft Maple. Also a lot of splendid Summer Wood. Come along before the supply is gone. Ten cars now on the track.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

ELOCUTION.

Miss Jessie Terwilliger

(Post graduate of Emerson School of Oratory, late professor of the School of Oratory, Toronto), having accepted the directorship of the CONSERVATORY OF SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION, will be pleased to accept pupils for the study of Elocution and Physical Culture.

ADVERTISEMENTS SINCE LAST ISSUE

Lecture—Wellington Street Methodist.
Cook Wanted—71 Bathurst street.
Shorthand—W. C. Coo.
House to Rent—London Mutual.
Servant Wanted—507 Queen's avenue.
Man Wanted—Watson's Box Factory.
Concert—London West Methodist.
House to Let—J. W. Morrison.
Night School Opening.
Skating—Westminster Rink.
House to Let—Alex. Harvey.
Bedroom Set for Sale—K., this Office.
Mantle Hand Wanted—Mrs. Riley.
Youth Wanted—Whiskard's Fancy Store.
Lecture—Rev. Mr. Philp.
Servant Wanted—S. Woodliffe's.
Bargains at Pocock Bros.
C. P. R. Tickets for Chicago.
Chicago Excursion—M. C. R.
Government School of Art.
Furs—Beaton's.
Notice—Goldstick Bros. & Lehrfeld.
Girl Wanted—Mrs. Munro.
Woman Wanted—119 Hamilton road.
Ontario Loan and Debenture Company.
New Goods—N. Wilson & Co.
M. C. R. Tickets for Chicago.
Lake Steamship Line Sailings.

AUCTION SALE.

Furniture, Oct. 10—Neil Cooper.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

Latest Market Reports by Mail and Telegraph.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7—1 p.m.—Stock market firm; American Express, —; Atcheson, 19¼; C., B. and Q., 82⅜; Canadian Pacific, —; Canada Southern, —; Delaware and Hudson, 122½; Delaware and Lackawanna, 152⅜; L. N., 49⅛; Lake Shore, —; Michigan Central, —; Northern Pacific, —; Northern Pacific, preferred, —; Northwestern, 100½; New York Central, 102½; Rhode Island, 65; St. Paul, 60; St. Paul, preferred, —; St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba, —; Union Pacific, 19; Western Union, 81⅞.

London Money Market.

LONDON, Oct. 7 — 12:30 p.m. — Consols, 98⅜ for money, 98 3-16 for account; Mexican 15; Mexican Central, 54; St. Paul, 61⅞; Erie, seconds, 73¼; Erie, 14⅜; Pacific Central, 51⅞; Reading, 9⅝; Canadian Pacific, 77⅞; New York Central, 106; Illinois Central, 95⅞; Bank of England rate, 3 per cent.; open market discount, 1⅝.

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.

	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	225	219
Ontario	116	112
Molsons	—	—
Toronto	245	240½
Merchants	156½	152
Commerce	140½	138
Imperial	181	179½
Dominion	273	270
Standard	170	167½
Hamilton	162	159
British America	120½	118½
Western Assurance	150	149
Canada Life	—	—
Confederation Life	—	—
Consumers Gas	184½	183
Dominion Telegraph	—	104
Northwest Land Company	78	—
Canada Pacific Railway Stock	76	75
Commercial Cable Company	139	138⅜
Bell Telephone Company	141½	140⅛
Dominion Savings and Loan	—	—
Farmers' Loan and Savings	—	127
Farmers L. and S., 20 per cent	—	—
Huron and Erie L. and S.	—	160
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent	—	150
London & Canada, L. and A.	—	125
London Loan	—	—
London and Ontario	—	—
Ontario Loan and Debenture	—	131

SALES—Commercial Cable, 25 at 138⅜.

COMMERCIAL.

Local Market Quotations.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.
LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 7.

Receipts of grain were good in some lines, poor in others. There was an abundance of wheat and oats, very little peas and barley, and no rye or corn. The majority of sales of wheat were made at $1 02 for red and $1 04 for white. Some extra good samples brought a cent over, and poor lots 2 cents under. The demand was steady and good. Oats were easier, selling from 90c to 92c; white oats at the former and black the latter; demand good. Only two loads of barley offered, one load of bright sold at 89c and a load of colored at 85c. Sound lots of peas brought 95c, poor lots 90c to 2c. Fresh eggs were in heavy demand and prices advanced 1c per dozen all around; baskets sold at 15c; crates, 14c. Butter was steady; pound rolls in baskets sold at 25c; crocks, 23c to 25c. Chickens sold slow at 40c to 60c per pair; demand only moderate. Turkeys steady at 10c per pound. The meat market was very dull; beef sold at 5c to 6c, and lamb at 7c to 9c; dressed hogs, $7 50 to $7 75.

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, fall, 100 lbs	$1 03	to	1 04
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 00	to	1 03
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 02	to	1 02
Oats, per 100 lbs	90	to	92
Peas, per 100 lbs	92	to	0 95
Corn, per 100 lbs	1 00	to	1 00
Barley, per 100 lbs	85	to	87
Rye, per 100 lbs	0 00	to	0 00
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	90	to	1 00
Beans, per bu	1 00	to	1 10
PROVISIONS.			
Eggs fresh, single doz	16	to	16
Eggs, fresh, basket, per doz	15	to	15
Eggs, fresh, store lots, per doz	13	to	14
Butter, single rolls, per lb	26	to	28
Butter, per lb, 1 lb rolls, baskets	24	to	26
Butter, per lb, large rolls or crocks	23	to	24
Butter, per lb, tub or firkins	18	to	20
Lard, per lb	13	to	15
Chickens, per pair	40	to	60
Ducks	60	to	80
Turkeys, 10c per lb, each	00	to	00
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT.			
Apples, per bag	50	to	85
Cauliflowers, per dozen	1 00	to	1 50
Tomatoes, per bu	90	to	1 00
Potatoes, per bag	75	to	85
Peaches, per basket	1 00	to	1 25
Grapes, per lb	2	to	4
Plums, per basket	75	to	1 25
Pears, per basket	40	to	65
Cabbages, per doz	25	to	40
Onions, per bu	80	to	80
Carrots, per dozen bunches	25	to	25
Beets, per dozen bunches	25	to	25
Turnips, per bu	20	to	20
Parsnips, per bu	50	to	50
Radishes, per doz bunches	25	to	30
HAY AND SEEDS.			
Hay, per ton	8 00	to	8 50
Straw, per load	2 50	to	3 50
Clover seed, red, per bu	0 0	to	0 00
Clover seed, Alsike, per bu	0 0	to	0 00
Timothy seed, per bu	0 00	to	0 00
Hungarian seed, per bu	0 00	to	00
Millet seed, per bu	00	to	00
MEAT, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, carcass, per lb	5	to	6
Mutton, quarters, per lb	7	to	7
Veal, quarters, per lb	5½	to	6
Lamb, quarters, per lb	8	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lb	7 50	to	7 75
Hides, No. 1, per lb	3	to	0
Hides, No. 2, per lb	2	to	0
Hides, No. 3, per lb	1	to	0
Calfskins, green, per lb	4	to	0
Calfskins, dry, each	20	to	25
Sheepskins, each	40	to	60
Lambskins, each	40	to	60
Pelts, each	00	to	00
Wool, per lb	17	to	18
Tallow, rendered, per lb	5	to	6
Tallow, rough, per lb	2½	to	

LAWN GRASS.

IF YOU are making a lawn or going to make one, there is no time better than the fall for sowing seed. Our mixture is one of the best, and will please you; try it.

A. M. HAMILTON & SON,
373 Talbot St. Telephone 662.

Montreal Produce Market.

MONTREAL, Oct. 7.

FLOUR—Receipts, 1,400 bbls; market quiet and unchanged. Quotations: Patents winter, $3 80 to $4 00; do spring, $3 70 to $3 90; straight roller, $3 10 to $3 20; extra, $2 70 to $2 90; superfine, $2 50 to $2 70; strong bakers, $3 50 to $3 70; Ontario bags, $1 40 to $1 60.

GRAIN—Wheat No. 2 Manitoba hard, 75c to 77c; corn, 56c to 58c; peas, 69c to 71c; oats, 35c to 37c; barley, 50c to 53c; rye, 53c to 55c.

MEAL—Oatmeal, $2 10 to $2 20; cornmeal, $1 20 to $1 30.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, $22 00 to $23 00; lard, 10c to 12c, bacon, 11½c to 12½c; hams, 12c to 13½c; cheese, 9c to 11c; butter, townships, 18c to 20c; western, 16c to 18c; eggs, 13c to 15c.

Toronto Market.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.

FLOUR—Straight roller, $2 95 to $3 00; extra $2 50 to $2 75.

WHEAT—White, 59c to 59c; spring, No. 2, 57c to 57c; red winter, 58c to 58c; goose, 57c to 57c; Manitoba hard, No. 1, 00c to 00c; Manitoba hard, No. 2, 75c to 75c; Manitoba hard No. 3, 68c to 70c; frosted, No. 1, 65c to 66c.

PEAS—No. 2, 53c.

FEED—No. 2, 34c to 35c.

OATS—No. 2, 28¾c to 28½c.

Market remained much as before. Sales—Straight roller flour, Toronto freights, at equal to $2 95, and some choice straight at $3 05; Toronto freights, new white and red wheat, outside at 58c, and some old No. 2 Manitoba hard, outside at 74c; oats, outside at 28c to 28½c; peas at 53c.

English Markets.

Beerbohm's report by cable.
LONDON, Oct. 7.

Floating cargoes—Wheat quiet, steady; corn firmly held.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat quiet, steady; corn steady.

Mark Lane—Spot good Danube corn 20s 9d, was 20s 6d; prompt, 20s 3d, was 20s 3d; good cargoes No. 1 Cal. wheat off coast 28s 3d, was 28s to 28s 3d; do Chilian off coast 26s 9d, was 27s; present and following month 27s 9d, was 28s.

