

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

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C. F. HAYES, Business Manager.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1910.

BOTH METHODS PAY IN ALBERTA

Lethbridge is moving to secure the international dry farming congress in 1912. The splendid showing made at the recent Spokane congress by exhibitors from southern Alberta districts where "dry" farming is employed should help along the proposal to have the annual gathering two years hence held in the centre of one of those districts. The delegates from many parts of the world who were present at Spokane cannot but have been impressed with the string of awards captured by the southern Alberta exhibits, and a proposal that they should gather in the near future in the country where the winning grains were produced ought to be popular among them. The holding of the congress there should benefit both southern Alberta, and the cause of dry farming. It would show the delegates what can be accomplished when their system is applied to a district more highly favored than some of those in which intensive farming has proven highly successful south of the boundary. Incidentally it would also show them that an enormous area of land in that district is still open to men who will take it as a gift and work it. This personal knowledge that dry farming land can be secured free in a district where dry farming has been found very successful, would be carried to many parts of the United States and to many European countries by representative farmers, and would no doubt result in many coming to take advantage of the opportunity offered. It has been suggested that central and northern Alberta have more to lose than gain from the advertising of the fact that dry farming is necessary in one part of the Province. No apprehension need be felt on that score. The fact will be advertised anyway, and has already been widely advertised, and may be taken to be pretty generally understood wherever anything is known of Alberta. It is our part to make known that in central and northern Alberta "intensified" farming methods are not necessary, and to undertake the hopeless task of obscuring the fact that they are necessary in the southern portion and are splendidly successful there. The fact that the rainfall is light in one district is not something that the whole Province need worry over. It is not a fact to be obscured even by those interested in promoting that district. Dry farming has now got well beyond the experimental stage, so far beyond that a district not always favored with an abundant rainfall is not set down as no good. On the contrary it is regarded as a region where by sticking faithfully to the dry farming methods, crops can be counted on with even greater assurance than in a district where less attention is paid to cultivation and more dependence placed on the favorableness of the season. There are people who would prefer a country of scant rather than plentiful rainfall; who would rather put their money and time into the thorough cultivation of a quarter or half section than into the less thorough cultivation of a whole section. And the records from some of the semi-arid regions of the western States which have been made to yield good crops with unvarying regularity and practically regardless of climatic variations, go far to substantiate their judgment. No apology therefore is necessary in letting it be known that there is a portion of Alberta where similar methods produce even better results. On the contrary, it is surely better to make known as widely as possible that Alberta offers the choice to the new-comer of taking land either in a dry farming district or in one where the rainfall is abundant and where the ordinary method and amount of soil-culture produce excellent results. We are in position to appeal alike to the man who wants to go in for dry farming and to the one who wishes to follow the more common mode. We can suit the preference of each, and give each what he wants—no nothing. This is the fact that should be kept to the fore, rather than placing too much emphasis on the attractions of either of the radically different sections of the Province. It would, of course, be a great mistake to allow the impression to get abroad that dry farming is necessary everywhere in Alberta, or in the greater portion of it. That would tend to discourage anyone coming to the Province who wished to follow the ordinary methods of farming. On the other hand it would be an equal blunder to spread the notion that these methods can be safely followed in all parts of the Province. That would lead to settlers going into the dry district on a misunderstanding and at-

tempting there what cannot be done, would be certain to end in disappointment and the discredit of the whole Province. The best and safest policy as usual is to tell the truth, and tell it clearly, loudly and often. The truth about any part of Alberta is good enough. In keeping the truth about all parts of it consistently and persistently before the world lies the proper way of promoting settlement and development on lines that make for prosperity and contentment.

A BUSY SESSION.

