## IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



## CIHM/ICMH Microfiche Series.

CIHM/ICMH Collection de microfiches.

Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques

## (c) <br> 

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be biblicigraphically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.


Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleur


Covers Camaged/
Couverture endommagéeCovers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée


Cover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manque
Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleur


Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleurBound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documentsTight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La re liure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distortion le long de la marge intérieure

Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
II se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.

Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplémentaires:

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.Coloured pages/
Pages de couleurPages damaged/
Pages endommagéesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées


Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquéesPages detached/
Pages détachées
Showthrough/
TransparenceQuality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impressionIncludes supplementary material/
Comprend du matériel supplémentaireOnly edition available/
Seule édition disponiblePages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/ Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à obtenir la meilleure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

Library of Congress
Photoduplication Service
The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol $\rightarrow$ (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol $\nabla$ (maaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:

L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

Library of Congress
Photoduplication Service
Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exeriplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la derniére page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la derniére image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole $\rightarrow$ signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole $\nabla$ signifie "FIN"

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmá à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.
PLATN and EARNEST
A D D R E S ST O
BRITONS,ESPECIALLY
IARMERS,
ONTHE
Interefting State of Public Affairs
I N
GREAT BRITAIN AND'FRANCE:.

$$
\because
$$

By a FARMER.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { " When Mifchicf is once begun, therc is no knowing when it will end." } \\
\text { Warks of } T . \text { Paine. }
\end{gathered}
$$

IPSWICH:
PRINTED AND SOLD EY G. JERMYN; And may be had of all the Dookitllers in Suffolk, Norfolk, and Eblex. mpecxeri.





A

## PLAIN AND EARNEST

## A D D RESS.

## BROTHER FARMERS,

$\mathrm{Y}^{0}$OUR attention, has doubtlefs, been led to a publication, callicd "The Rights of Man," and an Englifhman muff have a wonderful propentity to confound his friends and h:s fies, who does not difcover in that work a fleady and deliherate plan to fap and undermine the happinefs and properity of Great Britain. It appears that Mr. Paine has not only been long actuated by, but that he formerly gloried in avowing, as implacable aniriofity and rooted hatred to this couniry ; and that not merely to its Government, but to its interefts, its welfare, its national charnfter, itsnational hooour, its comnercial and naval greatnefs. In violation of his natural allegiance (being born a Britifi fubject) he flaained every nerve to encreafe the animofity fublifting between the Mother-country and her Colonies, and to prevent any accommodarion from taking place. His pen was conttantly cmployed during the American war in widening the breach which all good Englifbmen fincerely deplored; and in promoting that final feparation between Ecgland and America, which was then confidered as an event the moft catal that could poffibly happen to the former country. Since that period,
the unexpated, the uncsampled, the daily-increafing profpcrity of Great Drtain, the harmony, the loyalty, and the happincts of its inhabitauts, furnifled a difuppointment ton fevere to be endured with any degree of coapofire. Thefe were feenes which hatrowed up; the foul of the envious and malignaut Fiond, who, like his progen:tor, bene his courfe to this Paradife of the globe, eager to defroy. that felicity which it was not in his nature either to partake of or endure.

But the good fenfe of the Englifh People is no more to he deluded by artifice than their vigour is to be vanquifled by forcr. They are not to be perfunded to part with the fubflance for the fladow. They can diftinguifh between the fincerc and honeft advice of rational friends, and the wily enfnaring addreffes of infidious foes. They can detect treachery, and defeat malice. They are not fo fhort-fighted as to believe, that in 1792 the man would counfel them to their good, who a few years before was labouring at their deftruction. And fenfib'e that under the friendly influence of their moft excellent Conflitution, and of the happieft poffible form of Goverument, they not only enjoy the greateft degree of perfonal freedom, as well as of perfonal fecurity, that can exift in fociety, but have alfo rifen, within the fhort fpace of eight years, from penury to affluence, and from deep and accumulated diftrefs to great and unexampled profperity; rejoiced alfo that the fruits of thefe great and manifuld advantages have a'seady begun to appear in an allcviation of their burthens, they are not to be induced to fop the career of their greatnefs, and to replunge into a ftate of confufion and calamity, worfe even than that from which they have fo happily emerged.