London—Good shipping No. 1 Cal. prompt sail 29s 6d, was 29s; nearly due 28s 3d, was 28s 3d.

Liverpool—Spot wheat, steady; corn, weak.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 7.

The quotations for the past three market days are as follows:

	Oct. 5. s. d.	s. d.	Oct. 6. s. d.	s. d.	Oct. 7. s. d.	s. d.
Spring	5 6	5 7½	5 6	5 7	5 6	5 7
Red Winter	5 5½	5 6½	5 5	5 6	5 5	5 6
No. 1 Cal	5 9	5 10	5 8½	5 9½	5 8½	5 9½
Corn, new	4 2	0 0	4 1½	0 0	4 0	0 0
Peas, per c.	5 7½	0 0	5 8	0 0	5 8	0 0
Pork	86 3	0 0	86 3	0 0	86 3	0 0
Lard	49 0	0 0	49 0	0 0	49 0	0 0
Bacon, h'vy.	53 6	0 0	53 6	0 0	53 6	0 0
Bacon light.	55 6	0 0	55 6	0 0	55 0	0 0
Tallow	27 0	0 0	27 6	0 0	27 6	0 0
					Aug. make	
Cheese, wh.	50 0	0 0	50 0	0 0	59 0	0 0
Cheese, col.	50 0	0 0	50 0	0 0	50 0	0 0

Wheat quiet, demand poor, holders offer moderately; corn weak, demand poor.

American Markets.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7.

THE LEADING FUTURES CLOSED.

WHEAT—No. 2 Oct., 64⅛c; Dec., 67½c; May, 75⅛c.

CORN—No. 2 Oct., 38⅜c; Nov., 39⅜c; Dec., 39½c; May, 42⅛c.

OATS—No. 2 Oct., 27⅜c; Dec., 28⅛c; May, 31⅛c.

MESS PORK—Oct., $16 95; Jan., $14 52.

LARD—Oct., $9 70; Jan., $8 42.

SHORT RIBS—Oct., $8 65; Jan., $7 55.

CASH QUOTATIONS:

No. 2 spring wheat and No. 2 red, 64⅛c; No. 2 corn, 38⅜c; No. 2 oats, 27c to 27⅜c; mess pork, $17 50 to $18; lard, $9 70 to $9 75; short ribs sides, $9 45 to $9 50; dry salted shoulders, $7 37½ to $7 50; short clear sides, $9 50 to $10 25.

Receipts—			
Flour	9,000	Wheat	146,000
Corn	289,000	Oats	311,000
Rye	6,000	Barley	66,000
Shipments—			
Flour	30,000	Wheat	9,000
Corn	476,000	Oats	257,000
Rye	....	Barley	152,000

CHICAGO, Oct. 7—11:20 a.m.

WHEAT—Oct., 64⅛c to 64⅜c; Dec., 67⅛c to 67⅜c; May, 75⅛c.

CORN—Oct., 38⅜c; Dec., 39⅛c; May, 42⅛c.

OATS—Oct., 27⅜c; Dec., 28⅛c; May, 31⅛c.

PORK—Oct., $16 95; Jan., $14 52½.

LARD—Oct., $9 70; Jan., $8 42½.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 7.

WHEAT—Closes very quiet: Wheat 61⅛c Oct.; 63⅜c Dec.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.

FLOUR—Weak.

WHEAT—Receipts, 172,000 bu; sales, 510,000 bu futures, 58,000 bu spot: spots easer; No. 2 red, store and elevator, 70⅛c; options steady; No. 2 red May (1894), 80⅜c; Oct., 70⅛c; Dec., 73⅛c.

CORN—Receipts, 40,000 bu; exports, 18,000; sales, 460,000 bu futures, 56,000 bu spot: spots lower: No. 2, 47⅛c to 47⅜c afloat; options steady; Oct., 47⅛c; Nov., 47⅜c; Dec., 48c; May, 49⅜c.

OATS—Receipts, 142,000 bu; exports, 153,000; bu; sales, 70,000 bu; futures, 60,000 bu spot; spots steady; options steady; Oct. 33⅜c; Nov. 33⅜c; Dec., 34⅛c; No. 2, 34c; No. 2 white, 36c; mixed western, 35c to 36⅛c; white do, 37c to 39c.

EGGS—Quiet; State, 24c to 24½c; western fresh, 22c to 23c.

COFFEE—Steady: sales, 10,750 bags, including Oct., $17 15 to $17 25; Nov., $16 60; Dec., $16 15 to $16 20; Jan., $15 90; March, $15 60; spot Rio steady; No. 7, 18⅜c.

SUGAR—Firm; standard "A," 5 3-16c to 5⅜c; confectioners' "A," 5 1-16c to 5⅛c; cut-loaf and crushed, 5⅜c to 5 13-16c; powdered, 5 1-16c to 5⅜c; granulated, 5 3-16c to 5⅛c.

TOLEDO, Oct. 7.

WHEAT—65c cash and Oct; 68c Dec; 75⅜c May.

CORN—41⅛c cash.

OATS—30c cash.

DETROIT, Oct. 7.

WHEAT—Closes: No. 1 white, 64⅛c cash; No. 2 red, 64⅜c bid cash; 68c Dec.; 75⅛c bid May.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 7.

WHEAT—Spring wheat—Trade light; offerings liberal, but limits firm at yesterday's advance; closing prices, No. 1 hard, 70c; spot, 68⅛c, c. i. f.; No. 1 northern, spot, 69c; do, c. i. f., 67⅛c; No. 1 northern, Duluth and Chicago, old, 70c to 70⅛c. Sales: 2,000 bu No. 1 hard, spot, 70c; 2,000 bu No. 1 northern, old, Chicago, 70⅛c; 1,700 bu do, Duluth, 70⅛c; 4,600 bu No. 1 northern, new, spot, 69c; 1 car do, 69⅛c; 5,000 bu do, c. i. f., 67⅜c. Winter wheat—Dull; offerings on track fair and feeling easier; No. 2 red 67c; No. 3 extra red, 65c asked, on track; No. 1 white, none here; quartered to 70c, to arrive. Sales: 2 cars No. 2 red, 67c, on track.

CORN—Market opened weak; gradually grew stronger owing to light offerings of spot; closing firm; No. 2 yellow, 44⅜c; spot No. 2 corn, to arrive, 44⅛c; No. 3 corn, 44c; no spot offered. Sales: 6 cars No. 2 yellow, 44⅛c; 3,000 bu do, 44⅜c, in store; 1 car do, on track, 45⅛c; 4 cars No. 2 corn, spot, 44⅜c; 6,800 bu do, to arrive, 44⅛c, in store; 2 cars No. 2 white, 45c, on track; 8 cars No. 3 corn, 44c, in store.

OATS—Quiet and unsettled; No. 2 white sold 35c; 35⅛c to 35⅛c asked at closing for the few cars in the market; do, in store, 34⅜c; No. 3 white, 33⅜c, in store; No. 2 mixed, 33c, on track. Sales: 2 cars No. 2 white, 35c; 3 cars No. 2 mixed, 33c, on track.

BARLEY—Demand continues active and prices firm; quoted, No. 1 western, 67c; No. 2, 61c to 62c; No. 3, 55c to 58c; sample, 48c to 50c; State, 68c to 70c.

RYE—No offerings; spot No. 2, to arrive, 54c, asked.

FLOUR—Quiet and fairly steady.

MILLFEED—Steady; offerings and demand fair.

Chicago Wheat Market.

(Per Monroe, Miller & Co.'s private wire.)
CHICAGO, Oct. 7.

	Open'g.	Clos'g.
May	75⅛c	75⅛c
December	67⅜c	67⅜c

Live Stock Markets.

EAST BUFFALO.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Cattle—Eleven loads on sale. Trade very dull and most of the offerings held over.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 24 cars, including six cars of Canada lambs, part of which were of poor quality. Market slow, especially for lambs; which were fully 15c to 25c lower. Good to choice lambs, $4 75 to $5, a few fancy, selected, at $5 10. Sheep quotations—Choice to fancy export wethers of 125 to 145 lbs., selected, $4 75 to $5; good wethers of 95 to 110 lbs, $3 90 to $4 15; fair to good sheep of 80 to 90 lbs., $3 25 to $3 75; common to fair of 68 to 78 lbs., $2 50 to $3; culls, common to good, $150 to $250. Lambs—Choice to fancy lambs of 80 to 90 lbs., $4 75 to $5; good to choice lambs of 70 to 80 lbs., $4 25 to $4 75; common to fair lambs, $3 75 to $4 15; Canada lambs, common to extra, $4 75 to $5 20; culls and common, $2 to $4 25.

Hogs—Offerings, 35 cars. The market was about steady at the opening, but weakened later on, and with only a fair demand for Yorkers, a number held over at the close. Fair to good Yorkers sold at $6 75 to $6 90; extra corn-fed, $7 to $7 05; good mediums and heavy, $4 90 to $5 05; choice to fancy-selected heavy, $7 to $7 10; pigs dull at $6 40 to $6 60 for fair to good; Yorkers, good to choice, or 175 to 220 lbs, $6 90 to $7; Yorkers, light to good, 150 to 185 lbs, $6 80 to $6 90; Yorkers, grassers and Michigans, $6 70 to $6 80; mixed packers, of 185 to 215 lbs, $6 90 to $7 05; good to choice heavy grades, corn-fed, $7 to $7 05; heavy grades, grass and dairy fed, $6 60 to $6 75; heavy ends, good to extra, $6 50 to $6 75; coarse rough ends, $5 75 to $6; stags, common rough to good smooth fat, $4 to $5.

TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 7.—Market very dull; demand inactive for shipping cattle and half the receipts unsold. Offerings amounted to 136 cars. There were a few sales at 4c per lb; best butchers brought 3½c to 3¾c; medium butchers dull at 3c to 3¼c, and inferior at 2½c to 3¾c. Sheep and lambs dull; fair receipts. The former sold at $3 50 to $4 25 each, and the latter at $2 50 to $3 75. Hogs in fair demand; sales at 6½c for best, 5¾c for medium and 5c for rough.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 7.—There seems to be a slight improvement in the demand, and the following sales are reported: One good cow for $45, two for $35, two for $75, and two more for $70; one cow for $42 and another for $40; also four more at prices ranging from $32 to $38 each.