The Provincial Legislature meets today. The session is like to be a busy one, and may be a long one. If its duration does not run beyond the usual period it will be because of the rapid progress is made with the business in hand than heretofore. For the members have at this session to consider not only the usual volume of new business, but a large budget brought forward from the previous session. What new business the government may have to bring before the House has not been indicated, but it is safe to assume that the ministry will not be less active than their predecessors in devising measures for promoting the public welfare, and a legislative program, of proportionate length and importance may be looked for. There is no halt in the industrial and economic progress of the province, and that section of the program known as "private legislation" will doubtless be as large as usual. Of the business carried forward from last session, the Alberta and Great Waterways matter is the outstanding item. In relation to this there are really two items, the report of the Royal Commission as to the connection of members of the Legislature or officials of the province with the company, and the question of what the government purposes to do with the project itself. The first of these may add materially to the labors of the session or it may not, according to the finding of the judges. Should their finding be what everyone would hope them to have been able to find—that no member or official had been improperly concerned in the project or the manner of its carrying out—the House will have nothing to do but to formally deal with the report. Should the finding be other, it must have an important bearing on the discussion of the main question, and might conceivably point the way to an unpleasant but imperative duty on its own account. What the government propose to do with the project itself has not been hinted. That information the Premier has wisely kept to himself, in face of the most bitter attacks of his political opponents and the most apparent anxiety on the part of interested parties. But unless the House is curiously out of harmony with the temper of the country, the members will await his announcement with every confidence that the plan he will propose will be the best one open under the circumstances. Indeed, no finer tribute of public confidence has ever been paid to a public man in this country than the verdict of the constituencies as to whether Mr. Sifton could be relied upon to find the best solution of this perplexing and complicated problem. To refuse information on a public question is a traditionally unpopular course for a leader of a government to take. That position the Premier has taken from the first and has steadfastly maintained to his friend and foe. He could not in the interests of the Province, he said, before the Legislature met what action he proposed to recommend. He could appeal for support on no other ground that that of confidence in his intention and ability to bring out of the entangled maze the best proposal practicable. The public took him at his word. Every member of his government who went to the people and asked that he be given a chance to solve the problem was triumphant-ly returned. In Gleichen, where the stand of the Premier was made the point of attack, a supporter was elected. In Macleod an independent candidate was elected against a supporter of the government, but the issue there was not a question of confidence in the Premier, and the result was determined chiefly by local rather than general questions. There is no reason to suppose the members are of other mind than the electors, or that they are not quite as confident as the people that the solution of the problem will be the best that can be found. Indeed, it is understood that before calling upon Mr. Sifton to form a government, His Honor had to form the assurance of a majority of them that they were prepared to accord him undivided confidence until such time as he felt free to put before them his "I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, O., and she readily has been passed for colds and croup, for sale by dealers everywhere.

For Campbellton Sufferers.

Ottawa, Nov. 9.—The government today decided to ask parliament for a grant of \$70,000 for the relief of the sufferers from the fire which destroyed Campbellton, N.B., last summer.

proposal touching this important and engrossing matter. Beside the Alberta and Great Waterways questions, there is a lengthy list of matters of high public importance which could not be dealt with in the disturbed conditions of last session which must be taken up by the members at the present meeting. The financial affairs of the province will require to be reviewed for the last year and a half, and provision made for the coming year. The work of the various departments for the same period will doubtless require more attention than it was possible to pay them at the spring session, and the government's proposals regarding their operations in the future considered. Comparatively few bills were passed at the late session and those laid over will doubtless come up again for consideration. The prospect is therefore that the members will have one of the busiest sessions yet held, if not the busiest, and one fraught with immense consequence to the Province.

"THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE."

The Democratic "sweep" of the United States can have only one meaning. The people have grown weary of the pinch of high tariff. Behind and underneath the minor issues which played important parts in determining the result lay this mother lode of popular discontent, of which these were but the outcroppings. It was the tariff and what the tariff had produced within their own knowledge and personal experience that the voters protested against. Their verdict is the more remarkable that by it they gave the victory to a leaderless party against a party headed by the most popular national figure since Lincoln. Had the Democrats won such a battle under a leader widely and favorably known, with a perfected organization, and with a clear cut program everywhere understood, it would still have been a notable win. But there is not in the ranks of that party a man whose talents and reputations mark him out as the national champion of the Democratic cause as the prestige of Colonel Roosevelt makes him the real head of the Republican party. The Democrats went into battle without a general, and with only the understood hostility to high tariff as their general fighting ground. That they are victorious they owe less to themselves than to the fortunate conditions in which they found themselves. To them of course belongs the credit for having pushed each grog tariff principle through a long period when to avow those principles meant to be defeated, and the triumph they have now scored is the reward of this merit. But it was not so much for the bitter attacks of his political opponents and the most apparent anxiety on the part of interested parties. But unless the House is curiously out of harmony with the temper of the country, the members will await his announcement with every confidence that the plan he will propose will be the best one open under the circumstances. Indeed, no finer tribute of public confidence has ever been paid to a public man in this country than the verdict of the constituencies as to whether Mr. Sifton could be relied upon to find the best solution of this perplexing and complicated problem. To refuse information on a public question is a traditionally unpopular course for a leader of a government to take. That position the Premier has taken from the first and has steadfastly maintained to his friend and foe. He could not in the interests of the Province, he said, before the Legislature met what action he proposed to recommend. He could appeal for support on no other ground that that of confidence in his intention and ability to bring out of the entangled maze the best proposal practicable. The public took him at his word. Every member of his government who went to the people and asked that he be given a chance to solve the problem was triumphant-ly returned. In Gleichen, where the stand of the Premier was made the point of attack, a supporter was elected. In Macleod an independent candidate was elected against a supporter of the government, but the issue there was not a question of confidence in the Premier, and the result was determined chiefly by local rather than general questions. There is no reason to suppose the members are of other mind than the electors, or that they are not quite as confident as the people that the solution of the problem will be the best that can be found. Indeed, it is understood that before calling upon Mr. Sifton to form a government, His Honor had to form the assurance of a majority of them that they were prepared to accord him undivided confidence until such time as he felt free to put before them his "I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, O., and she readily has been passed for colds and croup, for sale by dealers everywhere.