The fearful events which are at prefent pafing in France, with a rapidity of mifchief that furpaffes equally all that hiftory has to offer, or fancy to conceive, afford a fpectacle interefting to every man who poffeffes property ; and to none more than to FARMERS. The quarrel now raging in that once fourifhing kingdom, is not between liberty and tyranny, or between protecting and opprefive fyytems of government; it is, on the contrary, collected to a fingle poinr.-It is alone a queftion of property.-It is a trial at arms, whether thofe who have notbing fliall not feize and poffers the pro:
"1g profperity of happinets of its be endured with is harrowed up ike his progen::uger to defley: o partake of or
e to be deluded cr. They are dadow. They ice of rational oes. They can o fhort-fighted to their good, uction. And moft excellent Goverument, I freedom, as but have alfo 'y to affluence, unexampled and manifuld ation of their ureer of their ind ealamity, emerged.
rance, with a has to offer, ely man whe RMERS. dom, is net id oppreflive d to a fingle ial at arms, Tefs the pro-
perty of thofe who have fomething. A dreadfol queftion-a horild fruggle-which can never end hat in the cytas and miverfal ruin of ALL. In which. le who gains by the lofs of his acightour, gaine but to loofe, in his turn, to fome fintier rubler, till rint and confufion render property but the figual of invaiton, and povercy the bell fateld againit the attacks and tyranny of the nob.

The watch word, from one end of France to the other, is equaliby; they join liberty with it, as momebarks annex a favourire epithet to the noftrum, whofe only object is the money in the pockets of the creduluus. But after all rank, title, nolulity, and diftinction have been abolifhed, what do they mean by equalizy? The word is abfurd if it attaches not to propetty, for there can be no equality while one man is rich and another poor.

There is information which can he relied on, that the farmers whofe occupatiohs are large, on conparifon with the general fize of farms, are under the molt a! minable opprefton; an ar. bitrary and defpotic mob obliges then to fell sheit produkts at a fixed price; fetting the valuation of all provitions at the ratcs agreeable to their pleafure; and have, in innumerable inftunces, talicn the corn brought to market at no price at all. To avoid this injuftec, the farmers have abfinined from appearing in the markets; and tiuch a conduct has been punfled by fine, impritoniuent, and forfeiture; and decrees liave eten been paffed for their expulfion, and diviuling their farms among fuch as have chofen to feize them. 1p the leveying of taxes, the moft aomminable tranfactions have difgraced th: kingdom; while the proprietors of a few acres, who every where form the majority of each inmicipality, efcape all taxation, they are vigilant in forsing every inen of more confiderable property to pay to the laft farthing; and as all taxes ore affeffed and levied by parowhial vote, at affemblies, to which ati wert, the men withon: property order every thing at will, and have varions ways, much aore effective, for the divifion of property, than the moft direct levelling principle could fuggeft:
Let the farmers of this kingdom reprefat to themfelves a picture of what their fituation would be; if iheir labourers, their fervants, and
ane paipers whom they fupport by poor-rates, were all armed, and in putelion of the veltry, votug not only the money to be raifed by rates, but the divifion of it among thenfelves; decrecing what the price of all the farmer's produtt flould be; what wagen mould be paid to fervants, and what pay to labourers. Wader fuch a fy tem of goverument ! trg to atk, what fecurity would remain for a fingle fhilling in the pockets of thofe who are at prefent in a flate of eafe and eompetence; And whether fuch a ftate of tyranny would not be worle than that of the mof determined defpotifin at prefent in Europe?

Thefe facts are flated as having taken place in France; to fay that they have every where taken place would be an exaggeration; but the power is, thronghout the kingdom, in the bands of the multifude, aud aftio knowing the ufe that has been made of that power, in fo many friking inflances, it may, in all truth of argument, be alked, whether the principle of fieh excefles be not admitted and profefled the infant the power of a kingdom is lodged in any hands but thofe that lave fone property it it.

From what has all the abommations practifing in France arifen ? The queflinn is anfiwered in a few words; from the laws being fubmitted to the will, and the power heing lodged in the hands of the Mob; -froin thofe fine Spun fpeculations of the "Rights of Man" heing carried into effect, on which the late tranfactions in France are the bett comment, and the mont fatisfactory reply.