Apples Scarce.

Owing to the fact that many growers in the west have fed their fall apples to live stock, in the absence of demand from dealers, the supply here has run short, and sales have been made in good sized lots at $2 25 to $2 75 for good to fine fruit, and at $1 75 to $2 15 for seconds, and receipts are picked up as fast as they arrive. During the past week buyers west of Toronto have paid $1 75 per bbl on the tree for winter fruit, which is considered a pretty high figure. Reports are coming in of a great scarcity of fruit in a number of sections.—[Montreal Trade Bulletin.

The Dairy Markets.

THE OUTLOOK FOR CHEESE.

The period for holding cheese by middlemen and shippers has commenced, the farmers having got rid of their goods at remunerative figures; and it now remains to be seen if the former will be able to turn over the cheese at a paying profit. The English market, which for a time remained stubbornly passive, has shown more energy, and values are gradually advancing to meet the parity of prices on this side, actual business having been put through on the basis of 53s 6d. The Liverpool cable is up to 50s, which corroborates the above sales, as the cable at this period of the year is usually shillings below what fine goods are actually selling for. The market here has been less active during the past week, owing to the fact that offerings have been less: but prices are as firm as ever. * * * The holding period this year is likely to see less cheese carried into the new season than was the case last season; but whether they will be worked off as expeditiously and as early is as yet unsolved.—[Montreal Trade Bulletin.

LONDON.

LONDON, Saturday, Oct. 7.—The usual meeting of the London Cheese Board was not held to-day. At the previous meeting it was deemed advisable, on account of the low prices ruling, to postpone it for two weeks.

STRONG'S
Baking Powder

Maintains its high reputation for absolute purity. Sold only at

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 Dundas Street, London.

25c Per Pound.

Pantries incomplete unless they contain our unsurpassed

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

PISTACHIO, BANANA, PINEAPPLE, PEAR
RASPBERRY, VANILLA, ORANGE, LEMON
STRAWBERRY, RATAFIA, ETC.

Marriage Licenses issued at above address. zxv

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—"Ain't you 'fraid to ride that safety?
I'm sure I'd never have dared."
"Oh, no," said the maid with naivete,
"It's the folks I meet who're scared."

—Mr. William Horner and wife, left Saturday night for Chicago.

—Dr. Hadley Williams and Mr. C. F. New left for the World's Fair Saturday.

—Mrs. S. F. Peters, of this city, in company with her sister, Mrs. Langford, has gone to Chicago.

—Frank King, Harold Southam, Harry Grew and Charles Bernard left Saturday night for Chicago via G. T. R.

—It is now reported from Trenton, N. J., that Calverley, the wirewalker, is out of danger and will recover.

—The plan for the classic chamber concert on the 19th is now open at Williams' music house, Dundas street.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Thorburn, of Bruce street, South London, left Saturday evening for the World's Fair.

—The Wellington Street Methodist Church has secured Conductor Snider to give his celebrated lecture Tuesday, Oct. 17.

—The Conservatives of West Elgin will hold a convention on October 19 in Dutton. The date has been changed from the 13th.

—Rev. Mr. Philp lectures in his church on Monday evening on "Picnicking in Palestine." Rev. Coupland illustrates with limelights.

Mr. John A. Cottam and Miss Delia Bryant were married recently in Chicago. They formerly lived here, but will in future reside in New York.

—The second and last installment of 1893 taxes are now payable. If not settled during the first 30 days of the month 5 per cent. will have to be added.

—Delaware Valley Lodge, A., F. and A. M., Delaware, has accepted the invitation of Kilwinning Lodge, No. 64, of this city, for a return fraternal visit on Oct. 19.

—The case of Dennis C. Dorman, of Westminster, who charges Wm. Ayling with trespassing on his property, has been postponed till Monday by Squire J. B. Smyth.

—The London football club were to have played a game of football with the Petrolea club Saturday, but it has been postponed till Tuesday, when the local "kickers" will visit that town and play off the match.

—Mr. Alexander Taylor, postmaster at Edmonton, and president of the electric light company there, who was recently married to a daughter of Archdeacon Marsh, of this city, has arrived in Winnipeg with his bride.

—Albert Laidlaw, Wilton Grove, a successful student from the high school, has decided to study medicine, and has entered on his first year in the Western University, this city.

—Mlle. Rhea arrived in the city Saturday afternoon. She is as gracious and as queenly as of yore. The success which has attended her latest production, "The Queen of Sheba," has given much cause for exultation. This play will be on the boards of the Grand Opera House this evening.

Have You Neuralgia?

If you are suffering the agonies of neuralgia, and have failed to get a remedy that will afford relief, we want you to try Polson's Nerviline. No remedy in the market has given anything like the same degree of satisfaction. Its action on nerve pain is simply marvelous, and as it is put up in 25 cent bottles no great expense is involved in giving it a trial. Polson's Nerviline is the most pleasant, powerful, and certain pain remedy in the world. Sold by druggists and all dealers in medicines, 25 cents a bottle.

The auction sale of Mrs. Gillies' piano and furniture at 53 Craig street, South London, is changed from Wednesday to Tuesday, Oct. 10. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

The Iron Chancellor

Bismarck Leaves Kissengen for Friedrichsruhe.

Thirty Persons Killed by the Collapse of a House.

London City's Magnificent Gift to the Duke and Duchess of York—Parnell's Grave Decked With Flowers.

Death of a German Commander.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—Gen. Von Vergen, commander of third army corps, with headquarters in Berlin, died yesterday afternoon.

Thirty Killed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 8.—A newly-built house has collapsed in the town of Rostoff, 36 miles southwest of Yaroslav, killing 30 persons.

Railway Opening in Africa.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—A dispatch from Mozambique, in Portuguese East Africa, says that the Beira Pungive River Railway, which provides the shortest route to Mashonaland, was opened on Saturday.

Cholera.

ROME, Oct. 8.—Two fresh cases of cholera to-day in Leghorn; 34 fresh cases and 14 deaths in Palermo.

In the last three days there have been 104 fresh cases of cholera and 14 deaths in Biscay Province, Spain.

London's Gift to Royalty.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—At St. James' Palace on Saturday, in the presence of 50 guests, the lord mayor presented to the Duke and Duchess of York the corporation gift of a service of plate and a diamond and pearl collarette. The service consists of 1,200 pieces and contains nearly 5,000 ounces of silver.

Received London's Wedding Gift.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The Prince of Wales arrived at Marlborough House early yesterday morning from Mar Lodge. During the morning the Duke and Duchess of York visited their new house, St. James Palace, where, in the afternoon, they received the lord mayor and the corporation of the city of London, who presented the city's wedding gift.

British Steamers Collide.

SUEZ, Oct. 8.—The British steamer Hajeen, for Bombay, collided with the troopship Crocodile yesterday in Bitter Lake, Suez Canal. Four of the Crocodile's small boats were damaged and two of her plates were cracked. The Hajeen leaks slightly. She will be repaired and will proceed on her voyage. Nobody was injured by the collision.

A Sensation Spoiled.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—The Simla correspondent of the Times denies the truth of the story from Calcutta published in the Times on Saturday to the effect that eleven mutinous Sepoys belonging to a Herati regiment had been blown from a cannon's mouth at Cabul. "This is a typical bazar story," says the correspondent. The fact is an orderly was executed for shooting an officer. Faramuz Khan is at Kherat."

The Moors at Melilla.

MADRID, Oct. 8.—The Moors have reappeared before Melilla. They have a strong position. Their total force is at least 14,000. There was considerable desultory firing during the night. The Spanish gunboat Tarifa seized a small vessel bound with a cargo of rifles and flour from Gibraltar to ports on the Morocco cast. Although the vessel was flying the British flag her cargo was declared contraband of war and she was brought back to a Spanish port.

Bismarck is Around.

BERLIN, Oct. 8.—Prince Bismarck left Kissingen at 11:40 a.m. yesterday. He was driven in an open carriage to the railroad station, where a large crowd was gathered to greet the famous man of "blood and iron," now so feeble and ill. The streets were decorated with flags and flowers.

Prince Bismarck, considering his long illness, looked fairly well and appeared greatly moved at the warm greeting he received.

The Financial Thermometer.

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Discount during the past week was quoted at $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. for three months and 1 per cent. for short bills. Money is plentiful and there are signs that rates have now reached the lowest point. Brokers show no eagerness to take bills. Gold has been in strong demand for Austria via Germany and it is expected that there will be considerable exported to other countries. Silver was inanimate during the week but very steady. Business on the Stock Exchange was sluggish and without feature. Foreign securities were fairly strong. American railroad securities were almost neglected.

In Honor of Parnell's Memory.

DUBLIN, Oct. 8.—Memorial services in honor of Charles Stewart Parnell, who died two years ago last Friday, were held here to-day. Thousands came on excursion trains from all parts of the country to show their reverence for the work of the great Home Ruler. The procession started for Glasnevin Cemetery, where Parnell was buried. The column was so long that it took 70 minutes to pass a given point. Conspicuous Irishman on horseback rode at the hard. Behind them came a wagon bearing a pyramid which was covered with wreaths and designs in flowers. A floral harp was inscribed "Sent with love from the Irish of New York." The procession passed around Parnell's grave, scattering over it loose flowers and wreaths. The column then turned back to the city. There was do disorder.

AT THE GREAT FAIR.

The Biggest Sunday Attendance of the Season.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—This was the biggest Sunday of the exposition in point of attendance, and it is not likely to be beaten.

The indications for to-morrow are that Chicago day will not only be the crowning gigantic success of the fair, if the weather does not play any pranks, but within the gates of the White City will be massed the greatest number of people who have ever been brought together in the same space in the world which Columbus discovered. A unique feature of the celebration will be the delivery of the original treaty to Mayor Harrison whereby the Pottawattomies ceded to the Government the land on which Chicago now stands.