trolls the senate. But with the house of representatives pushing vigorously and steadily for tariff reduction, and in face of so manifest a declaration of public sentiment in favor of reduction, even a Republican senate may reasonably be expected to be more vulnerable to the popular cry than heretofore. As a first practical step toward the end sought, the victory should not be without a decisive effect on the negotiations now pending with this country looking to the lowering of the tariff barriers against trade.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP RESULTS

Three out of Edmonton's four municipally-owned public service systems will show surpluses for the year. That the fourth does not also show a surplus is not a surprise or a cause of surprise or worry. The street railway system was installed years before a company would have been willing to put money into the project. The end sought was not to make money but to accommodate the people, and in the desire to attain that end we incurred some risk of having for a few years to run the venture at a loss. Against the fact that the system is not yet able to pay its way is much to be said. It has served and is serving the main end of its existence. If it is not paying in money it is in service, and it was service and not money we wanted to get out of it. So far nothing has come out of the pocket of the ratepayer but the fact that the deficit of last year being carried forward as a charge upon the system for the present year. Presumably the adverse balance of the year will be treated the same way, and the course followed so long as the financial integrity of the enterprise is not imperilled. It is worth noting that we were obliged to make up at once the deficit for the current year this could have been done without taking money from the general funds, by appropriating the surpluses from the other three enterprises owned by the city. There is no objection to taking money from one enterprise to help out another, but it is theoretical rather than of practical consequence. It certainly is not a good thing to have the deficit taken as a group, will be self-sustaining. That is to say, the aggregate capital put into these concerns is earning the interest payable on itself, meeting the sinking funds necessary for its repayment, and the costs of operating the systems. And by its operation in this way we have good telephone, electric light, gas, water, and a fairly extensive street railway service, all of them at reasonable charges and each giving satisfactory services frequently found in such services when privately owned, and we are holding as public credit for having pushed each grog tariff principle through a long period when to avow those principles meant to be defeated, and the triumph they have now scored is the reward of this merit. But it was not so much for the bitter attacks of his political opponents and the most apparent anxiety on the part of interested parties. But unless the House is curiously out of harmony with the temper of the country, the members will await his announcement with every confidence that the plan he will propose will be the best one open under the circumstances. Indeed, no finer tribute of public confidence has ever been paid to a public man in this country than the verdict of the constituencies as to whether Mr. Sifton could be relied upon to find the best solution of this perplexing and complicated problem. To refuse information on a public question is a traditionally unpopular course for a leader of a government to take. That position the Premier has taken from the first and has steadfastly maintained to his friend and foe. He could not in the interests of the Province, he said, before the Legislature met what action he proposed to recommend. He could appeal for support on no other ground that that of confidence in his intention and ability to bring out of the entangled maze the best proposal practicable. The public took him at his word. Every member of his government who went to the people and asked that he be given a chance to solve the problem was triumphant-ly returned. In Gleichen, where the stand of the Premier was made the point of attack, a supporter was elected. In Macleod an independent candidate was elected against a supporter of the government, but the issue there was not a question of confidence in the Premier, and the result was determined chiefly by local rather than general questions. There is no reason to suppose the members are of other mind than the electors, or that they are not quite as confident as the people that the solution of the problem will be the best that can be found. Indeed, it is understood that before calling upon Mr. Sifton to form a government, His Honor had to form the assurance of a majority of them that they were prepared to accord him undivided confidence until such time as he felt free to put before them his "I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, O., and she readily has been passed for colds and croup, for sale by dealers everywhere.

IN LIGHTER VEIN.

Harpers Bazar.—Knicker Banking interests sometimes buy what they don't want or a panic. "Bocker: As I buy my wife a dress. Detroit Free Press—"Is she easy to get along with?" "Yes, indeed. She believes everything you tell her." Success—"I say, old fellow," condescended the bachelor to his friend, "I'm going to be married, and for the life of me I don't know what to call my wife's mother. 'Mother-in-law' is too big a mouthful, and 'mother' would be too ridiculous. Tell me, what do you do?" "I almost forget. Oh, yes; I think I mostly called her 'Say,' the first year or so." "Well, and after that?" "Oh, after that it was easy—we both called her grandma." Pittsburg Post—"I want a boy to carry my messages, and a girl who won't read a dime novel on the way." "Can't fill that bill, sir, but here's a boy who will finish his book in a couple of chapters." Detroit Free Press—"I think my wife purposely picked a quarrel with me yesterday." "What for?" "A pony coat." Cleveland Leader—"A girl of twenty is ever so much older than a boy of the same age." "Sure. I know a girl of twenty whose family Bible shows that she was born in 1890." Detroit Free Press—"I think my wife purposely picked a quarrel with me yesterday." "What for?" "A pony coat." Cleveland Leader—"A girl of twenty is ever so much older than a boy of the same age." "Sure. I know a girl of twenty whose family Bible shows that she was born in 1890." Boston Transcript—"Marriage," said the serious man, "is an education in haste." "Yes," commented old Grouch. "It teaches you what not to do after you've done it." Chicago Tribune—"Baseball is such a curious game," observed the puzzled foreigner, "when that man they call the empire ear 'Sater' he came at once in great personal danger."