I revere the man!y fpirit and underfanding to be found in my countrymen of the loweft order. Their generous hearts, I truit; would abhor the iden of imbruing their hands in the blood of women ; -of cowardly butchering thofe unfortunate men who had it not in their power to refist * That fyitem of daflardly affafination

* The horrid tranfations of the 24 and 3 d of September are here adverted 10; on whiah many of the Queen's fenn لle attendants, and feveral thoufands of helpiefs and norefiting paifun, were mafiacrecd, with circumftances of the mott favaige barbatity. The Princefs de Lamballe, after liaving fuffered every imfle that a French Mob could offer, and which decency furbids to enumerate, was at length beheaded. Duzing two pays, her mangled body was dragged throngh the ftreets of Paris? In fact, the hocking brutality which dißingutin. ed that period, whll mate Franch Liberty and french Humanity proverbially difgufful to the later pofterity.

11 armed, and $y$ to be raifed ccreeing what wager flould fuch a diftem in for a fingle ate of eafe and d not be worte it in Europe?

Frnnce ; to fay exnggeration : mds of ibe mul. of that power, argument, be $t$ admitted and d in any hands

France arifen? laws being fube hands of the ights of Man" tions in France
re found in my hearts, I trutt, the blood of men who had dly affafination

- are here adverted are here adverted
I everal thoufands cumitances of the ving fuffered every bids to enumerate body was dragged which diftinguifh anity proverbially
which was fingetted by the Jacobins in France, would, I trna, mest with little encouragenent in this country. But popular tyranny is a catching phrenzy, and the moft dreadfinl diforders muft enfite, where all the property of fociety is at the merey of thofe who poffers nothing. A'tack and plander will furely follow power in fuch hands. And I wouk live in Turkey ather than in England, if the wild and prepoiterons propotitions fonaded on the "Rughes of Man" were to become effective in this kingdon. In other worde, I have property; and I do not chane to live woere the hitt beggar I meet may with the fivord in one hand, and Rights of Man in the other, demand a flare of that which a good govermment tells me is my o:un.

That there were many refpeitable men in this country who wiflued well to the Conftutution of Fiance, as ethblifhed in 1789 , is uot to be doubsed, and thefe perfons affert, with refpect to the power being put in the hands of the people, fol far would we have gone and no farther ; bit they forget that by going fo far they have given the power from their own hands, and have themfelves made for numage and diforder, an inlet, which they have no longer power to clofe. But if thefe men may be excufed for an erior in judginent, let it not for a moment be imagined that there is any thing refpectable in the Levellers, your Fellows of the "Righes of Man," whofe principles are not a jot better than thofe of highwaymen and houfebreakers; for the object of both is equalizing property. The Farmers flould never forget, that the fame principle which attacks a property of $10,000 \mathrm{f}$. a year, bccantic it is too large relatively to other ptoperties, attacks alfo a farm of 200 K , a ycar, for the fame reafon ; nay, of $50 £$. a year, or the little orchard of the indultrious daylabourer of $5 \mathcal{L}$, a year, becalife that alfo is large, when compared with the condition of thofe who have nothing. .

It is curious enough to compare the original French declaration of Rigbits, and the fubfequent practice of the National Affens-

[^0] hearts and undergandings, as exitoxs truly mayg.
bily. It is there afferted; that no man can be accufed, arreficent or detained, except in cafes determined by the lasv, and accordiug to the forms aubich the lanu bas prgieribed. Such is the letter : what is the practice? On complainss foom Niort, againgt fome conuter-revolutionlas, feized by a nob thirfting for their blood; but who wifhed to have the flinfy cloak of a femblance of jultice, the mational assemeliy decreed, "That all the criminal tribunals of the kingdom fhoild ery; without appeal, all crimes committed aganift the revolution." And in order to indulge the fame thint at Paris, which was not with all its murders fatiated, they decreed the removal of the criminais from Orleang to Paris; that is, from the legally eftablifhed judicature, where there was a chance of juftice, to an illegal one, where there was no fuch chance; and they did this in confequence of the moft brutal and infulting adddreffes from the Deputation of the Commons of Paris.