It is estimated that 150,000 people arrived in Chicago Saturday. The railroads are being almost swamped by the unprecedented number of passengers.

Henry Gregg, supposed to be a farmer from Fleetwood, Mich., died while waiting for a train in the Nickle Plate Railroad station at Twelfth street, Chicago, Saturday.

COMPLETE!

WE ARE SHOWING THE NEWEST AND LATEST NOVELTIES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

DRESS DEPARTMENT,	HOSIERY DEPARTMENT,
TRIMMING DEPARTMENT,	GLOVE DEPARTMENT,
SILK DEPARTMENT,	UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT,
MANTLE DEPARTMENT,	CORSET DEPARTMENT,

STAPLE DEPARTMENT.

Fine Dressmaking, under the management of Miss Harwood.

A. Rolfe

TELEPHONE 611. 202 DUNDAS ST.

SMOKE

RENA ELSA, 10c. (HAND MADE)

A. O. K., U. W., 5c.

See that A. O. K., U. W., is stamped on every cigar. These are union-made cigars. WM. ATKINS, Manufacturer, London.

COAL

CAMERON'S.

GENUINE SCRANTON.

BEST QUALITY, THOROUGHLY SCREENED, CAREFUL DELIVERY.

City Office, 421 Richmond St. Yard, Burwell at G. T. R.

AFTER THE STORM.

The Loss of Life in Louisiana Now Placed at 2,000.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 8.—The news from every section stricken by the storm makes it safe to estimate the loss of life at fully 2,000, while millions of dollars worth of property was destroyed. Besides that thousands of people have been deprived of means of making a livelihood. The situation is appalling, but New Orleans is doing all it can to relieve the thousands in want.

The marshes are filled with dead and putrefying bodies. The number of lives lost will never be known. The territory covered was a distance of 200 miles. Newly-made graves were everywhere. Hundreds of oyster boats and luggers were lost with most of their crews, and the few survivors tell terrible stories of suffering. Most of them were nude when found.

CONCISE CULLINGS.

The Gale plow works at Albion, Mich., employing 200 men, resume to-day (Monday).

The condition of Marshal McMahon, ex-President of France, is now believed to be dangerous.

Twenty-six new cases of yellow fever were reported Saturday at Brunswick, Ga., and eleven deaths.

Thirty-two new cases of yellow fever reported on Sunday at Brunswick, Ga. There were no deaths.

Treasurer McCurtin, of the Choctaw nation, is said to be short over $100,000. Since reporting has fled.

On one day last week the Lake Shore brought 8,000 people into Chicago by sixteen special trains. On the regular trains there were 6,000 passengers.

Frank Shay, for many years Senator Stanford's private secretary, says $55,000,000 would be a conservative estimate of the property owned by the late senator.

The Cunard steamship Lucania reached her pier in New York early Saturday morning. The Lucania lowered the previous record held by the Paris by 39 minutes. She ran 560 miles in one day.

The steamer Russia from Hamburg has arrived at quarantine station, New York. She reported five deaths during the voyage, two cabin passengers and three in the steerage. Deaths were all said to have been due to natural causes, but Dr. Jenkins decided to detain the vessel.

Destruction of Victoria Hall, Sarnia.

SARNIA, Oct., Oct. 8.—Last night the frame building known as Victoria Hall, adjoining the Baptist Church, was destroyed by fire. Supposed incendiarism. The down stairs was used as an entertainment hall, and upstairs as a lodge for several friendly societies. The building was owned by Joseph Ellison. Loss covered by insurance.

Steamers Arrived.

	At	From
Oct. 7.		
Vancouver	Heath Point	Liverpool
City of Rome	New York	Glasgow
Sicilia	Bristol	Montreal
New York	New York	Southampton
Carthagenian	Philadelphia	Glasgow
Laurentain	Montreal	Liverpool
Oct. 8.		
La Gascogne	New York	Havre
Peruvian	New York	Glasgow
Russia	New York	Hamburg
Werra	New York	Genoa
Italy	New York	Stettin

The Better Machine.

"What do you call that there thing you rid up here on?" asked the farmer man of the youth who had stopped to get a drink of water at the well.

"It's a bicycle."

"Seems to me," said the old man, "that I'd druther have a wheelbarrer. Wheelbarrer's something you can sit down in and rest when you git tired of pushin' the thing."

Sign-board English in Japan.

Here are some attempts at English to be seen on the sign-boards in the streets of Tokio:

"Wine, beer, and other medicines."

"A shop, the kind of umbrella, parasol or stick."

"The shop for the furniture of the several countries."

"Prices, no increase or diminish."

"Allkinds of superior sundries kept here."

"Skin maker and seller (portmanteau shop)."

"Ladies furnished in the upstair."

A SAD STORY.

Boston Traveller: A captain in the regular army is to be dismissed from the service on charges of misconduct while under the influence of liquor. He is a Union veteran who entered the service at the beginning of the war, and who, when he was mustered out, was the colonel of a New England regiment. Some time after the war he was made a second lieutenant in regulars, but on account of the infirmity that has brought about his permanent disgrace, he did not reach the rank of captain until a couple of years ago. Had it not been for his besetting fault, he would have reached a much higher rank before this, and in due time have been retired on a well-earned pension. But liquor has worsted him, as it has worsted many another man, and a soldier, who passed through a four years' war unscathed by the enemy's bullets, has been reduced to a situation that must cause him a dozen times a day to wish that he had fallen on the field of battle, to fill a brave man's honorable grave.

It is needless to point the moral of this sad story. Its simple recital is enough. Intemperance has caused the downfall of a man whom everybody wished well, and covered his name with disgrace. May the warning of his career be heeded by all who knew him and who are in danger of following in his footsteps!

SINCE CALEB LEFT THE FARM.

The sun's a-shinin' thro' the weeds around the garden patch;
The pigs a-ramblin' round to eat whatever they can snatch;
The team's a-standin' idle three days in every six;
An' seven gates around the place will need a nail to fix.
No work at all a-doin'—seems like we're all asleep,
Ez drowsy ez the hen and chickens yonder, er the sheep.
Ther's not a motion bein' made fer either good er harm;
Ther's somethin' in the atmosphere since Caleb left the farm.

He's gone up to the city an' he's wearin' stylish clothes,
That sober stick that no one ever counted with the beaux;
An' how he'll live in chokers I will not attempt to say,
Fer at home he never would abide in one of 'em a day.
But like enough he'll slick up an' learn the city gait—
(Of all abominations, a dandy's what I hate);
But if they make a fool of him, they'll do it by a charm,
Fer ther always wuz one good boy round till Caleb left the farm.

The rest of them is honest boys, but all fer fun an' play;
They'd rather miss a whole night's rest, an' lay around next day;
But he'd sneak off to bed in spite of any crowd of folks,
An' not set up er dance fer all that boys or girls could coax;
An' then he'd up at sunrise to do the mornin' chores,
An' ne'er another soul would be a-stirrin' out o' doors;
An' I'm right here to tell you now that folks would find it warm
That told his ma 'twas for the best that Caleb left the farm.

—[Omaha Bee.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Wood —AND— Coal

KINDLER

Clean, compact, effective, burns fiercely, always ready; no preparation; no wood; no paper; touch a match, it does the rest.

Kept by grocers, coal dealers and all general stores, and manufactured solely by

Hilliard & McKinley,

LONDON, ONT.

Patented in Canada and United States

LUCK, OR PLUCK?

"Margie, Margie, wake up!" whispered Lucia to her slumbering sister, on returning from the Dinon party.

"Oh, dear!" drawled the sleeper; "is it breakfast time so soon?"

"No, you little goose; but you want to hear all about the party, don't you?"

"To be sure I do," said the sister, with a long yawn and an attempt to sit up. Miss Margie had heard that she was prettier than her elder sister; she knew she was admired, and she was prudently acquiring all possible knowledge of society against her approaching "coming out." Tell me all about it. Who was there?" continued the drowsy girl, rubbing her eyes, pushing some crinkly hair behind her ears, and adjusting some pillows so that she might sit at ease. Then she put her hands behind her head, and exclaimed, "Why don't you go on? I'm all ears."

Lucia laughed derisively as she pulled an ear small enough, almost, to be a deformity, then tossed wraps and other articles of attire carelessly about, dropped into a low rocker, and said;

"Only the usual set were there. I danced every dance, of course, and there was plenty of cream and coffee. Agnes and her mother know how to entertain; it's a real pleasure to go to supper there. But I've kept the best to the last. There was one addition to the usual display of young men—a tall, straight, handsome, manly, awfully stylish fellow, that set all the girl's tongues running. You've seen him, but I'll bet you a pound of candy you can't guess his name."

"Oh, don't make me guess when I'm not wide awake yet. Who was it?"

"It—was—Philip—Hayn!" said Lucia, so earnestly that she seemed almost tragical.

"Lucia Tramlay!" exclaimed Margie, dropping her chin and staring blankly. "Not that country fellow that used to drive us down to the beach at Hayntor?"

"The very same; but he's not a country fellow now. Upon my word I shouldn't have known him if I hadn't known he had been invited and would probably come. I was in terror lest he would come dressed as he did to our reception last week, and then the girls would get over their admiration of his talk and tease me about him. But you never in your life saw so splendid looking a fellow—you really didn't. And he was very attentive to me; he had to be; I took possession of him from the first. He doesn't dance, so I couldn't keep him dangling, but I had him to myself wherever men could be most useful. Margie, what are you looking so wooden about?"

"The idea!" said Margie, in a far away voice, as if her thoughts were just starting back from some distant point. "That heavy, sober fellow becoming a city beau! It's like Cinderella and the princess. Do pinch me, so I may be sure I'm not dreaming."

"Margie," whispered Lucia, suddenly seating herself on the bedside, and, instead of the desired pinch, burying her cheek on a pillow close against her sister's shoulder, "after he had put me into the carriage he kissed my hand—oh, ever so many times."