ARMOUR ON FOOD PRICES.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 11.—Chas. W. Armour believes food prices have reached their climax and are now on the down grade. Just how the prices are to come, Armour did not know. Mr. Armour said if the farmers would raise better hogs the pork problem in this country would soon be solved.

The Capitol Beer vs. Budweiser. We beg to inform our many patrons that we are using a temporary label for our "Capitol" Beer as an injunction has been granted by the courts restraining us from using our original "Capitol" label pending our law suit with the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association of St. Louis, Mo. The quality of "Capitol" however will be just the same, or better if we can make it so; and judging from the demand we are sure that our patrons know from experience that it IS THE BEER, and NOT THE LABEL, that has made "Capitol" SO WIDELY POPULAR.

The Edmonton Brewing & Malting Company Limited. Phone 1428. Phone 1428.



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It is exceptionally well finished and without doubt the finest oak heater on the market. It shakes on the side, making dust available. It has removable steels trimmings. It will burn coal or wood. Here are our prices, you will find them right:

No. 11 \$6.00; No. 13 \$7.50; No. 15 \$9.00; No. 17 \$11.50; No. 19 \$16.50

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Chicago Tribune—"When you do your 'wind your watch' asked the man with the outlying brow. "Morning or evening?" "Generally in the morning," answered the man with the bulbous nose. "It always wind mine just before I go to bed." "Well—er—so do I."

Life-Teacher: Can any little girl tell me why our heads are covered with hair? Little Girl: To have something to pin more hair to.

Winnipeg Grain Prices. Winnipeg, Nov. 11.—Cables came higher, but the estimates of world's shipments were large, and so that the following opening which was 3/4 split over Thursday's close. There was quite a sharp decline, but shorts started to cover, and the lost ground was largely regained, and though the actual closing was fractionally lower than Thursday, there was a stronger tone to the market. The outstanding feature of the morning was the narrowing of the spread on No. 3, showing a greatly increased demand. During the morning No. 2 sold at 5 1/2c under the option, and at the close 6 1/2c. The demand for all grades from No. 2 northern down was active all morning. Nos. 1 and 2 northern were only wanted in small lots. Export was again out of line. American markets, after a fair delivery, closed 3/4 split higher than Thursday in Chicago, and 1/4 up for May in Minneapolis, while December was 3/4 split higher. Corn was 3/4 to 1/2 lower.

Winnipeg options—

Wheat	Open	Close
November	92 3/4	92 1/2
December	91	91
May	95 1/2	95 1/2
November	35 1/2	35 1/2
December	33	34 1/2
May	35	34 1/2

Oats—

November	24 1/2
December	24 1/2
May	24 1/2

Flax—

November	24 1/2
December	24 1/2
May	24 1/2

Barley—

No. 1 northern, 2 3/4; No. 2 northern, 2 1/2; No. 3 northern, 2 1/4; No. 4, 2 1/4; No. 5, 2 1/4; No. 6, 2 1/4; Feed: No. 1, 4 1/2; Oats: No. 2 white, 25 1/4; No. 2-3 white, 23; extra feed, 23 1/2; Barley: No. 3, 4 1/2; No. 4, 3 1/2; No. 1 N.W. Man., 2 1/2; No. 1 Man., 2 1/2.

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Allow us to prevail upon you to obtain some of our FELT WEATHER STRIPS

They save fuel by keeping the house warm and secure comfort. These strips are adaptable for both doors and windows and only costs per foot

1 1/2 Cents

THE NORTHERN HARDWARE CO. LTD. TWO STORES JASPER AND THIRD STREET. JASPER AND QUEEN'S. Phone 4434. Phone 1012.

DEMOCRATIC LEADER IN THE U.S.

Political Upheaval Will Lead to the Election of a Democratic President

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Throughout the country a political revolution is in progress, reaching its points to the Illinois 1912, and spreading in its effect.

The indications of that the national Executive has been certain, reversing the trend majority of the United States senate have a reduced House.

In New York state governor is elected over a majority of the Democratic vote of 70,000 in 1908 for Governor.