The declaration fays, that no man can be punifled but in virutue of a laqv fathlfoed, and promulgated prior to the offence, and legally upplicd. But the national assemily decreted that difobedience to their orders, in the colonies; "Mall be regarded as high trenfon and thofe who fhall render themfelves guilty flall be fent to France to be tried according to the rigor of the law:"

The liberty of the prefs was provided for in the declaration: Such the theory. The pratice was, filencing all that were not Jacobin papers, and beheading the authors.

Purfire the declaration of rights through every article, and it ivlli be found that there is not one, regiftered as an impreferiptible righit of inan, that has not been viotated under circumftances of the moft plions and aboininable cructry.

An Englifhman is proid of the ldea of his houfe being bis cartie ; ree the practice of facobin government in this refpeet! "Decreed, that the mutricipalities are anthorized to fearch the houfes of all perfons for arms, and to take an ascount of horfes and cartiages applicalle to the war." And foon after their abfolure feizure contifcated. This was founding the alaim hell it order to give up the houfes of

## ( 9 )

ail the gentemen in tie khydonn th the pinder of an arnicd rabble; atad this att of tymany, by the kesillature ithelf.

If we are afect what apongy the tymats of buris have to make for their ntions, war antwer is wate bripureser ; wheh an Enchifin reforacer calle the ofjozive ar hall.

On whateser finject, feinee, or enguiry, pranice is the only onnment, there is no other tuth. When that $p$ ince of incendiaries, Palne, revicwing a train of his propefts, alks with an air of arimuph atier each, Would not this he a grod thimg' This furcly avould le a yood thing! In like manner, taking up the French declaration of there Kights of Man," there is hardly an article to be found, to which the fane witer ansl :an lundiced others, woukd not annex wh fane quellion, Is not this good? Can you deny this? But when we conke to eflimate thefe trees of poolly appearance, hy the fruit they have prothect, we hall finid-The right of refiftance againtt oppreftion-beame the pozecr to opprefs. The tight whe liber-ty-cramued every prifon on fufpicion. The right to fecurity-fived it at the point of the pike. The rigine to preperty-avas the fignal of phandir. And the right to life-brcante thi power to cut throats. goveruments founded on them are really deciarations of rights and gond alfo. Butt thefe, my brother Farmers, are the refirt mint he practice, that fow in a direst line fiom the good thiago of theory.

A gentleman in his late publication, talks of tambecrate refnemsation, and of pointing the zeal of the perple to a moderate coireftion of grievances. As if it was pofible, after ronfing, by inflammatory publications, the mollifith furit, that you could dras the line of moderation, beyond which the populace fhouki not paifs? You want to corred grievances by means of the prople; who, with powcr to effect the purpofe, muft have power to do much more. If they have that power, how will they ufe it? GO TO PARIS FOK THE ANSWER.

Power in the hands of a mob, has ruined France. And the

$$
\text { ( } 10 \text { ) }
$$

queftion in England is, whether the farmers and land proprietors flall preferve their property fecure, by one and all confidering tha fyftem with the horror it merits; or flatl, by doule and hefitation, unite with the enemies of public peace, and hazard all that we porfefir at prefent.

Give us our rights, is an expreffion which has been ufed with fingular cmphafis ; the reply once proper, was an abitrad reaforing on the nature of thofe rights: we have now fomething much furer to direet our judginent; ; and can anfwer with ftritt reference to the fats that govenn the queftion, "you have your rights;" you are in the poffeffion of every right that is condiftent with fafety to the life and property of others.-To give you more will endanger both, -To give you mucl more will mfillibly deffroy them, and eventually yourfelves. You have, the refore, all your rights, for you have all that are confiftent with your happinefs; and thofe who affociate to gain more, feek, by menns which they know to be the high road to confufion, to feize what is not their right, at the expence of crimes fimilar to thofe that have deftroyed one of the frit kingdoms in the world.