"Why, Lucia Tramlay! Where was papa?"

"He hadn't come down yet."

"Goodness! What did you say or do?"

"What could I? Before I could think at all 'twas all over and he was in the house."

"That country boy a flirt!" exclaimed Margie, going off into blankness again.

"He isn't a flirt at all," replied Lucia, sharply. "You ought to have learned, even in the country, that Philip Hayn is in earnest in whatever he says or does."

"Oh, dear!" moaned Margie; "I don't want countrymen making love to my sister."

"I tell you again, Margie, that he's simply a splendid gentleman—the handsomest and most stylish of all whom Agnes Dinon invited—and I won't have him abused when he's been so kind to me."

"Lu," said Margie, turning so as to give one of Lucia's shoulders a vigorous shake, "I believe you think Phil Hayn is in love with you!"

"What else can I think?" said Lucia without moving her head. Her sister looked at her in silence a moment, and replied:

"A good deal more, you dear little wretch; you can think you're in love with him, and, what is more you are thinking so this very minute. Confess now!"

Lucia was silent; she did not move her head, except to press it deeper into the pillow, nor did she change her gaze from the wall on the opposite side of the room; nevertheless, she manifested undoubted signs of guilt. Her sister bent over her, embraced her, covered her cheeks with kisses and called her tender names, some of which had been almost unheard since nursery days. When at last Lucia allowed her eyes to be looked into, her sister took both her hands, looked roguish, and said:

"Say, Lu, how does it feel to be in love? Is it anything like what novels tell about?"

"Don't ask me," exclaimed Lucia, "or I shall have a fit of crying right away."

"Well, I'll let you off—for a little while, if you'll tell me how it feels to have your hand kissed."

"It feels," said Lucia, meditatively, "as if something rather heavy was pressing upon your glove."

"Ah! you're real mean!" protested the younger girl. "But what will papa and mamma say? And how are you going to get rid of Mr. Marge? I give you warning that you needn't turn him over to me when I come out. I detest him."

"I don't want to get rid of him," said Lucia, becoming suddenly very sober. "Of course I couldn't marry Phil if he were to ask me—not if he's going to stay poor and live out of the world."

"But you're not going to be perfectly awful, and marry one man while you love another?"

"I'm not going to marry anybody until I'm asked," exclaimed Lucia, springing from the bed, wringing her hands and pacing the floor; "and nobody has asked me yet; I don't know that anybody ever will. And I'm perfectly miserable; if you say another word to me about it I shall go into hysterics. Nobody ever heard anything but good of Phil Hayn, either here or anywhere else, and if he loves me I'm proud of it, and I'm going to love him back all I like, even if I have to break my heart afterward. He hasn't know how I feel, you may rest assured of that. But oh, Margie, it's just too dreadful. Mamma has picked out Mr. Marge for me—who could love such a stick?—and she'll be perfectly crazy if I marry anyone else, unless perhaps it's some one with a great deal more money. I wonder if ever a poor girl was in such a perfectly horrible position?"

Margie did not know, so both girls sought consolation in the ever-healing fount of maidenhood—a good long cry.

CHAPTER XII.

The truth of the old saying regarding the reluctance of watched pots to boil is proved as well in business as elsewhere, as Edgar Tramlay and a number of other men in the iron trade had for some time been learning to their sorrow. Few of them were making any money; most of them were losing on interest account, closed mills or stock on hand that could not find purchasers. To know this was uncomfortable; to know that the remainder of the business world knew it also was worse; there is a sense of humiliation in merely holding one's own for a long period which is infinitely more provoking and depressing to a business man than an absolute failure or assignment.

How closely every one in Tramlay's business circle watched the iron market! There was not an industry in the world in the least degree dependent upon iron which they did not also watch closely and deduce apparent probabilities which they exchanged with one another. The proceedings of congress, the results of elections, the political movements abroad that tended to either peace or war, became interesting solely through their possible influence upon the iron trade. Again and again they were sure that the active and upward movement was to begin at once; the opening of a long closed mill to execute a small order, even a longer interval than usual between the closing of mills, was enough to lift up their collective hearts for a while. Then all would become faint hearted again when they realized that they, like Hosea Biglow's chanticleer, had been

Mistakin' moonrise for the break o' day.

But suddenly, through causes that no one had foreseen, or which all had discounted so often that they had feared to consider them again, iron began to look up; some small orders, of a long absent kind, began to creep into the market, prices improved a little as stock depleted, several mills made haste to open, and prudent dealers, who had been keeping down expenses for months and years, now began to talk hopefully of what they expected to do in the line of private expenditures.

Good news flies fast; the upward tendency of iron was soon talked of in New York's thousands of down town offices, where, to an outside observer, talk seems the principal industry. Men in other businesses that were depressed began to consult iron men who had weathered the storms and endured the still more destructive calms of the long period of depression. Bankers began to greet iron men with more cordiality than of late. Announcements of large orders for iron given by certain railroads and accepted by certain mills began to appear on the tapes of the thousands of stock indicators throughout the city.

(To Be Continued.)

Summer Weakness

And that tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous prostration are driven away by Hood's Sarsaparilla like mist before the morning sun. To realize the benefit of this great medicine, give it a trial and you will join the army of enthusiastic admirers of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sure, efficient, easy—Hood's Pills. They should be in every traveler's grip and every family medicine chest. 25 cents a box. c

Editor Woman's Home Queen—These jokes are old; I read them when I was a young girl. Humorist (anxiously and persuasively)—But, surely, that can't be so very long ago! Editor (with dignity)—However, I think we can find a place for them. I'll take them.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are specially subject.

Uncle Si—Marthy, them cows is gone wanderin' off ag'in an' I can't find 'em nowhar. I don't know what to do. Marthy—Why don't ye go daown to th' railroad people an' ask 'em to sell ye a second-hand cow-ketcher?

An Old Nurse for Children.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

"I never give money to beggars on the street," said the pedestrian. "But, my dear sir, returned the beggar, "I can't afford an office these hard times. You expect too much."

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

Intellectual Arithmetic.—She—You have brothers? He—Only one. She—It's curious. I was talking to your sister, and she said she had two brothers; how's that?

Dropsy and all diseases of the kidneys and bladder are curable through the perfect action of Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. Bastle (to railroad ticket agent)—Will you please tell me how soon the 9 o'clock train will start? Agent (consulting his watch)—In just ten minutes, ma'am. Mrs. B.—Will you be so good as to tell me what time it is now?

A Member of the Ontario Board of Health Says:

"I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion in Consumption and even when the digestive powers were weak it has been followed by good results." H. P. YEOMANS, A.B., M.D.

Jennie—You are not married yet? Fannie—No, but I'm going to be. The young man who has been visiting me has been making inquiries behind my back if I knew how to cook.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

Jinks—Phew! Looks like rain. Winks—We're going to have a thunder shower, Jinks—Guess that's so. Lend me one of my umbrellas, will you?

Rheumatism, sciatica and similar complaints yield to the curative powers of Burdock Blood Bitters.

"My friends were right about John," sighed the young wife. "They said that after I married him I would find him out, and so I do—out every night."

Mrs. Martha Besant's New Treatment

Absolutely cures nervous debility, impotence and all their attendant evils. It never fails. This new medicine makes itself manifest in the brightened eye, clear complexion, vivacious spirits, increased bodily strength and general feeling of buoyant health and vigor. Circular free. Weak men and women should write confidentially to Mrs. Martha Besant, Toronto. zxvl

RODEL'S SARDINES!

Extra Choice, Boneless, Gold Medal, Ordinary. Rodel's Pate De Foie Gras, Pate Des Touristes, Faie Gras, Lamproie, Ala Bordelaise, Lunch Tongue, Ox Tongue, Olives, Pickles, etc. Highest quality.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

169 DUNDAS STREET.

Copyright, 1893, The Trade Company, Boston.)

CIRCULATION.

Quantity vs. Quality—Practical Suggestions on Determining the Value of Newspaper Circulation.

[By Nath'l C. Fowler, jun., Doctor of Publicity.]

The gilt-edge newspaper, printed upon satin, with a morocco cover, decorated with the art of modern Angelos, is the best advertising newspaper in the town, if many copies are seen by many people.

The better the thing is, the more advertising space in it is worth, per copy printed.

The paper which is too swell to print news, and too old-fashioned to have enterprise, has advertising space worth more, per square inch per copy, than space in any other publication in the town.

Papers like these exist, and always will. They sail by the water which has passed, and so long as folks think they're moving, it matters not whether they do or not.

The space in a thoroughly high grade, or old-fashioned paper, with a circulation of 500 copies, is worth more than in a cheap paper with a circulation of 600 or 700.

Old fogy circulation has value, per copy, from 10 to 15 per cent. more than the same number of copies of a publication owing its existence to high pressure, but the progressive publication, with a circulation of 5,000 copies, certainly possesses advertising space worth at least eight times more than the gilt-edged paper of 500 circulation.

Old fogyism has its value, for old fogy papers are read by people who will not read any other papers, but the majority of old fogies are seldom influenced by advertising.

The world over, the people's paper, so long as it does not descend too low, is the paper which is and always will be, the advertising medium of the city.

The paper which does not cater to the laboring class, and by not so catering, does not reach the people who are the buyers, is the paper which only reaches a species of so called blue-bloods, who buy in charmed circles, outside of public channels.

There are not, in any community from New York city to the smallest town, enough real blue-blooded aristocrats to keep a progressive peanut stand in profitable business condition.

The hue and cry made by publications printed upon highly calendared paper and containing nothing of interest to any one, that they reach the tone of the town, simply means, if this be true, that the circulation is limited to from 100 to not exceeding 500 copies, with 90 per cent. among people who ape blue-bloodism, but have not felt its sluggish circulation.

The paper which is sold in the street, at the news-stand, or on the cars, is the paper the people read, for women like news, and men like news, and newspapers are read where other publications are ignored.