In New Jersey, W. Democrat, for a second year over William M. Lewis, about 15,000 plurality previous Republican for Governor, East Democrat, elected in Alabama a line.

In Iowa the Democratic election of Claude R. Dorr, but this is not in Wisconsin the Republican candidate, Francis E. McGovern, a reduced majority, an Senator La Follette, the States senate is nearly Democratic, elected in Michigan, Charles the Republican candidate, nor, answers to have Hemara, Democratic.

In Massachusetts, Democrat, has defeated Draper by a plurality of 8,000.

In Connecticut, Democrat, elected Charles A. Godwin, about 4,000 plurality, previous Republican of 609.

In Ohio, Governor H. C. appears to have state, by about 1,000 G. Harding, Republican.

In New Hampshire, Republican, for governor Charles E. Carr, Dem., 6,000 plurality.

In Pennsylvania, Democrat, elected by a large margin in Rhode Island, G. Republican, for re-elected lead over Lewis, a 15,000 plurality, much reduced of 1805.

In Tennessee the P. H. Hootch, a plurality of 900 plurality.

Democratic C. Chicago, Ill., Nov. 8.—The next House of Representatives controlled by the Democrats by the return of eleven states, with Democrats gained seats in eight states. In New York public seats were secured, Massachusetts, and Indiana the Republicans were definitely known sustained also in Illinois Missouri and Ohio. Democrat gain up to 11 seats, effect by the gain, one each in New York, Pennsylvania, Missouri, other states indicated that they have an assured then no contest necessary to control the Democratic gains have previously reported in Massachusetts, and that the Democrats had gained two seats, due to the opposition to the other classes, which do from voting.

At the Democratic in New Jersey it was difficult would hold eight seats of five.

In West Virginia Republicans Democrats had no congressional districts.

Missouri returns show that three probable Dem. while in Iowa and Illinois indicated Democratic seats.

The Tariff The Dowling Green, 215 Champ Clark, minority House, when advised to Democrats prohibit the next House, expressed that, and said he believed it would be fifty Dem. voted directly to the fight on the rules in the rules split the Republic the tariff bill coming caused dissatisfaction country.

"Nothing to be Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 11.—Taft on his way from Washington, but here would make no comment Oyster Bay, N.Y., Nov. 11.—Theodore Roosevelt home all evening, but he said to receive interview, that came from Stuart night. Theodore Roosevelt he said if the Republic in this time they would go on. Just after today, he said again the result was favorable on would keep up the fight made it clear that he election only a step in programme and that so far New York situation is comfortable. He says that his victory "Guard" has placed the position from which it has been able to.

Democratic control of Representatives began shortly after midnight.

"I am pleased to see the House of Representatives thing I know of and how things are going. I hope Mrs. J. E. Armour Col. "We have used it for years and it has been sold by dealers every where."

J.K. CORNWALL TO TAKE ANOTHER PRESS PARTY TO THE NORTHLAND

Next Summer's Excursion Will Not go Northwest to the Peace River, but Northeast on a Two Thousand Mile Water Trip Over Athabasca River to Athabasca Lake and Within Four Hundred Miles of Fort Churchill on Hudson Bay.

That Edmonton's hinterland lying to the north will receive even greater publicity next year than it was given this year as the result of J. K. Cornwall's press party to the Peace River is the statement that was made to the Bulletin on Tuesday by Mr. Cornwall. He has just returned to the city to be in his place at the session of the legislature, which opens tomorrow.

Mr. Cornwall already has his plans prepared for a big excursion of newspaper men for next summer. They will not go northwest to the Peace River country as last summer's party did but will cover an entirely new territory.

The party will go northeast from Athabasca Landing by water and the trip will cover almost two thousand miles, all by water, over the great Athabasca river and its tributaries towards Athabasca Lake.

"I will take the party entirely by water from Athabasca Landing to within four hundred miles of Fort Churchill, on Hudson Bay," said the member for Peace River to the Bulletin.

"The north is getting good publicity from the trip of last summer," he continued, "and I hope to show next

year a vast country as great in mineral wealth as was revealed in agricultural resources to the press party which recently went to the Peace River district.

Well Gushing Tar Oil.
Mr. Cornwall brings back with him from the north the information that the great gas well at Pelican Rapids, 120 miles down the river from the Landing, is now gushing out tar and tar oil to a height of thirty or forty feet with such volume that it covers anyone who stands nearby. For twelve or thirteen years this well has been sending out an immense volume of natural gas. About six weeks ago this changed to crude tar and tar oil.

"These discharges show," said Mr. Cornwall, "that the whole country is underlaid with gas, oil and sands of tar such as has been cropping out for years on the banks of the Athabasca."

Steamers Laid Up.
The rivers of the north are fast closing up. Mr. Cornwall states, and the steamers have been laid up for the winter months. The Northland Light, which sank a few weeks ago by striking a rock in the Lesser Slave river, has been raised and repaired and is now ready for operation when the spring opens again.