There is in this country, and I glory in the recollection, a firit of atteution to the labouring part of the community farbeyond what is the cafe in any other kingdom in the world. The heart and the purfe of the employer is never flut againft the diftreffes of his induftrious labcurer. The liberality of the affluent hath in every quarter provided hofpitals for the difeafed in mind and body; fchools for the ignorant and untutored; and bread for thofe who are not able to earn it themfelves. The peafintry in England, when honeft and indurtrious, are the happieft upon the face of the earth. And long may they continue fo! But adicu to cvery thing like peace and pleafure, if once the levelling principles of Mr. Paine become the object of their defire. Suth a tyftem, like a peftilential vapour, will bring difeafe, idlenefs, and difcontent, with all their train of mifhige along with it. Diffatisficd with his own condition, and envious of his neighbour's profperity, the now induftrious labourer will lofe all thofe fweet confolations which flow from a confcioufnefs of having doac his duty, and from the affirance of receiving his reward. That
land proprietors tli confidering the bt and hefitation, d all that we por-
; been med with abftrad reaforing thing much furer Ct reference to the rights ;" youl are with fafety to the ill endanger both, them, and erenur rights, for yout ; and thofe who y know to be the heir right, at the royed one of the

Hection, a fpirit of far beyond what is teart and the purfe of his indufrious very quarter pro; fchools for the re not able to earn honeft and indur-

And long may seace and pleafure, :ome the object of apour, will bring - train of mifchies $n$, and envious of bourer will lofe all oufnefs of having his reward. That
( 11 )
bappy tate of honct contentment, which in point of real happinefs leaves him nothing to regret in the condition of the firt among ymalind!

For the curfe of thefe prineiphes of equatity is, that they never can allow tranquility to be the inleritance of a people; fuppofing it poffible for a ceumry, infetted with fuch doctrines, to be woll governed, fuch grod gevernment will infallibly generate wealth and incquality; and by confequence the neecfity of hew civil wars and confution to rellore the equatity which would for ever tend to variation. Thus, under fuch fine-fpun principles, peace would never inhabit ; tranquility wouk be banifled, even by the merits, fuppofing there were any, of the fyftem ; and new arrangements of property would be periodically to make, at the caprice and tyrany of thofe who, poffeffing nothing, would look to confufion as their fupport, and to anarchy as their bithright.

Traders and manufacturers, of every defcription, although their fufferings in popular infurrections are generally very fevere, can frequently convert their wealth into money, and fly with it on paper wings wherever property remains fecure; but the farmer is chained to a fpot. His property is invefted in the foil he cultivates; -he has no power of movement; - he wuft abide the beating of the form be it pitilefs as it may. - To him therefore the new-fangled doctiones of cquality ought to appear in all their native deformity; for they are floctrines that tend directly to his deftruction; and from wheie peftilenrial influence be cannor, like others, fly.

I have given you a phain flatement of facts at this time peculiarly interefling, as all engones are at work to make yoo fall in love with anarchy, turbulence, and fedition. I hope every one who has the fprit and underftanding of a man, will fet his face agalnf thofe poifoners of the public mind, thofe infidious earwigs who would creep into and corrupt, that which they eannot openly fuhdue. Let thofe who are fond of French politics and French government, tranfport themfelves to France, like their friend Paine, and there hatch their treafons againtt their native land. If they are fond of feenes of horror and diftrefs, they may there indulge their propenfities to the utnols.

A thirtt of blood, at which favages would blunt, and from which humanity would fart back appalled; their trade and manufactures ammibatated; their agriculture cramped and fettered; honour, religion, and honelly trampled under foot. If for thefe, we are to difinifs sior love the king, our reverence for the contitution and laws, our profperity, liberty, and happinefs, -avert from 13ritons, oh! merciful heaven! the wretched infatuation. Teach then ro know and to feel the genumenefs of the bleffings which difinguth ths happy land. Free that land from the clamours of the fetitiote, the murmurs of the difontented, and the feeret as well as open detigns of wicked and unprincipled men. To this prayer whoever has the love of bis country warm at his leant, will fervently, and with all his !pinit, fiy Amen.



[^0]:    When accoants of thefe enormities were read in the porter-houfes in London, frequented by the lower order of the peopte, bur!?s of generous indiznation and thequrence of French cruelty and cowardice, iffued from the lips of the auditors, demanitrattve of the Englifh manly fpirit, and which did honour buth to their