The clerk, the clerk's wife, and the great middle class of people, are the buyers in every community, and while these people ape aristocracy, they do not read the papers of the highest grade. They occasionally glance at them, and depend upon the popular daily for their reading food, which they digest and live upon.

The paper of only quantity, may not be a good advertising medium, but it is simply senseless to advertise in a paper of all quality.

The advertiser must reach the public through the paper which goes to it.

The advertiser receives his trade from the people at large, not from the very poor nor the very rich, but from the great middle class, the predominating class, in every community, which reads the popular local paper not run in the interests of any clique, but for the people as the people.

The politics of a paper have absolutely nothing to do with its value as an advertising medium.

The newspaper is looking for readers, and every line of its matter is made to suit them. The paper which suits the reader is the paper which will bring business to the local advertiser.

There are papers of enormous circulation, and yet not good advertising mediums, because either the papers are filthy, and filthy papers are not good advertising mediums, or else they force unnatural circulation of business bringing power.

The paper which keeps up an even circulation year in and year out, with natural gain, and charges reasonable rates for advertising, is the paper which the advertiser should spend the bulk of his money in, the balance to be distributed among other papers of more or less questionable circulation.

Some papers cannot quote their circulation, not because they are ashamed of it, but because competing papers so overestimate their circulation, that the publisher of the honest publication is obliged to either overestimate, or lose advertising, consequently he compromises with himself and says nothing, but the majority of papers give definite figures, and stand by them.



One Way to fill a barrel with water, is to use a sieve. You can do it—but it takes time, patience and hard work.

So you can wash clothes with soap and a wash-board—but it isn't the best way. It's slow work, hard work, costly work. It wears out the things you're trying to get clean.

The best and easiest way is to use Pearline. That does the washing while you're doing something else—does it without any of the clumsy rubbing that takes so much time and makes so much wear and tear.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 339 JAMES PYLE, N.Y.

W. H. BAKER

214 Dundas Street, Upstairs.
Telephone No. 1.

PRACTICAL ELECTRICIAN.

(Late of the Bell Telephone Co.)

Estimates given on all classes of electric goods. Repairing of all electric work promptly attended to. zxv

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Ripans Tabules

act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cleanse the system effectually; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One TABULE taken at the first indication of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Disease commonly comes on with slight symptoms, which when neglected increase in extent and gradually grow dangerous.

If you suffer from Headache, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, TAKE RIPANS TABULES

If you are Bilious, Constipated or have a Disordered Liver, TAKE RIPANS TABULES

If Complexion is Sallow, or you suffer Distress after Eating, TAKE RIPANS TABULES

For Offensive Breath and all Disorders of the Stomach, TAKE RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules are prepared from a prescription widely used by the best physicians, and are presented in a form acceptable to the stomach. An infallible cure if given a fair trial. Contain nothing injurious.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

EASY TO TAKE. QUICK TO ACT.

SOLD WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

W. T. STRONG, Druggist, 184 Dundas St.,

LONDON, - - ONTARIO,

AND ALSO AT RETAIL BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

CALENDARS FOR 1894.

SAMPLES NOW READY.

NEW AND EXQUISITE DESIGNS IN IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

Chromo Lithographs.

BANNERS,
SHAPES,
PANELS, ETC.

Come and see them, or drop us a card and one of our travelers will call on you.

Advertiser Printing Company

SOLE AGENTS IN CANADA FOR

THE CALVERT LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY

DETROIT, MICH.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division.

CORRECTED May 28, 1893.

MAIN LINE—Going East.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Wabash Express (A)	3:35 a.m.	3:40 a.m
*Limited Express	3:45 a.m.	3:50 a.m
Accommodation	.....	8:05 a.m
Atlantic Express (A)	12:10 p.m.	12:20 p.m
Day Express	10:55 a.m.	2:20 p.m
Reading Express (A)	3:10 p.m.	3:15 p.m
*Wabash Express (A) (D)	4:20 p.m.	4:25 p.m
Mixed (C)	6:50 p.m.	6:50 p.m
Erie Limited (A)	11:20 p.m.	11:40 p.m

MAIN LINE—Going West.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
†Chicago Express (A)	5:14 a.m.	5:20 a.m
West End Mixed	.....	6:45 a.m
Reading Express (A)	10:15 a.m.	10:20 a.m
†Erie Limited (A)	11:30 a.m.	.....
Wabash Express (A)	11:20 a.m.	11:25 a.m
Accommodation	12:30 p.m.	2:15 p.m
†Pacific Express (A)	6:50 p.m.	7:10 p.m
Mail	9:50 p.m.	.....
Accommodation	.....	7:30 p.m

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Limited Express (D)	3:45 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	8:03 a.m.	.....
Atlantic Express (A)	11:50 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	2:10 p.m.	.....
Reading Express (A)	3:10 p.m.	.....
Mixed	5:35 p.m.	.....
Accommodation	8:15 p.m.	.....
Erie Limited (D)	11:35 p.m.	.....

Sarnia Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Chicago Express (D)	.....	5:30 a.m
Accommodation	.....	7:40 a.m
Reading Express (D)	.....	10:20 a.m
Erie Limited (D)	.....	11:35 a.m
Accommodation	.....	2:30 p.m
Pacific Express (D)	.....	7:00 p.m

London, Huron and Bruce.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Express	9:55 a.m.	8:15 a.m
Mail	6:40 p.m.	4:55 p.m

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Mixed—Mail	11:15 a.m.	7:50 a.m
Express	2:05 p.m.	.....
Express	6:40 p.m.	2:40 p.m
Express—Mixed	9:15 p.m.	6:55 p.m

Toronto Branch.

Hamilton—Depart—						
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
*7:00	n9:15	11:05	12:30	4:10	5:25	n*6:55	9:20
Hamilton—Arrive—						
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
12:36	n10:00	10:30	n12:30	3:55	6:25	8:15

* These trains for Montreal.
† These trains from Montreal.
(A) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(D) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(C) No. 20 carries passengers between London and Paris only.
(D) This train connects at Toronto for all points in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia via North Bay and Winnipeg.

E. DE LA HOOKE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, the "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

LONDON & PORT STANLEY R'Y.

Taking effect Monday, Sept. 25, 1893.

Going South.

	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Leave London	6:40	9:30	2:50	8:00
Arrive St. Thomas	7:20	10:10	3:00	8:50
Depart St. Thomas	7:25	10:15	3:10	
Arrive Pt. Stanley	7:45	10:35	3:30	

Going North.

	a. m.		p. m.	
Leave Pt. Stanley	8:05	11:00	5:10	
Arrive St. Thomas	8:25	11:20	5:30	9:00
Depart St. Thomas	8:30	11:30	5:40	
Arrive London	9:10	p.m. 12:10	6:20	10:40

All trains stop at intermediate stations when passengers at or for.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.

DEPART—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
London	4:05	8:00	12:45	4:00
Woodstock	4:53	8:56	1:42	5:45
Galt	6:48	10:50	3:48	6:48
Guelph	9:20	11:10	6:02	8:05
Toronto	8:10	12:00	4:50	6:50
Peterboro	11:08	.....	7:49	11:43
	p.m.	.....	.....	a.m.
Kingston	4:10	.....	.....	5:00
Ottawa	5:15	.....	.....	5:45
Montreal	7:20	.....	.....	7:40
Quebec	6:50	.....	.....	p.m.
Portland, Me	8:25	.....	.....	1:25
Boston	8:52	.....	.....	7:45
Halifax, N. S.	10:25	.....	.....	8:10

Trains arrive from the east at 11:05 a.m., 6:35 p.m., 8:00 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Going West.

DEPART—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m	p.m.
London	7:15	11:15	6:45	11:05
ARRIVE—		p.m.		a.m.
Chatham	9:20	12:47	8:43	12:47
Detroit	.....	2:30	10:40	2:30
Chicago	.....	10:15	7:15	10:10
		a.m.		p.m.
St. Louis	.....	7:35	.....	8:00
		p.m.		a.m.
Kansas City	.....	7:05	.....	7:00

Trains arrive from the west at 3:40 a.m., 12:35 p.m., 4:45 p.m., 10:15 p.m.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 161 Dundas street, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.

	Leave London.	Leave St. Thomas.
American Express	9:30 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Atlantic Express (daily)	9:30 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
New York and Boston Limited (daily)	9:30 a.m.	1:50 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation (except Sunday)	2:20 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
North Shore Special (daily)	3:00 p.m.	11:25 p.m.
New York and Eastern Express (daily)	3:00 p.m.	2:00 a.m
New York and Chicago Limited (daily)	3:00 p.m.	6:30 a.m.

Canada Southern Division—Going West

Detroit Accommodation (except Sunday)	6:40 a.m.	7:25 a.m.
Chicago and Western Express (daily)	9:30 a.m.	10:40 a.m.
American express (except Monday)	9:30 a.m.	1:45 p.m.
Mail and Accommodation (except Sunday)	2:20 p.m.	3:15 p.m.
Pacific Express (daily)	2:20 p.m.	5:50 p.m.
Chicago special (daily)	3:00 p.m.	12:45 p.m.
Northshore Limited (daily)	3:00 p.m.	6:35 a.m.
Chicago and Western Express (daily)	3:00 p.m.	4:05 a.m.

Trains arrive in London at 9:10 a.m., 12:05 (noon), 6:35 p.m. and 10:45 p.m.

[NOTE.—No trains to or from London on Sundays.]

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, 395 Richmond street.

ERIE AND HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.

Stations.	Exp	Exp	Exp	Mix
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	.....	5:15	7:30	.....
Courtright	.....	5:45	8:05	.....
M. C. R. Junction	.....	.....	8:10	.....
Chatham (C.P. R.) arr	7:35	10:16	2:20	
Chatham (C.P. R.) dep	8:00	.....	10:35	4:25
Fargo	8:25	.....	11:00	4:45
Blenheim	8:35	.....	11:10	4:55

Trains North.