SHORT ROUTE TO THE GRANDE PRAIRIE FROM TOWN OF EDSO

Board of Trade of G. T. P. Divisional Point Town Have Undertaken Construction of Wagon Road Which They Claim is 40 Miles Shorter Than Any Other Road to Grand Prairie—Crosses Athabasca River at Mouth of Baptiste River.

A still shorter route to Grand Prairie than the road from Medicine Lodge flats is being cut through from Edson, the first divisional point on the Grand Trunk Pacific west of Edmonton. The board of trade of the new town petitioned the government two months ago to construct this road, but failing to secure immediate assistance undertook the work themselves. The result is that in the three weeks since the first tree was felled, over twenty miles of the road has been cleared. Four road contractors have been engaged from the start and some twenty men are now employed.

The new road follows a ridge northward to the Athabasca river, where it will cross at the mouth of the Baptiste river. There is a fine muskeg throughout the entire length of the road, according to the statement of the president of the Edson board of trade.

The road from Medicine Lodge is some 20 miles longer in reaching the same crossing of the Athabasca, although the distance from Medicine Lodge to the mouth of the Baptiste river is practically the same as from Edson as the crow flies.

The Edson board of trade claims as an additional advantage for the road from their town the fact that Edson is 23 miles east of Medicine Lodge on the line of the railway, and therefore nearer Grande Prairie by over 40 miles, when the difference in the length of the two roads to the mouth of the Baptiste river is taken into consideration.

Frank Burdett, president of the board of trade, P. F. Robin, a storekeeper at Edson, W. Wells, a builder and lumber merchant of that town, were in the city this morning interviewing the representative in the legislature of the constituency in which Edson is located, to secure his assistance in inducing the government to reimburse the Edson people for the cost of constructing the road from Edson to the Athabasca.

Grand Prairie is 90 miles from the crossing of the Athabasca at the mouth of the Baptiste river. It is expected by the citizens of Edson that there will be a big rush of settlers into the Grand Prairie country next January and in the spring and summer.

The Edson men who are in the city today declare that their town is rapidly increasing in population, and that now practically every branch of business is being established there.

DEMOCRATIC LANDSLIDE OF OVERWHELMING PROPORTIONS

Next House of Representatives Will Show Democratic Majority to Be 77—Severe Set-back for Roosevelt and Taft—"Old Guard" of Republican Party Gloried—Liberals in Great Britain Delighted With Result.

New York, Nov. 9.—The Democrats will have a majority in the next House of Representatives of 77. The later reports of the State and Congressional elections, held in the United States yesterday, show that the Democratic landslide has been an overwhelming one. The effect of it on Roosevelt and Taft is just being realized. The old guard of the Republican party, whom Colonel Roosevelt defeated in the contest for the temporary chairmanship of the New York State Republican convention, at which Henry L. Stimson was nominated for governor, and the candidates for whom Roosevelt fought hard, and who was completely snowed under by John A. Dix, the Democratic candidate, are as delighted over the results as the Democrats.

The cables received from Great Britain show that the results are taken to mean in Britain that the people of the United States are tired of the high protective policy, which found its most pronounced expression in the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill of the last session. The Liberal papers in England are greatly elated.

Mississippi	3	0
Montana	11	0
Nebraska	1	0
Nevada	0	1
New Hampshire	0	1
New Jersey	3	2
New York	21	16
North Carolina	19	0
North Dakota	0	2
Ohio	10	8
Oklahoma	4	1
Oregon	8	22
Rhode Island	1	1
South Carolina	7	0
South Dakota	8	2
Tennessee	0	2
Texas	17	0
Utah	0	1
Virginia	9	0
Washington	0	3
West Virginia	2	2
Wisconsin	2	9
Wyoming	0	1
Total	216	139

ROSENHEIMER WAS ACQUITTED.

Wealthy Manufacturer Held to Not Guilty of Manslaughter.
New York, Nov. 9.—Edward T. Rosenheimer, a wealthy manufacturer was acquitted this evening of a charge of killing Miss Grace Hough by running down with his automobile the buggy in which she was riding on August 10th. The jury was out but half an hour. Rosenheimer had been first charged with murder in the first degree, but when the evidence for the defence was all in Judge O'Gorman, who was presiding at the trial, reduced the charge to manslaughter in the second degree.

IS HEADING FOR PARIS.

Young Welshman Starts From England in a Dirigible.
London, Nov. 9.—Willows, the young Welshman who recently made a flight of 160 miles at night in a small dirigible airship built by himself, and established a British record, ascended in his dirigible at Wormwood Scrubs at 3.25 this afternoon and is near the Kent coast at six o'clock this evening but since then no news has been received of him.