Stations.	Exp	Exp	Mix
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Blenheim dep	8:10	12:12	5:05
Fargo (M. C. R.)	8:52	12:22	6:03
Chatham (C. P. R.) arr	9:20	12:42	6:25
Chatham (C. P. R.) dep	.....	4:00	.....
M. C. R. Junction	11:07	7:00	.....
Courtright	11:10	7:05	.....
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	11:15	7:10	.....

ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) must be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.

Wall Paper

Newest Styles and Designs Arriving Daily.

O. B. GRAVES,

222 Dundas Street.

zxv

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED TILL 9 p.m. at 64 Stanley street, W. H. WESTON.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT CHAS. F. COLWELL'S Popular Music House, 159 Dundas street, and 429 Princess avenue.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES—NO WITNESSES required at Shuff's Drug Store, 660 Dundas street east. Residence Dundas street, corner William. Take Dundas street car.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

DIED.

KEOUGH—Oct. 8, Eddie, youngest son of Wm. Keough, 45 Dufferin avenue, aged 14 years and 12 days.

Funeral Tuesday at 2 p.m. Service at 1:30. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

SPRUDEL!

Has no equal as a table water, a curative and for bar use. It is the king of mineral waters. As a table water it is the most palatable of all carbonated waters.

ANOTHER LARGE CONSIGNMENT JUST RECEIVED.

FOR SALE BY—

J. W. SCANDRETT,

Wine Merchant, 177 Dundas Street.

TECUMSEH FLOUR

This Brand of Flour Always makes the BEST BREAD OR PASTRY.

USE NO OTHER.

J. D. SAUNBY

257 York Street. TELEPHONE 118.

Spruce Cherry

Nothing is better, and nothing cures colds quicker than this favorite remedy—25c per bottle. Boyle's Drug store, No. 652 Dundas street.

Tar.

PATENTS

P. J. EDMUNDS, Solicitor of Patents, MECHANICAL AND PATENT LAW EXPERT, 359-61 Richmond, corner King, London, Ont Telephone 591 B.

Hunt Bros.

Koal, Wood and Coke.

We Sell the Celebrated

PLYMOUTH COAL,

Call and See Us Before Buying.

Office, 363 Richmond Street.

BROCK'S

Loaded Shotgun Cartridges

Are Unexcelled.

Hunting Coats, Vests, Hats, Leggings, etc., etc.

GUN REPAIRING.

SEAL PURSES. RUBBER STAMPS.

All Work Guaranteed.

W. A. BROCK,

DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT

Special Bargains This Week!

A BIG STOCK OF

BOOTS and SHOES

Must be cleared out, and the people won't be long in clearing them out, as they have many and many a time before. Why? We sell only the best class of Boots and Shoes in the newest styles. Our prices are always the lowest, which make us numerous customers.

—IN—

Trunks and Valises

We do the trade.

Pocock Bros.

'PHONE 809.

s2tf cod

JUST ARRIVED

—AT—

Priddis Bros.'

A SMALL STOCK OF SAMPLE

JACKETS

CLOAKS

CAPES

—AT—

HALF PRICE.

NOTICE!

The cheese that won the silver medal and sweepstakes is now on view at our store. Also

NEW MAPLE LEAF SALMON,

VALENCIA RAISINS,

Pettijohn's California Breakfast Food.

Anderson & Barnard,

NEW YORK STORE.

STOVES! STOVES!

Our stock is most complete in all lines. Upwards of 150 patterns, sizes and styles to select from at lowest possible prices. We furnish repairs for all makes of Stoves.

STEVELY'S,

RICHMOND STREET.

'PHONE 452. zxv

GENERALLY FAIR.

TORONTO, Ont., Oct. 8.—11 p.m.—A moderate depression is moving east from the Northwest and is now central a little north of Lake Superior. The pressure is giving way in Eastern Canada and increasing in the Northwest. The weather is fair everywhere. Light snow has fallen this morning in Northern Alberta and frosts occurred in that district and Assiniboia.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Edmonton, 30°—42°; Calgary, 22°—50°; Battleford, 32°—38°; Qu'Appelle, 34°—44°; Winnipeg, 38°—52°; Port Arthur, 34°—48°; Toronto, 43°—68°; Kingston, 52°—62°; Montreal, 46°—62°; Quebec, 50°—58°; Halifax, 54°—70°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, Oct. 9—1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville) are: Fresh southwest to northwest winds; generally fair and warm to-day, turning cooler tonight; showers in some places.

FALL SHOES!

This is the time of year when you need reliable Footwear.

Our stock is complete and we are selling at prices lower than ever.

R. KIRKPATRICK,

189 DUNDAS STREET.

School Shoes a Specialty. zxv

SAD

Is His Fate

Who, wanting first-class clothes, does not patronize

N. WILSON & CO

We have the best goods and tailoring staff in London.

LOWEST PRICES!

N. WILSON

& CO.,

136 Dundas Street

zxv

London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE
134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS
175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

TWO DAYS IN HISTORY.

October 8.



ELIZABETH CROMWELL.

1354—Nicolo di Rienzi, the famous Roman tribune and reformer, was murdered in a popular tumult.

1361—Famous "trial of battle" at Notre Dame, Paris, between Chevalier Macaire and the dog of M. Montdidier, whom he had murdered; the dog was conquered, the man confessed and was executed.

1672—Elizabeth Cromwell (born Bourchier), widow of the great Oliver, died at Norborough.

1763—John Hancock, statesman and "signer" died at Quincy, Mass.; born 1737.

1803—Vittorio Alfieri, count, great tragic poet, died in Florence; born 1749.

1821—Henry Christophe, talented but cruel general and later king of Hayti, killed himself; born 1767; crowned as Henry I June 2, 1812.

1833—Edmund Clarence Stedman, poet, was born in Hartford.

1837—Charles Fourier, famous socialist, died at Paris.

1869—Franklin Pierce, fourteenth president, died at Concord, N. H.; born 1804.

1872—Remarkably rapid fire destroyed Pishtigo, Wis., and nearly all its people, some say over 600 persons.

October 9.



CLEMENT II.

1047—Pope Clement II died.

1514—Louis XII of France and Princess Mary, sister of Henry VIII of England, were married at Abbeville, France; three months later he died, and two months after that she married the Duke of Suffolk.

1547—Miguel Cervantes de Saavedra, author of "Don Quixote," born at Alcala de Henares; he and Shakespeare died on the same day, 1616.

1709—Barbara Villiers, duchess of Cleveland, mistress of Charles II, died.

1757—Charles Comte d'Artois, afterward Charles X, born at Versailles, died 1836.

1782—Lewis Cass was born in Exeter, N. H., died 1866.

1800—John Todd was born in Rutland, Vt., died 1873.

1848—William Smith O'Brien, Thomas Francis Meagher and others were sentenced to death for rebellion; O'Brien was finally pardoned, the others after being transported escaped to America.

1879—Union of Italy completed.

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Bishop Baldwin addressed the meeting to young men at Victoria Hall yesterday afternoon.

—The date for holding the auction sale of a Heintzman piano and furniture has been changed. See advertisement.

—Mr. West, a student of Knox Church, Toronto, yesterday preached morning and evening at King Street Presbyterian Church.

—Elders Lake and Evans occupied the pulpit of the Latter Day Saints' Church yesterday morning and evening respectively.

—Mr. Fred Soper sang Pinsuti's song, "Heaven and Earth," in Queen's Avenue Church last evening. Mr. Soper, like all of Mr. Fetherston's pupils, sings in perfect tune, expressively, and enunciates clearly.

—A. W. Robertson & Co., of Brantford, writes us: "Take our ad. out for salesman wanted. We are getting applications every day from parties 'having seen it in the ADVERTISER.'" The ADVERTISER reaches the masses every time. Try it.

—A few days ago thieves entered the cellar of Principal Merchant, on Queen's avenue. Stored therein were a lot of preserves, and the marauders evidently had a dislike for any other kind so they picked out all the peaches and decamped.

—Mr. J. A. Nelles, sen., father of Messrs. H. E. and J. A. Nelles, is very ill. About a week ago he was laid up with inflammation of the lungs, but the medical attendant had got this under control, when heart trouble set in and Mr. Nelles' life is now despaired of.

—Mr. J. W. Carter, supreme grand secretary of the Sons of England, Toronto, passed through this city Saturday on his return from visiting the several lodges in Manitoba and British Columbia. The supreme grand president accompanied him, but laid over in Chicago for a few days.

—Rev. A. H. Rhodes, of this city, has been appointed by the bishop of Huron incumbent of Byron, Hyde Parke and Ilderton. He has been relieving the rector of Christ Church for some months and earned the good-will of the congregation. He is very popular and his friends wish him every success in his new field, which is an important one.

—"Paddy" Delaney, as he is familiarly known among his friends, used to drive two mules, but disposed of one of them. Shortly after the transaction he was driving the remaining animal along the street. A passing pedestrian, who is noted for putting his foot in it, called out: "Hullo, Paddy; where is your other mule?" "Sure, and ain't I talkin' to'im noo," was the quick response.

—On Saturday afternoon the remains of the late Mrs. Sarah McLeod were laid in the grave, many friends and acquaintances attending the funeral. Simple but impressive services were held at the late residence of the deceased lady, No. 510 Adelaide street, conducted by Rev. D. M. Mihell, of the Adelaide Street Baptist Church, assisted by Rev. A. Rowland, of Lake Geneva, Wis. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Wm. P. Irvine, G. F. Robertson, Fred J. Reid and Alfred Rowland.

—The following it the programme of the rehearsal given at the Conservatory of Music Saturday afternoon:

Sonatina, No. 3.....Clementi
Mr. A. Lawrason.
Polish Dance, No. 1.....Scharwenka
Miss Retta Doyle.
Song—A Leaf from the Spray.....Mey
Miss Patterson (Ilderton).
Chanson d'Amour.....Gibson
Miss Beta Green.
Mazurka, No. 4.....Godard
Miss Maud McDonald.
Guitar Duet—Sebastopol.....
Misses Law and Adcock.
Prelude and Fugue, No. 18.....Bach
Miss Patterson.
Butterfly.....Grieg
Sonata, C sharp, Minor.....Beethoven
Mr. Barron.

—The following list of United States patents granted to Canadian inventors Sept. 19, 1893, is expressly reported for the ADVERTISER by James Sangster, solicitor of patents, Buffalo, N. Y.: Thomas Guilfoyle, Collingwood, cigar attachment; James G. Malcom, Toronto, refrigerator; Theodore Martin, Wallaceburg, nut-lock; Thomas W. Ness, telephone switch. Total issue, including patents, designs, trade marks and reissues, 385.

—Mr. John Wattam, the London West assessor has handed in the assessment rolls of the village. Therein it is found that the total value of the property assessed is $325,530. The population of the village is 1,875, as compared with 1,864 at the last return, making an increase of 11. The village collects taxes on 102 canines, a large number compared with the population. During the year there were registered 35 births and 13 deaths.

—The annual meeting of the Canadian Entomological Society will be held in their rooms, Victoria Hall, next Wednesday, when delegates, who are expected to arrive on Tuesday evening, will be present from all parts of the Dominion. On Wednesday morning the usual council of members will take place, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock business will be taken up. The evening session, which will be of a public nature, is expected that Mr. W. H. Harrington, of Ottawa, president of the society, will deliver his annual address. In addition to entomology there are four branches of the society, viz.: botany, ornothology, microscopy and geology.

—Dr. Bucke was showing the Hon. J. W. Longley through the asylum. In one of the corridors they met a nice-looking woman who did not display any signs of mental aberration. On being introduced to the distinguished visitor, she remarked: "Oh, you are from Nova Scotia. They have good ministers there!" "Yes, we have," said the Attorney-General, "but I am not a minister—I'm a politician." A look of sadness came over the patient's face. "Politicians," she said, "are not as good as the ministers." "No, they are not," interjected Mr. Longley. "That is the reason," added the woman, "that they require such good ministers."

Hon. Edward Blake Here.

Hon. Edward Blake, of Toronto, M. P. for Longford, Ireland, arrived in the city Saturday on his return from the World's Fair, and is the guest of his brother-in-law, Mr. V. Cronyn, Dundas street. He leaves for Toronto this afternoon.

"The Crust of Society."

Manager John Stetson's admirable company of players from the Globe Theater, Boston, and the Broadway Theater, New York, will present this famous play at the Grand to-morrow evening. The play treats of a subject of universal human interest and points a healthy moral in the end, where the scheming adventuress fails in the attainment of her aspirations to membership in "the upper crust" of society, and falls back to her level. It is said that the character is one of the strongest and most remarkable ever depicted by any dramatist.

Modjeska.

If there is one artist more than another who is celebrated for the refinement of her art, it is Modjeska, who appears at the Grand next Wednesday. She has decided to present "Mary Stuart," which she has given this season with tremendous success. Aside from her great skill, which easily places her in the front rank in portraying the passions of the feminine heart, she possesses the rare endowment of magnetism, if not absolute genius. Her influence over her audience is always magnetic, her skill is subtle, her art is perfected and her careful attention to stage details is the most marked of any other star at present before the public. She will bring the strongest company in the support of any English-speaking artist, and a treat is certainly in store for those who visit her production.

Rhea at the Grand.

Mlle. Rhea, the favorite French actress, appeared at the Grand Saturday night before a large and well-dressed audience. She appeared in her new play "The Queen of Sheba," and it was somewhat of a disappointment. The theme was too lofty for the author's conception; the production was oriental in form only and in spirit was decidedly modern. In was an ordinary drama clothed in purple and fine linen and placed in luxurious surroundings which were foreign to its nature. But the acting, the costumes, the stage pictures and the music combined to make it a very interesting performance. Rhea was as regal as ever and looked every inch a queen. Her leading man, Mr. Hart, is a handsome young man, rather artificial in elocution and action, but decidely intelligent. His King Hiram was picturesque and effective. The other members of the company ably supported the principals and the audience was well pleased.

On the Market.

The market Saturday was more than usually impassable. The supply in almost every department exceeded the demand. The largest and finest assortment of meats which has been seen this fall was on view. Lamb was going at 7 cents by the carcass, veal at 6 cents, and beef, per quarter, 4 to 5½ cents. The ducks shown were more than ordinarily large and fine. They were quoted at 75 cents each. Chickens sold at 60 cents per pair. Some of the better samples, of course, were higher. There was a surfeit of vegetables. A few of the species on sale, with the prices are given: cauliflower, each, 10 to 30 cents; tomatoes, peck, 25 cents, bushel, 90 cents; onions, peck, 25 cents; cabbage, each, 5 cents; celery, dozen, 40 cents; carrots, beats and turnips were selling at 25 cents per dozen. Fine potatoes were offered at from 75 cents to 90 cents per bag. The large amount of fruit presented made eloquent appeals to the eye. Peaches and grapes were in the preponderance. Grapes, Rogers, ten-pound basket, 20 cents; Rogers, seventeen-pound basket, 30 cents. Niagara grapes were priced the same. The best peaches were selling at $1 20 a basket. Citrons, each, 8 cents to 10 cents; dozen, $1. Apples, bushel, 25 cents; bag, 75 cents.

The Three Keys is guaranteed to cure rheumatism in three days, any druggist in London will do so, or the maker will refund the money.

If you want a good Heintzman upright piano and nice furniture go to the auction sale at 53 Craig street, South London, on Tuesday, Oct. 10. Sale at 10:30. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

Lily White Water White Oil is a reliable oil for family use. Ask your dealer for it. They must keep it to hold their trade. Over 100 dealers sell it in the city. No extra price; same price as ordinary oil. Orders solicited. Telephone No. 307. EMPIRE OIL COMPANY.

"Williams' Royal Crown Remedy Saved John Weir's Life"

May be seen in large letters on the covers of the horses that precede the handsome Royal Crown Remedy wagon. Mr. Weir said: "This is a most marvelous cure. I became pale as a corpse; my blood seemed to be turned to water. I had dizziness and a ringing noise in my head; my hands and feet were cold all the time, and my limbs were completely swollen up to the body. Some doctors called it consumption of the blood. I got so weak that I could not walk, and finally took to my bed." Mrs. Weir says: "All Mr. Weir has told you is true. At times he lay for days unconscious and unable to take nourishment of any kind, and was reduced to a mere skeleton of 84 pounds; and I fully believe if we had been one day later in getting Williams Royal Crown Remedy he would be in his grave to-day. So it may well be said 'Williams' Royal Crown Remedy saved John Weir's life.'" The best druggists keep "Royal Crown Remedy"; but if your druggist does not, remit direct to Isaac Williams Company, London, and they will send it to you by first express. The price at which "Williams' Royal Crown Remedy" is sold makes a course of treatment comparatively inexpensive as compared with any other medical treatment. Six bottles for $5. Clip this out and keep it.

FURS—The season is at hand to select choice Furs. We have the finest stock in the city at lowest prices.

Rivard

London's Fashionable Hatter and Furrier. 400 Richmond Street. zxv

PALMER'S PERFUMES

Are Fragrant and Lasting. They are among the leaders in New York. We have all the principal odors. Try them.

N. I. McDermid,

Druggist, 174 Dundas St.

VANDERLIP,

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF

Fine English Tailoring.

Fall and winter English Fashions just received.

202½ Dundas Street. zxv

NOVELTIES AT MRS. MARTIN'S,

—THE LATEST—

Chippewa Sailor, Fancy Hair Pins and Lovely Tam's for Children

206 Dundas Street. zxv



Now is the time to buy your COAL.

We have the best, so they all say.

BOWMAN & CO.

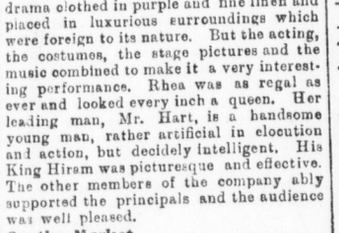
246 Bathurst Street.

AGENTS—F. S. Clarke, 416 Richmond street. H. G. Abbott, 314 Dundas street.

NEW FALL NECKWEAR AND COLLARS.

WELSH, MARGERTSON & SON'S LATEST DESIGNS AND SHAPES.

NEW UMBRELLAS.



FURS! FURS!

Latest styles. Inspection solicited. Get your repairing done before the rush at BEATON'S.

R.K.Cowan

Barrister, etc., over Bank of Commerce, London.

Burns

THE FURNISHER.

MARA'S

Bargain Day

MONDAY,

OCT. 9.

Gents' Tweed Overcoats With Velvet Collars,

$2 95.

Boys' and Youths' Overcoats,

$1 50.

Striped Jersey Flannels,

25c A YARD.

10 Turkey-Red and Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs for

25c.

All Colors in Double Width Henrietta Cloth,

12½c A YARD.

All-Wool Gray Flannel,

12½c A YARD.

60-Inch Table Linen, Choice Patterns,

20C A YARD.

Men's Heavy Ribbed Shirts and Drawers,

20c.

Laced and Buttoned Top, Shirts,

20C.

Yard Wide Factory Cotton, Monday,

4c A YARD.

Scotch Ginghams, Monday

4c A YARD.

Monday we will sell Ladies' 50c all-wool vests for 35c, and ladies' 35c vests for 25c.

All Colors in Sash Ribbons, Monday, for

15C A YARD.

Ladies' Four-Buttoned Kid Gloves in Tan and Evening Shades,

25c A PAIR.

Misses' & Children's Ribbed Cashmere Hose, Only a Few Dozen Left,

10c A PAIR.

Gents' Fine Laced Shoes, High Cut; Regular Price, $2; price Monday,

$1 20 PAIR.

Ladies' Fine High Cut Dongola Kid Boots, Patent Tip,

$1 35 PAIR,

As Usual, 9 Bars

Electric Soap

FOR 25c.

THE T. A. MARA CO., Limited

155 Dundas Street and Market Square, London.