OUR ANNUAL

NOVEMBER SALE

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, to SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 19th

A large number of people look forward eagerly to our Annual November Sale, for experience tells them its one of the great trade events of the year and that its benefits to participators are very real. It-always has been and this year will be another demonstration of the fact.

- LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS**
Black shell, with Columbia sable collars and revers, lined with selected rat skins, sold regularly at \$75.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$55.00**
- LADIES' MINK-TRIMMED COATS**
In navy and myrtle green, nice quality shell, 50 inch length, rat lining, nice mink collar and revers, sold regular at \$62.50. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$62.50**
- LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS**
In black, brown, green and navy, first quality, 50 inch shell rat lining, Alaska sable collar and revers, an excellent coat, sold regular at \$100.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$75.00**
- LADIES' MINK TRIMMED COATS**
Rat lining, first quality beaver, shell in 50 inch length, beautiful natural mink collar and revers, special value at \$125.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$90.00**
- LADIES' FUR-LINED COATS**
Isabella fox collar and revers, rat lining covered with first quality broadcloth shell, sold regular at \$110.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$85.00**
- MINK STOLE**
Made from first quality selected Mink Skins, trimmed with heads and tails. Satin lined. Sold regular at \$125.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$105.00**
- MINK STOLE**
Made from choice dark Mink Skins, trimmed with mink tails and seal skin. Regular \$75.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$65.00**
- MINK TROWS**
Of nice quality selected skins, good length, trimmed at ends with tails, head at back of neck. Regular \$50.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$42.00**
- LADIES' NATURAL RAT COATS**
One only ladies' Natural Rat Coats, made from selected skins, in 50 inch, semi-fitted style, a very stylish coat. Regular \$125.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$100.00**
- LADIES' SMALL FURS AT VERY SPECIAL PRICES DURING THIS SALE**
We carry a very large stock of Ladies' and Children's small furs in the newest designs. They come in Mink, Persian Lamb, Stone Martin, Isabella Fox, Sable, Fitch, Red Fox, Thibet, Electric Seal, Grey Lamb, Rat, Mink, Marmot, Opposum, Astrakan and Coney.
- SPECIAL PRICES ON MINK FURS**
MINK MUFFS
Empire shape, natural color, regular \$25.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$17.50**
- 4 SKIN NATURAL MINK MUFF**
Fancy shape, four whole skins hanging from muff trimmed with tails and heads; regular \$50.00. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$40.00**
- FANCY RUG MUFF**
Made of selected mink skins, natural color, trimmed with 4 head and 4 tails. Our special at \$80.00. **NOVEMBER SALE \$67.50**

A Special Discount of 10 per cent. off all Furs not Advertised

CLEARANCE SALE OF LADIES' CLOTH COATS

We still have a good selection of Ladies' Cloth Coats made in semi-fitted, 52 inch, styles in black, navy, brown, green, taupe, wasteria and grey. All this season's goods. You will have to come quick if you want any of these:

- \$10.00 NOVEMBER SALE, \$8.45
- \$12.00 NOVEMBER SALE \$10.25
- \$15.00 NOVEMBER SALE \$12.75
- \$18.00 NOVEMBER SALE \$15.00
- \$20.00 NOVEMBER SALE \$16.00
- \$22.00 NOVEMBER SALE \$17.00

A Special Discount of 20 per cent. off all Children's Coats during our November Sale

- LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S GOLFERS**
In white, navy, black, green, brown and grey, made in coat style—Famous Heward Make **NOVEMBER SALE 15 PER. CENT. OFF**
- BLANKET CLOTH**
50 inch, a pure wool, coming in Navy and Red. **NOVEMBER SALE, \$1.00**
- 400 LADIES' FANCY COLLARS**
In Stocks, Jabots, Tabs, etc. **EXTRA SPECIAL NOVEMBER SALE 17c**

Remember the Date—Saturday, Nov. 12, to Saturday, Nov. 19

J.H. MORRIS & CO.

DEPT. STORE 270-76 JASPER AVE. FAST



The Royal Trust Co.

MONTREAL
Capital fully paid up \$1,000,000
Reserve fund \$1,000,000
Board of Directors:
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Sir W. C. Macdonald, R. B. Angus,
A. Baumgarten, Hon. R. Mackay,
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C. M. Hays, James Ross,
Sir T. G. Shaughnessy, K.C.V.O. Sir William C. Van Horne, K.C.M.G.
MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED FARMS
Edmonton Agency—Bank of Montreal Building.
E. C. PARDEE, Agent.

The Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited

Manufacturers' Agents representing
The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works
Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue.
Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought Iron, Castings.
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on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations.
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Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings.
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Edmonton Sawmill Manufactory

Manufacturers of sawmills.
The best that money can buy. Always in stock.
Saws hammered and gummed, and all sawmill repairs.
Nichols Bros. 103 Syndicate Ave. Phone 2312. Edmonton

RAW FURS

I pay the highest prices for raw furs and pay all express charges. Write for price list.
J. YAFFE, 72 Colborne St., Toronto, Ont.

LOANS Interest Never Exceeding 8% on Improved Farms
Advantageous Terms. No commission; lowest expenses; prompt attention.
CREDIT UNION, F. C.
Cor. Jasper and Third St. Edmonton.
G. H. GOWAN, Local Manager.

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MINARD'S LINIMENT
WILSON'S
44 Queen's Ave.

A COUGH

IS EASILY CURED BY TAKING A FEW DOSES OF SYRUP OF

Tar and Wild Cherry

Fine for children. No bad after effects. Price 25 cents a bottle. Sold only by
GEO. H. GRAYDON
King Edward Pharmacy, 390 Jasper E

Edison Gem Phonograph, - \$16.50
Edison Fireside Phonograph, \$28.60

For sale by
JAMES J. GOURLAY
501 Jasper E. 138 Jasper W

JASPER Veterinary Ointment

Small Tin 50c
2 1/2 lb. Tin \$2.00
A great healing ointment for Galls, Scratches, Cuts, Sores, etc., in Horses and Cattle. Jasper Veterinary Remedies are the best.
154 JASPER AVE.



60 Chinese Pay the Tax.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—According to the official returns sixty Chinese have paid the government tax collector at Montreal \$500 each as poll tax, or a total sum of \$30,000 since the close of the fiscal year on March 31. This number is on the lines of the local average for several years past.

STRONG ON COFFEE

Absolutely no better value, the finest Coffee obtainable, fresh roast and ground to your order. 25c, 30c., 40c. per lb. Special in 10 pound tins, \$2.75.

Flour at wholesale prices.

"The Farmer's Headquarters"

WILSON'S

44 Queen's Ave.

Blair Business College of Spokane

is the best equipped Business College in the Northwest. Many Canadian students graduate from our college each season. You can learn shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, Commercial Law and get a general business training, then we will secure a position for you in a new house. Write for our beautifully illustrated catalog. Sent free upon request.

DEATH OF LATE
And next Sir, let convey the profound which no learned of late king, His Grace

COWS GIVE MORE MILK
—cattle make better beef—Bulls are a longer dangerous when they are with the
KEYSTONE BEHORDER.
Cattle show some—no creep- ing on brains, little pain. The only horse method. Write for free booklet. R. H. MCKENNA 112 2d Ave. St. Toronto, Ont. Laid off from work

SEMI-ED

VOLUME

PREMIER FLAYS

PRIME MINISTER LEADER OF OP HIS DESI

For the first time Alberta Hon. Arthur B. Brien, the Premier, yesterday afternoon in reply to the Leader of the Opposition, Mr. Michener, the debate on the address. Eloquent, incisive when ridiculing and criticisms of the leader, the new Premier followed by a plaudits and again the Conservative administration. Particular attention to his recent despatch dependent on the opportunity presented with the constitution appointment, he remarked that there were no precedents in their own action as the Lieutenant-Governor. Answering the speech from the ed out that such was the case. "I speak for myself," he thought our actions will be the electorate when to pronounce upon Mr. Bennett delivered speech he has yet matured though at times humorous passages were much enjoyed in the as among his own part of his speech was his Prime Minister, he accepted his new position. "There are for his becoming Premier and each of them is dressed on the dollar that administration six months was a victory and a return to against which the Executive Council of the Government. Following Mr. Bennett's speech, Hon. Mr. Brien spoke briefly but sent the attack and speaking for him resigned the judgeship of the country as from any other motivated the charges of the administration of which he was office and said that a formation would be given in an account an motion was tabled. The other speakers noon were the mover, Messrs. Sigwart and Mr. Michener. C. M. O. floor when the hour for came. With the exception of a bill introduced by Marshall and a number by Mr. Bennett, the reply was the only event.

Mr. Stewart, speaking from the Throne, Mr. Specker, I beg to second by the Hon. Mr. Gleichen, that an Hon. member of the House be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. To His Honor George Bulven, Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. We, His Majesty's loyal subjects, the Legislature, now assembled, thank Your Honor for the speech which Your Honor addressed to us. And Sir, here let me hear of of the Hon. Members of this House, in a somewhat disconnected manner, the Hon. Mr. Specker, I beg to second by the Hon. Mr. Gleichen, that an Hon. member of the House be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. To His Honor George Bulven, Lieutenant-Governor of Alberta. We, His Majesty's loyal subjects, the Legislature, now assembled, thank Your Honor for the speech which Your Honor addressed to us. And Sir, here let me hear of of the Hon. Members of this House, in a somewhat disconnected manner, the Hon. Mr. Specker, I beg to second by the Hon. 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